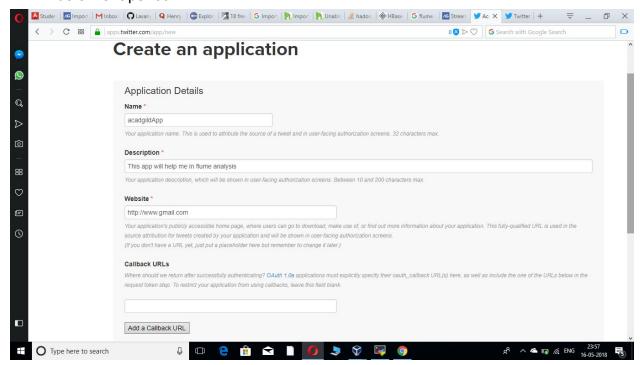
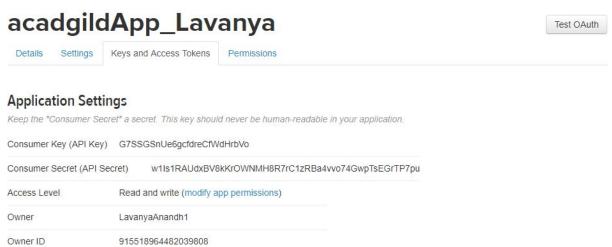
Assignment 12:

Steps to stream data using flume:

- Go to the following link and click the 'create new app' button. https://apps.twitter.com/app
- **2.** Create an application and provide name, description, website as given in the below snapshot:



- 3. Accept the developer agreement and select the 'create your Twitter application' button.
- 4. Select the 'Keys and Access Token' tab as below:



5. Copy the consumer key and the consumer secret code as below:

Consumer Key (API Key)G7SSGSnUe6gcfdreCfWdHrbVo Consumer Secret (API

Secret)w1ls1RAUdxBV8kKrOWNMH8R7rC1zRBa4vvo74GwpTsEGrTP7pu

Application Settings

Keep the "Consumer Secret" a secret. This key should never be human-readable in your application.

Consumer Key (API Key)	G7SS	GSnUe6gcfdreCfWdHrbVo	
Consumer Secret (API Secret)		w1ls1RAUdxBV8kKrOWNMH8R7rC1zRBa4vvo74GwpTsEGrTP	
Access Level	Read and write (modify app permissions)		
Owner	LavanyaAnandh1		
Owner ID	91551	8964482039808	

application Actions	
Regenerate Consumer Key and Secret	Change App Permissions

- 6. Scroll down further and select the 'create my access token' button
- 7. you will receive a message stating that you have successfully generated your application access token.
- 8. Copy the Access Token and Access token Secret code as below:

Access Token915518964482039808-O1AveIDbgCC9aWooLRkkxkdUf5iFqTh Access Token Secret1opXzj4z62gjSJaGa66Lo33smEYAMEoQAasZtP17DsLmG

Your Access Token

This access token can be used to make API requests on your own account's behalf. Do not share your access token secret with anyone.

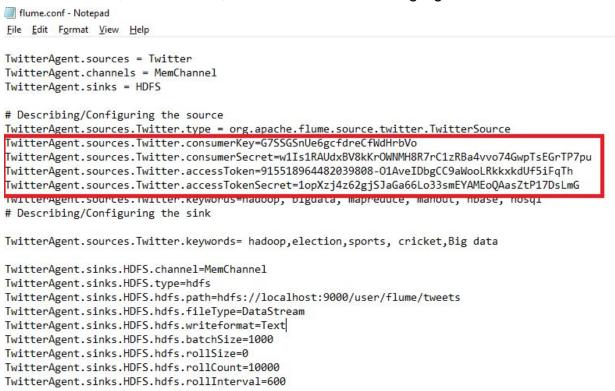
Access Token	915518964482039808-			
	O1AveIDbgCC9aWooLRkkxkdUf5iFqTh			
Access Token Secret	1opXzj4z62gjSJaGa66Lo33smEYAMEoQAasZtP17DsLmG			
Access Level	Read and write			
Owner	LavanyaAnandh1			
Owner ID	915518964482039808			
<		>		

9. Create a new file inside the conf directory under

flume(/home/acadgild/install/flume/apache-flume-1.8.0-bin/conf/flume.conf).



10. Update the file with below contents and copy the saved consumerKey, consumerSecret, accessToken, accessTokenSecret as highlighted in red below.



- 11. Make sure you have below jars placed in your \$FLUME_HOME/lib directory:
 - 1. twitter4j-core-X.XX.jar
 - 2. twitter4j-stream-X.X.X.jar
 - 3. twitter4j-media-support-X.X.X.jar
- 12. We have to decide which keywords tweet data to be collected from the twitter application. So, you can change the keywords in the

TwitterAgent.sources.Twitter.keywords command. In our example, we are fetching tweet data related to Hadoop, election, sports, cricket and Big data.

- 13. Open a new terminal and start all the Hadoop daemons, before running the flume command to fetch the twitter data. Use the 'jps' command to see the running Hadoop daemons.
- 14. Create a new directory inside HDFS path, where the Twitter tweet data should be stored as below. **Hadoop dfs –mkdir –p /user/flume/tweets**

```
[acadgild@localhost ~]$ hadoop fs -ls /user/

18/05/17 00:32:15 WARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classe is where applicable found 2 items

drwxr-xr-x - acadgild supergroup 0 2018-05-06 01:04 /user/acadgild frwxr-xr-x - acadgild supergroup 0 2018-02-09 14:50 /user/hive facadgild@localhost ~]$ hadoop fs -mkdir /user/flume/

18/05/17 00:32:26 WARN util.NativeCodeLoader: Unable to load native-hadoop library for your platform... using builtin-java classe is where applicable for supergroup in the plane of the plane of
```

15. For fetching data from Twitter, Use the below command to fetch the twitter tweet data into the HDFS cluster path. **flume-ng agent -n TwitterAgent -f <location of created/edited conf file>**

flume-ng agent -n TwitterAgent -f /home/acadgild/install/flume/apache-flume-1.8.0-bin/conf/flume.conf

- 16. The below snapshot shows the processing of records that are getting streamed.
- 17. To stop the streaming press ctrl+c so that streaming is stopped.

```
18/05/17 00:45:40 INFO conf.FlumeConfiguration: Processing:HUPS
18/05/17 00:45:40 INFO conf.FlumeConfiguration: Post-validation flume configuration contains configuration for agents: [TwitterAgent]
18/05/17 00:45:40 INFO node.AbstractConfigurationProvider: Creating instance of channel MemChannel type memory
18/05/17 00:45:40 INFO channel.DefaultChannelFactory: Creating instance of source Twitter, type org.apache.flume.source.twitter.Twi
18/05/17 00:45:40 INFO source.DefaultSourceFactory: Creating instance of source Twitter, type org.apache.flume.source.twitter.Twi
18/05/17 00:45:41 INFO source.DefaultSourceFactory: Creating instance of source Twitter, type org.apache.flume.source.twitter.Twi
18/05/17 00:45:41 INFO source.DefaultSourceFactory: Creating instance of source Twitter, type org.apache.flume.source.twitter.Twi
18/05/17 00:45:41 INFO node.AbstractConfigurationProvider: Channel MemChannel connected to Twitter, HDFS]
18/05/17 00:45:41 INFO node.Application: Starting new configuration: sourcempers: {\textitor=EventDrivenSourceRunner: {\textitor=SourceFame:Twitter, TxitterSourcefame:Twitter, state:IDLE} } shinkDurants | \textitor=Packet | \textitor=P
```

18. We can use the 'cat' command to display the tweet data inside the /user/flume/tweets/ path.

hadoop dfs -cat /user/flume/tweets/<flumeData file name>

hadoop fs -cat /user/flume/tweets/FlumeData.1526498142946