



Restaurant is not an abstract class because it does not have any pure virtual functions

Parties and employees are abstract classes because they contain pure virtual functions

tip in the parties class is a pure virtual function because it has no implementation in that class, rather it is defined in the type sub-classes of parties

tip is a virtual function in walk-ins and reserved, but not in celeb because celeb has a constant tipping algorithm while walk-in and reserved tip amounts vary based on the size of the party

pay in the employees class is a pure virtual function because each pay type in the employees sub-classes are unique

is-a relationships

Chess $\xrightarrow{\text{is-a}}$ employees

waiters $\xrightarrow{\text{is-a}}$ employees

hosts $\xrightarrow{\text{is-a}}$ employees

walk-in $\xrightarrow{\text{is-a}}$ parties

celeb $\xrightarrow{\text{is-a}}$ parties

reserved $\xrightarrow{\text{is-a}}$ parties

has-a relationships

Restaurant $\xrightarrow{\text{has-a}}$ owner $\xrightarrow{\text{string}}$
 $\xrightarrow{\text{has-a}}$ employees $\xrightarrow{\text{struct 'obj'}}$

waiters $\xrightarrow{\text{has-a}}$ order $\xrightarrow{\text{queue}}$

walk-in $\xrightarrow{\text{has-a}}$ tip $\xrightarrow{\text{double}}$

reserved $\xrightarrow{\text{has-a}}$ tip $\xrightarrow{\text{double}}$

Restaurant \rightarrow has-a parties.

$\xrightarrow{\text{obj/struct}}$

Explanations

I chose for owner not to inherit from employees because they do not get paid the same way.

While there is a restaurant has-a parties in order to calculate functions such as the # of customers per waiter, and gross payment based on type.