Learning_datetime_lib

February 15, 2018

1 Dates and Times in Python

1.1 Manipulating Time Already

Here are the datetime docs: https://docs.python.org/3/library/datetime.html Examples

```
>>> import datetime
>>> now = datetime.datetime.now()
>>> morning = now.replace(hour=9, minute=0)
```

The above will make a variable now that represents now, and then change the time to 9am in the variable morning.

```
>>> datetime.datetime(2014, 10) - datetime.datetime(2014, 9)
```

The above will give back a datetime.timedelta object.

Importing datetime and examining methods with dir():

```
In [1]: import datetime
        dir(datetime)
Out[1]: ['MAXYEAR',
         'MINYEAR',
         '__builtins__',
         '__cached__',
         '__doc__',
         '__file__',
         '__loader__',
         '__name__',
         '__package__',
         '__spec__',
         '_divide_and_round',
         'date',
         'datetime',
         'datetime_CAPI',
         'time',
         'timedelta',
         'timezone',
         'tzinfo'l
```

Getting the date and time when now() method was run :

```
In [2]: datetime.datetime.now()
Out[2]: datetime.datetime(2017, 8, 22, 21, 47, 0, 633192)
  Saving now() output to a variable:
In [3]: treehouse_start = datetime.datetime.now()
        treehouse_start
Out[3]: datetime.datetime(2017, 8, 22, 21, 47, 0, 644776)
  Replacing the time of the previous variable with datetime.replace() method:
In [4]: treehouse_start = treehouse_start.replace(hour=9, minute=0, second=0, microsecond=0)
        treehouse start
Out[4]: datetime.datetime(2017, 8, 22, 9, 0)
  Setting the date and time:
In [5]: print('datetime.datetime(Year, Month, Day, Hour)')
        th_start = datetime.datetime(2017, 7, 17, 9)
        th_start
datetime.datetime(Year, Month, Day, Hour)
Out[5]: datetime.datetime(2017, 7, 17, 9, 0)
  Subtracting two datetimes to get a timedelta:
In [6]: print("datetime.timedelta(Days, Seconds, Microseconds)")
        time_worked = datetime.datetime.now() - th_start
        time worked
datetime.timedelta(Days, Seconds, Microseconds)
Out[6]: datetime.timedelta(36, 46020, 681366)
  Grabbing specific info from a timedelta variable:
In [7]: print("Days:", time_worked.days)
        print("Seconds:", time_worked.seconds)
        print("Microseconds:", time_worked.microseconds)
Days: 36
Seconds: 46020
Microseconds: 681366
```

Looking at the methods in time_worked object:

```
In [8]: dir(time_worked)
Out[8]: ['__abs__',
          '__add__',
          '__bool__',
          '__class__',
          '__delattr__',
          '__dir__',
'__divmod__',
          '__doc__',
          '__eq__',
          '__floordiv__',
          '__format__',
          '__ge__',
          '__getattribute__',
          '__gt__',
          '__hash__',
          '__init__',
          '__init_subclass__',
          '__le__',
          '__lt__',
          '__mod__',
          '__mul__',
          '__ne__',
          '__neg__',
          '__new__',
          '__pos__',
          '__radd__',
          '__rdivmod__',
          '__reduce__',
          '__reduce_ex__',
          '__repr__',
          '__rfloordiv__',
          '__rmod__',
          '__rmul__',
          '__rsub__',
          '__rtruediv__',
          '__setattr__',
          '__sizeof__',
          '__str__',
          '__sub__',
          '__subclasshook__',
          '__truediv__',
          'days',
          'max',
          'microseconds',
```

```
'min',
'resolution',
'seconds',
'total_seconds']
```

Calulating hours in a timedelta using its seconds:

```
In [9]: print("Hours Worked:", round(time_worked.seconds/3600))
Hours Worked: 13
```

1.2 Time Deltas

timedelta objects represent gaps in time. They are returned when you subtract one *datetime* from another. They can also be assigned to a variable and then used to augment *datetime* objects.

Setting the clock forward three days with a timedelta:

Setting the clock backward five days with a timedelta:

Using a date without a time:

```
In [12]: now.date()
Out[12]: datetime.date(2017, 8, 22)
```

Using a time without a date:

```
In [13]: now.time()
Out[13]: datetime.time(21, 47, 0, 743177)
  Specifying time intervals for timedeltas:
In [14]: hour = datetime.timedelta(hours=1)
         hour
Out[14]: datetime.timedelta(0, 3600)
  Multiplying timedeltas with integers:
In [15]: hour * 9
Out[15]: datetime.timedelta(0, 32400)
  Setting a future time and date:
In [16]: tomorrow = datetime.datetime.now().replace(hour=9, minute=0) + datetime.timedelta(day)
         print(datetime.datetime.now())
         print(tomorrow)
         tomorrow
2017-08-22 21:47:00.796604
2017-08-23 09:00:00.796509
Out[16]: datetime.datetime(2017, 8, 23, 9, 0, 0, 796509)
  Appointment Example:
In [17]: appointment = datetime.timedelta(minutes=45)
         start = datetime.datetime.now()
         end = start + appointment
         print(start)
         print(end)
         end
2017-08-22 21:47:00.809832
2017-08-22 22:32:00.809832
Out[17]: datetime.datetime(2017, 8, 22, 22, 32, 0, 809832)
```

1.3 Today and Tomorrow

Let's look at the .now() and .today() methods. * These methods use your system's local time to calculate their values.

```
In [18]: datetime.datetime.now()
Out[18]: datetime.datetime(2017, 8, 22, 21, 47, 0, 821954)
In [19]: datetime.datetime.today()
Out[19]: datetime.datetime(2017, 8, 22, 21, 47, 0, 831869)
```

Both outputs you'll notice are almost exactly the same, why is this, why have two commands that do the exact same thing? Well, .now() takes a timezone argument, which allows you to specify where the now is.

Combining Dates and times: * datetime.time() as is, without any arguments, produces a time of midnight.

```
In [20]: datetime.datetime.combine(datetime.date.today(), datetime.time())
Out[20]: datetime.datetime(2017, 8, 22, 0, 0)
   Grabbing elements from a datetime object :
In [21]: today = datetime.datetime.today()
         today
Out[21]: datetime.datetime(2017, 8, 22, 21, 47, 0, 853511)
In [22]: today.hour
Out[22]: 21
In [23]: today.year
Out[23]: 2017
In [24]: today.month
Out[24]: 8
In [25]: today.minute
Out[25]: 47
In [26]: today.weekday() # Python's weeks start on Monday which is zero
Out[26]: 1
In [27]: today.timestamp() # Posix Timestamp: seconds since Jan 1, 1970
```

```
Out [27]: 1503463620.853511
```

Code Challenge: Write a function named minutes that takes two datetimes and, using timedelta.total_seconds() to get the number of seconds, returns the number of minutes, rounded, between them. The first will always be older and the second newer. You'll need to subtract the first from the second.

```
In [28]: import datetime

    def minutes(dt1, dt2):
        timedelta = dt2-dt1
        return round(timedelta.total_seconds() / 60)
```

2 Dating Methods

New Terms * strftime - Method to create a string from a datetime * strptime - Method to create a datetime from a string according to a format string * Guide: https://docs.python.org/3/library/datetime.html?highlight=datetime#strftime-and-strptime-behavior

```
• strftime is str from time
```

• strptime is str parsed to time

```
In [29]: today
Out[29]: datetime.datetime(2017, 8, 22, 21, 47, 0, 853511)
    strftime Dating Method
In []: today.strftime('%m/%d/%Y')
    strptime Dating Method
In [31]: datetime.datetime.strptime('2017-08-21', '%Y-%m-%d')
Out[31]: datetime.datetime(2017, 8, 21, 0, 0)
    strptime with both a date and time
In [32]: datetime.datetime.strptime('2017-08-21 10:00', '%Y-%m-%d %H:%M')
Out[32]: datetime.datetime(2017, 8, 21, 10, 0)
```

Code Challenge:

Challenge Task 1 of 2

Create a function named to_string that takes a datetime and gives back a string in the format "24 September 2012".

```
In [33]: ## Examples
    # to_string(datetime_object) => "24 September 2012"
    # from_string("09/24/12 18:30", "%m/%d/%y %H:%M") => datetime

def to_string(dt):
    return dt.strftime('%d %B %Y')
```

Challenge Task 2 of 2

Create a new function named from_string that takes two arguments: a date as a string and an strftime-compatible format string, and returns a datetime created from them.

3 Wikipedia Links App HW

```
In [35]: import datetime

answer_format = '%m/%d'
link_format = '%b_%d'
link = 'https://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/{}'

while True:
    answer = input("What date would you like? Please use the MM/DD format. Enter 'qui'
if answer.upper() == 'QUIT':
    break

try:
    date = datetime.datetime.strptime(answer, answer_format)
    output = link.format(date.strftime(link_format))
    print(output)
    except ValueError:
        print("That's not a valid date. Please try again.")
```

What date would you like? Please use the MM/DD format. Enter 'quit' to quit. quit

Code Challenge:

Write a function named time_tango that takes a date and a time. It should combine them into a datetime and return it.

```
In [36]: import datetime

def time_tango(date, time):
    return datetime.datetime.combine(date, time)
```

4 The Question Classes & the Plan

Building an Addition and Multiplication Quiz app

```
In [37]: #questions.py
         class Question:
             answer = None
             text = None
         class Add(Question):
             def __init__(self, num1, num2):
                 self.text = '{} + {}'.format(num1, num2)
                 self.answer = num1 + num2
         class Multiply(Question):
             def __init__(self, num1, num2):
                 self.text = '{} X {}'.format(num1, num2)
                 self.answer = num1 * num2
In [38]: #from Question import Add
         add1 = Add(5,7)
         add1.answer
Out[38]: 12
In [39]: add1.text
Out[39]: '5 + 7'
In [40]: # quiz.py
         import datetime
         import random
         #from questions import Add, Multiply
         class Quiz:
             questions = []
             answers = []
             def __init__(self):
                 question_types = (Add, Multiply)
                 #question_types[0](1,5)
```

```
num1 = random.randint(1,10)
                     num2 = random.randint(1,10)
                     question = random.choice(question_types)(num1, num2)
                     self.questions.append(question)
             def take_quiz(self):
                 self.start_time = datetime.datetime.now()
                 for question in self.questions:
                     self.answers.append(self.ask(question))
                 else:
                     self.end_time = datetime.datetime.now()
                 return self.summary()
             def ask(self, question):
                 correct = False
                 question_start = datetime.datetime.now()
                 answer = input(question.text + ' = ')
                 if answer == str(question.answer):
                     correct = True
                 question end = datetime.datetime.now()
                 return correct, question_end - question_start
             def total_correct(self):
                 total = 0
                 for answer in self.answers:
                     if answer[0]:
                         total += 1
                 return total
             def summary(self):
                 print('You got {} out of {} correct'.format(
                     self.total_correct(), len(self.questions)))
                 print("It took {} seconds total".format((
                     self.end_time-self.start_time).seconds))
         # Quiz().take_quiz()
In [41]: # quiz1 = Quiz()
         # quiz1.answers
In [42]: # quiz1.questions
In [43]: # quiz1.questions[0].text
In [44]: # quiz1.questions[0].answer
In [45]: #Quiz().take_quiz()
  Code Challenge:
```

for _ in range(10):

Write a function named delorean that takes an integer. Return a datetime that is that many hours ahead from starter.

Code Challenge:

Write a function named time_machine that takes an integer and a string of "minutes", "hours", "days", or "years". This describes a timedelta. Return a datetime that is the timedelta's duration from the starter datetime.

```
In [48]: import datetime
         starter = datetime.datetime(2015, 10, 21, 16, 29)
         # Remember, you can't set "years" on a timedelta!
         # Consider a year to be 365 days.
         ## Example
         # time_machine(5, "minutes") => datetime(2015, 10, 21, 16, 34)
         def time_machine(integer, time_str):
             if time_str == 'minutes':
                 return starter + datetime.timedelta(minutes=integer)
             elif time_str == 'hours':
                 return starter + datetime.timedelta(hours=integer)
             elif time_str == 'days':
                 return starter + datetime.timedelta(days=integer)
             else:
                 return starter + datetime.timedelta(days=integer*365)
In [49]: time_machine(5,'years')
Out[49]: datetime.datetime(2020, 10, 19, 16, 29)
```

Code Challenge:

Create a function named timestamp_oldest that takes any number of POSIX timestamp arguments. Return the oldest one as a datetime object.

Remember, POSIX timestamps are floats and lists have a .sort() method.

5 Introduction to Timezones

In [59]: aware.astimezone(mumbai)

Videos * The Problem with Time & Timezones - from Computerphile https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=-5wpm-gesOY * Strangest Timezones of the World - from WonderWhy https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=uW6QqcmCfm8

New Terms

- **timezone** datetime type that holds an offset from UTC and allows us to move a datetime around the world
- astimezone method for converting an aware datetime to another timezone

```
Out[59]: datetime.datetime(2017, 4, 21, 22, 30, tzinfo=datetime.timezone(datetime.timedelta(0,
```

Code Challenge:

Challenge Task 1 of 3

Create a variable named moscow that holds a datetime.timezone object at +4 hours.

```
In [60]: moscow = datetime.timezone(datetime.timedelta(hours=4))
```

Challenge Task 2 of 3

Now create a timezone variable named pacific that holds a timezone at UTC-08:00.

```
In [61]: pacific = datetime.timezone(datetime.timedelta(hours=-8))
```

Challenge Task 3 of 3

Finally, make a third variable named india that hold's a timezone at UTC+05:30.

```
In [62]: india = datetime.timezone(datetime.timedelta(hours=5, minutes=30))
```

Code Challenge:

Challenge Task 1 of 2

naive is a datetime with no timezone. Create a new timezone for US/Pacific, which is 8 hours behind UTC (UTC-08:00). Then make a new variable named hill_valley that is naive with its tzinfo attribute replaced with the US/Pacific timezone you made.

```
In [63]: import datetime
    naive = datetime.datetime(2015, 10, 21, 4, 29)
    pacific = datetime.timezone(datetime.timedelta(hours=-8))
    hill_valley = naive.replace(tzinfo=pacific)
```

Challenge Task 2 of 2

Great, but replace just sets the timezone, it doesn't move the datetime to the new timezone. Let's move one. Make a new timezone that is UTC+01:00. Create a new variable named paris that uses your new timezone and the astimezone method to change hill_valley to the new timezone.

```
In [64]: paris = hill_valley.astimezone(datetime.timezone(datetime.timedelta(hours=+1)))
```

6 Actually, Use pytz Instead

Format string

• fmt = '%Y-%m-%d %H:%M:%S %Z%z' * Z = Name of Timezone * z = offset of timezone from UTC

Links

- pytz docs http://pythonhosted.org//pytz/
- More about pytz from SaltyCrane http://www.saltycrane.com/blog/2009/05/converting-time-zones-datetime-objects-python/

Libraries

• Chronyk https://pypi.python.org/pypi/Chronyk/0.9.1

```
• delorean http://delorean.readthedocs.org/en/latest/
In [65]: import pytz
In [66]: pacific = pytz.timezone('US/Pacific')
         eastern = pytz.timezone('US/Eastern')
         fmt = '\%Y - \%m - \%d \%H : \%M : \%S \%Z\%z'
         utc = pytz.utc
   .localize is used for naive datetimes.
In [67]: start = pacific.localize(datetime.datetime(2014, 4, 21, 9))
         start.strftime(fmt)
Out[67]: '2014-04-21 09:00:00 PDT-0700'
   . astimezone is used for aware datetimes.
In [68]: start_eastern = start.astimezone(eastern)
         start_eastern
Out [68]: datetime.datetime(2014, 4, 21, 12, 0, tzinfo=<DstTzInfo 'US/Eastern' EDT-1 day, 20:00
   Creating a datetime with the UTC timezone
In [69]: start_utc = datetime.datetime(2014, 4, 21, 12, 0, tzinfo=utc)
         start_utc.strftime(fmt)
Out[69]: '2014-04-21 12:00:00 UTC+0000'
   Switching to Pacific Timezone
In [70]: start_pacific = start_utc.astimezone(pacific)
   Creating Timezones with pytz
In [71]: auckland = pytz.timezone('Pacific/Auckland')
         mumbai = pytz.timezone('Asia/Calcutta')
   Apollo 13 Launch Time Examples * Create naive datetime of launch time
In [72]: apollo_13_naive = datetime.datetime(1970, 4, 11, 14, 13)
   Add eastern timezone to naive launch time
In [73]: apollo_13_eastern = eastern.localize(apollo_13_naive)
         apollo_13_eastern
Out[73]: datetime.datetime(1970, 4, 11, 14, 13, tzinfo=<DstTzInfo 'US/Eastern' EST-1 day, 19:00
```

Convert eastern launch time to utc launch time * This allows for easier conversion to all other timezones, because UTC does not have Day Light Savings Time.

```
In [78]: pytz.all_timezones
Out[78]: ['Africa/Abidjan',
          'Africa/Addis_Ababa',
          'Africa/Algiers',
          'Africa/Asmara',
          'Africa/Asmera',
          'Africa/Bamako',
          'Africa/Bangui',
          'Africa/Banjul',
          'Africa/Bissau',
          'Africa/Blantyre',
          'Africa/Brazzaville',
          'Africa/Bujumbura',
          'Africa/Cairo',
          'Africa/Casablanca',
          'Africa/Ceuta',
          'Africa/Conakry',
          'Africa/Dakar',
          'Africa/Dar_es_Salaam',
          'Africa/Djibouti',
          'Africa/Douala',
          'Africa/El_Aaiun',
          'Africa/Freetown',
          'Africa/Gaborone',
          'Africa/Harare',
          'Africa/Johannesburg',
```

```
'Africa/Juba',
'Africa/Kampala',
'Africa/Khartoum',
'Africa/Kigali',
'Africa/Kinshasa',
'Africa/Lagos',
'Africa/Libreville',
'Africa/Lome',
'Africa/Luanda',
'Africa/Lubumbashi',
'Africa/Lusaka',
'Africa/Malabo',
'Africa/Maputo',
'Africa/Maseru',
'Africa/Mbabane',
'Africa/Mogadishu',
'Africa/Monrovia',
'Africa/Nairobi',
'Africa/Ndjamena',
'Africa/Niamey',
'Africa/Nouakchott',
'Africa/Ouagadougou',
'Africa/Porto-Novo',
'Africa/Sao_Tome',
'Africa/Timbuktu',
'Africa/Tripoli',
'Africa/Tunis',
'Africa/Windhoek',
'America/Adak',
'America/Anchorage',
'America/Anguilla',
'America/Antigua',
'America/Araguaina',
'America/Argentina/Buenos_Aires',
'America/Argentina/Catamarca',
'America/Argentina/ComodRivadavia',
'America/Argentina/Cordoba',
'America/Argentina/Jujuy',
'America/Argentina/La_Rioja',
'America/Argentina/Mendoza',
'America/Argentina/Rio_Gallegos',
'America/Argentina/Salta',
'America/Argentina/San_Juan',
'America/Argentina/San_Luis',
'America/Argentina/Tucuman',
'America/Argentina/Ushuaia',
'America/Aruba',
'America/Asuncion',
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'America/Atikokan',
'America/Atka',
'America/Bahia',
'America/Bahia_Banderas',
'America/Barbados',
'America/Belem',
'America/Belize',
'America/Blanc-Sablon',
'America/Boa_Vista',
'America/Bogota',
'America/Boise',
'America/Buenos_Aires',
'America/Cambridge_Bay',
'America/Campo_Grande',
'America/Cancun',
'America/Caracas',
'America/Catamarca',
'America/Cayenne',
'America/Cayman',
'America/Chicago',
'America/Chihuahua',
'America/Coral Harbour',
'America/Cordoba',
'America/Costa_Rica',
'America/Creston',
'America/Cuiaba',
'America/Curacao',
'America/Danmarkshavn',
'America/Dawson',
'America/Dawson_Creek',
'America/Denver',
'America/Detroit',
'America/Dominica',
'America/Edmonton',
'America/Eirunepe',
'America/El_Salvador',
'America/Ensenada',
'America/Fort_Nelson',
'America/Fort_Wayne',
'America/Fortaleza',
'America/Glace_Bay',
'America/Godthab',
'America/Goose_Bay',
'America/Grand_Turk',
'America/Grenada',
'America/Guadeloupe',
'America/Guatemala',
'America/Guayaquil',
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```
'America/Guyana',
'America/Halifax',
'America/Havana',
'America/Hermosillo',
'America/Indiana/Indianapolis',
'America/Indiana/Knox',
'America/Indiana/Marengo',
'America/Indiana/Petersburg',
'America/Indiana/Tell City',
'America/Indiana/Vevay',
'America/Indiana/Vincennes',
'America/Indiana/Winamac',
'America/Indianapolis',
'America/Inuvik',
'America/Iqaluit',
'America/Jamaica',
'America/Jujuy',
'America/Juneau',
'America/Kentucky/Louisville',
'America/Kentucky/Monticello',
'America/Knox IN',
'America/Kralendijk',
'America/La_Paz',
'America/Lima',
'America/Los_Angeles',
'America/Louisville',
'America/Lower_Princes',
'America/Maceio',
'America/Managua',
'America/Manaus',
'America/Marigot',
'America/Martinique',
'America/Matamoros',
'America/Mazatlan',
'America/Mendoza',
'America/Menominee',
'America/Merida',
'America/Metlakatla',
'America/Mexico_City',
'America/Miquelon',
'America/Moncton',
'America/Monterrey',
'America/Montevideo',
'America/Montreal',
'America/Montserrat',
'America/Nassau',
'America/New_York',
'America/Nipigon',
```

```
'America/Nome',
'America/Noronha',
'America/North_Dakota/Beulah',
'America/North_Dakota/Center',
'America/North Dakota/New Salem',
'America/Ojinaga',
'America/Panama',
'America/Pangnirtung',
'America/Paramaribo',
'America/Phoenix',
'America/Port-au-Prince',
'America/Port_of_Spain',
'America/Porto_Acre',
'America/Porto_Velho',
'America/Puerto_Rico',
'America/Punta_Arenas',
'America/Rainy_River',
'America/Rankin_Inlet',
'America/Recife',
'America/Regina',
'America/Resolute',
'America/Rio Branco',
'America/Rosario',
'America/Santa_Isabel',
'America/Santarem',
'America/Santiago',
'America/Santo_Domingo',
'America/Sao_Paulo',
'America/Scoresbysund',
'America/Shiprock',
'America/Sitka',
'America/St_Barthelemy',
'America/St_Johns',
'America/St_Kitts',
'America/St Lucia',
'America/St_Thomas',
'America/St Vincent',
'America/Swift_Current',
'America/Tegucigalpa',
'America/Thule',
'America/Thunder_Bay',
'America/Tijuana',
'America/Toronto',
'America/Tortola',
'America/Vancouver',
'America/Virgin',
'America/Whitehorse',
'America/Winnipeg',
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'America/Yakutat',
'America/Yellowknife',
'Antarctica/Casey',
'Antarctica/Davis',
'Antarctica/DumontDUrville',
'Antarctica/Macquarie',
'Antarctica/Mawson',
'Antarctica/McMurdo',
'Antarctica/Palmer',
'Antarctica/Rothera',
'Antarctica/South_Pole',
'Antarctica/Syowa',
'Antarctica/Troll',
'Antarctica/Vostok',
'Arctic/Longyearbyen',
'Asia/Aden',
'Asia/Almaty',
'Asia/Amman',
'Asia/Anadyr',
'Asia/Aqtau',
'Asia/Aqtobe',
'Asia/Ashgabat',
'Asia/Ashkhabad',
'Asia/Atyrau',
'Asia/Baghdad',
'Asia/Bahrain',
'Asia/Baku',
'Asia/Bangkok',
'Asia/Barnaul',
'Asia/Beirut',
'Asia/Bishkek',
'Asia/Brunei',
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'Asia/Chita',
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          'WET',
          'Zulu']
In [79]: pytz.country_timezones['us']
Out[79]: ['America/New_York',
          'America/Detroit',
          'America/Kentucky/Louisville',
          'America/Kentucky/Monticello',
          'America/Indiana/Indianapolis',
          'America/Indiana/Vincennes',
```

'Pacific/Pitcairn',

```
'America/Indiana/Winamac',
          'America/Indiana/Marengo',
          'America/Indiana/Petersburg',
          'America/Indiana/Vevay',
          'America/Chicago',
          'America/Indiana/Tell_City',
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          'America/Sitka',
          'America/Metlakatla',
          'America/Yakutat',
          'America/Nome',
          'America/Adak',
          'Pacific/Honolulu']
In [80]: pytz.country_timezones['ca'] # Canada
Out[80]: ['America/St_Johns',
          'America/Halifax',
          'America/Glace_Bay',
          'America/Moncton',
          'America/Goose_Bay',
          'America/Blanc-Sablon',
          'America/Toronto',
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'America/Whitehorse',
'America/Dawson']
```

Code Challenge:

Challenge Task 1 of 2

starter is a naive datetime. Use pytz to make it a "US/Pacific" datetime instead and assign this converted datetime to the variable local.

```
In [81]: import datetime

fmt = '%m-%d %H:%M %Z%z'
    starter = datetime.datetime(2015, 10, 21, 4, 29)

local = pytz.timezone('US/Pacific').localize(starter)
    local

Out[81]: datetime.datetime(2015, 10, 21, 4, 29, tzinfo=<DstTzInfo 'US/Pacific' PDT-1 day, 17:00

Challenge Task 2 of 2
    Now create a variable named pytz_string by using strftime with the local datetime. Use the fmt string for the formatting.</pre>
```

7 Timezonapalooza

Timezone script homework * User provides a date and time and script spits out that date time in 6 other timezones.

```
pytz.timezone('Asia/Hong_Kong'),
   pytz.timezone('Pacific/Honolulu')
]
fmt = '\%Y - \%m - \%d \%H : \%M \%Z\%z'
while True:
    date_input = input('When is your meeting? Please use MM/DD/YYYY HH:MM format. ')
    try:
        local_date = datetime.strptime(date_input, '%m/%d/%Y %H:%M')
    except ValueError:
        print("{} doesn't appear to be a valid date & time.".format(date_input))
    else:
        local_date = pytz.timezone('US/Pacific').localize(local_date)
        utc_date = local_date.astimezone(pytz.utc)
        output = []
        for timezone in OTHER_TIMEZONES:
            output.append(utc_date.astimezone(timezone))
        for appointment in output:
            print(appointment.strftime(fmt))
        break
```

Code Challenge:

Challenge Task 1 of 1

Create a function named to_timezone that takes a timezone name as a string. Convert starter to that timezone using pytz's timezones and return the new datetime.

```
In []: import datetime
    import pytz

starter = pytz.utc.localize(datetime.datetime(2015, 10, 21, 23, 29))

def to_timezone(tz_str):
    return starter.astimezone(pytz.timezone(tz_str))
```