# Chapter 8 - Types of Variables

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## What this chapter covers

- Interval variables
- Ratio variables
- Other kinds of variables
- Not quite as distinct as they seem

## INTERVAL VARIABLES

**Interval variable** - a continuous variable were a difference (i.e., interval) means the same thing all the way along the scale, no matter where you start

differences in interval variables is often meaningful

For interval variables, the definition of zero is arbitrary.

▶ this makes ratios irrelevant, e.g., 50 degrees Celcius is not twice as hot as 100 degress Celcius

### RATIO VARIABLES

 $\mbox{\bf Ratio variables}$  - continuous variables where a zero value is not arbitraty

▶ differences and ratios of ratio variables can meaningful

## OTHER KINDS OF VARIABLES

**Ordinal variables** - variables that express rank and therefore a difference does not mean the same thing all the way along the scale

**Binomial variables** - have two possible outcomes, e.g., dead or alive

**Nominal variables** - more than two possible values with no relevant ordering in values

## NOT QUITE AS DISTINCT AS THEY SEEM

There is lots of ambiguity in these definitions, so don't get too worked up.

Contrary to the book, you won't be tested on this.

Use common sense to think about appropriate graphics/analyses for your data and how you want to interpret the data.

## Calculations that are meaningful based on type of variable

#### OK TO COMPUTE NOMINALORDINAL INTERVAL RATIO

Frequency distribution Median and percentiles Add or subtract Ratio Mean, Standard Deviation, Standard Error of Mean Coefficient of variation

## Calculations that are meaningful based on type of variable

OK TO COMPUTE	NOMINALORDINAL INTERVAL RATIO			
Frequency distribution	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Median and percentiles	No	Yes	Yes	Yes
Add or subtract	No	No	Yes	Yes
Ratio	No	No	No	Yes
Mean, Standard	No	No	Yes	Yes
Deviation, Standard Error of Mean				
Coefficient of variation	No	No	No	Yes

### What did we learned

- ▶ Different kinds of variables require different kinds of analyses.
- Continuous variables can be classified as interval, ratio, or ordinal.