Python_Input_Output_from_files

February 15, 2018

1 Writing to Files

- open(filename, mode="r") opens a file. More info in the docs.
- By default open without arguments opens a file for reading
- file.write("hello world") would write "hello world" to whatever file the file variable points at.
- file.close() closes the pointer to the file file.
- The two most common modes or flags for writing are "w", for truncating and then writing, and "a" for appending to the file.

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The context manager pattern for dealing with files is:
   with open("my_file.txt", "a") as file:
      file.write("Hello world")

In [4]: # remember_basic.py

   def rememberer(thing):
        with open('database.txt', 'a') as file:
            file.write(thing+'\n')

   if __name__ == '__main__':
        rememberer(input("What should I remember? "))

What should I remember? Milk
```

2 Reading from Files

- open(filename, mode="r") opens a file. More info in the docs.
- file.read(bytes=-1) would read the entire contents of the file. You can control the number of bytes read by passing in an integer. Relatedly, file.seek() will move the read/write pointer to another part of the file.
- file.readlines() reads the entire file into a list, with each line as a list item.

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The context manager pattern for dealing with files is: with open("my_file.txt", "r") as file: file.read(10)
For more about sys.argv, check out the docs.
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In [19]: # remember_sys.py
         import sys
         def show():
             with open('database.txt') as file:
                 for line in file:
                     print(line)
         def rememberer(thing):
             with open('database.txt', 'a') as file:
                 file.write(thing+'\n')
         if __name__ == '__main__':
             if sys.argv[1].lower() == '--list':
                 show()
             else:
                 rememberer(' '.join(sys.argv[1:]))
   Running remember_sys.py in Terminal with an argument: * Apple will be added to
database.txt
In [31]: ! python remember_sys.py Apple
   --list argument shows the contents of database.txt:
In [32]: ! python remember_sys.py --list
Tree juice
Milk
Juice
Apple
Apple
   Command Line Example:
In [34]: file = open('database.txt')
         file.read(10) # reading 10 bytes
Out[34]: 'Tree juice'
   Read the rest of the file
In [35]: file.read()
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Out[35]: '\nMilk\nJuice\nApple\n'
   Reset read/write pointer to the beginning of the file
In [36]: file.seek(0)
Out[36]: 0
   Save each line in a file to a list like object
In [37]: lines = file.readlines()
         len(lines) # How many lines do we have?
Out[37]: 5
   Iterate through the list of lines in text file
In [38]: for line in lines:
             print(line[::-1])
eciuj eerT
kliM
eciuJ
elppA
elppA
In [4]: import datetime
        datetime.datetime.now()
Out[4]: datetime.datetime(2017, 9, 19, 17, 50, 56, 187514)
```