

Relational Calculus & Relational Algebra

1. Give one reason why MRN is a poor choice for the primary & foreign keys?

One single patient may come to see clinicians for more than one time, so the same MRN could appear on multiple tuples in the relation VISIT.

2. Write Relational Calculus expressions for the following:

(a) Who is 25 years old?

$\{ \text{pa.FIRSTNAME, pa.LASTNAME} \mid \text{PATIENT}(\text{pa}) \wedge \text{pa.AGE} = '25' \}$

(b) Who had a medical visit in December, 2017?

$\{ \text{pa.FIRSTNAME, pa.LASTNAME} \mid \text{PATIENT}(\text{pa}) \wedge \exists (\text{v})(\text{VISIT}(\text{v}) \wedge \text{v.DATETIME} = 'December, 2017' \wedge \text{pa.MRN} = \text{v.MRN}) \}$

(c) Who got a 'flu shot'?

$\{ \text{pa.FIRSTNAME, pa.LASTNAME} \mid \text{PATIENT}(\text{pa}) \wedge \exists (\text{v, pr})(\text{VISIT}(\text{v}) \wedge \text{PROCEDURE}(\text{pr}) \wedge \text{pr.NAME} = 'flu shot' \wedge \text{v.VISIT_ID} = \text{pr.VISIT_ID} \wedge \text{pa.MRN} = \text{v.MRN}) \}$

(d) Who did NOT get a 'flu shot'?

$\{ \text{pa.FIRSTNAME, pa.LASTNAME} \mid \text{PATIENT}(\text{pa}) \wedge \neg \exists (\text{v, pr})(\text{VISIT}(\text{v}) \wedge \text{PROCEDURE}(\text{pr}) \wedge \text{pr.NAME} = 'flu shot' \wedge \text{v.VISIT_ID} = \text{pr.VISIT_ID} \wedge \text{pa.MRN} = \text{v.MRN}) \}$

(e) What is the first and last name of all patients who have seen MD Paula Jones?

$\{ \text{pa.FIRSTNAME, pa.LASTNAME} \mid \text{PATIENT}(\text{pa}) \wedge \exists (\text{v, pr, c})(\text{VISIT}(\text{v}) \wedge \text{PROCEDURE}(\text{pr}) \wedge \text{CLINICIAN}(\text{c}) \wedge \text{c.CERT} = 'MD' \wedge \text{c.FIRSTNAME} = 'Paula' \wedge \text{c.LASTNAME} = 'Jones' \wedge \text{pr.CLIN_ID} = \text{c.CLIN_ID} \wedge \text{v.VISIT_ID} = \text{pr.VISIT_ID} \wedge \text{pa.MRN} = \text{v.MRN}) \}$

3. Write Relational Algebra expressions for the following questions. Return the relation primary key to identify the tuples, unless otherwise specified.

(a) Who is 25 years old?

$\pi_{\text{FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME}}(\sigma_{\text{AGE} = '25'}(\text{PATIENT}))$

(b) What is the first and last name of all patients who have seen a Physician's Assistant (cert is 'PA')

$C \leftarrow \rho_{\text{FIRSTNAME_C/FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME_C/LASTNAME}}(\text{CLINICIAN})$

$\pi_{\text{FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME}}(\sigma_{\text{CERT} = 'PA'}(\text{PATIENT} * \text{VISIT} * \text{PROCEDURE} * C))$

(c) Which patients have the same names and age?

$$\pi_{\text{FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME}}(\sigma_{\text{P.MRN} \neq \text{P1.MRN}} (\rho_{\text{P}(\dots)}(\text{PATIENT}) \bowtie_{\text{P.FIRSTNAME}=\text{P1.FIRSTNAME}} \\ \wedge \text{P.LASTNAME}=\text{P1.LASTNAME} \wedge \text{P.AGE}=\text{P1.AGE} \rho_{\text{P1}(\dots)}(\text{PATIENT})))$$

(d) Which patients who got a flu shot also got a measles immunization during the same visit?

$$\begin{aligned} R &\leftarrow \pi_{\text{VISIT_ID, NAME1}}(\rho_{\text{NAME1/NAME}}(\sigma_{\text{NAME} = \text{'flu shot'}}(\text{PROCEDURE}))) \\ S &\leftarrow \pi_{\text{VISIT_ID, NAME2}}(\rho_{\text{NAME2/NAME}}(\sigma_{\text{NAME} = \text{'measles immunization'}}(\text{PROCEDURE}))) \\ \pi_{\text{FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME}}(R * S * \text{VISIT} * \text{PATIENT}) \end{aligned}$$

(e) Which patients who have seen an MD have not seen a PA?

$$\begin{aligned} C &\leftarrow \rho_{\text{FIRSTNAME_C/FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME_C/LASTNAME}}(\text{CLINICIAN}) \\ R &\leftarrow \pi_{\text{FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME}}(\sigma_{\text{CERT} = \text{'MD'}}(\text{PATIENT} * \text{VISIT} * \text{PROCEDURE} * C)) \\ S &\leftarrow \pi_{\text{FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME}}(\sigma_{\text{CERT} = \text{'PA'}}(\text{PATIENT} * \text{VISIT} * \text{PROCEDURE} * C)) \\ \pi_{\text{FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME}}((\pi_{\text{FIRSTNAME, LASTNAME}}(\text{PATIENT}) - S) \cap R) \end{aligned}$$

Queries

- List the nct id and study type from the study whose brief title is “Autologous Cell Therapy After Stroke”.**

```
SELECT nct_id, study_type
FROM studies
WHERE brief_title = 'Autologous Cell Theory After Stroke';
```

Data Output	Explain	Messages	Notifications
	nct_id character (11)	study_type character varying (35)	
1	NCT00908856	Interventional	

2. List the different values for study type, in alphabetical order.

```
SELECT DISTINCT study_type
FROM studies
ORDER BY study_type ASC;
```

Data Output		Explain	Messages
	study_type		
	character varying (35)		
1	Expanded Access		
2	Interventional		
3	N/A		
4	Observational		
5	Observational [Patient Re...		

3. How many terminated studies that started and completed in 2016 have reported events?

```
SELECT COUNT (DISTINCT studies.nct_id)
FROM studies, reported_events
WHERE studies.nct_id = reported_events.nct_id
      AND start_date >= '2016-01-01'
      AND completion_date < '2017-01-01';
```

Data Output		Explain	Messages	Notifi
	count			
	bigint			
1	131			

4. How many of the studies that started in February 2016, but on or after the 15th, are expected to complete (or have completed) within 6 months of their start date?

```
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT nct_id)
FROM studies
WHERE start_date >= '2016-02-15'
      AND start_date < '2016-03-01'
      AND completion_date <= start_date + INTERVAL '6 MONTH';
```

Data Output	
	count
	bigint
1	10