

WEB DESIGNING

HTMLTAGS

LAVANYA.M

21MAT026

1. **<cite>**

It defines a title of a work

2. **<dd>**

**It defines the description of item in the
description list**

3. <fieldset>

It defines a group of multiple labels and inputs.

4. <datalist>

It provides control to select among multiple options as well as to submit your own new option.

5. **<thead>**

It groups the head content of the table.

6. **<tbody>**

It groups the body content of the table.

7. <source>

It specifies multiple resources from the media like audio, video, and pictures.

8. <iframe>

With this tag, another HTML document can be embedded within the current document.

9. `<input>`

Forms with this tags, enable the interactive controls. Input fields can be of various types depending on the attribute type.

10. ``

It bolds the text without giving it any additional significance.

11. **<bdi>**

It tells the browser's bidirectional algorithm to isolate the text contained within it from other text in the document.

12. **<bdo>**

Overriding the current text direction is done with the tag. (short for bidirectional

13. <form>

Using this tag, HTML forms allow users to submit information to a website.

14. <map>

**An image map is defined by this tag.
Image maps have clickable areas.**

15.

This tag is for an ordered list, an ordered list, an ordered list can be numerical or alphabetical.

16. <param>

Parameters are defined by this tag for

17. `<pre>`

It used to describe the block of preformatted text, which preserves formatting characters such as spaces, line breaks, tabs, etc.

18. `<rp>`

When a browser does not support ruby annotations, it will use the `<rp>` element as a

19. `<ruby>`

It is usually used to East Asian Characters' pronunciations, and represents small annotations above, below, or next to the base text.

20. `<rt>`

This tag defines a way to explain or pronounce characters in a ruby annotation

21. <textarea>

Using this tag, a multiline text input control is created within a form.

22. <var>

This indicates that the text is an example of a variable or program argument.

23.<wbr>

This tags indicates in which part of a text it would be okay to add a line break.

24.<u>

<u> elements represent inline text that contains non-textual annotations and should be

25. ``

It is a generic inline HTML element for phrasing content, which inherently represents nothing, styles can be applied to it by grouping elements together.