

# p0407r0 - Allocator-aware `basic_stringbuf`

Peter Sommerlad

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## 1 History

Streams have been the oldest part of the C++ standard library and their specification doesn't take into account many things introduced since C++11. One of the oversights is that allocator support is only available through a template parameter but not really encouraged or allowed on a per-object basis. The second issue that there is no non-copying access to the internal buffer of a `basic_stringbuf` which makes at least the obtaining of the output results from an `ostream` inefficient, because a copy is always made. There will be a second paper on the efficient internal buffer access.

### 1.1 n3172

In Batavia 2010 n3172 was discussed and the issue LWG 2429 was closed with NAD but including an encouraging note that n3172 was just not enough (retrospectively this was due to the rush to get C++11 done). And there was not yet the allocator infrastructure in place that we aim for with C++17.

## 2 Introduction

This paper proposes one adjustment to `basic_stringbuf` and the corresponding stream class templates to enable the actual use of allocators. It follows the direction of what `basic_string` provides and thus allows implementations who actually use `basic_string` as the internal buffer for `basic_stringbuf` to directly map the allocator to the underlying `basic_string`.

### 3 Acknowledgements

- Thanks go to Pablo Halpern who originally started this and Daniel Krügler who pointed this out to me and told me to split the two issues into two independent papers.

### 4 Motivation

With the introduction of more useful allocator API in the recent editions of the standard including the planned C++17, it is more desirable to have the library classes that allocate and release memory to employ that infrastructure, e.g., to provide thread-specific allocation that can work without employing mutual exclusion. Unfortunately streams based on strings do not take allocator object arguments, whereas they already have the corresponding template parameter. This seems to be an easy to provide extension that almost looks overlooked by previous allocator-specific adaptations of the standard's text.

### 5 Impact on the Standard

This is an extension to the constructor API of `basic_stringbuf`, `basic_stringstream`, `basic_istringstream`, and `basic_ostringstream` class templates to follow the constructors taking allocators from `basic_string`. Because each constructor is extended with a parameter as the last one and this parameter is provided with a default argument there should be minimal impact on existing client code. Regular usage should be completely unaffected.

### 6 Design Decisions

#### 6.1 General Principles

Allocator support in the standard library is lacking for string-based streams and seems to be addable in a straightforward way, because all class templates already take it as template parameter.

#### 6.2 Open Issues to be Discussed by LEWG / LWG

- Do we need to say something about the effect of assignment and swap on the allocator?
- Are there other functions with respect to string streams that would require an allocator parameter? I do not think so.

## 7 Technical Specifications

### 7.1 27.8.2 Adjust synopsis of `basic_stringbuf` [`stringbuf`]

Change each of the non-moving, non-deleted constructors to add a const-ref `Allocator` parameter as last parameter with a default constructed `Allocator` as default argument.

```
explicit basic_stringbuf(
    ios_base::openmode which = ios_base::in | ios_base::out,
    const Allocator &a=Allocator());

explicit basic_stringbuf(
    const basic_string<charT, traits, Allocator>& str,
    ios_base::openmode which = ios_base::in | ios_base::out,
    const Allocator &a=Allocator());
```

*Append a paragraph p3 to the text following the synopsis:*

- <sup>1</sup> In every specialization `basic_stringbuf<charT, traits, Allocator>`, the type `allocator_traits<Allocator>::value_type` shall name the same type as `charT`. Every object of type `basic_stringbuf<charT, traits, Allocator>` shall use an object of type `Allocator` to allocate and free storage for the internal buffer of `charT` objects as needed. The `Allocator` object used shall be obtained as described in 23.2.1 [container.requirements.general]. [*Note: Implementations using `basic_string` internally, will simply pass the allocator parameter to the corresponding `basic_string` constructors. — end note*]

#### 7.1.1 27.8.2.1 `basic_stringbuf` constructors [`stringbuf.cons`]

Adjust the constructor specifications taking the additional `Allocator` parameter, no further explanation required:

```
explicit basic_stringbuf(
    ios_base::openmode which = ios_base::in | ios_base::out,
    const Allocator &a=Allocator());
    and

explicit basic_stringbuf(
    const basic_string<charT, traits, Allocator>& s,
    ios_base::openmode which = ios_base::in | ios_base::out,
    const Allocator &a=Allocator());
```

### 7.2 27.8.3 Adjust synopsis of `basic_istream` [`istream`]

Change each of the non-move, non-deleted constructors to add a const-ref `Allocator` parameter as last parameter with a default constructed `Allocator` as default argu-

ment.

```
explicit basic_istream(
    ios_base::openmode which = ios_base::in,
    const Allocator &a=Allocator());
explicit basic_istream(
    const basic_string<charT, traits, Allocator>& str,
    ios_base::openmode which = ios_base::in,
    const Allocator &a=Allocator());
```

*Append a paragraph p2 to the text following the synopsis:*

- <sup>1</sup> In every specialization `basic_istream<charT, traits, Allocator>`, the type `allocator_traits<Allocator>::value_type` shall name the same type as `charT`. Every object of type `basic_istream<charT, traits, Allocator>` shall use an object of type `Allocator` to allocate and free storage for the internal buffer of `charT` objects as needed. The `Allocator` object used shall be obtained as described in 23.2.1 [container.requirements.general]. [Note: Implementations using `basic_string` internally, will simply pass the allocator parameter to the corresponding `basic_string` constructors. — end note]

### 7.2.1 27.8.3.1 basic\_istream constructors [istream.cons]

Adjust the constructor specifications taking the additional `Allocator` parameter and adjust the delegation to `basic_stringbuf` constructors in the Effects clauses in p1 and p2 to pass on the given allocator object.

```
explicit basic_istream(ios_base::openmode which = ios_base::in,
    const Allocator &a=Allocator());
```

- <sup>1</sup> *Effects:* Constructs an object of class `basic_istream<charT, traits>`, initializing the base class with `basic_istream(&sb)` and initializing `sb` with `basic_stringbuf<charT, traits, Allocator>(which | ios_base::in, a)` (27.8.2.1).

```
explicit basic_istream(
    const basic_string<charT, traits, Allocator>& str,
    ios_base::openmode which = ios_base::in,
    const Allocator &a=Allocator());
```

- <sup>2</sup> *Effects:* Constructs an object of class `basic_istream<charT, traits>`, initializing the base class with `basic_istream(&sb)` and initializing `sb` with `basic_stringbuf<charT, traits, Allocator>(str, which | ios_base::in, a)` (27.8.2.1).

### 7.3 27.8.4 Adjust synopsis of basic\_ostringstream [ostringstream]

Change each of the non-move, non-deleted constructors to add a const-ref `Allocator` parameter as last parameter with a default constructed `Allocator` as default argument.

```
explicit basic_ostringstream(
    ios_base::openmode which = ios_base::out,
    const Allocator &a=Allocator());
explicit basic_ostringstream(
    const basic_string<charT, traits, Allocator>& str,
    ios_base::openmode which = ios_base::out,
    const Allocator &a=Allocator());
```

*Append a paragraph p2 to the text following the synopsis:*

- 1 In every specialization `basic_ostringstream<charT, traits, Allocator>`, the type `allocator_traits<Allocator>::value_type` shall name the same type as `charT`. Every object of type `basic_ostringstream<charT, traits, Allocator>` shall use an object of type `Allocator` to allocate and free storage for the internal buffer of `charT` objects as needed. The `Allocator` object used shall be obtained as described in 23.2.1 [container.requirements.general]. [Note: Implementations using `basic_string` internally, will simply pass the allocator parameter to the corresponding `basic_string` constructors. — end note]

#### 7.3.1 27.8.4.1 basic\_ostringstream constructors [ostringstream.cons]

Adjust the constructor specifications taking the additional `Allocator` parameter and adjust the delegation to `basic_stringbuf` constructors in the Effects clauses in p1 and p2 to pass on the given allocator object.

```
explicit basic_ostringstream(
    ios_base::openmode which = ios_base::out,
    const Allocator &a=Allocator());
```

- 1 *Effects:* Constructs an object of class `basic_ostringstream`, initializing the base class with `basic_ostream(&sb)` and initializing `sb` with `basic_stringbuf<charT, traits, Allocator>(which | ios_base::out, a)` (27.8.2.1).

```
explicit basic_ostringstream(
    const basic_string<charT, traits, Allocator>& str,
    ios_base::openmode which = ios_base::out,
    const Allocator &a=Allocator());
```

- 2 *Effects:* Constructs an object of class `basic_ostringstream<charT, traits>`, initializing the base class with `basic_ostream(&sb)` and initializing `sb` with `basic_stringbuf<charT, traits, Allocator>(str, which | ios_base::out, a)` (27.8.2.1).

## 7.4 27.8.5 Adjust synopsis of basic\_stringstream [stringstream]

Change each of the non-move, non-deleted constructors to add a const-ref `Allocator` parameter as last parameter with a default constructed `Allocator` as default argument.

```
explicit basic_stringstream(
    ios_base::openmode which = ios_base::out | ios_base::in,
    const Allocator &a=Allocator());
explicit basic_ostringstream(
    const basic_string<charT, traits, Allocator>& str,
    ios_base::openmode which = ios_base::out | ios_base::in,
    const Allocator &a=Allocator());
```

*Append a paragraph p2 to the text following the synopsis:*

- 1 In every specialization `basic_stringstream<charT, traits, Allocator>`, the type `allocator_traits<Allocator>::value_type` shall name the same type as `charT`. Every object of type `basic_stringstream<charT, traits, Allocator>` shall use an object of type `Allocator` to allocate and free storage for the internal buffer of `charT` objects as needed. The `Allocator` object used shall be obtained as described in 23.2.1 [container.requirements.general]. [Note: Implementations using `basic_string` internally, will simply pass the allocator parameter to the corresponding `basic_string` constructors. — end note]

### 7.4.1 27.8.5.1 basic\_stringstream constructors [stringstream.cons]

Adjust the constructor specifications taking the additional `Allocator` parameter and adjust the delegation to `basic_stringbuf` constructors in the Effects clauses in p1 and p2 to pass on the given allocator object.

```
explicit basic_stringstream(
    ios_base::openmode which = ios_base::out | ios_base::in,
    const Allocator &a=Allocator());
```

- 1 *Effects:* Constructs an object of class `basic_stringstream<charT, traits>`, initializing the base class with `basic_istream(&sb)` and initializing `sb` with `basic_stringbuf<charT, traits, Allocator>(which, a)`.

```
explicit basic_stringstream(
    const basic_string<charT, traits, Allocator>& str,
    ios_base::openmode which = ios_base::out | ios_base::in,
    const Allocator &a=Allocator());
```

- 2 *Effects:* Constructs an object of class `basic_stringstream<charT, traits>`, initializing the base class with `basic_istream(&sb)` and initializing `sb` with `basic_stringbuf<charT, traits, Allocator>(str, which, a)`.

## **8 Appendix: Example Implementations**

An implementation of the additional constructor parameter was done by the author in the `<sstream>` header of gcc 6.1. It seems trivial, since all significant relevant usage is within `basic_string`.