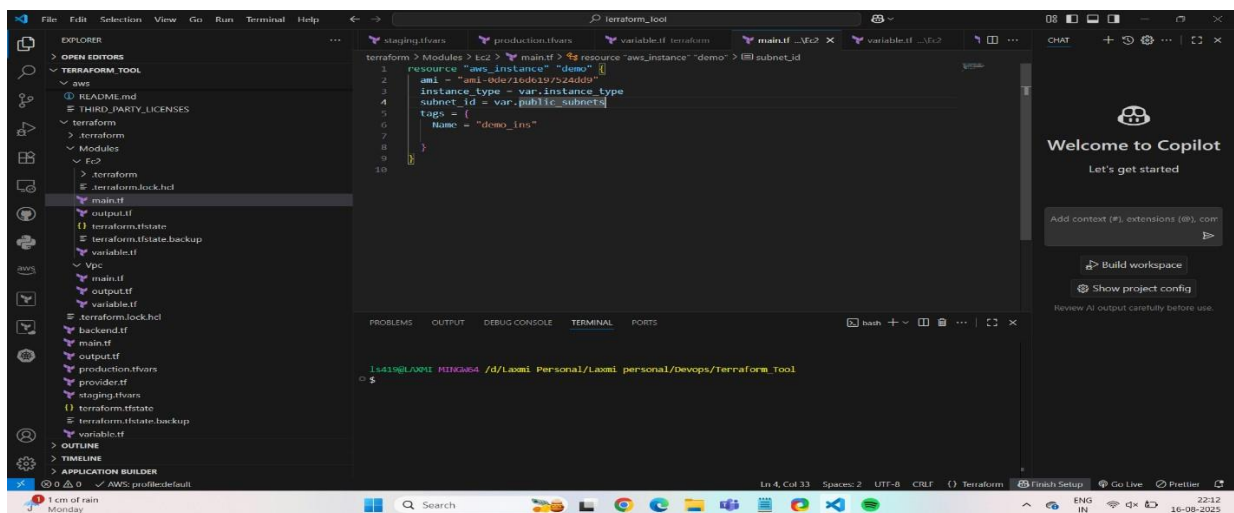


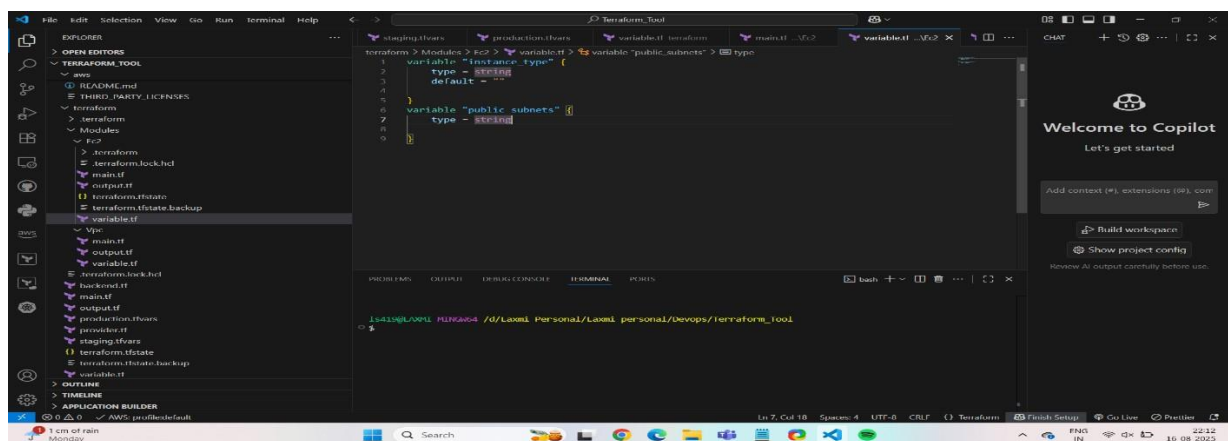
Name :- Laxmi Swami

Topic :- Vpc Connect to Instance using Terraform

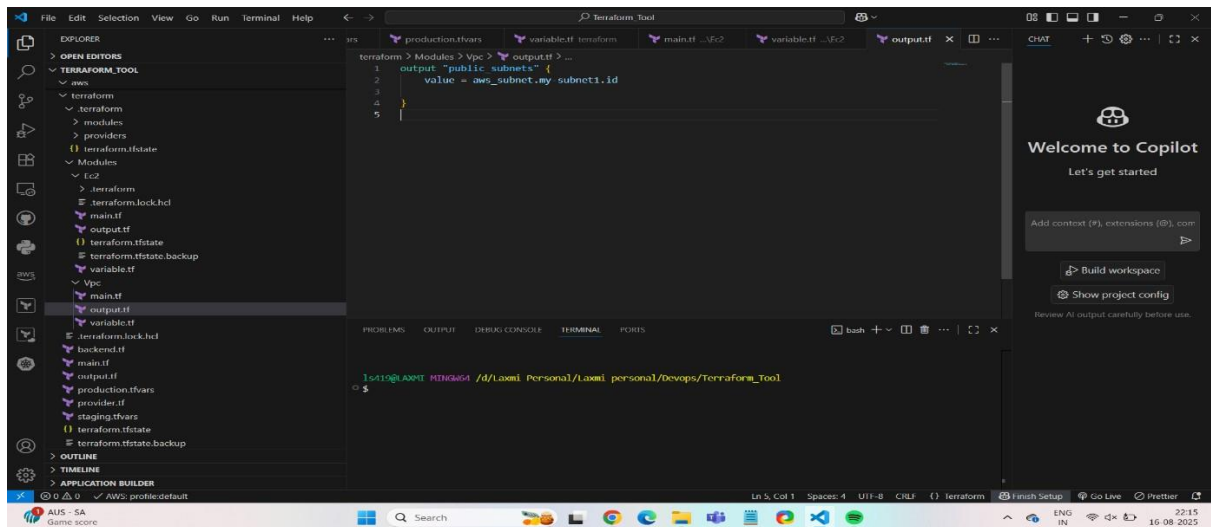
STEP 1 :- If you want to create an ec2 instance using same vpc which you going to create go to ec2>main.tf type **subnet_id = var.public_subnets**



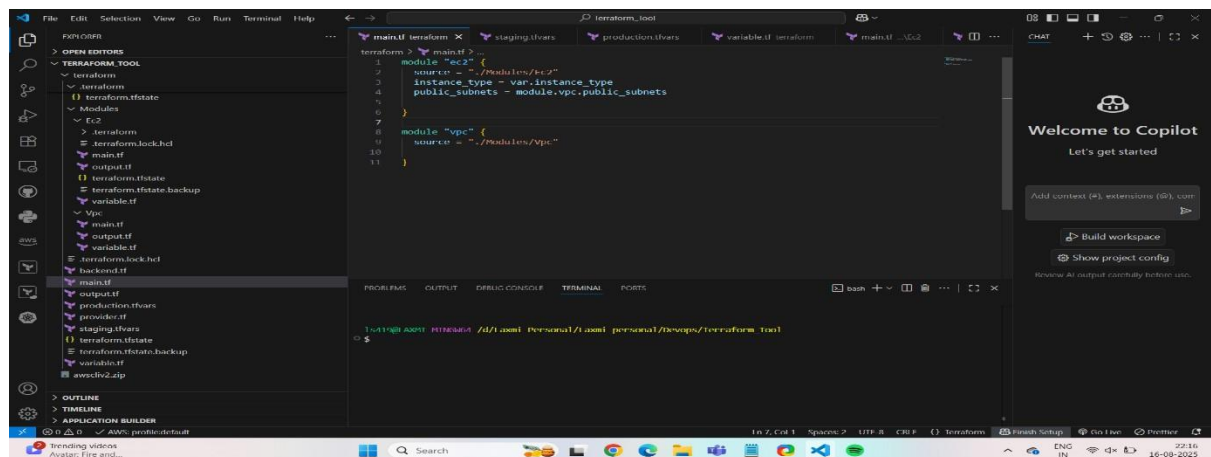
STEP 2 :- Now as we have defined some variable in main.tf we have to define it in ec2>variable.tf folder too. So type below script **variable “public_subnets” {**
Type = string
}



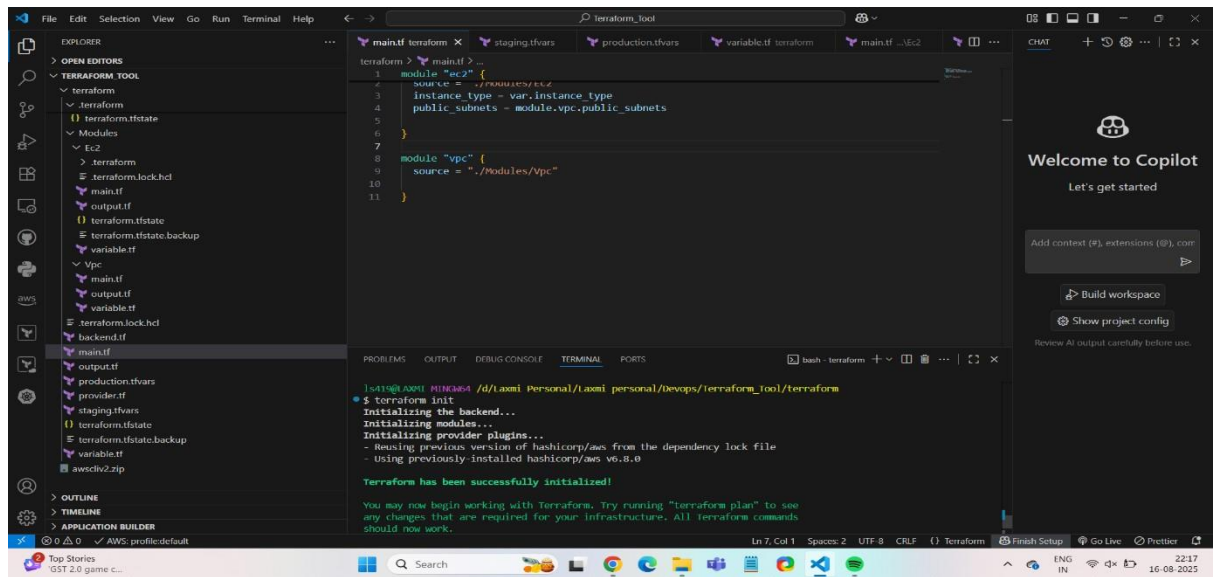
STEP 3 :- Now go to vpc > output.tf and mention the subnet value which we need to attach to our instance. **output “public_subnets” {**
value = aws_subnet.my-subnet1.id
}

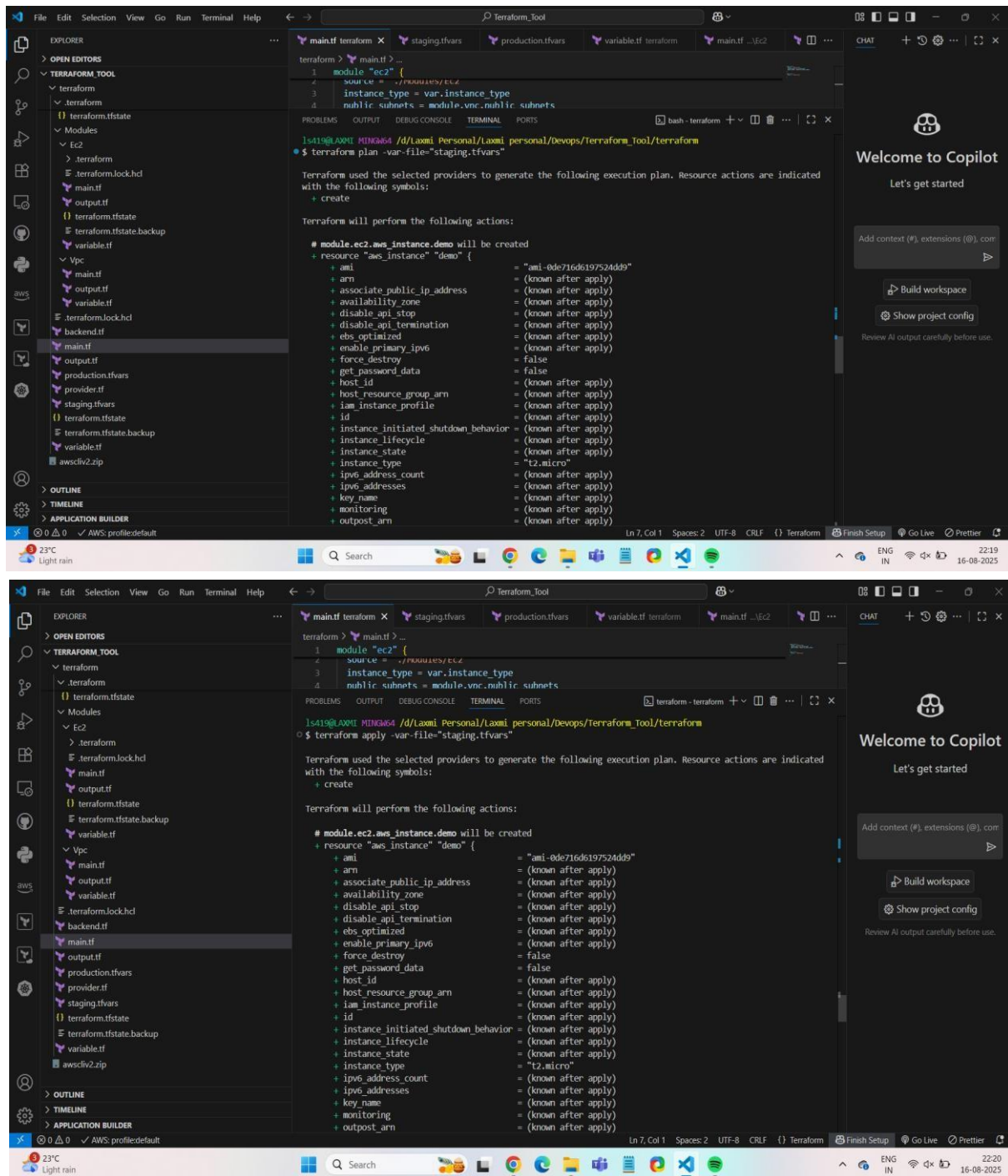


STEP 4 :- Now go to terraform>main.tf and mention subnet type
public_subnets=module.vpc.public_subnets



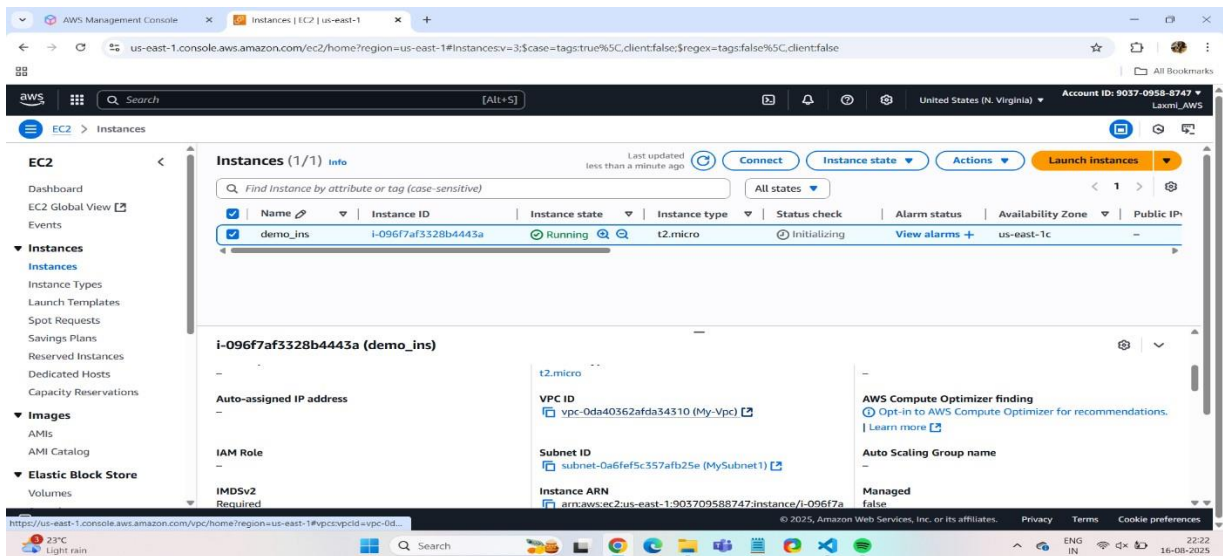
STEP 5 :- Now go to terraform folder and fetch below commands **terraform**
init terraform plan -var-file.=”staging.tfvars” terraform apply -var-
file.=”staging.tfvars”



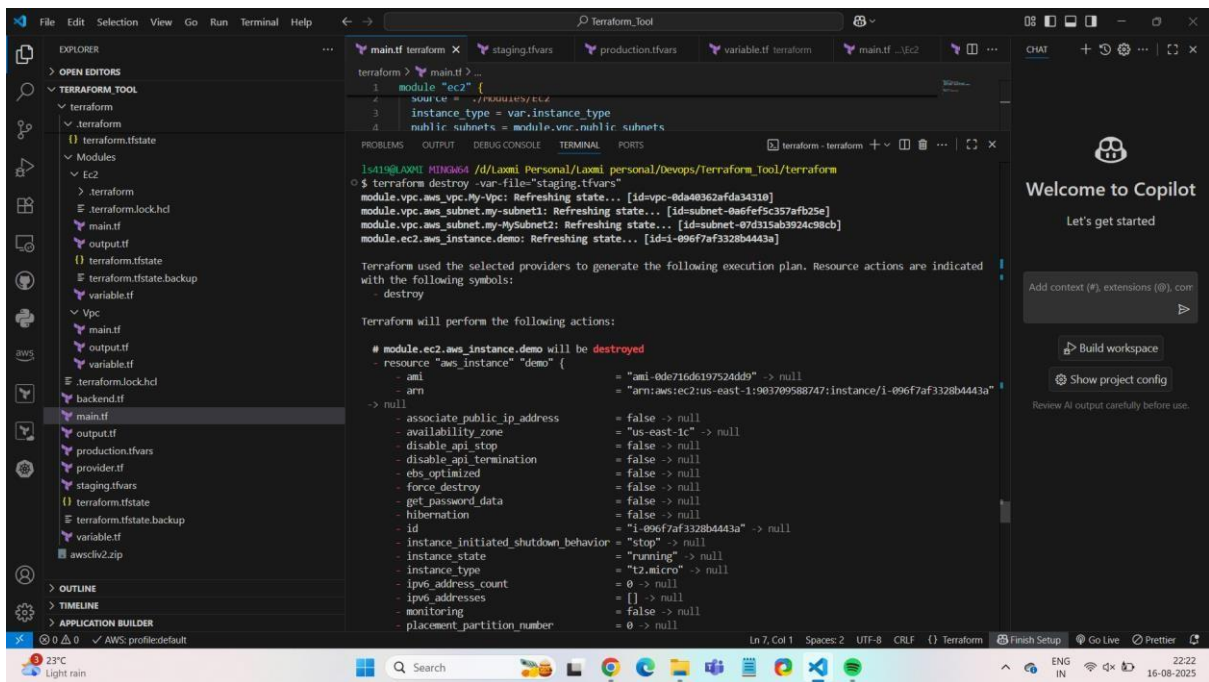


STEP 6 :- Now check the vpc and subnet created in instance type. For that go to networking and see the vpc and subnet same as we mention in our code. Obviously inside s3 bucket terraform-state file will also be modified.

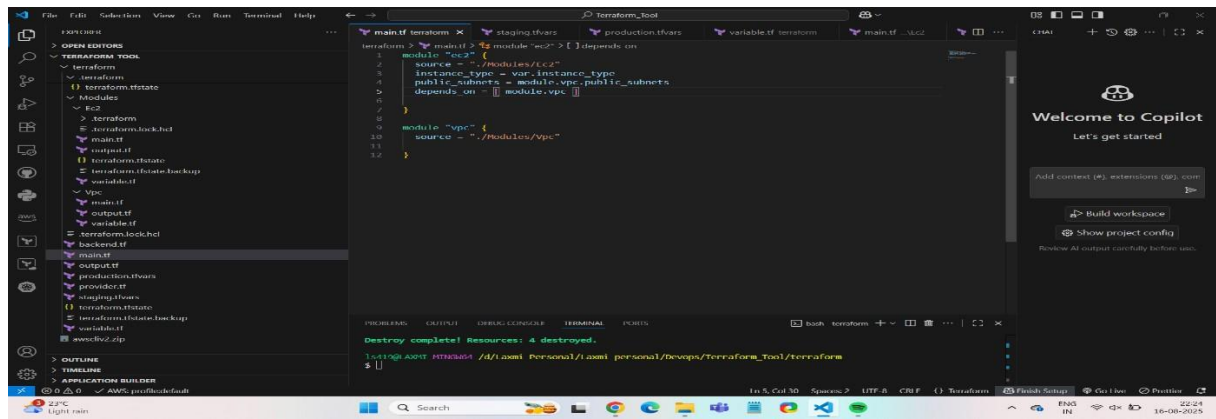
*Note first vpc then subnet and at the end instance will be created.



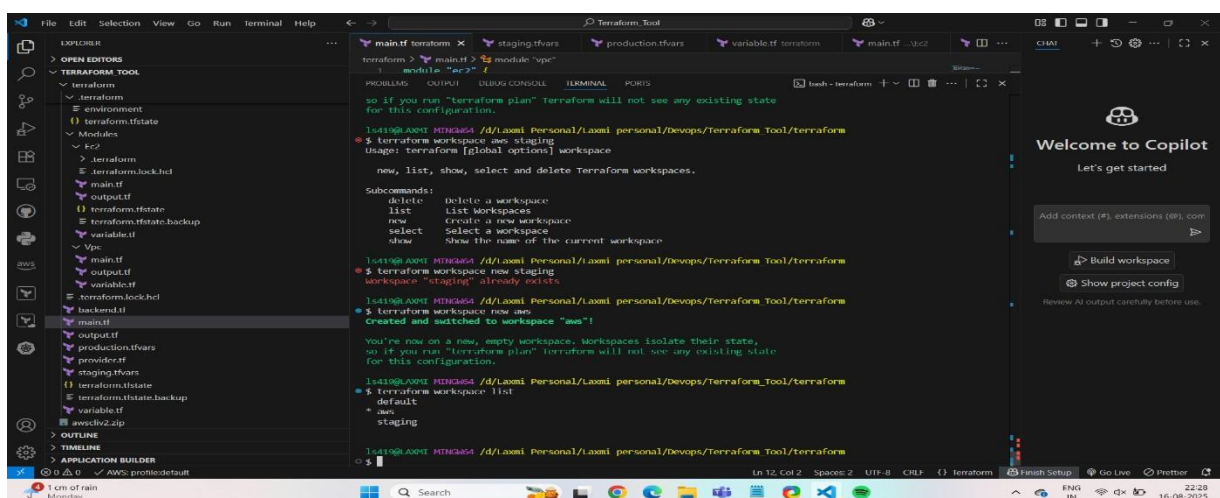
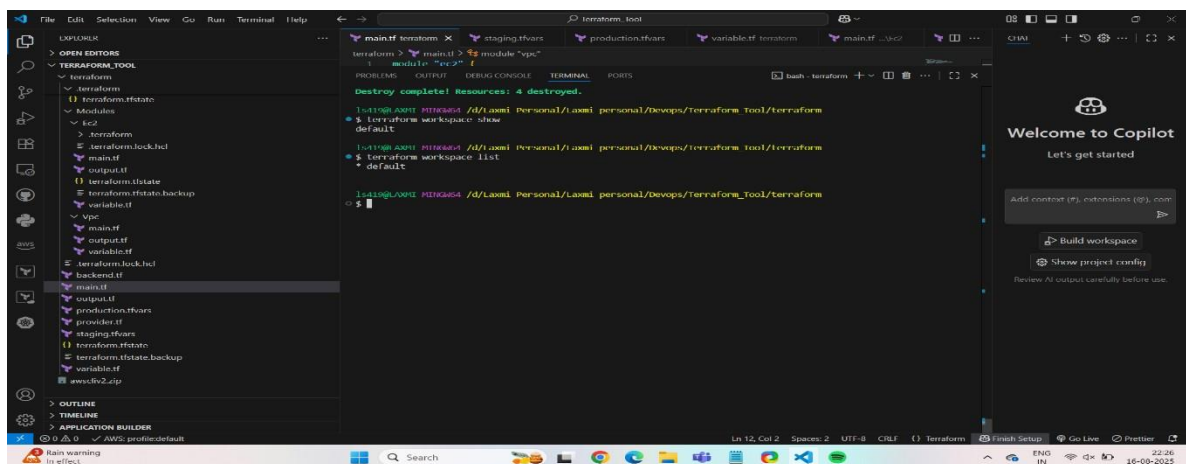
STEP 7 :- Now fetch **terraform destroy** -
varfile="staging.tfvars" to destroy everything inside
 staging environment.



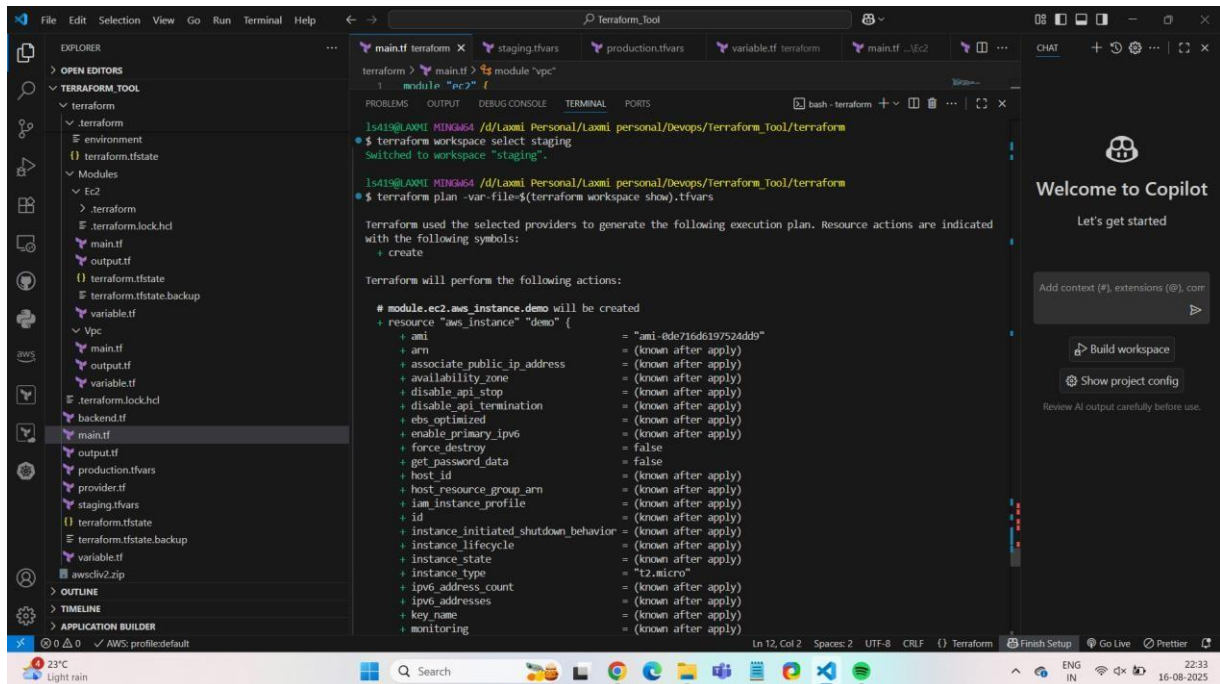
STEP 8 :- Now go to ec2 main.tf and add one more **depends_on = [module.vpc]** In this way also we can create instance using same vpc and subnet as we mention in our code.



STEP 9 :- Now if we have to list create+switch and switch the workplace
 fetch below commands **terraform workspace show** (To show the current workspace) **terraform workspace list** (To list out the workspace) **terraform workspace staging** (To create a staging workspace also you will switch to it) **terraform select staging** (To switch to staging workspace)



STEP 9 :- Now switch to staging workspace and fetch below command
terraform plan -var-file=\$(terraform workspace show).tfvars



The screenshot shows the VS Code interface with the Terraform CLI output in the terminal. The Explorer pane on the left shows the project structure with files like `main.tf`, `output.tf`, `variable.tf`, and `terraform.tfstate`. The terminal displays the following commands and output:

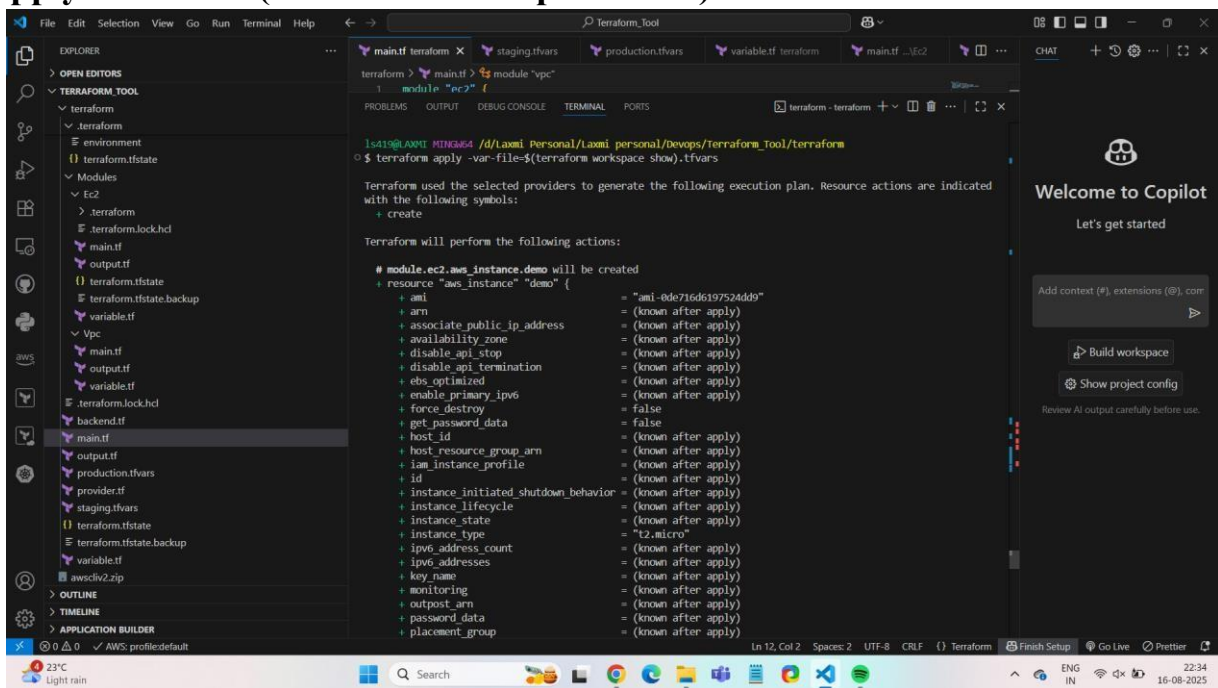
```
terraform > main.tf > module "vpc"
1 module "ec2" {
  $ terraform workspace select staging
  Switched to workspace "staging".
  $ terraform plan -var-file=$(terraform workspace show).tfvars

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated
with the following symbols:
+ create

Terraform will perform the following actions:

# module.ec2.aws_instance.demo will be created
+ resource "aws_instance" "demo" {
  + ami              = "ami-0dc716d6197524dd9"
  + ami              = (known after apply)
  + arn              = (known after apply)
  + associate_public_ip_address = (known after apply)
  + availability_zone = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_stop = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_termination = (known after apply)
  + ebs_optimized    = (known after apply)
  + enable_primary_ipv6 = (known after apply)
  + force_destroy    = false
  + get_password_data = false
  + host_id          = (known after apply)
  + host_resource_group_arn = (known after apply)
  + iam_instance_profile = (known after apply)
  + id               = (known after apply)
  + instance_initiated_shutdown_behavior = (known after apply)
  + instance_lifecycle = (known after apply)
  + instance_state    = (known after apply)
  + instance_type     = "t2.micro"
  + instance_type     = (known after apply)
  + ipv6_address_count = (known after apply)
  + ipv6_addresses    = (known after apply)
  + key_name          = (known after apply)
  + monitoring        = (known after apply)
  + outpost_arn       = (known after apply)
  + password_data     = (known after apply)
  + placement_group   = (known after apply)
```

STEP 7 :- Now fetch below command to apply the changes **terraform apply -var-file=\$(terraform workspace show).tfvars**



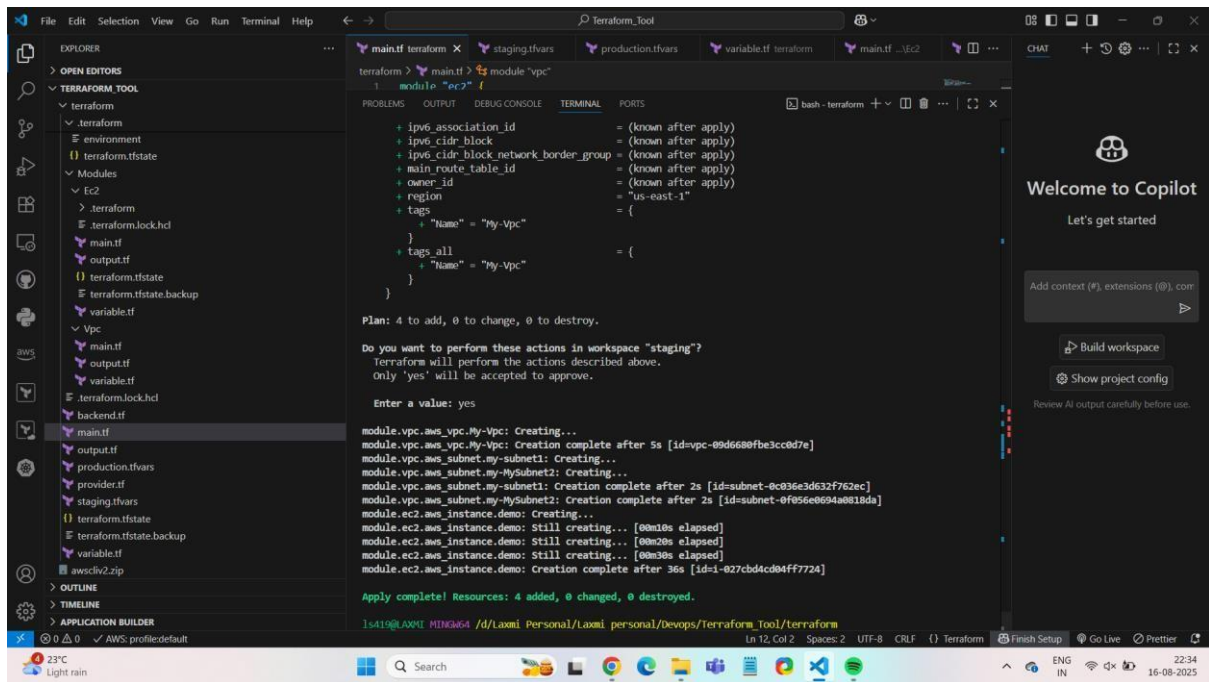
The screenshot shows the VS Code interface with the Terraform CLI output in the terminal. The Explorer pane on the left shows the project structure. The terminal displays the following commands and output:

```
terraform > main.tf > module "vpc"
0 $ terraform apply -var-file=$(terraform workspace show).tfvars

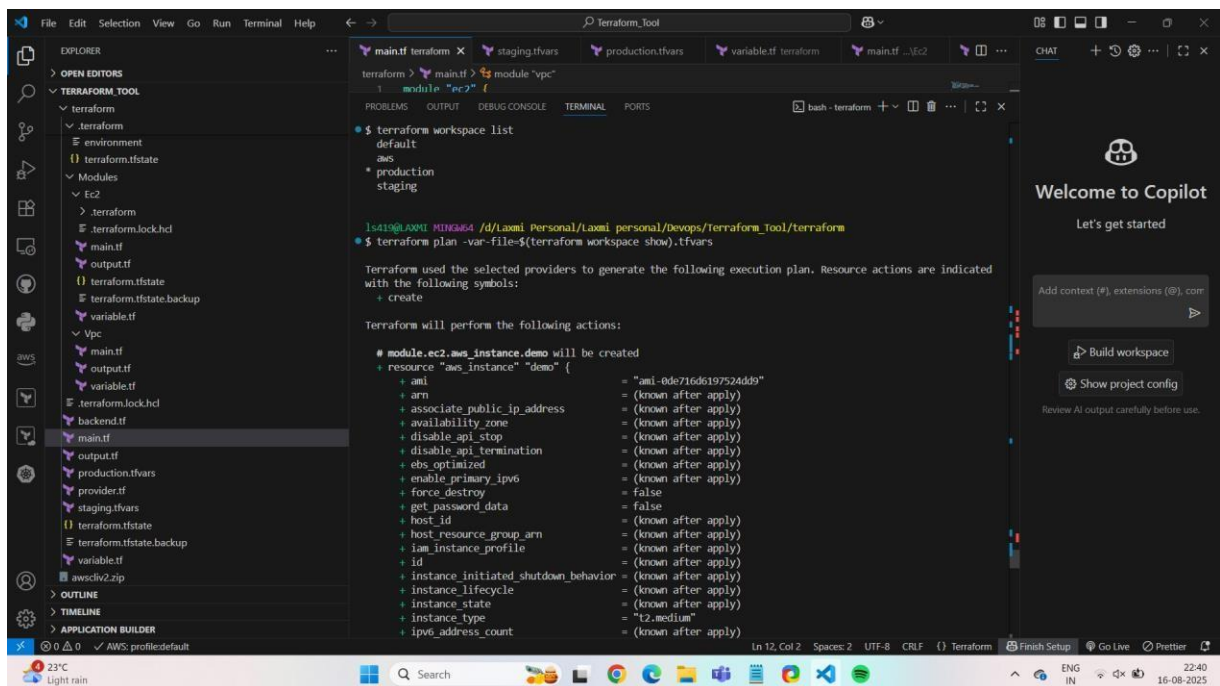
Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated
with the following symbols:
+ create

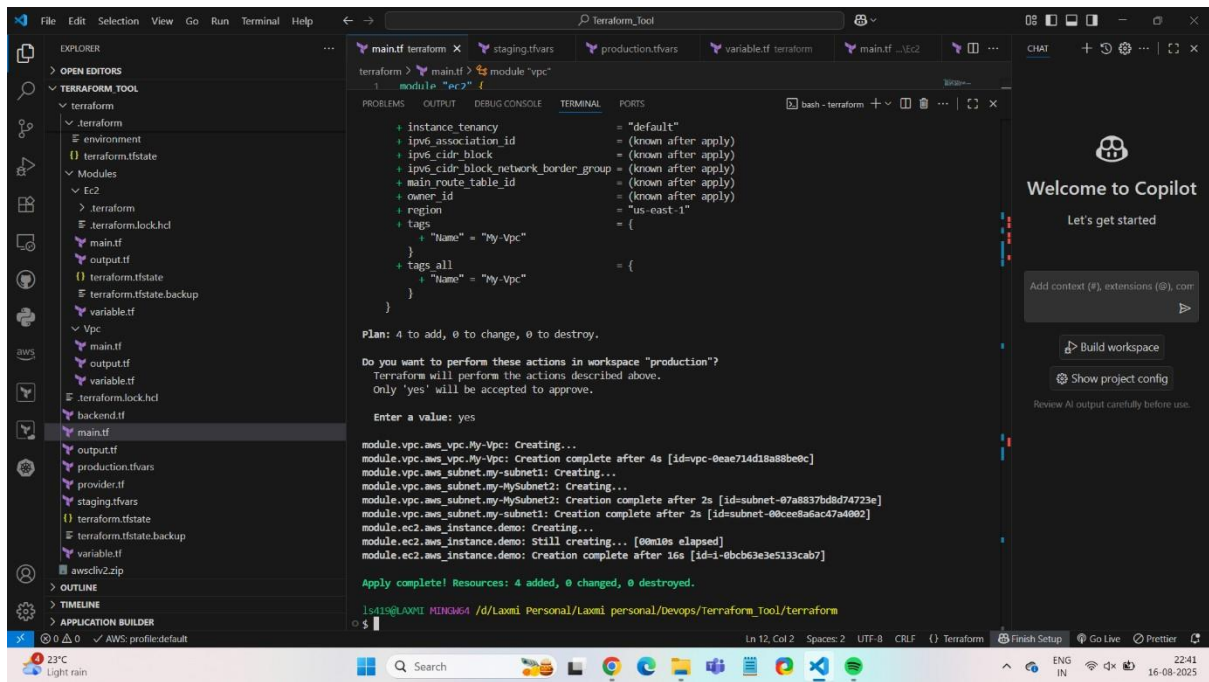
Terraform will perform the following actions:

# module.ec2.aws_instance.demo will be created
+ resource "aws_instance" "demo" {
  + ami              = "ami-0dc716d6197524dd9"
  + ami              = (known after apply)
  + arn              = (known after apply)
  + associate_public_ip_address = (known after apply)
  + availability_zone = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_stop = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_termination = (known after apply)
  + ebs_optimized    = (known after apply)
  + enable_primary_ipv6 = (known after apply)
  + force_destroy    = false
  + get_password_data = false
  + host_id          = (known after apply)
  + host_resource_group_arn = (known after apply)
  + iam_instance_profile = (known after apply)
  + id               = (known after apply)
  + instance_initiated_shutdown_behavior = (known after apply)
  + instance_lifecycle = (known after apply)
  + instance_state    = (known after apply)
  + instance_type     = "t2.micro"
  + instance_type     = (known after apply)
  + ipv6_address_count = (known after apply)
  + ipv6_addresses    = (known after apply)
  + key_name          = (known after apply)
  + monitoring        = (known after apply)
  + outpost_arn       = (known after apply)
  + password_data     = (known after apply)
  + placement_group   = (known after apply)
```

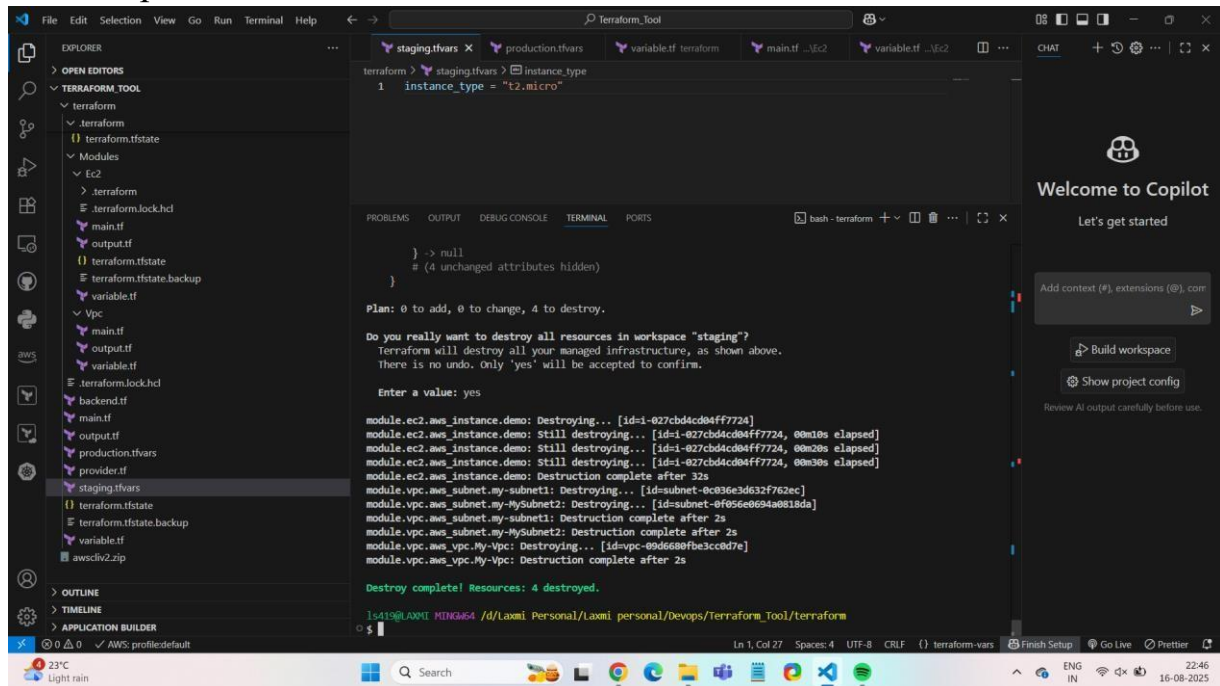


STEP11: Now switch to production workspace and fetch the plan and apply command.





STEP12: It is obvious that 2 separate instances 2 separate state files inside s3 bucket will be created so destroy the task done by switching in both the workspace.



AWS Management Console - S3 buckets | us-east-1

us-east-1.console.aws.amazon.com/s3/home?region=us-east-1f

Amazon S3

General purpose buckets | All AWS Regions | Directory buckets

General purpose buckets (1) info

Buckets are containers for data stored in S3.

Find buckets by name

Name	AWS Region	Creation date
terraform-state-3319	US East (N. Virginia) us-east-1	August 12, 2025, 18:32:53 (UTC+05:30)

Account snapshot info

Updated daily

View dashboard

Storage Lens provides visibility into storage usage and activity trends.

External access summary - new

Updated daily

External access findings help you identify bucket permissions that allow public access or access from other AWS accounts.

AWS Management Console - terraform-state-3319 - S3 bucket

us-east-1.console.aws.amazon.com/s3/buckets/terraform-state-3319?region=us-east-1&tab=objects&bucketType=general

Amazon S3 > Buckets > terraform-state-3319

terraform-state-3319 info

Objects | Metadata | Properties | Permissions | Metrics | Management | Access Points

Objects (2)

Objects are the fundamental entities stored in Amazon S3. You can use [Amazon S3 inventory](#) to get a list of all objects in your bucket. For others to access your objects, you'll need to explicitly grant them permissions. [Learn more](#)

Find objects by prefix

Name	Type	Last modified	Size	Storage class
env/	Folder	August 16, 2025, 22:25:24 (UTC+05:30)	-	-
terraform-state	-	-	182.0 B	Standard

AWS Management Console - terraform-state-3319 - S3 bucket

us-east-1.console.aws.amazon.com/s3/buckets/terraform-state-3319?region=us-east-1&bucketType=general&prefix=env%2F&showversions=false

Amazon S3 > Buckets > terraform-state-3319 > env/

env/

Objects | Properties

Objects (3)

Objects are the fundamental entities stored in Amazon S3. You can use [Amazon S3 inventory](#) to get a list of all objects in your bucket. For others to access your objects, you'll need to explicitly grant them permissions. [Learn more](#)

Find objects by prefix

Name	Type	Last modified	Size	Storage class
env/	Folder	-	-	-
production/	Folder	-	-	-
staging/	Folder	-	-	-

AWS Management Console - terraform-state-3319 - S3 bucket

us-east-1.console.aws.amazon.com/s3/buckets/terraform-state-3319?region=us-east-1&bucketType=general&prefix=env%2F&showversions=false

Amazon S3 > Buckets > terraform-state-3319 > env/ > staging/

staging/

Objects | Properties

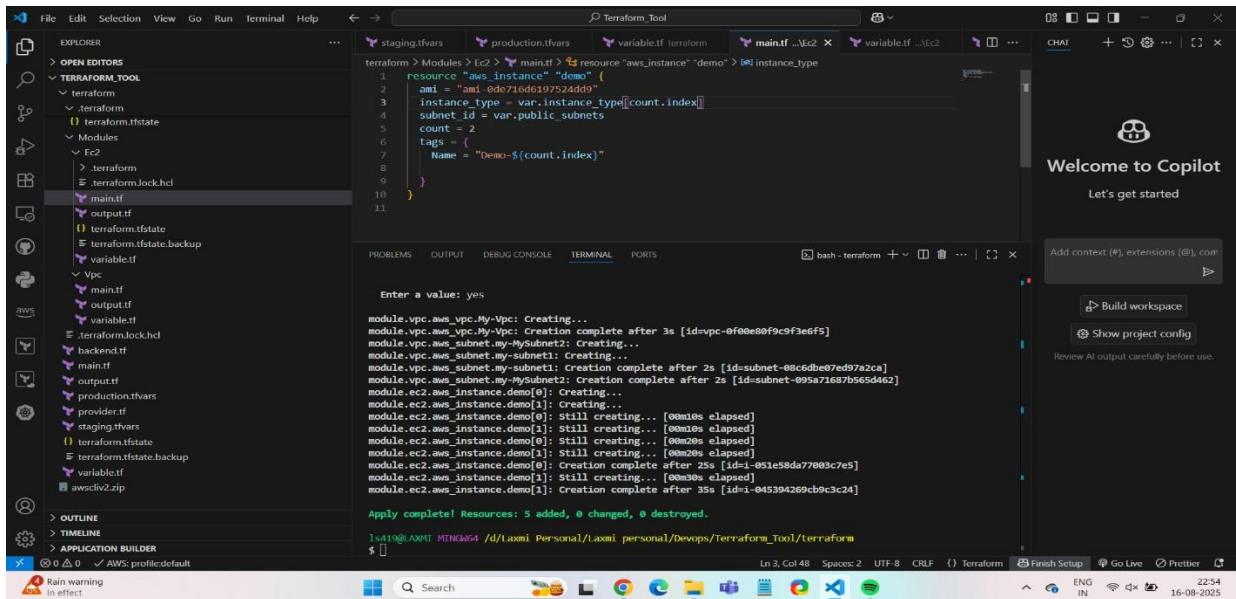
Objects (1)

Objects are the fundamental entities stored in Amazon S3. You can use [Amazon S3 inventory](#) to get a list of all objects in your bucket. For others to access your objects, you'll need to explicitly grant them permissions. [Learn more](#)

Find objects by prefix

Name	Type	Last modified	Size	Storage class
terraform-state	-	August 16, 2025, 22:46:06 (UTC+05:30)	181.0 B	Standard

STEP 13 :- Now suppose we have to create 2 instances at a time modify the code inside ec2>main.tf and add below line in it **count = 2**



```
1 resource "aws_instance" "demo" {
2   ami = "ami-0dc716d6197524dd9"
3   instance_type = var.instance_type[count.index]
4   subnet_id = var.public_subnets
5   count = 2
6   tags = {
7     Name = "Demo-${count.index}"
8   }
9 }
10
11 }
```

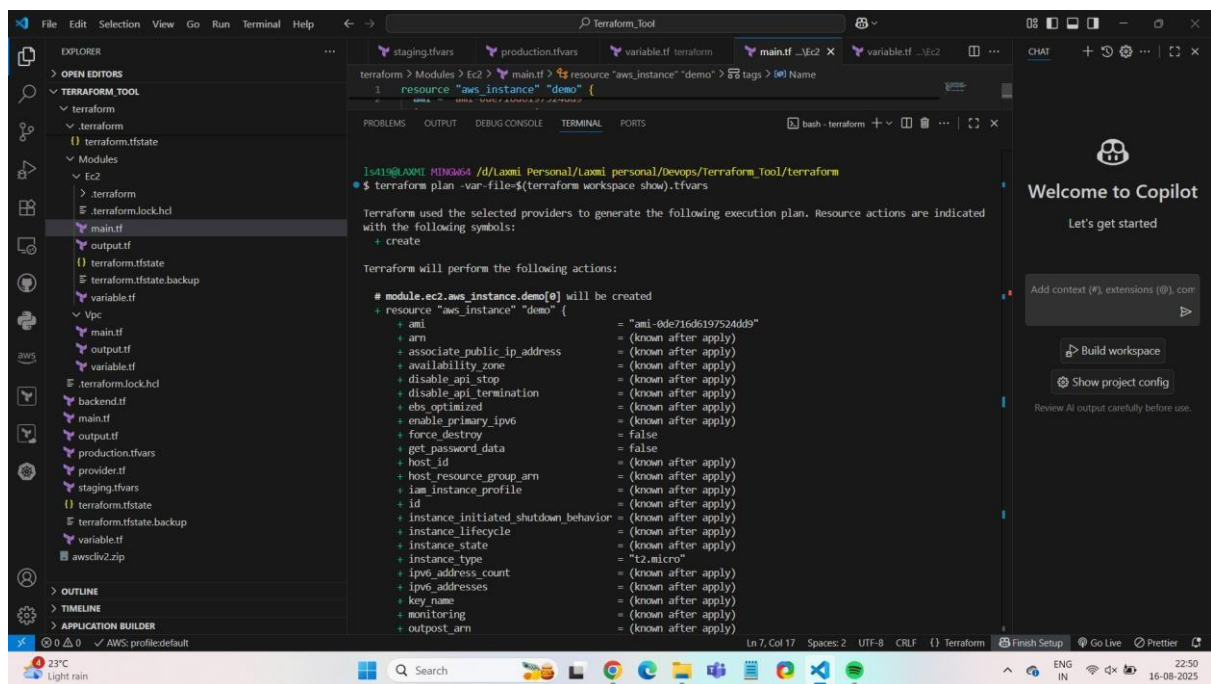
```
Enter a value: yes

module.vpc.aws_vpc.My-Vpc: Creating...
module.vpc.aws_vpc.My-Vpc: Creation complete after 3s [id=vpc-0f0e0f9c9f3a6f5]
module.vpc.aws_subnet.My-Subnet1: Creating...
module.vpc.aws_subnet.My-Subnet1: Creation complete after 2s [id=subnet-08c6db07ed97a2ca]
module.vpc.aws_subnet.My-Subnet2: Creation complete after 2s [id=subnet-095a71687b565d462]
module.ec2.aws_instance.demo[0]: Creating...
module.ec2.aws_instance.demo[1]: Creating...
module.ec2.aws_instance.demo[0]: Still creating... [00m10s elapsed]
module.ec2.aws_instance.demo[1]: Still creating... [00m10s elapsed]
module.ec2.aws_instance.demo[0]: Still creating... [00m20s elapsed]
module.ec2.aws_instance.demo[1]: Still creating... [00m20s elapsed]
module.ec2.aws_instance.demo[0]: Creation complete after 25s [id=i-051e58da77083c7e5]
module.ec2.aws_instance.demo[1]: Still creating... [00m30s elapsed]
module.ec2.aws_instance.demo[1]: Creation complete after 35s [id=i-045394269cb9c3c24]

Apply complete! Resources: 5 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.

1s419@UAXMT MTKM64 /d/Local Personal/Local personal/Devops/Terraform_Tool/terraform
$
```

STEP 14 :- Now again switch to staging workspace and fetch plan and apply command.



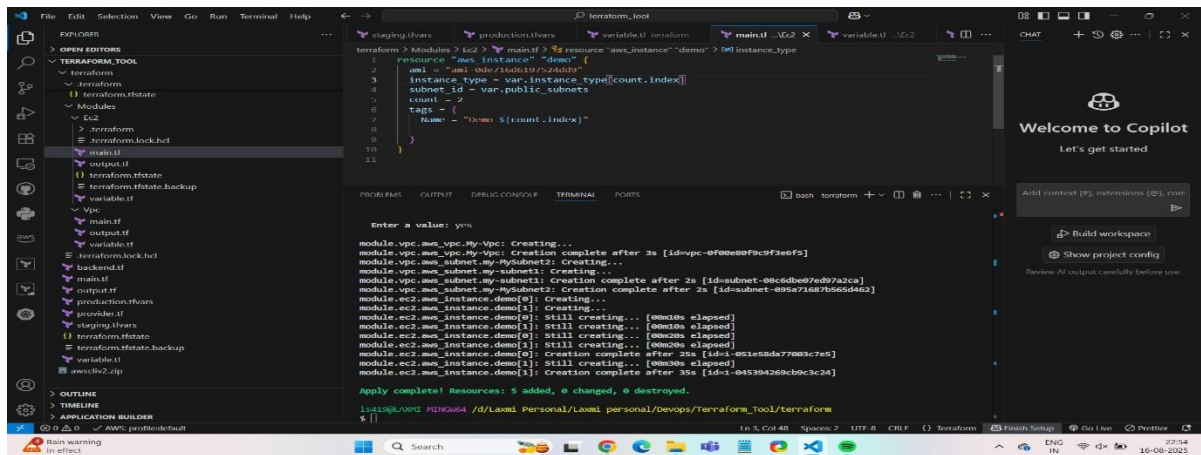
```
1 resource "aws_instance" "demo" {
2   ami = "ami-0dc716d6197524dd9"
3   instance_type = var.instance_type
4   subnet_id = var.public_subnets
5   count = 2
6   tags = {
7     Name = "Demo-${count.index}"
8   }
9 }
10
11 }
```

```
1s419@UAXMT MTKM64 /d/Local Personal/Local personal/Devops/Terraform_Tool/terraform
$ terraform plan -var-file=$(terraform workspace show).tfvars

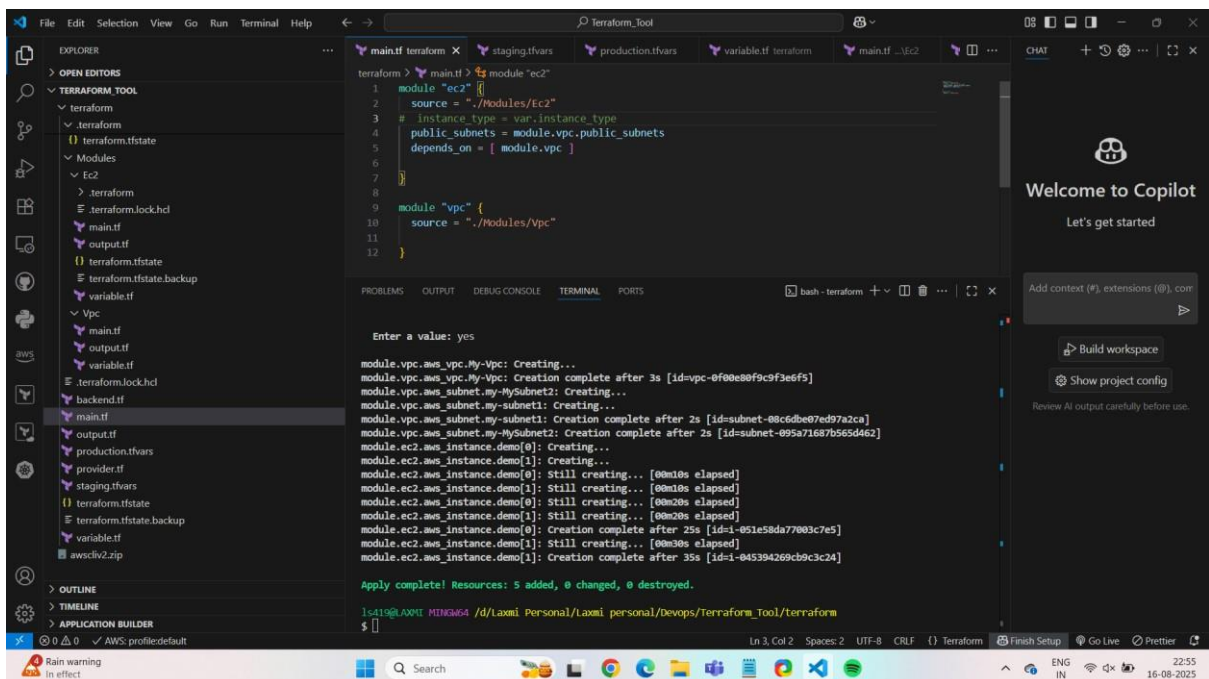
Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan. Resource actions are indicated
with the following symbols:
+ create

Terraform will perform the following actions:

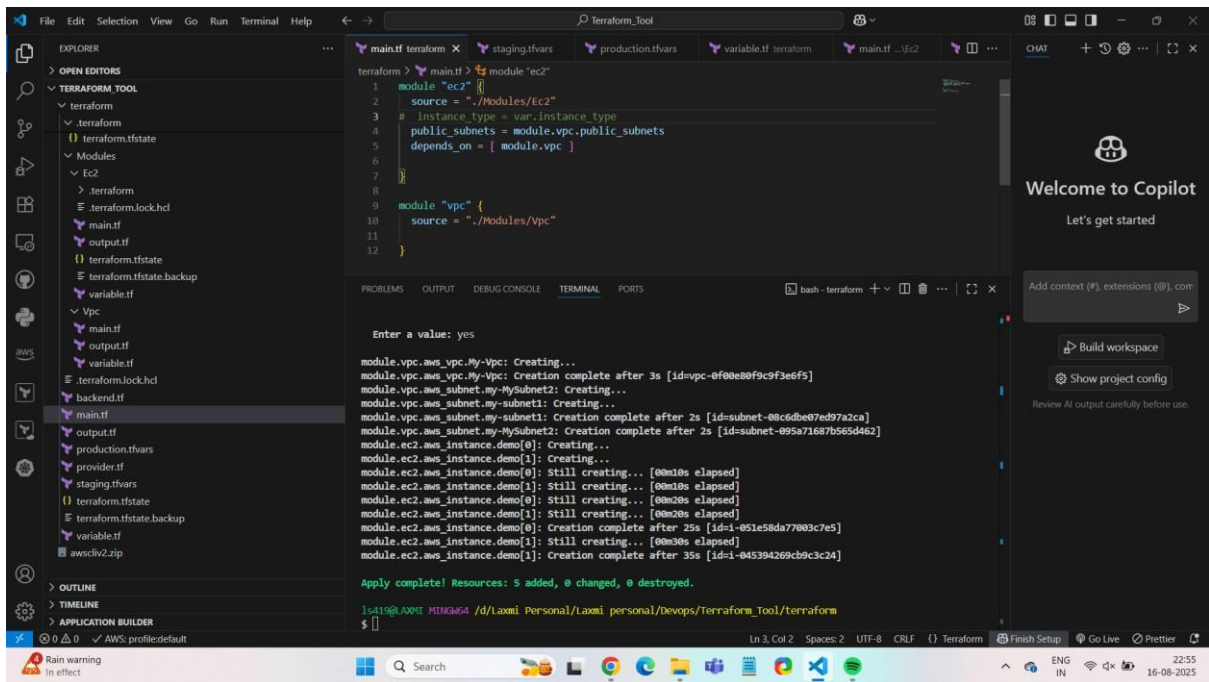
# module.ec2.aws_instance.demo[0] will be created
+ resource "aws_instance" "demo" {
+   ami = "ami-0dc716d6197524dd9"
+   arn = (known after apply)
+   associate_public_ip_address = (known after apply)
+   availability_zone = (known after apply)
+   disable_api_stop = (known after apply)
+   disable_termination_protection = (known after apply)
+   ebs_optimized = (known after apply)
+   enable_primary_ipv6 = (known after apply)
+   force_destroy = false
+   get_password_data = false
+   host_id = (known after apply)
+   host_resource_group_arn = (known after apply)
+   iam_instance_profile = (known after apply)
+   id = (known after apply)
+   instance_initiated_shutdown_behavior = (known after apply)
+   instance_lifecycle = (known after apply)
+   instance_state = (known after apply)
+   instance_type = "t2.micro"
+   ip_address_count = (known after apply)
+   ip_addresses = (known after apply)
+   key_name = (known after apply)
+   monitoring = (known after apply)
+   outpost_arn = (known after apply)
}
```

STEP 17 :- Now go to terraform>main.tf and just comment put instance_type as we not going to use here.



STEP 18 :- Now plan and apply the code in staging environment.



STEP 19 :- Now destroy everything created as we have completed our task.

