Distributed Intelligent Systems Course Project

1 General information

Distributed Intelligent Systems involves a 60-h course project (this includes reading, implementation, reporting, and oral defense of the project). In this edition, there will be a single topic for all students, and all teaching assistants will serve as project supervisors.

Projects will be carried out in groups of four (default) or three students belonging as much as possible to different teaching sections or programs (possibly, at least two different sections will have to be represented in the team). The teams will be organized based on the preferences expressed by the students during Week 4 to 6. The oral defense of the project will be carried out individually and take place during the exam session, with the modalities expressed in the course syllabus.

In the lab session of Week 6 (April 1), there will be a kickoff session of 1h during which the details of the project topic and organization will be presented while the material will be made previously available on Moodle. This session serves as the official start of the project period, until the end of the semester when the project report together with further implementation material (e.g., code) will have to be submitted. Additional details about the project reporting will be communicated in timely fashion.

During the course project period, the last hour of each lab session will be dedicated to project supervision. Two supervisors will be available on the Discord server of the course to answer students' questions. No further office hours will be made available. However, there will be a text channel on Discord where students can ask questions and help each other. Assistants will also address the messages when they are available.

2 Project description: multi-robot navigation in cluttered and dynamic environments

This project aims to implement a navigation strategy for a multi-robot system formed by a group of simulated e-pucks moving throughout an environment. This environment is composed by an enclosed arena with static obstacles and multiple, isolated, groups of robots. Each group of robots must be able to: (i) avoid obstacles within the arena while retaining a given loose or tight collective aggregation; and (ii) maintain a given loose or tight aggregation while two different groups of robots cross each other moving in opposite directions.

the course: flocking and motion in formation. The robots are equipped with infrared proximity sensors to detect nearby obstacles, as well as infrared emitters and receivers that will be used to acquire the relative range and bearing measurements between the robots. The messages transmitted between robots also contains robot IDs, to uniquely identify each team-member and also other robots that do not belong to their own group. The performance of the team of robots

The above behaviors should be achieved by using two collective movement forms covered in

will be measured in terms of <u>how cohesive</u> the team remains over time, <u>how aligned are the robots' velocities</u>, how precisely are specific positions maintained in a formation-based movement, and how fast is the team going towards a specific goal or direction.

direction + Rssi

This project is divided into three tasks, each of them pursuing different though coupled objectives. The first task will be concerned with the implementation and performance evaluation of multiple localization techniques for individual robots. It should be carried out using the Webots worlds provided and students should leverage the localization knowledge acquired through Lab 3. The techniques should involve odometry-only localization, GNSSonly localization, and any fusion of these two signals through appropriate method seen in the course (e.g., Kalman filtering). The second task will be concerned with the implementation of spatial coordination solutions. It should be carried out through the use of infrared channels reproducing range and bearing functionalities and students should leverage the collective movement knowledge acquired through Lab 4. One flocking and one formation algorithm should be proposed and thoroughly evaluated as a function of the group size and the localization capabilities of the robots. The implemented algorithms will be certainly characterized by a number of parameters, initially chosen manually based on an iterative process. The third task will be concerned with the optimization of such parameters through a method seen in the course (e.g., Particle Swarm Optimization). The objective of this task would be to enhance the flocking and formation performance of the previously handcrafted solutions.

For simplicity, the performance of the simulated multi-robot systems will be evaluated in two distinct scenarios: one with a single robot group and static obstacles, and another with two robot groups moving in opposite directions. In each scenario, the performance of the group will be evaluated according to a set of metrics provided a priori which should be implemented in a supervisor code in Webots.

The students will be provided with the necessary material in the project kickoff session. The Webots environments can be changed at will, to evaluate the performance of the method in different scenarios. However, one or multiple test environments will be distributed at the end of the project in which the performances of the proposed algorithm should be assessed.

3 Student teams

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Group	Name	Sciper
1	Pangaud Roxane	283177
	Reveyron Luc	261381
	Centamori Frank	262247
	Lehnherr Emmanuel	262599
2	Jimenez Nicolas	283045
	Bergamo Gregoire	274547
	Feppon Nicolas	249799
	Evann Courdier	291613
	Nina Burgdorfer	274767
2	Félicia Zhang	284334
3	Paul Juillard	288519
	Minh Tri Pham	326543
	Pablo Ruiz de Velasco	261406
4	Olivér Facklam	259413
	María José Medina Hernández	331238
	Nathan Holzapfel	272296
5	Olivier Völlmin	258767
	Ivan-Daniel Sievering	270318
	Marcel Dubach	263557
	Isaac Bernardino Dinis	262671
6	Briachetti Jan	282270
	Sizey Eliott	287767
	Leuenberger Merlin	284710

	Guihard Maik	284922
7	Clément Cosson	284920
	Paco Mermoud	290469
	Tifanny Pereira	289149
	Lavinia Schlyter	284566
8	Hug Benjamin	258569
	Goumaz Yannick	262414
	Cordey Loïc	258335
	Yi Zhou (Celinna) Ju	328595
9	Wanting JIN	323832
	Chang Chun	322252
	Haohong Wang	323576
	Yexinlei Yang	331125
10	Nikola Arambašić	334045
	Matthias Franke	336222
	Mahmoud Said	309264
	Matthieu Ehlers	336217
	Joachim Honegger	331126
	Cosme Jordan	275046
11	Sepide Azhdari	309075
	Arthur Pochon	269765
	Raphael Uebersax	283249
	Jonas Perolini	283887
12	Utku Norman	292915
	Deblina Bhattacharjee	298265
	Jianhao Zheng	323146
	<u> </u>	323140
13	Yujie He Qi Yan	307457
	Nicola Santacroce	
	Marie Gaiffe	286331
		272409
14	Gaspard Besacier Alexandre Clivaz	283398 287897
	Alexandre Cirvaz	201091
	Christopher Julien Stocker	266575
1.7	Nicolas Marbot	275467
15	Suermondt Xavier	273917
	Zemour Eliott	283174
	Plouton Grammatikos	306958
	Simon Gilgien	253797
16	Bruno Rodriguez	326180
	Maxence Perret	272241
17	Denis Kravtsov	282379
1 /	Dahn Youssefi	268785
	Marin Beaussart	292488
	Bruno Da Costa	288525
18	Jérémy Mayoraz	284034
	Maxime Zufferey	251189
	Ulysse Touchais	265877
19	Sai Karimireddy	267005
	Louis Jouret	269882
	Titouan Renard	272257
	Gabriel Vallat	273730
20	Louis-Nicolas Durand	288044

Pål Austnes	289508
Niccolò Polvani	321215
Ju Wu	328992