

Pattern Programs: Right-Angled Triangle and Inverted Right-Angled Triangle Shapes (5 Questions)

1. Write a program to print a right-angled triangle of stars (*) with n rows, where n is input by the user.

Example: For n = 5

Output:

```
# *
# **
# * *
# * *
# *****
# n=int(input("Enter no "))
# for i in range(n):
#     for j in range(i+1):
#         print("*",end="")
#     print()
```

2. Write a program to print an inverted right-angled triangle of stars (*) with n rows.

Example: For n = 5

Output:

```
# * * * * *
# * * * *
# * * *
# * *
# *
```

3. Write a program to print a right-angled triangle of numbers, where each row contains increasing numbers starting from 1.

Example: For n = 4

Output:

```
# 1
# 12
# 123
# 1234
# for i in range(1,n+1):
#     for j in range(1,i+1):
```

```
#     print(j,end="")
#     print()
```

4. Write a program to print an inverted right-angled triangle of numbers in decreasing order starting from n for each row.

Example: For n = 4

Output:

4321

321

21

1

```
# n=int(input())
```

```
# for i in range(n,0,-1):
```

```
#     for j in range(i,0,-1):
```

```
#         print(j,end="")
```

```
#     print()
```

5. Write a program to print a right-angled triangle where the character alternates between * and # in each row.

Example: For n = 4

Output:

*

##

####

```
# n=int(input())
```

```
# for i in range(1,n+1):
```

```
#     for j in range(1,i+1):
```

```
#         if i%2==0:
```

```
#             print('#',end="")
```

```
#         else:
```

```
#             print('*',end="")
```

```
#     print()
```

6. Write a program that accepts a list of numbers from the user and divides each number by a user-specified divisor. Use try-except to handle division by zero.

Input: List = [10, 20, 30], Divisor = 0

Output:

Error: Division by zero is not allowed.

List=list(map(int,input("Enter elements ").split(" ")))

d=int(input("Enter Divisor "))

l=[]

for i in List:

try:

l.append(i//d)

except:

print('Division by zero is not allowed')

break

print(l)

output:

Enter elements 10 20 30

Enter Divisor 0

Division by zero is not allowed

Enter elements 10 20 30

Enter Divisor 2

[5, 10, 15]

7. Write a program to prompt the user for two numbers and perform division. Use try-except to handle invalid input (non-numeric values).

Input: a = "abc", b = 5

Output:

Error: Please enter valid numbers.

a=input("Enter No1 ")

b=input("Enter no2 ")

try:

d=int(a)/int(b)

print(d)

except ValueError:

print('Please Enter Valid Number')

output:

Enter No1 10

Enter no2 '10'

```
# Please Enter Valid Number
# Enter No1 10
# Enter no2 abc
# Please Enter Valid Number
# Enter No1 10
# Enter no2 2
# 5.0
```

8. Write a program that iterates through a list of strings and converts each to an integer. Use try-except to skip non-numeric strings and print an error message for each.

```
# Input: List = ["10", "abc", "30"]
# Output:
```

```
# 10
# Error: Invalid input for "abc"
# 30
# List = ["10", "abc", "30"]
# for i in List:
#     try:
#         print(int(i))
#     except ValueError:
#         print('Invalid input for ',i)
# # output:
# 10
# Invalid input for abc
# 30
```

9. Write a program to calculate the square root of a user-provided number. Use exception handling to manage negative inputs.

```
# Input: Number = -16
# Output:
# Error: Cannot calculate the square root of a negative number.
# import math
# n=int(input("Enter no "))
# try:
#     print(math.sqrt(n))
# except:
#     print('Cannot calculate the square root of a negative number.')
# output:
# Enter no -10
```

```
# Cannot calculate the square root of a negative number.
```

```
# Enter no 10
```

```
# 3.1622776601683795
```

10. Write a program that asks the user to input a file name, reads the file, and prints its content. Use exception handling to handle the case when the file does not exist.

```
# Input: File name = "nonexistent.txt"
```

```
# Output:
```

```
# Error: File not found.
```

```
# with open('sample.txt')
```

11. Write a program that accepts a list of integers and calculates their sum. If a non-integer value is encountered, skip it and display an error message.

```
# Input: List = [10, "abc", 20]
```

```
# Output:
```

```
# Error: Invalid input for "abc"
```

```
# Sum = 30
```

```
# List = [10, "abc", 20]
```

```
# sum=0
```

```
# for i in List:
```

```
# try:
```

```
#     sum=sum+int(i)
```

```
# except:
```

```
#     print("Invalid input for ",i)
```

```
# print("Sum=",sum)
```

```
# output:
```

```
# Invalid input for abc
```

```
# Sum= 30
```

12. Write a program that continuously prompts the user for numbers and calculates the average. Allow the user to type "done" to exit and handle invalid inputs gracefully.

```
# Input: 10, abc, 20, done
```

```
# Output:
```

```
# Error: Invalid input for "abc"
```

```
# Average = 15.0
```

```
# print()
```

```

# v=input("Enter number/Enter done once you completed ")
# sum=0
# l=0
# while(v!='done'):
#     try:
#         sum+=int(v)
#         l+=1
#     except:
#         print("Invalid input for ",v)
#         v=input("Enter number ")
# print("Avg=",sum/l)
# output:
# Enter number/Enter done once you completed 10
# Enter number 10
# Enter number 10
# Enter number done
# Avg= 10.0

```

13. Write a program to simulate a login system where the user has 3 attempts to enter the correct password. Use exception handling to handle invalid input types (e.g., integers instead of strings).

```

# Input: Password = 123
# Output:

# Error: Password must be a string.
# pwd='lava@2203'
# j=0
# for i in range(3):
#     p=input("Enter Password ")
#     try:
#         p=int(p)
#         print("password should be in form of string ")
#         j+=1
#     except:
#         if p==pwd:
#             print("logged succefully ")
#             break

#         j+=1
# if j>=3:

```

```
# print("Password is locked")
# output:
# Enter Password 123
# password should be in form of string
# Enter Password lava@2203
# logged successfully
# Enter Password 123
# password should be in form of string
# Enter Password 123
# password should be in form of string
# Enter Password 123
# password should be in form of string
# Password is locked
```

14. Write a program to calculate the factorial of a number using a loop. Use exception handling to catch invalid inputs (negative numbers or non-integer values).

```
# Input: Number = -5
# Output:

# Error: Factorial is not defined for negative numbers.
# n=int(input("Enter no "))
# while(True):
#     try:
#         if n>0:
#             break
#         else:
#             n=int(input("Enter no in positive"))
#     except:
#         n=int(input("only postive integers are allowed"))
# fact=1
# for i in range(1,n+1):
#     fact*=i
# print("Factorial",fact)
# output:
# Enter no -2
# Enter no in positive5
# Factorial 120
# Enter no -2
# Enter no in positiveabc
# only postive integers are allowed5
# Factorial 120
```

15. Write a program that reads a list of integers from the user and prints the largest. Handle cases where the list contains non-integer values or is empty.

Input: List = ["10", "abc", "30"]

Output:

Error: Invalid input for "abc"

Largest = 30

l=list(map(str,input("Enter nos ").split(" ")))

max=0

for i in l:

try:

if int(i)>max:

max=int(i)

except:

print("Invalid input for",i)

print("Largest element ",max)

output:

Enter nos 1 2 3 30 5 60 abc

Invalid input for abc

Largest element 60