Pointers

Embedded Software Essentials

C2M1V3

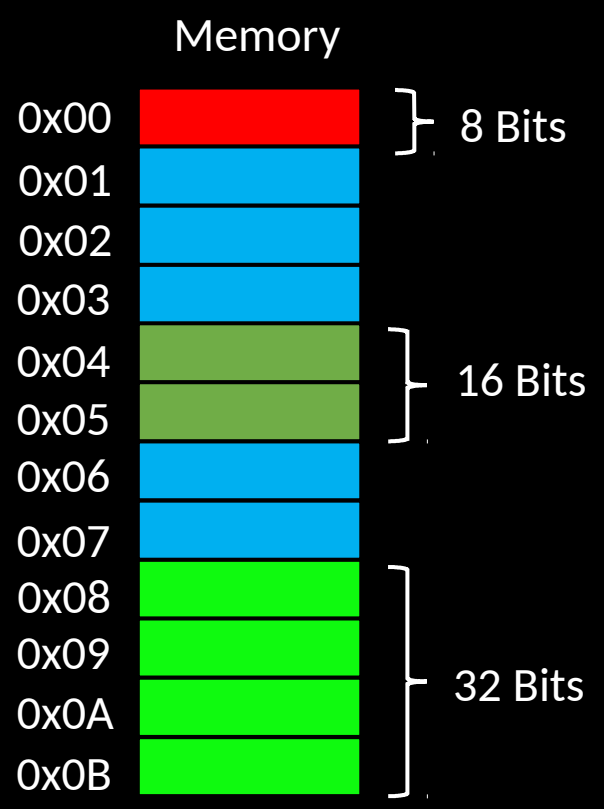
Pointer Types [S2a]

Pointer type denotes the **data type** that a pointer will ***dereference***

data_type * pointer_name;

Pointer Types [S2b]

Pointer type denotes the **data type** that a pointer will ***dereference***



data_type * ***pointer_name;***

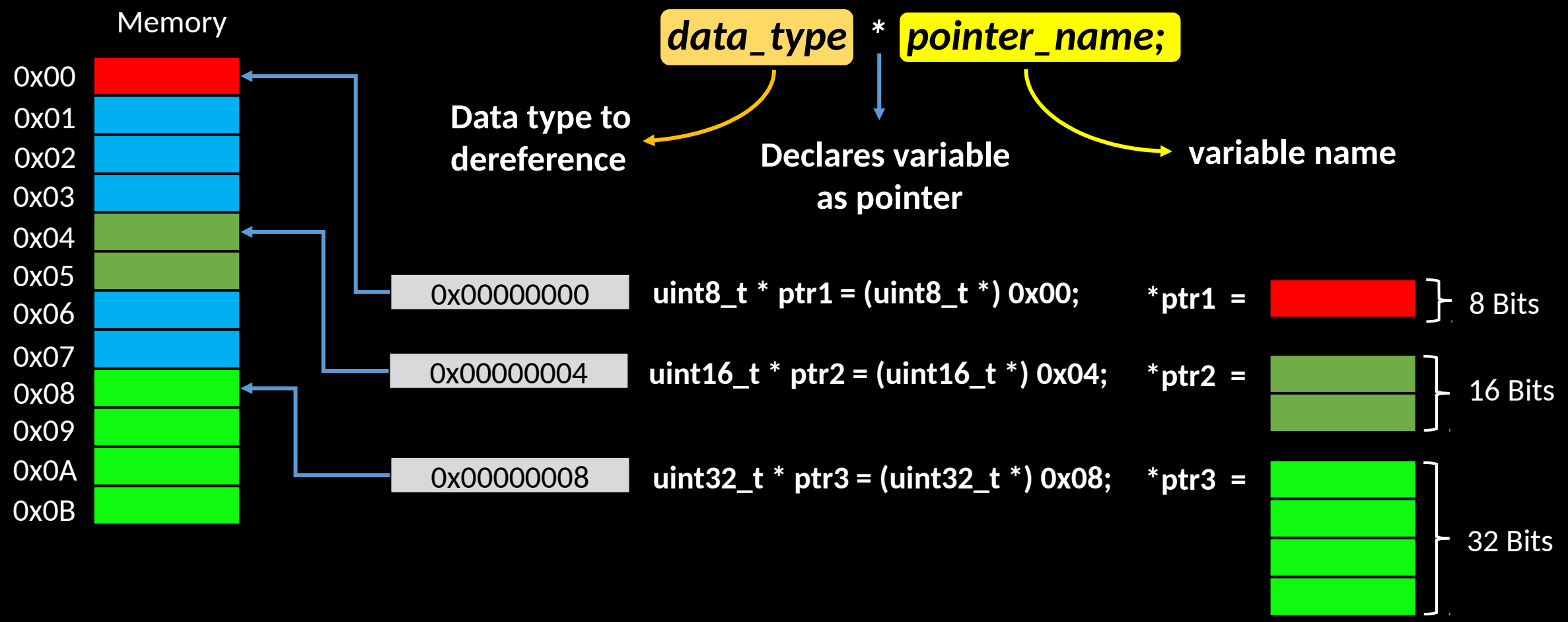
Data type to dereference

Declares variable as pointer

variable name

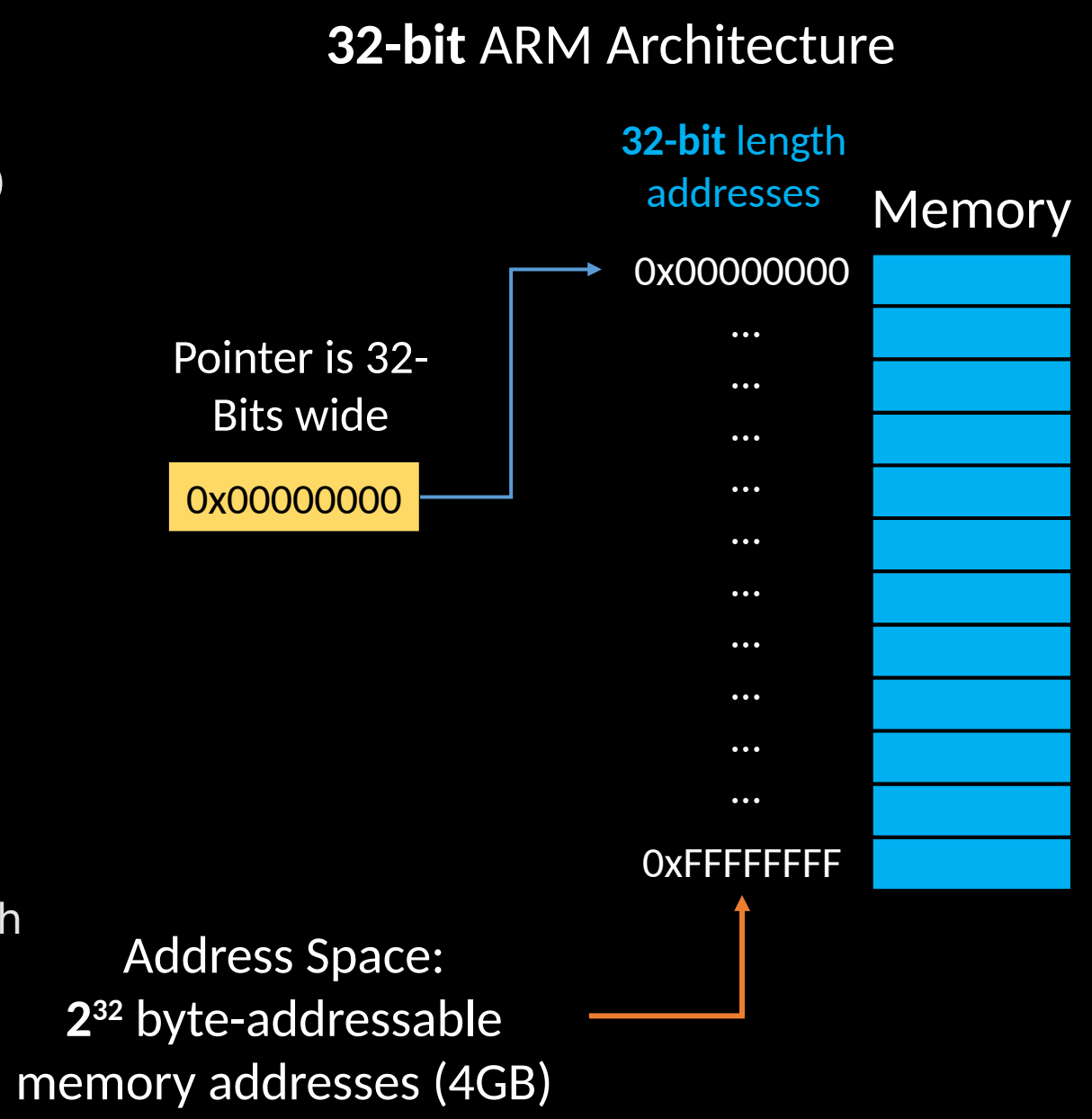
Pointer Types [S2c]

Pointer type denotes the **data type** that a pointer will ***dereference***



Pointer Size [S3]

- Pointers hold Addresses to a location in memory
- All Pointers are the same length
  - ARM = 32-bit Pointer Length
- Address Space = $2^{\text{PointerLength}}$



Pointer Size [S4]

- All Pointers are the same length

```
sizeof(uint8_t*) = sizeof(int16_t*)
                 = sizeof(uint32_t*)
                 = sizeof(float*)
                 = 32-Bits!
```

```
uint8_t * ptr1  = (uint8_t *) 0x00;
uint16_t * ptr2 = (uint16_t *) 0x04;
uint32_t * ptr3 = (uint32_t *) 0x08;
float * ptr4 = (float *) 0x0C;
```

```
sizeof(ptr1) = sizeof(ptr2)
             = sizeof(ptr3)
             = sizeof(ptr4)
             = 32-Bits!
```

- Pointers Dereference different sized data

sizeof(*ptr1)	≠	sizeof(*ptr2)	≠	sizeof(*ptr3)	≠	sizeof(*ptr4)
1 Byte		2 Byte		4 Byte		4 Byte

Pointer Operators [S5]

- Dereference Operator = *
  - Accesses data at address
- Address-of Operator = &
  - Provides address of variable
- Integers are not addresses
- Cast to explicit address for Peripheral Memory

```
uint32_t  var;

uint32_t * ptr = &var;

*ptr = 0xABCD1234;
```

```
uint16_t * ptr = (uint16_t *) 0x480C0000;
```

Casts Integer to address

Null Pointers [S6]

- At time of pointer declaration, you might not know the address
  - Use a NULL Pointer for Initialization

This pointer will have garbage data

```
uint32_t * ptr;
```

Using un-initialized pointer can potentially corrupt your memory

- Null Pointers point to nothing
  - Used to check for valid pointer

```
#define NULL ((void*)0)
uint32_t * ptr = NULL;

if (ptr == NULL) {
    /* error! */
}
*ptr = 0xABCD1234;
```

- Dereferencing a NULL Pointer can cause an exception

Pointer Example [S7a]

```
typedef struct foo {
    uint8_t   varA;
    uint8_t   varB;
    uint16_t varC;
} foo_t;
```

At least 32 Bits

```
foo_t  varS;
uint8_t Num;
```

```
foo_t  * varS_ptr = &varS;
uint8_t * ptr_Num = &num;
```

Each Pointer is 32-bits

Pointer Example [S7b]

```
typedef struct foo {
    uint8_t   varA;
    uint8_t   varB;
    uint16_t varC;
} foo_t;

foo_t  varS;
uint8_t Num;

foo_t  * varS_ptr = &varS;
uint8_t * ptr_Num = &num;
```

varS_ptr->varA ▭ Derefences 8-bits
varS_ptr->varB ▭ Derefences 8-bits
varS_ptr->varC ▭ Derefences 16-bits

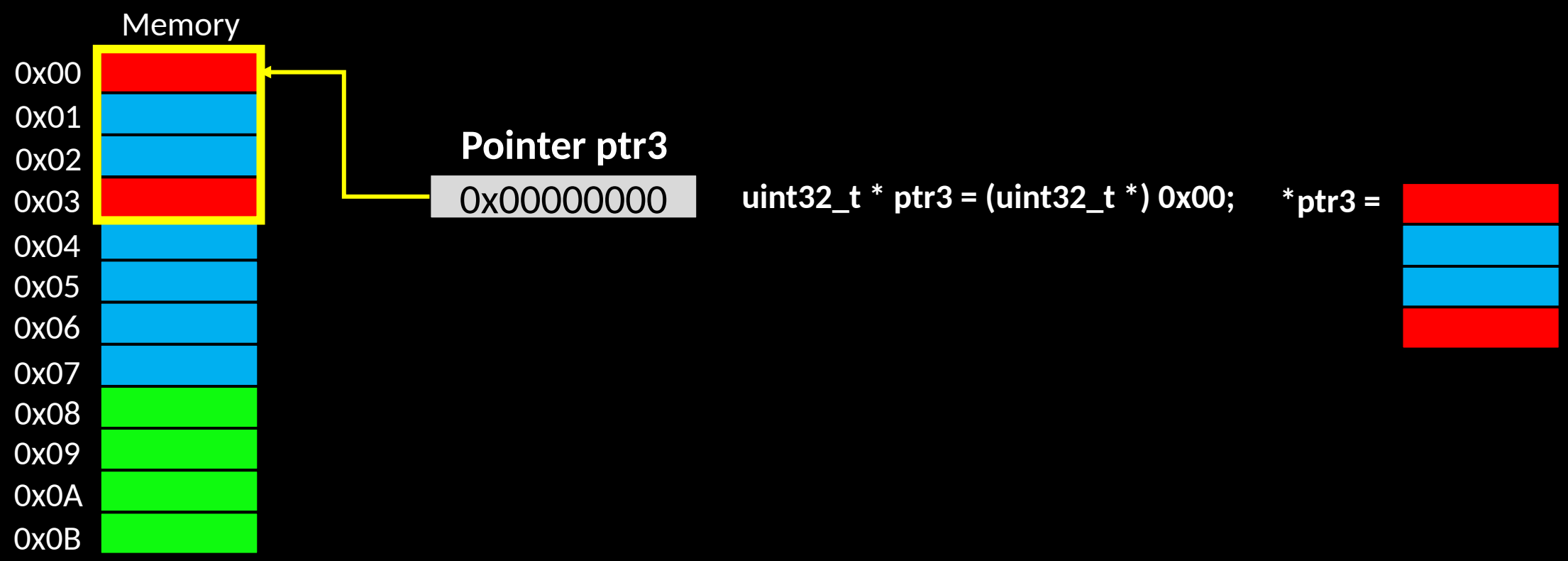
*ptr_Num ▭ Derefences 8-bits

varS_ptr->varC

Structure Pointer Dereference Operator

Pointer Casting [S8a]

Cast pointers to dereference **different sizes** from **same address**



Pointer Casting [S8b]

Cast pointers to dereference **different sizes** from **same address**

Pointer ptr2

0x00000000

```
uint32_t * ptr3 = (uint32_t *) 0x00;
uint16_t * ptr2 = (uint16_t *) ptr3;
```

*ptr2 =

32-bit pointer **casted** as *16-bit* pointer!

Pointer Casting [S8c]

Cast pointers to dereference **different sizes** from **same address**

Pointer ptr1

0x00000000

```
uint32_t * ptr3 = (uint32_t *) 0x00;

uint16_t * ptr3 = (uint16_t *) ptr3;

uint8_t * ptr1 = (uint8_t *) ptr3;
```

***ptr1 =**

***((uint8_t*)ptr3) =**

32-bit pointer **casted** as *8-bit* pointer & Dereferenced!

Pointers in Memory [S9]

- Pointers exist any part of memory
  - Stack, Heap, BSS, Data
- Pointers can reference data in different parts of memory
  - Code, Data, Peripheral