

LEC-3: Multi-Tasking vs Multi-Threading



Program: A Program is an executable file which contains a certain set of instructions written to complete the specific job or operation on your computer.

- It's a compiled code. Ready to be executed.
- Stored in Disk

Process: Program under execution. Resides in Computer's primary memory (RAM).

Thread:

- Single sequence stream within a process.
- An independent path of execution in a process.
- Light-weight process.
- Used to achieve parallelism by dividing a process's tasks which are independent path of execution.
- E.g., Multiple tabs in a browser, text editor (When you are typing in an editor, spell-checking, formatting of text and saving the text are done concurrently by multiple threads.)

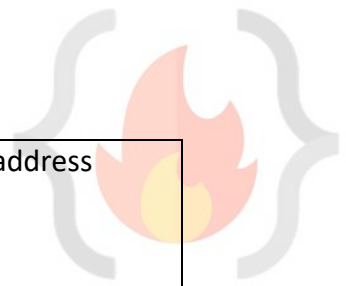
Multi-Tasking	Multi-Threading
The execution of more than one task simultaneously is called as multitasking.	A process is divided into several different sub-tasks called as threads, which has its own path of execution. This concept is called as multithreading.
Concept of more than 1 processes being context switched.	Concept of more than 1 thread. Threads are context switched.
No. of CPU 1.	No. of CPU ≥ 1 . (Better to have more than 1)
Isolation and memory protection exists. OS must allocate separate memory and resources to each program that CPU is executing.	No isolation and memory protection , resources are shared among threads of that process. OS allocates memory to a process; multiple threads of that process share the same memory and resources allocated to the process.

Thread Scheduling:

Threads are scheduled for execution based on their priority. Even though threads are executing within the runtime, all threads are assigned processor time slices by the operating system.

Difference between Thread Context Switching and Process Context Switching:

Thread Context switching	Process context switching
OS saves current state of thread & switches to another thread of same process.	OS saves current state of process & switches to another process by restoring its state.



Doesn't includes switching of memory address space. (But Program counter, registers & stack are included.)	Includes switching of memory address space.
Fast switching.	Slow switching.
CPU's cache state is preserved.	CPU's cache state is flushed.

CodeHelp