

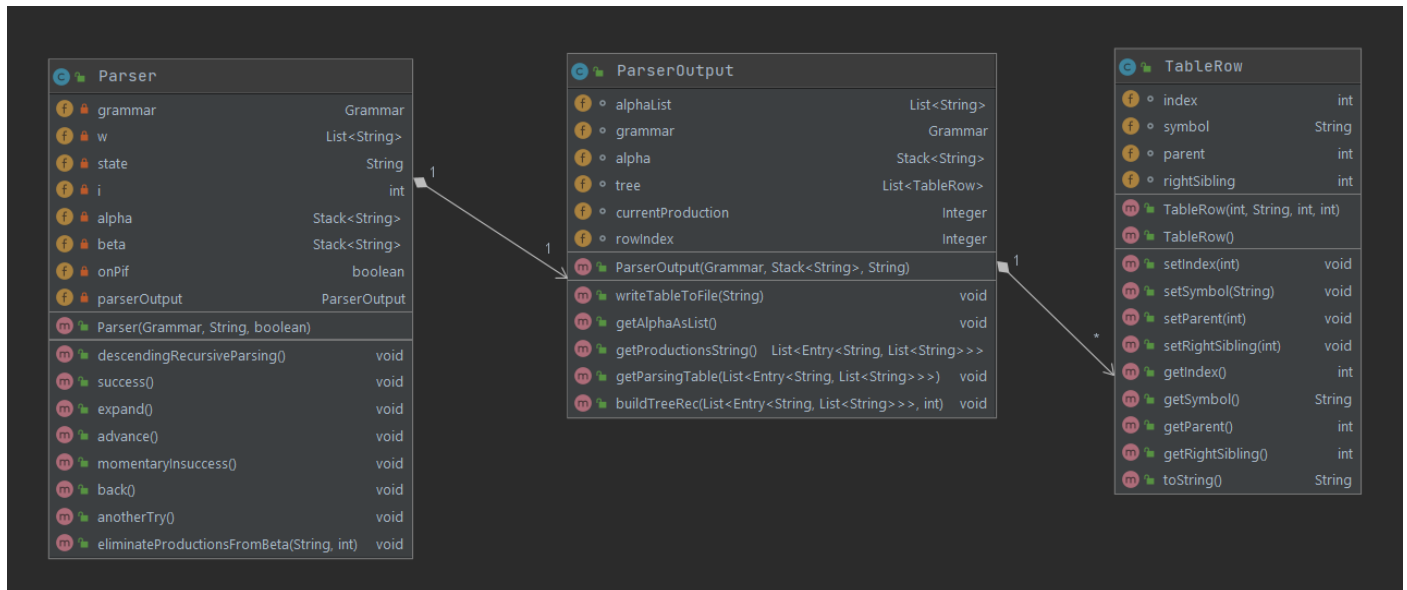
Requirement: Statement: Implement a parser algorithm (cont.) – Descendent Recursive Parser

PART 3: Deliverables

1. Algorithms corresponding to *parsing table* (if needed) and *parsing strategy*

2. Class *ParserOutput* - DS and operations corresponding to choice 2.a/2.b/2.c ([Lab 5](#)) (required operations: transform parsing tree into representation; print DS to screen and to file)

Analysis and Design:



The Parser Output is a class that generates the parser tree represented as a table (using father and sibling relation).

Its attributes are:

- **alpha**: **Stack<String>** – the working stack
- **grammar**: **Grammar** – the grammar
- **alphaAsList**: **List<String>** – the working stack represented as a list, with all the symbols in the right order
- **tree**: **List<TableRow>** – the table
- **currentProduction**: **Int** – the index of the current used production in the list of all the productions from the working stack
- **rowIndex**: **Int** – the index of the row that is currently created

Its methods are:

- **writeTableToFile(filename: String)** – writes the parsing tree in the file given as parameter
- **getAlphaAsList()** – transforms the working stack, from stack to a list
- **getProductionsString(): List<Map.Entry<String, List<String>>>**
 - Post: a list with all the productions used in parsing, in the right order. A production is represented as a map entry, that maps a string (the lhs) to a list of strings (a list of all the symbols from the rhs)
- **getParsingTree(usedProductions: List<Map.Entry<String, List<String>>>)** – constructs and displays the parsing tree represented as a table

- `buildTreeRec(usedProductions: List<Map.Entry<String, List<String>>, parent: Int)`
 - Pre: `usedProductions` – a list with all the productions used in parsing, in the right order; `parent` – the index in the parsing table of the parent of the elements that will be added in the current iteration
 - Post: adds to the table the rows corresponding to all the symbols from the current productions

The `TableRow` class represents a row in the parsing tree represented as a table.

Its attributes are:

- `index: Int` – the index of the row in the table (the id)
- `symbol: String` – the symbol in the row
- `parent: Int` – the index of the parent in the table
- `rightSibling: Int` – the index of the rightSibling in the table

Implementation:

<https://github.com/LaviniaGalan/FLCD/tree/master/Lab7>

Testing:

Grammar =

```

1      S A B C
2      a b c v x epsilon
3      S
4      S -> a A C | b B
5      A -> x A | epsilon
6      B -> b B A v | b B | v
7      C -> c

```

Input sequence = "b b v v"

Result =

Sequence accepted.

0	S	-1	-1
1	b	0	2
2	B	0	-1
3	b	2	4
4	B	2	5
5	A	2	6
6	v	2	-1
7	v	4	-1
8	epsilon	5	-1