

Open-source 5G, Open-RAN and Software Radio Networks

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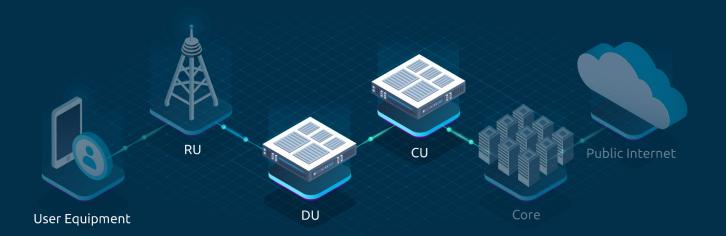




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- Company Overview
- What is 5G and OpenRAN
- Open-source
- srsRAN Project
- Developing in Industry
- Demo



Company Overview

Who we are, and what we do...

SRS

Who we are...

- Private company founded in 2012
- Headquartered in Ireland
- Offices in Ireland and Spain
- Global customer base
- 25 Full-time employees
- 100% Software radio
- 100% Organic growth





SRS

Areas of expertise

We focus on 4 main areas:

- Software Radio
- Telecommunications
- Software Engineering
- Signal Processing









What we do...

STSRAN

SRS builds 4G and 5G mobile wireless software radio systems

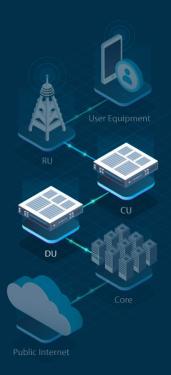
• Available as both open-source and commercial products.

Two main open-source products:

- srsRAN 4G
 - An open-source 4G software radio suite
- srsRAN Project
 - An open-source CU/DU







What we do...

Publicly Funded Projects

We act as a platform provider in multiple publicly funded projects:

- Stardust (Horizon-JU-SNS-2022)
- Trantor (Space-01-11)
- AI@EDGE (Horizon2020)
- DAEMON (Horizon2020)
- 6GBLUR (Unico)
- 6GDAWN (Unico)
- 6GOASIS (Unico)













 $X \cap$













What we do...

Commercial Engagements

Two of our most interesting projects:

- Smartsky Networks
 - o Commercial air-to-ground network in 2.4GHz band
- AST SpaceMobile
 - Unique direct-to-mobile 4G/5G network







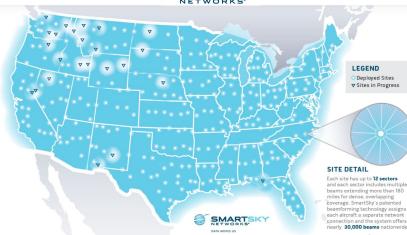
Commercial Engagements

SmartSky Networks

- Commercial air-to-ground network in 2.4GHz band
- SRS developed and delivered 3 products:
 - Smartcart lightweight SDR testing eNodeB
 - Rocket production eNodeB L2/3 with FAPI on NXP QoriQ platform
 - Smartscope drone-mounted scanner and signal analyzer







The above image represents approximate coverage provided by SmartSky network towers as of August 2022 and is not a guarantee of service availability. Actual coverage may vary and is subject to change.



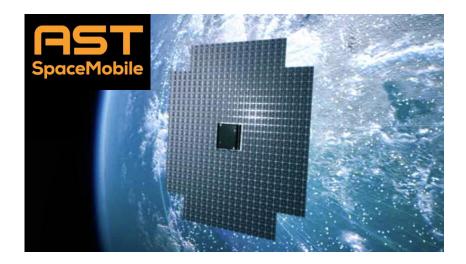


Commercial Engagements

AST SpaceMobile

- Unique direct-to-mobile 4G/5G network
- Large phase-array LEO satellites
- Beamformed cells roughly equivalent to terrestrial cell sizes
- Launched successfully 10 september 2022
- Successfully tested end-to-end with SRS eNodeB
- SRS eNodeB and tools will be used for testing and MNO demonstrations





Open-source Vs Commercial

How does it work?

Open-core, dual-license model



□ srsRAN_Project Public

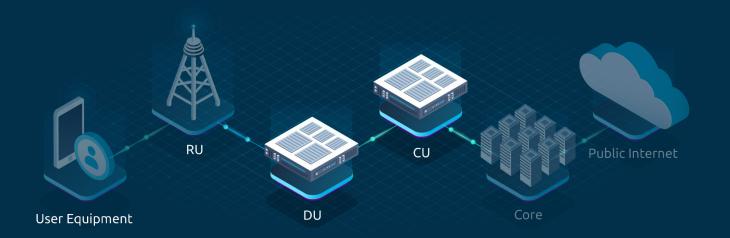
Open source O-RAN 5G CU/DU solution from Software Radio Systems (SRS) https://docs.srsran.com/projects/project

C++ ☆ 389 ♀ 125

AGPLv3 - R&D



Commercial - Production Deployments



How did we get here and why is it important?

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What is 5G?

- LTE (4G) was defined in 3GPP Release 8 in 2008
- LTE-A (4G+) was defined in 3GPP Release 10, in 2011
- **5G** was defined in 3GPP release 15 in 2018
- Currently standard is release 18



Release	Speed	Latency
8	100 Mbps	60 ms - 98 ms
10	100 Mbps - 1 Gbps	60 ms - 98 ms
15	1+ Gbps	> 5 ms



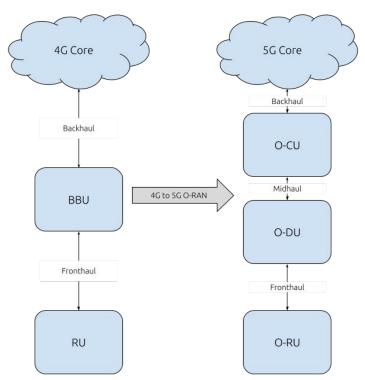
What is OpenRAN?

- O-RAN aims to define "open" interfaces and components for 5G Radio Access Networks.
- The following are the main 4 aims of O-RAN:
 - **Promote interoperability** components should plug and play
 - **Reduce costs** more competition means more competitive prices
 - **Increase flexibility** operators can buy the exact hardware that meets their needs
 - **Enhance security** open standards bring more scrutiny, increasing security

4G vs 5G OpenRAN Architecture

- Release 15 introduces the "Functional Split" to the 5G
 gNB
 - o BBU splits into the O-CU and O-DU
- O-RAN defines further "splits":
 - Split 8 (as shown)
 - o Split 7.2x

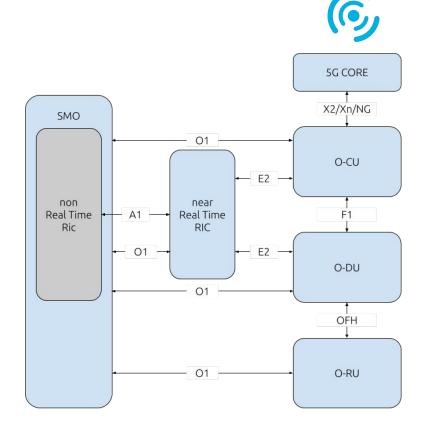




O-RAN Architecture

The whole picture

- O-RAN is more than just a gNB "redesign"
- Adds the following main blocks:
 - o nearRT RIC
 - o nonRT RIC
- Adds the following new interfaces:
 - o To the core: X2, Xn, NG
 - o In the gNB: F1, OFH
 - o To the nearRT RIC: E2
 - o To the SMO: A1, O2





What is open-source, and why is it important?

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What is open-source?

Open-source refers to source code that follows these principles:

- Free distribution
- Open access to source code
- Transparent development
- Collaboration among developers and users
- Community-driven development



Why is it important?

Open-source is vital for new and emergent technologies. In 5G and O-RAN development it is key to enabling the following:

- Innovation
- Interoperability
- Transparency
- Cost-effectiveness
- Flexibility and customization

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Who benefits?

Many stakeholders in the world of 5G and ORAN benefit from the use of open-source software, specifically:

- Operators
 - More flexibility
 - Reduced costs
 - Faster Innovation
- Vendors
 - More market opportunities
 - Reduced costs
 - Differentiation

- Developers
 - Access to the latest features
 - Collaboration
 - Clear development process
- End-users
 - Improved services and experiences
 - Higher security
 - Lower costs

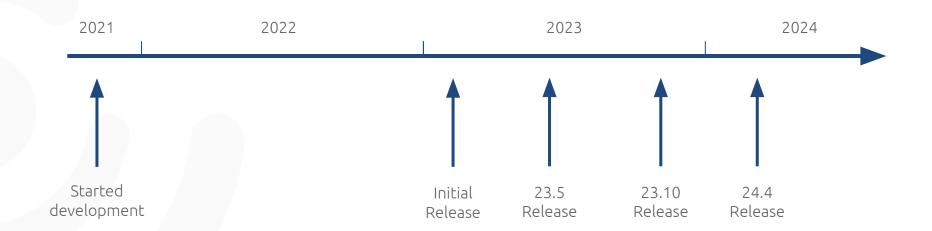


srsRAN Project Overview

An open source O-RAN 5G CU/DU solution from SRS



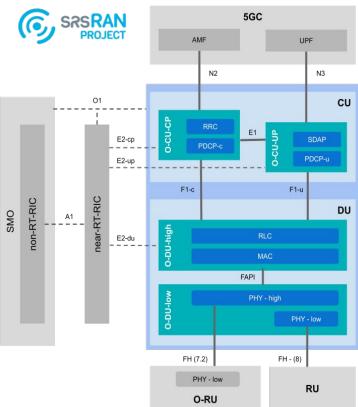
Development Timeline



Architecture

- srsRAN Project was developed with 6 core tenets:
 - Complete
 - Portable
 - Performant
 - Open
 - Flexible
 - Interoperable







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Current Features

- General Features:
 - o 100 MHz TDD, 50MHz FDD
 - o 15 KHz and 30 KHz SCS (FR1)
 - o MIMO 4T4R (4 layers DL, 1 UL)
 - o 256-QAM DL and UL
 - Intra-gNB Mobility
 - NTN GEO support
 - E2 KPM and RC service models
 - Custom Open Fronthaul Interface for Split 7.2
 - (no Intel/DPDK dependencies)
 - HW acceleration support

Performance:

- 64 UEs, +24h operation
- 1500 Mbps DL, 200 Mbps
 UL





Roadmap

- New Features
 - CU/DU split
 - QoS
 - o NTN Rel 17
 - NRPP
 - Closed loop power control
 - X2 Handover
 - RAN Slicing
 - o O1 Interface
 - Beamforming
 - o MU-MIMO
 - o 8-layer MIMO
 - o FR2

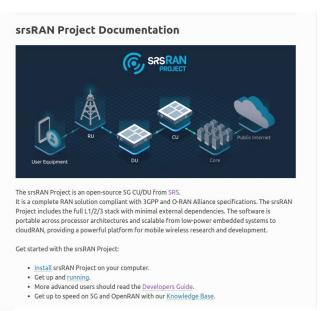


- Interoperability
 - F1: 3rd party CU/DU
 - o E2: test with other RICs

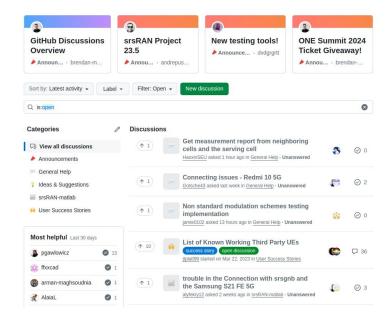
Important Resources

Documentation

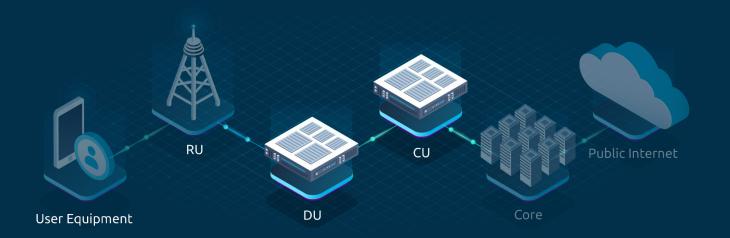




Discussions







Small teams, big results



How does it work?

- We have a team of 22 engineers focused on development and testing.
- Three main teams:
 - Development
 - Testing
 - Integration
- Everything is written in C++, with some MATLAB and python for testing and scripting.



Main Languages:

- C++
 - Main coding language
- CMake
 - o Build Environment
- MATLAB
 - Testing and prototyping (PHY)
- Python
 - o CI/CD
 - Emulation
- Bash
 - Scripting



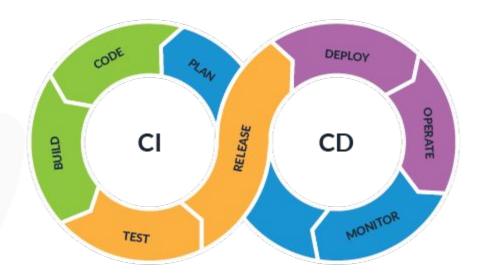
Main Tools:

- Git
- GitLab CI/CD
- K8s
- Docker
- GDB
- Valgrind
- Google Test
- ASAN & TSAN



CI/CD - The most important step







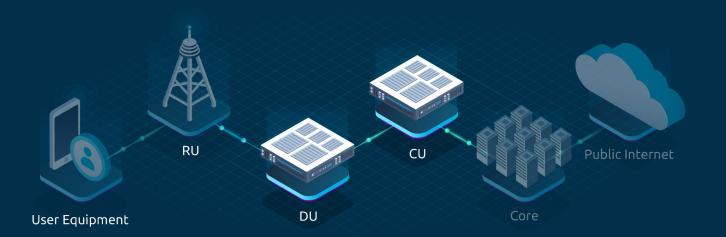
Things they don't tell you...

- Learn how to review your own code and that of others
- Linux and the command line get comfortable with it
- Focus more on tools than data-structures and algorithms
- Get comfortable with scripting and analysis
- Learning the logic is more important than learning the language think like a programmer
- Pick an IDE and learn how it works VS Code or CLion

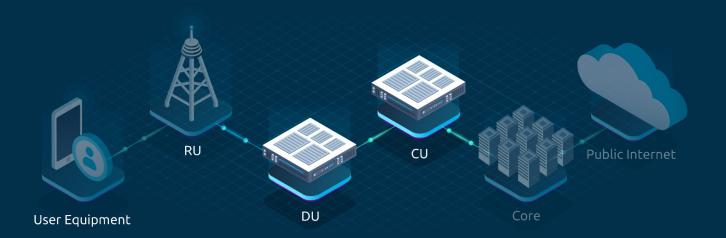
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What do /do?

- Documentation
 - Essential to the user-experience.
 - Requires a deep understanding of the code and its features.
- Project management
 - Understanding user needs, but also the features and limitations of the code.
 - Have to be able to communicate efficiently with the development team.
- User Support
 - Understanding how to fix issues from simple to complex.
 - Know where and how to find solutions to these issues.



Questions?



Demo

Private 5G with srsRAN Project

Demo



Private 5G with srsRAN Project

- Software requirements:
 - srsRAN Project (latest version)
 - o Docker for 5GC, Influx, Grafana (included with srsRAN Project)
- Hardware requirements:
 - PC with Linux based OS
 - USRP B210
 - o 5G capable COTS UE

COTS UE LINUX PC srsRAN Project gNB Open5GS INTERNET





Thank you!





