	PREMIER MAGNESIA - GILES CHEMICAL		
	COMPANY POLICY		
	Chloride Titration	Page : 1 of 4	Revision : 01 Date : 11/11/2011
Author: Stacy Lindsey	Plant: Waynesville	Area: QC Lab	

Safety: Safety Glasses, Chemical Resistant Gloves, and Lab Coat

Purpose: Determination of Chloride by Silver Nitrate Titration.

Equipment:


125ml or 250ml Erlenmeyer flask
 2 Class A -10ml Volumetric Pipettes
 Class A – 1ml Volumetric Pipette
 Class A- 10 ml or 25 ml Volumetric Burette with stand
 Pipette Bulb
 DI Water
 100ml beaker
 5% Potassium Chromate Solution
 .1N Silver Nitrate Standardized Solution

Procedure:

1. Pipette 10ml of Liquid Magnesium Sulfate with unknown concentration into a clean, dry 125ml or 250ml Erlenmeyer Flask
2. Pipette 20 ml of DI H₂O into a same Flask
3. Pipette 1 ml of 5% Potassium Chromate Solution into flask.
4. Swirl flask for about five seconds to mix the solution
5. Fill 10ml or 25ml volumetric burette with 0.1 N Silver Nitrate
6. Write down the initial volume mark. For example, the initial volume mark is 2.5ml
7. Titrate with 0.1 N Silver Nitrate until you see a formation of red precipitate At that point, where no chloride ions (Cl⁻) are left, an excess of silver nitrate starts to react with indicator according to the equation $2\text{AgNO}_3 + \text{K}_2\text{CrO}_4 = \text{Ag}_2\text{CrO}_4 + 2\text{KNO}_3$. Swirl flask consistently while titrating.
8. Record the volume mark of the solution in the burette. For example, the final volume mark is 26.4ml.
9. Subtract the initial volume mark (Step 6) from the final one (Step 9) to calculate the volume of silver nitrate solution used for the titration. In this example, the volume is 26.4ml – 2.5ml = 23.9ml

The ppm of Chloride in sample solution is calculated using the following formula:

$$\frac{\text{ml AgNO}_3 \times 3550}{\text{ml of sample solution}} = \text{ppm (parts per million)}$$

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Calculation Derivation

.1N AgNO₃ = .1M AgNO₃ = .1 moles/liter

(.1moles/ L AgNO₃) (_____ L AgNO₃) = _____ moles AgNO₃ = moles Cl⁻

(_____ moles Cl⁻) ÷ (_____ L samples solution) = _____ M Cl⁻

(_____ moles/ L Cl⁻) * (35.5 g / mole) *(1000mg/g) = _____ mg/L = ppm

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TRAINING DOCUMENTATION

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