# Package 'FeatureExtraction'

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```
Type Package
Title Generating Features for a Cohort
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Maintainer Ger Inberg <g.inberg@erasmusmc.nl>
Description An R interface for generating features for a cohort using data in the Com-
      mon Data Model. Features can be constructed using default or custom made feature defini-
      tions. Furthermore it's possible to aggregate features and get the summary statistics.
Depends R (>= 3.2.2),
      DatabaseConnector (>= 3.0.0),
      Andromeda
Imports methods,
      dplyr,
     rJava,
     jsonlite,
      SqlRender (>= 1.18.0),
      ParallelLogger (>= 2.0.2),
      pillar,
      readr,
     rlang,
      RSQLite,
      DBI,
      checkmate
Suggests testthat,
      knitr,
      rmarkdown,
      Eunomia (>= 2.0.0),
      withr,
      curl,
      httr
License Apache License 2.0
VignetteBuilder knitr
{\bf URL}\ {\tt https://github.com/OHDSI/FeatureExtraction}
BugReports https://github.com/OHDSI/FeatureExtraction/issues
NeedsCompilation no
```

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# Description

Get covariate settings

 $. {\tt createLooCovariateSettings}$ 

Get covariate settings

.getDbLooCovariateData

#### Usage

```
.createLooCovariateSettings(useLengthOfObs = TRUE)
```

#### **Arguments**

useLengthOfObs if length of observations should be used

#### Value

Returns an object of type covariateSettings, containing settings for the covariates.

.getDbLooCovariateData

Get covariate information from the database

# **Description**

Get covariate information from the database

#### Usage

```
.getDbLooCovariateData(
  connection,
  tempEmulationSchema = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable = "#cohort_person",
  cohortIds = c(-1),
  cdmVersion = "5",
  rowIdField = "subject_id",
  covariateSettings,
  aggregated = FALSE,
  minCharacterizationMean = 0
)
```

#### **Arguments**

connection

A connection to the server containing the schema as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Either the connection or connectionDetails argument should be specified.

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tempEmulationSchema

Some database platforms like Oracle and Impala do not truly support temp tables. To emulate temp tables, provide a schema with write privileges where temp tables can be created.

cdmDatabaseSchema

The name of the database schema that contains the OMOP CDM instance. Requires read permissions to this database. On SQL Server, this should specify both the database and the schema, so for example 'cdm\_instance.dbo'.

cohortTable

Name of the (temp) table holding the cohort for which we want to construct covariates

4 aggregateCovariates

cohortIds For which cohort ID(s) should covariates be constructed? If set to -1, covariates

will be constructed for all cohorts in the specified cohort table.

cdmVersion Define the OMOP CDM version used: currently supported is "5".

rowIdField The name of the field in the cohort table that is to be used as the row\_id field in

the output table. This can be especially usefull if there is more than one period

per person.

covariateSettings

Either an object of type covariateSettings as created using one of the create-

Covariate functions, or a list of such objects.

aggregated Should aggregate statistics be computed instead of covariates per cohort entry?

minCharacterizationMean

The minimum mean value for binary characterization output. Values below this will be cut off from output. This will help reduce the file size of the characterization output, but will remove information on covariates that have very low values. The default is 0.

#### Value

Returns an object of type covariateData, containing information on the covariates.

aggregateCovariates Aggregate covariate data

# Description

Aggregate covariate data

#### Usage

```
aggregateCovariates(covariateData)
```

### **Arguments**

covariateData An object of type covariateData as generated using getDbCovariateData.

#### Value

An object of class covariateData.

```
covariateData <- FeatureExtraction::createEmptyCovariateData(
  cohortIds = 1,
   aggregated = FALSE,
  temporal = FALSE
)
aggregatedCovariateData <- aggregateCovariates(covariateData)</pre>
```

computeStandardizedDifference

Compute standardized difference of mean for all covariates.

# **Description**

Computes the standardized difference for all covariates between two cohorts. The standardized difference is defined as the difference between the mean divided by the overall standard deviation.

# Usage

```
computeStandardizedDifference(
  covariateData1,
  covariateData2,
  cohortId1 = NULL,
  cohortId2 = NULL
)
```

### **Arguments**

covariateData1 The covariate data of the first cohort. Needs to be in aggregated format.

covariateData2 The covariate data of the second cohort. Needs to be in aggregated format.

cohortId1 If provided, covariateData1 will be restricted to this cohort. If not provided, covariateData1 is assumed to contain data on only 1 cohort.

cohortId2 If provided, covariateData2 will be restricted to this cohort. If not provided, covariateData2 is assumed to contain data on only 1 cohort.

#### Value

A data frame with means and standard deviations per cohort as well as the standardized difference of mean.

```
binaryCovDataFile <- system.file("testdata/binaryCovariateData.zip",
   package = "FeatureExtraction"
)
covariateData1 <- loadCovariateData(binaryCovDataFile)
covariateData2 <- loadCovariateData(binaryCovDataFile)
covDataDiff <- computeStandardizedDifference(
   covariateData1,
   covariateData2,
   cohortId1 = 1,
   cohortId2 = 2
)</pre>
```

6 CovariateData-class

 $convert {\tt PrespecSettingsToDetailedSettings}$ 

Convert prespecified covariate settings into detailed covariate settings

# Description

Convert prespecified covariate settings into detailed covariate settings

#### Usage

convertPrespecSettingsToDetailedSettings(covariateSettings)

# **Arguments**

covariateSettings

An object of type covariateSettings as created for example by the createCovariateSettings function.

#### **Details**

For advanced users only.

#### Value

An object of type covariateSettings, to be used in other functions.

#### **Examples**

```
covSettings <- createDefaultCovariateSettings()
detailedSettings <- convertPrespecSettingsToDetailedSettings(covariateSettings = covSettings)</pre>
```

CovariateData-class

Covariate Data

# **Description**

CovariateData is an S4 class that inherits from Andromeda. It contains information on covariates, which can be either captured on a per-person basis, or aggregated across the cohort(s).

By default covariates refer to a specific time period, with for example different covariate IDs for whether a diagnosis code was observed in the year before and month before index date. However, a CovariateData can also be temporal, meaning that next to a covariate ID there is also a time ID, which identifies the (user specified) time window the covariate was captured.

A CovariateData object is typically created using getDbCovariateData, can only be saved using saveCovariateData, and loaded using loadCovariateData.

createAnalysisDetails 7

#### Usage

```
## $4 method for signature 'CovariateData'
show(object)
## $4 method for signature 'CovariateData'
summary(object)
```

#### **Arguments**

object An object of class 'CovariateData'.

#### See Also

is Covariate Data, is Aggregated Covariate Data, is Temporal Covariate Data

createAnalysisDetails Create detailed covariate settings

# **Description**

Create detailed covariate settings

# Usage

```
createAnalysisDetails(
   analysisId,
   sqlFileName,
   parameters,
   includedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
   addDescendantsToInclude = FALSE,
   excludedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
   addDescendantsToExclude = FALSE,
   includedCovariateIds = c()
)
```

# **Arguments**

analysisId An integer between 0 and 999 that uniquely identifies this analysis.

sqlFileName The name of the parameterized SQL file embedded in the featureExtraction

package.

parameters The list of parameter values used to render the template SQL.

 $included {\tt CovariateConceptIds}$ 

A list of concept IDs that should be used to construct covariates.

 ${\it addDescendants} \\ {\it ToInclude}$ 

 $Should \ descendant \ concept \ IDs \ be \ added \ to \ the \ list \ of \ concepts \ to \ include? \\ excluded Covariate Concept Ids$ 

A list of concept IDs that should NOT be used to construct covariates.

addDescendantsToExclude

Should descendant concept IDs be added to the list of concepts to exclude? includedCovariateIds

A list of covariate IDs that should be restricted to.

#### **Details**

creates an object specifying in detail how covariates should be constructed from data in the CDM model. Warning: this function is for advanced users only.

#### Value

An object of type analysisDetail, to be used in createDetailedCovariateSettings or createDetailedTemporalC

# **Examples**

```
analysisDetails <- createAnalysisDetails(
  analysisId = 1,
  sqlFileName = "DemographicsGender.sql",
  parameters = list(
    analysisId = 1,
    analysisName = "Gender",
    domainId = "Demographics"
  ),
  includedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
  addDescendantsToInclude = FALSE,
  excludedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
  addDescendantsToExclude = FALSE,
  includedCovariateIds = c()
)</pre>
```

createCohortAttrCovariateSettings

Create cohort attribute covariate settings

# **Description**

Create cohort attribute covariate settings

# Usage

```
createCohortAttrCovariateSettings(
  analysisId = -1,
  attrDatabaseSchema,
  attrDefinitionTable = "attribute_definition",
  cohortAttrTable = "cohort_attribute",
  includeAttrIds = c(),
  isBinary = FALSE,
  missingMeansZero = FALSE
)
```

# Arguments

```
analysisId A unique identifier for this analysis. attrDatabaseSchema
```

The database schema where the attribute definition and cohort attribute table can be found.

```
attrDefinitionTable
```

The name of the attribute definition table.

cohortAttrTable

The name of the cohort attribute table.

includeAttrIds (optional) A list of attribute definition IDs to restrict to.

isBinary Needed for aggregation: Are these binary variables? Binary variables should

only have the values 0 or 1.

missingMeansZero

Needed for aggregation: For continuous values, should missing values be interpreted as 0?

#### **Details**

Creates an object specifying where the cohort attributes can be found to construct covariates. The attributes should be defined in a table with the same structure as the attribute\_definition table in the Common Data Model. It should at least have these columns:

attribute\_definition\_id A unique identifier of type integer.

attribute\_name A short description of the attribute.

The cohort attributes themselves should be stored in a table with the same format as the cohort\_attribute table in the Common Data Model. It should at least have these columns:

cohort\_definition\_id A key to link to the cohort table.

**subject\_id** A key to link to the cohort table.

cohort\_start\_date A key to link to the cohort table.

attribute\_definition\_id An foreign key linking to the attribute definition table.

value\_as\_number A real number.

# Value

An object of type covariateSettings, to be used in other functions.

```
covariateSettings <- createCohortAttrCovariateSettings(
   analysisId = 1,
   attrDatabaseSchema = "main",
   attrDefinitionTable = "attribute_definition",
   cohortAttrTable = "cohort_attribute",
   includeAttrIds = c(1),
   isBinary = FALSE,
   missingMeansZero = FALSE
)</pre>
```

 ${\tt createCohortBasedCovariateSettings}$ 

Create settings for covariates based on other cohorts

#### **Description**

Create settings for covariates based on other cohorts

# Usage

```
createCohortBasedCovariateSettings(
   analysisId,
   covariateCohortDatabaseSchema = NULL,
   covariateCohortTable = NULL,
   covariateCohorts,
   valueType = "binary",
   startDay = -365,
   endDay = 0,
   includedCovariateIds = c(),
   warnOnAnalysisIdOverlap = TRUE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

analysisId A unique identifier for this analysis.

covariate Cohort Database Schema

The database schema where the cohorts used to define the covariates can be found. If set to NULL, the database schema will be guessed, for example using the same one as for the main cohorts.

covariateCohortTable

The table where the cohorts used to define the covariates can be found. If set to NULL, the table will be guessed, for example using the same one as for the main cohorts.

covariateCohorts

A data frame with at least two columns: 'cohortId' and 'cohortName'. The cohort ID should correspond to the cohort\_definition\_id of the cohort to use for creating a covariate.

valueType

Either 'binary' or 'count'. When valueType = 'count', the covariate value will be the number of times the cohort was observed in the window.

startDay

What is the start day (relative to the index date) of the covariate window?

endDay

What is the end day (relative to the index date) of the covariate window?

includedCovariateIds

A list of covariate IDs that should be restricted to.

warn On Analysis Id Overlap

Warn if the provided 'analysisId' overlaps with any predefined analysis as available in the 'createCovariateSettings()' function.

#### **Details**

Creates an object specifying covariates to be constructed based on the presence of other cohorts.

#### Value

An object of type covariateSettings, to be used in other functions.

createCohortBasedTemporalCovariateSettings

Create settings for temporal covariates based on other cohorts

#### **Description**

Create settings for temporal covariates based on other cohorts

### Usage

```
createCohortBasedTemporalCovariateSettings(
    analysisId,
    covariateCohortDatabaseSchema = NULL,
    covariateCohortTable = NULL,
    covariateCohorts,
    valueType = "binary",
    temporalStartDays = -365:-1,
    temporalEndDays = -365:-1,
    includedCovariateIds = c(),
    warnOnAnalysisIdOverlap = TRUE
)
```

#### **Arguments**

analysisId A unique identifier for this analysis.

covariate Cohort Database Schema

The database schema where the cohorts used to define the covariates can be found. If set to NULL, the database schema will be guessed, for example using the same one as for the main cohorts.

covariateCohortTable

The table where the cohorts used to define the covariates can be found. If set to NULL, the table will be guessed, for example using the same one as for the main cohorts.

covariateCohorts

A data frame with at least two columns: 'cohortId' and 'cohortName'. The cohort ID should correspond to the cohort\_definition\_id of the cohort to use for creating a covariate.

valueType

Either 'binary' or 'count'. When valueType = 'count', the covariate value will be the number of times the cohort was observed in the window.

temporalStartDays

A list of integers representing the start of a time period, relative to the index date. 0 indicates the index date, -1 indicates the day before the index date, etc. The start day is included in the time period.

temporalEndDays

A list of integers representing the end of a time period, relative to the index date. 0 indicates the index date, -1 indicates the day before the index date, etc. The end day is included in the time period.

includedCovariateIds

A list of covariate IDs that should be restricted to.

warnOnAnalysisIdOverlap

Warn if the provided 'analysisId' overlaps with any predefined analysis as available in the 'createTemporalCovariateSettings()' function.

#### **Details**

Creates an object specifying temporal covariates to be constructed based on the presence of other cohorts.

#### Value

An object of type covariateSettings, to be used in other functions.

createCovariateSettings

Create covariate settings

#### **Description**

Create covariate settings

# Usage

```
createCovariateSettings(
 useDemographicsGender = FALSE,
 useDemographicsAge = FALSE,
  useDemographicsAgeGroup = FALSE,
 useDemographicsRace = FALSE,
  useDemographicsEthnicity = FALSE,
  useDemographicsIndexYear = FALSE,
  useDemographicsIndexMonth = FALSE,
  useDemographicsPriorObservationTime = FALSE,
  useDemographicsPostObservationTime = FALSE,
  useDemographicsTimeInCohort = FALSE,
  useDemographicsIndexYearMonth = FALSE,
  useCareSiteId = FALSE,
 useConditionOccurrenceAnyTimePrior = FALSE,
  useConditionOccurrenceLongTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionOccurrenceMediumTerm = FALSE,
 useConditionOccurrenceShortTerm = FALSE,
 useConditionOccurrencePrimaryInpatientAnyTimePrior = FALSE,
 useConditionOccurrencePrimaryInpatientLongTerm = FALSE,
 useConditionOccurrencePrimaryInpatientMediumTerm = FALSE,
 useConditionOccurrencePrimaryInpatientShortTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionEraAnyTimePrior = FALSE,
  useConditionEraLongTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionEraMediumTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionEraShortTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionEraOverlapping = FALSE,
```

useConditionEraStartLongTerm = FALSE, useConditionEraStartMediumTerm = FALSE. useConditionEraStartShortTerm = FALSE, useConditionGroupEraAnyTimePrior = FALSE, useConditionGroupEraLongTerm = FALSE, useConditionGroupEraMediumTerm = FALSE, useConditionGroupEraShortTerm = FALSE, useConditionGroupEraOverlapping = FALSE, useConditionGroupEraStartLongTerm = FALSE, useConditionGroupEraStartMediumTerm = FALSE, useConditionGroupEraStartShortTerm = FALSE, useDrugExposureAnyTimePrior = FALSE, useDrugExposureLongTerm = FALSE, useDrugExposureMediumTerm = FALSE, useDrugExposureShortTerm = FALSE, useDrugEraAnyTimePrior = FALSE, useDrugEraLongTerm = FALSE, useDrugEraMediumTerm = FALSE, useDrugEraShortTerm = FALSE, useDrugEraOverlapping = FALSE, useDrugEraStartLongTerm = FALSE, useDrugEraStartMediumTerm = FALSE, useDrugEraStartShortTerm = FALSE, useDrugGroupEraAnyTimePrior = FALSE, useDrugGroupEraLongTerm = FALSE, useDrugGroupEraMediumTerm = FALSE, useDrugGroupEraShortTerm = FALSE, useDrugGroupEraOverlapping = FALSE, useDrugGroupEraStartLongTerm = FALSE, useDrugGroupEraStartMediumTerm = FALSE, useDrugGroupEraStartShortTerm = FALSE, useProcedureOccurrenceAnyTimePrior = FALSE, useProcedureOccurrenceLongTerm = FALSE, useProcedureOccurrenceMediumTerm = FALSE, useProcedureOccurrenceShortTerm = FALSE, useDeviceExposureAnyTimePrior = FALSE, useDeviceExposureLongTerm = FALSE, useDeviceExposureMediumTerm = FALSE, useDeviceExposureShortTerm = FALSE, useMeasurementAnyTimePrior = FALSE, useMeasurementLongTerm = FALSE, useMeasurementMediumTerm = FALSE, useMeasurementShortTerm = FALSE, useMeasurementValueAnyTimePrior = FALSE, useMeasurementValueLongTerm = FALSE, useMeasurementValueMediumTerm = FALSE, useMeasurementValueShortTerm = FALSE, useMeasurementRangeGroupAnyTimePrior = FALSE, useMeasurementRangeGroupLongTerm = FALSE, useMeasurementRangeGroupMediumTerm = FALSE, useMeasurementRangeGroupShortTerm = FALSE, useMeasurementValueAsConceptAnyTimePrior = FALSE,

```
useMeasurementValueAsConceptLongTerm = FALSE,
useMeasurementValueAsConceptMediumTerm = FALSE,
useMeasurementValueAsConceptShortTerm = FALSE,
useObservationAnyTimePrior = FALSE,
useObservationLongTerm = FALSE,
useObservationMediumTerm = FALSE,
useObservationShortTerm = FALSE,
useObservationValueAsConceptAnyTimePrior = FALSE,
useObservationValueAsConceptLongTerm = FALSE,
useObservationValueAsConceptMediumTerm = FALSE,
useObservationValueAsConceptShortTerm = FALSE,
useCharlsonIndex = FALSE,
useDcsi = FALSE,
useChads2 = FALSE.
useChads2Vasc = FALSE,
useHfrs = FALSE,
useDistinctConditionCountLongTerm = FALSE,
useDistinctConditionCountMediumTerm = FALSE,
useDistinctConditionCountShortTerm = FALSE,
useDistinctIngredientCountLongTerm = FALSE,
useDistinctIngredientCountMediumTerm = FALSE,
useDistinctIngredientCountShortTerm = FALSE,
useDistinctProcedureCountLongTerm = FALSE,
useDistinctProcedureCountMediumTerm = FALSE,
useDistinctProcedureCountShortTerm = FALSE,
useDistinctMeasurementCountLongTerm = FALSE,
useDistinctMeasurementCountMediumTerm = FALSE,
useDistinctMeasurementCountShortTerm = FALSE,
useDistinctObservationCountLongTerm = FALSE,
useDistinctObservationCountMediumTerm = FALSE,
useDistinctObservationCountShortTerm = FALSE,
useVisitCountLongTerm = FALSE,
useVisitCountMediumTerm = FALSE,
useVisitCountShortTerm = FALSE,
useVisitConceptCountLongTerm = FALSE,
useVisitConceptCountMediumTerm = FALSE,
useVisitConceptCountShortTerm = FALSE,
longTermStartDays = -365,
mediumTermStartDays = −180,
shortTermStartDays = -30,
endDays = 0,
includedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
addDescendantsToInclude = FALSE,
excludedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
addDescendantsToExclude = FALSE,
includedCovariateIds = c()
```

# **Arguments**

```
useDemographicsGender

Gender of the subject. (analysis ID 1)
```

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#### useDemographicsAge

Age of the subject on the index date (in years). (analysis ID 2)

#### useDemographicsAgeGroup

Age of the subject on the index date (in 5 year age groups) (analysis ID 3)

# use Demographics Race

Race of the subject. (analysis ID 4)

# useDemographicsEthnicity

Ethnicity of the subject. (analysis ID 5)

#### useDemographicsIndexYear

Year of the index date. (analysis ID 6)

#### useDemographicsIndexMonth

Month of the index date. (analysis ID 7)

# use Demographics Prior Observation Time

Number of continuous days of observation time preceding the index date. (analysis ID 8)

# useDemographicsPostObservationTime

Number of continuous days of observation time following the index date. (analysis ID 9)

# $use {\tt DemographicsTimeInCohort}$

useCareSiteId

Number of days of observation time during cohort period. (analysis ID 10)

#### useDemographicsIndexYearMonth

Both calendar year and month of the index date in a single variable. (analysis ID 11)

Care site associated with the cohort start, pulled from the visit\_detail, visit\_occurrence, or person table, in that order. (analysis ID 12)

# useConditionOccurrenceAnyTimePrior

One covariate per condition in the condition occurrence table starting any time prior to index. (analysis ID 101)

# useConditionOccurrenceLongTerm

One covariate per condition in the condition occurrence table starting in the long term window. (analysis ID 102)

#### useConditionOccurrenceMediumTerm

One covariate per condition in the condition\_occurrence table starting in the medium term window. (analysis ID 103)

#### useConditionOccurrenceShortTerm

One covariate per condition in the condition\_occurrence table starting in the short term window. (analysis ID 104)

#### use Condition Occurrence Primary Inpatient Any Time Prior

One covariate per condition observed as a primary diagnosis in an inpatient setting in the condition\_occurrence table starting any time prior to index. (analysis ID 105)

# use Condition Occurrence Primary Inpatient Long Term

One covariate per condition observed as a primary diagnosis in an inpatient setting in the condition\_occurrence table starting in the long term window. (analysis ID 106)

# use Condition Occurrence Primary Inpatient Medium Term

One covariate per condition observed as a primary diagnosis in an inpatient setting in the condition\_occurrence table starting in the medium term window. (analysis ID 107)

# use Condition Occurrence Primary In patient Short Term

One covariate per condition observed as a primary diagnosis in an inpatient setting in the condition\_occurrence table starting in the short term window. (analysis ID 108)

#### useConditionEraAnyTimePrior

One covariate per condition in the condition\_era table overlapping with any time prior to index. (analysis ID 201)

#### useConditionEraLongTerm

One covariate per condition in the condition\_era table overlapping with any part of the long term window. (analysis ID 202)

#### use Condition Era Medium Term

One covariate per condition in the condition\_era table overlapping with any part of the medium term window. (analysis ID 203)

#### useConditionEraShortTerm

One covariate per condition in the condition\_era table overlapping with any part of the short term window. (analysis ID 204)

#### useConditionEraOverlapping

One covariate per condition in the condition\_era table overlapping with the end of the risk window. (analysis ID 205)

#### useConditionEraStartLongTerm

One covariate per condition in the condition\_era table starting in the long term window. (analysis ID 206)

#### useConditionEraStartMediumTerm

One covariate per condition in the condition\_era table starting in the medium term window. (analysis ID 207)

#### use Condition EraStartShort Term

One covariate per condition in the condition\_era table starting in the short term window. (analysis ID 208)

# useConditionGroupEraAnyTimePrior

One covariate per condition era rolled up to groups in the condition\_era table overlapping with any time prior to index. (analysis ID 209)

# useConditionGroupEraLongTerm

One covariate per condition era rolled up to groups in the condition\_era table overlapping with any part of the long term window. (analysis ID 210)

# use Condition Group Era Medium Term

One covariate per condition era rolled up to groups in the condition\_era table overlapping with any part of the medium term window. (analysis ID 211)

# use Condition Group EraShort Term

One covariate per condition era rolled up to groups in the condition\_era table overlapping with any part of the short term window. (analysis ID 212)

#### useConditionGroupEraOverlapping

One covariate per condition era rolled up to groups in the condition\_era table overlapping with the end of the risk window. (analysis ID 213)

#### use Condition Group EraStart Long Term

One covariate per condition era rolled up to groups in the condition\_era table starting in the long term window. (analysis ID 214)

#### use Condition Group EraStart Medium Term

One covariate per condition era rolled up to groups in the condition\_era table starting in the medium term window. (analysis ID 215)

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#### use Condition Group EraStart Short Term

One covariate per condition era rolled up to groups in the condition\_era table starting in the short term window. (analysis ID 216)

# useDrugExposureAnyTimePrior

One covariate per drug in the drug\_exposure table starting any time prior to index. (analysis ID 301)

# use Drug Exposure Long Term

One covariate per drug in the drug\_exposure table starting in the long term window. (analysis ID 302)

# use Drug Exposure Medium Term

One covariate per drug in the drug\_exposure table starting in the medium term window. (analysis ID 303)

#### useDrugExposureShortTerm

One covariate per drug in the drug\_exposure table starting in the short term window. (analysis ID 304)

# use Drug Era Any Time Prior

One covariate per drug in the drug\_era table overlapping with any time prior to index. (analysis ID 401)

#### useDrugEraLongTerm

One covariate per drug in the drug\_era table overlapping with any part of the long term window. (analysis ID 402)

#### useDrugEraMediumTerm

One covariate per drug in the drug\_era table overlapping with any part of the medium term window. (analysis ID 403)

#### useDrugEraShortTerm

One covariate per drug in the drug\_era table overlapping with any part of the short term window. (analysis ID 404)

# useDrugEraOverlapping

One covariate per drug in the drug\_era table overlapping with the end of the risk window. (analysis ID 405)

#### useDrugEraStartLongTerm

One covariate per drug in the drug\_era table starting in the long term window. (analysis ID 406)

# useDrugEraStartMediumTerm

One covariate per drug in the drug\_era table starting in the medium term window. (analysis ID 407)

# use Drug Era Start Short Term

One covariate per drug in the drug\_era table starting in the short term window. (analysis ID 408)

#### useDrugGroupEraAnyTimePrior

One covariate per drug rolled up to ATC groups in the drug\_era table overlapping with any time prior to index. (analysis ID 409)

# useDrugGroupEraLongTerm

One covariate per drug rolled up to ATC groups in the drug\_era table overlapping with any part of the long term window. (analysis ID 410)

# use Drug Group Era Medium Term

One covariate per drug rolled up to ATC groups in the drug\_era table overlapping with any part of the medium term window. (analysis ID 411)

#### useDrugGroupEraShortTerm

One covariate per drug rolled up to ATC groups in the drug\_era table overlapping with any part of the short term window. (analysis ID 412)

#### useDrugGroupEraOverlapping

One covariate per drug rolled up to ATC groups in the drug\_era table overlapping with the end of the risk window. (analysis ID 413)

#### useDrugGroupEraStartLongTerm

One covariate per drug rolled up to ATC groups in the drug\_era table starting in the long term window. (analysis ID 414)

#### use Drug Group Era Start Medium Term

One covariate per drug rolled up to ATC groups in the drug\_era table starting in the medium term window. (analysis ID 415)

# useDrugGroupEraStartShortTerm

One covariate per drug rolled up to ATC groups in the drug\_era table starting in the short term window. (analysis ID 416)

#### useProcedureOccurrenceAnyTimePrior

One covariate per procedure in the procedure\_occurrence table any time prior to index. (analysis ID 501)

# use Procedure Occurrence Long Term

One covariate per procedure in the procedure\_occurrence table in the long term window. (analysis ID 502)

#### useProcedureOccurrenceMediumTerm

One covariate per procedure in the procedure\_occurrence table in the medium term window. (analysis ID 503)

#### useProcedureOccurrenceShortTerm

One covariate per procedure in the procedure\_occurrence table in the short term window. (analysis ID 504)

#### useDeviceExposureAnyTimePrior

One covariate per device in the device exposure table starting any time prior to index. (analysis ID 601)

# use Device Exposure Long Term

One covariate per device in the device exposure table starting in the long term window. (analysis ID 602)

#### useDeviceExposureMediumTerm

One covariate per device in the device exposure table starting in the medium term window. (analysis ID 603)

#### useDeviceExposureShortTerm

One covariate per device in the device exposure table starting in the short term window. (analysis ID 604)

# $use {\tt MeasurementAnyTimePrior}$

One covariate per measurement in the measurement table any time prior to index. (analysis  ${\rm ID}\ 701$ )

#### useMeasurementLongTerm

One covariate per measurement in the measurement table in the long term window. (analysis ID 702)

#### useMeasurementMediumTerm

One covariate per measurement in the measurement table in the medium term window. (analysis ID 703)

# useMeasurementShortTerm

One covariate per measurement in the measurement table in the short term window. (analysis ID 704)

#### use Measurement Value Any Time Prior

One covariate containing the value per measurement-unit combination any time prior to index. (analysis ID 705)

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#### useMeasurementValueLongTerm

One covariate containing the value per measurement-unit combination in the long term window. (analysis ID 706)

#### useMeasurementValueMediumTerm

One covariate containing the value per measurement-unit combination in the medium term window. (analysis ID 707)

#### useMeasurementValueShortTerm

One covariate containing the value per measurement-unit combination in the short term window. (analysis ID 708)

# useMeasurementRangeGroupAnyTimePrior

Covariates indicating whether measurements are below, within, or above normal range any time prior to index. (analysis ID 709)

#### $use {\tt MeasurementRangeGroupLongTerm}$

Covariates indicating whether measurements are below, within, or above normal range in the long term window. (analysis ID 710)

#### $use {\tt MeasurementRangeGroupMediumTerm}$

Covariates indicating whether measurements are below, within, or above normal range in the medium term window. (analysis ID 711)

#### use Measurement Range Group Short Term

Covariates indicating whether measurements are below, within, or above normal range in the short term window. (analysis ID 712)

#### $use {\tt MeasurementValueAsConceptAnyTimePrior}$

One covariate per measurement-value concept combination any time prior to index. (analysis ID 713)

#### use Measurement Value As Concept Long Term

One covariate per measurement-value concept combination in the long term window. (analysis ID 714)

# $use {\tt MeasurementValueAsConceptMediumTerm}$

One covariate per measurement-value concept combination in the medium term window. (analysis ID 715)

#### $use {\tt MeasurementValueAsConceptShortTerm}$

One covariate per measurement-value concept combination in the short term window. (analysis ID 716)

# use Observation Any Time Prior

One covariate per observation in the observation table any time prior to index. (analysis ID 801)

# use Observation Long Term

One covariate per observation in the observation table in the long term window. (analysis ID 802)

#### useObservationMediumTerm

One covariate per observation in the observation table in the medium term window. (analysis ID 803)

#### useObservationShortTerm

One covariate per observation in the observation table in the short term window. (analysis ID 804)

# use Observation Value As Concept Any Time Prior

One covariate per observation-value concept combination any time prior to index. (analysis  ${\rm ID}~805$ )

#### use Observation Value As Concept Long Term

One covariate per observation-value concept combination in the long term window. (analysis ID 806)

use Observation Value As Concept Medium Term

One covariate per observation-value concept combination in the medium term window. (analysis ID 807)

use Observation Value As Concept Short Term

One covariate per observation-value concept combination in the short term window. (analysis ID 808)

useCharlsonIndex

The Charlson comorbidity index (Romano adaptation) using all conditions prior to the window end. (analysis ID 901)

useDcsi The Diabetes Comorbidity Severity Index (DCSI) using all conditions prior to the window end. (analysis ID 902)

useChads2 The CHADS2 score using all conditions prior to the window end. (analysis ID 903)

useChads2Vasc The CHADS2VASc score using all conditions prior to the window end. (analysis ID 904)

useHfrs The Hospital Frailty Risk Score score using all conditions prior to the window end. (analysis ID 926)

use Distinct Condition Count Long Term

The number of distinct condition concepts observed in the long term window. (analysis ID 905)

useDistinctConditionCountMediumTerm

The number of distinct condition concepts observed in the medium term window. (analysis ID 906)

use Distinct Condition Count Short Term

The number of distinct condition concepts observed in the short term window. (analysis ID 907)

useDistinctIngredientCountLongTerm

The number of distinct ingredients observed in the long term window. (analysis ID 908)

 $use Distinct Ingredient Count {\tt MediumTerm}$ 

The number of distinct ingredients observed in the medium term window. (analysis ID 909)

useDistinctIngredientCountShortTerm

The number of distinct ingredients observed in the short term window. (analysis ID 910)

use Distinct Procedure Count Long Term

The number of distinct procedures observed in the long term window. (analysis ID 911)

use Distinct Procedure Count Medium Term

The number of distinct procedures observed in the medium term window. (analysis ID 912)

use Distinct Procedure Count Short Term

The number of distinct procedures observed in the short term window. (analysis ID 913)

 $use Distinct {\tt Measurement Count Long Term}$ 

The number of distinct measurements observed in the long term window. (analysis ID 914)

 $use Distinct {\tt MeasurementCountMediumTerm}$ 

The number of distinct measurements observed in the medium term window. (analysis ID 915)

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 $use Distinct {\tt MeasurementCountShortTerm}$ 

The number of distinct measurements observed in the short term window. (analysis ID 916)

use Distinct Observation Count Long Term

The number of distinct observations observed in the long term window. (analysis ID 917)

use Distinct Observation Count Medium Term

The number of distinct observations observed in the medium term window. (analysis ID 918)

use Distinct Observation Count Short Term

The number of distinct observations observed in the short term window. (analysis ID 919)

useVisitCountLongTerm

The number of visits observed in the long term window. (analysis ID 920)

useVisitCountMediumTerm

The number of visits observed in the medium term window. (analysis ID 921)

useVisitCountShortTerm

The number of visits observed in the short term window. (analysis ID 922)

useVisitConceptCountLongTerm

The number of visits observed in the long term window, stratified by visit concept ID. (analysis ID 923)

use Visit Concept Count Medium Term

The number of visits observed in the medium term window, stratified by visit concept ID. (analysis ID 924)

useVisitConceptCountShortTerm

The number of visits observed in the short term window, stratified by visit concept ID. (analysis ID 925)

longTermStartDays

 $\label{thm:continuous} What is the start day (relative to the index date) of the long-term window? \\ \\ \text{mediumTermStartDays}$ 

What is the start day (relative to the index date) of the medium-term window? shortTermStartDays

What is the start day (relative to the index date) of the short-term window?

endDays What is the end day (relative to the index date) of the window?

includedCovariateConceptIds

A list of concept IDs that should be used to construct covariates.

addDescendantsToInclude

Should descendant concept IDs be added to the list of concepts to include? excludedCovariateConceptIds

A list of concept IDs that should NOT be used to construct covariates.

 ${\it addDescendants} \\ {\it ToExclude}$ 

 $Should \ descendant \ concept \ IDs \ be \ added \ to \ the \ list \ of \ concepts \ to \ exclude?$  included Covariate Ids

A list of covariate IDs that should be restricted to.

# **Details**

creates an object specifying how covariates should be constructed from data in the CDM model.

#### Value

An object of type covariateSettings, to be used in other functions.

```
settings <- createCovariateSettings(</pre>
  useDemographicsGender = TRUE,
  useDemographicsAge = FALSE,
  useDemographicsAgeGroup = TRUE,
  useDemographicsRace = TRUE,
  useDemographicsEthnicity = TRUE,
  useDemographicsIndexYear = TRUE,
  useDemographicsIndexMonth = TRUE,
  useDemographicsPriorObservationTime = FALSE,
  useDemographicsPostObservationTime = FALSE,
  useDemographicsTimeInCohort = FALSE,
  useDemographicsIndexYearMonth = FALSE,
  useCareSiteId = FALSE,
  useConditionOccurrenceAnyTimePrior = FALSE,
  useConditionOccurrenceLongTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionOccurrenceMediumTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionOccurrenceShortTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionOccurrencePrimaryInpatientAnyTimePrior = FALSE,
  useConditionOccurrencePrimaryInpatientLongTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionOccurrencePrimaryInpatientMediumTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionOccurrencePrimaryInpatientShortTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionEraAnyTimePrior = FALSE,
  useConditionEraLongTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionEraMediumTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionEraShortTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionEraOverlapping = FALSE,
  useConditionEraStartLongTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionEraStartMediumTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionEraStartShortTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionGroupEraAnyTimePrior = FALSE,
  useConditionGroupEraLongTerm = TRUE,
  useConditionGroupEraMediumTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionGroupEraShortTerm = TRUE,
  useConditionGroupEraOverlapping = FALSE,
  useConditionGroupEraStartLongTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionGroupEraStartMediumTerm = FALSE,
  useConditionGroupEraStartShortTerm = FALSE,
  useDrugExposureAnyTimePrior = FALSE,
  useDrugExposureLongTerm = FALSE,
  useDrugExposureMediumTerm = FALSE,
  useDrugExposureShortTerm = FALSE,
  useDrugEraAnyTimePrior = FALSE,
  useDrugEraLongTerm = FALSE,
  useDrugEraMediumTerm = FALSE,
  useDrugEraShortTerm = FALSE,
  useDrugEraOverlapping = FALSE,
  useDrugEraStartLongTerm = FALSE,
  useDrugEraStartMediumTerm = FALSE,
  useDrugEraStartShortTerm = FALSE,
  useDrugGroupEraAnyTimePrior = FALSE,
  useDrugGroupEraLongTerm = TRUE,
```

useDrugGroupEraMediumTerm = FALSE, useDrugGroupEraShortTerm = TRUE, useDrugGroupEraOverlapping = TRUE, useDrugGroupEraStartLongTerm = FALSE, useDrugGroupEraStartMediumTerm = FALSE, useDrugGroupEraStartShortTerm = FALSE, useProcedureOccurrenceAnyTimePrior = FALSE, useProcedureOccurrenceLongTerm = TRUE, useProcedureOccurrenceMediumTerm = FALSE. useProcedureOccurrenceShortTerm = TRUE, useDeviceExposureAnyTimePrior = FALSE, useDeviceExposureLongTerm = TRUE, useDeviceExposureMediumTerm = FALSE, useDeviceExposureShortTerm = TRUE, useMeasurementAnyTimePrior = FALSE, useMeasurementLongTerm = TRUE, useMeasurementMediumTerm = FALSE, useMeasurementShortTerm = TRUE, useMeasurementValueAnyTimePrior = FALSE, useMeasurementValueLongTerm = FALSE, useMeasurementValueMediumTerm = FALSE, useMeasurementValueShortTerm = FALSE, useMeasurementRangeGroupAnyTimePrior = FALSE, useMeasurementRangeGroupLongTerm = TRUE, useMeasurementRangeGroupMediumTerm = FALSE, useMeasurementRangeGroupShortTerm = TRUE, useMeasurementValueAsConceptAnyTimePrior = FALSE, useMeasurementValueAsConceptLongTerm = TRUE, useMeasurementValueAsConceptMediumTerm = FALSE, useMeasurementValueAsConceptShortTerm = TRUE, useObservationAnyTimePrior = FALSE, useObservationLongTerm = TRUE, useObservationMediumTerm = FALSE, useObservationShortTerm = TRUE, useObservationValueAsConceptAnyTimePrior = FALSE, useObservationValueAsConceptLongTerm = TRUE, useObservationValueAsConceptMediumTerm = FALSE, useObservationValueAsConceptShortTerm = TRUE, useCharlsonIndex = TRUE, useDcsi = TRUE. useChads2 = TRUE, useChads2Vasc = TRUE, useHfrs = FALSE, useDistinctConditionCountLongTerm = FALSE, useDistinctConditionCountMediumTerm = FALSE, useDistinctConditionCountShortTerm = FALSE, useDistinctIngredientCountLongTerm = FALSE, useDistinctIngredientCountMediumTerm = FALSE, useDistinctIngredientCountShortTerm = FALSE, useDistinctProcedureCountLongTerm = FALSE, useDistinctProcedureCountMediumTerm = FALSE, useDistinctProcedureCountShortTerm = FALSE, useDistinctMeasurementCountLongTerm = FALSE, useDistinctMeasurementCountMediumTerm = FALSE, useDistinctMeasurementCountShortTerm = FALSE, useDistinctObservationCountLongTerm = FALSE, useDistinctObservationCountMediumTerm = FALSE,

```
useDistinctObservationCountShortTerm = FALSE,
  useVisitCountLongTerm = FALSE,
  useVisitCountMediumTerm = FALSE,
  useVisitCountShortTerm = FALSE,
  useVisitConceptCountLongTerm = FALSE,
  useVisitConceptCountMediumTerm = FALSE,
  useVisitConceptCountShortTerm = FALSE,
  longTermStartDays = -365,
  mediumTermStartDays = -180,
  shortTermStartDays = -30,
  endDays = 0,
  includedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
  addDescendantsToInclude = FALSE,
  excludedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
  addDescendantsToExclude = FALSE,
  includedCovariateIds = c()
)
```

createDefaultCovariateSettings

Create default covariate settings

#### **Description**

Create default covariate settings

# Usage

```
createDefaultCovariateSettings(
  includedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
  addDescendantsToInclude = FALSE,
  excludedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
  addDescendantsToExclude = FALSE,
  includedCovariateIds = c()
)
```

# **Arguments**

includedCovariateConceptIds

A list of concept IDs that should be used to construct covariates.

 ${\it addDescendants} \\ {\it ToInclude}$ 

 $Should \ descendant \ concept \ IDs \ be \ added \ to \ the \ list \ of \ concepts \ to \ include?$  excludedCovariateConceptIds

A list of concept IDs that should NOT be used to construct covariates.  ${\tt addDescendantsToExclude}$ 

Should descendant concept IDs be added to the list of concepts to exclude? includedCovariateIds

A list of covariate IDs that should be restricted to.

# Value

An object of type covariateSettings, to be used in other functions.

### **Examples**

```
covSettings <- createDefaultCovariateSettings(
  includedCovariateConceptIds = c(1),
  addDescendantsToInclude = FALSE,
  excludedCovariateConceptIds = c(2),
  addDescendantsToExclude = FALSE,
  includedCovariateIds = c(1)
)</pre>
```

create Default Temporal Covariate Settings

Create default covariate settings

# **Description**

Create default covariate settings

# Usage

```
createDefaultTemporalCovariateSettings(
  includedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
  addDescendantsToInclude = FALSE,
  excludedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
  addDescendantsToExclude = FALSE,
  includedCovariateIds = c()
)
```

### **Arguments**

 $included {\tt CovariateConceptIds}$ 

A list of concept IDs that should be used to construct covariates.

 ${\it addDescendants} \\ {\it ToInclude}$ 

Should descendant concept IDs be added to the list of concepts to include?

 ${\tt excludedCovariateConceptIds}$ 

A list of concept IDs that should NOT be used to construct covariates.

addDescendantsToExclude

Should descendant concept IDs be added to the list of concepts to exclude?

includedCovariateIds

A list of covariate IDs that should be restricted to.

#### Value

An object of type covariateSettings, to be used in other functions.

#### **Examples**

```
covSettings <- createDefaultTemporalCovariateSettings(
  includedCovariateConceptIds = c(1),
  addDescendantsToInclude = FALSE,
  excludedCovariateConceptIds = c(2),
  addDescendantsToExclude = FALSE,
  includedCovariateIds = c(1)
)</pre>
```

createDetailedCovariateSettings

Create detailed covariate settings

# **Description**

Create detailed covariate settings

# Usage

```
createDetailedCovariateSettings(analyses = list())
```

# **Arguments**

analyses

A list of analysisDetail objects as created using createAnalysisDetails.

# **Details**

creates an object specifying in detail how covariates should be constructed from data in the CDM model. Warning: this function is for advanced users only.

#### Value

An object of type covariateSettings, to be used in other functions.

```
analysisDetails <- createAnalysisDetails(
    analysisId = 1,
    sqlFileName = "DemographicsGender.sql",
    parameters = list(
        analysisId = 1,
        analysisName = "Gender",
        domainId = "Demographics"
    ),
    includedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
    addDescendantsToInclude = FALSE,
    excludedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
    addDescendantsToExclude = FALSE,
    includedCovariateIds = c()
)
covSettings <- createDetailedCovariateSettings(analyses = analysisDetails)</pre>
```

createDetailedTemporalCovariateSettings

Create detailed temporal covariate settings

# **Description**

Create detailed temporal covariate settings

#### Usage

```
createDetailedTemporalCovariateSettings(
  analyses = list(),
  temporalStartDays = -365:-1,
  temporalEndDays = -365:-1
)
```

# **Arguments**

analyses A list of analysis detail objects as created using createAnalysisDetails. temporalStartDays

A list of integers representing the start of a time period, relative to the index date. 0 indicates the index date, -1 indicates the day before the index date, etc. The start day is included in the time period.

temporalEndDays

A list of integers representing the end of a time period, relative to the index date. 0 indicates the index date, -1 indicates the day before the index date, etc. The end day is included in the time period.

# **Details**

creates an object specifying in detail how temporal covariates should be constructed from data in the CDM model. Warning: this function is for advanced users only.

#### Value

An object of type covariateSettings, to be used in other functions.

```
analysisDetails <- createAnalysisDetails(
  analysisId = 1,
  sqlFileName = "DemographicsGender.sql",
  parameters = list(
   analysisId = 1,
   analysisName = "Gender",
   domainId = "Demographics"
  ),
  includedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
  addDescendantsToInclude = FALSE,
  excludedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
  addDescendantsToExclude = FALSE,
  includedCovariateIds = c()</pre>
```

28 createTable1

```
)
covSettings <- createDetailedTemporalCovariateSettings(
  analyses = analysisDetails,
  temporalStartDays = -365:-1,
  temporalEndDays = -365:-1
)</pre>
```

createEmptyCovariateData

Creates an empty covariate data object

# Description

Creates an empty covariate data object

# Usage

```
createEmptyCovariateData(cohortIds, aggregated, temporal)
```

# **Arguments**

cohortIds For which cohort IDs should the covariate data be created?

aggregated if the data should be aggregated

temporal if the data is temporary

#### Value

an empty object of class CovariateData

# **Examples**

```
covariateData <- FeatureExtraction::createEmptyCovariateData(
  cohortIds = 1,
  aggregated = FALSE,
  temporal = FALSE
)</pre>
```

createTable1

Create a table 1

# Description

Creates a formatted table of cohort characteristics, to be included in publications or reports. Allows for creating a table describing a single cohort, or a table comparing two cohorts.

createTable1 29

#### Usage

```
createTable1(
  covariateData1,
  covariateData2 = NULL,
  cohortId1 = NULL,
  cohortId2 = NULL,
  specifications = getDefaultTable1Specifications(),
  output = "two columns",
  showCounts = FALSE,
  showPercent = TRUE,
  percentDigits = 1,
  valueDigits = 1,
  stdDiffDigits = 2
)
```

#### **Arguments**

 ${\tt covariateData1} \ \ {\tt The\ covariate\ data\ of\ the\ cohort\ to\ be\ included\ in\ the\ table}.$ 

covariateData2 The covariate data of the cohort to also be included, when comparing two co-

horts.

cohortId1 If provided, covariateData1 will be restricted to this cohort. If not provided,

covariateData1 is assumed to contain data on only 1 cohort.

cohortId2 If provided, covariateData2 will be restricted to this cohort. If not provided,

covariateData2 is assumed to contain data on only 1 cohort.

specifications Specifications of which covariates to display, and how.

output The output format for the table. Options are output = "two columns", output

= "one column", or output = "list".

showCounts Show the number of cohort entries having the binary covariate?

Show the percentage of cohort entries having the binary covariate?

percentDigits Number of digits to be used for percentages.

valueDigits Number of digits to be used for the values of continuous variables.

# Value

A data frame, or, when output = "list" a list of two data frames.

```
eunomiaConnectionDetails <- Eunomia::getEunomiaConnectionDetails()
covSettings <- createDefaultCovariateSettings()
Eunomia::createCohorts(
   connectionDetails = eunomiaConnectionDetails,
   cdmDatabaseSchema = "main",
   cohortDatabaseSchema = "main",
   cohortTable = "cohort"
)
covData1 <- getDbCovariateData(
   connectionDetails = eunomiaConnectionDetails,
   tempEmulationSchema = NULL,</pre>
```

```
cdmDatabaseSchema = "main",
  cdmVersion = "5",
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  cohortDatabaseSchema = "main",
  cohortTableIsTemp = FALSE,
  cohortId = 1,
  rowIdField = "subject_id",
  covariateSettings = covSettings,
  aggregated = TRUE
covData2 <- getDbCovariateData(</pre>
  connectionDetails = eunomiaConnectionDetails,
  tempEmulationSchema = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema = "main",
  cdmVersion = "5",
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  cohortDatabaseSchema = "main",
  cohortTableIsTemp = FALSE,
  cohortId = 2,
  rowIdField = "subject_id",
  covariateSettings = covSettings,
  aggregated = TRUE
table1 <- createTable1(</pre>
  covariateData1 = covData1,
  covariateData2 = covData2,
  cohortId1 = 1,
  cohortId2 = 2,
  specifications = getDefaultTable1Specifications(),
  output = "one column",
  showCounts = FALSE,
  showPercent = TRUE,
  percentDigits = 1,
  valueDigits = 1,
  stdDiffDigits = 2
```

create Table 1 Covariate Settings

Create covariate settings for a table 1

# Description

Creates a covariate settings object for generating only those covariates that will be included in a table 1. This function works by filtering the covariateSettings object for the covariates in the specifications object.

# Usage

```
createTable1CovariateSettings(
  specifications = getDefaultTable1Specifications(),
  covariateSettings = createDefaultCovariateSettings(),
```

```
includedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
addDescendantsToInclude = FALSE,
excludedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
addDescendantsToExclude = FALSE,
includedCovariateIds = c()
```

#### **Arguments**

specifications A specifications object for generating a table using the createTable1 function. covariateSettings

 $\label{thm:covariate} The covariate settings object to use as the basis for the filtered covariate settings. \\ included Covariate ConceptIds$ 

A list of concept IDs that should be used to construct covariates.

 ${\it addDescendants} \\ {\it ToInclude}$ 

Should descendant concept IDs be added to the list of concepts to include? excludedCovariateConceptIds

A list of concept IDs that should NOT be used to construct covariates.

 ${\it addDescendantsToExclude}$ 

 $\label{thm:concept} Should \ descendant \ concept \ IDs \ be \ added \ to \ the \ list \ of \ concepts \ to \ exclude?$  included Covariate Ids

A list of covariate IDs that should be restricted to.

#### Value

A covariate settings object, for example to be used when calling the getDbCovariateData function.

# **Examples**

```
table1CovSettings <- createTable1CovariateSettings(
  specifications = getDefaultTable1Specifications(),
  covariateSettings = createDefaultCovariateSettings(),
  includedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
  addDescendantsToInclude = FALSE,
  excludedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
  addDescendantsToExclude = FALSE,
  includedCovariateIds = c()
)</pre>
```

createTemporalCovariateSettings

Create covariate settings

# Description

Create covariate settings

#### Usage

```
createTemporalCovariateSettings(
  useDemographicsGender = FALSE,
  useDemographicsAge = FALSE,
  useDemographicsAgeGroup = FALSE,
  useDemographicsRace = FALSE,
  useDemographicsEthnicity = FALSE,
  useDemographicsIndexYear = FALSE,
 useDemographicsIndexMonth = FALSE,
  useDemographicsPriorObservationTime = FALSE,
  useDemographicsPostObservationTime = FALSE,
  useDemographicsTimeInCohort = FALSE,
  useDemographicsIndexYearMonth = FALSE,
  useCareSiteId = FALSE,
  useConditionOccurrence = FALSE,
  useConditionOccurrencePrimaryInpatient = FALSE,
  useConditionEraStart = FALSE,
  useConditionEraOverlap = FALSE,
  useConditionEraGroupStart = FALSE,
  useConditionEraGroupOverlap = FALSE,
  useDrugExposure = FALSE,
  useDrugEraStart = FALSE,
  useDrugEraOverlap = FALSE,
  useDrugEraGroupStart = FALSE,
  useDrugEraGroupOverlap = FALSE,
  useProcedureOccurrence = FALSE,
  useDeviceExposure = FALSE,
  useMeasurement = FALSE,
  useMeasurementValue = FALSE,
  useMeasurementRangeGroup = FALSE,
  useMeasurementValueAsConcept = FALSE,
  useObservation = FALSE,
  useObservationValueAsConcept = FALSE,
  useCharlsonIndex = FALSE,
  useDcsi = FALSE,
  useChads2 = FALSE,
  useChads2Vasc = FALSE,
  useHfrs = FALSE,
  useDistinctConditionCount = FALSE,
  useDistinctIngredientCount = FALSE,
  useDistinctProcedureCount = FALSE,
  useDistinctMeasurementCount = FALSE,
  useDistinctObservationCount = FALSE,
  useVisitCount = FALSE,
  useVisitConceptCount = FALSE,
  temporalStartDays = -365:-1,
  temporalEndDays = -365:-1,
  includedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
  addDescendantsToInclude = FALSE,
  excludedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
  addDescendantsToExclude = FALSE,
  includedCovariateIds = c()
```

)

#### **Arguments**

useDemographicsGender

Gender of the subject. (analysis ID 1)

useDemographicsAge

Age of the subject on the index date (in years). (analysis ID 2)

useDemographicsAgeGroup

Age of the subject on the index date (in 5 year age groups) (analysis ID 3)

useDemographicsRace

Race of the subject. (analysis ID 4)

useDemographicsEthnicity

Ethnicity of the subject. (analysis ID 5)

use Demographics Index Year

Year of the index date. (analysis ID 6)

useDemographicsIndexMonth

Month of the index date. (analysis ID 7)

useDemographicsPriorObservationTime

Number of days of observation time preceding the index date. (analysis ID 8)

use Demographics Post Observation Time

Number of days of observation time preceding the index date. (analysis ID 9)

 $use {\tt DemographicsTimeInCohort}$ 

Number of days of observation time preceding the index date. (analysis ID 10)

 $use {\tt DemographicsIndexYearMonth}$ 

Calendar month of the index date. (analysis ID 11)

useCareSiteId Care site associated with the cohort start, pulled from the visit\_detail, visit\_occurrence, or person table, in that order. (analysis ID 12)

useConditionOccurrence

One covariate per condition in the condition\_occurrence table starting in the time window. (analysis ID 101)

useConditionOccurrencePrimaryInpatient

One covariate per condition observed as a primary diagnosis in an inpatient setting in the condition\_occurrence table starting in the time window. (analysis ID 102)

useConditionEraStart

One covariate per condition in the condition\_era table starting in the time window. (analysis ID 201)

 $use {\tt Condition EraOverlap}$ 

One covariate per condition in the condition\_era table overlapping with any part of the time window. (analysis ID 202)

useConditionEraGroupStart

One covariate per condition era rolled up to SNOMED groups in the condition\_era table starting in the time window. (analysis ID 203)

use Condition Era Group Overlap

One covariate per condition era rolled up to SNOMED groups in the condition\_era table overlapping with any part of the time window. (analysis ID 204)

useDrugExposure

One covariate per drug in the drug\_exposure table starting in the time window. (analysis ID 301)

#### useDrugEraStart

One covariate per drug in the drug\_era table starting in the time window. (analysis ID 401)

#### useDrugEraOverlap

One covariate per drug in the drug\_era table overlapping with any part of the time window. (analysis ID 402)

#### useDrugEraGroupStart

One covariate per drug rolled up to ATC groups in the drug\_era table starting in the time window. (analysis ID 403)

#### useDrugEraGroupOverlap

One covariate per drug rolled up to ATC groups in the drug\_era table overlapping with any part of the time window. (analysis ID 404)

#### useProcedureOccurrence

One covariate per procedure in the procedure\_occurrence table in the time window. (analysis ID 501)

#### useDeviceExposure

One covariate per device in the device exposure table starting in the timewindow. (analysis ID 601)

useMeasurement One covariate per measurement in the measurement table in the time window. (analysis ID 701)

#### useMeasurementValue

One covariate containing the value per measurement-unit combination in the time window. If multiple values are found, the last is taken. (analysis ID 702)

#### useMeasurementRangeGroup

Covariates indicating whether measurements are below, within, or above normal range within the time period. (analysis ID 703)

# useMeasurementValueAsConcept

One covariate per measurement-value concept combination within the time period. (analysis ID 704)

useObservation One covariate per observation in the observation table in the time window. (analysis ID 801)

#### useObservationValueAsConcept

One covariate per observation-value concept combination within the time period. (analysis ID 802)

#### useCharlsonIndex

The Charlson comorbidity index (Romano adaptation) using all conditions prior to the window end. (analysis ID 901)

useDcsi The Diabetes Comorbidity Severity Index (DCSI) using all conditions prior to the window end. (analysis ID 902)

useChads2 The CHADS2 score using all conditions prior to the window end. (analysis ID 903)

useChads2Vasc The CHADS2VASc score using all conditions prior to the window end. (analysis ID 904)

useHfrs The Hospital Frailty Risk Score score using all conditions prior to the window end. (analysis ID 926)

#### useDistinctConditionCount

The number of distinct condition concepts observed in the time window. (analysis ID 905)

#### useDistinctIngredientCount

The number of distinct ingredients observed in the time window. (analysis ID 906)

#### useDistinctProcedureCount

The number of distinct procedures observed in the time window. (analysis ID 907)

#### useDistinctMeasurementCount

The number of distinct measurements observed in the time window. (analysis ID 908)

#### useDistinctObservationCount

The number of distinct observations in the time window. (analysis ID 909)

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} use Visit Count & The number of visits observed in the time window. (analysis ID 910) \\ use Visit Concept Count & \begin{tabular}{ll} use Visit Concept Count & \begin Concept Count & \begin{tabular}{ll} use Visit Concept Count & \$ 

The number of visits observed in the time window, stratified by visit concept ID. (analysis ID 911)

#### temporalStartDays

A list of integers representing the start of a time period, relative to the index date. 0 indicates the index date, -1 indicates the day before the index date, etc. The start day is included in the time period.

#### temporalEndDays

A list of integers representing the end of a time period, relative to the index date. 0 indicates the index date, -1 indicates the day before the index date, etc. The end day is included in the time period.

# includedCovariateConceptIds

A list of concept IDs that should be used to construct covariates.

# addDescendantsToInclude

Should descendant concept IDs be added to the list of concepts to include? excludedCovariateConceptIds

A list of concept IDs that should NOT be used to construct covariates.

# addDescendantsToExclude

 $Should \ descendant \ concept \ IDs \ be \ added \ to \ the \ list \ of \ concepts \ to \ exclude?$  included Covariate Ids

A list of covariate IDs that should be restricted to.

#### **Details**

creates an object specifying how covariates should be constructed from data in the CDM model.

#### Value

An object of type covariateSettings, to be used in other functions.

```
settings <- createTemporalCovariateSettings(
  useDemographicsGender = TRUE,
  useDemographicsAge = FALSE,
  useDemographicsAgeGroup = TRUE,
  useDemographicsRace = TRUE,
  useDemographicsEthnicity = TRUE,
  useDemographicsIndexYear = TRUE,</pre>
```

```
useDemographicsIndexMonth = TRUE,
useDemographicsPriorObservationTime = FALSE,
useDemographicsPostObservationTime = FALSE,
useDemographicsTimeInCohort = FALSE,
useDemographicsIndexYearMonth = FALSE,
useCareSiteId = FALSE,
useConditionOccurrence = FALSE,
useConditionOccurrencePrimaryInpatient = FALSE,
useConditionEraStart = FALSE,
useConditionEraOverlap = FALSE,
useConditionEraGroupStart = FALSE,
useConditionEraGroupOverlap = TRUE,
useDrugExposure = FALSE,
useDrugEraStart = FALSE,
useDrugEraOverlap = FALSE,
useDrugEraGroupStart = FALSE,
useDrugEraGroupOverlap = TRUE,
useProcedureOccurrence = TRUE,
useDeviceExposure = TRUE,
useMeasurement = TRUE,
useMeasurementValue = FALSE,
useMeasurementRangeGroup = TRUE,
useMeasurementValueAsConcept = TRUE,
useObservation = TRUE,
useObservationValueAsConcept = TRUE,
useCharlsonIndex = TRUE,
useDcsi = TRUE,
useChads2 = TRUE,
useChads2Vasc = TRUE,
useHfrs = FALSE,
useDistinctConditionCount = FALSE,
useDistinctIngredientCount = FALSE,
useDistinctProcedureCount = FALSE,
useDistinctMeasurementCount = FALSE,
useDistinctObservationCount = FALSE,
useVisitCount = FALSE,
useVisitConceptCount = FALSE,
temporalStartDays = -365:-1,
temporalEndDays = -365:-1,
includedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
addDescendantsToInclude = FALSE,
excludedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
addDescendantsToExclude = FALSE,
includedCovariateIds = c()
```

 $create {\tt Temporal Sequence Covariate Settings} \\ {\tt Create\ covariate\ settings}$ 

# Description

Create covariate settings

#### Usage

```
createTemporalSequenceCovariateSettings(
      useDemographicsGender = FALSE,
      useDemographicsAge = FALSE,
      useDemographicsAgeGroup = FALSE,
      useDemographicsRace = FALSE,
      useDemographicsEthnicity = FALSE,
      useDemographicsIndexYear = FALSE,
      useDemographicsIndexMonth = FALSE,
      useConditionOccurrence = FALSE,
      useConditionOccurrencePrimaryInpatient = FALSE,
      useConditionEraStart = FALSE,
      useConditionEraGroupStart = FALSE,
      useDrugExposure = FALSE,
      useDrugEraStart = FALSE,
      useDrugEraGroupStart = FALSE,
      useProcedureOccurrence = FALSE,
      useDeviceExposure = FALSE,
      useMeasurement = FALSE,
      useMeasurementValue = FALSE,
      useObservation = FALSE,
      timePart = "month",
      timeInterval = 1,
      sequenceEndDay = -1,
      sequenceStartDay = -730,
      includedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
      addDescendantsToInclude = FALSE,
      excludedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
      addDescendantsToExclude = FALSE,
      includedCovariateIds = c()
    )
Arguments
    useDemographicsGender
                    Gender of the subject. (analysis ID 1)
    useDemographicsAge
                     Age of the subject on the index date (in years). (analysis ID 2)
    use Demographics Age Group \\
                    Age of the subject on the index date (in 5 year age groups) (analysis ID 3)
    useDemographicsRace
                    Race of the subject. (analysis ID 4)
    {\tt useDemographicsEthnicity}
                    Ethnicity of the subject. (analysis ID 5)
    useDemographicsIndexYear
                     Year of the index date. (analysis ID 6)
    useDemographicsIndexMonth
                    Month of the index date. (analysis ID 7)
    useConditionOccurrence
                    One covariate per condition in the condition_occurrence table starting in the
                    time window. (analysis ID 101)
```

use Condition Occurrence Primary In patient

One covariate per condition observed as a primary diagnosis in an inpatient setting in the condition\_occurrence table starting in the time window. (analysis ID 102)

useConditionEraStart

One covariate per condition in the condition\_era table starting in the time window. (analysis ID 201)

useConditionEraGroupStart

One covariate per condition era rolled up to SNOMED groups in the condition\_era table starting in the time window. (analysis ID 203)

useDrugExposure

One covariate per drug in the drug\_exposure table starting in the time window. (analysis ID 301)

useDrugEraStart

One covariate per drug in the drug\_era table starting in the time window. (analysis ID 401)

use Drug Era Group Start

One covariate per drug rolled up to ATC groups in the drug\_era table starting in the time window. (analysis ID 403)

useProcedureOccurrence

One covariate per procedure in the procedure\_occurrence table in the time window. (analysis ID 501)

useDeviceExposure

One covariate per device in the device exposure table starting in the timewindow. (analysis ID 601)

useMeasurement One covariate per measurement in the measurement table in the time window. (analysis ID 701)

use Measure ment Value

One covariate containing the value per measurement-unit combination in the time window. If multiple values are found, the last is taken. (analysis ID 702)

useObservation One covariate per observation in the observation table in the time window. (analysis ID 801)

timePart The interval scale ('DAY', 'MONTH', 'YEAR')

timeInterval Fixed interval length for timeId using the 'timePart' scale. For example, a 'timePart' of DAY with 'timeInterval' 30 has timeIds where timeId 1 is day 0 to day 29, timeId 2 is day 30 to day 59, etc.

sequenceEndDay What is the end day (relative to the index date) of the data extraction? sequenceStartDay

What is the start day (relative to the index date) of the data extraction? includedCovariateConceptIds

A list of concept IDs that should be used to construct covariates.

addDescendantsToInclude

 $Should \ descendant \ concept \ IDs \ be \ added \ to \ the \ list \ of \ concepts \ to \ include?$  excludedCovariateConceptIds

A list of concept IDs that should NOT be used to construct covariates.

addDescendantsToExclude

 $Should \ descendant \ concept \ IDs \ be \ added \ to \ the \ list \ of \ concepts \ to \ exclude?$  included Covariate Ids

A list of covariate IDs that should be restricted to.

#### **Details**

creates an object specifying how covariates should be constructed from data in the CDM model.

#### Value

An object of type covariateSettings, to be used in other functions.

### **Examples**

```
settings <- createTemporalSequenceCovariateSettings(</pre>
  useDemographicsGender = TRUE,
  useDemographicsAge = FALSE,
  useDemographicsAgeGroup = TRUE,
  useDemographicsRace = TRUE,
  useDemographicsEthnicity = TRUE,
  useDemographicsIndexYear = TRUE,
  useDemographicsIndexMonth = TRUE,
  useConditionOccurrence = FALSE,
  useConditionOccurrencePrimaryInpatient = FALSE,
  useConditionEraStart = FALSE,
  useConditionEraGroupStart = FALSE,
  useDrugExposure = FALSE,
  useDrugEraStart = FALSE,
  useDrugEraGroupStart = FALSE,
  useProcedureOccurrence = TRUE,
  useDeviceExposure = TRUE,
  useMeasurement = TRUE,
  useMeasurementValue = FALSE,
  useObservation = TRUE,
  timePart = "DAY",
  timeInterval = 1,
  sequenceEndDay = -1,
  sequenceStartDay = -730,
  includedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
  addDescendantsToInclude = FALSE,
  excludedCovariateConceptIds = c(),
  addDescendantsToExclude = FALSE,
  includedCovariateIds = c()
```

filterByCohortDefinitionId

Filter covariates by cohort definition IDs

### **Description**

Filter covariates by cohort definition IDs

### Usage

```
filterByCohortDefinitionId(covariateData, cohortId = 1, cohortIds = c(1))
```

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## **Arguments**

cohortId DEPRECATED The cohort definition IDs to keep.

cohortIds The cohort definition IDs to keep.

### Value

An object of type covariateData.

# **Examples**

```
covariateData <- FeatureExtraction::createEmptyCovariateData(
  cohortIds = c(1, 2),
  aggregated = TRUE,
  temporal = FALSE
)

covData <- filterByCohortDefinitionId(
  covariateData = covariateData,
  cohortIds = c(1)
)</pre>
```

filterByRowId

Filter covariates by row ID

# Description

Filter covariates by row ID

## Usage

```
filterByRowId(covariateData, rowIds)
```

# Arguments

```
covariateData An object of type CovariateData rowIds A vector containing the rowIds to keep.
```

#### Value

An object of type covariateData.

#### **Examples**

```
covariateData <- FeatureExtraction::createEmptyCovariateData(
  cohortIds = 1,
  aggregated = FALSE,
  temporal = FALSE
)

covData <- filterByRowId(
  covariateData = covariateData,
  rowIds = 1
)</pre>
```

getDbCohortAttrCovariatesData

Getcovariate information from the database through the cohort\_attribute table

### **Description**

Constructs covariates using the cohort\_attribute table.

### Usage

```
getDbCohortAttrCovariatesData(
  connection,
  oracleTempSchema = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable = "#cohort_person",
  cohortId = -1,
  cohortIds = c(-1),
  cdmVersion = "5",
  rowIdField = "subject_id",
  covariateSettings,
  aggregated = FALSE,
  tempEmulationSchema = NULL
)
```

# Arguments

 $\\ \hbox{connection}$ 

A connection to the server containing the schema as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package.

oracleTempSchema

DEPRECATED: use tempEmulationSchema instead.

cdmDatabaseSchema

The name of the database schema that contains the OMOP CDM instance. Requires read permissions to this database. On SQL Server, this should specify both the database and the schema, so for example 'cdm\_instance.dbo'.

 ${\tt cohortTable}$ 

Name of the table holding the cohort for which we want to construct covariates. If it is a temp table, the name should have a hash prefix, e.g. '#temp\_table'. If it is a non-temp table, it should include the database schema, e.g. 'cdm\_database.cohort'.

cohortId DEPRECATED:For which cohort ID should covariates be constructed? If set to

-1, covariates will be constructed for all cohorts in the specified cohort table.

cohortIds For which cohort ID(s) should covariates be constructed? If set to c(-1), covari-

ates will be constructed for all cohorts in the specified cohort table.

cdmVersion The version of the Common Data Model used. Currently only cdmVersion =

"5" is supported.

rowIdField The name of the field in the cohort temp table that is to be used as the row\_id

field in the output table. This can be especially usefull if there is more than one

period per person.

covariateSettings

 $An \,object \,of \,type \,covariate Settings \,as \,created \,using \,the \,create Cohort Attr Covariate Settings \,and \,an instance and \,an instance are considered as a consistency of the constant of the constant$ 

function.

aggregated Should aggregate statistics be computed instead of covariates per cohort entry?

tempEmulationSchema

Some database platforms like Oracle and Impala do not truly support temp tables. To emulate temp tables, provide a schema with write privileges where

temp tables can be created.

#### **Details**

This function uses the data in the CDM to construct a large set of covariates for the provided cohort. The cohort is assumed to be in an existing temp table with these fields: 'subject\_id', 'cohort\_definition\_id', 'cohort\_start\_date'. Optionally, an extra field can be added containing the unique identifier that will be used as rowID in the output. Typically, users don't call this function directly but rather use the getDbCovariateData function instead.

# Value

Returns an object of type CovariateData, which is an Andromeda object containing information on the baseline covariates. Information about multiple outcomes can be captured at once for efficiency reasons. This object is a list with the following components:

**covariates** An ffdf object listing the baseline covariates per person in the cohorts. This is done using a sparse representation: covariates with a value of 0 are omitted to save space. The covariates object will have three columns: rowId, covariateId, and covariateValue. The rowId is usually equal to the person\_id, unless specified otherwise in the rowIdField argument.

covariateRef A table describing the covariates that have been extracted.

. The CovariateData object will also have a metaData attribute, a list of objects with information on how the covariateData object was constructed.

```
connectionDetails <- Eunomia::getEunomiaConnectionDetails()
Eunomia::createCohorts(
   connectionDetails = connectionDetails,
   cdmDatabaseSchema = "main",
   cohortDatabaseSchema = "main",
   cohortTable = "cohort"
)
connection <- DatabaseConnector::connect(connectionDetails)
covariateSettings <- createCohortAttrCovariateSettings(
   attrDatabaseSchema = "main",</pre>
```

```
cohortAttrTable = "cohort_attribute",
  attrDefinitionTable = "attribute_definition",
  includeAttrIds = c(1),
  isBinary = FALSE,
  missingMeansZero = FALSE
covData <- getDbCohortAttrCovariatesData(</pre>
  connection = connection,
  tempEmulationSchema = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema = "main",
  cdmVersion = "5",
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  cohortIds = 1,
  rowIdField = "subject_id",
 covariateSettings = covariateSettings,
  aggregated = FALSE
)
```

getDbCohortBasedCovariatesData

Get covariate information from the database based on other cohorts

### **Description**

Constructs covariates using other cohorts.

# Usage

```
getDbCohortBasedCovariatesData(
  connection,
  oracleTempSchema = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable = "#cohort_person",
  cohortId = -1,
  cohortIds = c(-1),
  cdmVersion = "5",
  rowIdField = "subject_id",
  covariateSettings,
  aggregated = FALSE,
  minCharacterizationMean = 0,
  tempEmulationSchema = NULL
)
```

### **Arguments**

connection

A connection to the server containing the schema as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package.

oracleTempSchema

DEPRECATED: use tempEmulationSchema instead.

cdmDatabaseSchema

The name of the database schema that contains the OMOP CDM instance. Requires read permissions to this database. On SQL Server, this should specify both the database and the schema, so for example 'cdm\_instance.dbo'.

cohortTable Name of the table holding the cohort for which we want to construct covariates.

If it is a temp table, the name should have a hash prefix, e.g. '#temp\_table'. If it is a non-temp table, it should include the database schema, e.g. 'cdm\_database.cohort'.

cohortId DEPRECATED:For which cohort ID should covariates be constructed? If set to

-1, covariates will be constructed for all cohorts in the specified cohort table.

cohortIds For which cohort ID(s) should covariates be constructed? If set to c(-1), covari-

ates will be constructed for all cohorts in the specified cohort table.

cdmVersion The version of the Common Data Model used. Currently only cdmVersion =

"5" is supported.

rowIdField The name of the field in the cohort temp table that is to be used as the row\_id

field in the output table. This can be especially usefull if there is more than one

period per person.

covariateSettings

An object of type covariateSettings as created using the createCohortBasedCovariateSetting or createCohortBasedTemporalCovariateSettings functions.

aggregated Should aggregate statistics be computed instead of covariates per cohort entry? minCharacterizationMean

The minimum mean value for binary characterization output. Values below this will be cut off from output. This will help reduce the file size of the characterization output, but will remove information on covariates that have very low values. The default is 0.

values. III

tempEmulationSchema

Some database platforms like Oracle and Impala do not truly support temp tables. To emulate temp tables, provide a schema with write privileges where temp tables can be created.

#### Details

This function uses the data in the CDM to construct a large set of covariates for the provided cohort. The cohort is assumed to be in an existing temp table with these fields: 'subject\_id', 'cohort\_definition\_id', 'cohort\_start\_date'. Optionally, an extra field can be added containing the unique identifier that will be used as rowID in the output. Typically, users don't call this function directly but rather use the getDbCovariateData function instead.

## Value

Returns an object of type CovariateData, which is an Andromeda object containing information on the baseline covariates. Information about multiple outcomes can be captured at once for efficiency reasons. This object is a list with the following components:

**covariates** An ffdf object listing the baseline covariates per person in the cohorts. This is done using a sparse representation: covariates with a value of 0 are omitted to save space. The covariates object will have three columns: rowId, covariateId, and covariateValue. The rowId is usually equal to the person\_id, unless specified otherwise in the rowIdField argument.

covariateRef A table describing the covariates that have been extracted.

. The CovariateData object will also have a metaData attribute, a list of objects with information on how the covariateData object was constructed.

getDbCovariateData 45

getDbCovariateData

Get covariate information from the database

#### **Description**

Uses one or several covariate builder functions to construct covariates.

#### Usage

```
getDbCovariateData(
  connectionDetails = NULL,
  connection = NULL,
  oracleTempSchema = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
  cdmVersion = "5",
  cohortTable = "cohort",
  cohortDatabaseSchema = cdmDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTableIsTemp = FALSE,
  cohortId = -1,
  cohortIds = c(-1),
  rowIdField = "subject_id",
  covariateSettings,
  aggregated = FALSE,
  minCharacterizationMean = 0,
  tempEmulationSchema = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

connectionDetails

An R object of type connectionDetails created using the function createConnectionDetails in the DatabaseConnector package. Either the connection or connectionDetails argument should be specified.

connection

A connection to the server containing the schema as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package. Either the connection or connectionDetails argument should be specified.

oracleTempSchema

DEPRECATED: use tempEmulationSchema instead.

cdmDatabaseSchema

The name of the database schema that contains the OMOP CDM instance. Requires read permissions to this database. On SQL Server, this should specify both the database and the schema, so for example 'cdm\_instance.dbo'.

cdmVersion Define the OMOP CDM version used: currently supported is "5".

cohortTable Name of the (temp) table holding the cohort for which we want to construct

covariates

cohortDatabaseSchema

If the cohort table is not a temp table, specify the database schema where the cohort table can be found. On SQL Server, this should specify both the database and the schema, so for example 'cdm\_instance.dbo'.

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cohortTableIsTemp

Is the cohort table a temp table?

cohortId DEPRECATED:For which cohort ID(s) should covariates be constructed? If set

to -1, covariates will be constructed for all cohorts in the specified cohort table.

cohortIds For which cohort ID(s) should covariates be constructed? If set to c(-1), covari-

ates will be constructed for all cohorts in the specified cohort table.

rowIdField The name of the field in the cohort table that is to be used as the row\_id field in

the output table. This can be especially usefull if there is more than one period

per person.

covariateSettings

Either an object of type covariateSettings as created using one of the create-

Covariate functions, or a list of such objects.

aggregated Should aggregate statistics be computed instead of covariates per cohort entry?

If aggregated is set to FALSE, the results returned will be based on each subject\_id and cohort\_start\_date in your cohort table. If your cohort contains multiple entries for the same subject\_id (due to different cohort\_start\_date values), you must carefully set the rowIdField so you can identify the patients properly.

See issue #229 for more discussion on this parameter.

minCharacterizationMean

The minimum mean value for characterization output. Values below this will be cut off from output. This will help reduce the file size of the characterization output, but will remove information on covariates that have very low values. The

default is 0.

tempEmulationSchema

Some database platforms like Oracle and Impala do not truly support temp tables. To emulate temp tables, provide a schema with write privileges where temp tables can be created.

#### **Details**

This function uses the data in the CDM to construct a large set of covariates for the provided cohort. The cohort is assumed to be in an existing table with these fields: 'subject\_id', 'cohort\_definition\_id', 'cohort\_start\_date'. Optionally, an extra field can be added containing the unique identifier that will be used as rowID in the output.

## Value

Returns an object of type covariateData, containing information on the covariates.

```
eunomiaConnectionDetails <- Eunomia::getEunomiaConnectionDetails()
covSettings <- createDefaultCovariateSettings()
Eunomia::createCohorts(
   connectionDetails = eunomiaConnectionDetails,
   cdmDatabaseSchema = "main",
   cohortDatabaseSchema = "main",
   cohortTable = "cohort"
)
covData <- getDbCovariateData(
   connectionDetails = eunomiaConnectionDetails,
   tempEmulationSchema = NULL,
   cdmDatabaseSchema = "main",</pre>
```

```
cdmVersion = "5",
cohortTable = "cohort",
cohortDatabaseSchema = "main",
cohortTableIsTemp = FALSE,
cohortIds = -1,
rowIdField = "subject_id",
covariateSettings = covSettings,
aggregated = FALSE
)
```

getDbDefaultCovariateData

Get default covariate information from the database

### **Description**

Constructs a large default set of covariates for one or more cohorts using data in the CDM schema. Includes covariates for all drugs, drug classes, condition, condition classes, procedures, observations, etc.

#### Usage

```
getDbDefaultCovariateData(
  connection,
 oracleTempSchema = NULL,
  cdmDatabaseSchema,
  cohortTable = "#cohort_person",
  cohortId = -1,
  cohortIds = c(-1),
  cdmVersion = "5",
  rowIdField = "subject_id",
  covariateSettings,
  targetDatabaseSchema,
  targetCovariateTable,
  targetCovariateRefTable,
  targetAnalysisRefTable,
  aggregated = FALSE,
 minCharacterizationMean = 0,
  tempEmulationSchema = NULL
)
```

#### **Arguments**

connection

A connection to the server containing the schema as created using the connect function in the DatabaseConnector package.

oracleTempSchema

DEPRECATED: use tempEmulationSchema instead.

cdmDatabaseSchema

The name of the database schema that contains the OMOP CDM instance. Requires read permissions to this database. On SQL Server, this should specify both the database and the schema, so for example 'cdm\_instance.dbo'.

cohortTable Name of the table holding the cohort for which we want to construct covariates.

If it is a temp table, the name should have a hash prefix, e.g. '#temp\_table'. If it is a non-temp table, it should include the database schema, e.g. 'cdm\_database.cohort'.

cohortId DEPRECATED:For which cohort ID should covariates be constructed? If set to

-1, covariates will be constructed for all cohorts in the specified cohort table.

cohortIds For which cohort ID(s) should covariates be constructed? If set to c(-1), covari-

ates will be constructed for all cohorts in the specified cohort table.

cdmVersion The version of the Common Data Model used. Currently only cdmVersion =

"5" is supported.

rowIdField The name of the field in the cohort temp table that is to be used as the row\_id

field in the output table. This can be especially usefull if there is more than one

period per person.

covariateSettings

Either an object of type covariateSettings as created using one of the create-Covariate functions, or a list of such objects.

targetDatabaseSchema

(Optional) The name of the database schema where the resulting covariates should be stored.

targetCovariateTable

(Optional) The name of the table where the resulting covariates will be stored. If not provided, results will be fetched to R. The table can be a permanent table in the targetDatabaseSchema or a temp table. If it is a temp table, do not specify targetDatabaseSchema.

targetCovariateRefTable

(Optional) The name of the table where the covariate reference will be stored.

targetAnalysisRefTable

(Optional) The name of the table where the analysis reference will be stored.

aggregated Should aggregate statistics be computed instead of covariates per cohort entry? minCharacterizationMean

The minimum mean value for binary characterization output. Values below this will be cut off from output. This will help reduce the file size of the characterization output, but will remove information on covariates that have very low values. The default is 0.

tempEmulationSchema

Some database platforms like Oracle and Impala do not truly support temp tables. To emulate temp tables, provide a schema with write privileges where temp tables can be created.

#### **Details**

This function uses the data in the CDM to construct a large set of covariates for the provided cohort. The cohort is assumed to be in an existing temp table with these fields: 'subject\_id', 'cohort\_definition\_id', 'cohort\_start\_date'. Optionally, an extra field can be added containing the unique identifier that will be used as rowID in the output. Typically, users don't call this function directly but rather use the getDbCovariateData function instead.

### Value

Returns an object of type CovariateData, which is an Andromeda object containing information on the baseline covariates. Information about multiple outcomes can be captured at once for efficiency reasons. This object is a list with the following components:

**covariates** An ffdf object listing the baseline covariates per person in the cohorts. This is done using a sparse representation: covariates with a value of 0 are omitted to save space. The covariates object will have three columns: rowId, covariateId, and covariateValue. The rowId is usually equal to the person\_id, unless specified otherwise in the rowIdField argument.

covariateRef A table describing the covariates that have been extracted.

. The CovariateData object will also have a metaData attribute, a list of objects with information on how the covariateData object was constructed.

#### **Examples**

```
connectionDetails <- Eunomia::getEunomiaConnectionDetails()
Eunomia::createCohorts(
   connectionDetails = connectionDetails,
   cdmDatabaseSchema = "main",
   cohortDatabaseSchema = "main",
   cohortTable = "cohort"
)
connection <- DatabaseConnector::connect(connectionDetails)

results <- getDbDefaultCovariateData(
   connection = connection,
   cdmDatabaseSchema = "main",
   cohortTable = "cohort",
   covariateSettings = createDefaultCovariateSettings(),
   targetDatabaseSchema = "main",
   targetCovariateTable = "ut_cov"
)</pre>
```

getDefaultTable1Specifications

Get the default table 1 specifications

### **Description**

Loads the default specifications for a table 1, to be used with the createTable1 function.

#### Usage

```
getDefaultTable1Specifications()
```

#### Value

A specifications objects.

```
defaultTable1Specs <- getDefaultTable1Specifications()</pre>
```

50 isCovariateData

```
is {\tt Aggregated Covariate Data}
```

Check whether covariate data is aggregated

# Description

Check whether covariate data is aggregated

### Usage

```
isAggregatedCovariateData(x)
```

### **Arguments**

Х

The covariate data object to check.

### Value

A logical value.

# **Examples**

```
covariateData <- FeatureExtraction::createEmptyCovariateData(
  cohortIds = 1,
  aggregated = FALSE,
  temporal = FALSE
)
isAggrCovData <- isAggregatedCovariateData(covariateData)</pre>
```

is Covariate Data

Check whether an object is a CovariateData object

# **Description**

Check whether an object is a CovariateData object

# Usage

```
isCovariateData(x)
```

# Arguments

Χ

The object to check.

### Value

A logical value.

### **Examples**

```
binaryCovDataFile <- system.file("testdata/binaryCovariateData.zip",
   package = "FeatureExtraction"
)
covData <- loadCovariateData(binaryCovDataFile)
isCovData <- isCovariateData(covData)</pre>
```

isTemporalCovariateData

Check whether covariate data is temporal

# Description

Check whether covariate data is temporal

### Usage

```
isTemporalCovariateData(x)
```

# Arguments

Х

The covariate data object to check.

# Value

A logical value.

# **Examples**

```
covariateData <- FeatureExtraction::createEmptyCovariateData(
  cohortIds = 1,
   aggregated = FALSE,
   temporal = FALSE
)
isTempCovData <- isTemporalCovariateData(covariateData)</pre>
```

loadCovariateData

Load the covariate data from a folder

# Description

loadCovariateData loads an object of type covariateData from a folder in the file system.

# Usage

```
loadCovariateData(file, readOnly)
```

52 saveCovariateData

## **Arguments**

file The name of the folder containing the data.

readOnly DEPRECATED: If true, the data is opened read only.

#### **Details**

The data will be written to a set of files in the folder specified by the user.

#### Value

An object of class CovariateData.

#### **Examples**

```
binaryCovDataFile <- system.file("testdata/binaryCovariateData.zip",
   package = "FeatureExtraction"
)
covData <- loadCovariateData(binaryCovDataFile)</pre>
```

saveCovariateData

Save the covariate data to folder

### **Description**

saveCovariateData saves an object of type covariateData to folder.

### Usage

```
saveCovariateData(covariateData, file)
```

### **Arguments**

 ${\tt covariateData} \quad \text{An object of type covariateData as generated using getDbCovariateData}.$ 

file The name of the folder where the data will be written. The folder should not yet

exist.

# Details

The data will be written to a set of files in the folder specified by the user.

### Value

No return value, called for side effects.

tidyCovariateData 53

#### **Examples**

```
covariateData <- FeatureExtraction::createEmptyCovariateData(
  cohortIds = 1,
  aggregated = FALSE,
  temporal = FALSE
)
# For this example we'll use a temporary file location:
fileName <- tempfile()
saveCovariateData(covariateData = covariateData, file = fileName)
# Cleaning up the file used in this example:
unlink(fileName)</pre>
```

tidyCovariateData

Tidy covariate data

# Description

Tidy covariate data

# Usage

```
tidyCovariateData(
  covariateData,
  minFraction = 0.001,
  normalize = TRUE,
  removeRedundancy = TRUE
)
```

### **Arguments**

covariateData An object as generated using the getDbCovariateData function.

minFraction Minimum fraction of the population that should have a non-zero value for a

covariate for that covariate to be kept. Set to 0 to don't filter on frequency.

normalize Normalize the covariates? (dividing by the max).

removeRedundancy

Should redundant covariates be removed?

#### **Details**

Normalize covariate values by dividing by the max and/or remove redundant covariates and/or remove infrequent covariates. For temporal covariates, redundancy is evaluated per time ID.

#### Value

An object of class CovariateData.

54 tidyCovariateData

```
covariateData <- FeatureExtraction::createEmptyCovariateData(
  cohortIds = 1,
   aggregated = FALSE,
  temporal = FALSE
)

covData <- tidyCovariateData(
  covariateData = covariateData,
  minFraction = 0.001,
  normalize = TRUE,
  removeRedundancy = TRUE
)</pre>
```

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