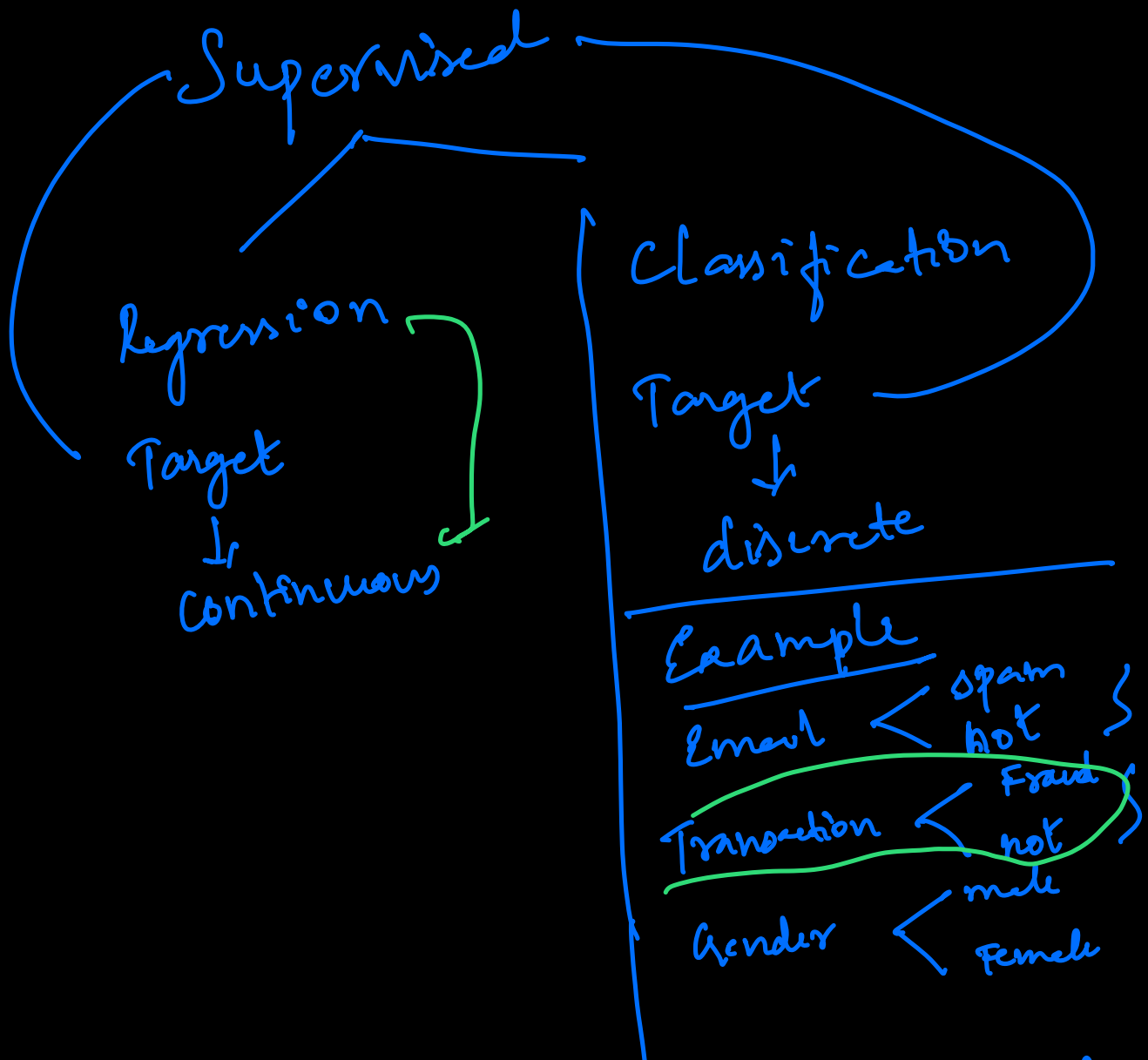
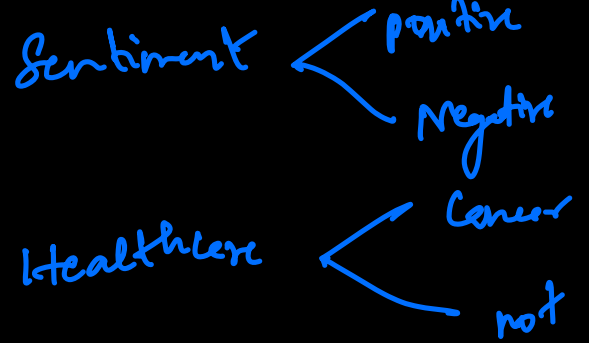


So Far

1. Linear Regression
 2. Polynomial Regression
 3. Ridge
 4. Lasso
 5. Elastic Net
- Supervised
- Regression \rightarrow Conti



Binary, Multi label Classification



Logistic

Regression

↳ misleading

linear regression

Continuous outcome = $\beta_0 + \beta_1 x + \dots + \epsilon$

range = $(-\infty, +\infty)$

$0 \leq >$

How? probability
0-1

range $(0, 1)$

logistic regression

$(0, 0.1, 0.2, \dots, 1)$
 $0-0.5, 0.5-1$
 $\downarrow \quad \downarrow$
 $(0 \quad 1)$

0.2

0.8

$$y = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x$$

Linear Regression

$$p = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(\beta_0 + \beta_1 x)}}$$

Logistic Regression

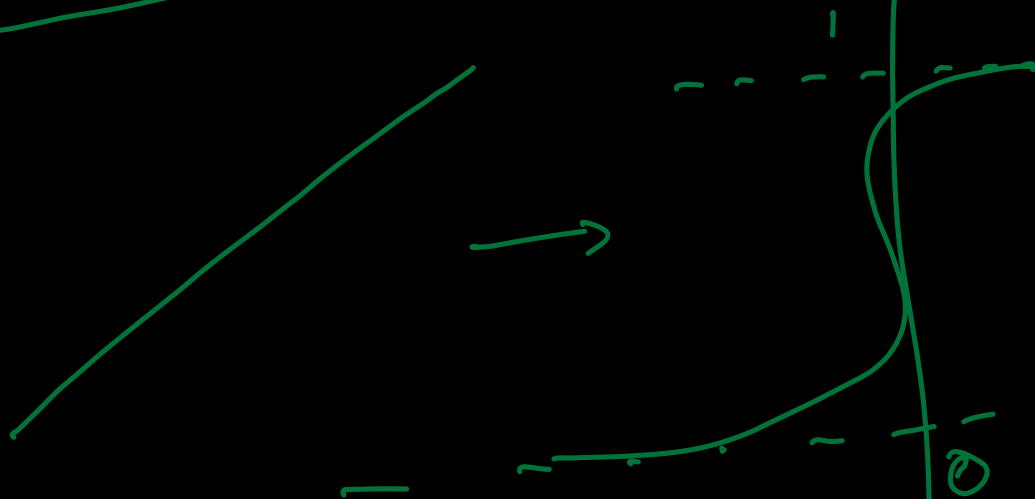
1. Input = $(-\infty, +\infty)$

2. $(0, \infty)$ $e^{\dots} = \dots$
 exponential $\longleftrightarrow (0, \infty)$

3. $(0, \infty)$
 $(0, 1)$
 $p = 561$
 $\frac{p}{p+1}$
 $= \frac{561}{561+1}$
 $(0, 1)$

Sigmoid function

$$p = \frac{1}{1 + e^{-(\beta_0 + \beta_1 x)}}$$



* p

$$1 - p = q$$

Odds

$$\rightarrow \frac{p}{1-p}$$

India vs Pakistan
100 → 80, 20

$$\frac{80}{20} = 4$$

$$\frac{p}{1-p}$$

range
(0, ∞)

$p =$

$$\frac{\frac{1}{1 + e^{-y}}}{1 - \frac{1}{1 + e^{-y}}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-y}}$$

$$\frac{\cancel{1 + e^{-y}} - \cancel{1}}{1 + e^{-y}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{\cancel{1 + e^{-y}}} \times \frac{\cancel{1 + e^{-y}}}{e^{-y}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{e^{-y}}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{p}{1-p} = \frac{e^y}{1}} \quad (0, \infty)$$

Odds

apply log on each side

$$\boxed{\log\left(\frac{p}{1-p}\right) = y}$$

exp \Rightarrow Anti
log

$$\boxed{\log\left(\frac{p}{1-p}\right) = \beta_0 + \beta_1 x}$$

$$\frac{1}{1 + e^{-y}}$$

\downarrow
 $\frac{\log \text{ odds}}{\text{logit}} = \text{linear regression}$
 $(-\infty, +\infty)$

$p = \text{probability} \rightarrow (1, 0)$
 $\frac{p}{1-p} = \text{odds} \rightarrow (0, \infty)$

$\log\left(\frac{p}{1-p}\right) = \text{logits or log-odds} \rightarrow (-\infty, +\infty)$

$$\boxed{\log\left(\frac{p}{1-p}\right) = y}$$

apply exp on both

$$\frac{p}{1-p} = e^y$$

$$p = (1-p) e^y$$

$$p = e^y - p e^y$$

$$p + p e^y = e^y$$

$$p(1 + e^y) = e^y$$

$$p = \frac{e^y}{1 + e^y}$$

$\div e^y$ on num
denom

$$p = \frac{\frac{e^y}{e^y}}{\frac{1 + e^y}{e^y}}$$

$$= \frac{1}{1 + e^{-y}}$$

$$\boxed{\frac{1}{1 + e^{-y}}}$$

Sigmoid function

Logistic

Regression

Classification

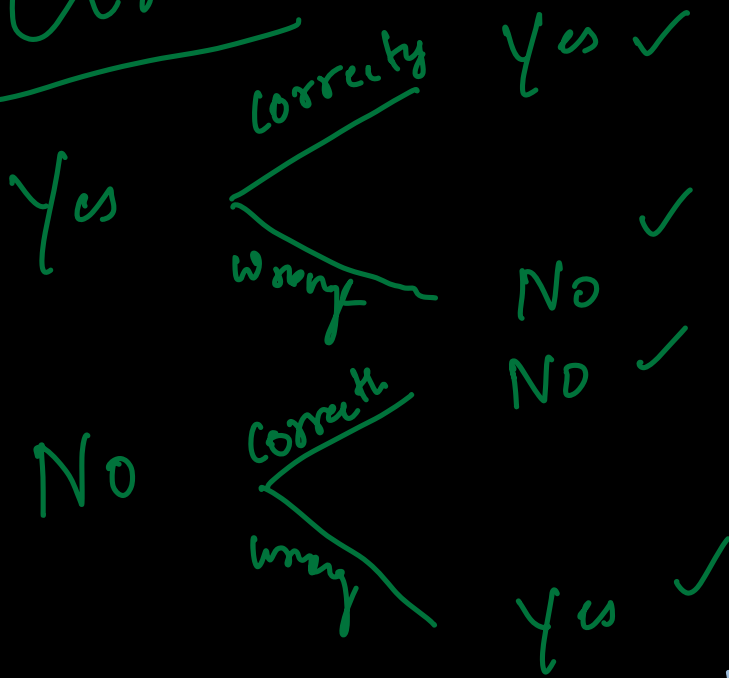
=

$$\frac{1}{1 + e^{-x}}$$

— (Linear Regression)

\nearrow

Metrics



	Prediction	class
	<u>Yes</u>	<u>No</u>

<u>Yes</u>	✓	✗
------------	---	---

Actual
class

<u>No</u>	✗	✓
-----------	---	---

		Prediction		class	
		Yes	No	✓ Positive	✓ Negative
Actual class	Positive ✓ Yes	✓ Truly Predicting as positive	X Falsely Predicting as Negative ✓		wrongly Predicting as NO-
	Negative No	X Falsely Predicting as positive wrongly predicting as 'Yes'	✓ Truly Predicting as Negative		

		Predicting		Class-
		Yes	No	
Actual class	Yes	TP	FN	
	No	FP	TN	

Confusion Matrix

		Predicting Class	
		Yes	No
Actual class	Yes	TP ✓ — ✓	FN —
	No	FP	TN ✓ — ✓

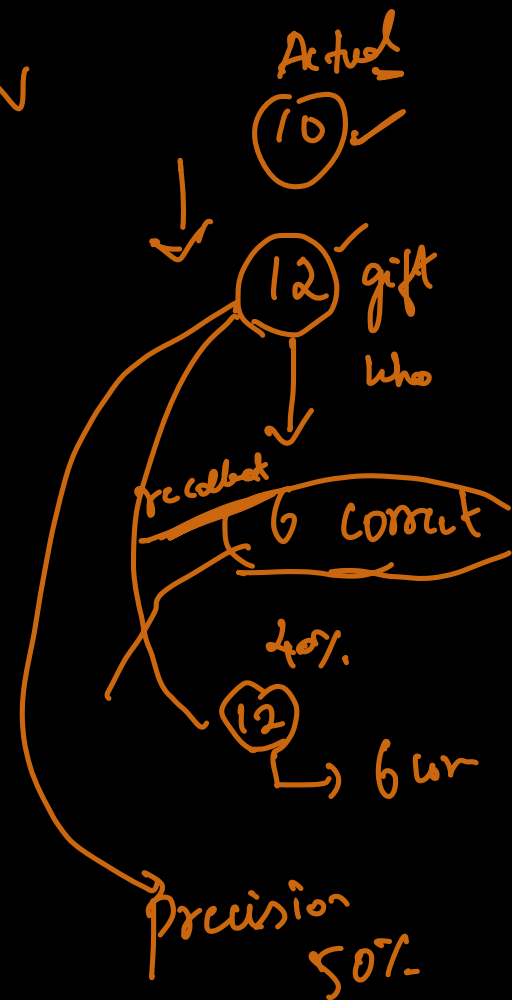
Actual Whole Positive — Recall (Corr) — Sensitivity
 Actual whole Negative — Specificity
 Predicted whole positive Precision
 Predicted whole Negative

$$\text{Accuracy} = \frac{TP + TN}{TP + TN + FP + FN}$$

Recall = Based on actual data

$$\left. \begin{array}{l} \text{True positive rate} \\ \text{True Negative rate} \end{array} \right\} = \frac{TP}{TP + FN}$$

On your Actual data
How much you recalled correctly



Precision = Based on Predicted data

$$= \frac{TP}{TP + FP}$$

10,000 — 9990 → Non Cancer ✓
 10 → Cancer ✓ } Training

10,000 → Non Cancer } Model Prediction
 Accuracy of this model
 99.9% ✓
 ↳ Too good

→ Worst

Threatning → Murders
 10 people

Precision ✓

		Predicting		
		Yes	No	
Actual	Yes	1	9	10
	No	0	9,990	9,990
		1	9,999	10,000

$$Acc = \frac{0 + 9,990}{0 + 9,990 + 10 + 0} = \frac{9,990}{10,000}$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{99.9\%} \checkmark$$

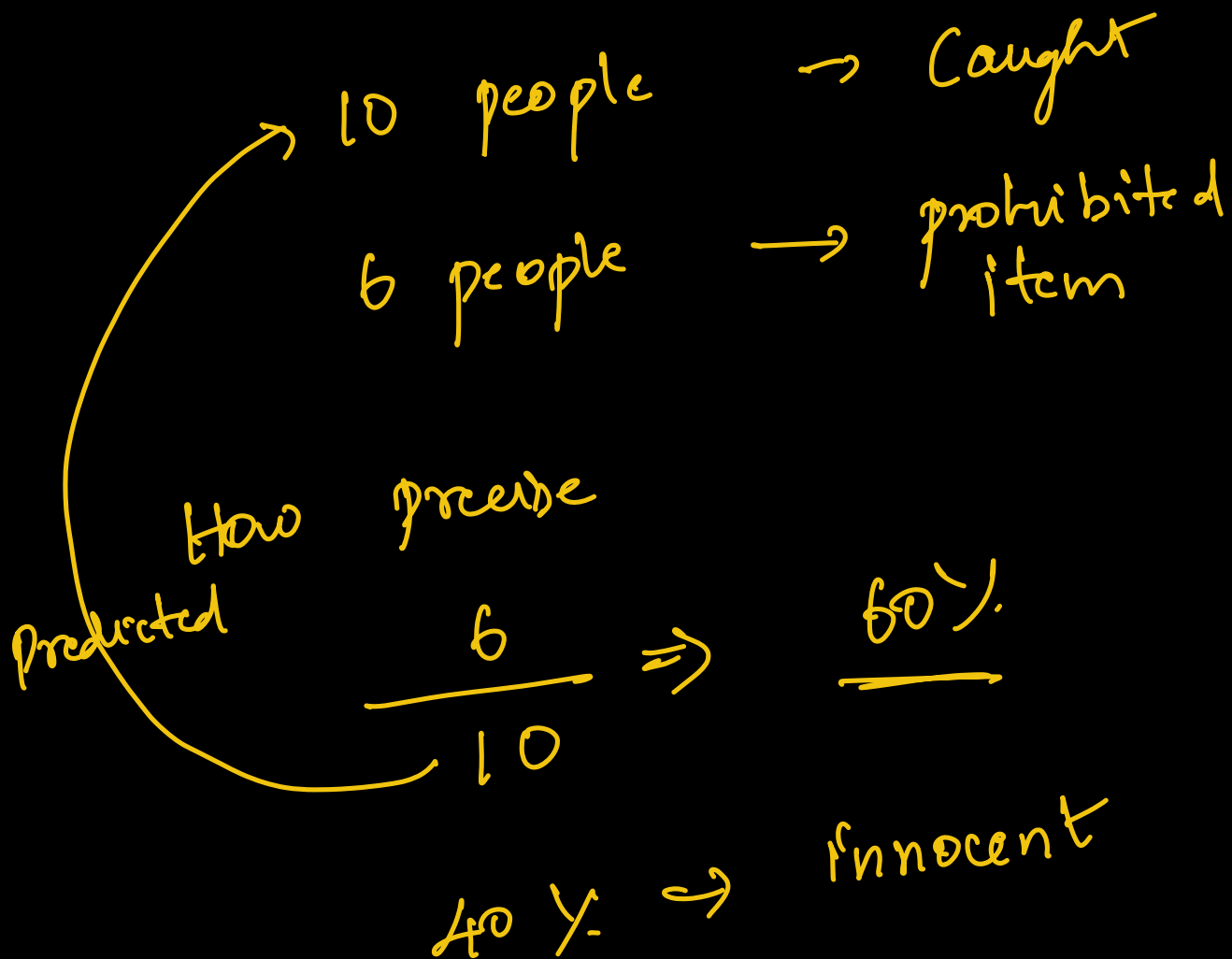
$$Precision = \frac{1}{1 + 0} = 1.00\%$$

$$Recall = \frac{1}{1 + 9} = \frac{1}{10} = 0.1$$

$$= 10\%$$

Security

On a day



20 people have prohibited actual

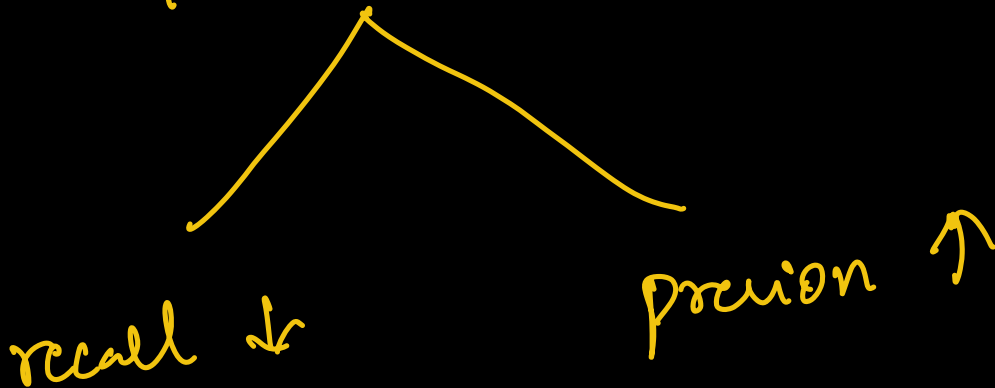
$\frac{6}{20} = 30\%$ recall

Stop everyone



Trade off

Stop very very sure



Model Screens for a Cancer

High Recall Priority (Don't miss the cancer patient)

Some healthy patient will be told to do more test

But you catch almost everyone who actually have cancer

High Precision Priority (Don't scare healthy people)

Only flag patients where I have more confident

Fewer healthy people get worried unnecessarily

But you might miss - some early stage cancer people

Imagine 1000 emails

700 → legitimate

300 → spam

Scenario A (Catch all spam)

TP = 300

TPR = 100%

FP = 100 ✓

$\frac{600^{TN}}{700} =$

~~0%~~ TNR
86%

		Predicted spam	Class NOT spam	
Actual Class	Spam	(300)	0	= 300
	Not spam	100	(600)	700
		400	600	1000

$$\frac{600}{100 + 600} = \frac{600}{700} = 0.85$$

85% TNR

Perfectly catching the Spam
but lost 100 important emails

Scenario B: (Protect
important mails)

$$TN = 690$$

$$TNR = \frac{690}{700} = 98\%$$

$$FP = 10$$

$$TP = 210$$

		Predictor		
		Spam	Not Spam	
Actual	Spam	210	90	300
	Not Spam	10	690	700
		220	780	1000

$$TNR = \frac{690}{690 + 10} = 98\%$$

$$TPR = \frac{210}{300} = 70\%$$

90 mails missed from spam

10 important classified as spam

Metric of Classification :-

1. Confusion matrix ✓
2. Accuracy ✓
3. Recall or Sensitivity ✓
4. Specificity ✓
5. Precision ✓
6. F1-Score } ✓
7. ROC-curve } ✓
8. AUC-ROC }