

# Machine Learning

## Assignment-2

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$$\ln p(t, x, w, \beta) = -\frac{\beta}{2} \sum_{i=1}^N [y(x_i, w) - t_i]^2 + \frac{N}{2} \ln \beta - \frac{N}{2} \ln 2\pi$$

Differentiating wrt  $w$ .

$$y = w_1 x + w_0$$

i) Differentiate wrt  $w_0$  & equating it to 0.

$$\Rightarrow -\frac{\beta}{2} \times 2 \sum_{i=1}^N [y(x_i, w) - t_i] = -\beta \sum_{i=1}^N [w_1 x_i + w_0 - t_i]$$

Given  $\beta = 1$ ,

$$\sum_{i=1}^N w_1 x_i + \sum_{i=1}^N w_0 - \sum_{i=1}^N t_i = 0$$

$$w_1 \sum_{i=1}^N x_i + \sum_{i=1}^N w_0 - \sum_{i=1}^N t_i = 0 \rightarrow (1)$$

ii) Differentiate wrt  $w_1$  & equating to 0

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^N [y(x_i, w) - t_i] x_i = 0$$

$$\Rightarrow \sum_{i=1}^N [w_1 x_i^2 + w_0 x_i - t_i x_i] = 0 \rightarrow (2)$$

$$\text{Let } \sum_{i=1}^N x_i = A, \sum_{i=1}^N t_i = B, \sum_{i=1}^N x_i^2 = C, \sum_{i=1}^N t_i x_i = D$$

from ① & ②

principle of minimum

$$w_1 A + w_0 N - B = 0 \rightarrow (3) \times A$$

$$w_1 C + w_0 A - D = 0 \rightarrow (4) \times N$$

$$w_1 A^2 + w_0 AN - AB = 0$$

$$w_1 CN + w_0 AN - DN = 0$$

$$w_1 (A^2 - CN) = BA - DN$$

$$w_1 = \frac{BA - DN}{A^2 - CN}$$

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from (4)

$$w_0 = \frac{D - w_1 C}{N}$$

$$0 = \frac{1}{1-j} - \frac{j\omega}{1-j} + \frac{j\omega}{1-j}$$

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0 at frequency 3 in the denominator (1)

$$0 = \frac{1}{1-j} - \frac{j\omega}{1-j} + \frac{j\omega}{1-j}$$

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