Programs

ARRAYS

1. Count the number of occurrences of each element in the array

```
package programs.array;
import java.util.HashSet;
public class CountOccOfElementInArray
       public static void main(String[] args)
              int a[] = { 1, 9, 4, 5, 6, 7, 5, 6, 7, 3, 2, 5, 7, 9, 0, 4, 3, 5, 1, 4,
                          6, 0, 2, 3, 1, 4, 3, 8 };
              HashSet<Integer> al = new HashSet<Integer>();
              for (int i = 0; i < a.length; i++)</pre>
                     al.add(a[i]);
              System.out.println("al " + al);
              for (int set : al)
                     int count = 0;
                     for (int j = 0; j < a.length; j++)</pre>
                            if (set == a[j])
                            {
                                    count++;
                            }
                     System.out.println(set + " occurs " + count + " times");
              }
         }
 }
Output:
al [0, 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9]
0 occurs 2 times
1 occurs 3 times
2 occurs 2 times
3 occurs 4 times
4 occurs 4 times
5 occurs 4 times
6 occurs 3 times
7 occurs 3 times
8 occurs 1 times
9 occurs 2 times
```

2.Remove duplicates from array

```
package programs.array;
import java.util.Arrays;
public class RemoveDuplicatesFromArray
      public static int removeDuplicates(int array[], int n)
             if (n == 0 || n == 1)
             {
                    return n;
             int j = 0;// for next element
             for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)</pre>
                    if (array[i] != array[i + 1])
                   {
                           array[j++] = array[i];
                    }
             array[j++] = array[n - 1];
             return j;
      }
      public static void main(String[] args)
     {
             int array[] = { 18, 18, 25, 25, 25, 28, 28, 29, 30, 30, 25, 30 };
             Arrays.sort(array);
             int length = array.length;
             length = removeDuplicates(array, length);
             // printing array elements
             for (int i = 0; i < length; i++)</pre>
                    System.out.print(array[i] + " ");
      }
}
Output:
18 25 28 29 30
```

3.Remove duplicates from array collections

```
package programs.array;
import java.util.HashSet;
import java.util.Set;
public class RemoveDuplicatesFromArrayCollection
      public static void main(String[] args)
  {
             int r[] = { 2, 2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9, 7 };
             Set<Integer> setval = new HashSet<Integer>();
             for (int i = 0; i < r.length; ++i)
             {
                    setval.add(r[i]);
             System.out.println("Setval::" + setval);
             // For String
             String s[] = { "AA", "A", "A", "B", "C", "D", "B" };
             Set<String> set = new HashSet<String>();
             for (int i = 0; i < s.length; ++i)
             {
                    set.add(s[i]);
             System.out.println("Set::" + set);
      }
}
Output:
Setval::[2, 4, 5, 6, 7, 9]
Set::[AA, A, B, C, D]
```

5.Reverse an array

```
package programs.array;
import java.util.Arrays;
public class ReverseAnArray
      public static void main(String[] args)
       {
             int[] a = { 10, 20, 30, 40, 50 };
             int length = a.length;
             for(int i = 0; i < length / 2; i++)</pre>
                    int temp = a[i];
                    a[i] = a[length - i - 1];
                    a[length - i - 1] = temp;
             }
             System.out.println(Arrays.toString(a));
      }
}
Output:
[50, 40, 30, 20, 10]
```

6.Sum of elements in an array

```
package programs.array;

public class SumOfElementsInAnArray
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int add = 0;
        int[] a = { 10, 20, 30, 40, 50 };
        for (int i = 0; i < a.length; i++)
        {
            add += a[i];
        }
        System.out.println("Sum of elements in an array::" + add);
    }
}</pre>
```

Output:

Sum of elements in an array::150

NUMBERS

7.Binary search

Output:

```
package programs.numbers;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class BinarySearch
{
      public static void main(String[] args)
      {
             int num, a[] = null, i, key, pos;
             Scanner <u>sc</u> = new Scanner(System.in);
             num = sc.nextInt();
             System.out.println("Enter" + num + "elements");
             for (i = 0; i < num; i++)</pre>
             \{ \underline{a}[i] = sc.nextInt(); \}
             System.out.println("Enter the element to be searched:");
             key = sc.nextInt();
             pos = binarySearch(key, a, num);
             if (pos == -1)
                    System.out.println("Element not found");
             } else
                    System.out.println("Element" + key + "found at position" + pos);
      private static int binarySearch(int key, int[] a, int num)
              int low, high, mid;
             low = 0;
             high = num - 1;
             while (low <= high)</pre>
                    mid = (low + high) / 2;
                    if (key == a[mid])
                           high = mid - 1;
                    if (key > a[mid])
                           low = mid + 1;
             return -1;
      }
}
```

8.Bubble sort

```
package programs.numbers;
import java.util.Arrays;
public class BubbleSort
  public static void main(String[] args)
             int[] arr = new int[] { 6, 8, 7, 4, 312, 78, 54, 9, 12, 100, 89, 74 };
             for (int i = 0; i < arr.length; i++)</pre>
                    for (int j = i + 1; j < arr.length; j++)</pre>
                    {
                           int tmp = 0;
                           if (arr[i] > arr[j])
                           {
                                  tmp = arr[i];
                                  arr[i] = arr[j];
                                  arr[j] = tmp;
                           }
                    }
             System.out.println(Arrays.toString(arr));
       }
}
Output:
[4, 6, 7, 8, 9, 12, 54, 74, 78, 89, 100, 312]
```

9. Check Even or Odd

```
package programs.numbers;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class CheckEvenOdd
       public static void main(String args[])
    {
             System.out.println("Enter an Integer number:");
             // The input provided by user is stored in \underline{\mathsf{num}}
             Scanner input = new Scanner(System.in);
             num = input.nextInt();
              * If number is divisible by 2 then it's an even number else odd number
             if (num % 2 == 0)
                    System.out.println("Entered number is even");
             else
                    System.out.println("Entered number is odd");
       }
}
```

Output:

Enter an Integer number:
6
Entered number is even

9.Factorial

```
package programs.numbers;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class Factorial
      public static void main(String[] args)
             Scanner <u>sc</u> = new Scanner(System.in);
             System.out.println("Enter the number:");
             int num = sc.nextInt();
             int factorial = fact(num);
             System.out.println("Factorial of entered number is:" + factorial);
      }
      public static int fact(int n)
             int result;
             if (n == 0)
                    return 1;
             result = n * fact(n - 1);
             return result;
      }
}
```

Output:

```
Enter the number:
5
Factorial of entered number is:120
```

10.Fibonacci

```
package programs.numbers;

public class Fibonacci
{
    public static void main(String[] args)
    {
        int count = 7, num1 = 0, num2 = 1;
        System.out.print("Fibonacci Series of " + count + " numbers:");
        for (int i = 1; i <= count; ++i)
        {
            System.out.print(num1 + " ");
            int sumOfPrevTwo = num1 + num2;
            num1 = num2;
            num2 = sumOfPrevTwo;
        }
    }
}</pre>
```

Output:

Fibonacci Series of 7 numbers:0 1 1 2 3 5 8

```
11.Floyds Triangle
```

```
package programs.numbers;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class FloydsTriangle
      public static void main(String[] args)
             int rows, number = 1, counter, j;
             Scanner <u>sc</u> = new Scanner(System.in);
             System.out.println("Enter the number of rows for floyd's triangle:");
             rows = sc.nextInt();
             System.out.println("Floyd's triangle");
             System.out.println("*********");
             for (counter = 1; counter <= rows; counter++)</pre>
            {
                    for (j = 1; j <= counter; j++)</pre>
                           System.out.print(number + " ");
                           number++;
                    System.out.println();
             }
      }
}
Output:
Enter the number of rows for floyd's triangle:
Floyd's triangle
1
2 3
4 5 6
7 8 9 10
11 12 13 14 15
```

12.GCD

```
package programs.numbers;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class GCD {
      static int gcd(int m,int n)
             int r;
             while(n!=0)
                    r=m%n;
                    m=n;
                    n=r;
             }
             return m;
      }
      public static void main(String[] args)
             int m,n;
             Scanner <u>sc</u>=new Scanner(System.in);
             System.out.println("\nEnter the value of m:");
             m=sc.nextInt();
             System.out.println("\nEnter the value of n:");
             n=sc.nextInt();
             int result=gcd(m,n);
             System.out.println("The GCD of two numbers is:"+result);
      }
}
Output:
Enter the value of m:
45
Enter the value of n:
The GCD of two numbers is:5
```

12.LCM

```
package programs.numbers;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class LCM
       public static void main(String args[])
             int a,b,i,max,lcm = 0;
             Scanner <u>sc</u> = new Scanner(System.in);
             System.out.println("Enter the two numbers");
             a = sc.nextInt();
             b=sc.nextInt();
             max=a>b?a:b;
             for(i=0;i<max;i++)</pre>
                    if(max%a==0 && max%b==0)
                    {
                           lcm=max;
                           break;
                    }
                    max++;
             System.out.println("LCM of the two numbers = "+lcm);
       }
}
```

Output:

```
Enter the two numbers
6 76
LCM of the two numbers = 228
```

13.Prime number

```
package programs.numbers;
public class PrimeNumber
      public static void main(String[] args)
             System.out.println("Prime Number is::\n");
             for (int i = 0; i < 50; i++)</pre>
                     boolean isPrime = true;
                    for(int j = 2; j < i; j++)</pre>
                           if((i \% j) == 0)
                                  isPrime = false;
                                  break;
                            }
                     }
                     if(isPrime)
                           System.out.print(i + " ");
                     }
             }
       }
}
Output:
```

```
Prime Number is::
0 1 2 3 5 7 11 13 17 19 23 29 31 37 41 43 47
```

13.Pyramid Pattern 1

```
package programs.numbers;
public class PyramidPattOne {
       public static void main(String[] args) {
             System.out.println("The Pattern is");
             for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)</pre>
                    for (int j = 0; j < 5; j++)</pre>
                           if (j <= i)
                           {
                                  System.out.print(" *");
                           }
                           else
                           {
                                  System.out.print("
                                                        ");
                           }
                    System.out.println();
             }
       }
}
Output:
The Pattern is
```

14.Pyramid Pattern 2

15.Sum Digits Of Numbers

```
package programs.numbers;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class SumDigitsOfNumbers
       public static void main(String args[])
             int m, n, sum = 0;
             Scanner \underline{s} = new Scanner(System.in);
             System.out.print("Enter the number:");
             m = s.nextInt();
             while (m > 0)
                    n = m \% 10;
                    sum = sum + n;
                    m = m / 10;
             System.out.println("Sum of Digits:" + sum);
       }
}
Output:
Enter the number:568
Sum of Digits:19
```

16.Swap two numbers using Third Variable

```
package programs.numbers;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class SwapTwoNumbersUsingThirdVar
      public static void main(String[] args)
    {
             int x,y,temp;
             Scanner <u>sc</u>=new Scanner(System.in);
             System.out.println("Enter the value for xand y:");
              x=sc.nextInt();
              y=sc.nextInt();
              temp=x;
              x=y;
              y=temp;
              System.out.println("Value of X and Y is:"+"X="+x+"Y="+y);
      }
}
Output:
```

```
Enter the value for xand y:
Value of X and Y is:X=5Y=4
```

17. Swap two numbers without using Third Variable

```
package programs.numbers;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class SwapTwoNumbersWOUsingThirdVar
{
      public static void main(String[] args)
             int x,y,temp;
             Scanner <u>sc</u>=new Scanner(System.in);
             System.out.println("Enter the value for xand y:");
              x=sc.nextInt();
              y=sc.nextInt();
              System.out.println("Value of X and Y before swapping
              is:"+"X="+x+"Y="+y);
              x=x+y;
              y=x-y;
              x=x-y;
              System.out.println("Value of X and Y after swapping
              is:"+"X="+x+"Y="+y);
      }
}
Output:
Enter the value for xand y:
5 6
Value of X and Y before swapping is:X=5Y=6
Value of X and Y after swapping is:X=6Y=5
```

STRINGS

18.Anagrams

```
package programs.strings;
import java.util.Arrays;
public class Anagrams
      public static void main(String[] args)
             String s1 = "integral";
             String s2 = "Triangle";
             char[] c1 = s1.toLowerCase().toCharArray();
             char[] c2 = s2.toLowerCase().toCharArray();
             Arrays.sort(c1);
             Arrays.sort(c2);
             if (Arrays.equals(c1, c2))
                   System.out.println("s1 is anagram of s2");
             else
                   System.out.println("Strings are not anagram");
      }
}
Output:
s1 is anagram of s2
```

19. Count Occurances Of each character in a string

a3b2c1

```
package programs.strings;
public class OccurancesOfEachCharacterInString {
      public static void main(String[] args) {
             String s1 = "aaabbc";
             StringBuilder result = new StringBuilder();
             char currChar;
             int count = 0;
             for (int i = 0; i < s1.length(); i++) {</pre>
                    currChar = s1.charAt(i);
                    count = 1;
                    while (i < s1.length() - 1 && s1.charAt(i + 1) == currChar) {</pre>
                           count++;
                           i++;
                    }
                    result.append(currChar);
                    result.append(count);
             }
             System.out.println("" + result);
      }
}
Output:
```

20.Duplicate Character HashMap

```
package programs.strings;
import java.util.HashMap;
import java.util.Map;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class DuplicateCharacterHashMap {
      public static void main(String[] args)
      {
       String name = "Bissssmmayaa";
        char[] ar = new char[name.length()];
        for (int i = 0; i < name.length(); i++) {</pre>
            ar[i] = name.charAt(i);
        }
        Map<Character, String> map=new HashMap<Character, String>();
        for (int i = 0; i < ar.length; i++) {</pre>
            int count=0;
            for (int j = 0; j < ar.length; j++) {
                if(ar[i]==ar[j]){
                    count++;
                }
            }
            map.put(ar[i], count+" no of times");
        }
          System.out.println(map);
    }
}
Output:
```

```
{a=3 no of times, B=1 no of times, s=4 no of times, i=1 no of times, y=1 no of times,
m=2 no of times}
21.Palindrome
package programs.strings;
public class OccurancesOfEachCharacterInString
      public static void main(String[] args)
             String s1 = "aaabbc";
             StringBuilder result = new StringBuilder();
             char currChar;
             int count = 0;
             for (int i = 0; i < s1.length(); i++)</pre>
                    currChar = s1.charAt(i);
                    count = 1;
                    while (i < s1.length() - 1 && s1.charAt(i + 1) == currChar)</pre>
                           count++;
                           i++;
                    }
                    result.append(currChar);
                    result.append(count);
             }
             System.out.println("" + result);
      }
}
Output:
```

Not a palindrome

21.Reverse Every Word In Sentence

```
package programs.strings;
public class ReverseEveryWordInSentence
      public static void main(String[] args)
             String temp = "This is interview question";
             int strLeng = temp.length();
             int i = 0;
             String reverse = "";
             for (int j = temp.length() - 1; j >= 0; j--)
            {
                   reverse += temp.charAt(j);
                   if ((j == 0) && (i != strLeng))
                          reverse += " ";
                  }
           }
             System.out.println("Reverse:" + reverse);
      }
}
```

Output:

Reverse:noitseuq weivretni si sihT

22.Reverse Sentence

```
package programs.strings;
public class ReverseSentence
         public static void main(String[] args)
         {
                  String str = "This is interview question";
String words[] = str.split(" ");
for (int i = words.length - 1; i >= 0; i--)
                           System.out.print(words[i] + " ");
         }
}
Output:
```

question interview is This

23. String Reverse

```
package programs.strings;
import java.util.Scanner;
public class StringReverse
      public static void main(String[] args)
      {
             System.out.println("Enter string to reverse:");
             Scanner read = new Scanner(System.in);
             String str = read.nextLine();
             String reverse = "";
             for (int i = str.length() - 1; i >= 0; i--)
                    reverse = reverse + str.charAt(i);
             }
             System.out.println("Reversed string is:");
             System.out.println(reverse);
      }
}
Output:
Enter string to reverse:
lavanya
Reversed string is:
aynaval
```