

```
In [20]: import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
get_ipython().run_line_magic('matplotlib', 'inline')
import warnings
warnings.filterwarnings('ignore')
import seaborn as sns
from pmdarima.arima import auto_arima

In [25]: sales_data = pd.read_excel("champagne.Sales.xlsx")

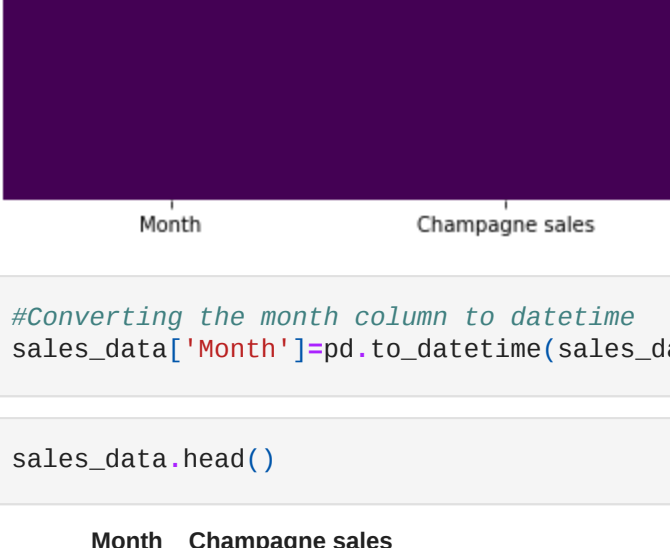
In [26]: sales_data.head()
```

Out[26]:

	Month	Champagne sales
0	1964-01	2815
1	1964-02	2672
2	1964-03	2755
3	1964-04	2721
4	1964-05	2946

```
In [27]: #Making sure there are no null values
sns.heatmap(sales_data.isnull(),yticklabels=False,cbar=False,cmap='viridis')

Out[27]: <AxesSubplot:~>
```



```
In [28]: #Converting the month column to datetime
sales_data['Month']=pd.to_datetime(sales_data['Month'])

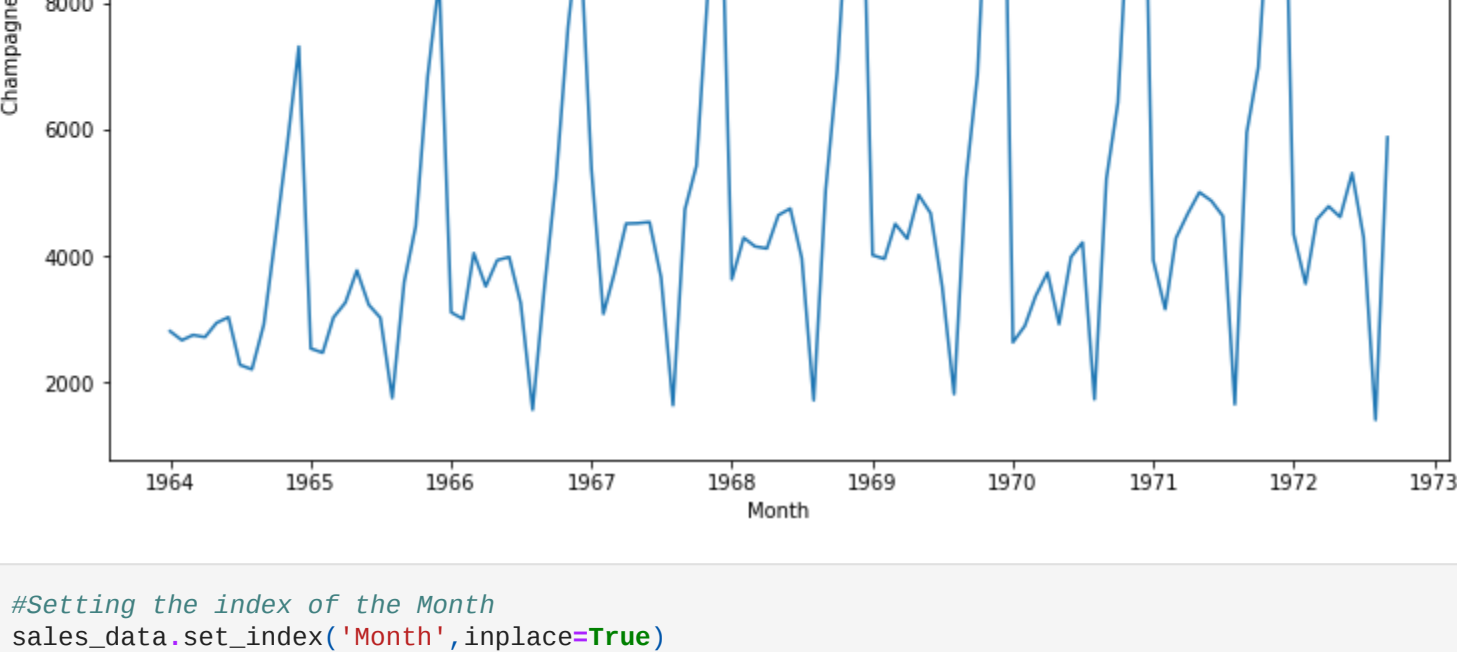
In [29]: sales_data.head()
```

Out[29]:

	Month	Champagne sales
0	1964-01-01	2815
1	1964-02-01	2672
2	1964-03-01	2755
3	1964-04-01	2721
4	1964-05-01	2946

```
In [30]: # To understand the pattern
plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
sns.lineplot(data=sales_data, x='Month', y= 'Champagne sales')

Out[30]: <AxesSubplot:~>
```



```
In [31]: #Setting the index of the Month
sales_data.set_index('Month',inplace=True)
```

```
In [34]: #Testing for stationarity
from pmdarima.arima import ADFTest
adf_test = ADFTest(alpha = 0.05)
adf_test.should_diff(sales_data)
```

Out[34]: (0.01, False)

```
In [35]: #Splitting the dataset into train and test
train = sales_data[:85]
test = sales_data[-20:]
```

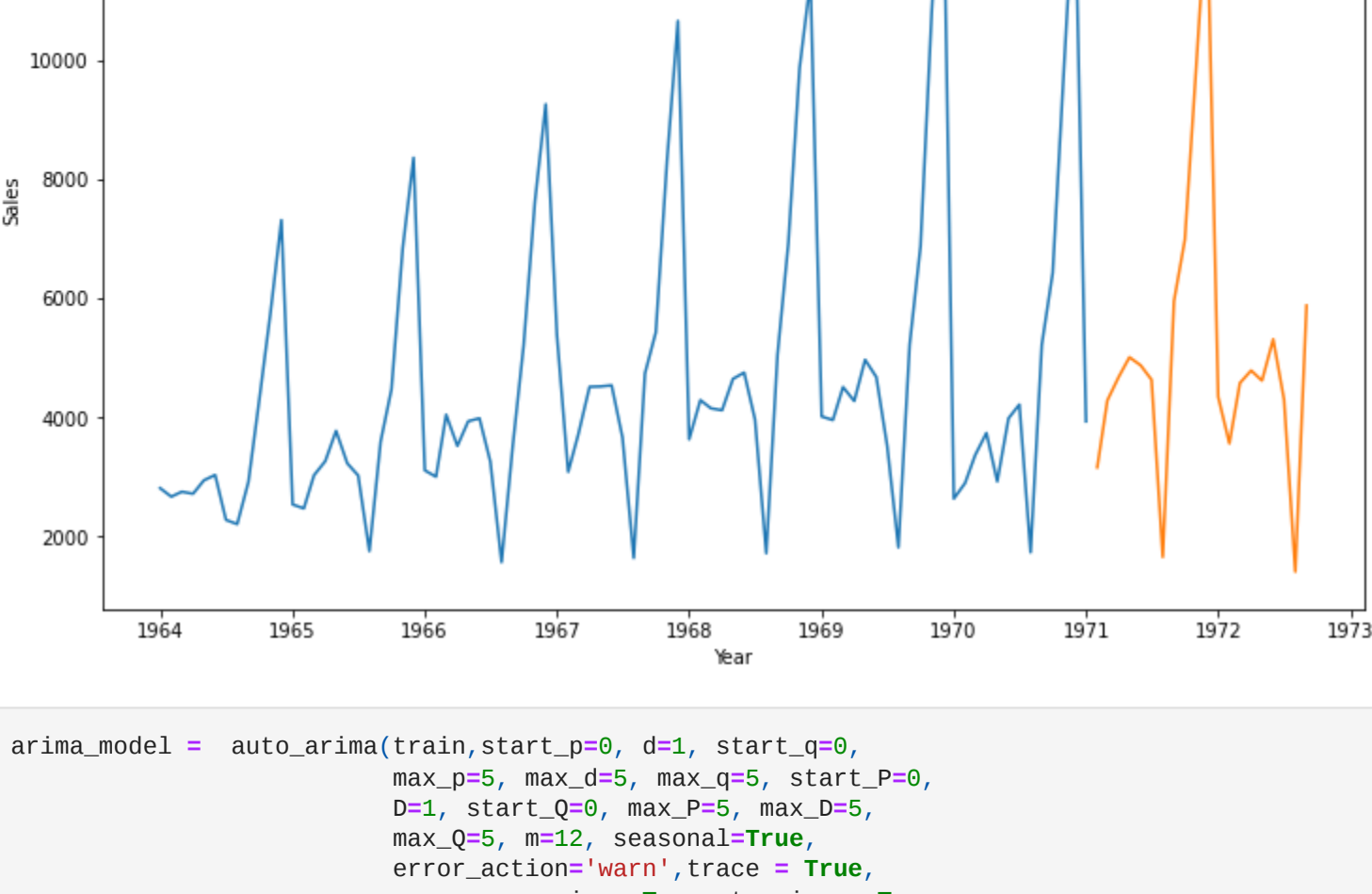
```
In [36]: train.tail()
```

Out[36]:

	Month	Champagne sales
1970-09-01		5221
1970-10-01		6424
1970-11-01		9842
1970-12-01		13076
1971-01-01		3934

```
In [37]: plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
plt.plot(train)
plt.plot(test)
plt.xlabel('Year')
plt.ylabel('Sales')
```

Out[37]: Text(0, 0.5, 'Sales')



```
In [38]: arima_model = auto_arima(train,start_p=0, d=1, start_q=0,
max_p=5, max_d=5, max_q=5, start_P=0,
D=1, start_Q=0, max_P=5, max_D=5,
max_Q=5, m=12, seasonal=True,
error_action='warn',trace = True,
supress_warnings=True,stepwise = True,
random_state=20,n_fits = 50 )

Performing stepwise search to minimize aic
ARIMA(0,1,0)(0,1,0)[12] : AIC=1203.853, Time=0.03 sec
ARIMA(1,1,0)(1,1,0)[12] : AIC=1192.025, Time=0.09 sec
ARIMA(0,1,1)(0,1,1)[12] : AIC=1176.246, Time=0.16 sec
ARIMA(0,1,1)(0,1,0)[12] : AIC=1174.731, Time=0.06 sec
ARIMA(0,1,1)(1,1,0)[12] : AIC=1176.034, Time=0.18 sec
ARIMA(0,1,1)(1,1,1)[12] : AIC=1176.700, Time=0.29 sec
ARIMA(1,1,1)(0,1,0)[12] : AIC=1175.054, Time=0.08 sec
ARIMA(0,1,2)(0,1,0)[12] : AIC=1174.769, Time=0.09 sec
ARIMA(1,1,0)(0,1,0)[12] : AIC=1194.721, Time=0.03 sec
ARIMA(1,1,2)(0,1,0)[12] : AIC=1174.564, Time=0.28 sec
ARIMA(1,1,2)(1,1,0)[12] : AIC=inf, Time=0.38 sec
ARIMA(1,1,2)(0,1,1)[12] : AIC=inf, Time=0.39 sec
ARIMA(1,1,2)(1,1,1)[12] : AIC=1176.631, Time=0.71 sec
ARIMA(2,1,2)(0,1,0)[12] : AIC=1176.127, Time=0.23 sec
ARIMA(1,1,3)(0,1,0)[12] : AIC=1176.124, Time=0.32 sec
ARIMA(0,1,3)(0,1,0)[12] : AIC=1176.458, Time=0.16 sec
ARIMA(2,1,1)(0,1,0)[12] : AIC=1176.656, Time=0.13 sec
ARIMA(2,1,3)(0,1,0)[12] : AIC=1180.619, Time=0.49 sec
ARIMA(1,1,2)(0,1,0)[12] intercept : AIC=inf, Time=0.18 sec

Best model: ARIMA(1,1,2)(0,1,0)[12]
Total fit time: 4.347 seconds
```

```
In [39]: #Summary of the model
arima_model.summary()
```

Model:

SARIMAX(1, 1, 2)x(0, 1, [], 12)

Date:

Thu, 20 Jan 2022

Time:

17:59:42

Sample:

0

Log Likelihood

-583.282

AIC

1174.564

BIC

1183.670

HQIC

1178.189

- 85

Covariance Type:

opg

coef

std err

z

P>|z|

[0.025

0.975]

ar.L1

-0.8412

0.152

-5.542

0.000

-1.139

-0.544

ma.L1

0.0513

0.167

0.308

0.758

-0.275

0.378

ma.L2

-0.8673

0.086

-10.133

0.000

-1.035

-0.700

sigma2

5.862e+05

7.03e+04

8.342

0.000

4.48e+05

7.24e+05

Ljung-Box (L1) (Q):

0.05

Jarque-Bera (JB):

8.55

Prob(Q):

0.83

Prob(JB):

0.01

Heteroskedasticity (H):

2.61

Skew:

-0.10

Prob(H) (two-sided):

0.02

Kurtosis:

4.68

Warnings:

[1] Covariance matrix calculated using the outer product of gradients (complex-step).

In [46]:

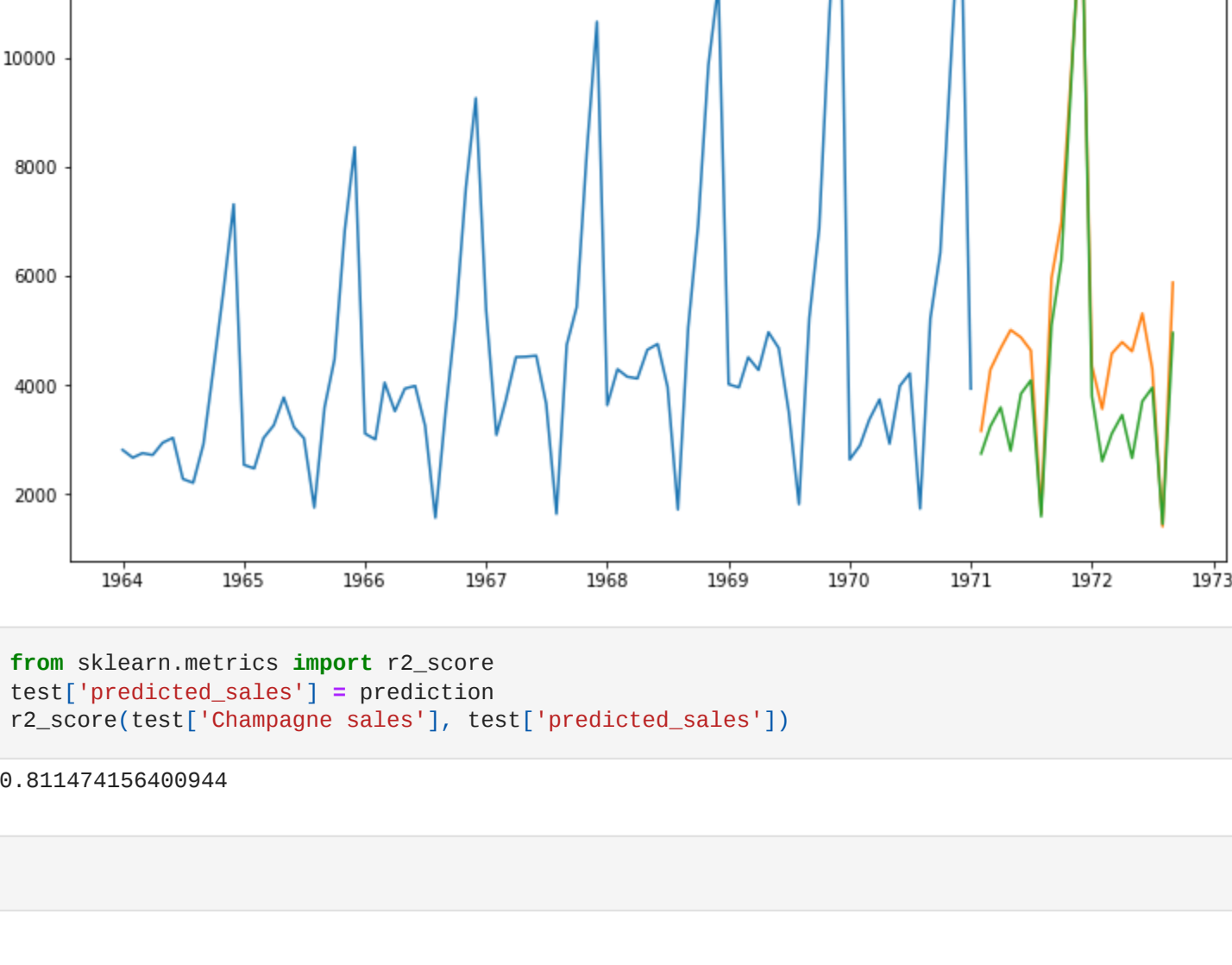
```
prediction = pd.DataFrame(arima_model.predict(n_periods = 20),index=test.index)
prediction.columns = ['predicted_sales']
prediction
```

```
In [40]: prediction = pd.DataFrame(arima_model.predict(n_periods = 20),index=test.index)
prediction.columns = ['predicted_sales']
prediction
```

Out[40]:

	Month	predicted_sales
1971-02-01		2746.710907
1971-03-01		3247.908814
1971-04-01		3592.507516
1971-05-01		2800.874094
1971-06-01		3841.901364
1971-07-01		4088.019322
1971-08-01		1596.302687
1971-09-01		5089.999423
1971-10-01		6284.001747
1971-11-01		9709.570240
1971-12-01		12937.203919
1972-01-01		3800.559019
1972-02-01		2608.765426
1972-03-01		3113.752342
1972-04-01		3455.163877
1972-05-01		2666.211376
1972-06-01		3704.983560
1972-07-01		3952.998408
1972-08-01		1459.686184
1972-09-01		4954.725067

```
In [44]: plt.figure(figsize=(12,8))
plt.plot(train,label="Training")
plt.plot(test,label="Test")
plt.plot(prediction,label="Predicted")
plt.legend(loc = "best")
plt.show()
```



```
In [45]: from sklearn.metrics import r2_score
r2_score(test['Champagne sales'], test['predicted_sales'])
```

Out[45]: 0.811474156400944

```
In [ ]:
```