${f spitbol}-{f copyright}$ notice

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```
macro spitbol version 3.7
date of release - 16 april 2009
permission to use spitbol may be negotiated with
professor robert b. k. dewar.
sites which have obtained such permission may not pass
on copies of the spitbol system or parts of it except
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from 1979 through early 1983 a number of fixes and
enhancements were made by steve duff and robert goldberg.
to assist implementors a revision history based on
version 2.7 is being maintained.
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3

 $\mathbf{spitbol}$ - revision history

revision history

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version 3.6a to 3.7 (november 1, 1991, mark b. emmer)

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bugs fixed

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b3.701 add btkwv and refined test at cdgvl+9 to prevent variable names alphabet, lcase, ucase from being pre-evaluated because of their associated constant keywords. the code

alphabet = "abc"; output = size(alphabet)
returned zero because of pre-evaluation.

- b3.702 delay binding to function block of fourth argument to trace function. this permits the trace function to be invoked before the 4th argument function is defined. accomplished by storing a vrblk pointer in trfnc, and fetching its vrfnc entry later, in trxeq.
- b3.703 references to keywords with constant pattern values (&arb, &bal, etc.) did not work. a wtb instruction had been omitted at acs14+2.
- b3.704 if a program employed the code function to redefine a label that was the entry location of a user-defined function, the function would continue to jump to its old function body. pfcod in pfblk was pointing directly to the target code block, instead of doing so indirectly through the vrblk for the entry label.
- b3.705 the test that required a label to be defined before it could be used as the entry of a user-defined function has been removed. functions may be defined even if the label is yet undefined.
- b3.706 after a compilation error in the code function, the eval function produces spurrious errors. the code offset cwcof was not being reset to the beginning of code block. add line at err04+1 to accomplish this reset.
- b3.707 inconsistant tests with mxlen corrected. several places were testing with bge instead of bgt, resulting in such anomalies as the statement

&maxlngth = &maxlngth

failing. since mxlen is guaranteed to be strictly less than dnamb, it is permissible to create objects of size mxlen. bge changed to bgt at locations

s\$arr+14, sar07+8, alobf+3, asg14+8, gtar6+10.

b3.708 exit(command string) was not loading ptr to fcb chain into wb. corrected at sext1.

- b3.709 change patst to return non-string error for null argument. previously, break(), any(), etc., were succeeding, contrary to the language definition.
- b3.710 convert function with null second argument crashed system by calling flstg with wa=0. added test at s\$cnv, moved error 74 to separate erb at scv29.
- b3.711 leq(,) crashed system. lcomp did not obey
 minimal assumption that cmc opcode will always
 be called with wa .gt. 0. added test at lcmp1.
- b3.712 modified line at sdf07+4 to use register wa
 instead of wb. this corrects problem of define
 function with local variable list that begins
 with comma- define("f(x),11,12")
- b3.713 erroneous plc on uninitialised r\$cim in listr.
- b3.714 erroneous call to flstg possible with null string at sdat1.
- b3.715 when copy function used with table argument, fix problem at cop07. when copying first teblk on a chain, the pseudo-previous block pointer in xr is pushed on the stack prior to calling alloc. this is not a valid block pointer, as it points within the tbblk. if the subsequent alloc invokes gbcol, the heap becomes scrambled. recoded to save pointer to start of block, plus offset in wb.
- b3.716 at iop01, if gtvar triggered garbage collection via alost, trap block in wc was not collected. save wc on stack to make it collectable across gtvar call.
- b3.717 at asg10, allow case of variable with more than
 one trblk, as happens with the following stmt output(.output, .output, filename).
- b3.718 at senf1, trblk chain search was reloading chain head, causing infinite loop if the desired trblk was not the first on chain. system crashed with trace(.v1) output(.v2,.v1,file).
- b3.719 prototype strings (define, load, data, etc.) were allowing blank characters, producing bogus variable names.
- b3.720 the fact that iofcb destroyed register wc was not documented. b\$efc conversion of file argument never worked because wc and xt were destroyed by call to iofcb.
- b3.721 ioput left a trblk attached to filearg1 if sysio failed. subsequent use of this filearg1 variable in another i/o call would crash system.
- b3.722 add chk at evlp1 to catch recursive pattern error.
- b3.723 allow -line to work properly within code function by setting cmpln directly in cnc44. if file name absent, decrement scnpt to rescan terminator.
- b3.724 when mxlen exceeds start of dynamic memory, round it up to multiple of word size prior to storing

in dnamb at ini06.

- b3.725 provide right padding of zero characters to any string returned by an external function.
- b3.726 reset flptr at bpf17 for undefined function when evalx is evaluating an expression.
- b3.727 modify code after read5 for outer nesting of an execute-time compile of -include statement. create a substring of remainder of original code function argument string and return as result of readr function

b3.728 the definition of the aov opcode is corrected.

- formerly the definition specified that the branch was to be taken if the result of the addition exceeded cfp\$m, implying a test for overflow from signed addition.

 however, address arithmetic must be unsigned to allow for systems where the high order address bit is set. therefore, the test must be for carry out of the high order bit, if the result would exceed cfp\$1.
- b3.729 a label trace on the entry label for a function was undetected, resulting in a transfer to b\$trt and subsequent crash. see bpf08 for fix.
- b3.730 pop first argument to substr if it is a buffer.
- b3.731 pattern replacement with buffer subject returned null string instead of new subject value. changed to behave as if subject was a string.
- b3.732 if convert function was called with a buffer first argument and "buffer" second argument, it would convert the buffer to a string, and then back to a buffer. this has be corrected to simply return the first argument as the function result.
- b3.733 detect external function returning a null string unconverted result at bef12, and jump to exnul.
- b3.734 fix problem at ins04 when inserting zero length string into buffer. defend against invoking mvc with a zero value in wa, which will cause some implementations to wrap the counter.
- b3.735 add overflow test for cos and sin to detect out-of-range argument.
- b3.736 fixed problem introduced with b3.727 not restoring r\$cim, scnpt and scnil after creating substring.
- b3.737 fixed tfind to place default value in newly allocated teblk.
- b3.738 added bl\$p0 to p\$nth entry point. the expression datatype(convert("","pattern")) would crash when the dtype function uses the non-existant type word preceding p\$nth.
- b3.739 bug at gtn35 in the case of overflow during cvm. wb can be destroyed by cvm on some platforms.
- b3.740 protect scontinue from usage in other than error

320 case.

b3.741 protect continue from usage following error evaluating complex failure goto.

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changes

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- c3.701 add .culk conditional to include &lcase, &ucase.
- c3.702 add -line nn "filename" control card.
- c3.703 move .cnld conditional up in routine dffnc to omit all tests for b\$efc.
- c3.704 add conditional .cicc to ignore unrecognized control cards.
- c3.705 add conditional .cnsc to omit string to numeric conversion in sort. the presence of this conversion mode produces a sort result that is dependent upon the order of input data. for example, given input data "2", 5, "10", string comparison yields "10" lt "2", but string to integer conversion yields "2" lt 5 lt "10".
- c3.706 add seventh return from syshs that allows callee to return a string pointer and length. this is done to eliminate the need for the caller to have an scblk big enough to accommodate long strings.
- c3.707 add eighth return from syshs to force copy of block pointed to by xr.
- c3.708 made -copy a synonym for -include.
- c3.709 add conditional .cbyt for statistics displayed in bytes rather than words.
- c3.710 dump null valued variables when dump = 3. core dump produced for dump = 4.
- c3.711 restrict minimum value to which keyword maxlngth can be set to 1,024 via new variable mnlen.
- c3.712 add conditional symbol .cmth for extended math
 functions- atan, chop, cos, exp, ln, sin, sqrt,
 tan. x**y and remdr(x,y) are extended to include
 reals.
- c3.713 add bit to syspp to set -print upon entry
- c3.714 add conditional .csfn to track source file name associated with each code block.
- c3.715 add conditional .cinc for -include control card
 feature. the format of the card is
 -include "filename"
 include control cards may be used during both the
 initial compile and execute-time compile. the
 filename is saved in a table, and redundant
- c3.716 add conditional .csln to include source line number in code blocks. release current ccblk after initial compile.

includes of that file are ignored.

c3.717 changed rilen to 258 (from 120) to provide uniform input line length when reading from

terminal or input.

- c3.718 add additional exit to iofcb to distinguish argument not convertable to string and argument file not open.
- c3.719 add fourth and fifth arguments to host function.
- c3.720 add &compare keyword to control string comparisons.
- c3.721 setup pfdmp at iniy0 in case osint forced &profile non-zero.
- c3.722 add conditional symbol .caex to include up arrow as synonym for exponentiation.
- c3.723 add conditional .ccmc and external function syscm to provide string comparison using collation sequence other than strict ordering of character codes (international compares).
- c3.724 add conditional .cpol and external function syspl to provide interactive control of spitbol execution.
- c3.725 add conditional symbol .cera and external function sysea to provide advice of compilation and runtime errors to osint.
- c3.726 add cmpln, rdcln, rdnln to track source line number.
- c3.727 converted error messages to upper/lower case.
- c3.728 add conditional .cgbc to external routine sysgc. called at the start and end of garbage collection to perform any needed notification to operating system or user.
- c3.729 modified last line of s\$set from exnul to exint so seek can return final file position after seek.
- c3.730 place mov xr,(xs) at s\$rmd+4 to allow real second arg to remdr.
- c3.731 remove redundant bge xr,=cfp\$u,scn07 at scn06+4
- c3.732 change definition of cmc and trc such that only xl must be cleared after operation. note, this change was subsequently voided. cmc and trc must clear both xl and xr, because utility routines may preserve xl or xr on the stack, and the stack is collectable by gbcol.
- c3.733 remove most branches to exits and exixr. instead, jump directly to next code word.
- c3.734 add error 260 for array too large in gtarr.
- c3.735 add conditional .cs32 to initialize stlim to 2147483647.
- c3.736 add second argument to exit function, allowing user to specify file name of load module being written. if omitted, osint will provide a default name.
- c3.737 add conditional .cspr to include spare locations in working area. these may be used in later bug fixes without changing the size of the working storage and obsoleting modules created by exit().

- subsuently removed in c3.767.
- c3.738 add r\$cts to remember last string used to build bit column in patst.
- c3.739 change flstg to type e procedure instead of r.
- c3.740 standardize on big-endian systems. at the implementors choice, the zgb opcode can also perform a byte swap if necessary to achieve big-endian byte ordering. this is done so that systems with similar word lengths will produce the same hash code for strings, and hence the same ordering for table entries. the hashs procedure has an additional zgb added to reorder the length word.
- c3.741 add conditional .csou to cause assignments to output and terminal variables to be processed through calls to sysou rather than through listing buffer. done to eliminate short record lengths enforced by buffer size. a code of 0 or 1 is passed to sysou instead of an fcblk.
- c3.742 increased iniln, inils, rilen to 1024.
- c3.743 add bit to syspp to set noerrors mode.
- c3.744 add .ccmk conditional to include keyword compare even if syscm is not being included. done to provide identical data regions in systems that implement syscm and those which do not, so that save files can be exchanged in the next release.
- c3.745 add wc return parameter to sysil to allow interface to inform spitbol if file about to be read is a binary file. if so, no blank trimming occurs.
- c3.746 fold load function argument types to upper case.
- c3.747 add .cexp conditional to have sysex pop its arguments.
- c3.748 in stopr, do not attempt to display file name and line number if stopping because of stack overflow during garbage collection. pointers to file name table and code block are wrong.
- c3.749 add bit to syspp to set case folding mode.
- c3.750 add additional return from sysld if insufficient memory to load/call external function.
- c3.751 add additional returns from sysex if insufficient memory or bad argument type.
- c3.752 ignore leading and trailing blanks in arguments within prototype strings to clear, data, define and load.
- c3.753 test for fatal error at err04 and abort if so. force termination on stack overflow by setting errft to 4 in stack overflow section.
- c3.754 recode copy loop at srt14 to exchange usage of registers xl and xr. this permits use of the mvw order instead of the explicit loop coding previously employed.
- c3.755 add .ceng conditional to include routines needed

by text processing engine. add routines enevs and engts for use by engine or debugger. copy xr to xl around call to syspl to allow syspl to trigger garbage collection.

- c3.756 add &file, &lastfile, &line, &lastline keywords.
 for now, line and lastline are maintained in the
 same manner as stno and lastno, which adds overhead to the statement initialization code. a
 possible change is to create a stmln procedure
 that maps statement numbers to line numbers.
 one simple strategy would be to sweep code blocks
 in memory looking for the statement number and
 extracting the line number from that code block.
 such a procedure would also allow line numbers
 (and file names) to be added to statement profile
 reports.
- c3.757 change sort to fail instead of producing error message if argument table is null. change sorta to return failure. add another return to gtarr to distinguish null table from bad argument.
- c3.758 create procedure prtmm to display memory usage statistics, and call it when producing end-of-run stats.
- c3.759 add label scontinue to allow setexit to resume execution exactly where it was interrupted.
- c3.760 add snobol4 backspace function and conditional .cbsp.
- c3.761 add additional arguments to sysgc to assist virtual memory managers.
- c3.762 the method of converting a table to an array has been revised. previously, table elements were copied to the result array in the order they were encountered along the various hash chains. this appeared to the user as a random ordering. however, spitbol/370 as well as sil snobol4 ordered array elements according to their time of entry into the table. user programs that relied upon this behavior malfunctioned when ported to macro spitbol.

to remedy this, the conversion is performed in three steps:

- 1. convert table to an array placing the address of each teblk in the array instead of the key and value.
- 2. sort the array of addresses. this orders elements by time of creation (ascending address).
- 3. scan the array, replacing addresses with the key and value from the referenced teblk. the affected portions of the program are at s\$cnv and in gtarr, which now accepts an additional argument specifying whether to place key/values in the array or teblk addresses.
- c3.763 if case-folding is active, fold the function name

provided to the load() function before passing it to sysld.

- c3.764 add sediment algorithm to garbage collector, conditioned on .csed.
- c3.765 add optimization to discard null statements and statements which just have a constant subject (see code at cmp12).
- c3.766 rearranged order of initial objects in static memory so that hash table is the last of the four object created by initialization code. this is done so that the print buffer, gts work area, and &alphabet keywords do not need to be saved in any save file created by osint. added routine to initialize these structures.
- c3.767 removed .cspr conditional and spare locations.
- c3.768 added .crel conditional and extensive routines (reloc et. al.) to perform relocation of data in working section, static region, and dynamic region after reload of a saved memory image. routines relaj, relcr, and reloc are invoked by osint after reloading a save file. it is now possible to reload such an image even if the spitbol compiler and its data structures are reloaded to other addresses. the working section has been extensively rearranged to accommodate the reloc procedure.
- c3.769 zero r\$ccb (interim ccblk ptr) in collect, convert, eval, and exit functions to release unneeded ccblk memory.
- c3.770 add exit(4) and exit(-4) to allow execution to continue after writing save file or load module. revised sysxi interface to detect continuation after performance of exit(4) or exit(-4) action.
- c3.771 change filmm to preserve registers.
- c3.772 addition of .cncr and syscr (real to string system routine option).
- c3.773 modified replace function to optimize usage when second argument is &alphabet. in this case, the third argument can be used as the translate table directly.
- c3.774 modified conditionals for buffers and reals so that their respective block codes are always present, even if these data types are conditioned out. this provides consistent block code numbering for external functions.
- c3.775 modified alobf to test string length against kvmxl instead of mxlen. also, alobf was testing total size of bfblk, instead of just string len.
- c3.776 move utility routines source up to lie between predefined snobol functions (s\$xxx) routines and utility procedures. this was done to assist translation on platforms such as apple macintosh that use 15-bit offsets to store error exits (ppm

branches). offsets to labels like exfal were just too far away. similarly, functions tfind, tmake, and vmake are located out of alphabetic order to satisfy the macintosh's limited range for subroutine calls. move built-in labels beyond the block and pattern routines to get it within 32k of the error routines.

- c3.777 at scn46, allow colon, right paren and right
 bracket to terminate = operator with default
 null operand.
- c3.778 added .ctet conditional for table entry trace.
- c3.779 introduce cfp\$1, the largest unsigned value that may be stored in a one-word integer. this is done to accommodate machines where memory addresses have the high-order address bit set.
- c3.780 perform replace in place if first arg is buffer.
- c3.781 perform reverse in place if first arg is buffer.
- c3.782 change sysou to accept buffer as well as string to be output. change code at asg11 to prevent conversion of buffer to string.
- c3.783 optimize pos and rpos when it is the first node of a pattern and has either an integer or simple expression variable argument. if unanchored mode and the cursor is zero, it is advanced directly to the desired cursor position.
- c3.784 perform trim function in place if arg is buffer.
- c3.785 add gtstb procedure to get a string or buffer argument for replace, reverse, size, trim, etc.
- c3.786 change leq, lgt, etc. to perform comparisons without converting buffer arguments to strings. this is done by changing lcomp to accept buffer argument(s). this also affects sort function, which will compare two buffers as strings.
- c3.787 change gtnum to use characters in buffer without conversion to a string. this implies that acomp will perform arithmetic comparisons of buffers without converting to strings first.
- c3.788 perform comparisons of strings and buffers in sortc.
- c3.789 change insbf to allow insertion of a buffer into a buffer without first converting it to a string. note that this only works when the two buffers are not the same.
- c3.790 documentation change: note that all of the block move opcodes should have wa .gt. 0. not all implementations avoid moving objects when wa is zero.
- c3.791 change ident to provide buffer/buffer and buffer/string comparisons, to accommodate users who perform ident(buf) to check for null string in buffer.
- c3.792 added fullscan keyword initialized to one. user may set to any non-zero value, will receive an

error message if attempts to set to zero, since quickscan mode is not supported.

- c3.793 rewrote statement startup code at stmgo to only perform checking of profiling, stcount tracing, and statement counting if necessary.
- c3.794 add additional exit to sysfc and ioput to signal that i/o channel (fcblk) is already in use. added error message numbers 289 and 290.
- c3.795 added optional integer argument to date function to specify format of date string returned by sysdt.

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version 3.6 to 3.6a (oct 83)

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changes

c3.617 add .cnlf. if defined, then arguments to external functions may be declared to have type file.
such arguments must have been used as second arg to input() or output() and a pointer to the fcb is passed to the external function.

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version 3.5 to 3.6 (jun 83)

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codes used to identify authors are (sgd) for duff, (reg) for goldberg, and (lds) for shields.

bugs fixed

- b3.601 (sgd) to fix multiple trap block problem in asign
- b3.602 (sgd) patch in gtarr to fix null convert.
- b3.603 (sgd) inserted missing wtb after sysmm calls.
- b3.604 (sgd) use string length in hashs.
- b3.605 (sgd) fixed serious parser problem relating to (x y) on line being viewed as pattern match. fixed by addition of new cmtyp value c\$cnp (concatenation not pattern match).
- b3.606 (sgd) fixed exit(n) respecification code to properly observe header semantics on return.
- b3.607 (sgd) bypass prtpg call at initialization following compilation if no output generated. this prevents output files consisting of the headers and a few blank lines when there is no source listing and no compilation stats. also fix timsx initialization in same code.
- b3.608 (sgd) b\$efc code did not check for unconverted result returning null string.
- b3.609 (sgd) load pfvbl field in retrn for

return tracing. this was causing bug on return traces that tried to access the variable name. b3.610 (sgd) fixed problem relating to compilation of goto fields containing small integers (in const sec). b3.611 (reg) prevent clear() from clobbering protected variables at label sclr5. b3.612 (reg) fixed gtexp from accepting trailing semicolon or colon. this is not a legal way to end an expression. b3.613 (reg) fixed difficulties with listings during execution when no listing generated during compilation. -list to code() caused bomb. fix is to reset r\$ttl and r\$stl to nulls not 0 after compilation. (listr and listt expect nulls) when listing and statistics routed to different file than execution output, error message is sent to execution output (and gets separated from ... in statement ... msg). labo1 calls sysax and stopr does not call sysax if entered from labo1. b3.614 (lds) fix misuse of wc just after asg10. b3.615 (lds) add comment pointing out suspicious code after tfn02 b3.616 (lds) fix inconsistent declaration of sorth. b3.617 (lds) insert missing conditional tests on cnbf. b3.618 (lds) fix some violations of minimal language that had slipped past some translators. b3.619 (lds) correct error introduced in fixing b3.614.

*	changes	
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*		
*	c3.601	(sgd) addition of .cnci and sysci (int to string
*		system routine option)
*	c3.602	(reg) changed iniln and and inils to 258
*	c3.603 c3.604	<pre>(sgd) merged in profiler patches, repaired code. (sgd) added buffer type and symbol cnbf</pre>
*	c3.605	(sgd) added char function. char(n) returns nth
*	00.000	character of host machine character set.
*	c3.606	(reg) added cfp\$u to ease translation on smaller
*		systems - conditional .cucf
*	c3.607	(reg) added lower case support, conditional .culc
*	c3.608	(reg) added set i/o function, conditional .cust
*	c3.609	. 8,
*		sysbx and added another before call to sysbx,
*		so that, if desired by the implementor,
*		standard output will reflect assignments made
*		by executing program only.
*		conditional .cuej controls - if defined then
*	c3.610	eject is before call to sysbx. (lds) introduce .ctmd to support systm that
*	00.010	reports elapsed time in deciseconds instead of
*		milliseconds.
*	c3.611	(lds) provide place for .def or .und for each
*		conditional option, so that settings can be
*		changed without changing line numbers.
*		current settings are for 808x translation.
*	c3.612	1
*		conditional branch instruction cannot have form
*		(x)+ in order to simplify translations for which
*	-2 612	postincrement not readily available.
*	03.013	<pre>(reg,lds) add op flc wreg</pre>
*		that folds character in wreg to upper case.
*		this op is used only if .culc is defined.
*		this change also involves addition of keyword
*		&case which when nonzero (the initial setting)
*		causes the case folding just described to be
*		done.
*	c3.614	(lds) add option .cs16 to permit initialization
*		of statement limit values to 32767 for 16 bit
*		machines.
*	c3.615	(lds) permit return point and entry point

addresses to be distinguished by their parity

- instead of by lying within a certain range $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =0$ of values. introduce conditional symbols .crpp return points have odd parity .cepp entry points have odd parity
- c3.616 (lds) introduce new minimal opcodes to branch according to parity,

bev opn,plbl branch if address even

- bod opn,plbl branch if address odd
 an address is even if it is a multiple of cfp\$b.

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documentation revisions

documentation revision revision
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version 3.4 to 3.5 (feb 79)

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bugs fixed

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- b3.401 prtst should be declared as an r type procedure.
- b3.402 timing error if spitbol fails in dump.
- b3.403 error in handling omitted args of operators.
- b3.404 too many lines put on first page of listing.
- b3.405 leading unary operator in eval erroneously needed preceding blank.
- b3.406 identifying name in dump of array or table values was omitted.
- b3.407 eval unable to return a deferred expression.
- b3.408 illegal if setexit code branches to return.
- b3.409 illegal on detaching input, output, terminal.

changes

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- c3.401 -sequ and -nose control cards removed.
- c3.402 option provided to suppress system identification on listing.
- c3.403 description of sysbx slightly revised.
- c3.404 permissible to modify scblk length before taking error returns from sysin, sysrd, sysri.
- c3.405 conditional .cnld may be defined to omit load().
- c3.406 conditional .cnex may be defined to omit exit().
- c3.407 table now accepts a third argument specifying default initial lookup value.
- c3.408 routines sort, rsort for sorting arrays and table introduced. specification is as in sitbol. routines may be omitted by defining .cnsr .
- c3.409 error in code(), eval() call now causes statement failure but errtext keyword is still set.
- c3.410 arg to code() may contain embedded control cards and comment delimited by a semicolon.

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documentation revisions

- d3.401 purpose of restriction 2 in minimal section -6-(operations on char values), erroneously stated to be for cmc, rather than for ceq, cne. descriptions of above opcodes revised.
- d3.402 description of ent clarified.
 - d3.403 descriptions of several opcodes revised to remove technically invalid literals e.g. =0, *1.
 - ${\tt d3.405}$ restricted use of letter z in minimal clarified.
 - d3.406 divide by zero explicitly mentioned in relation to overflow setting.

version 3.3 to 3.4 (oct 78) bugs fixed ----b3.301 illegal for erroneous eval() arg. b3.302 address arithmetic overflow in alloc and alocs. b3.303 -eject and -space ignored -nolist option. b3.304 erroneous argument scan in load(). b3.305 erroneous plc on uninitialised r\$cim in nexts. b3.306 ldi used instead of mti after prv07. b3.307 misuse of rmi at erra2. b3.308 misuse of mti in hashs. b3.309 bug in -sequ card sequence number checking. b3.310 stack overflow error message not always printed. b3.311 corrupt prototype print for traced arrays. b3.312 pattern first arg in dupl caused error. b3.313 omitted csc in s\$rpd, erroneous csc in convert. b3.314 misplaced btw in exbld. b3.315 incorrect code in hashs. b3.316 failure of load to scan integer arg. b3.317 table access with negative integer arg. failed. b3.318 error in returning result of loaded function. b3.319 =e\$srs used after iniO1 instead of *e\$srs. b3.320 err used instead of erb after systu b3.321 label could start with disallowed character.

b3.322 continue after setexit had bad heuristic.

changes _____ c3.301 sysax and .csax introduced - see sysax in procedures section. c3.302 variable mxlen introduced. contains the maximum size of a spitbol object and is not changeable after initialisation. may be defaulted or set explicitly by sysmx. c3.303 syshs returns revised - see syshs. c3.304 new minimal opcode aov to fix b3.302. c3.305 inhibit stlimit check if stlimit made negative. c3.306 cfpm is required to be of form 2**n - 1. c3.307 dupl made to conform to sil snobol4 standard. c3.308 lch and sch actions more closely defined. c3.309 batch initialisation code omitted if conditional assembly symbol .cnbt (no batch) defined. c3.310 (wa) contains argument count in sysex call. c3.311 sysfc may request allocation of static fcblk. c3.312 if ia,wc overlap, restriction put on dumping/ restoring these registers. c3.313 new listing option intermediate between compact and extended provided (see syspp).

- c3.314 revision of sysxi interface to permit options for load module standard o/p file (see sysxi,syspp).
- c3.315 last arg of substr may be omitted treated as remainder of string.

bugs fi	vod
b3.201	routines illegally accessed information beyond the stack front.
h3 202	similar fault in unanchored pattern matching. dump(1) produced dump(2) type output.
b3.203	
b3.204	incorrect fail return from tfind in arref.
b3.205	endfile did not detach i/o associated variables
b3.206	-space with omitted arg. failed
b3.207	looped if dump keyword non-zero after stack
	overflow in garbage collect failure.
b3.208	failure in reading numbers with trailing blanks
changes	
snobol4	ensive changes made here mostly result from a implementors meeting held at new york universit st 1977. they are aimed at
) having spitbol conform to certain snobol4
	nguage standards and
	 producing a stable definition of minimal by rrying out a few essential revisions in the ligh
	experience in its use.
changes	to spitbol
	
c3.201	default values for keywords trim and anchor are zero. on systems where records are customarily handled without traling blanks, there is no
	obligation to supply such blanks.
	8

c3.203 the second argument of input and output is permitted to be an integer as in snobol4. in addition input(), output() now give a snobol4 statement failure if sysio uses the file not found return. the third argument has a recommended format and to override its default delimiter (,) a conditional assembly symbol, .ciod, is used. interfaces to sysef,sysej,syfc,sysio,sysrw are revised.

wc may now be used to return from sysio, a max record length.

- c3.204 a new configuration parameter cfp\$f (scblk offset is introduced. cfp\$u is removed.
- c3.205 implementation and version identification is required see sysid.
- c3.206 routine sysmx returns the maximum length of spitbol objects (strings arrays etc). this information is not now needed at time of entry to spitbol and hence wc should be zero on entry.
- c3.207 a conditional parameter .cnra permits assembly of a more compact version with no real arithmetic code.
- c3.208 terminal is a new pre-associated variable capable of performing input and output to an online terminal. sysri is a new routine used in the implementation of this. see also syspp.
- c3.209 the environment parameters e\$--- are now provided by the minimal translator using the revised equ * format (see c3.229 and start of spitbol definitions section some reordering of symbols has occurred).
- c3.210 the interface of sysxi has been slightly revised. unavailability of i/o channels after exit(1), exit(-1) is documented together with additional error return usage for sysin,sysou,syspr,sysrd.
- ${\tt c3.211}$ spitbol error codes have been frozen see ${\tt c3.230}$
- c3.212 the utility routines arref etc. are now introduced by rtn statements.
- c3.213 sysrl (record length for std input file) is removed. since implementation of a general -inxxx control card and an ability to specify max record length using the third argument of input, sysrl has become redundant.
- c3.214 sysej and sysxi are now passed a chain linking all fcblks in use.
- c3.215 a special ending code in sysej is used when attempts to use standard output channel fail.
- c3.216 restriction c3.233 observed so simplifying optimised translation of ent with omitted val.

changes to minimal

- c3.220 minimal opcodes dec, dim, inc, and bmp are withdrawn and replaced by the more consistent set dca, dcv, ica, icv.
- c3.221 chs has been replaced by the more generally useful zgb (still likely to be a no-op for most implementations however).
- c3.222 the set of character comparisons has been reduced to ceq and one to ease implementation problems.
- c3.223 opcode irz is removed and dvi, rmi orders are redefined to conform to more common usage.
- c3.224 new opcodes ssl and sss are defined. their use permits return links for n type procedures to be placed on a local stack if desired.
- c3.225 opcode mnz complements zer. it moves a non-zero flag to its destination.
- c3.226 for some machines it is preferable for the stack to build up rather than down. to permit this without need for massive changes in minimal and recoding of existing programs, a scheme has been devised in which an additional register name, xt, is used as a synonym for xl when this register is involved in stack manipulation—see section 4.
- c3.227 section 0 of a minimal program is renamed the procedure section. it now contains, in addition to exp, specifications of internal procedures and routines by means of the inp and inr opcodes.
- c3.228 the literal operand formats =int and *int have been withdrawn. =dlbl and *dlbl must be used in their stead.
- c3.229 the format
 label equ *nn
 used to specify values supplied by the minimal
 translator for char. codes etc. is replaced by
 label equ *
 where the order in which the definitions are
 supplied by the translator should match the
 order of occurrence in the definitions section.
- c3.230 the format of err,erb opcodes is changed to require a numeric operand.
- c3.231 the rtn opcode is used to introduce routines (which are quite distinct from procedures).
- c3.232 conditional assembly directives may be nested.
- c3.233 minor restriction placed on the omission of val with the ent opcode.

version 3.1 to 3.2 (aug 77)

*

bugs fixed

*

- b3.101 astonishing this was unnoticed for three years.
 bad code for snobol4 integer divide, /, gave
 wrong result for operands of opposite signs.
 implementations have either wrongly translated
 dvi and got correct result or correctly
 translated dvi and got wrong result leeds had
 one of each. see also c3.106.
 test program no. 1 now extended to check /
 more thoroughly.
- b3.102 garbage collection bug in scane

changes

- c3.101 option to use additional characters ch\$ht,ch\$vt (horizontal and vertical tab) with same syntactic significance as ch\$bl (blank).
- c3.102 option to use a set of shifted case alphabetic characters ch\$\$a ... ch\$\$\$.
- c3.103 conditional assembly features are introduced into minimal on account of the above. see minimal documentation section for details of above changes.
- c3.104 lch and sch may use an x register first operand as alternative to a w register.
- c3.105 spitbol statement numbers in the listing may optionally be padded to 6 or 8 chars instead of 5 by defining conditional assembly symbols .csn6 or .csn8 .
- c3.106 to fix bug 3.101. at moderate cost, opcode irz (branch if integer divide remainder zero) introduced.
- c3.107 to handle possible machine dependency in string hashing, chs (complete hashing of string) opcode is introduced. probably a no-op on most machines not on the dec10.
- c3.108 procedures patin,tfind,trace have been modified to conform to the minimal standard call and return regime.
- c3.109 sysfc interface revised slightly to permit osint to return a pointer to a privately allocated fcblk which spitbol will return on subsequent i/o see sysfc doc.
- c3.110 to remove inconsistencies in calling sequences, all sys routines having access to a possible fcblk have fcblk ptr or zero in reg. wa on entry. change affects sysef, sysen, sysil, sysin,

* sysou, sysrw.

* c3.111 syspp bit allocated to provide

* -noexec option on entry to spitbol.

```
*
    documentation revisions
    docum
```

version 3.0 to 3.1 (mar 77)

*

bugs fixed

*

- b3.001 replace() could fail during pre-evaluation.
 spitbol now signals an error for null or
 unequally long 2nd and 3rd arguments.
- b3.002 negative second arguments to dupl, lpad, rpad caused spitbol to signal an error. now causes return of null string or first arg respectively.
- b3.003 brn-s used instead of ppm-s in s\$sub.
- b3.004 err used instead of erb after cmp30.
- b3.005 b\$pfc, s\$cnv, s\$def, arith and arref kept information illegally above the stack top.
- b3.006 pre-evaluation of constant parts of complex gotos was erroneous.
- b3.007 incorrect handling of labels compiled by code().
- b3.008 the single use of trc (in s\$rpl) was not in accord with its definition. some translations of trc may need revision now that the use has been brought into line with definition.

*

changes

*

a debate on a few weaknesses in minimal design has been resolved by introducing 4 new opcodes.

- c3.001 new minimal opcodes bmp and dim introduced to augment inc and dec which are applicable only to addresses.
- c3.002 the opcode szc (store zero characters) had a restricted applicability. it has been replaced by the more general zer (zeroise).
- c3.004 control card processing has been recoded.

 -inxxx allows specification of standard input
 file record lengths other than 72 or 80, see also
 sysrl. -sequ is ignored unless -in80 is in effect
- c3.005 to enable efficient buffering of chars on machines without char. handling orders, the csc (complete store characters) instruction is introduced. current implementations can translate it as a no-op if it is of no benefit.
- c3.006 integers 0,1,2 are treated specially. icblks in static are used instead of allocating space in dynamic.

k .

version 2.7 (june 76) to 3.0 (jan 77)

*

bugs fixed

- b2.701 goes illegal if timed out during processing of dump() call.
- b2.702 goes illegal if spitbol error detected in args of code() or eval(). bug fixed so that user now gets a spitbol error report (trappable by setexit) before statement failure.
- b2.703 goes illegal in some circumstances when multiple compilation errors occur in a statement
- b2.704 goes illegal if garbage collector runs out of stack space.
- b2.705 control card processing incorrect for cdc 6400.
- b2.706 incorrect handling of multiple occurrences of chars in replace 2nd and 3rd args.
- b2.707 stack overflow in pre-evaluation of replace in cdc 6400 version.
- b2.708 an explicit call of sysmw was coded in s\$dat instead of the mvw opcode.
- b2.709 call of garbage collector whilst dumping caused havoc.
- b2.710 size restriction on spitbol objects (size must be numerically less than lowest dynamic address) was not enforced, with potential for catastrophe.
- b2.711 deferred expressions involving alternation or negation were incorrectly translated.
- b2.712 listing of a compilation error at the end of a long line could cause compiler to go illegal.
- b2.713 incorrect -nofail code with success goto.

changes

:

(it is not anticipated that major revisions on this scale will be frequent).

- c2.701 default value of anchor keyword is set to 1. this conflicts with snobol4 practice but is a preferable default for most applications.
- c2.702 if errtype is out of range the string in keyword errtext is printed as the error message.
- c2.703 if stlimit is exceeded, up to 10 more statements may be obeyed to permit setexit trap to gain control.
- c2.704 the concept of an interactive channel is introduced for implementations where an online terminal may be used for spitbol. the standard print file may be specified as interactive in which case shorter title lines are output. alternatively copies of compilation and execution errors only may be sent to this channel
- c2.705 printing of compilation statistics may be suppressed.
- c2.706 printing of execution statistics may be suppressed.
- c2.707 extended or compact listing format may be selected.
- c2.708 an initial -nolist option may be specified before compilation starts.
- c2.709 to specify choices implied by c2.704 to c2.708 syspp interface is revised and syspi is defined.
- c2.710 compilation and execution time statistics messages have been shortened.
- c2.711 the exit function as in sitbol is introduced to permit saving load modules see sysxi, s\$ext.
- c2.712 diagnostic routines sysgb and sysgd have been removed. they were useful in the early debugging days but have fallen into disuse now.
- c2.713 szc may have an operand of type opn instead of type opw
- c2.714 input/output association interface has been revised. sysif, sysof have been consolidated into the new system routine, sysio, and the specification of sysfc has been slightly changed.
- c2.715 configuration parameter mxlen has been withdrawn and the maximum size of a spitbol object which was formerly fixed at spitbol compile time by reference to it may now be specified as a run time option by placing a value in wc before entry to spitbol. (see comment on dynamic area in basic information section).

* c2.716 a function, host, is introduced which yields

* information about the host machine - see syshs

and s\$hst.

documentation revisions

- d2.701 the description of mvc has been revised to reflect the fact that some spitbol code sequences rely on mvc not destroying wb. minor changes have been made to mwb and mvw descriptions to emphasise similarities in the implicit loops of these orders.
- d2.702 descriptions of dvi and rmi have been clarified.
- d2.703 implementation of rsx,lsx,ceq,cge,cgt,chi,clo,clt is optional at present since they are currently unused. their use in later versions is not excluded.
- d2.704 impossibility of using stack for return links of n type procedures is emphasised.
- d2.705 notation (x1),(wc) etc in language description is clarified.
- ${\tt d2.706}$ documentation of sysfc, sysio has been improved.
- d2.707 opcode descriptions are cross referenced from the alphabetical opcode list.
- d2.708 general description of compiler has been moved to the start of the compiler proper.
- d2.709 definitions of environment parameters have been put near the front of the definitions section.

minimal – machine independent macro assembly lang.

the following sections describe the implementation language originally developed for spitbol but now more widely used. minimal is an assembly language for an idealized machine. the following describes the basic characteristics of this machine.

section 1 - configuration parameters

there are several parameters which may vary with the target machine. the macro-program is independent of the actual definitions of these parameters.

the definitions of these parameters are supplied by the translation program to match the target machine.

cfp\$a number of distinct characters in internal alphabet in the range 64 le cfp\$a le mxlen.

cfp\$b number of bytes in a word where a byte is the amount of storage addressed by the least significant address bit.

number of characters which can cfp\$c be stored in a single word.

cfp\$f

byte offset from start of a string block to the first character. depends both on target machine and string data structure. see plc, psc

cfp\$i number of words in a signed integer constant

cfp\$1 the largest unsigned integer of form 2**n - 1 which can be stored in a single word. n will often be cfp\$n but need not be.

cfp\$m the largest positive signed integer of form 2**n - 1 which can be stored in a single word. n will often be cfp\$n-1 but need not be.

cfp\$n number of bits which can be stored in a one word bit string.

number of words in a real constant cfp\$r

cfp\$s

number of significant digits to be output in conversion of a real

34

section 2 - memory

memory is organized into words which each contain cfp\$b bytes. for word machines cfp\$b, which is a configuration parameter, may be one in which case words and bytes are identical. to each word corresponds an address which is a non-negative quantity which is a multiple of cfp\$b. data is organized into words as follows.

1) a signed integer value occupies cfp\$i consecutive words (cfp\$i is a configuration parameter). the range may include more negative numbers than positive (e.g. the twos complement representation).

a signed real value occupies cfp\$r consecutive 2) words. (cfp\$r is a configuration parameter).

3) cfp\$c characters may be stored in a single word (cfp\$c is a configuration parameter).

4) a bit string containing cfp\$n bits can be stored in a single word (cfp\$n is a configuration parameter).

5) a word can contain a unsigned integer value in the range (0 le n le cfp\$1). these integer values may represent addresses of other words and some of the instructions use this fact to provide indexing and indirection facilities.

6) program instructions occupy words in an undefined manner. depending on the actual implementation, instructions may occupy several words, or part of a word, or even be split over word boundaries.

the following regions of memory are available to the program. each region consists of a series of words with consecutive addresses.

- 1) constant section assembled constants working storage section assembled work areas 3) program section assembled instructions
- 4) stack area
- 5)

allocated stack area allocated data area

data area

k

section 3 - registers

*

there are three index registers called xr,xl,xs. in addition xl may sometimes be referred to by the alias of xt - see section 4. any of the above registers may hold a positive unsigned integer in the range (0 le n le cfp\$1). when the index register is used for indexing purposes, this must be an appropriate address. xs is special in that it is used to point to the top item of a stack in memory. the stack may build up or down in memory.since it is required that xs points to the stack top but access to items below the top is permitted, registers xs and xt may be used with suitable offsets to index stacked items. only xs and xt may be used for this purpose since the direction of the offset is target machine dependent. xt is a synonym for xl which therefore cannot be used in code sequences referencing xt.

*

the stack is used for s-r linkage and temporary data storage for which the stack arrangement is suitable. xr,xl can also contain a character pointer in conjunction with the character instructions (see description of plc).

k

there are three work registers called wa,wb,wc which can contain any data item which can be stored in a single memory word. in fact, the work registers are just like memory locations except that they have no addresses and are referenced in a special way by the instructions.

*

note that registers wa,wb have special uses in connection with the cvd, cvm, mvc, mvw, mwb, cmc, trc instructions.

*

register wc may overlap the integer accumulator (ia) in some implementations. thus any operation changing the value in wc leaves (ia) undefined and vice versa except as noted in the following restriction on simple dump/restore operations.

*

${\tt restriction}$

if ia and wc overlap then

sti iasav

ldi iasav

does not change wc, and

mov wc,wcsav

mov wcsav,wc

does not change ia.

*

there is an integer accumulator (ia) which is capable of holding a signed integer value (cfp\$i words long). register wc may overlap the integer accumulator (ia) in some implementations. thus any operation changing the value in wc leaves (ia) undefined and vice versa except as noted in the above restriction on simple dump/restore operations.

*

there is a single real accumulator (ra) which can hold any real value and is completely separate from any of the other registers or program accessible locations.

*

the code pointer register (cp) is a special index register for use in implementations of interpretors. it is used to contain a pseudo-code pointer and can only be affected by icp, lcp, scp and lcw instructions.

```
section 4 - the stack
```

*

the following notes are to guide both implementors of systems written in minimal and minimal programmers in dealing with stack manipulation. implementation of a downwards building stack is easiest and in general is to be preferred, in which case it is merely necessary to consider xt as an alternative name for xl.

*

the minimal virtual machine includes a stack and has operand formats -(xs) and (xs)+ for pushing and popping items with an implication that the stack builds down in memory (a d-stack). however on some target machines it is better for the stack to build up (a u-stack). a stack addressed only by push and pop operations can build in either direction with no complication but such a pure scheme of stack access proves restrictive. hence it is permitted to access buried items using an integer offset past the index register pointing to the stack top. on target machines this offset will be positive/negative for d-stacks/u-stacks and this must be allowed for in the translation.

a further restriction is that at no time may an item be placed above the stack top. for some operations this makes it convenient to advance the stack pointer and then address items below it using a second index register. the problem of signed offsets past such a register then arises. to distinguish stack offsets, which in some implementations may be negative, from non-stack offsets which are invariably positive, xt, an alias or synonym for xl is used. for a u-stack implementation, the minimal translator should negate the sign of offsets applied to both (xs) and (xt).

programmers should note that since xt is not a separate register, xl should not be used in code where xt is referenced. other modifications needed in u-stack translations are in the add, sub, ica, dca opcodes applied to xs, xt. for example

*

```
minimal
                 d-stack trans. u-stack trans.
mov wa,-(xs)
                 sbi xs,1
                                adi xs,1
                 sto wa,(xs)
                                sto wa, (xs)
                lod wc,(xl)
                               lod wc,(x1)
mov (xt)+,wc
                 adi xl,1
                                sbi xl,1
add =seven,xs
                 adi xs,7
                                sbi xs,7
mov 2(xt),wa
                 lod wa, 2(x1)
                               lod wa, -2(x1)
                 adi xs,1
                                sbi xs,1
ica xs
```

*

note that forms such as

mov -(xs),wa

add wa,(xs)+

are illegal, since they assume information storage

* above the stack top.

```
the internal character set is represented by a set of
contiguous codes from 0 to cfp$a-1. the codes for the
digits 0-9 must be contiguous and in sequence. other
than this, there are no restraints.
the following symbols are automatically defined to have
the value of the corresponding internal character code.
ch$la
                      letter a
ch$1b
                      letter b
ch$1$
                      letter z
ch$d0
                      digit 0
ch$d9
                      digit 9
ch$am
                      ampersand
ch$as
                      asterisk
ch$at
                      at
ch$bb
                      left bracket
ch$bl
                      blank
ch$br
                      vertical bar
ch$cl
                      colon
ch$cm
                      comma
ch$dl
                      dollar sign
ch$dt
                      dot (period)
ch$dq
                      double quote
ch$eq
                      equal sign
ch$ex
                      exclamation mark
ch$mn
                      minus
ch$nm
                      number sign
ch$nt
                      not
ch$pc
                      percent
ch$pl
                      plus
ch$pp
                      left paren
ch$rb
                      right bracket
ch$rp
                      right paren
ch$qu
                      question mark
ch$sl
                      slash
ch$sm
                      semi-colon
ch$sq
                      single quote
ch$un
                      underline
the following optional symbols are incorporated
by defining the conditional assembly symbol named.
26 shifted letters incorporated by defining .casl
ch$$a
                      shifted a
ch$$b
                      shifted b
```

section 5 - internal character set

*		
*	ch\$\$\$	shifted z
*		
*	ch\$ht	horizontal tab - define .caht
*	ch\$vt	vertical tab - define .cavt
*	ch\$ey	up arrow - define .caex

section 6 - conditional assembly features

some features of the interpreter are applicable to only certain target machines. they may be incorporated or omitted by use of conditional assembly. the full form of a condition is -

.if conditional assembly symbol (cas)
.then

minimal statements1 (ms1)

.else

minimal statements2 (ms2)

.fi

the following rules apply

- 1. the directives .if, .then, .else, .fi must start in column 1.
- 2. the conditional assembly symbol must start with a dot in column 8 followed by 4 letters or digits e.g. .ca\$1
- 3. .then is redundant and may be omitted if wished.
- 4. ms1, ms2 are arbitrary sequences of minimal statements either of which may be null or may contain further conditions.
- 5. if ms2 is omitted, .else may also be omitted.
- 6. .fi is required.
- 7. conditions may be nested to a depth determined by the translator (not less than 20, say).

selection of the alternatives ms1, ms2 is by means of the define and undefine directives of form -

.def cas

.undef cas

which obey rules 1. and 2. above and may occur at any point in a minimal program, including within a condition. multiply defining a symbol is an error.

undefining a symbol which is not defined is not an error.

the effect is that if a symbol is currently defined, then in any condition depending on it, ms1 will be processed and ms2 omitted. conversely if it is undefined, ms1 will be omitted and ms2 processed.

nesting of conditions is such that conditions in a section not selected for processing must not be evaluated. nested conditions must remember their environment whilst being processed. effectively this implies use of a scheme based on a stack with .if, .fi matching by the condition processor of the translator.

section 7 - operand formats

the following section describes the various possibilities for operands of instructions and assembly operations.

*			
*	01	int	unsigned integer le cfp\$1
*	02	dlbl	symbol defined in definitions sec
*	03	wlbl	label in working storage section
*	04	clbl	label in constant section
*	05	elbl	program section entry label
*	06	plbl	program section label (non-entry)
*	07	X	one of the three index registers
*	08	W	one of the three work registers
*	09	(x)	location indexed by x
*	10	+(x)	like (x) but post increment x
*	11	-(x)	like (x) but predecrement x
*	12	int(x)	location int words beyond addr in x
*	13	dlbl(x)	location dlbl words past addr in x
*	14	clbl(x)	location (x) bytes beyond clbl
*	15	wlbl(x)	location (x) bytes beyond wlbl
*	16	integer	signed integer (dic)
*	17	real	signed real (drc)
*	18	=dlbl	location containing dac dlbl
*	19	*dlbl	location containing dac cfp\$b*dlbl
*	20	=wlbl	location containing dac wlbl
*	21	=clbl	location containing dac clbl
*	22	=elbl	location containing dac elbl
*	23	pnam	procedure label (on prc instruc)
*	24	eqop	operand for equ instruction
*	25	ptyp	procedure type (see prc)
*	26	text	arbitrary text (erb,err,ttl)
*	27	dtext	delimited text string (dtc)
Ψ.			

the numbers in the above list are used in subsequent description and in some of the minimal translators.

operand formats (continued)

the following special symbols refer to a collection of the listed possibilities

val 01,02

predefined value

val is used to refer to a predefined one word integer value in the range 0 le n le cfp\$1.

reg 07,08

register

reg is used to describe an operand which can be any of the registers (xl,xr,xs,xt,wa,wb,wc). such an operand can hold a one word integer (address).

*

opc 09,10,11

character

opc is used to designate a specific character operand for use in the lch and sch instructions. the index register referenced must be either xr or xl (not xs,xt). see section on character operations.

*

ops 03,04,09,12,13,14,15

memory reference

ops is used to describe an operand which is in memory. the operand may be one or more words long depending on the data type. in the case of multiword operands, the address given is the first word.

*

opw as for ops + 08,10,11

full word

opw is used to refer to an operand whose capacity is that of a full memory word. opw includes all the possibilities for ops (the referenced word is used) plus the use of one of the three work registers (wa, wb, wc). in addition, the formats (x)+ and -(x)allow indexed operations in which the index register is popped by one word after the reference (x)+, or pushed by one word before the reference -(x)these latter two formats provide a facility for manipulation of stacks. the format does not imply a particular direction in which stacks must build it is used for compactness. note that there is a restriction which disallows an instruction to use an index register in one of these formats in some other manner in the same instruction. mov x1,(x1)+is illegal. the formats -(x) and (x)+ may also be used in pre-decrementation, post-incrementation to access the adjacent character of a string.

opn as for opw + 07

operand formats (continued)

one word integer

opn is used to represent an operand location which can contain a one word integer (e.g. an address). this includes all the possibilities for opw plus the use of one of the index registers (xl,xr,xt, xs). the range of integer values is 0 le n le cfp\$1.

opv as for opn + 18-22 one word integer value

opv is used for an operand which can yield a one word integer value (e.g. an address). it includes all the possibilities for opn (the current value of the location is used) plus the use of literals. note that although the literal formats are described in terms of a reference to a location containing an address constant, this location may not actually exist in some implementations since only the value is required. a restriction is placed on literals which may consist only of defined symbols and certain labels. consequently small integers to be used as literals must be pre-defined, a discipline aiding program maintenance and revision.

addr 01,02,03,04,05 address

> addr is used to describe an explicit address value (one word integer value) for use with dac.

- in the following descriptions the usage --
- (x1),(xr), ...,(ia)* in the descriptive text signifies the
- contents of the stated register.

k

the following list includes all instruction and assembly operation mnemonics in alphabetical order. the mnemonics are preceded by a number identifying the following section where the instruction is described. a star (*) is appended to the mnemonic if the last operand may optionally be omitted. see section -15- for details of statement format and comment conventions.

*

```
2.1 add opv,opn
                       add address
4.2 adi
                       add integer
          ops
5.3 adr ops
                       add real
7.1 anb opw,w
                       and bit string
2.17 aov opv,opn,plbl add address, fail if overflow
5.16 atn
                       arctangent of real accum
2.16 bct w,plbl
                       branch and count
2.5 beq opn,opv,plbl branch if address equal
2.18 bev opn,plbl
                       branch if address even
2.8 bge opn,opv,plbl branch if address greater or equl
2.7 bgt opn,opv,plbl branch if address greater
2.12 bhi opn,opv,plbl branch if address high
2.10 ble opn,opv,plbl branch if address less or equal
2.11 blo opn,opv,plbl branch if address low
2.9 blt opn,opv,plbl branch if address less than
2.6 bne opn,opv,plbl branch if address not equal
2.13 bnz opn,plbl
                       branch if address non-zero
                       branch if address odd
2.19 bod opn,plbl
1.2 brn plbl
                       branch unconditional
1.7 bri opn
                       branch indirect
1.3 bsw* x,val,plbl branch on switch value
8.2 btw reg
                       convert bytes to words
2.14 bze opn,plbl
                       branch if address zero
6.6 ceq opw,opw,plbl branch if characters equal
10.1 chk
                       check stack overflow
5.17 chp
                       integer portion of real accum
7.4 cmb w
                       complement bit string
6.8 cmc plbl,plbl
                       compare character strings
6.7 cne opw,opw,plbl branch if characters not equal
6.5 \, \csc \, x
                       complete store characters
                       cosine of real accum
5.18 cos
8.8 ctb w, val
                       convert character count to bytes
8.7 ctw w, val
                       convert character count to words
8.10 cvd
                       convert by division
8.9 cvm plbl
                       convert by multiplication
11.1 dac addr
                       define address constant
11.5 dbc val
                       define bit string constant
2.4 dca opn
                       decrement address by one word
1.17 dcv opn
                       decrement value by one
11.2 dic integer
                       define integer constant
```

move characters

move address value to (ia)

move

1.1 mov opv,opn

8.3 mti opn

9.1 mvc

move words

9.2 mvw 9.3 mwb move words backwards negate integer

4.8 ngi

alphabetical list of mnemonics (continued)

```
5.9 ngr
                       negate real
7.9 nzb w,plbl
                       jump if not all zero bits
7.2 orb opw,w
                       or bit strings
6.1 plc* x,opv
                       prepare to load characters
1.10 ppm* plbl
                       provide procedure exit parameter
1.11 prc ptyp, val
                       define start of procedure
                       prepare to store characters
6.2 psc* x,opv
5.10 req plbl
                       jump if real zero
5.11 rge plbl
                       jump if real positive or zero
5.12 rgt plbl
                       jump if real positive
                       jump if real negative or zero
5.13 rle plbl
5.14 rlt plbl
                       jump if real negative
4.6 rmi ops
                       remainder integer
5.15 rne plbl
                       jump if real non-zero
5.8 rno plbl
                       jump if no real overflow
5.7 rov plbl
                       jump if real overflow
7.5 rsh w, val
                       right shift bit string
7.7 rsx w,(x)
                       right shift indexed
8.6 rti* plbl
                       convert real to integer
                       define start of routine
1.22 rtn
4.4 sbi ops
                       subtract integer
5.4 sbr ops
                       subtract reals
6.4 sch reg,opc
                       store character
3.2 scp reg
                       store code pointer
14.1 sec
                       define start of assembly section
5.21 sin
                       sine of real accum
5.22 sqr
                       square root of real accum
1.20 ssl
          opw
                       subroutine stack load
1.21 sss opw
                       subroutine stack store
4.7 sti
                       store integer
          ops
5.2 str
                       store real
          ops
2.2 sub opv,opn
                       subtract address
5.23 tan
                       tangent of real accum
6.9 trc
                       translate character string
13.2 ttl text
                       supply assembly title
8.1 wtb reg
                       convert words to bytes
7.3 xob opw,w
                       exclusive or bit strings
1.18 zer opn
                       zeroise integer location
7.11 zgb opn
                       zeroise garbage bits
                       jump if all zero bits
7.10 zrb w,plbl
```

section 9 - minimal instructions

the following descriptions assume the definitions -

zeroe equ 0 unity equ 1

-1- basic instruction set

1.1 mov opv,opn move one word value

> mov causes the value of operand opv to be set as the new contents of operand location opn. in the case where opn is not an index register, any value which can normally occupy a memory word (including a part of a multiword real or integer value) can be transferred using mov. if the target location opn is an index register, then opv must specify an appropriate one word value or operand containing such an appropriate value.

1.2 brn plbl unconditional branch

> brn causes control to be passed to the indicated label in the program section.

- 1.3 bsw x,val,plbl branch on switch value
- provide branch for switch 1.4 iff val,plbl iff val,plbl

. . .

1.5 esw end of branch switch table

> bsw,iff,esw provide a capability for a switched branch similar to a fortran computed goto. the val on the bsw instruction is the maximum number of branches. the value in x ranges from zero up to but not including this maximum. each iff provides a branch. val must be less than that given on the bsw and control goes to plbl if the value in x matches. if the value in x does not correspond to any of the iff entries, then control passes to the plbl on the bsw. this plbl operand may be omitted if there are no values missing from the list.

iff and esw may only be used in this context. execution of bsw may destroy the contents of x. the iff entries may be in any order and since a translator may thus need to store and sort them, the comment field is restricted in length (sec 11).

1.6 ent val define program entry point

the symbol appearing in the label field is defined to be a program entry point which can subsequently be used in conjunction with the bri instruction, which provides the only means of entering the code. it is illegal to fall into code identified by an entry point. the entry symbol is assigned an address which need not be a multiple of cfp\$b but which must be in the range 0 le cfp\$1 and the address must not lie within the address range of the allocated data area. furthermore, addresses of successive entry points must be assigned in some ascending sequence so that the address comparison instructions can be used to test the order in which two entry points occur. the symbol val gives an identifying value to the entry point which can be accessed with the lei instruction.

note - subject to the restriction below, val may be omitted if no such identification is needed i.e. if no lei references the entry point. for this case, a translation optimisation is possible in which no memory need be reserved for a null identification which is never to be referenced, but only provided this is done so as not to interfere with the strictly ascending sequence of entry point addresses. to simplify this optimisation for all implementors, the following restriction is observed val may only be omitted if the entry point is separated from a following entry point by a

entry point addresses are accessible only by use of literals (=elbl, section 7) or dac constants (section 8-11.1).

non-null minimal code sequence.

1.7 bri opn branch indirect

opn contains the address of a program entry point (see ent). control is passed to the executable code starting at the entry point address. opn is left unchanged.

1.8 lei x load entry point identification

 ${\bf x}$ contains the address of an entry point for which an identifying value was given on the the ent line. lei replaces the contents of ${\bf x}$ by this value.

:

1.9 jsr pnam call procedure pnam
1.10 ppm plbl provide exit parameter
 ppm plbl ...

. . .

ppm plbl ...

*

jsr causes control to be passed to the named procedure. pnam is the label on a prc statement elsewhere in the program section (see prc) or has been defined using an exp instruction. the ppm exit parameters following the call give names of program locations (plbl-s) to which alternative exi returns of the called procedure may pass control. they may optionally be replaced by error returns (see err). the number of exit parameters following a jsr must equal the int in the procedure definition. the operand of ppm may be omitted if the corresponding exi return is certain not to be taken.

*

1.11 prc ptyp,int define start of procedure

* * *

the symbol appearing in the label field is defined to be the name of a procedure for use with jsr. a procedure is a contiguous section of instructions to which control may be passed with a jsr instruction. this is the only way in which the instructions in a procedure may be executed. it is not permitted to fall into a procedure. all procedures should be named in section 0 inp statements.

*

int is the number of exit parameters (ppm-s) to be used in jsr calls.

*

there are three possibilities for ptyp, each consisting of a single letter as follows.

*

r recursive

*

the return point (one or more words) is stored on the stack as though one or more mov \dots ,-(xs) instructions were executed.

n

non-recursive

the return point is to be stored either
(1) in a local storage word associated
with the procedure and not directly
available to the program in any other manner or
(2) on a subroutine link stack quite distinct from
the minimal stack addressed by xs.
it is an error to use the stack for n-links, since
procedure parameters or results may be passed via
the stack.

if method (2) is used for links, error exits (erb,err) from a procedure will necessitate link stack resetting. the ssl and sss orders provided for this may be regarded as no-ops for implementations using method (1).

*

either

the return point may be stored in either manner according to efficiency requirements of the actual physical machine used for the implementation. note that programming of e type procedures must be independent of the actual implementation.

*

the actual form of the return point is undefined. however, each word stored on the stack for an r-type call must meet the following requirements.

*

it can be handled as an address and placed in an index register.

*

when used as an operand in an address comparison instruction, it must not appear to lie within the allocated data area.

*

3) it is not required to appear to lie within the program section.

1.12 exi int exit from procedure

the ppm and err parameters following a jsr are numbered starting from 1. exi int causes control to be returned to the int-th such param. exi 1 gives control to the plbl of the first ppm after the jsr. if int is omitted, control is passed back past the last exit parameter (or past the jsr if there are none). for r and e type procedures, the stack pointer xs must be set to its appropriate entry value before executing an exi instruction. in this case, exi removes return points from the stack if any are stored there so that the stack pointer is restored to its calling value.

1.13 enp define end of procedure body

enp delimits a procedure body and may not actually be executed, hence it must have no label.

1.14 err int,text provide error return

err may replace an exit parameter (ppm) in any procedure call. the int argument is a unique error code in 0 to 899. the text supplied as the other operand is arbitrary text in the fortran character set and may be used in constructing a file of error messages for documenting purposes or for building a direct access or other file of messages to be used by the error handling code. in the event that an exi attempts to return control via an exit parameter to an err, control is instead passed to the first instruction in the error section (which follows the program section) with the error code in wa.

1.15 erb int,text error branch

this instruction resembles err except that it may occur at any point where a branch is permitted. it effects a transfer of control to the error section with the error code in wa.

1.16 icv opn increment value by one

icv increments the value of the operand by unity. it is equivalent to $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right)$ add = unity,opn

1.17 dcv opn decrement value by one

*

dcv decrements the value of the operand by unity.

it is equivalent to sub =unity,opn

1.18 zer opn

zeroise opn

zer is equivalent to mov =zeroe,opn

1.20 ssl opw

1.19 mnz opn

subroutine stack load

move non-zero to opn

any non-zero collectable value may used, for which the opcodes bnz/bze will branch/fail to branch.

1.21 sss opw

subroutine stack store

this pair of operations is provided to make possible the use of a local stack to hold subroutine (s-r) return links for n-type procedures. sss stores the s-r stack pointer in opw and ssl loads the s-r stack pointer from opw. by using sss in the main program or on entry to a procedure which should regain control on occurrence of an err or erb and by use of ssl in the error processing sections the s-r stack pointer can be restored giving a link stack cleaned up ready for resumed execution. the form of the link stack pointer is undefined in minimal (it is likely to be a private register known to the translator) and the only requirement is that it should fit into a single full word. ssl and sss are no-ops if a private link stack is

1.22 rtn

not used.

define start of routine

a routine is a code chunk used for similar purposes to a procedure. however it is entered by any type of conditional or unconditional branch (not by jsr). on termination it passes control by a branch (often bri through a code word) or even permits control to drop through to another routine. no return link exists and the end of a routine is not marked by an explicit opcode (compare enp).

all routines should be named in section 0 inr statements.

-2- operations on one word integer values (addresses)

2.1 add opv,opn adds opv to the value in opn and stores the result in opn. undefined

if the result exceeds cfp\$1.

2.2 sub opv,opn subtracts opv from opn. stores the

2.2 sub opv,opn subtracts opv from opn. stores the result in opn. undefined if the result is negative.

2.3 ica opn increment address in opn equivalent to add *unity,opn

2.4 dca opn decrement address in opn equivalent to sub *unity.opn

equivalent to sub *unity,opn

- 2.5 beq opn,opv,plbl branch to plbl if opn eq opv
- 2.6 bne opn,opv,plbl branch to plbl if opn ne opv
- 2.7 bgt opn,opv,plbl branch to plbl if opn gt opv
- 2.8 bge opn,opv,plbl branch to plbl if opn ge opv
- $2.9\,$ blt opn,opv,plbl branch to plbl if opn lt opv
- 2.10 ble opn,opv,plbl branch to plbl if opn le opv
- 2.11 blo opn,opv,plbl equivalent to blt or ble
- 2.12 bhi opn,opv,plbl equivalent to bgt or bge

the above instructions compare two address values as unsigned integer values. the blo and bhi instructions are used in cases where the equal condition either does not occur or can result either in a branch or no branch. this avoids inefficient translations in some implementations.

2.13 bnz opn,plbl equivalent to bne opn,=zeroe,plbl

2.14 bze opn,plbl equivalent to beq opn,=zeroe,plbl

2.15 lct w,opv load counter for bct

lct loads a counter value for use with the bct instruction. the value in opv is the number of loops to be executed. the value in w after this operation is an undefined one word integer quantity.

2.16 bct w,plbl branch and count

bct uses the counter value in w to branch the required number of times and then finally to fall through to the next instruction. bct can only be used following an appropriate lct instruction. the value in w after execution of bct is undefined.

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2.17 aov opv,opn,plbl add with carry test

*

adds opv to the value in opn and stores result in opn. branches to plbl if result exceeds cfp\$1 with result in opn undefined. cf. add.

*

2.18 bev opn,plbl branch if even 2.19 bod opn,plbl branch if odd

k

these operations are used only if .cepp or .crpp is defined. on some implementations, a more efficient implementation is possible by noting that address of blocks must always be a multiple of cfp\$b. we call such addresses even. thus return address on the stack (.crpp) and entry point addresses (.cepp) can be distinguished from block addresses if they are forced to be odd (not a multiple of cfp\$b). bev and bod branch according as operand is even or odd, respectively.

-3- operations on the code pointer register (cp)

the code pointer register provides a psuedo instruction counter for use in an interpretor. it may be implemented as a real register or as a memory location, but in either case it is separate from any other register. the value in the code pointer register is always a word address (i.e. a one word integer which is a multiple of cfp\$b).

*

3.1 lcp reg load code pointer register
this instruction causes the code
pointer register to be set from
the value in reg which is unchanged

*

3.2 scp reg store code pointer register this instruction loads the current value in the code pointer register into reg. (cp) is unchanged.

*

3.3 lcw reg load next code word this instruction causes the word pointed to by cp to be loaded into the indicated reg. the value in cp is then incremented by one word. execution of lcw may destroy xl.

*

3.4 icp increment cp by one word

*

on machines with more than three index registers, cp can be treated simply as an index register. in this case, the following equivalences apply.

*

lcp reg is like mov reg,cp
scp reg is like mov cp,reg
lcw reg is like mov (cp)+,reg
icp is like ica cp

*

since lcw is allowed to destroy x1, the following implementation using a work location cp\$\$\$ can also be used.

*

1cp	reg	mov	reg,cp\$\$\$
scp	reg	mov	cp\$\$\$,reg
lcw	reg	mov	<pre>cp\$\$\$,xl (xl)+,reg xl,cp\$\$\$</pre>
icn		ica	cn\$\$\$

60

```
-4- operations on signed integer values
4.1 ldi
                      load integer accumulator from ops
          ops
4.2 adi
          ops
                      add ops to integer accumulator
4.3 mli
                      multiply integer accumulator by ops
          ops
4.4 sbi
                      subtract ops from int accumulator
          ops
4.5 dvi
          ops
                      divide integer accumulator by ops
4.6 rmi
          ops
                      set int accum to mod(intacc,ops)
4.7 sti
                      store integer accumulator at ops
4.8 ngi
                      negate the value in the integer
                      accumulator (change its sign)
     the equation satisfied by operands and results of
     dvi and rmi is
            div = qot * ops + rem
                                           where
     div = dividend in integer accumulator
     qot = quotient left in ia by div
     ops = the divisor
     rem = remainder left in ia by rmi
     the sign of the result of dvi is + if (ia) and (ops)
     have the same sign and is - if they have opposite
     signs. the sign of (ia) is always used as the sign
     of the result of rem.
     assuming in each case that ia contains the number
     specified in parentheses and that seven and msevn
     hold +7 and -7 resp. the algorithm is illustrated
     below.
     (ia = 13)
                      ia = 1
     dvi seven
     rmi seven
                      ia = 6
     dvi msevn
                      ia = -1
     rmi msevn
                      ia = 6
     (ia = -13)
     dvi seven
                      ia = -1
     rmi seven
                      ia = -6
```

ia = 1

ia = -6

dvi msevn

rmi msevn

the above instructions operate on a full range of signed integer values. With the exception of ldi and sti, these instructions may cause integer overflow by attempting to produce an undefined or out of range result in which case integer overflow is set, the result in (ia) is undefined and the following instruction must be iov or ino. particular care may be needed on target machines having distinct overflow and divide by zero conditions.

*

```
4.9 ino plbl jump to plbl if no integer overflow
4.10 iov plbl jump to plbl if integer overflow
```

*

these instructions can only occur immediately following an instruction which can cause integer overflow (adi, sbi, mli, dvi, rmi, ngi) and test the result of the preceding instruction. iov and ino may not have labels.

*

4.11	ieq	plbl	jump	to	plbl	if	(ia)	eq	0
4.12	ige	plbl	jump	to	plbl	if	(ia)	ge	0
4.13	igt	plbl	jump	to	plbl	if	(ia)	gt	0
4.14	ile	plbl	jump	to	plbl	if	(ia)	le	0
4.15	ilt	plbl	jump	to	plbl	if	(ia)	lt	0
4.16	ine	plbl	jump	to	plbl	if	(ia)	ne	0

*

the above conditional jump instructions do not change the contents of the accumulator. on a ones complement machine, it is permissible to produce negative zero in ia provided these instructions operate correctly with such a value.

```
-5- operations on real values
           5.1 ldr
                     ops
                                 load real accumulator from ops
          5.2 str
                                 store real accumulator at ops
                     ops
          5.3 adr
                                 add ops to real accumulator
                     ops
          5.4 sbr
                                 subtract ops from real accumulator
                     ops
                                 multiply real accumulator by ops
           5.5 mlr
                     ops
           5.6 dvr
                                 divide real accumulator by ops
                if the result of any of the above operations causes
                underflow, the result yielded is 0.0.
                if the result of any of the above operations is
                undefined or out of range, real overflow is set,
                the contents of (ra) are undefined and the following
                instruction must be either rov or rno.
                particular care may be needed on target machines
                having distinct overflow and divide by zero
                conditions.
           5.7 rov plbl
                                 jump to plbl if real overflow
           5.8 rno plbl
                                 jump to plbl if no real overflow
                these instructions can only occur immediately
                following an instruction which can cause real
                overflow (adr,sbr,mlr,dvr).
          5.9 ngr
                                 negate real accum (change sign)
          5.10 req plbl
                                 jump to plbl if (ra) eq 0.0
           5.11 rge plbl
                                 jump to plbl if (ra) ge 0.0
          5.12 rgt plbl
                                 jump to plbl if (ra) gt 0.0
          5.13 rle plbl
                                 jump to plbl if (ra) le 0.0
           5.14 rlt plbl
                                 jump to plbl if (ra) lt 0.0
           5.15 rne plbl
                                 jump to plbl if (ra) ne 0.0
                the above conditional instructions do not affect
                the value stored in the real accumulator.
                on a ones complement machine, it is permissible to
                produce negative zero in ra provided these
                instructions operate correctly with such a value.
if .cmth
           5.16 atn
                                 arctangent of real accum
          5.17 chp
                                 integer portion of real accum
          5.18 cos
                                 cosine of real accum
          5.19 etx
                                 e to the power in the real accum
          5.20 lnf
                                 natural logorithm of real accum
          5.21 sin
                                 sine of real accum
```

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square root of real accum

tangent of real accum

5.22 sqr

5.23 tan

the above orders operate upon the real accumulator, and replace the contents of the accumulator with the result.

*

if the result of any of the above operations is undefined or out of range, real overflow is set, the contents of (ra) are undefined and the following instruction must be either row or rno.

fi

-6- operations on character values

character operations employ the concept of a character pointer which uses either index register xr or xl (not xs).

a character pointer points to a specific character in a string of characters stored cfp\$c chars to a word. the only operations permitted on a character pointer are lch and sch. in particular, a character pointer may not even be moved with mov.

${\tt restriction}\ 1.$

it is important when coding in minimal to ensure that no action occurring between the initial use of plc or psc and the eventual clearing of xl or xr on completion of character operations can initiate a garbage collection. the latter of course could cause the addressed characters to be moved leaving the character pointers pointing to rubbish.

restriction 2.

a further restriction to be observed in code handling character strings, is that strings built dynamically should be right padded with zero characters to a full word boundary to permit easy hashing and use of ceq or one in testing strings for equality.

- 6.1 plc x,opv prepare ch ptr for lch,cmc,mvc,trc, mcb.
- 6.2 psc x,opv prepare char. ptr for sch,mvc,mcb.

opv can be omitted if it is zero.

the char. initially addressed is determined by the
word address in x and the integer offset opv.

there is an automatic implied offset of cfp\$f bytes.

cfp\$f is used to formally introduce into minimal a
value needed in translating these opcodes which,
since minimal itself does not prescribe a string
structure in detail, depends on the choice of a data
structure for strings in the minimal program.

e.g. if cfp\$b = cfp\$c = 3, cfp\$f = 6, num01 = 1, xl
points to a series of 4 words, abc/def/ghi/jkl, then
 plc xl,=num01
points to h.

-6- operations on character values (continued)

6.3 lch reg,opc load character into reg

6.4 sch reg,opc store character from reg

these operations are defined such that the character is right justified in register reg with zero bits to the left. after lch for example, it is legitimate to regard reg as containing the ordinal integer corresponding to the character.

opc is one of the following three possibilities.

- the character pointed to by the character pointer in x. the character pointer is not changed.
- -(x) the character pointer is decremented before accessing the character so that the previous character is referenced.
- $\hbox{6.5 csc x} \qquad \hbox{complete store characters}$

this instruction marks completion of a psc,sch,sch,...,sch sequence initiated by a psc x instruction. no more sch instructions using x should be obeyed until another psc is obeyed. it is provided solely as an efficiency aid on machines without character orders since it permits use of register buffering of chars in sch sequences. where csc is not a no-op, it must observe restriction 2. (e.g. in spitbol, alocs zeroises the last word of a string frame prior to sch sequence being started so csc must not nullify this action.)

the following instructions are used to compare two words containing cfp\$c characters. comparisons distinct from beq,bne are provided as on some target machines, the possibility of the sign bit being set may require special action. note that restriction 2 above, eases use of these orders in testing complete strings for equality, since whole word tests are possible.

6.6 ceq opw,opw,plbl jump to plbl if opw eq opw

 * 6.7 cne opw,opw,plbl jump to plbl if opw ne opw

-6- operations on character values (continued)

6.8 cmc plbl,plbl

compare characters

cmc is used to compare two character strings. before executing cmc, registers are set up as follows.

(x1)

character ptr for first string

(xr)

character pointer for second string

(wa) character count (must be .gt. zero) xl and xr should have been prepared by plc.

control passes to first plbl if the first string is lexically less than the second string, and to the second plbl if the first string is lexically greater. control passes to the following instruction if the strings are identical. after executing this instruction, the values of xr and xl are set to zero and the value in (wa) is undefined. arguments to cmc may be complete or partial strings, so making optimisation to use whole word comparisons difficult (dependent in general on shifts and masking).

6.9 trc translate characters

> trc is used to translate a character string using a supplied translation table. before executing trc the registers are set as follows.

> (x1) char ptr to string to be translated

(xr) char ptr to translate table

(wa) length of string to be translated xl and xr should have been prepared by plc. the translate table consists of cfp\$a contiguous characters giving the translations of the cfp\$a characters in the alphabet. on completion, (xr) and (x1) are set to zero and (wa) is undefined.

6.10 flc w fold character to upper case flc is used only if .culc is defined. the character code value in w is translated to upper case if it corresponds to a lower case character.

k

-7- operations on bit string values

7.1 anb opw,w 7.2 orb opw,w

and bit string values or bit string values

7.3 xob opw,w

exclusive or bit string values

in the above operations, the logical connective is applied separately to each of the cfp\$n bits. the result is stored in the second operand location.

*

- 7.4 cmb w complement all bits in opw
- 7.5 rsh w,val right shift by val bits 7.6 lsh w,val left shift by val bits
- 7.7 rsx w,(x) right shift w number of bits in x
 7.8 lsx w,(x) left shift w number of bits in x

*

the above shifts are logical shifts in which bits shifted out are lost and zero bits supplied as required. the shift count is in the range 0-cfp\$n.

*

7.9 nzb w,plbl jump to plbl if w is not all zero bits.

*

7.10 zrb w,plbl jump to plbl if w is all zero bits

*

7.11 zgb opn zeroise garbage bits

*

opn contains a bit string representing a word of characters from a string or some function formed from such characters (e.g. as a result of hashing). on a machine where the word size is not a multiple of the character size, some bits in reg may be undefined. this opcode replaces such bits by the zero bit. zgb is a no-op if the word size is a multiple of the character size.

69

-8- conversion instructions

the following instructions provide for conversion between lengths in bytes and lengths in words.

*

8.1 wtb reg convert reg from words to bytes. that is, multiply by cfp\$b. this is a no-op if cfp\$b is one.

*

8.2 btw reg convert reg from bytes to words by dividing reg by cfp\$b discarding the fraction. no-op if cfp\$b is one

*

the following instructions provide for conversion of one word integer values (addresses) to and from the full signed integer format.

*

8.3 mti opn the value of opn (an address) is moved as a positive integer to the integer accumulator.

*

8.4 mfi opn,plbl the value currently stored in the integer accumulator is moved to opn as an address if it is in the range 0 to cfp\$m inclusive. if the accumulator value is outside this range, then the result in opn is undefined and control is passed to plbl. mfi destroys the value of (ia) whether or not integer overflow is signalled. plbl may be omitted if overflow is impossible.

*

the following instructions provide for conversion between real values and integer values.

*

8.5 itr convert integer value in integer accumulator to real and store in real accumulator (may lose precision in some cases)

*

8.6 rti plbl convert the real value in ra to an integer and place result in ia. conversion is by truncation of the fraction - no rounding occurs. jump to plbl if out of range. (ra) is not changed in either case. plbl may be omitted if overflow is impossible.

*

-8- conversion instructions (continued)

the following instructions provide for computing the length of storage required for a text string.

8.7 ctw w,val

this instruction computes the sum (number of words required to store w characters) + (val). the sum is stored in w. for example, if cfp\$c is 5, and wa contains 32, then ctw wa,2 gives a result of 9 in wa.

*

8.8 ctb w,val

ctb is exactly like ctw except that the result is in bytes. it has the same effect as ctw w,val wtb w

*

the following instructions provide for conversion from integers to and from numeric digit characters for use in numeric conversion routines. they employ negative integer values to allow for proper conversion of numbers which cannot be complemented.

*

8.9 cvm plbl convert by multiplication

*

the integer accumulator, which is zero or negative, is multiplied by 10. wb contains the character code for a digit. the value of this digit is then subtracted from the result. if the result is out of range, then control is passed to plbl with the result in (ia) undefined. execution of cvm leaves the result in (wb) undefined.

*

8.10 cvd

convert by division

* * *

the integer accumulator, which is zero or negative, is divided by 10. the quotient (zero or negative) is replaced in the accumulator. the remainder is converted to the character code of a digit and placed in wa. for example, an operand of -523 gives a quotient of -52 and a remainder in wa of ch\$d3.

-9- block move instructions

the following instructions are used for transferring data from one area of memory to another in blocks. they can be implemented with the indicated series of other macro-instructions, but more efficient implementations will be possible on most machines.

*

note that in the equivalent code sequence shown below, a zero value in wa will move at least one item, and may may wrap the counter causing a core dump in some implementations. thus wa should be .gt. O prior to invoking any of these block move instructions.

*

9.1 mvc move characters

k

before obeying this order wa,xl,xr should have been set up, the latter two by plc, psc resp.

mvc is equivalent to the sequence

*

mov wb,dumpb
lct wa,wa
loopc lch wb,(x1)+
sch wb,(xr)+
bct wa,loopc
csc xr
mov dumpb,wb

*

the character pointers are bumped as indicated and the final value of wa is undefined.

*

9.2 mvw move words

*

mvw is equivalent to the sequence

loopw mov (xl)+,(xr)+
dca wa

wa = bytes to move

bnz wa,loopw

note that this implies that the value in wa is the length in bytes which is a multiple of cfp\$b. the initial addresses in xr,xl are word addresses. as indicated, the final xr,xl values point past the

new and old regions of memory respectively. the final value of wa is undefined.

wa,xl,xr must be set up before obeying mvw.

*

9.3 mwb move words backwards

*

mwb is equivalent to the sequence

```
loopb mov -(x1),-(xr)
dca wa wa = bytes to move
bnz wa,loopb
```

there is a requirement that the initial value in xl be at least 256 less than the value in xr. this allows an implementation in which chunks of 256 bytes are moved forward (ibm 360, icl 1900). the final value of wa is undefined. wa,xl,xr must be set up before obeying mwb.

move characters backwards

9.4 mcb

mcb is equivalent to the sequence

mov wb,dumpb
lct wa,wa
loopc lch wb,-(xl)
sch wb,-(xr)
bct wa,loopc
csc xr
mov dumpb,wb

there is
there is
be at lea
allows an
bytes are

there is a requirement that the initial value in x1 be at least 256 less than the value in xr. this allows an implementation in which chunks of 256 bytes are moved forward (ibm 360, icl 1900). the final value of wa is undefined. wa,xl,xr must be set up before obeying mcb.

-10- operations connected with the stack

the stack is an area in memory which is dedicated for use in conjunction with the stack pointer register (xs). as previously described, it is used by the jsr and exi instructions and may be used for storage of any other data as required.

the stack builds either way in memory and an important restriction is that the value in (xs) must be the address of the stack front at all times since some implementations may randomly destroy stack locations beyond (xs).

the starting stack base address is passed in (xs) at the start of execution. during execution it is necessary to make sure that the stack does not overflow. this is achieved by executing the following instruction periodically.

10.1 chk check stack overflow

after successfully executing chk, it is permissible to use up to 100 additional words before issuing another chk thus chk need not be issued every time the stack is expanded. in some implementations, the checking may be automatic and chk will have no effect. following the above rule makes sure that the program will operate correctly in implementations with no automatic check.

if stack overflow occurs (detected either automatically or by a chk instruction), then control is passed to the stack overflow section (see program form). note that this transfer may take place following any instruction which stores data at a new location on the stack. after stack overflow, stack is arbitrarily popped to give some space in which the error procedure may operate. otherwise a loop of stack overflows may occur.

-11- data generation instructions

the following instructions are used to generate constant values in the constant section and also to assemble initial values in the working storage section. they may not appear except in these two sections.

*

11.1 dac addr assemble address constant.

generates one word containing the specified one word integer value (address).

*

11.2 dic integer generates an integer value which occupies cfp\$i consecutive words. the operand is a digit string with a required leading sign.

*

11.3 drc real assembles a real constant which occupies cfp\$r consecutive words. the operand form must obey the rules for a fortran real constant with the extra requirement that a leading sign be present.

*

11.4 dtc dtext

define text constant. dtext
is started and ended with any
character not contained in the
characters to be assembled. the
constant occupies consecutive words
as dictated by the configuration
parameter cfp\$c. any unused chars
in the last word are right filled
with zeros (i.e. the character
whose internal code is zero).
the string contains a sequence of
letters, digits, blanks and any of
the following special characters.

*

=,\$.(*)/+no other characters
may be used in a dtext operand.

*

11.5 dbc val assemble bit string constant. the operand is a positive integer value which is interpreted in binary, right justified and left filled with zero bits. thus 5 would imply the bit string value 00...101.

*

*

-12- symbol definition instructions

the following instruction is used to define symbols in the definitions section. it may not be used elsewhere.

*

12.1 equ eqop define symbol

* * * the symbol which appears in the label field is defined to have the absolute value given by the eqop operand. a given symbol may be defined only once in this manner, and any symbols occuring in eqop must be previously defined.

*

the following are the possibilities for eqop

*

val the indicated value is used

*

val+val the sum of the two values is used.

this sum must not exceed cfp\$m

*

val-val the difference between the two

values (must be positive) is used.

*

this format defines the label by using a value supplied by the minimal translator. values are

required for the

cfp\$x e\$xxx (configuration parameters)
(environment parameters)

ch\$xx

(character codes).

in order for a translator to handle this format correctly the definitions section must be consulted for details of required symbols as listed at the front of

the section.

76

k

symbol definition instructions (continued)

the following instructions may be used to define symbols in the procedure section. they may not be used in any other part of the program.

*

12.2 exp define external procedure

×

exp defines the symbol appearing in the label field to be the name of an external procedure which can be referenced in a subsequent jsr instruction. the coding for the procedure is external to the coding of the source program in this language. the code for external procedures may be referred to collectively as the operating system interface, or more briefly, osint, and will frequently be a separately compiled segment of code loaded with spitbol to produce a complete system.

*

12.3 inp ptyp,int define internal procedure

*

inp defines the symbol appearing in the label field to be the name of an internal procedure and gives its type and number of exit parameters. the label can be referenced in jsr instructions and it must appear labelling a prc instruction in the program section.

*

12.4 inr define internal routine

*

inr defines the symbol appearing in the label field to be the name of an internal routine. the label may be referenced in any type of branch order and it must appear labelling a rtn instruction in the program section.

k

-13- assembly listing layout instructions

13.1 ejc

eject to next page

*

13.2 ttl text set new assembly title

*

ttl implies an immediate eject of the assembly listing to print the new title.

*

the use of ttl and ejc cards is such that the program will list neatly if the printer prints as many as 58 lines per page. in the event that the printer depth is less than this, or if the listing contains interspersed lines (such as actual generated code), then the format may be upset.

*

lines starting with an asterisk are comment lines which cause no code to be generated and may occur freely anywhere in the program. the format for comment lines is given in section -15-.

```
-14- program form
     the program consists of separate sections separated
     by sec operations. the sections must appear in the
     following specified order.
                      start of procedure section
14.1 sec
     (procedure section)
                       start of definitions section
     sec
     (definitions section)
     sec
                       start of constant storage section
     (constant storage section)
                       start of working storage section
     sec
     (working storage section)
                       start of program section
     (program section)
     sec
                       start of stack overflow section
     (stack overflow section)
     sec
                       start of error section
     (error section)
```

14.2 end

end of assembly

section 10 - program form

procedure section

the procedure section contains all the exp instructions for externally available procedures and inp,inr opcodes for internal procedures,routines so that a single pass minimal translator has advance knowledge of procedure types when translating calls.

definitions section

the definitions section contains equ instructions which define symbols referenced later on in the program, constant and work sections.

constant storage section

the constant storage section consists entirely of constants assembled with the dac,dic,drc,dtc,dbc assembly operations. these constants can be freely referenced by the program instructions.

working storage section

the working storage section consists entirely of dac,dic,drc,dbc,dtc instructions to define a fixed length work area. the work locations in this area can be directly referenced in program instructions. the area is initialized in accordance with the values assembled in the instructions.

program section

the program section contains program instructions and associated operations (such as prc, enp, ent). control is passed to the first instruction in this section when execution is initiated.

stack overflow section

the stack overflow section contains instructions like the program section. control is passed to the first instruction in this section following the occurrence of stack overflow, see chk instruction.

error section

the error section contains instructions like the program section. control is passed to the first instruction in this section when a procedure exit corresponds to an error parameter (see err)

* or when an erb opcode is obeyed. the error code

* must clean up the main stack and cater for the

* possibility that a subroutine stack may need clean

* up.

osint

though not part of the minimal source, it is useful to refer to the collection of initialisation and exp routines as osint (operating system interface). errors occurring within osint procedures are usually handled by making an error return. if this is not feasible or appropriate, osint may use the minimal error section to report errors directly by branching to it with a suitable numeric error code in wa.

section 11 - statement format all labels are exactly five characters long and start with three letters (abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxy\$) followed by two letters or digits. the letter z may not be used in minimal symbols but \$ is permitted. for implementations where \$ may not appear in the target code , a simple substitution of z for \$ may thus be made without risk of producing non-unique the letter z is however permitted in opcode mnemonics and in comments. minimal statements are in a fixed format as follows. cols 1-5 label if any (else blank) cols 6-7 always blank cols 8-10 operation mnemonic cols 11-12 blanks cols 13-28 operand field, terminated by a blank. may occasionally extend past column 28. cols 30-64 comment. always separated from the operand field by at least one blank may occasionally start after column 30 if the operand extends past 28. a special exception occurs for the iff instruction, whose comment may be only 20 characters long (30-49). cols 65 on unused

comment lines have the following format

col 1 asterisk

cols 2-7 blank

cols 8-64 arbitrary text, restricted to the

fortran character set.

the fortran character set is a-z 0-9 =,\$.(*)-/+

section 12 - program execution

execution of the program begins with the first instruction in the program section.

in addition to the fixed length memory regions defined by the assembly, there are two dynamically allocated memory regions as follows.

data area

this is an area available to the program for general storage of data any data value may be stored in this area except instructions. in some implementations, it may be possible to increase the size of this area dynamically by adding words at the top end with a call to a system procedure.

stack area

this region of memory holds the stack used for subroutine calls and other storage of one word integer values (addresses). this is the stack associated with index register xs.

the locations and sizes of these areas are specified by the values in the registers at the start of program execution as follows.

(xs) address one past the stack base. e.g. if xs is 23456, a d-stack will occupy words 23455,23454,... whereas a u-stack will occupy 23457,23458,...

(wa)

(xr) address of the first word in the data area

(x1) address of the last word in the data area.

initial stack pointer

(wb,wc,ia,ra,cp) zero

there is no explicit way to terminate the execution of a program. this function is performed by an appropriate system procedure referenced with the sysej instruction.

 ${f spitbol}$ – basic information

general structure

*

this program is a translator for a version of the snobol4 programming language. language details are contained in the manual macro spitbol by dewar and mccann, technical report 90, university of leeds 1976. the implementation is discussed in dewar and mccann, macro spitbol - a snobol4 compiler, software practice and experience, 7, 95-113, 1977.

the language is as implemented by the btl translator (griswold, poage and polonsky, prentice hall, 1971) with the following principal exceptions.

*

 redefinition of standard system functions and operators is not permitted.

k

2) the value function is not provided.

*

 access tracing is provided in addition to the other standard trace modes.

*

4) the keyword stfcount is not provided.

*

5) the keyword fullscan is not provided and all pattern matching takes place in fullscan mode (i.e. with no heuristics applied).

*

6) a series of expressions separated by commas may be grouped within parentheses to provide a selection capability. the semantics are that the selection assumes the value of the first expression within it which succeeds as they are evaluated from the left. if no expression succeeds the entire statement fails

*

7) an explicit pattern matching operator is provided. this is the binary query (see gimpel sigplan oct 74)

*

8) the assignment operator is introduced as in the gimpel reference.

*

9) the exit function is provided for generating load modules - cf. gimpels sitbol.

*

the method used in this program is to translate the source code into an internal pseudo-code (see following section). an interpretor is then used to execute this generated pseudo-code. the nature of the snobol4 language is such that the latter task is much more complex than the actual translation phase. accordingly, nearly all the code in the program section is concerned with the actual

* * * execution of the snobol4 program.

interpretive code format

*

the interpretive pseudo-code consists of a series of address pointers. the exact format of the code is described in connection with the cdblk format. the purpose of this section is to give general insight into the interpretive approach involved.

*

the basic form of the code is related to reverse polish. in other words, the operands precede the operators which are zero address operators. there are some exceptions to these rules, notably the unary not operator and the selection construction which clearly require advance knowledge of the operator involved.

*

the operands are moved to the top of the main stack and the operators are applied to the top stack entries. like other versions of spitbol, this processor depends on knowing whether operands are required by name or by value and moves the appropriate object to the stack. thus no name/value checks are included in the operator circuits.

*

the actual pointers in the code point to a block whose first word is the address of the interpretor routine to be executed for the code word.

*

in the case of operators, the pointer is to a word which contains the address of the operator to be executed. in the case of operands such as constants, the pointer is to the operand itself. accordingly, all operands contain a field which points to the routine to load the value of the operand onto the stack. in the case of a variable, there are three such pointers. one to load the value, one to store the value and a third to jump to the label.

*

the handling of failure returns deserves special comment. the location flptr contains the pointer to the location on the main stack which contains the failure return which is in the form of a byte offset in the current code block (cdblk or exblk). When a failure occurs, the stack is popped as indicated by the setting of flptr and control is passed to the appropriate location in the current code block with the stack pointer pointing to the failure offset on the stack and flptr unchanged.

*

k

internal data representations

*

representation of values

*

a value is represented by a pointer to a block which describes the type and particulars of the data value. in general, a variable is a location containing such a pointer (although in the case of trace associations this is modified, see description of trblk).

*

the following is a list of possible datatypes showing the type of block used to hold the value. the details of each block format are given later.

*

datatype	block type

array

arblk or vcblk

code

cdblk

expression

exblk or seblk

integer

icblk

name

nmblk

pattern

p0blk or p1blk or p2blk

real

rcblk

string

table

scblk

tbblk

...

program datatype

pdblk

representation of variables

*

during the course of evaluating expressions, it is necessary to generate names of variables (for example on the left side of a binary equals operator). these are not to be confused with objects of datatype name which are in fact values.

*

from a logical point of view, such names could be simply represented by a pointer to the appropriate value cell. however in the case of arrays and program defined datatypes, this would violate the rule that there must be no pointers into the middle of a block in dynamic store. accordingly, a name is always represented by a base and offset. the base points to the start of the block containing the variable value and the offset is the offset within this block in bytes. thus the address of the actual variable is determined by adding the base and offset values.

*

the following are the instances of variables represented in this manner.

*

natural variable base is ptr to vrblk offset is *vrval

*

*

*

4) vector element base is ptr to vcblk offset is offset to element

*

5) prog def dtp base is ptr to pdblk offset is offset to field value $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

*

in addition there are two cases of objects which are like variables but cannot be handled in this manner. these are called pseudo-variables and are represented with a special base pointer as follows=

*

expression variable ptr to evblk (see evblk)

*

keyword variable ptr to kvblk (see kvblk)

*

pseudo-variables are handled as special cases by the access procedure (acess) and the assignment procedure (asign). see these two procedures for details.

*

organization of data area

*

the data area is divided into two regions.

*

static area

the data

the static area builds up from the bottom and contains data areas which are allocated dynamically but are never deleted or moved around. the macro-program itself uses the static area for the following.

*

1) all variable blocks (vrblk).

*

2) the hash table for variable blocks.

*

3) miscellaneous buffers and work areas (see program initialization section).

*

in addition, the system procedures may use this area for input/output buffers, external functions etc. space in the static region is allocated by calling procedure alost

*

the following global variables define the current location and size of the static area.

*

statb address of start of static area state address+1 of last word in area.

*

the minimum size of static is given approximately by
12 + *e\$hnb + *e\$sts + space for alphabet string
and standard print buffer.

dynamic area

*

the dynamic area is built upwards in memory after the static region. data in this area must all be in standard block formats so that it can be processed by the garbage collector (procedure gbcol). gbcol compacts blocks down in this region as required by space exhaustion and can also move all blocks up to allow for expansion of the static region.

with the exception of tables and arrays, no spitbol object once built in dynamic memory is ever subsequently modified. observing this rule necessitates a copying action during string and pattern concatenation.

*

garbage collection is fundamental to the allocation of space for values. spitbol uses a very efficient garbage collector which insists that pointers into dynamic store should be identifiable without use of bit tables, marker bits etc. to satisfy this requirement, dynamic memory must not start at too low an address and lengths of arrays, tables, strings, code and expression blocks may not exceed the numerical value of the lowest dynamic address.

*

to avoid either penalizing users with modest requirements or restricting those with greater needs on host systems where dynamic memory is allocated in low addresses, the minimum dynamic address may be specified sufficiently high to permit arbitrarily large spitbol objects to be created (with the possibility in extreme cases of wasting large amounts of memory below the start address). this minimum value is made available in variable mxlen by a system routine, sysmx. alternatively sysmx may indicate that a default may be used in which dynamic is placed at the lowest possible address following static.

*

the following global work cells define the location and length of the dynamic area.

*

dnambstart of dynamic areadnampnext available locationdnamelast available location + 1

^

dnamb is always higher than state since the alost
procedure maintains some expansion space above state.
*** dnamb must never be permitted to have a value less
than that in mxlen ***

*

space in the dynamic region is allocated by the alloc procedure. the dynamic region may be used by system procedures provided that all the rules are obeyed. some of the rules are subtle so it is preferable for * osint to manage its own memory needs. spitbol procs

* obey rules to ensure that no action can cause a garbage

* collection except at such times as contents of xl, xr

and the stack are +clean+ (see comment before utility

* procedures and in gbcol for more detail). note

* that calls of alost may cause garbage collection (shift

of memory to free space). spitbol procs which call

* system routines assume that they cannot precipitate

* collection and this must be respected.

ala.		
*		
*	register usage	
*		
*	(cp)	code pointer register. used to
*	(cp)	hold a pointer to the current
*		location in the interpretive pseudo
*		code (i.e. ptr into a cdblk).
*		0000 (2101 por 2000 a 00020).
*	(xl,xr)	general index registers. usually
*	, ,	used to hold pointers to blocks in
*		dynamic storage. an important
*		restriction is that the value in
*		xl must be collectable for
*		a garbage collect call. a value
*		is collectable if it either points
*		outside the dynamic area, or if it
*		points to the start of a block in
*		the dynamic area.
*		
*	(xs)	stack pointer. used to point to
*		the stack front. the stack may
*		build up or down and is used
*		to stack subroutine return points
*		and other recursively saved data.
*	(+)	1++
*	(xt)	an alternative name for xl during
*		its use in accessing stacked items.
*	(wa,wb,wc)	general work registers. cannot be
*	(wa, wb, wc)	used for indexing, but may hold
*		various types of data.
*		various types or adda.
*	(ia)	used for all signed integer
*	. ,	arithmetic, both that used by the
*		translator and that arising from
*		use of snobol4 arithmetic operators
*		*
*	(ra)	real accumulator. used for all
*		floating point arithmetic.

:

*

in the spitbol translator, the following conditional assembly symbols are referred to. to incorporate the features referred to, the minimal source should be prefaced by suitable conditional assembly symbol definitions.

in all cases it is permissible to default the definitions in which case the additional features will be omitted from the target code.

*

*	.caex	define to allow up arrow for expon.
*	.caht	define to include horizontal tab
*	.casl	define to include 26 shifted lettrs
*	.cavt	define to include vertical tab
*	.cbyt	define for statistics in bytes
*	.ccmc	define to include syscm function
*	.ccmk	define to include compare keyword
*	.cepp	define if entrys have odd parity
*	.cera	define to include sysea function
*	.cexp	define if spitbol pops sysex args
*	.cgbc	define to include sysgc function
*	.cicc	define to ignore bad control cards
*	.cinc	define to add -include control card
*	.ciod	define to not use default delimiter
*		<pre>in processing 3rd arg of input()</pre>
*		and output()
*	.cmth	define to include math functions
*	.cnbf	define to omit buffer extension
*	.cnbt	define to omit batch initialisation
*	.cnci	define to enable sysci routine
*	.cncr	define to enable syscr routine
*	.cnex	define to omit exit() code.
*	.cnld	define to omit load() code.
*	.cnlf	define to add file type for load()
*	.cnpf	define to omit profile stuff
*	.cnra	define to omit all real arithmetic
*	.cnsc	define to no numeric-string compare
*	.cnsr	define to omit sort, rsort
*	.cpol	define if interface polling desired
*	.crel	define to include reloc routines
*	.crpp	define if returns have odd parity
*	.cs16	define to initialize stlim to 32767
*	.cs32	define to init stlim to 2147483647
*		omit to take default of 50000
*	.csax	define if sysax is to be called
*	.csed	define to use sediment in gbcol
*	.csfn	define to track source file names
*	.csln	define if line number in code block
*	.csn5	define to pad stmt nos to 5 chars
*	.csn6	define to pad stmt nos to 6 chars
		=

```
define to pad stmt nos to 8 chars
            .csn8
                                   define if output, terminal to sysou
            .csou
            .ctet
                                   define to table entry trace wanted
                                   define if systm unit is decisecond
            .ctmd
            .cucf
                                   define to include cfp$u
                                   define to suppress needless ejects
            .cuej
            .culk
                                   define to include &l/ucase keywords
            .culc
                                   define to include &case (lc names)
                                   if cucl defined, must support
                                   minimal op flc wreg that folds
                                   argument to upper case
                                   define to include set() code
            .cust
                                   conditional options
                                   since .undef not allowed if symbol
                                   not defined, a full comment line
                                   indicates symbol initially not
                                   defined.
.def
       .caex
                                                      define to allow up arrow for expon.
                                                      define to include horizontal tab
.def
       .caht
       .casl
                                                      define to include 26 shifted lettrs
.def
.def
       .cavt
                                                      define to include vertical tab
            .cbyt
                                   define for statistics in bytes
                                   define to include syscm function
            .ccmc
            .ccmk
                                   define to include compare keyword
                                   define if entrys have odd parity
            .cepp
                                   define to include sysea function
            .cera
                                   define if spitbol pops sysex args
            .cexp
                                                      define to include sysgc function
.def
       .cgbc
           .cicc
                                   define to ignore bad control cards
                                   define to add -include control card
            .cinc
.def
        .ciod
                                                      define to not use default delimiter
                                   in processing 3rd arg of input()
                                   and output()
            .cmth
                                   define to include math functions
                                                      define to omit buffer extension
.def
       .cnbf
       .cnbt
                                                      define to omit batch initialisation
.def
            .cnci
                                   define to enable sysci routine
                                   define to enable syscr routine
            .cncr
                                   define to omit exit() code.
            .cnex
.def
       .cnld
                                                      define to omit load() code.
    *
            .cnlf
                                   define to add file type to load()
            .cnpf
                                   define to omit profile stuff
                                   define to omit all real arithmetic
            .cnra
                                   define if no numeric-string compare
            .cnsc
            .cnsr
                                   define to omit sort, rsort
            .cpol
                                   define if interface polling desired
            .crel
                                   define to include reloc routines
                                   define if returns have odd parity
            .crpp
            .cs16
                                   define to initialize stlim to 32767
```

```
define to init stlim to 2147483647
            .cs32
.def
                                                         define if sysax is to be called
        .csax
             .csed
                                     define to use sediment in gbcol
                                     define to track source file names
             .csfn
                                     define if line number in code block
            .csln
                                     define to pad stmt nos to 5 chars
            .csn5
                                     define to pad stmt nos to 6 chars
             .csn6
                                                         define to pad stmt nos to 8 chars
.def
        .csn8
                                     define if output, terminal to sysou
             .csou
        .ctet
.def
                                                         define to table entry trace wanted
            .ctmd
                                     define if systm unit is decisecond
.def
        .cucf
                                                         define to include cfp$u
.def
        .cuej
                                                         define to suppress needless ejects
        .culk
                                                         define to include &l/ucase keywords
.def
        .culc
                                                         define to include &case (lc names)
.def
.def
        .cust
                                                         define to include set() code
            force definition of .ccmk if .ccmc is defined
if.\mathbf{ccmc}
.def
        \cdot cc
fi
```

spitbol – procedures section

this section starts with descriptions of the operating system dependent procedures which are used by the spitbol translator. all such procedures have five letter names beginning with sys. they are listed in alphabetical order. all procedures have a specification consisting of a model call, preceded by a possibly empty list of register contents giving parameters available to the procedure and followed by a possibly empty list of register contents required on return from the call or which may have had their contents destroyed. only those registers explicitly mentioned in the list after the call may have their values changed. the segment of code providing the external procedures is conveniently referred to as osint (operating system interface). the sysxx procedures it contains provide facilities not usually available as primitives in assembly languages. for particular target machines, implementors may choose for some minimal opcodes which do not have reasonably direct translations, to use calls of additional procedures which they provide in osint. e.g. mwb or trc might be translated as jsr sysmb, jsr systc in some implementations. in the descriptions, reference is made to --blk formats (-- = a pair of letters). see the spitbol definitions section for detailed descriptions of all such block formats except fcblk for which sysfc should be consulted. section O contains inp,inr specifications of internal procedures, routines. this gives a single pass translator information making it easy to generate alternative calls in the translation of jsr-s for procedures of different types if this proves necessary.

 \mathbf{sec}

start of procedures section

if .csax

```
* sysax -- after execution

sysax exp define external entry point

* if the conditional assembly symbol .csax is defined,
    this routine is called immediately after execution and
    before printing of execution statistics or dump output.
    purpose of call is for implementor to determine and
    if the call is not required it will be omitted if .csax
    is undefined. in this case sysax need not be coded.

* jsr sysax call after execution

else

fi
```

```
if.\mathbf{cbsp}
           sysbs -- backspace file
sysbs
                                                  define external entry point
       exp
           sysbs is used to implement the snobol4 function backspace
           if the conditional assembly symbol .cbsp is defined.
           the meaning is system dependent. in general, backspace
           repositions the file one record closer to the beginning
           of file, such that a subsequent read or write will
           operate on the previous record.
           (wa)
                                  ptr to fcblk or zero
           (xr)
                                  backspace argument (scblk ptr)
           jsr sysbs
                                  call to backspace
           ppm loc
                                  return here if file does not exist
                                  return here if backspace not allowed
           ppm loc
           {\tt ppm} \quad {\tt loc}
                                  return here if i/o error
           (wa,wb)
                                  destroyed
           the second error return is used for files for which
           backspace is not permitted. for example, it may be expected
           files on character devices are in this category.
```

```
if .cnci
          sysci -- convert integer
sysci
       exp
           sysci is an optional osint routine that causes spitbol to
           call sysci to convert integer values to strings, rather
           than using the internal spitbol conversion code. this
           code may be less efficient on machines with hardware
           conversion instructions and in such cases, it may be an
           advantage to include sysci. the symbol .cnci must be
           defined if this routine is to be used.
           the rules for converting integers to strings are that
          positive values are represented without any sign, and
           there are never any leading blanks or zeros, except in
           the case of zero itself which is represented as a single
           zero digit. negative numbers are represented with a
           preceeding minus sign. there are never any trailing
           blanks, and conversion cannot fail.
           (ia)
                                 value to be converted
           jsr sysci
                                 call to convert integer value
           (xl)
                                 pointer to pseudo-scblk with string
```

```
fi
if.\mathbf{ccmc}
           syscm -- general string comparison function
syscm
                                                   define external entry point
        exp
           provides string comparison determined by interface.
           used for international string comparison.
                                   character pointer for first string
            (xr)
            (x1)
                                   character pointer for second string
            (wb)
                                   character count of first string
            (wa)
                                   character count of second string
            jsr syscm
                                   call to syscm function
           {\tt ppm} \quad {\tt loc}
                                   string too long for syscm
           ppm loc
                                   first string lexically gt second
           ppm loc
                                   first string lexically lt second
                                   strings equal
            (xl)
                                   zero
            (xr)
                                   destroyed
```

```
fi
if.cnra
else
  if.\mathbf{cncr}
           syscr -- convert real
syscr
       exp
           syscr is an optional osint routine that causes spitbol to
           call syscr to convert real values to strings, rather
           than using the internal spitbol conversion code. this
           code may be desired on machines where the integer size
           is too small to allow production of a sufficient number
           of significant digits. the symbol .cncr must be defined
           if this routine is to be used.
           the rules for converting reals to strings are that
           positive values are represented without any sign, and
           there are never any leading blanks or zeros, except in
           the case of zero itself which is represented as a single
           zero digit. negative numbers are represented with a
           preceeding minus sign. there are never any trailing
           blanks, or trailing zeros in the fractional part.
           conversion cannot fail.
           (ra)
                                 value to be converted
           (wa)
                                 no. of significant digits desired
           (wb)
                                 conversion type:
                                  negative for e-type conversion
                                  zero for g-type conversion
                                  positive for f-type conversion
                                 character positions in result scblk
           (wc)
           (xr)
                                 scblk for result
           jsr syscr
                                 call to convert real value
                                 result scblk
           (xr)
```

(wa)

number of result characters

```
sysdt -- get current date
sysdt
                                                 define external entry point
       exp
           sysdt is used to obtain the current date. the date is
           returned as a character string in any format appropriate
           to the operating system in use. it may also contain the
           current time of day. sysdt is used to implement the
           snobol4 function date().
           (xr)
                                  parameter n of call date(n)
           jsr sysdt
                                  call to get date
           (x1)
                                 pointer to block containing date
           the format of the block is like an scblk except that
           the first word need not be set. the result is copied
           into spitbol dynamic memory on return.
if .cera
```

```
sysea -- inform osint of compilation and runtime errors
                                                  define external entry point
sysea exp
           provides means for interface to take special actions on
           errors
           (wa)
                                  error code
           (wb)
                                  line number
           (wc)
                                  column number
           (xr)
                                  system stage
  if.\mathbf{csfn}
           (x1)
                                  file name (scblk)
  fi
           jsr sysea
                                  call to sysea function
                                  suppress printing of error message
           ppm loc
           (xr)
                                  message to print (scblk) or 0
           sysea may not return if interface chooses to retain
           control. closing files via the fcb chain will be the
           responsibility of the interface.
           all registers preserved
fi
```

```
sysef -- eject file
sysef
                                                define external entry point
       exp
           sysef is used to write a page eject to a named file. it
           may only be used for files where this concept makes
           sense. note that sysef is not normally used for the
           standard output file (see sysep).
           (wa)
                                 ptr to fcblk or zero
           (xr)
                                 eject argument (scblk ptr)
           jsr sysef
                                 call to eject file
           ppm loc
                                return here if file does not exist
           ppm loc
                                 return here if inappropriate file
           ppm loc
                                 return here if i/o error
```

```
sysej -- end of job
                                                define external entry point
sysej
       exp
           sysej is called once at the end of execution to
           terminate the run. the significance of the abend and
           code values is system dependent. in general, the code
           value should be made available for testing, and the
           abend value should cause some post-mortem action such as
           a dump. note that sysej does not return to its caller.
           see sysxi for details of fcblk chain
           (wa)
                                 value of abend keyword
           (wb)
                                 value of code keyword
           (xl)
                                 o or ptr to head of fcblk chain
           jsr sysej
                                 call to end job
           the following special values are used as codes in (wb)
           999 execution suppressed
           998 standard output file full or unavailable in a sysxi
                load module. in these cases (wa) contains the number
                of the statement causing premature termination.
```

```
sysem -- get error message text
                                                define external entry point
sysem
       exp
           sysem is used to obtain the text of err, erb calls in the
           source program given the error code number. it is allowed
           to return a null string if this facility is unavailable.
           (wa)
                                 error code number
                                 call to get text
           jsr sysem
           (xr)
                                 text of message
           the returned value is a pointer to a block in scblk
           format except that the first word need not be set. the
           string is copied into dynamic memory on return.
           if the null string is returned either because sysem does
           not provide error message texts or because wa is out of
           range, spitbol will print the string stored in errtext
           keyword.
```

```
sysen -- endfile
                                                define external entry point
sysen exp
           sysen is used to implement the snobol4 function endfile.
           the meaning is system dependent. in general, endfile
           implies that no further i/o operations will be performed,
           but does not guarantee this to be the case. the file
           should be closed after the call, a subsequent read
           or write may reopen the file at the start or it may be
           necessary to reopen the file via sysio.
           (wa)
                                 ptr to fcblk or zero
           (xr)
                                 endfile argument (scblk ptr)
           jsr sysen
                                 call to endfile
           ppm loc
                                 return here if file does not exist
           ppm loc
                                 return here if endfile not allowed
                                 return here if i/o error
           ppm loc
           (wa,wb)
                                 destroyed
           the second error return is used for files for which
           endfile is not permitted. for example, it may be expected
           that the standard input and output files are in this
           category.
```

sysex -- call external function define external entry point sysex expsysex is called to pass control to an external function previously loaded with a call to sysld. (xs) pointer to arguments on stack (x1) pointer to control block (efblk) (wa) number of arguments on stack jsr sysex call to pass control to function ppm loc return here if function call fails ppm loc return here if insufficient memory return here if bad argument type ppm loc $if.\mathbf{cexp}$ (xs) popped past arguments fi (xr) result returned the arguments are stored on the stack with the last argument at O(xs). on return, xs is popped past the arguments. the form of the arguments as passed is that used in the spitbol translator (see definitions and data structures section). the control block format is also described (under efblk) in this section. there are two ways of returning a result. return a pointer to a block in dynamic storage. this block must be in exactly correct format, including the first word. only functions written with intimate knowledge of the system will return in this way. 2) string, integer and real results may be returned by pointing to a pseudo-block outside dynamic memory. this block is in icblk, rcblk or scblk format except that the first word will be overwritten by a type word on return and so need not be correctly set. such a result is copied into main storage before proceeding. unconverted results may similarly be returned in a pseudo-block which is in correct format including type word recognisable by garbage collector since

block is copied into dynamic memory.

```
sysfc -- file control block routine
                                                define external entry point
sysfc
       exp
           see also sysio
           input and output have 3 arguments referred to as shown
                input(variable name,file arg1,file arg2)
                output(variable name,file arg1,file arg2)
           file arg1 may be an integer or string used to identify
           an i/o channel. it is converted to a string for checking.
           the exact significance of file arg2
           is not rigorously prescribed but to improve portability,
           the scheme described in the spitbol user manual
           should be adopted when possible. the preferred form is
           a string $f$,r$r$,c$c$,i$i$,...,z$z$ where
           $f$ is an optional file name which is placed first.
           remaining items may be omitted or included in any order.
           $r$ is maximum record length
           $c$ is a carriage control character or character string
           $i$ is some form of channel identification used in the
              absence of $f$ to associate the variable
              with a file allocated dynamically by jcl commands at
              spitbol load time.
           ,...,z$z$ are additional fields.
           if , (comma) cannot be used as a delimiter, .ciod
           should be defined to introduce by conditional assembly
           another delimiter (see
             iodel equ *
           early in definitions section).
           sysfc is called when a variable is input or output
           associated to check file arg1 and file arg2 and
           to report whether an fcblk (file control
           block) is necessary and if so what size it should be.
           this makes it possible for spitbol rather than osint to
           allocate such a block in dynamic memory if required
           or alternatively in static memory.
           the significance of an fcblk , if one is requested, is
           entirely up to the system interface. the only restriction
           is that if the fcblk should appear to lie in dynamic
           memory, pointers to it should be proper pointers to
           the start of a recognisable and garbage collectable
           block (this condition will be met if sysfc requests
           spitbol to provide an fcblk).
           an option is provided for osint to return a pointer in
           xl to an fcblk which it privately allocated. this ptr
           will be made available when i/o occurs later.
           private fcblks may have arbitrary contents and spitbol
```

stores nothing in them.

```
should allow a 2 word overhead for block type and
length fields. information subsequently stored in the
remaining words may be arbitrary if an xnblk (external
non-relocatable block) is requested. if the request is
for an xrblk (external relocatable block) the
contents of words should be collectable (i.e. any
apparent pointers into dynamic should be genuine block
pointers). these restrictions do not apply if an fcblk
is allocated outside dynamic or is not allocated at all.
if an fcblk is requested, its fields will be initialised
to zero before entry to sysio with the exception of
words 0 and 1 in which the block type and length
fields are placed for fcblks in dynamic memory only.
for the possible use of sysej and sysxi, if fcblks
are used, a chain is built so that they may all be
found - see sysxi for details.
if both file arg1 and file arg2 are null, calls of sysfc
and sysio are omitted.
if file arg1 is null (standard input/output file), sysfc
is called to check non-null file arg2 but any request
for an fcblk will be ignored, since spitbol handles the
standard files specially and cannot readily keep fcblk
pointers for them.
filearg1 is type checked by spitbol so further checking
may be unneccessary in many implementations.
file arg2 is passed so that sysfc may analyse and
check it. however to assist in this, spitbol also passes
on the stack the components of this argument with
file name, $f$ (otherwise null) extracted and stacked
first.
the other fields, if any, are extracted as substrings,
pointers to them are stacked and a count of all items
stacked is placed in wc. if an fcblk was earlier
allocated and pointed to via file arg1, sysfc is also
passed a pointer to this fcblk.
(x1)
                      file arg1 scblk ptr (2nd arg)
(xr)
                      filearg2 (3rd arg) or null
-(xs)...-(xs)
                      scblks for $f$,$r$,$c$,...
(wc)
                      no. of stacked scblks above
(wa)
                      existing file arg1 fcblk ptr or 0
(wb)
                      0/3 for input/output assocn
                      call to check need for fcblk
jsr sysfc
                      invalid file argument
ppm loc
ppm loc
                      fcblk already in use
(xs)
                      popped (wc) times
(wa non zero)
                      byte size of requested fcblk
(wa=0,xl non zero)
                      private fcblk ptr in xl
(wa=xl=0)
                      no fcblk wanted, no private fcblk
(wc)
                      0/1/2 request alloc of xrblk/xnblk
                      /static block for use as fcblk
(wb)
                      destroyed
```

the requested size for an fcblk in dynamic memory

 $if.\mathbf{cgbc}$

```
sysgc -- inform interface of garbage collections
                                                define external entry point
sysgc
       exp
           provides means for interface to take special actions
           prior to and after a garbage collection.
           possible usages-
           1. provide visible screen icon of garbage collection
              in progress
           2. inform virtual memory manager to ignore page access
              patterns during garbage collection. such accesses
              typically destroy the page working set accumulated
              by the program.
           3. inform virtual memory manager that contents of memory
              freed by garbage collection can be discarded.
           (xr)
                                 non-zero if beginning gc
                                 =0 if completing gc
           (wa)
                                 dnamb=start of dynamic area
           (wb)
                                 dnamp=next available location
           (wc)
                                 dname=last available location + 1
                                 call to sysgc function
           jsr sysgc
           all registers preserved
```

fi

syshs -- give access to host computer features define external entry point syshs expprovides means for implementing special features on different host computers. the only defined entry is that where all arguments are null in which case syshs returns an scblk containing name of computer, name of operating system and name of site separated by colons. the scblk need not have a correct first field as this is supplied on copying string to dynamic memory. spitbol does no argument checking but does provide a single error return for arguments checked as erroneous by osint. it also provides a single execution error return. if these are inadequate, use may be made of the minimal error section direct as described in minimal documentation, section 10. several non-error returns are provided. the first corresponds to the defined entry or, for implementation defined entries, any string may be returned. the others permit respectively, return a null result, return with a result to be stacked which is pointed at by xr, and a return causing spitbol statement failure. if a returned result is in dynamic memory it must obey garbage collector rules. the only results copied on return are strings returned via ppm loc3 return. (wa) argument 1 (x1) argument 2 (xr) argument 3 (wb) argument 4 (wc) argument 5 jsr syshs call to get host information ppm loc1 erroneous arg ppm loc2 execution error ppm loc3 scblk ptr in xl or 0 if unavailable ppm loc4 return a null result

ppm loc5

ppm loc6

ppm loc7

ppm loc8

return result in xr

cause statement failure

return string at xl, length wa

return copy of result in xr

```
sysid -- return system identification
sysid exp
                                                define external entry point
           this routine should return strings to head the standard
           printer output. the first string will be appended to
           a heading line of the form
                macro spitbol version v.v
           supplied by spitbol itself. v.v are digits giving the
           major version number and generally at least a minor
           version number relating to osint should be supplied to
           give say
                macro spitbol version v.v(m.m)
           the second string should identify at least the machine
           and operating system. preferably it should include
           the date and time of the run.
           optionally the strings may include site name of the
           the implementor and/or machine on which run takes place,
           unique site or copy number and other information as
           appropriate without making it so long as to be a
           nuisance to users.
           the first words of the scblks pointed at need not be
           correctly set.
           jsr sysid
                                 call for system identification
           (xr)
                                 scblk ptr for addition to header
           (x1)
```

scblk ptr for second header

```
if .cinc
           sysif -- switch to new include file
                                                define external entry point
sysif
       exp
           sysif is used for include file processing, both to inform
           the interface when a new include file is desired, and
           when the end of file of an include file has been reached
           and it is desired to return to reading from the previous
           nested file.
           it is the responsibility of sysif to remember the file
           access path to the present input file before switching to
           the new include file.
           (x1)
                                 ptr to scblk or zero
           (xr)
                                 ptr to vacant scblk of length cswin
                                 (xr not used if xl is zero)
           jsr sysif
                                 call to change files
           ppm loc
                                 unable to open file
           (xr)
                                 scblk with full path name of file
                                 (xr not used if input xl is zero)
           register xl points to an scblk containing the name of the
           include file to which the interface should switch. data
           is fetched from the file upon the next call to sysrd.
           sysif may have the ability to search multiple libraries
           for the include file named in (x1). it is therefore
           required that the full path name of the file where the
           file was finally located be returned in (xr). it is this
           name that is recorded along with the source statements,
           and will accompany subsequent error messages.
           register xl is zero to mark conclusion of use of an
```

include file.

```
fi
           sysil -- get input record length
sysil
                                                 define external entry point
       exp
           sysil is used to get the length of the next input record
           from a file previously input associated with a sysio
           call. the length returned is used to establish a buffer
           for a subsequent sysin call. sysil also indicates to the
           caller if this is a binary or text file.
           (wa)
                                 ptr to fcblk or zero
           jsr sysil
                                 call to get record length
           (wa)
                                 length or zero if file closed
           (WC)
                                 zero if binary, non-zero if text
           no harm is done if the value returned is too long since
           unused space will be reclaimed after the sysin call.
           note that it is the sysil call (not the sysio call) which
           causes the file to be opened as required for the first
           record input from the file.
```

```
sysin -- read input record
                                                 define external entry point
\operatorname{sysin} = \exp
           sysin is used to read a record from the file which was
           referenced in a prior call to sysil (i.e. these calls
           always occur in pairs). the buffer provided is an
           scblk for a string of length set from the sysil call.
           if the actual length read is less than this, the length
           field of the scblk must be modified before returning
           unless buffer is right padded with zeroes.
           it is also permissible to take any of the alternative
           returns after scblk length has been modified.
           (wa)
                                 ptr to fcblk or zero
           (xr)
                                 pointer to buffer (scblk ptr)
           jsr sysin
                                 call to read record
           ppm loc
                                 endfile or no i/p file after sysxi
           ppm loc
                                 return here if i/o error
           ppm loc
                                 return here if record format error
           (wa,wb,wc)
                                 destroyed
```

```
sysio -- input/output file association
                                                define external entry point
sysio
       exp
           see also sysfc.
           sysio is called in response to a snobol4 input or output
           function call except when file arg1 and file arg2
           are both null.
           its call always follows immediately after a call
           of sysfc. if sysfc requested allocation
           of an fcblk, its address will be in wa.
           for input files, non-zero values of $r$ should be
           copied to wc for use in allocating input buffers. if $r$
           is defaulted or not implemented, wc should be zeroised.
           once a file has been opened, subsequent input(),output()
           calls in which the second argument is identical with that
           in a previous call, merely associate the additional
           variable name (first argument) to the file and do not
           result in re-opening the file.
           in subsequent associated accesses to the file a pointer
           to any fcblk allocated will be made available.
           (x1)
                                 file arg1 scblk ptr (2nd arg)
           (xr)
                                 file arg2 scblk ptr (3rd arg)
           (wa)
                                 fcblk ptr (0 if none)
           (wb)
                                 0 for input, 3 for output
           jsr sysio
                                 call to associate file
                                 return here if file does not exist
           ppm loc
                                 return if input/output not allowed
           ppm loc
                                 fcblk pointer (0 if none)
           (x1)
           (wc)
                                 0 (for default) or max record lngth
           (wa,wb)
                                 destroyed
           the second error return is used if the file named exists
           but input/output from the file is not allowed. for
           example, the standard output file may be in this category
```

as regards input association.

```
sysld -- load external function
                                                 define external entry point
\operatorname{sysld} = \exp
           sysld is called in response to the use of the snobol4
           load function. the named function is loaded (whatever
           this means), and a pointer is returned. the pointer will
           be used on subsequent calls to the function (see sysex).
           (xr)
                                  pointer to function name (scblk)
           (x1)
                                  pointer to library name (scblk)
           jsr sysld
                                  call to load function
           ppm loc
                                  return here if func does not exist
                                  return here if i/o error
           ppm loc
                                  return here if insufficient memory
           ppm loc
           (xr)
                                  pointer to loaded code
           the significance of the pointer returned is up to the
           system interface routine. the only restriction is that
           if the pointer is within dynamic storage, it must be
           a proper block pointer.
```

sysmx -- supply mxlen define external entry point sysmx expbecause of the method of garbage collection, no spitbol object is allowed to occupy more bytes of memory than the integer giving the lowest address of dynamic (garbage collectable) memory. mxlen is the name used to refer to this maximum length of an object and for most users of most implementations, provided dynamic memory starts at an address of at least a few thousand words, there is no problem. if the default starting address is less than say 10000 or 20000, then a load time option should be provided where a user can request that he be able to create larger objects. this routine informs spitbol of this request if any. the value returned is either an integer representing the desired value of mxlen (and hence the minimum dynamic store address which may result in non-use of some store) or zero if a default is acceptable

> if a non-zero value is returned, this is used for keyword maxlngth. otherwise the initial low address of dynamic memory is used for this keyword.

in which mxlen is set to the lowest address allocated

jsr sysmx call to get mxlen (wa)

to dynamic store before compilation starts.

either mxlen or 0 for default

```
sysou -- output record
                                                  define external entry point
sysou exp
           sysou is used to write a record to a file previously
           associated with a sysio call.
           (wa)
                                  ptr to fcblk
if.\mathbf{csou}
                                  or 0 for terminal or 1 for output
fi
if .cnbf
                                  record to be written (scblk)
           (xr)
else
           (xr)
                                 record to write (bcblk or scblk)
fi
           jsr sysou
                                  call to output record
           ppm loc
                                 file full or no file after sysxi
           ppm loc
                                  return here if i/o error
           (wa,wb,wc)
                                  destroyed
           note that it is the sysou call (not the sysio call) which
           causes the file to be opened as required for the first
           record output to the file.
```

```
syspi -- print on interactive channel
                                                define external entry point
syspi exp
           if spitbol is run from an online terminal, osint can
           request that messages such as copies of compilation
           errors be sent to the terminal (see syspp). if relevant
           reply was made by syspp then syspi is called to send such
           messages to the interactive channel.
           syspi is also used for sending output to the terminal
           through the special variable name, terminal.
           (xr)
                                 ptr to line buffer (scblk)
           (wa)
                                 line length
           jsr syspi
                                 call to print line
           ppm loc
                                 failure return
           (wa,wb)
                                 destroyed
if .cpol
```

```
syspl -- provide interactive control of spitbol
                                                define external entry point
syspl exp
           provides means for interface to take special actions,
           such as interrupting execution, breakpointing, stepping,
           and expression evaluation. these last three options are
           not presently implemented by the code calling syspl.
           (wa)
                                 opcode as follows-
                                 =0 poll to allow osint to interrupt
                                 =1 breakpoint hit
                                 =2 completion of statement stepping
                                 =3 expression evaluation result
           (wb)
                                 statement number
           r$fcb
                                 o or ptr to head of fcblk chain
                                 call to syspl function
           jsr syspl
           ppm loc
                                 user interruption
                                 step one statement
           ppm loc
           ppm loc
                                 evaluate expression
                                 resume execution
                                 (wa) = new polling interval
fi
```

* syspp -- obtain print parameters

syspp exp

define external entry point

syspp is called once during compilation to obtain parameters required for correct printed output format and to select other options. it may also be called again after sysxi when a load module is resumed. in this

case the value returned in wa may be less than or equal to that returned in initial call but may not be greater.

the information returned is -

- 1. line length in chars for standard print file
- 2. no of lines/page. 0 is preferable for a non-paged device (e.g. online terminal) in which case listing page throws are suppressed and page headers resulting from -title,-stitl lines are kept short.
- an initial -nolist option to suppress listing unless the program contains an explicit -list.
- 4. options to suppress listing of compilation and/or execution stats (useful for established programs) combined with 3. gives possibility of listing file never being opened.
- 5. option to have copies of errors sent to an interactive channel in addition to standard printer.
- 6. option to keep page headers short (e.g. if listing to an online terminal).
- 7. an option to choose extended or compact listing format. in the former a page eject and in the latter a few line feeds precede the printing of each of-- listing, compilation statistics, execution output and execution statistics.
- an option to suppress execution as though a -noexecute card were supplied.
- 9. an option to request that name /terminal/ be pre-associated to an online terminal via syspi and sysri
- 10. an intermediate (standard) listing option requiring that page ejects occur in source listings. redundant if extended option chosen but partially extends compact option.
- 11. option to suppress sysid identification.

e = 1 to suppress execn. stats

```
syspr -- print line on standard output file
                                                define external entry point
syspr
       exp
           syspr is used to print a single line on the standard
           output file.
           (xr)
                                 pointer to line buffer (scblk)
           (wa)
                                 line length
           jsr syspr
                                 call to print line
           ppm loc
                                 too much o/p or no file after sysxi
           (wa,wb)
                                 destroyed
           the buffer pointed to is the length obtained from the
           syspp call and is filled out with trailing blanks. the
           value in wa is the actual line length which may be less
           than the maximum line length possible. there is no space
           control associated with the line, all lines are printed
           single spaced. note that null lines (wa=0) are possible
           in which case a blank line is to be printed.
           the error exit is used for systems which limit the amount
           of printed output. if possible, printing should be
           permitted after this condition has been signalled once to
           allow for dump and other diagnostic information.
           assuming this to be possible, spitbol may make more syspr
           calls. if the error return occurs another time, execution
```

is terminated by a call of sysej with ending code 998.

```
sysrd -- read record from standard input file
                                                 define external entry point
sysrd
       exp
           sysrd is used to read a record from the standard input
           file. the buffer provided is an scblk for a string the
           length of which in characters is given in wc, this
           corresponding to the maximum length of string which
           spitbol is prepared to receive. at compile time it
           corresponds to xxx in the most recent -inxxx card
           (default 72) and at execution time to the most recent
           ,r$r$ (record length) in the third arg of an input()
           statement for the standard input file (default 80).
           if fewer than (wc) characters are read, the length
           field of the scblk must be adjusted before returning
           unless the buffer is right padded with zeroes.
           it is also permissible to take the alternative return
           after such an adjustment has been made.
           spitbol may continue to make calls after an endfile
           return so this routine should be prepared to make
           repeated endfile returns.
           (xr)
                                  pointer to buffer (scblk ptr)
           (wc)
                                  length of buffer in characters
           jsr sysrd
                                  call to read line
           ppm loc
                                  endfile or no i/p file after sysxi
if.\mathbf{csfn}
                                  or input file name change. if
                                  the former, scblk length is zero.
                                  if input file name change, length
                                  is non-zero. caller should re-issue
                                  sysrd to obtain input record.
fi
```

destroyed

(wa,wb,wc)

```
sysri -- read record from interactive channel
                                                define external entry point
sysri
       exp
           reads a record from online terminal for spitbol variable,
           terminal. if online terminal is unavailable then code the
           endfile return only.
           the buffer provided is of length 258 characters. sysri
           should replace the count in the second word of the scblk
           by the actual character count unless buffer is right
           padded with zeroes.
           it is also permissible to take the alternative
           return after adjusting the count.
           the end of file return may be used if this makes
           sense on the target machine (e.g. if there is an
           eof character.)
           (xr)
                                 ptr to 258 char buffer (scblk ptr)
           jsr sysri
                                 call to read line from terminal
                                 end of file return
           ppm loc
                                 may be destroyed
           (wa,wb,wc)
```

```
sysrw -- rewind file
sysrw exp
                                                define external entry point
           sysrw is used to rewind a file i.e. reposition the file
           at the start before the first record. the file should be
           closed and the next read or write call will open the
           file at the start.
           (wa)
                                 ptr to fcblk or zero
           (xr)
                                rewind arg (scblk ptr)
                                call to rewind file
           jsr sysrw
                                return here if file does not exist
           ppm loc
                                return here if rewind not allowed
           ppm loc
           ppm loc
                                return here if i/o error
```

```
if .cust
           sysst -- set file pointer
sysst
                                                define external entry point
       exp
           sysst is called to change the position of a file
           pointer. this is accomplished in a system dependent
           manner, and thus the 2nd and 3rd arguments are passed
           unconverted.
           (wa)
                                 fcblk pointer
           (wb)
                                 2nd argument
           (wc)
                                 3rd argument
           jsr sysst
                                call to set file pointer
          ppm loc
                               return here if invalid 2nd arg
           ppm loc
                               return here if invalid 3rd arg
                                return here if file does not exist
           ppm loc
           ppm loc
                                return here if set not allowed
                                return here if i/o error
           ppm loc
```

```
fi
           \operatorname{systm} -- get execution time so far
                                                  define external entry point
systm
       exp
           systm is used to obtain the amount of execution time
           used so far since spitbol was given control. the units
           are described as milliseconds in the spitbol output, but
           the exact meaning is system dependent. where appropriate,
           this value should relate to processor rather than clock
           timing values.
           if the symbol .ctmd is defined, the units are described
            as deciseconds (0.1 second).
                                   call to get timer value
           jsr systm
            (ia)
                                  time so far in milliseconds
                                   (deciseconds if .ctmd defined)
```

```
sysul -- unload external function
sysul
                                                 define external entry point
       exp
           sysul is used to unload a function previously
           loaded with a call to sysld.
           (xr)
                                  ptr to control block (efblk)
                                  call to unload function
           jsr sysul
           the function cannot be called following a sysul call
           until another sysld call is made for the same function.
           the efblk contains the function code pointer and also a
           pointer to the vrblk containing the function name (see
           definitions and data structures section).
if.\mathbf{cnex}
else
```

sysxi -- exit to produce load module

*
sysxi exp

define external entry point

*

when sysxi is called, xl contains either a string pointer or zero. in the former case, the string gives the character name of a program. the intention is that spitbol execution should be terminated forthwith and the named program loaded and executed. this type of chain execution is very system dependent and implementors may choose to omit it or find it impossible to provide. if (xl) is zero,ia contains one of the following integers

*

-1, -2, -3, -4

create if possible a load module containing only the impure area of memory which needs to be loaded with a compatible pure segment for subsequent executions. version numbers to check compatibility should be kept in both segments and checked on loading. to assist with this check, (xr) on entry is a pointer to an scblk containing the spitbol major version number v.v (see sysid). the file thus created is called a save file.

*

o if possible, return control to job control command level. the effect if available will be system dependent.

*

+1, +2, +3, +4

create if possible a load module from all of

memory. it should be possible to load and execute

this module directly.

*

in the case of saved load modules, the status of open files is not preserved and implementors may choose to offer means of attaching files before execution of load modules starts or leave it to the user to include suitable input(), output() calls in his program. sysxi should make a note that no i/o channels, including standard files, have files attached so that calls of sysin, sysou, syspr, sysrd should fail unless new associations are made for the load module. at least in the case of the standard output file, it is recommended that either the user be required to attach a file or that a default file is attached, since the problem of error messages generated by the load module is otherwise severe. as a last resort, if spitbol attempts to write to the standard output file and gets a reply indicating that such ouput is unacceptable it stops by using an entry to sysej with ending code 998. as described below, passing of some arguments makes it clear that load module will use a standard output file.

*

if use is made of fcblks for i/o association, spitbol builds a chain so that those in use may be found in sysxi and sysej. the nodes are 4 words long. third word contains link to next node or 0, fourth word contains fcblk pointer.

```
sysxi (continued)
(x1)
                      zero or scblk ptr to first argument
(xr)
                      ptr to v.v scblk
(ia)
                      signed integer argument
(wa)
                      scblk ptr to second argument
(wb)
                      O or ptr to head of fcblk chain
jsr sysxi
                      call to exit
ppm loc
                      requested action not possible
ppm loc
                      action caused irrecoverable error
(wb,wc,ia,xr,xl,cp)
                      should be preserved over call
                      O in all cases except sucessful
                      performance of exit(4) or exit(-4),
                      in which case 1 should be returned.
```

loading and running the load module or returning from jcl command level causes execution to resume at the point after the error returns which follow the call of sysxi. the value passed as exit argument is used to indicate options required on resumption of load module.

+1 or -1 require that on resumption, sysid and syspp be called and a heading printed on the standard output file.
+2 or -2 indicate that syspp will be called but not sysid and no heading will be put on standard output file.
above options have the obvious implication that a standard o/p file must be provided for the load module.
+3, +4, -3 or -4 indicate calls of neither sysid nor syspp and no heading will be placed on standard output file.

+4 or -4 indicate that execution is to continue after creation of the save file or load module, although all files will be closed by the sysxi action. this permits the user to checkpoint long-running programs while continuing execution.

no return from sysxi is possible if another program is loaded and entered.

fi

```
*
    *
            introduce the internal procedures.
        inp
acess
acomp
        inp
        inp
alloc
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
alobf
        inp
fi
alocs
        inp
        inp
alost
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
apndb inp
fi
if .cnra
arith
       inp
else
arith
        inp
fi
asign
        inp
asinp
        inp
blkln
        inp
cdgcg
        inp
cdgex
        inp
        {\bf inp}
cdgnm
cdgvl
        inp
cdwrd
        inp
cmgen
        inp
        inp
cmpil
{\tt cncrd}
        inp
copyb
        inp
dffnc
        inp
dtach
        inp
dtype
        inp
dumpr
        inp
if.\mathbf{ceng}
enevs
        inp
{\tt engts}
        inp
fi
        inp
ermsg
ertex
        inp
        inp
evali
evalp
        inp
evals
        inp
evalx
        inp
exbld
        inp
expan
        inp
expap
        inp
expdm
        inp
```

```
\begin{array}{ccc} \operatorname{expop} & \operatorname{inp} \\ if.\operatorname{csfn} & & \\ \operatorname{filnm} & \operatorname{inp} \\ fi & & \\ if.\operatorname{culc} & & \\ \operatorname{flstg} & \operatorname{inp} \\ fi & & \\ \operatorname{gbcol} & \operatorname{inp} \\ \operatorname{gbcpf} & \operatorname{inp} \\ \operatorname{gtarr} & \operatorname{inp} \end{array}
```

```
gtcod
         inp
gtexp
         inp
{\tt gtint}
         inp
gtnum
         inp
gtnvr
         inp
         inp
gtpat
if .cnra
else
gtrea inp
fi
{\tt gtsmi} \quad {\bf inp} \quad
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
gtstb
         inp
fi
gtstg
         inp
gtvar
         inp
hashs
         inp
icbld
         inp
{\tt ident}
         inp
         inp
inout
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
insbf
         inp
fi
insta
         inp
iofcb
         inp
ioppf
         {\bf inp}
ioput
         inp
ktrex
         inp
kwnam
         inp
lcomp
         inp
listr
         {\bf inp}
         inp
listt
if.csfn
newfn
        inp
fi
nexts
         inp
patin
         inp
patst
         inp
pbild
        _{
m inp}
pconc
         inp
{\tt pcopy} \quad \mathbf{inp}
if.\mathbf{cnpf}
else
prflr
         inp
         inp
prflu
fi
prpar
         inp
prtch
         inp
```

prtic inp
prtis inp
prtin inp
prtmi inp
prtmx inp
prtnl inp
prtnl inp
prtnm inp
prtnm inp
prtny inp
prtpg inp
prtps inp
prtsn inp
prtsn inp

```
prttr
       inp
       inp
prtvl
prtvn
       inp
if.cnra
else
rcbld inp
fi
readr
        inp
if.\mathbf{crel}
relaj
        inp
relcr
       inp
reldn
       inp
reloc
       inp
relst
        inp
relws
       inp
fi
rstrt
       inp
if .c370
sbool inp
fi
sbstr
       _{
m inp}
scane
        inp
        inp
scngf
setvr
       inp
if.\mathbf{cnsr}
else
       inp
sorta
sortc
        inp
sortf
        inp
sorth
       inp
fi
start
       inp
stgcc
       inp
tfind
       inp
tmake
        inp
trace
        inp
trbld
       inp
       {\bf inp}
trimr
trxeq
       inp
vmake
       inp
xscan
       inp
       inp
xscni
    *
            introduce the internal routines
arref
       inr
cfunc
       inr
exfal
        inr
exint
       inr
exits
       _{
m inr}
```

exixr inrexnaminrexnul inr $\it if. cnra$ else ${\tt exrea} \quad {\tt inr}$ fi inrexsid exvnm inrfailp inrflpop inrindir inrmatchinrinrretrn stcov inr ${\tt stmgo}$ inrstopr ${\bf inr}$ succp inrsysab inrsystu inr

spitbol – definitions and data structures

```
this section contains all symbol definitions and also
           pictures of all data structures used in the system.
                                                   start of definitions section
       sec
           definitions of machine parameters
           the minimal translator should supply appropriate values
           for the particular target machine for all the
           definitions given at the start of this section.
           note that even if conditional assembly is used to omit
           some feature (e.g. real arithmetic) a full set of cfp$-
           values must be supplied. use dummy values if genuine
           ones are not needed.
                                                   number of characters in alphabet
cfp$a
       equ *
                                                   bytes/word addressing factor
cfp$b
       equ *
                                                   number of characters per word
cfp$c
       equ *
                                                   offset in bytes to chars in
cfp$f
       equ *
                                   scblk. see scblk format.
cfp$i
       equ *
                                                   number of words in integer constant
cfp$m
                                                   max positive integer in one word
       equ *
cfp$n
       equ *
                                                   number of bits in one word
           the following definitions require the supply of either
           a single parameter if real arithmetic is omitted or
           three parameters if real arithmetic is included.
if .cnra
                                                   no. of decimal digits in cfp$m
nstmx
       equ *
else
                                                   number of words in real constant
cfp$r
       equ *
cfp$s
       equ *
                                                   number of sig digs for real output
```

```
cfp$x
                                                    max digits in real exponent
        equ *
  if .cncr
                                                    no. of decimal digits in cfpm
{\tt nstmx}
        equ *
                                                    max digits in real number
mxdgs
        equ cfp$s+cfp$x
            max space for real (for +0.e+) needs five more places
        equ mxdgs+5
                                                    max space for real
nstmr
  else
        equ \quad \texttt{cfp\$s+cfp\$x}
                                                    max digits in real number
mxdgs
            max space for real (for +0.e+) needs five more places
nstmx
        equ mxdgs+5
                                                    max space for real
  fi
fi
if .cucf
            the following definition for cfp$u supplies a realistic
            upper bound on the size of the alphabet. cfp$u is used
            to save space in the scane bsw-iff-esw table and to ease
            translation storage requirements.
cfp$u
        equ *
                                                    realistic upper bound on alphabet
fi
```

environment parameters

*

the spitbol program is essentially independent of the definitions of these parameters. however, the efficiency of the system may be affected. consequently, these parameters may require tuning for a given version the values given in comments have been successfully used.

*

e\$srs is the number of words to reserve at the end of storage for end of run processing. it should be set as small as possible without causing memory overflow in critical situations (e.g. memory overflow termination) and should thus reserve sufficient space at least for an scblk containing say 30 characters.

*

e\$srs equ *

30 words

*

e\$sts is the number of words grabbed in a chunk when storage is allocated in the static region. the minimum permitted value is 256/cfp\$b. larger values will lead to increased efficiency at the cost of wasting memory.

*

e\$sts equ *

500 words

*

e\$cbs is the size of code block allocated initially and the expansion increment if overflow occurs. if this value is too small or too large, excessive garbage collections will occur during compilation and memory may be lost in the case of a too large value.

*

e\$cbs equ *

500 words

*

e\$hnb is the number of bucket headers in the variable hash table. it should always be odd. larger values will speed up compilation and indirect references at the expense of additional storage for the hash table itself.

*

e\$hnb equ *

127 bucket headers

*

e\$hnw is the maximum number of words of a string name which participate in the string hash algorithm. larger values give a better hash at the expense of taking longer to compute the hash. there is some optimal value.

*

e\$hnw equ *

6 words

*

e\$fsp. if the amount of free space left after a garbage collection is small compared to the total amount of space in use garbage collector thrashing is likely to occur as this space is used up. e\$fsp is a measure of the

```
minimum percentage of dynamic memory left as free space
before the system routine sysmm is called to try to
obtain more memory.

e$fsp equ * 15 percent

if.csed

*
    e$sed. if the amount of free space left in the sediment
after a garbage collection is a significant fraction of
the new sediment size, the sediment is marked for
collection on the next call to the garbage collector.

e$sed equ * 25 percent
fi
```

```
definitions of codes for letters
ch$la
        equ *
                                                      letter a
                                                      letter b
ch$1b
        equ *
                                                      letter c
ch$1c
        equ
ch$ld
                                                      letter d
        equ
                                                      letter e
ch$le
        equ
ch$1f
        equ
                                                      letter f
ch$lg
        equ
                                                      letter g
ch$1h
                                                      letter h
        equ
ch$li
        equ
                                                      letter i
ch$1j
                                                      letter j
        equ
ch$1k
        equ
                                                      letter k
                                                      letter l
ch$11
        equ
ch$1m
                                                      letter m
        equ
ch$ln
                                                      letter n
        equ
                                                      letter o
ch$lo
        equ
ch$1p
        equ
                                                      letter p
ch$lq
                                                      letter q
        equ
ch$1r
                                                      letter r
        equ
                                                      letter s
ch$1s
        equ
                                                      letter t
ch$1t
        equ
ch$lu
        equ
                                                      letter u
ch$1v
        equ
                                                      letter v
ch$1w
        equ
                                                      letter w
ch$lx
                                                      letter x
        equ
ch$ly
        equ
                                                      letter y
ch$1$
        equ *
                                                      letter z
            definitions of codes for digits
                                                      digit 0
ch$d0
        equ *
                                                      digit 1
ch$d1
        equ
ch$d2
        equ
                                                      digit 2
ch$d3
        equ
                                                      digit 3
ch$d4
                                                      digit 4
        equ
ch$d5
                                                      digit 5
        equ
ch$d6
        equ
                                                      digit 6
ch$d7
        equ
                                                      digit 7
ch$d8
                                                      digit 8
        equ
ch$d9
                                                      digit 9
        equ *
```

```
definitions of codes for special characters
            the names of these characters are related to their
            original representation in the ebcdic set corresponding
            to the description in standard snobol4 manuals and texts.
        equ *
                                                    keyword operator (ampersand)
ch$am
ch$as
        equ *
                                                    multiplication symbol (asterisk)
ch$at
        equ
                                                    cursor position operator (at)
ch$bb
        equ
                                                    left array bracket (less than)
ch$bl
        equ
                                                    blank
ch$br
        equ
                                                    alternation operator (vertical bar)
                                                    goto symbol (colon)
ch$cl
        equ
ch$cm
        equ
                                                    comma
ch$dl
                                                    indirection operator (dollar)
        equ
                                                    name operator (dot)
ch$dt
        equ
                                                    double quote
ch$dq
        equ
ch$eq
        equ
                                                    equal sign
ch$ex
        equ
                                                    exponentiation operator (exclm)
ch$mn
        equ
                                                    minus sign / hyphen
ch$nm
        equ
                                                    number sign
ch$nt
        equ
                                                    negation operator (not)
ch$pc
        equ
                                                    percent
ch$pl
        equ
                                                    plus sign
ch$pp
        equ
                                                    left parenthesis
ch$rb
                                                    right array bracket (grtr than)
        equ
ch$rp
        equ
                                                    right parenthesis
ch$qu
        equ
                                                    interrogation operator (question)
ch$sl
        equ
                                                    slash
                                                    semicolon
ch$sm
        equ
                                                    single quote
ch$sq
        equ
                                                    special identifier char (underline)
ch$un
        equ
ch$ob
        equ *
                                                    opening bracket
```

ch\$cb

equ *

closing bracket

```
remaining chars are optional additions to the standards.
if .caht
            tab characters - syntactically equivalent to blank
ch$ht
        equ *
                                                      horizontal tab
fi
if.\mathbf{cavt}
ch$vt
                                                      vertical tab
        equ *
fi
if .caex
            up arrow same as exclamation mark for exponentiation
ch$ey
        equ *
                                                      up arrow
fi
if .casl
            lower case or shifted case alphabetic chars
                                                      shifted a
ch$$a
        equ *
                                                      shifted b
ch$$b
        equ *
                                                      shifted c
ch$$c
        equ
ch$$d
                                                      shifted d
        equ
ch$$e
        equ
                                                      shifted e
                                                      shifted f
ch$$f
        equ
ch$$g
        equ
                                                      shifted g
ch$$h
                                                      shifted h
        equ
ch$$i
                                                      shifted i
        equ *
ch$$j
                                                      shifted i
        equ
                                                      shifted k
ch$$k
        equ
ch$$1
        equ
                                                      shifted 1
\mathtt{ch\$\$m}
                                                      shifted m
        equ
ch$$n
        equ
                                                      shifted n
ch$$o
                                                      shifted o
        equ
                                                      shifted p
ch$$p
        equ
                                                      shifted q
ch$$q
        equ
ch$$r
                                                      shifted r
        equ
ch$$s
        equ
                                                      shifted s
                                                      shifted t
ch$$t
        equ
ch$$u
        equ
                                                      shifted u
ch$$v
                                                      shifted v
        equ
ch$$w
        equ
                                                      shifted w
ch$$x
        equ
                                                      shifted x
ch$$y
        equ *
                                                      shifted y
ch$$$
        equ *
                                                      shifted z
fi
```

^{*} if a delimiter other than ch\$cm must be used in

```
* the third argument of input(),output() then .ciod should be defined and a parameter supplied for iodel. if. ciod \\ iodel \quad equ \quad * \\ else \\ iodel \quad equ \quad * \\ fi
```

<

data block formats and definitions

*

the following sections describe the detailed format of all possible data blocks in static and dynamic memory.

*

every block has a name of the form xxblk where xx is a unique two character identifier. the first word of every block must contain a pointer to a program location in the interpretor which is immediately preceded by an address constant containing the value bl\$xx where xx is the block identifier. this provides a uniform mechanism for distinguishing between the various block types.

*

in some cases, the contents of the first word is constant for a given block type and merely serves as a pointer to the identifying address constant. however, in other cases there are several possibilities for the first word in which case each of the several program entry points must be preceded by the appropriate constant.

*

in each block, some of the fields are relocatable. this means that they may contain a pointer to another block in the dynamic area. (to be more precise, if they contain a pointer within the dynamic area, then it is a pointer to a block). such fields must be modified by the garbage collector (procedure gbcol) whenever blocks are compacted in the dynamic region. the garbage collector (actually procedure gbcpf) requires that all such relocatable fields in a block must be contiguous.

k

the description format uses the following scheme.

1) block title and two character identifier

- 2) description of basic use of block and indication of circumstances under which it is constructed.
- 3) picture of the block format. in these pictures low memory addresses are at the top of the page. fixed length fields are surrounded by i (letter i). fields which are fixed length but whose length is dependent on a configuration parameter are surrounded by * (asterisk). variable length fields are surrounded by / (slash).

4) definition of symbolic offsets to fields in block and of the size of the block if fixed length or of the size of the fixed length fields if the block is variable length.

note that some routines such as gbcpf assume certain offsets are equal. the definitions given here enforce this. make changes to them only with due care.

definitions of common offsets

offs1 equ *
offs2 equ *
offs3 equ *

*

5) detailed comments on the significance and formats of the various fields.

*

the order is alphabetical by identification code.

definitions of block codes

*

this table provides a unique identification code for each separate block type. the first word of a block in the dynamic area always contains the address of a program entry point. the block code is used as the entry point id the order of these codes dictates the order of the table used by the datatype function (scnmt in the constant sec)

*

block codes for accessible datatypes

*

note that real and buffer types are always included, even if they are conditionally excluded elsewhere. this maintains block type codes across all versions of spitbol, providing consistancy for external functions. but note that the bcblk is out of alphabetic order, placed at the end of the list so as not to change the block type ordering in use in existing external functions.

*

bl\$kv

equ bl\$ff+1

```
bl$ar
       equ 0
                                                arblk array
bl$cd
       equ bl$ar+1
                                                cdblk code
       equ bl$cd+1
                                                exblk expression
bl$ex
bl$ic
       equ bl$ex+1
                                                icblk integer
bl$nm
                                                nmblk name
       equ bl$ic+1
bl$p0
       equ bl$nm+1
                                                p0blk pattern
       equ bl$p0+1
                                                p1blk pattern
bl$p1
                                                p2blk pattern
bl$p2
       equ bl$p1+1
bl$rc
       equ bl$p2+1
                                                rcblk real
bl$sc
       equ bl$rc+1
                                                scblk string
bl$se
       equ bl$sc+1
                                                seblk expression
                                                tbblk table
bl$tb
       equ bl$se+1
                                                vcblk array
bl$vc
       equ bl$tb+1
bl$xn
       equ bl$vc+1
                                                xnblk external
                                                xrblk external
bl$xr
       equ bl$xn+1
bl$bc
       equ bl$xr+1
                                                bcblk buffer
       equ bl$bc+1
                                                pdblk program defined datatype
bl$pd
bl$$d
       equ bl$pd+1
                                                number of block codes for data
   *
           other block codes
                                                trblk
bl$tr
       equ bl$pd+1
bl$bf
       equ bl$tr+1
                                                bfblk
bl$cc
       equ bl$bf+1
                                                ccblk
bl$cm
       equ bl$cc+1
                                                cmblk
bl$ct
       equ bl$cm+1
                                                ctblk
bl$df
                                                dfblk
       equ bl$ct+1
                                                efblk
bl$ef
       equ bl$df+1
bl$ev
       equ bl$ef+1
                                                evblk
bl$ff
       equ bl$ev+1
                                                ffblk
```

kvblk

bl\$pf bl\$te		bl\$kv+1 bl\$pf+1	pfblk teblk
*			
bl\$\$i	equ	0	default identification code
bl\$\$t	\mathbf{equ}	bl\$tr+1	code for data or trace block
b1\$\$\$	eau	bl\$te+1	number of block codes

field references

references to the fields of data blocks are symbolic (i.e. use the symbolic offsets) with the following exceptions.

*

 references to the first word are usually not symbolic since they use the (x) operand format.

*

2) the code which constructs a block is often not symbolic and should be changed if the corresponding block format is modified.

*

3) the plc and psc instructions imply an offset corresponding to the definition of cfp\$f.

*

4) there are non-symbolic references (easily changed) in the garbage collector (procedures gbcpf, blkln).

*

5) the fields idval, fargs appear in several blocks and any changes must be made in parallel to all blocks containing the fields. the actual references to these fields are symbolic with the above listed exceptions.

*

6) several spots in the code assume that the definitions of the fields vrval, teval, trnxt are the same (these are sections of code which search out along a trblk chain from a variable).

*

7) references to the fields of an array block in the array reference routine arref are non-symbolic.

*

apart from the exceptions listed, references are symbolic as far as possible and modifying the order or number of fields will not require changes.

common fields for function blocks

*

blocks which represent callable functions have two common fields at the start of the block as follows.

*

*

fcode equ 0 fargs equ 1

pointer to code for function number of arguments

*

fcode is a pointer to the location in the interpretor program which processes this type of function call.

*

fargs is the expected number of arguments. the actual number of arguments is adjusted to this amount by deleting extra arguments or supplying trailing nulls for missing ones before transferring though fcode. a value of 999 may be used in this field to indicate a variable number of arguments (see svblk field svnar).

*

the block types which follow this scheme are.

*

ffblk field function
dfblk datatype function
pfblk program defined function
efblk external loaded function

```
identification field
                field
           id
           certain program accessible objects (those which contain
           other data values and can be copied) are given a unique
           identification number (see exsid). this id value is an
           address integer value which is always stored in word two.
       equ 1
                                                 id value field
idval
           the blocks containing an idval field are.
           arblk
                                  array
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
           bcblk
                                  buffer control block
fi
           pdblk
                                  program defined datatype
           tbblk
                                  table
           vcblk
                                  vector block (array)
           note that a zero idval means that the block is only
           half built and should not be dumped (see dumpr).
```

array block (arblk)

an array block represents an array value other than one with one dimension whose lower bound is one (see vcblk). an arblk is built with a call to the functions convert (s\$cnv) or array (s\$arr).

```
*
           array block (continued)
                                                  pointer to dummy routine b$art
artyp
       equ 0
       equ idval+1
arlen
                                                  length of arblk in bytes
                                                  offset in arblk to arpro field
arofs
       equ arlen+1
       equ arofs+1
                                                  number of dimensions
arndm
arlbd
       equ arndm+1
                                                  low bound (first subscript)
       equ arlbd+cfp$i
                                                  dimension (first subscript)
ardim
arlb2
       equ ardim+cfp$i
                                                  low bound (second subscript)
       equ arlb2+cfp$i
                                                  dimension (second subscript)
ardm2
       equ ardim+cfp$i
                                                  array prototype (one dimension)
arpro
arvls
       equ arpro+1
                                                  start of values (one dimension)
arpr2
       equ ardm2+cfp$i
                                                  array prototype (two dimensions)
                                                  start of values (two dimensions)
arvl2
       equ arpr2+1
       equ \quad {\tt arlbd} \quad
                                                  number of standard fields in block
arsi$
                                                  size of info for one set of bounds
ardms
       equ arlb2-arlbd
           the bounds and dimension fields are signed integer
           values and each occupy cfp$i words in the arblk.
           the length of an arblk in bytes may not exceed mxlen.
           this is required to keep name offsets garbage collectable
           the actual values are arranged in row-wise order and
           can contain a data pointer or a pointer to a trblk.
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
    *
           buffer control block (bcblk)
           a bcblk is built for every bfblk.
                                  bctyp
                                  idval
                                  bclen
                                  bcbuf
                +-----
bctyp
       equ 0
                                                  ptr to dummy routine b$bct
                                                  defined buffer length
bclen
       equ idval+1
bcbuf
       equ bclen+1
                                                  ptr to bfblk
                                                  size of bcblk
bcsi$
       equ bcbuf+1
           a bcblk is an indirect control header for bfblk.
           the reason for not storing this data directly
           in the related bfblk is so that the bfblk can
           maintain the same skeletal structure as an scblk
```

thus facilitating transparent string operations
(for the most part). specifically, cfp\$f is the
same for a bfblk as for an scblk. by convention,
whereever a buffer value is employed, the bcblk
is pointed to.

*

the corresponding bfblk is pointed to by the bcbuf pointer in the bcblk.

*

bclen is the current defined size of the character array in the bfblk. characters following the offset of bclen are undefined.

```
string buffer block (bfblk)
         a bfblk is built by a call to buffer(...)
                      bftyp
              +----+
                             bfalc
                       bfchr
              +----+
bftyp equ 0
                                            ptr to dummy routine b$bft
                                           allocated size of buffer
bfalc equ bftyp+1
                                            characters of string
bfchr equ bfalc+1
bfsi$ equ bfchr
                                            size of standard fields in bfblk
          the characters in the buffer are stored left justified.
          the final word of defined characters is always zero
          (character) padded. any trailing allocation past the
          word containing the last character contains
          unpredictable contents and is never referenced.
         note that the offset to the characters of the string
          is given by cfp$f, as with an scblk. however, the
          offset which is occupied by the length for an scblk
          is the total char space for bfblks, and routines which
          deal with both must account for this difference.
         the value of bfalc may not exceed mxlen. the value of
         bclen is always less than or equal to bfalc.
```

fi

168

```
code construction block (ccblk)
          at any one moment there is at most one ccblk into
          which the compiler is currently storing code (cdwrd).
                              cctyp
                              cclen
if.csln
               +----+
                              ccsln
fi
                        ccuse
                             cccod
                                              pointer to dummy routine b$cct
       equ 0
cctyp
cclen
       equ cctyp+1
                                              length of ccblk in bytes
if .csln
ccsln equ cclen+1
                                              source line number
                                              offset past last used word (bytes)
ccuse
       equ ccsln+1
else
ccuse equ cclen+1
                                              offset past last used word (bytes)
fi
                                              start of generated code in block
cccod equ ccuse+1
   *
          the reason that the ccblk is a separate block type from
          the usual cdblk is that the garbage collector must
          only process those fields which have been set (see gbcpf)
```

```
code block (cdblk)
          a code block is built for each statement compiled during
          the initial compilation or by subsequent calls to code.
                               cdjmp
               +----+
                               cdstm
if.csln
               +----+
                               cdsln
fi
                              cdlen
                                cdfal
                                cdcod
                                              ptr to routine to execute statement
cdjmp
       equ 0
                                              statement number
cdstm
       equ cdjmp+1
if .csln
cdsln equ cdstm+1
                                              source line number
cdlen equ cdsln+1
                                              length of cdblk in bytes
cdfal equ cdlen+1
                                              failure exit (see below)
cdlen equ offs2
                                              length of cdblk in bytes
cdfal
      equ offs3
                                              failure exit (see below)
fi
\verb|cdcod| equ cdfal+1|
                                              executable pseudo-code
                                              number of standard fields in cdblk
cdsi$ equ cdcod
          cdstm is the statement number of the current statement.
          cdjmp, cdfal are set as follows.
          1)
               if the failure exit is the next statement
               cdjmp = b$cds
               cdfal = ptr to cdblk for next statement
          2)
               if the failure exit is a simple label name
               cdjmp = b$cds
               cdfal is a ptr to the vrtra field of the vrblk
               if there is no failure exit (-nofail mode)
          3)
```

```
*
cdjmp = b$cds
cdfal = o$unf

4) if the failure exit is complex or direct

cdjmp = b$cdc
cdfal is the offset to the o$gof word
```

code block (continued)

cdcod is the start of the actual code. first we describe the code generated for an expression. in an expression, elements are fetched by name or by value. for example, the binary equal operator fetches its left argument by name and its right argument by value. these two cases generate quite different code and are described separately. first we consider the code by value case.

*

generation of code by value for expressions elements.

<

expression pointer to exblk or seblk

integer constant

pointer to icblk

null constant

pointer to nulls

pattern

(resulting from preevaluation)

=o\$lpt

pointer to pOblk,p1blk or p2blk

*

real constant pointer to rcblk

string constant

pointer to scblk

variable

pointer to vrget field of vrblk

addition

value code for left operand
value code for right operand

=o\$add

k

affirmation value code for operand

=o\$aff

.

alternation value code for left operand

value code for right operand

=o\$alt

*

array reference (case of one subscript)

value code for array operand
value code for subscript operand

=o\$aov

*

(case of more than one subscript)
value code for array operand
value code for first subscript
value code for second subscript

value code for last subscript

=o\$amv

number of subscripts

*

code block (continued)

assignment

(to natural variable)

value code for right operand
pointer to vrsto field of vrblk

*

(to any other variable)
name code for left operand
value code for right operand
=o\$ass

k

=o\$cer

*

complementation

compile error

value code for operand

=o\$com

*

concatenation

(case of pred func left operand)
value code for left operand

=o\$pop

value code for right operand

*

(all other cases)

value code for left operand
value code for right operand

=o\$cnc

*

cursor assignment

name code for operand

=o\$cas

division

value code for left operand
value code for right operand

=o\$dvd

*

exponentiation

value code for left operand
value code for right operand

=o\$exp

•

function call

(case of call to system function)
value code for first argument
value code for second argument

• • •

value code for last argument
pointer to svfnc field of svblk

code block (continued)

<

function call (case of non-system function 1 arg)

value code for argument

=o\$fns

pointer to vrblk for function

(non-system function, gt 1 arg)
value code for first argument
value code for second argument

. .

value code for last argument

=o\$fnc

number of arguments

pointer to vrblk for function

immediate assignment

value code for left operand
name code for right operand

=o\$ima

*

indirection value code for operand

=o\$inv

interrogation value

value code for operand

=o\$int

keyword reference

name code for operand

=o\$kwv

*

multiplication value code for left operand

value code for right operand

=omlt

*

name reference (natural variable case)

pointer to nmblk for name

*

(all other cases)
name code for operand

=o\$nam

negation

=o\$nta

cdblk offset of o\$ntc word
value code for operand

=o\$ntb

=o\$ntc

value code for left operand name code for right operand

=o\$pas

pattern match

value code for left operand value code for right operand

=o\$pmv

*

pattern replacement name code for subject

value code for pattern

=o\$pmn

value code for replacement

=o\$rpl

*

selection (for first alternative)

=o\$sla

cdblk offset to next o\$slc word
value code for first alternative

o\$slt=

cdblk offset past alternatives

(for subsequent alternatives)

=o\$slc

 $\verb|cdblk| offset to next o$|slc,o$|sld|$

value code for alternative

=o\$slb

offset in cdblk past alternatives

(for last alternative)

=o\$sld

value code for last alternative

*

subtraction value code for left operand

value code for right operand

=o\$sub

code block (continued)

generation of code by name for expression elements.

variable =o\$lvn

pointer to vrblk

expression (case of *natural variable)

=o\$lvn

pointer to vrblk

(all other cases)

=o\$lex

pointer to exblk

k

array reference (case of one subscript)

value code for array operand
value code for subscript operand

=o\$aon

(case of more than one subscript)
value code for array operand
value code for first subscript
value code for second subscript

. . .

value code for last subscript

=o\$amn

number of subscripts

compile error =o\$cer

function call (same code as for value call)

=o\$fne

indirection value code for operand

=o\$inn

keyword reference name code for operand

=o\$kwn

*

any other operand is an error in a name position

note that in this description, =o\$xxx refers to the generation of a word containing the address of another

word which contains the entry point address o\$xxx.

code block (continued)

*

now we consider the overall structure of the code block for a statement with possible goto fields.

*

first comes the code for the statement body. the statement body is an expression to be evaluated by value although the value is not actually required. normal value code is generated for the body of the statement except in the case of a pattern match by value, in which case the following is generated.

*

value code for left operand
value code for right operand
=o\$pms

*

next we have the code for the success goto. there are several cases as follows.

*

- 1) no success goto ptr to cdblk for next statement
- 2) simple label ptr to vrtra field of vrblk
- 3) complex goto (code by name for goto operand)
 =o\$goc

*

*

following this we generate code for the failure goto if it is direct or if it is complex, simple failure gotos having been handled by an appropriate setting of the cdfal field of the cdblk. the generated code is one of the following.

*

- - name code for goto operand

=o\$goc

*

2) direct fgoto =o\$fif
=o\$gof

value code for goto operand

=o\$god

*

an optimization occurs if the success and failure gotos are identical and either complex or direct. in this case, no code is generated for the success goto and control is allowed to fall into the failure goto on success.

```
compiler block (cmblk)
          a compiler block (cmblk) is built by expan to represent
          one node of a tree structured expression representation.
              +----+
                             cmidn
               +----+
                             cmlen
               +----+
                              cmtyp
                           cmopn
                    cmvls or cmrop
                             cmlop
cmidn equ 0
                                            pointer to dummy routine b$cmt
                                            length of cmblk in bytes
      equ cmidn+1
cmlen
      equ cmlen+1
                                            type (c$xxx, see list below)
cmtyp
                                            operand pointer (see below)
cmopn
      equ cmtyp+1
{\tt cmvls} {\tt equ} {\tt cmopn+1}
                                            operand value pointers (see below)
                                            right (only) operator operand
cmrop
      equ cmvls
cmlop equ cmvls+1
                                            left operator operand
                                            number of standard fields in cmblk
cmsi$ equ cmvls
cmus$ equ cmsi$+1
                                            size of unary operator cmblk
cmbs$
      equ cmsi$+2
                                            size of binary operator cmblk
cmar1 equ cmvls+1
                                            array subscript pointers
          the cmopn and cmvls fields are set as follows
          array reference
                              cmopn = ptr to array operand
                              cmvls = ptrs to subscript operands
          function call
                              cmopn = ptr to vrblk for function
                              cmvls = ptrs to argument operands
          selection
                              cmopn = zero
                              cmvls = ptrs to alternate operands
          unary operator
                              cmopn = ptr to operator dvblk
                              cmrop = ptr to operand
          binary operator
                              cmopn = ptr to operator dvblk
```

cmrop = ptr to right operand
cmlop = ptr to left operand

```
cmtyp is set to indicate the type of expression element
           as shown by the following table of definitions.
c$arr
       equ 0
                                                  array reference
c$fnc
       equ c$arr+1
                                                  function call
c$def
       equ c$fnc+1
                                                  deferred expression (unary *)
                                                  indirection (unary $)
c$ind
       equ c$def+1
c$key
       equ c$ind+1
                                                  keyword reference (unary ampersand)
c$ubo
       equ c$key+1
                                                  undefined binary operator
c$uuo
       equ c$ubo+1
                                                  undefined unary operator
c$uo$
       equ c$uuo+1
                                                  test value (=c$uuo+1=c$ubo+2)
c$$nm
       equ c$uuo+1
                                                  number of codes for name operands
           the remaining types indicate expression elements which
    *
           can only be evaluated by value (not by name).
c$bvl
       equ c$uuo+1
                                                  binary op with value operands
c$uvl
       equ c$bvl+1
                                                  unary operator with value operand
c$alt
                                                  alternation (binary bar)
       equ c$uvl+1
c$cnc
       equ c$alt+1
                                                  concatenation
c$cnp
       equ c$cnc+1
                                                  concatenation, not pattern match
c$unm
       equ c$cnp+1
                                                  unary op with name operand
c$bvn
       equ c$unm+1
                                                  binary op (operands by value, name)
       equ c$bvn+1
                                                  assignment
c$ass
c$int
       equ c$ass+1
                                                  interrogation
c$neg
       equ c$int+1
                                                  negation (unary not)
       equ c$neg+1
                                                  selection
c$sel
       equ c$sel+1
                                                  pattern match
c$pmt
c$pr$
       equ c$bvn
                                                  last preevaluable code
```

c\$\$nv

equ c\$pmt+1

number of different cmblk types

character table block (ctblk)

* * *

a character table block is used to hold logical character tables for use with any,notany,span,break,breakx patterns. each character table can be used to store cfp\$n distinct tables as bit columns. a bit column allocated for each argument of more than one character in length to one of the above listed pattern primitives.

*

*

cttyp equ 0
ctchs equ cttyp+1
ctsi\$ equ ctchs+cfp\$a

pointer to dummy routine b\$ctt start of character table words number of words in ctblk

*

ctchs is cfp\$a words long and consists of a one word bit string value for each possible character in the internal alphabet. each of the cfp\$n possible bits in a bitstring is used to form a column of bit indicators. a bit is set on if the character is in the table and off if the character is not present. datatype function block (dfblk)

*

a datatype function is used to control the construction of a program defined datatype object. a call to the system function data builds a dfblk for the datatype name

*

note that these blocks are built in static because pdblk length is got from dflen field. if dfblk was in dynamic store this would cause trouble during pass two of garbage collection. scblk referred to by dfnam field is also put in static so that there are no reloc. fields. this cuts garbage collection task appreciably for pdblks which are likely to be present in large numbers.

*

+		+
i	fcode	i
+		+
i	fargs	i
+		+
i	dflen	i
+		+
i	dfpdl	i
+	·	+
i	dfnam	i
+		+
,	dffld	,
,	dilla	,
/		/
+		+

*

```
dflenequfargs+1length of dfblk in bytesdfpdlequdflen+1length of corresponding pdblkdfnamequdfpdl+1pointer to scblk for datatype namedffldequdfnam+1start of vrblk ptrs for field namesdfflbequdffld-1offset behind dffld for field funcdfsi$equdffldnumber of standard fields in dfblk
```

*

the fcode field points to the routine b\$dfc

*

fargs (the number of arguments) is the number of fields.

dope vector block (dvblk)

a dope vector is assembled for each possible operator in the snobol4 language as part of the constant section.

```
dvopn
+----+
 dvtyp
    dvlpr i
    dvrpr
```

```
dvopn
      equ 0
dvtyp
      equ dvopn+1
dvlpr
      equ dvtyp+1
dvrpr equ dvlpr+1
dvus$ equ dvlpr+1
dvbs$ equ dvrpr+1
dvubs equ dvus$+dvbs$
```

entry address (ptr to o\$xxx) type code (c\$xxx, see cmblk) left precedence (llxxx, see below) right precedence (rrxxx, see below) size of unary operator dv

size of binary operator dv

size of unop + binop (see scane)

the contents of the dvtyp field is copied into the cmtyp field of the cmblk for the operator if it is used.

the cmopn field of an operator cmblk points to the dvblk itself, providing the required entry address pointer ptr.

for normally undefined operators, the dvopn (and cmopn) fields contain a word offset from r\$uba of the function block pointer for the operator (instead of o\$xxx ptr). for certain special operators, the dvopn field is not required at all and is assembled as zero.

the left precedence is used in comparing an operator to the left of some other operator. it therefore governs the precedence of the operator towards its right operand.

the right precedence is used in comparing an operator to the right of some other operator. it therefore governs the precedence of the operator towards its left operand.

higher precedence values correspond to a tighter binding capability. thus we have the left precedence lower (higher) than the right precedence for right (left) associative binary operators.

the left precedence of unary operators is set to an arbitrary high value. the right value is not required and consequently the dvrpr field is omitted for unary ops.

table of operator precedence values

rrass	equ	10	right equal
llass	\mathbf{equ}	00	left equal
rrpmt	\mathbf{equ}	20	right question mark
llpmt	\mathbf{equ}	30	left question mark
rramp	equ	40	right ampersand
llamp	\mathbf{equ}	50	left ampersand
rralt	equ	70	right vertical bar
llalt	equ	60	left vertical bar
rrcnc	\mathbf{equ}	90	right blank
llcnc	equ	80	left blank
rrats	\mathbf{equ}	110	right at
llats	\mathbf{equ}	100	left at
rrplm	\mathbf{equ}	120	right plus, minus
llplm	\mathbf{equ}	130	left plus, minus
rrnum	\mathbf{equ}	140	right number
llnum	\mathbf{equ}	150	left number
rrdvd	\mathbf{equ}	160	right slash
lldvd	\mathbf{equ}	170	left slash
rrmlt	\mathbf{equ}	180	right asterisk
llmlt	\mathbf{equ}	190	left asterisk
rrpct	\mathbf{equ}	200	right percent
llpct	\mathbf{equ}	210	left percent
rrexp	\mathbf{equ}	230	right exclamation
llexp	\mathbf{equ}	220	left exclamation
rrdld	\mathbf{equ}	240	right dollar, dot
lldld	\mathbf{equ}	250	left dollar, dot
rrnot	equ	270	right not
llnot	equ	260	left not
lluno	equ	999	left all unary operators

*

precedences are the same as in $btl\ snobol4\ with\ the\ following\ exceptions.$

*

binary question mark is lowered and made left associative to reflect its new use for pattern matching.

* * *

2) alternation and concatenation are made right associative for greater efficiency in pattern construction and matching respectively. this change is transparent to the snobol4 programmer.

*

3) the equal sign has been added as a low precedence operator which is right associative to reflect its more general usage in this version of snobol4.

```
external function block (efblk)
           an external function block is used to control the calling
           of an external function. it is built by a call to load.
                                 fcode
                                fargs
                                 eflen
                                 efuse
                                 efcod
                                 efvar
                                efrsl
                                eftar
eflen equ fargs+1
                                                 length of efblk in bytes
efuse
       equ eflen+1
                                                 use count (for opsyn)
                                                 ptr to code (from sysld)
efcod equ efuse+1
efvar equ efcod+1
                                                 ptr to associated vrblk
efrsl equ efvar+1
                                                 result type (see below)
eftar equ efrsl+1
                                                 argument types (see below)
efsi\$ equ eftar
                                                 number of standard fields in efblk
           the fcode field points to the routine b$efc.
           efuse is used to keep track of multiple use when opsyn
           is employed. the function is automatically unloaded
           when there are no more references to the function.
           efrsl and eftar are type codes as follows.
                0
                                  type is unconverted
                1
                                  type is string
                2
                                 type is integer
if .cnra
  if.cnlf
                3
                                 type is file
 fi
else
                3
                                 type is real
  if.cnlf
```

expression variable block (evblk)

in this version of spitbol, an expression can be used in any position which would normally expect a name (for example on the left side of equals or as the right argument of binary dot). this corresponds to the creation of a pseudo-variable which is represented by a pointer to an expression variable block as follows.

+		-+
i	evtyp	i
+		-+
•		•
1	evexp	1
+		-+
i	evvar	i
+		-+

equ 0 evtyp evexp equ evtyp+1

evvar equ evexp+1

equ evvar+1 evsi\$

pointer to dummy routine b\$evt pointer to exblk for expression pointer to trbev dummy trblk size of evblk

the name of an expression variable is represented by a base pointer to the evblk and an offset of evvar. this value appears to be trapped by the dummy trbev block.

note that there is no need to allow for the case of an expression variable which references an seblk since a variable which is of the form *var is equivalent to var.

```
expression block (exblk)
          an expression block is built for each expression
          referenced in a program or created by eval or convert
          during execution of a program.
               +----+
                             extyp
                              exstm
if .csln
               +----+
                             exsln
fi
                       exlen i
                              exflc
                             excod
                                             ptr to routine b$exl to load expr
extyp
      equ 0
                                             stores stmnt no. during evaluation
exstm
      equ cdstm
if .csln
exsln equ exstm+1
                                             stores line no. during evaluation
exlen equ exsln+1
                                             length of exblk in bytes
else
                                             length of exblk in bytes
exlen equ exstm+1
fi
exflc equ exlen+1
                                             failure code (=o\$fex)
{\it excod} {\it equ} {\it exflc+1}
                                             pseudo-code for expression
                                             number of standard fields in exblk
exsi$ equ excod
          there are two cases for excod depending on whether the
          expression can be evaluated by name (see description
          of cdblk for details of code for expressions).
          if the expression can be evaluated by name we have.
                               (code for expr by name)
                               =o$rnm
          if the expression can only be evaluated by value.
                               (code for expr by value)
                               =o$rvl
```

field function block (ffblk)

*

a field function block is used to control the selection of a field from a program defined datatype block. a call to data creates an ffblk for each field.

*

+		+
i	fcode	i
+		+
i	fargs	i
+		+
i	ffdfp	i
+		+
i	ffnxt	i
+		+
i	ffofs	i
+		+

*

```
ffdfp equ fargs+1
ffnxt equ ffdfp+1
ffofs equ ffnxt+1
ffsi$ equ ffofs+1
```

pointer to associated dfblk ptr to next ffblk on chain or zero offset (bytes) to field in pdblk size of ffblk in words

*

the fcode field points to the routine b\$ffc.

*

fargs always contains one.

ffdfp is used to verify that the correct program defined datatype is being accessed by this call.
ffdfp is non-reloc. because dfblk is in static

*

ffofs is used to select the appropriate field. note that it is an actual offset (not a field number)

*

ffnxt is used to point to the next ffblk of the same name in the case where there are several fields of the same name for different datatypes. zero marks the end of chain

* the length of the icval field is cfp\$i.

```
keyword variable block (kvblk)
         a kvblk is used to represent a keyword pseudo-variable.
         a kvblk is built for each keyword reference (kwnam).
                            kvtyp
              +----+
                   kvvar i
                  kvnum i
      \mathbf{equ}\quad \mathbf{0}
                                           pointer to dummy routine b$kvt
kvtyp
                                           pointer to dummy block trbkv
kvvar
      equ kvtyp+1
      equ kvvar+1
                                           keyword number
kvnum
                                           size of kvblk
kvsi$
      equ kvnum+1
   *
         the name of a keyword variable is represented by a
         base pointer to the kvblk and an offset of kvvar. the
         value appears to be trapped by the pointer to trbkv.
```

* * nam

name block (nmblk)

a name block is used wherever a name must be stored as a value following use of the unary dot operator.

*

+		+
i	nmtyp	i
+		+
i	nmbas	i
+		+
i	nmofs	i
+		+

*

```
nmtyp equ 0
nmbas equ nmtyp+1
nmofs equ nmbas+1
nmsi$ equ nmofs+1
```

ptr to routine b\$nml to load name base pointer for variable offset for variable size of nmblk

*

the actual field representing the contents of the name is found nmofs bytes past the address in nmbas. $\,$

*

the name is split into base and offset form to avoid creation of a pointer into the middle of a block which could not be handled properly by the garbage collector.

*

a name may be built for any variable (see section on representations of variables) this includes the cases of pseudo-variables.

```
pattern block, no parameters (p0blk)
          a pOblk is used to represent pattern nodes which do
          not require the use of any parameter values.
                    pcode i
               +----+
               {\tt i} \hspace{1.5cm} {\tt pthen} \hspace{1.5cm} {\tt i}
      equ 0
                                             ptr to match routine (p$xxx)
pcode
       equ pcode+1
pthen
                                             pointer to subsequent node
pasi$
                                             size of p0blk
       equ pthen+1
          pthen points to the pattern block for the subsequent
          node to be matched. this is a pointer to the pattern
          block ndnth if there is no subsequent (end of pattern)
          pcode is a pointer to the match routine for the node.
```

pattern block (one parameter) a p1blk is used to represent pattern nodes which require one parameter value. +----+ pcode +----+ pthen +----+ parm1 i parm1 equ pthen+1 first parameter value pbsi\$ equ parm1+1 size of p1blk in words

see pOblk for definitions of pcode, pthen

parm1 contains a parameter value used in matching the node. for example, in a len pattern, it is the integer argument to len. the details of the use of the parameter field are included in the description of the individual match routines. parm1 is always an address pointer which is processed by the garbage collector.

```
pattern block (two parameters)
        a p2blk is used to represent pattern nodes which
        require two parameter values.
                    pcode
             +----+
                 pthen
             +----+
                parm1
                    parm2 i
parm2
                                      second parameter value
      equ parm1+1
                                      size of p2blk in words
pcsi$
      equ parm2+1
        see p1blk for definitions of pcode, pthen, parm1
        parm2 is a parameter which performs the same sort of
         function as parm1 (see description of p1blk).
        parm2 is a non-relocatable field and is not
        processed by the garbage collector. accordingly, it may
```

not contain a pointer to a block in dynamic memory.

program-defined datatype block

a pdblk represents the data item formed by a call to a datatype function as defined by the system function data.

*

*

```
pdtyp equ 0
pddfp equ idval+1
pdfld equ pddfp+1
pdfof equ dffld-pdfld
pdsi$ equ pdfld
pddfs equ dfsi$-pdsi$
```

ptr to dummy routine b\$pdt ptr to associated dfblk start of field value pointers difference in offset to field ptrs size of standard fields in pdblk difference in dfblk, pdblk sizes

*

the pddfp pointer may be used to determine the datatype and the names of the fields if required. the dfblk also contains the length of the pdblk in bytes (field dfpdl). pddfp is non-reloc. because dfblk is in static

*

pdfld values are stored in order from left to right. they contain values or pointers to trblk chains.

```
program defined function block (pfblk)
         a pfblk is created for each call to the define function
         and a pointer to the pfblk placed in the proper vrblk.
                     fcode
                  fargs
                 pflen i
                    pfnlo i
                          pfcod
             +----+
                          pfctr
             +----+
                     pfrtr
                       pfarg
                                        length of pfblk in bytes
pflen
      equ fargs+1
                                        pointer to vrblk for function name
pfvbl
      equ pflen+1
pfnlo
      equ pfvbl+1
                                        number of locals
pfcod
      equ pfnlo+1
                                        ptr to vrblk for entry label
pfctr
      equ pfcod+1
                                        trblk ptr if call traced else 0
      equ pfctr+1
                                        trblk ptr if return traced else 0
pfrtr
pfarg equ pfrtr+1
                                        vrblk ptrs for arguments and locals
                                        offset behind pfarg for arg, local
pfagb
      equ pfarg-1
pfsi$ equ pfarg
                                        number of standard fields in pfblk
         the fcode field points to the routine b$pfc.
```

pfarg is stored in the following order.

arguments (left to right) locals (left to right)

if .cnra else

string constant block (scblk) an scblk is built for every string referenced or created by a program. scget sclen schar ptr to routine b\$scl to load string equ 0 scget sclen equ scget+1 length of string in characters equ sclen+1 characters of string schar size of standard fields in scblk scsi\$ equ schar the characters of the string are stored left justified. the final word is padded on the right with zeros. (i.e. the character whose internal code is zero). the value of sclen may not exceed mxlen. this ensures that character offsets (e.g. the pattern match cursor) can be correctly processed by the garbage collector. note that the offset to the characters of the string is given in bytes by cfp\$f and that this value is automatically allowed for in plc, psc.

note that for a spitbol scblk, the value of cfp\$f

is given by cfp\$b*schar.

standard variable block (svblk)

51

an svblk is assembled in the constant section for each variable which satisfies one of the following conditions.

*

- 1) it is the name of a system function
- 2) it has an initial value
- 3) it has a keyword association
- 4) it has a standard i/o association
- 6) it has a standard label association

*

if vrblks are constructed for any of these variables, then the vrsvp field points to the svblk (see vrblk)

*

1		
i	svbit	i
+		+
i	svlen	i
+		+
/	svchs	/
+		+
i	svknm	i
+		+
i	svfnc	i
+		+
i	svnar	i
+		+
i	svlbl	i
+		+
i	svval	i
+		

```
standard variable block (continued)
       equ 0
                                                   bit string indicating attributes
svbit
svlen
       equ 1
                                                   (=sclen) length of name in chars
                                                   (=schar) characters of name
svchs
       equ 2
       equ 2
                                                   number of standard fields in syblk
svsi$
                                                   set if preevaluation permitted
svpre
       equ 1
                                                   set on if fast call permitted
svffc
       equ svpre+svpre
       equ svffc+svffc
                                                   set on if keyword value constant
svckw
                                                   set on if predicate function
       equ svckw+svckw
svprd
                                                   number of bits to right of svknm
svnbt
       equ 4
       equ svprd+svprd
svknm
                                                   set on if keyword association
syfnc
       equ svknm+svknm
                                                   set on if system function
                                                   set on if system function
svnar
       equ svfnc+svfnc
       equ svnar+svnar
svlbl
                                                   set on if system label
svval equ svlbl+svlbl
                                                   set on if predefined value
           note that the last five bits correspond in order
           to the fields which are present (see procedure gtnvr).
           the following definitions are used in the svblk table
svfnf
       equ svfnc+svnar
                                                   function with no fast call
                                                   function with fast call, no preeval
       equ \  \, \text{svfnf+svffc}
svfnn
svfnp
       equ svfnn+svpre
                                                   function allowing preevaluation
                                                   predicate function
svfpr
       equ svfnn+svprd
       equ svfnn+svknm
svfnk
                                                   no preeval func + keyword
svkwv
       equ svknm+svval
                                                   keyword + value
svkwc
       equ svckw+svknm
                                                   keyword with constant value
svkvc
       equ svkwv+svckw
                                                   constant keyword + value
                                                   constant keyword + value + label
       equ svkvc+svlbl
svkvl
       equ svfnp+svkvc
                                                   preeval fcn + const keywd + val
svfpk
           the svpre bit allows the compiler to preevaluate a call
           to the associated system function if all the arguments
           are themselves constants. functions in this category
           must have no side effects and must never cause failure.
           the call may generate an error condition.
           the svffc bit allows the compiler to generate the special
           fast call after adjusting the number of arguments. only
           the item and apply functions fall outside this category.
           the svckw bit is set if the associated keyword value is
           a constant, thus allowing preevaluation for a value call.
           the svprd bit is set on for all predicate functions to
```

enable the special concatenation code optimization.

:

svblk (continued)

svknm

keyword number

svknm is present only for a standard keyword assoc. it contains a keyword number as defined by the keyword number table given later on.

*

svfnc

system function pointer

svfnc is present only for a system function assoc. it is a pointer to the actual code for the system function. the generated code for a fast call is a pointer to the svfnc field of the svblk for the function. the vrfnc field of the vrblk points to this same field, in which case, it serves as the fcode field for the function call.

*

svnar

number of function arguments

svnar is present only for a system function assoc. it is the number of arguments required for a call to the system function. the compiler uses this value to adjust the number of arguments in a fast call and in the case of a function called through the vrfnc field of the vrblk, the svnar field serves as the fargs field for o\$fnc. a special case occurs if this value is set to 999. this is used to indicate that the function has a variable number of arguments and causes o\$fnc to pass control without adjusting the argument count. the only predefined functions using this are apply and item.

*

svlbl

system label pointer

svlbl is present only for a standard label assoc. it is a pointer to a system label routine (1\$xxx). the vrlbl field of the corresponding vrblk points to the svlbl field of the svblk.

*

svval

system value pointer

svval is present only for a standard value. it is a pointer to the pattern node (ndxxx) which is the standard initial value of the variable. this value is copied to the vrval field of the vrblk

```
svblk (continued)
           keyword number table
           the following table gives symbolic names for keyword
           numbers. these values are stored in the syknm field of
           svblks and in the kvnum field of kvblks. see also
           procedures asign, acess and kwnam.
           unprotected keywords with one word integer values
                                                 abend
k$abe
       equ 0
k$anc
       equ k$abe+cfp$b
                                                 anchor
if .culc
k$cas
       equ k$anc+cfp$b
                                                 case
k$cod
       equ k$cas+cfp$b
                                                 code
else
k$cod
                                                 code
       equ k$anc+cfp$b
fi
if.ccmk
       equ k$cod+cfp$b
k$com
                                                 compare
k$dmp
       equ k$com+cfp$b
                                                 dump
else
k$dmp
       equ k$cod+cfp$b
                                                 dump
fi
k$erl
       equ k$dmp+cfp$b
                                                 errlimit
k$ert
       equ k$erl+cfp$b
                                                 errtype
k$ftr
       equ k$ert+cfp$b
                                                 ftrace
k$fls
       equ k$ftr+cfp$b
                                                 fullscan
       equ k$fls+cfp$b
                                                 input
k$inp
k$mxl
       equ k$inp+cfp$b
                                                 maxlength
k$oup
       equ k$mxl+cfp$b
                                                 output
if .cnpf
k$tra
       equ k$oup+cfp$b
                                                 trace
else
k$pfl
       equ k$oup+cfp$b
                                                 profile
k$tra
       equ k$pfl+cfp$b
                                                 trace
fi
k$trm
       equ k$tra+cfp$b
                                                 \operatorname{trim}
    *
           protected keywords with one word integer values
       equ k$trm+cfp$b
                                                 fnclevel
k$fnc
k$lst
       equ k$fnc+cfp$b
                                                 lastno
if.csln
                                                 lastline
k$11n
       equ k$lst+cfp$b
k$lin
       equ k$lln+cfp$b
                                                 line
k$stn
       equ k$lin+cfp$b
                                                 stno
else
k$stn equ k$lst+cfp$b
                                                 stno
```

```
fi
```

* keywords with constant pattern values

k\$abo	equ	k\$stn+cfp\$b
k\$arb	\mathbf{equ}	k\$abo+pasi\$
k\$bal	\mathbf{equ}	k\$arb+pasi\$
k\$fal	\mathbf{equ}	k\$bal+pasi\$
k\$fen	equ	k\$fal+pasi\$
k\$rem	equ	k\$fen+pasi\$
k\$suc	\mathbf{equ}	k\$rem+pasi\$

abort arb bal fail fence rem

succeed

```
keyword number table (continued)
            special keywords
k$alp
        equ k$suc+1
                                                    alphabet
k$rtn
        equ k$alp+1
                                                    rtntype
k$stc
                                                    stcount
        equ k$rtn+1
k$etx
        equ k$stc+1
                                                    errtext
if .csfn
                                                    file
k$fil
        equ k$etx+1
        equ k$fil+1
                                                    lastfile
k$lfl
k$stl
        equ k$1f1+1
                                                    stlimit
else
k$stl
                                                    stlimit
        equ k$etx+1
fi
if .culk
k$1cs
        equ k$stl+1
                                                    lcase
k$ucs
        equ k$lcs+1
                                                    ucase
fi
            relative offsets of special keywords
k$$al
        equ k$alp-k$alp
                                                    alphabet
k$$rt
        equ k$rtn-k$alp
                                                    rtntype
k$$sc
        equ k$stc-k$alp
                                                    stcount
k$$et
        equ k$etx-k$alp
                                                    errtext
if.\mathbf{csfn}
k$$f1
        equ k$fil-k$alp
                                                    file
k$$1f
                                                    lastfile
        equ k$lfl-k$alp
fi
k$$sl
        equ \quad \texttt{k\$stl-k\$alp}
                                                    stlimit
if .culk
k$$1c
        equ k$lcs-k$alp
                                                    lcase
k$$uc
        equ k$ucs-k$alp
                                                    ucase
k$$n$
        equ k$$uc+1
                                                    number of special cases
else
k$$n$
        equ k$$sl+1
                                                    number of special cases
fi
            symbols used in asign and acess procedures
                                                    first protected keyword
k$p$$
        equ k$fnc
k$v$$
        equ k$abo
                                                    first keyword with constant value
        equ k$alp
                                                    first keyword with special acess
k$s$$
```

format of a table block (tbblk)

*

a table block is used to represent a table value. it is built by a call to the table or convert functions.

*

*

```
tbtyp equ 0
tblen equ offs2
tbinv equ offs3
tbbuk equ tbinv+1
tbsi$ equ tbbuk
```

length of tbblk in bytes default initial lookup value start of hash bucket pointers size of standard fields in tbblk

pointer to dummy routine b\$tbt

default no. of buckets

tbnbk equ 11

*

the table block is a hash table which points to chains of table element blocks representing the elements in the table which hash into the same bucket.

*

tbbuk entries either point to the first teblk on the chain or they point to the tbblk itself to indicate the end of the chain.

*

```
table element block (teblk)
           a table element is used to represent a single entry in
           a table (see description of tbblk format for hash table)
                                tetyp
                                tesub
                                teval
                                tenxt
                                                pointer to dummy routine b$tet
       equ 0
tetyp
tesub
       equ tetyp+1
                                                subscript value
       equ tesub+1
                                                (=vrval) table element value
teval
tenxt
      equ teval+1
                                                link to next teblk
           see s$cnv where relation is assumed with tenxt and tbbuk
tesi$ equ tenxt+1
                                                size of teblk in words
           tenxt points to the next teblk on the hash chain from the
           tbbuk chain for this hash index. at the end of the chain,
           tenxt points back to the start of the tbblk.
           teval contains a data pointer or a trblk pointer.
           tesub contains a data pointer.
```

```
trap block (trblk)
         a trap block is used to represent a trace or input or
         output association in response to a call to the trace
         input or output system functions. see below for details
              +----+
                            tridn
              +----+
                            trtyp
              +----+
              i trval or trlbl or trnxt or trkvr i
              +----+
                  trtag or trter or trtrf i
              +----+
                        trfnc or trfpt
tridn equ 0
                                          pointer to dummy routine b$trt
trtyp
      equ tridn+1
                                          trap type code
                                          value of trapped variable (=vrval)
trval
      equ trtyp+1
                                          ptr to next trblk on trblk chain
      equ trval
trnxt
                                          ptr to actual label (traced label)
trlbl equ trval
trkvr equ trval
                                          vrblk pointer for keyword trace
trtag equ trval+1
                                          trace tag
                                          ptr to terminal vrblk or null
trter
      equ trtag
                                          ptr to trblk holding fcblk ptr
trtrf equ trtag
trfnc equ trtag+1
                                          trace function vrblk (zero if none)
trfpt
      equ trfnc
                                          fcblk ptr for sysio
trsi$
      equ trfnc+1
                                          number of words in trblk
trtin equ 0
                                          trace type for input association
trtac equ trtin+1
                                          trace type for access trace
                                          trace type for value trace
trtvl equ trtac+1
trtou equ trtvl+1
                                          trace type for output association
```

trtfc equ trtou+1

trace type for fcblk identification

trap block (continued)

*

variable input association

*

the value field of the variable points to a trblk instead of containing the data value. in the case of a natural variable, the vrget and vrsto fields contain =b\$vra and =b\$vrv to activate the check.

k

trtyp is set to trtin
trnxt points to next trblk or trval has variable val
trter is a pointer to svblk if association is
for input, terminal, else it is null.
trtrf points to the trap block which in turn points
to an fcblk used for i/o association.
trfpt is the fcblk ptr returned by sysio.

*

variable access trace association

*

the value field of the variable points to a trblk instead of containing the data value. in the case of a natural variable, the vrget and vrsto fields contain =b\$vra and =b\$vry to activate the check.

*

trtyp is set to trtac
trnxt points to next trblk or trval has variable val
trtag is the trace tag (0 if none)
trfnc is the trace function vrblk ptr (0 if none)

*

variable value trace association

*

the value field of the variable points to a trblk instead of containing the data value. in the case of a natural variable, the vrget and vrsto fields contain =b\$vra and =b\$vrv to activate the check.

*

trtyp is set to trtvl
trnxt points to next trblk or trval has variable val
trtag is the trace tag (0 if none)
trfnc is the trace function vrblk ptr (0 if none)

*

trap block (continued) variable output association the value field of the variable points to a trblk instead of containing the data value. in the case of a natural variable, the vrget and vrsto fields contain =b\$vra and =b\$vrv to activate the check. trtyp is set to trtou trnxt points to next trblk or trval has variable val trter is a pointer to svblk if association is for output, terminal, else it is null. trtrf points to the trap block which in turn points to an fcblk used for i/o association. trfpt is the fcblk ptr returned by sysio. function call trace the pfctr field of the corresponding pfblk is set to point to a trblk. trtyp is set to trtin trnxt is zero trtag is the trace tag (0 if none) trfnc is the trace function vrblk ptr (0 if none) function return trace the pfrtr field of the corresponding pfblk is set to point to a trblk trtyp is set to trtin trnxt is zero trtag is the trace tag (0 if none) trfnc is the trace function vrblk ptr (0 if none) label trace the vrlbl of the vrblk for the label is changed to point to a trblk and the vrtra field is set to b\$vrt to activate the check. trtyp is set to trtin trlbl points to the actual label (cdblk) value trtag is the trace tag (0 if none) trfnc is the trace function vrblk ptr (0 if none)

k

trap block (continued)

keyword trace

keywords which can be traced possess a unique location which is zero if there is no trace and points to a trblk if there is a trace. the locations

are as follows.

*

r\$ert errtype
r\$fnc fnclevel
r\$stc stcount

*

the format of the trblk is as follows.

*

trtyp is set to trtin
trkvr is a pointer to the vrblk for the keyword
trtag is the trace tag (0 if none)
trfnc is the trace function vrblk ptr (0 if none)

*

input/output file arg1 trap block

*

the value field of the variable points to a trblk instead of containing the data value. in the case of a natural variable, the vrget and vrsto fields contain =b\$vra and =b\$vrv. this trap block is used to hold a pointer to the fcblk which an implementation may request to hold information about a file.

*

trtyp is set to trtfc
trnext points to next trblk or trval is variable val
trfnm is 0
trfpt is the fcblk pointer.

*

note that when multiple traps are set on a variable the order is in ascending value of trtyp field.

*

input association (if present)
access trace (if present)
value trace (if present)
output association (if present)

*

the actual value of the variable is stored in the trval field of the last trblk on the chain.

*

this implementation does not permit trace or i/o associations to any of the pseudo-variables.

211

vector block (vcblk)

a vcblk is used to represent an array value which has one dimension whose lower bound is one. all other arrays are represented by arblks. a vcblk is created by the system function array (s\$arr) when passed an integer arg.

vctyp idval i i vcvls i

vctyp equ 0 vclen equ offs2 vcvls equ offs3 vcsi\$ equ vcvls equ vcvls-1 vcvlb vctbd equ tbsi\$-vcsi\$ pointer to dummy routine b\$vct length of vcblk in bytes start of vector values size of standard fields in vcblk offset one word behind vcvls difference in sizes - see prtvl

vcvls are either data pointers or trblk pointers

the dimension can be deduced from vclen.

variable block (vrblk)

a variable block is built in the static memory area for every variable referenced or created by a program. the order of fields is assumed in the model vrblk stnvr.

note that since these blocks only occur in the static region, it is permissible to point to any word in the block and this is used to provide three distinct access points from the generated code as follows.

1) point to vrget (first word of vrblk) to load the value of the variable onto the main stack.

- 2) point to vrsto (second word of vrblk) to store the top stack element as the value of the variable.
- 3) point to vrtra (fourth word of vrblk) to jump to the label associated with the variable name.

vrget vrval vrlbl vrfnc vrnxt vrlen vrchs = vrsvp +----+

```
*
           variable block (continued)
       equ 0
                                                  pointer to routine to load value
vrget
       equ vrget+1
                                                  pointer to routine to store value
vrsto
                                                  variable value
vrval
       equ vrsto+1
                                                  offset to value from store field
       equ vrval-vrsto
vrvlo
vrtra
       equ vrval+1
                                                  pointer to routine to jump to label
                                                  pointer to code for label
vrlbl
       equ vrtra+1
vrlbo
       equ vrlbl-vrtra
                                                  offset to label from transfer field
                                                  pointer to function block
vrfnc
       equ vrlbl+1
       equ vrfnc+1
                                                  pointer to next vrblk on hash chain
vrnxt
vrlen
       equ vrnxt+1
                                                  length of name (or zero)
vrchs
       equ vrlen+1
                                                  characters of name (vrlen gt 0)
                                                  ptr to svblk (vrlen eq 0)
vrsvp
       equ vrlen+1
       equ vrchs+1
                                                  number of standard fields in vrblk
vrsi$
                                                  offset to dummy scblk for name
vrsof
       equ vrlen-sclen
       equ vrsvp-vrsof
                                                  pseudo-offset to vrsvp field
vrsvo
           vrget = b$vrl if not input associated or access traced
           vrget = b$vra if input associated or access traced
           vrsto = b$vrs if not output associated or value traced
           vrsto = b$vrv if output associated or value traced
           vrsto = b$vre if value is protected pattern value
           vrval points to the appropriate value unless the
           variable is i/o/trace associated in which case, vrval
           points to an appropriate trblk (trap block) chain.
           vrtra = b$vrg if the label is not traced
           vrtra = b$vrt if the label is traced
           vrlbl points to a cdblk if there is a label
           vrlbl points to the svblk svlbl field for a system label
           vrlbl points to stndl for an undefined label
           vrlbl points to a trblk if the label is traced
           vrfnc points to a ffblk for a field function
           vrfnc points to a dfblk for a datatype function
           vrfnc points to a pfblk for a program defined function
           vrfnc points to a efblk for an external loaded function
           vrfnc points to svfnc (svblk) for a system function
           vrfnc points to stndf if the function is undefined
           vrnxt points to the next vrblk on this chain unless
           this is the end of the chain in which case it is zero.
           vrlen is the name length for a non-system variable.
           vrlen is zero for a system variable.
           vrchs is the name (ljrz) if vrlen is non-zero.
           vrsvp is a ptr to the svblk if vrlen is zero.
```

format of a non-relocatable external block (xnblk)

an xnblk is a block representing an unknown (external) data value. the block contains no pointers to other relocatable blocks. an xnblk is used by external function processing or possibly for system i/o routines etc. the macro-system itself does not use xnblks. this type of block may be used as a file control block. see sysfc, sysin, sysou, s\$inp, s\$oup for details.

+		+
i	xntyp	i
+		+
i	xnlen	i
+		+
/		/
/	xndta	/
/		/
+		+

xntyp equ 0 equ xntyp+1 xnlen xndta equ xnlen+1

 $\verb|xnsi| \$ \quad equ \quad \verb|xndta| \\$

pointer to dummy routine b\$xnt length of xnblk in bytes data words

size of standard fields in xnblk

note that the term non-relocatable refers to the contents and not the block itself. an xnblk can be moved around if it is built in the dynamic memory area.

<

relocatable external block (xrblk)

* * * *

an xrblk is a block representing an unknown (external) data value. the data area in this block consists only of address values and any addresses pointing into the dynamic memory area must point to the start of other data blocks. see also description of xnblk. this type of block may be used as a file control block. see sysfc,sysin,sysou,s\$inp,s\$oup for details.

*

+		+
i	xrtyp	i
+		+
i	xrlen	i
+		+
/		/
/	xrptr	/
/		/
+		+

*

xrtyp equ 0
xrlen equ xrtyp+1
xrptr equ xrlen+1
xrsi\$ equ xrptr

pointer to dummy routine b\$xrt length of xrblk in bytes start of address pointers size of standard fields in xrblk

```
s$cnv (convert) function switch constants. the values
           are tied to the order of the entries in the svctb table
           and hence to the branch table in s$cnv.
                                                  max standard type code for convert
cnvst
       equ 8
if .cnra
cnvrt
                                                  no reals - same as standard types
       equ cnvst
else
                                                  convert code for reals
cnvrt
       equ cnvst+1
fi
if.cnbf
cnvbt
                                                  no buffers - same as real code
       equ cnvrt
else
                                                  convert code for buffer
cnvbt
       equ cnvrt+1
fi
                                                  bsw code for convert
       equ cnvbt+1
cnvtt
    *
           input image length
iniln
       equ 1024
                                                  default image length for compiler
       equ 1024
                                                  image length if -sequ in effect
inils
                                                  name base used for iochn in sysio
ionmb
       equ 2
                                                  name offset used for iochn in sysio
ionmo
       equ 4
           minimum value for keyword maxlngth
           should be larger than iniln
                                                  min value allowed keyword maxlngth
mnlen
       equ 1024
       equ 329
                                                  err num inadequate startup memory
mxern
    *
           in general, meaningful mnemonics should be used for
           offsets. however for small integers used often in
           literals the following general definitions are provided.
num01
       equ 329
num02
       equ 329
num03
       equ
            329
num04
       equ 329
             329
num05
       equ
       equ 329
num06
num07
       equ
            329
num08
       equ
             329
num09
       equ
            329
num10
       equ 329
nm320
       equ 329
nm321
       equ 329
       equ 329
nini8
nini9
       equ 329
```

thsnd equ 329

```
numbers of undefined spitbol operators
opbun
        equ 5
                                                    no. of binary undefined ops
        equ 6
                                                    no of unary undefined ops
opuun
            offsets used in prtsn, prtmi and acess
prsnf
        equ 13
                                                    offset used in prtsn
prtmf
        equ 21
                                                    offset to col 21 (prtmi)
        equ 1024
                                                    buffer length for sysri
rilen
            codes for stages of processing
stgic
        equ 0
                                                    initial compile
                                                    execution compile (code)
stgxc
        equ stgic+1
        equ stgxc+1
                                                    expression eval during execution
stgev
        equ stgev+1
                                                    execution time
stgxt
stgce
        equ stgxt+1
                                                    initial compile after end line
                                                    exec. compile after end line
stgxe
        equ stgce+1
        equ stgce-stgic
                                                    difference in stage after end
stgnd
                                                    eval evaluating expression
stgee
        equ stgxe+1
                                                    number of codes
stgno
        equ stgee+1
```

```
statement number pad count for listr
if.csn6
stnpd equ 6
                                                 statement no. pad count
fi
if.csn8
stnpd equ 8
                                                 statement no. pad count
fi
if.csn5
stnpd equ 5
                                                 statement no. pad count
fi
           syntax type codes
           these codes are returned from the scane procedure.
           they are spaced 3 apart for the benefit of expan.
t$uop
       equ 0
                                                 unary operator
t$1pr
       equ t$uop+3
                                                 left paren
                                                 left bracket
t$1br
       equ t$1pr+3
       equ t$1br+3
                                                 comma
t$cma
t$fnc
       equ t$cma+3
                                                 function call
                                                 variable
t$var
       equ t$fnc+3
t$con
       equ t$var+3
                                                 constant
t$bop
                                                 binary operator
       equ t$con+3
t$rpr
       equ t$bop+3
                                                 right paren
                                                 right bracket
t$rbr
       equ t$rpr+3
t$col equ t$rbr+3
                                                 colon
t$smc
       equ t$col+3
                                                 semi-colon
           the following definitions are used only in the goto field
t$fgo
       equ t$smc+1
                                                 failure goto
t$sgo
       equ t$fgo+1
                                                 success goto
           the above codes are grouped so that codes for elements
           which can legitimately immediately precede a unary
           operator come first to facilitate operator syntax check.
t$uok equ t$fnc
                                                 last code ok before unary operator
```

```
definitions of values for expan jump table
t$uo0
        equ t$uop+0
                                                     unary operator, state zero
t$uo1
        equ t$uop+1
                                                     unary operator, state one
t$uo2
        equ t$uop+2
                                                     unary operator, state two
t$1p0
        equ t$1pr+0
                                                     left paren, state zero
t$lp1
        equ t$lpr+1
                                                     left paren, state one
        equ t$lpr+2
                                                     left paren, state two
t$1p2
t$1b0
        equ t$1br+0
                                                     left bracket, state zero
                                                     left bracket, state one
t$lb1
        equ t$lbr+1
t$1b2
        equ t$1br+2
                                                     left bracket, state two
t$cm0
        equ t$cma+0
                                                     comma, state zero
t$cm1
        equ t$cma+1
                                                     comma, state one
t$cm2
        equ t$cma+2
                                                     comma, state two
t$fn0
        equ t$fnc+0
                                                     function call, state zero
t$fn1
        equ t$fnc+1
                                                     function call, state one
        equ t$fnc+2
t$fn2
                                                     function call, state two
t$va0
        equ t$var+0
                                                     variable, state zero
                                                     variable, state one
t$va1
        equ t$var+1
t$va2
        equ t$var+2
                                                     variable, state two
        equ t$con+0
t$co0
                                                     constant, state zero
t$co1
        equ t$con+1
                                                     constant, state one
t$co2
        equ t$con+2
                                                     constant, state two
t$bo0
        {
m equ} t$bop+0
                                                     binary operator, state zero
t$bo1
        equ t$bop+1
                                                     binary operator, state one
t$bo2
        equ t$bop+2
                                                     binary operator, state two
t$rp0
        equ t$rpr+0
                                                     right paren, state zero
        equ t$rpr+1
t$rp1
                                                     right paren, state one
t$rp2
        equ t$rpr+2
                                                     right paren, state two
                                                     right bracket, state zero
t$rb0
        equ t$rbr+0
t$rb1
        equ t$rbr+1
                                                     right bracket, state one
t$rb2
        equ t$rbr+2
                                                     right bracket, state two
t$c10
        equ t$col+0
                                                     colon, state zero
        equ t$col+1
                                                     colon, state one
t$cl1
t$c12
        equ t$col+2
                                                     colon, state two
t$sm0
        equ t$smc+0
                                                     semicolon, state zero
t$sm1
        equ t$smc+1
                                                     semicolon, state one
t$sm2
        equ t$smc+2
                                                     semicolon, state two
```

t\$nes

equ t\$sm2+1

number of entries in branch table

```
*
             definition of offsets used in control card processing
if.\mathbf{culc}
cc$ca
        equ 0
                                                   -case
                                                   -double
cc$do
        equ cc$ca+1
else
cc$do
        equ 0
                                                   -double
fi
if.ccmk
cc$co
        equ cc$do+1
                                                   -compare
cc$du
        equ cc$co+1
                                                   -dump
else
cc$du
        equ cc$do+1
                                                   -dump
fi
if .cinc
cc$cp
        equ cc$du+1
                                                   -copy
cc$ej
        equ cc$cp+1
                                                   -eject
else
cc$ej
        equ cc$du+1
                                                   -eject
fi
cc$er
        equ cc$ej+1
                                                   -errors
cc$ex
        equ cc$er+1
                                                   -execute
cc$fa
        equ cc$ex+1
                                                   -fail
if .cinc
cc$in
        equ cc$fa+1
                                                   -include
  if.csln
                                                   -line
cc$ln
        equ cc$in+1
cc$li
        equ cc$ln+1
                                                   -list
  else
cc$li
       equ cc$in+1
                                                   -list
  fi
else
  if .csln
cc$ln
        equ cc$fa+1
                                                   -line
cc$li
        equ cc$ln+1
                                                   -list
  else
cc$li
                                                   -list
        equ cc$fa+1
  fi
fi
        equ cc$li+1
cc$nr
                                                   -noerrors
cc$nx
        equ cc$nr+1
                                                   -noexecute
cc$nf
        equ cc$nx+1
                                                   -nofail
cc$nl
        equ cc$nf+1
                                                   -nolist
cc$no
        equ cc$nl+1
                                                   -noopt
cc$np
        equ cc$no+1
                                                   -noprint
cc$op
        equ cc$np+1
                                                   -optimise
cc$pr
        equ cc$op+1
                                                   -print
cc$si
        equ cc$pr+1
                                                   -single
cc$sp
        equ cc$si+1
                                                   -space
```

```
cc$st
         equ cc$sp+1
                                                           -stitl
cc$ti
         equ cc$st+1
                                                           -title
cc$tr
         equ cc$ti+1
                                                           -trace
cc$nc
         equ cc$tr+1
                                                           number of control cards
                                                           no. of chars included in match
ccnoc
         \mathbf{equ} \quad \mathbf{4}
ccofs
         equ 7
                                                           offset to start of title/subtitle
if.\mathbf{cinc}
ccinm
        equ 9
                                                           \max depth of include file nesting
fi
```

```
definitions of stack offsets used in cmpil procedure
            see description at start of cmpil procedure for details
            of use of these locations on the stack.
        equ 0
                                                       tree for statement body
{\tt cmstm}
        equ cmstm+1
                                                       tree for success goto
cmsgo
{\tt cmfgo}
        equ cmsgo+1
                                                       tree for fail goto
                                                       conditional goto flag
cmcgo
        equ cmfgo+1
cmpcd
        equ cmcgo+1
                                                       previous cdblk pointer
                                                       failure fill in flag for previous
cmffp
        equ cmpcd+1
                                                       failure fill in flag for current
        equ cmffp+1
cmffc
cmsop
        equ cmffc+1
                                                       success fill in offset for previous
                                                       success fill in offset for current
        equ cmsop+1
{\tt cmsoc}
        equ cmsoc+1
                                                       ptr to vrblk for current label
cmlbl
        equ cmlbl+1
                                                       ptr to entry cdblk
{\tt cmtra}
cmnen
        equ cmtra+1
                                                       count of stack entries for cmpil
if .cnpf
else
            a few constants used by the profiler
        equ 8
                                                       pad positions ...
pfpd1
pfpd2
        equ 20
                                                       ... for profile ...
                                                       ... printout
        equ 32
pfpd3
pf$i2
        equ cfp$i+cfp$i
                                                       size of table entry (2 ints)
fi
\it if. crel
```

k

definition of limits and adjustments that are built by relcr for use by the routines that relocate pointers after a save file is reloaded. see reloc etc. for usage.

*

a block of information is built that is used in relocating pointers. there are rnsi\$ instances of a rssi\$ word structure. each instance corresponds to one of the regions that a pointer might point into.

*

each structure takes the form:

*

+-		+
i	address past end of section	i
+-		+
	adjustment from old to new adrs	i
i		i
т	address of Start of Section	1
+-		+

*

the instances are ordered thusly:

*

*

symbolic names for these locations as offsets from the first entry are provided here.

*

definitions within a section

*

```
rlendequ0endrladjequrlend+1adjustmentrlstrequrladj+1startrssi$equrlstr+1size of sectionrnsi$equ5number of structures
```

*

overall definitions of all structures

*

```
rldyeequ0dynamic region endrldyaequrldye+1dynamic region adjustmentrldysequrldya+1dynamic region startrlsteequrldys+1static region endrlstaequrlste+1static region adjustmentrlstsequrlsta+1static region start
```

```
equ rlsts+1
rlwke
rlwka
       equ rlwke+1
rlwks
       equ rlwka+1
rlcne
       equ rlwks+1
rlcna
      equ rlcne+1
       equ rlcna+1
rlcns
rlcde
       equ rlcns+1
rlcda
       equ rlcde+1
rlcds
       equ rlcda+1
rlsi$
       equ rlcds+1
fi
```

working section globals end working section globals adjustment working section globals start constants section end constants section adjustment constants section start code section end code section adjustment code section start number of fields in structure

*

spitbol – constant section

```
this section consists entirely of assembled constants.
            all label names are five letters. the order is
            approximately alphabetical, but in some cases (always
            documented), constants must be placed in some special
            order which must not be disturbed.
            it must also be remembered that there is a requirement
            for no forward references which also disturbs the
            alphabetical order in some cases.
                                                    start of constant section
        \mathbf{sec}
            start of constant section
c$aaa
        dac 0
                                                    first location of constant section
    *
           free store percentage (used by alloc)
        dac e$fsp
                                                    free store percentage
alfsp
           bit constants for general use
bits0
        dbc 0
                                                    all zero bits
        dbc 1
bits1
                                                    one bit in low order position
       dbc 2
bits2
                                                    bit in position 2
       dbc 4
                                                    bit in position 3
bits3
bits4
       dbc 8
                                                    bit in position 4
bits5
        dbc 16
                                                    bit in position 5
        dbc 32
                                                    bit in position 6
bits6
bits7
        dbc 64
                                                    bit in position 7
        dbc 128
                                                    bit in position 8
bits8
bits9
       dbc 256
                                                    bit in position 9
bit10
        dbc 512
                                                    bit in position 10
bit11
        dbc 1024
                                                    bit in position 11
        dbc 2048
bit12
                                                    bit in position 12
        dbc cfp$m
                                                    mask for max integer
bitsm
           bit constants for svblk (svbit field) tests
        dbc svfnc
btfnc
                                                    bit to test for function
        dbc svknm
                                                    bit to test for keyword number
btknm
btlbl
       dbc svlbl
                                                    bit to test for label
btffc
        dbc svffc
                                                    bit to test for fast call
btckw
        dbc svckw
                                                    bit to test for constant keyword
                                                    bits to test for keword with value
btkwv
        dbc svkwv
```

btprd dbc svprd btpre dbc svpre btval dbc svval

bit to test for predicate function bit to test for preevaluation bit to test for value

```
list of names used for control card processing
if.\mathbf{culc}
ccnms
        dtc svval
        dtc
              svval
else
        dtc
ccnms
             svval
fi
if.\mathbf{ccmk}
        dtc
             svval
fi
        dtc
              svval
if.cinc
        \mathbf{dtc}
              svval
fi
        dtc svval
        dtc
              svval
        dtc
             svval
        dtc
             svval
if.\mathbf{cinc}
        dtc
             svval
fi
if.csln
        {
m dtc} svval
fi
        dtc svval
        dtc svval
        dtc
             svval
        dtc
             svval
        dtc
             svval
        dtc
             svval
        dtc
             svval
        dtc
             svval
        {
m dtc} svval
        dtc
             svval
        dtc svval
        dtc svval
        {
m dtc} svval
        {
m dtc} svval
            header messages for dumpr procedure (scblk format)
        dac b$scl
                                                      dump of keyword values
{\tt dmhdk}
        dac b$scl
                                                      dump of keyword values
        dtc
             /dump of keyword
                                                      values/
dmhdv
        dac b$scl
                                                      dump of natural variables
        dac b$scl
                                                      dump of natural variables
```

 ${
m dtc}$ /dump of natural

variables/

```
message text for compilation statistics
encm1
        {
m dac} /dump of natural
if.\mathbf{cbyt}
              /dump of natural
        dac
        dtc
              /dump of natural
encm2
        dac
              /dump of natural
        dac
              /dump of natural
        dtc
              /dump of natural
else
        dac
              /dump of natural
        \mathbf{dtc}
              /dump of natural
              /dump of natural
encm2
        dac
              /dump of natural
        \mathbf{dac}
        dtc
              /dump of natural
fi
              /dump of natural
encm3
        dac
              /dump of natural
        \mathbf{dtc}
              /dump of natural
encm4
        dac
              /dump of natural
if.ctmd
        dac
              /dump of natural
              /dump of natural
else
        dac
              /dump of natural
        dtc
              /dump of natural
fi
        dac b$scl
encm5
                                                     execution suppressed
        dac b$scl
                                                     execution suppressed
        dtc
             b$scl
                                                     execution suppressed
            string constant for abnormal end
        dac b$scl
endab
        dac
             b$scl
        dtc
             b$scl
```

```
memory overflow during initialisation
{\tt endmo}
        dac b$scl
        dac b$scl
endml
        dtc b$scl
            string constant for message issued by 1$end
        dac b$scl
endms
        dac b$scl
        dtc b$scl
            fail message for stack fail section
endso
        dac b$scl
                                                     stack overflow in garbage collector
        dac b$scl
                                                     stack overflow in garbage collector
        {
m dtc} /stack overflow in
                                                      garbage collection/
            string constant for time up
        \operatorname{dac} /stack overflow inin
endtu
        \operatorname{dac} /stack overflow ininin
        {
m dtc} /stack overflow inininin
```

```
string constant for error message (error section)
         dac b$scl
ermms
                                                          error
         dac b$scl
                                                          error
         {
m dtc} b$scl
                                                          error
         dac b$scl
                                                          string / - /
ermns
         dac b$scl
                                                          string / - /
         dtc b$scl
                                                          string / - /
             string constant for page numbering
lstms
         dac b$scl
                                                          page
         dac b$scl
                                                          page
         dtc b$scl
                                                          page
             listing header message
         dac b$scl
headr
         dac b$scl
         {
m dtc} /macro spitbol version
                                                          3.7/
         dac b$scl
                                                          for exit() version no. check
headv
         dac b$scl
                                                          for exit() version no. check
         dtc b$scl
                                                          for exit() version no. check
if.\mathbf{csed}
             free store percentage (used by gbcol)
                                                          sediment percentage
gbsdp
         dac essed
fi
             integer constants for general use
             icbld optimisation uses the first three.
int$r
         dac essed
intv0
         \operatorname{dic}
               +0
                                                          0
inton
         dac +0
                                                          0
                                                          1
intv1
         \operatorname{\mathbf{dic}}
              +1
                                                          1
inttw
         dac +1
                                                          2
intv2
         \operatorname{\mathbf{dic}}
               +2
         \operatorname{dic}
              +10
                                                          10
intvt
intvh
         \operatorname{dic}
              +100
                                                          100
              +1000
                                                          1000
         \operatorname{dic}
intth
             table used in icbld optimisation
intab
         dac int$r
                                                          pointer to 0
         dac inton
                                                          pointer to 1
```

dac inttw pointer to 2

```
special pattern nodes. the following pattern nodes
            consist simply of a pcode pointer, see match routines
            (p$xxx) for full details of their use and format).
        dac p$abb
                                                   arbno
ndabb
ndabd
        dac p$abd
                                                   arbno
                                                   arb
ndarc
        dac p$arc
                                                   expression
ndexb
        dac p$exb
                                                   fence()
ndfnb
        \mathbf{dac}
             p$fnb
ndfnd
        dac p$fnd
                                                   fence()
ndexc
            p$exc
                                                   expression
                                                   immediate assignment
ndimb
        \mathbf{dac}
            p$imb
ndimd
        \mathbf{dac}
             p$imd
                                                   immediate assignment
        \mathbf{dac}
ndnth
             p$nth
                                                   pattern end (null pattern)
ndpab
        dac p$pab
                                                   pattern assignment
ndpad
        dac
            p$pad
                                                   pattern assignment
nduna
        dac p$una
                                                   anchor point movement
           keyword constant pattern nodes. the following nodes are
           used as the values of pattern keywords and the initial
           values of the corresponding natural variables. all
           nodes are in pOblk format and the order is tied to the
            definitions of corresponding k$xxx symbols.
        dac p$abo
                                                   abort
ndabo
        dac p$abo
                                                   abort
ndarb
        \mathbf{dac}
            p$arb
                                                   arb
        dac
                                                   arb
             p$arb
ndbal
        \mathbf{dac}
             p$bal
                                                   bal
        dac p$bal
                                                   bal
ndfal
        dac
             p$fal
                                                   fail
        dac p$fal
                                                   fail
ndfen
        dac p$fen
                                                   fence
                                                   fence
        dac p$fen
        dac p$rem
                                                   rem
ndrem
        dac p$rem
                                                   rem
ndsuc
        dac p$suc
                                                   succeed
        dac p$suc
                                                   succeed
           null string. all null values point to this string. the
            svchs field contains a blank to provide for easy default
           processing in trace, stoptr, lpad and rpad.
           nullw contains 10 blanks which ensures an all blank word
           but for very exceptional machines.
        dac b$scl
                                                   null string value
nulls
        dac 0
                                                   sclen = 0
nullw
        dtc
                                                   sclen = 0
```

if .culk

```
* constant strings for lcase and ucase keywords  
* constant strings for lcase and ucase keywords  
* lcase dac 0  
    dtc 0  

* ucase dac 0  
    dac 0  
    dtc 0  

fi
```

```
operator dope vectors (see dvblk format)
        dac o$cnc
                                                     concatenation
opdvc
        dac o$cnc
                                                     concatenation
        dac o$cnc
                                                     concatenation
        dac o$cnc
                                                     concatenation
            opdvs is used when scanning below the top level to
            insure that the concatenation will not be later
            mistaken for pattern matching
        dac o$cnc
opdvp
                                                     concatenation - not pattern match
        dac
             o$cnc
                                                     concatenation - not pattern match
        dac o$cnc
                                                     concatenation - not pattern match
        dac o$cnc
                                                     concatenation - not pattern match
            note that the order of the remaining entries is tied to
            the order of the coding in the scane procedure.
        dac o$ass
opdvs
                                                     assignment
        dac
            o$ass
                                                     assignment
             o$ass
        \mathbf{dac}
                                                     assignment
        dac
             o$ass
                                                     assignment
        \mathbf{dac}
             6
                                                     unary equal
        dac
             6
                                                     unary equal
        dac 6
                                                     unary equal
        dac
             o$pmv
                                                     pattern match
             o$pmv
        \mathbf{dac}
                                                     pattern match
        \mathbf{dac}
              o$pmv
                                                     pattern match
        \mathbf{dac}
              o$pmv
                                                     pattern match
        dac o$int
                                                     interrogation
        dac
             o$int
                                                     interrogation
             o$int
        dac
                                                     interrogation
        dac
             1
                                                     binary ampersand
        \mathbf{dac}
             1
                                                     binary ampersand
        dac 1
                                                     binary ampersand
        dac
             1
                                                     binary ampersand
        dac o$kwv
                                                     keyword reference
        dac o$kwv
                                                     keyword reference
        dac o$kwv
                                                     keyword reference
        dac o$alt
                                                     alternation
```

alternation

dac o\$alt

daco\$altalternationdaco\$altalternation

*						
*	(nerator	done	vectors	(continued)	
*	`	porauor	dope	VCCCOOLD	(convinued)	
	dac	5				unary vertical bar
	dac	5				unary vertical bar
	dac	5				unary vertical bar
*						
	dac	0				binary at
	dac	0				binary at
	dac	0				binary at
	dac	0				binary at
*						
T	dac	- ⁽⁾				aungan aggigmmant
	dac	o\$cas o\$cas				cursor assignment cursor assignment
	dac	o\$cas				cursor assignment
	uac	Οψεαδ				cursor assignment
*	_					
	dac	2				binary number sign
	dac	2				binary number sign
	dac	2				binary number sign
	dac	2				binary number sign
*						
	\mathbf{dac}	7				unary number sign
	\mathbf{dac}	7				unary number sign
	dac	7				unary number sign
*						
	\mathbf{dac}	o\$dvd				division
	dac	o\$dvd				division
	\mathbf{dac}	o\$dvd				division
	\mathbf{dac}	o\$dvd				division
*						
	dac	9				unary slash
	dac	9				unary slash
	dac	9				unary slash
*						v
T	dac	o.Φ7-±				multiplication
	dac dac	o\$mlt o\$mlt				multiplication multiplication
	dac	osmit osmlt				multiplication multiplication
	dac	osmit osmlt				multiplication
	uac	ОфшТС				пинрисаноп

*						
*		operator	dope	vectors	(continued)	
*						
	dac	-				deferred expression
	dac					deferred expression
	dac	0				deferred expression
*						
	dac	3				binary percent
	dac	3				binary percent
	dac	3				binary percent
	dac	3				binary percent
*						
	dac	8				unary percent
	dac					unary percent
	dac					unary percent
*						January Parameter
4	,	•				
	dac					exponentiation
	dac					exponentiation
	dac dac					exponentiation
	uac	офехр				exponentiation
*						
	dac					unary exclamation
	dac					unary exclamation
	dac	10				unary exclamation
*						
	dac	o\$ima				immediate assignment
	dac	o\$ima				immediate assignment
	dac	o\$ima				immediate assignment
	dac	o\$ima				immediate assignment
*						
	dac	o\$inv				indirection
	dac	•				indirection
	dac	•				indirection
*						
7	dac	4				himomy mot
	dac					binary not binary not
	dac					binary not
	dac					binary not
	uac	T				omary not
*	_					
	dac					negation
	dac					negation
	dac	0				negation

```
operator dope vectors (continued)
        dac o$sub
                                                      subtraction
        dac o$sub
                                                      subtraction
        dac o$sub
                                                      subtraction
        dac
             o$sub
                                                      subtraction
        dac
             o$com
                                                      complementation
        dac
             o$com
                                                      complementation
        {
m dac} o$com
                                                      complementation
             o$add
                                                      addition
        dac
        dac
             o$add
                                                      addition
        dac
             o$add
                                                      addition
             o$add
                                                      addition
        dac
             o$aff
                                                      affirmation
        dac
        dac
              o$aff
                                                      affirmation
        dac
             o$aff
                                                      affirmation
        dac
              o$pas
                                                      pattern assignment
        dac
              o$pas
                                                      pattern assignment
              o$pas
        dac
                                                      pattern assignment
        dac
             o$pas
                                                      pattern assignment
                                                      name reference
        \mathbf{dac}
             o$nam
        \mathbf{dac}
             o$nam
                                                      name reference
        \mathbf{dac}
             o$nam
                                                      name reference
            special dvs for goto operators (see procedure scngf)
                                                      direct goto
opdvd
        dac o$god
        dac
             o$god
                                                      direct goto
        dac
             o$god
                                                      direct goto
        dac
             o$goc
                                                      complex normal goto
opdvn
        dac
              o$goc
                                                      complex normal goto
        \mathbf{dac}
              o$goc
                                                      complex normal goto
```

```
operator entry address pointers, used in code
        dac osamn
                                                      array ref (multi-subs by value)
oamn$
oamv$
        dac osamv
                                                      array ref (multi-subs by value)
        dac o$aon
                                                      array ref (one sub by name)
oaon$
        dac o$aov
                                                      array ref (one sub by value)
oaov$
ocer$
        dac o$cer
                                                      compilation error
ofex$
        dac offex
                                                      failure in expression evaluation
ofif$
        dac offif
                                                      failure during goto evaluation
        dac offnc
                                                      function call (more than one arg)
ofnc$
ofne$
        dac offne
                                                      function name error
        dac offns
ofns$
                                                      function call (single argument)
                                                      set goto failure trap
ogof$
        dac o$gof
        dac o$inn
                                                      indirection by name
oinn$
        dac o$kwn
okwn$
                                                      keyword reference by name
        dac o$lex
                                                      load expression by name
olex$
olpt$
        dac o$1pt
                                                      load pattern
olvn$
        dac o$lvn
                                                      load variable name
        dac o$nta
                                                      negation, first entry
onta$
        dac o$ntb
                                                      negation, second entry
ontb$
        dac o$ntc
                                                      negation, third entry
ontc$
opmn$
        dac o$pmn
                                                      pattern match by name
opms$
        \mathbf{dac}
             o$pms
                                                      pattern match (statement)
        \mathbf{dac}
             o$pop
                                                      pop top stack item
opop$
ornm$
        \mathbf{dac}
             o$rnm
                                                      return name from expression
orpl$
        dac o$rpl
                                                      pattern replacement
orvl$
        dac o$rvl
                                                      return value from expression
        dac o$sla
                                                      selection, first entry
osla$
        dac o$slb
                                                      selection, second entry
oslb$
        dac o$slc
oslc$
                                                      selection, third entry
osld$
        dac o$sld
                                                      selection, fourth entry
ostp$
        dac osstp
                                                      stop execution
```

dac o\$unf

ounf\$

unexpected failure

```
table of names of undefined binary operators for opsyn
        dac ch$at
opsnb
        dac ch$am
                                                     ampersand
        dac ch$nm
                                                     number
        dac ch$pc
                                                     percent
        dac ch$nt
                                                     not
            table of names of undefined unary operators for opsyn
opnsu
        dac ch$br
                                                     vertical bar
        {
m dac} ch{
m \$eq}
                                                     equal
        dac ch$nm
                                                     number
        dac ch$pc
                                                     percent
        dac ch$sl
                                                     slash
        dac ch$ex
                                                     exclamation
if.cnpf
else
            address const containing profile table entry size
pfi2a
        dac ch$ex
            profiler message strings
        dac ch$ex
pfms1
        dac ch$ex
        {
m dtc} ch{
m \$ex}
        {
m dac} ch{
m \$ex}
pfms2
        {
m dac} ch{
m \$ex}
                                                     - execution time -/
        dtc /stmt number of
        {
m dac} /stmt number ofof
                                                     - execution time -/
pfms3
                                                     - execution time -/
        dac /stmt number ofofof
        {
m dtc} /number executions
                                                      total(msec) \ per \ excn(mcsec) /
fi
if.cnra
else
            real constants for general use. note that the constants
            starting at reav1 form a powers of ten table (used in
            gtnum and gtstg)
       drc +0.0
                                                     0.0
reav0
  if.\mathbf{cncr}
  else
                                                     0.1
reap1
        drc +0.1
reap5
        drc +0.5
                                                     0.5
  fi
```

```
10**0
       drc +1.0
reav1
       drc +1.0e+1
                                              10**1
reavt
                                              10**2
       drc +1.0e+2
                                              10**3
       drc +1.0e+3
                                              10**4
       drc +1.0e+4
                                              10**5
       drc +1.0e+5
       drc +1.0e+6
                                              10**6
                                              10**7
       drc +1.0e+7
                                              10**8
       drc +1.0e+8
                                              10**9
       drc +1.0e+9
                                              10**10
reatt
       drc +1.0e+10
fi
```

```
string constants (scblk format) for dtype procedure
         dac b$scl
scarr
                                                          array
         dac b$scl
                                                          array
         dtc
              b$scl
                                                          array
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
                                                          buffer
scbuf
         dac b$scl
         dac
               b$scl
                                                          buffer
                                                          buffer
         dtc
              b$scl
fi
         dac b$scl
                                                          code
sccod
         dac
               b$scl
                                                          code
               b$scl
         dtc
                                                          \operatorname{code}
scexp
         \mathbf{dac}
               b$scl
                                                          expression
         dac
               b$scl
                                                          expression
         \mathbf{dtc}
               b$scl
                                                          expression
               b$scl
scext
         dac
                                                          external
         dac
               b$scl
                                                          external
               b$scl
         dtc
                                                          external
              b$scl
scint
         \mathbf{dac}
                                                          integer
         \mathbf{dac}
              b$scl
                                                          integer
         dtc
               b$scl
                                                          integer
               b$scl
         \mathbf{dac}
                                                          name
scnam
         dac
               b$scl
                                                          name
         dtc
               b$scl
                                                          name
scnum
         dac
              b$scl
                                                          numeric
         dac
              b$scl
                                                          numeric
         dtc
              b$scl
                                                          \operatorname{numeric}
scpat
         dac
               b$scl
                                                          pattern
         dac
               b$scl
                                                          pattern
         dtc
               b$scl
                                                          pattern
if.cnra
else
              b$scl
screa
         dac
                                                          real
              b$scl
         \mathbf{dac}
                                                          real
         dtc
               b$scl
                                                          real
fi
```

```
scstr
          dac b$scl
                                                                string
          dac
                b$scl
                                                                \operatorname{string}
          \mathbf{dtc}
                 b$scl
                                                                string
                                                                table
sctab
          dac
                 b$scl
          \mathbf{dac}
                 b$scl
                                                                table
          \mathbf{dtc}
                 b$scl
                                                                table
if.\mathbf{cnlf}
scfil
          dac b$scl
                                                                file (for extended load arguments)
          dac
                b$scl
                                                                file (for extended load arguments)
          dtc
                b$scl
                                                                file (for extended load arguments)
fi
```

```
string constants (scblk format) for kvrtn (see retrn)
       dac b$scl
                                                  freturn
scfrt
       dac b$scl
                                                  freturn
       dtc
            b$scl
                                                  freturn
scnrt
       dac b$scl
                                                  nreturn
       dac b$scl
                                                  nreturn
       dtc b$scl
                                                  nreturn
       dac b$scl
scrtn
                                                  return
       dac b$scl
                                                  return
       dtc b$scl
                                                  return
           datatype name table for dtype procedure. the order of
           these entries is tied to the b$xxx definitions for blocks
           note that slots for buffer and real data types are filled
           even if these data types are conditionalized out of the
           implementation. this is done so that the block numbering
           at bl$ar etc. remains constant in all versions.
scnmt
       dac scarr
                                                  arblk array
                                                  cdblk code
       dac sccod
       dac scexp
                                                  exblk expression
       dac scint
                                                  icblk integer
       dac scnam
                                                  nmblk name
       dac scpat
                                                  p0blk pattern
       dac scpat
                                                  p1blk pattern
       dac scpat
                                                  p2blk pattern
if.cnra
                                                  rcblk no real in this version
       dac nulls
else
                                                  rcblk real
       dac screa
fi
       dac scstr
                                                  scblk string
       dac scexp
                                                  seblk expression
                                                  tbblk table
       dac sctab
                                                  vcblk array
       dac
            scarr
                                                  xnblk external
       dac
            scext
       dac
                                                  xrblk external
            scext
if.cnbf
                                                  bfblk no buffer in this version
       dac nulls
else
       dac scbuf
                                                  bfblk buffer
fi
if .cnra
else
```

```
used to re-initialise kvstl
if.cs16
stlim
        \operatorname{dic}
             +32767
                                                      default statement limit
else
  if.cs32
                                                      default statement limit
stlim
        \operatorname{\mathbf{dic}}
              +2147483647
  else
                                                      default statement limit
stlim
        dic
              +50000
  fi
fi
            dummy function block used for undefined functions
        dac offun
                                                      ptr to undefined function err call
stndf
        dac 0
                                                      dummy fargs count for call circuit
            dummy code block used for undefined labels
stndl
        dac 1$und
                                                      code ptr points to undefined lbl
            dummy operator block used for undefined operators
        dac o$oun
                                                      ptr to undefined operator err call
stndo
        dac 0
                                                      dummy fargs count for call circuit
            standard variable block. this block is used to initialize
            the first seven fields of a newly constructed vrblk.
            its format is tied to the vrblk definitions (see gtnvr).
stnvr
        dac b$vrl
                                                      vrget
        dac b$vrs
                                                      vrsto
        dac nulls
                                                      vrval
        dac b$vrg
                                                      vrtra
        dac stndl
                                                      vrlbl
        dac stndf
                                                      vrfnc
        dac 0
                                                      vrnxt
```

```
messages used in end of run processing (stopr)
stpm1
        dac b$scl
                                                       in statement
        dac
              b$scl
                                                       in statement
        dtc
              b$scl
                                                       in statement
stpm2
        \mathbf{dac}
              b$scl
              b$scl
        dac
        dtc
              b$scl
stpm3
        dac
              b$scl
if.ctmd
              b$scl
        \mathbf{dac}
        dtc
              b$scl
else
             b$scl
        dac
        dtc
              b$scl
fi
        dac b$scl
stpm4
        dac
              b$scl
              b$scl
        dtc
stpm5
        \mathbf{dac}
              b$scl
        dac
              b$scl
        dtc
              b$scl
if.csln
                                                       in line
stpm6
        dac
              b$scl
              b$scl
                                                       in line
        \mathbf{dac}
        dtc
              b$scl
                                                       in line
fi
if.csfn
                                                       in file
              b$scl
stpm7
        \mathbf{dac}
        dac b$scl
                                                       in file
                                                       in file
        dtc
              b$scl
fi
             chars for /tu/ ending code
        {
m dtc} b$scl
strtu
    *
             table used by convert function to check datatype name
             the entries are ordered to correspond to branch table
             in s$cnv
```

```
svctb
            {
m dac} scstr
                                                                             string
            dac scint
                                                                             {\rm integer}
            \mathbf{dac} \quad \mathtt{scnam}
                                                                             name
            \mathbf{dac} \quad \mathtt{scpat}
                                                                             pattern
            dac scarr
                                                                             array
                                                                             {\bf table}
            {
m dac} sctab
            \mathbf{dac}
                   scexp
                                                                             expression
            \mathbf{dac} \quad \mathtt{sccod}
                                                                             code
            \mathbf{dac}
                   scnum
                                                                             \operatorname{numeric}
if .cnra
else
            {
m dac} screa
                                                                             real
fi
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
                                                                             buffer
            dac scbuf
fi
            dac 0
                                                                             zero marks end of list
```

```
messages (scblk format) used by trace procedures
        dac b$scl
                                                     asterisks for trace statement no
tmasb
        dac b$scl
                                                     asterisks for trace statement no
        dtc b$scl
                                                     asterisks for trace statement no
tmbeb
        dac b$scl
                                                     blank-equal-blank
        dac b$scl
                                                     blank-equal-blank
        dtc b$scl
                                                     blank-equal-blank
            dummy trblk for expression variable
trbev
        dac b$trt
                                                     dummy trblk
            dummy trblk for keyword variable
trbkv
        dac b$trt
                                                     \operatorname{dummy} \operatorname{trblk}
            dummy code block to return control to trxeq procedure
trxdr
        dac o$txr
                                                     block points to return routine
trxdc
        dac trxdr
                                                     pointer to block
```

```
standard variable blocks
            see svblk format for full details of the format. the
            vrblks are ordered by length and within each length the
            order is alphabetical by name of the variable.
        {
m dbc} svfpr
v$eqf
                                                       eq
        dac svfpr
                                                       eq
        {
m dtc} svfpr
                                                       eq
        dac svfpr
                                                       eq
        dac svfpr
                                                       eq
v$gef
        {
m dbc} svfpr
                                                       ge
        dac svfpr
                                                       ge
        {
m dtc} svfpr
                                                       ge
        dac svfpr
                                                       ge
        dac svfpr
                                                       ge
        {f dbc} svfpr
v$gtf
                                                       gt
        dac svfpr
                                                       gt
        {
m dtc} svfpr
                                                       gt
        dac svfpr
                                                       \operatorname{gt}
        dac svfpr
                                                       gt
v$lef
        {
m dbc} svfpr
                                                       le
        dac svfpr
                                                       le
        {
m dtc} svfpr
                                                       le
        dac svfpr
                                                       le
        {\operatorname{dac}} svfpr
                                                       le
if .cmth
v$lnf
        dbc svfnp
                                                       ln
        dac svfnp
                                                       ln
        {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                       ln
        dac svfnp
                                                       ln
        dac svfnp
                                                       ln
fi
v$ltf
        {
m dbc} svfpr
                                                       lt
        dac svfpr
                                                       lt
        {
m dtc} svfpr
                                                       1t.
        dac svfpr
                                                       lt
        dac svfpr
                                                       lt
        {
m dbc} svfpr
v$nef
                                                       ne
        dac svfpr
                                                       ne
        {
m dtc} svfpr
                                                       ne
```

dac svfpr

ne

```
dac svfpr
                                                      ne
if .c370
    *
v$orf
        {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                      or
        dac svfnp
                                                      or
        {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                      or
        dac svfnp
                                                      or
        dac svfnp
                                                      or
fi
if .c370
v$abs
        {f dbc} svfnp
                                                      abs
        dac svfnp
                                                      abs
                                                      abs
        dtc svfnp
        dac svfnp
                                                      abs
        dac svfnp
                                                      abs
fi
if .c370
    *
v$and
        dbc svfnp
                                                      and
        \mathbf{dac}
             svfnp
                                                      and
        \mathbf{dtc}
             svfnp
                                                      and
        dac svfnp
                                                      and
        dac svfnp
                                                      and
fi
        {f dbc} svfnp
v$any
                                                      any
        dac svfnp
                                                      any
        {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                      any
        dac svfnp
                                                      any
        dac svfnp
                                                      any
        dbc svkvc
v$arb
                                                      arb
        dac svkvc
                                                      arb
        dtc svkvc
                                                      arb
        dac svkvc
                                                      \operatorname{arb}
        dac svkvc
                                                      arb
```

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
        dbc svfnn
v$arg
                                                    arg
        dac svfnn
                                                    arg
        dtc svfnn
                                                    arg
        dac svfnn
                                                    arg
        dac svfnn
                                                    arg
    *
v$bal
        dbc svkvc
                                                    bal
             svkvc
        dac
                                                    bal
        dtc
             svkvc
                                                    bal
        dac svkvc
                                                    bal
        dac svkvc
                                                    bal
if.cmth
    *
        dbc svfnp
v$cos
                                                    cos
        dac svfnp
                                                    \cos
        dtc
             svfnp
                                                    cos
        dac svfnp
                                                    \cos
        dac svfnp
                                                    \cos
fi
    *
        {
m dbc} svlbl
                                                    end
v$end
        dac svlbl
                                                    end
        dtc svlbl
                                                    end
        dac svlbl
                                                    end
if.cmth
        {
m dbc} svfnp
v$exp
                                                    exp
             svfnp
        \mathbf{dac}
                                                    exp
        \mathbf{dtc}
             svfnp
                                                    exp
        dac svfnp
                                                    exp
        dac svfnp
                                                    exp
fi
v$len
        {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                    len
        dac svfnp
                                                    len
        dtc
             svfnp
                                                    len
        dac svfnp
                                                    len
        dac svfnp
                                                    len
v$leq
        {
m dbc} svfpr
                                                    leq
        dac svfpr
                                                    leq
        {
m dtc} svfpr
                                                    leq
        dac svfpr
                                                    leq
        dac svfpr
                                                    leq
```

v\$lge	dbc dac dtc dac dac	svfpr svfpr svfpr svfpr svfpr	lge lge lge lge
v\$lgt	dbc dac dtc dac dac	svfpr svfpr svfpr svfpr svfpr	lgt lgt lgt lgt lgt
* v\$lle	dbc dac dtc dac dac	svfpr svfpr svfpr svfpr svfpr	lle lle lle lle

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
                                                       llt
v$11t
        {
m dbc} svfpr
        dac svfpr
                                                       11t
        {
m dtc} svfpr
                                                       11t
        dac svfpr
                                                       11t
                                                       llt
        dac svfpr
v$lne
        {f dbc} svfpr
                                                       lne
        dac svfpr
                                                       lne
        \mathbf{dtc}
              svfpr
                                                       lne
        {
m dac} svfpr
                                                       lne
        dac svfpr
                                                       {\rm lne}
        {
m dbc} svfnp
v$pos
                                                       pos
        dac svfnp
                                                       pos
        dtc
             svfnp
                                                       pos
        dac svfnp
                                                       pos
        dac svfnp
                                                       pos
        dbc svkvc
v$rem
                                                       rem
        dac svkvc
                                                       rem
        dtc svkvc
                                                       rem
        dac svkvc
                                                       rem
        dac svkvc
                                                       rem
if.\mathbf{cust}
    *
v$set
        dbc svfnn
                                                       set
        dac svfnn
                                                       set
        dtc svfnn
                                                       set
        dac svfnn
                                                       \operatorname{set}
        dac svfnn
                                                       set
fi
if.cmth
v$sin
        dbc svfnp
                                                       \sin
        dac svfnp
                                                       \sin
        dtc
              svfnp
                                                       \sin
        dac svfnp
                                                       \sin
        dac svfnp
                                                       \sin
fi
    *
v$tab
        {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                       tab
        dac svfnp
                                                       tab
        {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                       tab
        dac svfnp
                                                       tab
        dac svfnp
                                                       tab
if.cmth
```

```
v$tan
        {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                         \tan
         dac
              svfnp
                                                         tan
         \mathbf{dtc}
              svfnp
                                                         \tan
         dac
             svfnp
                                                         \tan
         dac
              svfnp
                                                         \tan
fi
if.c370
    *
        {
m dbc} svfnp
v$xor
                                                         xor
         dac
               svfnp
                                                         xor
         dtc
               svfnp
                                                         xor
         \mathbf{dac}
              svfnp
                                                         xor
         dac svfnp
                                                         xor
fi
if.cmth
v$atn
        {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                         atan
         dac
              svfnp
                                                         atan
         \mathbf{dtc}
               svfnp
                                                         atan
        \mathbf{dac}
              svfnp
                                                         atan
         dac svfnp
                                                         atan
fi
if .culc
    *
         dbc svknm
v$cas
                                                         case
         dac
              svknm
                                                         case
         dtc
               svknm
                                                         case
         dac
              svknm
                                                         case
fi
         {
m dbc} svfnp
v$chr
                                                         char
         dac
              svfnp
                                                         char
         dtc
              svfnp
                                                         char
                                                         char
         dac svfnp
         dac svfnp
                                                         char
if.cmth
v$chp
        {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                         chop
         dac
              svfnp
                                                         chop
         dtc
              svfnp
                                                         chop
         dac
             svfnp
                                                         chop
         dac
              svfnp
                                                         chop
fi
         dbc svfnk
v$cod
                                                         code
         dac
              svfnk
                                                         \operatorname{code}
         dtc
              svfnk
                                                         code
```

	\mathbf{dac}	svfnk	code
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnk	code
	dac	svfnk	code
*			
v\$cop	\mathbf{dbc}	svfnn	copy
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	copy
	\mathbf{dtc}	svfnn	copy
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	copy
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	copy

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
         dbc svfnn
v$dat
                                                         data
         dac svfnn
                                                         data
         dtc
              svfnn
                                                         data
         \mathbf{dac}
              svfnn
                                                         data
         dac
              svfnn
                                                         data
v$dte
         dbc svfnn
                                                         date
         dac
              svfnn
                                                         date
         dtc
              svfnn
                                                         date
         dac
              svfnn
                                                         date
         dac svfnn
                                                         date
v$dmp
         {
m dbc} svfnk
                                                         dump
         \mathbf{dac}
              svfnk
                                                         dump
         \mathbf{dtc}
               svfnk
                                                         \operatorname{dump}
         dac
              svfnk
                                                         dump
         dac svfnk
                                                         dump
         dac
              svfnk
                                                         dump
v$dup
         {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                         dupl
         dac
               svfnn
                                                         dupl
         \mathbf{dtc}
               svfnn
                                                         dupl
         \mathbf{dac}
              svfnn
                                                         dupl
         dac
              svfnn
                                                         dupl
         dbc svfnn
v$evl
                                                         eval
         dac
              svfnn
                                                         eval
         dtc
               svfnn
                                                         eval
         dac
              svfnn
                                                         eval
         \mathbf{dac}
              svfnn
                                                         eval
if.cnex
else
         dbc svfnn
v$ext
                                                         exit
              svfnn
         dac
                                                         exit
              svfnn
         dtc
                                                         exit
         dac
              svfnn
                                                         \operatorname{exit}
         dac
              svfnn
                                                         exit
fi
v$fal
         dbc svkvc
                                                         fail
         dac
              svkvc
                                                         fail
               svkvc
                                                         fail
         dtc
         dac svkvc
                                                         fail
         dac svkvc
                                                         fail
```

```
if.\mathbf{csfn}
v$fil
             {f dbc} svknm
                                                                                     {\rm file}
                                                                                     {\rm file}
             {
m dac} svknm
             {
m dtc} svknm
                                                                                     {\rm file}
                                                                                     file
             dac svknm
      *
fi
v$hst
             \mathbf{dbc} \quad \mathtt{svfnn}
                                                                                     host
             {
m dac} svfnn
                                                                                     host
             {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                                     host
             \mathbf{dac} \quad \mathtt{svfnn}
                                                                                     \operatorname{host}
             {
m dac} svfnn
                                                                                     host
```

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
v$itm
        dbc svfnf
                                                        item
             svfnf
        dac
                                                        item
              svfnf
        dtc
                                                        item
        dac
              svfnf
                                                        item
        dac
              svfnf
                                                        item
if.csln
    *
v$lin
        dbc svknm
                                                        line
        dac
              svknm
                                                        line
        dtc
              svknm
                                                        line
        dac svknm
                                                        line
fi
if .cnld
else
v$lod
        dbc svfnn
                                                        load
        dac svfnn
                                                        load
        dtc
              svfnn
                                                        load
        dac svfnn
                                                        load
        dac svfnn
                                                        load
fi
v$lpd
        {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                        lpad
        dac
              svfnp
                                                        lpad
        \mathbf{dtc}
              svfnp
                                                        lpad
        dac
              svfnp
                                                        lpad
        \mathbf{dac}
              svfnp
                                                        lpad
v$rpd
        {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                        rpad
        dac
              svfnp
                                                        rpad
        dtc
              svfnp
                                                        rpad
        dac
              svfnp
                                                        rpad
        dac
              svfnp
                                                        rpad
        {
m dbc} svfnp
v$rps
                                                        rpos
        \mathbf{dac}
              svfnp
                                                        rpos
        \mathbf{dtc}
              svfnp
                                                        rpos
        dac
              svfnp
                                                        rpos
        dac
              svfnp
                                                        rpos
v$rtb
        dbc svfnp
                                                        rtab
        \mathbf{dac}
              svfnp
                                                        rtab
        dtc
              svfnp
                                                        rtab
        \mathbf{dac}
              svfnp
                                                        rtab
        dac
             svfnp
                                                        rtab
```

```
v$si$
            {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                                  size
            {
m dac} svfnp
                                                                                  size
             {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                                  size
             {
m dac} svfnp
                                                                                  size
            dac svfnp
                                                                                  size
       *
if .cnsr
else
v$srt
             \mathbf{dbc} \quad \mathtt{svfnn}
                                                                                  \operatorname{sort}
             \mathbf{dac}
                    svfnn
                                                                                  \operatorname{sort}
             \mathbf{dtc} \quad \mathtt{svfnn}
                                                                                  \operatorname{sort}
             {
m dac} svfnn
                                                                                  \operatorname{sort}
             dac svfnn
                                                                                  \operatorname{sort}
fi
v$spn
             {f dbc} svfnp
                                                                                  span
             {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                                  span
            {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                                  span
             dac svfnp
                                                                                  span
             dac svfnp
                                                                                  span
```

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
if.cmth
          {
m dbc} svfnp
v$sqr
                                                                 \operatorname{sqrt}
          dac
                 svfnp
                                                                 sqrt
          dtc
                 svfnp
                                                                 sqrt
          \mathbf{dac}
                svfnp
                                                                 \operatorname{sqrt}
          dac
                 svfnp
                                                                 sqrt
fi
v$stn
          dbc svknm
                                                                 stno
          \mathbf{dac}
                svknm
                                                                 stno
          dtc
                svknm
                                                                 stno
          \mathbf{dac}
                svknm
                                                                 stno
v$tim
          {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                                 time
          dac
                 svfnn
                                                                 time
          \mathbf{dtc}
                 svfnn
                                                                 time
                svfnn
          dac
                                                                 time
          dac
                svfnn
                                                                 time
          {
m dbc} svfnk
v$trm
                                                                 \operatorname{trim}
          dac
                svfnk
                                                                 \operatorname{trim}
          dtc
                svfnk
                                                                 _{\rm trim}
          dac svfnk
                                                                 _{\rm trim}
          dac
                svfnk
                                                                 _{\rm trim}
          dac
                svfnk
                                                                 \operatorname{trim}
v$abe
          dbc
                svknm
                                                                 abend
          dac
                 svknm
                                                                 abend
          dtc
                 svknm
                                                                 abend
          \mathbf{dac}
                svknm
                                                                 abend
v$abo
          dbc svkvl
                                                                 abort
          dac
                svkvl
                                                                 abort
          dtc
                 svkvl
                                                                 abort
          dac
                svkvl
                                                                 abort
          dac
                svkvl
                                                                 abort
          dac
                svkvl
                                                                 abort
v$app
          {
m dbc} svfnf
                                                                 apply
          \mathbf{dac}
                svfnf
                                                                 apply
          dtc
                svfnf
                                                                 apply
                svfnf
          \mathbf{dac}
                                                                 apply
          dac
                svfnf
                                                                 apply
v$abn
          {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                 arbno
          \mathbf{dac}
                svfnp
                                                                 arbno
```

	\mathbf{dtc}	svfnp	arbno
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnp	arbno
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnp	arbno
*			
v\$arr	\mathbf{dbc}	svfnn	array
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	array
	\mathbf{dtc}	svfnn	array
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	array
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	array

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
                                                        break
v$brk
        dbc svfnp
        dac
              svfnp
                                                        break
        dtc
              svfnp
                                                        break
        dac
              svfnp
                                                        break
        dac
              svfnp
                                                        break
v$clr
        dbc svfnn
                                                        clear
        dac
              svfnn
                                                        clear
        dtc
              svfnn
                                                        clear
        dac
             svfnn
                                                        clear
        \mathbf{dac}
              svfnn
                                                        clear
if .c370
        {f dbc}
              svfnp
                                                        compl
v$cmp
        dac
              svfnp
                                                        compl
        dtc
              svfnp
                                                       compl
        \mathbf{dac}
              svfnp
                                                        compl
        dac
              svfnp
                                                        compl
fi
v$ejc
        dbc
              svfnn
                                                        eject
        dac
              svfnn
                                                        eject
        dtc
              svfnn
                                                        eject
        dac
              svfnn
                                                        eject
        dac svfnn
                                                       eject
v$fen
        {
m dbc} svfpk
                                                        fence
                                                        fence
        dac
              svfpk
        dtc
              svfpk
                                                        fence
        \mathbf{dac}
              svfpk
                                                        fence
        dac
              svfpk
                                                        fence
        dac
              svfpk
                                                        fence
        dac
              svfpk
                                                        fence
        dbc svfnn
                                                        field
v$fld
        dac
              svfnn
                                                        field
        dtc
              svfnn
                                                        field
        dac svfnn
                                                        field
        dac
              svfnn
                                                        field
v$idn
        {f dbc} svfpr
                                                       ident
        \mathbf{dac}
              svfpr
                                                        ident
                                                       ident
        dtc
               svfpr
        \mathbf{dac}
              svfpr
                                                       ident
        dac svfpr
                                                       ident
```

\mathbf{dbc}	svfnk		input
\mathbf{dac}	svfnk		input
\mathbf{dtc}	svfnk		input
\mathbf{dac}	svfnk		input
\mathbf{dac}	svfnk		input
\mathbf{dac}	svfnk		input
			1
\mathbf{dbc}	svkwc		lcase
\mathbf{dac}	svkwc		lcase
\mathbf{dtc}	svkwc		lcase
\mathbf{dac}	svkwc		lcase
dbc	svfnn		local
\mathbf{dac}	svfnn		local
dtc	svfnn		local
\mathbf{dac}	svfnn		local
\mathbf{dac}	svfnn		local
	dac dac dac dbc dac dtc dac dtc dac	dac svfnk dac svfnk dac svfnk dac svfnk dac svkwc dac svkwc dac svkwc dac svkwc dac svkwc dac svkmc dac svkmc dac svkmc dac svkmc	dac svfnk dac svfnk dac svfnk dac svfnk dac svfnk dbc svkwc dac svkwc dtc svkwc dac svkwc dac svkmc dac svfnn dac svfnn dac svfnn dac svfnn dac svfnn

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
         dbc svfnn
v$ops
                                                           opsyn
         dac svfnn
                                                           opsyn
         dtc
               svfnn
                                                           opsyn
         dac svfnn
                                                           opsyn
         dac svfnn
                                                           opsyn
         {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                           \operatorname{remdr}
v$rmd
         dac
               svfnp
                                                           remdr
         dtc
               svfnp
                                                           \operatorname{remdr}
         dac
               svfnp
                                                           \operatorname{remdr}
         dac
               svfnp
                                                           \operatorname{remdr}
if.\mathbf{cnsr}
else
v$rsr
         {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                           rsort
         dac
              svfnn
                                                           rsort
         dtc
               svfnn
                                                           rsort
         dac
              svfnn
                                                           rsort
         dac svfnn
                                                           rsort
fi
v$tbl
         {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                           table
         dac
               svfnn
                                                           table
         \mathbf{dtc}
               svfnn
                                                           table
         dac
              svfnn
                                                           table
         dac svfnn
                                                           table
v$tra
         dbc svfnk
                                                           trace
         dac svfnk
                                                           trace
         dtc
               svfnk
                                                           trace
         dac
               svfnk
                                                           trace
         dac svfnk
                                                           trace
         dac svfnk
                                                           trace
if .culk
v$ucs
         {f dbc} svkwc
                                                           ucase
         dac
               svkwc
                                                           ucase
         dtc
               svkwc
                                                           ucase
         dac svkwc
                                                           ucase
fi
         dbc svknm
                                                           anchor
v$anc
                                                           anchor
         dac
               svknm
         dtc
               svknm
                                                           anchor
         \mathbf{dac}
               svknm
                                                           anchor
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
```

else			
*			
v\$apn	dbc	svfnn	append
	dac	svfnn	append
	dtc	svfnn	append
	dac	svfnn	append
	dac	svfnn	append
fi			
*			
v\$bkx	dbc	svfnp	breakx
	dac	svfnp	breakx
	dtc	svfnp	breakx
	dac	svfnp	breakx
	dac	svfnp	breakx
*			
if .cnbf			
else			
v\$buf	dbc	svfnn	buffer
	dac	svfnn	buffer
	dtc	svfnn	buffer
	dac	svfnn	buffer
	dac	svfnn	buffer
fi			
*			
v\$def	dbc	svfnn	define
уфает	dac	svinn	define
	$ ext{dtc}$	svfnn	define
	dac	svfnn	define
	dac	svfnn	define
.1.	aac	SVIIII	dellile
*			
v\$det	dbc	svfnn	detach
	dac	svfnn	detach
	dtc	svfnn	detach
	dac	svfnn	detach
	dac	svfnn	detach

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
                                                              differ
v$dif
         {
m dbc} svfpr
         dac
               svfpr
                                                              differ
         \mathbf{dtc}
                                                              differ
                svfpr
                                                              \operatorname{differ}
         dac
                svfpr
                                                             {\rm differ}
         dac
               svfpr
v$ftr
         dbc svknm
                                                              ftrace
         dac
                svknm
                                                              ftrace
         dtc
                svknm
                                                              ftrace
         dac
               svknm
                                                              ftrace
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
                                                              insert
v$ins
         {
m dbc} svfnn
               svfnn
         \mathbf{dac}
                                                              insert
         dtc
                svfnn
                                                             insert
         dac
               svfnn
                                                              insert
         dac
               svfnn
                                                              insert
fi
         dbc
v$1st
                svknm
                                                              lastno
         dac
                svknm
                                                              lastno
         \mathbf{dtc}
                svknm
                                                              lastno
         dac
                svknm
                                                              lastno
v$nay
         \mathbf{dbc}
               svfnp
                                                             notany
         dac
                svfnp
                                                              notany
         dtc
                svfnp
                                                             notany
         \mathbf{dac}
               svfnp
                                                              notany
         dac
               svfnp
                                                             notany
     *
         dbc
v$oup
               svfnk
                                                             output
         dac
                svfnk
                                                             output
         dtc
                svfnk
                                                             output
         \mathbf{dac}
               svfnk
                                                             output
         dac
               svfnk
                                                             output
         dac
               svfnk
                                                             output
v$ret
         {
m dbc} svlbl
                                                              return
         dac
                svlbl
                                                              return
         \mathbf{dtc}
                svlbl
                                                              \operatorname{return}
         dac
                svlbl
                                                              return
v$rew
         {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                              rewind
         dac
               svfnn
                                                              rewind
         \mathbf{dtc}
               svfnn
                                                              rewind
```

		svfnn svfnn	rewind rewind
*			
v\$stt	\mathbf{dbc}	svfnn	stoptr
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	stoptr
	\mathbf{dtc}	svfnn	stoptr
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	stoptr
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	stoptr

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
         {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                         \operatorname{substr}
v$sub
         dac
              svfnn
                                                         \operatorname{substr}
         dtc
              svfnn
                                                         substr
         dac
              svfnn
                                                         substr
         dac
              svfnn
                                                         substr
v$unl
         dbc svfnn
                                                         unload
         dac
              svfnn
                                                         unload
         dtc
              svfnn
                                                         unload
        \mathbf{dac}
              svfnn
                                                         unload
         dac
              svfnn
                                                         unload
         dbc svfnn
                                                         collect
v$col
         \mathbf{dac}
              svfnn
                                                         collect
         dtc
              svfnn
                                                         collect
              svfnn
                                                         collect
         \mathbf{dac}
         dac svfnn
                                                         collect
if.\mathbf{ccmk}
v$com
         dbc
              svknm
                                                         compare
         dac
               svknm
                                                         compare
         dtc
               svknm
                                                         compare
         \mathbf{dac}
              svknm
                                                         compare
fi
v$cnv
         dbc svfnn
                                                         convert
         dac
              svfnn
                                                         convert
         dtc
              svfnn
                                                         convert
         dac
              svfnn
                                                         convert
         dac
              svfnn
                                                         convert
    *
         dbc svfnn
                                                         endfile
v$enf
         dac
              svfnn
                                                         endfile
         dtc
              svfnn
                                                         endfile
                                                         endfile
         \mathbf{dac}
              svfnn
         dac
              svfnn
                                                         endfile
    *
v$etx
         dbc svknm
                                                         errtext
         dac
               svknm
                                                         errtext
         dtc
               svknm
                                                         errtext
               svknm
         dac
                                                         errtext
         dbc svknm
v$ert
                                                         errtype
         dac
              svknm
                                                         errtype
         dtc
               svknm
                                                         errtype
         dac
              svknm
                                                         errtype
```

*			
v\$frt	dbc	svlbl	freturn
	\mathbf{dac}	svlbl	freturn
	\mathbf{dtc}	svlbl	freturn
	\mathbf{dac}	svlbl	freturn
*			
v\$int	\mathbf{dbc}	svfpr	integer
	\mathbf{dac}	svfpr	integer
	\mathbf{dtc}	svfpr	integer
	\mathbf{dac}	svfpr	integer
	\mathbf{dac}	svfpr	integer
*			
v\$nrt	dbc	svlbl	nreturn
	\mathbf{dac}	svlbl	nreturn
	\mathbf{dtc}	svlbl	nreturn

dac svlbl

nreturn

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
if.cnpf
else
v$pfl
        dbc
              svknm
                                                        profile
              svknm
                                                        profile
        dac
        dtc
              svknm
                                                        profile
        dac svknm
                                                        profile
fi
        dbc svfnp
                                                        replace
v$rpl
        dac
              svfnp
                                                        replace
        \mathbf{dtc}
              svfnp
                                                        replace
        dac
              svfnp
                                                        replace
        dac
              svfnp
                                                        replace
    *
        \mathbf{dbc}
              svfnp
v$rvs
                                                        reverse
        dac
              svfnp
                                                        reverse
        dtc
              svfnp
                                                        reverse
        \mathbf{dac}
              svfnp
                                                        reverse
        dac
              svfnp
                                                        reverse
    *
        \mathbf{dbc}
v$rtn
              svknm
                                                        rtntype
        \mathbf{dac}
               svknm
                                                        rtntype
        dtc
               svknm
                                                        rtntype
        dac
              svknm
                                                        rtntype
        dbc svfnn
v$stx
                                                        setexit
        dac
              svfnn
                                                        setexit
        dtc
              svfnn
                                                        setexit
        dac
              svfnn
                                                        setexit
        dac
              svfnn
                                                        setexit
        dbc svknm
v$stc
                                                        stcount
        dac
              svknm
                                                        stcount
        dtc
              svknm
                                                        stcount
        dac
              svknm
                                                        stcount
    *
v$stl
        dbc svknm
                                                        stlimit
        dac
               svknm
                                                        stlimit
        dtc
              svknm
                                                        stlimit
              svknm
                                                        stlimit
        dac
        dbc svkvc
v$suc
                                                        succeed
        dac
              svkvc
                                                        succeed
        dtc
              svkvc
                                                        succeed
        dac
              svkvc
                                                        succeed
```

	\mathbf{dac}	svkvc	succeed
*			
v\$alp	dbc	svkwc	alphabet
	\mathbf{dac}	svkwc	alphabet
	\mathbf{dtc}	svkwc	alphabet
	\mathbf{dac}	svkwc	alphabet
*			
v\$cnt	\mathbf{dbc}	svlbl	continue
	\mathbf{dac}	svlbl	continue
	\mathbf{dtc}	svlbl	continue
	\mathbf{dac}	svlbl	continue

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
         dbc svfnp
                                                           datatype
v$dtp
         dac
              svfnp
                                                           datatype
         dtc
               svfnp
                                                           datatype
               svfnp
         dac
                                                           datatype
         \mathbf{dac}
               svfnp
                                                           datatype
         dbc
                                                           \operatorname{errlimit}
v$erl
               svknm
         dac
               svknm
                                                           errlimit
         dtc
                svknm
                                                           \operatorname{errlimit}
         dac
               svknm
                                                           \operatorname{errlimit}
                                                           fnclevel
v$fnc
         \mathbf{dbc}
               svknm
         dac
               svknm
                                                           fnclevel
         dtc
               svknm
                                                           fnclevel
         \mathbf{dac}
               svknm
                                                           fnclevel
v$fls
         dbc svknm
                                                           fullscan
         dac
               svknm
                                                           fullscan
         dtc
               svknm
                                                           fullscan
                                                           fullscan
         dac
              svknm
if.csfn
v$lfl
         dbc svknm
                                                           lastfile
                                                           lastfile
         dac
               svknm
                                                           lastfile
         dtc
               svknm
         dac svknm
                                                           lastfile
fi
if.csln
v$11n
         dbc
                                                           lastline
               svknm
         dac
               svknm
                                                           lastline
         dtc
                svknm
                                                           lastline
         dac
               svknm
                                                           lastline
fi
v$mxl
         dbc svknm
                                                           maxlngth
               svknm
         dac
                                                           maxlngth
         dtc
                svknm
                                                           maxlngth
         dac
               svknm
                                                           maxlngth
v$ter
         \mathbf{dbc}
               0
                                                           terminal
         dac
               0
                                                           terminal
         dtc
               0
                                                           terminal
         dac 0
                                                           terminal
```

```
if.\mathbf{cbsp}
v$bsp
         \mathbf{dbc} \quad \mathtt{svfnn}
                                                               backspace
          dac
                svfnn
                                                               backspace
         dtc
                svfnn
                                                               backspace
         {
m dac} svfnn
                                                               backspace
          dac svfnn
                                                               backspace
fi
v$pro
         {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                               prototype
         dac svfnn
                                                               prototype
         dtc
                svfnn
                                                               prototype
         dac svfnn
                                                               prototype
         {\operatorname{dac}} svfnn
                                                               prototype
         {
m dbc} svlbl
v$scn
                                                               scontinue
         \operatorname{dac} svlbl
                                                               scontinue
          dtc
               svlbl
                                                               scontinue
         {\operatorname{dac}} sylbl
                                                               scontinue
         \mathbf{dbc} 0
                                                               dummy entry to end list
          dac 10
                                                               length gt 9 (scontinue)
```

```
list of svblk pointers for keywords to be dumped. the
              list is in the order which appears on the dump output.
vdmkw
         dac v$anc
                                                              anchor
if.\mathbf{culc}
         dac v$cas
                                                              ccase
fi
         dac v$cod
                                                              code
if.\mathbf{ccmk}
  if.\mathbf{ccmc}
         dac
               v$com
                                                              compare
  else
         dac 1
                                                              compare not printed
  fi
fi
         dac
               v$dmp
                                                              \operatorname{dump}
                v$erl
         dac
                                                              \operatorname{errlimit}
         \mathbf{dac}
               v$etx
                                                              errtext
         dac
               v$ert
                                                              errtype
if.\mathbf{csfn}
                                                              file
         dac v$fil
fi
         dac v$fnc
                                                              fnclevel
         \mathbf{dac}
               v$ftr
                                                              ftrace
         \mathbf{dac}
               v$fls
                                                              fullscan
         \mathbf{dac}
               v$inp
                                                              input
if.\mathbf{csfn}
         dac v$lfl
                                                              lastfile
fi
if.csln
         dac v$11n
                                                              lastline
fi
         dac v$1st
                                                              lastno
if.csln
         dac
               v$lin
                                                              line
fi
         dac
                v$mxl
                                                              maxlength
         dac
                v$oup
                                                              output
if.\mathbf{cnpf}
else
               v$pfl
                                                              profile
         \mathbf{dac}
fi
         dac v$rtn
                                                              rtntype
         dac v$stc
                                                              stcount
         dac v$stl
                                                              stlimit
         dac v$stn
                                                              \operatorname{stno}
         dac v$tra
                                                              trace
```

```
dac v$trm
                                                             _{\rm trim}
         dac 0
                                                             end of list
             table used by gtnvr to search svblk lists
         dac 0
                                                             dummy entry to get proper indexing
vsrch
                                                            start of 1 char variables (none)
         dac
                v$eqf
                                                            start of 2 char variables
         \mathbf{dac}
                v$eqf
                                                            start of 3 char variables
         \mathbf{dac}
                v$any
if.cmth
         \mathbf{dac}
               v$atn
                                                             start of 4 char variables
else
  if .culc
                                                             start of 4 char variables
         dac v$cas
  else
         dac v$chr
                                                             start of 4 char variables
  fi
fi
         dac v$abe
                                                            start of 5 char variables
               v$anc
                                                            start of 6 char variables
         \mathbf{dac}
               v$col
                                                            start of 7 char variables
         \mathbf{dac}
         \mathbf{dac}
               v$alp
                                                            start of 8 char variables
if.\mathbf{cbsp}
                                                            start of 9 char variables
         dac
               v$bsp
else
                                                            start of 9 char variables
         dac v$pro
fi
             last location in constant section
с$ууу
         dac 0
                                                            last location in constant section
```

k

the working storage section contains areas which are changed during execution of the program. the value assembled is the initial value before execution starts.

*

all these areas are fixed length areas. variable length data is stored in the static or dynamic regions of the allocated data areas.

*

the values in this area are described either as work areas or as global values. a work area is used in an ephemeral manner and the value is not saved from one entry into a routine to another. a global value is a less temporary location whose value is saved from one call to another.

*

w\$aaa marks the start of the working section whilst w\$yyy marks its end. g\$aaa marks the division between temporary and global values.

*

global values are further subdivided to facilitate processing by the garbage collector. r\$aaa through r\$yyy are global values that may point into dynamic storage and hence must be relocated after each garbage collection. they also serve as root pointers to all allocated data that must be preserved. pointers between a\$aaa and r\$aaa may point into code, static storage, or mark the limits of dynamic memory. these pointers must be adjusted when the working section is saved to a file and subsequently reloaded at a different address.

*

a general part of the approach in this program is not to overlap work areas between procedures even though a small amount of space could be saved. such overlap is considered a source of program errors and decreases the information left behind after a system crash of any kind.

k

the names of these locations are labels with five letter (a-y,\$) names. as far as possible the order is kept alphabetical by these names but in some cases there are slight departures caused by other order requirements.

*

unless otherwise documented, the order of work areas does not affect the execution of the spitbol program.

*

start of working storage section

 \mathbf{sec}

```
this area is not cleared by initial code
        dac b$scl
cmlab
                                                       string used to check label legality
        dac b$scl
                                                       string used to check label legality
        dtc b$scl
                                                       string used to check label legality
            label to mark start of work area
w$aaa
        dac b$scl
            work areas for acess procedure
        dac 0
                                                       trim indicator
actrm
            work areas for alloc procedure
aldyn
        dac 0
                                                       amount of dynamic store
allia
        \operatorname{dic}
              +0
                                                       dump ia
allsv
        dac 0
                                                       save wb in alloc
            work areas for alost procedure
alsta
        dac 0
                                                       save wa in alost
            work areas for array function (s$arr)
                                                       count dimensions
        dac 0
arcdm
        \operatorname{dic}
             +0
                                                       count elements
arnel
                                                       offset ptr into arblk
arptr
        dac 0
arsvl
        \operatorname{dic}
             +0
                                                       save integer low bound
```

```
work areas for arref routine
            +0
        \operatorname{dic}
arfsi
                                                     save current evolving subscript
arfxs
        dac 0
                                                     save base stack pointer
            work areas for b$efc block routine
        dac 0
befof
                                                     save offset ptr into efblk
            work areas for b$pfc block routine
        dac 0
                                                     save pfblk pointer
bpfpf
bpfsv
        dac
                                                     save old function value
bpfxt
        dac
             0
                                                     pointer to stacked arguments
            work area for collect function (s$col)
clsvi
        dic
            +0
                                                     save integer argument
            work areas value for cncrd
        dac 0
                                                     pointer to control card string
cnscc
        dac 0
                                                     word count
cnswc
        dac 0
                                                     pointer to r$ttl or r$stl
cnr$t
            work areas for convert function (s$cnv)
cnvtp
        dac 0
                                                     save ptr into scvtb
            work areas for data function (s$dat)
        dac 0
datdv
                                                     save vrblk ptr for datatype name
datxs
        dac 0
                                                     save initial stack pointer
            work areas for define function (s$def)
deflb
        dac 0
                                                     save vrblk ptr for label
defna
        dac 0
                                                     count function arguments
        dac 0
defvr
                                                     save vrblk ptr for function name
defxs
        dac 0
                                                     save initial stack pointer
            work areas for dumpr procedure
        dac 0
                                                     dump argument
dmarg
        \mathbf{dac}
                                                     preserve wa over prtvl call
dmpsa
if .ccmk
dmpsb
        dac 0
                                                     preserve wb over syscm call
fi
```

```
dmpsv
         dac 0
                                                            general scratch save
\mathtt{dmvch}
         \mathbf{dac}
               0
                                                           chain pointer for variable blocks
                                                           save sorted vrblk chain pointer
{\tt dmpch}
         dac
dmpkb
         \mathbf{dac}
                                                           dummy kvblk for use in dumpr
               0
dmpkt
         dac
               0
                                                           kvvar trblk ptr (must follow dmpkb)
dmpkn
         dac 0
                                                           keyword number (must follow dmpkt)
             work area for dtach
{\tt dtcnb}
         dac 0
                                                           name base
         dac 0
dtcnm
                                                           name ptr
             work areas for dupl function (s$dup)
dupsi
         \operatorname{\mathbf{dic}}
               +0
                                                           store integer string length
             work area for endfile (s$enf)
         dac 0
                                                           for iochn chain head
\verb"enfch"
```

```
work areas for ertex
ertwa
        dac 0
                                                         save wa
ertwb
        dac 0
                                                         save wb
             work areas for evali
                                                         dummy pattern block pcode
evlin
        dac 0
evlis
        dac
              0
                                                         then node (must follow evlin)
        dac 0
evliv
                                                         value of parm1 (must follow evlis)
        dac 0
                                                         ptr to original node
evlio
        dac 0
evlif
                                                         flag for simple/complex argument
             work area for expan
        dac 0
                                                         save op dope vector pointer
expsv
             work areas for gbcol procedure
        dac 0
                                                         garbage collector active flag
gbcfl
gbclm
        dac
              0
                                                         pointer to last move block (pass 3)
gbcnm
        \mathbf{dac}
              0
                                                         dummy first move block
gbcns
        \mathbf{dac}
              0
                                                         rest of dummy block (follows gbcnm)
if.\mathbf{csed}
  if.\mathbf{cepp}
  else
        dac 0
                                                         bias when marking entry point
gbcmk
  fi
        \operatorname{dic}
               +0
gbcia
                                                         dump ia
gbcsd
        dac
              0
                                                         first address beyond sediment
        dac
              0
                                                         free space within sediment
gbcsf
gbsva
        dac
                                                         save wa
        dac
              0
gbsvb
                                                         save wb
gbsvc
        dac 0
                                                         save wc
             work areas for gtnvr procedure
        dac 0
                                                         ptr to end of hash chain
gnvhe
        \mathbf{dac}
gnvnw
              0
                                                         number of words in string name
        dac
                                                         save wa
gnvsa
        \mathbf{dac}
              0
                                                         save wb
gnvsb
        \mathbf{dac}
              0
                                                         pointer into vsrch table
gnvsp
gnvst
        \mathbf{dac}
              0
                                                         pointer to chars of string
             work areas for gtarr
gtawa
        dac 0
                                                         save wa
```

```
*
             work areas for gtnum procedure
         dac 0
gtnnf
                                                           zero/nonzero for result +/-
gtnsi
         \operatorname{\mathbf{dic}}
               +0
                                                           general integer save
if .cnra
else
         \mathbf{dac}
               0
                                                           0/1 for dec point so far no/yes
gtndf
         dac
                                                           zero/nonzero exponent +/-
gtnes
         \operatorname{dic}
               +0
                                                           real exponent
gtnex
                                                           scale (places after point)
gtnsc
         dac 0
gtnsr
         \operatorname{drc}
              +0.0
                                                           general real save
         dac 0
                                                           flag for ok real number
{\tt gtnrd}
fi
    *
             work areas for gtpat procedure
gtpsb
         dac 0
                                                          save wb
             work areas for gtstg procedure
                                                           0/1 for result +/-
gtssf
         dac 0
         dac
                                                           save wc
gtsvc
gtsvb
         \mathbf{dac}
                                                          save wb
if .cnra
else
  if .cncr
  else
gtses
         dac 0
                                                           char + or - for exponent +/-
gtsrs
         drc +0.0
                                                           general real save
  fi
fi
             work areas for gtvar procedure
gtvrc
         dac 0
                                                           save wc
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
             work areas for insbf
         dac 0
                                                           entry wa + entry wb
insab
insln
         dac 0
                                                           length of insertion string
         dac
              0
inssa
                                                           save entry wa
         dac 0
                                                          save entry wb
inssb
         dac 0
inssc
                                                           save entry wc
fi
```

```
work areas for ioput
       dac 0
ioptt
                                                   type of association
if .cnld
else
           work areas for load function
                                                   pointer to vrblk for func name
lodfn
        dac 0
lodna
        dac 0
                                                   count number of arguments
fi
if.cnpf
else
           work area for profiler
        dac 0
pfsvw
                                                   to save a w-reg
fi
           work areas for prtnm procedure
        dic
            +0
                                                   scratch integer loc
prnsi
           work areas for prtsn procedure
prsna
        dac 0
                                                   save wa
           work areas for prtst procedure
        dac 0
prsva
                                                   save wa
prsvb
        dac 0
                                                   save wb
prsvc
        dac 0
                                                   save char counter
           work area for prtnl
prtsa
        dac 0
                                                   save wa
        dac 0
                                                   save wb
prtsb
           work area for prtvl
prvsi
        dac 0
                                                   save idval
           work areas for pattern match routines
        dac 0
                                                   temporary save for current node ptr
psave
psavc
        dac 0
                                                   save cursor in p$spn, p$str
if.crel
```

```
work area for relaj routine
       dac 0
                                                     ptr to list of bounds and adjusts
rlals
            work area for reldn routine
rldcd
        dac 0
                                                     save code adjustment
rldst
        dac 0
                                                     save static adjustment
        dac 0
rldls
                                                     save list pointer
fi
            work areas for retrn routine
        dac 0
                                                     to save a block pointer
rtnbp
rtnfv
        dac 0
                                                     new function value (result)
rtnsv
        dac 0
                                                     old function value (saved value)
            work areas for substr function (s$sub)
        dac 0
                                                     save third argument
sbssv
            work areas for scan procedure
        dac 0
scnsa
                                                     save wa
        \mathbf{dac}
                                                     save wb
scnsb
        dac 0
                                                     save wc
scnsc
        dac 0
                                                     save offset
scnof
if.\mathbf{cnsr}
else
```

```
work area used by sorta, sortc, sortf, sorth
\operatorname{srtdf}
        dac 0
                                                      datatype field name
        \mathbf{dac}
             0
                                                      found dfblk address
srtfd
        dac 0
                                                      found field name
srtff
        dac 0
                                                      offset to field name
srtfo
        dac 0
                                                      number of rows
srtnr
        dac 0
                                                      offset within row to sort key
srtof
                                                      root offset
        dac 0
srtrt
                                                      save offset 1
        dac 0
srts1
        dac 0
                                                      save offset 2
srts2
srtsc
        dac 0
                                                      save wc
        dac 0
                                                      sort array first row offset
srtsf
        dac 0
srtsn
                                                      save n
        dac 0
                                                      offset to a(0)
srtso
srtsr
        dac 0
                                                      0, non-zero for sort, rsort
srtst
        dac
             0
                                                      stride from one row to next
        dac 0
srtwc
                                                      dump wc
fi
            work areas for stopr routine
        dic
              +0
                                                      save value of stcount
stpsi
        dic
              +0
                                                      save time elapsed
stpti
            work areas for tfind procedure
tfnsi
        dic
             +0
                                                      number of headers
            work areas for xscan procedure
                                                      save return code
xscrt
        dac 0
xscwb
        dac 0
                                                      save register wb
            start of global values in working section
g$aaa
        dac 0
            global value for alloc procedure
alfsf
        dic
              +0
                                                      factor in free store pentage check
            global values for cmpil procedure
        dac 0
                                                      count of initial compile errors
cmerc
cmpln
        dac
             0
                                                      line number of first line of stmt
        dac 0
                                                      save stack ptr in case of errors
cmpxs
cmpsn
        \mathbf{dac}
                                                      number of next statement to compile
```

```
global values for cncrd
if.cinc
cnsil
        dac 0
                                                      save scnil during include process.
                                                      current include file nest level
cnind
        dac
        dac 0
cnspt
                                                      save scrpt during include process.
fi
        dac 0
                                                      flag for -title, -stitl
cnttl
            global flag for suppression of compilation statistics.
cpsts
        dac 0
                                                      suppress comp. stats if non zero
            global values for control card switches
        dac 0
                                                      0/1 for -single/-double
cswdb
        \mathbf{dac}
             0
                                                      0/1 for -errors/-noerrors
cswer
        dac
cswex
                                                      0/1 for -execute/-noexecute
        dac 1
                                                      0/1 for -nofail/-fail
cswfl
cswin
        dac iniln
                                                      xxx for -inxxx
                                                      0/1 for -nolist/-list
        dac 1
cswls
        dac 0
                                                      0/1 for -optimise/-noopt
cswno
        dac 0
                                                      0/1 for -noprint/-print
cswpr
            global location used by patst procedure
ctmsk
        dbc 0
                                                      last bit position used in r$ctp
                                                      current id value
        dac 0
curid
```

```
global value for cdwrd procedure
        dac 0
                                                        next word offset in current ccblk
cwcof
if.\mathbf{csed}
            global locations for dynamic storage pointers
                                                        size of sediment in baus
dnams
        dac 0
fi
             global area for error processing.
erich
        dac 0
                                                        copy error reports to int.chan if 1
erlst
        dac
                                                        for listr when errors go to int.ch.
errft
        dac 0
                                                        fatal error flag
        dac 0
                                                        error suppression flag
errsp
            global flag for suppression of execution stats
        dac 0
                                                        suppress exec stats if set
exsts
            global values for exfal and return
                                                        location of fail offset for return
flprt
        dac 0
flptr
        dac 0
                                                        location of failure offset on stack
            global location to count garbage collections (gbcol)
if.\mathbf{csed}
        \operatorname{\mathbf{dic}}
                                                        factor in sediment pentage check
gbsed
              +0
fi
gbcnt
        dac 0
                                                        count of garbage collections
            global value for gtcod and gtexp
gtcef
        dac 0
                                                        save fail ptr in case of error
             global locations for gtstg procedure
if .cnra
else
  if.\mathbf{cncr}
  else
                                                        rounding factor 0.5*10**-cfp$s
gtsrn
        drc +0.0
                                                        scaling value 10**cfp$s
gtssc
        drc +0.0
  fi
fi
```

```
global values for keyword values which are stored as one
             word integers. these values must be assembled in the
             following order (as dictated by k$xxx definition values).
kvabe
         dac
                                                          abend
         dac 0
                                                          anchor
kvanc
if .culc
         dac
              0
kvcas
                                                          case
fi
kvcod
         dac 0
                                                          code
if .ccmk
kvcom
         dac
                                                          compare
               0
kvdmp
         dac
                                                          dump
               0
                                                          \operatorname{errlimit}
kverl
         dac
kvert
         dac
               0
                                                          errtype
kvftr
         dac
               0
                                                          ftrace
kvfls
         dac
                                                          fullscan
         dac
kvinp
               1
                                                          input
         dac
               5000
                                                          maxlength
kvmxl
kvoup
         \mathbf{dac}
               1
                                                          output
if .cnpf
else
kvpfl
         dac
                                                          profile
fi
kvtra
         dac
               0
                                                          trace
kvtrm
         \mathbf{dac}
               0
                                                          _{\rm trim}
         dac
               0
                                                          fnclevel
kvfnc
kvlst
         dac
                                                          lastno
if.csln
kvlln
         \mathbf{dac}
              0
                                                          lastline
kvlin
         dac
               0
                                                          line
fi
kvstn
         dac 0
                                                          stno
    *
             global values for other keywords
               0
kvalp
         \mathbf{dac}
                                                          alphabet
kvrtn
         \mathbf{dac}
              nulls
                                                          rtntype (scblk pointer)
if.cs16
         \operatorname{\mathbf{dic}}
               +32767
kvstl
                                                          stlimit
kvstc
         dic
               +32767
                                                          stcount (counts down from stlimit)
else
  if.cs32
kvstl
         dic
                                                          stlimit
               +2147483647
kvstc
         dic
               +2147483647
                                                          stcount (counts down from stlimit)
  else
kvstl
         dic
               +50000
                                                          stlimit
               +50000
                                                          stcount (counts down from stlimit)
kvstc
         dic
```

```
fi
fi
              global values for listr procedure
if.cinc
lstid
         dac 0
                                                             include depth of current image
fi
lstlc
                0
         \mathbf{dac}
                                                             count lines on source list page
lstnp
         \mathbf{dac}
                0
                                                             max number of lines on page
lstpf
         \mathbf{dac}
                1
                                                             set nonzero if current image listed
lstpg
         dac
               0
                                                             current source list page number
         \mathbf{dac}
               0
                                                             offset to page nnn message
lstpo
lstsn
         dac 0
                                                             remember last stmnum listed
              global maximum size of spitbol objects
         dac 0
                                                             initialised by sysmx call
mxlen
              global execution control variable
noxeq
         dac 0
                                                             set non-zero to inhibit execution
if.\mathbf{cnpf}
else
              global profiler values locations
pfdmp
         dac
                0
                                                             set non-0 if &profile set non-0
                0
                                                             set non-0 if funct just entered
pffnc
         \mathbf{dac}
         \operatorname{\mathbf{dic}}
                +0
                                                             to store starting time of stmt
pfstm
pfetm
         dic
                +0
                                                             to store ending time of stmt
                                                             nr of table entries
pfnte
         dac 0
         \operatorname{\mathbf{dic}}
                                                             gets int rep of table entry size
pfste
                +0
fi
```

```
global values used in pattern match routines
pmdfl
        dac 0
                                                       pattern assignment flag
pmhbs
        \mathbf{dac}
                                                       history stack base pointer
pmssl
        dac 0
                                                       length of subject string in chars
if .cpol
            global values for interface polling (syspl)
polcs
        dac 1
                                                       poll interval start value
polct
        dac 1
                                                       poll interval counter
fi
            global flags used for standard file listing options
        dac 0
                                                       printer on interactive channel
prich
prstd
        dac 0
                                                       tested by prtpg
        dac 0
                                                       standard listing option flag
prsto
    *
            global values for print procedures
prbuf
        dac 0
                                                       ptr to print bfr in static
        \mathbf{dac}
              0
                                                       extended/compact listing flag
precl
        dac 0
                                                       length of print buffer in chars
prlen
prlnw
        dac
             0
                                                       length of print buffer in words
        \mathbf{dac}
              0
                                                       offset to next location in prbuf
profs
prtef
        dac 0
                                                       endfile flag
```

```
*
           global area for readr
       dac 0
                                                   current statement line number
rdcln
rdnln
       dac 0
                                                   next statement line number
           global amount of memory reserved for end of execution
rsmem
       dac 0
                                                   reserve memory
           global area for stmgo counters
       dac 1
                                                   counter startup value
stmcs
       dac 1
                                                   counter active value
stmct
           adjustable global values
           all the pointers in this section can point to the
           dynamic or the static region.
           when a save file is reloaded, these pointers must
           be adjusted if static or dynamic memory is now
           at a different address. see routine reloc for
           additional information.
           some values cannot be move here because of adjacency
           constraints. they are handled specially by reloc et al.
           these values are kvrtn,
           values gtswk, kvalp, and prbuf are reinitialized by
           procedure insta, and do not need to appear here.
           values flprt, flptr, gtcef, and stbas point into the
           stack and are explicitly adjusted by osint's restart
           procedure.
       dac 0
a$aaa
                                                   start of adjustable values
       dac 0
                                                   save subroutine stack ptr
cmpss
dnamb
       dac 0
                                                   start of dynamic area
                                                   next available loc in dynamic area
dnamp
       dac 0
dname
       dac 0
                                                   end of available dynamic area
hshtb
       dac 0
                                                   pointer to start of vrblk hash tabl
hshte
       dac 0
                                                   pointer past end of vrblk hash tabl
iniss
       dac 0
                                                   save subroutine stack ptr
       dac 0
                                                   gets adrs of (imag) table base
pftbl
prnmv
       dac 0
                                                   vrblk ptr from last name search
       dac 0
                                                   start of static area
statb
       dac 0
                                                   end of static area
state
       dac nulls
                                                   vrblk pointer or null
stxvr
           relocatable global values
```

```
all the pointers in this section can point to blocks in
    *
             the dynamic storage area and must be relocated by the
            garbage collector. they are identified by r$xxx names.
r$aaa
        dac
                                                        start of relocatable values
              0
                                                        array block pointer for arref
r$arf
        dac
r$ccb
        dac
              0
                                                        ptr to ccblk being built (cdwrd)
r$cim
        dac
              0
                                                        ptr to current compiler input str
        dac
              0
                                                        copy of r$cim used in cmpil
r$cmp
r$cni
        \mathbf{dac}
              0
                                                        ptr to next compiler input string
r$cnt
        dac 0
                                                        cdblk pointer for setexit continue
r$cod
        dac
              0
                                                        pointer to current cdblk or exblk
        dac 0
r$ctp
                                                        ptr to current ctblk for patst
r$cts
        dac
             0
                                                        ptr to last string scanned by patst
              0
r$ert
        dac
                                                        trblk pointer for errtype trace
r$etx
        dac nulls
                                                        pointer to errtext string
r$exs
        dac
              0
                                                        = save xl in expdm
                                                        fcblk chain head
r$fcb
        dac
              0
r$fnc
        dac
              0
                                                        trblk pointer for fnclevel trace
        \mathbf{dac}
             0
                                                        keep code ptr for gtcod,gtexp
r$gtc
if .cinc
r$ici
        dac 0
                                                        saved r$cim during include process.
  if.csfn
r$ifa
        dac 0
                                                        array of file names by incl. depth
r$ifl
        dac
                                                        array of line nums by include depth
  fi
r$ifn
        \mathbf{dac}
              0
                                                        last include file name
r$inc
        dac
                                                        table of include file names seen
fi
r$io1
        dac
              0
                                                        file arg1 for ioput
r$io2
        dac
              0
                                                        file arg2 for ioput
r$iof
        dac 0
                                                        fcblk ptr or 0
r$ion
        dac 0
                                                        name base ptr
r$iop
        \mathbf{dac}
              0
                                                        predecessor block ptr for ioput
        dac 0
r$iot
                                                        trblk ptr for ioput
if .cnbf
else
r$pmb
        dac 0
                                                        buffer ptr in pattern match
fi
              0
r$pms
        dac
                                                        subject string ptr in pattern match
r$ra2
        dac
              0
                                                        replace second argument last time
        dac 0
                                                        replace third argument last time
r$ra3
r$rpt
        \mathbf{dac}
              0
                                                        ptr to ctblk replace table last usd
r$scp
        dac 0
                                                        save pointer from last scane call
if .csfn
r$sfc
        dac nulls
                                                        current source file name
r$sfn
        dac
                                                        ptr to source file name table
fi
r$sxl
        dac 0
                                                        preserve xl in sortc
r$sxr
        dac 0
                                                        preserve xr in sorta/sortc
        dac 0
r$stc
                                                        trblk pointer for stcount trace
```

r\$st1 dac 0
r\$sxc dac 0
r\$tt1 dac nulls
r\$xsc dac 0

source listing sub-title code (cdblk) ptr for setexit trap source listing title string pointer for xscan

```
the remaining pointers in this list are used to point
            to function blocks for normally undefined operators.
r$uba
        dac stndo
                                                    binary at
r$ubm
        dac stndo
                                                    binary ampersand
r$ubn
        dac stndo
                                                    binary number sign
r$ubp
        dac stndo
                                                    binary percent
r$ubt
        {
m dac} stndo
                                                    binary not
r$uub
        {
m dac} stndo
                                                    unary vertical bar
r$uue
        dac stndo
                                                    unary equal
r$uun
        dac stndo
                                                    unary number sign
        dac stndo
r$uup
                                                    unary percent
        dac stndo
r$uus
                                                    unary slash
r$uux
        dac stndo
                                                    unary exclamation
        dac 0
                                                    last relocatable location
r$yyy
            global locations used in scan procedure
        dac 0
                                                    set non-zero if scanned past blanks
scnbl
        dac 0
                                                    non-zero to scan control card name
scncc
        dac
             0
                                                    set non-zero to scan goto field
scngo
scnil
        dac 0
                                                    length of current input image
scnpt
        dac 0
                                                    pointer to next location in r$cim
        dac 0
                                                    set non-zero to signal rescan
scnrs
scnse
        dac 0
                                                    start of current element
        dac 0
                                                    save syntax type from last call
scntp
            global value for indicating stage (see error section)
stage
        dac 0
                                                    initial value = initial compile
```

```
global stack pointer
stbas
      \mathbf{dac} 0
                                                    pointer past stack base
            global values for setexit function (s$stx)
        dac 0
                                                    code pointer offset
stxoc
stxof
        dac 0
                                                    failure offset
            global value for time keeping
                                                    time at start of execution
timsx
        dic +0
timup
        dac 0
                                                    set when time up occurs
            global values for xscan and xscni procedures
        dac 0
                                                    offset to current location in r$xsc
xsofs
            label to mark end of working section
w$yyy
      \mathbf{dac} 0
```

 $\mathbf{spitbol}$ – $\mathbf{minimal}$ code

s\$aaa ent bl\$\$i
if .crel

start of program section mark start of code

spitbol - relocation

```
relocation
           the following section provides services to osint to
           relocate portions of the workspace. it is used when
           a saved memory image must be restarted at a different
           location.
           relaj -- relocate a list of pointers
            (wa)
                                   ptr past last pointer of list
            (wb)
                                   ptr to first pointer of list
            (x1)
                                   list of boundaries and adjustments
            jsr relaj
                                   call to process list of pointers
            (wb)
                                   destroyed
relaj
       prc e,0
                                                   entry point
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                   save xr
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                   save wa
        mov xl,rlals
                                                   save ptr to list of bounds
        mov wb,xr
                                                   ptr to first pointer to process
           merge here to check if done
rlaj0
       mov rlals,xl
                                                   restore xl
        bne xr,(xs),rlaj1
                                                   proceed if more to do
        mov (xs)+,wa
                                                   restore wa
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                   restore xr
        exi
                                                   return to caller
           merge here to process next pointer on list
                                                   load next pointer on list
rlaj1
        mov (xr), wa
        \mathbf{lct}
            wb,=rnsi$
                                                   number of sections of adjusters
           merge here to process next section of stack list
                                                   ok if past end of section
rlaj2
       bgt wa,rlend(x1),rlaj3
        blt wa,rlstr(x1),rlaj3
                                                   or if before start of section
        add rladj(xl),wa
                                                   within section, add adjustment
        mov wa, (xr)
                                                   return updated ptr to memory
        brn rlaj4
                                                   done with this pointer
           here if not within section
       add *rssi$,xl
                                                   advance to next section
rlaj3
        bct wb,rlaj2
                                                   jump if more to go
```

* here when finished processing one pointer

* rlaj4 ica xr increment to next ptr on list brn rlaj0 jump to check for completion end procedure relaj

```
relcr -- create relocation info after save file reload
            (wa)
                                   original s$aaa code section adr
            (wb)
                                   original c$aaa constant section adr
            (wc)
                                   original g$aaa working section adr
            (xr)
                                   ptr to start of static region
            (cp)
                                   ptr to start of dynamic region
            (x1)
                                   ptr to area to receive information
            jsr relcr
                                   create relocation information
            (wa,wb,wc,xr)
                                   destroyed
           a block of information is built at (x1) that is used
            in relocating pointers. there are rnsi$ instances
           of a rssi$ word structure. each instance corresponds
            to one of the regions that a pointer might point into.
           the layout of this structure is shown in the definitions
            section, together with symbolic definitions of the
            entries as offsets from xl.
                                                   entry point
relcr
       prc e,0
        add *rlsi$,xl
                                                   point past build area
        mov wa, -(x1)
                                                   save original code address
                                                   compute adjustment
        mov =s$aaa,wa
        sub (x1), wa
                                                   as new s$aaa minus original s$aaa
        mov wa,-(x1)
                                                   save code adjustment
                                                   end of target code section
        mov =s$yyy,wa
        sub =s$aaa,wa
                                                   length of code section
        add num01(x1),wa
                                                   plus original start address
        mov wa,-(x1)
                                                   end of original code section
                                                   save constant section address
        mov wb,-(xl)
        mov =c$aaa,wb
                                                   start of constants section
        mov =c$yyy,wa
                                                   end of constants section
        sub wb.wa
                                                   length of constants section
                                                   new c$aaa minus original c$aaa
        sub (x1),wb
        mov wb, -(x1)
                                                   save constant adjustment
        add num01(x1),wa
                                                   length plus original start adr
        mov wa,-(x1)
                                                   save as end of original constants
        mov wc, -(x1)
                                                   save working globals address
        mov =g$aaa,wc
                                                   start of working globals section
        mov =w$yyy,wa
                                                   end of working section
        sub wc,wa
                                                   length of working globals
                                                   new g$aaa minus original g$aaa
        sub (x1),wc
        mov wc, -(x1)
                                                   save working globals adjustment
        add num01(x1),wa
                                                   length plus original start adr
        mov wa,-(x1)
                                                   save as end of working globals
        mov statb, wb
                                                   old start of static region
        mov wb,-(xl)
                                                   compute adjustment
        sub wb,xr
                                                   save new statb minus old statb
        mov xr, -(x1)
        mov state, -(x1)
                                                   old end of static region
        mov dnamb, wb
                                                   old start of dynamic region
        mov wb, -(x1)
                                                   save
```

\mathbf{scp}	wa
\mathbf{sub}	wb,wa
\mathbf{mov}	wa,-(xl)
\mathbf{mov}	dnamp,wc
\mathbf{mov}	wc,-(xl)
exi	wc,-(xl)
\mathbf{enp}	wc,-(xl)

new start of dynamic compute adjustment save new dnamb minus old dnamb old end of dynamic region in use save as end of old dynamic region save as end of old dynamic region save as end of old dynamic region

```
reldn -- relocate pointers in the dynamic region
           (x1)
                                 list of boundaries and adjustments
           (xr)
                                 ptr to first location to process
           (wc)
                                 ptr past last location to process
           jsr reldn
                                 call to process blocks in dynamic
           (wa,wb,wc,xr)
                                 destroyed
           processes all blocks in the dynamic region. within a
           block, pointers to the code section, constant section,
           working globals section, static region, and dynamic
           region are relocated as needed.
reldn prc e,0
                                                 entry point
       mov rlcda(xl),rldcd
                                                 save code adjustment
                                                 save static adjustment
       mov rlsta(xl),rldst
       mov xl,rldls
                                                 save list pointer
           merge here to process the next block in dynamic
rld01
       add rldcd,(xr)
                                                 adjust block type word
                                                 load block type word
       mov (xr),xl
                                                 load entry point id (bl$xx)
       lei
            xl
           block type switch. note that blocks with no relocatable
           fields just return to rld05 to continue to next block.
           note that dfblks do not appear in dynamic, only in static.
           ccblks and cmblks are not live when a save file is
           created, and can be skipped.
           further note: static blocks other than vrblks discovered
           while scanning dynamic must be adjusted at this time.
           see processing of ffblk for example.
```

```
*
            reldn (continued)
        bsw x1,b1$$
                                                       switch on block type
        iff
              bl$ar,rld03
                                                       arblk
  if .cnbf
        iff
                                                       bcblk - dummy to fill out iffs
              bl$bc,rld05
  else
        iff
              bl$bc,rld06
                                                       bcblk
  fi
        iff
                                                       bfblk
              bl$bf,rld05
        iff
              bl$cc,rld05
                                                       \operatorname{ccblk}
        iff
              bl$cd,rld07
                                                       cdblk
        iff
              bl$cm,rld05
                                                       cmblk
        iff
                                                       ctblk
              bl$ct,rld05
        iff
              bl$df,rld05
                                                       dfblk
        iff
              bl$ef,rld08
                                                       efblk
        iff
              bl$ev,rld09
                                                       evblk
        iff
              bl$ex,rld10
                                                       exblk
        iff
                                                       ffblk
              bl$ff,rld11
        iff
              bl$ic,rld05
                                                       icblk
                                                       kvblk
        iff
              bl$kv,rld13
        iff
              bl$nm,rld13
                                                       nmblk
        iff
              bl$p0,rld13
                                                       p0blk
        iff
              bl$p1,rld14
                                                       p1blk
        iff
              bl$p2,rld14
                                                       p2blk
        iff
                                                       pdblk
              bl$pd,rld15
        iff
              bl$pf,rld16
                                                       pfblk
  if .cnra
  else
        iff
              bl$rc,rld05
                                                       rcblk
  fi
        iff
                                                       scblk
              bl$sc,rld05
        iff
              bl$se,rld13
                                                       seblk
        iff
                                                       tbblk
              bl$tb,rld17
        iff
              bl$te,rld18
                                                       teblk
        iff
                                                       trblk
              bl$tr,rld19
        iff
              bl$vc,rld17
                                                       vcblk
        iff
              bl$xn,rld05
                                                       xnblk
        iff
              bl$xr,rld20
                                                       xrblk
        esw
                                                       end of jump table
            arblk
rld03
        mov arlen(xr),wa
                                                       load length
        mov arofs(xr),wb
                                                       set offset to 1st reloc fld (arpro)
            merge here to process pointers in a block
             (xr)
                                      ptr to current block
             (wc)
                                      ptr past last location to process
```

```
* (wa) length (reloc flds + flds at start)

* (wb) offset to first reloc field

* rld04 add xr,wa point past last reloc field
add xr,wb point to first reloc field
mov rldls,xl point to list of bounds
jsr relaj adjust pointers
```

```
reldn (continued)
            merge here to advance to next block
            (xr)
                                    ptr to current block
            (wc)
                                    ptr past last location to process
rld05
       mov (xr),wa
                                                    block type word
                                                    get length of block
        jsr
             blkln
        add wa,xr
                                                    point to next block
             xr,wc,rld01
                                                    continue if more to process
        mov rldls,xl
                                                    restore xl
        exi
                                                    return to caller if done
  if.\mathbf{cnbf}
  else
            bcblk
       mov *bcsi$,wa
rld06
                                                    set length
                                                    and offset
        mov *bcbuf,wb
        brn rld04
                                                    all set
  fi
            cdblk
rld07
       mov cdlen(xr),wa
                                                    load length
        mov *cdfal,wb
                                                    set offset
        bne (xr),=b$cdc,rld04
                                                    jump back if not complex goto
        mov *cdcod,wb
                                                    do not process cdfal word
        brn rld04
                                                    jump back
            efblk
            if the efcod word points to an xnblk, the xnblk type
            word will not be adjusted. since this is implementation
            dependent, we will not worry about it.
rld08
        {\operatorname{mov}} *efrsl,wa
                                                    set length
        mov *efcod,wb
                                                    and offset
        brn rld04
                                                    all set
            evblk
rld09
        mov *offs3,wa
                                                    point past third field
        mov *evexp,wb
                                                    set offset
                                                    all set
        brn rld04
            exblk
```

*

rld10 mov exlen(xr),wa
 mov *exflc,wb
 brn rld04

load length set offset jump back

```
reldn (continued)
           ffblk
           this block contains a ptr to a dfblk in the static rgn.
           because there are multiple ffblks pointing to the same
           dfblk (one for each field name), we only process the
           dfblk when we encounter the ffblk for the first field.
           the dfblk in turn contains a pointer to an scblk within
           static.
       bne ffofs(xr),*pdfld,rld12
rld11
                                                   skip dfblk if not first field
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                   save xr
        mov ffdfp(xr),xr
                                                   load old ptr to dfblk
        add rldst,xr
                                                   current location of dfblk
                                                   adjust dfblk type word
        add rldcd,(xr)
        mov dflen(xr),wa
                                                   length of dfblk
        mov *dfnam, wb
                                                   offset to dfnam field
        add xr,wa
                                                   point past last reloc field
        add xr,wb
                                                   point to first reloc field
        mov rldls,xl
                                                   point to list of bounds
        jsr
            relaj
                                                   adjust pointers
        mov dfnam(xr),xr
                                                   pointer to static scblk
        add rldcd,(xr)
                                                   adjust scblk type word
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                   restore ffblk pointer
           ffblk (continued)
           merge here to set up for adjustment of ptrs in ffblk
                                                   set length
rld12
       mov *ffofs,wa
        mov *ffdfp,wb
                                                   set offset
        brn rld04
                                                   all set
           kvblk, nmblk, p0blk, seblk
rld13
       mov *offs2,wa
                                                   point past second field
        mov *offs1,wb
                                                   offset is one (only reloc fld is 2)
        brn rld04
                                                   all set
           p1blk, p2blk
           in p2blks, parm2 contains either a bit mask or the
           name offset of a variable. it never requires relocation.
                                                   length (parm2 is non-relocatable)
rld14
       mov *parm2, wa
        mov *pthen,wb
                                                   set offset
        brn rld04
                                                   all set
```

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```
pdblk
           note that the dfblk pointed to by this pdblk was
           processed when the ffblk was encountered. because
           the data function will be called before any records are
           defined, the ffblk is encountered before any
           corresponding pdblk.
rld15 mov pddfp(xr),xl
                                                   load ptr to dfblk
       add rldst,xl
                                                   adjust for static relocation
       mov dfpdl(x1),wa
                                                   get pdblk length
                                                   set offset
       \operatorname{mov} *pddfp,wb
        brn rld04
                                                   all set
```

```
reldn (continued)
            pfblk
        add rldst,pfvbl(xr)
                                                     adjust non-contiguous field
rld16
        mov pflen(xr),wa
                                                     get pfblk length
                                                     offset to first reloc
        \mathbf{mov} \ *\mathtt{pfcod}, \mathtt{wb}
        brn rld04
                                                     all set
            tbblk, vcblk
                                                     load length
rld17
        mov offs2(xr),wa
        mov *offs3,wb
                                                     set offset
        brn rld04
                                                     jump back
            teblk
rld18
        mov *tesi$,wa
                                                     set length
        mov *tesub,wb
                                                     and offset
        brn rld04
                                                     all set
            trblk
rld19 mov *trsi$,wa
                                                     set length
                                                     and offset
        mov *trval,wb
        brn rld04
                                                     all set
            xrblk
rld20 mov xrlen(xr),wa
                                                     load length
        mov *xrptr,wb
                                                     set offset
        brn rld04
                                                     jump back
                                                     end procedure reldn
        enp
```

```
reloc -- relocate storage after save file reload
            (x1)
                                     list of boundaries and adjustments
            jsr reloc
                                     relocate all pointers
            (wa,wb,wc,xr)
                                     destroyed
            the list of boundaries and adjustments pointed to by
            register xl is created by a call to relcr, which should
            be consulted for information on its structure.
                                                      entry point
reloc
        prc e,0
        mov rldys(x1),xr
                                                      old start of dynamic
        mov rldye(xl),wc
                                                      old end of dynamic
        add rldya(xl),xr
                                                      create new start of dynamic
        add rldya(xl),wc
                                                      create new end of dynamic
             reldn
                                                      relocate pointers in dynamic
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        jsr relws
                                                      relocate pointers in working sect
                                                      relocate pointers in static
             relst
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        exi
                                                      return to caller
                                                      end procedure reloc
        enp
```

```
relst -- relocate pointers in the static region
            (x1)
                                   list of boundaries and adjustments
            jsr relst
                                   call to process blocks in static
            (wa,wb,wc,xr)
                                   destroyed
           only vrblks on the hash chain and any profile block are
           processed. other static blocks (dfblks) are processed
            during processing of dynamic blocks.
           global work locations will be processed at this point,
           so pointers there can be relied upon.
relst
       prc e,0
                                                   entry point
        mov pftbl,xr
                                                   profile table
                                                   branch if no table allocated
        bze xr,rls01
                                                   adjust block type word
        add rlcda(xl),(xr)
           here after dealing with profiler
       mov hshtb,wc
                                                   point to start of hash table
rls01
        mov wc,wb
                                                   point to first hash bucket
        mov hshte, wa
                                                   point beyond hash table
                                                   adjust bucket pointers
        jsr
            relaj
           loop through slots in hash table
rls02
       beq wc,hshte,rls05
                                                   done if none left
        mov wc,xr
                                                   else copy slot pointer
        ica wc
                                                   bump slot pointer
                                                   set offset to merge into loop
        sub *vrnxt,xr
           loop through vrblks on one hash chain
rls03
       mov vrnxt(xr),xr
                                                   point to next vrblk on chain
        bze xr,rls02
                                                   jump for next bucket if chain end
        mov *vrlen,wa
                                                   offset of first loc past ptr fields
                                                   offset of first location in vrblk
        mov *vrget,wb
        bnz vrlen(xr),rls04
                                                   jump if not system variable
        mov *vrsi$,wa
                                                   offset to include vrsvp field
           merge here to process fields of vrblk
rls04
       add xr, wa
                                                   create end ptr
        add xr,wb
                                                   create start ptr
        jsr
            relaj
                                                   adjust pointers in vrblk
                                                   check for another vrblk on chain
        brn rls03
           here when all vrblks processed
```

rls05 exi enp return to caller end procedure relst

```
relws -- relocate pointers in the working section
           (x1)
                                  list of boundaries and adjustments
           jsr relws
                                  call to process working section
           (wa,wb,wc,xr)
                                  destroyed
           pointers between a$aaa and r$yyy are examined and
           adjusted if necessary. the pointer kvrtn is also
           adjusted although it lies outside this range.
           dname is explicitly adjusted because the limits
           on dynamic region in stack are to the area actively
           in use (between dnamb and dnamp), and dname is outside
           this range.
relws
       prc e,0
                                                  entry point
       mov =a$aaa,wb
                                                  point to start of adjustables
                                                  point to end of adjustables
       mov =r$yyy,wa
            relaj
                                                  relocate adjustable pointers
       add rldya(xl),dname
                                                  adjust ptr missed by relaj
       mov =kvrtn,wb
                                                  case of kvrtn
       mov wb,wa
                                                  handled specially
                                                  one value to adjust
       ica wa
                                                  adjust kvrtn
       jsr
             relaj
       exi
                                                  return to caller
       enp
                                                  end procedure relws
fi
```

spitbol – initialization

```
initialisation
            the following section receives control from the system
            at the start of a run with the registers set as follows.
            (wa)
                                     initial stack pointer
            (xr)
                                     points to first word of data area
            (x1)
                                     points to last word of data area
        prc e,0
                                                      entry point
start
        mov wa, xs
                                                      discard return
              systm
                                                      initialise timer
        jsr
if.\mathbf{cnbt}
        sti
              timsx
                                                      store time
                                                      start address of static
        mov xr, statb
else
    *
            initialise work area (essential for batched runs)
        mov xr,wb
                                                      preserve xr
                                                      point to end of work area
        mov =w$yyy,wa
                                                      get length of work area
        sub =w$aaa,wa
        btw wa
                                                      convert to words
        \mathbf{lct}
                                                      count for loop
             wa,wa
                                                      set up index register
        mov =w$aaa,xr
            clear work space
            (xr)+
                                                      clear a word
ini01
        zer
                                                      loop till done
        bct wa,ini01
        mov =stndo,wa
                                                      undefined operators pointer
        mov =r$yyy,wc
                                                      point to table end
        sub =r$uba,wc
                                                      length of undef. operators table
        \mathbf{btw} wc
                                                      convert to words
        \mathbf{lct}
                                                      loop counter
              WC,WC
        mov =r$uba,xr
                                                      set up xr
            set correct value into undefined operators table
ini02
        mov wa,(xr)+
                                                      store value
                                                     loop till all done
        bct wc,ini02
        mov =num01,wa
                                                      get a 1
  if .cpol
                                                      interface polling interval
        mov wa, polcs
        mov wa, polct
                                                      interface polling interval
  fi
```

\mathbf{mov}	wa,cmpsn	statement no
\mathbf{mov}	wa,cswfl	nofail
\mathbf{mov}	wa,cswls	list
\mathbf{mov}	wa,kvinp	input
\mathbf{mov}	wa,kvoup	output
\mathbf{mov}	wa,lstpf	nothing for listr yet
\mathbf{mov}	=iniln,wa	input image length
\mathbf{mov}	wa,cswin	-in72

```
mov =nulls,wa
                                                        get null string pointer
        mov wa, kvrtn
                                                        return
        mov wa,r$etx
                                                        errtext
                                                        title for listing
        mov wa,r$ttl
        mov wa, stxvr
                                                        setexit
               timsx
                                                        store time in correct place
        \mathbf{sti}
        ldi
              stlim
                                                        get default stlimit
        sti
               kvstl
                                                        statement limit
                                                        statement count
        sti
              kvstc
        mov wb, statb
                                                        store start adrs of static
fi
                                                        reserve memory
        mov *e$srs,rsmem
                                                        store stack base
        mov xs, stbas
               iniss
                                                        save s-r stack ptr
        SSS
            now convert free store percentage to a suitable factor
            for easy testing in alloc routine.
        ldi
               intvh
                                                        get 100
                                                        form 100 / alfsp
        dvi
              alfsp
        \mathbf{sti}
               alfsf
                                                        store the factor
if.\mathbf{csed}
    *
            now convert free sediment percentage to a suitable factor
            for easy testing in gbcol routine.
        ldi
               intvh
                                                        get 100
                                                        form 100 / gbsdp
        dvi
              gbsdp
                                                        store the factor
        \mathbf{sti}
               gbsed
fi
if .cnra
else
  if .cncr
  else
             initialize values for real conversion routine
                                                        load counter for significant digits
        lct
              wb,=cfp$s
        ldr
              reav1
                                                        load 1.0
             loop to compute 10**(max number significant digits)
                                                        * 10.0
ini03
        mlr reavt
        bct wb,ini03
                                                        loop till done
                                                        store 10**(max sig digits)
        \mathbf{str}
               gtssc
        ldr
                                                        load 0.5
              reap5
                                                        compute 0.5*10**(max sig digits)
        dvr gtssc
        \mathbf{str}
               gtsrn
                                                        store as rounding bias
  fi
```

fi

 $egin{array}{ll} \mathbf{zer} & \mathtt{wc} \\ \mathbf{jsr} & \mathtt{prpar} \end{array}$

set to read parameters read them $\,$

now compute starting address for dynamic store and if necessary request more memory. allow for reserve memory sub *e\$srs,xl mov prlen,wa get print buffer length add =cfp\$a,wa add no. of chars in alphabet add chars for gtstg bfr add =nstmx, wa ctb wa,8 convert to bytes, allowing a margin mov statb,xr point to static base add wa,xr increment for above buffers add *e\$hnb,xr increment for hash table add *e\$sts,xr bump for initial static block jsr sysmx get mxlen mov wa,kvmxl provisionally store as maxlngth mov wa, mxlen and as mxlen skip if static hi exceeds mxlen bgt xr,wa,ini06 round up and make bigger than mxlen ctb wa,1 mov wa,xr use it instead here to store values which mark initial division of data area into static and dynamic ini06 mov xr, dnamb dynamic base adrs mov xr, dnamp dynamic ptr skip if non-zero mxlen bnz wa,ini07 dca xr point a word in front

use as maxlngth and as mxlen

mov xr,kvmxl

mov xr, mxlen

```
loop here if necessary till enough memory obtained
            so that dname is above dnamb
ini07
        mov xl, dname
                                                      store dynamic end address
                                                      skip if high enough
              dnamb,xl,ini09
        blt
              sysmm
                                                      request more memory
        jsr
        wtb xr
                                                      get as baus (sgd05)
        add xr,xl
                                                      bump by amount obtained
        bnz xr,ini07
                                                      try again
if.cera
        mov =mxern,wa
                                                      insufficient memory for maxlength
        zer
              wb
                                                      no column number info
                                                      no line number info
        zer
              WC
        mov =stgic,xr
                                                      initial compile stage
  if .csfn
                                                      no file name
        mov =nulls,xl
  fi
                                                      advise of error
        jsr
            sysea
        ppm ini08
                                                      cant use error logic yet
        brn ini08
                                                      force termination
            insert text for error 329 in error message table
             329, requested maxlngth
                                                      too large
ini08
                                                      point to failure message
        mov =endmo,xr
                                                      message length
        mov endml, wa
                                                      print it (prtst not yet usable)
        jsr
              syspr
        ppm
                                                      should not fail
                                                      no fcb chain yet
        zer
             xl
        mov = num10, wb
                                                      set special code value
              sysej
                                                      pack up (stopr not yet usable)
        isr
            initialise structures at start of static region
ini09
        mov statb,xr
                                                      point to static again
                                                      initialize static
        isr
              insta
            initialize number of hash headers
        mov =e$hnb,wa
                                                      get number of hash headers
        mti wa
                                                      convert to integer
        \mathbf{sti}
             hshnb
                                                      store for use by gtnvr procedure
                                                      counter for clearing hash table
        \mathbf{lct}
             wa,wa
        mov xr, hshtb
                                                      pointer to hash table
            loop to clear hash table
                                                      blank a word
ini11
        \mathbf{zer}
            (xr)+
```

```
bct wa,ini11
                                                    loop
        mov xr, hshte
                                                    end of hash table adrs is kept
        mov xr, state
                                                    store static end address
if.csfn
            init table to map statement numbers to source file names
                                                    table will have only one bucket
        mov =num01,wc
        mov =nulls,xl
                                                    default table value
        mov xl,r$sfc
                                                    current source file name
            tmake
                                                    create table
        jsr
        mov xr,r$sfn
                                                    save ptr to table
fi
if.cinc
            initialize table to detect duplicate include file names
                                                    table will have only one bucket
        mov =num01,wc
        mov =nulls,xl
                                                    default table value
            tmake
        jsr
                                                    create table
        mov xr,r$inc
                                                    save ptr to table
  if.csfn
            initialize array to hold names of nested include files
        mov =ccinm,wa
                                                    maximum nesting level
        mov =nulls,xl
                                                    null string default value
            vmake
                                                    create array
        isr
        ppm vmake
                                                    create array
        mov xr,r$ifa
                                                    save ptr to array
            init array to hold line numbers of nested include files
                                                    maximum nesting level
        mov =ccinm,wa
        mov =inton,xl
                                                    integer one default value
        jsr
            vmake
                                                    create array
        ppm vmake
                                                    create array
        mov xr,r$ifl
                                                    save ptr to array
 fi
fi
            initialize variable blocks for input and output
        mov =v$inp,xl
                                                    point to string /input/
                                                    trblk type for input
        mov =trtin,wb
                                                    perform input association
        jsr
            inout
        mov =v$oup,xl
                                                    point to string /output/
        mov =trtou,wb
                                                    trblk type for output
        jsr
             inout
                                                    perform output association
```

mov initr,wc
bze wc,ini13
jsr prpar

terminal flag skip if no terminal associate terminal

```
check for expiry date
ini13
                                                                call date check
                sysdc
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
          mov xs,flptr
                                                                in case stack overflows in compiler
              now compile source input code
                                                                call compiler
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                 cmpil
          mov xr,r$cod
                                                                set ptr to first code block
          mov =nulls,r$ttl
                                                                forget title
          mov =nulls,r$stl
                                                                forget sub-title
          zer
                r$cim
                                                                forget compiler input image
                r$ccb
                                                                forget interim code block
          zer
if .cinc
                 cnind
                                                                in case end occurred with include
          zer
                lstid
                                                                listing include depth
          zer
fi
                                                                clear dud value
          zer
                xl
          zer
                wb
                                                                dont shift dynamic store up
if.\mathbf{csed}
                                                                collect sediment too
          zer
                 dnams
                                                                clear garbage left from compile
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                 gbcol
          mov xr, dnams
                                                                record new sediment size
else
                 gbcol
                                                                clear garbage left from compile
          jsr
fi
          bnz cpsts,inix0
                                                                skip if no listing of comp stats
          jsr
                                                                eject page
                 prtpg
              print compile statistics
                                                                print memory usage
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                 prtmm
          \mathbf{mti}
                cmerc
                                                                get count of errors as integer
                                                                point to /compile errors/
          mov =encm3,xr
          jsr
                                                                print it
                prtmi
                                                                garbage collection count
          \mathbf{mti}
                gbcnt
          \mathbf{sbi}
                intv1
                                                                adjust for unavoidable collect
          mov =stpm5,xr
                                                                point to /storage regenerations/
          jsr
                prtmi
                                                                print gbcol count
                                                                get time
          jsr
                systm
          \mathbf{sbi}
                timsx
                                                                get compilation time
          mov =encm4,xr
                                                                point to compilation time (msec)/
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                 prtmi
                                                                print message
          add =num05,1stlc
                                                                bump line count
if .cuej
          bze headp,inix0
                                                                no eject if nothing printed
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                prtpg
                                                                eject printer
fi
```

```
prepare now to start execution
             set default input record length
inix0
        bgt cswin,=iniln,inix1
                                                        skip if not default -in72 used
        mov =inils,cswin
                                                        else use default record length
            reset timer
inix1
        jsr
              systm
                                                        get time again
        sti
               timsx
                                                        store for end run processing
        zer
              gbcnt
                                                        initialise collect count
                                                        call before starting execution
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               sysbx
                                                        add -noexecute flag
        add cswex, noxeq
        bnz noxeq,inix2
                                                        jump if execution suppressed
if.\mathbf{cuej}
else
        \mathbf{bze}
             headp,iniy0
                                                        no eject if nothing printed (sgd11)
        jsr
                                                        eject printer
              prtpg
fi
            merge when listing file set for execution. also
            merge here when restarting a save file or load module.
iniy0
                                                        mark headers out regardless
        mnz headp
                                                        set failure location on stack
        zer
              -(xs)
        mov xs,flptr
                                                        save ptr to failure offset word
        mov r$cod,xr
                                                        load ptr to entry code block
        mov =stgxt,stage
                                                        set stage for execute time
if .cpol
        mov =num01,polcs
                                                        reset interface polling interval
                                                        reset interface polling interval
        mov =num01,polct
fi
if .cnpf
else
        mov cmpsn,pfnte
                                                        copy stmts compiled count in case
        mov kvpfl,pfdmp
                                                        start profiling if &profile set
        jsr
               systm
                                                        time yet again
        \mathbf{sti}
               systm
                                                        time yet again
fi
        jsr
               stgcc
                                                        compute stmgo countdown counters
        bri
               (xr)
                                                        start xeq with first statement
            here if execution is suppressed
if .cera
inix2
        zer
              wa
                                                        set abend value to zero
else
                                                        print a blank line
inix2 jsr
              prtnl
```

```
mov = encm5, xr
                                                              point to /execution suppressed/
                prtst
                                                              print string
         jsr
                prtnl
                                                              output line
         \mathbf{jsr}
                                                              set abend value to zero
         \mathbf{zer}
                wa
fi
                                                              set special code value
         mov =nini9,wb
                                                              no fcb chain
         zer
                xl
                                                              end of job, exit to system
         \mathbf{jsr}
                sysej
                                                              {\rm end}\ {\rm procedure}\ {\rm start}
         \mathbf{enp}
              here from osint to restart a save file or load module.
                                                              entry point
rstrt
         prc e,0
         mov stbas,xs
                                                              {\it discard\ return}
         \mathbf{zer}
               xl
                                                              clear xl
         brn iniy0
                                                              resume execution
                                                              end procedure rstrt
         enp
```

$\mathbf{spitbol} - \mathbf{snobol4}$ operator routines

*	
*	this section includes all routines which can be accessed
*	directly from the generated code except system functions.
*	
*	all routines in this section start with a label of the
*	form o\$xxx where xxx is three letters. the generated code
*	contains a pointer to the appropriate entry label.
*	
*	since the general form of the generated code consists of
*	pointers to blocks whose first word is the address of the
*	actual entry point label (o\$xxx).
*	
*	these routines are in alphabetical order by their
*	entry label names (i.e. by the xxx of the o\$xxx name)
*	
*	these routines receive control as follows
*	
*	(cp) pointer to next code word
*	(xs) current stack pointer

```
binary plus (addition)
o$add
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                             entry point
                                                             fetch arithmetic operands
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                arith
                001, addition left
                                                             operand is not numeric
         \mathbf{err}
                002,addition right
                                                             operand is not numeric
         \mathbf{err}
if .cnra
else
         ppm oadd1
                                                             jump if real operands
fi
              here to add two integers
         adi
               icval(xl)
                                                             add right operand to left
                                                             return integer if no overflow
         ino
                exint
                                                             integer overflow
         \mathbf{erb}
               003, addition caused
if .cnra
else
              here to add two reals
oadd1
         adr rcval(x1)
                                                             add right operand to left
                                                             return real if no overflow
         rno
                exrea
         \operatorname{erb}
                261, addition caused
                                                             real overflow
fi
```

```
unary plus (affirmation)
o$aff
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                             entry point
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                             load operand
                                                             convert to numeric
                gtnum
         {
m err} 004,affirmation operand
                                                             is not numeric
                                                             result if converted to numeric
         mov xr,-(xs)
         \mathbf{lcw} \quad \mathtt{xr}
                                                             get next code word
         \mathbf{bri}
               (xr)
                                                             execute it
```

```
binary bar (alternation)
                                                      entry point
o$alt
        ent
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      load right operand
                                                      convert to pattern
              gtpat
                                                      operand is not pattern
        \mathbf{err}
              005, alternation right
    *
            merge here from special (left alternation) case
                                                      set pcode for alternative node
        mov =p$alt,wb
oalt1
              pbild
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                      build alternative node
                                                      save address of alternative node
        mov xr,xl
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      load left operand
              gtpat
                                                      convert to pattern
        err 006, alternation left
                                                      operand is not pattern
        beq xr,=p$alt,oalt2
                                                      jump if left arg is alternation
                                                      set left operand as successor
        mov xr,pthen(xl)
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                      stack result
                                                      get next code word
        lcw xr
        bri
              (xr)
                                                      execute it
            come here if left argument is itself an alternation
            the result is more efficient if we make the replacement
            (a / b) / c = a / (b / c)
oalt2
        mov parm1(xr),pthen(xl)
                                                      build the (b / c) node
        mov pthen(xr),-(xs)
                                                      set a as new left arg
        mov xl,xr
                                                      set (b / c) as new right arg
        brn oalt1
                                                      merge back to build a / (b / c)
```

```
*
    * array reference (multiple subscripts, by name)

*

o$amn ent entry point
    lcw xr load number of subscripts
    mov xr,wb set flag for by name
    brn arref jump to array reference routine
```

*
 * array reference (multiple subscripts, by value)

*

o\$amv ent entry point
 lcw xr load number of subscripts
 zer wb set flag for by value
 brn arref jump to array reference routine

```
array reference (one subscript, by name)
                                                     entry point
o$aon
        ent
        mov (xs),xr
                                                     load subscript value
        mov num01(xs),xl
                                                     load array value
                                                     load first word of array operand
        mov (x1), wa
        beq wa,=b$vct,oaon2
                                                     jump if vector reference
        beq wa,=b$tbt,oaon3
                                                     jump if table reference
            here to use central array reference routine
oaon1
        mov =num01,xr
                                                     set number of subscripts to one
        mov xr,wb
                                                     set flag for by name
        brn arref
                                                     jump to array reference routine
            here if we have a vector reference
oaon2
        bne (xr),=b$icl,oaon1
                                                     use long routine if not integer
        ldi
            icval(xr)
                                                     load integer subscript value
        mfi wa, exfal
                                                     copy as address int, fail if ovflo
        bze wa, exfal
                                                     fail if zero
        add =vcvlb,wa
                                                     compute offset in words
        wtb wa
                                                     convert to bytes
        mov wa, (xs)
                                                     complete name on stack
                                                     exit if subscript not too large
        blt
            wa, vclen(xl), oaon4
                                                     else fail
        brn exfal
            here for table reference
oaon3
       mnz wb
                                                     set flag for name reference
                                                     locate/create table element
        jsr tfind
        ppm exfal
                                                     fail if access fails
                                                     store name base on stack
        mov xl,num01(xs)
        mov wa, (xs)
                                                     store name offset on stack
            here to exit with result on stack
oaon4
        lcw xr
                                                     result on stack, get code word
        bri (xr)
                                                     execute next code word
```

```
array reference (one subscript, by value)
                                                      entry point
o$aov
        ent
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      load subscript value
                                                      load array value
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                      load first word of array operand
        mov (x1), wa
        beq wa,=b$vct,oaov2
                                                      jump if vector reference
        beq wa,=b$tbt,oaov3
                                                      jump if table reference
            here to use central array reference routine
oaov1
        mov xl, -(xs)
                                                      restack array value
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      restack subscript
        mov = num01, xr
                                                      set number of subscripts to one
                                                      set flag for value call
        zer
             wb
        brn arref
                                                      jump to array reference routine
            here if we have a vector reference
        bne (xr),=b$icl,oaov1
                                                      use long routine if not integer
oaov2
        ldi
              icval(xr)
                                                      load integer subscript value
                                                      move as one word int, fail if ovflo
        mfi wa, exfal
        bze wa, exfal
                                                      fail if zero
        add =vcvlb,wa
                                                      compute offset in words
        wtb wa
                                                      convert to bytes
                                                      fail if subscript too large
        bge wa,vclen(x1),exfal
        jsr
             acess
                                                      access value
        ppm exfal
                                                      fail if access fails
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      stack result
        lcw xr
                                                      get next code word
        bri
              (xr)
                                                      execute it
            here for table reference by value
oaov3
        zer
             wb
                                                      set flag for value reference
                                                      call table search routine
             tfind
        jsr
        ppm exfal
                                                      fail if access fails
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                      stack result
        lcw
             xr
                                                      get next code word
        bri
              (xr)
                                                      execute it
```

```
assignment
o$ass
        \mathbf{ent}
                                                         entry point
             o$rpl (pattern replacement) merges here
        mov (xs)+,wb
oass0
                                                         load value to be assigned
        mov (xs)+,wa
                                                         load name offset
        mov (xs),xl
                                                         load name base
                                                         store assigned value as result
        mov wb,(xs)
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              asign
                                                         perform assignment
        ppm exfal
                                                         fail if assignment fails
        lcw xr
                                                         result on stack, get code word
        bri
              (xr)
                                                         execute next code word
```

```
*
compilation error
*
```

oscer $\begin{array}{ccc} & \mathbf{ent} & \\ & \mathbf{erb} & \mathtt{007,compilation\ error} \end{array}$

entry point encountered during execution

```
unary at (cursor assignment)
o$cas
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                               entry point
                                                               load name offset (parm2)
         mov (xs)+,wc
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                               load name base (parm1)
                                                               set pcode for cursor assignment \,
         \mathbf{mov} =p$cas,wb
                pbild
                                                               build node
         mov xr,-(xs)
                                                               \operatorname{stack} result
         \mathbf{lcw} \quad \mathtt{xr}
                                                               get next code word
         bri
                (xr)
                                                               execute it
```

```
concatenation
                                                        entry point
o$cnc
        ent
        mov (xs),xr
                                                        load right argument
                                                        jump if right arg is null
        beq xr,=nulls,ocnc3
        mov 1(xs),xl
                                                        load left argument
        beq x1,=nulls,ocnc4
                                                        jump if left argument is null
        mov =b$scl,wa
                                                        get constant to test for string
        bne wa,(x1),ocnc2
                                                        jump if left arg not a string
        bne wa,(xr),ocnc2
                                                        jump if right arg not a string
            merge here to concatenate two strings
                                                        load left argument length
ocnc1
        mov sclen(xl), wa
        add sclen(xr), wa
                                                        compute result length
        isr
              alocs
                                                        allocate scblk for result
        mov xr,1(xs)
                                                        store result ptr over left argument
        psc xr
                                                        prepare to store chars of result
                                                        get number of chars in left arg
        mov sclen(x1), wa
        \mathbf{plc}
              xl
                                                        prepare to load left arg chars
                                                        move characters of left argument
        mvc
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                        load right arg pointer, pop stack
        mov sclen(xl), wa
                                                        load number of chars in right arg
                                                        prepare to load right arg chars
        plc
              xl
        mvc
                                                        move characters of right argument
                                                        clear garbage value in xl
        \mathbf{zer}
              xl
                                                        result on stack, get code word
        lcw
              xr
        bri
              (xr)
                                                        execute next code word
            come here if arguments are not both strings
ocnc2
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                        convert right arg to string
              gtstg
                                                        jump if right arg is not string
        ppm ocnc5
        mov xr,xl
                                                        save right arg ptr
              gtstg
        jsr
                                                        convert left arg to string
                                                        jump if left arg is not a string
        ppm ocnc6
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                        stack left argument
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                        stack right argument
                                                        move left arg to proper reg
        mov xr,xl
        mov (xs),xr
                                                        move right arg to proper reg
        brn ocnc1
                                                        merge back to concatenate strings
```

```
concatenation (continued)
            come here for null right argument
ocnc3
        ica
             xs
                                                     remove right arg from stack
        lcw xr
                                                     left argument on stack
             (xr)
        bri
                                                     execute next code word
            here for null left argument
ocnc4
        ica
            xs
                                                     unstack one argument
        mov xr,(xs)
                                                     store right argument
        lcw xr
                                                     result on stack, get code word
        bri
             (xr)
                                                     execute next code word
            here if right argument is not a string
ocnc5
        mov xr,xl
                                                     move right argument ptr
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                     load left arg pointer
            merge here when left argument is not a string
ocnc6
        jsr
              gtpat
                                                     convert left arg to pattern
                                                     left operand is not a string or pattern
             008, concatenation
        \mathbf{err}
                                                     save result on stack
        mov xr,-(xs)
        mov xl,xr
                                                     point to right operand
                                                     convert to pattern
        jsr
              gtpat
             009, concatenation
        \mathbf{err}
                                                     right operand is not a string or pattern
                                                     move for pconc
        mov xr,xl
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                     reload left operand ptr
              pconc
                                                     concatenate patterns
        jsr
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     stack result
        lcw xr
                                                     get next code word
        bri
             (xr)
                                                     execute it
```

```
complementation
o$com
        ent
                                                         entry point
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                         load operand
         mov (xr),wa
                                                         load type word
             merge back here after conversion
                                                         jump if integer
ocom1
         beq wa,=b$icl,ocom2
if.cnra
else
         \mathbf{beq} wa,=b$rcl,ocom3
                                                         jump if real
fi
                                                         else convert to numeric
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               gtnum
               010, negation operand
                                                         is not numeric
         \mathbf{err}
        brn ocom1
                                                         back to check cases
             here to complement integer
        ldi
               icval(xr)
                                                         load integer value
ocom2
        ngi
                                                         negate
         ino
               exint
                                                         return integer if no overflow
         \mathbf{erb}
              011, negation caused
                                                         integer overflow
if.cnra
else
             here to complement real
                                                         load real value
ocom3
        ldr
              rcval(xr)
        ngr
                                                         negate
                                                         return real result
         brn exrea
fi
```

```
binary slash (division)
o$dvd
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                            entry point
                                                             fetch arithmetic operands
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                arith
               012, division left
                                                            operand is not numeric
         \mathbf{err}
                013, division right
                                                            operand is not numeric
         \mathbf{err}
if .cnra
else
         ppm odvd2
                                                            jump if real operands
fi
             here to divide two integers
         dvi icval(x1)
                                                            divide left operand by right
         ino
                                                             result ok if no overflow
               exint
                                                            integer overflow
         {
m erb} 014, division caused
if .cnra
else
             here to divide two reals
odvd2
         dvr rcval(xl)
                                                            divide left operand by right
                                                            return real if no overflow
         rno
               exrea
         \operatorname{erb}
               262, division caused
                                                            real overflow
fi
```

```
exponentiation
                                                      entry point
o$exp
        ent
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      load exponent
                                                      convert to number
              gtnum
              015, exponentiation
                                                      right operand is not numeric
        \mathbf{err}
        mov xr,xl
                                                      move exponent to xl
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      load base
              gtnum
                                                      convert to numeric
        \mathbf{err}
              016, exponentiation
                                                      left operand is not numeric
if.cnra
else
        beq (x1),=b$rcl,oexp7
                                                      jump if real exponent
fi
        ldi
              icval(x1)
                                                      load exponent
        ilt
              oex12
                                                      jump if negative exponent
if .cnra
else
        beq wa,=b$rcl,oexp3
                                                      jump if base is real
fi
            here to exponentiate an integer base and integer exponent
        mfi wa,oexp2
                                                      convert exponent to 1 word integer
        lct
             wa.wa
                                                      set loop counter
        ldi
            icval(xr)
                                                      load base as initial value
        bnz wa, oexp1
                                                      jump into loop if non-zero exponent
             oexp4
                                                      error if 0**0
        ieq
                                                      nonzero**0
        ldi
              intv1
        brn exint
                                                      give one as result for nonzero**0
            loop to perform exponentiation
oex13
        mli icval(xr)
                                                      multiply by base
        iov
             oexp2
                                                      jump if overflow
        bct wa, oex13
oexp1
                                                      loop if more to go
        brn exint
                                                      else return integer result
    *
            here if integer overflow
oexp2
        erb 017, exponentiation
                                                      caused integer overflow
```

```
exponentiation (continued)
if .cnra
else
            here to exponentiate a real to an integer power
oexp3
        mfi
             wa,oexp6
                                                     convert exponent to one word
                                                     set loop counter
        lct
              wa,wa
        ldr
             rcval(xr)
                                                     load base as initial value
        bnz wa, oexp5
                                                     jump into loop if non-zero exponent
                                                     error if 0.0**0
        req
             oexp4
        ldr
              reav1
                                                     nonzero**0
                                                     return 1.0 if nonzero**zero
        brn exrea
fi
            here for error of 0**0 or 0.0**0
        erb 018, exponentiation
                                                     result is undefined
oexp4
if .cnra
else
            loop to perform exponentiation
        mlr rcval(xr)
                                                     multiply by base
oex14
        \mathbf{rov}
             oexp6
                                                     jump if overflow
        bct wa, oex14
                                                     loop till computation complete
oexp5
        brn exrea
                                                     then return real result
            here if real overflow
                                                     caused real overflow
oexp6
        erb 266, exponentiation
            here with real exponent in (x1), numeric base in (xr)
  if.cmth
oexp7
        beq (xr),=b$rcl,oexp8
                                                     jump if base real
        ldi
              icval(xr)
                                                     load integer base
        itr
                                                     convert to real
        jsr
              rcbld
                                                     create real in (xr)
            here with real exponent in (x1)
            numeric base in (xr) and ra
oexp8
        zer
             wb
                                                     set positive result flag
                                                     load base to ra
        ldr
             rcval(xr)
        rne oexp9
                                                     jump if base non-zero
        ldr
              rcval(x1)
                                                     base is zero. check exponent
             oexp4
                                                     jump if 0.0 ** 0.0
        req
                                                     0.0 to non-zero exponent yields 0.0
        ldr
              reav0
```

```
brn exrea
                                                          return zero result
             here with non-zero base in (xr) and ra, exponent in (xl)
             a negative base is allowed if the exponent is integral.
oexp9
        \mathbf{rgt}
               oex10
                                                          jump if base gt 0.0
                                                          make base positive
         ngr
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               rcbld
                                                          create positive base in (xr)
         ldr
              rcval(x1)
                                                          examine exponent
         chp
                                                          chop to integral value
         rti
                                                          convert to integer, br if too large
               oexp6
              rcval(xl)
         \mathbf{sbr}
                                                          chop(exponent) - exponent
         \mathbf{r}\mathbf{n}\mathbf{e}
              oex11
                                                          non-integral power with neg base
         mfi
               wb
                                                          record even/odd exponent
         anb bits1,wb
                                                          odd exponent yields negative result
         ldr
               rcval(xr)
                                                          restore base to ra
             here with positive base in ra and (xr), exponent in (xl)
oex10
         lnf
                                                          log of base
                                                          too large
         rov
               oexp6
        mlr
              rcval(xl)
                                                          times exponent
         rov
               oexp6
                                                          too large
                                                          e ** (exponent * ln(base))
         \mathbf{etx}
                                                          too large
         \mathbf{rov}
               oexp6
               wb,exrea
                                                          if no sign fixup required
         bze
         ngr
                                                          negative result needed
         brn
                                                          negative result needed
             here for non-integral exponent with negative base
oex11
                                                          of negative base to non-integral power
         \mathbf{erb}
               311, exponentiation
  else
oexp7
         \mathbf{erb}
               267, exponentiation
                                                          right operand is real not integer
  fi
fi
             here with negative integer exponent in ia
if.cmth
                                                          stack base
oex12
        mov xr, -(xs)
         itr
                                                          convert to real exponent
         jsr
               rcbld
                                                          real negative exponent in (xr)
         mov xr,xl
                                                          put exponent in xl
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                          restore base value
         brn oexp7
                                                          process real exponent
else
oex12
         erb 019, exponentiation
                                                          right operand is negative
fi
```

```
*
    * failure during evaluation of a complex or direct goto

*

o$fif ent entry point erb 020,goto evaluation failure
```

```
function call (more than one argument)
o$fnc
        \mathbf{ent}
                                                     entry point
                                                     load number of arguments
        lcw
             wa
                                                     load function vrblk pointer
        lcw xr
        mov vrfnc(xr),xl
                                                     load function pointer
        bne wa,fargs(xl),cfunc
                                                     use central routine if wrong num
        bri
              (xl)
                                                     jump to function if arg count ok
```

function name error o\$fne \mathbf{ent} entry point get next code word lcwwa bne wa,=ornm\$,ofne1 fail if not evaluating expression ok if expr. was wanted by value bze num02(xs), evlx3* here for error ${
m erb}$ 021,function called by name returned a value ofne1

 st call to undefined function

o\$fun ent

 ${f erb}$ 022,undefined function

entry point called

```
execute complex goto
o$goc
        \mathbf{ent}
                                                    entry point
        mov num01(xs),xr
                                                    load name base pointer
        bhi xr,state,ogoc1
                                                    jump if not natural variable
        add *vrtra,xr
                                                    else point to vrtra field
        bri
             (xr)
                                                    and jump through it
            here if goto operand is not natural variable
                                                    is not a natural variable
ogoc1
       erb 023,goto operand
```

```
*

* execute direct goto

*

o$god ent entry point

mov (xs),xr load operand

mov (xr),wa load first word

beq wa,=b$cds,bcds0 jump if code block to code routine

beq wa,=b$cdc,bcdc0 jump if code block to code routine

erb 024,goto operand in direct goto is not code
```

```
set goto failure trap
           this routine is executed at the start of a complex or
           direct failure goto to trap a subsequent fail (see exfal)
o$gof
                                                   entry point
        ent
        mov flptr,xr
                                                   point to fail offset on stack
        ica
             (xr)
                                                   point failure to offif word
        icp
                                                   point to next code word
        lcw
             xr
                                                   fetch next code word
        bri
             (xr)
                                                   execute it
```

```
binary dollar (immediate assignment)
            the pattern built by binary dollar is a compound pattern.
            see description at start of pattern match section for
            details of the structure which is constructed.
o$ima
                                                     entry point
        \mathbf{ent}
        mov =p$imc,wb
                                                     set pcode for last node
                                                     pop name offset (parm2)
        mov (xs)+,wc
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                     pop name base (parm1)
              pbild
                                                     build p$imc node
        jsr
        mov xr,xl
                                                     save ptr to node
        mov (xs),xr
                                                     load left argument
        jsr
              gtpat
                                                     convert to pattern
            025, immediate assignment
                                                     left operand is not pattern
        \operatorname{err}
                                                     save ptr to left operand pattern
        mov xr,(xs)
        mov =p$ima,wb
                                                     set pcode for first node
              pbild
                                                     build p$ima node
        mov (xs)+,pthen(xr)
                                                     set left operand as p$ima successor
                                                     concatenate to form final pattern
             pconc
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     stack result
        lcw xr
                                                     get next code word
        bri
                                                     execute it
             (xr)
```

```
\begin{array}{ccc} * \\ * \\ * \\ & \\ * \\ \\ \text{o\$inn} & \mathbf{ent} \\ \end{array}
```

mnz wb brn indir entry point set flag for result by name jump to common routine * interrogation

* o\$int ent entry point replace operand with null lcw xr get next code word bri (xr)

* operand with null execute next code word execute next code word

```
* indirection (by value)

* o$inv ent entry point set flag for by value jump to common routine
```

```
keyword reference (by value)
o$kwv
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                          entry point
                                                                         get keyword name
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                   kwnam
                                                                          delete kvblk
           mov xr,dnamp
                                                                          access value
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                   acess
                                                                         dummy (unused) failure return
           \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exnul}
           mov xr,-(xs)
                                                                          stack result
           \mathbf{lcw} \quad \mathtt{xr}
                                                                          get next code word
           bri
                  (xr)
                                                                          execute it
```

```
load expression by name
o$lex
        \mathbf{ent}
                                                         entry point
        mov *evsi$,wa
                                                         set size of evblk
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               alloc
                                                         allocate space for evblk
        mov =b$evt,(xr)
                                                         set type word
                                                         set dummy trblk pointer
        mov =trbev,evvar(xr)
        lcw wa
                                                         load exblk pointer
                                                         set exblk pointer
        mov wa,evexp(xr)
        mov xr,xl
                                                         move name base to proper reg
        mov *evvar,wa
                                                         set name offset = zero
        {f brn} exnam
                                                         exit with name in (xl,wa)
```

```
*
    *
    *
    *
    *
    *
    *
    *
    *
    *
    *
    o$lpt ent entry point
    lcw xr load pattern pointer
    mov xr,-(xs) stack result
    lcw xr get next code word
    bri (xr) execute it
```

```
binary asterisk (multiplication)
o$mlt
                                                           entry point
         ent
                                                           fetch arithmetic operands
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               arith
               026, multiplication
                                                           left operand is not numeric
         \mathbf{err}
               027, multiplication
                                                           right operand is not numeric
         \mathbf{err}
if.cnra
else
         ppm omlt1
                                                           jump if real operands
fi
             here to multiply two integers
         mli icval(x1)
                                                           multiply left operand by right
                                                           return integer if no overflow
         ino
               exint
         erb 028, multiplication
                                                           caused integer overflow
if.cnra
else
             here to multiply two reals
         mlr rcval(x1)
                                                           multiply left operand by right
omlt1
                                                           return real if no overflow
         rno
               exrea
         \operatorname{erb}
               263, multiplication
                                                           caused real overflow
fi
```

```
name reference
{\tt o\$nam}
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                           entry point
                                                          set length of nmblk
         {f mov} *nmsi$,wa
                                                           allocate nmblk
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               alloc
         mov =b$nml,(xr)
                                                           set name block code
         mov (xs)+,nmofs(xr)
                                                           set name offset from operand
         mov (xs)+,nmbas(xr)
                                                           set name base from operand
                                                           stack result
         mov xr,-(xs)
         lcw xr
                                                           get next code word
         bri
               (xr)
                                                           execute it
```

```
negation
            initial entry
o$nta
        ent
                                                      entry point
                                                      load new failure offset
        lcw wa
        mov flptr,-(xs)
                                                      stack old failure pointer
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                      stack new failure offset
                                                      set new failure pointer
        mov xs,flptr
        lcw xr
                                                      get next code word
        bri
              (xr)
                                                      execute next code word
            entry after successful evaluation of operand
o$ntb
                                                      entry point
        ent
        {f mov} num02(xs),flptr
                                                      restore old failure pointer
        brn exfal
                                                      and fail
            entry for failure during operand evaluation
                                                      entry point
o$ntc
        \mathbf{ent}
                                                      pop failure offset
        ica
              XS
        mov (xs)+,flptr
                                                      restore old failure pointer
        {\bf brn} exnul
                                                      exit giving null result
```

*

* use of undefined operator

*

osoun ent erb 029,undefined operator

entry point

referenced

```
binary dot (pattern assignment)
            the pattern built by binary dot is a compound pattern.
            see description at start of pattern match section for
            details of the structure which is constructed.
                                                       entry point
o$pas
        \mathbf{ent}
        mov =p$pac,wb
                                                       load pcode for p$pac node
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                       load name offset (parm2)
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       load name base (parm1)
              pbild
                                                       build p$pac node
        jsr
        mov xr,xl
                                                       save ptr to node
        mov (xs),xr
                                                       load left operand
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              gtpat
                                                       convert to pattern
             030, pattern assignment
                                                       left operand is not pattern
        \operatorname{err}
                                                       save ptr to left operand pattern
        mov xr,(xs)
        mov =p$paa,wb
                                                       set pcode for p$paa node
              pbild
                                                       build p$paa node
        mov (xs)+,pthen(xr)
                                                       set left operand as p$paa successor
                                                       concatenate to form final pattern
              pconc
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       stack result
        lcw xr
                                                       get next code word
        bri
                                                       execute it
              (xr)
```

```
* pattern match (by name, for replacement)

o$pmn ent entry point

zer wb set type code for match by name
brn match jump to routine to start match
```

```
*
    *
    * pattern match (by value)

*

o$pmv ent entry point
    mov =num01,wb set type code for value match
    brn match jump to routine to start match
```

*
 * terminate execution (code compiled for end statement)

o\$stp ent entry point
 brn lend0 jump to end circuit

```
* return name from expression

* this entry points is used if the evaluation of an

* expression, initiated by the evalx procedure, returns

* a name. control is returned to the proper point in evalx.

*

o$rnm ent entry point
brn evlx4 return to evalx procedure
```

```
pattern replacement
            when this routine gets control, the following stack
            entries have been made (see end of match routine p$nth)
                                     subject name base
                                     subject name offset
                                     initial cursor value
                                     final cursor value
                                     subject string pointer
            (xs) ----- replacement value
                                                      entry point
o$rpl
        ent
                                                      convert replacement val to string
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              gtstg
        \mathbf{err}
             031, pattern replacement
                                                      right operand is not a string
            get result length and allocate result scblk
        mov (xs),xl
                                                      load subject string pointer
if.cnbf
else
        beq (x1),=b$bct,orpl4
                                                      branch if buffer assignment
fi
        add sclen(x1),wa
                                                      add subject string length
                                                      add starting cursor
        add num02(xs),wa
                                                      minus final cursor = total length
        sub num01(xs),wa
        bze wa, orpl3
                                                      jump if result is null
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      restack replacement string
                                                      allocate scblk for result
        jsr
              alocs
        mov num03(xs),wa
                                                      get initial cursor (part 1 len)
                                                      stack result pointer
        mov xr,num03(xs)
        psc xr
                                                      point to characters of result
            move part 1 (start of subject) to result
        bze wa, orpl1
                                                      jump if first part is null
        mov num01(xs),xl
                                                      else point to subject string
        plc
             xl
                                                      point to subject string chars
        mvc
                                                      move first part to result
```

```
pattern replacement (continued)
            now move in replacement value
orpl1
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                       load replacement string, pop
        mov sclen(xl),wa
                                                       load length
        bze wa, orpl2
                                                       jump if null replacement
                                                       else point to chars of replacement
        plc
              xl
        mvc
                                                       move in chars (part 2)
            now move in remainder of string (part 3)
orpl2
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                       load subject string pointer, pop
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                       load final cursor, pop
                                                       load subject string length
        mov sclen(xl), wa
                                                       minus final cursor = part 3 length
        sub wc,wa
        bze wa,oass0
                                                       jump to assign if part 3 is null
                                                       else point to last part of string
        plc
             xl,wc
        mvc
                                                       move part 3 to result
                                                       jump to perform assignment
        brn oass0
            here if result is null
orpl3
        add *num02,xs
                                                       pop subject str ptr, final cursor
        mov =nulls,(xs)
                                                       set null result
        brn oass0
                                                       jump to assign null value
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
            here for buffer substring assignment
orpl4
        mov xr,xl
                                                       copy scblk replacement ptr
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       unstack bcblk ptr
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                       get final cursor value
        mov (xs)+,wa
                                                       get initial cursor
        sub wa,wb
                                                       get length in wb
        add *num01,xs
                                                       get rid of name offset
        mov xr,(xs)
                                                       store buffer result over name base
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              insbf
                                                       insert substring
                                                       convert fail impossible
        ppm
        ppm exfal
                                                       fail if insert fails
                                                       result on stack, get code word
        lcw xr
                                                       execute next code word
        bri
              (xr)
fi
```

```
*
    *
    * return value from expression
    *
    this entry points is used if the evaluation of an
    expression, initiated by the evalx procedure, returns
    a value. control is returned to the proper point in evalx

*

o$rvl ent entry point
    brn evlx3 return to evalx procedure
```

```
selection
            initial entry
o$sla
        ent
                                                     entry point
        lcw wa
                                                     load new failure offset
                                                     stack old failure pointer
        mov flptr,-(xs)
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                     stack new failure offset
        mov xs,flptr
                                                     set new failure pointer
        lcw xr
                                                     get next code word
                                                     execute next code word
        bri
              (xr)
            entry after successful evaluation of alternative
o$slb
        ent
                                                     entry point
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                     load result
                                                     pop fail offset
        ica
              XS
                                                     restore old failure pointer
        mov (xs),flptr
        mov xr,(xs)
                                                     restack result
        lcw
                                                     load new code offset
             wa
        add r$cod,wa
                                                     point to absolute code location
        lcp
                                                     set new code pointer
             wa
        lcw
             xr
                                                     get next code word
        bri
              (xr)
                                                     execute next code word
            entry at start of subsequent alternatives
o$slc
        ent
                                                     entry point
        lcw wa
                                                     load new fail offset
        mov wa, (xs)
                                                     store new fail offset
                                                     get next code word
        lcw xr
        bri
              (xr)
                                                     execute next code word
            entry at start of last alternative
o$sld
        ent
                                                     entry point
        ica
                                                     pop failure offset
              xs
                                                     restore old failure pointer
        mov (xs)+,flptr
        lcw
             xr
                                                     get next code word
        bri
              (xr)
                                                     execute next code word
```

```
binary minus (subtraction)
o$sub
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                              entry point
                                                              fetch arithmetic operands
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                arith
                032, subtraction left
                                                              operand is not numeric
         \mathbf{err}
                033, subtraction right
                                                              operand is not numeric
         \mathbf{err}
if.cnra
else
         ppm osub1
                                                              jump if real operands
fi
              here to subtract two integers
         \mathbf{sbi}
                icval(xl)
                                                              subtract right operand from left
                                                              return integer if no overflow
         ino
                exint
                                                              integer overflow
         \operatorname{erb}
               034, subtraction caused
if .cnra
else
              here to subtract two reals
         sbr rcval(x1)
                                                              subtract right operand from left
osub1
                                                              return real if no overflow
         rno
                exrea
         \operatorname{erb}
                264, subtraction caused
                                                              real overflow
fi
```

```
*

* dummy operator to return control to trxeq procedure

*

o$txr ent entry point jump into trxeq procedure
```

```
*
    unexpected failure

*
    note that if a setexit trap is operating then
    transfer to system label continue
    will result in looping here. difficult to avoid except
    with a considerable overhead which is not worthwhile or
    else by a technique such as setting kverl to zero.

*

o$unf ent entry point
    erb O35,unexpected failure in -nofail mode
```

k

the first word of every block in dynamic storage and the vrget, vrsto and vrtra fields of a vrblk contain a pointer to an entry point in the program. all such entry points are in the following section except those for pattern blocks which are in the pattern matching segment later on (labels of the form p\$xxx), and dope vectors (d\$xxx) which are in the dope vector section following the pattern routines (dope vectors are used for cmblks).

*

the entry points in this section have labels of the form b\$xxy where xx is the two character block type for the corresponding block and y is any letter.

*

in some cases, the pointers serve no other purpose than to identify the block type. in this case the routine is never executed and thus no code is assembled.

*

for each of these entry points corresponding to a block an entry point identification is assembled (bl\$xx).

*

the exact entry conditions depend on the manner in which the routine is accessed and are documented with the individual routines as required.

*

the order of these routines is alphabetical with the following exceptions.

*

the routines for seblk and exblk entries occur first so that expressions can be quickly identified from the fact that their routines lie before the symbol b\$e\$\$.

*

these are immediately followed by the routine for a trblk so that the test against the symbol b\$t\$\$ checks for trapped values or expression values (see procedure evalp)

*

the pattern routines lie after this section so that patterns are identified with routines starting at or after the initial instruction in these routines (p\$aaa).

*

the symbol b\$aaa defines the first location for block routines and the symbol p\$yyy (at the end of the pattern match routines section) defines the last such entry point

*

b\$aaa ent bl\$\$i

entry point of first block routine

```
*
    * exblk

* the routine for an exblk loads the expression onto
    * the stack as a value.

*
    * (xr) pointer to exblk

*

b$exl ent bl$ex entry point (exblk)
    mov xr,-(xs) stack result
    lcw xr get next code word
    bri (xr)
```

```
seblk
           the routine for seblk is accessed from the generated
           code to load the expression value onto the stack.
b$sel
      ent bl$se
                                                entry point (seblk)
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                stack result
       lcw xr
                                                get next code word
       bri
            (xr)
                                                execute it
           define symbol which marks end of entries for expressions
      ent bl$$i
b$e$$
                                                entry point
```

```
* arblk

* the routine for arblk is never executed

* entry point (arblk)
```

```
*
  * bcblk

* the routine for a bcblk is never executed

* (xr) pointer to bcblk

b$bct ent bl$bc entry point (bcblk)
```

```
*
  * bfblk

* the routine for a bfblk is never executed

*
  * (xr) pointer to bfblk

b$bft ent bl$bf entry point (bfblk)
```

```
*
    * ccblk

*
    the routine for ccblk is never entered

*

b$cct ent bl$cc entry point (ccblk)
```

```
*
    * cdblk (continued)

* entry for simple failure code at cdfal

*
    * (xr) pointer to cdblk

b$cds ent bl$cd entry point (cdblk)

bcds0 mov flptr,xs pop garbage off stack
    mov *cdfal,(xs) set failure offset
    brn stmgo enter stmt
```

```
*
    * cmblk

*
    the routine for a cmblk is never executed
    *
b$cmt ent bl$cm entry point (cmblk)
```

```
*
    * ctblk

* the routine for a ctblk is never executed

*
b$ctt ent bl$ct entry point (ctblk)
```

```
dfblk
            the routine for a dfblk is accessed from the offic entry
            to call a datatype function and build a pdblk.
            (x1)
                                     pointer to dfblk
b$dfc
        ent bl$df
                                                      entry point
        mov dfpdl(x1),wa
                                                      load length of pdblk
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             alloc
                                                      allocate pdblk
        mov =b$pdt,(xr)
                                                      store type word
                                                      store dfblk pointer
        mov xl,pddfp(xr)
        mov xr,wc
                                                      save pointer to pdblk
        add wa,xr
                                                      point past pdblk
        \mathbf{lct}
             wa,fargs(xl)
                                                      set to count fields
            loop to acquire field values from stack
bdfc1
        mov (xs)+,-(xr)
                                                      move a field value
        bct wa,bdfc1
                                                      loop till all moved
        mov wc,xr
                                                      recall pointer to pdblk
        brn exsid
                                                      exit setting id field
```

```
efblk
            the routine for an efblk is passed control form the offic
            entry to call an external function.
            (xl)
                                     pointer to efblk
b$efc
        ent bl$ef
                                                      entry point (efblk)
if .cnld
else
        mov fargs(x1),wc
                                                      load number of arguments
        {f wtb} wc
                                                      convert to offset
        mov xl, -(xs)
                                                      save pointer to efblk
        mov xs,xt
                                                      copy pointer to arguments
            loop to convert arguments
befc1
        ica
             xt
                                                      point to next entry
        mov (xs),xr
                                                      load pointer to efblk
        dca wc
                                                      decrement eftar offset
                                                      point to next eftar entry
        add wc,xr
        mov eftar(xr),xr
                                                      load eftar entry
  if .cnra
    if.cnlf
        bsw xr,4
                                                      switch on type
    else
                                                      switch on type
        bsw xr,3
    fi
  else
    if.cnlf
        bsw xr,5
                                                      switch on type
    else
        bsw xr,4
                                                      switch on type
    fi
  fi
        iff
              0,befc7
                                                      no conversion needed
        iff
              1,befc2
                                                      string
        iff
              2,befc3
                                                      integer
  if .cnra
    if.cnlf
        iff
                                                      file
              3,beff1
    fi
  else
        iff
              3,befc4
                                                      real
    if.cnlf
        iff
              4,beff1
                                                      file
    fi
 fi
```

```
\mathbf{esw}
                                                              end of switch on type
  if.cnlf
              here to convert to file
beff1
         mov xt,-(xs)
                                                             save entry pointer
         mov wc,befof
                                                             save offset
         mov (xt),-(xs)
                                                             stack arg pointer
                                                              convert to fcb
                iofcb
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                298, external function
                                                              argument is not file
         \operatorname{err}
         \mathbf{err}
                298, external function
                                                              argument is not file
                                                              argument is not file
                298, external function
         \mathbf{err}
         mov wa,xr
                                                             point to fcb
                                                              reload entry pointer
         mov (xs)+,xt
         brn befc5
                                                             jump to merge
  fi
              here to convert to string
befc2
         mov (xt),-(xs)
                                                             stack arg ptr
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                gtstg
                                                             convert argument to string
                                                              argument is not a string
                039, external function
         \mathbf{err}
         brn befc6
                                                             jump to merge
```

```
efblk (continued)
            here to convert an integer
befc3
        mov (xt),xr
                                                      load next argument
        mov wc, befof
                                                      save offset
              gtint
                                                      convert to integer
        jsr
              040, external function
                                                      argument is not integer
  if.cnra
  else
        brn befc5
                                                      merge with real case
            here to convert a real
befc4
        mov (xt),xr
                                                      load next argument
        {f mov} wc,befof
                                                      save offset
        jsr
              gtrea
                                                      convert to real
             265, external function
                                                      argument is not real
  fi
            integer case merges here
befc5
        {f mov} befof,wc
                                                      restore offset
            string merges here
befc6
        mov xr,(xt)
                                                      store converted result
            no conversion merges here
befc7
        bnz wc,befc1
                                                      loop back if more to go
            here after converting all the arguments
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                      restore efblk pointer
        mov fargs(xl),wa
                                                      get number of args
             sysex
                                                      call routine to call external fnc
        ppm exfal
                                                      fail if failure
                                                      function - not found
              327, calling external
        \mathbf{err}
              326, calling external
                                                      function - bad argument type
  if.\mathbf{cexp}
        wtb wa
                                                      convert number of args to bytes
                                                      remove arguments from stack
        add wa,xs
  fi
```

```
efblk (continued)
           return here with result in xr
           first defend against non-standard null string returned
        mov efrsl(xl),wb
                                                    get result type id
        bnz wb, befa8
                                                    branch if not unconverted
                                                    jump if not a string
        bne (xr),=b$scl,befc8
        bze sclen(xr),exnul
                                                    return null if null
           here if converted result to check for null string
befa8
       bne wb,=num01,befc8
                                                    jump if not a string
        bze sclen(xr),exnul
                                                    return null if null
           return if result is in dynamic storage
befc8
        blt
             xr, dnamb, befc9
                                                    jump if not in dynamic storage
        ble
            xr,dnamp,exixr
                                                   return result if already dynamic
           here we copy a result into the dynamic region
befc9
        mov (xr), wa
                                                    get possible type word
        bze wb, bef11
                                                    jump if unconverted result
        mov =b$scl,wa
                                                    string
        beq wb,=num01,bef10
                                                    yes jump
        mov =b$icl,wa
                                                    integer
        beq wb,=num02,bef10
                                                    yes jump
  if.cnra
  else
        mov =b$rcl,wa
                                                    real
  fi
           store type word in result
                                                    stored before copying to dynamic
bef10
       mov wa,(xr)
           merge for unconverted result
bef11
       beq (xr),=b$scl,bef12
                                                    branch if string result
        jsr
             blkln
                                                    get length of block
        mov xr,xl
                                                    copy address of old block
             alloc
                                                    allocate dynamic block same size
        jsr
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                    set pointer to new block as result
        mvw
                                                    copy old block to dynamic block
        zer xl
                                                    clear garbage value
        lcw xr
                                                    get next code word
                                                    execute next code word
        bri
             (xr)
```

```
here to return a string result that was not in dynamic.
            cannot use the simple word copy above because it will not
            guarantee zero padding in the last word.
bef12
       mov xr,xl
                                                        save source string pointer
        mov sclen(xr),wa
                                                        fetch string length
        bze wa, exnul
                                                        return null string if length zero
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              alocs
                                                        allocate space for string
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        save as result pointer
        psc xr
                                                        prepare to store chars of result
                                                        point to chars in source string
        \mathbf{plc}
             xl
                                                        number of characters to copy
        mov wc,wa
                                                        move characters to result string
        mvc
                                                        clear garbage value
        \mathbf{zer}
              xl
        lcw
              xr
                                                        get next code word
             (xr)
                                                        execute next code word
        bri
fi
```

```
*
    * evblk

* the routine for an evblk is never executed
    *
b$evt ent bl$ev entry point (evblk)
```

```
ffblk
           the routine for an ffblk is executed from the offnc entry
            to call a field function and extract a field value/name.
            (x1)
                                   pointer to ffblk
b$ffc
        ent bl$ff
                                                   entry point (ffblk)
                                                   copy ffblk pointer
        mov xl,xr
        \mathbf{lcw} wc
                                                   load next code word
        mov (xs),xl
                                                   load pdblk pointer
                                                   jump if not pdblk at all
        bne (x1),=b$pdt,bffc2
                                                   load dfblk pointer from pdblk
        mov pddfp(xl),wa
           loop to find correct ffblk for this pdblk
bffc1
        beq wa,ffdfp(xr),bffc3
                                                   jump if this is the correct ffblk
        mov ffnxt(xr),xr
                                                   else link to next ffblk on chain
        bnz xr,bffc1
                                                   loop back if another entry to check
           here for bad argument
bffc2
       erb 041, field function
                                                   argument is wrong datatype
```

```
ffblk (continued)
            here after locating correct ffblk
                                                      load field offset
bffc3
        mov ffofs(xr),wa
                                                      jump if called by name
        beq wc,=ofne$,bffc5
        add wa,xl
                                                      else point to value field
        mov (x1),xr
                                                      load value
                                                      jump if not trapped
        bne (xr),=b$trt,bffc4
        sub wa,xl
                                                      else restore name base,offset
                                                      save next code word over pdblk ptr
        mov wc, (xs)
              acess
                                                      access value
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                      fail if access fails
        ppm exfal
                                                      restore next code word
        mov (xs),wc
            here after getting value in (xr), xl is garbage
bffc4
        mov xr,(xs)
                                                      store value on stack (over pdblk)
                                                      copy next code word
        mov wc,xr
        mov (xr),xl
                                                      load entry address
        bri xl
                                                      jump to routine for next code word
            here if called by name
bffc5
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                      store name offset (base is set)
                                                      get next code word
        lcw xr
        bri
              (xr)
                                                      execute next code word
```

```
*
    icblk

the routine for icblk is executed from the generated
code to load an integer value onto the stack.

(xr) pointer to icblk

b$icl ent bl$ic entry point (icblk)
mov xr,-(xs) stack result
lcw xr get next code word
bri (xr) execute it
```

```
*
    * kvblk

*
    the routine for a kvblk is never executed.

*
b$kvt ent bl$kv entry point (kvblk)
```

```
nmblk
           the routine for a nmblk is executed from the generated
           code for the case of loading a name onto the stack
           where the name is that of a natural variable which can
           be preevaluated at compile time.
           (xr)
                                 pointer\ to\ nmblk
       ent bl$nm
                                                 entry point (nmblk)
b$nml
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                 stack result
       lcw xr
                                                 get next code word
       bri (xr)
                                                 execute it
```

```
*
    * pdblk

* the routine for a pdblk is never executed

*
b$pdt ent bl$pd entry point (pdblk)
```

```
pfblk
           the routine for a pfblk is executed from the entry offic
           to call a program defined function.
           (x1)
                                  pointer to pfblk
           the following stack entries are made before passing
           control to the program defined function.
                                  saved value of first argument
                                  saved value of last argument
                                  saved value of first local
                                  saved value of last local
                                  saved value of function name
                                  saved code block ptr (r$cod)
                                  saved code pointer (-r$cod)
                                  saved value of flprt
                                  saved value of flptr
                                  pointer to pfblk
           flptr ----- zero (to be overwritten with offs)
b$pfc
       ent bl$pf
                                                  entry point (pfblk)
       mov xl,bpfpf
                                                  save pfblk ptr (need not be reloc)
       mov xl,xr
                                                  copy for the moment
                                                  point to vrblk for function
       mov pfvbl(xr),xl
           loop to find old value of function
bpf01
       mov xl,wb
                                                  save pointer
       mov vrval(x1),x1
                                                  load value
       beq (x1),=b$trt,bpf01
                                                  loop if trblk
           set value to null and save old function value
                                                  save old value
       mov xl, bpfsv
       mov wb,xl
                                                  point back to block with value
                                                  set value to null
       mov =nulls,vrval(x1)
       mov fargs(xr),wa
                                                  load number of arguments
       add *pfarg,xr
                                                  point to pfarg entries
       bze wa, bpf04
                                                  jump if no arguments
       mov xs,xt
                                                  ptr to last arg
       wtb wa
                                                  convert no. of args to bytes offset
       add wa,xt
                                                  point before first arg
       mov xt, bpfxt
                                                  remember arg pointer
```

```
pfblk (continued)
           loop to save old argument values and set new ones
bpf02
       mov (xr)+,xl
                                                    load vrblk ptr for next argument
           loop through possible trblk chain to find value
bpf03
        mov xl,wc
                                                    save pointer
        mov vrval(x1),x1
                                                    load next value
        beq (x1),=b$trt,bpf03
                                                    loop back if trblk
           save old value and get new value
                                                    keep old value
        mov xl,wa
        mov bpfxt,xt
                                                    point before next stacked arg
                                                    load argument (new value)
        mov -(xt), wb
        mov wa,(xt)
                                                    save old value
        mov xt, bpfxt
                                                    keep arg ptr for next time
                                                    point back to block with value
        mov wc,xl
        mov wb, vrval(xl)
                                                    set new value
        bne xs,bpfxt,bpf02
                                                    loop if not all done
           now process locals
       mov bpfpf,xl
                                                    restore pfblk pointer
bpf04
                                                    load number of locals
        mov pfnlo(xl),wa
        bze wa, bpf07
                                                    jump if no locals
        mov =nulls,wb
                                                    get null constant
        lct
             wa,wa
                                                    set local counter
           loop to process locals
        mov (xr)+,xl
                                                    load vrblk ptr for next local
bpf05
           loop through possible trblk chain to find value
bpf06
        mov xl,wc
                                                    save pointer
        mov vrval(xl),xl
                                                    load next value
        beq (x1),=b$trt,bpf06
                                                    loop back if trblk
    *
           save old value and set null as new value
                                                    stack old value
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                    point back to block with value
        mov wc,xl
        mov wb, vrval(xl)
                                                    set null as new value
                                                    loop till all locals processed
        bct wa, bpf05
```

```
pfblk (continued)
            here after processing arguments and locals
if .cnpf
bpf07
        mov r$cod, wa
                                                        load old code block pointer
else
bpf07
        zer
              xr
                                                        zero reg xr in case
        bze kvpfl,bpf7c
                                                        skip if profiling is off
        beq kvpfl,=num02,bpf7a
                                                        branch on type of profile
            here if &profile = 1
                                                        get current time
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              systm
                                                        save for a sec
        \mathbf{sti}
              pfetm
                                                        find time used by caller
        sbi pfstm
                                                        build into an icblk
        jsr
              icbld
        ldi
              pfetm
                                                        reload current time
        brn bpf7b
                                                        merge
              here if &profile = 2
bpf7a
        ldi
              pfstm
                                                        get start time of calling stmt
                                                        assemble an icblk round it
        jsr
               icbld
                                                        get now time
        jsr
              systm
            both types of profile merge here
                                                        set start time of 1st func stmt
bpf7b
        {f sti}
             pfstm
        mnz pffnc
                                                        flag function entry
            no profiling merges here
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack icblk ptr (or zero)
bpf7c
        mov r$cod, wa
                                                        load old code block pointer
fi
        \mathbf{scp}
              wb
                                                        get code pointer
        sub wa, wb
                                                        make code pointer into offset
                                                        recall pfblk pointer
        mov bpfpf,xl
        mov bpfsv,-(xs)
                                                        stack old value of function name
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                        stack code block pointer
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                        stack code offset
        mov flprt,-(xs)
                                                        stack old flprt
        mov flptr,-(xs)
                                                        stack old failure pointer
                                                        stack pointer to pfblk
        mov xl,-(xs)
              -(xs)
                                                        dummy zero entry for fail return
        zer
                                                        check for stack overflow
        \mathbf{chk}
        mov xs,flptr
                                                        set new fail return value
        mov xs,flprt
                                                        set new flprt
```

```
load trace value
        mov kvtra, wa
                                                     add ftrace value
        add kvftr, wa
        bnz wa, bpf09
                                                     jump if tracing possible
                                                     else bump fnclevel
        icv
             kvfnc
            here to actually jump to function
bpf08
        mov pfcod(x1),xr
                                                     point to vrblk of entry label
        mov vrlbl(xr),xr
                                                     point to target code
        beq xr,=stndl,bpf17
                                                     test for undefined label
        bne (xr),=b$trt,bpf8a
                                                     jump if not trapped
        mov trlbl(xr),xr
                                                     else load ptr to real label code
                                                     off to execute function
bpf8a
        bri
             (xr)
            here if tracing is possible
bpf09
        mov pfctr(x1),xr
                                                     load possible call trace trblk
                                                     load vrblk pointer for function
        mov pfvbl(xl),xl
        mov *vrval,wa
                                                     set name offset for variable
                                                     jump if trace mode is off
        bze kvtra, bpf10
        bze xr,bpf10
                                                     or if there is no call trace
            here if call traced
                                                     decrement trace count
        dcv kvtra
        bze trfnc(xr),bpf11
                                                     jump if print trace
        jsr
                                                     execute function type trace
              trxeq
```

```
pfblk (continued)
            here to test for ftrace trace
bpf10
        bze kvftr,bpf16
                                                      jump if ftrace is off
        dcv kvftr
                                                      else decrement ftrace
            here for print trace
                                                      print statement number
bpf11
        jsr
              prtsn
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              prtnm
                                                      print function name
                                                      load left paren
        mov =ch$pp,wa
              prtch
        jsr
                                                      print left paren
        mov num01(xs),xl
                                                      recover pfblk pointer
        bze fargs(x1),bpf15
                                                      skip if no arguments
        zer
                                                      else set argument counter
        brn bpf13
                                                      jump into loop
            loop to print argument values
bpf12
        mov =ch$cm,wa
                                                      load comma
                                                      print to separate from last arg
        jsr
             prtch
            merge here first time (no comma required)
bpf13
        mov wb, (xs)
                                                      save arg ctr (over failoffs is ok)
        \mathbf{wtb} wb
                                                      convert to byte offset
        add wb,xl
                                                      point to next argument pointer
        mov pfarg(xl),xr
                                                      load next argument vrblk ptr
        sub wb,xl
                                                      restore pfblk pointer
                                                      load next value
        mov vrval(xr),xr
                                                      print argument value
        jsr prtvl
```

```
here after dealing with one argument
        mov (xs),wb
                                                        restore argument counter
        icv
                                                        increment argument counter
        \mathbf{blt}
              wb,fargs(xl),bpf12
                                                        loop if more to print
    *
            merge here in no args case to print paren
bpf15
        mov =ch$rp,wa
                                                        load right paren
                                                        print to terminate output
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              prtch
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              prtnl
                                                        terminate print line
            merge here to exit with test for fnclevel trace
bpf16
             kvfnc
                                                        increment fnclevel
        icv
        mov r$fnc,xl
                                                        load ptr to possible trblk
                                                        call keyword trace routine
        jsr
             ktrex
            call function after trace tests complete
        mov num01(xs),xl
                                                        restore pfblk pointer
        brn bpf08
                                                        jump back to execute function
            here if calling a function whose entry label is undefined
bpf17
        mov num02(xs),flptr
                                                        reset so exfal can return to evalx
        erb 286, function call
                                                        to undefined entry label
if .cnra
else
```

```
*
    rcblk

* the routine for an rcblk is executed from the generated
    code to load a real value onto the stack.

* (xr) pointer to rcblk

*

b$rcl ent bl$rc entry point (rcblk)
    mov xr,-(xs) stack result
    lcw xr get next code word
    bri (xr) execute it

fi
```

```
* scblk

* the routine for an scblk is executed from the generated
* code to load a string value onto the stack.

* (xr) pointer to scblk

* b$scl ent bl$sc entry point (scblk)
* mov xr,-(xs) stack result
lcw xr get next code word
bri (xr) execute it
```

```
*
  * tbblk

*
  the routine for a tbblk is never executed
  *

b$tbt ent bl$tb entry point (tbblk)
```

```
*
  * teblk

* the routine for a teblk is never executed
  *

b$tet ent bl$te entry point (teblk)
```

```
*
  * vcblk

*
  the routine for a vcblk is never executed
  *

b$vct ent bl$vc entry point (vcblk)
```

```
vrblk
           the vrblk routines are executed from the generated code.
           there are six entries for vrblk covering various cases
b$vr$
      ent bl$$i
                                                 mark start of vrblk entry points
           entry for vrget (trapped case). this routine is called
           from the generated code to load the value of a variable.
           this entry point is used if an access trace or input
           association is currently active.
           (xr)
                                  pointer to vrget field of vrblk
       ent bl$$i
b$vra
                                                 entry point
                                                 copy name base (vrget = 0)
       mov xr,xl
       mov *vrval,wa
                                                 set name offset
                                                 access value
       jsr acess
       ppm exfal
                                                 fail if access fails
                                                 stack result
       mov xr,-(xs)
       lcw xr
                                                 get next code word
       bri (xr)
                                                 execute it
```

```
vrblk (continued)
             vrtra (trapped case). this routine is called from the
             generated code to transfer to a label when a label
             trace is currently active.
                                                          entry point
b$vrt
         \mathbf{ent}
         sub *vrtra,xr
                                                          point back to start of vrblk
                                                          copy vrblk pointer
         mov xr,xl
         mov *vrval,wa
                                                          set name offset
         mov vrlbl(xl),xr
                                                          load pointer to trblk
                                                          jump if trace is off
         bze kvtra,bvrt2
         dcv kvtra
                                                          else decrement trace count
         bze trfnc(xr),bvrt1
                                                          jump if print trace case
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                          else execute full trace
              trxeq
         brn bvrt2
                                                          merge to jump to label
             here for print trace -- print colon ( label name )
bvrt1
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                          print statement number
              prtsn
         mov xl,xr
                                                          copy vrblk pointer
         mov =ch$cl,wa
                                                          colon
               prtch
                                                          print it
         mov =ch$pp,wa
                                                          left paren
               prtch
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                          print it
               prtvn
                                                          print label name
         jsr
         mov =ch$rp,wa
                                                          right paren
                                                          print it
         jsr
              prtch
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              prtnl
                                                          terminate line
                                                          point back to trblk
         mov vrlbl(xl),xr
             merge here to jump to label
bvrt2
        mov trlbl(xr),xr
                                                          load pointer to actual code
         bri (xr)
                                                          execute statement at label
```

```
vrblk (continued)
           entry for vrsto (trapped case). this routine is called
           from the generated code to store the value of a variable.
           this entry is used when a value trace or output
           association is currently active.
           (xr)
                                  pointer to vrsto field of vrblk
b$vrv
       ent
                                                  entry point
                                                  load value (leave copy on stack)
       mov (xs),wb
                                                  point to vrblk
       sub *vrsto,xr
       mov xr,xl
                                                  copy vrblk pointer
       mov *vrval,wa
                                                  set offset
       jsr asign
                                                  call assignment routine
       ppm exfal
                                                  fail if assignment fails
       lcw xr
                                                  else get next code word
       bri (xr)
                                                  execute next code word
```

```
*
    * xnblk

* the routine for an xnblk is never executed
    *
b$xnt ent bl$xn entry point (xnblk)
```

```
*
    * xrblk

* the routine for an xrblk is never executed

*
b$xrt ent bl$xr entry point (xrblk)

*
    mark entry address past last block action routine

*
b$yyy ent bl$$i last block routine entry point
```

spitbol – pattern matching routines

```
the following section consists of the pattern matching
           routines. all pattern nodes contain a pointer (pcode)
           to one of the routines in this section (p$xxx).
           note that this section follows the b$xxx routines to
           enable a fast test for the pattern datatype.
p$aaa
       ent bl$$i
                                                entry to mark first pattern
           the entry conditions to the match routine are as follows
           (see o$pmn, o$pmv, o$pms and procedure match).
           stack contents.
                                 name base (o$pmn only)
                                 name offset (o$pmn only)
                                 type (0-o$pmn, 1-o$pmv, 2-o$pms)
           pmhbs ----- initial cursor (zero)
                                initial node pointer
           xs ----- =ndabo (anchored), =nduna (unanch)
           register values.
                (xs)
                                set as shown in stack diagram
                (xr)
                                pointer to initial pattern node
                (wb)
                                initial cursor (zero)
           global pattern values
                                 pointer to subject string scblk
                r$pms
                                length of subject string in chars
                pmssl
                pmdfl
                                 dot flag, initially zero
                                 set as shown in stack diagram
                pmhbs
           control is passed by branching through the pcode
           field of the initial pattern node (bri (xr)).
```

description of algorithm

k k

a pattern structure is represented as a linked graph of nodes with the following structure.

*

+		+
i	pcode	i
+		+
i	pthen	i
+		+
i	parm1	i
+		+
i	parm2	i
+		+

*

pcode is a pointer to the routine which will perform the match of this particular node type.

*

pthen is a pointer to the successor node. i.e. the node to be matched if the attempt to match this node succeeds. if this is the last node of the pattern pthen points to the dummy node ndnth which initiates pattern exit.

*

parm1, parm2 are parameters whose use varies with the particular node. they are only present if required.

*

alternatives are handled with the special alternative node whose parameter points to the node to be matched if there is a failure on the successor path.

*

the following example illustrates the manner in which the structure is built up. the pattern is

*

(a / b / c) (d / e) where / is alternation

*

in the diagram, the node marked + represents an alternative node and the dotted line from a + node represents the parameter pointer to the alternative.

*

* * * k

during the match, the registers are used as follows.

(xr) points to the current node

(x1) scratch

(xs) main stack pointer

(wb) cursor (number of chars matched)

(wa,wc) scratch

*

to keep track of alternatives, the main stack is used as a history stack and contains two word entries.

*

word 1 saved cursor value word 2 node to match on failure

*

when a failure occurs, the most recent entry on this stack is popped off to restore the cursor and point to the node to be matched as an alternative. the entry at the bottom of the stack points to the following special nodes depending on the scan mode.

*

anchored mode the bottom entry points to the

special node ndabo which causes an abort. the cursor value stored with this entry is always zero.

*

unanchored mode the bottom entry points to the

special node nduna which moves the anchor point and restarts the match the cursor saved with this entry is the number of characters which lie before the initial anchor point (i.e. the number of anchor moves). this entry is three words long and also contains the initial pattern.

*

entries are made on this history stack by alternative nodes and by some special compound patterns as described later on. the following global locations are used during pattern matching.

*

r\$pms pointer to subject string pmssl length of subject string

pmdfl flag set non-zero for dot patterns pmhbs base ptr for current history stack

۴

the following exit points are available to match routines

*

succep success in matching current node failp failure in matching current node

*

*

compound patterns

some patterns have implicit alternatives and their representation in the pattern structure consists of a linked set of nodes as indicated by these diagrams.

*

as before, the + represents an alternative node and the dotted line from a + node is the parameter pointer to the alternative pattern.

*

arb

*

+---+ this node (p\$arb) matches null i b i---- and stacks cursor, successor ptr, cursor (copy) and a ptr to ndarc.

*

bal

+---+ the p
i b i----- strin
+---+ to it

the p\$bal node scans a balanced string and then stacks a pointer to itself on the history stack.

compound pattern structures (continued)

*

${\tt arbno}$

*

++ +i + i	this alternative node matches null the first time and stacks a pointer
i ++	to the argument pattern x.
i .	
i .	
i ++	node (p\$aba) to stack cursor
i iai	and history stack base ptr.
i ++	
i i	
i i	
i ++	this is the argument pattern. as
i ixi	indicated, the successor of the
i ++	pattern is the p\$abc node
i i	
i i	
i ++	this node (p\$abc) pops pmhbs,
+i c i	stacks old pmhbs and ptr to ndabd
++	(unless optimization has occurred)

*

structure and execution of this pattern resemble those of recursive pattern matching and immediate assignment. the alternative node at the head of the structure matches null initially but on subsequent failure ensures attempt to match the argument. before the argument is matched p\$aba stacks the cursor, pmhbs and a ptr to p\$abb. if the argument cant be matched , p\$abb removes this special stack entry and fails.

if argument is matched , p\$abc restores the outer pmhbs value (saved by p\$aba) . then if the argument has left alternatives on stack it stacks the inner value of pmhbs and a ptr to ndabd. if argument left nothing on the stack it optimises by removing items stacked by p\$aba. finally a check is made that argument matched more than the null string (check is intended to prevent useless looping). if so the successor is again the alternative node at the head of the structure , ensuring a possible extra attempt to match the arg if necessary. if not , the successor to alternative is taken so as to terminate the loop. p\$abd restores inner pmhbs ptr and fails , thus trying to match

alternatives left by the arbno argument.

compound pattern structures (continued) breakx -----+---+ this node is a break node for the argument to breakx, identical +---i b i i +---+ to an ordinary break node. i i i i +---+ i this alternative node stacks a pointer to the breakx node to i + i----i i allow for subsequent failure +---+ i this is the breakx node itself. it i +---i x i matches one character and then +---+ proceeds back to the break node. fence ---the fence node matches null and i f i---stacks a pointer to node ndabo to abort on a subsequent rematch succeed _____ +---+ the node for succeed matches null

i s i-----

+---+

and stacks a pointer to itself

to repeat the match on a failure.

compound patterns (continued)

binary dot (pattern assignment)

*

++	this node (p\$paa) saves the current
i a i	cursor and a pointer to the
++	special node ndpab on the stack.
i	
i	
++	this is the structure for the
i x i	pattern left argument of the
++	pattern assignment call.
i	
i	
++	this node (p\$pac) saves the cursor,
i c i	a ptr to itself, the cursor (copy)
++	and a ptr to ndpad on the stack.

*

the function of the match routine for ndpab (p\$pab) is simply to unstack itself and fail back onto the stack.

* *

the match routine for p\$pac also sets the global pattern flag pmdfl non-zero to indicate that pattern assignments may have occured in the pattern match

*

if pmdfl is set at the end of the match (see p\$nth), the history stack is scanned for matching ndpab-ndpad pairs and the corresponding pattern assignments are executed.

*

the function of the match routine for ndpad (p\$pad) is simply to remove its entry from the stack and fail. this includes removing the special node pointer stored in addition to the standard two entries on the stack.

compount pattern structures (continued)

fence (function)

*

++ i a i	this node (p\$fna) saves the current history stack and a
++ i i	pointer to ndfnb on the stack.
++	this is the pattern structure
iхі	given as the argument to the
++	fence function.
i	
i	
++	this node p\$fnc restores the outer
iсі	history stack ptr saved in p\$fna,
++	and stacks the inner stack base
	ptr and a pointer to ndfnd on the stack.

*

ndfnb (f\$fnb) simply is the failure exit for pattern argument failure, and it pops itself and fails onto the stack.

*

the match routine p\$fnc allows for an optimization when the fence pattern leaves no alternatives. in this case, the ndfnb entry is popped, and the match continues.

*

ndfnd (p\$fnd) is entered when the pattern fails after going through a non-optimized p\$fnc, and it pops the stack back past the innter stack base created by p\$fna

compound patterns (continued)

expression patterns (recursive pattern matches) _____

initial entry for a pattern node is to the routine p\$exa. if the evaluated result of the expression is itself a pattern, then the following steps are taken to arrange for proper recursive processing.

1) a pointer to the current node (the p\$exa node) is stored on the history stack with a dummy cursor.

2) a special history stack entry is made in which the node pointer points to ndexb, and the cursor value is the saved value of pmhbs on entry to this node. the match routine for ndexb (p\$exb) restores pmhbs from this cursor entry, pops off the p\$exa node pointer and fails.

the resulting history stack pointer is saved in pmhbs to establish a new level of history stack.

after matching a pattern, the end of match routine gets control (p\$nth). this routine proceeds as follows.

load the current value of pmhbs and recognize the outer level case by the fact that the associated cursor in this case is the pattern match type code which is less than 3. terminate the match in this case and continue execution of the program.

2) otherwise make a special history stack entry in which the node pointer points to the special node ndexc and the cursor is the current value of pmhbs. the match routine for ndexc (p\$exc) resets pmhbs to this (inner) value and and then fails.

3) using the history stack entry made on starting the expression (accessible with the current value of pmhbs), restore the p\$exa node pointer and the old pmhbs setting. take the successor and continue.

an optimization is possible if the expression pattern makes no entries on the history stack. in this case, instead of building the p\$exc node in step 2, it is more efficient to simply pop off the p\$exb entry and its associated node pointer. the effect is the same.

compound patterns (continued)

i c i----

binary dollar (immediate assignment)

*

++	this node (p\$ima) stacks the cursor
iai	pmhbs and a ptr to ndimb and resets
++	the stack ptr pmhbs.
i	
i	
++	this is the left structure for the
i x i	pattern left argument of the
++	immediate assignment call.
i	
i	
++	this node (p\$imc) performs the

assignment, pops pmhbs and stacks the old pmhbs and a ptr to ndimd.

*

the structure and execution of this pattern are similar to those of the recursive expression pattern matching.

the match routine for ndimb (p\$imb) restores the outer level value of pmhbs, unstacks the saved cursor and fails

*

the match routine p\$imc uses the current value of pmhbs to locate the p\$imb entry. this entry is used to make the assignment and restore the outer level value of pmhbs. finally, the inner level value of pmhbs and a pointer to the special node ndimd are stacked.

*

the match routine for ndimd (p\$imd) restores the inner level value of pmhbs and fails back into the stack.

*

an optimization occurs if the inner pattern makes no entries on the history stack. in this case, p\$imc pops the p\$imb entry instead of making a p\$imd entry.

```
arbno
           see compound patterns section for stucture and
           algorithm for matching this node type.
           no parameters
                                                  p0blk
p$aba
       ent bl$p0
       mov wb,-(xs)
                                                  stack cursor
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                  stack dummy node ptr
                                                  stack old stack base ptr
       mov pmhbs, -(xs)
       mov =ndabb,-(xs)
                                                  stack ptr to node ndabb
       {f mov} xs,pmhbs
                                                  store new stack base ptr
       brn succp
                                                  succeed
```

```
* arbno (remove p$aba special stack entry)

* no parameters (dummy pattern)

* entry point

mov wb,pmhbs restore history stack base ptr
brn flpop fail and pop dummy node ptr
```

```
arbno (check if arg matched null string)
           no parameters (dummy pattern)
                                                   p0blk
p$abc
        ent bl$p0
        mov pmhbs,xt
                                                   keep p$abb stack base
                                                   load initial cursor
        mov num03(xt),wa
        mov num01(xt),pmhbs
                                                   restore outer stack base ptr
        beq xt,xs,pabc1
                                                   jump if no history stack entries
        mov xt,-(xs)
                                                   else save inner pmhbs entry
                                                   stack ptr to special node ndabd
        mov =ndabd,-(xs)
        brn pabc2
                                                   merge
            optimise case of no extra entries on stack from arbno arg
pabc1
        add *num04,xs
                                                   remove ndabb entry and cursor
           merge to check for matching of null string
        bne wa, wb, succp
                                                   allow further attempt if non-null
pabc2
        mov pthen(xr),xr
                                                   bypass alternative node so as to ...
                                                   ... refuse further match attempts
        brn succp
```

```
* arbno (try for alternatives in arbno argument)

* no parameters (dummy pattern)

* p$abd ent entry point entry point restore inner stack base ptr brn failp and fail
```

```
*
* abort
*
* no parameters
*
```

 $\tt p\$abo \quad ent \quad bl\$p0 \qquad \qquad p0blk$

brn exfal signal statement failure

```
* alternation

* parm1 alternative node

* p$alt ent bl$p1 p1blk
mov wb,-(xs) stack cursor
mov parm1(xr),-(xs) stack pointer to alternative
chk check for stack overflow
brn succp if all ok, then succeed
```

```
any (one character argument) (1-char string also)
            parm1
                                     character argument
                                                      p1blk
p$ans
        ent bl$p1
        beq \quad \mathtt{wb,pmssl,failp}
                                                      fail if no chars left
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                      else point to subject string
        plc xl,wb
                                                      point to current character
                                                      load current character
        lch
             wa,(xl)
        bne wa,parm1(xr),failp
                                                      fail if no match
                                                      else bump cursor
        icv
        {\bf brn} succp
                                                      and succeed
```

```
any (multi-character argument case)
            parm1
                                    pointer to ctblk
                                    bit mask to select bit in ctblk
            parm2
                                                     p2blk
p$any
        ent bl$p2
            expression argument case merges here
                                                     fail if no characters left
        beq wb,pmssl,failp
pany1
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                     else point to subject string
        plc xl,wb
                                                     get char ptr to current character
        lch wa,(x1)
                                                     load current character
        mov parm1(xr),xl
                                                     point to ctblk
        {\bf wtb} wa
                                                     change to byte offset
        add wa,xl
                                                     point to entry in ctblk
        mov ctchs(x1),wa
                                                     load word from ctblk
                                                     and with selected bit
        anb parm2(xr),wa
        {f zrb} wa,failp
                                                     fail if no match
        \mathbf{icv} wb
                                                     else bump cursor
        {f brn} succp
                                                     and succeed
```

```
* any (expression argument)

* parm1 expression pointer

* p$ayd ent bl$p1 p1blk

jsr evals evaluate string argument

err 043,any evaluated argument is not a string

ppm failp fail if evaluation failure

ppm pany1 merge multi-char case if ok
```

```
p$arb
                                  initial arb match
           no parameters
           the p$arb node is part of a compound pattern structure
           for an arb pattern (see description of compound patterns)
p$arb
       ent bl$p0
                                                 p0blk
                                                 load successor pointer
       mov pthen(xr),xr
       mov wb,-(xs)
                                                 stack dummy cursor
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                 stack successor pointer
       mov wb,-(xs)
                                                 stack cursor
       mov =ndarc,-(xs)
                                                 stack ptr to special node ndarc
       bri (xr)
                                                 execute next node matching null
```

```
p$arc
                                     extend arb match
            no parameters (dummy pattern)
                                                      entry point
p$arc
        \mathbf{ent}
        beq \verb| wb,pmssl,flpop|
                                                      fail and pop stack to successor
        icv
                                                      else bump cursor
             wb
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                      stack updated cursor
                                                      restack pointer to ndarc node
        mov xr,-(xs)
        mov num02(xs),xr
                                                      load successor pointer
        bri (xr)
                                                      off to reexecute successor node
```

```
bal
            no parameters
            the p$bal node is part of the compound structure built
            for bal (see section on compound patterns).
p$bal
        \mathbf{ent}
            bl$p0
                                                     p0blk
        zer
              WC
                                                     zero parentheses level counter
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                     point to subject string
                                                     point to current character
        plc x1,wb
        brn pbal2
                                                     jump into scan loop
            loop to scan out characters
pbal1
        lch
             wa,(x1)+
                                                     load next character, bump pointer
        icv
              wb
                                                     push cursor for character
        beq wa,=ch$pp,pbal3
                                                     jump if left paren
        beq wa,=ch$rp,pbal4
                                                     jump if right paren
        bze wc,pbal5
                                                     else succeed if at outer level
            here after processing one character
pbal2
        bne wb,pmssl,pbal1
                                                     loop back unless end of string
        brn failp
                                                     in which case, fail
            here on left paren
pbal3
        icv
             WC
                                                     bump paren level
        brn pbal2
                                                     loop back to check end of string
            here for right paren
                                                     fail if no matching left paren
        bze wc,failp
pbal4
        \mathbf{dcv} wc
                                                     else decrement level counter
        bnz wc,pbal2
                                                     loop back if not at outer level
            here after successfully scanning a balanced string
pbal5
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                     stack cursor
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     stack ptr to bal node for extend
        brn succp
                                                     and succeed
```

```
break (one character argument)
            parm1
                                      character argument
p$bks
        ent bl$p1
                                                       p1blk
                                                       get subject string length
        {\operatorname{mov}} pmssl,wc
        sub wb,wc
                                                       get number of characters left
        bze wc,failp
                                                        fail if no characters left
                                                       set counter for chars left
        \mathbf{lct}
              WC,WC
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                       point to subject string
        plc xl,wb
                                                        point to current character
            loop to scan till break character found
        lch
             wa,(xl)+
                                                       load next char, bump pointer
pbks1
        beq wa,parm1(xr),succp
                                                       succeed if break character found
        icv
              wb
                                                       else push cursor
        {\it bct} wc,pbks1
                                                        loop back if more to go
                                                        fail if end of string, no break chr
        brn failp
```

```
break (multi-character argument)
                                     pointer to ctblk
            parm1
            parm2
                                     bit mask to select bit column
p$brk
        ent bl$p2
                                                     p2blk
            expression argument merges here
pbrk1
        mov pmssl,wc
                                                     load subject string length
        sub wb,wc
                                                     get number of characters left
        bze wc,failp
                                                     fail if no characters left
        \mathbf{lct}
              WC,WC
                                                     set counter for characters left
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                     else point to subject string
                                                     point to current character
        plc xl,wb
        mov xr,psave
                                                     save node pointer
            loop to search for break character
        lch wa,(x1)+
pbrk2
                                                     load next char, bump pointer
        mov parm1(xr),xr
                                                     load pointer to ctblk
        wtb wa
                                                     convert to byte offset
        add wa,xr
                                                     point to ctblk entry
        mov ctchs(xr),wa
                                                     load ctblk word
        mov psave,xr
                                                     restore node pointer
                                                     and with selected bit
        anb parm2(xr),wa
                                                     succeed if break character found
        nzb wa, succp
        icv
              wb
                                                     else push cursor
        {\it bct} wc,pbrk2
                                                     loop back unless end of string
                                                     fail if end of string, no break chr
        brn failp
```

```
breakx (expression argument)
           see section on compound patterns for full structure of
           breakx pattern. the actual character matching uses a
           break node. however, the entry for the expression
           argument case is separated to get proper error messages.
           parm1
                                  expression pointer
p$bxd
       ent bl$p1
                                                 p1blk
                                                 evaluate string argument
       jsr
            evals
       err 045,breakx evaluated
                                                 argument is not a string
                                                  fail if evaluation fails
       ppm failp
       ppm pbrk1
                                                 merge with break if all ok
```

```
cursor assignment
            parm1
                                     name base
                                     name offset
            parm2
                                                      p2blk
p$cas
        ent bl$p2
                                                      save node pointer
        mov xr,-(xs)
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                      save cursor
                                                      load name base
        mov parm1(xr),xl
        mti wb
                                                      load cursor as integer
        mov parm2(xr),wb
                                                      load name offset
              icbld
                                                      get icblk for cursor value
        jsr
        mov wb,wa
                                                      move name offset
                                                      move value to assign
        mov xr,wb
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              asinp
                                                      perform assignment
        ppm flpop
                                                      fail on assignment failure
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                      else restore cursor
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      restore node pointer
        brn succp
                                                      and succeed matching null
```

```
expression node (p$exa, initial entry)
            see compound patterns description for the structure and
            algorithms for handling expression nodes.
                                    expression pointer
            parm1
p$exa
        ent
            bl$p1
                                                    p1blk
        jsr
             evalp
                                                    evaluate expression
        ppm failp
                                                    fail if evaluation fails
                                                    jump if result is not a pattern
        blo wa,=p$aaa,pexa1
            here if result of expression is a pattern
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                    stack dummy cursor
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                    stack ptr to p$exa node
        mov pmhbs, -(xs)
                                                    stack history stack base ptr
        mov = ndexb, -(xs)
                                                    stack ptr to special node ndexb
                                                    store new stack base pointer
        mov xs,pmhbs
        mov xl,xr
                                                    copy node pointer
        bri (xr)
                                                    match first node in expression pat
            here if result of expression is not a pattern
        beq wa,=b$scl,pexa2
                                                    jump if it is already a string
pexa1
                                                    else stack result
        mov xl, -(xs)
                                                    save node pointer
        mov xr,xl
        jsr
             gtstg
                                                    convert result to string
        err 046, expression does
                                                    not evaluate to pattern
        mov xr,wc
                                                    copy string pointer
                                                    restore node pointer
        mov xl,xr
        mov wc,xl
                                                    copy string pointer again
            merge here with string pointer in xl
                                                    just succeed if null string
        bze sclen(x1),succp
pexa2
        brn pstr1
                                                    else merge with string circuit
```

```
*
    * expression node (p$exc, remove ndexc entry)
    * see compound patterns description for the structure and
    * algorithms for handling expression nodes.
    * no parameters (dummy pattern)
    *

p$exc ent entry point
    mov wb,pmhbs restore inner stack base pointer
    brn failp and fail into expr pattern alternys
```

```
fence (function) (make fence trap entry on stack)
            no parameters (dummy pattern)
                                                    p0blk
p$fnc
        ent bl$p0
                                                    get inner stack base ptr
        mov pmhbs,xt
        {f mov} num01(xt),pmhbs
                                                    restore outer stack base
        beq xt,xs,pfnc1
                                                    optimize if no alternatives
        mov xt,-(xs)
                                                    else stack inner stack base
        mov =ndfnd,-(xs)
                                                    stack ptr to ndfnd
        {f brn} succp
                                                    succeed
            here when fence function left nothing on the \operatorname{stack}
        add *num02,xs
                                                    pop off p$fnb entry
pfnc1
        brn succp
                                                    succeed
```

```
immediate assignment (initial entry, save current cursor)
           see compound patterns description for details of the
           structure and algorithm for matching this node type.
           no parameters
                                                   p0blk
pima ent blp0
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                   stack cursor
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                   stack dummy node pointer
        mov pmhbs, -(xs)
                                                   stack old stack base pointer
        mov = ndimb, -(xs)
                                                   stack ptr to special node ndimb
        {\operatorname{mov}} xs,pmhbs
                                                   store new stack base pointer
        brn succp
                                                   and succeed
```

```
*
    immediate assignment (remove cursor mark entry)

*
    see compound patterns description for details of the
    structure and algorithms for matching this node type.

*
    no parameters (dummy pattern)

*

p$imb ent entry point
    mov wb,pmhbs restore history stack base ptr
    brn flpop fail and pop dummy node ptr
```

```
immediate assignment (perform actual assignment)
            see compound patterns description for details of the
            structure and algorithms for matching this node type.
                                   name base of variable
           parm1
           parm2
                                   name offset of variable
                                                   p2blk
p$imc
        ent bl$p2
        mov pmhbs,xt
                                                   load pointer to p$imb entry
        mov wb, wa
                                                   copy final cursor
                                                   load initial cursor
        mov num03(xt),wb
                                                   restore outer stack base pointer
        mov num01(xt),pmhbs
        beq xt,xs,pimc1
                                                   jump if no history stack entries
        mov xt,-(xs)
                                                   else save inner pmhbs pointer
        mov = ndimd, -(xs)
                                                   and a ptr to special node ndimd
        brn pimc2
                                                   merge
           here if no entries made on history stack
pimc1
        add *num04,xs
                                                   remove ndimb entry and cursor
           merge here to perform assignment
        mov wa,-(xs)
pimc2
                                                   save current (final) cursor
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                   save current node pointer
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                   point to subject string
        sub wb, wa
                                                   compute substring length
        jsr
            sbstr
                                                   build substring
        mov xr,wb
                                                   move result
        mov (xs),xr
                                                   reload node pointer
                                                   load name base
        mov parm1(xr),xl
        mov parm2(xr),wa
                                                   load name offset
        jsr
            asinp
                                                   perform assignment
        ppm flpop
                                                   fail if assignment fails
                                                   else restore node pointer
        mov (xs)+,xr
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                   restore cursor
        brn succp
                                                   and succeed
```

```
*
    immediate assignment (remove ndimd entry on failure)

*
    see compound patterns description for details of the
    structure and algorithms for matching this node type.

*
    no parameters (dummy pattern)

*

p$imd ent entry point
    mov wb,pmhbs restore inner stack base pointer
    brn failp and fail
```

```
len (expression argument)
                                           expression pointer
              parm1
        ent bl$p1
                                                               p1blk
p$lnd
                evali
                                                               evaluate integer argument
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               047, len evaluated
                                                               argument is not integer
         \mathbf{err}
                                                               argument is negative or too large
         \mathbf{err}
               048, len evaluated
                                                               fail if evaluation fails
         \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{failp}
         ppm plen1
                                                               merge with normal circuit if ok
```

```
* notany (expression argument)

* parm1 expression pointer

*

p$nad ent bl$p1 p1blk

jsr evals evaluate string argument

err 049,notany evaluated argument is not a string

ppm failp fail if evaluation fails

ppm pnay1 merge with multi-char case if ok
```

```
notany (one character argument)
            parm1
                                     character argument
                                                      entry point
p$nas
        ent bl$p1
        beq \quad \mathtt{wb,pmssl,failp}
                                                      fail if no chars left
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                      else point to subject string
                                                      point to current character in strin
        plc xl,wb
        lch wa,(x1)
                                                      load current character
        beq wa,parm1(xr),failp
                                                      fail if match
                                                      else bump cursor
        icv
        {f brn} succp
                                                      and succeed
```

```
notany (multi-character string argument)
           parm1
                                    pointer to ctblk
                                    bit mask to select bit column
            parm2
                                                    p2blk
p$nay
        ent bl$p2
            expression argument case merges here
                                                    fail if no characters left
        beq wb,pmssl,failp
pnay1
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                    else point to subject string
        plc xl,wb
                                                    point to current character
        lch wa,(x1)
                                                    load current character
        {\bf wtb} wa
                                                    convert to byte offset
        mov parm1(xr),xl
                                                    load pointer to ctblk
        add wa,xl
                                                    point to entry in ctblk
        mov ctchs(x1),wa
                                                    load entry from ctblk
                                                    and with selected bit
        anb parm2(xr),wa
        nzb wa,failp
                                                    fail if character is matched
        icv wb
                                                    else bump cursor
        {f brn} succp
                                                    and succeed
```

```
end of pattern match
           this routine is entered on successful completion.
            see description of expression patterns in compound
           pattern section for handling of recursion in matching.
           this pattern also results from an attempt to convert the
           null string to a pattern via convert()
           no parameters (dummy pattern)
p$nth
        ent bl$p0
                                                   p0blk (dummy)
        mov pmhbs,xt
                                                   load pointer to base of stack
        mov num01(xt),wa
                                                   load saved pmhbs (or pattern type)
        ble wa,=num02,pnth2
                                                   jump if outer level (pattern type)
           here we are at the end of matching an expression pattern
        mov wa, pmhbs
                                                   restore outer stack base pointer
                                                   restore pointer to p$exa node
        mov num02(xt),xr
        beq xt,xs,pnth1
                                                   jump if no history stack entries
        mov xt,-(xs)
                                                   else stack inner stack base ptr
        mov = ndexc, -(xs)
                                                   stack ptr to special node ndexc
        brn succp
                                                   and succeed
           here if no history stack entries during pattern
pnth1
        add *num04,xs
                                                   remove p$exb entry and node ptr
        brn succp
                                                   and succeed
           here if end of match at outer level
                                                   save final cursor in safe place
pnth2
       mov wb,pmssl
        bze pmdfl,pnth6
                                                   jump if no pattern assignments
```

```
end of pattern match (continued)
           now we must perform pattern assignments. this is done by
            scanning the history stack for matching ndpab-ndpad pairs
pnth3
        dca xt
                                                    point past cursor entry
        mov -(xt), wa
                                                    load node pointer
        beq wa,=ndpad,pnth4
                                                    jump if ndpad entry
        bne wa,=ndpab,pnth5
                                                    jump if not ndpab entry
           here for ndpab entry, stack initial cursor
           note that there must be more entries on the stack.
                                                    stack initial cursor
        mov num01(xt),-(xs)
                                                    check for stack overflow
        \mathbf{chk}
        brn pnth3
                                                    loop back if ok
           here for ndpad entry. the starting cursor from the
           matching ndpad entry is now the top stack entry.
                                                    load final cursor
       mov num01(xt),wa
pnth4
                                                    load initial cursor from stack
        mov (xs),wb
        mov xt,(xs)
                                                    save history stack scan ptr
        sub wb,wa
                                                    compute length of string
           build substring and perform assignment
                                                    point to subject string
        mov r$pms,xl
            sbstr
                                                    construct substring
        jsr
        mov xr,wb
                                                    copy substring pointer
        mov (xs),xt
                                                    reload history stack scan ptr
                                                    load pointer to p$pac node with nam
        mov num02(xt),xl
        mov parm2(x1),wa
                                                    load name offset
        mov parm1(x1),x1
                                                    load name base
        jsr
            asinp
                                                    perform assignment
                                                    match fails if name eval fails
        ppm exfal
        mov (xs)+,xt
                                                    else restore history stack ptr
```

```
end of pattern match (continued)
            here check for end of entries
pnth5
        bne xt,xs,pnth3
                                                    loop if more entries to scan
            here after dealing with pattern assignments
pnth6
        mov pmhbs,xs
                                                    wipe out history stack
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                    load initial cursor
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                    load match type code
                                                    load final cursor value
        mov pmssl, wa
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                    point to subject string
        zer r$pms
                                                    clear subject string ptr for gbcol
        bze wc,pnth7
                                                    jump if call by name
        beq wc,=num02,pnth9
                                                    exit if statement level call
            here we have a call by value, build substring
        sub wb, wa
                                                    compute length of string
        jsr
              sbstr
                                                    build substring
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                    stack result
        lcw
             xr
                                                    get next code word
        bri
             (xr)
                                                    execute it
    *
            here for call by name, make stack entries for o$rpl
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                    stack initial cursor
pnth7
                                                    stack final cursor
        mov wa,-(xs)
if.cnbf
else
                                                    skip if subject not buffer
        bze r$pmb,pnth8
        mov r$pmb,xl
                                                    else get ptr to bcblk instead
fi
            here with xl pointing to scblk or bcblk
pnth8
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                    stack subject pointer
            here to obey next code word
pnth9
        lcw xr
                                                    get next code word
        bri
             (xr)
                                                    execute next code word
```

```
pos (integer argument)
           parm1
                                  integer argument
       ent bl$p1
                                                  p1blk
p$pos
           optimize pos if it is the first pattern element,
           unanchored mode, cursor is zero and pos argument
           is not beyond end of string. force cursor position
           and number of unanchored moves.
           this optimization is performed invisible provided
           the argument is either a simple integer or an
           expression that is an untraced variable (that is,
           it has no side effects that would be lost by short-
           circuiting the normal logic of failing and moving the
           unanchored starting point.)
           pos (integer argument)
           parm1
                                  integer argument
       beq wb,parm1(xr),succp
                                                  succeed if at right location
                                                  don't look further if cursor not 0
       bnz wb,failp
       mov pmhbs,xt
                                                  get history stack base ptr
       bne xr,-(xt),failp
                                                  fail if pos is not first node
           expression argument circuit merges here
ppos2
       bne -(xt),=nduna,failp
                                                   fail if not unanchored mode
       mov parm1(xr),wb
                                                  get desired cursor position
                                                  abort if off end
       bgt wb,pmssl,exfal
       mov wb,num02(xt)
                                                  fake number of unanchored moves
       brn succp
                                                  continue match with adjusted cursor
```

```
pos (expression argument)
                                       expression pointer
             parm1
p$psd
        ent bl$p1
                                                        p1blk
                                                        evaluate integer argument
        jsr
               evali
              050, pos evaluated
                                                        argument is not integer
        \mathbf{err}
        \mathbf{err}
              051, pos evaluated
                                                        argument is negative or too large
        ppm failp
                                                        fail if evaluation fails
        ppm ppos1
                                                        process expression case
                                                        succeed if at right location
ppos1
        beq wb,parm1(xr),succp
        {\operatorname{bnz}} wb,failp
                                                        don't look further if cursor not 0
        bnz evlif,failp
                                                        fail if complex argument
        mov pmhbs,xt
                                                        get history stack base ptr
        mov evlio, wa
                                                        get original node ptr
        bne wa,-(xt),failp
                                                        fail if pos is not first node
        brn ppos2
                                                        merge with integer argument code
```

```
pattern assignment (remove saved cursor)

see compound patterns description for the structure and
algorithms for matching this node type.

no parameters (dummy pattern)

p$pab ent entry point
brn failp just fail (entry is already popped)
```

```
pattern assignment (end of match, make assign entry)
           see compound patterns description for the structure and
           algorithms for matching this node type.
                                  name base of variable
           parm1
           parm2
                                  name offset of variable
                                                  p2blk
p$pac ent bl$p2
       mov wb,-(xs)
                                                  stack dummy cursor value
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                  stack pointer to p$pac node
       mov wb,-(xs)
                                                  stack final cursor
                                                  stack ptr to special ndpad node
       mov =ndpad,-(xs)
       \mathbf{mnz} pmdfl
                                                  set dot flag non-zero
                                                  and succeed
       brn succp
```

```
pattern assignment (remove assign entry)

see compound patterns description for the structure and
algorithms for matching this node type.

no parameters (dummy node)

p$pad ent entry point
brn flpop fail and remove p$pac node
```

```
*
    *
    * rem
    *
    * no parameters
    *

p$rem ent bl$p0
    mov pmssl,wb
    brn succp
```

p0blk point cursor to end of string and succeed

```
rpos (expression argument)
           optimize rpos if it is the first pattern element,
           unanchored mode, cursor is zero and rpos argument
            is not beyond end of string. force cursor position
            and number of unanchored moves.
           this optimization is performed invisibly provided
           the argument is either a simple integer or an
            expression that is an untraced variable (that is,
            it has no side effects that would be lost by short-
           circuiting the normal logic of failing and moving the
           unanchored starting point).
           parm1
                                   expression pointer
p$rpd
       ent bl$p1
                                                   p1blk
        jsr
             evali
                                                   evaluate integer argument
            052, rpos evaluated
                                                   argument is not integer
        \mathbf{err}
            053, rpos evaluated
                                                   argument is negative or too large
                                                   fail if evaluation fails
        ppm failp
                                                   merge with normal case if ok
        ppm prps1
prps1
       mov pmssl,wc
                                                   get length of string
        sub wb,wc
                                                   get number of characters remaining
                                                   succeed if at right location
        beq wc,parm1(xr),succp
                                                   don't look further if cursor not 0
        bnz wb, failp
        bnz evlif,failp
                                                   fail if complex argument
        mov pmhbs,xt
                                                   get history stack base ptr
                                                   get original node ptr
        mov evlio, wa
        bne wa,-(xt),failp
                                                   fail if pos is not first node
        brn prps2
                                                   merge with integer arg code
```

```
rpos (integer argument)
            parm1
                                    integer argument
p$rps
        ent bl$p1
                                                    p1blk
            rpos (integer argument)
            parm1
                                    integer argument
                                                    get length of string
        mov pmssl,wc
        sub wb,wc
                                                    get number of characters remaining
        beq wc,parm1(xr),succp
                                                    succeed if at right location
                                                    don't look further if cursor not 0
        bnz wb,failp
        {f mov} pmhbs,xt
                                                    get history stack base ptr
        bne xr,-(xt),failp
                                                    fail if rpos is not first node
            expression argument merges here
        bne -(xt),=nduna,failp
                                                     fail if not unanchored mode
prps2
                                                    point to end of string
        mov pmssl,wb
                                                    fail if string not long enough
        blt wb,parm1(xr),failp
        sub parm1(xr),wb
                                                    else set new cursor
        mov wb,num02(xt)
                                                    fake number of unanchored moves
        brn succp
                                                    continue match with adjusted cursor
```

```
rtab (integer argument)
            parm1
                                    integer argument
p$rtb
        ent bl$p1
                                                    p1blk
            expression argument case merges here
prtb1
        {f mov} wb,wc
                                                    save initial cursor
                                                    point to end of string
        mov pmssl,wb
        blt wb,parm1(xr),failp
                                                    fail if string not long enough
        sub parm1(xr),wb
                                                    else set new cursor
        bge wb,wc,succp
                                                    and succeed if not too far already
       brn failp
                                                    in which case, fail
```

```
rtab (expression argument)
                                         expression pointer
             parm1
        ent bl$p1
                                                           p1blk
p$rtd
               evali
                                                           evaluate integer argument
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              054, rtab evaluated
                                                           argument is not integer
         \mathbf{err}
                                                           argument is negative or too large
         \mathbf{err}
              055,rtab evaluated
         ppm failp
                                                           fail if evaluation fails
         ppm prtb1
                                                           merge with normal case if success
```

```
span (multi-character argument case)
            parm1
                                     pointer to ctblk
            parm2
                                     bit mask to select bit column
p$spn
        ent bl$p2
                                                      p2blk
            expression argument case merges here
                                                      copy subject string length
        mov pmssl,wc
pspn1
        sub wb,wc
                                                      calculate number of characters left
                                                      fail if no characters left
        bze wc,failp
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                      point to subject string
                                                      point to current character
        plc xl,wb
                                                      save initial cursor
        mov wb,psavc
        mov xr,psave
                                                      save node pointer
             WC,WC
                                                      set counter for chars left
        \mathbf{lct}
            loop to scan matching characters
        lch
             wa,(xl)+
                                                      load next character, bump pointer
pspn2
                                                      convert to byte offset
        wtb wa
        mov parm1(xr),xr
                                                      point to ctblk
        add wa,xr
                                                      point to ctblk entry
        mov ctchs(xr),wa
                                                      load ctblk entry
                                                      restore node pointer
        mov psave, xr
                                                      and with selected bit
        anb parm2(xr),wa
        \mathbf{zrb}
              wa,pspn3
                                                      jump if no match
        icv
              wb
                                                      else push cursor
        \mathbf{bct}
             wc,pspn2
                                                      loop back unless end of string
            here after scanning matching characters
        bne wb,psavc,succp
                                                      succeed if chars matched
pspn3
        brn failp
                                                      else fail if null string matched
```

```
span (one character argument)
                                     character argument
            parm1
p$sps
        ent bl$p1
                                                     p1blk
                                                     get subject string length
        mov pmssl,wc
        sub wb,wc
                                                     calculate number of characters left
        bze wc,failp
                                                     fail if no characters left
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                     else point to subject string
        plc xl,wb
                                                     point to current character
                                                     save initial cursor
        mov wb,psavc
                                                     set counter for characters left
              wc,wc
        lct
            loop to scan matching characters
psps1
        lch
             wa,(xl)+
                                                     load next character, bump pointer
        bne wa,parm1(xr),psps2
                                                     jump if no match
        icv
              wb
                                                     else push cursor
                                                     and loop unless end of string
        \mathbf{bct}
             wc,psps1
            here after scanning matching characters
psps2
        bne wb,psavc,succp
                                                     succeed if chars matched
        brn failp
                                                     fail if null string matched
```

```
multi-character string
           note that one character strings use the circuit for
           one character any arguments (p$an1).
           parm1
                                   pointer to scblk for string arg
p$str
        ent bl$p1
                                                   p1blk
        mov parm1(xr),xl
                                                   get pointer to string
           merge here after evaluating expression with string value
pstr1
        mov xr,psave
                                                   save node pointer
        mov r$pms,xr
                                                   load subject string pointer
        plc xr,wb
                                                   point to current character
        add sclen(x1),wb
                                                   compute new cursor position
        bgt wb,pmssl,failp
                                                   fail if past end of string
        mov wb,psavc
                                                   save updated cursor
        mov sclen(x1),wa
                                                   get number of chars to compare
        plc xl
                                                   point to chars of test string
        cmc failp, failp
                                                   compare, fail if not equal
                                                   if all matched, restore node ptr
        mov psave,xr
        mov psavc,wb
                                                   restore updated cursor
        {f brn} succp
                                                   and succeed
```

```
tab (integer argument)
            parm1
                                     integer argument
p$tab
                                                     p1blk
        ent bl$p1
            expression argument case merges here
ptab1
        \mathbf{bgt} wb,parm1(xr),failp
                                                     fail if too far already
        mov parm1(xr),wb
                                                     else set new cursor position
        {\it ble} wb,pmssl,succp
                                                     succeed if not off end
                                                     else fail
        brn failp
```

```
tab (expression argument)
               parm1
                                             expression pointer
                                                                 p1blk
p$tbd
         ent bl$p1
                                                                 evaluate integer argument
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                 evali
                057, tab evaluated
                                                                 argument is not integer
          \mathbf{err}
                                                                 argument is negative or too large
          \mathbf{err}
                058, tab evaluated
                                                                 fail if evaluation fails
          \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{failp}
          \mathbf{ppm} ptab1
                                                                 merge with normal case if ok
```

```
anchor movement
            no parameters (dummy node)
                                                      entry point
p$una
        \mathbf{ent}
        mov wb,xr
                                                      copy initial pattern node pointer
                                                      get initial cursor
        mov (xs),wb
                                                      match fails if at end of string
        {f beq} wb,pmssl,exfal
                                                      else increment cursor
        icv
             wb
        mov wb,(xs)
                                                      store incremented cursor
                                                      restack initial node ptr
        mov xr,-(xs)
        mov =nduna,-(xs)
                                                      restack unanchored node
        bri
             (xr)
                                                      rematch first node
```

$\mathbf{spitbol} - \mathbf{snobol4}$ built-in label routines

*	
*	the following section contains the routines for labels
*	which have a predefined meaning in snobol4.
*	
*	control is passed directly to the label name entry point.
*	
*	entry names are of the form 1\$xxx where xxx is the three
*	letter variable name identifier.
*	
*	entries are in alphabetical order

```
abort
1$abo
         ent
                                                           entry point
             merge here if execution terminates in error
         mov kvert, wa
                                                           load error code
labo1
         \mathbf{bze}
              wa,labo3
                                                           jump if no error has occured
if.\mathbf{csax}
         jsr
                sysax
                                                           call after execution proc
fi
if.cera
  if.csfn
         mov kvstn,wc
                                                           current statement
         jsr
               filnm
                                                           obtain file name for this statement
  fi
  if.csln
                                                           current code block
         mov r$cod,xr
         mov cdsln(xr),wc
                                                           line number
  else
                                                           line number
         \mathbf{zer}
               WC
  fi
                                                           column number
         zer
               wb
         {f mov} wb
                                                           column number
                                                           advise system of error
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                sysea
                                                           if system does not want print
         ppm stpr4
fi
                                                           else eject printer
         jsr
                prtpg
if.cera
                                                           did sysea request print
         bze
              xr,labo2
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               prtst
                                                           print text from sysea
fi
labo2
         jsr
                ermsg
                                                           print error message
                                                           indicate no message to print
         zer
         brn stopr
                                                           jump to routine to stop run
             here if no error had occured
labo3
              036, goto abort with
                                                           no preceding error
```

```
continue
                                                     entry point
1$cnt
       \mathbf{ent}
            merge here after execution error
                                                     load continuation code block ptr
lcnt1
        mov r$cnt,xr
        bze xr,1cnt3
                                                     jump if no previous error
        zer r$cnt
                                                     clear flag
        mov xr,r$cod
                                                     else store as new code block ptr
        bne (xr),=b$cdc,lcnt2
                                                    jump if not complex go
        mov stxoc, wa
                                                     get offset of error
        bge wa,stxof,lcnt4
                                                    jump if error in goto evaluation
            here if error did not occur in complex failure goto
1cnt2
        add stxof,xr
                                                     add failure offset
        lcp
             xr
                                                     load code pointer
                                                     reset stack pointer
        mov flptr,xs
        lcw
                                                     get next code word
             xr
                                                     execute next code word
        bri
              (xr)
            here if no previous error
1cnt3
        icv
              errft
                                                     fatal error
             037, goto continue
                                                     with no preceding error
            here if error in evaluation of failure goto.
            cannot continue back to failure goto!
                                                     fatal error
1cnt4
        icv
             errft
        erb 332, goto continue
                                                    with error in failure goto
```

```
*
    * end
    *

1$end ent entry point

    *
    merge here from end code circuit
    *

lend0 mov =endms,xr
    brn stopr point to message /normal term.../
    jump to routine to stop run
```

*

* freturn

*

1\$frt ent

mov =scfrt,wa

brn retrn

entry point point to string /freturn/ jump to common return routine

```
nreturn
1$nrt
          \mathbf{ent}
```

mov =scnrt,wa

 ${\bf brn} \quad {\tt retrn}$

entry point point to string /nreturn/ jump to common return routine

return 1\$rtn ent

mov =scrtn,wa

 ${\bf brn} \quad {\tt retrn}$

entry point point to string /return/ jump to common return routine

```
scontinue
1$scn
        ent
                                                    entry point
        mov r$cnt,xr
                                                    load continuation code block ptr
        bze xr,lscn2
                                                    jump if no previous error
        zer r$cnt
                                                    clear flag
        bne kvert,=nm320,lscn1
                                                    error must be user interrupt
        \mathbf{beq} kvert,=nm321,lscn2
                                                    detect scontinue loop
        mov xr,r$cod
                                                    else store as new code block ptr
        add stxoc,xr
                                                    add resume offset
                                                    load code pointer
        lcp
             xr
        lcw xr
                                                    get next code word
                                                    execute next code word
        bri
             (xr)
            here if no user interrupt
lscn1
        icv errft
                                                    fatal error
        erb 331,goto scontinue
                                                    with no user interrupt
            here if in scontinue loop or if no previous error
1scn2
       icv
                                                    fatal error
            errft
        erb 321,goto scontinue
                                                    with no preceding error
```

*
* undefined label
*

1\$und ent erb 038 goto undefined

erb 038,goto undefined

entry point

label

the following section contains coding for functions which are predefined and available at the snobol level. these routines receive control directly from the code or indirectly through the offnc, offns or cfunc routines. in both cases the conditions on entry are as follows the arguments are on the stack. the number of arguments has been adjusted to correspond to the svblk svnar field. in certain functions the direct call is not permitted and in these instances we also have. (wa) actual number of arguments in call control returns by placing the function result value on on the stack and continuing execution with the next word from the generated code. the names of the entry points of these functions are of the form s\$xxx where xxx is the three letter code for the system variable name. the functions are in order alphabetically by their entry names.

```
if .c370
             abs
s$abs
                                                        entry point
        ent
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        get argument
                                                        make numeric
        jsr
               gtnum
        err
               xxx,abs argument
                                                        not numeric
  if.cnra
  else
        beq wa,=b$rcl,sabs1
                                                        jump if real
  fi
        ldi
               icval(xr)
                                                        load integer value
        ige
               exixr
                                                        no change if not negative
        ngi
                                                        produce absolute value
        ino
               exint
                                                        return integer if no overflow
        \operatorname{erb}
              xxx, abs caused integer
                                                        overflow
  if.cnra
  else
    *
             here to process real argument
        \operatorname{ldr}
              rcval(xr)
                                                        load real value
sabs1
                                                        no change if not negative
        rge
               exixr
                                                        produce absolute value
        ngr
                                                        return real if no overflow
        rno
              exrea
              xxx, abs caused real
                                                        overflow
  fi
fi
if .c370
             and
s$and
        ent
                                                        entry point
        mnz wb
                                                        signal two arguments
                                                        call string boolean routine
        jsr
               sbool
               xxx, and first argument
                                                        is not a string
        \mathbf{err}
               xxx, and second argument
                                                        is not a string
        \mathbf{err}
               xxx, and arguments
                                                        not same length
        ppm exits
                                                        null string arguments
             here to process (wc) words. result is stacked.
        mov (x1)+,wa
                                                        get next cfp$c chars from arg 1
sand1
        anb (xr), wa
                                                        and with characters from arg 2
                                                        put back in memory
        mov wa,(xr)+
        bct wc, sand1
                                                        loop over all words in string block
        brn exits
                                                        fetch next code word
```

```
fi
             any
                                                        entry point
s$any
         \mathbf{ent}
         mov =p$ans,wb
                                                        set pcode for single char case
                                                        pcode for multi-char case
         mov =p$any,xl
         mov =p$ayd,wc
                                                        pcode for expression case
               patst
                                                        call common routine to build node
         \mathbf{err}
              059, any argument
                                                        is not a string or expression
         mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack result
         lcw
                                                        get next code word
              xr
         bri
               (xr)
                                                        execute it
```

```
if .cnbf
else
             append
s$apn
        \mathbf{ent}
                                                         entry point
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                         get append argument
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                         get bcblk
                                                         ok if first arg is bcblk
        beq (xr),=b$bct,sapn1
        erb 275,append first
                                                         argument is not a buffer
             here to do the append
sapn1
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               apndb
                                                         do the append
               276,append second
                                                         argument is not a string
        ppm exfal
                                                         no room - fail
        brn exnul
                                                         exit with null result
```

```
fi
            apply
            apply does not permit the direct (fast) call so that
            wa contains the actual number of arguments passed.
s$app
        ent
                                                     entry point
        \mathbf{bze}
             wa,sapp3
                                                     jump if no arguments
        dcv wa
                                                     else get applied func arg count
        mov wa, wb
                                                     copy
        wtb wb
                                                     convert to bytes
        mov xs,xt
                                                     copy stack pointer
        add wb,xt
                                                     point to function argument on stack
        mov (xt),xr
                                                     load function ptr (apply 1st arg)
                                                     jump if no args for applied func
        bze wa, sapp2
        \mathbf{lct}
                                                     else set counter for loop
              wb,wa
            loop to move arguments up on stack
        dca xt
                                                     point to next argument
sapp1
        mov (xt),num01(xt)
                                                     move argument up
             wb,sapp1
                                                     loop till all moved
            merge here to call function (wa = number of arguments)
sapp2
                                                     adjust stack ptr for apply 1st arg
        ica
             XS
        jsr
              gtnvr
                                                     get variable block addr for func
        ppm sapp3
                                                     jump if not natural variable
                                                     else point to function block
        mov vrfnc(xr),xl
        brn cfunc
                                                     go call applied function
            here for invalid first argument
sapp3
        erb 060, apply first arg
                                                     is not natural variable name
```

```
arbno
            arbno builds a compound pattern. see description at
            start of pattern matching section for structure formed.
s$abn
        ent
                                                      entry point
                                                      set parm1 = 0 for the moment
        zer
              xr
        mov =p$alt,wb
                                                      set pcode for alternative node
              pbild
                                                      build alternative node
                                                      save ptr to alternative pattern
        mov xr,xl
                                                      pcode for p$abc
        mov =p$abc,wb
                                                      p0blk
        zer
             xr
              pbild
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                      build p$abc node
        mov xl,pthen(xr)
                                                      put alternative node as successor
        mov xl,wa
                                                      remember alternative node pointer
                                                      copy p$abc node ptr
        mov xr,xl
                                                      load arbno argument
        mov (xs),xr
        mov wa, (xs)
                                                      stack alternative node pointer
              gtpat
                                                      get arbno argument as pattern
        jsr
        \mathbf{err}
             061, arbno argument
                                                      is not pattern
              pconc
                                                      concat arg with p$abc node
        jsr
        mov xr,xl
                                                      remember ptr to concd patterns
        mov =p$aba,wb
                                                      pcode for p$aba
        zer
             xr
                                                      p0blk
              pbild
                                                      build p$aba node
        mov xl,pthen(xr)
                                                      concatenate nodes
        mov (xs),xl
                                                      recall ptr to alternative node
        mov xr,parm1(xl)
                                                      point alternative back to argument
        lcw
             xr
                                                      get next code word
        bri
              (xr)
                                                      execute next code word
```

```
arg
s$arg
        \mathbf{ent}
                                                        entry point
                                                        get second arg as small integer
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               gtsmi
              062, arg second argument
                                                        is not integer
                                                        fail if out of range or negative
        ppm exfal
        mov xr,wa
                                                        save argument number
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        load first argument
              gtnvr
                                                        locate vrblk
        ppm sarg1
                                                        jump if not natural variable
                                                        else load function block pointer
        mov vrfnc(xr),xr
                                                        jump if not program defined
        bne (xr),=b$pfc,sarg1
        bze wa,exfal
                                                        fail if arg number is zero
        bgt wa,fargs(xr),exfal
                                                        fail if arg number is too large
        {\bf wtb} wa
                                                        else convert to byte offset
        add wa,xr
                                                        point to argument selected
                                                        load argument vrblk pointer
        mov pfagb(xr),xr
        brn exvnm
                                                        exit to build nmblk
            here if 1st argument is bad
sarg1
        erb 063, arg first argument
                                                        is not program function name
```

```
array
s$arr
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                             entry point
         mov (xs)+,xl
                                                             load initial element value
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                             load first argument
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                gtint
                                                             convert first arg to integer
                                                             jump if not integer
         ppm sar02
             here for integer first argument, build vcblk
         ldi
               icval(xr)
                                                             load integer value
         ile
                sar10
                                                             jump if zero or neg (bad dimension)
         mfi wa,sar11
                                                             else convert to one word, test ovfl
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                vmake
                                                             create vector
         ppm sar11
                                                             fail if too large
         brn exsid
                                                             exit setting idval
```

```
array (continued)
            here if first argument is not an integer
sar02
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                      replace argument on stack
              xscni
                                                      initialize scan of first argument
        isr
              064, array first argument
                                                      is not integer or string
        \mathbf{err}
        ppm exnul
                                                      dummy (unused) null string exit
        mov r$xsc,-(xs)
                                                      save prototype pointer
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                      save default value
                                                      zero count of dimensions
        zer
             arcdm
                                                      zero offset to indicate pass one
             arptr
        zer
        ldi
              intv1
                                                      load integer one
                                                      initialize element count
        \mathbf{sti}
              arnel
            the following code is executed twice. the first time
            (arptr eq 0), it is used to count the number of elements
            and number of dimensions. the second time (arptr gt 0) is
            used to actually fill in the dim, lbd fields of the arblk.
sar03
        ldi
              intv1
                                                      load one as default low bound
                                                      save as low bound
        \mathbf{sti}
              arsvl
        mov =ch$cl,wc
                                                      set delimiter one = colon
        mov =ch$cm,xl
                                                      set delimiter two = comma
                                                      retain blanks in prototype
        zer
              wa
                                                      scan next bound
        jsr
              xscan
        bne wa,=num01,sar04
                                                      jump if not colon
            here we have a colon ending a low bound
                                                      convert low bound
        jsr
              gtint
                                                      lower bound is not integer
        \mathbf{err}
              065, array first argument
        ldi
                                                      load value of low bound
              icval(xr)
        sti
              arsvl
                                                      store low bound value
                                                      set delimiter one = comma
        mov =ch$cm,wc
                                                      and delimiter two = comma
        mov wc,xl
        zer
             wa
                                                      retain blanks in prototype
```

jsr

xscan

scan high bound

```
array (continued)
            merge here to process upper bound
sar04
              gtint
                                                      convert high bound to integer
        jsr
              066, array first argument
                                                      upper bound is not integer
        \mathbf{err}
        ldi
              icval(xr)
                                                      get high bound
        sbi
             arsvl
                                                      subtract lower bound
        iov
              sar10
                                                      bad dimension if overflow
        ilt
              sar10
                                                      bad dimension if negative
        adi
             intv1
                                                      add 1 to get dimension
             sar10
                                                      bad dimension if overflow
        iov
        mov arptr,xl
                                                      load offset (also pass indicator)
        bze xl,sar05
                                                      jump if first pass
            here in second pass to store 1bd and dim in arblk
        add (xs),xl
                                                      point to current location in arblk
                                                      store dimension
        \mathbf{sti}
              cfp$i(x1)
        ldi
              arsvl
                                                      load low bound
                                                      store low bound
        \mathbf{sti}
              (x1)
                                                      bump offset to next bounds
        add *ardms,arptr
        brn sar06
                                                      jump to check for end of bounds
            here in pass 1
                                                      bump dimension count
sar05
        icv
              arcdm
        mli
             arnel
                                                      multiply dimension by count so far
        iov
             sar11
                                                      too large if overflow
        sti
              arnel
                                                      else store updated element count
            merge here after processing one set of bounds
                                                      loop back unless end of bounds
sar06
        bnz wa,sar03
        bnz arptr,sar09
                                                      jump if end of pass 2
```

```
array (continued)
            here at end of pass one, build arblk
        ldi
              arnel
                                                       get number of elements
        mfi wb, sar11
                                                       get as addr integer, test ovflo
                                                       else convert to length in bytes
        \mathbf{wtb} wb
        mov *arsi$, wa
                                                       set size of standard fields
                                                       set dimension count to control loop
        \mathbf{lct}
              wc,arcdm
            loop to allow space for dimensions
sar07
        add *ardms, wa
                                                       allow space for one set of bounds
        bct wc,sar07
                                                       loop back till all accounted for
        mov wa,xl
                                                       save size (=arofs)
            now allocate space for arblk
        add wb, wa
                                                       add space for elements
                                                       allow for arpro prototype field
        ica
             wa
                                                       fail if too large
        bgt wa, mxlen, sar11
             alloc
                                                       else allocate arblk
        jsr
        mov (xs), wb
                                                       load default value
        mov xr,(xs)
                                                       save arblk pointer
        mov wa,wc
                                                       save length in bytes
                                                       convert length back to words
        btw wa
                                                       set counter to control loop
        \operatorname{lct}
              wa,wa
            loop to clear entire arblk to default value
        mov wb,(xr)+
                                                       set one word
sar08
        bct wa, sar08
                                                       loop till all set
```

```
array (continued)
           now set initial fields of arblk
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                    reload arblk pointer
        mov (xs),wb
                                                    load prototype
        mov =b$art,(xr)
                                                    set type word
        mov wc,arlen(xr)
                                                    store length in bytes
                                                    zero id till we get it built
        zer idval(xr)
        mov xl,arofs(xr)
                                                    set prototype field ptr
                                                    set number of dimensions
        mov arcdm,arndm(xr)
                                                    save arblk pointer
        mov xr,wc
                                                    point to prototype field
        add xl,xr
                                                    store prototype ptr in arblk
        mov wb,(xr)
                                                    set offset for pass 2 bounds scan
        mov *arlbd,arptr
        mov wb,r$xsc
                                                    reset string pointer for xscan
                                                    store arblk pointer on stack
        mov wc,(xs)
        zer xsofs
                                                    reset offset ptr to start of string
        brn sar03
                                                    jump back to rescan bounds
           here after filling in bounds information (end pass two)
sar09
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                    reload pointer to arblk
        brn exsid
                                                    exit setting idval
           here for bad dimension
sar10
       erb 067, array dimension
                                                    is zero, negative or out of range
           here if array is too large
      erb 068, array size exceeds
                                                    maximum permitted
sar11
```

```
if.cmth
                atan
s$atn
                                                                        entry point
           ent
           mov (xs)+,xr
                                                                        get argument
                                                                        convert to real
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                   {\tt gtrea}
           \mathbf{err}
                  301, atan argument
                                                                        {\rm not\ numeric}
                   rcval(xr)
                                                                        load accumulator with argument
           \operatorname{ldr}
           atn
                                                                        take arctangent
                                                                        overflow, out of range not possible
           \mathbf{brn} \quad \mathtt{exrea}
```

fi if .cbsp

*				
*	backspace			
*		1		
s\$bsp	\mathbf{ent}			entry point
	${f jsr}$	iofcb		call fcblk routine
	\mathbf{err}	316, backspace a	argument	is not a suitable name
	\mathbf{err}	316, backspace a	argument	is not a suitable name
	\mathbf{err}	317, backspace f	ile	does not exist
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	sysbs		call backspace file function
	\mathbf{err}	317, backspace f	ile	does not exist
	\mathbf{err}	318, backspace f	ile	does not permit backspace
	\mathbf{err}	319, backspace c	caused	non-recoverable error
	\mathbf{brn}	exnul		return null as result

```
fi
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
             buffer
s$buf
         ent
                                                           entry point
         mov (xs)+,xl
                                                           get initial value
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                           get requested allocation
               gtint
         jsr
                                                           convert to integer
              269, buffer first
                                                           argument is not integer
         \operatorname{err}
         ldi
               icval(xr)
                                                           get value
                                                           branch if negative or zero
         ile
               sbf01
         mfi wa,sbf02
                                                           move with overflow check
               alobf
                                                           allocate the buffer
         jsr
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               apndb
                                                           copy it in
         \mathbf{err}
               270, buffer second
                                                           argument is not a string or buffer
         \mathbf{err}
               271, buffer initial
                                                           value too big for allocation
                                                           exit setting idval
         brn exsid
    *
             here for invalid allocation size
sbf01
         {
m erb} 272, buffer first
                                                           argument is not positive
    *
             here for allocation size integer overflow
sbf02
         erb 273, buffer size exceeds
                                                           value of maxlngth keyword
```

```
fi
             break
s$brk
                                                        entry point
        \mathbf{ent}
        mov =p$bks,wb
                                                        set pcode for single char case
        mov =p$brk,xl
                                                        pcode for multi-char case
        mov =p$bkd,wc
                                                        pcode for expression case
               patst
                                                        call common routine to build node
        \mathbf{err}
              069, break argument
                                                        is not a string or expression
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack result
        lcw xr
                                                        get next code word
        bri
                                                        execute it
               (xr)
```

```
breakx
            breakx is a compound pattern. see description at start
            of pattern matching section for structure formed.
s$bkx
        ent
                                                     entry point
        mov =p$bks,wb
                                                     pcode for single char argument
        mov =p$brk,xl
                                                     pcode for multi-char argument
                                                     pcode for expression case
        mov =p$bxd,wc
        jsr
              patst
                                                     call common routine to build node
             070, breakx argument
                                                     is not a string or expression
            now hook breakx node on at front end
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     save ptr to break node
        mov =p$bkx,wb
                                                     set pcode for breakx node
                                                     build it
        jsr
              pbild
                                                     set break node as successor
        mov (xs),pthen(xr)
                                                     set pcode for alternation node
        mov =p$alt,wb
             pbild
                                                     build (parm1=alt=breakx node)
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        mov xr,wa
                                                     save ptr to alternation node
        mov (xs),xr
                                                     point to break node
                                                     set alternate node as successor
        mov wa,pthen(xr)
        lcw xr
                                                     result on stack
                                                     execute next code word
        bri
             (xr)
```

```
char
s$chr
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                           entry point
                                                           convert arg to integer
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               gtsmi
         \mathbf{err}
               281, char argument
                                                           not integer
         ppm schr1
                                                           too big error exit
                                                           see if out of range of host set
         bge wc,=cfp$a,schr1
         \mathbf{mov} =num01,wa
                                                           if not set scblk allocation
         mov wc,wb
                                                           save char code
         jsr
              alocs
                                                           allocate 1 bau scblk
                                                           copy scblk pointer
         mov xr,xl
                                                            get set to stuff char
         psc xl
         sch wb,(xl)
                                                           stuff it
                                                           complete store character
         \mathbf{csc}
               xl
              xl
                                                           clear slop in xl
         \mathbf{zer}
         mov xr,-(xs)
                                                           stack result
                                                           get next code word
         lcw xr
         bri
               (xr)
                                                           execute it
             here if char argument is out of range
schr1
         erb 282,char argument
                                                           not in range
```

```
if.cmth
                 chop
s$chp
                                                                          entry point
           \mathbf{ent}
           mov (xs)+,xr
                                                                          get argument
                                                                          convert to real
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                   {\tt gtrea}
           \mathbf{err}
                   302, chop argument
                                                                          {\rm not\ numeric}
           \operatorname{ldr}
                                                                          load accumulator with argument
                   rcval(xr)
           chp
                                                                          truncate to integer valued real
           \mathbf{brn} \quad \mathtt{exrea}
                                                                          no overflow possible
```

```
fi
            clear
s$clr
        ent
                                                     entry point
              xscni
                                                     initialize to scan argument
        jsr
            071, clear argument
        \mathbf{err}
                                                     is not a string
        ppm sclr2
                                                     jump if null
            loop to scan out names in first argument. variables in
            the list are flagged by setting vrget of vrblk to zero.
sclr1
        mov =ch$cm,wc
                                                     set delimiter one = comma
                                                     delimiter two = comma
        mov wc,xl
                                                     skip/trim blanks in prototype
        mnz wa
        jsr
            xscan
                                                     scan next variable name
                                                     locate vrblk
        jsr
              gtnvr
                                                     has null variable name
        \operatorname{err}
             072, clear argument
                                                     else flag by zeroing vrget field
        zer
             vrget(xr)
        bnz wa,sclr1
                                                     loop back if stopped by comma
    *
            here after flagging variables in argument list
        mov hshtb,wb
                                                     point to start of hash table
sclr2
            loop through slots in hash table
                                                     exit returning null if none left
sclr3
        beq wb, hshte, exnul
                                                     else copy slot pointer
        mov wb,xr
        ica
             wb
                                                     bump slot pointer
                                                     set offset to merge into loop
        sub *vrnxt,xr
            loop through vrblks on one hash chain
sclr4
        mov vrnxt(xr),xr
                                                     point to next vrblk on chain
        bze xr,sclr3
                                                     jump for next bucket if chain end
        bnz vrget(xr),sclr5
                                                     jump if not flagged
```

clear (continued) here for flagged variable, do not set value to null setvr for flagged var, restore vrget jsr and loop back for next vrblk brn sclr4 here to set value of a variable to null protected variables (arb, etc) are exempt sclr5 beq vrsto(xr),=b\$vre,sclr4 check for protected variable mov xr,xl copy vrblk pointer loop to locate value at end of possible trblk chain save block pointer sclr6 mov xl,wa load next value field mov vrval(x1),x1 beq (x1),=b\$trt,sclr6 loop back if trapped now store the null value restore block pointer mov wa,xl mov =nulls,vrval(x1) store null constant value brn sclr4 loop back for next vrblk

```
code
s$cod
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                                 entry point
                                                                 load argument
          mov (xs)+,xr
                                                                 convert to code
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                 gtcod
                                                                 fail if conversion is impossible
          \mathbf{ppm} exfal
          mov xr,-(xs)
                                                                 stack result
                                                                 forget interim code block
          \mathbf{zer}
                r$ccb
                                                                 get next code word
          lcw
                xr
          bri
                 (xr)
                                                                 execute it
```

```
collect
s$col
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                              entry point
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                              load argument
                                                              convert to integer
         jsr
                gtint
                073, collect argument
                                                              is not integer
         \mathbf{err}
         ldi
                                                              load collect argument
                icval(xr)
         \mathbf{sti}
                clsvi
                                                              save collect argument
         zer
                wb
                                                              set no move up
                r$ccb
                                                              forget interim code block
         zer
if.\mathbf{csed}
         zer
                dnams
                                                              collect sediment too
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                gbcol
                                                              perform garbage collection
                                                              record new sediment size
         mov xr, dnams
else
         jsr
                gbcol
                                                              perform garbage collection
fi
         {f mov} dname, wa
                                                              point to end of memory
                                                              subtract next location
         \operatorname{sub}
                dnamp, wa
         btw wa
                                                              convert bytes to words
         mti wa
                                                              convert words available as integer
                                                              subtract argument
         \mathbf{sbi}
                clsvi
         iov
                exfal
                                                              fail if overflow
                                                              fail if not enough
         ilt
                exfal
         adi
               clsvi
                                                              else recompute available
                                                              and exit with integer result
         brn exint
```

```
if .c370
              compl
                                                           entry point
s$cmp
         ent
         zer
               wb
                                                           signal one argument
                                                           call string boolean routine
         jsr
               sbool
         \mathbf{ppm}
                                                           only one argument, cannot get here
         \mathbf{err}
               xxx, compl argument
                                                           is not a string
                                                           cannot have two strings unequal
         ppm
         ppm exits
                                                           null string argument
             here to process (wa) characters.
                                                       result is stacked.
         lct
               wc,wa
                                                           prepare count
                                                           prepare to load chars from (xl)
         plc
               xl
         \mathbf{psc}
               xr
                                                           prepare to store chars into (xr)
scmp1
         lch
               wa,(xl)+
                                                           get next char from arg 1
         {f cmb} wa
                                                           complement
         \operatorname{sch}
               wa,(xr)+
                                                           store into result
                                                           loop over all chars in string block
         \mathbf{bct}
               wc,scmp1
                                                           complete store character
         \mathbf{csc}
         brn exits
                                                           fetch next code word.
```

```
fi
            convert
s$cnv
                                                      entry point
        ent
                                                      convert second argument to string
        jsr
              gtstg
                                                      error if second argument not string
        ppm scv29
        bze wa,scv29
                                                      or if null string
if .culc
        jsr
                                                      fold lower case to upper case
              flstg
fi
        mov (xs),xl
                                                      load first argument
        bne (x1),=b$pdt,scv01
                                                      jump if not program defined
            here for program defined datatype
        mov pddfp(xl),xl
                                                      point to dfblk
        mov dfnam(x1),x1
                                                      load datatype name
              ident
                                                      compare with second arg
        isr
                                                      exit if ident with arg as result
        ppm exits
        brn exfal
                                                      else fail
            here if not program defined datatype
scv01
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                      save string argument
        mov =svctb,xl
                                                      point to table of names to compare
        zer
              wb
                                                      initialize counter
                                                      save length of argument string
        mov wa,wc
            loop through table entries
scv02
        mov (x1)+,xr
                                                      load next table entry, bump pointer
        bze xr,exfal
                                                      fail if zero marking end of list
        bne wc,sclen(xr),scv05
                                                      jump if wrong length
                                                      else store table pointer
        mov xl,cnvtp
                                                      point to chars of table entry
        plc
             xr
                                                      load pointer to string argument
        mov (xs),xl
                                                      point to chars of string arg
        \mathbf{plc}
             xl
                                                      set number of chars to compare
        mov wc,wa
        cmc scv04,scv04
                                                      compare, jump if no match
```

```
convert (continued)
            here we have a match
scv03
        mov wb,xl
                                                     copy entry number
        ica
             xs
                                                     pop string arg off stack
                                                     load first argument
        mov (xs)+,xr
        bsw xl,cnvtt
                                                     jump to appropriate routine
              0,scv06
        iff
                                                     string
        iff
              1,scv07
                                                     integer
        iff
              2,scv09
                                                     name
        iff
              3,scv10
                                                     pattern
        iff
              4,scv11
                                                     array
        iff
              5,scv19
                                                     table
        iff
              6,scv25
                                                     expression
        iff
              7,scv26
                                                     code
        iff
              8,scv27
                                                     numeric
if .cnra
else
        iff
                                                     real
              cnvrt,scv08
fi
if.cnbf
else
        iff
              cnvbt,scv28
                                                     buffer
fi
        esw
                                                     end of switch table
            here if no match with table entry
scv04
        mov cnvtp,xl
                                                     restore table pointer, merge
            merge here if lengths did not match
scv05
             wb
                                                     bump entry number
        icv
        brn scv02
                                                     loop back to check next entry
            here to convert to string
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     replace string argument on stack
scv06
                                                     convert to string
              gtstg
                                                     fail if conversion not possible
        ppm exfal
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     stack result
        lcw xr
                                                     get next code word
        bri
              (xr)
                                                     execute it
```

```
convert (continued)
            here to convert to integer
scv07
        jsr
             gtint
                                                       convert to integer
        ppm exfal
                                                       fail if conversion not possible
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       stack result
        lcw
                                                       get next code word
              xr
        bri
              (xr)
                                                       execute it
if.cnra
else
            here to convert to real
scv08
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             gtrea
                                                       convert to real
        ppm exfal
                                                       fail if conversion not possible
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       stack result
        lcw xr
                                                       get next code word
        bri
              (xr)
                                                       execute it
fi
            here to convert to name
scv09
        beq (xr),=b$nml,exixr
                                                       return if already a name
        jsr
              gtnvr
                                                       else try string to name convert
        ppm exfal
                                                       fail if conversion not possible
        brn exvnm
                                                       else exit building nmblk for vrblk
            here to convert to pattern
scv10
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                       convert to pattern
             gtpat
                                                       fail if conversion not possible
        ppm exfal
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       stack result
                                                       get next code word
        lcw xr
        bri
              (xr)
                                                       execute it
            convert to array
            if the first argument is a table, then we go through
            an intermediate array of addresses that is sorted to
            provide a result ordered by time of entry in the
             original table. see c3.762.
scv11
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                       save argument on stack
                                                       use table chain block addresses
        \mathbf{zer}
             wa
                                                       get an array
        jsr
              gtarr
        ppm exfal
                                                       fail if empty table
        ppm exfal
                                                       fail if not convertible
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                       reload original arg
```

```
bne (x1),=b$tbt,exsid
                                                        exit if original not a table
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        sort the intermediate array
        mov =nulls,-(xs)
                                                        on first column
                                                        sort ascending
        zer
              wa
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              sorta
                                                        do sort
                                                        if sort fails, so shall we
        ppm exfal
        mov xr,wb
                                                        save array result
        ldi
              ardim(xr)
                                                        load dim 1 (number of elements)
        \mathbf{mfi}
                                                        get as one word integer
              wa
        \mathbf{lct}
              wa,wa
                                                        copy to control loop
                                                        point to first element in array
        add *arvl2,xr
            here for each row of this 2-column array
scv12
        mov (xr),xl
                                                        get teblk address
        mov tesub(x1),(xr)+
                                                        replace with subscript
        mov teval(xl),(xr)+
                                                        replace with value
        bct wa, scv12
                                                        loop till all copied over
        mov wb,xr
                                                        retrieve array address
        brn exsid
                                                        exit setting id field
             convert to table
scv19
        mov (xr),wa
                                                        load first word of block
                                                        replace arblk pointer on stack
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        return arg if already a table
        beq wa,=b$tbt,exits
                                                        else fail if not an array
        bne wa,=b$art,exfal
```

```
convert (continued)
            here to convert an array to table
        bne arndm(xr),=num02,exfal
                                                     fail if not 2-dim array
        ldi
              ardm2(xr)
                                                     load dim 2
                                                     subtract 2 to compare
        sbi
             intv2
        ine
             exfal
                                                     fail if dim2 not 2
            here we have an arblk of the right shape
        ldi
             ardim(xr)
                                                     load dim 1 (number of elements)
        mfi wa
                                                     get as one word integer
        \mathbf{lct}
             wb,wa
                                                     copy to control loop
        add =tbsi$,wa
                                                     add space for standard fields
        wtb wa
                                                     convert length to bytes
                                                     allocate space for tbblk
        jsr
             alloc
        mov xr,wc
                                                     copy tbblk pointer
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     save tbblk pointer
        mov = b$tbt,(xr)+
                                                     store type word
        zer (xr) +
                                                     store zero for idval for now
        mov wa,(xr)+
                                                     store length
        mov = nulls, (xr) +
                                                     null initial lookup value
            loop to initialize bucket ptrs to point to table
        mov wc,(xr)+
scv20
                                                     set bucket ptr to point to tbblk
        bct wb,scv20
                                                     loop till all initialized
        mov *arv12,wb
                                                     set offset to first arblk element
            loop to copy elements from array to table
scv21
        mov num01(xs),xl
                                                     point to arblk
        beq wb,arlen(xl),scv24
                                                     jump if all moved
        add wb,xl
                                                     else point to current location
        add *num02,wb
                                                     bump offset
        mov (x1),xr
                                                     load subscript name
        dca xl
                                                     adjust ptr to merge (trval=1+1)
```

```
convert (continued)
            loop to chase down trblk chain for value
scv22
        mov trval(xl),xl
                                                     point to next value
        beq (x1),=b$trt,scv22
                                                     loop back if trapped
            here with name in xr, value in xl
scv23
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                     stack value
        mov num01(xs),xl
                                                     load tbblk pointer
             tfind
                                                     build teblk (note wb gt 0 by name)
        jsr
        ppm exfal
                                                     fail if acess fails
        mov (xs)+,teval(xl)
                                                     store value in teblk
        brn scv21
                                                     loop back for next element
            here after moving all elements to tbblk
                                                     load tbblk pointer
scv24
        mov (xs)+,xr
        ica
             XS
                                                     pop arblk pointer
        brn exsid
                                                     exit setting idval
            convert to expression
if .cevb
scv25
                                                     by value
        zer
              wb
                                                     convert to expression
        jsr
              gtexp
else
scv25
                                                     convert to expression
        jsr
              gtexp
fi
        ppm exfal
                                                     fail if conversion not possible
        \mathbf{zer}
             r$ccb
                                                     forget interim code block
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                     stack result
        lcw xr
                                                     get next code word
        bri
              (xr)
                                                     execute it
            convert to code
scv26
              gtcod
                                                     convert to code
        jsr
        ppm exfal
                                                     fail if conversion is not possible
        zer r$ccb
                                                     forget interim code block
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     stack result
        lcw
             xr
                                                     get next code word
        bri
                                                     execute it
              (xr)
            convert to numeric
scv27
            gtnum
                                                     convert to numeric
        jsr
                                                     fail if unconvertible
        ppm exfal
```

scv31 mov xr,-(xs) lcw xr bri (xr) stack result get next code word execute it

```
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
               convert to buffer
scv28
          mov xr,-(xs)
                                                                   stack first arg for procedure
                 gtstb
                                                                   get string or buffer
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
          \mathbf{ppm} exfal
                                                                   fail if conversion not possible
          \mathbf{bnz} wb,scv30
                                                                   jump if already a buffer
          mov xr,xl
                                                                   save string pointer
                                                                   allocate buffer of same size
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                 alobf
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                 apndb
                                                                   copy in the string
          \mathbf{ppm}
                                                                   already string - cant fail to cnv
                                                                   must be enough room
          \mathbf{ppm}
          brn exsid
                                                                   exit setting idval field
               here if argument is already a buffer
scv30
          mov wb,xr
                                                                   return buffer without conversion
          brn scv31
                                                                   merge to return result
```

```
fi
               second argument not string or null
scv29
          {f erb} 074,convert second
                                                                   argument is not a string
               сору
                                                                   entry point
s$cop
          \mathbf{ent}
                                                                   copy the block
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                copyb
                                                                   return if no idval field
          \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exits}
          brn exsid
                                                                   exit setting id value
```

```
if.cmth
               cos
s$cos
                                                                 entry point
          ent
          mov (xs)+,xr
                                                                 get argument
                                                                 convert to real
          \mathbf{jsr}
                 {\tt gtrea}
          \mathbf{err}
                 303, cos argument
                                                                 {\rm not\ numeric}
                                                                 load accumulator with argument
                 rcval(xr)
          \operatorname{ldr}
                                                                 take cosine
          \cos
                                                                 if no overflow, return result in ra
          rno
                 exrea
          \operatorname{erb}
                 322, cos argument
                                                                 is out of range
```

```
fi
             data
s$dat
         ent
                                                         entry point
               xscni
                                                         prepare to scan argument
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
         \mathbf{err}
               075, data argument
                                                         is not a string
                                                         is null
               076, data argument
         \mathbf{err}
             scan out datatype name
         mov =ch$pp,wc
                                                         delimiter one = left paren
         mov wc,xl
                                                         delimiter two = left paren
         mnz wa
                                                         skip/trim blanks in prototype
         isr
              xscan
                                                         scan datatype name
         bnz wa, sdat1
                                                         skip if left paren found
         erb 077, data argument
                                                         is missing a left paren
             here after scanning datatype name
if .culc
sdat1
         mov sclen(xr), wa
                                                         get length
         bze wa,sdt1a
                                                         avoid folding if null string
               flstg
                                                         fold lower case to upper case
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
sdt1a
        mov xr,xl
                                                         save name ptr
else
sdat1
        mov xr,xl
                                                         save name ptr
fi
         mov sclen(xr), wa
                                                         get length
         ctb wa,scsi$
                                                         compute space needed
         jsr
               alost
                                                         request static store for name
         mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         save datatype name
                                                         copy name to static
         mvw
         mov (xs),xr
                                                         get name ptr
         zer
               xl
                                                         scrub dud register
                                                         locate vrblk for datatype name
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               gtnvr
                                                         has null datatype name
               078, data argument
         mov xr,datdv
                                                         save vrblk pointer for datatype
         mov xs, datxs
                                                         store starting stack value
         zer
              wb
                                                         zero count of field names
             loop to scan field names and stack vrblk pointers
sdat2
         mov =ch$rp,wc
                                                         delimiter one = right paren
         mov =ch$cm,xl
                                                         delimiter two = comma
         mnz wa
                                                         skip/trim blanks in prototype
         jsr
               xscan
                                                         scan next field name
         bnz wa, sdat3
                                                         jump if delimiter found
         erb 079, data argument
                                                         is missing a right paren
```

* here after scanning out one field name

sdat3 **j**sr gtnvr

err 080,data argument

mov xr,-(xs) icv wb

 \mathbf{beq} wa,=num02,sdat2

locate vrblk for field name

has null field name stack vrblk pointer increment counter

loop back if stopped by comma

```
data (continued)
            now build the dfblk
        mov =dfsi$,wa
                                                      set size of dfblk standard fields
        add wb,wa
                                                      add number of fields
                                                      convert length to bytes
        wtb wa
        mov wb,wc
                                                      preserve no. of fields
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             alost
                                                      allocate space for dfblk
        mov wc,wb
                                                      get no of fields
        mov datxs,xt
                                                      point to start of stack
                                                      load datatype name
        mov (xt),wc
        mov xr,(xt)
                                                      save dfblk pointer on stack
        mov = b\$dfc,(xr)+
                                                      store type word
        mov wb,(xr)+
                                                      store number of fields (fargs)
        mov wa,(xr)+
                                                      store length (dflen)
                                                      compute pdblk length (for dfpdl)
        sub *pddfs,wa
                                                      store pdblk length (dfpdl)
        mov wa,(xr)+
        mov wc,(xr)+
                                                      store datatype name (dfnam)
        \mathbf{lct}
             wc,wb
                                                      copy number of fields
            loop to move field name vrblk pointers to dfblk
sdat4
        mov -(xt),(xr)+
                                                      move one field name vrblk pointer
        bct wc,sdat4
                                                      loop till all moved
            now define the datatype function
                                                      copy length of pdblk for later loop
        mov wa,wc
        mov datdv,xr
                                                      point to vrblk
                                                      point back on stack
        mov datxs,xt
        mov (xt),xl
                                                      load dfblk pointer
             dffnc
                                                      define function
        jsr
```

```
data (continued)
           loop to build ffblks
           notice that the ffblks are constructed in reverse order
            so that the required offsets can be obtained from
            successive decrementation of the pdblk length (in wc).
sdat5
       mov *ffsi$,wa
                                                    set length of ffblk
             alloc
                                                    allocate space for ffblk
        mov =b$ffc,(xr)
                                                    set type word
        mov =num01,fargs(xr)
                                                    store fargs (always one)
        mov datxs,xt
                                                    point back on stack
        mov (xt),ffdfp(xr)
                                                    copy dfblk ptr to ffblk
                                                    decrement old dfpdl to get next ofs
        dca wc
        mov wc,ffofs(xr)
                                                    set offset to this field
                                                    tentatively set zero forward ptr
        zer ffnxt(xr)
        mov xr,xl
                                                    copy ffblk pointer for dffnc
                                                    load vrblk pointer for field
        mov (xs),xr
        mov vrfnc(xr),xr
                                                    load current function pointer
        bne (xr),=b$ffc,sdat6
                                                    skip if not currently a field func
           here we must chain an old ffblk ptr to preserve it in the
            case of multiple field functions with the same name
                                                    link new ffblk to previous chain
        mov xr,ffnxt(xl)
           merge here to define field function
                                                    load vrblk pointer
sdat6
       mov (xs)+,xr
                                                    define field function
        jsr
             dffnc
        bne xs,datxs,sdat5
                                                    loop back till all done
        ica
             XS
                                                    pop dfblk pointer
                                                    return with null result
        brn exnul
```

```
date
s$dte
          \mathbf{ent}
                                                                      entry point
          mov (xs)+,xr
                                                                      load argument
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                  gtint
                                                                      convert to an integer
          \mathbf{err}
                  330, date argument
                                                                      is not integer
                                                                      call system date routine
                  sysdt
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
          {f mov} num01(x1),wa
                                                                      load length for sbstr \,
                                                                      return null if length is zero
          \mathbf{bze}
                  wa,exnul
          zer
                  wb
                                                                      set zero offset
                                                                      use sbstr to build scblk
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                  sbstr
          mov xr,-(xs)
                                                                      stack result
                                                                      get next code word
          lcw xr
          bri
                  (xr)
                                                                      execute it
```

```
define
s$def
                                                      entry point
        ent
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      load second argument
              deflb
                                                      zero label pointer in case null
        zer
                                                      jump if null second argument
        beq xr,=nulls,sdf01
              gtnvr
                                                      else find vrblk for label
        ppm sdf12
                                                      jump if not a variable name
        mov xr,deflb
                                                      else set specified entry
            scan function name
sdf01
        jsr
              xscni
                                                      prepare to scan first argument
                                                      argument is not a string
        \mathbf{err}
              081, define first
             082, define first
                                                      argument is null
        \mathbf{err}
        mov =ch$pp,wc
                                                      delimiter one = left paren
        mov wc,xl
                                                      delimiter two = left paren
        mnz wa
                                                      skip/trim blanks in prototype
                                                      scan out function name
        jsr
             xscan
                                                      jump if left paren found
        bnz wa,sdf02
        erb 083, define first
                                                      argument is missing a left paren
            here after scanning out function name
sdf02
        jsr
                                                      get variable name
              gtnvr
                                                      argument has null function name
              084, define first
                                                      save vrblk pointer for function nam
        mov xr, defvr
        zer
             wb
                                                      zero count of arguments
        mov xs,defxs
                                                      save initial stack pointer
        bnz deflb,sdf03
                                                      jump if second argument given
                                                      else default is function name
        mov xr, deflb
            loop to scan argument names and stack vrblk pointers
sdf03
        mov =ch$rp,wc
                                                      delimiter one = right paren
                                                      delimiter two = comma
        mov =ch$cm,xl
                                                      skip/trim blanks in prototype
        mnz wa
        jsr
              xscan
                                                      scan out next argument name
        bnz wa,sdf04
                                                      skip if delimiter found
             085, null arg name
                                                      or missing ) in define first arg.
```

define (continued) here after scanning an argument name sdf04 bne xr,=nulls,sdf05 skip if non-null bze wb,sdf06 ignore null if case of no arguments here after dealing with the case of no arguments sdf05 get vrblk pointer jsr gtnvr ppm sdf03 loop back to ignore null name mov xr,-(xs) stack argument vrblk pointer icv wb increment counter beq wa,=num02,sdf03 loop back if stopped by a comma here after scanning out function argument names ${f mov}$ wb,defna sdf06 save number of arguments zer wb zero count of locals loop to scan local names and stack vrblk pointers sdf07 mov =ch\$cm,wc set delimiter one = commaset delimiter two = commamov wc,xl \mathbf{mnz} wa skip/trim blanks in prototype jsr xscan scan out next local name bne xr,=nulls,sdf08skip if non-null bze wa,sdf09 exit scan if end of string here after scanning out a local name sdf08 $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ gtnvr get vrblk pointer ppm sdf07 loop back to ignore null name if ok, increment count icv wb mov xr,-(xs) stack vrblk pointer bnz wa,sdf07 loop back if stopped by a comma

```
define (continued)
            here after scanning locals, build pfblk
        mov wb,wa
sdf09
                                                      copy count of locals
        add defna, wa
                                                      add number of arguments
        mov wa,wc
                                                      set sum args+locals as loop count
        add =pfsi$,wa
                                                      add space for standard fields
        {f wtb} wa
                                                      convert length to bytes
        jsr
             alloc
                                                      allocate space for pfblk
                                                      save pointer to pfblk
        mov xr,xl
        mov = b pfc, (xr) +
                                                      store first word
        mov defna,(xr)+
                                                      store number of arguments
                                                      store length (pflen)
        mov wa,(xr)+
        mov defvr,(xr)+
                                                      store vrblk ptr for function name
                                                      store number of locals
        mov wb, (xr)+
                                                      deal with label later
        \mathbf{zer}
             (xr)+
        zer
              (xr)+
                                                      zero pfctr
        zer (xr) +
                                                      zero pfrtr
        bze wc,sdf11
                                                      skip if no args or locals
        mov xl,wa
                                                      keep pfblk pointer
        mov defxs,xt
                                                      point before arguments
        \mathbf{lct}
             WC,WC
                                                      get count of args+locals for loop
            loop to move locals and args to pfblk
        mov -(xt),(xr)+
sdf10
                                                      store one entry and bump pointers
        {\it bct} wc,sdf10
                                                      loop till all stored
        mov wa,xl
                                                      recover pfblk pointer
```

```
define (continued)
               now deal with label
                                                                 pop stack
sdf11
        mov defxs,xs
                                                                 store label vrblk in pfblk
          {f mov} deflb,pfcod(x1)
                                                                 point back to vrblk for function
          {\operatorname{mov}} defvr,xr
                dffnc
                                                                 define function
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
          \mathbf{brn} \quad \mathtt{exnul} \quad
                                                                 and exit returning null
               here for erroneous label
                                                                 entry point is not defined label
sdf12 \ \mathrm{erb} 086,define function
```

```
{\tt detach}
s$det
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                        entry point
                                                                       load argument
           mov (xs)+,xr
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                   gtvar
                                                                        locate variable
                  087, detach argument
                                                                        is not appropriate name
           \mathbf{err}
                                                                       detach i/o association from name
           \mathbf{jsr}
                   {\tt dtach}
                                                                        {\rm return\ null\ result}
           brn exnul
```

*

* differ

*

s\$dif ent entry point

mov (xs)+,xr load second argument

mov (xs)+,xl load first argument

jsr ident call ident comparison routine

ppm exfal fail if ident

brn exnul return null if differ

```
dump
s$dmp
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                          entry point
                                                                          load dump arg as small integer
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                   gtsmi
                   088, dump argument
                                                                          is not integer
           \mathbf{err}
                                                                          is negative or too large
           \mathbf{err}
                   089, dump argument
                                                                          else call dump routine
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                   dumpr
                                                                          and return null as result
           brn exnul
```

```
dupl
                                                           entry point
s$dup
         ent
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               gtsmi
                                                           get second argument as small integr
               090, dupl second argument
                                                           is not integer
         \mathbf{err}
                                                           jump if negative or too big
         ppm sdup7
         mov xr,wb
                                                           save duplication factor
               gtstg
                                                           get first arg as string
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
         ppm sdup4
                                                           jump if not a string
             here for case of duplication of a string
         mti wa
                                                           acquire length as integer
         \mathbf{sti}
                                                           save for the moment
               dupsi
         mti wb
                                                           get duplication factor as integer
         mli
               dupsi
                                                           form product
               sdup3
                                                           jump if overflow
         iov
         ieq
               exnul
                                                           return null if result length = 0
         \mathbf{mfi}
              wa,sdup3
                                                           get as addr integer, check ovflo
             merge here with result length in wa
sdup1
         mov xr,xl
                                                           save string pointer
              alocs
                                                           allocate space for string
         jsr
         mov xr,-(xs)
                                                           save as result pointer
         mov x1,wc
                                                           save pointer to argument string
         psc xr
                                                           prepare to store chars of result
         \mathbf{lct}
               wb,wb
                                                           set counter to control loop
             loop through duplications
sdup2
         mov wc,xl
                                                           point back to argument string
         mov sclen(xl),wa
                                                           get number of characters
                                                           point to chars in argument string
         plc
               xl
         mvc
                                                           move characters to result string
         \mathbf{bct}
               wb,sdup2
                                                           loop till all duplications done
                                                           clear garbage value
         zer
               xl
         lcw
               xr
                                                           get next code word
         bri
               (xr)
                                                           execute next code word
```

```
dupl (continued)
            here if too large, set max length and let alocs catch it
        mov dname, wa
                                                     set impossible length for alocs
sdup3
        brn sdup1
                                                     merge back
            here if not a string
sdup4
                                                     convert argument to pattern
        jsr
              gtpat
             091, dupl first argument
                                                     is not a string or pattern
            here to duplicate a pattern argument
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     store pattern on stack
        mov =ndnth,xr
                                                     start off with null pattern
        bze wb,sdup6
                                                     null pattern is result if dupfac=0
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                     preserve loop count
            loop to duplicate by successive concatenation
                                                     copy current value as right argumnt
sdup5
        mov xr,xl
        mov num01(xs),xr
                                                     get a new copy of left
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             pconc
                                                     concatenate
                                                     count down
        dcv (xs)
        bnz (xs),sdup5
                                                     loop
        ica
                                                     pop loop count
            xs
            here to exit after constructing pattern
        mov xr,(xs)
                                                     store result on stack
sdup6
        lcw xr
                                                     get next code word
        bri
             (xr)
                                                     execute next code word
            fail if second arg is out of range
sdup7
        ica
                                                     pop first argument
            xs
        brn exfal
                                                     fail
```

```
eject
s$ejc
          \mathbf{ent}
                                                                    entry point
                                                                    call fcblk routine
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                  iofcb
                  092, eject argument
                                                                    is not a suitable name
          \mathbf{err}
          \mathbf{ppm} sejc1
                                                                    null argument
                  093,eject file does
                                                                    not exist
          \mathbf{err}
          \mathbf{jsr}
                  sysef
                                                                    call eject file function
          \mathbf{err}
                  093, eject file does
                                                                    not exist
                  094, eject file does
                                                                    not permit page eject
          \mathbf{err}
                  095,eject caused
                                                                    non-recoverable output error
          \mathbf{err}
          brn exnul
                                                                    return null as result
               here to eject standard output file
sejc1
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                  sysep
                                                                    call routine to eject printer
          brn exnul
                                                                    exit with null result
```

```
endfile
                                                       entry point
s$enf
        ent
        jsr
                                                       call fcblk routine
              iofcb
                                                       is not a suitable name
              096, endfile argument
        \mathbf{err}
              097, endfile argument
                                                       is null
        \mathbf{err}
                                                       does not exist
        \mathbf{err}
              098, endfile file
              sysen
                                                       call endfile routine
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        \mathbf{err}
              098, endfile file
                                                       does not exist
              099, endfile file
                                                       does not permit endfile
        \mathbf{err}
              100, endfile caused
                                                       non-recoverable output error
                                                       remember vrblk ptr from iofcb call
        mov x1,wb
        mov xl,xr
                                                       copy pointer
            loop to find trtrf block
                                                       remember previous entry
        mov xr,xl
senf1
        mov trval(xr),xr
                                                       chain along
                                                       skip out if chain end
        bne (xr),=b$trt,exnul
        bne trtyp(xr),=trtfc,senf1
                                                       loop if not found
        mov trval(xr), trval(xl)
                                                       remove trtrf
                                                       point to head of iochn
        mov trtrf(xr),enfch
        mov trfpt(xr),wc
                                                       point to fcblk
        mov wb,xr
                                                       filearg1 vrblk from iofcb
        jsr
              setvr
                                                       reset it
        mov =r$fcb,xl
                                                       ptr to head of fcblk chain
        sub *num02,x1
                                                       adjust ready to enter loop
            find fcblk
        mov xl,xr
senf2
                                                       copy ptr
        mov num02(x1),x1
                                                       get next link
        bze xl,senf4
                                                       stop if chain end
        beq num03(x1),wc,senf3
                                                       jump if fcblk found
        brn senf2
                                                       loop
            remove fcblk
senf3
        mov num02(x1),num02(xr)
                                                       delete fcblk from chain
            loop which detaches all vbls on iochn chain
senf4
        mov enfch,xl
                                                       get chain head
        bze xl,exnul
                                                       finished if chain end
        mov trtrf(xl),enfch
                                                       chain along
        mov ionmo(x1),wa
                                                       name offset
                                                       name base
        mov ionmb(xl),xl
              dtach
                                                       detach name
        jsr
        brn senf4
                                                       loop till done
```

```
eq
s$eqf
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                          entry point
                                                                          call arithmetic comparison routine
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}
                   acomp
                  101,eq first argument
           \mathbf{err}
                                                                          is not numeric
                                                                          is not numeric
           \mathbf{err}
                   102,eq second argument
                                                                          fail if lt
           \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exfal}
                                                                          return null if eq
           \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exnul}
                                                                          fail if gt
           \mathbf{ppm} exfal
```

```
eval
                                                         entry point
s$evl
        ent
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                         load argument
if.cevb
else
                                                         convert to expression
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               gtexp
        \mathbf{err}
               103, eval argument
                                                         is not expression
fi
        lcw
               WC
                                                         load next code word
                                                         jump if called by value
        bne wc,=ofne$,sevl1
              xl
                                                         copy code pointer
        \mathbf{scp}
                                                         get next code word
        mov (x1), wa
        bne wa,=ornm$,sev12
                                                         by name unless expression
        bnz num01(xs),sev12
                                                         jump if by name
             here if called by value
sevl1
                                                         set flag for by value
        zer
               wb
if.\mathbf{cevb}
        mov wc,-(xs)
                                                         save code word
                                                         convert to expression
               gtexp
        jsr
               103, eval argument
                                                         is not expression
        \mathbf{err}
              r$ccb
                                                         forget interim code block
        zer
        zer
                                                         set flag for by value
else
        mov wc,-(xs)
                                                         save code word
fi
               evalx
                                                         evaluate expression by value
        isr
        ppm exfal
                                                         fail if evaluation fails
        mov xr,xl
                                                         copy result
        mov (xs),xr
                                                         reload next code word
        mov xl,(xs)
                                                         stack result
        bri
               (xr)
                                                         jump to execute next code word
             here if called by name
sevl2
        mov =num01,wb
                                                         set flag for by name
if.cevb
               gtexp
                                                         convert to expression
        jsr
               103, eval argument
                                                         is not expression
                                                         forget interim code block
        zer
              r$ccb
                                                         set flag for by name
        mov =num01,wb
fi
               evalx
                                                         evaluate expression by name
        jsr
        ppm exfal
                                                         fail if evaluation fails
                                                         exit with name
        brn exnam
if.cnex
else
```

```
exit
s$ext
        ent
                                                        entry point
              wb
                                                        clear amount of static shift
        zer
              r$ccb
                                                        forget interim code block
        zer
  if.\mathbf{csed}
        zer
               dnams
                                                        collect sediment too
                                                        compact memory by collecting
        jsr
               gbcol
        mov xr, dnams
                                                        record new sediment size
  else
                                                        compact memory by collecting
        jsr
               gbcol
  fi
        jsr
               gbcol
                                                        compact memory by collecting
        \mathbf{err}
              288, exit second argument
                                                        is not a string
        mov xr,xl
                                                        copy second arg string pointer
                                                        convert arg to string
        jsr
              gtstg
              104, exit first argument
                                                        is not suitable integer or string
        \mathbf{err}
        mov x1,-(xs)
                                                        save second argument
        mov xr,xl
                                                        copy first arg string ptr
              gtint
                                                        check it is integer
        jsr
        ppm sext1
                                                        skip if unconvertible
                                                        note it is integer
        zer
              xl
              icval(xr)
        ldi
                                                        get integer arg
            merge to call osint exit routine
sext1
        mov r$fcb,wb
                                                        get fcblk chain header
        mov =headv,xr
                                                        point to v.v string
        mov (xs)+,wa
                                                        provide second argument scblk
               sysxi
                                                        call external routine
        jsr
                                                        available in this implementation
              105, exit action not
        \mathbf{err}
              106, exit action caused
                                                        irrecoverable error
        \mathbf{err}
        ieq
              exnul
                                                        return if argument 0
        igt
               sext2
                                                        skip if positive
                                                        make positive
        ngi
    *
            check for option respecification
             sysxi returns 0 in wa when a file has been resumed,
             1 when this is a continuation of an exit(4) or exit(-4)
             action.
sext2
        mfi wc
                                                        get value in work reg
        add wc,wa
                                                        prepare to test for continue
        beq wa,=num05,sext5
                                                        continued execution if 4 plus 1
              gbcnt
                                                        resuming execution so reset
        \mathbf{zer}
        bge wc,=num03,sext3
                                                        skip if was 3 or 4
        mov wc, -(xs)
                                                        save value
             WC
                                                        set to read options
        zer
        jsr
                                                        read syspp options
              prpar
```

```
mov (xs)+,wc
                                                        restore value
            deal with header option (fiddled by prpar)
sext3
        mnz headp
                                                        assume no headers
        bne wc,=num01,sext4
                                                        skip if not 1
        zer headp
                                                        request header printing
            almost ready to resume running
             systm
                                                        get execution time start (sgd11)
sext4
        jsr
              timsx
                                                        save as initial time
        \mathbf{sti}
             kvstc
        ldi
                                                        reset to ensure ...
                                                        \dots correct execution stats
        \mathbf{sti}
              kvstl
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              stgcc
                                                        recompute countdown counters
                                                        resume execution
        brn exnul
            here after exit(4) or exit(-4) -- create save file
            or load module and continue execution.
            return integer 1 to signal the continuation of the
            original execution.
sext5
        {f mov} =inton,xr
                                                        integer one
        {\bf brn} exixr
                                                        return as result
fi
```

```
if.cmth
                exp
s$exp
                                                                      entry point
          ent
          mov (xs)+,xr
                                                                      get argument
                                                                      convert to real
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                  {\tt gtrea}
          \mathbf{err}
                  304, exp argument
                                                                      {\rm not\ numeric}
          \operatorname{ldr}
                  rcval(xr)
                                                                      load accumulator with argument
          \mathbf{etx}
                                                                      take exponential
                                                                      if no overflow, return result in ra
          rno
                 exrea
          \operatorname{erb}
                  305, exp produced
                                                                      real overflow
```

```
fi
            field
s$fld
        ent
                                                        entry point
                                                        get second argument (field number)
        jsr
              gtsmi
              107, field second
                                                        argument is not integer
        \mathbf{err}
        ppm exfal
                                                        fail if out of range
        mov xr,wb
                                                        else save integer value
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        load first argument
              gtnvr
                                                        point to vrblk
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                        jump (error) if not variable name
        ppm sfld1
        mov vrfnc(xr),xr
                                                        else point to function block
        bne (xr),=b$dfc,sfld1
                                                        error if not datatype function
            here if first argument is a datatype function name
        bze wb, exfal
                                                        fail if argument number is zero
                                                        fail if too large
        bgt wb,fargs(xr),exfal
        {f wtb} wb
                                                        else convert to byte offset
        add wb,xr
                                                        point to field name
        mov dfflb(xr),xr
                                                        load vrblk pointer
                                                        exit to build nmblk
        brn exvnm
            here for bad first argument
sfld1
        erb 108, field first argument
                                                       is not datatype name
```

```
fence
s$fnc
          \mathbf{ent}
                                                                 entry point
          \mathbf{mov} =p$fnc,wb
                                                                 set pcode for p$fnc
                                                                 p0blk
          \mathbf{zer}
                xr
                 pbild
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                                 build p$fnc node
          mov xr,xl
                                                                 save pointer to it
          mov (xs)+,xr
                                                                 get argument
                 gtpat
                                                                 convert to pattern
                259, fence argument
                                                                 is not pattern
          \operatorname{err}
                                                                 concatenate to p$fnc node
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                 pconc
          mov xr,xl
                                                                 save ptr to concatenated pattern
                                                                 set for p$fna pcode
          mov =p$fna,wb
          zer xr
                                                                 p0blk
                pbild
                                                                 construct p$fna node
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
          mov xl,pthen(xr)
                                                                 set pattern as pthen
          mov xr,-(xs)
                                                                 set as result
          lcw xr
                                                                 get next code word
          bri
                 (xr)
                                                                 execute next code word
```

```
ge
s$gef
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                            entry point
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                                            call arithmetic comparison routine
                    acomp
                   109,ge first argument
                                                                            is not numeric
           \mathbf{err}
           \mathbf{err}
                   110,ge second argument
                                                                            is not numeric
                                                                            fail if lt
           \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exfal}
           \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exnul}
                                                                            return null if eq
           \mathbf{ppm} exnul
                                                                            return null if gt
```

```
gt
s$gtf
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                        entry point
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}
                                                                        call arithmetic comparison routine
                  acomp
                 111,gt first argument
                                                                        is not numeric
           \mathbf{err}
                                                                        is not numeric
           \mathbf{err}
                 112,gt second argument
                                                                        fail if lt
           \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exfal}
           \mathbf{ppm} exfal
                                                                        fail if eq
                                                                       return null if gt
           \mathbf{ppm} exnul
```

```
host
s$hst
        ent
                                                      entry point
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                      get fifth arg
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                      get fourth arg
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      get third arg
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                      get second arg
        mov (xs)+,wa
                                                      get first arg
        jsr
              syshs
                                                      enter syshs routine
              254, erroneous argument
                                                      for host
        \mathbf{err}
        \mathbf{err}
              255, error during
                                                      execution of host
                                                      store host string
        ppm shst1
                                                      return null result
        ppm exnul
        ppm exixr
                                                      return xr
                                                      fail return
        ppm exfal
                                                      store actual string
        ppm shst3
        ppm shst4
                                                      return copy of xr
            return host string
                                                      null string if syshs uncooperative
shst1
        bze xl,exnul
        mov sclen(x1),wa
                                                      length
        zer
             wb
                                                      zero offset
            copy string and return
shst2
        jsr
              sbstr
                                                      build copy of string
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      stack the result
        lcw
                                                      load next code word
             xr
        bri
              (xr)
                                                      execute it
            return actual string pointed to by xl
shst3
                                                      treat xl like an scblk ptr
        \mathbf{zer}
             wb
        sub =cfp$f,wb
                                                      by creating a negative offset
        brn shst2
                                                      join to copy string
            return copy of block pointed to by xr
shst4
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      stack results
        jsr
             copyb
                                                      make copy of block
        ppm exits
                                                      if not an aggregate structure
        brn exsid
                                                      set current id value otherwise
```

*

*

*

s\$idn

ent

mov (xs)+,xr

load second argument

mov (xs)+,xl

jsr ident

ppm exnul

ppm exnul

brn exfal

*

entry point

load second argument

call ident comparison routine

return null if ident

fail if differ

```
input
s$inp
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                               entry point
                                                               input flag
         zer
                wb
                ioput
                                                               call input/output assoc. routine
         jsr
                113, input third argument
                                                               is not a string
         \mathbf{err}
                                                               second argument for input
         \mathbf{err}
                114, inappropriate
         \mathbf{err}
                115, inappropriate
                                                               first argument for input
         \mathbf{err}
                116, inappropriate
                                                               file specification for input
         ppm exfal
                                                               fail if file does not exist
                117, input file cannot
                                                               be read
         \mathbf{err}
                289, input channel
                                                               currently in use
         \mathbf{err}
         brn exnul
                                                               return null string
```

```
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
              insert
s$ins
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                            entry point
         mov (xs)+,xl
                                                            get string arg
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                gtsmi
                                                            get replace length
                277, insert third
                                                            argument not integer
         ppm exfal
                                                            fail if out of range
         mov wc,wb
                                                            copy to proper reg
                gtsmi
                                                            get replace position
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              278, insert second
                                                            argument not integer
         ppm exfal
                                                            fail if out of range
         bze wc,exfal
                                                            fail if zero
                                                            decrement to get offset
         \mathbf{dcv} wc
                                                            put in proper register
         mov wc,wa
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                            get buffer
         beq (xr),=b$bct,sins1
                                                            press on if type ok
         erb 279, insert first
                                                            argument is not a buffer
             here when everything loaded up
sins1
         jsr
                insbf
                                                            call to insert
               280, insert fourth
                                                            argument is not a string
                                                            fail if out of range
         ppm exfal
         brn exnul
                                                            else ok - exit with null
```

```
*

* integer

*

s$int ent entry point
mov (xs)+,xr load argument
jsr gtnum convert to numeric
ppm exfal fail if non-numeric
beq wa,=b$icl,exnul return null if integer
```

fail if real

 ${f brn}$ exfal

```
item
            item does not permit the direct (fast) call so that
            wa contains the actual number of arguments passed.
s$itm
        ent
                                                     entry point
            deal with case of no args
        bnz wa, sitm1
                                                     jump if at least one arg
        mov =nulls,-(xs)
                                                     else supply garbage null arg
        mov =num01,wa
                                                     and fix argument count
            check for name/value cases
sitm1
        scp xr
                                                     get current code pointer
                                                     load next code word
        mov (xr),xl
        {f dcv} wa
                                                     get number of subscripts
                                                     copy for arref
        mov wa,xr
        beq x1,=ofne$,sitm2
                                                     jump if called by name
            here if called by value
                                                     set code for call by value
        zer
            wb
        brn arref
                                                     off to array reference routine
            here for call by name
                                                     set code for call by name
sitm2
        \mathbf{mnz} wb
        lcw wa
                                                     load and ignore ofne$ call
        brn arref
                                                     off to array reference routine
```

```
le
s$lef
          \mathbf{ent}
                                                                     entry point
                                                                     call arithmetic comparison routine
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}
                  acomp
                                                                     is not numeric
          err 118,le first argument
          err 119,1e second argument
                                                                     is not numeric
          \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exnul}
                                                                     return null if lt
                                                                     return null if eq
          \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exnul}
          \mathbf{ppm} exfal
                                                                     fail if gt
```

```
len
s$len
          \mathbf{ent}
                                                                 entry point
                                                                 set pcode for integer arg case
          \mathbf{mov} =p$len,wb
          mov =p$lnd,wa
                                                                 set pcode for expr arg case
                                                                 call common routine to build node
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                 patin
                                                                 is not integer or expression
                120, len argument
          \mathbf{err}
          err 121,len argument
                                                                 is negative or too large
                                                                 stack result
          mov xr,-(xs)
          \mathbf{lcw} \quad \mathtt{xr}
                                                                 get next code word
          bri
                 (xr)
                                                                 execute it
```

```
leq
s$leq
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                          entry point
                                                                         call string comparison routine
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}
                   lcomp
                  122, leq first argument
                                                                          is not a string
           \mathbf{err}
                                                                          is not a string
           \mathbf{err}
                  123, leq second argument
           \mathbf{ppm} exfal
                                                                          fail if llt
                                                                          return null if leq \,
           \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exnul}
           \mathbf{ppm} exfal
                                                                         fail if lgt
```

```
lge
s$lge
            \mathbf{ent}
                                                                              entry point
                                                                              call string comparison routine
            \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                    lcomp
                    124,lge first argument
            \mathbf{err}
                                                                              is not a string
            \mathbf{err}
                    125, lge second argument
                                                                              is not a string
                                                                              fail if llt
            \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exfal}
                                                                              return null if leq \,
            \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exnul}
            \mathbf{ppm} exnul
                                                                              return null if lgt
```

```
lgt
s$lgt
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                         entry point
                                                                        call string comparison routine
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}
                   lcomp
                  126,1gt first argument
                                                                         is not a string
           \mathbf{err}
                  127,1gt second argument
                                                                         is not a string
           \mathbf{err}
                                                                         fail if llt
           \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exfal}
                                                                         fail if leq
           \mathbf{ppm} exfal
                                                                        return null if lgt
           \mathbf{ppm} exnul
```

```
lle
s$lle
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                           entry point
                                                                           call string comparison routine
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}
                   lcomp
                                                                           is not a string
           \mathbf{err}
                   128, lle first argument
                  129, lle second argument
                                                                           is not a string
           \mathbf{err}
                                                                           return null if llt
           \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exnul}
                                                                           return null if leq \,
           \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exnul}
           \mathbf{ppm} exfal
                                                                           fail if lgt
```

```
11t
s$11t
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                           entry point
                                                                           call string comparison routine
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}
                   lcomp
           \mathbf{err}
                  130,11t first argument
                                                                           is not a string
                 131,11t second argument
                                                                           is not a string
           \mathbf{err}
                                                                           return null if llt
           \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exnul}
                                                                           fail if leq
           \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exfal}
           \mathbf{ppm} exfal
                                                                           fail if lgt
```

```
lne
s$lne
            \mathbf{ent}
                                                                             entry point
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                                             call string comparison routine
                    lcomp
            \mathbf{err}
                   132, lne first argument
                                                                             is not a string
            \mathbf{err}
                    133, lne second argument
                                                                             is not a string
            \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exnul}
                                                                             return null if llt
                                                                             fail if leq
            \mathbf{ppm} exfal
                                                                             return null if lgt
            \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exnul}
```

```
if .cmth
              ln
s$lnf
                                                              entry point
         ent
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                              get argument
                gtrea
                                                              convert to real
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
         \mathbf{err}
                306, ln argument not
                                                              \operatorname{numeric}
                                                              load accumulator with argument
         \operatorname{ldr}
                rcval(xr)
               slnf1
                                                              overflow if argument is 0
         req
         \mathbf{rlt}
                slnf2
                                                              error if argument less than 0
         \mathbf{lnf}
                                                              take natural logarithm
         rno exrea
                                                              if no overflow, return result in ra
         erb 307,1n produced real
                                                              overflow
slnf1
              here for bad argument
slnf2
        erb 307,1n produced realreal
```

```
fi
            local
s$loc
        ent
                                                       entry point
                                                       get second argument (local number)
        jsr
              gtsmi
                                                       argument is not integer
              134, local second
        \mathbf{err}
        ppm exfal
                                                       fail if out of range
        mov xr,wb
                                                       save local number
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       load first argument
                                                       point to vrblk
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              gtnvr
        ppm sloc1
                                                       jump if not variable name
        mov vrfnc(xr),xr
                                                       else load function pointer
        bne (xr),=b$pfc,sloc1
                                                       jump if not program defined
            here if we have a program defined function name
        bze wb, exfal
                                                       fail if second arg is zero
        bgt wb,pfnlo(xr),exfal
                                                       or too large
        add fargs(xr),wb
                                                       else adjust offset to include args
        wtb wb
                                                       convert to bytes
                                                       point to local pointer
        add wb,xr
        mov pfagb(xr),xr
                                                       load vrblk pointer
        brn exvnm
                                                       exit building nmblk
            here if first argument is no good
sloc1
        erb 135, local first arg
                                                       is not a program function name
if .cnld
else
```

```
load
s$lod
        ent
                                                       entry point
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              gtstg
                                                       load library name
             136, load second argument
                                                       is not a string
        \mathbf{err}
        mov xr,xl
                                                       save library name
        jsr
              xscni
                                                       prepare to scan first argument
        err 137, load first argument
                                                       is not a string
        err 138, load first argument
                                                       is null
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                       stack library name
        mov =ch$pp,wc
                                                       set delimiter one = left paren
                                                       set delimiter two = left paren
        mov wc,xl
                                                       skip/trim blanks in prototype
        mnz wa
                                                       scan function name
        jsr
              xscan
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       save ptr to function name
                                                       jump if left paren found
        bnz wa, slod1
        erb 139, load first argument
                                                       is missing a left paren
            here after successfully scanning function name
              gtnvr
                                                       locate vrblk
slod1
                                                       has null function name
        \mathbf{err}
              140, load first argument
                                                       save vrblk pointer
        mov xr,lodfn
        zer
             lodna
                                                       zero count of arguments
            loop to scan argument datatype names
slod2
        mov =ch$rp,wc
                                                       delimiter one is right paren
        mov =ch$cm,xl
                                                       delimiter two is comma
        mnz wa
                                                       skip/trim blanks in prototype
        isr
              xscan
                                                       scan next argument name
        icv
             lodna
                                                       bump argument count
        bnz wa, slod3
                                                       jump if ok delimiter was found
        erb 141, load first argument
                                                       is missing a right paren
```

```
load (continued)
            come here to analyze the datatype pointer in (xr). this
            code is used both for arguments (wa=1,2) and for the
            result datatype (with wa set to zero).
  if .culc
slod3
        mov wa, wb
                                                    save scan mode
        mov sclen(xr), wa
                                                    datatype length
                                                    bypass if null string
        bze wa,sld3a
                                                    fold to upper case
        jsr
              flstg
sld3a
        mov wb, wa
                                                    restore scan mode
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                    stack datatype name pointer
  else
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                    stack datatype name pointer
slod3
  fi
                                                    set string code in case
        mov =num01,wb
        mov =scstr,xl
                                                    point to /string/
        jsr
             ident
                                                    check for match
        ppm slod4
                                                    jump if match
                                                    else reload name
        mov (xs),xr
                                                    set code for integer (2)
        add wb,wb
        mov =scint,xl
                                                    point to /integer/
        jsr
             ident
                                                    check for match
        ppm slod4
                                                    jump if match
  if.cnra
  else
        mov (xs),xr
                                                    else reload string pointer
                                                    set code for real (3)
        icv
             wb
                                                    point to /real/
        mov =screa,xl
             ident
                                                    check for match
        isr
        ppm slod4
                                                    jump if match
 fi
  if .cnlf
        mov (xs),xr
                                                    reload string pointer
                                                    code for file (4, or 3 if no reals)
        icv
             wb
        mov =scfil,xl
                                                    point to /file/
                                                    check for match
             ident
                                                    jump if match
        ppm slod4
  fi
        zer
             wb
                                                    else get code for no convert
            merge here with proper datatype code in wb
slod4
        mov wb,(xs)
                                                    store code on stack
                                                    loop back if arg stopped by comma
        beq wa,=num02,slod2
        bze wa, slod5
                                                    jump if that was the result type
            here we scan out the result type (arg stopped by ) )
```

*

mov mxlen,wc mov wc,xl mnz wa jsr xscan zer wa

brn slod3

set dummy (impossible) delimiter 1 and delimiter two skip/trim blanks in prototype scan result name set code for processing result jump back to process result name

```
load (continued)
            here after processing all args and result
        mov lodna, wa
                                                     get number of arguments
slod5
        mov wa,wc
                                                     copy for later
        wtb wa
                                                     convert length to bytes
        add *efsi$,wa
                                                     add space for standard fields
        jsr
             alloc
                                                     allocate efblk
        mov =b$efc,(xr)
                                                     set type word
                                                     set number of arguments
        mov wc, fargs(xr)
        zer efuse(xr)
                                                     set use count (dffnc will set to 1)
        zer efcod(xr)
                                                     zero code pointer for now
        mov (xs)+,efrsl(xr)
                                                     store result type code
        mov lodfn,efvar(xr)
                                                     store function vrblk pointer
        mov wa,eflen(xr)
                                                     store efblk length
        mov xr,wb
                                                     save efblk pointer
        add wa,xr
                                                     point past end of efblk
        \mathbf{lct}
             WC,WC
                                                     set number of arguments for loop
            loop to set argument type codes from stack
slod6
        mov (xs)+,-(xr)
                                                     store one type code from stack
        bct wc,slod6
                                                     loop till all stored
            now load the external function and perform definition
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                     load function string name
  if .culc
        mov sclen(xr),wa
                                                     function name length
             flstg
                                                     fold to upper case
  fi
        mov (xs),xl
                                                     load library name
        mov wb, (xs)
                                                     store efblk pointer
             sysld
                                                     call function to load external func
        isr
        err 142, load function
                                                     does not exist
                                                     caused input error during load
        err 143, load function
        \mathbf{err}
            328, load function
                                                     - insufficient memory
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                     recall efblk pointer
        mov xr,efcod(xl)
                                                     store code pointer
        mov lodfn,xr
                                                     point to vrblk for function
              dffnc
        jsr
                                                     perform function definition
        brn exnul
                                                     return null result
fi
```

```
lpad
                                                         entry point
s$lpd
        ent
                                                         get pad character
        jsr
               gtstg
               144, lpad third argument
                                                         is not a string
        \mathbf{err}
                                                         point to character (null is blank)
        plc
        lch
              wb,(xr)
                                                         load pad character
                                                         get pad length
        jsr
               gtsmi
              145, lpad second argument
                                                         is not integer
        \mathbf{err}
                                                         skip if negative or large
        ppm slpd4
             merge to check first arg
slpd1
                                                         get first argument (string to pad)
        jsr
               gtstg
        \mathbf{err}
               146, lpad first argument
                                                         is not a string
        bge wa,wc,exixr
                                                         return 1st arg if too long to pad
        mov xr,xl
                                                         else move ptr to string to pad
             now we are ready for the pad
             (x1)
                                       pointer to string to pad
             (wb)
                                       pad character
             (wc)
                                       length to pad string to
        mov wc,wa
                                                         copy length
                                                         allocate scblk for new string
        jsr
               alocs
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         save as result
                                                         load length of argument
        mov sclen(x1),wa
        sub wa,wc
                                                         calculate number of pad characters
                                                         point to chars in result string
        \mathbf{psc}
              xr
        lct
              WC,WC
                                                         set counter for pad loop
             loop to perform pad
slpd2
        \operatorname{sch}
             wb,(xr)+
                                                         store pad character, bump ptr
                                                         loop till all pad chars stored
        \mathbf{bct}
              wc,slpd2
                                                         complete store characters
        \mathbf{csc}
               xr
             now copy string
                                                         exit if null string
        bze wa,slpd3
        plc
               xl
                                                         else point to chars in argument
                                                         move characters to result string
        mvc
        zer
               xl
                                                         clear garbage xl
             here to exit with result on stack
slpd3
        lcw
                                                         load next code word
              xr
        bri
               (xr)
                                                         execute it
```

*
* here if 2nd arg is negative or large
*
slpd4 zer wc zero pad count merge

```
lt
s$ltf
          \mathbf{ent}
                                                                      entry point
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}
                                                                      call arithmetic comparison routine
                  acomp
          err 147,1t first argument
                                                                      is not numeric
          err 148,1t second argument
                                                                      is not numeric
          \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exnul}
                                                                      return null if lt
                                                                      fail\ if\ eq
          \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exfal}
          \mathbf{ppm} exfal
                                                                      fail if gt
```

```
ne
s$nef
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                            entry point
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                                            call arithmetic comparison routine
                   acomp
           \mathbf{err}
                   149, ne first argument
                                                                            is not numeric
                                                                            is not numeric
           \mathbf{err}
                  150, ne second argument
           \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exnul}
                                                                            return null if lt
           \mathbf{ppm} exfal
                                                                            fail if eq
                                                                            return null if gt
           \mathbf{ppm} \ \mathtt{exnul}
```

```
notany
s$nay
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                              entry point
         mov =p$nas,wb
                                                              set pcode for single char arg
         mov =p$nay,xl
                                                              pcode for multi-char arg
         mov =p$nad,wc
                                                              set pcode for expr arg
                patst
                                                              call common routine to build node
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}
         \mathbf{err}
               151, notany argument
                                                              is not a string or expression
                                                              stack result
         mov xr,-(xs)
         \mathbf{lcw} \quad \mathtt{xr}
                                                              get next code word
         bri
                (xr)
                                                              execute it
```

```
opsyn
                                                          entry point
s$ops
         ent
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               gtsmi
                                                          load third argument
               152, opsyn third argument
                                                          is not integer
         \mathbf{err}
         \mathbf{err}
               153, opsyn third argument
                                                          is negative or too large
         mov wc,wb
                                                          if ok, save third argumnet
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                          load second argument
               gtnvr
                                                          locate variable block
                                                          arg is not natural variable name
               154, opsyn second
         \mathbf{err}
         mov vrfnc(xr),xl
                                                          if ok, load function block pointer
         bnz wb,sops2
                                                          jump if operator opsyn case
             here for function opsyn (third arg zero)
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                          load first argument
                                                          get vrblk pointer
         jsr
               gtnvr
         \mathbf{err}
               155, opsyn first arg
                                                          is not natural variable name
             merge here to perform function definition
sops1
                                                          call function definer
         jsr
               {\tt dffnc}
         brn exnul
                                                          exit with null result
             here for operator opsyn (third arg non-zero)
                                                          get operator name
sops2
         jsr
               gtstg
         ppm sops5
                                                          jump if not string
         bne wa,=num01,sops5
                                                          error if not one char long
         \mathbf{plc}
               xr
                                                          else point to character
                                                          load character name
         lch
               wc,(xr)
```

```
opsyn (continued)
           now set to search for matching unary or binary operator
           name as appropriate. note that there are =opbun undefined
           binary operators and =opuun undefined unary operators.
        mov =r$uub,wa
                                                   point to unop pointers in case
        mov =opnsu,xr
                                                   point to names of unary operators
        add =opbun,wb
                                                   add no. of undefined binary ops
        beq wb,=opuun,sops3
                                                   jump if unop (third arg was 1)
                                                   else point to binary operator ptrs
        mov =r$uba,wa
        mov =opsnb,xr
                                                   point to names of binary operators
        mov =opbun,wb
                                                   set number of undefined binops
    *
           merge here to check list (wb = number to check)
       lct
                                                   set counter to control loop
sops3
            wb,wb
           loop to search for name match
sops4
        beq wc,(xr),sops6
                                                   jump if names match
        ica
             wa
                                                   else push pointer to function ptr
        ica
            xr
                                                   bump pointer
                                                   loop back till all checked
        bct wb, sops4
           here if bad operator name
        erb 156, opsyn first arg
                                                   is not correct operator name
sops5
           come here on finding a match in the operator name table
sops6
       mov wa,xr
                                                   copy pointer to function block ptr
        sub *vrfnc,xr
                                                   make it look like dummy vrblk
        brn sops1
                                                   merge back to define operator
```

```
if .c370
             or
s$orf
                                                           entry point
         \mathbf{ent}
         \mathbf{mnz} wb
                                                           signal two arguments
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               sbool
                                                           call string boolean routine
         \mathbf{err}
              xxx, or first argument
                                                           is not a string
                                                           is not a string
               xxx, or second argument
              xxx, or arguments
                                                           not same length
         \operatorname{err}
         ppm exits
                                                           null string arguments
             here to process (wc) words. result is stacked.
         mov (x1)+,wa
                                                           get next cfp$c chars from arg 1
sorf1
         orb (xr),wa
                                                           or with characters from arg 2
                                                           put back in memory
         mov wa,(xr)+
         bct wc,sorf1
                                                           loop over all words in string block
         brn exits
                                                           fetch next code word
```

```
fi
              output
                                                             entry point
s$oup
         ent
         mov =num03,wb
                                                             output flag
                ioput
                                                             call input/output assoc. routine
         jsr
         \mathbf{err}
                157, output third
                                                             argument is not a string
                                                             second argument for output
         \mathbf{err}
                158, inappropriate
                159, inappropriate
                                                             first argument for output
         \mathbf{err}
                160, inappropriate
                                                             file specification for output
         \mathbf{err}
                                                             fail if file does not exist
         ppm exfal
                161, output file cannot
                                                             be written to
         \mathbf{err}
```

currently in use

return null string

290, output channel

 \mathbf{err}

brn exnul

```
pos
s$pos
          \mathbf{ent}
                                                                   entry point
          mov =p$pos,wb
                                                                   set pcode for integer arg case
          \mathbf{mov} =p$psd,wa
                                                                   set pcode for expression arg case
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                  patin
                                                                   call common routine to build node
                 162, pos argument
                                                                   is not integer or expression
          \mathbf{err}
          \mathbf{err}
                 163, pos argument
                                                                   is negative or too large
          mov xr,-(xs)
                                                                   stack result
          \mathbf{lcw} \quad \mathtt{xr}
                                                                   get next code word
          bri
                  (xr)
                                                                   execute it
```

```
prototype
s$pro
                                                      entry point
        ent
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      load argument
        mov tblen(xr),wb
                                                      length if table, vector (=vclen)
                                                      convert to words
        btw wb
                                                      load type word of argument block
        mov (xr), wa
        beq wa,=b$art,spro4
                                                      jump if array
        beq wa,=b$tbt,spro1
                                                      jump if table
        beq wa,=b$vct,spro3
                                                      jump if vector
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
        \mathbf{beq} wa,=b$bct,spr05
                                                      jump if buffer
fi
             164, prototype argument
                                                      is not valid object
            here for table
        sub =tbsi$,wb
                                                      subtract standard fields
spro1
            merge for vector
        mti wb
                                                      convert to integer
spro2
        brn exint
                                                      exit with integer result
            here for vector
        \operatorname{sub} =vcsi$,wb
                                                      subtract standard fields
spro3
        brn spro2
                                                      merge
            here for array
spro4
        add arofs(xr),xr
                                                      point to prototype field
        mov (xr),xr
                                                      load prototype
                                                      stack result
        mov xr, -(xs)
        lcw xr
                                                      get next code word
        bri
              (xr)
                                                      execute it
if.cnbf
else
            here for buffer
                                                      point to bfblk
spr05
        mov bcbuf(xr),xr
                                                      load allocated length
        mti bfalc(xr)
        brn exint
                                                      exit with integer allocation
fi
```

```
remdr
s$rmd
         ent
                                                         entry point
if .cmth
         jsr
               arith
                                                         get two integers or two reals
               166, remdr first argument
                                                         is not numeric
         \mathbf{err}
                                                         argument is not numeric
               165, remdr second
                                                         if real
         ppm srm06
else
         mov (xs),xr
                                                         load second argument
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               gtint
                                                         convert to integer
               165, remdr second
                                                         argument is not integer
         \mathbf{err}
         mov xr,(xs)
                                                         place converted arg in stack
               arith
                                                         convert args
         jsr
                                                         first arg not integer
         ppm srm04
         ppm
                                                         second arg checked above
  if.cnra
  else
         ppm srm01
                                                         first arg real
  fi
fi
             both arguments integer
               wb
                                                         set positive flag
         zer
         ldi
               icval(xr)
                                                         load left argument value
              srm01
                                                         jump if positive
         ige
         mnz wb
                                                         set negative flag
                                                         get remainder
srm01
        rmi icval(x1)
              srm05
                                                         error if overflow
         iov
             make sign of result match sign of first argument
         bze wb,srm03
                                                         if result should be positive
         ile
               exint
                                                         if should be negative, and is
         ngi
                                                         adjust sign of result
srm02
         brn exint
                                                         return result
               srm02
srm03
         ilt
                                                         should be pos, and result negative
         brn exint
                                                         should be positive, and is
             fail first argument
              166, remdr first argument
                                                         is not numeric
srm04
             fail if overflow
srm05
         \mathbf{erb}
              167, remdr caused
                                                         integer overflow
if .cmth
```

```
here with 1st argument in (xr), 2nd in (xl), both real
            result = n1 - chop(n1/n2)*n2
srm06
              wb
                                                       set positive flag
        \mathbf{zer}
        ldr
              rcval(xr)
                                                       load left argument value
        rge srm07
                                                       jump if positive
        \mathbf{mnz} wb
                                                       set negative flag
srm07
        dvr rcval(x1)
                                                       compute n1/n2
        rov
              srm10
                                                       jump if overflow
                                                       chop result
        chp
        mlr
             rcval(xl)
                                                       times n2
                                                       compute difference
              rcval(xr)
    *
            make sign of result match sign of first argument
            -result is in ra at this point
        bze wb,srm09
                                                       if result should be positive
                                                       if should be negative, and is
        _{\rm rle}
              exrea
srm08
        ngr
                                                       adjust sign of result
        brn exrea
                                                       return result
srm09
        \mathbf{rlt}
              srm08
                                                       should be pos, and result negative
                                                       should be positive, and is
        brn exrea
            fail if overflow
srm10
        erb 312, remdr caused
                                                       real overflow
```

```
replace
            the actual replace operation uses an scblk whose cfp$a
            chars contain the translated versions of all the chars.
            the table pointer is remembered from call to call and
            the table is only built when the arguments change.
            we also perform an optimization gleaned from spitbol 370.
            if the second argument is &alphabet, there is no need to
            to build a replace table. the third argument can be
            used directly as the replace table.
s$rpl
        ent
                                                     entry point
                                                     load third argument as string
        jsr
              gtstg
             168, replace third
                                                     argument is not a string
        \mathbf{err}
                                                     save third arg ptr
        mov xr,xl
              gtstg
                                                     get second argument
        jsr
        \mathbf{err}
             169, replace second
                                                     argument is not a string
            check to see if this is the same table as last time
        bne xr,r$ra2,srpl1
                                                     jump if 2nd argument different
        beq x1,r$ra3,srp14
                                                     jump if args same as last time
            here we build a new replace table (note wa = 2nd arg len)
srpl1
        mov sclen(x1),wb
                                                     load 3rd argument length
        bne wa, wb, srpl6
                                                     jump if arguments not same length
        beq xr,kvalp,srpl5
                                                     jump if 2nd arg is alphabet string
                                                     jump if null 2nd argument
        bze wb,srpl6
        mov xl,r$ra3
                                                     save third arg for next time in
                                                     save second arg for next time in
        mov xr,r$ra2
        mov kvalp,xl
                                                     point to alphabet string
        mov sclen(xl), wa
                                                     load alphabet scblk length
        mov r$rpt,xr
                                                     point to current table (if any)
        bnz xr,srpl2
                                                     jump if we already have a table
            here we allocate a new table
                                                     allocate new table
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            alocs
                                                     keep scblk length
        mov wc,wa
        mov xr,r$rpt
                                                     save table pointer for next time
            merge here with pointer to new table block in (xr)
        ctb wa,scsi$
                                                     compute length of scblk
srpl2
                                                     copy to get initial table values
        mvw
```

```
replace (continued)
           now we must plug selected entries as required. note that
           we are short of index registers for the following loop.
           hence the need to repeatedly re-initialise char ptr xl
        mov r$ra2,xl
                                                    point to second argument
        \mathbf{lct}
             wb,wb
                                                    number of chars to plug
                                                    zero char offset
        zer
            WC
        mov r$ra3,xr
                                                    point to 3rd arg
                                                    get char ptr for 3rd arg
        plc xr
           loop to plug chars
srpl3
       mov r$ra2,xl
                                                    point to 2nd arg
        plc x1,wc
                                                    point to next char
        icv
            WC
                                                    increment offset
        lch
            wa,(xl)
                                                    get next char
                                                    point to translate table
        mov r$rpt,xl
        psc xl,wa
                                                    convert char to offset into table
                                                    get translated char
        lch wa,(xr)+
        sch wa,(x1)
                                                    store in table
                                                    complete store characters
        csc xl
        bct wb,srpl3
                                                    loop till done
```

```
replace (continued)
            here to use r$rpt as replace table.
srpl4
                                                       replace table to use
        mov r$rpt,xl
            here to perform translate using table in xl.
if .cnbf
srpl5
                                                       get first argument
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              gtstg
              170, replace first
                                                       argument is not a string
else
            if first arg is a buffer, perform translate in place.
srpl5
        jsr
              gtstb
                                                       get first argument
        \mathbf{err}
              170, replace first
                                                       argument is not a string or buffer
                                                       branch if buffer
        bnz wb,srpl7
fi
        bze wa, exnul
                                                       return null if null argument
        mov x1,-(xs)
                                                       stack replace table to use
        mov xr,xl
                                                       copy pointer
        mov wa,wc
                                                       save length
        ctb wa, schar
                                                       get scblk length
        isr
              alloc
                                                       allocate space for copy
        mov xr,wb
                                                       save address of copy
        mvw
                                                       move scblk contents to copy
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       unstack replace table
        plc xr
                                                       point to chars of table
        mov wb,xl
                                                       point to string to translate
        plc
             xl
                                                       point to chars of string
                                                       set number of chars to translate
        mov wc,wa
                                                       perform translation
        \operatorname{trc}
                                                       stack result
srpl8
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                       load next code word
        lcw
              xr
        bri
              (xr)
                                                       execute it
            error point
srpl6
        erb 171, null or unequally
                                                       long 2nd, 3rd args to replace
if.cnbf
else
            here to perform replacement within buffer
srpl7
        bze wa, srp18
                                                       return buffer unchanged if empty
        mov xr,wc
                                                       copy bfblk pointer to wc
        mov xl,xr
                                                       translate table to xr
        plc xr
                                                       point to chars of table
```

plc trc	wc,xl xl srpl8	point to string to translate point to chars of string perform translation stack result and exit
fi brn	srp18	stack result and exit

*	r	rewind	
*			
s\$rew	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	${f jsr}$	iofcb	call fcblk routine
	\mathbf{err}	172, rewind argument	is not a suitable name
	\mathbf{err}	173, rewind argument	is null
	\mathbf{err}	174, rewind file does	not exist
	${f jsr}$	sysrw	call system rewind function
	\mathbf{err}	174, rewind file does	not exist
	\mathbf{err}	175, rewind file does	not permit rewind
	\mathbf{err}	176, rewind caused	non-recoverable error
	\mathbf{brn}	exnul	exit with null result if no error

```
reverse
s$rvs
        ent
                                                        entry point
if .cnbf
        jsr
               gtstg
                                                        load string argument
        err
              177, reverse argument
                                                        is not a string
else
                                                        load string or buffer argument
        jsr
               gtstb
        \mathbf{err}
               177, reverse argument
                                                        is not a string or buffer
        bnz wb,srvs3
                                                        branch if buffer
fi
        bze wa, exixr
                                                        return argument if null
        mov xr,xl
                                                        else save pointer to string arg
                                                        allocate space for new scblk
        isr
               alocs
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        store scblk ptr on stack as result
        \mathbf{psc}
              xr
                                                        prepare to store in new scblk
        plc
              xl,wc
                                                        point past last char in argument
        lct
               WC,WC
                                                        set loop counter
             loop to move chars in reverse order
        lch
              wb,-(x1)
srvs1
                                                        load next char from argument
        \operatorname{sch}
              wb,(xr)+
                                                        store in result
                                                        loop till all moved
        bct wc,srvs1
            here when complete to execute next code word
                                                        complete store characters
srvs4
        \mathbf{csc}
              xr
                                                        clear garbage xl
        zer
              xl
                                                        load next code word
srvs2
        lcw
              xr
        bri
               (xr)
                                                        execute it
if.cnbf
else
            here if argument is a buffer. perform reverse in place.
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                        stack buffer as result
srvs3
        bze wa, srvs2
                                                        return buffer unchanged if empty
        mov xr,xl
                                                        copy bfblk pointer to xl
        \mathbf{psc}
              xr
                                                        prepare to store at first char
              xl,wa
                                                        point past last char in argument
        plc
        \operatorname{rsh}
              wa,1
                                                        operate on half the string
        lct
                                                        set loop counter
              wc,wa
            loop to swap chars from end to end. note that in the
             case of an odd count, the middle char is not touched.
srvs5
        lch
              wb,-(x1)
                                                        load next char from end
        lch
              wa,(xr)
                                                        load next char from front
```

sch	wb,(xr)+	store end char in front
sch	wa,(xl)	store front char at end
\mathbf{bct}	wc,srvs5	loop till all moved
brn	srvs4	complete store
		-

fi

```
rpad
s$rpd
         ent
                                                           entry point
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               gtstg
                                                           get pad character
               178, rpad third argument
                                                           is not a string
         \mathbf{err}
                                                           point to character (null is blank)
         plc
               xr
         lch
               wb,(xr)
                                                           load pad character
               gtsmi
                                                           get pad length
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               179, rpad second argument
                                                           is not integer
                                                           skip if negative or large
         ppm srpd3
             merge to check first arg.
srpd1
         jsr
                                                           get first argument (string to pad)
               gtstg
         \mathbf{err}
               180, rpad first argument
                                                           is not a string
         bge wa,wc,exixr
                                                           return 1st arg if too long to pad
                                                           else move ptr to string to pad
         mov xr,xl
             now we are ready for the pad
             (x1)
                                         pointer to string to pad
              (wb)
                                         pad character
              (wc)
                                         length to pad string to
         mov wc,wa
                                                           copy length
               alocs
                                                           allocate scblk for new string
         isr
         mov xr,-(xs)
                                                           save as result
         mov sclen(x1), wa
                                                           load length of argument
                                                           calculate number of pad characters
         sub wa,wc
                                                           point to chars in result string
         \mathbf{psc}
              xr
         lct
                                                           set counter for pad loop
               WC,WC
             copy argument string
         bze wa, srpd2
                                                           jump if argument is null
         plc
                                                           else point to argument chars
               xl
         mvc
                                                           move characters to result string
                                                           clear garbage xl
         \mathbf{zer}
               xl
             loop to supply pad characters
srpd2
               wb,(xr)+
                                                           store pad character, bump ptr
         \operatorname{sch}
         \mathbf{bct}
               wc,srpd2
                                                           loop till all pad chars stored
         \mathbf{csc}
                                                           complete character storing
               xr
         lcw
               xr
                                                           load next code word
         bri
               (xr)
                                                           execute it
             here if 2nd arg is negative or large
srpd3
         zer
                                                           zero pad count
```

brn srpd1

merge

```
rtab
s$rtb
          \mathbf{ent}
                                                                   entry point
          mov =p$rtb,wb
                                                                   set pcode for integer arg case
          \mathbf{mov} =p$rtd,wa
                                                                   set pcode for expression arg case
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                 patin
                                                                   call common routine to build node
                 181, rtab argument
                                                                   is not integer or expression
          \mathbf{err}
          \mathbf{err}
                182, rtab argument
                                                                   is negative or too large
          mov xr,-(xs)
                                                                   stack result
          \mathbf{lcw} \quad \mathtt{xr}
                                                                   get next code word
          bri
                 (xr)
                                                                   execute it
```

```
if.\mathbf{cust}
              set
                                                              entry point
s$set
         ent
         mov (xs)+,r$io2
                                                              save third arg (whence)
  if .cusr
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                              get second arg (offset)
                                                              convert to real
         jsr
                gtrea
                324, set second argument
                                                              not numeric
         \mathbf{err}
                                                              load accumulator with argument
         ldr
                rcval(xr)
  else
         mov (xs)+,r$io1
                                                              save second arg (offset)
  fi
                                                              call fcblk routine
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                iofcb
                                                              is not a suitable name
         \mathbf{err}
                291, set first argument
                292, set first argument
                                                              is null
                295,set file does
                                                              not exist
         \mathbf{err}
  if.\mathbf{cusr}
  else
         mov r$io1,wb
                                                              load second arg
  fi
         mov r$io2,wc
                                                              load third arg
                sysst
                                                              call system set routine
         jsr
         \mathbf{err}
                293, inappropriate
                                                              second argument to set
                                                              third argument to set
         \mathbf{err}
                294, inappropriate
         \mathbf{err}
                295, set file does
                                                              not exist
                296, set file does
                                                              not permit setting file pointer
         \mathbf{err}
         \mathbf{err}
                297, set caused non-recoverable
                                                              i/o error
  if.\mathbf{cusr}
         rti
                exrea
                                                              return real position if not able
         brn exint
                                                              to return integer position
  else
         brn exint
                                                              otherwise return position
  fi
```

```
fi
              tab
s$tab
                                                               entry point
          \mathbf{ent}
          mov =p$tab,wb
                                                               set pcode for integer arg case
                                                               set pcode for expression arg case
          \mathbf{mov} =p$tbd,wa
                                                               call common routine to build node
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                 {\tt patin}
                                                               is not integer or expression
                183, tab argument
          \mathbf{err}
                184, tab argument
                                                               is negative or too large
          mov xr,-(xs)
                                                               stack result
          lcw
                                                               get next code word
                xr
          bri
                 (xr)
                                                               execute it
```

```
rpos
s$rps
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                              entry point
         mov =p$rps,wb
                                                              set pcode for integer arg case
         mov =p$rpd,wa
                                                              set pcode for expression arg case
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                patin
                                                              call common routine to build node
                185, rpos argument
                                                              is not integer or expression
         \mathbf{err}
         \mathbf{err}
                186, rpos argument
                                                              is negative or too large
         mov xr,-(xs)
                                                              stack result
         lcw
               xr
                                                              get next code word
         bri
                (xr)
                                                              execute it
if .cnsr
else
```

```
setexit
                                                       entry point
s$stx
        ent
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       load argument
                                                       load old vrblk pointer
        mov stxvr, wa
                                                       load zero in case null arg
        zer xl
                                                       jump if null argument (reset call)
        beq xr,=nulls,sstx1
              gtnvr
                                                       else get specified vrblk
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        ppm sstx2
                                                       jump if not natural variable
        mov vrlbl(xr),xl
                                                       else load label
        beq x1,=stndl,sstx2
                                                       jump if label is not defined
                                                       jump if not trapped
        bne (x1),=b$trt,sstx1
        mov trlbl(xl),xl
                                                       else load ptr to real label code
            here to set/reset setexit trap
                                                       store new vrblk pointer (or null)
        mov xr, stxvr
sstx1
        mov xl,r$sxc
                                                       store new code ptr (or zero)
                                                       return null if null result
        beq wa,=nulls,exnul
                                                       else copy vrblk pointer
        mov wa,xr
        brn exvnm
                                                       and return building nmblk
            here if bad argument
        erb 187, setexit argument
                                                       is not label name or null
sstx2
if .cmth
            sin
s$sin
                                                       entry point
        ent
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       get argument
                                                       convert to real
        jsr
              gtrea
              308, sin argument
                                                       not numeric
        \mathbf{err}
        ldr
                                                       load accumulator with argument
              rcval(xr)
        \sin
                                                       take sine
                                                       if no overflow, return result in ra
        rno exrea
                                                       is out of range
        erb 323, sin argument
```

```
fi
if.cmth
               sqrt
s$sqr
                                                                    entry point
          \mathbf{ent}
          mov (xs)+,xr
                                                                    get argument
                  gtrea
                                                                    convert to real \,
          \mathbf{jsr}
          \mathbf{err}
                  313, sqrt argument
                                                                    not numeric
          \operatorname{\mathbf{ldr}}
                  rcval(xr)
                                                                    load accumulator with argument
          \mathbf{rlt}
                  ssqr1
                                                                    negative number
                                                                    take square root
          \operatorname{sqr}
                                                                    no overflow possible, result in ra
          \mathbf{brn} \quad \mathtt{exrea}
               here if bad argument
ssqr1
                                                                    negative
          erb 314,sqrt argument
```

fi if .cnsr else

```
*

*

*

s$srt ent entry point

zer wa mark as sort

jsr sorta call sort routine

ppm exfal if conversion fails, so shall we

brn exsid return, setting idval

fi
```

```
span
s$spn
          \mathbf{ent}
                                                                entry point
          mov =p$sps,wb
                                                                set pcode for single char arg
          mov =p$spn,xl
                                                                set pcode for multi-char arg
          \mathbf{mov} =p$spd,wc
                                                                set pcode for expression arg
                                                                call common routine to build node
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}
                 patst
          \mathbf{err}
                188, span argument
                                                                is not a string or expression
                                                                stack result
          mov xr,-(xs)
          \mathbf{lcw} \quad \mathtt{xr}
                                                                get next code word
          bri
                 (xr)
                                                                execute it
```

```
size
s$si$
         \quad \mathbf{ent} \quad
                                                               entry point
if .cnbf
                                                               load string argument
         \mathbf{jsr}
                gtstg
                189, size argument
                                                               is not a string
         \mathbf{err}
else
                                                               load string argument
         \mathbf{jsr}
                gtstb
         \mathbf{err}
                189, size argument
                                                               is not a string or buffer
fi
              merge with bfblk or scblk ptr in xr. wa has length.
         mti wa
                                                               load length as integer
         brn exint
                                                               exit with integer result
```

```
stoptr
s$stt
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                        entry point
           zer
                  xl
                                                                        indicate\ stoptr\ case
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                  trace
                                                                        call trace procedure
                  190,stoptr first
                                                                        argument is not appropriate name
           \mathbf{err}
                  191, stoptr second
                                                                        {\rm argument\ is\ not\ trace\ type}
           \mathbf{err}
           brn exnul
                                                                        {\rm return}\ {\rm null}
```

```
substr
         ent
                                                          entry point
s$sub
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               gtsmi
                                                          load third argument
                                                          argument is not integer
         \mathbf{err}
               192, substr third
         ppm exfal
                                                          jump if negative or too large
         mov xr,sbssv
                                                          save third argument
               gtsmi
                                                          load second argument
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               193, substr second
                                                          argument is not integer
         ppm exfal
                                                          jump if out of range
         mov xr,wc
                                                          save second argument
         bze wc,exfal
                                                          jump if second argument zero
         \mathbf{dcv} wc
                                                          else decrement for ones origin
if.cnbf
                                                          load first argument
         jsr
               gtstg
               194, substr first
                                                          argument is not a string
         \mathbf{err}
else
                                                          load first argument
         jsr
               gtstb
               194, substr first
                                                          argument is not a string or buffer
         \mathbf{err}
fi
             merge with bfblk or scblk ptr in xr. wa has length
         mov wc,wb
                                                          copy second arg to wb
         mov sbssv,wc
                                                          reload third argument
         bnz wc,ssub2
                                                          skip if third arg given
                                                          else get string length
         mov wa,wc
         bgt wb,wc,exfal
                                                          fail if improper
                                                          reduce by offset to start
         sub wb,wc
             merge
ssub2
         mov wa,xl
                                                          save string length
                                                          set length of substring
         mov wc,wa
         add wb,wc
                                                          add 2nd arg to 3rd arg
         bgt wc,xl,exfal
                                                          jump if improper substring
                                                          copy pointer to first arg
         mov xr,xl
         jsr
               sbstr
                                                          build substring
                                                          stack result
         mov xr,-(xs)
                                                          get next code word
         lcw xr
         bri
                                                          execute it
               (xr)
```

```
table
s$tbl
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                                entry point
         mov (xs)+,xl
                                                                get initial lookup value
                                                                pop second argument
         ica
                XS
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                 gtsmi
                                                                load argument
                                                                is not integer
         \mathbf{err}
                195, table argument
         \mathbf{err}
                196, table argument
                                                                is out of range
         bnz wc,stbl1
                                                                jump if non-zero
         mov =tbnbk,wc
                                                                else supply default value
              merge here with number of headers in wc
                                                                make table
stbl1
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                 tmake
         brn exsid
                                                                exit setting idval
```

```
if.cmth
              tan
s$tan
                                                                entry point
          ent
          mov (xs)+,xr
                                                                get argument
                                                                convert to real
          \mathbf{jsr}
                 {\tt gtrea}
          \mathbf{err}
                 309, tan argument
                                                                {\rm not\ numeric}
                                                                load accumulator with argument
          \operatorname{ldr}
                 rcval(xr)
          tan
                                                                take tangent
                                                                if no overflow, return result in ra
          rno
                exrea
          \operatorname{erb}
                310, tan produced
                                                                real overflow or argument is out of range
```

```
fi
     *
     * time
     *
s$tim ent
     jsr systm
```

brn exint

timsx

 \mathbf{sbi}

entry point get timer value subtract starting time exit with integer value

```
trace
s$tra
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                         entry point
         beq num03(xs),=nulls,str02
                                                         jump if first argument is null
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                         load fourth argument
                                                         tentatively set zero pointer
         zer xl
         beq xr,=nulls,str01
                                                         jump if 4th argument is null
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               gtnvr
                                                         else point to vrblk
         ppm str03
                                                         jump if not variable name
         mov xr,xl
                                                         else save vrblk in trfnc
             here with vrblk or zero in xl
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                         load third argument (tag)
str01
                                                         set zero as trtyp value for now
         zer
              wb
         jsr
               trbld
                                                         build trblk for trace call
         mov xr,xl
                                                         move trblk pointer for trace
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               trace
                                                         call trace procedure
              198, trace first argument
                                                         is not appropriate name
         \mathbf{err}
                                                         argument is not trace type
         \mathbf{err}
             199, trace second
         brn exnul
                                                         return null
             here to call system trace toggle routine
str02
                                                         call it
        jsr
              systt
         add *num04,xs
                                                         pop trace arguments
         brn exnul
                                                         return
             here for bad fourth argument
str03
        erb 197, trace fourth
                                                         arg is not function name or null
```

```
trim
s$trm
        ent
                                                        entry point
if .cnbf
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               gtstg
                                                        load argument as string
        \mathbf{err}
               200, trim argument
                                                        is not a string
else
                                                        load argument as string
        jsr
               gtstb
        \mathbf{err}
               200, trim argument
                                                        is not a string or buffer
        bnz wb,strm0
                                                        branch if buffer
fi
        bze wa, exnul
                                                        return null if argument is null
        mov xr,xl
                                                        copy string pointer
             wa,schar
                                                        get block length
        \operatorname{ctb}
                                                        allocate copy same size
        jsr
               alloc
        mov xr,wb
                                                        save pointer to copy
        mvw
                                                        copy old string block to new
                                                        restore ptr to new block
        mov wb,xr
              trimr
                                                        trim blanks (wb is non-zero)
        jsr
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack result
        lcw
              xr
                                                        get next code word
        bri
               (xr)
                                                        execute it
if.cnbf
else
             argument is a buffer, perform trim in place.
strm0
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                        stack buffer as result
        bze wa, strm6
                                                        return buffer unchanged if empty
                                                        get bfblk ptr
        mov xr,xl
        mov wb,xr
                                                        copy bcblk ptr to xr
                                                        point past last character
        plc x1,wa
        mov =ch$bl,wc
                                                        load blank character
            loop through characters from right to left
              wb,-(x1)
                                                        load next character
strm1
        lch
  if .caht
        beq wb,=ch$ht,strm2
                                                        jump if horizontal tab
  fi
                                                        jump if non-blank found
        bne wb,wc,strm3
strm2
        dcv
              wa
                                                        else decrement character count
                                                        loop back if more to check
        bnz wa, strm1
            here when buffer trim complete
strm3
        mov wa,bclen(xr)
                                                        set new length in bcblk
        mov bcbuf(xr),xr
                                                        get bfblk ptr
        mov wa,wb
                                                        copy length
```

```
ctb wb,0
                                                             words needed converted to bytes
                                                             number of zeros needed
         sub wa,wb
                                                             ready for storing zeros
         \operatorname{psc} xr,wa
                                                             set zero char
         \mathbf{zer}
               WC
              loop to zero pad last word of characters
         bze wb,strm5
                                                             loop while more to be done
strm4
         \operatorname{sch}
               wc,(xr)+
                                                             store zero character
         \mathbf{dcv} wb
                                                             decrement count
                                                             continue loop
         \mathbf{brn}
               strm4
{\tt strm5}
         \mathbf{csc}
                xr
                                                             complete store characters
                                                             get next code word
strm6
         lcw
                xr
         bri
                (xr)
                                                             execute it
fi
```

```
unload
s$unl
          \mathbf{ent}
                                                                 entry point
                                                                 load argument
          mov (xs)+,xr
                                                                 point to vrblk
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                 gtnvr
                                                                 is not natural variable name
          \mathbf{err}
                 201, unload argument
                                                                 get ptr to undefined function
          mov =stndf,xl
          \mathbf{jsr}
                 {\tt dffnc}
                                                                 undefine named function
                                                                 return null as result
          brn exnul
if .c370
```

```
xor
s$xor
        \mathbf{ent}
                                                        entry point
        \mathbf{mnz} wb
                                                        signal two arguments
                                                        call string boolean routine
        jsr
               sbool
                                                        is not a string
        \mathbf{err}
              xxx,xor first argument
        \mathbf{err}
              xxx,xor second argument
                                                        is not a string
        \mathbf{err}
             xxx,xor arguments
                                                        not same length
        ppm exits
                                                        null string arguments
             here to process (wc) words. result is stacked.
sxor1
        mov (xl)+,wa
                                                        get next cfp$c chars from arg 1
        xob (xr),wa
                                                        xor with characters from arg 2
        mov wa,(xr)+
                                                        put back in memory
        bct wc,sxor1
                                                        loop over all words in string block
        brn exits
                                                        fetch next code word
fi
```

k

the following section contains utility routines used for various purposes throughout the system. these differ from the procedures in the utility procedures section in they are not in procedure form and they do not return to their callers. they are accessed with a branch type instruction after setting the registers to appropriate parameter values.

*

the register values required for each routine are documented at the start of each routine. registers not mentioned may contain any values except that xr,xl can only contain proper collectable pointers.

*

some of these routines will tolerate garbage pointers in xl,xr on entry. this is always documented and in each case, the routine clears these garbage values before exiting after completing its task.

*

the routines have names consisting of five letters and are assembled in alphabetical order.

```
arref -- array reference
            (x1)
                                    may be non-collectable
            (xr)
                                    number of subscripts
            (wb)
                                    set zero/nonzero for value/name
                                    the value in wb must be collectable
                                    subscripts and array operand
            stack
            brn arref
                                    jump to call function
            arref continues by executing the next code word with
            the result name or value placed on top of the stack.
            to deal with the problem of accessing subscripts in the
            order of stacking, xl is used as a subscript pointer
            working below the stack pointer.
arref
        rtn exits
                                                    copy number of subscripts
        mov xr, wa
        mov xs,xt
                                                    point to stack front
        wtb xr
                                                    convert to byte offset
        add xr,xt
                                                    point to array operand on stack
                                                    final value for stack popping
        ica
             xt
        mov xt, arfxs
                                                    keep for later
        mov - (xt), xr
                                                    load array operand pointer
        mov xr,r$arf
                                                    keep array pointer
        mov xt,xr
                                                    save pointer to subscripts
        mov r$arf,xl
                                                    point xl to possible vcblk or tbblk
        mov (x1),wc
                                                    load first word
                                                    jump if arblk
        beq wc,=b$art,arf01
        beq wc,=b$vct,arf07
                                                    jump if vcblk
        beq wc,=b$tbt,arf10
                                                    jump if tbblk
        erb 235, subscripted operand
                                                    is not table or array
           here for array (arblk)
arf01
        bne wa,arndm(x1),arf09
                                                    jump if wrong number of dims
        ldi
             intv0
                                                    get initial subscript of zero
        mov xr,xt
                                                    point before subscripts
                                                    initial offset to bounds
        \mathbf{zer}
            wa
        brn arf03
                                                    jump into loop
           loop to compute subscripts by multiplications
        mli ardm2(xr)
                                                    multiply total by next dimension
arf02
           merge here first time
arf03
        mov - (xt), xr
                                                    load next subscript
             arfsi
        \mathbf{sti}
                                                    save current subscript
        ldi
             icval(xr)
                                                    load integer value in case
        beq (xr),=b$icl,arf04
                                                    jump if it was an integer
```

```
arref (continued)
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              gtint
                                                       convert to integer
        ppm arf12
                                                       jump if not integer
        ldi
              icval(xr)
                                                       if ok, load integer value
            here with integer subscript in (ia)
arf04
        mov r$arf,xr
                                                       point to array
        add wa.xr
                                                       offset to next bounds
        \mathbf{sbi}
                                                       subtract low bound to compare
             arlbd(xr)
        iov arf13
                                                       out of range fail if overflow
        ilt
              arf13
                                                       out of range fail if too small
        sbi ardim(xr)
                                                       subtract dimension
        ige arf13
                                                       out of range fail if too large
        adi ardim(xr)
                                                       else restore subscript offset
        adi arfsi
                                                       add to current total
        add *ardms, wa
                                                       point to next bounds
        bne xt,xs,arf02
                                                       loop back if more to go
            here with integer subscript computed
        mfi wa
                                                       get as one word integer
        wtb wa
                                                       convert to offset
        mov r$arf,xl
                                                       point to arblk
        add arofs(x1),wa
                                                       add offset past bounds
        ica
                                                       adjust for arpro field
        bnz wb,arf08
                                                       exit with name if name call
            merge here to get value for value call
arf05
        jsr
             acess
                                                       get value
                                                       fail if acess fails
        ppm arf13
            return value
arf06
        mov arfxs,xs
                                                       pop stack entries
        zer r$arf
                                                       finished with array pointer
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       stack result
                                                       get next code word
        lcw xr
        bri
             (xr)
                                                       execute it
```

```
arref (continued)
            here for vector
arf07
        bne wa,=num01,arf09
                                                     error if more than 1 subscript
        mov (xs),xr
                                                     else load subscript
              gtint
                                                     convert to integer
        jsr
        ppm arf12
                                                     error if not integer
        ldi
             icval(xr)
                                                     else load integer value
        \mathbf{sbi}
             intv1
                                                     subtract for ones offset
        mfi wa, arf 13
                                                     get subscript as one word
        add =vcvls,wa
                                                     add offset for standard fields
                                                     convert offset to bytes
        wtb wa
        bge wa, vclen(xl), arf13
                                                     fail if out of range subscript
        bze wb,arf05
                                                     back to get value if value call
            return name
arf08
        mov arfxs,xs
                                                     pop stack entries
             r$arf
                                                     finished with array pointer
        zer
        brn exnam
                                                     else exit with name
            here if subscript count is wrong
arf09
        erb 236, array referenced
                                                     with wrong number of subscripts
            table
        bne wa,=num01,arf11
                                                     error if more than 1 subscript
arf10
        mov (xs),xr
                                                     else load subscript
             tfind
                                                     call table search routine
        isr
                                                     fail if failed
        ppm arf13
        bnz wb,arf08
                                                     exit with name if name call
        brn arf06
                                                     else exit with value
            here for bad table reference
arf11
        erb 237, table referenced
                                                     with more than one subscript
            here for bad subscript
arf12
        erb 238, array subscript
                                                     is not integer
            here to signal failure
arf13
        zer r$arf
                                                     finished with array pointer
        brn exfal
                                                     fail
```

```
cfunc -- call a function
           cfunc is used to call a snobol level function. it is
           used by the apply function (s$app), the function
           trace routine (trxeq) and the main function call entry
           (o$fnc, o$fns). in the latter cases, cfunc is used only
           if the number of arguments is incorrect.
           (x1)
                                  pointer to function block
           (wa)
                                  actual number of arguments
           (xs)
                                  points to stacked arguments
           brn cfunc
                                  jump to call function
           cfunc continues by executing the function
       rtn exfal
cfunc
            wa,fargs(xl),cfnc1
       blt
                                                  jump if too few arguments
       beq wa,fargs(x1),cfnc3
                                                  jump if correct number of args
           here if too many arguments supplied, pop them off
       mov wa,wb
                                                  copy actual number
       sub fargs(x1),wb
                                                  get number of extra args
       wtb wb
                                                  convert to bytes
       add wb,xs
                                                  pop off unwanted arguments
       brn cfnc3
                                                  jump to go off to function
           here if too few arguments
       mov fargs(xl),wb
                                                  load required number of arguments
cfnc1
                                                  jump if case of var num of args
       beq wb,=nini9,cfnc3
       sub wa,wb
                                                  calculate number missing
       lct
           wb,wb
                                                  set counter to control loop
           loop to supply extra null arguments
       mov =nulls,-(xs)
cfnc2
                                                  stack a null argument
                                                  loop till proper number stacked
       bct wb,cfnc2
           merge here to jump to function
cfnc3
      bri (x1)
                                                  jump through fcode field
```

```
exfal -- exit signalling snobol failure
           (xl,xr)
                                  may be non-collectable
           brn exfal
                                  jump to fail
           exfal continues by executing the appropriate fail goto
exfal rtn (xl)
       mov flptr,xs
                                                 pop stack
       mov (xs),xr
                                                 load failure offset
       add r$cod,xr
                                                 point to failure code location
       lcp xr
                                                 set code pointer
                                                 load next code word
       lcw xr
       mov (xr),xl
                                                 load entry address
       bri xl
                                                 jump to execute next code word
```

```
exixr -- exit with result in (xr)
           (xr)
                                  result
           (x1)
                                  may be non-collectable
           brn exixr
                                  jump to exit with result in (xr)
           exixr continues by executing the next code word
           which it does by falling through to exits.
exixr
       rtn icbld
                                                 which it does by falling through to exits.
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                 stack result
           exits -- exit with result if any stacked
           (xr,xl)
                                  may be non-collectable
           brn exits
                                  enter exits routine
exits
       rtn xr,-(xs)
       lcw xr
                                                  load next code word
                                                 load entry address
       mov (xr),xl
       bri
            xl
                                                 jump to execute next code word
```

```
exnam -- exit with name in (x1,wa)
           (x1)
                                  name base
           (wa)
                                  name offset
           (xr)
                                  may be non-collectable
                                  jump to exit with name in (x1,wa)
           brn exnam
           exnam continues by executing the next code word
\verb"exnam" rtn xl"
       mov xl,-(xs)
                                                  stack name base
       mov wa,-(xs)
                                                  stack name offset
                                                  load next code word
       lcw xr
       bri (xr)
                                                  execute it
```

```
if .cnra
else
              exrea -- exit with real result
              (xl,xr)
                                          may be non-collectable
              (ra)
                                          real value
              brn exrea
                                          jump to exit with real value
              exrea continues by executing the next code word
{\tt exrea} \quad {\tt rtn} \quad {\tt xl}
                                                             clear dud value
         \mathbf{zer}
               xl
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               rcbld
                                                             build rcblk
         brn exixr
                                                             jump to exit with result in xr
fi
```

```
exsid -- exit setting id field
           exsid is used to exit after building any of the following
           blocks (arblk, tbblk, pdblk, vcblk). it sets the idval.
           (xr)
                                  ptr to block with idval field
           (x1)
                                  may be non-collectable
           brn exsid
                                  jump to exit after setting id field
           exsid continues by executing the next code word
       rtn exixr
exsid
                                                  load current id value
       mov curid, wa
       {\bf bne} wa,=cfp$m,exsi1
                                                  jump if no overflow
       zer wa
                                                  else reset for wraparound
           here with old idval in wa
exsi1 icv wa
                                                  bump id value
                                                  store for next time
       mov wa, curid
       mov wa,idval(xr)
                                                  store id value
       brn exixr
                                                  exit with result in (xr)
```

```
exvnm -- exit with name of variable
           exvnm exits after stacking a value which is a nmblk
           referencing the name of a given natural variable.
            (xr)
                                  vrblk pointer
            (x1)
                                  may be non-collectable
           brn exvnm
                                   exit with vrblk pointer in xr
exvnm rtn exixr
                                                  copy name base pointer
       mov xr,xl
       mov *nmsi$,wa
                                                  set size of nmblk
       jsr alloc
                                                  allocate nmblk
       mov =b$nml,(xr)
                                                  store type word
       {\operatorname{mov}} xl,nmbas(xr)
                                                  store name base
       mov *vrval,nmofs(xr)
                                                  store name offset
                                                  exit with result in xr
        brn exixr
```

```
failp -- failure in matching pattern node
           failp is used after failing to match a pattern node.
           see pattern match routines for details of use.
           (xl,xr)
                                 may be non-collectable
           brn failp
                                  signal failure to match
           failp continues by matching an alternative from the stack
failp
       rtn *num02,xs
                                                 load alternative node pointer
       mov (xs)+,xr
                                                 restore old cursor
       mov (xs)+,wb
       mov (xr),xl
                                                 load pcode entry pointer
       bri xl
                                                 jump to execute code for node
```

```
indir -- compute indirect reference
            (wb)
                                    nonzero/zero for by name/value
            brn indir
                                    jump to get indirect ref on stack
            indir continues by executing the next code word
indir
        rtn xl
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                     load argument
        beq (xr),=b$nml,indr2
                                                     jump if a name
                                                     else convert to variable
              gtnvr
                                                     is not name
        err 239, indirection operand
                                                     skip if by value
        bze wb,indr1
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     else stack vrblk ptr
        mov *vrval,-(xs)
                                                     stack name offset
                                                     load next code word
        lcw xr
        mov (xr),xl
                                                     load entry address
                                                     jump to execute next code word
        bri xl
            here to get value of natural variable
indr1
        bri (xr)
                                                     jump through vrget field of vrblk
            here if operand is a name
                                                     load name base
        mov nmbas(xr),xl
indr2
        mov nmofs(xr),wa
                                                     load name offset
        bnz wb, exnam
                                                     exit if called by name
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            acess
                                                     else get value first
                                                     fail if access fails
        ppm exfal
                                                     else return with value in xr
        brn exixr
```

```
match -- initiate pattern match
            (wb)
                                     match type code
            brn match
                                     jump to initiate pattern match
            match continues by executing the pattern match. see
            pattern match routines (p$xxx) for full details.
match
        rtn
             exixr
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      load pattern operand
                                                      convert to pattern
        jsr
              gtpat
        \mathbf{err}
             240, pattern match
                                                      right operand is not pattern
        mov xr,xl
                                                      if ok, save pattern pointer
        bnz wb, mtch1
                                                      jump if not match by name
        mov (xs), wa
                                                      else load name offset
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                      save pattern pointer
        mov num02(xs),xl
                                                      load name base
                                                      access subject value
              acess
        isr
        ppm exfal
                                                      fail if access fails
        mov (xs),xl
                                                      restore pattern pointer
        mov xr,(xs)
                                                      stack subject string val for merge
        zer
                                                      restore type code
    *
            merge here with subject value on stack
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
                                                      convert subject to string
mtch1
        jsr
              gtstg
                                                      left operand is not a string
            241, pattern match
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                      stack match type code
else
mtch1
        mov wb,wc
                                                      save match type in wc
              gtstb
                                                      convert subject to string
        jsr
              241, pattern match
                                                      left operand is not a string or buffer
                                                      set to zero/bcblk if string/buffer
        mov wb,r$pmb
        mov wc,-(xs)
                                                      stack match type code
fi
                                                      if ok, store subject string pointer
        mov xr,r$pms
        mov wa, pmssl
                                                      and length
                                                      stack initial cursor (zero)
             -(xs)
        zer
        \mathbf{zer}
             wb
                                                      set initial cursor
                                                      set history stack base ptr
        mov xs, pmhbs
              pmdfl
                                                      reset pattern assignment flag
        \mathbf{zer}
        mov xl,xr
                                                      set initial node pointer
        bnz kvanc,mtch2
                                                      jump if anchored
            here for unanchored
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                      stack initial node pointer
        mov =nduna,-(xs)
                                                      stack pointer to anchor move node
                                                      start match of first node
        bri
             (xr)
```

```
*
    * here in anchored mode

*

mtch2 zer -(xs)
    mov =ndabo,-(xs)
    bri (xr)
```

dummy cursor value stack pointer to abort node start match of first node

```
retrn -- return from function
            (wa)
                                   string pointer for return type
           brn retrn
                                   jump to return from (snobol) func
           retrn continues by executing the code at the return point
           the stack is cleaned of any garbage left by other
           routines which may have altered flptr since function
           entry by using flprt, reserved for use only by
           function call and return.
       rtn
             (xr)
retrn
        bnz kvfnc,rtn01
                                                    jump if not level zero
        erb 242, function return
                                                    from level zero
           here if not level zero return
       mov flprt,xs
                                                    pop stack
rtn01
        ica
            xs
                                                    remove failure offset
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                    pop pfblk pointer
                                                    pop failure pointer
        mov (xs)+,flptr
        mov (xs)+,flprt
                                                    pop old flprt
                                                    pop code pointer offset
        mov (xs)+,wb
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                    pop old code block pointer
        add wc,wb
                                                    make old code pointer absolute
        lcp
            wb
                                                    restore old code pointer
                                                    restore old code block pointer
        mov wc,r$cod
                                                    decrement function level
        dcv kvfnc
        mov kvtra,wb
                                                    load trace
        add kvftr,wb
                                                    add ftrace
        bze wb,rtn06
                                                    jump if no tracing possible
           here if there may be a trace
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                    save function return type
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                    save pfblk pointer
        mov wa, kvrtn
                                                    set rtntype for trace function
        mov r$fnc,xl
                                                    load fnclevel trblk ptr (if any)
            ktrex
                                                    execute possible fnclevel trace
        mov pfvbl(xr),xl
                                                    load vrblk ptr (sgd13)
        bze kvtra,rtn02
                                                    jump if trace is off
        mov pfrtr(xr),xr
                                                    else load return trace trblk ptr
        bze xr,rtn02
                                                    jump if not return traced
        dcv kvtra
                                                    else decrement trace count
        bze trfnc(xr),rtn03
                                                    jump if print trace
        mov *vrval,wa
                                                    else set name offset
        mov num01(xs),kvrtn
                                                    make sure rtntype is set right
             trxeq
                                                    execute full trace
        isr
```

```
retrn (continued)
             here to test for ftrace
rtn02
        bze kvftr,rtn05
                                                          jump if ftrace is off
         dcv kvftr
                                                          else decrement ftrace
             here for print trace of function return
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
rtn03
                                                          print statement number
             prtsn
         mov num01(xs),xr
                                                          load return type
                                                          print it
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              prtst
         {f mov} =ch$bl,wa
                                                          load blank
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             prtch
                                                          print it
         mov 0(xs),xl
                                                          load pfblk ptr
         mov pfvbl(xl),xl
                                                          load function vrblk ptr
         mov *vrval,wa
                                                          set vrblk name offset
         bne xr,=scfrt,rtn04
                                                          jump if not freturn case
             for freturn, just print function name
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              prtnm
                                                          print name
        jsr
             prtnl
                                                          terminate print line
         brn rtn05
                                                          merge
             here for return or nreturn, print function name = value
rtn04
        jsr
               prtnv
                                                          print name = value
             here after completing trace
rtn05
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                          pop pfblk pointer
         mov (xs)+,wa
                                                          pop return type string
             merge here if no trace required
rtn06
        mov wa, kvrtn
                                                          set rtntype keyword
         mov pfvbl(xr),xl
                                                          load pointer to fn vrblk
```

```
retrn (continued)
            get value of function
rtn07
        mov xl,rtnbp
                                                     save block pointer
        mov vrval(x1),x1
                                                     load value
        beq (x1),=b$trt,rtn07
                                                     loop back if trapped
        mov xl,rtnfv
                                                     else save function result value
        mov (xs)+,rtnsv
                                                     save original function value
if .cnpf
        mov fargs(xr), wb
                                                     get number of arguments
else
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                     pop saved pointer
        bze xl,rtn7c
                                                     no action if none
        bze kvpfl,rtn7c
                                                     jump if no profiling
             prflu
                                                     else profile last func stmt
        jsr
        beq kvpfl,=num02,rtn7a
                                                     branch on value of profile keywd
            here if &profile = 1. start time must be frigged to
            appear earlier than it actually is, by amount used before
            the call.
        ldi
             pfstm
                                                     load current time
        \mathbf{sbi}
             icval(xl)
                                                     frig by subtracting saved amount
        brn rtn7b
                                                     and merge
            here if &profile = 2
        ldi
              icval(x1)
                                                     load saved time
rtn7a
            both profile types merge here
                                                     store back correct start time
rtn7b
        \mathbf{sti}
              pfstm
            merge here if no profiling
rtn7c
        mov fargs(xr),wb
                                                     get number of args
fi
        add pfnlo(xr),wb
                                                     add number of locals
                                                     jump if no args/locals
        bze wb,rtn10
              wb,wb
                                                     else set loop counter
        \mathbf{lct}
        add pflen(xr),xr
                                                     and point to end of pfblk
            loop to restore functions and locals
rtn08
        mov -(xr),xl
                                                     load next vrblk pointer
            loop to find value block
                                                     save block pointer
rtn09
        mov xl,wa
```

```
mov vrval(x1),x1
                                                     load pointer to next value
        beq (x1),=b$trt,rtn09
                                                     loop back if trapped
                                                     else restore last block pointer
        mov wa,xl
        mov (xs)+,vrval(xl)
                                                     restore old variable value
        bct wb,rtn08
                                                     loop till all processed
            now restore function value and exit
                                                     restore ptr to last function block
        mov rtnbp,xl
rtn10
                                                     restore old function value
        mov rtnsv,vrval(x1)
                                                     reload function result
        mov rtnfv,xr
        mov r$cod,xl
                                                     point to new code block
        mov kvstn,kvlst
                                                     set lastno from stno
        mov cdstm(x1),kvstn
                                                     reset proper stno value
if.csln
        mov kvlin, kvlln
                                                     set lastline from line
        mov cdsln(x1),kvlin
                                                     reset proper line value
fi
                                                     load return type
        mov kvrtn,wa
                                                     exit with result in xr if return
        beq wa,=scrtn,exixr
        beq wa, = scfrt, exfal
                                                     fail if freturn
```

```
retrn (continued)
            here for nreturn
        beq (xr),=b$nml,rtn11
                                                    jump if is a name
        jsr
             gtnvr
                                                    else try convert to variable name
        err 243, function result
                                                    in nreturn is not name
        mov xr,xl
                                                    if ok, copy vrblk (name base) ptr
        mov *vrval,wa
                                                    set name offset
        brn rtn12
                                                    and merge
            here if returned result is a name
                                                    load name base
rtn11
        mov nmbas(xr),xl
                                                    load name offset
        mov nmofs(xr),wa
            merge here with returned name in (xl,wa)
rtn12
        mov xl,xr
                                                    preserve xl
        {\bf lcw} wb
                                                    load next word
        mov xr,xl
                                                    restore xl
                                                    exit if called by name
        beq wb,=ofne$,exnam
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                    else save code word
        jsr
            acess
                                                    get value
        ppm exfal
                                                    fail if access fails
                                                    if ok, copy result
        mov xr,xl
        mov (xs),xr
                                                    reload next code word
        mov xl,(xs)
                                                    store result on stack
        mov (xr),xl
                                                    load routine address
        bri xl
                                                    jump to execute next code word
```

```
stcov -- signal statement counter overflow
            brn stcov
                                     jump to signal statement count oflo
            permit up to 10 more statements to be obeyed so that
            setexit trap can regain control.
            stcov continues by issuing the error message
        rtn xl
stcov
        icv
             errft
                                                      fatal error
        ldi
                                                      get 10
             intvt
        adi kvstl
                                                      add to former limit
        \mathbf{sti}
             kvstl
                                                      store as new stlimit
        ldi
            intvt
                                                      get 10
        \mathbf{sti}
             kvstc
                                                      set as new count
                                                      recompute countdown counters
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             stgcc
        erb 244, statement count
                                                      exceeds value of stlimit keyword
```

```
stmgo -- start execution of new statement
            (xr)
                                    pointer to cdblk for new statement
           brn stmgo
                                    jump to execute new statement
            stmgo continues by executing the next statement
            244, statement countunt
        rtn
        mov xr,r$cod
                                                    set new code block pointer
        dcv stmct
                                                    see if time to check something
        bze stmct,stgo2
                                                    jump if so
        mov kvstn,kvlst
                                                    set lastno
        mov cdstm(xr),kvstn
                                                    set stno
if.csln
        mov kvlin, kvlln
                                                    set lastline
        mov cdsln(xr),kvlin
                                                    set line
fi
        add *cdcod,xr
                                                    point to first code word
        lcp xr
                                                    set code pointer
           here to execute first code word of statement
                                                    load next code word
stgo1
        lcw xr
        \mathbf{zer}
             xl
                                                    clear garbage xl
        bri
             (xr)
                                                    execute it
            check profiling, polling, stlimit, statement tracing
                                                    skip if no profiling
stgo2
        bze kvpfl,stgo3
                                                    else profile the statement in kvstn
        jsr
             prflu
           here when finished with profiling
        mov kvstn,kvlst
                                                    set lastno
stgo3
        {f mov} cdstm(xr),kvstn
                                                    set stno
if.csln
        mov kvlin, kvlln
                                                    set lastline
                                                    set line
        mov cdsln(xr),kvlin
fi
        add *cdcod,xr
                                                    point to first code word
                                                    set code pointer
        lcp
             xr
if .cpol
           here to check for polling
        mov stmcs, -(xs)
                                                    save present count start on stack
        dcv polct
                                                    poll interval within stmct
        bnz polct,stgo4
                                                    jump if not poll time yet
                                                    =0 for poll
        zer
             wa
```

```
mov kvstn,wb
                                                           statement number
                                                           make collectable
         mov xr,xl
                                                           allow interactive access
         jsr
               syspl
                                                           allow interactive access
               syspl
         \mathbf{err}
         ppm
                                                           single step
                                                           expression evaluation
         ppm
         mov xl,xr
                                                           restore code block pointer
         mov wa, polcs
                                                           poll interval start value
               stgcc
                                                           recompute counter values
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
fi
             check statement limit
         ldi
               kvstc
stgo4
                                                           get stmt count
         ilt
               stgo5
                                                           omit counting if negative
               (xs)+
                                                           reload start value of counter
         \mathbf{mti}
         ngi
                                                           negate
         adi
              kvstc
                                                           stmt count minus counter
         \mathbf{sti}
               kvstc
                                                           replace it
                                                           fail if stlimit reached
         ile
               stcov
                                                           jump if no statement trace
         bze r$stc,stgo5
         zer
               xr
                                                           clear garbage value in xr
         mov r$stc,xl
                                                           load pointer to stcount trblk
         \mathbf{jsr}
               ktrex
                                                           execute keyword trace
             reset stmgo counter
         mov stmcs,stmct
                                                           reset counter
stgo5
         {
m brn} stgo1
                                                           fetch next code word
```

```
stopr -- terminate run
            (xr)
                                     points to ending message
            brn stopr
                                     jump to terminate run
            terminate run and print statistics. on entry xr points
            to ending message or is zero if message printed already.
stopr
        rtn
             stgo1
if .csax
                                                      skip if sysax already called
        \mathbf{bze}
             xr,stpra
        jsr
              sysax
                                                      call after execution proc
        add rsmem, dname
stpra
                                                      use the reserve memory
else
                                                      use the reserve memory
        add rsmem, dname
fi
        bne xr,=endms,stpr0
                                                      skip if not normal end message
                                                      skip if exec stats suppressed
        bnz exsts, stpr3
        \mathbf{zer}
             erich
                                                      clear errors to int.ch. flag
            look to see if an ending message is supplied
                                                      eject printer
stpr0
        jsr
              prtpg
                                                      skip if no message
        \mathbf{bze}
             xr,stpr1
        jsr
              prtst
                                                      print message
            merge here if no message to print
stpr1
                                                      print blank line
        jsr
              prtis
if.csfn
                                                      if in garbage collection, skip
        bnz gbcfl,stpr5
        mov =stpm7,xr
                                                      point to message /in file xxx/
        jsr
              prtst
                                                      print it
                                                      set column offset
        mov =prtmf,profs
        mov kvstn,wc
                                                      get statement number
        jsr
              filnm
                                                      get file name
                                                      prepare to print
        mov xl,xr
        jsr
             prtst
                                                      print file name
                                                      print to interactive channel
        jsr
              prtis
fi
if.csln
  if.csfn
  else
                                                      if in garbage collection, skip
        bnz gbcfl,stpr5
  fi
        mov r$cod.xr
                                                      get code pointer
        mti cdsln(xr)
                                                      get source line number
        mov =stpm6,xr
                                                      point to message /in line xxx/
        jsr
              prtmx
                                                      print it
```

```
fi
stpr5
         mti kvstn
                                                              get statement number
         mov =stpm1,xr
                                                              point to message /in statement xxx/
                                                              print it
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                prtmx
         jsr
                                                              get current time
                systm
                                                              minus start time = elapsed exec tim
         sbi
                timsx
         \mathbf{sti}
                stpti
                                                              save for later
                                                              point to msg /execution time msec /
         mov =stpm3,xr
                prtmx
                                                              print it
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
         ldi
                kvstl
                                                              get statement limit
         ilt
                stpr2
                                                              skip if negative
         \mathbf{sbi}
               kvstc
                                                              minus counter = course count
         sti
                stpsi
         mov stmcs, wa
                                                              refine with counter start value
         sub stmct, wa
                                                              minus current counter
                                                              convert to integer
         mti wa
         adi
                                                              add in course count
                stpsi
         \mathbf{sti}
                stpsi
         mov =stpm2,xr
                                                              point to message /stmts executed/
                                                              print it
         jsr
                prtmx
if.ctmd
else
         ldi
                stpti
                                                              reload elapsed time
         mli
               intth
                                                              *1000 (microsecs)
         iov
                stpr2
                                                              jump if we cannot compute
                                                              divide by statement count
         \mathbf{dvi}
                stpsi
         iov
                stpr2
                                                              jump if overflow
         mov =stpm4,xr
                                                              point to msg (mcsec per statement /
                                                              print it
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                prtmx
fi
```

```
stopr (continued)
            merge to skip message (overflow or negative stlimit)
stpr2
        mti gbcnt
                                                      load count of collections
        mov =stpm5,xr
                                                      point to message /regenerations /
              prtmx
                                                      print it
        jsr
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              prtmm
                                                      print memory usage
        jsr
              prtis
                                                      one more blank for luck
            check if dump requested
if .cnpf
stpr3
        mov kvdmp,xr
                                                      load dump keyword
else
                                                      print profile if wanted
stpr3
        jsr
              prflr
        mov kvdmp,xr
                                                      load dump keyword
fi
                                                      execute dump if requested
              dumpr
        mov r$fcb,xl
                                                      get fcblk chain head
        mov kvabe, wa
                                                      load abend value
                                                      load code value
        mov kvcod,wb
        jsr
              sysej
                                                      exit to system
if.cera
            here after sysea call and suppressing error msg print
stpr4
        rtn sysej
        add rsmem, dname
                                                      use the reserve memory
        bze exsts, stpr1
                                                      if execution stats requested
        brn stpr3
                                                      check if dump or profile needed
fi
```

```
succp -- signal successful match of a pattern node
           see pattern match routines for details
            (xr)
                                   current node
            (wb)
                                   current cursor
            (x1)
                                  may be non-collectable
           brn succp
                                  signal successful pattern match
           succp continues by matching the successor node
       rtn stpr3
succp
                                                   load successor node
       {\operatorname{mov}} pthen(xr),xr
       mov (xr),xl
                                                   load node code entry address
       bri xl
                                                   jump to match successor node
```

```
*

*

sysab -- print /abnormal end/ and terminate

*

sysab rtn xl

mov =endab,xr point to message
mov =num01,kvabe set abend flag
jsr prtnl skip to new line
brn stopr jump to pack up
```

```
systu -- print /time up/ and terminate
systu rtn stopr
        mov =endtu,xr
                                                     point to message
        mov strtu, wa
                                                     get chars /tu/
        {f mov} wa, kvcod
                                                     put in kvcod
                                                     check state of timeup switch
        mov timup, wa
        \mathbf{mnz} \text{ timup}
                                                     set switch
                                                     stop run if already set
        bnz wa, stopr
        erb 245,translation/execution
                                                     time expired
```

<

the following section contains procedures which are used for various purposes throughout the system.

*

each procedure is preceded by a description of the calling sequence. usually the arguments are in registers but arguments can also occur on the stack and as parameters assembled after the jsr instruction.

*

the following considerations apply to these descriptions.

*

 the stack pointer (xs) is not changed unless the change is explicitly documented in the call.

*

2) registers whose entry values are not mentioned may contain any value except that xl,xr may only contain proper (collectable) pointer values. this condition on means that the called routine may if it chooses preserve xl,xr by stacking.

*

3) registers not mentioned on exit contain the same values as they did on entry except that values in xr,xl may have been relocated by the collector.

*

4) registers which are destroyed on exit may contain any value except that values in xl,xr are proper (collectable) pointers.

*

5) the code pointer register points to the current code location on entry and is unchanged on exit.

*

in the above description, a collectable pointer is one which either points outside the dynamic region or points to the start of a block in the dynamic region.

*

in those cases where the calling sequence contains parameters which are used as alternate return points, these parameters may be replaced by error codes assembled with the err instruction. this will result in the posting of the error if the return is taken.

*

the procedures all have names consisting of five letters and are in alphabetical order by their names.

662

```
acess - access variable value with trace/input checks
           acess loads the value of a variable. trace and input
           associations are tested for and executed as required.
           acess also handles the special cases of pseudo-variables.
           (x1)
                                   variable name base
           (wa)
                                   variable name offset
           jsr acess
                                   call to access value
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc if access failure
            (xr)
                                   variable value
           (wa,wb,wc)
                                   destroyed
           (xl,ra)
                                   destroyed
           failure can occur if an input association causes an end
           of file condition or if the evaluation of an expression
           associated with an expression variable fails.
acess
       prc r,1
                                                   entry point (recursive)
       mov xl,xr
                                                   copy name base
       add wa,xr
                                                   point to variable location
       mov (xr),xr
                                                   load variable value
           loop here to check for successive trblks
acs02
       bne (xr),=b$trt,acs18
                                                   jump if not trapped
           here if trapped
       beq xr,=trbkv,acs12
                                                   jump if keyword variable
       bne xr,=trbev,acs05
                                                   jump if not expression variable
           here for expression variable, evaluate variable
       mov evexp(x1),xr
                                                   load expression pointer
       zer wb
                                                   evaluate by value
            evalx
                                                   evaluate expression
       \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                   jump if evaluation failure
       ppm acs04
```

brn acs02

check value for more trblks

```
acess (continued)
            here on reading end of file
acs03
        add *num03,xs
                                                      pop trblk ptr, name base and offset
        mov xr, dnamp
                                                      pop unused scblk
            merge here when evaluation of expression fails
acs04
        exi
                                                      take alternate (failure) return
            here if not keyword or expression variable
acs05
        mov trtyp(xr),wb
                                                      load trap type code
        bnz wb,acs10
                                                      jump if not input association
        bze kvinp,acs09
                                                      ignore input assoc if input is off
            here for input association
                                                      stack name base
        mov xl, -(xs)
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                      stack name offset
                                                      stack trblk pointer
        mov xr, -(xs)
        mov kvtrm,actrm
                                                      temp to hold trim keyword
        mov trfpt(xr),xl
                                                      get file ctrl blk ptr or zero
        bnz xl,acs06
                                                      jump if not standard input file
        beq trter(xr),=v$ter,acs21
                                                      jump if terminal
            here to read from standard input file
        mov cswin, wa
                                                      length for read buffer
                                                      build string of appropriate length
        jsr
              alocs
        jsr
             sysrd
                                                      read next standard input image
        ppm acs03
                                                      jump to fail exit if end of file
        brn acs07
                                                      else merge with other file case
            here for input from other than standard input file
        mov xl,wa
acs06
                                                      fcblk ptr
        jsr
              sysil
                                                      get input record max length (to wa)
                                                      jump if not binary file
        bnz wc,acs6a
                                                      disable trim for binary file
        mov wc,actrm
acs6a
              alocs
                                                      allocate string of correct size
        isr
        mov xl,wa
                                                      fcblk ptr
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              sysin
                                                      call system input routine
        ppm acs03
                                                      jump to fail exit if end of file
                                                      error
        ppm acs22
        ppm acs23
                                                      error
```

```
acess (continued)
           merge here after obtaining input record
acs07
        mov actrm, wb
                                                    load trim indicator
        isr
            trimr
                                                    trim record as required
        mov xr,wb
                                                    copy result pointer
        mov (xs),xr
                                                    reload pointer to trblk
           loop to chase to end of trblk chain and store value
acs08
        mov xr,xl
                                                    save pointer to this trblk
        mov trnxt(xr),xr
                                                    load forward pointer
        beq (xr),=b$trt,acs08
                                                    loop if this is another trblk
                                                    else store result at end of chain
        mov wb,trnxt(x1)
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                    restore initial trblk pointer
        mov (xs)+,wa
                                                    restore name offset
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                    restore name base pointer
            come here to move to next trblk
acs09
        mov trnxt(xr),xr
                                                    load forward ptr to next value
        brn acs02
                                                    back to check if trapped
           here to check for access trace trblk
acs10
        bne wb,=trtac,acs09
                                                    loop back if not access trace
        bze kvtra,acs09
                                                    ignore access trace if trace off
        {
m dcv} kvtra
                                                    else decrement trace count
        bze trfnc(xr),acs11
                                                    jump if print trace
```

```
acess (continued)
            here for full function trace
                                                      call routine to execute trace
        jsr
             trxeq
        brn acs09
                                                      jump for next trblk
            here for case of print trace
                                                      print statement number
acs11
        jsr
              prtsn
              prtnv
                                                      print name = value
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        brn acs09
                                                      jump back for next trblk
            here for keyword variable
        mov kvnum(xl),xr
                                                      load keyword number
acs12
        bge xr,=k$v$$,acs14
                                                      jump if not one word value
        mti kvabe(xr)
                                                      else load value as integer
            common exit with keyword value as integer in (ia)
acs13
        jsr
              icbld
                                                      build icblk
        brn acs18
                                                      jump to exit
            here if not one word keyword value
        bge xr,=k$s$$,acs15
                                                      jump if special case
acs14
        sub = k$v$$,xr
                                                      else get offset
                                                      convert to byte offset
        wtb xr
        add =ndabo,xr
                                                      point to pattern value
        brn acs18
                                                      jump to exit
            here if special keyword case
acs15
        mov kvrtn,xl
                                                      load rtntype in case
              kvstl
                                                      load stlimit in case
        ldi
        sub = k$s$$,xr
                                                      get case number
        bsw xr,k$$n$
                                                      switch on keyword number
if.csfn
        iff
              k$$f1,acs26
                                                      file
        iff
              k$$1f,acs27
                                                      lastfile
fi
if .culk
        iff
              k$$1c,acs24
                                                      lcase
        iff
              k$$uc,acs25
                                                      ucase
fi
        iff
              k$$al,acs16
                                                      jump if alphabet
        iff
              k$$rt,acs17
                                                      rtntype
```

iff	k\$\$sc,acs19	stcount
iff	k\$\$sl,acs13	stlimit
iff	k\$\$et,acs20	errtext
\mathbf{esw}		end switch on keyword number

```
acess (continued)
if.culk
            lcase
acs24
        mov =lcase,xr
                                                     load pointer to lease string
                                                     common return
        brn acs18
            ucase
acs25
        mov =ucase,xr
                                                     load pointer to ucase string
        brn acs18
                                                     common return
fi
if.csfn
            file
                                                     load current stmt number
acs26
        mov kvstn,wc
        brn acs28
                                                     merge to obtain file name
            lastfile
acs27
        mov kvlst,wc
                                                     load last stmt number
            merge here to map statement number in wc to file name
                                                     obtain file name for this stmt
acs28
        jsr
              filnm
        brn acs17
                                                     merge to return string in xl
fi
            alphabet
        {\operatorname{mov}} kvalp,xl
                                                     load pointer to alphabet string
acs16
            rtntype merges here
                                                     copy string ptr to proper reg
acs17
        mov xl,xr
            common return point
                                                     return to acess caller
acs18
        exi
            here for stcount (ia has stlimit)
acs19
        ilt
              acs29
                                                     if counting suppressed
        mov stmcs, wa
                                                     refine with counter start value
        sub stmct, wa
                                                     minus current counter
                                                     convert to integer
        mti wa
```

acs29	adi sbi brn	kvstc acs13	add stlimit stcount = limit - left merge back with integer result			
* * *	е	rrtext				
acs20	\mathbf{mov}	r\$etx,xr	get errtext string			
	\mathbf{brn}	acs18	merge with result			
* * *	here to read a record from terminal					
acs21	mov	=rilen,wa	buffer length			
acszi		alocs	allocate buffer			
	jsr	sysri	read record			
	U	acs03	endfile			
		acs07	merge with record read			
	DIII	acsor	merge with record read			
*						
*	е	rror returns				
acs22	\mathbf{mov}	xr,dnamp	pop unused scblk			
	erb	202, input from file	caused non-recoverable error			
*						
acs23	mov	xr,dnamp	pop unused scblk			
	erb	203,input file record	has incorrect format			
	enp		end procedure acess			

```
acomp -- compare two arithmetic values
            1(xs)
                                   first argument
           0(xs)
                                   second argument
           jsr acomp
                                   call to compare values
                                   transfer loc if arg1 is non-numeric
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc if arg2 is non-numeric
           ppm loc
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for arg1 lt arg2
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for arg1 eq arg2
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for arg1 gt arg2
            (normal return is never given)
                                   destroyed
            (wa,wb,wc,ia,ra)
            (xl,xr)
                                   destroyed
acomp
       prc n,5
                                                   entry point
             arith
                                                   load arithmetic operands
        jsr
       ppm acmp7
                                                   jump if first arg non-numeric
                                                   jump if second arg non-numeric
        ppm acmp8
if .cnra
else
        ppm acmp4
                                                   jump if real arguments
fi
           here for integer arguments
        \mathbf{sbi}
            icval(xl)
                                                   subtract to compare
        iov
             acmp3
                                                   jump if overflow
        ilt
             acmp5
                                                   else jump if arg1 lt arg2
                                                   jump if arg1 eq arg2
        ieq
            acmp2
           here if arg1 gt arg2
acmp1
        exi
            5
                                                   take gt exit
           here if arg1 eq arg2
acmp2
       exi
                                                   take eq exit
```

```
acomp (continued)
             here for integer overflow on subtract
               icval(x1)
acmp3
        ldi
                                                        load second argument
        ilt
                                                        gt if negative
               acmp1
        brn acmp5
                                                        else lt
if .cnra
else
             here for real operands
        {f sbr}
             rcval(xl)
                                                        subtract to compare
acmp4
        \mathbf{rov}
               acmp6
                                                        jump if overflow
                                                        else jump if arg1 gt
        \mathbf{rgt}
               acmp1
        req acmp2
                                                        jump if arg1 eq arg2
fi
             here if arg1 lt arg2
acmp5
        exi 3
                                                        take lt exit
if .cnra
else
             here if overflow on real subtraction
        \operatorname{ldr}
              rcval(x1)
                                                        reload arg2
acmp6
                                                        gt if negative
        \mathbf{rlt}
               acmp1
        brn acmp5
                                                        else lt
fi
             here if arg1 non-numeric
        exi 1
                                                        take error exit
acmp7
             here if arg2 non-numeric
              2
                                                        take error exit
acmp8
        exi
                                                        end procedure acomp
        enp
```

```
alloc
                                    allocate block of dynamic storage
            (wa)
                                    length required in bytes
            jsr alloc
                                    call to allocate block
            (xr)
                                    pointer to allocated block
            a possible alternative to aov ... and following stmt is -
           mov dname, xr .
                              sub wa,xr . blo xr,dnamp,aloc2 .
           mov dnamp,xr . add wa,xr
alloc
        prc e,0
                                                    entry point
            common exit point
aloc1
        mov dnamp, xr
                                                    point to next available loc
        aov wa,xr,aloc2
                                                    point past allocated block
        bgt xr,dname,aloc2
                                                    jump if not enough room
        mov xr, dnamp
                                                    store new pointer
        sub wa,xr
                                                    point back to start of allocated bk
                                                    return to caller
        exi
           here if insufficient room, try a garbage collection
aloc2
        mov wb,allsv
                                                    save wb
             wb
                                                    set no upward move for gbcol
alc2a
        \mathbf{zer}
        jsr
             gbcol
                                                    garbage collect
if.\mathbf{csed}
        mov xr,wb
                                                    remember new sediment size
fi
            see if room after gbcol or sysmm call
                                                    point to first available loc
aloc3
        mov dnamp, xr
                                                    point past new block
        aov wa,xr,alc3a
        blo
            xr,dname,aloc4
                                                    jump if there is room now
            failed again, see if we can get more core
alc3a
             sysmm
                                                    try to get more memory
        jsr
        wtb xr
                                                    convert to baus (sgd05)
        add xr, dname
                                                    bump ptr by amount obtained
        bnz xr,aloc3
                                                    jump if got more core
if .csed
             dnams,alc3b
                                                    jump if there was no sediment
        \mathbf{bze}
             dnams
                                                    try collecting the sediment
        zer
        brn dnams
                                                    try collecting the sediment
            sysmm failed and there was no sediment to collect
```

alc3b $else$	add	rsmem, dname	get the reserve memory
fi	add	rsmem, dname	get the reserve memory
	zer icv erb	rsmem errft errft	only permissible once fatal error fatal error

```
here after successful garbage collection
aloc4
        \mathbf{sti}
               allia
                                                         save ia
if.\mathbf{csed}
                                                         record new sediment size
         mov wb, dnams
fi
         mov dname, wb
                                                         get dynamic end adrs
         \operatorname{sub}
               dnamp, wb
                                                         compute free store
                                                         convert bytes to words
         \mathbf{btw} wb
         \mathbf{mti}
              wb
                                                         put free store in ia
         mli
              alfsf
                                                         multiply by free store factor
         iov
              aloc5
                                                         jump if overflowed
         mov dname, wb
                                                         dynamic end adrs
         sub dnamb, wb
                                                         compute total amount of dynamic
         btw wb
                                                         convert to words
         {f mov} wb,aldyn
                                                         store it
                                                         subtract from scaled up free store
         \mathbf{sbi}
              aldyn
         igt
              aloc5
                                                         jump if sufficient free store
        jsr
              sysmm
                                                         try to get more store
         wtb xr
                                                         convert to baus (sgd05)
         add xr,dname
                                                         adjust dynamic end adrs
             merge to restore ia and wb
        ldi
                                                         recover ia
aloc5
              allia
         mov allsv,wb
                                                         restore wb
                                                         jump back to exit
         brn aloc1
                                                         end procedure alloc
         enp
```

```
if.cnbf
else
            alobf -- allocate buffer
            this routines allocates a new buffer. as the bfblk
            and bcblk come in pairs, both are allocated here,
            and xr points to the bcblk on return. the bfblk
            and bcblk are set to the null buffer, and the idval
            is zero on return.
            (wa)
                                    buffer size in characters
            jsr alobf
                                    call to create buffer
            (xr)
                                    bcblk ptr
            (wa,wb)
                                    destroyed
alobf
        prc e,0
                                                     entry point
        \mathbf{bgt} wa, kvmxl, alb01
                                                     check for maxlngth exceeded
        mov wa,wb
                                                     hang onto allocation size
        ctb wa,bfsi$
                                                     get total block size
                                                     add in allocation for bcblk
        add *bcsi$,wa
                                                     allocate frame
        jsr
              alloc
        mov =b$bct,(xr)
                                                     set type
        \mathbf{zer}
             idval(xr)
                                                     no id vet
        zer bclen(xr)
                                                     no defined length
        mov xl,wa
                                                     save xl
        mov xr,xl
                                                     copy bcblk ptr
                                                     bias past partially built bcblk
        add *bcsi$,xl
        mov =b$bft,(x1)
                                                     set bfblk type word
        mov wb,bfalc(xl)
                                                     set allocated size
        mov xl,bcbuf(xr)
                                                     set pointer in bcblk
        zer bfchr(x1)
                                                     clear first word (null pad)
        mov wa,xl
                                                     restore entry xl
                                                     return to caller
        exi
            here for mxlen exceeded
alb01
        \operatorname{erb}
             273, buffer size exceeds
                                                     value of maxlngth keyword
                                                     end procedure alobf
        enp
```

```
fi
           alocs -- allocate string block
           alocs is used to build a frame for a string block into
           which the actual characters are placed by the caller.
           all strings are created with a call to alocs (the
            exceptions occur in trimr and s$rpl procedures).
            (wa)
                                   length of string to be allocated
            jsr alocs
                                   call to allocate scblk
            (xr)
                                   pointer to resulting scblk
            (wa)
                                   destroyed
            (wc)
                                   character count (entry value of wa)
           the resulting scblk has the type word and the length
           filled in and the last word is cleared to zero characters
           to ensure correct right padding of the final word.
alocs
       prc e,0
                                                   entry point
        bgt wa,kvmxl,alcs2
                                                   jump if length exceeds maxlength
        mov wa,wc
                                                   else copy length
                                                   compute length of scblk in bytes
        ctb wa,scsi$
        mov dnamp, xr
                                                   point to next available location
        aov wa,xr,alcs0
                                                   point past block
        blo
            xr,dname,alcs1
                                                   jump if there is room
            insufficient memory
alcs0
                                                   else clear garbage xr value
       zer
            xr
                                                   and use standard allocator
        jsr
             alloc
        add wa,xr
                                                   point past end of block to merge
           merge here with xr pointing beyond new block
                                                   set updated storage pointer
alcs1
        mov xr, dnamp
        zer
             -(xr)
                                                   store zero chars in last word
        dca wa
                                                   decrement length
        sub wa,xr
                                                   point back to start of block
        mov =b$scl,(xr)
                                                   set type word
        mov wc,sclen(xr)
                                                   store length in chars
                                                   return to alocs caller
        exi
           come here if string is too long
alcs2
        erb 205, string length
                                                   exceeds value of maxingth keyword
        enp
                                                   end procedure alocs
```

```
alost -- allocate space in static region
            (wa)
                                     length required in bytes
            jsr alost
                                     call to allocate space
            (xr)
                                     pointer to allocated block
            (wb)
                                     destroyed
            note that the coding ensures that the resulting value
            of state is always less than dnamb. this fact is used
            in testing a variable name for being in the static region
alost
        prc e,0
                                                      entry point
            merge back here after allocating new chunk
alst1
        mov state, xr
                                                      point to current end of area
        aov wa,xr,alst2
                                                      point beyond proposed block
        bge xr,dnamb,alst2
                                                      jump if overlap with dynamic area
        mov xr, state
                                                      else store new pointer
                                                      point back to start of block
        sub wa,xr
                                                      return to alost caller
        exi
            here if no room, prepare to move dynamic storage up
        mov wa, alsta
alst2
                                                      save wa
        bge wa, *e$sts, alst3
                                                      skip if requested chunk is large
        mov *e$sts,wa
                                                      else set to get large enough chunk
            here with amount to move up in wa
                                                      allocate block to ensure room
alst3
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            alloc
        mov xr, dnamp
                                                      and delete it
        mov wa,wb
                                                      copy move up amount
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              gbcol
                                                      call gbcol to move dynamic area up
if.\mathbf{csed}
                                                      remember new sediment size
        mov xr, dnams
fi
        mov alsta, wa
                                                      restore wa
        brn alst1
                                                      loop back to try again
                                                      end procedure alost
        enp
```

```
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
           apndb -- append string to buffer
           this routine is used by buffer handling routines to
            append data to an existing bfblk.
            (xr)
                                   existing bcblk to be appended
            (x1)
                                   convertable to string
            jsr apndb
                                   call to append to buffer
           ppm loc
                                   thread if (x1) cant be converted
           ppm loc
                                   if not enough room
            (wa,wb)
                                   destroyed
           if more characters are specified than can be inserted,
           then no action is taken and the second return is taken.
apndb
       prc e,2
                                                   entry point
                                                   load offset to insert
        mov bclen(xr),wa
            wb
        zer
                                                   replace section is null
                                                   call to insert at end
        isr
             insbf
                                                   convert error
        ppm apn01
        ppm apn02
                                                   no room
        exi
                                                   return to caller
           here to take convert failure exit
apn01
        exi 1
                                                   return to caller alternate
           here for no fit exit
apn02
        exi 2
                                                   alternate exit to caller
        enp
                                                   end procedure apndb
```

```
fi
           arith -- fetch arithmetic operands
           arith is used by functions and operators which expect
           two numeric arguments (operands) which must both be
           integer or both be real. arith fetches two arguments from
           the stack and performs any necessary conversions.
           1(xs)
                                  first argument (left operand)
           0(xs)
                                  second argument (right operand)
                                  call to fetch numeric arguments
           jsr arith
                                  transfer loc for opnd 1 non-numeric
           ppm loc
                                  transfer loc for opnd 2 non-numeric
           ppm loc
if .cnra
else
           ppm loc
                                  transfer loc for real operands
fi
           for integer args, control returns past the parameters
           (ia)
                                  left operand value
           (xr)
                                  ptr to icblk for left operand
           (x1)
                                 ptr to icblk for right operand
           (xs)
                                 popped twice
           (wa,wb,ra)
                                 destroyed
if .cnra
else
           for real arguments, control returns to the location
           specified by the third parameter.
           (ra)
                                  left operand value
           (xr)
                                 ptr to rcblk for left operand
           (x1)
                                 ptr to rcblk for right operand
           (wa,wb,wc)
                                 destroyed
           (xs)
                                  popped twice
fi
```

```
arith (continued)
            entry point
if .cnra
arith
        prc n,2
                                                     entry point
else
arith
                                                     entry point
        prc n,3
fi
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                     load right operand
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                     load left operand
        mov (x1), wa
                                                     get right operand type word
        beq wa,=b$icl,arth1
                                                     jump if integer
if .cnra
else
        beq wa,=b$rcl,arth4
                                                     jump if real
fi
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     else replace left arg on stack
                                                     copy left arg pointer
        mov xl,xr
                                                     convert to numeric
        jsr
              gtnum
        ppm arth6
                                                     jump if unconvertible
                                                     else copy converted result
        mov xr,xl
        mov (x1), wa
                                                     get right operand type word
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                     reload left argument
if.cnra
else
        beq wa,=b$rcl,arth4
                                                     jump if right arg is real
fi
            here if right arg is an integer
        bne (xr),=b$icl,arth3
                                                     jump if left arg not integer
arth1
            exit for integer case
              icval(xr)
arth2
        ldi
                                                     load left operand value
        exi
                                                     return to arith caller
            here for right operand integer, left operand not
arth3
                                                     convert left arg to numeric
        jsr
              gtnum
                                                     jump if not convertible
        ppm arth7
                                                     jump back if integer-integer
        beq wa,=b$icl,arth2
if.\mathbf{cnra}
else
    *
            here we must convert real-integer to real-real
```

mov xr,-(xs)
ldi icval(xl)
itr
jsr rcbld
mov xr,xl
mov (xs)+,xr
brn arth5

put left arg back on stack load right argument value convert to real get real block for right arg, merge copy right arg ptr load left argument merge for real-real case

```
arith (continued)
             here if right argument is real
arth4
        beq (xr),=b$rcl,arth5
                                                         jump if left arg real
                                                         else convert to real
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             gtrea
                                                         error if unconvertible
         ppm arth7
             here for real-real
        \operatorname{ldr}
               rcval(xr)
                                                         load left operand value
arth5
                                                         take real-real exit
         exi
              3
fi
             here for error converting right argument
arth6
        ica
                                                         pop unwanted left arg
               xs
         exi
              2
                                                         take appropriate error exit
             here for error converting left operand
arth7
         exi
             1
                                                         take appropriate error return
         enp
                                                         end procedure arith
```

```
asign -- perform assignment
           asign performs the assignment of a value to a variable
           with appropriate checks for output associations and
           value trace associations which are executed as required.
           asign also handles the special cases of assignment to
           pattern and expression variables.
            (wb)
                                   value to be assigned
            (x1)
                                   base pointer for variable
            (wa)
                                   offset for variable
           jsr asign
                                   call to assign value to variable
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for failure
                                  destroyed
           (xr,xl,wa,wb,wc)
            (ra)
                                   destroyed
           failure occurs if the evaluation of an expression
           associated with an expression variable fails.
asign
       prc r,1
                                                  entry point (recursive)
           merge back here to assign result to expression variable.
asg01
       add wa,xl
                                                  point to variable value
       mov (xl),xr
                                                  load variable value
       beq (xr),=b$trt,asg02
                                                  jump if trapped
       mov wb,(xl)
                                                  else perform assignment
                                                  clear garbage value in xl
       zer
            xl
       exi
                                                  and return to asign caller
           here if value is trapped
asg02
       sub wa,xl
                                                  restore name base
       beq xr,=trbkv,asg14
                                                  jump if keyword variable
       bne xr,=trbev,asg04
                                                  jump if not expression variable
           here for assignment to expression variable
       mov evexp(x1),xr
                                                  point to expression
       mov wb,-(xs)
                                                  store value to assign on stack
       mov =num01,wb
                                                  set for evaluation by name
            evalx
                                                  evaluate expression by name
       jsr
       ppm asg03
                                                  jump if evaluation fails
       mov (xs)+,wb
                                                  else reload value to assign
       brn asg01
                                                  loop back to perform assignment
```

```
asign (continued)
           here for failure during expression evaluation
asg03
                                                    remove stacked value entry
        ica
             xs
        exi
                                                    take failure exit
           here if not keyword or expression variable
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                    save ptr to first trblk
asg04
            loop to chase down trblk chain and assign value at end
asg05
        mov xr,wc
                                                    save ptr to this trblk
        mov trnxt(xr),xr
                                                    point to next trblk
        beq (xr),=b$trt,asg05
                                                    loop back if another trblk
        mov wc,xr
                                                    else point back to last trblk
        mov wb,trval(xr)
                                                    store value at end of chain
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                    restore ptr to first trblk
            loop to process trblk entries on chain
asg06
        mov trtyp(xr),wb
                                                    load type code of trblk
        beq wb,=trtvl,asg08
                                                    jump if value trace
                                                    jump if output association
        beq wb,=trtou,asg10
           here to move to next trblk on chain
        mov trnxt(xr),xr
                                                    point to next trblk on chain
asg07
                                                    loop back if another trblk
        beq (xr),=b$trt,asg06
                                                    else end of chain, return to caller
        exi
           here to process value trace
asg08
        bze kvtra,asg07
                                                    ignore value trace if trace off
        dcv kvtra
                                                    else decrement trace count
        bze trfnc(xr),asg09
                                                    jump if print trace
        jsr
             trxeq
                                                    else execute function trace
                                                    and loop back
        brn asg07
```

```
asign (continued)
            here for print trace
                                                      print statement number
asg09
              prtsn
                                                      print name = value
        jsr
              prtnv
        brn asg07
                                                      loop back for next trblk
            here for output association
asg10
        bze kvoup, asg07
                                                      ignore output assoc if output off
asg1b
        mov xr,xl
                                                      copy trblk pointer
        mov trnxt(xr),xr
                                                      point to next trblk
        beq (xr),=b$trt,asg1b
                                                      loop back if another trblk
        mov xl,xr
                                                      else point back to last trblk
if.cnbf
        mov trval(xr),-(xs)
                                                      stack value to output
else
        mov trval(xr),xr
                                                      get value to output
        beq (xr),=b$bct,asg11
                                                      branch if buffer
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      stack value to output
fi
                                                      convert to string
        jsr
             gtstg
                                                      get datatype name if unconvertible
        ppm asg12
            merge with string or buffer to output in xr
asg11
        mov trfpt(xl),wa
                                                      fcblk ptr
        bze wa, asg13
                                                      jump if standard output file
            here for output to file
                                                      call system output routine
asg1a
        jsr
              sysou
              206, output caused
                                                      file overflow
        \mathbf{err}
              207, output caused
                                                      non-recoverable error
        \mathbf{err}
        exi
                                                      else all done, return to caller
    *
            if not printable, get datatype name instead
                                                      call datatype routine
asg12
        jsr
              dtype
        brn asg11
                                                      merge
            here to print a string to standard output or terminal
if.\mathbf{csou}
asg13
        beq trter(x1),=v$ter,asg1a
                                                      jump if terminal output
        icv
              wa
                                                      signal standard output
        brn asg1a
                                                      use sysou to perform output
else
```

```
if .cnbf
                                                                         print string value
asg13
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                   prtst
   else
                                                                         branch if not buffer
           bne (xr),=b$bct,asg1c
asg13
           mov xr,-(xs)
                                                                         stack buffer
                                                                         convert to string
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                   gtstg
                                                                         always succeeds
           \mathbf{ppm}
asg1c
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                   prtst
                                                                         print string value
  fi
           beq trter(x1),=v$ter,asg20
                                                                         jump if terminal output
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                   prtnl
                                                                         end of line
           exi
                                                                         return to caller
fi
```

```
asign (continued)
            here for keyword assignment
asg14
                                                        load keyword number
        mov kvnum(xl),xl
        beq xl,=k$etx,asg19
                                                        jump if errtext
        mov wb,xr
                                                        copy value to be assigned
                                                       convert to integer
        jsr
              gtint
              208, keyword value
                                                        assigned is not integer
        \mathbf{err}
              icval(xr)
                                                        else load value
        ldi
        beq xl,=k$stl,asg16
                                                        jump if special case of stlimit
                                                        else get addr integer, test ovflow
        \mathbf{mfi}
              wa,asg18
        bgt wa, mxlen, asg18
                                                        fail if too large
        beq xl,=k$ert,asg17
                                                        jump if special case of errtype
if .cnpf
else
                                                        jump if special case of profile
        beq x1,=k$pf1,asg21
fi
        beq x1,=k$mx1,asg24
                                                        jump if special case of maxlngth
                                                        jump if special case of fullscan
        beq x1,=k$fls,asg26
              xl,=k$p$$,asg15
                                                        jump unless protected
        blt
        erb 209, keyword in assignment
                                                        is protected
            here to do assignment if not protected
asg15
        mov wa, kvabe(x1)
                                                        store new value
        exi
                                                        return to asign caller
            here for special case of stlimit
            since stcount is maintained as (stlimit-stcount)
            it is also necessary to modify stcount appropriately.
        \mathbf{sbi}
             kvstl
                                                        subtract old limit
asg16
                                                        add old counter
        adi
              kvstc
                                                        store course counter value
        \mathbf{sti}
              kvstc
        ldi
              kvstl
                                                        check if counting suppressed
                                                        do not refine if so
        ilt
              asg25
        mov stmcs, wa
                                                        refine with counter breakout
        sub stmct, wa
                                                        values
        \mathbf{mti}
                                                        convert to integer
              wa
        ngi
                                                        current-start value
                                                        add in course counter value
        adi
              kvstc
        \mathbf{sti}
              kvstc
                                                        save refined value
        ldi
              icval(xr)
                                                        reload new limit value
asg25
                                                        store new limit value
        \mathbf{sti}
              kvstl
        jsr
              stgcc
                                                        recompute countdown counters
        exi
                                                        return to asign caller
            here for special case of errtype
```

```
\mathbf{ble}
             wa,=nini9,error
                                                         ok to signal if in range
asg17
             here if value assigned is out of range
asg18
         erb 210, keyword value
                                                          assigned is negative or too large
             here for special case of errtext
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                          stack value
asg19
               gtstg
                                                          convert to string
               211, value assigned
                                                          to keyword errtext not a string
         \mathbf{err}
         mov xr,r$etx
                                                          make assignment
                                                          return to caller
         exi
if.\mathbf{csou}
else
             print string to terminal
asg20
                                                          print
        jsr
               prttr
         exi
                                                          return
fi
if .cnpf
else
             here for keyword profile
asg21
         bgt wa,=num02,asg18
                                                          moan if not 0,1, or 2
         \mathbf{bze}
              wa,asg15
                                                          just assign if zero
                                                          branch if first assignment
         bze pfdmp,asg22
         beq wa,pfdmp,asg23
                                                          also if same value as before
         \operatorname{erb}
               268, inconsistent
                                                          value assigned to keyword profile
asg22
         mov wa,pfdmp
                                                          note value on first assignment
asg23
         mov wa, kvpfl
                                                          store new value
               stgcc
                                                          recompute countdown counts
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
         jsr
               systm
                                                          get the time
         \mathbf{sti}
               pfstm
                                                          fudge some kind of start time
         exi
                                                          return to asign caller
fi
             here for keyword maxlngth
                                                          if acceptable value
asg24
         bge wa,=mnlen,asg15
              287, value assigned
                                                          to keyword maxingth is too small
             here for keyword fullscan
```

 $\begin{array}{cccc} asg26 & bnz & \texttt{wa,asg15} \\ & erb & 274, \texttt{value assigned} \end{array}$

*

 \mathbf{enp}

if acceptable value to keyword fullscan is zero

end procedure asign

```
asinp -- assign during pattern match
            asinp is like asign and has a similar calling sequence
            and effect. the difference is that the global pattern
            variables are saved and restored if required.
            (x1)
                                     base pointer for variable
            (wa)
                                     offset for variable
            (wb)
                                    value to be assigned
            jsr asinp
                                     call to assign value to variable
                                     transfer loc if failure
            ppm loc
            (xr,xl)
                                     destroyed
            (wa,wb,wc,ra)
                                     destroyed
asinp
        prc r,1
                                                     entry point, recursive
        add wa,xl
                                                     point to variable
        mov (x1),xr
                                                     load current contents
        beq (xr),=b$trt,asnp1
                                                     jump if trapped
        {\operatorname{mov}} wb,(x1)
                                                     else perform assignment
             xl
                                                     clear garbage value in xl
        \mathbf{zer}
        exi
                                                     return to asinp caller
            here if variable is trapped
                                                     restore base pointer
asnp1
        sub wa,xl
        mov pmssl,-(xs)
                                                     stack subject string length
        mov pmhbs, -(xs)
                                                     stack history stack base ptr
        mov r$pms,-(xs)
                                                     stack subject string pointer
        mov pmdfl,-(xs)
                                                     stack dot flag
                                                     call full-blown assignment routine
        jsr
             asign
        ppm asnp2
                                                     jump if failure
        mov (xs)+,pmdfl
                                                     restore dot flag
        mov (xs)+,rpms
                                                     restore subject string pointer
        mov (xs)+,pmhbs
                                                     restore history stack base pointer
        mov (xs)+,pmssl
                                                     restore subject string length
        exi
                                                     return to asinp caller
            here if failure in asign call
        mov (xs)+,pmdfl
                                                     restore dot flag
asnp2
        mov (xs)+,rpms
                                                     restore subject string pointer
                                                     restore history stack base pointer
        mov (xs)+,pmhbs
        mov (xs)+,pmssl
                                                     restore subject string length
        \mathbf{exi}
                                                     take failure exit
             1
        enp
                                                     end procedure asinp
```

```
blkln -- determine length of block
           blkln determines the length of a block in dynamic store.
            (wa)
                                    first word of block
                                    pointer to block
            (xr)
                                    call to get block length
            jsr blkln
                                    length of block in bytes
            (wa)
            (x1)
                                    destroyed
            blkln is used by the garbage collector and is not
            permitted to call gbcol directly or indirectly.
            the first word stored in the block (i.e. at xr) may
            be anything, but the contents of wa must be correct.
blkln
       prc e,0
                                                    entry point
        mov wa,xl
                                                    copy first word
        lei
             xl
                                                    get entry id (bl$xx)
                                                    switch on block type
        bsw x1,b1$$,bln00
        iff
                                                    arblk
             bl$ar,bln01
if.cnbf
else
        iff
                                                    bcblk
             bl$bc,bln04
        iff
             bl$bf,bln11
                                                    bfblk
fi
if.csln
        iff
                                                    cdblk
             bl$cd,bln12
else
        iff
             bl$cd,bln01
                                                    cdblk
fi
        iff
                                                    dfblk
             bl$df,bln01
        iff
             bl$ef,bln01
                                                    efblk
if.csln
        iff
             bl$ex,bln12
                                                    exblk
else
        iff
             bl$ex,bln01
                                                    exblk
fi
        iff
                                                    pfblk
             bl$pf,bln01
        iff
             bl$tb,bln01
                                                    tbblk
        iff
                                                    vcblk
             bl$vc,bln01
        iff
             bl$ev,bln03
                                                    evblk
        iff
             bl$kv,bln03
                                                    kvblk
        iff
             b1$p0,b1n02
                                                    p0blk
        iff
             bl$se,bln02
                                                    seblk
        iff
                                                    nmblk
             bl$nm,bln03
        iff
             bl$p1,bln03
                                                    p1blk
        iff
             b1$p2,b1n04
                                                    p2blk
        iff
             bl$te,bln04
                                                    teblk
        iff
             bl$ff,bln05
                                                    ffblk
```

```
\operatorname{trblk}
          iff
                  bl$tr,bln05
           iff
                  bl$ct,bln06
                                                                       \operatorname{ctblk}
          iff
                  bl$ic,bln07
                                                                      icblk
                  bl$pd,bln08
           iff \\
                                                                       pdblk
if .cnra
else
           iff \\
                  bl$rc,bln09
                                                                       rcblk
fi
           iff
                  bl$sc,bln10
                                                                       \operatorname{scblk}
                                                                       end of jump table on block type
           \mathbf{esw}
```

```
blkln (continued)
           here for blocks with length in second word
bln00
        mov num01(xr),wa
                                                    load length
                                                    return to blkln caller
        exi
           here for length in third word (ar,cd,df,ef,ex,pf,tb,vc)
bln01
        mov num02(xr),wa
                                                    load length from third word
                                                    return to blkln caller
        exi
           here for two word blocks (p0,se)
bln02
        mov *num02,wa
                                                    load length (two words)
                                                    return to blkln caller
        exi
           here for three word blocks (nm,p1,ev,kv)
bln03
        mov *num03,wa
                                                    load length (three words)
                                                    return to blkln caller
        exi
           here for four word blocks (p2,te,bc)
                                                    load length (four words)
bln04
        mov *num04,wa
                                                    return to blkln caller
        exi
           here for five word blocks (ff,tr)
                                                    load length
bln05
        mov *num05,wa
                                                    return to blkln caller
        exi
```

```
blkln (continued)
            here for ctblk
                                                       set size of ctblk
bln06
        mov *ctsi$,wa
                                                       return to blkln caller
        exi
            here for icblk
        mov *icsi$,wa
                                                       set size of icblk
bln07
                                                       return to blkln caller
        exi
            here for pdblk
bln08
        mov pddfp(xr),xl
                                                       point to dfblk
        mov dfpdl(xl),wa
                                                       load pdblk length from dfblk
        exi
                                                       return to blkln caller
if.cnra
else
            here for rcblk
bln09
                                                       set size of rcblk
        mov *rcsi$,wa
        exi
                                                       return to blkln caller
fi
            here for scblk
bln10
        mov sclen(xr),wa
                                                       load length in characters
        ctb wa,scsi$
                                                       calculate length in bytes
        exi
                                                       return to blkln caller
if .cnbf
else
            here for bfblk
bln11
        mov bfalc(xr),wa
                                                       get allocation in bytes
              wa,bfsi$
                                                       calculate length in bytes
        \operatorname{ctb}
                                                       return to blkln caller
        exi
fi
if.csln
            here for length in fourth word (cd,ex)
bln12
        mov num03(xr),wa
                                                       load length from cdlen/exlen
        exi
                                                       return to blkln caller
fi
```

```
copyb -- copy a block
            (xs)
                                    block to be copied
            jsr copyb
                                    call to copy block
                                    return if block has no idval field
           ppm loc
                                    normal return if idval field
                                    copy of block
            (xr)
            (xs)
                                    popped
            (xl,wa,wb,wc)
                                    destroyed
        prc n,1
                                                    entry point
copyb
        mov (xs),xr
                                                    load argument
        beq xr,=nulls,cop10
                                                    return argument if it is null
                                                    else load type word
        mov (xr),wa
        mov wa,wb
                                                    copy type word
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            blkln
                                                    get length of argument block
                                                    copy pointer
        mov xr,xl
             alloc
                                                    allocate block of same size
        isr
        mov xr,(xs)
                                                    store pointer to copy
                                                    copy contents of old block to new
        mvw
                                                    clear garbage xl
        zer
            xl
        mov (xs),xr
                                                    reload pointer to start of copy
        \mathbf{beq} wb,=b$tbt,cop05
                                                    jump if table
        beq wb,=b$vct,cop01
                                                    jump if vector
        beq wb,=b$pdt,cop01
                                                    jump if program defined
if.cnbf
else
        beq wb,=b$bct,cop11
                                                    jump if buffer
fi
        bne wb,=b$art,cop10
                                                    return copy if not array
           here for array (arblk)
        add arofs(xr),xr
                                                    point to prototype field
        brn cop02
                                                    jump to merge
           here for vector, program defined
        add *pdfld,xr
                                                    point to pdfld = vcvls
cop01
           merge here for arblk, vcblk, pdblk to delete trap
           blocks from all value fields (the copy is untrapped)
cop02
        mov (xr),xl
                                                    load next pointer
            loop to get value at end of trblk chain
cop03
        bne (x1),=b$trt,cop04
                                                    jump if not trapped
        mov trval(x1),x1
                                                    else point to next value
```

 $\mathbf{brn} \quad \mathsf{cop03} \qquad \qquad \mathsf{and} \ \mathsf{loop} \ \mathsf{back}$

```
copyb (continued)
            here with untrapped value in xl
cop04
        mov xl,(xr)+
                                                      store real value, bump pointer
        bne xr,dnamp,cop02
                                                      loop back if more to go
        brn cop09
                                                      else jump to exit
            here to copy a table
cop05
        zer
             idval(xr)
                                                      zero id to stop dump blowing up
                                                      set size of teblk
        mov *tesi$, wa
        mov *tbbuk,wc
                                                      set initial offset
            loop through buckets in table
cop06
        mov (xs),xr
                                                      load table pointer
        beq wc,tblen(xr),cop09
                                                      jump to exit if all done
        mov wc,wb
                                                      else copy offset
        sub *tenxt,wb
                                                      subtract link offset to merge
                                                      next bucket header less link offset
        add wb,xr
        ica
             WC
                                                      bump offset
            loop through teblks on one chain
cop07
        mov tenxt(xr),xl
                                                      load pointer to next teblk
        mov (xs),tenxt(xr)
                                                      set end of chain pointer in case
        beq (x1),=b$tbt,cop06
                                                      back for next bucket if chain end
                                                      point to head of previous block
        sub wb,xr
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      stack ptr to previous block
        mov *tesi$,wa
                                                      set size of teblk
             alloc
                                                      allocate new teblk
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                      stack ptr to new teblk
        mvw
                                                      copy old teblk to new teblk
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      restore pointer to new teblk
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                      restore pointer to previous block
        add wb,xl
                                                      add offset back in
        mov xr,tenxt(xl)
                                                      link new block to previous
        mov xr,xl
                                                      copy pointer to new block
            loop to set real value after removing trap chain
        mov teval(x1),x1
                                                      load value
cop08
        beq (x1),=b$trt,cop08
                                                      loop back if trapped
                                                      store untrapped value in teblk
        mov x1,teval(xr)
        \mathbf{zer}
             wb
                                                      zero offset within teblk
        brn cop07
                                                      back for next teblk
            common exit point
```

```
if.cnbf
else
            here to copy buffer
cop11
        mov bcbuf(xr),xl
                                                     get bfblk ptr
        mov bfalc(xl),wa
                                                     get allocation
        ctb wa,bfsi$
                                                     set total size
                                                     save bcblk ptr
        mov xr,xl
              alloc
                                                     allocate bfblk
        jsr
        mov bcbuf(x1),wb
                                                     get old bfblk
        mov xr,bcbuf(xl)
                                                     set pointer to new bfblk
                                                     point to old bfblk
        mov wb,xl
                                                     copy bfblk too
        mvw
        zer
             xl
                                                     clear rubbish ptr
                                                     branch to exit
        brn cop09
fi
        enp
                                                     end procedure copyb
            cdgcg -- generate code for complex goto
            used by cmpil to process complex goto tree
            (wb)
                                    must be collectable
            (xr)
                                    expression pointer
                                    call to generate complex goto
            jsr cdgcg
            (xl,xr,wa)
                                    destroyed
        \mathbf{prc} e,0
                                                     entry point
cdgcg
        mov cmopn(xr),xl
                                                     get unary goto operator
        mov cmrop(xr),xr
                                                     point to goto operand
        beq x1,=opdvd,cdgc2
                                                     jump if direct goto
                                                     generate opnd by name if not direct
              cdgnm
        jsr
            return point
cdgc1
        mov xl,wa
                                                     goto operator
        jsr
              cdwrd
                                                     generate it
        exi
                                                     return to caller
            direct goto
cdgc2
        jsr
              cdgvl
                                                     generate operand by value
        \mathbf{brn}
             cdgc1
                                                     merge to return
                                                     end procedure cdgcg
        enp
```

```
cdgex -- build expression block
           cdgex is passed a pointer to an expression tree (see
           expan) and returns an expression (seblk or exblk).
if .cevb
           (wa)
                                   0 if by value, 1 if by name
fi
           (wc)
                                   some collectable value
           (wb)
                                   integer in range 0 le x le mxlen
           (x1)
                                   ptr to expression tree
           jsr cdgex
                                   call to build expression
                                   ptr to seblk or exblk
           (xr)
            (xl,wa,wb)
                                   destroyed
cdgex
       prc r,0
                                                   entry point, recursive
       blo (x1),=b$vr$,cdgx1
                                                   jump if not variable
           here for natural variable, build seblk
                                                   set size of seblk
       mov *sesi$, wa
            alloc
                                                   allocate space for seblk
       jsr
       mov =b$sel,(xr)
                                                   set type word
       mov xl,sevar(xr)
                                                   store vrblk pointer
                                                   return to cdgex caller
       exi
           here if not variable, build exblk
                                                   copy tree pointer
cdgx1
       mov xl,xr
       mov wc,-(xs)
                                                   save wc
       mov cwcof,xl
                                                   save current offset
if .cevb
                                                   jump if by value
       bze wa,cdgx2
fi
       mov (xr),wa
                                                   get type word
       bne wa,=b$cmt,cdgx2
                                                   call by value if not cmblk
       bge cmtyp(xr),=c$$nm,cdgx2
                                                   jump if cmblk only by value
```

```
cdgex (continued)
             here if expression can be evaluated by name
        jsr
              cdgnm
                                                         generate code by name
        mov =ornm$,wa
                                                         load return by name word
                                                         merge with value case
         brn cdgx3
             here if expression can only be evaluated by value
cdgx2
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             cdgvl
                                                         generate code by value
        mov =orvl$,wa
                                                         load return by value word
             merge here to construct exblk
cdgx3
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              cdwrd
                                                         generate return word
               exbld
                                                         build exblk
        jsr
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                         restore wc
                                                         return to cdgex caller
         exi
                                                         end procedure cdgex
         enp
```

```
cdgnm -- generate code by name
           cdgnm is called during the compilation process to
           generate code by name for an expression. see cdblk
           description for details of code generated. the input
           to cdgnm is an expression tree as generated by expan.
           cdgnm is a recursive procedure which proceeds by making
           recursive calls to generate code for operands.
           (wb)
                                  integer in range 0 le n le dnamb
           (xr)
                                  ptr to tree generated by expan
           (wc)
                                  constant flag (see below)
                                  call to generate code by name
           jsr cdgnm
           (xr,wa)
                                  destroyed
           (wc)
                                  set non-zero if non-constant
           wc is set to a non-zero (collectable) value if the
           expression for which code is generated cannot be
           evaluated at compile time, otherwise wc is unchanged.
           the code is generated in the current ccblk (see cdwrd).
cdgnm
       prc r,0
                                                  entry point, recursive
                                                 save entry xl
       mov xl,-(xs)
       mov wb,-(xs)
                                                  save entry wb
       chk
                                                  check for stack overflow
       mov (xr), wa
                                                  load type word
       beq wa,=b$cmt,cgn04
                                                  jump if cmblk
       bhi wa,=b$vr$,cgn02
                                                  jump if simple variable
           merge here for operand yielding value (e.g. constant)
cgn01
       erb 212, syntax error:
                                                  value used where name is required
           here for natural variable reference
                                                  load variable load call
cgn02
       mov =olvn$,wa
       jsr
            cdwrd
                                                  generate it
       mov xr, wa
                                                  copy vrblk pointer
           cdwrd
       jsr
                                                  generate vrblk pointer
```

```
cdgnm (continued)
            here to exit with wc set correctly
        mov (xs)+,wb
cgn03
                                                     restore entry wb
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                     restore entry xl
        exi
                                                     return to cdgnm caller
            here for cmblk
cgn04
        mov xr,xl
                                                     copy cmblk pointer
        mov cmtyp(xr),xr
                                                     load cmblk type
        bge xr,=c$$nm,cgn01
                                                     error if not name operand
        bsw xr,c$$nm
                                                     else switch on type
        iff
             c$arr,cgn05
                                                     array reference
        iff
             c$fnc,cgn08
                                                     function call
        iff
             c$def,cgn09
                                                     deferred expression
        iff
             c$ind,cgn10
                                                     indirect reference
        iff
                                                     keyword reference
              c$key,cgn11
                                                     undefined binary op
        iff
              c$ubo,cgn08
        iff
              c$uuo,cgn08
                                                     undefined unary op
        esw
                                                     end switch on cmblk type
            here to generate code for array reference
cgn05
        mov *cmopn,wb
                                                     point to array operand
            loop to generate code for array operand and subscripts
cgn06
        jsr
             cmgen
                                                     generate code for next operand
                                                     load length of cmblk
        mov cmlen(xl),wc
                                                     loop till all generated
        blt
             wb,wc,cgn06
            generate appropriate array call
        mov =oaon$, wa
                                                     load one-subscript case call
        beq wc,*cmar1,cgn07
                                                     jump to exit if one subscript case
        mov =oamn$, wa
                                                     else load multi-subscript case call
                                                     generate call
        jsr
             cdwrd
        mov wc,wa
                                                     copy cmblk length
        {f btw} wa
                                                     convert to words
        sub =cmvls,wa
                                                     calculate number of subscripts
```

```
cdgnm (continued)
            here to exit generating word (non-constant)
        mnz wc
                                                       set result non-constant
cgn07
        isr
             cdwrd
                                                       generate word
                                                       back to exit
        brn cgn03
            here to generate code for functions and undefined oprs
cgn08
        mov xl,xr
                                                       copy cmblk pointer
              cdgvl
                                                       gen code by value for call
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        \mathbf{mov} =ofne\$,wa
                                                       get extra call for by name
        brn cgn07
                                                       back to generate and exit
            here to generate code for defered expression
cgn09
        mov cmrop(xl),xr
                                                       check if variable
        bhi (xr),=b$vr$,cgn02
                                                       treat *variable as simple var
        mov xr,xl
                                                       copy ptr to expression tree
if .cevb
        mov =num01,wa
                                                       return name
fi
        jsr
              cdgex
                                                       else build exblk
                                                       set call to load expr by name
        mov =olex$, wa
        isr
             cdwrd
                                                       generate it
        mov xr,wa
                                                       copy exblk pointer
        jsr
              cdwrd
                                                       generate exblk pointer
        brn cgn03
                                                       back to exit
            here to generate code for indirect reference
cgn10
        mov cmrop(xl),xr
                                                       get operand
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             cdgvl
                                                       generate code by value for it
        mov =oinn$,wa
                                                       load call for indirect by name
        brn cgn12
                                                       merge
            here to generate code for keyword reference
        mov cmrop(xl),xr
cgn11
                                                       get operand
              cdgnm
                                                       generate code by name for it
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        mov =okwn$, wa
                                                       load call for keyword by name
            keyword, indirect merge here
             cdwrd
                                                       generate code for operator
cgn12
        jsr
        brn cgn03
                                                       exit
                                                       end procedure cdgnm
        enp
```

```
cdgvl -- generate code by value
           cdgvl is called during the compilation process to
           generate code by value for an expression. see cdblk
           description for details of the code generated. the input
           to cdgvl is an expression tree as generated by expan.
           cdgvl is a recursive procedure which proceeds by making
           recursive calls to generate code for operands.
           (wb)
                                  integer in range 0 le n le dnamb
           (xr)
                                  ptr to tree generated by expan
           (wc)
                                  constant flag (see below)
                                  call to generate code by value
           jsr cdgvl
           (xr,wa)
                                  destroyed
           (WC)
                                  set non-zero if non-constant
           wc is set to a non-zero (collectable) value if the
           expression for which code is generated cannot be
           evaluated at compile time, otherwise wc is unchanged.
           if wc is non-zero on entry, then preevaluation is not
           allowed regardless of the nature of the operand.
           the code is generated in the current ccblk (see cdwrd).
                                                  entry point, recursive
cdgvl
       prc r,0
       mov (xr), wa
                                                  load type word
       beq wa,=b$cmt,cgv01
                                                  jump if cmblk
       _{
m blt}
            wa,=b$vra,cgv00
                                                  jump if icblk, rcblk, scblk
       bnz vrlen(xr),cgvl0
                                                  jump if not system variable
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                  stack xr
       mov vrsvp(xr),xr
                                                  point to svblk
       mov svbit(xr),wa
                                                  get svblk property bits
       mov (xs)+,xr
                                                  recover xr
       anb btkwv,wa
                                                  check if constant keyword value
       beq wa,btkwv,cgv00
                                                  jump if constant keyword value
           here for variable value reference
                                                  indicate non-constant value
cgv10
       \mathbf{mnz} wc
           merge here for simple constant (icblk,rcblk,scblk)
           and for variables corresponding to constant keywords.
cgv00
       mov xr,wa
                                                  copy ptr to var or constant
            cdwrd
                                                  generate as code word
       jsr
                                                  return to caller
       exi
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
            here for tree node (cmblk)
cgv01
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                     save entry wb
        mov xl, -(xs)
                                                     save entry xl
        mov wc,-(xs)
                                                     save entry constant flag
        mov cwcof,-(xs)
                                                     save initial code offset
        \mathbf{chk}
                                                     check for stack overflow
            prepare to generate code for cmblk. wc is set to the
            value of cswno (zero if -optimise, 1 if -noopt) to
            start with and is reset non-zero for any non-constant
            code generated. if it is still zero after generating all
            the cmblk code, then its value is computed as the result.
        mov xr,xl
                                                     copy cmblk pointer
                                                     load cmblk type
        mov cmtyp(xr),xr
        mov cswno,wc
                                                     reset constant flag
                                                     jump if not predicate value
        ble xr,=c$pr$,cgv02
        mnz wc
                                                     else force non-constant case
            here with wc set appropriately
cgv02
        bsw xr,c$$nv
                                                     switch to appropriate generator
             c$arr,cgv03
                                                     array reference
        iff
        iff
             c$fnc,cgv05
                                                     function call
        iff
              c$def,cgv14
                                                     deferred expression
        iff
              c$sel,cgv15
                                                     selection
        iff
                                                     indirect reference
              c$ind,cgv31
        iff
              c$key,cgv27
                                                     keyword reference
        iff
              c$ubo,cgv29
                                                     undefined binop
        iff
              c$uuo,cgv30
                                                     undefined unop
        iff
              c$bvl,cgv18
                                                     binops with val opds
        iff
              c$alt,cgv18
                                                     alternation
        iff
                                                     unops with valu opnd
              c$uvl,cgv19
        iff
              c$ass,cgv21
                                                     assignment
        iff
              c$cnc,cgv24
                                                     concatenation
        iff
              c$cnp,cgv24
                                                     concatenation (not pattern match)
        iff
              c$unm,cgv27
                                                     unops with name opnd
        iff
              c$bvn,cgv26
                                                     binary $ and .
        iff
              c$int,cgv31
                                                     interrogation
        iff
              c$neg,cgv28
                                                     negation
        iff
              c$pmt,cgv18
                                                     pattern match
        \mathbf{esw}
                                                     end switch on cmblk type
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
           here to generate code for array reference
        mov *cmopn,wb
                                                    set offset to array operand
cgv03
            loop to generate code for array operand and subscripts
cgv04
             cmgen
                                                    gen value code for next operand
                                                    load cmblk length
        mov cmlen(xl),wc
            wb,wc,cgv04
                                                    loop back if more to go
            generate call to appropriate array reference routine
        mov =oaov$, wa
                                                    set one subscript call in case
        beq wc,*cmar1,cgv32
                                                    jump to exit if 1-sub case
        mov =oamv$,wa
                                                    else set call for multi-subscripts
        jsr
            cdwrd
                                                    generate call
        mov wc,wa
                                                    copy length of cmblk
                                                    subtract standard length
        sub *cmvls,wa
                                                    get number of words
        btw wa
                                                    jump to generate subscript count
        brn cgv32
           here to generate code for function call
                                                    set offset to first argument
cgv05
        mov *cmvls,wb
           loop to generate code for arguments
cgv06
        beq wb,cmlen(x1),cgv07
                                                    jump if all generated
                                                    else gen value code for next arg
        jsr
             cmgen
        brn cgv06
                                                    back to generate next argument
           here to generate actual function call
        sub *cmvls,wb
                                                    get number of arg ptrs (bytes)
cgv07
        btw wb
                                                    convert bytes to words
                                                    load function vrblk pointer
        mov cmopn(xl),xr
                                                    jump if not system function
        bnz vrlen(xr),cgv12
        mov vrsvp(xr),xl
                                                    load svblk ptr if system var
                                                    load bit mask
        mov svbit(x1),wa
        anb btffc,wa
                                                    test for fast function call allowed
        zrb wa,cgv12
                                                    jump if not
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
            here if fast function call is allowed
        mov svbit(x1),wa
                                                      reload bit indicators
        anb btpre, wa
                                                      test for preevaluation ok
        nzb wa,cgv08
                                                      jump if preevaluation permitted
        mnz wc
                                                      else set result non-constant
            test for correct number of args for fast call
                                                      load ptr to svfnc field
cgv08
        mov vrfnc(xr),xl
        mov fargs(xl),wa
                                                      load synar field value
                                                      jump if argument count is correct
        beq wa, wb, cgv11
        bhi wa,wb,cgv09
                                                      jump if too few arguments given
            here if too many arguments, prepare to generate o$pops
        sub wa,wb
                                                      get number of extra args
        \mathbf{lct}
              wb,wb
                                                      set as count to control loop
        mov =opop$, wa
                                                      set pop call
        brn cgv10
                                                      jump to common loop
            here if too few arguments, prepare to generate nulls
        sub wb, wa
                                                      get number of missing arguments
cgv09
                                                      load as count to control loop
        \operatorname{lct}
             wb,wa
        mov =nulls,wa
                                                      load ptr to null constant
            loop to generate calls to fix argument count
cgv10
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              cdwrd
                                                      generate one call
        bct wb,cgv10
                                                      loop till all generated
            here after adjusting arg count as required
        mov xl,wa
                                                      copy pointer to svfnc field
cgv11
        brn cgv36
                                                      jump to generate call
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
            come here if fast call is not permitted
cgv12
        mov =ofns$,wa
                                                      set one arg call in case
        beq wb,=num01,cgv13
                                                      jump if one arg case
        mov =ofnc$,wa
                                                      else load call for more than 1 arg
        jsr
             cdwrd
                                                      generate it
        mov wb,wa
                                                      copy argument count
            one arg case merges here
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                      generate =o$fns or arg count
cgv13
              cdwrd
        mov xr,wa
                                                      copy vrblk pointer
        brn cgv32
                                                      jump to generate vrblk ptr
            here for deferred expression
cgv14
        mov cmrop(x1),x1
                                                      point to expression tree
if.cevb
                                                      return value
        zer
              wa
fi
                                                      build exblk or seblk
        jsr
              cdgex
        mov xr,wa
                                                      copy block ptr
                                                      generate ptr to exblk or seblk
        jsr
              cdwrd
        brn cgv34
                                                      jump to exit, constant test
            here to generate code for selection
        \mathbf{zer}
             -(xs)
                                                      zero ptr to chain of forward jumps
cgv15
             -(xs)
                                                      zero ptr to prev o$slc forward ptr
        mov *cmvls,wb
                                                      point to first alternative
        mov =osla$,wa
                                                      set initial code word
            0(xs)
                                     is the offset to the previous word
                                     which requires filling in with an
                                     offset to the following o$slc,o$sld
            1(xs)
                                     is the head of a chain of offset
                                     pointers indicating those locations
                                     to be filled with offsets past
                                     the end of all the alternatives
                                                      generate o$slc (o$sla first time)
cgv16
              cdwrd
        jsr
                                                      set current loc as ptr to fill in
        mov cwcof, (xs)
              cdwrd
                                                      generate garbage word there for now
        jsr
        jsr
              cmgen
                                                      gen value code for alternative
        mov =oslb$,wa
                                                      load o$slb pointer
        jsr
              cdwrd
                                                      generate o$slb call
```

mov num01(xs),wa
mov cwcof,num01(xs)
jsr cdwrd

load old chain ptr set current loc as new chain head generate forward chain link

```
cdgvl (continued)
            now to fill in the skip offset to o$slc,o$sld
        mov (xs),xr
                                                    load offset to word to plug
        add r$ccb,xr
                                                    point to actual location to plug
        mov cwcof,(xr)
                                                    plug proper offset in
        mov =oslc$,wa
                                                    load o$slc ptr for next alternative
                                                    copy offset (destroy garbage xr)
        mov wb,xr
                                                    bump extra time for test
        ica
            xr
        blt
             xr,cmlen(xl),cgv16
                                                    loop back if not last alternative
            here to generate code for last alternative
        mov =osld$,wa
                                                    get header call
                                                    generate o$sld call
        isr
             cdwrd
                                                    generate code for last alternative
        jsr
              cmgen
        ica
             XS
                                                    pop offset ptr
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                    load chain ptr
            loop to plug offsets past structure
cgv17
        add r$ccb,xr
                                                    make next ptr absolute
        mov (xr), wa
                                                    load forward ptr
        mov cwcof,(xr)
                                                    plug required offset
        mov wa,xr
                                                    copy forward ptr
        bnz wa,cgv17
                                                    loop back if more to go
        brn cgv33
                                                    else jump to exit (not constant)
            here for binary ops with value operands
cgv18
                                                    load left operand pointer
        mov cmlop(xl),xr
        jsr
              cdgvl
                                                    gen value code for left operand
            here for unary ops with value operand (binops merge)
cgv19
        mov cmrop(x1),xr
                                                    load right (only) operand ptr
        jsr
              cdgvl
                                                    gen code by value
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
            merge here to generate operator call from cmopn field
        mov cmopn(x1),wa
                                                        load operator call pointer
cgv20
        brn cgv36
                                                        jump to generate it with cons test
            here for assignment
cgv21
        mov cmlop(xl),xr
                                                        load left operand pointer
              (xr),=b$vr$,cgv22
                                                        jump if not variable
            here for assignment to simple variable
        mov cmrop(x1),xr
                                                        load right operand ptr
              cdgvl
                                                        generate code by value
        jsr
        mov cmlop(x1),wa
                                                        reload left operand vrblk ptr
        add *vrsto,wa
                                                        point to vrsto field
        brn cgv32
                                                        jump to generate store ptr
            here if not simple variable assignment
cgv22
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             expap
                                                        test for pattern match on left side
                                                        jump if not pattern match
        ppm cgv23
            here for pattern replacement
        mov cmrop(xr),cmlop(xl)
                                                        save pattern ptr in safe place
        mov cmlop(xr),xr
                                                        load subject ptr
             cdgnm
                                                        gen code by name for subject
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        mov cmlop(xl),xr
                                                        load pattern ptr
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              cdgvl
                                                        gen code by value for pattern
        mov =opmn$, wa
                                                        load match by name call
        jsr
              cdwrd
                                                        generate it
                                                        load replacement value ptr
        mov cmrop(x1),xr
              cdgvl
                                                        gen code by value
        mov =orpl$,wa
                                                        load replace call
        brn cgv32
                                                        jump to gen and exit (not constant)
            here for assignment to complex variable
                                                        inhibit pre-evaluation
cgv23
        mnz wc
        jsr
              cdgnm
                                                        gen code by name for left side
        brn cgv31
                                                        merge with unop circuit
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
            here for concatenation
        mov cmlop(xl),xr
                                                     load left operand ptr
cgv24
        bne (xr),=b$cmt,cgv18
                                                     ordinary binop if not cmblk
        mov cmtyp(xr),wb
                                                     load cmblk type code
        beq wb,=c$int,cgv25
                                                     special case if interrogation
        beq wb,=c$neg,cgv25
                                                     or negation
        bne wb,=c$fnc,cgv18
                                                     else ordinary binop if not function
                                                     else load function vrblk ptr
        mov cmopn(xr),xr
                                                     ordinary binop if not system var
        bnz vrlen(xr),cgv18
        mov vrsvp(xr),xr
                                                     else point to svblk
                                                     load bit indicators
        mov svbit(xr),wa
        anb btprd,wa
                                                     test for predicate function
        zrb wa,cgv18
                                                     ordinary binop if not
            here if left arg of concatenation is predicate function
        mov cmlop(xl),xr
                                                     reload left arg
cgv25
        jsr
             cdgvl
                                                     gen code by value
        mov =opop$,wa
                                                     load pop call
             cdwrd
                                                     generate it
        mov cmrop(x1),xr
                                                     load right operand
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             cdgvl
                                                     gen code by value as result code
        brn cgv33
                                                     exit (not constant)
            here to generate code for pattern, immediate assignment
cgv26
                                                     load left operand
        mov cmlop(xl),xr
                                                     gen code by value, merge
        jsr
            cdgvl
            here for unops with arg by name (binary $ . merge)
cgv27
        mov cmrop(xl),xr
                                                     load right operand ptr
              cdgnm
                                                     gen code by name for right arg
        jsr
        mov cmopn(x1),xr
                                                     get operator code word
        bne (xr),=o$kwv,cgv20
                                                     gen call unless keyword value
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
            here for keyword by value. this is constant only if
            the operand is one of the special system variables with
            the syckw bit set to indicate a constant keyword value.
            note that the only constant operand by name is a variable
        bnz wc,cgv20
                                                     gen call if non-constant (not var)
        mnz wc
                                                     else set non-constant in case
        mov cmrop(x1),xr
                                                     load ptr to operand vrblk
        bnz vrlen(xr),cgv20
                                                     gen (non-constant) if not sys var
        mov vrsvp(xr),xr
                                                     else load ptr to svblk
                                                     load bit mask
        mov svbit(xr), wa
                                                     test for constant keyword
        anb btckw,wa
                                                     go gen if not constant
        \mathbf{zrb}
             wa,cgv20
                                                     else set result constant
        zer
             WC
                                                     and jump back to generate call
        brn cgv20
            here to generate code for negation
cgv28
        mov =onta$,wa
                                                     get initial word
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              cdwrd
                                                     generate it
        mov cwcof, wb
                                                     save next offset
                                                     generate gunk word for now
              cdwrd
        jsr
        mov cmrop(x1),xr
                                                     load right operand ptr
              cdgvl
                                                     gen code by value
        jsr
        mov =ontb$, wa
                                                     load end of evaluation call
                                                     generate it
        jsr
             cdwrd
                                                     copy offset to word to plug
        mov wb,xr
        add r$ccb,xr
                                                     point to actual word to plug
        mov cwcof,(xr)
                                                     plug word with current offset
        mov =ontc$,wa
                                                     load final call
        brn cgv32
                                                     jump to generate it (not constant)
            here to generate code for undefined binary operator
        mov cmlop(xl),xr
cgv29
                                                     load left operand ptr
        jsr
            cdgvl
                                                     generate code by value
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
           here to generate code for undefined unary operator
       mov =c$uo$,wb
                                                    set unop code + 1
cgv30
        sub cmtyp(x1),wb
                                                    set number of args (1 or 2)
           merge here for undefined operators
        mov cmrop(x1),xr
                                                    load right (only) operand pointer
        jsr
             cdgvl
                                                    gen value code for right operand
        mov cmopn(x1),xr
                                                    load pointer to operator dv
        mov dvopn(xr),xr
                                                    load pointer offset
        wtb xr
                                                    convert word offset to bytes
        add =r$uba,xr
                                                    point to proper function ptr
        sub *vrfnc,xr
                                                    set standard function offset
                                                    merge with function call circuit
        brn cgv12
           here to generate code for interrogation, indirection
cgv31
        mnz wc
                                                    set non constant
        brn cgv19
                                                    merge
           here to exit generating a word, result not constant
cgv32
       jsr
             cdwrd
                                                    generate word, merge
           here to exit with no word generated, not constant
cgv33
                                                    indicate result is not constant
        mnz wc
            common exit point
cgv34
        ica
            xs
                                                    pop initial code offset
        mov (xs)+,wa
                                                    restore old constant flag
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                    restore entry xl
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                    restore entry wb
        bnz wc,cgv35
                                                    jump if not constant
        mov wa,wc
                                                    else restore entry constant flag
           here to return after dealing with wc setting
cgv35
        exi
                                                    return to cdgvl caller
            exit here to generate word and test for constant
            cdwrd
                                                    generate word
cgv36
       jsr
        bnz wc,cgv34
                                                    jump to exit if not constant
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
             here to preevaluate constant sub-expression
         mov =orvl$,wa
                                                           load call to return value
         jsr
               cdwrd
                                                           generate it
         mov (xs),xl
                                                           load initial code offset
         jsr
               exbld
                                                           build exblk for expression
                                                           set to evaluate by value
         \mathbf{zer}
               wb
         jsr
               evalx
                                                           evaluate expression
                                                           should not fail
         ppm
         mov (xr),wa
                                                           load type word of result
                                                           jump if not pattern
               wa,=p$aaa,cgv37
         mov =olpt$,wa
                                                           else load special pattern load call
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               cdwrd
                                                           generate it
             merge here to generate pointer to resulting constant
cgv37
                                                           copy constant pointer
         mov xr,wa
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               cdwrd
                                                           generate ptr
                                                           set result constant
               WC
         \mathbf{zer}
                                                           jump back to exit
         brn cgv34
         enp
                                                           end procedure cdgvl
```

```
cdwrd -- generate one word of code
            cdwrd writes one word into the current code block under
            construction. a new, larger, block is allocated if there
            is insufficient room in the current block, cdwrd ensures
if.csln
            that there are at least four words left in the block
else
            that there are at least three words left in the block
            after entering the new word. this guarantees that any
            extra space at the end can be split off as a ccblk.
            (wa)
                                   word to be generated
            jsr cdwrd
                                   call to generate word
        prc e,0
                                                   entry point
cdwrd
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                   save entry xr
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                   save code word to be generated
           merge back here after allocating larger block
cdwd1
       mov r$ccb,xr
                                                   load ptr to ccblk being built
        bnz xr,cdwd2
                                                   jump if block allocated
           here we allocate an entirely fresh block
        mov *e$cbs,wa
                                                   load initial length
                                                   allocate ccblk
        isr
             alloc
        mov =b$cct,(xr)
                                                   store type word
        mov *cccod,cwcof
                                                   set initial offset
        mov wa,cclen(xr)
                                                   store block length
if.csln
                                                   zero line number
        \mathbf{zer}
            ccsln(xr)
fi
        mov xr,r$ccb
                                                   store ptr to new block
           here we have a block we can use
cdwd2
        mov cwcof,wa
                                                   load current offset
if.csln
                                                   adjust for test (five words)
        add *num05, wa
else
                                                   adjust for test (four words)
        add *num04,wa
fi
                                                   jump if room in this block
        blo
             wa,cclen(xr),cdwd4
```

here if no room in current block

*

bge wa,mxlen,cdwd5
add *e\$cbs,wa
mov x1,-(xs)

 ${\operatorname{mov}}$ ${\operatorname{xr}}, {\operatorname{xl}}$

 ${\it blt}$ wa, mxlen, cdwd3

 ${\bf mov}$ mxlen,wa

jump if already at max size

else get new size save entry xl copy pointer

jump if not too large

else reset to max allowed size

```
cdwrd (continued)
            here with new block size in wa
                                                    allocate new block
cdwd3
             alloc
        jsr
        mov xr,r$ccb
                                                    store pointer to new block
                                                    store type word in new block
        mov = b\$cct, (xr) +
        mov wa,(xr)+
                                                    store block length
if.csln
        mov ccsln(xl),(xr)+
                                                    copy source line number word
fi
        add *ccuse,xl
                                                    point to ccuse,cccod fields in old
                                                    load ccuse value
        mov (x1),wa
                                                    copy useful words from old block
        mvw
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                    restore xl
        brn cdwd1
                                                    merge back to try again
            here with room in current block
                                                    load current offset
cdwd4
        mov cwcof,wa
                                                    get new offset
        ica
             wa
        mov wa, cwcof
                                                    store new offset
        mov wa,ccuse(xr)
                                                    store in ccblk for gbcol
        dca wa
                                                    restore ptr to this word
        add wa,xr
                                                    point to current entry
        mov (xs)+,wa
                                                    reload word to generate
        mov wa,(xr)
                                                    store word in block
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                    restore entry xr
                                                    return to caller
        exi
            here if compiled code is too long for cdblk
        erb 213, syntax error:
                                                    statement is too complicated.
cdwd5
                                                    end procedure cdwrd
        enp
```

```
cmgen -- generate code for cmblk ptr
           cmgen is a subsidiary procedure used to generate value
           code for a cmblk ptr from the main code generators.
           (x1)
                                  cmblk pointer
           (wb)
                                  offset to pointer in cmblk
           jsr cmgen
                                  call to generate code
           (xr,wa)
                                  destroyed
           (wb)
                                  bumped by one word
       prc r,0
                                                  entry point, recursive
cmgen
       mov xl,xr
                                                  copy cmblk pointer
       add wb,xr
                                                  point to cmblk pointer
       mov (xr),xr
                                                  load cmblk pointer
             cdgvl
                                                  generate code by value
       jsr
       ica
             wb
                                                  bump offset
                                                  return to caller
       exi
       enp
                                                  end procedure cmgen
```

*

cmpil (compile source code)

cmpil is used to convert snobol4 source code to internal form (see cdblk format). it is used both for the initial compile and at run time by the code and convert functions this procedure has control for the entire duration of initial compilation. an error in any procedure called during compilation will lead first to the error section and ultimately back here for resumed compilation. the re-entry points after an error are specially labelled -

*

cmpce resume after control card error

k

jsr cmpil call to compile code

(xr) ptr to cdblk for entry statement

(xl,wa,wb,wc,ra) destroyed

the following global variables are referenced

cmpln line number of first line of

statement to be compiled

cmpsn number of next statement

to be compiled.

*

cswxx control card switch values are changed when relevant control

cards are met.

cwcof offset to next word in code block

being built (see cdwrd).

lstsn number of statement most recently

compiled (initially set to zero).

K

r\$cim current (initial) compiler image

(zero for initial compile call)

r\$cni used to point to following image.

(see readr procedure).

scngo

goto switch for scane procedure

scnil length of current image excluding

characters removed by -input.

scnpt

current scan offset, see scane.

scnrs

rescan switch for scane procedure.

*

* scnse offset (in r\$cim) of most recently
* scanned element. set zero if not
currently scanning items

cmpil (continued)

stage stgic initial compile in progress stgxc code/convert compile stgev building exblk for eval

stgxt execute time (outside compile) stgce initial compile after end line stgxe execute compile after end line

*

cmpil also uses a fixed number of locations on the
main stack as follows. (the definitions of the actual
offsets are in the definitions section).

*

cmstm(xs) pointer to expan tree for body of statement (see expan procedure).

*

cmsgo(xs) pointer to tree representation of success goto (see procedure scngo) zero if no success goto is given

*

cmfgo(xs) like cmsgo for failure goto.

cmcgo(xs)

set non-zero only if there is a conditional goto. used for -fail, -nofail code generation.

cmpcd(xs)

pointer to cdblk for previous statement. zero for 1st statement.

*

cmffp(xs)

set non-zero if cdfal in previous cdblk needs filling with forward pointer, else set to zero.

*

cmffc(xs)

same as cmffp for current cdblk

cmsop(xs)

offset to word in previous cdblk to be filled in with forward ptr to next cdblk for success goto. zero if no fill in is required.

*

cmsoc(xs)

same as cmsop for current cdblk.

cmlbl(xs)

pointer to vrblk for label of current statement. zero if no label

k

cmtra(xs)

pointer to cdblk for entry stmnt.

```
cmpil (continued)
            entry point
cmpil
             e,0
                                                      entry point
        prc
                                                      set number of stack work locations
        lct
              wb,=cmnen
            loop to initialize stack working locations
cmp00
              -(xs)
                                                      store a zero, make one entry
        zer
        \mathbf{bct}
             wb,cmp00
                                                      loop back until all set
        mov xs,cmpxs
                                                      save stack pointer for error sec
              cmpss
                                                      save s-r stack pointer if any
            loop through statements
                                                      set scan pointer offset
cmp01
        mov scnpt, wb
        mov wb, scnse
                                                      set start of element location
        mov =ocer$, wa
                                                      point to compile error call
        jsr
              cdwrd
                                                      generate as temporary cdfal
        blt
              wb,scnil,cmp04
                                                      jump if chars left on this image
            loop here after comment or control card
            also special entry after control card error
cmpce
        zer
              xr
                                                      clear possible garbage xr value
if .cinc
                                                      if within include file
        bnz cnind, cmpc2
fi
                                                      skip unless initial compile
        bne stage,=stgic,cmp02
        jsr
              readr
                                                      read next input image
cmpc2
        bze xr,cmp09
                                                      jump if no input available
             nexts
                                                      acquire next source image
        mov cmpsn,lstsn
                                                      store stmt no for use by listr
        mov rdcln,cmpln
                                                      store line number at start of stmt
             scnpt
                                                      reset scan pointer
        \mathbf{zer}
        brn cmp04
                                                      go process image
            for execute time compile, permit embedded control cards
            and comments (by skipping to next semi-colon)
cmp02
        mov r$cim,xr
                                                      get current image
        mov scnpt, wb
                                                      get current offset
        plc
            xr,wb
                                                      prepare to get chars
            skip to semi-colon
cmp03
        bge scnpt,scnil,cmp09
                                                      end loop if end of image
        lch
             wc,(xr)+
                                                      get char
```

icv scnpt
bne wc,=ch\$sm,cmp03

advance offset loop if not semi-colon

```
cmpil (continued)
            here with image available to scan. note that if the input
            string is null, then everything is ok since null is
            actually assembled as a word of blanks.
cmp04
        mov r$cim,xr
                                                     point to current image
        mov scnpt,wb
                                                     load current offset
        mov wb,wa
                                                     copy for label scan
        plc xr,wb
                                                     point to first character
        lch wc,(xr)+
                                                     load first character
        beq wc,=ch$sm,cmp12
                                                     no label if semicolon
                                                     loop back if comment card
        beq wc,=ch$as,cmpce
        beq wc,=ch$mn,cmp32
                                                     jump if control card
        mov r$cim,r$cmp
                                                     about to destroy r$cim
        mov =cmlab,xl
                                                     point to label work string
        mov xl,r$cim
                                                     scane is to scan work string
        psc xl
                                                     point to first character position
        sch wc,(x1)+
                                                     store char just loaded
        mov =ch$sm,wc
                                                     get a semicolon
        sch wc,(x1)
                                                     store after first char
             xl
                                                     finished character storing
        \mathbf{csc}
            xl
        \mathbf{zer}
                                                     clear pointer
        zer scnpt
                                                     start at first character
        mov scnil, -(xs)
                                                     preserve image length
        mov =num02,scnil
                                                     read 2 chars at most
             scane
                                                     scan first char for type
        mov (xs)+,scnil
                                                     restore image length
        mov xl,wc
                                                     note return code
        mov r$cmp,xl
                                                     get old r$cim
                                                     put it back
        mov xl,r$cim
                                                     reinstate offset
        mov wb, scnpt
        bnz scnbl,cmp12
                                                     blank seen - cant be label
        mov xl,xr
                                                     point to current image
                                                     point to first char again
        plc xr,wb
        beq wc,=t$var,cmp06
                                                     ok if letter
        beq wc,=t$con,cmp06
                                                     ok if digit
            drop in or jump from error section if scane failed
        mov r$cmp,r$cim
                                                     point to bad line
cmple
        erb 214, bad label or
                                                     misplaced continuation line
            loop to scan label
cmp05
        beq wc,=ch$sm,cmp07
                                                     skip if semicolon
        icv
                                                     bump offset
        beq wa,scnil,cmp07
                                                     jump if end of image (label end)
```

```
cmpil (continued)
            enter loop at this point
cmp06
             wc,(xr)+
                                                     else load next character
        lch
if .caht
                                                     jump if horizontal tab
        beq wc,=ch$ht,cmp07
fi
if .cavt
        beq wc,=ch$vt,cmp07
                                                     jump if vertical tab
fi
        bne wc,=ch$bl,cmp05
                                                     loop back if non-blank
            here after scanning out label
cmp07
        mov wa, scnpt
                                                     save updated scan offset
        sub wb, wa
                                                     get length of label
                                                     skip if label length zero
        bze wa, cmp12
                                                     clear garbage xr value
        \mathbf{zer}
             xr
                                                     build scblk for label name
        jsr
              sbstr
        jsr
              gtnvr
                                                     locate/contruct vrblk
                                                     dummy (impossible) error return
        ppm
        mov xr,cmlbl(xs)
                                                     store label pointer
                                                     jump if not system label
        bnz vrlen(xr),cmp11
        bne vrsvp(xr),=v$end,cmp11
                                                     jump if not end label
            here for end label scanned out
        add =stgnd,stage
                                                     adjust stage appropriately
        jsr
              scane
                                                     scan out next element
        beq x1,=t$smc,cmp10
                                                     jump if end of image
                                                     else error if not variable
        bne x1,=t$var,cmp08
            here check for valid initial transfer
        beq vrlbl(xr),=stndl,cmp08
                                                     jump if not defined (error)
        mov vrlbl(xr),cmtra(xs)
                                                     else set initial entry pointer
                                                     scan next element
        jsr
              scane
        beq x1,=t$smc,cmp10
                                                     jump if ok (end of image)
            here for bad transfer label
cmp08
        erb 215, syntax error:
                                                     undefined or erroneous entry label
            here for end of input (no end label detected)
cmp09
                                                     clear garbage xr value
        zer
             xr
        add =stgnd,stage
                                                     adjust stage appropriately
```

beq stage,=stgxe,cmp10 jump if code call (ok)
erb 216,syntax error: missing end line

*
 here after processing end line (merge here on end error)

cmp10 mov =ostp\$,wa set stop call pointer
jsr cdwrd generate as statement call
brn cmpse jump to generate as failure

```
cmpil (continued)
            here after processing label other than end
        bne stage,=stgic,cmp12
                                                      jump if code call - redef. ok
cmp11
        beq vrlbl(xr),=stndl,cmp12
                                                      else check for redefinition
                                                      leave first label decln undisturbed
        \mathbf{zer}
              cmlbl(xs)
        \operatorname{erb}
             217, syntax error:
                                                      duplicate label
            here after dealing with label
            null statements and statements just containing a
            constant subject are optimized out by resetting the
            current ccblk to empty.
cmp12
        zer
              wb
                                                      set flag for statement body
                                                      get tree for statement body
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              expan
        mov xr,cmstm(xs)
                                                      store for later use
        zer
             cmsgo(xs)
                                                      clear success goto pointer
                                                      clear failure goto pointer
        zer
              cmfgo(xs)
        \mathbf{zer}
            cmcgo(xs)
                                                      clear conditional goto flag
        jsr
              scane
                                                      scan next element
        beq x1,=t$col,cmp13
                                                      jump if colon (goto)
        bnz cswno,cmp18
                                                      jump if not optimizing
                                                      jump if label present
        bnz cmlbl(xs),cmp18
                                                      load tree ptr for statement body
        mov cmstm(xs),xr
        mov (xr), wa
                                                      load type word
        beq wa,=b$cmt,cmp18
                                                      jump if cmblk
        bge wa,=b$vra,cmp18
                                                      jump if not icblk, scblk, or rcblk
                                                      load ptr to ccblk
        mov r$ccb,xl
        mov *cccod,ccuse(x1)
                                                      reset use offset in ccblk
        mov *cccod,cwcof
                                                      and in global
                                                      bump statement number
        icv
             cmpsn
        brn cmp01
                                                      generate no code for statement
            loop to process goto fields
                                                      set goto flag
cmp13
        mnz scngo
                                                      scan next element
        isr
             scane
        beq xl,=t$smc,cmp31
                                                      jump if no fields left
        beq xl,=t$sgo,cmp14
                                                      jump if s for success goto
        beq x1,=t$fgo,cmp16
                                                      jump if f for failure goto
            here for unconditional goto (i.e. not f or s)
        mnz scnrs
                                                      set to rescan element not f,s
                                                      scan out goto field
             scngf
        bnz cmfgo(xs),cmp17
                                                      error if fgoto already
        mov xr,cmfgo(xs)
                                                      else set as fgoto
        brn cmp15
                                                      merge with sgoto circuit
```

*

```
here for success goto
cmp14
                                                          scan success goto field
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              scngf
         mov =num01,cmcgo(xs)
                                                          set conditional goto flag
             uncontional goto merges here
cmp15
         bnz cmsgo(xs),cmp17
                                                          error if sgoto already given
         mov xr,cmsgo(xs)
                                                          else set sgoto
                                                          loop back for next goto field
         brn cmp13
             here for failure goto
cmp16
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             scngf
                                                          scan goto field
         mov =num01,cmcgo(xs)
                                                          set conditonal goto flag
                                                          error if fgoto already given
         bnz cmfgo(xs),cmp17
         mov xr,cmfgo(xs)
                                                          else store fgoto pointer
         brn cmp13
                                                          loop back for next field
```

```
cmpil (continued)
            here for duplicated goto field
             218, syntax error:
                                                       duplicated goto field
cmp17
        \mathbf{erb}
            here to generate code
cmp18
                                                       stop positional error flags
        zer
              scnse
        mov cmstm(xs),xr
                                                       load tree ptr for statement body
        zer
              wb
                                                       collectable value for wb for cdgvl
        zer
              WC
                                                       reset constant flag for cdgvl
        jsr
              expap
                                                       test for pattern match
        ppm cmp19
                                                       jump if not pattern match
        mov =opms$,cmopn(xr)
                                                       else set pattern match pointer
        mov =opms$,cmopn(xr)
                                                       else set pattern match pointer
            here after dealing with special pattern match case
cmp19
              cdgvl
                                                       generate code for body of statement
        jsr
        mov cmsgo(xs),xr
                                                       load sgoto pointer
        mov xr,wa
                                                       copy it
        bze xr,cmp21
                                                       jump if no success goto
                                                       clear success offset fillin ptr
              cmsoc(xs)
        \mathbf{zer}
                                                       jump if complex goto
        bhi xr,state,cmp20
            here for simple success goto (label)
        add *vrtra,wa
                                                       point to vrtra field as required
        jsr
              cdwrd
                                                       generate success goto
        brn cmp22
                                                       jump to deal with fgoto
            here for complex success goto
cmp20
        beq xr,cmfgo(xs),cmp22
                                                       no code if same as fgoto
        \mathbf{zer}
              wb
                                                       else set ok value for cdgvl in wb
        jsr
                                                       generate code for success goto
              cdgcg
        brn cmp22
                                                       jump to deal with fgoto
            here for no success goto
                                                       set success fill in offset
cmp21
        mov cwcof, cmsoc(xs)
        mov =ocer$, wa
                                                       point to compile error call
        jsr
              cdwrd
                                                       generate as temporary value
```

```
cmpil (continued)
            here to deal with failure goto
cmp22
        mov cmfgo(xs),xr
                                                      load failure goto pointer
        mov xr, wa
                                                      copy it
        zer cmffc(xs)
                                                      set no fill in required yet
        bze xr,cmp23
                                                      jump if no failure goto given
        add *vrtra,wa
                                                      point to vrtra field in case
        blo xr, state, cmpse
                                                      jump to gen if simple fgoto
            here for complex failure goto
        mov cwcof,wb
                                                      save offset to o$gof call
        mov =ogof$,wa
                                                      point to failure goto call
             cdwrd
                                                      generate
                                                      point to fail in fail word
        mov =ofif$, wa
             cdwrd
        jsr
                                                      generate
                                                      generate code for failure goto
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              cdgcg
                                                      copy offset to o$gof for cdfal
        mov wb,wa
        mov =b$cdc,wb
                                                      set complex case cdtyp
        brn cmp25
                                                      jump to build cdblk
            here if no failure goto given
cmp23
        mov =ounf$, wa
                                                      load unexpected failure call in cas
                                                      get -nofail flag
        mov cswfl,wc
        orb cmcgo(xs),wc
                                                      check if conditional goto
                                                      jump if -nofail and no cond. goto
        zrb wc,cmpse
        mnz cmffc(xs)
                                                      else set fill in flag
        mov =ocer$, wa
                                                      and set compile error for temporary
            merge here with cdfal value in wa, simple cdblk
            also special entry after statement error
        mov =b$cds,wb
                                                      set cdtyp for simple case
cmpse
```

```
cmpil (continued)
           merge here to build cdblk
            (wa)
                                    cdfal value to be generated
            (wb)
                                    cdtyp value to be generated
            at this stage, we chop off an appropriate chunk of the
            current ccblk and convert it into a cdblk. the remainder
            of the ccblk is reformatted to be the new ccblk.
cmp25
        mov r$ccb,xr
                                                    point to ccblk
                                                    get possible label pointer
        mov cmlbl(xs),xl
        bze x1,cmp26
                                                    skip if no label
        zer cmlbl(xs)
                                                    clear flag for next statement
        mov xr, vrlbl(xl)
                                                    put cdblk ptr in vrblk label field
           merge after doing label
        mov wb,(xr)
cmp26
                                                    set type word for new cdblk
                                                    set failure word
        mov wa,cdfal(xr)
        mov xr,xl
                                                    copy pointer to ccblk
                                                    load length gen (= new cdlen)
        mov ccuse(xr),wb
                                                    load total ccblk length
        mov cclen(xr),wc
        add wb,xl
                                                    point past cdblk
        sub wb,wc
                                                    get length left for chop off
        mov =b$cct,(x1)
                                                    set type code for new ccblk at end
                                                    set initial code offset
        mov *cccod,ccuse(x1)
                                                    reinitialise cwcof
        mov *cccod,cwcof
                                                    set new length
        mov wc,cclen(x1)
        mov xl,r$ccb
                                                    set new ccblk pointer
if.csln
            ccsln(x1)
                                                    initialize new line number
                                                    set line number in old block
        mov cmpln,cdsln(xr)
fi
        mov cmpsn,cdstm(xr)
                                                    set statement number
        icv
            cmpsn
                                                    bump statement number
            set pointers in previous code block as required
        mov cmpcd(xs),xl
                                                    load ptr to previous cdblk
        bze cmffp(xs),cmp27
                                                    jump if no failure fill in required
        mov xr,cdfal(xl)
                                                    else set failure ptr in previous
           here to deal with success forward pointer
        mov cmsop(xs),wa
                                                    load success offset
cmp27
        bze wa, cmp28
                                                    jump if no fill in required
        add wa,xl
                                                    else point to fill in location
        mov xr,(xl)
                                                    store forward pointer
```

clear garbage xl value

zer xl

```
cmpil (continued)
            now set fill in pointers for this statement
        mov cmffc(xs),cmffp(xs)
                                                        copy failure fill in flag
cmp28
        mov cmsoc(xs),cmsop(xs)
                                                        copy success fill in offset
        mov xr,cmpcd(xs)
                                                        save ptr to this cdblk
        bnz cmtra(xs),cmp29
                                                        jump if initial entry already set
        mov xr,cmtra(xs)
                                                        else set ptr here as default
            here after compiling one statement
cmp29
        \mathbf{blt}
              stage,=stgce,cmp01
                                                        jump if not end line just done
                                                        skip if -nolist
        bze
              cswls,cmp30
                                                        list last line
        jsr
              listr
            return
cmp30
        mov cmtra(xs),xr
                                                        load initial entry cdblk pointer
                                                        pop work locations off stack
        add *cmnen,xs
                                                        and return to cmpil caller
        exi
            here at end of goto field
cmp31
        mov cmfgo(xs),wb
                                                        get fail goto
                                                        or in success goto
              cmsgo(xs),wb
        bnz wb,cmp18
                                                        ok if non-null field
             219, syntax error:
                                                        empty goto field
             control card found
cmp32
        icv
              wb
                                                        point past ch$mn
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              cncrd
                                                        process control card
                                                        clear start of element loc.
              scnse
        zer
                                                        loop for next statement
        brn
              cmpce
        enp
                                                        end procedure empil
```

```
cncrd -- control card processor
            called to deal with control cards
            r$cim
                                     points to current image
            (wb)
                                     offset to 1st char of control card
                                     call to process control cards
            jsr cncrd
            (xl,xr,wa,wb,wc,ia)
                                     destroyed
        prc e,0
                                                      entry point
cncrd
                                                      offset for control card scan
        mov wb,scnpt
                                                      number of chars for comparison
        mov =ccnoc,wa
                                                      convert to word count
        ctw wa,0
        mov wa, cnswc
                                                      save word count
            loop here if more than one control card
        bge scnpt, scnil, cnc09
                                                      return if end of image
cnc01
        mov r$cim,xr
                                                      point to image
        plc
             xr,scnpt
                                                      char ptr for first char
        lch
             wa,(xr)+
                                                      get first char
if .culc
        \mathbf{flc}
              wa
                                                      fold to upper case
fi
                                                      special case of -inxxx
        beq wa,=ch$li,cnc07
                                                      set flag for scane
cnc0a
        mnz scncc
                                                      scan card name
        jsr
              scane
                                                      clear scane flag
        zer
             scncc
        bnz xl,cnc06
                                                      fail unless control card name
                                                      no. of chars to be compared
        mov =ccnoc, wa
if .cicc
        blt
              sclen(xr),wa,cnc08
                                                      fail if too few chars
else
                                                      fail if too few chars
        blt
              sclen(xr), wa, cnc06
fi
        mov xr,xl
                                                      point to control card name
                                                      zero offset for substring
        zer
              wb
              sbstr
                                                      extract substring for comparison
        jsr
if .culc
        mov sclen(xr), wa
                                                      reload length
              flstg
                                                      fold to upper case
        jsr
fi
                                                      keep control card substring ptr
        mov xr, cnscc
        mov =ccnms,xr
                                                      point to list of standard names
                                                      initialise name offset
        zer
                                                      number of standard names
        lct
              wc,=cc$nc
            try to match name
```

cnc02	mov cnscc,xl lct wa,cnswc brn cnc04	point to name counter for inner loop jump into loop
* * *	inner loop to match card name chars	
cnc03	ica xr ica xl	bump standard names ptr bump name pointer
* * *	here to initiate the loop	
cnc04	<pre>cne schar(x1),(xr),cnc05 bct wa,cnc03</pre>	comp. up to cfp\$c chars at once loop if more words to compare

```
cncrd (continued)
             matched - branch on card offset
                                                         get name offset
         mov wb,xl
if.\mathbf{cicc}
         bsw xl,cc$nc,cnc08
                                                         switch
else
         bsw x1,cc$nc,cnc06
                                                         switch
fi
if .culc
        iff
               cc$ca,cnc37
                                                         -case
fi
if.ccmc
         iff
               cc$co,cnc39
                                                         -compare
fi
         iff
               cc$do,cnc10
                                                         -double
         iff
               cc$du,cnc11
                                                         -dump
if.cinc
         iff
               cc$cp,cnc41
                                                         -copy
fi
         iff
               cc$ej,cnc12
                                                         -eject
         iff
               cc$er,cnc13
                                                         -errors
         iff
               cc$ex,cnc14
                                                         -execute
         iff
               cc$fa,cnc15
                                                         -fail
if.\mathbf{cinc}
         iff
               cc$in,cnc41
                                                         -include
fi
if.csln
         iff
               cc$ln,cnc44
                                                         -line
fi
         iff
               cc$li,cnc16
                                                         -list
         iff
               cc$nr,cnc17
                                                         -noerrors
         iff
               cc$nx,cnc18
                                                         -noexecute
         iff
               cc$nf,cnc19
                                                         -nofail
         iff
               cc$nl,cnc20
                                                         -nolist
         iff
               cc$no,cnc21
                                                         -noopt
         iff
               cc$np,cnc22
                                                         -noprint
         iff
               cc$op,cnc24
                                                         -optimise
        iff
               cc$pr,cnc25
                                                         -print
         iff
               cc$si,cnc27
                                                         -single
         iff
               cc$sp,cnc28
                                                         -space
         iff
               cc$st,cnc31
                                                         -stitle
         iff
               cc$ti,cnc32
                                                         -title
         iff
               cc$tr,cnc36
                                                         -trace
         \mathbf{esw}
                                                         end switch
```

.

^{*} not matched yet. align std names ptr and try again

```
cnc05
                                                         bump standard names ptr
        ica
              xr
              wa,cnc05
         \mathbf{bct}
         icv
                                                         bump names offset
               wb
         bct
              wc,cnc02
                                                         continue if more names
if.cicc
                                                         ignore unrecognized control card
         brn cnc08
fi
             invalid control card name
cnc06
         erb 247, invalid control
                                                        statement
             special processing for -inxxx
cnc07
        lch
               wa,(xr)+
                                                         get next char
if .culc
        \mathbf{flc}
               wa
                                                         fold to upper case
fi
         bne wa,=ch$ln,cnc0a
                                                         if not letter n
        lch
              wa,(xr)
                                                         get third char
              wa,=ch$d0,cnc0a
                                                        if not digit
                                                        if not digit
         bgt wa,=ch$d9,cnc0a
         add =num02,scnpt
                                                         bump offset past -in
                                                         scan integer after -in
        jsr
               scane
         mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack scanned item
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               gtsmi
                                                         check if integer
                                                         fail if not integer
         ppm cnc06
         ppm cnc06
                                                         fail if negative or large
         mov xr,cswin
                                                         keep integer
```

```
cncrd (continued)
            check for more control cards before returning
        mov scnpt, wa
                                                    preserve in case xeq time compile
cnc08
            scane
                                                    look for comma
        jsr
        \mathbf{beq} x1,=t$cma,cnc01
                                                    loop if comma found
        mov wa,scnpt
                                                    restore scrpt in case xeq time
           return point
cnc09
        exi
                                                    return
            -double
cnc10
        mnz cswdb
                                                    set switch
        {\bf brn} cnc08
                                                    merge
            -dump
           this is used for system debugging . it has the effect of
           producing a core dump at compilation time
                                                    call dumper
            sysdm
cnc11
        jsr
                                                    finished
        brn cnc09
            -eject
                                                    return if -nolist
cnc12
        bze cswls,cnc09
        jsr
             prtps
                                                    eject
                                                    list title
        jsr
             listt
                                                    finished
        brn cnc09
            -errors
cnc13
            cswer
                                                    clear switch
        \mathbf{zer}
        brn cnc08
                                                    merge
            -execute
cnc14
        zer cswex
                                                    clear switch
        brn cnc08
                                                    merge
            -fail
cnc15
        mnz cswfl
                                                    set switch
        brn cnc08
                                                    merge
```

-list

* cnc16 mnz cswls set switch done if compile time

* list code line if execute time compile

* zer lstpf permit listing list line brn cnc08 merge

cncrd (continued) -noerrors mnz cswer set switch cnc17 brn cnc08 merge -noexecute cnc18 set switch mnz cswex brn cnc08 merge -nofail cnc19 zer cswfl clear switch brn cnc08 merge -nolist clear switch cnc20 zer cswls brn cnc08 merge -nooptimise cnc21 mnz cswno set switch brn cnc08 merge -noprint cnc22 zer cswpr clear switch brn cnc08 merge -optimise cnc24 zer cswno clear switch brn cnc08 merge -print cnc25 mnz cswpr set switch

brn cnc08

merge

```
cncrd (continued)
             -single
                                                          clear switch
cnc27
         \mathbf{zer}
              cswdb
         brn cnc08
                                                          merge
             -space
                                                          return if -nolist
cnc28
         bze cswls,cnc09
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               scane
                                                          scan integer after -space
         mov =num01,wc
                                                          1 space in case
         beq xr,=t$smc,cnc29
                                                          jump if no integer
         mov xr,-(xs)
                                                          stack it
                                                          check integer
               gtsmi
         jsr
         ppm cnc06
                                                          fail if not integer
         ppm cnc06
                                                          fail if negative or large
         bnz wc,cnc29
                                                          jump if non zero
         mov =num01,wc
                                                          else 1 space
             merge with count of lines to skip
cnc29
         add wc,lstlc
                                                          bump line count
         \mathbf{lct}
              WC,WC
                                                          convert to loop counter
         \mathbf{blt}
              lstlc,lstnp,cnc30
                                                          jump if fits on page
         jsr
               prtps
                                                          eject
         jsr
               listt
                                                          list title
         brn cnc09
                                                          merge
             skip lines
cnc30
               prtnl
                                                          print a blank
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
         bct wc, cnc30
                                                          loop
         brn cnc09
                                                          merge
```

```
cncrd (continued)
            -stitl
cnc31
        mov =r$stl,cnr$t
                                                     ptr to r$stl
        brn cnc33
                                                     merge
            -title
                                                     clear subtitle
cnc32
        mov =nulls,r$stl
        mov =r$ttl,cnr$t
                                                     ptr to r$ttl
            common processing for -title, -stitl
                                                     null in case needed
cnc33
        mov =nulls,xr
        mnz cnttl
                                                     set flag for next listr call
        mov =ccofs,wb
                                                     offset to title/subtitle
        mov scnil,wa
                                                     input image length
                                                     jump if no chars left
        blo wa, wb, cnc34
                                                     no of chars to extract
        sub wb, wa
        mov r$cim,xl
                                                     point to image
                                                     get title/subtitle
        jsr
             sbstr
            store title/subtitle
        mov cnr$t,xl
cnc34
                                                     point to storage location
        mov xr,(x1)
                                                     store title/subtitle
                                                     return if stitl
        beq x1,=r$st1,cnc09
        bnz precl,cnc09
                                                     return if extended listing
        bze prich, cnc09
                                                     return if regular printer
                                                     get length of title
        mov sclen(xr),xl
        mov xl,wa
                                                     copy it
        bze x1,cnc35
                                                     jump if null
        add =num10,xl
                                                     increment
        bhi xl,prlen,cnc09
                                                     use default lstp0 val if too long
        add =num04,wa
                                                     point just past title
            store offset to page nn message for short title
cnc35
        mov wa,1stpo
                                                     store offset
        brn cnc09
                                                     return
            -trace
            provided for system debugging. toggles the system label
            trace switch at compile time
cnc36
                                                     toggle switch
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            systt
        brn cnc08
                                                     merge
if .culc
```

```
-case
            sets value of kvcas so that names are folded or not
            during compilation.
                                                       scan integer after -case
cnc37
        jsr
              scane
                                                       get 0 in case none there
        \mathbf{zer}
              WC
        beq x1,=t$smc,cnc38
                                                       skip if no integer
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       stack it
                                                       check integer
        jsr
              gtsmi
                                                       fail if not integer
        ppm cnc06
                                                       fail if negative or too large
        ppm cnc06
cnc38
        mov wc, kvcas
                                                       store new case value
        brn cnc09
                                                       merge
fi
if .ccmc
            -compare
            sets value of kycom so that string comparisons may
            follow collation sequence determined by the interface.
                                                       scan integer after -compare
cnc39
        jsr
              scane
        zer
                                                       get 0 in case none there
              WC
        beq x1,=t$smc,cnc40
                                                       skip if no integer
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       stack it
                                                       check integer
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              gtsmi
                                                       fail if not integer
        ppm cnc06
        ppm cnc06
                                                       fail if negative or too large
cnc40
        mov wc,kvcom
                                                       store new compare value
        brn cnc09
                                                       merge
fi
if.cinc
            -include
                                                       set flag for scane
cnc41
        mnz scncc
                                                       scan quoted file name
        jsr
              scane
        zer
             scncc
                                                       clear scane flag
        bne x1,=t$con,cnc06
                                                       if not constant
        bne (xr),=b$scl,cnc06
                                                       if not string constant
                                                       save file name
        mov xr,r$ifn
        mov r$inc,xl
                                                       examine include file name table
        zer
             wb
                                                       lookup by value
        jsr
              tfind
                                                       do lookup
                                                       never fails
        ppm
                                                       ignore if already in table
        beq xr,=inton,cnc09
        mnz wb
                                                       set for trim
        mov r$ifn,xr
                                                       file name
              trimr
                                                       remove trailing blanks
        jsr
                                                       include file name table
        mov r$inc,xl
```

```
mnz wb
                                                     lookup by name this time
                                                     do lookup
            tfind
      jsr
                                                     never fails
      ppm
      mov =inton,teval(x1)
                                                     make table value integer 1
      icv
           cnind
                                                     increase nesting level
                                                     load new nest level
      mov cnind, wa
      bgt wa,=ccinm,cnc42
                                                     fail if excessive nesting
if.csfn
          record the name and line number of the current input file
      mov r$ifa,xl
                                                     array of nested file names
      add =vcvlb,wa
                                                     compute offset in words
                                                     convert to bytes
      wtb wa
      add wa,xl
                                                     point to element
      mov r$sfc,(x1)
                                                     record current file name
      mov wa,xl
                                                     preserve nesting byte offset
      mti rdnln
                                                     fetch source line number as integer
      jsr
           icbld
                                                     convert to icblk
      add r$ifl,xl
                                                     entry in nested line number array
      mov xr,(xl)
                                                     record in array
fi
          here to switch to include file named in r$ifn
      mov cswin, wa
                                                     max read length
      mov r$ifn,xl
                                                     include file name
                                                     get buffer for complete file name
      jsr
            alocs
            sysif
                                                     open include file
      jsr
      ppm cnc43
                                                     could not open
if.csfn
          make note of the complete file name for error messages
                                                     do not trim trailing blanks
      zer
            wb
                                                     adjust scblk for actual length
      \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            trimr
                                                     save ptr to file name
      mov xr,r$sfc
      mti cmpsn
                                                     current statement as integer
                                                     build icblk for stmt number
            icbld
      mov r$sfn,xl
                                                     file name table
      \mathbf{mnz} wb
                                                     lookup statement number by name
                                                     allocate new teblk
      jsr
            tfind
                                                     always possible to allocate block
      ppm
      mov r$sfc,teval(x1)
                                                     record file name as entry value
else
      mov xr, dnamp
                                                     release allocated scblk
fi
      zer
          rdnln
                                                     restart line counter for new file
      beq stage,=stgic,cnc09
                                                     if initial compile
      bne cnind,=num01,cnc09
                                                     if not first execute-time nesting
```

```
here for -include during execute-time compile
        mov r$cim,r$ici
                                                     remember code argument string
        mov scnpt, cnspt
                                                     save position in string
        mov scnil, cnsil
                                                     and length of string
        brn cnc09
                                                     all done, merge
            here for excessive include file nesting
cnc42
        erb 284, excessively nested
                                                     include files
            here if include file could not be opened
                                                     release allocated scblk
        mov xr, dnamp
cnc43
        erb 285,include file
                                                     cannot be opened
fi
if.csln
            -line n filename
cnc44
        jsr
             scane
                                                     scan integer after -line
        bne x1,=t$con,cnc06
                                                     jump if no line number
        bne (xr),=b$icl,cnc06
                                                     jump if not integer
        ldi
            icval(xr)
                                                     fetch integer line number
        ile
             cnc06
                                                     error if negative or zero
        beq stage,=stgic,cnc45
                                                     skip if initial compile
        mfi cmpln
                                                     set directly for other compiles
        brn cnc46
                                                     no need to set rdnln
cnc45
        \mathbf{sbi}
             intv1
                                                     adjust number by one
        mfi
            rdnln
                                                     save line number
  if.csfn
cnc46
        mnz scncc
                                                     set flag for scane
                                                     scan quoted file name
        jsr
             scane
        zer
             scncc
                                                     clear scane flag
                                                     done if no file name
        beq x1,=t$smc,cnc47
                                                     error if not constant
        bne x1,=t$con,cnc06
        bne (xr),=b$scl,cnc06
                                                     if not string constant
        jsr
             newfn
                                                     record new file name
        brn cnc09
                                                     merge
            here if file name not present
                                                     set to rescan the terminator
cnc47
        dcv scnpt
        brn cnc09
                                                     merge
  else
cnc46
        brn cnc09
                                                     merge
  fi
fi
```

```
if .ceng
            enevs -- evaluate string expression for engine
            enevs is used by the external interface to evaluate a
            string expression, typically for an engine wishing to
            obtain the value of a variable or expression.
  if.cevb
            (wb)
                                    0 if by value, 1 if by name
  fi
            (xr)
                                    scblk for string to evaluate
            jsr enevs
                                    call to convert and evaluate
            (xr)
                                    pointer to result
                                    = 0 if expression evaluation failed
                                    = 1 if conversion to expression failed
enevs
       prc r,0
                                                    entry point (recursive)
  if .cevb
                                                    save value/name flag
        mov wb,-(xs)
  fi
             gtexp
                                                    convert to expression
                                                    conversion fails
        ppm enev2
  if.cevb
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                    recover value/name flag
  fi
                                                    evaluate expression by value
        jsr
             evalx
                                                    evaluation fails
        ppm enev1
        exi
            enev1
                                                    evaluation fails
           here if expression evaluation failed
enev1
        zer
                                                    return zero result
             xr
                                                    return zero result
        exi
             xr
           here if conversion to expression failed
  if .cevb
enev2
        ica
             xs
                                                    discard value/name flag
        mov =num01,xr
                                                    return integer one result
  else
enev2
       mov =num01,xr
                                                    return integer one result
  fi
                                                    return integer one result
        exi
             =num01,xr
        enp =num01,xr
                                                    return integer one result
```

```
engts -- get string for engine
            engts is passed an object and returns a string with
            any necessary conversions performed.
            (xr)
                                    input argument
                                    call to convert to string
            jsr engts
            (xr)
                                    pointer to resulting string
                                    =0 if conversion not possible
        prc e,0
                                                    entry point
engts
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                    stack argument to convert
                                                    convert to string
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             gtstg
        ppm engt1
                                                    convert impossible
        exi engt1
                                                    convert impossible
           here if unable to convert to string
engt1
             xr
                                                    return zero
        zer
        exi
             xr
                                                    return zero
                                                    return zero
        enp xr
```

```
fi
            dffnc -- define function
            dffnc is called whenever a new function is assigned to
            a variable. it deals with external function use counts.
            (xr)
                                    pointer to vrblk
            (xl)
                                    pointer to new function block
            jsr dffnc
                                    call to define function
                                    destroyed
            (wa,wb)
                                                    entry point
dffnc
        prc e,0
if .cnld
else
        bne (x1),=b$efc,dffn1
                                                    skip if new function not external
        icv
             efuse(x1)
                                                    else increment its use count
            here after dealing with new function use count
dffn1
        mov xr,wa
                                                    save vrblk pointer
        mov vrfnc(xr),xr
                                                    load old function pointer
        bne (xr),=b$efc,dffn2
                                                    jump if old function not external
        mov efuse(xr),wb
                                                    else get use count
        {
m dcv} wb
                                                    decrement
        mov wb,efuse(xr)
                                                    store decremented value
        bnz wb,dffn2
                                                    jump if use count still non-zero
            sysul
                                                    else call system unload function
        jsr
            here after dealing with old function use count
        mov wa,xr
dffn2
                                                    restore vrblk pointer
fi
                                                    copy function block ptr
        mov xl,wa
        blt xr,=r$yyy,dffn3
                                                    skip checks if opsyn op definition
        bnz vrlen(xr),dffn3
                                                    jump if not system variable
            for system variable, check for illegal redefinition
        mov vrsvp(xr),xl
                                                    point to svblk
                                                    load bit indicators
        mov svbit(xl),wb
        anb btfnc,wb
                                                    is it a system function
        zrb wb,dffn3
                                                    redef ok if not
        {
m erb} 248,attempted redefinition
                                                    of system function
            here if redefinition is permitted
dffn3
        mov wa, vrfnc(xr)
                                                    store new function pointer
        mov wa,xl
                                                    restore function block pointer
                                                    return to dffnc caller
        exi
```

end procedure dffnc

```
dtach -- detach i/o associated names
           detaches trblks from i/o associated variables, removes
           entry from iochn chain attached to filearg1 vrblk and may
           remove vrblk access and store traps.
           input, output, terminal are handled specially.
           (x1)
                                  i/o assoc. vbl name base ptr
           (wa)
                                  offset to name
           jsr dtach
                                  call for detach operation
           (xl,xr,wa,wb,wc)
                                  destroyed
       prc e,0
                                                  entry point
dtach
       mov xl,dtcnb
                                                  store name base (gbcol not called)
       add wa,xl
                                                  point to name location
       mov xl,dtcnm
                                                  store it
           loop to search for i/o trblk
dtch1
      mov xl,xr
                                                  copy name pointer
           continue after block deletion
dtch2
       mov (xl),xl
                                                  point to next value
       bne (x1),=b$trt,dtch6
                                                  jump at chain end
       mov trtyp(x1),wa
                                                  get trap block type
       beq wa,=trtin,dtch3
                                                  jump if input
       beq wa,=trtou,dtch3
                                                  jump if output
       add *trnxt,xl
                                                  point to next link
       brn dtch1
                                                  loop
           delete an old association
dtch3 mov trval(x1),(xr)
                                                  delete trblk
       mov xl,wa
                                                  dump xl ...
       mov xr,wb
                                                  ... and xr
       mov trtrf(xl),xl
                                                  point to trtrf trap block
       bze x1,dtch5
                                                  jump if no iochn
                                                  jump if input, output, terminal
       bne (x1),=b$trt,dtch5
           loop to search iochn chain for name ptr
dtch4
       mov xl,xr
                                                  remember link ptr
       mov trtrf(x1),x1
                                                  point to next link
       bze xl,dtch5
                                                  jump if end of chain
       mov ionmb(x1),wc
                                                  get name base
       add ionmo(x1),wc
                                                  add offset
                                                  loop if no match
       bne wc,dtcnm,dtch4
       mov trtrf(x1),trtrf(xr)
                                                  remove name from chain
```

```
dtach (continued)
             prepare to resume i/o trblk scan
        mov wa,xl
                                                            recover xl \dots
dtch5
         mov wb,xr
                                                            ... and xr
         add *trval,xl
                                                            point to value field
         brn dtch2
                                                            continue
             exit point
                                                            possible vrblk ptr
dtch6 mov dtcnb,xr
                                                            {\it reset\ vrblk\ if\ necessary}
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                \operatorname{setvr}
                                                            return
         exi
                                                            end procedure dtach
         enp
```

```
dtype -- get datatype name
            (xr)
                                   object whose datatype is required
                                   call to get datatype
            jsr dtype
            (xr)
                                   result datatype
       prc e,0
                                                    entry point
dtype
        beq (xr),=b$pdt,dtyp1
                                                    jump if prog.defined
        mov (xr),xr
                                                    load type word
        lei
            xr
                                                    get entry point id (block code)
        wtb xr
                                                    convert to byte offset
        mov scnmt(xr),xr
                                                    load table entry
                                                    exit to dtype caller
        exi
    *
           here if program defined
dtyp1 mov pddfp(xr),xr
                                                    point to dfblk
        mov dfnam(xr),xr
                                                    get datatype name from dfblk
        \mathbf{exi}
                                                    return to dtype caller
        enp
                                                    end procedure dtype
```

```
dumpr -- print dump of storage
            (xr)
                                   dump argument (see below)
           jsr dumpr
                                   call to print dump
           (xr,xl)
                                   destroyed
            (wa,wb,wc,ra)
                                  destroyed
           the dump argument has the following significance
           dmarg = 0
                                  no dump printed
                                   partial dump (nat vars, keywords)
           dmarg = 1
                                  full dump (arrays, tables, etc.)
           dmarg = 2
           dmarg = 3
                                  full dump + null variables
           dmarg ge 4
                                   core dump
           since dumpr scrambles store, it is not permissible to
           collect in mid-dump. hence a collect is done initially
           and then if store runs out an error message is produced.
       prc e,0
                                                   entry point
dumpr
                                                   skip dump if argument is zero
       bze xr,dmp28
       bgt xr,=num03,dmp29
                                                   jump if core dump required
             xl
                                                   clear xl
       zer
       zer
             wb
                                                   zero move offset
       mov xr, dmarg
                                                   save dump argument
if.\mathbf{csed}
       \mathbf{zer}
             dnams
                                                   collect sediment too
fi
                                                   collect garbage
       jsr
             gbcol
                                                   eject printer
       jsr
             prtpg
                                                   point to heading for variables
       mov =dmhdv,xr
             prtst
                                                   print it
       jsr
                                                   terminate print line
       jsr
             prtnl
                                                   and print a blank line
       jsr
             prtnl
           first all natural variable blocks (vrblk) whose values
           are non-null are linked in lexical order using dmvch as
           the chain head and chaining through the vrget fields.
           note that this scrambles store if the process is
           interrupted before completion e.g. by exceeding time or
           print limits. since the subsequent core dumps and
           failures if execution is resumed are very confusing, the
           execution time error routine checks for this event and
           attempts an unscramble. similar precautions should be
           observed if translate time dumping is implemented.
            dmvch
                                                   set null chain to start
       zer
       mov hshtb, wa
                                                   point to hash table
           loop through headers in hash table
```

```
dmp00
        mov wa,xr
                                                       copy hash bucket pointer
                                                       bump pointer
        ica
             wa
        \operatorname{sub} *vrnxt,xr
                                                       set offset to merge
    *
            loop through vrblks on one chain
{\tt dmp01}
        mov vrnxt(xr),xr
                                                       point to next vrblk on chain
        bze xr,dmp09
                                                       jump if end of this hash chain
        mov xr,xl
                                                       else copy vrblk pointer
```

```
dumpr (continued)
           loop to find value and skip if null
                                                    load value
dmp02
        mov vrval(x1),x1
        beq dmarg,=num03,dmp2a
                                                    skip null value check if dump(3)
        beq x1,=nulls,dmp01
                                                    loop for next vrblk if null value
dmp2a
        beq (x1),=b$trt,dmp02
                                                    loop back if value is trapped
           non-null value, prepare to search chain
                                                    save vrblk pointer
        mov xr,wc
                                                    adjust ptr to be like scblk ptr
        add *vrsof,xr
        bnz sclen(xr),dmp03
                                                    jump if non-system variable
        mov vrsvo(xr),xr
                                                    else load ptr to name in svblk
           here with name pointer for new block in xr
dmp03
        mov xr,wb
                                                    save pointer to chars
        mov wa, dmpsv
                                                    save hash bucket pointer
                                                    point to chain head
        mov =dmvch, wa
            loop to search chain for correct insertion point
dmp04
        mov wa, dmpch
                                                    save chain pointer
        mov wa,xl
                                                    copy it
        mov (x1),xr
                                                    load pointer to next entry
        bze xr,dmp08
                                                    jump if end of chain to insert
        add *vrsof,xr
                                                    else get name ptr for chained vrblk
        bnz sclen(xr),dmp05
                                                    jump if not system variable
        mov vrsvo(xr),xr
                                                    else point to name in svblk
           here prepare to compare the names
            (wa)
                                    scratch
            (wb)
                                    pointer to string of entering vrblk
            (wc)
                                    pointer to entering vrblk
                                    pointer to string of current block
            (xr)
            (x1)
                                    scratch
dmp05
        mov wb,xl
                                                    point to entering vrblk string
        mov sclen(xl), wa
                                                    load its length
        plc
                                                    point to chars of entering string
            xl
if .ccmc
        mov wb,dmpsb
                                                    save wb
        mov sclen(xr),wb
                                                    length of old string
                                                    point to chars of old string
        plc
            xr
        jsr
             syscm
                                                    generalized lexical compare
        ppm dmp06
                                                    string too long, treat like eq
        ppm dmp06
                                                    entering string lt old string
```

```
dumpr (continued)
              here we move out on the chain
         mov dmpsb,wb
                                                              restore wb
dmp07
         mov dmpch,xl
                                                              copy chain pointer
else
                                                              jump if entering length high
         bhi wa,sclen(xr),dmp06
         \mathbf{plc}
                                                              else point to chars of old string
                xr
         \mathbf{cmc} dmp08,dmp07
                                                              compare, insert if new is llt old
                                                              or if leq (we had shorter length)
         brn dmp08
     *
              here when new length is longer than old length
dmp06
         {\operatorname{mov}} {\operatorname{sclen}}({\operatorname{xr}}), {\operatorname{wa}}
                                                              load shorter length
                                                              point to chars of old string
         cmc dmp08,dmp07
                                                              compare, insert if new one low
```

```
dumpr (continued)
            here we move out on the chain
dmp07
        mov dmpch,xl
                                                     copy chain pointer
fi
        mov (x1), wa
                                                     move to next entry on chain
        brn dmp04
                                                     loop back
            here after locating the proper insertion point
dmp08
        mov dmpch,xl
                                                     copy chain pointer
        mov dmpsv,wa
                                                     restore hash bucket pointer
        mov wc,xr
                                                     restore vrblk pointer
                                                     link vrblk to rest of chain
        mov (x1), vrget(xr)
        mov xr,(x1)
                                                     link vrblk into current chain loc
        brn dmp01
                                                     loop back for next vrblk
            here after processing all vrblks on one chain
dmp09
        bne wa, hshte, dmp00
                                                     loop back if more buckets to go
            loop to generate dump of natural variable values
dmp10
        mov dmvch,xr
                                                     load pointer to next entry on chain
        bze xr,dmp11
                                                     jump if end of chain
        mov (xr), dmvch
                                                     else update chain ptr to next entry
        jsr
             setvr
                                                     restore vrget field
                                                     copy vrblk pointer (name base)
        mov xr,xl
        mov *vrval,wa
                                                     set offset for vrblk name
        jsr
                                                     print name = value
             prtnv
        brn dmp10
                                                     loop back till all printed
            prepare to print keywords
                                                     print blank line
dmp11
        jsr
             prtnl
                                                     and another
        jsr
             prtnl
        mov =dmhdk,xr
                                                     point to keyword heading
        jsr
             prtst
                                                     print heading
                                                     end line
        jsr
             prtnl
                                                     print one blank line
        jsr
             prtnl
        mov =vdmkw,xl
                                                     point to list of keyword svblk ptrs
```

```
dumpr (continued)
           loop to dump keyword values
        mov (x1)+,xr
                                                    load next svblk ptr from table
dmp12
        bze xr,dmp13
                                                    jump if end of list
if.ccmk
                                                    &compare ignored if not implemented
        beq xr,=num01,dmp12
fi
                                                    load ampersand
        mov =ch$am,wa
                                                    print ampersand
        jsr
             prtch
             prtst
        jsr
                                                    print keyword name
        mov svlen(xr), wa
                                                    load name length from svblk
        ctb wa, svchs
                                                    get length of name
        add wa,xr
                                                    point to svknm field
                                                    store in dummy kvblk
        mov (xr),dmpkn
        mov =tmbeb,xr
                                                    point to blank-equal-blank
             prtst
                                                    print it
        isr
        mov xl,dmpsv
                                                    save table pointer
        mov =dmpkb,xl
                                                    point to dummy kvblk
                                                    build type word
        mov =b$kvt,(x1)
        mov =trbkv,kvvar(x1)
                                                    build ptr to dummy trace block
                                                    set zero offset
        mov *kvvar,wa
        jsr
             acess
                                                    get keyword value
                                                    failure is impossible
        ppm
             prtvl
                                                    print keyword value
        jsr
             prtnl
        isr
                                                    terminate print line
        mov dmpsv,xl
                                                    restore table pointer
        brn dmp12
                                                    loop back till all printed
           here after completing partial dump
        beq dmarg,=num01,dmp27
                                                    exit if partial dump complete
dmp13
        mov dnamb, xr
                                                    else point to first dynamic block
    *
            loop through blocks in dynamic storage
                                                    jump if end of used region
dmp14
        beq xr,dnamp,dmp27
        mov (xr), wa
                                                    else load first word of block
        beq wa,=b$vct,dmp16
                                                    jump if vector
        beq wa,=b$art,dmp17
                                                    jump if array
                                                    jump if program defined
        beq wa,=b$pdt,dmp18
        beq wa,=b$tbt,dmp19
                                                    jump if table
if.cnbf
else
        beq wa,=b$bct,dmp30
                                                    jump if buffer
fi
            merge here to move to next block
```

*

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{dmp15} & \textbf{jsr} & \text{blkln} \\ & \textbf{add} & \text{wa,xr} \\ & \textbf{brn} & \text{dmp14} \end{array}$

get length of block point past this block loop back for next block

```
dumpr (continued)
            here for vector
dmp16
        mov *vcvls,wb
                                                      set offset to first value
        brn dmp19
                                                      jump to merge
            here for array
dmp17
        mov arofs(xr),wb
                                                      set offset to arpro field
        ica
                                                      bump to get offset to values
        brn dmp19
                                                      jump to merge
            here for program defined
dmp18
        mov *pdfld,wb
                                                      point to values, merge
            here for table (others merge)
        bze idval(xr),dmp15
dmp19
                                                      ignore block if zero id value
              blkln
                                                      else get block length
        jsr
                                                      copy block pointer
        mov xr,xl
        mov wa, dmpsv
                                                      save length
        mov wb,wa
                                                      copy offset to first value
              prtnl
                                                      print blank line
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        mov wa, dmpsa
                                                      preserve offset
                                                      print block value (for title)
              prtvl
        jsr
        mov dmpsa,wa
                                                      recover offset
                                                      end print line
              prtnl
        beq (xr),=b$tbt,dmp22
                                                      jump if table
        dca wa
                                                      point before first word
            loop to print contents of array, vector, or program def
dmp20
        mov xl,xr
                                                      copy block pointer
                                                      bump offset
        ica
             wa
        add wa,xr
                                                      point to next value
        beq wa, dmpsv, dmp14
                                                      exit if end (xr past block)
        sub *vrval,xr
                                                      subtract offset to merge into loop
            loop to find value and ignore nulls
dmp21
        mov vrval(xr),xr
                                                      load next value
        beq dmarg,=num03,dmp2b
                                                      skip null value check if dump(3)
        beq xr,=nulls,dmp20
                                                      loop back if null value
        beq (xr),=b$trt,dmp21
                                                      loop back if trapped
dmp2b
                                                      else print name = value
        jsr
              prtnv
        brn dmp20
                                                      loop back for next field
```

```
dumpr (continued)
            here to dump a table
dmp22
        mov *tbbuk,wc
                                                     set offset to first bucket
        mov *teval, wa
                                                     set name offset for all teblks
            loop through table buckets
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                     save tbblk pointer
dmp23
        add wc,xl
                                                     point to next bucket header
        ica
             WC
                                                     bump bucket offset
        sub *tenxt,xl
                                                     subtract offset to merge into loop
            loop to process teblks on one chain
dmp24
        mov tenxt(x1),x1
                                                     point to next teblk
        beq x1,(xs),dmp26
                                                     jump if end of chain
        mov xl,xr
                                                     else copy teblk pointer
            loop to find value and ignore if null
dmp25
        mov teval(xr),xr
                                                     load next value
        beq xr,=nulls,dmp24
                                                     ignore if null value
        beq (xr),=b$trt,dmp25
                                                     loop back if trapped
        mov wc,dmpsv
                                                     else save offset pointer
             prtnv
                                                     print name = value
        jsr
        {f mov} dmpsv,wc
                                                     reload offset
        brn dmp24
                                                     loop back for next teblk
            here to move to next hash chain
dmp26
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                     restore tbblk pointer
        bne wc,tblen(x1),dmp23
                                                     loop back if more buckets to go
        mov xl,xr
                                                     else copy table pointer
        add wc,xr
                                                     point to following block
        brn dmp14
                                                     loop back to process next block
            here after completing dump
dmp27
                                                     eject printer
        jsr
             prtpg
            merge here if no dump given (dmarg=0)
dmp28
        exi
                                                     return to dump caller
            call system core dump routine
                                                     call it
dmp29
       jsr
              sysdm
```

brn dmp28 return

 $\begin{array}{c} if \ \mathbf{.cnbf} \\ else \end{array}$

```
dumpr (continued)
            here to dump buffer block
dmp30
              prtnl
                                                       print blank line
        jsr
        jsr
              prtvl
                                                       print value id for title
                                                       force new line
              prtnl
        jsr
        mov =ch$dq,wa
                                                       load double quote
              prtch
                                                       print it
        mov bclen(xr),wc
                                                       load defined length
                                                       skip characters if none
        bze wc,dmp32
        lct
              WC,WC
                                                       load count for loop
                                                       save bcblk ptr
        mov xr,wb
                                                       point to bfblk
        mov bcbuf(xr),xr
        plc
             xr
                                                       get set to load characters
            loop here stuffing characters in output stream
        lch
              wa,(xr)+
                                                       get next character
dmp31
              prtch
        \mathbf{jsr}
                                                       stuff it
                                                       branch for next one
        bct wc,dmp31
        mov wb,xr
                                                       restore bcblk pointer
            merge to stuff closing quote mark
        mov =ch$dq,wa
                                                       stuff quote
dmp32
              prtch
                                                       print it
        jsr
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              prtnl
                                                       print new line
        mov (xr),wa
                                                       get first wd for blkln
        brn dmp15
                                                       merge to get next block
fi
                                                       end procedure dumpr
        enp
```

```
ermsg -- print error code and error message
             kvert
                                         error code
              jsr ermsg
                                         call to print message
              (xr,xl,wa,wb,wc,ia)
                                         destroyed
                                                            entry point
ermsg
         prc e,0
         mov kvert,wa
                                                            load error code
                                                            point to error message /error/
         mov =ermms,xr
         jsr
              prtst
                                                            print it
                                                            get error message text
         jsr
               ertex
         add =thsnd,wa
                                                            bump error code for print
         mti wa
                                                            fail code in int acc
         mov profs,wb
                                                            save current buffer position
               prtin
                                                            print code (now have error1xxx)
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                            point to print buffer
         mov prbuf,xl
         \mathbf{psc} xl,wb
                                                            point to the 1
                                                            load a blank
         mov =ch$bl,wa
         sch wa,(x1)
                                                            store blank over 1 (error xxx)
                                                            complete store characters
         \mathbf{csc}
               xl
                                                            clear garbage pointer in xl
               xl
         \mathbf{zer}
         mov xr,wa
                                                            keep error text
         mov =ermns,xr
                                                            point to / - /
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              prtst
                                                            print it
         mov wa,xr
                                                            get error text again
              prtst
                                                            print error message text
         jsr
         jsr
               prtis
                                                            print line
               prtis
                                                            print blank line
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
         exi
                                                            return to ermsg caller
                                                            end procedure ermsg
         enp
```

```
ertex -- get error message text
            (wa)
                                     error code
            jsr ertex
                                     call to get error text
            (xr)
                                     ptr to error text in dynamic
            (r$etx)
                                     copy of ptr to error text
            (xl,wc,ia)
                                     destroyed
      prc e,0
                                                      entry point
ertex
        mov wa,ertwa
                                                      save wa
        mov wb,ertwb
                                                      save wb
                                                      get failure message text
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            sysem
                                                      copy pointer to it
        mov xr,xl
        mov sclen(xr),wa
                                                      get length of string
        bze wa,ert02
                                                      jump if null
                                                      offset of zero
        zer wb
             sbstr
                                                      copy into dynamic store
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        mov xr,r$etx
                                                      store for relocation
            return
ert01
        mov ertwb,wb
                                                      restore wb
        mov ertwa,wa
                                                      restore wa
        exi
                                                      return to caller
            return errtext contents instead of null
ert02
        mov r$etx,xr
                                                      get errtext
        {\bf brn} ert01
                                                      return
        enp ert01
                                                      return
```

```
evali -- evaluate integer argument
           evali is used by pattern primitives len,tab,rtab,pos,rpos
           when their argument is an expression value.
            (xr)
                                   node pointer
            (wb)
                                   cursor
            jsr evali
                                   call to evaluate integer
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for non-integer arg
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for out of range arg
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for evaluation failure
                                   transfer loc for successful eval
           ppm loc
            (the normal return is never taken)
            (xr)
                                   ptr to node with integer argument
            (wc,xl,ra)
                                   destroyed
           on return, the node pointed to has the integer argument
            in parm1 and the proper successor pointer in pthen.
           this allows merging with the normal (integer arg) case.
evali
       prc r,4
                                                   entry point (recursive)
                                                   evaluate expression
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            evalp
        ppm evli1
                                                   jump on failure
                                                   stack result for gtsmi
        mov xl,-(xs)
        mov pthen(xr),xl
                                                   load successor pointer
                                                   save original node pointer
        mov xr,evlio
        mov wc,evlif
                                                   zero if simple argument
            gtsmi
                                                   convert arg to small integer
        isr
        ppm evli2
                                                   jump if not integer
        ppm evli3
                                                   jump if out of range
                                                   store result in special dummy node
        mov xr,evliv
                                                   point to dummy node with result
        mov =evlin,xr
        mov =p$len,(xr)
                                                   dummy pattern block pcode
        mov xl,pthen(xr)
                                                   store successor pointer
                                                   take successful exit
        exi
           here if evaluation fails
                                                   take failure return
       exi 3
evli1
           here if argument is not integer
evli2
       exi 1
                                                   take non-integer error exit
           here if argument is out of range
evli3
        exi 2
                                                   take out-of-range error exit
                                                   end procedure evali
        enp
```

```
evalp -- evaluate expression during pattern match
           evalp is used to evaluate an expression (by value) during
           a pattern match. the effect is like evalx, but pattern
           variables are stacked and restored if necessary.
           evalp also differs from evalx in that if the result is
           an expression it is reevaluated. this occurs repeatedly.
           to support optimization of pos and rpos, evalp uses wc
           to signal the caller for the case of a simple vrblk
           that is not an expression and is not trapped. because
           this case cannot have any side effects, optimization is
           possible.
           (xr)
                                  node pointer
           (wb)
                                  pattern match cursor
           jsr evalp
                                  call to evaluate expression
                                  transfer loc if evaluation fails
           ppm loc
           (x1)
                                  result
           (wa)
                                  first word of result block
           (wc)
                                  zero if simple vrblk, else non-zero
           (xr, wb)
                                  destroyed (failure case only)
           (ra)
                                  destroyed
           the expression pointer is stored in parm1 of the node
           control returns to failp on failure of evaluation
evalp
       prc r,1
                                                  entry point (recursive)
       mov parm1(xr),xl
                                                  load expression pointer
                                                  jump if exblk case
       beq (x1),=b$ex1,evlp1
           here for case of seblk
           we can give a fast return if the value of the vrblk is
           not an expression and is not trapped.
       mov sevar(xl),xl
                                                  load vrblk pointer
       mov vrval(xl),xl
                                                  load value of vrblk
                                                  load first word of value
       mov (x1), wa
       bhi wa,=b$t$$,evlp3
                                                  jump if not seblk, trblk or exblk
           here for exblk or seblk with expr value or trapped value
evlp1
       \mathbf{chk}
                                                  check for stack space
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                  stack node pointer
       mov wb,-(xs)
                                                  stack cursor
       mov r$pms,-(xs)
                                                  stack subject string pointer
       mov pmssl,-(xs)
                                                  stack subject string length
       mov pmdfl,-(xs)
                                                  stack dot flag
```

mov pmhbs,-(xs)
mov parm1(xr),xr

stack history stack base pointer load expression pointer

```
evalp (continued)
            loop back here to reevaluate expression result
evlp2
             wb
                                                     set flag for by value
        \mathbf{zer}
              evalx
                                                     evaluate expression
        jsr
        ppm evlp4
                                                     jump on failure
        mov (xr), wa
                                                     else load first word of value
            wa,=b$e$$,evlp2
                                                     loop back to reevaluate expression
            here to restore pattern values after successful eval
        mov xr,xl
                                                     copy result pointer
                                                     restore history stack base pointer
        mov (xs)+,pmhbs
        mov (xs)+,pmdfl
                                                     restore dot flag
        mov (xs)+,pmssl
                                                     restore subject string length
        mov (xs)+,r$pms
                                                     restore subject string pointer
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                     restore cursor
                                                     restore node pointer
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                     non-zero for simple vrblk
        mov xr,wc
        exi
                                                     return to evalp caller
            here to return after simple vrblk case
evlp3
                                                     simple vrblk, no side effects
        zer
             WC
                                                     return to evalp caller
        exi
            here for failure during evaluation
evlp4
        mov (xs)+,pmhbs
                                                     restore history stack base pointer
                                                     restore dot flag
        mov (xs)+,pmdfl
        mov (xs)+,pmssl
                                                     restore subject string length
        mov (xs)+,rpms
                                                     restore subject string pointer
        add *num02,xs
                                                     remove node ptr, cursor
        exi
                                                     take failure exit
                                                     end procedure evalp
        enp
```

```
evals -- evaluate string argument
            evals is used by span, any, notany, break, breakx when
            they are passed an expression argument.
            (xr)
                                   node pointer
            (wb)
                                    cursor
                                    call to evaluate string
            jsr evals
            ppm loc
                                    transfer loc for non-string arg
           ppm loc
                                    transfer loc for evaluation failure
                                    transfer loc for successful eval
            ppm loc
            (the normal return is never taken)
                                    ptr to node with parms set
            (xr)
            (xl,wc,ra)
                                    destroyed
            on return, the node pointed to has a character table
           pointer in parm1 and a bit mask in parm2. the proper
           successor is stored in pthen of this node. thus it is
            ok for merging with the normal (multi-char string) case.
evals
       prc r,3
                                                    entry point (recursive)
                                                    evaluate expression
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            evalp
        ppm evls1
                                                    jump if evaluation fails
        mov pthen(xr),-(xs)
                                                    save successor pointer
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                    save cursor
                                                    stack result ptr for patst
        mov xl,-(xs)
        zer wb
                                                    dummy pcode for one char string
                                                    dummy pcode for expression arg
        \mathbf{zer}
            WC
        mov =p$brk,xl
                                                    appropriate pcode for our use
            patst
        jsr
                                                    call routine to build node
        ppm evls2
                                                    jump if not string
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                    restore cursor
        mov (xs)+,pthen(xr)
                                                    store successor pointer
        exi 3
                                                    take success return
           here if evaluation fails
        exi 2
                                                    take failure return
evls1
           here if argument is not string
evls2
        add *num02,xs
                                                    pop successor and cursor
        \mathbf{exi}
                                                    take non-string error exit
                                                    end procedure evals
        enp
```

```
evalx -- evaluate expression
           evalx is called to evaluate an expression
           (xr)
                                  pointer to exblk or seblk
           (wb)
                                  0 if by value, 1 if by name
                                  call to evaluate expression
           jsr evalx
           ppm loc
                                  transfer loc if evaluation fails
                                  result if called by value
           (xr)
           (xl,wa)
                                  result name base, offset if by name
           (xr)
                                  destroyed (name case only)
           (xl,wa)
                                  destroyed (value case only)
           (wb,wc,ra)
                                  destroyed
evalx
       prc r,1
                                                  entry point, recursive
       beq (xr),=b$exl,evlx2
                                                  jump if exblk case
           here for seblk
                                                  load vrblk pointer (name base)
       mov sevar(xr),xl
                                                  set name offset
       mov *vrval,wa
       bnz wb,evlx1
                                                  jump if called by name
            acess
                                                  call routine to access value
       jsr
       ppm evlx9
                                                  jump if failure on access
           merge here to exit for seblk case
                                                  return to evalx caller
evlx1
       exi
```

```
evalx (continued)
           here for full expression (exblk) case
           if an error occurs in the expression code at execution
           time, control is passed via error section to exfal
           without returning to this routine.
           the following entries are made on the stack before
           giving control to the expression code
                                   evalx return point
                                   saved value of r$cod
                                   code pointer (-r$cod)
                                   saved value of flptr
                                   0 if by value, 1 if by name
           flptr ----- *exflc, fail offset in exblk
evlx2
                                                   get code pointer
       scp wc
                                                   load code block pointer
       mov r$cod,wa
       sub wa,wc
                                                   get code pointer as offset
                                                   stack old code block pointer
       mov wa,-(xs)
       mov wc,-(xs)
                                                   stack relative code offset
       mov flptr,-(xs)
                                                   stack old failure pointer
                                                   stack name/value indicator
       mov wb,-(xs)
       mov *exflc,-(xs)
                                                   stack new fail offset
                                                   keep in case of error
       mov flptr,gtcef
       mov r$cod,r$gtc
                                                   keep code block pointer similarly
       mov xs,flptr
                                                   set new failure pointer
       mov xr,r$cod
                                                   set new code block pointer
       mov kvstn,exstm(xr)
                                                   remember stmnt number
                                                   point to first code word
       add *excod,xr
                                                   set code pointer
       lcp xr
                                                   jump if not execution time
       bne stage,=stgxt,evlx0
       mov =stgee,stage
                                                   evaluating expression
           here to execute first code word of expression
                                                   clear garbage xl
evlx0
       \mathbf{zer}
            xl
       lcw xr
                                                   load first code word
       bri
            (xr)
                                                   execute it
```

```
evalx (continued)
            come here if successful return by value (see o$rvl)
       mov (xs)+,xr
                                                    load value
evlx3
        bze num01(xs),evlx5
                                                    jump if called by value
        erb 249, expression evaluated
                                                    by name returned value
           here for expression returning by name (see o$rnm)
evlx4
       mov (xs)+,wa
                                                    load name offset
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                    load name base
        \mathbf{bnz} num01(xs),evlx5
                                                    jump if called by name
                                                    else access value first
        jsr
             acess
        ppm evlx6
                                                    jump if failure during access
           here after loading correct result into xr or xl, wa
evlx5
                                                    note successful
       \mathbf{zer}
            wb
        brn evlx7
                                                    merge
           here for failure in expression evaluation (see offex)
                                                    note unsuccessful
       mnz wb
evlx6
           restore environment
evlx7
       bne stage,=stgee,evlx8
                                                    skip if was not previously xt
                                                    execute time
        mov =stgxt,stage
           merge with stage set up
evlx8
       add *num02,xs
                                                    pop name/value indicator, *exfal
                                                    restore old failure pointer
        mov (xs)+,flptr
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                    load code offset
        add (xs),wc
                                                    make code pointer absolute
                                                    restore old code block pointer
        mov (xs)+,r$cod
                                                    restore old code pointer
        lcp
             WC
                                                    jump for successful return
        bze wb,evlx1
           merge here for failure in seblk case
                                                    take failure exit
evlx9
        exi 1
                                                    end of procedure evalx
        enp
```

```
exbld -- build exblk
            exbld is used to build an expression block from the
            code compiled most recently in the current ccblk.
            (x1)
                                    offset in ccblk to start of code
            (wb)
                                    integer in range 0 le n le mxlen
            jsr exbld
                                    call to build exblk
            (xr)
                                    ptr to constructed exblk
            (wa,wb,xl)
                                    destroyed
exbld
        prc e,0
                                                    entry point
        mov xl,wa
                                                    copy offset to start of code
                                                    calc reduction in offset in exblk
        sub *excod, wa
                                                    stack for later
        mov wa,-(xs)
        mov cwcof, wa
                                                    load final offset
        sub x1,wa
                                                    compute length of code
        add *exsi$,wa
                                                    add space for standard fields
                                                    allocate space for exblk
        jsr
             alloc
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                    save pointer to exblk
        mov =b$exl,extyp(xr)
                                                    store type word
                                                    zeroise stmnt number field
            exstm(xr)
        zer
if.csln
        mov cmpln,exsln(xr)
                                                    set line number field
fi
        mov wa, exlen(xr)
                                                    store length
        mov =ofex$,exflc(xr)
                                                    store failure word
                                                    set xr for mvw
        add *exsi$,xr
        mov xl,cwcof
                                                    reset offset to start of code
        add r$ccb,xl
                                                    point to start of code
        sub *exsi$,wa
                                                    length of code to move
                                                    stack length of code
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                    move code to exblk
        mvw
        mov (xs)+, wa
                                                    get length of code
                                                    convert byte count to word count
        btw wa
                                                    prepare counter for loop
        \mathbf{lct}
             wa,wa
        mov (xs),xl
                                                    copy exblk ptr, dont unstack
        add *excod,xl
                                                    point to code itself
        mov num01(xs),wb
                                                    get reduction in offset
            this loop searches for negation and selection code so
            that the offsets computed whilst code was in code block
            can be transformed to reduced values applicable in an
            exblk.
        mov (xl)+,xr
                                                    get next code word
exbl1
        beq xr,=osla$,exbl3
                                                    jump if selection found
        beq xr,=onta$,exbl3
                                                    jump if negation found
        {f bct} wa, exbl1
                                                    loop to end of code
```

* no selection found or merge to exit on termination

exbl2 mov (xs)+,xr pop exblk ptr into xr mov (xs)+,xl pop reduction constant exi return to caller

```
exbld (continued)
           selection or negation found
           reduce the offsets as needed. offsets occur in words
            following code words -
                 =onta$, =osla$, =oslb$, =oslc$
        \operatorname{sub} wb,(x1)+
exb13
                                                   adjust offset
        bct wa, exbl4
                                                   decrement count
                                                   decrement count
exbl4
        bct wa, exb15
            continue search for more offsets
exbl5
        mov (x1)+,xr
                                                   get next code word
                                                   jump if offset found
        beq xr,=osla$,exbl3
        beq xr,=oslb$,exbl3
                                                   jump if offset found
                                                   jump if offset found
        beq xr,=oslc$,exbl3
        beq xr,=onta$,exbl3
                                                   jump if offset found
        bct wa, exbl5
                                                   loop
        brn exbl2
                                                   merge to return
        enp
                                                   end procedure exbld
```

k

expan -- analyze expression

*

the expression analyzer (expan) procedure is used to scan an expression and convert it into a tree representation. see the description of cmblk in the structures section for detailed format of tree blocks.

*

the analyzer uses a simple precedence scheme in which operands and operators are placed on a single stack and condensations are made when low precedence operators are stacked after a higher precedence operator. a global variable (in wb) keeps track of the level as follows.

*

- O scanning outer level of statement or expression
- 1 scanning outer level of normal goto
- 2 scanning outer level of direct goto
- 3 scanning inside array brackets
- 4 scanning inside grouping parentheses
- 5 scanning inside function parentheses

*

this variable is saved on the stack on encountering a grouping and restored at the end of the grouping.

*

another global variable (in wc) counts the number of items at one grouping level and is incremented for each comma encountered. it is stacked with the level indicator

*

the scan is controlled by a three state finite machine. a global variable stored in wa is the current state.

operator expected

*

wa=2

(xl,wa,wb,wc,ra)

destroyed

*

the entry value of wb indicates the call type as follows.

*

o scanning either the main body of a statement or the text of an expression (from eval call). valid terminators are colon, semicolon. the rescan flag is set to return the terminator on the next scane call.

*

scanning a normal goto. the only valid terminator is a right paren.

*

2 scanning a direct goto. the only valid terminator is a right bracket.

```
expan (continued)
             entry point
              e,0
                                                        entry point
expan
        prc
              -(xs)
                                                        set top of stack indicator
        zer
                                                        set initial state to zero
        zer
              wa
        zer
              WC
                                                        zero counter value
            loop here for successive entries
exp01
                                                        scan next element
        jsr
               scane
        add wa,xl
                                                        add state to syntax code
        bsw xl,t$nes
                                                        switch on element type/state
        iff
              t$va0,exp03
                                                        variable, s=0
        iff
               t$va1,exp03
                                                        variable, state one
        iff
                                                        variable, s=2
               t$va2,exp04
        iff
               t$co0,exp03
                                                        constant, s=0
        iff
               t$co1,exp03
                                                        constant, s=1
        iff
               t$co2,exp04
                                                        constant, s=2
        iff
               t$1p0,exp06
                                                        left paren, s=0
        iff
               t$1p1,exp06
                                                        left paren, s=1
        iff
               t$1p2,exp04
                                                        left paren, s=2
        iff
               t$fn0,exp10
                                                        function, s=0
        iff
               t$fn1,exp10
                                                        function, s=1
        iff
               t$fn2,exp04
                                                        function, s=2
        iff
               t$rp0,exp02
                                                        right paren, s=0
        iff
               t$rp1,exp05
                                                        right paren, s=1
        iff
               t$rp2,exp12
                                                        right paren, s=2
        iff
               t$1b0,exp08
                                                        left brkt, s=0
        iff
               t$1b1,exp08
                                                        left brkt, s=1
        iff
               t$1b2,exp09
                                                        left brkt, s=2
        iff
               t$rb0,exp02
                                                        right brkt, s=0
        iff
               t$rb1,exp05
                                                        right brkt, s=1
        iff
               t$rb2,exp18
                                                        right brkt, s=2
        iff
               t$uo0,exp27
                                                        unop, s=0
        iff
               t$uo1,exp27
                                                        unop, s=1
        iff
               t$uo2,exp04
                                                        unop, s=2
        iff
               t$bo0,exp05
                                                        binop, s=0
        iff
               t$bo1,exp05
                                                        binop, s=1
        iff
               t$bo2,exp26
                                                        binop, s=2
        iff
               t$cm0,exp02
                                                        comma, s=0
        iff
               t$cm1,exp05
                                                        comma, s=1
        iff
               t$cm2,exp11
                                                        comma, s=2
        iff
               t$c10,exp02
                                                        colon, s=0
        iff
               t$cl1,exp05
                                                        colon, s=1
        iff
                                                        colon, s=2
               t$c12,exp19
        iff
               t$sm0,exp02
                                                        semicolon, s=0
        iff
               t$sm1,exp05
                                                        semicolon, s=1
        iff
               t$sm2,exp19
                                                        semicolon, s=2
                                                        end switch on element type/state
        \mathbf{esw}
```

```
expan (continued)
           here for rbr,rpr,col,smc,cma in state 0
           set to rescan the terminator encountered and create
           a null constant (case of omitted null)
exp02
       mnz scnrs
                                                   set to rescan element
       mov =nulls,xr
                                                   point to null, merge
           here for var or con in states 0,1
           stack the variable/constant and set state=2
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                   stack pointer to operand
exp03
       mov =num02,wa
                                                   set state 2
       brn exp01
                                                   jump for next element
           here for var, con, lpr, fnc, uop in state 2
           we rescan the element and create a concatenation operator
           this is the case of the blank concatenation operator.
exp04
       mnz scnrs
                                                   set to rescan element
                                                   point to concat operator dv
       mov =opdvc,xr
                                                   ok if at top level
       bze wb, exp4a
       mov =opdvp,xr
                                                   else point to unmistakable concat.
           merge here when xr set up with proper concatenation dvblk
       bnz scnbl, exp26
                                                   merge bop if blanks, else error
exp4a
           dcv scnse
                                   adjust start of element location
       erb 220, syntax error:
                                                   missing operator
           here for cma,rpr,rbr,col,smc,bop(s=1) bop(s=0)
           this is an erronous contruction
           dcv scnse
                                   adjust start of element location
exp05
       erb 221, syntax error:
                                                   missing operand
           here for lpr (s=0,1)
exp06
       mov = num04,x1
                                                   set new level indicator
                                                   set zero value for cmopn
       \mathbf{zer}
           xr
```

```
expan (continued)
            merge here to store old level on stack and start new one
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     stack cmopn value
exp07
        mov wc,-(xs)
                                                     stack old counter
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                     stack old level indicator
        chk
                                                     check for stack overflow
        zer
             wa
                                                     set new state to zero
        {f mov} xl,wb
                                                     set new level indicator
        mov =num01,wc
                                                     initialize new counter
        brn exp01
                                                     jump to scan next element
            here for lbr (s=0,1)
            this is an illegal use of left bracket
                                                     invalid use of left bracket
exp08
        erb 222, syntax error:
            here for 1br (s=2)
            set new level and start to scan subscripts
        mov (xs)+,xr
exp09
                                                     load array ptr for cmopn
        mov = num03, x1
                                                     set new level indicator
        brn exp07
                                                     jump to stack old and start new
            here for fnc (s=0,1)
            stack old level and start to scan arguments
exp10
        mov = num05, x1
                                                     set new lev indic (xr=vrblk=cmopn)
        brn exp07
                                                     jump to stack old and start new
            here for cma (s=2)
            increment argument count and continue
exp11
        icv
             WC
                                                     increment counter
              expdm
                                                     dump operators at this level
        jsr
        zer
             -(xs)
                                                     set new level for parameter
        \mathbf{zer}
             wa
                                                     set new state
        bgt wb,=num02,exp01
                                                     loop back unless outer level
                                                     invalid use of comma
        erb 223, syntax error:
```

```
expan (continued)
            here for rpr (s=2)
            at outer level in a normal goto this is a terminator
            otherwise it must terminate a function or grouping
exp12
        beq wb,=num01,exp20
                                                     end of normal goto
                                                     end of function arguments
        beq wb,=num05,exp13
        beq wb,=num04,exp14
                                                     end of grouping / selection
        erb 224, syntax error:
                                                     unbalanced right parenthesis
            here at end of function arguments
        \mathbf{mov} =c$fnc,xl
exp13
                                                     set cmtyp value for function
        brn exp15
                                                     jump to build cmblk
            here for end of grouping
exp14
        beq wc,=num01,exp17
                                                    jump if end of grouping
        mov =c$sel,xl
                                                     else set cmtyp for selection
            merge here to build cmblk for level just scanned and
            to pop up to the previous scan level before continuing.
exp15
             expdm
                                                     dump operators at this level
       jsr
        mov wc,wa
                                                     copy count
                                                     add for standard fields at start
        add =cmvls,wa
        \mathbf{wtb} wa
                                                     convert length to bytes
        jsr
             alloc
                                                     allocate space for cmblk
        mov =b$cmt,(xr)
                                                     store type code for cmblk
        mov xl,cmtyp(xr)
                                                     store cmblk node type indicator
                                                     store length
        mov wa, cmlen(xr)
        add wa,xr
                                                     point past end of block
        \operatorname{lct}
            WC,WC
                                                     set loop counter
            loop to move remaining words to cmblk
exp16
        mov (xs)+,-(xr)
                                                     move one operand ptr from stack
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                     pop to old level indicator
        bct wc,exp16
                                                     loop till all moved
```

```
expan (continued)
           complete cmblk and stack pointer to it on stack
       sub *cmvls,xr
                                                   point back to start of block
                                                   restore old counter
       mov (xs)+,wc
       mov (xs),cmopn(xr)
                                                   store operand ptr in cmblk
       mov xr,(xs)
                                                   stack cmblk pointer
       mov =num02,wa
                                                   set new state
       brn exp01
                                                   back for next element
           here at end of a parenthesized expression
exp17
       jsr
            expdm
                                                   dump operators at this level
       mov (xs)+,xr
                                                   restore xr
       mov (xs)+,wb
                                                   restore outer level
       mov (xs)+,wc
                                                   restore outer count
       mov xr,(xs)
                                                   store opnd over unused cmopn val
       mov =num02,wa
                                                   set new state
       brn exp01
                                                   back for next ele8ent
           here for rbr (s=2)
           at outer level in a direct goto, this is a terminator.
           otherwise it must terminate a subscript list.
       mov =c$arr,xl
                                                   set cmtyp for array reference
exp18
       beq wb,=num03,exp15
                                                   jump to build cmblk if end arrayref
       beq wb,=num02,exp20
                                                   jump if end of direct goto
       erb 225, syntax error:
                                                   unbalanced right bracket
```

```
expan (continued)
            here for col,smc (s=2)
            error unless terminating statement body at outer level
exp19
        mnz scnrs
                                                     rescan terminator
        mov wb,xl
                                                     copy level indicator
        bsw x1,6
                                                     switch on level indicator
        iff
              0,exp20
                                                     normal outer level
                                                     fail if normal goto
        iff
              1,exp22
                                                     fail if direct goto
        iff
              2,exp23
        iff
              3,exp24
                                                     fail array brackets
        iff
                                                     fail if in grouping
              4,exp21
        iff
              5,exp21
                                                     fail function args
                                                     end switch on level
        esw
            here at normal end of expression
exp20
                                                     dump remaining operators
        jsr
              expdm
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                     load tree pointer
                                                     pop off bottom of stack marker
        ica
              xs
        exi
                                                     return to expan caller
            missing right paren
                                                     missing right paren
exp21
        erb 226, syntax error:
            missing right paren in goto field
                                                     right paren missing from goto
exp22
        erb 227, syntax error:
            missing bracket in goto
                                                     right bracket missing from goto
exp23
        erb 228, syntax error:
            missing array bracket
exp24
        erb 229, syntax error:
                                                     missing right array bracket
```

```
expan (continued)
           loop here when an operator causes an operator dump
       mov 229, syntax error::
exp25
                                                  pop one operator
       jsr
            expop
       mov expsv,xr
                                                  restore op dv pointer and merge
           here for bop (s=2)
           remove operators (condense) from stack until no more
           left at this level or top one has lower precedence.
           loop here till this condition is met.
       mov num01(xs),xl
exp26
                                                  load operator dvptr from stack
       ble x1,=num05,exp27
                                                  jump if bottom of stack level
       blt
             dvrpr(xr),dvlpr(xl),exp25
                                                  else pop if new prec is lo
           here for uop (s=0,1)
           binary operator merges after precedence check
           the operator dv is stored on the stack and the scan
           continues after setting the scan state to one.
                                                  stack operator dvptr on stack
exp27
       mov xr, -(xs)
       \mathbf{chk}
                                                  check for stack overflow
                                                  set new state
       mov =num01, wa
       bne xr,=opdvs,exp01
                                                  back for next element unless =
           here for special case of binary =. the syntax allows a
           null right argument for this operator to be left
           out. accordingly we reset to state zero to get proper
           action on a terminator (supply a null constant).
       zer
            wa
                                                  set state zero
                                                  jump for next element
       brn exp01
                                                  end procedure expan
       enp
```

```
expap -- test for pattern match tree
           expap is passed an expression tree to determine if it
           is a pattern match. the following are recogized as
           matches in the context of this call.
           1)
                 an explicit use of binary question mark
           2)
                 a concatenation
           3)
                 an alternation whose left operand is a concatenation
           (xr)
                                   ptr to expan tree
           jsr expap
                                   call to test for pattern match
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc if not a pattern match
           (wa)
                                   destroyed
            (xr)
                                   unchanged (if not match)
           (xr)
                                   ptr to binary operator blk if match
                                                  entry point
       prc e,1
expap
       mov xl,-(xs)
                                                  save xl
       bne (xr),=b$cmt,expp2
                                                  no match if not complex
                                                  else load type code
       mov cmtyp(xr),wa
                                                  concatenation is a match
       beq wa,=c$cnc,expp1
                                                  binary question mark is a match
       beq wa,=c$pmt,expp1
       bne wa,=c$alt,expp2
                                                  else not match unless alternation
           here for alternation. change (a b) / c to a qm (b / c)
       mov cmlop(xr),xl
                                                  load left operand pointer
       bne (x1),=b$cmt,expp2
                                                  not match if left opnd not complex
       bne cmtyp(x1),=c$cnc,expp2
                                                  not match if left op not conc
       mov cmrop(x1),cmlop(xr)
                                                  xr points to (b / c)
       mov xr,cmrop(xl)
                                                  set xl opnds to a, (b / c)
       mov xl,xr
                                                  point to this altered node
           exit here for pattern match
       mov (xs)+,xl
                                                  restore entry xl
expp1
       exi
                                                  give pattern match return
           exit here if not pattern match
       mov (xs)+,xl
                                                  restore entry xl
expp2
       exi
                                                  give non-match return
       enp
                                                  end procedure expap
```

```
expdm -- dump operators at current level (for expan)
           expdm uses expop to condense all operators at this syntax
           level. the stack bottom is recognized from the level
           value which is saved on the top of the stack.
           jsr expdm
                                  call to dump operators
           (xs)
                                  popped as required
           (xr,wa)
                                  destroyed
       prc n,0
                                                  entry point
expdm
       mov xl,r$exs
                                                  save xl value
           loop to dump operators
                                                  jump if stack bottom (saved level
exdm1
       ble
            num01(xs),=num05,exdm2
       jsr
             expop
                                                  else pop one operator
                                                  and loop back
       brn exdm1
           here after popping all operators
exdm2
       mov r$exs,xl
                                                  restore xl
                                                  release save location
            r$exs
       zer
       exi
                                                  return to expdm caller
                                                  end procedure expdm
       enp
```

```
expop-- pop operator (for expan)
           expop is used by the expan routine to condense one
           operator from the top of the syntax stack. an appropriate
           cmblk is built for the operator (unary or binary) and a
           pointer to this cmblk is stacked.
           expop is also used by scngf (goto field scan) procedure
           jsr expop
                                   call to pop operator
            (xs)
                                   popped appropriately
           (xr,xl,wa)
                                   destroyed
       prc n,0
                                                   entry point
expop
       mov num01(xs),xr
                                                   load operator dv pointer
       beq dvlpr(xr),=lluno,expo2
                                                   jump if unary
           here for binary operator
                                                   set size of binary operator cmblk
       mov *cmbs$, wa
                                                   allocate space for cmblk
       jsr
            alloc
       mov (xs)+, cmrop(xr)
                                                   pop and store right operand ptr
       mov (xs)+,xl
                                                   pop and load operator dv ptr
       mov (xs),cmlop(xr)
                                                   store left operand pointer
           common exit point
expo1
       mov =b$cmt,(xr)
                                                   store type code for cmblk
       mov dvtyp(x1),cmtyp(xr)
                                                   store cmblk node type code
       mov xl,cmopn(xr)
                                                   store dvptr (=ptr to dac o$xxx)
       mov wa,cmlen(xr)
                                                   store cmblk length
       mov xr,(xs)
                                                   store resulting node ptr on stack
       exi
                                                   return to expop caller
           here for unary operator
                                                   set size of unary operator cmblk
expo2
       mov *cmus$, wa
            alloc
                                                   allocate space for cmblk
       jsr
       mov (xs)+, cmrop(xr)
                                                   pop and store operand pointer
                                                   load operator dv pointer
       mov (xs),xl
       brn expo1
                                                   merge back to exit
                                                   end procedure expop
       enp
```

```
if.csfn
           filnm -- obtain file name from statement number
           filnm takes a statement number and examines the file name
           table pointed to by r$sfn to find the name of the file
           containing the given statement. table entries are
           arranged in order of ascending statement number (there
           is only one hash bucket in this table). elements are
           added to the table each time there is a change in
           file name, recording the then current statement number.
           to find the file name, the linked list of teblks is
           scanned for an element containing a subscript (statement
           number) greater than the argument statement number, or
           the end of chain. when this condition is met, the
           previous teblk contains the desired file name as its
           value entry.
           (wc)
                                  statement number
                                  call to obtain file name
           jsr filnm
           (x1)
                                  file name (scblk)
           (ia)
                                  destroyed
filnm
       prc e,0
                                                  entry point
       mov wb,-(xs)
                                                  preserve wb
       bze wc,filn3
                                                  return nulls if stno is zero
                                                  file name table
       mov r$sfn,xl
                                                  if no table
       bze xl,filn3
       mov tbbuk(x1),wb
                                                  get bucket entry
       beq wb,r$sfn,filn3
                                                  jump if no teblks on chain
       mov xr, -(xs)
                                                  preserve xr
       mov wb,xr
                                                  previous block pointer
       mov wc,-(xs)
                                                  preserve stmt number
           loop through teblks on hash chain
       mov xr,xl
filn1
                                                  next element to examine
       mov tesub(x1),xr
                                                  load subscript value (an icblk)
            icval(xr)
       ldi
                                                  load the statement number
       mfi wc
                                                  convert to address constant
       \mathbf{blt}
            (xs),wc,filn2
                                                  compare arg with teblk stmt number
           here if desired stmt number is ge teblk stmt number
       mov xl,wb
                                                  save previous entry pointer
       mov tenxt(x1),xr
                                                  point to next teblk on chain
       bne xr,r$sfn,filn1
                                                  jump if there is one
           here if chain exhausted or desired block found.
```

```
film2 mov wb,xl
                                                           previous teblk
         mov teval(x1),x1
                                                           get ptr to file name scblk
         \operatorname{mov} (xs)+,wc
                                                           restore stmt number
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                           restore\ xr
         mov (xs)+,wb
                                                           restore wb
         exi (xs)+,wb
                                                           restore wb
    *
             no table or no table entries
filn3
         mov (xs)+,wb
                                                           restore wb
         mov =nulls,xl
                                                           return null string
         exi =nulls,xl
                                                           {\rm return} \ {\rm null} \ {\rm string}
         enp =nulls,xl
                                                           {\rm return} \ {\rm null} \ {\rm string}
```

```
fi
if .culc
            flstg -- fold string to upper case
            flstg folds a character string containing lower case
             characters to one containing upper case characters.
             folding is only done if &case (kvcas) is not zero.
             (xr)
                                      string argument
             (wa)
                                      length of string
             jsr flstg
                                      call to fold string
                                      result string (possibly original)
             (xr)
             (wc)
                                      destroyed
                                                       entry point
flstg
        prc e,0
                                                       skip if &case is 0
        bze kvcas,fst99
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                       save xl across call
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       save original scblk ptr
              alocs
                                                       allocate new string block
        jsr
        mov (xs),xl
                                                       point to original scblk
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                       save pointer to new scblk
        plc
              xl
                                                       point to original chars
                                                       point to new chars
        \mathbf{psc}
              xr
              -(xs)
                                                       init did fold flag
        zer
        \operatorname{lct}
              WC,WC
                                                       load loop counter
fst01
        lch
             wa,(xl)+
                                                       load character
        \mathbf{blt}
              wa,=ch$$a,fst02
                                                       skip if less than lc a
        bgt wa,=ch$$$,fst02
                                                       skip if greater than lc z
        \mathbf{flc}
                                                       fold character to upper case
              wa
        mnz (xs)
                                                       set did fold character flag
fst02
        sch wa, (xr)+
                                                       store (possibly folded) character
        bct wc,fst01
                                                       loop thru entire string
                                                       complete store characters
        \mathbf{csc}
              xr
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       see if any change
                                                       skip if folding done (no change)
        bnz xr,fst10
        mov (xs)+,dnamp
                                                       do not need new scblk
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       return original scblk
        brn fst20
                                                       merge below
fst10
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       return new scblk
        ica
              xs
                                                       throw away original scblk pointer
fst20
        mov sclen(xr), wa
                                                       reload string length
                                                       restore xl
        mov (xs)+,xl
fst99
        exi
                                                       return
        enp
                                                       return
```

fi gbcol -- perform garbage collection gbcol performs a garbage collection on the dynamic region all blocks which are no longer in use are eliminated by moving blocks which are in use down and resetting dnamp, the pointer to the next available location. (wb) move offset (see below) jsr gbcol call to collect garbage $if.\mathbf{csed}$ (xr) sediment size after collection else(xr) destroyed fi the following conditions must be met at the time when gbcol is called. 1) all pointers to blocks in the dynamic area must be accessible to the garbage collector. this means that they must occur in one of the following. a) main stack, with current top element being indicated by xs b) in relocatable fields of vrblks. c) in register xl at the time of call e) in the special region of working storage where names begin with r\$. 2) all pointers must point to the start of blocks with the sole exception of the contents of the code pointer register which points into the r\$cod block. 3) no location which appears to contain a pointer into the dynamic region may occur unless it is in fact a pointer to the start of the block. however pointers outside this area may occur and will not be changed by the garbage collector. it is especially important to make sure that xl does not contain a garbage value from some process carried out before the call to the collector. gbcol has the capability of moving the final compacted

gbcol has the capability of moving the final compacted result up in memory (with addresses adjusted accordingly) this is used to add space to the static region. the entry value of wb is the number of bytes to move up. the caller must guarantee that there is enough room.

- * furthermore the value in wb if it is non-zero, must be at
- * least 256 so that the mwb instruction conditions are met.

gbcol (continued)

the algorithm, which is a modification of the lisp-2 garbage collector devised by r.dewar and k.belcher takes three passes as follows.

*

all pointers in memory are scanned and blocks in use determined from this scan. note that this procedure is recursive and uses the main stack for linkage. the marking process is thus similar to that used in a standard lisp collector. however the method of actually marking the blocks is different.

*

the first field of a block normally contains a code entry point pointer. such an entry pointer can be distinguished from the address of any pointer to be processed by the collector. during garbage collection, this word is used to build a back chain of pointers through fields which point to the block. the end of the chain is marked by the occurence of the word which used to be in the first word of the block. this backchain serves both as a mark indicating that the block is in use and as a list of references for the relocation phase.

*

2) storage is scanned sequentially to discover which blocks are currently in use as indicated by the presence of a backchain. two pointers are maintained one scans through looking at each block. the other is incremented only for blocks found to be in use. in this way, the eventual location of each block can be determined without actually moving any blocks. as each block which is in use is processed, the back chain is used to reset all pointers which point to this block to contain its new address, i.e. the address it will occupy after the blocks are moved. the first word of the block, taken from the end of the chain is restored at this point.

*

during pass 2, the collector builds blocks which describe the regions of storage which are to be moved in the third pass. there is one descriptor for each contiguous set of good blocks. the descriptor is built just behind the block to be moved and contains a pointer to the next block and the number of words to be moved.

*

3) in the third and final pass, the move descriptor blocks built in pass two are used to actually move the blocks down to the bottom of the dynamic region. the collection is then complete and the next available location pointer is reset.

798

* gbcol (continued)

 $if.\mathbf{csed}$

*

the garbage collector also recognizes the concept of sediment. sediment is defined as long-lived objects which percipitate to the bottom of dynamic storage. moving these objects during repeated collections is inefficient. it also contributes to thrashing on systems with virtual memory. in a typical worst-case situation, there may be several megabytes of live objects in the sediment, and only a few dead objects in need of collection. without recognising sediment, the standard collector would move those megabytes of objects downward to squeeze out the dead objects. this type of move would result in excessive thrasing for very little memory gain.

*

scanning of blocks in the sediment cannot be avoided entirely, because these blocks may contain pointers to live objects above the sediment. however, sediment blocks need not be linked to a back chain as described in pass one above. since these blocks will not be moved, pointers to them do not need to be adjusted. eliminating unnecessary back chain links increases locality of reference, improving virtual memory performance.

*

because back chains are used to mark blocks whose contents have been processed, a different marking system

 $if.\mathbf{cepp}$

is needed for blocks in the sediment. since block type words point to odd-parity entry addresses, merely incrementing the type word serves to mark the block as processed. during pass three, the type words are decremented to restore them to their original value.

else

is needed for blocks in the sediment. all block type words normally lie in the range b\$aaa to p\$yyy. blocks can be marked by adding an offset (created in gbcmk) to move type words out of this range. during pass three the offset is subtracted to restore them to their original value.

fi

gbcol (continued)

*

the variable dnams contains the number of bytes of memory currently in the sediment. setting dnams to zero will eliminate the sediment and force it to be included in a full garbage collection. gbcol returns a suggested new value for dnams (usually dnamp-dnamb) in xr which the caller can store in dnams if it wishes to maintain the sediment. that is, data remaining after a garbage collection is considered to be sediment. if one accepts the common lore that most objects are either very shortor very long-lived, then this naive setting of dnams probably includes some short-lived objects toward the end of the sediment.

*

knowing when to reset dnams to zero to collect the sediment is not precisely known. We force it to zero prior to producing a dump, when gbcol is invoked by collect() (so that the sediment is invisible to the user), when sysmm is unable to obtain additional memory, and when gbcol is called to relocate the dynamic area up in memory (to make room for enlarging the static area). if there are no other reset situations, this leads to the inexorable growth of the sediment, possible forcing a modest program to begin to use virtual memory that it otherwise would not.

*

as we scan sediment blocks in pass three, we maintain aggregate counts of the amount of dead and live storage, which is used to decide when to reset dnams. When the ratio of free storage found in the sediment to total sediment size exceeds a threshold, the sediment is marked for collection on the next gbcol call.

*

fi

```
gbcol (continued)
                                                         entry point
gbcol
        prc e,0
        bnz dmvch,gbc14
                                                         fail if in mid-dump
        mnz gbcfl
                                                         note gbcol entered
        mov wa, gbsva
                                                         save entry wa
        mov wb,gbsvb
                                                         save entry wb
        mov wc,gbsvc
                                                         save entry wc
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                         save entry xl
                                                         get code pointer value
        scp
              wa
        \mathbf{sub}
              r$cod,wa
                                                         make relative
        lcp
                                                         and restore
               wa
if.\mathbf{csed}
        bze
              wb,gbc0a
                                                         check there is no move offset
               dnams
                                                         collect sediment if must move it
        zer
gbc0a
        mov dnamb, wa
                                                         start of dynamic area
                                                         size of sediment
        add dnams, wa
        mov wa, gbcsd
                                                         first location past sediment
  if.cepp
  else
        mov =p$yyy,wa
                                                         last entry point
                                                         address past last entry point
        icv
               wa
        sub =b$aaa,wa
                                                         size of entry point area
                                                         use to mark processed sed. blocks
        mov wa, gbcmk
  fi
fi
if.\mathbf{cgbc}
             inform sysgc that collection to commence
                                                         non-zero flags start of collection
        mnz xr
        mov dnamb, wa
                                                         start of dynamic area
        mov dnamp, wb
                                                         next available location
                                                         last available location + 1
        mov dname, wc
                                                         inform of collection
        jsr
               sysgc
fi
             process stack entries
                                                         point to stack front
        mov xs,xr
        mov stbas,xl
                                                         point past end of stack
                                                         ok if d-stack
        bge xl,xr,gbc00
                                                         reverse if ...
        mov xl,xr
        mov xs,xl
                                                         ... u-stack
             process the stack
gbc00
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               gbcpf
                                                         process pointers on stack
```

```
process special work locations
        mov =r$aaa,xr
                                                    point to start of relocatable locs
                                                    point past end of relocatable locs
        mov =r$yyy,xl
                                                    process work fields
             gbcpf
           prepare to process variable blocks
        mov hshtb,wa
                                                    point to first hash slot pointer
           loop through hash slots
gbc01
       mov wa,xl
                                                    point to next slot
        ica wa
                                                    bump bucket pointer
        mov wa,gbcnm
                                                    save bucket pointer
```

```
gbcol (continued)
            loop through variables on one hash chain
gbc02
        mov (xl),xr
                                                        load ptr to next vrblk
                                                        jump if end of chain
        bze xr,gbc03
        mov xr,xl
                                                        else copy vrblk pointer
        add *vrval,xr
                                                        point to first reloc fld
        add *vrnxt,xl
                                                        point past last (and to link ptr)
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              gbcpf
                                                        process reloc fields in vrblk
        {\bf brn} gbc02
                                                        loop back for next block
            here at end of one hash chain
        mov gbcnm, wa
                                                        restore bucket pointer
gbc03
        bne wa, hshte, gbc01
                                                        loop back if more buckets to go
```

```
gbcol (continued)
           now we are ready to start pass two. registers are used
           as follows in pass two.
            (xr)
                                   scans through all blocks
            (wc)
                                   pointer to eventual location
           the move description blocks built in this pass have
           the following format.
           word 1
                                   pointer to next move block,
                                   zero if end of chain of blocks
           word 2
                                   length of blocks to be moved in
                                   bytes. set to the address of the
                                   first byte while actually scanning
                                   the blocks.
           the first entry on this chain is a special entry
            consisting of the two words gbcnm and gbcns. after
           building the chain of move descriptors, gbcnm points to
           the first real move block, and gbcns is the length of
           blocks in use at the start of storage which need not
           be moved since they are in the correct position.
if .csed
                                                    point to first block
        mov dnamb, xr
                                                    accumulate size of dead blocks
             wb
        beq xr,gbcsd,gbc4c
                                                    jump if end of sediment
gbc04
        mov (xr),wa
                                                    else get first word
  if.cepp
        bod wa,gbc4b
                                                    jump if entry pointer (unused)
                                                    restore entry pointer
        dcv wa
  else
        bhi wa,=p$yyy,gbc4a
                                                    skip if not entry ptr (in use)
        bhi wa,=b$aaa,gbc4b
                                                    jump if entry pointer (unused)
gbc4a
       sub gbcmk, wa
                                                    restore entry pointer
  fi
        mov wa,(xr)
                                                    restore first word
        jsr
             blkln
                                                    get length of this block
        add wa,xr
                                                    bump actual pointer
        brn gbc04
                                                    continue scan through sediment
           here for unused sediment block
            blkln
                                                    get length of this block
gbc4b
       \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        add wa,xr
                                                    bump actual pointer
                                                    count size of unused blocks
        add wa, wb
        brn gbc04
                                                    continue scan through sediment
```

```
here at end of sediment. remember size of free blocks
           within the sediment. this will be used later to decide
           how to set the sediment size returned to caller.
           then scan rest of dynamic area above sediment.
            (wb) = aggregate size of free blocks in sediment
            (xr) = first location past sediment
gbc4c
        mov wb,gbcsf
                                                    size of sediment free space
else
                                                    point to first block
        mov dnamb, xr
fi
                                                    set as first eventual location
        mov xr,wc
                                                    add offset for eventual move up
        add gbsvb,wc
            gbcnm
                                                    clear initial forward pointer
        mov =gbcnm,gbclm
                                                    initialize ptr to last move block
                                                    initialize first address
        mov xr, gbcns
           loop through a series of blocks in use
gbc05
                                                    jump if end of used region
       beq xr,dnamp,gbc07
        mov (xr), wa
                                                    else get first word
if .cepp
        bod wa,gbc07
                                                    jump if entry pointer (unused)
else
        bhi wa,=p$yyy,gbc06
                                                    skip if not entry ptr (in use)
        bhi wa,=b$aaa,gbc07
                                                    jump if entry pointer (unused)
fi
           here for block in use, loop to relocate references
       mov wa,xl
gbc06
                                                    copy pointer
                                                    load forward pointer
        mov (x1), wa
        mov wc,(x1)
                                                    relocate reference
if .cepp
        bev wa,gbc06
                                                    loop back if not end of chain
else
                                                    loop back if not end of chain
        bhi wa,=p$yyy,gbc06
        blo
            wa,=b$aaa,gbc06
                                                    loop back if not end of chain
fi
```

```
gbcol (continued)
            at end of chain, restore first word and bump past
        mov wa,(xr)
                                                    restore first word
             blkln
                                                    get length of this block
        isr
        add wa,xr
                                                    bump actual pointer
        add wa,wc
                                                    bump eventual pointer
        brn gbc05
                                                    loop back for next block
           here at end of a series of blocks in use
gbc07
        mov xr,wa
                                                    copy pointer past last block
        mov gbclm,xl
                                                    point to previous move block
        sub num01(x1),wa
                                                    subtract starting address
        mov wa, num01(x1)
                                                    store length of block to be moved
           loop through a series of blocks not in use
                                                    jump if end of used region
gbc08
        beq xr,dnamp,gbc10
        mov (xr), wa
                                                    else load first word of next block
if .cepp
        bev wa,gbc09
                                                    jump if in use
else
                                                    jump if in use
        bhi wa,=p$yyy,gbc09
        blo
             wa,=b$aaa,gbc09
                                                    jump if in use
fi
        jsr
             blkln
                                                    else get length of next block
        add wa,xr
                                                    push pointer
        brn gbc08
                                                    and loop back
           here for a block in use after processing a series of
           blocks which were not in use, build new move block.
gbc09
        sub *num02,xr
                                                    point 2 words behind for move block
        mov gbclm,xl
                                                    point to previous move block
        mov xr,(x1)
                                                    set forward ptr in previous block
                                                    zero forward ptr of new block
        zer
             (xr)
                                                    remember address of this block
        mov xr,gbclm
        mov xr,xl
                                                    copy ptr to move block
        add *num02,xr
                                                    point back to block in use
        mov xr,num01(xl)
                                                    store starting address
        brn gbc06
                                                    jump to process block in use
```

```
gbcol (continued)
            here for pass three -- actually move the blocks down
            (x1)
                                    pointer to old location
            (xr)
                                    pointer to new location
if.\mathbf{csed}
gbc10
                                                     point to storage above sediment
        mov gbcsd,xr
else
gbc10
        mov dnamb, xr
                                                     point to start of storage
fi
        add gbcns,xr
                                                     bump past unmoved blocks at start
            loop through move descriptors
                                                     point to next move block
gbc11
        mov gbcnm,xl
        bze xl,gbc12
                                                     jump if end of chain
        mov (x1)+,gbcnm
                                                     move pointer down chain
        mov (x1)+,wa
                                                     get length to move
        mvw
                                                     perform move
                                                     loop back
        brn gbc11
            now test for move up
gbc12
        mov xr, dnamp
                                                     set next available loc ptr
        mov gbsvb,wb
                                                     reload move offset
                                                     jump if no move required
        bze wb, gbc13
        mov xr,xl
                                                     else copy old top of core
        add wb,xr
                                                     point to new top of core
        mov xr, dnamp
                                                     save new top of core pointer
        mov xl,wa
                                                     copy old top
        sub dnamb, wa
                                                     minus old bottom = length
        add wb, dnamb
                                                     bump bottom to get new value
        mwb
                                                     perform move (backwards)
            merge here to exit
gbc13
                                                     clear garbage value in xr
        \mathbf{zer}
            xr
        mov xr,gbcfl
                                                     note exit from gbcol
if .cgbc
                                                     start of dynamic area
        mov dnamb, wa
                                                     next available location
        mov dnamp, wb
        mov dname, wc
                                                     last available location +1
        jsr
              sysgc
                                                     inform sysgc of completion
fi
if.\mathbf{csed}
            decide whether to mark sediment for collection next time.
```

```
this is done by examining the ratio of previous sediment
            free space to the new sediment size.
        \mathbf{sti}
                                                        save ia
              gbcia
        zer
              xr
                                                        presume no sediment will remain
                                                        free space in sediment
        mov gbcsf,wb
                                                        convert bytes to words
        btw wb
        \mathbf{mti}
              wb
                                                        put sediment free store in ia
        mli
              gbsed
                                                        multiply by sediment factor
        iov
              gb13a
                                                        jump if overflowed
        mov dnamp, wb
                                                        end of dynamic area in use
        sub dnamb, wb
                                                        minus start is sediment remaining
        btw wb
                                                        convert to words
        mov wb,gbcsf
                                                        store it
        \mathbf{sbi}
              gbcsf
                                                        subtract from scaled up free store
                                                        jump if large free store in sedimnt
        igt
              gb13a
        mov dnamp,xr
                                                        below threshold, return sediment
                                                        for use by caller
        sub dnamb, xr
gb13a
        ldi
              gbcia
                                                        restore ia
        mov gbsva, wa
                                                        restore wa
        mov gbsvb,wb
                                                        restore wb
                                                        get code pointer
        \mathbf{scp}
              WC
        add r$cod,wc
                                                        make absolute again
                                                        and replace absolute value
        lcp
              WC
        mov gbsvc,wc
                                                        restore wc
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                        restore entry xl
              gbcnt
                                                        increment count of collections
        icv
        exi
                                                        exit to gbcol caller
            garbage collection not allowed whilst dumping
gbc14
        icv
              errft
                                                        fatal error
        \operatorname{erb}
              250, insufficient
                                                        memory to complete dump
                                                        end procedure gbcol
        enp
```

```
gbcpf -- process fields for garbage collector
           this procedure is used by the garbage collector to
           process fields in pass one. see gbcol for full details.
            (xr)
                                   ptr to first location to process
            (x1)
                                   ptr past last location to process
                                   call to process fields
            jsr gbcpf
            (xr,wa,wb,wc,ia)
                                   destroyed
           note that although this procedure uses a recursive
           approach, it controls its own stack and is not recursive.
gbcpf
        prc e,0
                                                   entry point
        zer -(xs)
                                                   set zero to mark bottom of stack
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                   save end pointer
           merge here to go down a level and start a new loop
            1(xs)
                                   next lvl field ptr (0 at outer lvl)
           0(xs)
                                   ptr past last field to process
            (xr)
                                   ptr to first field to process
           loop to process successive fields
       mov (xr),xl
                                                   load field contents
gpf01
                                                   save field pointer
        mov xr,wc
if .crpp
        bod xl,gpf2a
                                                   jump if not ptr into dynamic area
fi
                                                   jump if not ptr into dynamic area
        \mathbf{blt}
            x1,dnamb,gpf2a
                                                   jump if not ptr into dynamic area
        bge x1,dnamp,gpf2a
           here we have a ptr to a block in the dynamic area.
           link this field onto the reference backchain.
                                                   load ptr to chain (or entry ptr)
        mov (x1),wa
if .csed
                                                   do not chain if within sediment
        _{\rm blt}
             xl,gbcsd,gpf1a
fi
                                                   set this field as new head of chain
        mov xr,(xl)
        mov wa, (xr)
                                                   set forward pointer
           now see if this block has been processed before
if .cepp
gpf1a
       bod wa,gpf03
                                                   jump if not already processed
else
gpf1a bhi wa,=p$yyy,gpf2a
                                                   jump if already processed
```

```
bhi wa,=b$aaa,gpf03 jump if not already processed

* here to restore pointer in xr to field just processed

gpf02 mov wc,xr restore field pointer

* here to move to next field

gpf2a ica xr bump to next field
bne xr,(xs),gpf01 boop back if more to go
```

```
gbcpf (continued)
            here we pop up a level after finishing a block
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                     restore pointer past end
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                     restore block pointer
        bnz xr,gpf2a
                                                     continue loop unless outer levl
        exi
                                                     return to caller if outer level
    *
            here to process an active block which has not been done
if.\mathbf{csed}
            since sediment blocks are not marked by putting them on
            the back chain, they must be explicitly marked in another
            manner. if odd parity entry points are present, mark by
            temporarily converting to even parity. if odd parity not
            available, the entry point is adjusted by the value in
            gbcmk.
                                                     if not within sediment
gpf03
        bge xl,gbcsd,gpf3a
  if .cepp
        icv
              (x1)
                                                     mark by making entry point even
  else
                                                     mark by biasing entry point
        add gbcmk, (x1)
  fi
gpf3a
        mov xl,xr
                                                     copy block pointer
else
                                                     copy block pointer
gpf03
        mov xl,xr
fi
                                                     copy first word of block
        mov wa,xl
        lei
                                                     load entry point id (bl$xx)
              xl
            block type switch. note that blocks with no relocatable
            fields just return to gpf02 here to continue to next fld.
        bsw x1,b1$$
                                                     switch on block type
                                                     arblk
        iff
             bl$ar,gpf06
if .cnbf
        iff
                                                     bcblk - dummy to fill out iffs
              bl$bc,gpf02
else
        iff
                                                     bcblk
              bl$bc,gpf18
fi
                                                     bfblk
        iff
              bl$bf,gpf02
        iff
              bl$cc,gpf07
                                                     \operatorname{ccblk}
if.csln
        iff
                                                     cdblk
              bl$cd,gpf19
else
        iff
                                                     cdblk
              bl$cd,gpf08
```

fi

iff	bl\$cm,gpf04	cmblk
iff	bl\$df,gpf02	dfblk
iff	bl\$ev,gpf10	evblk
iff	bl\$ex,gpf17	exblk
iff	bl\$ff,gpf11	ffblk
iff	bl\$nm,gpf10	nmblk
iff	bl\$p0,gpf10	p0blk
iff	bl\$p1,gpf12	p1blk
iff	bl\$p2,gpf12	p2blk
iff	bl\$pd,gpf13	pdblk
iff	bl\$pf,gpf14	pfblk
iff	bl\$tb,gpf08	tbblk
iff	bl\$te,gpf15	teblk
iff	bl\$tr,gpf16	trblk
iff	bl\$vc,gpf08	vcblk
iff	bl\$xr,gpf09	xrblk
iff	bl\$ct,gpf02	ctblk
iff	bl\$ef,gpf02	efblk
iff	bl\$ic,gpf02	icblk
iff	bl\$kv,gpf02	kvblk
iff	bl\$rc,gpf02	rcblk
iff	bl\$sc,gpf02	scblk
iff	bl\$se,gpf02	seblk
iff	bl\$xn,gpf02	xnblk
\mathbf{esw}		end of jump table

```
gbcpf (continued)
             cmblk
gpf04
         mov cmlen(xr),wa
                                                          load length
                                                          set offset
         mov *cmtyp,wb
             here to push down to new level
             (wc)
                                        field ptr at previous level
                                        ptr to new block
             (xr)
             (wa)
                                        length (reloc flds + flds at start)
             (wb)
                                        offset to first reloc field
gpf05
         add xr,wa
                                                          point past last reloc field
                                                          point to first reloc field
         add wb,xr
         mov wc,-(xs)
                                                          stack old field pointer
         mov wa,-(xs)
                                                          stack new limit pointer
         \mathbf{chk}
                                                          check for stack overflow
                                                          if ok, back to process
         brn gpf01
             arblk
gpf06
         {\operatorname{mov}} {\operatorname{arlen}}({\operatorname{xr}}), {\operatorname{wa}}
                                                          load length
                                                          set offset to 1st reloc fld (arpro)
         mov arofs(xr),wb
                                                          all set
         brn gpf05
             ccblk
        mov ccuse(xr),wa
gpf07
                                                          set length in use
         mov *ccuse,wb
                                                          1st word (make sure at least one)
         brn gpf05
                                                          all set
```

```
gbcpf (continued)
if.csln
           cdblk
                                                   load length
        mov cdlen(xr),wa
gpf19
        mov *cdfal,wb
                                                   set offset
                                                   jump back
        brn gpf05
           tbblk, vcblk
else
           cdblk, tbblk, vcblk
fi
                                                   load length
gpf08
        mov offs2(xr),wa
        mov *offs3,wb
                                                   set offset
        brn gpf05
                                                   jump back
           xrblk
       mov xrlen(xr),wa
                                                   load length
gpf09
        mov *xrptr,wb
                                                   set offset
        brn gpf05
                                                   jump back
            evblk, nmblk, p0blk
gpf10
       mov *offs2,wa
                                                   point past second field
        mov *offs1,wb
                                                   offset is one (only reloc fld is 2)
                                                   all set
        brn gpf05
           ffblk
       mov *ffofs,wa
                                                   set length
gpf11
        mov *ffnxt,wb
                                                   set offset
                                                   all set
        brn gpf05
           p1blk, p2blk
                                                   length (parm2 is non-relocatable)
gpf12
       mov *parm2,wa
                                                   set offset
        mov *pthen,wb
        brn gpf05
                                                   all set
```

```
gbcpf (continued)
           pdblk
gpf13
        mov pddfp(xr),xl
                                                   load ptr to dfblk
        mov dfpdl(xl),wa
                                                   get pdblk length
                                                   set offset
        mov *pdfld,wb
        brn gpf05
                                                   all set
           pfblk
gpf14
        mov *pfarg,wa
                                                   length past last reloc
        mov *pfcod,wb
                                                   offset to first reloc
                                                   all set
        brn gpf05
            teblk
gpf15
        mov *tesi$,wa
                                                   set length
        mov *tesub,wb
                                                   and offset
        brn gpf05
                                                   all set
           trblk
        mov *trsi$,wa
                                                   set length
gpf16
        mov *trval,wb
                                                   and offset
                                                   all set
        brn gpf05
            exblk
        mov exlen(xr),wa
                                                   load length
gpf17
                                                   set offset
        mov *exflc,wb
                                                   jump back
        brn gpf05
if.cnbf
else
           bcblk
gpf18
        mov *bcsi$,wa
                                                   set length
        mov *bcbuf,wb
                                                   and offset
                                                   all set
        brn gpf05
fi
                                                   end procedure gbcpf
        enp
```

```
gtarr -- get array
           gtarr is passed an object and returns an array if possibl
            (xr)
                                   value to be converted
            (wa)
                                   O to place table addresses in array
                                   non-zero for keys/values in array
                                   call to get array
           jsr gtarr
                                   transfer loc for all null table
           ppm loc
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc if convert impossible
           (xr)
                                   resulting array
           (xl,wa,wb,wc)
                                   destroyed
                                                   entry point
gtarr
       prc e,2
       mov wa, gtawa
                                                   save wa indicator
       mov (xr), wa
                                                   load type word
       beq wa,=b$art,gtar8
                                                   exit if already an array
       beq wa,=b$vct,gtar8
                                                   exit if already an array
       bne wa,=b$tbt,gta9a
                                                   else fail if not a table (sgd02)
           here we convert a table to an array
       mov xr, -(xs)
                                                   replace tbblk pointer on stack
                                                   signal first pass
       zer
             xr
                                                   zero non-null element count
       \mathbf{zer}
             wh
           the following code is executed twice. on the first pass,
           signalled by xr=0, the number of non-null elements in
           the table is counted in wb. in the second pass, where
           xr is a pointer into the arblk, the name and value are
           entered into the current arblk location provided gtawa
           is non-zero. if gtawa is zero, the address of the teblk
           is entered into the arblk twice (c3.762).
       mov (xs),xl
                                                   point to table
gtar1
       add tblen(xl),xl
                                                   point past last bucket
       sub *tbbuk,xl
                                                   set first bucket offset
       mov xl,wa
                                                   copy adjusted pointer
           loop through buckets in table block
           next three lines of code rely on tenxt having a value
           1 less than tbbuk.
gtar2
       mov wa,xl
                                                   copy bucket pointer
                                                   decrement bucket pointer
       dca wa
           loop through teblks on one bucket chain
       mov tenxt(x1),x1
                                                   point to next teblk
gtar3
       beq x1,(xs),gtar6
                                                   jump if chain end (tbblk ptr)
```

```
gtarr (continued)
            now check for null and test cases
        beq wc,=nulls,gtar3
                                                      loop back to ignore null value
        bnz xr,gtar5
                                                      jump if second pass
        icv
                                                      for the first pass, bump count
              wb
                                                      and loop back for next teblk
        brn gtar3
            here in second pass
                                                      jump if address wanted
gtar5
        bze gtawa, gta5a
        mov tesub(xl),(xr)+
                                                      store subscript name
                                                      store value in arblk
        mov wc, (xr)+
        brn gtar3
                                                      loop back for next teblk
            here to record teblk address in arblk. this allows
            a sort routine to sort by ascending address.
                                                      store teblk address in name
gta5a
        mov xl, (xr)+
        mov xl,(xr)+
                                                      and value slots
        brn gtar3
                                                      loop back for next teblk
    *
            here after scanning teblks on one chain
                                                      loop back if more buckets to go
gtar6
        bne wa, (xs), gtar2
        bnz xr,gtar7
                                                      else jump if second pass
            here after counting non-null elements
        bze wb,gtar9
                                                      fail if no non-null elements
        mov wb,wa
                                                      else copy count
        add wb, wa
                                                      double (two words/element)
        add =arv12,wa
                                                      add space for standard fields
        {f wtb} wa
                                                      convert length to bytes
        bgt wa, mxlen, gta9b
                                                      error if too long for array
              alloc
                                                      else allocate space for arblk
        jsr
        mov =b$art,(xr)
                                                      store type word
             idval(xr)
                                                      zero id for the moment
        \mathbf{zer}
                                                      store length
        mov wa,arlen(xr)
        mov =num02,arndm(xr)
                                                      set dimensions = 2
        ldi
             intv1
                                                      get integer one
        sti
             arlbd(xr)
                                                      store as lbd 1
        \mathbf{sti}
             arlb2(xr)
                                                      store as 1bd\ 2
        ldi
              intv2
                                                      load integer two
                                                      store as dim 2
        sti
              ardm2(xr)
        mti wb
                                                      get element count as integer
        \mathbf{sti}
              ardim(xr)
                                                      store as dim 1
              arpr2(xr)
                                                      zero prototype field for now
        zer
        mov *arpr2,arofs(xr)
                                                      set offset field (signal pass 2)
```

mov xr,wb add *arvl2,xr brn gtar1 save arblk pointer point to first element location jump back to fill in elements

```
gtarr (continued)
            here after filling in element values
gtar7
        mov wb,xr
                                                        restore arblk pointer
        mov wb, (xs)
                                                        store as result
            now we need the array prototype which is of the form nn,2
            this is obtained by building the string for nn02 and
            changing the zero to a comma before storing it.
        ldi
              ardim(xr)
                                                        get number of elements (nn)
        mli intvh
                                                        multiply by 100
        adi intv2
                                                        add 2 (nn02)
                                                        build integer
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             icbld
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                        store ptr for gtstg
              gtstg
                                                        convert to string
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                        convert fail is impossible
        ppm
                                                        copy string pointer
        mov xr,xl
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        reload arblk pointer
        mov xl,arpr2(xr)
                                                        store prototype ptr (nn02)
                                                        adjust length to point to zero
        sub =num02,wa
        psc xl,wa
                                                        point to zero
        mov =ch$cm,wb
                                                        load a comma
        sch wb,(x1)
                                                        store a comma over the zero
             xl
                                                        complete store characters
        \mathbf{csc}
            normal return
gtar8
                                                        return to caller
        exi
            null table non-conversion return
gtar9
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        restore stack for conv err (sgd02)
        \mathbf{exi}
                                                        return
             impossible conversion return
gta9a
        exi
             2
                                                        return
            array size too large
gta9b
        \mathbf{erb}
              260, conversion array
                                                        size exceeds maximum permitted
        enp
                                                        procedure gtarr
```

```
gtcod -- convert to code
            (xr)
                                   object to be converted
            jsr gtcod
                                   call to convert to code
                                   transfer loc if convert impossible
           ppm loc
                                   pointer to resulting cdblk
            (xr)
            (xl,wa,wb,wc,ra)
                                   destroyed
           if a spitbol error occurs during compilation or pre-
           evaluation, control is passed via error section to exfal
           without returning to this routine.
gtcod
        prc e,1
                                                    entry point
        beq (xr),=b$cds,gtcd1
                                                    jump if already code
        beq (xr),=b$cdc,gtcd1
                                                   jump if already code
           here we must generate a cdblk by compilation
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                    stack argument for gtstg
        jsr
            gtstg
                                                    convert argument to string
        ppm gtcd2
                                                    jump if non-convertible
        mov flptr,gtcef
                                                    save fail ptr in case of error
        mov r$cod,r$gtc
                                                    also save code ptr
        mov xr,r$cim
                                                    else set image pointer
                                                    set image length
        mov wa, scnil
        \mathbf{zer}
            scnpt
                                                    set scan pointer
                                                    set stage for execute compile
        mov =stgxc,stage
        mov cmpsn,lstsn
                                                    in case listr called
if.csln
        icv
             cmpln
                                                    bump line number
fi
        jsr
             cmpil
                                                    compile string
        mov =stgxt,stage
                                                    reset stage for execute time
        zer r$cim
                                                    clear image
           merge here if no convert required
gtcd1
        exi
                                                    give normal gtcod return
           here if unconvertible
gtcd2
        exi 1
                                                    give error return
        enp
                                                    end procedure gtcod
```

```
*
           gtexp -- convert to expression
if .cevb
            (wb)
                                   0 if by value, 1 if by name
fi
            (xr)
                                   input value to be converted
            jsr gtexp
                                   call to convert to expression
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc if convert impossible
            (xr)
                                   pointer to result exblk or seblk
            (xl,wa,wb,wc,ra)
                                   destroyed
           if a spitbol error occurs during compilation or pre-
           evaluation, control is passed via error section to exfal
           without returning to this routine.
gtexp
        prc e,1
                                                   entry point
        blo (xr),=b$e$$,gtex1
                                                   jump if already an expression
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                   store argument for gtstg
        jsr
                                                   convert argument to string
             gtstg
        ppm gtex2
                                                   jump if unconvertible
            check the last character of the string for colon or
           semicolon. these characters can legitimately end an
           expression in open code, so expan will not detect them
           as errors, but they are invalid as terminators for a
           string that is being converted to expression form.
        mov xr,xl
                                                   copy input string pointer
        plc x1,wa
                                                   point one past the string end
                                                   fetch the last character
        lch x1,-(x1)
                                                   error if it is a semicolon
        beq x1,=ch$cl,gtex2
        beq x1,=ch$sm,gtex2
                                                   or if it is a colon
           here we convert a string by compilation
        mov xr,r$cim
                                                   set input image pointer
        zer
            scnpt
                                                   set scan pointer
        mov wa, scnil
                                                   set input image length
if .cevb
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                   save value/name flag
fi
             wb
                                                   set code for normal scan
                                                   save fail ptr in case of error
        mov flptr,gtcef
        mov r$cod,r$gtc
                                                   also save code ptr
                                                   adjust stage for compile
        mov =stgev,stage
        mov =t$uok,scntp
                                                   indicate unary operator acceptable
        jsr
             expan
                                                   build tree for expression
        zer
            scnrs
                                                   reset rescan flag
if .cevb
        mov (xs)+, wa
                                                   restore value/name flag
```

```
fi
         bne scnpt,scnil,gtex2
                                                          error if not end of image
         \mathbf{zer}
               wb
                                                          set ok value for cdgex call
         mov xr,xl
                                                          copy tree pointer
               cdgex
                                                          build expression block
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
         zer r$cim
                                                          clear pointer
         mov =stgxt,stage
                                                          restore stage for execute time
             merge here if no conversion required
gtex1
         exi
                                                          return to gtexp caller
             here if unconvertible
         exi 1
                                                          take error exit
gtex2
         enp
                                                          end procedure gtexp
```

```
gtint -- get integer value
           gtint is passed an object and returns an integer after
           performing any necessary conversions.
           (xr)
                                  value to be converted
                                   call to convert to integer
           jsr gtint
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for convert impossible
           (xr)
                                  resulting integer
           (wc,ra)
                                   destroyed
                                   destroyed (only on conversion err)
           (wa,wb)
                                   unchanged (on convert error)
           (xr)
       prc e,1
                                                   entry point
gtint
       beq (xr),=b$icl,gtin2
                                                   jump if already an integer
                                                  else save wa
       mov wa, gtina
       mov wb,gtinb
                                                  save wb
                                                   convert to numeric
       jsr
            gtnum
       ppm gtin3
                                                   jump if unconvertible
if.cnra
else
       beq wa,=b$icl,gtin1
                                                  jump if integer
           here we convert a real to integer
       ldr
            rcval(xr)
                                                   load real value
            gtin3
       rti
                                                   convert to integer (err if ovflow)
                                                   if ok build icblk
            icbld
       jsr
fi
           here after successful conversion to integer
gtin1
       mov gtina, wa
                                                   restore wa
       mov gtinb,wb
                                                   restore wb
           common exit point
gtin2
       exi
                                                   return to gtint caller
           here on conversion error
                                                   take convert error exit
gtin3
       exi 1
       enp
                                                   end procedure gtint
```

```
gtnum -- get numeric value
            gtnum is given an object and returns either an integer
            or a real, performing any necessary conversions.
            (xr)
                                     object to be converted
            jsr gtnum
                                     call to convert to numeric
            ppm loc
                                     transfer loc if convert impossible
            (xr)
                                     pointer to result (int or real)
                                     first word of result block
            (wa)
            (wb,wc,ra)
                                     destroyed
            (xr)
                                     unchanged (on convert error)
                                                      entry point
gtnum
        prc e,1
                                                      load first word of block
        mov (xr), wa
        beq wa,=b$icl,gtn34
                                                      jump if integer (no conversion)
if .cnra
else
                                                      jump if real (no conversion)
        beq wa,=b$rcl,gtn34
fi
            at this point the only possibility is to convert a string
            to an integer or real as appropriate.
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                      stack argument in case convert err
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                      stack argument for gtstg
if.cnbf
                                                      convert argument to string
        jsr
              gtstg
else
                                                      get argument as string or buffer
        jsr
              gtstb
fi
        ppm gtn36
                                                      jump if unconvertible
            initialize numeric conversion
        ldi
              intv0
                                                      initialize integer result to zero
        bze wa,gtn32
                                                      jump to exit with zero if null
        \mathbf{lct}
              wa,wa
                                                      set bct counter for following loops
        zer
              gtnnf
                                                      tentatively indicate result +
if .cnra
else
        sti
              gtnex
                                                      initialise exponent to zero
        zer
              gtnsc
                                                      zero scale in case real
                                                      reset flag for dec point found
        \mathbf{zer}
              gtndf
                                                      reset flag for digits found
        zer
              gtnrd
        ldr
                                                      zero real accum in case real
              reav0
fi
        plc
              xr
                                                      point to argument characters
```

* merge back here after ignoring leading blank

ble wb,=ch\$d9,gtn06 jump if first char is a digit

```
gtnum (continued)
            here if first digit is non-digit
                                                    jump if non-blank
gtn02
        bne wb,=ch$bl,gtn03
        bct wa,gtn01
                                                    else decr count and loop back
gtna2
        brn gtn07
                                                    jump to return zero if all blanks
            here for first character non-blank, non-digit
gtn03
        beq wb,=ch$pl,gtn04
                                                    jump if plus sign
if .caht
        beq wb,=ch$ht,gtna2
                                                    horizontal tab equiv to blank
fi
if .cavt
        beq wb,=ch$vt,gtna2
                                                    vertical tab equiv to blank
if .cnra
                                                    else fail
        bne wb,=ch$mn,gtn36
else
        bne wb,=ch$mn,gtn12
                                                    jump if not minus (may be real)
fi
        mnz gtnnf
                                                    if minus sign, set negative flag
            merge here after processing sign
                                                    jump if chars left
gtn04
        bct wa,gtn05
        brn gtn36
                                                    else error
            loop to fetch characters of an integer
gtn05
        lch
             wb,(xr)+
                                                    load next character
        blt
             wb,=ch$d0,gtn08
                                                    jump if not a digit
        bgt wb,=ch$d9,gtn08
                                                    jump if not a digit
            merge here for first digit
gtn06
        sti
                                                    save current value
              gtnsi
if .cnra
                                                    current*10-(new dig) jump if ovflow
        cvm gtn36
else
        cvm gtn35
                                                    current*10-(new dig) jump if ovflow
        mnz gtnrd
                                                    set digit read flag
fi
                                                    else loop back if more chars
        bct wa,gtn05
            here to exit with converted integer value
```

>

 ${\tt gtn07} \quad {\tt bnz} \quad {\tt gtnnf,gtn32} \qquad \qquad {\tt jump \ if \ negative \ (all \ set)}$

ngi else negate

inogtn32jump if no overflowbrngtn36else signal error

```
gtnum (continued)
            here for a non-digit character while attempting to
            convert an integer, check for trailing blanks or real.
gtn08
        beq wb,=ch$bl,gtna9
                                                      jump if a blank
if .caht
        beq wb,=ch$ht,gtna9
                                                      jump if horizontal tab
fi
if .cavt
                                                      jump if vertical tab
        beq wb,=ch$vt,gtna9
fi
if .cnra
        brn gtn36
                                                      error
else
        itr
                                                      else convert integer to real
        ngr
                                                      negate to get positive value
                                                      jump to try for real
        brn gtn12
fi
            here we scan out blanks to end of string
gtn09
        lch
              wb,(xr)+
                                                      get next char
if .caht
                                                      jump if horizontal tab
        beq wb,=ch$ht,gtna9
fi
if .cavt
                                                      jump if vertical tab
        beq wb,=ch$vt,gtna9
fi
                                                      error if non-blank
        bne wb,=ch$bl,gtn36
                                                      loop back if more chars to check
        \mathbf{bct}
             wa,gtn09
gtna9
        brn gtn07
                                                      return integer if all blanks
if .cnra
else
            loop to collect mantissa of real
gtn10
        lch
             wb,(xr)+
                                                      load next character
        \mathbf{blt}
              wb,=ch$d0,gtn12
                                                      jump if non-numeric
        bgt wb,=ch$d9,gtn12
                                                      jump if non-numeric
            merge here to collect first real digit
gtn11
        sub =ch$d0,wb
                                                      convert digit to number
        mlr reavt
                                                      multiply real by 10.0
        rov
              gtn36
                                                      convert error if overflow
              gtnsr
                                                      save result
        \mathbf{str}
        mti wb
                                                      get new digit as integer
```

itr
adr gtnsr
add gtndf,gtnsc
mnz gtnrd
bct wa,gtn10

brn gtn22

convert new digit to real add to get new total increment scale if after dec point set digit found flag loop back if more chars else jump to scale

```
gtnum (continued)
            here if non-digit found while collecting a real
        bne wb,=ch$dt,gtn13
                                                     jump if not dec point
gtn12
        bnz gtndf,gtn36
                                                     if dec point, error if one already
        mov =num01,gtndf
                                                     else set flag for dec point
        bct wa,gtn10
                                                     loop back if more chars
        brn gtn22
                                                     else jump to scale
    *
            here if not decimal point
                                                     jump if e for exponent
gtn13
        beq wb,=ch$le,gtn15
                                                     jump if d for exponent
        beq wb,=ch$ld,gtn15
  if .culc
        \mathbf{beq} wb,=ch$$e,gtn15
                                                     jump if e for exponent
        beq wb,=ch$$d,gtn15
                                                     jump if d for exponent
  fi
            here check for trailing blanks
        beq wb,=ch$bl,gtnb4
                                                     jump if blank
gtn14
  if .caht
        beq wb,=ch$ht,gtnb4
                                                     jump if horizontal tab
  fi
  if .cavt
                                                     jump if vertical tab
        beq wb,=ch$vt,gtnb4
  fi
                                                     error if non-blank
        brn gtn36
             wb,(xr)+
        lch
                                                     get next character
gtnb4
        bct wa,gtn14
                                                     loop back to check if more
        brn gtn22
                                                     else jump to scale
            here to read and process an exponent
                                                     set exponent sign positive
gtn15
        zer
             gtnes
        ldi
                                                     initialize exponent to zero
              intv0
                                                     reset no dec point indication
        mnz gtndf
        \mathbf{bct}
             wa,gtn16
                                                     jump skipping past e or d
                                                     error if null exponent
        brn gtn36
            check for exponent sign
        lch wb, (xr)+
                                                     load first exponent character
gtn16
        beq wb,=ch$pl,gtn17
                                                     jump if plus sign
        bne wb,=ch$mn,gtn19
                                                     else jump if not minus sign
        mnz gtnes
                                                     set sign negative if minus sign
```

```
*
    *
    * merge here after processing exponent sign

gtn17 bct wa,gtn18 jump if chars left
    brn gtn36 else error

*
    * loop to convert exponent digits
    *
gtn18 lch wb,(xr)+ load next character
```

```
gtnum (continued)
            merge here for first exponent digit
                                                       jump if not digit
gtn19
        blt
             wb,=ch$d0,gtn20
        bgt wb,=ch$d9,gtn20
                                                       jump if not digit
        cvm gtn36
                                                       else current*10, subtract new digit
        bct wa,gtn18
                                                       loop back if more chars
                                                       jump if exponent field is exhausted
        brn gtn21
            here to check for trailing blanks after exponent
        beq wb,=ch$bl,gtnc0
                                                       jump if blank
gtn20
  if .caht
        beq wb,=ch$ht,gtnc0
                                                       jump if horizontal tab
  fi
  if .cavt
                                                       jump if vertical tab
        beq wc,=ch$vt,gtnc0
  fi
        brn gtn36
                                                       error if non-blank
gtnc0
             wb,(xr)+
        lch
                                                       get next character
                                                       loop back till all blanks scanned
        bct wa,gtn20
            merge here after collecting exponent
gtn21
        \mathbf{sti}
              gtnex
                                                       save collected exponent
        bnz gtnes,gtn22
                                                       jump if it was negative
        ngi
                                                       else complement
                                                       error if overflow
              gtn36
        iov
        sti
                                                       and store positive exponent
              gtnex
            merge here with exponent (0 if none given)
gtn22
        bze gtnrd, gtn36
                                                       error if not digits collected
             gtndf,gtn36
                                                       error if no exponent or dec point
        \mathbf{bze}
        \mathbf{mti}
              gtnsc
                                                       else load scale as integer
                                                       subtract exponent
        \mathbf{sbi}
              gtnex
        iov
              gtn36
                                                       error if overflow
        ilt
                                                       jump if we must scale up
              gtn26
            here we have a negative exponent, so scale down
                                                       load scale factor, err if ovflow
        mfi wa,gtn36
            loop to scale down in steps of 10**10
                                                       jump if 10 or less to go
gtn23
        ble
             wa,=num10,gtn24
```

dvr reatt
sub =num10,wa
brn gtn23

else divide by 10**10 decrement scale and loop back

```
gtnum (continued)
            here scale rest of way from powers of ten table
gtn24
        bze wa,gtn30
                                                      jump if scaled
              wb,=cfp$r
                                                      else get indexing factor
        mov =reav1,xr
                                                      point to powers of ten table
        wtb wa
                                                      convert remaining scale to byte ofs
            loop to point to powers of ten table entry
gtn25
        add wa,xr
                                                      bump pointer
             wb,gtn25
        \mathbf{bct}
                                                      once for each value word
        dvr
              (xr)
                                                      scale down as required
        brn gtn30
                                                      and jump
            come here to scale result up (positive exponent)
gtn26
        ngi
                                                      get absolute value of exponent
                                                      error if overflow
        iov
              gtn36
                                                      acquire scale, error if ovflow
        mfi wa,gtn36
            loop to scale up in steps of 10**10
gtn27
        ble
            wa,=num10,gtn28
                                                      jump if 10 or less to go
        mlr reatt
                                                      else multiply by 10**10
                                                      error if overflow
        \mathbf{rov}
             gtn36
        sub =num10,wa
                                                      else decrement scale
                                                      and loop back
        brn gtn27
            here to scale up rest of way with table
gtn28
        bze wa,gtn30
                                                      jump if scaled
                                                      else get indexing factor
        \mathbf{lct}
              wb,=cfp$r
        mov =reav1,xr
                                                      point to powers of ten table
        wtb wa
                                                      convert remaining scale to byte ofs
            loop to point to proper entry in powers of ten table
        add wa,xr
gtn29
                                                      bump pointer
        \mathbf{bct}
             wb,gtn29
                                                      once for each word in value
        mlr (xr)
                                                      scale up
                                                      error if overflow
        rov
             gtn36
```

```
gtnum (continued)
            here with real value scaled and ready except for sign
gtn30
        bze gtnnf,gtn31
                                                    jump if positive
        ngr
                                                    else negate
            here with properly signed real value in (ra)
gtn31
        jsr
             rcbld
                                                    build real block
        brn gtn33
                                                    merge to exit
fi
            here with properly signed integer value in (ia)
gtn32
              icbld
                                                    build icblk
        jsr
            real merges here
                                                    load first word of result block
gtn33
        mov (xr), wa
                                                    pop argument off stack
        ica
             xs
            common exit point
gtn34
        exi
                                                    return to gtnum caller
if.cnra
else
            come here if overflow occurs during collection of integer
            have to restore wb which cvm may have destroyed.
gtn35
        lch
             wb,-(xr)
                                                    reload current character
        lch
             wb,(xr)+
                                                    bump character pointer
              gtnsi
        ldi
                                                    reload integer so far
        itr
                                                    convert to real
                                                    make value positive
        ngr
        brn gtn11
                                                    merge with real circuit
fi
            here for unconvertible to string or conversion error
gtn36
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                    reload original argument
                                                    take convert-error exit
        exi
        enp
                                                    end procedure gtnum
```

```
gtnvr -- convert to natural variable
            gtnvr locates a variable block (vrblk) given either an
            appropriate name (nmblk) or a non-null string (scblk).
            (xr)
                                    argument
            jsr gtnvr
                                    call to convert to natural variable
            ppm loc
                                    transfer loc if convert impossible
            (xr)
                                    pointer to vrblk
            (wa,wb)
                                    destroyed (conversion error only)
            (wc)
                                    destroyed
                                                     entry point
gtnvr
        prc e,1
        bne (xr),=b$nml,gnv02
                                                     jump if not name
        mov nmbas(xr),xr
                                                     else load name base if name
        blo xr, state, gnv07
                                                     skip if vrblk (in static region)
            common error exit
                                                     take convert-error exit
gnv01
        exi
            1
            here if not name
gnv02
        mov wa, gnvsa
                                                     save wa
        mov wb, gnvsb
                                                     save wb
                                                     stack argument for gtstg
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                     convert argument to string
        jsr
             gtstg
        ppm gnv01
                                                     jump if conversion error
        bze
            wa,gnv01
                                                     null string is an error
if.\mathbf{culc}
                                                     fold lower case to upper case
        jsr
             flstg
fi
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                     save xl
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     stack string ptr for later
        mov xr,wb
                                                     copy string pointer
        add *schar, wb
                                                     point to characters of string
        mov wb, gnvst
                                                     save pointer to characters
        mov wa, wb
                                                     copy length
        ctw wb,0
                                                     get number of words in name
        mov wb, gnvnw
                                                     save for later
             hashs
        jsr
                                                     compute hash index for string
        rmi hshnb
                                                     compute hash offset by taking mod
        mfi wc
                                                     get as offset
        wtb wc
                                                     convert offset to bytes
        add hshtb,wc
                                                     point to proper hash chain
        sub *vrnxt,wc
                                                     subtract offset to merge into loop
```

```
gtnvr (continued)
            loop to search hash chain
                                                      copy hash chain pointer
gnv03
        mov wc,xl
        mov vrnxt(x1),x1
                                                      point to next vrblk on chain
                                                      jump if end of chain
        bze x1,gnv08
        mov xl,wc
                                                      save pointer to this vrblk
        bnz vrlen(x1),gnv04
                                                      jump if not system variable
        mov vrsvp(x1),x1
                                                      else point to svblk
        sub *vrsof,xl
                                                      adjust offset for merge
            merge here with string ptr (like vrblk) in xl
gnv04
        bne wa, vrlen(x1), gnv03
                                                      back for next vrblk if lengths ne
        add *vrchs,xl
                                                      else point to chars of chain entry
              wb,gnvnw
                                                      get word counter to control loop
        \operatorname{lct}
        mov gnvst,xr
                                                      point to chars of new name
            loop to compare characters of the two names
gnv05
        cne
              (xr),(xl),gnv03
                                                      jump if no match for next vrblk
        ica
              xr
                                                      bump new name pointer
                                                      bump vrblk in chain name pointer
        ica
              xl
                                                      else loop till all compared
        \mathbf{bct}
             wb,gnv05
        mov wc,xr
                                                      we have found a match, get vrblk
            exit point after finding vrblk or building new one
gnv06
        mov gnvsa, wa
                                                      restore wa
        mov gnvsb,wb
                                                      restore wb
        ica
             XS
                                                      pop string pointer
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                      restore xl
            common exit point
gnv07
        exi
                                                      return to gtnvr caller
            not found, prepare to search system variable table
                                                      clear garbage xr pointer
gnv08
        \mathbf{zer}
             xr
        mov wc, gnvhe
                                                      save ptr to end of hash chain
        bgt wa,=num09,gnv14
                                                      cannot be system var if length gt 9
        mov wa,xl
                                                      else copy length
        wtb xl
                                                      convert to byte offset
        mov vsrch(xl),xl
                                                      point to first svblk of this length
```

```
gtnvr (continued)
            loop to search entries in standard variable table
        mov xl,gnvsp
                                                     save table pointer
gnv09
        mov (x1)+,wc
                                                     load sybit bit string
                                                     load length from table entry
        mov (x1)+,wb
        bne wa,wb,gnv14
                                                     jump if end of right length entries
              wb,gnvnw
                                                     get word counter to control loop
                                                     point to chars of new name
        mov gnvst,xr
            loop to check for matching names
             (xr),(xl),gnv11
                                                     jump if name mismatch
gnv10
        cne
                                                     else bump new name pointer
        ica
              xr
        ica
             xl
                                                     bump syblk pointer
        bct wb, gnv10
                                                     else loop until all checked
            here we have a match in the standard variable table
            WC
                                                     set vrlen value zero
        zer
                                                     set standard size
        mov *vrsi$,wa
        brn gnv15
                                                     jump to build vrblk
            here if no match with table entry in svblks table
                                                     bump past word of chars
gnv11
        ica
              xl
                                                     loop back if more to go
        \mathbf{bct}
             wb,gnv11
        rsh
             wc,svnbt
                                                     remove uninteresting bits
            loop to bump table ptr for each flagged word
                                                     load bit to test
gnv12
        mov bits1,wb
        anb wc,wb
                                                     test for word present
        \mathbf{zrb}
                                                     jump if not present
             wb,gnv13
        ica
              xl
                                                     else bump table pointer
            here after dealing with one word (one bit)
                                                     remove bit already processed
gnv13
        rsh wc,1
                                                     loop back if more bits to test
        nzb wc,gnv12
        brn gnv09
                                                     else loop back for next svblk
            here if not system variable
        mov wa,wc
                                                     copy vrlen value
gnv14
                                                     load standard size -chars
        mov = vrchs, wa
        add gnvnw, wa
                                                     adjust for chars of name
        {f wtb} wa
                                                     convert length to bytes
```

```
gtnvr (continued)
            merge here to build vrblk
             alost
                                                     allocate space for vrblk (static)
gnv15
        jsr
        mov xr,wb
                                                     save vrblk pointer
        mov =stnvr,xl
                                                     point to model variable block
        mov *vrlen,wa
                                                     set length of standard fields
        mvw
                                                     set initial fields of new block
        mov gnvhe,xl
                                                     load pointer to end of hash chain
                                                     add new block to end of chain
        mov wb, vrnxt(x1)
        mov wc,(xr)+
                                                     set vrlen field, bump ptr
        mov gnvnw,wa
                                                     get length in words
        wtb wa
                                                     convert to length in bytes
        bze wc,gnv16
                                                     jump if system variable
            here for non-system variable -- set chars of name
                                                     point back to string name
        mov (xs),xl
        add *schar,xl
                                                     point to chars of name
        mvw
                                                     move characters into place
        mov wb,xr
                                                     restore vrblk pointer
        brn gnv06
                                                     jump back to exit
            here for system variable case to fill in fields where
            necessary from the fields present in the svblk.
gnv16
        mov gnvsp,xl
                                                     load pointer to svblk
        mov xl,(xr)
                                                     set svblk ptr in vrblk
                                                     restore vrblk pointer
        mov wb,xr
                                                     load bit indicators
        mov svbit(xl),wb
        add *svchs,xl
                                                     point to characters of name
        add wa,xl
                                                     point past characters
            skip past keyword number (svknm) if present
        mov btknm, wc
                                                     load test bit
                                                     and to test
        anb wb,wc
        \mathbf{zrb}
             wc,gnv17
                                                     jump if no keyword number
        ica
             xl
                                                     else bump pointer
```

```
gtnvr (continued)
            here test for function (svfnc and svnar)
        mov btfnc,wc
                                                      get test bit
gnv17
        anb wb,wc
                                                      and to test
                                                      skip if no system function
        zrb wc,gnv18
        mov xl, vrfnc(xr)
                                                      else point vrfnc to svfnc field
        add *num02,xl
                                                      and bump past svfnc, svnar fields
            now test for label (svlbl)
gnv18
        {\operatorname{mov}} btlbl,wc
                                                      get test bit
                                                      and to test
        anb wb,wc
                                                      jump if bit is off (no system labl)
        zrb wc,gnv19
        mov xl, vrlbl(xr)
                                                      else point vrlbl to svlbl field
        ica
                                                      bump past svlbl field
             xl
            now test for value (svval)
                                                      load test bit
gnv19
        mov btval, wc
                                                      and to test
        anb wb,wc
        zrb wc,gnv06
                                                      all done if no value
        mov (x1),vrval(xr)
                                                      else set initial value
        mov =b$vre,vrsto(xr)
                                                      set error store access
        brn gnv06
                                                      merge back to exit to caller
                                                      end procedure gtnvr
        enp
```

```
gtpat -- get pattern
           gtpat is passed an object in (xr) and returns a
           pattern after performing any necessary conversions
           (xr)
                                  input argument
           jsr gtpat
                                  call to convert to pattern
           ppm loc
                                  transfer loc if convert impossible
           (xr)
                                 resulting pattern
           (wa)
                                  destroyed
           (wb)
                                  destroyed (only on convert error)
           (xr)
                                  unchanged (only on convert error)
       prc e,1
                                                 entry point
gtpat
       bhi (xr),=p$aaa,gtpt5
                                                 jump if pattern already
           here if not pattern, try for string
       mov wb,gtpsb
                                                 save wb
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                 stack argument for gtstg
                                                 convert argument to string
       jsr
           gtstg
       ppm gtpt2
                                                 jump if impossible
           here we have a string
                                                 jump if non-null
       bnz wa,gtpt1
           here for null string. generate pointer to null pattern.
       mov =ndnth,xr
                                                 point to nothen node
       brn gtpt4
                                                 jump to exit
```

```
gtpat (continued)
           here for non-null string
        mov =p$str,wb
                                                   load pcode for multi-char string
gtpt1
        bne wa,=num01,gtpt3
                                                   jump if multi-char string
           here for one character string, share one character any
                                                   point to character
        plc
            xr
        lch
            wa,(xr)
                                                   load character
        mov wa,xr
                                                   set as parm1
        mov =p$ans,wb
                                                   point to pcode for 1-char any
        brn gtpt3
                                                   jump to build node
           here if argument is not convertible to string
gtpt2
        mov =p$exa,wb
                                                   set pcode for expression in case
        blo (xr),=b$e$$,gtpt3
                                                   jump to build node if expression
           here we have an error (conversion impossible)
        exi 1
                                                   take convert error exit
           merge here to build node for string or expression
gtpt3
        jsr
             pbild
                                                   call routine to build pattern node
            common exit after successful conversion
gtpt4
        mov gtpsb,wb
                                                   restore wb
           merge here to exit if no conversion required
gtpt5
                                                   return to gtpat caller
        exi
        enp
                                                   end procedure gtpat
if .cnra
else
```

```
gtrea -- get real value
            gtrea is passed an object and returns a real value
            performing any necessary conversions.
            (xr)
                                    object to be converted
            jsr gtrea
                                    call to convert object to real
            ppm loc
                                    transfer loc if convert impossible
            (xr)
                                    pointer to resulting real
            (wa,wb,wc,ra)
                                    destroyed
                                    unchanged (convert error only)
            (xr)
                                                     entry point
gtrea
        prc e,1
        mov (xr),wa
                                                     get first word of block
        beq wa,=b$rcl,gtre2
                                                     jump if real
                                                     else convert argument to numeric
             gtnum
        jsr
        ppm gtre3
                                                     jump if unconvertible
                                                     jump if real was returned
        beq wa,=b$rcl,gtre2
            here for case of an integer to convert to real
gtre1
        ldi
             icval(xr)
                                                     load integer
                                                     convert to real
        itr
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             rcbld
                                                     build rcblk
            exit with real
gtre2
        exi
                                                     return to gtrea caller
            here on conversion error
gtre3
        exi 1
                                                     take convert error exit
                                                     end procedure gtrea
        enp
fi
```

```
gtsmi -- get small integer
           gtsmi is passed a snobol object and returns an address
           integer in the range (0 le n le dnamb). such a value can
           only be derived from an integer in the appropriate range.
           small integers never appear as snobol values. however,
           they are used internally for a variety of purposes.
           -(xs)
                                   argument to convert (on stack)
           jsr gtsmi
                                   call to convert to small integer
                                   transfer loc for not integer
           ppm loc
           ppm loc
                                  transfer loc for lt 0, gt dnamb
           (xr,wc)
                                  resulting small int (two copies)
           (xs)
                                   popped
           (ra)
                                   destroyed
                                   destroyed (on convert error only)
           (wa,wb)
           (xr)
                                   input arg (convert error only)
gtsmi
                                                  entry point
       prc n,2
       mov (xs)+,xr
                                                  load argument
                                                  skip if already an integer
       beq (xr),=b$icl,gtsm1
           here if not an integer
       jsr gtint
                                                  convert argument to integer
       ppm gtsm2
                                                  jump if convert is impossible
           merge here with integer
gtsm1
       ldi
            icval(xr)
                                                  load integer value
       mfi wc,gtsm3
                                                  move as one word, jump if ovflow
       bgt wc,mxlen,gtsm3
                                                  or if too large
       mov wc,xr
                                                  copy result to xr
       exi
                                                  return to gtsmi caller
    *
           here if unconvertible to integer
       exi 1
                                                  take non-integer error exit
gtsm2
           here if out of range
                                                  take out-of-range error exit
gtsm3
       exi
            2
       enp
                                                  end procedure gtsmi
```

```
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
            gtstb -- get string or buffer
            gtstb is passed an object and returns it unchanged if
            it is a buffer block, else it returns it as a string with
            any necessary conversions performed.
            -(xs)
                                    input argument (on stack)
            jsr gtstb
                                    call to get buffer or cnvrt to stg
           ppm loc
                                    transfer loc if convert impossible
            (xr)
                                    pointer to resulting scblk or bfblk
                                    length of string in characters
            (wa)
            (wb)
                                    zero/bcblk if string/buffer
            (xs)
                                    popped
            (ra)
                                    destroyed
                                    input arg (convert error only)
            (xr)
gtstb
                                                    entry point
       prc n,1
                                                    load argument, leave on stack
        mov (xs),xr
        mov (xr), wa
                                                    load block type
        beq wa,=b$scl,gtsb2
                                                    jump if already a string
        beq wa,=b$bct,gtsb3
                                                    jump if already a buffer
                                                    convert to string
        jsr
             gtstg
        ppm gtsb1
                                                    conversion failed
             wb
                                                    signal string result
        zer
        exi
                                                    convert with string result
           here if conversion failed
        exi 1
                                                    take convert error exit
gtsb1
           here if a string already
gtsb2
       ica
                                                    pop argument
             xs
        mov sclen(xr), wa
                                                    load string length
                                                    signal string result
        zer
             wb
                                                    return with string result
        exi
           here if it is already a buffer
gtsb3
       ica
            XS
                                                    pop argument
        mov bclen(xr),wa
                                                    load length of string in buffer
        mov xr,wb
                                                    return bcblk pointer in wb
        mov bcbuf(xr),xr
                                                    return bfblk pointer in xr
                                                    return with buffer result
        exi
                                                    end procedure gtstg
        enp
```

```
fi
           gtstg -- get string
           gtstg is passed an object and returns a string with
           any necessary conversions performed.
            -(xs)
                                   input argument (on stack)
            jsr gtstg
                                   call to convert to string
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc if convert impossible
            (xr)
                                   pointer to resulting string
            (wa)
                                   length of string in characters
            (xs)
                                   popped
            (ra)
                                   destroyed
            (xr)
                                   input arg (convert error only)
       prc n,1
                                                   entry point
gtstg
                                                   load argument, pop stack
        mov (xs)+,xr
        beq (xr),=b$scl,gts30
                                                   jump if already a string
           here if not a string already
gts01
                                                   restack argument in case error
       mov xr, -(xs)
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                   save xl
        mov wb,gtsvb
                                                   save wb
                                                   save wc
        mov wc,gtsvc
        mov (xr), wa
                                                   load first word of block
        beq wa,=b$icl,gts05
                                                   jump to convert integer
if.cnra
else
        beq wa,=b$rcl,gts10
                                                   jump to convert real
fi
        beq wa,=b$nml,gts03
                                                   jump to convert name
if .cnbf
else
        beq wa,=b$bct,gts32
                                                   jump to convert buffer
fi
           here on conversion error
gts02
       mov (xs)+,xl
                                                   restore xl
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                   reload input argument
        exi
                                                   take convert error exit
```

```
gtstg (continued)
            here to convert a name (only possible if natural var)
gts03
        mov nmbas(xr),xl
                                                      load name base
        bhi xl,state,gts02
                                                      error if not natural var (static)
        add *vrsof,xl
                                                      else point to possible string name
        mov sclen(x1),wa
                                                      load length
        bnz wa,gts04
                                                      jump if not system variable
        mov vrsvo(x1),x1
                                                      else point to svblk
                                                      and load name length
        mov svlen(x1),wa
            merge here with string in xr, length in wa
                                                      set offset to zero
gts04
        zer
              wb
        jsr
              sbstr
                                                      use sbstr to copy string
                                                      jump to exit
        brn gts29
            come here to convert an integer
gts05
        ldi
              icval(xr)
                                                      load integer value
if .cnci
        \mathbf{jsr}
                                                      convert integer
              sysci
                                                      get length
        mov sclen(xl),wa
                                                      zero offset for sbstr
        zer
              wb
        jsr
              sbstr
                                                      copy in result from sysci
                                                      exit
        brn gts29
else
        mov =num01,gtssf
                                                      set sign flag negative
                                                      skip if integer is negative
        ilt
              gts06
        ngi
                                                      else negate integer
              gtssf
                                                      and reset negative flag
        \mathbf{zer}
```

```
gtstg (continued)
            here with sign flag set and sign forced negative as
            required by the cvd instruction.
        mov gtswk,xr
gts06
                                                       point to result work area
        mov =nstmx,wb
                                                       initialize counter to max length
        psc xr,wb
                                                       prepare to store (right-left)
            loop to convert digits into work area
gts07
                                                       convert one digit into wa
        \mathbf{cvd}
        \operatorname{sch}
              wa,-(xr)
                                                       store in work area
        {
m dcv} wb
                                                       decrement counter
        ine
              gts07
                                                       loop if more digits to go
        \mathbf{csc}
              xr
                                                       complete store characters
fi
            merge here after converting integer or real into work
            area. wb is set to nstmx - (number of chars in result).
                                                       get max number of characters
gts08
        mov =nstmx,wa
        sub wb,wa
                                                       compute length of result
                                                       remember length for move later on
        mov wa,xl
        add gtssf, wa
                                                       add one for negative sign if needed
              alocs
                                                       allocate string for result
        mov xr,wc
                                                       save result pointer for the moment
        \mathbf{psc}
             xr
                                                       point to chars of result block
                                                       skip if positive
        bze gtssf,gts09
        mov =ch$mn,wa
                                                       else load negative sign
        sch wa, (xr)+
                                                       and store it
             xr
        \mathbf{csc}
                                                       complete store characters
            here after dealing with sign
                                                       recall length to move
gts09
        mov xl,wa
                                                       point to result work area
        mov gtswk,xl
        plc
              xl,wb
                                                       point to first result character
                                                       move chars to result string
        mvc
        mov wc,xr
                                                       restore result pointer
if .cnra
else
        brn gts29
                                                       jump to exit
```

```
gtstg (continued)
             here to convert a real
                                                            load real
gts10
         \operatorname{ldr}
               rcval(xr)
  if .cncr
         mov =nstmr,wa
                                                            max number of result chars
                                                            clear dud value
         zer
               xl
                                                            allocate result area
         isr
                alocs
         mov =cfp$s,wa
                                                            significant digits to produce
         zer
               wb
                                                            conversion type
                                                            convert real to string
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                syscr
                                                            store result size
         mov wa, sclen(xr)
                                                            no trailing blanks to remove
               wb
         zer
         jsr
                trimr
                                                            discard excess memory
  else
               gtssf
                                                            reset negative flag
         zer
         req
               gts31
                                                            skip if zero
               gts11
                                                            jump if real is positive
         rge
         mov =num01,gtssf
                                                            else set negative flag
         ngr
                                                            and get absolute value of real
             now scale the real to the range (0.1 le x lt 1.0)
gts11
         ldi
               intv0
                                                            initialize exponent to zero
             loop to scale up in steps of 10**10
gts12
         \mathbf{str}
                gtsrs
                                                            save real value
         {f sbr}
               reap1
                                                            subtract 0.1 to compare
                                                            jump if scale up not required
         rge
               gts13
         \operatorname{ldr}
                                                            else reload value
                gtsrs
                                                            multiply by 10**10
         mlr reatt
         \mathbf{sbi}
               intvt
                                                            decrement exponent by 10
         brn gts12
                                                            loop back to test again
             test for scale down required
gts13
         \operatorname{ldr}
               gtsrs
                                                            reload value
                                                            subtract 1.0
         \mathbf{sbr}
               reav1
                                                            jump if no scale down required
         \mathbf{rlt}
                gts17
         ldr
               gtsrs
                                                            else reload value
             loop to scale down in steps of 10**10
                                                            subtract 10**10 to compare
gts14
         \mathbf{sbr}
              reatt
         \mathbf{rlt}
                                                            jump if large step not required
               gts15
         ldr
               gtsrs
                                                            else restore value
         dvr reatt
                                                            divide by 10**10
                                                            store new value
         \mathbf{str}
               gtsrs
```

adi intvt brn gts14 increment exponent by 10 loop back

```
gtstg (continued)
             at this point we have (1.0 le x lt 10**10)
             complete scaling with powers of ten table
gts15
        mov =reav1,xr
                                                         point to powers of ten table
             loop to locate correct entry in table
               gtsrs
                                                         reload value
gts16
        \operatorname{ldr}
        adi
               intv1
                                                         increment exponent
        add *cfp$r,xr
                                                         point to next entry in table
        \mathbf{sbr}
              (xr)
                                                         subtract it to compare
                                                         loop till we find a larger entry
        \mathbf{rge}
              gts16
                                                         then reload the value
        ldr
               gtsrs
        \operatorname{dvr}
              (xr)
                                                         and complete scaling
               gtsrs
                                                         store value
        \mathbf{str}
             we are now scaled, so round by adding 0.5 * 10**(-cfp\$s)
gts17
        ldr
               gtsrs
                                                         get value again
                                                         add rounding factor
        adr
              gtsrn
        \operatorname{str}
               gtsrs
                                                         store result
    *
             the rounding operation may have pushed us up past
             1.0 again, so check one more time.
                                                         subtract 1.0 to compare
        sbr reav1
        \mathbf{rlt}
               gts18
                                                         skip if ok
        adi intv1
                                                         else increment exponent
                                                         reload value
        ldr
               gtsrs
                                                         divide by 10.0 to rescale
        dvr reavt
        brn gts19
                                                         jump to merge
             here if rounding did not muck up scaling
gts18
        \operatorname{ldr}
             gtsrs
                                                         reload rounded value
```

```
gtstg (continued)
           now we have completed the scaling as follows
           (ia)
                                   signed exponent
           (ra)
                                   scaled real (absolute value)
           if the exponent is negative or greater than cfp$s, then
           we convert the number in the form.
           (neg sign) 0 . (cpf$s digits) e (exp sign) (exp digits)
           if the exponent is positive and less than or equal to
           cfp$s, the number is converted in the form.
           (neg sign) (exponent digits) . (cfp$s-exponent digits)
           in both cases, the formats obtained from the above
           rules are modified by deleting trailing zeros after the
           decimal point. there are no leading zeros in the exponent
           and the exponent sign is always present.
gts19
       mov =cfp$s,xl
                                                  set num dec digits = cfp$s
                                                  set exponent sign negative
       mov =ch$mn,gtses
       ilt
             gts21
                                                  all set if exponent is negative
       mfi wa
                                                  else fetch exponent
       ble
            wa,=cfp$s,gts20
                                                  skip if we can use special format
       mti wa
                                                  else restore exponent
       ngi
                                                  set negative for cvd
       mov =ch$pl,gtses
                                                  set plus sign for exponent sign
       brn gts21
                                                  jump to generate exponent
           here if we can use the format without an exponent
gts20
       sub wa,xl
                                                  compute digits after decimal point
       ldi
            intv0
                                                  reset exponent to zero
```

```
gtstg (continued)
            merge here as follows
            (ia)
                                      exponent absolute value
                                      character for exponent sign
            gtses
            (ra)
                                      positive fraction
            (x1)
                                      number of digits after dec point
gts21
        mov gtswk,xr
                                                       point to work area
                                                       set character ctr to max length
        mov =nstmx,wb
        psc xr,wb
                                                       prepare to store (right to left)
        ieq gts23
                                                       skip exponent if it is zero
            loop to generate digits of exponent
gts22
        \mathbf{cvd}
                                                       convert a digit into wa
                                                       store in work area
        \operatorname{sch}
              wa,-(xr)
        \mathbf{dcv}
                                                       decrement counter
             wb
        ine
              gts22
                                                       loop back if more digits to go
            here generate exponent sign and e
        mov gtses, wa
                                                       load exponent sign
        sch wa,-(xr)
                                                       store in work area
        mov =ch$le,wa
                                                       get character letter e
        sch wa,-(xr)
                                                       store in work area
        sub = num02, wb
                                                       decrement counter for sign and e
            here to generate the fraction
gts23
        mlr gtssc
                                                       convert real to integer (10**cfp\$s)
                                                       get integer (overflow impossible)
        rti
        ngi
                                                       negate as required by cvd
            loop to suppress trailing zeros
                                                       jump if no digits left to do
gts24
        bze xl,gts27
        \mathbf{cvd}
                                                       else convert one digit
        bne wa,=ch$d0,gts26
                                                       jump if not a zero
                                                       decrement counter
        dcv xl
        brn gts24
                                                       loop back for next digit
```

```
gtstg (continued)
            loop to generate digits after decimal point
gts25
        \mathbf{cvd}
                                                       convert a digit into wa
            merge here first time
             wa,-(xr)
gts26
        \operatorname{sch}
                                                       store digit
        dcv
              wb
                                                       decrement counter
        dcv xl
                                                       decrement counter
        bnz x1,gts25
                                                       loop back if more to go
            here generate the decimal point
gts27
        mov =ch$dt,wa
                                                       load decimal point
        sch wa,-(xr)
                                                       store in work area
        {
m dcv} wb
                                                       decrement counter
            here generate the digits before the decimal point
gts28
        \mathbf{cvd}
                                                       convert a digit into wa
                                                       store in work area
        \operatorname{sch}
              wa,-(xr)
                                                       decrement counter
        dcv
              wb
                                                       loop back if more to go
        ine
              gts28
        \mathbf{csc}
              xr
                                                       complete store characters
                                                       else jump back to exit
        brn gts08
  fi
fi
            exit point after successful conversion
        mov (xs)+,xl
gts29
                                                       restore xl
                                                       pop argument
        ica
             XS
        mov gtsvb,wb
                                                       restore wb
        mov gtsvc,wc
                                                       restore wc
            merge here if no conversion required
gts30
        mov sclen(xr),wa
                                                       load string length
                                                       return to caller
        exi
if .cnra
else
            here to return string for real zero
gts31
        mov =scre0,xl
                                                       point to string
                                                       2 chars
        mov =num02,wa
```

```
here to convert a buffer block
gts32
       mov xr,xl
                                                    copy arg ptr
        mov bclen(x1),wa
                                                    get size to allocate
        bze wa,gts33
                                                    if null then return null
        jsr
             alocs
                                                    allocate string frame
        mov xr,wb
                                                    save string ptr
        mov sclen(xr),wa
                                                    get length to move
                                                    get as multiple of word size
        ctb wa,0
        mov bcbuf(x1),x1
                                                    point to bfblk
        add *scsi$,xr
                                                    point to start of character area
        add *bfsi$,xl
                                                    point to start of buffer chars
        mvw
                                                    copy words
                                                    restore scblk ptr
        mov wb,xr
        brn gts29
                                                    exit with scblk
           here when null buffer is being converted
gts33
        mov =nulls,xr
                                                    point to null
        brn gts29
                                                    exit with null
fi
                                                    end procedure gtstg
        enp
```

```
gtvar -- get variable for i/o/trace association
           gtvar is used to point to an actual variable location
           for the detach, input, output, trace, stoptr system functions
           (xr)
                                   argument to function
           jsr gtvar
                                   call to locate variable pointer
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc if not ok variable
           (xl,wa)
                                   name base, offset of variable
           (xr,ra)
                                   destroyed
                                   destroyed (convert error only)
            (wb,wc)
            (xr)
                                   input arg (convert error only)
                                                   entry point
gtvar
       prc e,1
       bne (xr),=b$nml,gtvr2
                                                   jump if not a name
       mov nmofs(xr),wa
                                                   else load name offset
                                                   load name base
       mov nmbas(xr),xl
                                                   error if expression variable
       beq (x1),=b$evt,gtvr1
       bne (x1),=b$kvt,gtvr3
                                                   all ok if not keyword variable
           here on conversion error
       exi 1
                                                   take convert error exit
gtvr1
           here if not a name, try convert to natural variable
gtvr2
       mov wc,gtvrc
                                                   save wc
                                                   locate vrblk if possible
       jsr
            gtnvr
       ppm gtvr1
                                                   jump if convert error
                                                   else copy vrblk name base
       mov xr,xl
                                                   and set offset
       mov *vrval,wa
                                                   restore wc
       mov gtvrc,wc
           here for name obtained
gtvr3
       bhi xl,state,gtvr4
                                                   all ok if not natural variable
                                                   error if protected variable
       beq vrsto(x1),=b$vre,gtvr1
           common exit point
                                                   return to caller
gtvr4
       exi
       enp
                                                   end procedure gtvar
```

```
hashs -- compute hash index for string
           hashs is used to convert a string to a unique integer
            value. the resulting hash value is a positive integer
            in the range 0 to cfp$m
            (xr)
                                    string to be hashed
            jsr hashs
                                    call to hash string
            (ia)
                                   hash value
            (xr,wb,wc)
                                   destroyed
            the hash function used is as follows.
            start with the length of the string (sgd07)
            take the first e$hnw words of the characters from
            the string or all the words if fewer than e$hnw.
            compute the exclusive or of all these words treating
            them as one word bit string values.
           move the result as an integer with the mti instruction.
hashs
       prc e,0
                                                    entry point
        mov sclen(xr),wc
                                                    load string length in characters
        mov wc,wb
                                                    initialize with length
        bze wc,hshs3
                                                    jump if null string
                                                    correct byte ordering if necessary
        zgb wb
        ctw wc,0
                                                    get number of words of chars
        add *schar,xr
                                                    point to characters of string
        blo wc,=e$hnw,hshs1
                                                    use whole string if short
        mov =e$hnw,wc
                                                    else set to involve first e$hnw wds
    *
           here with count of words to check in wc
hshs1
       \mathbf{lct}
            wc,wc
                                                    set counter to control loop
    *
            loop to compute exclusive or
                                                    exclusive or next word of chars
hshs2
       xob (xr)+,wb
        bct wc, hshs2
                                                    loop till all processed
           merge here with exclusive or in wb
                                                    zeroise undefined bits
hshs3
        zgb wb
        anb bitsm, wb
                                                    ensure in range 0 to cfp$m
        mti wb
                                                    move result as integer
                                                    clear garbage value in xr
        \mathbf{zer}
             xr
        exi
                                                    return to hashs caller
        enp
                                                    end procedure hashs
```

```
icbld -- build integer block
            (ia)
                                    integer value for icblk
            jsr icbld
                                    call to build integer block
            (xr)
                                   pointer to result icblk
            (wa)
                                    destroyed
icbld
       prc e,0
                                                    entry point
        mfi xr,icbl1
                                                    copy small integers
        ble xr,=num02,icb13
                                                    jump if 0,1 or 2
            construct icblk
icbl1
        mov dnamp,xr
                                                    load pointer to next available loc
        add *icsi$,xr
                                                    point past new icblk
        blo xr,dname,icbl2
                                                    jump if there is room
        mov *icsi$,wa
                                                    else load length of icblk
                                                    use standard allocator to get block
        jsr
            alloc
        add wa,xr
                                                    point past block to merge
           merge here with xr pointing past the block obtained
icbl2
       mov xr, dnamp
                                                    set new pointer
        sub *icsi$,xr
                                                    point back to start of block
        mov =b$icl,(xr)
                                                    store type word
        \mathbf{sti}
             icval(xr)
                                                    store integer value in icblk
        exi
                                                    return to icbld caller
            optimise by not building icblks for small integers
icb13
        wtb xr
                                                    convert integer to offset
        mov intab(xr),xr
                                                    point to pre-built icblk
        exi
                                                    return
                                                    end procedure icbld
        enp
```

```
ident -- compare two values
            ident compares two values in the sense of the ident
            differ functions available at the snobol level.
            (xr)
                                   first argument
            (x1)
                                   second argument
                                   call to compare arguments
            jsr ident
                                   transfer loc if ident
           ppm loc
            (normal return if differ)
            (xr,xl,wc,ra)
                                   destroyed
ident
                                                    entry point
        prc e,1
        beq xr,xl,iden7
                                                    jump if same pointer (ident)
        mov (xr),wc
                                                    else load arg 1 type word
if.cnbf
                                                    differ if arg 2 type word differ
        bne wc,(xl),iden1
else
        bne wc,(xl),iden0
                                                    differ if arg 2 type word differ
fi
        beq wc,=b$scl,iden2
                                                    jump if strings
        beq wc,=b$icl,iden4
                                                    jump if integers
if .cnra
else
                                                    jump if reals
        beq wc,=b$rcl,iden5
fi
        beq wc,=b$nml,iden6
                                                    jump if names
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
        bne wc,=b$bct,iden1
                                                    jump if not buffers
           here for buffers, ident only if lengths and chars same
        mov bclen(xr),wc
                                                    load arg 1 length
                                                    differ if lengths differ
        bne wc,bclen(xl),iden1
        bze wc,iden7
                                                    identical if length 0
        mov bcbuf(xr),xr
                                                    arg 1 buffer block
        mov bcbuf(x1),x1
                                                    arg 2 buffer block
        brn idn2a
                                                    compare characters
           here if the type words differ.
           check if string/buffer comparison
        beq wc,=b$scl,idn0a
                                                    jump if arg 1 is a string
iden0
                                                    jump if arg 1 not string or buffer
        bne wc,=b$bct,iden1
           here if arg 1 is a buffer
                                                    jump if arg 2 is not string
        bne (x1),=b$scl,iden1
```

```
mov bclen(xr),wc
                                                     load arg 1 length
                                                     differ if lengths differ
        bne wc,sclen(xl),iden1
        bze wc,iden7
                                                     identical if length 0
        mov bcbuf(xr),xr
                                                     arg 1 buffer block
        brn idn2a
                                                     compare characters
            here if arg 1 is a string
        bne (x1),=b$bct,iden1
                                                     jump if arg 2 is not buffer
idn0a
        mov sclen(xr),wc
                                                     load arg 1 length
        bne wc,bclen(xl),iden1
                                                     differ if lengths differ
        bze wc,iden7
                                                     identical if length 0
        mov bcbuf(x1),x1
                                                     arg 2 buffer block
        brn idn2a
                                                     compare characters
fi
            for all other datatypes, must be differ if xr ne xl
            merge here for differ
                                                     take differ exit
iden1
        exi
            here for strings, ident only if lengths and chars same
        mov sclen(xr),wc
                                                     load arg 1 length
iden2
        bne wc,sclen(xl),iden1
                                                     differ if lengths differ
            buffer and string comparisons merge here
idn2a
        add *schar,xr
                                                     point to chars of arg 1
        add *schar,xl
                                                     point to chars of arg 2
        ctw wc,0
                                                     get number of words in strings
        \mathbf{lct}
             WC,WC
                                                     set loop counter
            loop to compare characters. note that wc cannot be zero
            since all null strings point to nulls and give xl=xr.
iden3
        \mathbf{cne}
             (xr),(xl),iden8
                                                     differ if chars do not match
        ica
                                                     else bump arg one pointer
             xr
        ica
             xl
                                                     bump arg two pointer
        bct wc,iden3
                                                     loop back till all checked
```

```
ident (continued)
             here to exit for case of two ident strings
               xl
                                                          clear garbage value in xl
         \mathbf{zer}
         zer
                                                          clear garbage value in xr
               xr
                                                          take ident exit
         exi
               1
             here for integers, ident if same values
iden4
         ldi
               icval(xr)
                                                          load arg 1
         sbi
               icval(x1)
                                                          subtract arg 2 to compare
         iov
               iden1
                                                          differ if overflow
                                                          differ if result is not zero
         ine
               iden1
                                                          take ident exit
         exi
               1
if .cnra
else
             here for reals, ident if same values
iden5
         \operatorname{ldr}
               rcval(xr)
                                                          load arg 1
                                                          subtract arg 2 to compare
         \mathbf{sbr}
               rcval(x1)
         rov
               iden1
                                                          differ if overflow
                                                          differ if result is not zero
         \mathbf{r}\mathbf{n}\mathbf{e}
               iden1
                                                          take ident exit
         exi
               1
fi
             here for names, ident if bases and offsets same
                                                          differ if different offset
         bne nmofs(xr),nmofs(xl),iden1
iden6
         bne nmbas(xr),nmbas(xl),iden1
                                                          differ if different base
             merge here to signal ident for identical pointers
                                                          take ident exit
iden7
         exi
              1
             here for differ strings
iden8
         zer
                                                          clear garbage ptr in xr
               xr
               xl
                                                          clear garbage ptr in xl
         zer
                                                          return to caller (differ)
         exi
         enp
                                                          end procedure ident
```

```
inout - used to initialise input and output variables
            (x1)
                                     pointer to vbl name string
            (wb)
                                     trblk type
            jsr inout
                                     call to perform initialisation
            (x1)
                                     vrblk ptr
            (xr)
                                     trblk ptr
            (wa,wc)
                                     destroyed
            note that trter (= trtrf) field of standard i/o variables
            points to corresponding svblk not to a trblk as is the
            case for ordinary variables.
inout
        prc e,0
                                                      entry point
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                      stack trblk type
        mov sclen(xl),wa
                                                      get name length
        zer
             wb
                                                      point to start of name
                                                      build a proper scblk
        jsr
              sbstr
              gtnvr
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                      build vrblk
                                                      no error return
        ppm
                                                      save vrblk pointer
        mov xr,wc
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                      get trter field
        zer xl
                                                      zero trfpt
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             trbld
                                                      build trblk
        mov wc,xl
                                                      recall vrblk pointer
        mov vrsvp(xl),trter(xr)
                                                      store svblk pointer
                                                      store trblk ptr in vrblk
        mov xr, vrval(xl)
        mov =b$vra,vrget(x1)
                                                      set trapped access
        mov =b$vrv,vrsto(x1)
                                                      set trapped store
        exi
                                                      return to caller
                                                      end procedure inout
        enp
```

```
if .cnbf
else
           insbf -- insert string in buffer
           this routine will replace a section of a buffer with the
           contents of a given string. if the length of the
           section to be replaced is different than the length of
           the given string, and the replacement is not an append,
           then the upper section of the buffer is shifted up or
           down to create the proper space for the insert.
            (xr)
                                   pointer to bcblk
            (x1)
                                   object which is string convertable
            (wa)
                                   offset of start of insert in buffer
            (wb)
                                   length of section to replace
           jsr insbf
                                   call to insert characters in buffer
           ppm loc
                                   thread if (x1) not convertable
                loc
                                   thread if insert not possible
           ppm
           the second alternate exit is taken if the insert would
           overflow the buffer, or if the insert is out past the
           defined end of the buffer as given.
insbf
       prc e,2
                                                   entry point
       mov wa, inssa
                                                   save entry wa
       mov wb,inssb
                                                   save entry wb
       mov wc,inssc
                                                   save entry wc
       add wb, wa
                                                   add to get offset past replace part
       mov wa, insab
                                                   save wa+wb
       mov bclen(xr),wc
                                                   get current defined length
       bgt inssa,wc,ins07
                                                   fail if start offset too big
       bgt wa,wc,ins07
                                                   fail if final offset too big
       mov xl,-(xs)
                                                   save entry xl
       mov xr, -(xs)
                                                   save bcblk ptr
       mov xl,-(xs)
                                                   stack again for gtstg or gtstb
       beq xr,xl,ins08
                                                   b if inserting same buffer
            gtstb
                                                   call to get string or buffer
       jsr
       ppm ins05
                                                   take string convert err exit
           merge here with xr pointing to the scblk or bfblk of
           the object being inserted, and wa containing the
           number of characters in that object.
ins09
       mov xr,xl
                                                   save string ptr
       mov wa, insln
                                                   save its length
       mov (xs),xr
                                                   restore bcblk ptr
       add wc,wa
                                                   add buffer len to string len
                                                   bias out component being replaced
       sub inssb, wa
       mov bcbuf(xr),xr
                                                   point to bfblk
       bgt wa,bfalc(xr),ins06
                                                   fail if result exceeds allocation
       mov (xs),xr
                                                   restore bcblk ptr
```

mov wc,wa get buffer length

sub insab, wa subtract to get shift length

add insln,wc add length of new

sub inssb,wc subtract old to get total new len

movbclen(xr),wbget old bclenmovwc,bclen(xr)stuff new length

bzewa,ins04skip shift if nothing to dobeqinssb,insln,ins04skip shift if lengths match

movbcbuf(xr),xrpoint to bfblkmovxl,-(xs)save scblk ptr

blo inssb,insln,ins01 brn if shift is for more room

```
insbf (continued)
           we are shifting the upper segment down to compact
           the buffer. (the string length is smaller than the
            segment being replaced.) registers are set as
            (wa)
                                   move (shift down) length
            (wb)
                                   old bclen
            (WC)
                                   new bclen
            (xr)
                                   bfblk ptr
            (x1),(xs)
                                   scblk or bfblk ptr
        mov inssa, wb
                                                   get offset to insert
        add insln,wb
                                                   add insert length to get dest off
        mov xr,xl
                                                   make copy
                                                   prepare source for move
        plc xl,insab
        psc xr,wb
                                                   prepare destination reg for move
        mvc
                                                   move em out
        brn ins02
                                                   branch to pad
           we are shifting the upper segment up to expand
           the buffer. (the string length is larger than the
           segment being replaced.)
ins01
       mov xr,xl
                                                   copy bfblk ptr
                                                   set source reg for move backwards
        plc x1,wb
                                                   set destination ptr for move
        psc xr,wc
        mcb
                                                   move backwards (possible overlap)
           merge here after move to adjust padding at new buffer end
       mov (xs)+,xl
                                                   restore scblk or bfblk ptr
ins02
        mov wc,wa
                                                   copy new buffer end
        ctb wa,0
                                                   round out
        sub wc,wa
                                                   subtract to get remainder
        bze wa,ins04
                                                   no pad if already even boundary
        mov (xs),xr
                                                   get bcblk ptr
        mov bcbuf(xr),xr
                                                   get bfblk ptr
                                                   prepare to pad
        psc xr,wc
        zer
            wb
                                                   clear wb
                                                   load loop count
        \mathbf{lct}
             wa,wa
           loop here to stuff pad characters
ins03
        sch wb,(xr)+
                                                   stuff zero pad
        bct wa, ins03
                                                   branch for more
                                                   complete store character
        \mathbf{csc}
            xr
```

```
insbf (continued)
           merge here when padding ok. now copy in the insert
           string to the hole.
ins04
       mov insln, wa
                                                    get insert length
        bze wa,ins4b
                                                    if nothing to insert
                                                   get bcblk ptr
        mov (xs),xr
        mov bcbuf(xr),xr
                                                    get bfblk ptr
        plc x1
                                                    prepare to copy from first char
        psc xr,inssa
                                                    prepare to store in hole
        \mathbf{mvc}
                                                    copy the characters
           continue here after possible insertion copy
ins4b
       mov (xs)+,xr
                                                    restore entry xr
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                    restore entry xl
        mov inssa, wa
                                                    restore entry wa
        mov inssb,wb
                                                    restore entry wb
        mov inssc,wc
                                                    restore entry wc
        exi
                                                    return to caller
           here to take string convert error exit
ins05
       mov (xs)+,xr
                                                    restore entry xr
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                    restore entry xl
        mov inssa, wa
                                                    restore entry wa
        mov inssb,wb
                                                    restore entry wb
        mov inssc,wc
                                                    restore entry wc
        exi 1
                                                    alternate exit
           here for invalid offset or length
       mov (xs)+,xr
ins06
                                                    restore entry xr
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                    restore entry xl
           merge for length failure exit with stack set
ins07
       mov inssa, wa
                                                    restore entry wa
        mov inssb,wb
                                                    restore entry wb
        mov inssc,wc
                                                    restore entry wc
        exi 2
                                                    alternate exit
           here if inserting the same buffer into itself. have
           to convert the inserted buffer to an intermediate
           string to prevent garbled data.
ins08
            gtstg
                                                    call to get string
        ppm ins05
                                                    take string convert err exit
```

merge back to perform insertion

brn ins09

```
fi
            insta - used to initialize structures in static region
            (xr)
                                    pointer to starting static location
                                    call to initialize static structure
            jsr insta
                                    ptr to next free static location
            (xr)
            (wa,wb,wc)
                                    destroyed
            note that this procedure establishes the pointers
            prbuf, gtswk, and kvalp.
        prc e,0
insta
                                                    entry point
            initialize print buffer with blank words
        mov prlen,wc
                                                    no. of chars in print bfr
        mov xr,prbuf
                                                    print bfr is put at static start
        mov = b\$scl,(xr)+
                                                    store string type code
        mov wc,(xr)+
                                                    and string length
                                                    get number of words in buffer
        ctw wc,0
                                                    store for buffer clear
        mov wc,prlnw
                                                    words to clear
        \operatorname{lct}
             WC,WC
            loop to clear buffer
        mov nullw,(xr)+
                                                    store blank
inst1
        bct wc,inst1
                                                    loop
            allocate work area for gtstg conversion procedure
                                                    get max num chars in output number
        mov =nstmx,wa
                                                    no of bytes needed
        ctb wa,scsi$
        mov xr,gtswk
                                                    store bfr adrs
        add wa,xr
                                                    bump for work bfr
            build alphabet string for alphabet keyword and replace
        mov xr,kvalp
                                                    save alphabet pointer
        mov =b$scl,(xr)
                                                    string blk type
                                                    no of chars in alphabet
        mov =cfp$a,wc
        mov wc,sclen(xr)
                                                    store as string length
                                                    copy char count
        mov wc,wb
        ctb wb,scsi$
                                                    no. of bytes needed
        add xr,wb
                                                    current end address for static
        mov wb, wa
                                                    save adrs past alphabet string
        lct
             WC,WC
                                                    loop counter
                                                    point to chars of string
        psc xr
                                                    set initial character value
        zer
            wb
```

```
loop to enter character codes in order
inst2
         sch wb,(xr)+
                                                              store next code
         icv
                wb
                                                              bump code value
         bct wc,inst2
                                                              loop till all stored
                                                              complete store characters
         \mathbf{csc}
               xr
                                                              {\tt return}\ {\tt current}\ {\tt static}\ {\tt ptr}
         mov wa,xr
                                                              return to caller
         exi
         \mathbf{enp}
                                                              end procedure insta
```

```
iofcb -- get input/output fcblk pointer
           used by endfile, eject and rewind to find the fcblk
            (if any) corresponding to their argument.
            -(xs)
                                    argument
            jsr iofcb
                                    call to find fcblk
           ppm loc
                                    arg is an unsuitable name
           ppm loc
                                    arg is null string
           ppm loc
                                    arg file not found
            (xs)
                                    popped
            (x1)
                                    ptr to filearg1 vrblk
            (xr)
                                    argument
            (wa)
                                    fcblk ptr or 0
            (wb,wc)
                                    destroyed
iofcb
        prc n,3
                                                    entry point
        jsr
                                                    get arg as string
            gtstg
        ppm iofc2
        mov xr,xl
                                                    copy string ptr
                                                    get as natural variable
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            gtnvr
                                                    fail if null
        ppm iofc3
                                                    copy string pointer again
        mov xl,wb
        mov xr,xl
                                                    copy vrblk ptr for return
        zer wa
                                                    in case no trblk found
            loop to find file arg1 trblk
        mov vrval(xr),xr
                                                    get possible trblk ptr
iofc1
        bne (xr),=b$trt,iofc4
                                                    fail if end of chain
                                                    loop if not file arg trblk
        bne trtyp(xr),=trtfc,iofc1
        mov trfpt(xr),wa
                                                    get fcblk ptr
        mov wb,xr
                                                    copy arg
        exi
                                                    return
            fail return
                                                    fail
iofc2
        exi 1
           null arg
iofc3
        exi 2
                                                    null arg return
           file not found
iofc4
        exi
            3
                                                    file not found return
                                                    end procedure iofcb
        enp
```

```
ioppf -- process filearg2 for ioput
            (r$xsc)
                                     filearg2 ptr
                                     call to process filearg2
            jsr ioppf
            (x1)
                                     filearg1 ptr
            (xr)
                                     file arg2 ptr
            -(xs)...-(xs)
                                     fields extracted from filearg2
            (wc)
                                     no. of fields extracted
            (wb)
                                     input/output flag
            (wa)
                                     fcblk ptr or 0
ioppf
        prc n,0
                                                      entry point
                                                      to count fields extracted
             wb
        \mathbf{zer}
            loop to extract fields
iopp1
        mov =iodel,xl
                                                      get delimiter
        mov xl,wc
                                                      copy it
        zer wa
                                                      retain leading blanks in file
arg \!2
                                                      get next field
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             xscan
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      stack it
        icv
             wb
                                                      increment count
        bnz wa,iopp1
                                                      loop
        {f mov} wb,wc
                                                      count of fields
        mov ioptt,wb
                                                      i/o marker
        mov r$iof,wa
                                                      fcblk ptr or 0
        mov r$io2,xr
                                                      file arg2 ptr
        mov r$io1,xl
                                                      filearg1
                                                      return
        exi
                                                      end procedure ioppf
        enp
```

ioput sets up input/output associations. it builds such trace and file control blocks as are necessary and calls sysfc, sysio to perform checks on the arguments and to open the files.

+----+ +-----+ i i i----.i =b\$xrt i i +-----+----+ (r\$fcb) / i / i *4 / +----+ i +----i i name +--.i =b\$trt i i / +----+ i (first arg) i =trtin/=trtou i +----+ i value i i i i(trtrf) 0 or i--+ i +----- i i(trfpt) 0 or i----+ +----- i i i (i/o trblk) i i i iі i i i i i іi i i іi i i +----+ +----+ i i +--.i =b\$trt i.-+ i i +----+ +----+ i / i =trtfc i i +----+ i i / value i i i (filearg1 i +----- i vrblk) i i(trtrf) 0 or i--+ i +----+ i . +----+ i i i(trfpt) 0 or i----./ fcblk / +----+ i +----+ (trtrf) i +----- i i =b\$xrt i.-+ i +----+ i *5 i i(trtrf) o or i----.i =b\$xrt i +----+ i name offset i i etc i * +----+

* (iochn - chain of name pointers)

```
ioput (continued)
           no additional trap blocks are used for standard input/out
           files. otherwise an i/o trap block is attached to second
            arg (filearg1) vrblk. see diagram above for details of
            the structure built.
            -(xs)
                                   1st arg (vbl to be associated)
            -(xs)
                                   2nd arg (file arg1)
            -(xs)
                                   3rd arg (file arg2)
            (wb)
                                   O for input, 3 for output assoc.
            jsr ioput
                                   call for input/output association
           ppm loc
                                   3rd arg not a string
                                   2nd arg not a suitable name
           ppm loc
           ppm loc
                                   1st arg not a suitable name
           ppm loc
                                   inappropriate file spec for i/o
           ppm loc
                                   i/o file does not exist
                                   i/o file cannot be read/written
           ppm loc
           ppm loc
                                   i/o fcblk currently in use
            (xs)
                                   popped
            (xl,xr,wa,wb,wc)
                                   destroyed
       prc n,7
                                                   entry point
ioput
            r$iot
                                                   in case no trtrf block used
        \mathbf{zer}
        zer r$iof
                                                   in case no fcblk alocated
                                                   in case sysio fails
        zer r$iop
        mov wb,ioptt
                                                   store i/o trace type
             xscni
                                                   prepare to scan filearg2
        jsr
        ppm iop13
                                                   fail
        ppm iopa0
                                                   null file arg2
iopa0
       mov xr,r$io2
                                                   keep file arg2
        mov wa,xl
                                                   copy length
                                                   convert filearg1 to string
        jsr
             gtstg
        ppm iop14
                                                   keep filearg1 ptr
        mov xr,r$io1
       jsr
             gtnvr
                                                   convert to natural variable
                                                   jump if null
        ppm iop00
        brn iop04
                                                   jump to process non-null args
           null filearg1
iop00
       bze xl,iop01
                                                   skip if both args null
             ioppf
                                                   process filearg2
        jsr
        jsr
             sysfc
                                                   call for filearg2 check
        ppm iop16
                                                   fail
        ppm iop26
        brn iop11
                                                   complete file association
```

```
ioput (continued)
            here with 0 or fcblk ptr in (x1)
iop01
        mov ioptt,wb
                                                     get trace type
        mov r$iot,xr
                                                     get 0 or trtrf ptr
             trbld
                                                     build trblk
        jsr
        mov xr,wc
                                                     copy trblk pointer
                                                     get variable from stack
        mov (xs)+,xr
        mov wc,-(xs)
                                                     make trblk collectable
                                                     point to variable
        jsr
             gtvar
                                                     fail
        ppm iop15
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                     recover trblk pointer
        mov xl,r$ion
                                                     save name pointer
        mov xl,xr
                                                     copy name pointer
        add wa,xr
                                                     point to variable
        sub *vrval,xr
                                                     subtract offset, merge into loop
            loop to end of trblk chain if any
iop02
        mov xr,xl
                                                     copy blk ptr
        mov vrval(xr),xr
                                                     load ptr to next trblk
        bne (xr),=b$trt,iop03
                                                      jump if not trapped
        bne trtyp(xr),ioptt,iop02
                                                     loop if not same assocn
        mov trnxt(xr),xr
                                                     get value and delete old trblk
            ioput (continued)
            store new association
                                                     link to this trblk
iop03
        mov wc, vrval(x1)
        mov wc,xl
                                                     copy pointer
                                                     store value in trblk
        mov xr,trnxt(xl)
        mov r$ion,xr
                                                     restore possible vrblk pointer
                                                     keep offset to name
        mov wa,wb
                                                     if vrblk, set vrget, vrsto
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             setvr
        mov r$iot,xr
                                                     get 0 or trtrf ptr
                                                     jump if trtrf block exists
        bnz xr,iop19
        exi
                                                     return to caller
            non standard file
            see if an fcblk has already been allocated.
iop04
        zer
                                                     in case no fcblk found
```

```
ioput (continued)
            search possible trblk chain to pick up the fcblk
iop05
        mov xr,wb
                                                    remember blk ptr
        mov vrval(xr),xr
                                                    chain along
                                                    jump if end of trblk chain
        bne (xr),=b$trt,iop06
        bne trtyp(xr),=trtfc,iop05
                                                    loop if more to go
        mov xr,r$iot
                                                    point to file arg1 trblk
        mov trfpt(xr),wa
                                                    get fcblk ptr from trblk
           wa = 0 or fcblk ptr
            wb = ptr to preceding blk to which any trtrf block
                 for file arg1 must be chained.
iop06
        mov wa,r$iof
                                                    keep possible fcblk ptr
        mov wb,r$iop
                                                    keep preceding blk ptr
        jsr
             ioppf
                                                    process filearg2
             sysfc
                                                    see if fcblk required
        jsr
        ppm iop16
                                                    fail
        ppm iop26
                                                    fail
                                                    skip if no new fcblk wanted
        bze wa,iop12
        blt
             wc,=num02,iop6a
                                                    jump if fcblk in dynamic
             alost
                                                    get it in static
        jsr
        brn iop6b
                                                    skip
            obtain fcblk in dynamic
iop6a
             alloc
                                                    get space for fcblk
        jsr
            merge
iop6b
        mov xr,xl
                                                    point to fcblk
        mov wa,wb
                                                    copy its length
        btw wb
                                                    get count as words (sgd apr80)
        lct
                                                    loop counter
             wb,wb
            clear fcblk
             (xr)+
                                                    clear a word
iop07
        zer
        bct wb,iop07
                                                    loop
        beq wc,=num02,iop09
                                                    skip if in static - dont set fields
                                                    store xnblk code in case
        mov = b$xnt,(x1)
        mov wa,num01(x1)
                                                    store length
        bnz wc,iop09
                                                    jump if xnblk wanted
        mov =b$xrt,(x1)
                                                    xrblk code requested
```

```
ioput (continued)
            complete fcblk initialisation
iop09
                                                     get possible trblk ptr
        mov r$iot,xr
        mov xl,r$iof
                                                     store fcblk ptr
                                                     jump if trblk already found
        bnz xr,iop10
            a new trblk is needed
                                                     trtyp for fcblk trap blk
        mov =trtfc,wb
            trbld
                                                     make the block
        jsr
        mov xr,r$iot
                                                     copy trtrf ptr
        mov r$iop,xl
                                                     point to preceding blk
        mov vrval(x1), vrval(xr)
                                                     copy value field to trblk
        mov xr, vrval(xl)
                                                     link new trblk into chain
        mov xl,xr
                                                     point to predecessor blk
                                                     set trace intercepts
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             setvr
        mov vrval(xr),xr
                                                     recover trblk ptr
        brn iop1a
                                                     store fcblk ptr
            here if existing trblk
                                                     do not release if sysio fails
iop10
        zer
            r$iop
            xr is ptr to trblk, xl is fcblk ptr or 0
iop1a
        mov r$iof,trfpt(xr)
                                                     store fcblk ptr
            call sysio to complete file accessing
iop11
        mov r$iof,wa
                                                     copy fcblk ptr or 0
                                                     get input/output flag
        mov ioptt,wb
                                                     get file arg2
        mov r$io2,xr
        mov r$io1,xl
                                                     get file arg1
                                                     associate to the file
        jsr
             sysio
        ppm iop17
                                                     fail
        ppm iop18
                                                     fail
        bnz r$iot,iop01
                                                     not std input if non-null trtrf blk
        bnz ioptt,iop01
                                                     jump if output
        bze wc,iop01
                                                     no change to standard read length
        mov wc,cswin
                                                     store new read length for std file
        brn iop01
                                                     merge to finish the task
            sysfc may have returned a pointer to a private fcblk
iop12
        bnz xl,iop09
                                                     jump if private fcblk
                                                     finish the association
        brn iop11
            failure returns
```

```
iop13
                                                       3rd arg not a string
        exi
              1
                                                       2nd arg unsuitable
iop14
        \mathbf{exi}
              2
iop15
                                                       discard trblk pointer
        ica
              xs
        \mathbf{exi}
              3
                                                       1st arg unsuitable
iop16
              4
                                                       file spec wrong
        exi
iop26
        exi
             7
                                                       fcblk in use
    *
            i/o file does not exist
                                                       is there a trblk to release
iop17
        mov r$iop,xr
        bze xr,iopa7
                                                       if not
                                                       point to trblk
        mov vrval(xr),xl
        mov vrval(x1), vrval(xr)
                                                       unsplice it
                                                       adjust trace intercepts
              setvr
iopa7
        exi 5
                                                       i/o file does not exist
            i/o file cannot be read/written
iop18
        mov r$iop,xr
                                                       is there a trblk to release
        bze xr,iopa7
                                                       if not
                                                       point to trblk
        mov vrval(xr),xl
                                                       unsplice it
        mov vrval(x1), vrval(xr)
        jsr
              setvr
                                                       adjust trace intercepts
                                                       i/o file cannot be read/written
iopa8
        exi
```

```
ioput (continued)
            add to iochn chain of associated variables unless
            already present.
iop19
        mov r$ion,wc
                                                    wc = name base, wb = name offset
            search loop
                                                    next link of chain
iop20
        mov trtrf(xr),xr
        bze xr,iop21
                                                    not found
        bne wc,ionmb(xr),iop20
                                                    no match
        beq wb,ionmo(xr),iop22
                                                    exit if matched
        brn iop20
                                                    loop
           not found
iop21
        mov *num05,wa
                                                    space needed
        jsr
             alloc
                                                    get it
        mov =b$xrt,(xr)
                                                    store xrblk code
        mov wa,num01(xr)
                                                    store length
        mov wc,ionmb(xr)
                                                    store name base
                                                    store name offset
        mov wb,ionmo(xr)
        mov r$iot,xl
                                                    point to trtrf blk
        mov trtrf(xl),wa
                                                    get ptr field contents
        mov xr,trtrf(xl)
                                                    store ptr to new block
        mov wa, trtrf(xr)
                                                    complete the linking
            insert fcblk on fcblk chain for sysej, sysxi
iop22
        bze r$iof,iop25
                                                    skip if no fcblk
        mov r$fcb,xl
                                                    ptr to head of existing chain
            see if fcblk already on chain
                                                    not on if end of chain
iop23
        bze xl,iop24
                                                    dont duplicate if find it
        beq num03(x1),r$iof,iop25
        mov num02(x1),x1
                                                    get next link
        brn iop23
                                                    loop
           not found so add an entry for this fcblk
iop24
        mov *num04,wa
                                                    space needed
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              alloc
                                                    get it
        mov =b$xrt,(xr)
                                                    store block code
        mov wa,num01(xr)
                                                    store length
        mov r$fcb,num02(xr)
                                                    store previous link in this node
        mov r$iof,num03(xr)
                                                    store fcblk ptr
                                                    insert node into fcblk chain
        mov xr,r$fcb
```

```
*

* return

*
iop25 exi
enp
```

return to caller end procedure ioput

```
ktrex -- execute keyword trace
            ktrex is used to execute a possible keyword trace. it
            includes the test on trace and tests for trace active.
            (x1)
                                    ptr to trblk (or 0 if untraced)
                                     call to execute keyword trace
            jsr ktrex
            (xl,wa,wb,wc)
                                     destroyed
                                     destroyed
            (ra)
        prc r,0
                                                     entry point (recursive)
ktrex
        bze x1,ktrx3
                                                     immediate exit if keyword untraced
                                                     immediate exit if trace = 0
        bze kvtra,ktrx3
                                                     else decrement trace
        dcv kvtra
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     save xr
        mov xl,xr
                                                     copy trblk pointer
        mov trkvr(xr),xl
                                                     load vrblk pointer (nmbas)
                                                     set name offset
        mov *vrval,wa
        bze trfnc(xr),ktrx1
                                                     jump if print trace
                                                     else execute full trace
        jsr
              trxeq
        brn ktrx2
                                                     and jump to exit
            here for print trace
ktrx1
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                     stack vrblk ptr for kwnam
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                     stack offset for kwnam
              prtsn
                                                     print statement number
        mov =ch$am,wa
                                                     load ampersand
             prtch
        jsr
                                                     print ampersand
                                                     print keyword name
        jsr
              prtnm
        mov =tmbeb,xr
                                                     point to blank-equal-blank
        isr
              prtst
                                                     print blank-equal-blank
             kwnam
                                                     get keyword pseudo-variable name
        jsr
        mov xr, dnamp
                                                     reset ptr to delete kvblk
                                                     get keyword value
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             acess
        \mathbf{ppm}
                                                     failure is impossible
                                                     print keyword value
        jsr
             prtvl
                                                     terminate print line
        jsr
             prtnl
            here to exit after completing trace
ktrx2
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                     restore entry xr
            merge here to exit if no trace required
ktrx3
        exi
                                                     return to ktrex caller
                                                     end procedure ktrex
        enp
```

```
kwnam -- get pseudo-variable name for keyword
            1(xs)
                                   name base for vrblk
           0(xs)
                                   offset (should be *vrval)
            jsr kwnam
                                   call to get pseudo-variable name
            (xs)
                                   popped twice
            (xl,wa)
                                   resulting pseudo-variable name
            (xr,wa,wb)
                                   destroyed
kwnam
       prc n,0
                                                    entry point
                                                    ignore name offset
        ica xs
                                                    load name base
        mov (xs)+,xr
        bge xr,state,kwnm1
                                                    jump if not natural variable name
        bnz vrlen(xr),kwnm1
                                                    error if not system variable
        mov vrsvp(xr),xr
                                                    else point to svblk
        mov svbit(xr),wa
                                                    load bit mask
        anb btknm, wa
                                                    and with keyword bit
                                                    error if no keyword association
        zrb wa,kwnm1
        mov svlen(xr),wa
                                                    else load name length in characters
                                                    compute offset to field we want
        ctb wa, svchs
        add wa,xr
                                                    point to svknm field
                                                    load svknm value
        mov (xr), wb
        mov *kvsi$,wa
                                                    set size of kvblk
        jsr
            alloc
                                                    allocate kvblk
        mov =b$kvt,(xr)
                                                    store type word
        mov wb, kvnum(xr)
                                                    store keyword number
        mov =trbkv,kvvar(xr)
                                                    set dummy trblk pointer
                                                    copy kvblk pointer
        mov xr,xl
        mov *kvvar,wa
                                                    set proper offset
        exi
                                                    return to kynam caller
           here if not keyword name
kwnm1
        \mathbf{erb}
            251, keyword operand
                                                    is not name of defined keyword
                                                    end procedure kwnam
        enp
```

```
lcomp-- compare two strings lexically
            1(xs)
                                     first argument
            0(xs)
                                     second argument
            jsr lcomp
                                     call to compare aruments
                                    transfer loc for arg1 not string
            ppm loc
            ppm loc
                                     transfer loc for arg2 not string
            ppm loc
                                     transfer loc if arg1 llt arg2
            ppm loc
                                     transfer loc if arg1 leq arg2
            ppm loc
                                     transfer loc if arg1 lgt arg2
            (the normal return is never taken)
            (xs)
                                     popped twice
            (xr,xl)
                                     destroyed
            (wa,wb,wc,ra)
                                     destroyed
                                                      entry point
lcomp
        prc n,5
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
        jsr
              gtstg
                                                      convert second arg to string
else
              gtstb
                                                      get second arg as string or buffer
        jsr
fi
                                                      jump if second arg not string
        ppm lcmp6
        mov xr,xl
                                                      else save pointer
                                                      and length
        mov wa,wc
if.cnbf
                                                      convert first argument to string
        jsr
              gtstg
else
        jsr
              gtstb
                                                      get first arg as string or buffer
fi
        ppm lcmp5
                                                      jump if not string
        mov wa, wb
                                                      save arg 1 length
                                                      point to chars of arg 1
        plc
             xr
        plc
                                                      point to chars of arg 2
             xl
if.\mathbf{ccmc}
        mov wc,wa
                                                      arg 2 length to wa
                                                      compare (xl,wa=arg2 xr,wb=arg1)
        jsr
              syscm
              283, string length
                                                      exceeded for generalized lexical comparison
                                                      arg 2 lt arg 1, lgt exit
        ppm lcmp4
        ppm lcmp3
                                                      arg 2 gt arg 1, llt exit
        exi
             4
                                                      else identical strings, leq exit
```

```
lcomp (continued)
else
        blo wa,wc,lcmp1
                                                      jump if arg 1 length is smaller
                                                      else set arg 2 length as smaller
        mov wc,wa
            here with smaller length in (wa)
1cmp1
        bze wa,1cmp7
                                                      if null string, compare lengths
        {
m cmc} lcmp4,lcmp3
                                                      compare strings, jump if unequal
        bne wb,wc,lcmp2
                                                      if equal, jump if lengths unequal
1cmp7
        exi
              4
                                                      else identical strings, leq exit
```

```
lcomp (continued)
           here if initial strings identical, but lengths unequal
       bhi wb,wc,lcmp4
                                                   jump if arg 1 length gt arg 2 leng
1cmp2
fi
           here if first arg llt second arg
       exi 3
                                                   take llt exit
1cmp3
           here if first arg lgt second arg
       exi 5
                                                   take lgt exit
1cmp4
           here if first arg is not a string
1cmp5
       exi 1
                                                   take bad first arg exit
           here for second arg not a string
                                                   take bad second arg error exit
1cmp6
        exi
            2
                                                   end procedure lcomp
        enp
```

```
listr -- list source line
           listr is used to list a source line during the initial
           compilation. it is called from scane and scanl.
           jsr listr
                                  call to list line
           (xr,xl,wa,wb,wc)
                                  destroyed
           global locations used by listr
           cnttl
                                  flag for -title, -stitl
           erlst
                                  if listing on account of an error
if .cinc
           lstid
                                  include depth of current image
fi
           lstlc
                                  count lines on current page
           lstnp
                                  max number of lines/page
                                  set non-zero if the current source
           lstpf
                                  line has been listed, else zero.
                                  compiler listing page number
           lstpg
           lstsn
                                  set if stmnt num to be listed
           r$cim
                                  pointer to current input line.
           r$ttl
                                  title for source listing
           r$stl
                                  ptr to sub-title string
           entry point
listr
       prc e,0
                                                  entry point
       bnz cnttl,list5
                                                  jump if -title or -stitl
       bnz lstpf,list4
                                                  immediate exit if already listed
       bge lstlc,lstnp,list6
                                                  jump if no room
           here after printing title (if needed)
list0
       mov r$cim,xr
                                                  load pointer to current image
       bze xr,list4
                                                  jump if no image to print
       plc
            xr
                                                  point to characters
       lch wa, (xr)
                                                  load first character
       mov lstsn,xr
                                                  load statement number
       bze xr,list2
                                                  jump if no statement number
       mti xr
                                                  else get stmnt number as integer
```

```
bne stage,=stgic,list1
                                                     skip if execute time
                                                      no stmnt number list if comment
        beq wa,=ch$as,list2
                                                      no stmnt no. if control card
        beq wa,=ch$mn,list2
            print statement number
list1
        jsr
              prtin
                                                     else print statement number
                                                      and clear for next time in
        zer
             lstsn
if.\mathbf{cinc}
            here to test for printing include depth
list2
        mov lstid,xr
                                                     include depth of image
        bze xr,list8
                                                     if not from an include file
                                                      position for start of statement
        mov =stnpd,wa
                                                     position to place include depth
        sub =num03, wa
                                                     set as starting position
        mov wa, profs
        mti xr
                                                     include depth as integer
                                                      print include depth
        jsr
             prtin
```

```
* listr (continued)

* here after printing statement number and include depth

* mov =stnpd,profs point past statement number else
```

```
listr (continued)
             merge here after printing statement number (if required)
list2
         mov =stnpd,profs
                                                          point past statement number
fi
                                                          load pointer to current image
         mov r$cim,xr
              prtst
                                                          print it
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                          bump line counter
         icv
              lstlc
         bnz erlst,list3
                                                          jump if error copy to int.ch.
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               prtnl
                                                          terminate line
                                                          jump if -single mode
         bze cswdb,list3
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               prtnl
                                                          else add a blank line
              lstlc
                                                          and bump line counter
         icv
             here after printing source image
list3
         mnz lstpf
                                                          set flag for line printed
             merge here to exit
list4
                                                          return to listr caller
         exi
             print title after -title or -stitl card
list5
         \mathbf{zer}
              cnttl
                                                          clear flag
             eject to new page and list title
list6
         jsr
                                                          eject
               prtps
                                                          skip if listing to regular printer
         bze prich,list7
                                                          terminal listing omits null title
         beq r$ttl,=nulls,list0
             list title
                                                          list title
list7
         jsr
              listt
         brn list0
                                                          merge
         enp
                                                          end procedure listr
```

```
listt -- list title and subtitle
              used during compilation to print page heading
              jsr listt
                                          call to list title
              (xr,wa)
                                          destroyed
         prc e,0
listt
                                                              entry point
                                                              point to source listing title
         mov r$ttl,xr
         jsr
               prtst
                                                              print title
                                                              set offset
         mov lstpo,profs
         mov =1stms,xr
                                                              set page message
                                                              print page message
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               prtst
         icv
                                                              bump page number
               lstpg
         mti 1stpg
                                                              load page number as integer
               prtin
                                                              print page number
         jsr
                                                              terminate title line
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                prtnl
         add =num02,1stlc
                                                              count title line and blank line
              print sub-title (if any)
         mov r$stl,xr
                                                              load pointer to sub-title
         bze xr,lstt1
                                                              jump if no sub-title
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                prtst
                                                              else print sub-title
                prtnl
                                                              terminate line
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                              bump line count
         icv
               lstlc
              return point
                                                              print a blank line
lstt1
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                prtnl
                                                              return to caller
         exi
                                                              end procedure listt
         enp
```

```
if.csfn
            newfn -- record new source file name
           newfn is used after switching to a new include file, or
            after a -line statement which contains a file name.
            (xr)
                                    file name scblk
            jsr newfn
            (wa,wb,wc,xl,xr,ra)
                                    destroyed
            on return, the table that maps statement numbers to file
           names has been updated to include this new file name and
            the current statement number. the entry is made only if
            the file name had changed from its previous value.
newfn
        prc e,0
                                                    entry point
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                    save new name
        mov r$sfc,xl
                                                    load previous name
             ident
                                                    check for equality
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        ppm nwfn1
                                                    jump if identical
                                                    different, restore name
        mov (xs)+,xr
        mov xr,r$sfc
                                                    record current file name
        mov cmpsn,wb
                                                    get current statement
        mti wb
                                                    convert to integer
        jsr
             icbld
                                                    build icblk for stmt number
        mov r$sfn,xl
                                                    file name table
                                                    lookup statement number by name
        mnz wb
        jsr
             tfind
                                                    allocate new teblk
                                                    always possible to allocate block
        ppm
        mov r$sfc,teval(x1)
                                                    record file name as entry value
                                                    record file name as entry value
        exi
            r$sfc,teval(x1)
            ere if new name and old name identical
nwfn1
        ica
             xs
                                                    pop stack
        exi
                                                    pop stack
             XS
```

```
fi
           nexts -- acquire next source image
           nexts is used to acquire the next source image at compile
           time. it assumes that a prior call to readr has input
           a line image (see procedure readr). before the current
           image is finally lost it may be listed here.
           jsr nexts
                                   call to acquire next input line
            (xr,xl,wa,wb,wc)
                                   destroyed
           global values affected
if .cinc
           lstid
                                   include depth of next image
fi
           r$cni
                                   on input, next image. on
                                   exit reset to zero
           r$cim
                                   on exit, set to point to image
           rdcln
                                   current ln set from next line num
           scnil
                                   input image length on exit
                                  reset to zero on exit
           scnse
                                   set on exit if line is listed
           lstpf
       prc e,0
                                                  entry point
nexts
        bze cswls,nxts2
                                                  jump if -nolist
        mov r$cim,xr
                                                  point to image
        bze xr,nxts2
                                                  jump if no image
        plc xr
                                                  get char ptr
        lch wa, (xr)
                                                  get first char
                                                  jump if not ctrl card
        bne wa,=ch$mn,nxts1
        bze cswpr,nxts2
                                                  jump if -noprint
           here to call lister
nxts1
       jsr
             listr
                                                  list line
           here after possible listing
nxts2
       mov r$cni,xr
                                                  point to next image
        mov xr,r$cim
                                                  set as next image
        mov rdnln,rdcln
                                                  set as current line number
if .cinc
        mov cnind, lstid
                                                  set as current include depth
```

```
fi
          zer r$cni
                                                                   clear next image pointer
          {\operatorname{mov}} {\operatorname{sclen}}({\operatorname{xr}}), {\operatorname{wa}}
                                                                   get input image length
                                                                   get max allowable length
          mov cswin,wb
          blo wa,wb,nxts3
                                                                   skip if not too long
                                                                   else truncate
          mov wb,wa
               here with length in (wa)
nxts3
          mov wa,scnil
                                                                   use as record length
                 scnse
                                                                   reset scnse
          \mathbf{zer}
                                                                   set line not listed yet
                 lstpf
          \mathbf{zer}
                                                                   return to nexts caller
          exi
                                                                   end procedure nexts
          \mathbf{enp}
```

```
patin -- pattern construction for len,pos,rpos,tab,rtab
           these pattern types all generate a similar node type. so
           the construction code is shared. see functions section
           for actual entry points for these five functions.
            (wa)
                                   pcode for expression arg case
            (wb)
                                   pcode for integer arg case
            jsr patin
                                   call to build pattern node
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for not integer or exp
                                   transfer loc for int out of range
           ppm loc
            (xr)
                                   pointer to constructed node
            (xl,wa,wb,wc,ia)
                                   destroyed
patin
       prc n,2
                                                   entry point
        mov wa,xl
                                                   preserve expression arg pcode
            gtsmi
                                                   try to convert arg as small integer
        ppm ptin2
                                                   jump if not integer
        ppm ptin3
                                                   jump if out of range
           common successful exit point
                                                   build pattern node
ptin1
       jsr
             pbild
        exi
                                                   return to caller
    *
           here if argument is not an integer
ptin2
        mov xl,wb
                                                   copy expr arg case pcode
        blo
             (xr),=b$e$$,ptin1
                                                   all ok if expression arg
        exi
             1
                                                   else take error exit for wrong type
           here for error of out of range integer argument
       \mathbf{exi}
ptin3
            2
                                                   take out-of-range error exit
                                                   end procedure patin
        enp
```

```
patst -- pattern construction for any, notany,
                     break, span and breakx pattern functions.
           these pattern functions build similar types of nodes and
           the construction code is shared. see functions section
           for actual entry points for these five pattern functions.
           0(xs)
                                   string argument
            (wb)
                                   pcode for one char argument
            (x1)
                                   pcode for multi-char argument
            (wc)
                                   pcode for expression argument
            jsr patst
                                   call to build node
           ppm loc
                                   if not string or expr (or null)
            (xs)
                                   popped past string argument
            (xr)
                                   pointer to constructed node
            (xl)
                                   destroyed
            (wa,wb,wc,ra)
                                   destroyed
           note that there is a special call to patst in the evals
           procedure with a slightly different form. see evals
           for details of the form of this call.
patst
                                                   entry point
       prc n,1
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            gtstg
                                                   convert argument as string
        ppm pats7
                                                   jump if not string
                                                   jump if null string (catspaw)
        bze wa,pats7
        bne wa,=num01,pats2
                                                   jump if not one char string
           here for one char string case
        bze wb,pats2
                                                   treat as multi-char if evals call
        plc xr
                                                   point to character
        lch
            xr,(xr)
                                                   load character
            common exit point after successful construction
             pbild
                                                   call routine to build node
pats1
       jsr
                                                   return to patst caller
        exi
```

```
patst (continued)
            here for multi-character string case
pats2
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                      save multi-char pcode
        mov ctmsk,wc
                                                      load current mask bit
        beq xr,r$cts,pats6
                                                      jump if same as last string c3.738
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      save string pointer
        lsh
             wc,1
                                                      shift to next position
        nzb wc,pats4
                                                      skip if position left in this tbl
            here we must allocate a new character table
                                                      set size of ctblk
        mov *ctsi$,wa
             alloc
                                                      allocate ctblk
        jsr
        mov xr,r$ctp
                                                      store ptr to new ctblk
                                                      store type code, bump ptr
        mov = b\$ctt, (xr) +
             wb,=cfp$a
                                                      set number of words to clear
                                                      load all zero bits
        mov bits0,wc
            loop to clear all bits in table to zeros
pats3
        mov wc,(xr)+
                                                      move word of zero bits
        bct wb,pats3
                                                      loop till all cleared
        mov bits1,wc
                                                      set initial bit position
            merge here with bit position available
                                                      save parm2 (new bit position)
pats4
        mov wc,ctmsk
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                      restore pointer to argument string
        mov xl,r$cts
                                                      save for next time c3.738
        mov sclen(x1),wb
                                                      load string length
                                                      jump if null string case
        bze wb,pats6
              wb,wb
                                                      else set loop counter
        \mathbf{lct}
        plc
             xl
                                                      point to characters in argument
```

```
patst (continued)
            loop to set bits in column of table
        lch
            wa,(xl)+
                                                     load next character
pats5
        wtb wa
                                                     convert to byte offset
        mov r$ctp,xr
                                                     point to ctblk
        add wa,xr
                                                     point to ctblk entry
        mov wc,wa
                                                     copy bit mask
        orb ctchs(xr),wa
                                                     or in bits already set
        mov wa, ctchs(xr)
                                                     store resulting bit string
                                                     loop till all bits set
        bct wb,pats5
            complete processing for multi-char string case
pats6
        mov r$ctp,xr
                                                     load ctblk ptr as parm1 for pbild
                                                     clear garbage ptr in xl
        \mathbf{zer}
             xl
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                     load pcode for multi-char str case
                                                     back to exit (wc=bitstring=parm2)
        brn pats1
            here if argument is not a string
            note that the call from evals cannot pass an expression
            since evalp always reevaluates expressions.
        mov wc,wb
                                                     set pcode for expression argument
pats7
        blo
              (xr),=b$e$$,pats1
                                                     jump to exit if expression arg
        exi
                                                     else take wrong type error exit
                                                     end procedure patst
        enp
```

```
pbild -- build pattern node
            (xr)
                                    parm1 (only if required)
            (wb)
                                    pcode for node
            (wc)
                                    parm2 (only if required)
                                    call to build node
            jsr pbild
            (xr)
                                    pointer to constructed node
            (wa)
                                    destroyed
pbild
        prc e,0
                                                     entry point
                                                     stack possible parm1
        mov xr, -(xs)
        mov wb,xr
                                                     copy pcode
        lei
                                                     load entry point id (bl$px)
        beq xr,=bl$p1,pbld1
                                                     jump if one parameter
        beq xr,=bl$p0,pbld3
                                                     jump if no parameters
            here for two parameter case
                                                     set size of p2blk
        mov *pcsi$,wa
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            alloc
                                                     allocate block
        mov wc,parm2(xr)
                                                     store second parameter
        brn pbld2
                                                     merge with one parm case
            here for one parameter case
                                                     set size of p1blk
pbld1
        mov *pbsi$,wa
        jsr
             alloc
                                                     allocate node
            merge here from two parm case
pbld2
        mov (xs),parm1(xr)
                                                     store first parameter
        brn pbld4
                                                     merge with no parameter case
            here for case of no parameters
pbld3
                                                     set size of p0blk
        mov *pasi$,wa
        jsr alloc
                                                     allocate node
            merge here from other cases
        mov wb,(xr)
                                                     store pcode
pbld4
                                                     pop first parameter
        ica
             XS
        mov =ndnth,pthen(xr)
                                                     set nothen successor pointer
        exi
                                                     return to pbild caller
                                                     end procedure pbild
        enp
```

pconc -- concatenate two patterns (x1) ptr to right pattern (xr) ptr to left pattern jsr pconc call to concatenate patterns ptr to concatenated pattern (xr) (xl,wa,wb,wc) destroyed to concatenate two patterns, all successors in the left pattern which point to the nothen node must be changed to point to the right pattern. however, this modification must be performed on a copy of the left argument rather than the left argument itself, since the left argument may be pointed to by some other variable value. accordingly, it is necessary to copy the left argument. this is not a trivial process since we must avoid copying nodes more than once and the pattern is a graph structure the following algorithm is employed. the stack is used to store a list of nodes which have already been copied. the format of the entries on this list consists of a two word block. the first word is the old address and the second word is the address of the copy. this list is searched by the pcopy routine to avoid making duplicate copies. a trick is used to accomplish the concatenation at the same time. a special entry is made to start with on the stack. this entry records that the nothen node has been copied already and the address of its copy is the right pattern. this automatically performs the correct replacements. prc e,0 entry point zer -(xs)make room for one entry at bottom mov xs,wc store pointer to start of list mov =ndnth,-(xs) stack nothen node as old node

pconc mov xl,-(xs)mov xs,xt isr рсору mov wa, num02(xt)

store right arg as copy of nothen initialize pointer to stack entries copy first node of left arg store as result under list

```
pconc (continued)
            the following loop scans entries in the list and makes
            sure that their successors have been copied.
pcnc1
        beq xt,xs,pcnc2
                                                     jump if all entries processed
        mov -(xt),xr
                                                     else load next old address
        mov pthen(xr),xr
                                                     load pointer to successor
            рсору
                                                     copy successor node
        mov -(xt),xr
                                                     load pointer to new node (copy)
        mov wa,pthen(xr)
                                                     store ptr to new successor
            now check for special case of alternation node where
            parm1 points to a node and must be copied like pthen.
        bne (xr),=p$alt,pcnc1
                                                     loop back if not
        mov parm1(xr),xr
                                                     else load pointer to alternative
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             рсору
                                                     copy it
        mov (xt),xr
                                                     restore ptr to new node
        mov wa,parm1(xr)
                                                     store ptr to copied alternative
        brn pcnc1
                                                     loop back for next entry
            here at end of copy process
pcnc2
        mov wc,xs
                                                     restore stack pointer
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                     load pointer to copy
        exi
                                                     return to pconc caller
        enp
                                                     end procedure pconc
```

```
pcopy -- copy a pattern node
           pcopy is called from the pconc procedure to copy a single
           pattern node. the copy is only carried out if the node
           has not been copied already.
            (xr)
                                   pointer to node to be copied
            (xt)
                                   ptr to current loc in copy list
            (wc)
                                   pointer to list of copied nodes
                                   call to copy a node
            jsr pcopy
                                   pointer to copy
            (wa)
            (wb,xr)
                                   destroyed
        prc n,0
                                                    entry point
рсору
        mov xt,wb
                                                    save xt
                                                    point to start of list
        mov wc,xt
            loop to search list of nodes copied already
                                                    point to next entry on list
pcop1
        dca xt
        beq xr,(xt),pcop2
                                                    jump if match
        dca xt
                                                    else skip over copied address
                                                    loop back if more to test
        bne xt,xs,pcop1
           here if not in list, perform copy
        mov (xr), wa
                                                    load first word of block
            blkln
        isr
                                                    get length of block
        mov xr,xl
                                                    save pointer to old node
            alloc
                                                    allocate space for copy
                                                    store old address on list
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                    store new address on list
        mov xr, -(xs)
        chk
                                                    check for stack overflow
                                                    move words from old block to copy
        mvw
        mov (xs), wa
                                                    load pointer to copy
        brn pcop3
                                                    jump to exit
           here if we find entry in list
        mov -(xt),wa
                                                    load address of copy from list
pcop2
            common exit point
рсор3
        mov wb,xt
                                                    restore xt
        exi
                                                    return to pcopy caller
        enp
                                                    end procedure pcopy
```

```
if .cnpf
else
             prflr -- print profile
             prflr is called to print the contents of the profile
             table in a fairly readable tabular format.
             jsr prflr
                                        call to print profile
             (wa,ia)
                                        destroyed
prflr
        \mathbf{prc}
         bze pfdmp,prfl4
                                                          no printing if no profiling done
         mov xr,-(xs)
                                                          preserve entry xr
                                                          and also wb
         mov wb,pfsvw
                                                          eject
         jsr
               prtpg
                                                          load msg /program profile/
         mov =pfms1,xr
         jsr
               prtst
                                                          and print it
                                                          followed by newline
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               prtnl
               prtnl
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                          and another
                                                          point to first hdr
         mov =pfms2,xr
         jsr
               prtst
                                                          print it
               prtnl
                                                          new line
         jsr
                                                          second hdr
         mov =pfms3,xr
                                                          print it
         jsr
               prtst
               prtnl
                                                          new line
         jsr
         jsr
               prtnl
                                                          and another blank line
                                                          initial stmt count
         \mathbf{zer}
              wb
         {f mov} pftbl,xr
                                                          point to table origin
         add *xndta,xr
                                                          bias past xnblk header (sgd07)
             loop here to print successive entries
prfl1
        icv
               wb
                                                          bump stmt nr
         ldi
                                                          load nr of executions
               (xr)
         ieq prf13
                                                          no printing if zero
                                                          point where to print
         mov =pfpd1,profs
               prtin
                                                          and print it
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                          back to start of line
         \mathbf{zer}
               profs
                                                          load stmt nr
         mti wb
                                                          print it there
         jsr
               prtin
         mov =pfpd2,profs
                                                          and pad past count
         ldi
              cfp$i(xr)
                                                          load total exec time
               prtin
                                                          print that too
         jsr
         ldi
               cfp$i(xr)
                                                          reload time
         mli intth
                                                          convert to microsec
         iov
               prf12
                                                          omit next bit if overflow
                                                          divide by executions
         \mathbf{dvi}
               (xr)
         mov =pfpd3,profs
                                                          pad last print
         isr
               prtin
                                                          and print mcsec/execn
             merge after printing time
```

```
prf12 jsr prtnl
                                                  thats another line
           here to go to next entry
prfl3 add *pf$i2,xr
                                                  bump index ptr (sgd07)
        blt wb,pfnte,prfl1
                                                  loop if more stmts
                                                  restore callers xr
        mov (xs)+,xr
        {f mov} pfsvw,wb
                                                  and wb too
           here to exit
prfl4
                                                  return
        exi
        enp
                                                  end of prflr
```

```
prflu -- update an entry in the profile table
            on entry, kvstn contains nr of stmt to profile
                                    call to update entry
            jsr prflu
            (ia)
                                    destroyed
prflu
        prc
        bnz pffnc,pflu4
                                                    skip if just entered function
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                    preserve entry xr
        mov wa,pfsvw
                                                    save wa (sgd07)
        bnz pftbl,pflu2
                                                    branch if table allocated
           here if space for profile table not yet allocated.
            calculate size needed, allocate a static xnblk, and
            initialize it all to zero.
            the time taken for this will be attributed to the current
            statement (assignment to keywd profile), but since the
            timing for this statement is up the pole anyway, this
            doesnt really matter...
        sub =num01,pfnte
                                                    adjust for extra count (sgd07)
        mti pfi2a
                                                    convrt entry size to int
        \operatorname{sti}
             pfste
                                                    and store safely for later
        mti pfnte
                                                    load table length as integer
        mli pfste
                                                    multiply by entry size
        mfi wa
                                                    get back address-style
        add =num02,wa
                                                    add on 2 word overhead
        wtb wa
                                                    convert the whole lot to bytes
                                                    gimme the space
        jsr
             alost
        mov xr,pftbl
                                                    save block pointer
                                                    put block type and ...
        mov = b$xnt,(xr)+
        mov wa,(xr)+
                                                    ... length into header
        mfi wa
                                                    get back nr of wds in data area
        lct
                                                    load the counter
            wa,wa
            loop here to zero the block data
pflu1
        zer
            (xr)+
                                                    blank a word
                                                    and allllll the rest
        bct wa,pflu1
            end of allocation. merge back into routine
pflu2
        mti kvstn
                                                    load nr of stmt just ended
        \mathbf{sbi}
            intv1
                                                    make into index offset
        mli pfste
                                                    make offset of table entry
                                                    convert to address
        mfi wa
        wtb wa
                                                    get as baus
        add *num02, wa
                                                    offset includes table header
        mov pftbl,xr
                                                    get table start
        bge wa,num01(xr),pflu3
                                                     if out of table, skip it
```

```
add wa,xr
                                                           else point to entry
         ldi
               (xr)
                                                           get nr of executions so far
                                                           nudge up one
         adi
              intv1
         \mathbf{sti}
                                                          and put back
               (xr)
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               systm
                                                           get time now
               pfetm
                                                          stash ending time
         {f sti}
         \mathbf{sbi}
              pfstm
                                                          subtract start time
         adi
              cfp$i(xr)
                                                           add cumulative time so far
         \mathbf{sti}
               cfp$i(xr)
                                                           and put back new total
         ldi
               pfetm
                                                           load end time of this stmt ...
         \mathbf{sti}
               pfstm
                                                           ... which is start time of next
             merge here to exit
pflu3
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                           restore callers xr
         mov pfsvw,wa
                                                           restore saved reg
         exi
                                                           and return
             here if profile is suppressed because a program defined
             function is about to be entered, and so the current stmt
             has not yet finished
                                                           reset the condition flag
pflu4
         \mathbf{zer}
              pffnc
         exi
                                                           and immediate return
                                                           end of procedure prflu
         enp
```

```
fi
            prpar - process print parameters
            (wc)
                                    if nonzero associate terminal only
            jsr prpar
                                    call to process print parameters
            (xl,xr,wa,wb,wc)
                                    destroyed
            since memory allocation is undecided on initial call,
            terminal cannot be associated. the entry with wc non-zero
            is provided so a later call can be made to complete this.
        prc e,0
                                                    entry point
prpar
                                                    jump to associate terminal
        bnz wc,prpa8
        jsr
             syspp
                                                    get print parameters
        bnz wb,prpa1
                                                    jump if lines/page specified
                                                    else use a large value
        mov =cfp$m,wb
                                                    but not too large
        rsh wb,1
            store line count/page
        mov wb, 1stnp
                                                    store number of lines/page
prpa1
        mov wb, lstlc
                                                    pretend page is full initially
                                                    clear page number
        zer
            lstpg
        mov prlen,wb
                                                    get prior length if any
        bze wb,prpa2
                                                    skip if no length
        bgt wa,wb,prpa3
                                                    skip storing if too big
            store print buffer length
                                                    store value
prpa2
        mov wa, prlen
            process bits options
                                                    bit 3 mask
prpa3
        mov bits3,wb
        anb wc,wb
                                                    get -nolist bit
        \mathbf{zrb}
             wb,prpa4
                                                    skip if clear
                                                    set -nolist
        zer
             cswls
            check if fail reports goto interactive channel
                                                    bit 1 mask
        mov bits1,wb
prpa4
        anb wc,wb
                                                    get bit
        mov wb,erich
                                                    store int. chan. error flag
        mov bits2,wb
                                                    bit 2 mask
        anb wc,wb
                                                    get bit
        mov wb, prich
                                                    flag for std printer on int. chan.
        mov bits4,wb
                                                    bit 4 mask
        anb wc,wb
                                                    get bit
        mov wb,cpsts
                                                    flag for compile stats suppressn.
```

movbits5,wbanbwc,wbmovwb,exsts

bit 5 mask get bit flag for exec stats suppression

```
prpar (continued)
                                                      bit 6 mask
        mov bits6,wb
        anb wc,wb
                                                      get bit
                                                      extended/compact listing flag
        mov wb, precl
        sub =num08,wa
                                                      point 8 chars from line end
        zrb wb,prpa5
                                                      jump if not extended
        mov wa,1stpo
                                                      store for listing page headings
             continue option processing
                                                      bit 7 mask
        mov bits7,wb
prpa5
                                                      get bit 7
        anb wc,wb
        mov wb, cswex
                                                      set -noexecute if non-zero
        mov bit10, wb
                                                      bit 10 mask
        anb wc,wb
                                                      get bit 10
        mov wb, headp
                                                      pretend printed to omit headers
                                                      bit 9 mask
        mov bits9,wb
        anb wc,wb
                                                      get bit 9
        mov wb,prsto
                                                      keep it as std listing option
if .culc
        mov wc,wb
                                                      copy flags
        rsh wb,12
                                                      right justify bit 13
        anb bits1,wb
                                                      get bit
        mov wb, kvcas
                                                      set -case
fi
                                                      bit 12 mask
        mov bit12, wb
        anb wc,wb
                                                      get bit 12
        mov wb,cswer
                                                      keep it as errors/noerrors option
        zrb wb,prpa6
                                                      skip if clear
        mov prlen, wa
                                                      get print buffer length
        sub = num08, wa
                                                      point 8 chars from line end
        mov wa,1stpo
                                                      store page offset
            check for -print/-noprint
        mov bit11,wb
                                                      bit 11 mask
prpa6
        anb wc,wb
                                                      get bit 11
        mov wb,cswpr
                                                      set -print if non-zero
            check for terminal
        anb bits8,wc
                                                      see if terminal to be activated
        bnz wc,prpa8
                                                      jump if terminal required
        bze initr,prpa9
                                                      jump if no terminal to detach
                                                      ptr to /terminal/
        mov =v$ter,x1
                                                      get vrblk pointer
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              gtnvr
        ppm
                                                      cant fail
        mov =nulls,vrval(xr)
                                                      clear value of terminal
        jsr
              setvr
                                                      remove association
```

```
brn prpa9
                                                        return
            associate terminal
prpa8
        mnz initr
                                                        note terminal associated
                                                        cant if memory not organised
        bze dnamb, prpa9
        mov =v$ter,xl
                                                        point to terminal string
                                                        output trace type
        mov =trtou,wb
              inout
                                                        attach output trblk to vrblk
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack trblk ptr
                                                        point to terminal string
        mov =v$ter,x1
        mov =trtin,wb
                                                        input trace type
              inout
                                                        attach input trace blk
        mov (xs)+,vrval(xr)
                                                        add output trblk to chain
            return point
prpa9
        exi
                                                        return
        \mathbf{enp}
                                                        end procedure prpar
```

```
prtch -- print a character
            prtch is used to print a single character
            (wa)
                                     character to be printed
            jsr prtch
                                     call to print character
\operatorname{prtch} \operatorname{prc} e,0
                                                      entry point
                                                      save xr
        mov xr,-(xs)
        bne profs,prlen,prch1
                                                      jump if room in buffer
                                                      else print this line
        jsr
             prtnl
            here after making sure we have room
prch1
        mov prbuf,xr
                                                      point to print buffer
        psc xr,profs
                                                      point to next character location
        sch wa,(xr)
                                                      store new character
                                                      complete store characters
        \mathbf{csc}
             xr
        icv
             profs
                                                      bump pointer
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      restore entry xr
        exi
                                                      return to prtch caller
        enp
                                                      end procedure prtch
```

```
prtic -- print to interactive channel
           prtic is called to print the contents of the standard
           print buffer to the interactive channel. it is only
           called after prtst has set up the string for printing.
            it does not clear the buffer.
            jsr prtic
                                    call for print
                                   destroyed
            (wa,wb)
       prc e,0
                                                    entry point
prtic
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                    save xr
        {f mov} prbuf,xr
                                                    point to buffer
        mov profs,wa
                                                    no of chars
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            syspi
                                                    print
                                                    fail return
        ppm prtc2
           return
       mov (xs)+,xr
prtc1
                                                    restore xr
        exi
                                                    return
           error occured
       zer erich
                                                    prevent looping
prtc2
        erb 252, error on printing
                                                    to interactive channel
        brn prtc1
                                                    procedure prtic
        enp
```

```
prtis -- print to interactive and standard printer
            prtis puts a line from the print buffer onto the
            interactive channel (if any) and the standard printer.
            it always prints to the standard printer but does
            not duplicate lines if the standard printer is
            interactive. it clears down the print buffer.
                                      call for printing
            jsr prtis
             (wa,wb)
                                      destroyed
        prc e,0
                                                       entry point
prtis
                                                       jump if standard printer is int.ch.
        bnz prich, prts1
        bze erich,prts1
                                                       skip if not doing int. error reps.
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              prtic
                                                       print to interactive channel
            merge and exit
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
prts1
             prtnl
                                                       print to standard printer
        exi
                                                       return
                                                       end procedure prtis
        enp
```

```
prtin -- print an integer
            prtin prints the integer value which is in the integer
            accumulator. blocks built in dynamic storage
            during this process are immediately deleted.
            (ia)
                                      integer value to be printed
            jsr prtin
                                     call to print integer
                                     destroyed
            (ia,ra)
prtin
        prc e,0
                                                       entry point
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       save xr
             icbld
                                                       build integer block
        jsr
        blo xr,dnamb,prti1
                                                       jump if icblk below dynamic
        bhi xr,dnamp,prti1
                                                       jump if above dynamic
        mov xr,dnamp
                                                       immediately delete it
            delete icblk from dynamic store
prti1
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      stack ptr for gtstg
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             gtstg
                                                       convert to string
        ppm
                                                       convert error is impossible
                                                       reset pointer to delete scblk
        mov xr,dnamp
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             prtst
                                                       print integer string
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       restore entry xr
        exi
                                                       return to prtin caller
        enp
                                                       end procedure prtin
```

```
prtmi -- print message and integer
               prtmi is used to print messages together with an integer
               value starting in column 15 (used by the routines at
               the end of compilation).
                                              call to print message and integer
               jsr prtmi
prtmi
         prc e,0
                                                                   entry point
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                prtst
                                                                   print string message
                                                                   set column offset
          \mathbf{mov} \ \texttt{=} \mathsf{prtmf} \, \texttt{,} \mathsf{profs}
                prtin
                                                                   print integer
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                 prtnl
                                                                   print line
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
          \mathbf{exi}
                                                                   return to prtmi caller
          enp
                                                                    end procedure prtmi
```

```
prtmm -- print memory used and available
            prtmm is used to provide memory usage information in
            both the end-of-compile and end-of-run statistics.
             jsr prtmm
                                      call to print memory stats
prtmm
        \operatorname{prc}
                                                       next available loc
        mov dnamp, wa
        sub statb, wa
                                                       minus start
if.\mathbf{cbyt}
else
        btw wa
                                                       convert to words
fi
        mti wa
                                                       convert to integer
        mov =encm1,xr
                                                       point to /memory used (words)/
              prtmi
                                                       print message
        mov dname, wa
                                                       end of memory
                                                       minus next available loc
        \operatorname{sub}
              dnamp, wa
if.\mathbf{cbyt}
else
        btw wa
                                                       convert to words
fi
        mti wa
                                                       convert to integer
                                                       point to /memory available (words)/
        mov = encm2, xr
        jsr
              prtmi
                                                       print line
        exi
                                                       return to prtmm caller
                                                       end of procedure prtmm
        enp
```

```
prtmx -- as prtmi with extra copy to interactive chan.
              jsr prtmx
                                            call for printing
               (wa,wb)
                                           destroyed
prtmx prc e,0
                                                               entry point
                                                               print string message
                prtst
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
         {f mov} =prtmf,profs
                                                               set column offset
                                                               print integer
               prtin
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               prtis
                                                               print line
          exi
                                                               return
                                                               {\rm end}\ {\rm procedure}\ {\rm prtmx}
         enp
```

```
prtnl -- print new line (end print line)
            prtnl prints the contents of the print buffer, resets
            the buffer to all blanks and resets the print pointer.
                                      call to print line
             jsr prtnl
prtnl
        prc r,0
                                                       entry point
        bnz headp,prnl0
                                                       were headers printed
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              prtps
                                                       no - print them
            call syspr
        mov xr, -(xs)
prn10
                                                       save entry xr
        mov wa, prtsa
                                                       save wa
        mov wb,prtsb
                                                       save wb
                                                       load pointer to buffer
        mov prbuf,xr
        mov profs, wa
                                                       load number of chars in buffer
                                                       call system print routine
              syspr
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                       jump if failed
        ppm prnl2
              wa,prlnw
                                                       load length of buffer in words
        \mathbf{lct}
                                                       point to chars of buffer
        add *schar,xr
        mov nullw,wb
                                                       get word of blanks
            loop to blank buffer
prnl1
        mov wb,(xr)+
                                                       store word of blanks, bump ptr
        bct wa,prnl1
                                                       loop till all blanked
             exit point
        mov prtsb,wb
                                                       restore wb
        mov prtsa, wa
                                                       restore wa
                                                       restore entry xr
        mov (xs)+,xr
             profs
                                                       reset print buffer pointer
        \mathbf{zer}
        exi
                                                       return to prtnl caller
            file full or no output file for load module
prn12
        bnz prtef,prnl3
                                                       jump if not first time
                                                       mark first occurrence
        mnz prtef
        erb 253, print limit exceeded
                                                       on standard output channel
             stop at once
        mov =nini8,wb
                                                       ending code
prn13
        mov kvstn, wa
                                                       statement number
        mov r$fcb,xl
                                                       get fcblk chain head
        jsr
              sysej
                                                       stop
        enp
                                                       end procedure prtnl
```

```
prtnm -- print variable name
            prtnm is used to print a character representation of the
            name of a variable (not a value of datatype name)
            names of pseudo-variables may not be passed to prtnm.
            (x1)
                                    name base
            (wa)
                                    name offset
            jsr prtnm
                                    call to print name
            (wb,wc,ra)
                                    destroyed
prtnm
        prc r,0
                                                    entry point (recursive, see prtvl)
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                    save wa (offset is collectable)
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                    save entry xr
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                    save name base
        bhi xl,state,prn02
                                                    jump if not natural variable
            here for natural variable name, recognized by the fact
            that the name base points into the static area.
                                                    point to vrblk
        mov xl,xr
        isr
            prtvn
                                                    print name of variable
            common exit point
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                    restore name base
prn01
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                    restore entry value of xr
        mov (xs)+, wa
                                                    restore wa
        exi
                                                    return to prtnm caller
            here for case of non-natural variable
prn02
        mov wa, wb
                                                    copy name offset
        bne (x1),=b$pdt,prn03
                                                    jump if array or table
    *
            for program defined datatype, prt fld name, left paren
        mov pddfp(xl),xr
                                                    load pointer to dfblk
        add wa,xr
                                                    add name offset
        mov pdfof(xr),xr
                                                    load vrblk pointer for field
                                                    print field name
             prtvn
        jsr
        mov =ch$pp,wa
                                                    load left paren
                                                    print character
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             prtch
```

prtnm (continued) now we print an identifying name for the object if one can be found. the following code searches for a natural variable which contains this object as value. if such a variable is found, its name is printed, else the value of the object (as printed by prtvl) is used instead. first we point to the parent tbblk if this is the case of a table element. to do this, chase down the trnxt chain. prn03 bne (x1),=b\$tet,prn04 jump if we got there (or not te) mov tenxt(x1),x1 else move out on chain brn prn03 and loop back now we are ready for the search. to speed things up in the case of calls from dump where the same name base will occur repeatedly while dumping an array or table, we remember the last vrblk pointer found in prnmv. so first check to see if we have this one again. prn04 mov prnmv,xr point to vrblk we found last time mov hshtb, wa point to hash table in case not brn prn07 jump into search for special check loop through hash slots prn05 mov wa,xr copy slot pointer ica wa bump slot pointer introduce standard vrblk offset sub *vrnxt,xr loop through vrblks on one hash chain prn06 mov vrnxt(xr),xr point to next vrblk on hash chain merge here first time to check block we found last time prn07 mov xr,wc copy vrblk pointer

bze wc,prn09

jump if chain end (or prnmv zero)

prtnm (continued) loop to find value (chase down possible trblk chain) prn08 mov vrval(xr),xr load value beq (xr),=b\$trt,prn08 loop if that was a trblk now we have the value, is this the block we want beq xr,xl,prn10 jump if this matches the name base mov wc,xr else point back to that vrblk and loop back brn prn06 here to move to next hash slot prn09 \mathbf{blt} wa, hshte, prn05 loop back if more to go mov xl,xr else not found, copy value pointer $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ prtvl print value and merge ahead brn prn11 here when we find a matching entry prn10 mov wc,xr copy vrblk pointer save for next time in mov xr,prnmv $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ prtvn print variable name merge here if no entry found load first word of name base mov (x1),wc prn11 bne wc,=b\$pdt,prn13 jump if not program defined for program defined datatype, add right paren and exit mov =ch\$rp,wa load right paren, merge merge here to print final right paren or bracket prn12 jsr prtch print final character restore name offset mov wb, wa

brn prn01

merge back to exit

```
prtnm (continued)
           here for array or table
                                                   load left bracket
       mov =ch$bb,wa
prn13
             prtch
                                                    and print it
        jsr
        mov (xs),xl
                                                    restore block pointer
        {f mov} (x1),wc
                                                    load type word again
        bne wc,=b$tet,prn15
                                                    jump if not table
           here for table, print subscript value
        mov tesub(x1),xr
                                                    load subscript value
                                                    save name offset
        mov wb,xl
            prtvl
        jsr
                                                    print subscript value
        mov xl,wb
                                                    restore name offset
           merge here from array case to print right bracket
        mov =ch$rb,wa
                                                    load right bracket
prn14
        brn prn12
                                                    merge back to print it
           here for array or vector, to print subscript(s)
prn15
        mov wb,wa
                                                    copy name offset
        btw wa
                                                    convert to words
                                                   jump if arblk
        beq wc,=b$art,prn16
           here for vector
        sub =vcvlb,wa
                                                    adjust for standard fields
        mti wa
                                                    move to integer accum
        jsr
             prtin
                                                    print linear subscript
                                                    merge back for right bracket
        brn prn14
```

```
prtnm (continued)
            here for array. first calculate absolute subscript
            offsets by successive divisions by the dimension values.
            this must be done right to left since the elements are
            stored row-wise. the subscripts are stacked as integers.
prn16
        mov arofs(x1),wc
                                                     load length of bounds info
        ica
             WC
                                                     adjust for arpro field
        btw wc
                                                     convert to words
        sub wc,wa
                                                     get linear zero-origin subscript
        mti wa
                                                     get integer value
             wa,arndm(x1)
        \mathbf{lct}
                                                     set num of dimensions as loop count
        add arofs(x1),x1
                                                     point past bounds information
        sub *arlbd,xl
                                                     set ok offset for proper ptr later
            loop to stack subscript offsets
                                                     point to next set of bounds
prn17
        sub *ardms,xl
                                                     save current offset
        \mathbf{sti}
             prnsi
        rmi ardim(x1)
                                                     get remainder on dividing by dimens
        mfi - (xs)
                                                     store on stack (one word)
        ldi
             prnsi
                                                     reload argument
        dvi ardim(x1)
                                                     divide to get quotient
        bct wa, prn17
                                                     loop till all stacked
        zer
                                                     set offset to first set of bounds
             xr
             wb,arndm(xl)
                                                     load count of dims to control loop
        \mathbf{lct}
        brn prn19
                                                     jump into print loop
            loop to print subscripts from stack adjusting by adding
            the appropriate low bound value from the arblk
        mov =ch$cm,wa
                                                     load a comma
prn18
        isr
              prtch
                                                     print it
    *
            merge here first time in (no comma required)
        mti (xs) +
prn19
                                                     load subscript offset as integer
        add xr,xl
                                                     point to current lbd
        adi arlbd(x1)
                                                     add lbd to get signed subscript
        sub xr,xl
                                                     point back to start of arblk
                                                     print subscript
        jsr
              prtin
        add *ardms,xr
                                                     bump offset to next bounds
        bct wb,prn18
                                                     loop back till all printed
        brn prn14
                                                     merge back to print right bracket
                                                     end procedure prtnm
        enp
```

```
prtnv -- print name value
             prtnv is used by the trace and dump routines to print
             a line of the form
             name = value
             note that the name involved can never be a pseudo-var
             (x1)
                                       name base
             (wa)
                                       name offset
             jsr prtnv
                                       call to print name = value
                                       destroyed
             (wb,wc,ra)
prtnv
        prc e,0
                                                         entry point
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                         print argument name
             prtnm
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                         save entry xr
         mov wa,-(xs)
                                                         save name offset (collectable)
         mov =tmbeb,xr
                                                         point to blank equal blank
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             prtst
                                                         print it
         mov xl,xr
                                                         copy name base
         add wa,xr
                                                         point to value
                                                         load value pointer
        mov (xr),xr
             prtvl
                                                         print value
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              prtnl
                                                         terminate line
                                                         restore name offset
         mov (xs)+,wa
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                         restore entry xr
                                                         return to caller
         exi
         enp
                                                         end procedure prtnv
```

```
prtpg -- print a page throw
            prints a page throw or a few blank lines on the standard
            listing channel depending on the listing options chosen.
                                    call for page eject
            jsr prtpg
                                                    entry point
        prc e,0
prtpg
        beq stage,=stgxt,prp01
                                                    jump if execution time
        bze lstlc,prp06
                                                    return if top of page already
        zer lstlc
                                                    clear line count
            check type of listing
       mov xr,-(xs)
prp01
                                                    preserve xr
        bnz prstd,prp02
                                                    eject if flag set
        bnz prich,prp03
                                                    jump if interactive listing channel
                                                    jump if compact listing
        bze precl,prp03
            perform an eject
prp02
                                                    eject
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            sysep
        brn prp04
                                                    merge
            compact or interactive channel listing. cant print
            blanks until check made for headers printed and flag set.
                                                    remember headp
prp03
        mov headp,xr
        mnz headp
                                                    set to avoid repeated prtpg calls
              prtnl
                                                    print blank line
        jsr
        jsr
             prtnl
                                                    print blank line
                                                    print blank line
            prtnl
        mov = num03, lstlc
                                                    count blank lines
        mov xr,headp
                                                    restore header flag
```

```
prptg (continued)
              print the heading
                                                               jump if header listed
prp04
         bnz headp,prp05
                                                               mark headers printed
         \mathbf{mnz} headp
         mov xl,-(xs)
                                                               keep xl
                                                               point to listing header
         mov =headr,xr
               prtst
                                                               place it
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                sysid
                                                               get system identification
                                                               append extra chars
         jsr
                prtst
                prtnl
                                                               print it
         jsr
                                                               extra header line
          mov xl,xr
                                                               place it
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                prtst
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               prtnl
                                                               print it
                                                               print a blank
         jsr
                prtnl
                                                               and another
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                prtnl
          add =num04,1stlc
                                                               four header lines printed
         mov (xs)+,xl
                                                               restore xl
              merge if header not printed
prp05
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                               restore xr
              return
prp06
         exi
                                                               return
          enp
                                                               end procedure prtpg
```

```
prtps - print page with test for standard listing option
            if the standard listing option is selected, insist that
            an eject be done
                         call for eject
            jsr prtps
\operatorname{prtps} \operatorname{prc} e,0
                                                     entry point
                                                     copy option flag
        mov prsto,prstd
        jsr prtpg
                                                     print page
                                                     clear flag
        zer prstd
        \mathbf{exi}
                                                     return
                                                     end procedure prtps
        enp
```

```
prtsn -- print statement number
           prtsn is used to initiate a print trace line by printing
            asterisks and the current statement number. the actual
            format of the output generated is.
            ***nnnnn**** iii....iiii
           nnnnn is the statement number with leading zeros replaced
           by asterisks (e.g. ******9****)
            iii...iii represents a variable length output consisting
            of a number of letter i characters equal to fnclevel.
            jsr prtsn
                                    call to print statement number
            (wc)
                                    destroyed
prtsn
        prc e,0
                                                    entry point
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                    save entry xr
        mov wa, prsna
                                                    save entry wa
        mov =tmasb,xr
                                                    point to asterisks
                                                    print asterisks
        jsr
             prtst
                                                    point into middle of asterisks
        mov =num04,profs
        mti kvstn
                                                    load statement number as integer
        jsr
             prtin
                                                    print integer statement number
        mov =prsnf,profs
                                                    point past asterisks plus blank
        mov kvfnc,xr
                                                    get fnclevel
        mov =ch$li,wa
                                                    set letter i
           loop to generate letter i fnclevel times
                                                    jump if all set
prsn1
        bze xr,prsn2
             prtch
                                                    else print an i
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                    decrement counter
        dcv xr
        brn prsn1
                                                    loop back
           merge with all letter i characters generated
prsn2
        mov =ch$bl,wa
                                                    get blank
        jsr
            prtch
                                                    print blank
                                                    restore entry wa
        mov prsna, wa
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                    restore entry xr
        exi
                                                    return to prtsn caller
                                                    end procedure prtsn
        enp
```

```
prtst -- print string
            prtst places a string of characters in the print buffer
            see prtnl for global locations used
            note that the first word of the block (normally b$scl)
            is not used and need not be set correctly (see prtvn)
            (xr)
                                     string to be printed
            jsr prtst
                                     call to print string
                                     updated past chars placed
            (profs)
        prc r,0
                                                      entry point
prtst
        bnz headp,prst0
                                                      were headers printed
                                                      no - print them
        jsr
              prtps
            call syspr
prst0
        mov wa, prsva
                                                      save wa
                                                      save wb
        mov wb,prsvb
                                                      set chars printed count to zero
            loop to print successive lines for long string
        mov sclen(xr), wa
                                                      load string length
prst1
        sub wb, wa
                                                      subtract count of chars already out
                                                      jump to exit if none left
        bze wa,prst4
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                      else stack entry xl
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      save argument
        mov xr,xl
                                                      copy for eventual move
                                                      load print buffer length
        mov prlen,xr
        \operatorname{sub} profs,xr
                                                      get chars left in print buffer
        bnz xr,prst2
                                                      skip if room left on this line
                                                      else print this line
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              prtnl
                                                      and set full width available
        mov prlen,xr
```

```
prtst (continued)
            here with chars to print and some room in buffer
prst2
        blo wa,xr,prst3
                                                     jump if room for rest of string
                                                     else set to fill line
        mov xr,wa
            merge here with character count in wa
                                                     point to print buffer
prst3
        mov prbuf,xr
        plc xl,wb
                                                     point to location in string
        psc xr, profs
                                                     point to location in buffer
        add wa,wb
                                                     bump string chars count
                                                     bump buffer pointer
        add wa, profs
                                                     preserve char counter
        mov wb,prsvc
        \mathbf{mvc}
                                                     move characters to buffer
                                                     recover char counter
        mov prsvc,wb
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                     restore argument pointer
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                     restore entry xl
        brn prst1
                                                     loop back to test for more
    *
            here to exit after printing string
        mov prsvb,wb
                                                     restore entry wb
prst4
        mov prsva,wa
                                                     restore entry wa
                                                     return to prtst caller
        exi
                                                     end procedure prtst
        enp
```

```
prttr -- print to terminal
            called to print contents of standard print buffer to
            online terminal. clears buffer down and resets profs.
             jsr prttr
                                      call for print
             (wa,wb)
                                      destroyed
        prc e,0
                                                       entry point
prttr
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       save xr
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             prtic
                                                        print buffer contents
                                                       point to print bfr to clear it
        mov prbuf,xr
             wa,prlnw
                                                       get buffer length
        add *schar,xr
                                                       point past scblk header
        {f mov} nullw,wb
                                                        get blanks
            loop to clear buffer
prtt1 mov wb,(xr)+
                                                       clear a word
        bct wa,prtt1
                                                       loop
        zer profs
                                                       reset profs
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       restore\ xr
        exi
                                                       return
        \mathbf{enp}
                                                       {\rm end}\ {\rm procedure}\ {\rm prttr}
```

```
prtvl -- print a value
            prtvl places an appropriate character representation of
            a data value in the print buffer for {\tt dump/trace} use.
            (xr)
                                     value to be printed
                                     call to print value
            jsr prtvl
            (wa,wb,wc,ra)
                                     destroyed
prtvl
        prc r,0
                                                      entry point, recursive
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                      save entry xl
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      save argument
        \mathbf{chk}
                                                      check for stack overflow
            loop back here after finding a trap block (trblk)
prv01
        mov idval(xr),prvsi
                                                      copy idval (if any)
                                                      load first word of block
        mov (xr),xl
        lei
              xl
                                                      load entry point id
        bsw x1,b1$$t,prv02
                                                      switch on block type
        iff
                                                      {
m trblk}
              bl$tr,prv04
        iff
                                                      arblk
              bl$ar,prv05
                                                      icblk
        iff
              bl$ic,prv08
        iff
              bl$nm,prv09
                                                      nmblk
        iff
              bl$pd,prv10
                                                      pdblk
if.cnra
else
        iff
                                                      rcblk
              bl$rc,prv08
fi
        iff
              bl$sc,prv11
                                                      scblk
        iff
                                                      seblk
              bl$se,prv12
        iff
              bl$tb,prv13
                                                      tbblk
        iff
              bl$vc,prv13
                                                      vcblk
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
        iff
              bl$bc,prv15
                                                      bcblk
fi
                                                      end of switch on block type
        esw
            here for blocks for which we just print datatype name
prv02
        jsr
              dtype
                                                      get datatype name
                                                      print datatype name
        jsr
              prtst
            common exit point
prv03
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      reload argument
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                      restore xl
                                                      return to prtvl caller
        exi
```

*
 *
 * here for trblk
*
prv04 mov trval(xr),xr
 brn prv01

load real value and loop back

```
prtvl (continued)
             here for array (arblk)
             print array ( prototype ) blank number idval
prv05
         mov xr,xl
                                                          preserve argument
         mov =scarr,xr
                                                          point to datatype name (array)
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              prtst
                                                          print it
         mov =ch$pp,wa
                                                          load left paren
                                                          print left paren
         jsr
               prtch
         add arofs(xl),xl
                                                          point to prototype
         mov (x1),xr
                                                          load prototype
         jsr
               prtst
                                                          print prototype
             vcblk, tbblk, bcblk merge here for ) blank number idval
prv06
                                                          load right paren
         mov =ch$rp,wa
                                                          print right paren
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              prtch
             pdblk merges here to print blank number idval
         {f mov} =ch$bl,wa
prv07
                                                          load blank
                                                          print it
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              prtch
         \mathbf{mov} =ch$nm,wa
                                                          load number sign
         jsr
               prtch
                                                          print it
                                                          get idval
         mti prvsi
         jsr
               prtin
                                                          print id number
         brn prv03
                                                          back to exit
             here for integer (icblk), real (rcblk)
             print character representation of value
prv08
         mov xr,-(xs)
                                                          stack argument for gtstg
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                          convert to string
               gtstg
         ppm
                                                          error return is impossible
                                                          print the string
         jsr
               prtst
         mov xr, dnamp
                                                          delete garbage string from storage
                                                          back to exit
         brn prv03
```

```
prtvl (continued)
             name (nmblk)
             for pseudo-variable, just print datatype name (name)
             for all other names, print dot followed by name rep
prv09
         mov nmbas(xr),xl
                                                           load name base
                                                           load first word of block
         mov (x1), wa
         beq wa,=b$kvt,prv02
                                                           just print name if keyword
         beq wa,=b$evt,prv02
                                                           just print name if expression var
         mov =ch$dt,wa
                                                           else get dot
              prtch
                                                           and print it
         {\operatorname{mov}} {\operatorname{nmofs}}({\operatorname{xr}}), {\operatorname{wa}}
                                                           load name offset
               prtnm
                                                           print name
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                           back to exit
         brn prv03
             program datatype (pdblk)
             print datatype name ch$bl ch$nm idval
prv10
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               dtype
                                                           get datatype name
         jsr
               prtst
                                                           print datatype name
         brn prv07
                                                           merge back to print id
             here for string (scblk)
             print quote string-characters quote
prv11
         mov =ch$sq,wa
                                                           load single quote
         jsr
              prtch
                                                           print quote
                                                           print string value
         jsr
               prtst
         jsr
              prtch
                                                           print another quote
         brn prv03
                                                           back to exit
```

```
prtvl (continued)
             here for simple expression (seblk)
             print asterisk variable-name
                                                         load asterisk
prv12
        mov =ch$as,wa
               prtch
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                         print asterisk
                                                         load variable pointer
         mov sevar(xr),xr
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             prtvn
                                                         print variable name
         brn prv03
                                                         jump back to exit
             here for table (tbblk) and array (vcblk)
             print datatype ( prototype ) blank number idval
prv13
        mov xr,xl
                                                         preserve argument
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              dtype
                                                         get datatype name
                                                         print datatype name
        jsr
             prtst
         mov =ch$pp,wa
                                                         load left paren
                                                         print left paren
         jsr
               prtch
         mov tblen(x1),wa
                                                         load length of block (=vclen)
         {f btw} wa
                                                         convert to word count
         sub =tbsi$,wa
                                                         allow for standard fields
         beq (x1),=b$tbt,prv14
                                                         jump if table
         add =vctbd,wa
                                                         for vcblk, adjust size
             print prototype
prv14
        mti wa
                                                         move as integer
                                                         print integer prototype
         jsr
               prtin
                                                         merge back for rest
         brn prv06
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
```

```
prtvl (continued)
               here for buffer (bcblk)
prv15
         mov xr,xl
                                                                   preserve argument
          \mathbf{mov} =scbuf,xr
                                                                   point to datatype name (buffer)
                prtst
                                                                   print it
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
          \mathbf{mov} =ch$pp,wa
                                                                   load left paren
                prtch
                                                                   print left paren
          mov bcbuf(x1),xr
                                                                   point to bfblk
          mti bfalc(xr)
                                                                   load allocation size
                 prtin
                                                                   print it
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
          \mathbf{mov} =ch$cm,wa
                                                                   load comma
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                 prtch
                                                                   print it
          mti bclen(x1)
                                                                   load defined length
                                                                   print it
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                prtin
          brn prv06
                                                                   merge to finish up
fi
                                                                   end procedure prtvl
          enp
```

```
prtvn -- print natural variable name
            prtvn prints the name of a natural variable
            (xr)
                                    pointer to vrblk
            jsr prtvn
                                    call to print variable name
prtvn prc e,0
                                                     entry point
                                                     stack vrblk pointer
        mov xr,-(xs)
        add *vrsof,xr
                                                     point to possible string name
                                                     jump if not system variable
        bnz sclen(xr),prvn1
        mov vrsvo(xr),xr
                                                     point to svblk with name
            merge here with dummy scblk pointer in xr
            prtst
prvn1
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                     print string name of variable
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                     restore vrblk pointer
                                                     return to prtvn caller
        exi
        enp
                                                     end procedure prtvn
if.cnra
else
```

```
rcbld -- build a real block
            (ra)
                                    real value for rcblk
                                    call to build real block
            jsr rcbld
            (xr)
                                    pointer to result rcblk
            (wa)
                                    destroyed
rcbld prc e,0
                                                     entry point
                                                     load pointer to next available loc
        mov dnamp,xr
        add *rcsi$,xr
                                                     point past new rcblk
        blo xr,dname,rcbl1
                                                    jump if there is room
                                                     else load rcblk length
        mov *rcsi$,wa
        jsr alloc
                                                     use standard allocator to get block
        add wa,xr
                                                     point past block to merge
            merge here with xr pointing past the block obtained
rcbl1
        mov xr,dnamp
                                                     set new pointer
        sub *rcsi$,xr
                                                     point back to start of block
        mov =b$rcl,(xr)
                                                    store type word
                                                    store real value in rcblk
        \operatorname{str}
            rcval(xr)
        exi
                                                     return to robld caller
                                                     end procedure rcbld
        enp
fi
```

```
readr -- read next source image at compile time
            readr is used to read the next source image. to process
            continuation cards properly, the compiler must read one
            line ahead. thus readr does not destroy the current image
            see also the nexts routine which actually gets the image.
            jsr readr
                                     call to read next image
            (xr)
                                     ptr to next image (0 if none)
            (r$cni)
                                     copy of pointer
            (wa,wb,wc,xl)
                                     destroyed
readr
        prc e,0
                                                      entry point
        mov r$cni,xr
                                                      get ptr to next image
        bnz xr, read3
                                                      exit if already read
if .cinc
                                                      if within include file
        bnz cnind, reada
fi
                                                      exit if not initial compile
        bne stage,=stgic,read3
                                                      max read length
reada
        mov cswin,wa
             xl
                                                      clear any dud value in xl
        zer
        jsr
              alocs
                                                      allocate buffer
                                                      read input image
              sysrd
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        ppm read4
                                                      jump if eof or new file name
                                                      increment next line number
        icv
             rdnln
if .cpol
                                                      test if time to poll interface
        {
m dcv} polct
                                                      not yet
        bnz polct,read0
                                                      =0 for poll
        \mathbf{zer}
             wa
                                                      line number
        mov rdnln,wb
                                                      allow interactive access
        jsr
              syspl
                                                      allow interactive access
        \operatorname{err}
              syspl
        ppm
                                                      single step
                                                      expression evaluation
        ppm
                                                      new countdown start value
        mov wa, polcs
                                                      new counter value
        mov wa, polct
fi
read0
        ble sclen(xr),cswin,read1
                                                       use smaller of string lnth ...
        mov cswin,sclen(xr)
                                                      ... and xxx of -inxxx
            perform the trim
read1
        mnz wb
                                                      set trimr to perform trim
        jsr
              trimr
                                                      trim trailing blanks
            merge here after read
read2
        mov xr,r$cni
                                                      store copy of pointer
```

```
merge here if no read attempted
read3
                                                      return to readr caller
        exi
if.csfn
            here on end of file or new source file name.
            if this is a new source file name, the r$sfn table will
            be augmented with a new table entry consisting of the
            current compiler statement number as subscript, and the
            file name as value.
read4
        bze sclen(xr),read5
                                                      jump if true end of file
        zer
                                                      new source file name
        mov wb,rdnln
                                                      restart line counter for new file
                                                      remove unused space in block
        jsr
              trimr
                                                      record new file name
        jsr
              newfn
        brn reada
                                                      now reissue read for record data
            here on end of file
read5
        mov xr, dnamp
                                                      pop unused scblk
  if .cinc
        bze
             cnind, read6
                                                      jump if not within an include file
                                                      eof within include file
        zer
              xl
                                                      switch stream back to previous file
        jsr
              sysif
        ppm sysif
                                                      switch stream back to previous file
        mov cnind, wa
                                                      restore prev line number, file name
                                                      vector offset in words
        add =vcvlb,wa
                                                      convert to bytes
        wtb wa
        mov r$ifa,xr
                                                      file name array
        add wa,xr
                                                      ptr to element
        mov (xr),r$sfc
                                                      change source file name
        mov =nulls,(xr)
                                                      release scblk
                                                      line number array
        mov r$ifl,xr
        add wa,xr
                                                      ptr to element
        mov (xr),xl
                                                      icblk containing saved line number
        ldi
             icval(x1)
                                                      line number integer
        mfi rdnln
                                                      change source line number
        mov =inton,(xr)
                                                      release icblk
        \mathbf{dcv} cnind
                                                      decrement nesting level
                                                      current statement number
        mov cmpsn, wb
        icv
              wb
                                                      anticipate end of previous stmt
        mti wb
                                                      convert to integer
        jsr
              icbld
                                                      build icblk for stmt number
        mov r$sfn,xl
                                                      file name table
        \mathbf{mnz} wb
                                                      lookup statement number by name
                                                      allocate new teblk
        jsr
              tfind
        ppm
                                                      always possible to allocate block
        mov r$sfc,teval(x1)
                                                      record file name as entry value
        beq stage,=stgic,reada
                                                      if initial compile, reissue read
        bnz cnind, reada
                                                      still reading from include file
```

```
outer nesting of execute-time compile of -include
            resume with any string remaining prior to -include.
        mov r$ici,xl
                                                        restore code argument string
        zer r$ici
                                                        release original string
        mov cnsil, wa
                                                        get length of string
                                                        offset of characters left
        mov cnspt,wb
        sub wb,wa
                                                        number of characters left
        mov wa, scnil
                                                        set new scan length
        zer scnpt
                                                       scan from start of substring
                                                        create substring of remainder
              sbstr
        mov xr,r$cim
                                                        set scan image
        brn read2
                                                        return
  fi
else
            here on end of file
read4
        mov xr, dnamp
                                                        pop unused scblk
  if.cinc
                                                        jump if not within an include file
        bze
              cnind, read6
        zer
              xl
                                                        eof within include file
                                                        switch stream back to previous file
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              sysif
                                                        switch stream back to previous file
        ppm sysif
        dcv cnind
                                                        decrement nesting level
        brn reada
                                                        reissue read from previous stream
  fi
fi
read6
        \mathbf{zer}
              xr
                                                        zero ptr as result
        brn read2
                                                        merge
        enp
                                                        end procedure readr
```

```
if .c370
           sbool-- setup for boolean operations on strings
           1(xs)
                                  first argument (if two)
           0(xs)
                                  second argument
           (wb)
                                  number of arguments
                                   zero = one arguments
                                   non-zero = two arguments
           jsr sbool
                                  call to perform operation
           ppm loc
                                  transfer loc for arg1 not string
           ppm loc
                                  transfer loc for arg2 not string
           ppm loc
                                  transfer loc arg lengths not equal
           ppm loc
                                  transfer loc if null string args
                                  arguments popped, result stacked
           (xs)
                                  arg 1 chars to operate upon
           (x1)
           (xr)
                                  copy of arg 2 if two arguments
           (wa)
                                  no. of characters to process
           (wc)
                                  no. of words to process (bct ready)
           (wb)
                                  destroyed
           the second argument string block is copied to a result
           block, and pointers returned to allow the caller to
           proceed with the desired operation if two arguments.
           operations like and/or that do not alter the trailing
           zeros in the last word of the string block can be
           performed a word at a time. operations such as compl
           may either be performed a character at a time or will
           have to adjust the last word if done a word at a time.
sbool
       prc n,3
                                                  entry point
                                                  convert second arg to string
       jsr
             gtstg
       ppm sbl05
                                                  jump if second arg not string
                                                  else save pointer
       mov xr,xl
       mov wa,wc
                                                  and length
       bze wb,sbl01
                                                  only one argument if compl
            gtstg
                                                  convert first argument to string
       jsr
       ppm sbl04
                                                  jump if not string
       bne wa,wc,sbl03
                                                  jump if lengths unequal
           merge here if only one argument
                                                  stack first argument
sbl01
       mov xr, -(xs)
       bze wc,sbl02
                                                  return null if null argument
       jsr
             alocs
                                                  allocate space for copy
       bze wb,sbl06
                                                  only one argument if compl
       mov wc,wa
                                                  string length
       mov xr,wb
                                                  save address of copy
       ctb wa, schar
                                                  get scblk length
       mvw
                                                  move arg2 contents to copy
       mov wb,xr
                                                  reload result ptr
```

```
sbl06
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                      reload first argument
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     stack result
                                                     point to characters in arg 1 block
        add *schar,xl
                                                     point to characters in result block
        add *schar,xr
        mov wc,wa
                                                      character count
                                                     number of words of characters
        ctw wc,0
        \mathbf{lct}
                                                     prepare counter
              wc,wc
        exi wc,wc
                                                      prepare counter
            here if null arguments
sb102
        exi 4
                                                      take null string exit
            here if argument lengths unequal
        exi 3
sb103
                                                      take unequal length error exit
            here if first arg is not a string
sb104
        exi 1
                                                      take bad first arg error exit
    *
            here for second arg not a string
sb105
        \mathbf{exi}
             2
                                                      take bad second arg error exit
        enp
                                                      end procedure sbool
```

```
fi
            sbstr -- build a substring
            (x1)
                                    ptr to scblk/bfblk with chars
            (wa)
                                    number of chars in substring
            (wb)
                                    offset to first char in scblk
            jsr sbstr
                                    call to build substring
            (xr)
                                    ptr to new scblk with substring
            (x1)
                                    zero
            (wa,wb,wc,xl,ia)
                                    destroyed
            note that sbstr is called with a dummy string pointer
            (pointing into a vrblk or svblk) to copy the name of a
            variable as a standard string value.
                                                    entry point
sbstr
        prc e,0
        bze wa,sbst2
                                                    jump if null substring
             alocs
                                                    else allocate scblk
        mov wc,wa
                                                    move number of characters
        mov xr,wc
                                                    save ptr to new scblk
                                                    prepare to load chars from old blk
             xl,wb
        plc
                                                    prepare to store chars in new blk
        psc xr
        mvc
                                                    move characters to new string
        mov wc,xr
                                                    then restore scblk pointer
            return point
                                                    clear garbage pointer in xl
sbst1
        \mathbf{zer}
             xl
        exi
                                                    return to sbstr caller
            here for null substring
        mov =nulls,xr
                                                    set null string as result
sbst2
        brn sbst1
                                                    return
        enp
                                                    end procedure sbstr
```

```
stgcc -- compute counters for stmt startup testing
                                     call to recompute counters
            jsr stgcc
            (wa,wb)
                                     destroyed
            on exit, stmcs and stmct contain the counter value to
            tested in stmgo.
stgcc
        \operatorname{prc}
if .cpol
                                                      assume no profiling or stcount tracing
        mov polcs, wa
        mov =num01,wb
                                                      poll each time polcs expires
else
                                                      assume no profiling or stcount tracing
        mov cfp$m,wa
fi
        ldi
              kvstl
                                                      get stmt limit
        bnz kvpfl,stgc1
                                                      jump if profiling enabled
        ilt
              stgc3
                                                      no stcount tracing if negative
        bze r$stc,stgc2
                                                      jump if not stcount tracing
            here if profiling or if stcount tracing enabled
if .cpol
stgc1
        mov wa, wb
                                                      count polcs times within stmg
        mov =num01,wa
                                                      break out of stmgo on each stmt
else
                                                      break out of stmgo on each stmt
stgc1
        mov =num01,wa
fi
        brn =num01,wa
                                                      break out of stmgo on each stmt
            check that stmcs does not exceed kvstl
stgc2
        mti wa
                                                      breakout count start value
        \mathbf{sbi}
                                                      proposed stmcs minus stmt limit
             kvstl
        ile
              stgc3
                                                      jump if stmt count does not limit
                                                      stlimit limits breakcount count
        ldi
              kvstl
                                                      use it instead
        \mathbf{mfi}
             wa
            re-initialize counter
stgc3
        mov wa, stmcs
                                                      update breakout count start value
        mov wa, stmct
                                                      reset breakout counter
if .cpol
        mov wa, stmct
                                                      reset breakout counter
fi
                                                      reset breakout counter
        exi wa, stmct
```

```
tfind -- locate table element
            (xr)
                                    subscript value for element
            (x1)
                                    pointer to table
            (wb)
                                    zero by value, non-zero by name
                                    call to locate element
            jsr tfind
            ppm loc
                                    transfer location if access fails
            (xr)
                                    element value (if by value)
            (xr)
                                    destroyed (if by name)
            (xl,wa)
                                    teblk name (if by name)
            (xl,wa)
                                    destroyed (if by value)
            (wc,ra)
                                    destroyed
           note that if a call by value specifies a non-existent
            subscript, the default value is returned without building
            a new teblk.
       prc e,1
tfind
                                                    entry point
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                    save name/value indicator
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                    save subscript value
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                    save table pointer
                                                    load length of tbblk
        mov tblen(xl), wa
                                                    convert to word count
        btw wa
        sub =tbbuk,wa
                                                    get number of buckets
        mti wa
                                                    convert to integer value
        sti
             tfnsi
                                                    save for later
        mov (xr),xl
                                                    load first word of subscript
        lei
                                                    load block entry id (bl$xx)
        bsw x1,b1$$d,tfn00
                                                    switch on block type
        iff
             bl$ic,tfn02
                                                    jump if integer
if.cnra
else
        iff
             bl$rc,tfn02
                                                    real
fi
        iff
             bl$p0,tfn03
                                                    jump if pattern
        iff
                                                    jump if pattern
             bl$p1,tfn03
        iff
             bl$p2,tfn03
                                                    jump if pattern
        iff
             bl$nm,tfn04
                                                    jump if name
        iff
             bl$sc,tfn05
                                                    jump if string
        \mathbf{esw}
                                                    end switch on block type
           here for blocks for which we use the second word of the
            block as the hash source (see block formats for details).
tfn00
       mov 1(xr), wa
                                                    load second word
           merge here with one word hash source in wa
tfn01
        mti wa
                                                    convert to integer
        brn tfn06
                                                    jump to merge
```

```
tfind (continued)
           here for integer or real
           possibility of overflow exist on twos complement
           machine if hash source is most negative integer or is
           a real having the same bit pattern.
tfn02
       ldi
             1(xr)
                                                    load value as hash source
        ige
             tfn06
                                                    ok if positive or zero
        ngi
                                                    make positive
        iov
             tfn06
                                                    clear possible overflow
        brn tfn06
                                                    merge
           for pattern, use first word (pcode) as source
tfn03
                                                    load first word as hash source
       mov (xr),wa
        brn tfn01
                                                    merge back
           for name, use offset as hash source
        mov nmofs(xr),wa
                                                    load offset as hash source
tfn04
        brn tfn01
                                                    merge back
           here for string
tfn05
                                                    call routine to compute hash
       jsr
             hashs
    *
           merge here with hash source in (ia)
tfn06
       rmi tfnsi
                                                    compute hash index by remaindering
        mfi wc
                                                    get as one word integer
        \mathbf{wtb} wc
                                                    convert to byte offset
        mov (xs),xl
                                                    get table ptr again
        add wc,xl
                                                    point to proper bucket
        mov tbbuk(x1),xr
                                                    load first teblk pointer
        beq xr,(xs),tfn10
                                                    jump if no teblks on chain
           loop through teblks on hash chain
tfn07
       mov xr, wb
                                                    save teblk pointer
        mov tesub(xr),xr
                                                    load subscript value
        mov 1(xs),xl
                                                    load input argument subscript val
            ident
                                                    compare them
        jsr
                                                    jump if equal (ident)
        ppm tfn08
           here if no match with that teblk
        mov wb,xl
                                                    restore teblk pointer
```

```
tfind (continued)
            here we have found a matching element
tfn08
        mov wb,xl
                                                     restore teblk pointer
        mov *teval, wa
                                                     set teblk name offset
        mov 2(xs), wb
                                                     restore name/value indicator
        bnz wb,tfn09
                                                     jump if called by name
              acess
                                                     else get value
        ppm tfn12
                                                     jump if reference fails
        zer
             wb
                                                     restore name/value indicator
            common exit for entry found
tfn09
        add *num03,xs
                                                     pop stack entries
        exi
                                                     return to tfind caller
            here if no teblks on the hash chain
        add *tbbuk,wc
                                                     get offset to bucket ptr
tfn10
        mov (xs),xl
                                                     set tbblk ptr as base
            merge here with (xl,wc) base, offset of final link
tfn11
        mov (xs),xr
                                                     tbblk pointer
        mov tbinv(xr),xr
                                                     load default value in case
        mov 2(xs), wb
                                                     load name/value indicator
        bze wb,tfn09
                                                     exit with default if value call
        {f mov} {\tt xr,wb}
                                                     copy default value
            here we must build a new teblk
                                                     set size of teblk
        mov *tesi$, wa
                                                     allocate teblk
              alloc
        jsr
        add wc,xl
                                                     point to hash link
                                                     link new teblk at end of chain
        mov xr,(xl)
        mov =b$tet,(xr)
                                                     store type word
        mov wb,teval(xr)
                                                     set default as initial value
        mov (xs)+,tenxt(xr)
                                                     set tbblk ptr to mark end of chain
        mov (xs)+,tesub(xr)
                                                     store subscript value
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                     restore name/value indicator
        mov xr,xl
                                                     copy teblk pointer (name base)
                                                     set offset
        mov *teval,wa
        exi
                                                     return to caller with new teblk
            acess fail return
tfn12
        exi 1
                                                     alternative return
        enp
                                                     end procedure tfind
```

```
tmake -- make new table
            (x1)
                                     initial lookup value
            (wc)
                                    number of buckets desired
            jsr tmake
                                     call to make new table
            (xr)
                                    new table
            (wa,wb)
                                    destroyed
tmake
        \mathbf{prc}
        mov wc,wa
                                                     copy number of headers
        add =tbsi$,wa
                                                     adjust for standard fields
                                                     convert length to bytes
        wtb wa
                                                     allocate space for tbblk
        jsr
              alloc
        mov xr,wb
                                                     copy pointer to tbblk
        mov = b$tbt,(xr)+
                                                     store type word
                                                     zero id for the moment
             (xr)+
        zer
        mov wa,(xr)+
                                                     store length (tblen)
                                                     store initial lookup value
        mov xl, (xr)+
        lct
             WC,WC
                                                     set loop counter (num headers)
            loop to initialize all bucket pointers
        mov wb,(xr)+
                                                     store tbblk ptr in bucket header
tma01
        bct wc,tma01
                                                     loop till all stored
        mov wb,xr
                                                     recall pointer to tbblk
        exi wb,xr
                                                     recall pointer to tbblk
        enp wb,xr
                                                     recall pointer to tbblk
```

```
vmake -- create a vector
            (wa)
                                    number of elements in vector
            (x1)
                                    default value for vector elements
            jsr vmake
                                    call to create vector
            ppm loc
                                    if vector too large
            (xr)
                                    pointer to vcblk
            (wa,wb,wc,xl)
                                    destroyed
        prc e,1
                                                     entry point
vmake
                                                     copy elements for loop later on
        \operatorname{lct}
              wb,wa
                                                     add space for standard fields
        add =vcsi$,wa
        {\bf wtb} wa
                                                     convert length to bytes
        bgt wa,mxlen,vmak2
                                                     fail if too large
                                                     allocate space for vcblk
        jsr
             alloc
        mov =b$vct,(xr)
                                                     store type word
                                                     initialize idval
        zer idval(xr)
        mov wa, vclen(xr)
                                                     set length
        mov xl,wc
                                                     copy default value
        mov xr,xl
                                                     copy vcblk pointer
        add *vcvls,xl
                                                     point to first element value
            loop to set vector elements to default value
vmak1
        mov wc,(x1)+
                                                     store one value
                                                     loop till all stored
        bct wb, vmak1
        exi
                                                     success return
            here if desired vector size too large
                                                     fail return
vmak2
        exi 1
        enp 1
                                                     fail return
```

k

scane -- scan an element

*

scane is called at compile time (by expan ,cmpil,cncrd) to scan one element from the input image.

*

(scncc) non-zero if called from cncrd

jsr scane call to scan element
(xr) result pointer (see below)
(x1) syntax type code (t\$xxx)

*

the following global locations are used.

k

r\$cim pointer to string block (scblk)

for current input image.

*

r\$cni pointer to next input image string

pointer (zero if none).

r\$scp

save pointer (exit xr) from last

call in case rescan is set.

*

scnbl this location is set non-zero on exit if scane scanned past blanks

before locating the current element the end of a line counts as blanks.

*

scncc cncrd sets this non-zero to scan

control card names and clears it

on return

scnil

length of current input image

scngo

if set non-zero on entry, f and s are returned as separate syntax types (not letters) (goto processing). scngo is reset on exit.

*

scnpt offset to current loc in r\$cim

if set non-zero on entry, scane returns the same result as on the last call (rescan). scnrs is reset on exit from any call to scane.

*

scntp save syntax type from last

call (in case rescan is set).

```
scane (continued)
          element scanned xl
                                       xr
          -----
                             --
          control card name 0
                                       pointer to scblk for name
          unary operator
                             t$uop
                                       ptr to operator dvblk
          left paren
                             t$lpr
                                       t$1pr
          left bracket
                              t$lbr
                                       t$1br
          comma
                              t$cma
                                       t$cma
          function call
                                       ptr to function vrblk
                             t$fnc
          variable
                             t$var
                                       ptr to vrblk
          string constant
                                       ptr to scblk
                             t$con
          integer constant
                                       ptr to icblk
                             t$con
if.cnra
          real constant
                              t$con
                                       ptr to rcblk
fi
          binary operator
                                       ptr to operator dvblk
                              t$bop
          right paren
                              t$rpr
                                       t$rpr
          right bracket
                              t$rbr
                                       t$rbr
          colon
                              t$col
                                       t$col
          semi-colon
                              t$smc
                                       t$smc
          f (scngo ne 0)
                              t$fgo
                                       t$fgo
          s (scngo ne 0)
                              t$sgo
                                       t$sgo
```

```
scane (continued)
            entry point
        prc e,0
                                                       entry point
scane
        zer scnbl
                                                       reset blanks flag
        mov wa,scnsa
                                                       save wa
        {f mov} wb,scnsb
                                                       save wb
        mov wc,scnsc
                                                       save wc
        bze scnrs,scn03
                                                       jump if no rescan
            here for rescan request
                                                       set previous returned scan type
        mov scntp,xl
        mov r$scp,xr
                                                       set previous returned pointer
        zer scnrs
                                                       reset rescan switch
        brn scn13
                                                       jump to exit
            come here to read new image to test for continuation
                                                       read next image
scn01
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              readr
        mov *dvubs,wb
                                                       set wb for not reading name
        bze xr,scn30
                                                       treat as semi-colon if none
        plc xr
                                                       else point to first character
        lch wc,(xr)
                                                       load first character
        beq wc,=ch$dt,scn02
                                                       jump if dot for continuation
        bne wc,=ch$pl,scn30
                                                       else treat as semicolon unless plus
            here for continuation line
scn02
                                                       acquire next source image
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             nexts
        mov =num01,scnpt
                                                       set scan pointer past continuation
        mnz scnbl
                                                       set blanks flag
```

```
scane (continued)
            merge here to scan next element on current line
        mov scnpt, wa
                                                    load current offset
scn03
        beq wa,scnil,scn01
                                                    check continuation if end
        mov r$cim,xl
                                                    point to current line
        plc x1,wa
                                                    point to current character
        mov wa, scnse
                                                    set start of element location
        mov =opdvs,wc
                                                    point to operator dv list
        mov *dvubs,wb
                                                    set constant for operator circuit
        brn scn06
                                                    start scanning
            loop here to ignore leading blanks and tabs
scn05
        bze wb,scn10
                                                    jump if trailing
        icv
             scnse
                                                    increment start of element
                                                    jump if end of image
        beq wa,scnil,scn01
        mnz scnbl
                                                    note blanks seen
            the following jump is used repeatedly for scanning out
            the characters of a numeric constant or variable name.
            the registers are used as follows.
            (xr)
                                    scratch
            (x1)
                                    ptr to next character
            (wa)
                                    current scan offset
            (wb)
                                    *dvubs (0 if scanning name, const)
                                    =opdvs (0 if scanning constant)
            (wc)
scn06
        lch
             xr,(x1)+
                                                    get next character
                                                    bump scan offset
        icv
                                                    store offset past char scanned
        mov wa, scnpt
if .cucf
                                                    switch on scanned character
        bsw xr,cfp$u,scn07
else
        bsw xr,cfp$a,scn07
                                                    switch on scanned character
fi
            switch table for switch on character
        iff
              ch$bl,scn05
                                                    blank
if .caht
        iff
              ch$ht,scn05
                                                    horizontal tab
fi
if .cavt
                                                    vertical tab
        iff
              ch$vt,scn05
if.\mathbf{caex}
```

	iff	ch\$ey,scn37	up arrow	7
fi		-		
	iff	ch\$d0,scn08	digit 0	
	iff	ch\$d1,scn08	digit 1	
	iff	ch\$d2,scn08	digit 2	
	iff	ch\$d3,scn08	digit 3	
	iff	ch\$d4,scn08	digit 4	
	iff	ch\$d5,scn08	digit 5	
	iff	ch\$d6,scn08	digit 6	
	iff	ch\$d7,scn08	digit 7	
	iff	ch\$d8,scn08	digit 8	
	iff	ch\$d9,scn08	digit 9	

```
scane (continued)
         iff
                                                          letter a
               ch$la,scn09
         iff
                                                          letter b
               ch$1b,scn09
         iff
                                                          letter c
               ch$1c,scn09
         iff
               ch$ld,scn09
                                                          letter d
         iff
               ch$le,scn09
                                                          letter e
               ch$lg,scn09
         iff
                                                          letter g
         iff
               ch$lh,scn09
                                                          letter h
         iff
               ch$li,scn09
                                                          letter i
         iff
               ch$1j,scn09
                                                          letter j
         iff
               ch$lk,scn09
                                                          letter k
         iff
               ch$11,scn09
                                                          letter 1
         iff
               ch$lm,scn09
                                                          letter m
         iff
               ch$ln,scn09
                                                          letter n
         iff
               ch$lo,scn09
                                                          letter o
         iff
               ch$lp,scn09
                                                          letter p
         iff
               ch$1q,scn09
                                                          letter q
         iff
               ch$1r,scn09
                                                          letter r
         iff
               ch$lt,scn09
                                                          letter t
         iff
               ch$lu,scn09
                                                          letter u
         iff
               ch$lv,scn09
                                                          letter v
         iff
               ch$lw,scn09
                                                          letter w
         iff
               ch$lx,scn09
                                                          letter x
         iff
               ch$ly,scn09
                                                          letter y
         iff
               ch$1$,scn09
                                                          letter z
if.casl
         iff
               ch$$a,scn09
                                                          shifted a
         iff
               ch$$b,scn09
                                                          shifted b
         iff
               ch$$c,scn09
                                                          shifted c
         iff
               ch$$d,scn09
                                                          shifted d
         iff
               ch$$e,scn09
                                                          shifted e
         iff
               ch$$f,scn20
                                                          shifted f
         iff
                                                          shifted g
               ch$$g,scn09
         iff
               ch$$h,scn09
                                                          shifted h
         iff
               ch$$i,scn09
                                                          shifted i
         iff
               ch$$j,scn09
                                                          shifted j
         iff
               ch$$k,scn09
                                                          shifted k
         iff
               ch$$1,scn09
                                                          shifted l
         iff
               ch$$m,scn09
                                                          shifted m
         iff
               ch$$n,scn09
                                                          shifted n
         iff
               ch$$o,scn09
                                                          shifted o
         iff
               ch$$p,scn09
                                                          shifted p
         iff
               ch$$q,scn09
                                                          shifted q
         iff
               ch$$r,scn09
                                                          shifted r
         iff
               ch$$s,scn21
                                                          shifted s
         iff
               ch$$t,scn09
                                                          shifted t
         iff
               ch$$u,scn09
                                                          shifted u
         iff
               ch$$v,scn09
                                                          shifted v
         iff
               ch$$w,scn09
                                                          shifted w
         iff
               ch$$x,scn09
                                                          shifted x
         iff
               ch$$y,scn09
                                                          shifted y
```

iff ch\$\$\$,scn09

shifted z

fi

```
scane (continued)
        iff
              ch$sq,scn16
                                                       single quote
        iff
                                                       double quote
              ch$dq,scn17
        iff
              ch$lf,scn20
                                                       letter f
        iff
              ch$1s,scn21
                                                       letter s
        iff
              ch$un,scn24
                                                       underline
        iff
              ch$pp,scn25
                                                       left paren
        iff
              ch$rp,scn26
                                                       right paren
        iff
              ch$rb,scn27
                                                       right bracket
        iff
              ch$bb,scn28
                                                       left bracket
        iff
                                                       right bracket
              ch$cb,scn27
        iff
              ch$ob,scn28
                                                       left bracket
        iff
              ch$cl,scn29
                                                       colon
        iff
              ch$sm,scn30
                                                       semi-colon
        iff
              ch$cm,scn31
                                                       comma
        iff
              ch$dt,scn32
                                                       dot
        iff
              ch$pl,scn33
                                                       plus
        iff
              ch$mn,scn34
                                                       minus
        iff
              ch$nt,scn35
                                                       not
        iff
              ch$dl,scn36
                                                       dollar
        iff
              ch$ex,scn37
                                                       exclamation mark
        iff
              ch$pc,scn38
                                                       percent
        iff
              ch$sl,scn40
                                                       slash
        iff
              ch$nm,scn41
                                                       number sign
        iff
              ch$at,scn42
        iff
              ch$br,scn43
                                                       vertical bar
        iff
              ch$am,scn44
                                                       ampersand
        iff
              ch$qu,scn45
                                                       question mark
        iff
              ch$eq,scn46
                                                       equal
        iff
              ch$as,scn49
                                                       asterisk
                                                       end switch on character
        \mathbf{esw}
            here for illegal character (underline merges)
scn07
        bze wb,scn10
                                                       jump if scanning name or constant
             230, syntax error:
                                                       illegal character
```

```
scane (continued)
            here for digits 0-9
scn08
        bze wb,scn09
                                                        keep scanning if name/constant
        \mathbf{zer}
             WC
                                                        else set flag for scanning constant
            here for letter. loop here when scanning name/constant
scn09
        beq wa,scnil,scn11
                                                        jump if end of image
        \mathbf{zer}
              wb
                                                        set flag for scanning name/const
        brn scn06
                                                        merge back to continue scan
            come here for delimiter ending name or constant
scn10
        dcv wa
                                                        reset offset to point to delimiter
            come here after finishing scan of name or constant
scn11
        mov wa, scnpt
                                                        store updated scan offset
        mov scnse, wb
                                                        point to start of element
                                                        get number of characters
        sub wb, wa
        mov r$cim,xl
                                                        point to line image
        bnz wc,scn15
                                                        jump if name
            here after scanning out numeric constant
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             sbstr
                                                        get string for constant
        mov xr, dnamp
                                                        delete from storage (not needed)
                                                        convert to numeric
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             gtnum
        ppm scn14
                                                        jump if conversion failure
            merge here to exit with constant
scn12
       mov =t$con,xl
                                                        set result type of constant
```

```
scane (continued)
            common exit point (xr,xl) set
scn13
        mov scnsa,wa
                                                      restore wa
        mov scnsb, wb
                                                      restore wb
        mov scnsc,wc
                                                      restore wc
        mov xr,r$scp
                                                      save xr in case rescan
        mov xl,scntp
                                                      save xl in case rescan
                                                      reset possible goto flag
             scngo
        \mathbf{zer}
        exi
                                                      return to scane caller
            here if conversion error on numeric item
                                                      invalid numeric item
        erb 231, syntax error:
scn14
            here after scanning out variable name
                                                      build string name of variable
scn15
        jsr
             sbstr
                                                      return if cncrd call
        bnz scncc, scn13
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              gtnvr
                                                      locate/build vrblk
                                                      dummy (unused) error return
        ppm
        mov =t$var,xl
                                                      set type as variable
        brn scn13
                                                      back to exit
            here for single quote (start of string constant)
scn16
        bze wb,scn10
                                                      terminator if scanning name or cost
        mov =ch$sq,wb
                                                      set terminator as single quote
        brn scn18
                                                      merge
            here for double quote (start of string constant)
        bze wb,scn10
                                                      terminator if scanning name or cost
scn17
        \mathbf{mov} =ch$dq,wb
                                                      set double quote terminator, merge
            loop to scan out string constant
scn18
        beq wa,scnil,scn19
                                                      error if end of image
        lch wc,(x1)+
                                                      else load next character
                                                      bump offset
        icv
             wa
                                                      loop back if not terminator
        bne wc,wb,scn18
```

```
scane (continued)
           here after scanning out string constant
        mov scnpt, wb
                                                    point to first character
        mov wa, scnpt
                                                    save offset past final quote
        dcv wa
                                                    point back past last character
        sub wb,wa
                                                    get number of characters
        mov r$cim,xl
                                                    point to input image
        jsr
            sbstr
                                                    build substring value
                                                    back to exit with constant result
        brn scn12
           here if no matching quote found
       mov wa,scnpt
scn19
                                                    set updated scan pointer
        erb 232, syntax error:
                                                    unmatched string quote
           here for f (possible failure goto)
       mov =t$fgo,xr
scn20
                                                    set return code for fail goto
        brn scn22
                                                    jump to merge
           here for s (possible success goto)
scn21
       mov =t$sgo,xr
                                                   set success goto as return code
            special goto cases merge here
scn22
       bze scngo,scn09
                                                    treat as normal letter if not goto
           merge here for special character exit
scn23
        bze wb,scn10
                                                    jump if end of name/constant
        mov xr,xl
                                                    else copy code
        brn scn13
                                                    and jump to exit
           here for underline
scn24
       bze wb,scn09
                                                    part of name if scanning name
        brn scn07
                                                    else illegal
```

```
scane (continued)
            here for left paren
scn25
        mov =t$lpr,xr
                                                     set left paren return code
        bnz wb,scn23
                                                     return left paren unless name
        bze wc,scn10
                                                     delimiter if scanning constant
            here for left paren after name (function call)
        mov scnse, wb
                                                     point to start of name
                                                     set pointer past left paren
        mov wa, scnpt
        {f dcv} wa
                                                     point back past last char of name
        sub wb,wa
                                                     get name length
        mov r$cim,xl
                                                     point to input image
        isr
             sbstr
                                                     get string name for function
                                                     locate/build vrblk
             gtnvr
        jsr
        ppm
                                                     dummy (unused) error return
                                                     set code for function call
        mov =t$fnc,xl
        brn scn13
                                                     back to exit
            processing for special characters
        mov =t$rpr,xr
                                                     right paren, set code
scn26
        brn scn23
                                                     take special character exit
        mov =t$rbr,xr
                                                     right bracket, set code
scn27
        brn scn23
                                                     take special character exit
        mov =t$lbr,xr
scn28
                                                     left bracket, set code
        brn scn23
                                                     take special character exit
scn29
        mov =t$col,xr
                                                     colon, set code
        brn scn23
                                                     take special character exit
        mov =t$smc,xr
scn30
                                                     semi-colon, set code
        brn scn23
                                                     take special character exit
        mov =t$cma,xr
scn31
                                                     comma, set code
        brn scn23
                                                     take special character exit
```

```
scane (continued)
           here for operators. on entry, wc points to the table of
           operator dope vectors and wb is the increment to step
           to the next pair (binary/unary) of dope vectors in the
           list. on reaching scn46, the pointer has been adjusted to
           point to the appropriate pair of dope vectors.
           the first three entries are special since they can occur
           as part of a variable name (.) or constant (.+-).
scn32
       bze wb,scn09
                                                  dot can be part of name or constant
       add wb,wc
                                                  else bump pointer
scn33
       bze wc,scn09
                                                  plus can be part of constant
       bze wb, scn48
                                                  plus cannot be part of name
       add wb,wc
                                                  else bump pointer
scn34
       bze wc,scn09
                                                  minus can be part of constant
                                                  minus cannot be part of name
       bze wb,scn48
       add wb,wc
                                                  else bump pointer
scn35
       add wb,wc
                                                  not
scn36
       add wb,wc
                                                  dollar
       add wb,wc
scn37
                                                  exclamation
scn38 add wb,wc
                                                  percent
scn39
       add wb,wc
                                                  asterisk
scn40
       add wb,wc
                                                  slash
       add wb,wc
                                                  number sign
scn41
scn42
       add wb,wc
                                                  at sign
                                                  vertical bar
scn43
       add wb,wc
scn44
       add wb,wc
                                                  ampersand
       add wb,wc
scn45
                                                  question mark
           all operators come here (equal merges directly)
           (wc) points to the binary/unary pair of operator dvblks.
       bze wb, scn10
                                                  operator terminates name/constant
scn46
                                                  else copy dy pointer
       mov wc,xr
                                                  load next character
       lch wc,(x1)
       mov =t$bop,xl
                                                  set binary op in case
                                                  should be binary if image end
       beq wa, scnil, scn47
       beq wc,=ch$bl,scn47
                                                  should be binary if followed by blk
if .caht
       beq wc,=ch$ht,scn47
                                                  jump if horizontal tab
fi
if .cavt
                                                  jump if vertical tab
       beq wc,=ch$vt,scn47
fi
       beq wc,=ch$sm,scn47
                                                  semicolon can immediately follow =
```

```
scane (continued)
           merge here to require preceding blanks
scn47
        bnz scnbl,scn13
                                                    all ok if preceding blanks, exit
            fail operator in this position
scn48
        erb 233, syntax error:
                                                    invalid use of operator
           here for asterisk, could be ** substitute for exclamation
scn49
        bze wb,scn10
                                                    end of name if scanning name
                                                    not ** if * at image end
        beq wa,scnil,scn39
        mov wa,xr
                                                    else save offset past first *
        mov wa, scnof
                                                    save another copy
                                                    load next character
        lch wa,(x1)+
                                                    not ** if next char not *
        bne wa,=ch$as,scn50
        icv xr
                                                    else step offset past second *
        beq xr,scnil,scn51
                                                    ok exclam if end of image
                                                    else load next character
        lch wa,(x1)
                                                    exclamation if blank
        beq wa,=ch$bl,scn51
if .caht
        beq wa,=ch$ht,scn51
                                                    exclamation if horizontal tab
fi
if .cavt
        beq wa,=ch$vt,scn51
                                                    exclamation if vertical tab
fi
           unary *
                                                    recover stored offset
scn50
       mov scnof,wa
                                                    point to line again
        mov r$cim,xl
        plc x1,wa
                                                    point to current char
        brn scn39
                                                    merge with unary *
           here for ** as substitute for exclamation
       mov xr,scnpt
                                                    save scan pointer past 2nd *
scn51
        mov xr,wa
                                                    copy scan pointer
                                                    merge with exclamation
        brn scn37
                                                    end procedure scane
        enp
```

```
scngf -- scan goto field
            scngf is called from cmpil to scan and analyze a goto
            field including the surrounding brackets or parentheses.
            for a normal goto, the result returned is either a vrblk
           pointer for a simple label operand, or a pointer to an
            expression tree with a special outer unary operator
            (o$goc). for a direct goto, the result returned is a
            pointer to an expression tree with the special outer
            unary operator o$god.
            jsr scngf
                                    call to scan goto field
                                   result (see above)
            (xr)
            (xl,wa,wb,wc)
                                   destroyed
        prc e,0
                                                    entry point
scngf
        jsr
             scane
                                                    scan initial element
        beq x1,=t$lpr,scng1
                                                    skip if left paren (normal goto)
        beq x1,=t$lbr,scng2
                                                    skip if left bracket (direct goto)
        erb 234, syntax error:
                                                    goto field incorrect
           here for left paren (normal goto)
scng1
        mov =num01,wb
                                                    set expan flag for normal goto
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             expan
                                                    analyze goto field
                                                    point to opdy for complex goto
        mov =opdvn,wa
        ble xr, statb, scng3
                                                    jump if not in static (sgd15)
        blo xr, state, scng4
                                                    jump to exit if simple label name
        brn scng3
                                                    complex goto - merge
           here for left bracket (direct goto)
scng2
        mov =num02,wb
                                                    set expan flag for direct goto
        jsr
             expan
                                                    scan goto field
        mov =opdvd,wa
                                                    set opdv pointer for direct goto
```

```
scngf (continued)
             merge here to build outer unary operator block
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                        stack operator dv pointer
scng3
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack pointer to expression tree
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               expop
                                                        pop operator off
                                                        reload new expression tree pointer
        mov (xs)+,xr
             common exit point
                                                        return to caller
scng4
        exi
                                                        end procedure scngf
        enp
```

```
setvr -- set vrget, vrsto fields of vrblk
           setvr sets the proper values in the vrget and vrsto
           fields of a vrblk. it is called whenever trblks are
           added or subtracted (trace, stoptr, input, output, detach)
            (xr)
                                   pointer to vrblk
            jsr setvr
                                   call to set fields
            (xl,wa)
                                   destroyed
           note that setvr ignores the call if xr does not point
           into the static region (i.e. is some other name base)
       \mathbf{prc} e,0
                                                   entry point
setvr
        bhi xr, state, setv1
                                                   exit if not natural variable
           here if we have a vrblk
        mov xr,xl
                                                   copy vrblk pointer
        mov =b$vrl,vrget(xr)
                                                   store normal get value
        beq vrsto(xr),=b$vre,setv1
                                                   skip if protected variable
        mov =b$vrs,vrsto(xr)
                                                   store normal store value
                                                   point to next entry on chain
        mov vrval(x1),x1
        bne (x1),=b$trt,setv1
                                                   jump if end of trblk chain
        mov =b$vra,vrget(xr)
                                                   store trapped routine address
                                                   set trapped routine address
        mov =b$vrv,vrsto(xr)
           merge here to exit to caller
                                                   return to setvr caller
setv1
        exi
                                                   end procedure setvr
        enp
if .cnsr
else
```

```
sorta -- sort array
routine to sort an array or table on same basis as in
sitbol. a table is converted to an array, leaving two
dimensional arrays and vectors as cases to be considered.
whole rows of arrays are permuted according to the
ordering of the keys they contain, and the stride
referred to, is the the length of a row. it is one
for a vector.
the sort used is heapsort, fundamentals of data structure
horowitz and sahni, pitman 1977, page 347.
it is an order n*log(n) algorithm. in order
to make it stable, comparands may not compare equal. this
is achieved by sorting a copy array (referred to as the
sort array) containing at its high address end, byte
offsets to the rows to be sorted held in the original
array (referred to as the key array). sortc, the
comparison routine, accesses the keys through these
offsets and in the case of equality, resolves it by
comparing the offsets themselves. the sort permutes the
offsets which are then used in a final operation to copy
the actual items into the new array in sorted order.
references to zeroth item are to notional item
preceding first actual item.
reverse sorting for rsort is done by having the less than
test for keys effectively be replaced by a
greater than test.
1(xs)
                      first arg - array or table
0(xs)
                      2nd arg - index or pdtype name
(wa)
                      O , non-zero for sort , rsort
jsr sorta
                      call to sort array
ppm loc
                      transfer loc if table is empty
```

sorted array

destroyed

(xr)

(xl,wa,wb,wc)

```
sorta (continued)
                                                      entry point
        prc n,1
sorta
        mov wa, srtsr
                                                      sort/rsort indicator
                                                      default stride of 1
        mov *num01,srtst
                                                      default zero offset to sort key
        zer srtof
        mov =nulls,srtdf
                                                      clear datatype field name
        mov (xs)+,r$sxr
                                                      unstack argument 2
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      get first argument
                                                      use key/values of table entries
        mnz wa
                                                      convert to array
        isr
              gtarr
                                                      signal that table is empty
        ppm srt18
        ppm srt16
                                                      error if non-convertable
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      stack ptr to resulting key array
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      another copy for copyb
                                                      get copy array for sorting into
              copyb
                                                      cant fail
        ppm
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      stack pointer to sort array
        mov r$sxr,xr
                                                      get second arg
        mov num01(xs),xl
                                                      get ptr to key array
        bne (x1),=b$vct,srt02
                                                      jump if arblk
                                                      jump if null second arg
        beq xr,=nulls,srt01
              gtnvr
                                                      get vrblk ptr for it
        err 257, erroneous 2nd
                                                      arg in sort/rsort of vector
                                                      store datatype field name vrblk
        mov xr, srtdf
            compute n and offset to item a(0) in vector case
srt01
        mov *vclen,wc
                                                      offset to a(0)
        mov *vcvls,wb
                                                      offset to first item
        mov vclen(x1),wa
                                                      get block length
        sub *vcsi$.wa
                                                      get no. of entries, n (in bytes)
        brn srt04
                                                      merge
            here for array
srt02
        ldi
              ardim(x1)
                                                      get possible dimension
        \mathbf{mfi}
                                                      convert to short integer
             wa
                                                      further convert to baus
        wtb wa
                                                      offset to first value if one
        mov *arvls,wb
                                                      offset before values if one dim.
        mov *arpro,wc
        beg arndm(xl),=num01,srt04
                                                      jump in fact if one dim.
        bne arndm(x1),=num02,srt16
                                                      fail unless two dimens
        ldi
             arlb2(x1)
                                                      get lower bound 2 as default
        beq xr,=nulls,srt03
                                                      jump if default second arg
        jsr
              gtint
                                                      convert to integer
        ppm srt17
                                                      fail
             icval(xr)
        ldi
                                                      get actual integer value
```

```
sorta (continued)
            here with sort column index in ia in array case
srt03
        \mathbf{sbi}
            arlb2(x1)
                                                     subtract low bound
        iov srt17
                                                     fail if overflow
                                                     fail if below low bound
        ilt
             srt17
        sbi ardm2(x1)
                                                     check against dimension
        ige
             srt17
                                                     fail if too large
        adi ardm2(x1)
                                                     restore value
        \mathbf{mfi}
             wa
                                                     get as small integer
                                                     offset within row to key
        wtb wa
        mov wa, srtof
                                                     keep offset
                                                     second dimension is row length
        ldi
              ardm2(x1)
        \mathbf{mfi}
             wa
                                                     convert to short integer
                                                     copy row length
        mov wa, xr
        wtb wa
                                                     convert to bytes
        mov wa, srtst
                                                     store as stride
        ldi
             ardim(xl)
                                                     get number of rows
        mfi wa
                                                     as a short integer
        wtb wa
                                                     convert n to baus
        mov arlen(xl),wc
                                                     offset past array end
        sub wa,wc
                                                     adjust, giving space for n offsets
        dca wc
                                                     point to a(0)
                                                     offset to word before first item
        mov arofs(xl),wb
                                                     offset to first item
        ica
             wb
            separate pre-processing for arrays and vectors done.
            to simplify later key comparisons, removal of any trblk
            trap blocks from entries in key array is effected.
            (x1) = 1(xs) = pointer to key array
            (xs) = pointer to sort array
            wa = number of items, n (converted to bytes).
            wb = offset to first item of arrays.
            wc = offset to a(0)
srt04
        ble wa,*num01,srt15
                                                     return if only a single item
                                                     store number of items (in baus)
        mov wa, srtsn
        mov wc,srtso
                                                     store offset to a(0)
                                                     length of array or vec (=vclen)
        mov arlen(xl),wc
        add xl,wc
                                                     point past end of array or vector
        mov wb, srtsf
                                                     store offset to first row
        add wb,xl
                                                     point to first item in key array
            loop through array
srt05
        mov (x1),xr
                                                     get an entry
            hunt along trblk chain
```

bne (xr),=b\$trt,srt07

mov trval(xr),xr

brn srt06

jump out if not trblk get value field loop

```
sorta (continued)
           xr is value from end of chain
       mov xr,(x1)+
srt07
                                                    store as array entry
        blt x1,wc,srt05
                                                    loop if not done
        mov (xs),xl
                                                    get adrs of sort array
        mov srtsf,xr
                                                    initial offset to first key
        mov srtst, wb
                                                    get stride
                                                    offset to a(0)
        add srtso,xl
        ica
                                                    point to a(1)
             xl
        mov srtsn,wc
                                                    get n
        btw wc
                                                    convert from bytes
                                                    store as row count
        mov wc, srtnr
        \operatorname{lct}
            WC,WC
                                                    loop counter
           store key offsets at top of sort array
       mov xr,(xl)+
                                                    store an offset
srt08
                                                    bump offset by stride
        add wb,xr
                                                    loop through rows
        bct wc,srt08
           perform the sort on offsets in sort array.
            (srtsn)
                                   number of items to sort, n (bytes)
            (srtso)
                                    offset to a(0)
srt09
       mov srtsn, wa
                                                    get n
        mov srtnr,wc
                                                    get number of rows
        rsh wc,1
                                                    i = n / 2 (wc=i, index into array)
        wtb wc
                                                    convert back to bytes
    *
           loop to form initial heap
srt10
       jsr
            sorth
                                                    sorth(i,n)
                                                    i = i - 1
        dca wc
                                                    loop if i gt 0
        bnz wc, srt10
        mov wa,wc
                                                    i = n
            sorting loop. at this point, a(1) is the largest
            item, since algorithm initialises it as, and then maintains
            it as, root of tree.
srt11
       dca wc
                                                    i = i - 1 (n - 1 initially)
        bze wc,srt12
                                                    jump if done
        mov (xs),xr
                                                    get sort array address
        add srtso,xr
                                                    point to a(0)
        mov xr,xl
                                                    a(0) address
        add wc,xl
                                                    a(i) address
        mov num01(x1),wb
                                                    copy a(i+1)
```

```
sorta (continued)
           offsets have been permuted into required order by sort.
           copy array elements over them.
srt12
       mov (xs),xr
                                                    base adrs of key array
        mov xr,wc
                                                    copy it
        add srtso,wc
                                                    offset of a(0)
        add srtsf,xr
                                                    adrs of first row of sort array
        mov srtst,wb
                                                    get stride
           copying loop for successive items. sorted offsets are
           held at end of sort array.
       ica
                                                    adrs of next of sorted offsets
srt13
            WC
        mov wc,xl
                                                    copy it for access
        mov (xl),xl
                                                    get offset
                                                    add key array base adrs
        add num01(xs),xl
                                                    get count of characters in row
        mov wb,wa
        mvw
                                                    copy a complete row
        dcv srtnr
                                                    decrement row count
                                                    repeat till all rows done
        bnz srtnr, srt13
           return point
       mov (xs)+,xr
                                                    pop result array ptr
srt15
                                                    pop key array ptr
        ica
             XS
        zer
            r$sxl
                                                    clear junk
        zer
            r$sxr
                                                    clear junk
        exi
                                                    return
           error point
srt16
        erb 256,sort/rsort 1st
                                                    arg not suitable array or table
        erb 258,sort/rsort 2nd
srt17
                                                    arg out of range or non-integer
           return point if input table is empty
srt18
        exi 1
                                                    return indication of null table
                                                    end procudure sorta
        enp
```

```
sortc -- compare sort keys
           compare two sort keys given their offsets. if
           equal, compare key offsets to give stable sort.
           note that if srtsr is non-zero (request for reverse
           sort), the quoted returns are inverted.
           for objects of differing datatypes, the entry point
           identifications are compared.
           (x1)
                                  base adrs for keys
           (wa)
                                  offset to key 1 item
                                  offset to key 2 item
           (wb)
           (srtsr)
                                  zero/non-zero for sort/rsort
           (srtof)
                                  offset within row to comparands
           jsr sortc
                                  call to compare keys
                                  key1 less than key2
           ppm loc
                                  normal return, key1 gt than key2
           (xl,xr,wa,wb)
                                  destroyed
sortc
       prc e,1
                                                 entry point
       mov wa, srts1
                                                 save offset 1
                                                 save offset 2
       mov wb,srts2
       mov wc, srtsc
                                                 save wc
       add srtof,xl
                                                 add offset to comparand field
       mov xl,xr
                                                 copy base + offset
       add wa,xl
                                                 add key1 offset
       add wb,xr
                                                 add key2 offset
       mov (xl),xl
                                                 get key1
       mov (xr),xr
                                                 get key2
       bne srtdf,=nulls,src12
                                                 jump if datatype field name used
```

```
sortc (continued)
           merge after dealing with field name. try for strings.
       mov (x1),wc
                                                   get type code
src01
        bne wc,(xr),src02
                                                   skip if not same datatype
        beq wc,=b$scl,src09
                                                   jump if both strings
        beq wc,=b$icl,src14
                                                   jump if both integers
  if.cnbf
  else
        beq wc,=b$bct,src09
                                                   jump if both buffers
 fi
           datatypes different. now try for numeric
src02
        mov xl,r$sxl
                                                   keep arg1
        mov xr,r$sxr
                                                   keep arg2
  if .cnbf
    if .cnsc
        beq wc,=b$scl,src11
                                                   do not allow conversion to number
        beq (xr),=b$scl,src11
                                                   if either arg is a string
    fi
  else
           first examine for string/buffer comparison. if so,
           allow lcomp to compare chars in string and buffer
           without converting buffer to a string.
        beq wc,=b$scl,src13
                                                   jump if key1 is a string
    if.\mathbf{cnsc}
                                                   j if key1 is not a string or buffer
        bne wc,=b$bct,src15
    else
        bne wc,=b$bct,src14
                                                   try converting key 2 to a number
    fi
           here if key1 is a buffer, key2 known not to be a buffer.
            if key2 is a string, then lcomp can proceed.
        beq (xr),=b$scl,src09
                                                   j if keys 1/2 are buffer/string
    if .cnsc
        brn src11
                                                   prevent convert of key 1 to number
        brn src14
                                                   try converting key 1 to number
    fi
           here if key1 is a string, key2 known not to be a string.
           if key2 is a buffer, then lcomp can proceed.
```

```
src13 beq (xr),=b$bct,src09
                                                    j if keys 1/2 are string/buffer
    if .cnsc
        brn src11
                                                    prevent convert of key 1 to number
           here if key1 is not a string or buffer.
            examine key2. if it is a string or buffer, then do not
            convert key2 to a number.
       beq (xr),=b$scl,src11
                                                    j if key 2 is a string
src15
        beq (xr),=b$bct,src11
                                                    j if key 2 is a buffer
           here with keys 1/2 not strings or buffers
  fi
       mov xl,-(xs)
                                                    stack
src14
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                    args
            acomp
                                                    compare objects
        ppm src10
                                                    not numeric
                                                    not numeric
        ppm src10
        ppm src03
                                                    key1 less
        ppm src08
                                                    keys equal
                                                    key1 greater
        ppm src05
           return if key1 smaller (sort), greater (rsort)
src03
       bnz srtsr, src06
                                                    jump if rsort
       mov srtsc,wc
src04
                                                    restore wc
        exi 1
                                                    return
           return if key1 greater (sort), smaller (rsort)
src05
       bnz srtsr, src04
                                                    jump if rsort
src06
        mov srtsc,wc
                                                    restore wc
        exi
                                                    return
           keys are of same datatype
                                                    item first created is less
src07
       \mathbf{blt}
            xl,xr,src03
        bgt x1,xr,src05
                                                    addresses rise in order of creation
            drop through or merge for identical or equal objects
src08
        \mathbf{blt}
            srts1,srts2,src04
                                                    test offsets or key addrss instead
        brn src06
                                                    offset 1 greater
```

```
sortc (continued)
  if.\mathbf{cnbf}
            strings
  else
             strings or buffers or some combination of same
  fi
        mov xl,-(xs)
src09
                                                        stack
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         args
             lcomp
                                                         compare objects
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        ppm
                                                         cant
                                                         fail
        ppm
        ppm src03
                                                         key1 less
        ppm src08
                                                         keys equal
        ppm src05
                                                         key1 greater
             arithmetic comparison failed - recover args
        mov r$sxl,xl
src10
                                                         get arg1
        mov r$sxr,xr
                                                         get arg2
        mov (x1),wc
                                                         get type of key1
        beq wc,(xr),src07
                                                        jump if keys of same type
            here to compare datatype ids
src11
        mov wc,xl
                                                         get block type word
        mov (xr),xr
                                                         get block type word
        lei
              xl
                                                         entry point id for key1
        lei
                                                         entry point id for key2
               xr
        bgt x1,xr,src05
                                                         jump if key1 gt key2
        brn src03
                                                         key1 lt key2
             datatype field name used
src12
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             sortf
                                                         call routine to find field 1
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                         stack item pointer
        mov xr,xl
                                                         get key2
                                                         find field 2
             sortf
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        mov xl,xr
                                                         place as key2
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                         recover key1
        brn src01
                                                         merge
        enp
                                                         procedure sortc
```

```
sortf -- find field for sortc
           routine used by sortc to obtain item corresponding
           to a given field name, if this exists, in a programmer
           defined object passed as argument.
           if such a match occurs, record is kept of datatype
           name, field name and offset to field in order to
           short-circuit later searches on same type. note that
           dfblks are stored in static and hence cannot be moved.
           (srtdf)
                                  vrblk pointer of field name
                                  possible pdblk pointer
           (x1)
                                  call to search for field name
           jsr sortf
           (xl)
                                  item found or original pdblk ptr
           (wc)
                                  destroyed
sortf
       prc e,0
                                                  entry point
                                                  return if not pdblk
       bne (x1),=b$pdt,srtf3
       mov xr, -(xs)
                                                  keep xr
       mov srtfd,xr
                                                  get possible former dfblk ptr
       bze xr,srtf4
                                                  jump if not
                                                  jump if not right datatype
       bne xr,pddfp(xl),srtf4
       bne srtdf,srtff,srtf4
                                                  jump if not right field name
       add srtfo,xl
                                                  add offset to required field
           here with xl pointing to found field
       mov (xl),xl
                                                  get item from field
srtf1
           return point
srtf2
      mov (xs)+,xr
                                                  restore xr
    *
srtf3
       exi
                                                  return
```

```
sortf (continued)
            conduct a search
srtf4
        mov xl,xr
                                                    copy original pointer
        mov pddfp(xr),xr
                                                     point to dfblk
        mov xr,srtfd
                                                     keep a copy
        mov fargs(xr),wc
                                                     get number of fields
        \mathbf{wtb} wc
                                                     convert to bytes
        add dflen(xr),xr
                                                     point past last field
            loop to find name in pdfblk
                                                     count down
        dca wc
srtf5
                                                     point in front
        dca xr
        beq (xr),srtdf,srtf6
                                                    skip out if found
        {
m bnz} wc,srtf5
                                                    loop
        brn srtf2
                                                     return - not found
            found
                                                     keep field name ptr
srtf6
        mov (xr),srtff
        add *pdfld,wc
                                                     add offset to first field
        mov wc,srtfo
                                                    store as field offset
                                                     point to field
        add wc,xl
        brn srtf1
                                                    return
                                                    procedure sortf
        enp
```

```
sorth -- heap routine for sorta
           this routine constructs a heap from elements of array, a.
            in this application, the elements are offsets to keys in
            a key array.
            (xs)
                                    pointer to sort array base
            1(xs)
                                   pointer to key array base
            (wa)
                                   max array index, n (in bytes)
            (wc)
                                   offset j in a to root (in *1 to *n)
            jsr sorth
                                    call sorth(j,n) to make heap
            (xl,xr,wb)
                                    destroyed
       prc n,0
                                                    entry point
sorth
        mov wa, srtsn
                                                    save n
        mov wc,srtwc
                                                    keep wc
        mov (xs),xl
                                                    sort array base adrs
        add srtso,xl
                                                    add offset to a(0)
        add wc,xl
                                                    point to a(j)
        mov (xl), srtrt
                                                    get offset to root
        add wc,wc
                                                    double j - cant exceed n
           loop to move down tree using doubled index j
srh01
       bgt wc,srtsn,srh03
                                                    done if j gt n
        beq wc,srtsn,srh02
                                                    skip if j equals n
        mov (xs),xr
                                                    sort array base adrs
        mov num01(xs),xl
                                                    key array base adrs
        add srtso,xr
                                                    point to a(0)
        add wc,xr
                                                    adrs of a(j)
        mov num01(xr),wa
                                                    get a(j+1)
        mov (xr),wb
                                                    get a(j)
            compare sons. (wa) right son, (wb) left son
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            sortc
                                                    compare keys - lt(a(j+1),a(j))
        ppm srh02
                                                    a(j+1) lt a(j)
        ica wc
                                                    point to greater son, a(j+1)
```

```
sorth (continued)
            compare root with greater son
       mov num01(xs),xl
                                                    key array base adrs
srh02
        mov (xs),xr
                                                    get sort array address
                                                    adrs of a(0)
        add srtso,xr
        mov xr,wb
                                                    copy this adrs
        add wc,xr
                                                    adrs of greater son, a(j)
        mov (xr), wa
                                                    get a(j)
                                                    point back to a(0)
        mov wb,xr
        mov srtrt, wb
                                                    get root
                                                    compare them - lt(a(j),root)
        jsr
             sortc
        ppm srh03
                                                    father exceeds sons - done
        mov (xs),xr
                                                    get sort array adrs
        add srtso,xr
                                                    point to a(0)
        mov xr,xl
                                                    copy it
        mov wc,wa
                                                    copy j
        \mathbf{btw} wc
                                                    convert to words
        rsh wc,1
                                                    get j/2
        wtb wc
                                                    convert back to bytes
        add wa,xl
                                                    point to a(j)
        add wc,xr
                                                    adrs of a(j/2)
        mov (xl),(xr)
                                                    a(j/2) = a(j)
        mov wa,wc
                                                    recover j
        aov wc,wc,srh03
                                                    j = j*2. done if too big
        brn srh01
                                                    loop
            finish by copying root offset back into array
srh03
        btw wc
                                                    convert to words
        rsh wc,1
                                                    j = j/2
        {f wtb} wc
                                                    convert back to bytes
        mov (xs),xr
                                                    sort array adrs
        add srtso,xr
                                                    adrs of a(0)
                                                    adrs of a(j/2)
        add wc,xr
        mov srtrt, (xr)
                                                    a(j/2) = root
        mov srtsn, wa
                                                    restore wa
        mov srtwc,wc
                                                    restore wc
        exi
                                                    return
        enp
                                                    end procedure sorth
fi
```

```
trace -- set/reset a trace association
           this procedure is shared by trace and stoptr to
            either initiate or stop a trace respectively.
                                   trblk ptr (trace) or zero (stoptr)
            (x1)
            1(xs)
                                   first argument (name)
           0(xs)
                                   second argument (trace type)
            jsr trace
                                   call to set/reset trace
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc if 1st arg is bad name
                                   transfer loc if 2nd arg is bad type
           ppm loc
            (xs)
                                   popped
            (xl,xr,wa,wb,wc,ia)
                                   destroyed
trace
       prc n,2
                                                    entry point
        jsr
                                                    get trace type string
             gtstg
        ppm trc15
                                                    jump if not string
        plc
                                                    else point to string
             xr
        lch
             wa,(xr)
                                                    load first character
if .culc
        flc
                                                    fold to upper case
             wa
fi
        mov (xs),xr
                                                    load name argument
        mov xl,(xs)
                                                    stack trblk ptr or zero
        mov =trtac,wc
                                                    set trtyp for access trace
                                                    jump if a (access)
        beq wa,=ch$la,trc10
        mov =trtvl,wc
                                                    set trtyp for value trace
        beq wa,=ch$lv,trc10
                                                    jump if v (value)
        beq wa,=ch$bl,trc10
                                                    jump if blank (value)
           here for l,k,f,c,r
        beq wa,=ch$lf,trc01
                                                    jump if f (function)
        beq wa,=ch$lr,trc01
                                                    jump if r (return)
        beq wa,=ch$11,trc03
                                                    jump if l (label)
                                                    jump if k (keyword)
        beq wa,=ch$lk,trc06
        bne wa,=ch$lc,trc15
                                                    else error if not c (call)
           here for f,c,r
                                                    point to vrblk for name
trc01
       jsr
             gtnvr
        ppm trc16
                                                    jump if bad name
        ica
            xs
                                                    pop stack
        mov vrfnc(xr),xr
                                                    point to function block
        bne (xr),=b$pfc,trc17
                                                    error if not program function
        beq wa,=ch$lr,trc02
                                                    jump if r (return)
```

```
trace (continued)
           here for f,c to set/reset call trace
        mov xl,pfctr(xr)
                                                    set/reset call trace
        beq wa,=ch$lc,exnul
                                                    exit with null if c (call)
           here for f,r to set/reset return trace
trc02
       mov xl,pfrtr(xr)
                                                    set/reset return trace
        exi
                                                    return
           here for 1 to set/reset label trace
trc03
                                                    point to vrblk
       jsr gtnvr
       ppm trc16
                                                    jump if bad name
        mov vrlbl(xr),xl
                                                    load label pointer
        bne (x1),=b$trt,trc04
                                                    jump if no old trace
        mov trlbl(xl),xl
                                                    else delete old trace association
           here with old label trace association deleted
trc04
       beq xl,=stndl,trc16
                                                    error if undefined label
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                    get trblk ptr again
        bze wb,trc05
                                                    jump if stoptr case
                                                    else set new trblk pointer
        mov wb, vrlbl(xr)
        mov =b$vrt,vrtra(xr)
                                                    set label trace routine address
        mov wb,xr
                                                    copy trblk pointer
                                                    store real label in trblk
        mov xl,trlbl(xr)
        exi
                                                    return
           here for stoptr case for label
                                                    store label ptr back in vrblk
       mov xl,vrlbl(xr)
trc05
        mov =b$vrg,vrtra(xr)
                                                    store normal transfer address
        exi
                                                    return
```

```
trace (continued)
            here for k (keyword)
trc06
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             gtnvr
                                                      point to vrblk
        ppm trc16
                                                      error if not natural var
        bnz vrlen(xr),trc16
                                                      error if not system var
        ica
              xs
                                                      pop stack
        bze xl,trc07
                                                      jump if stoptr case
        mov xr,trkvr(xl)
                                                      store vrblk ptr in trblk for ktrex
            merge here with trblk set up in wb (or zero)
                                                      point to svblk
trc07
        mov vrsvp(xr),xr
        beq xr,=v$ert,trc08
                                                      jump if errtype
        beq xr,=v$stc,trc09
                                                      jump if stcount
        bne xr,=v$fnc,trc17
                                                      else error if not fnclevel
            fnclevel
        mov xl,r$fnc
                                                      set/reset fnclevel trace
        exi
                                                      return
            errtype
trc08
        mov xl,r$ert
                                                      set/reset errtype trace
                                                      return
        exi
            stcount
trc09
        mov xl,r$stc
                                                      set/reset stcount trace
                                                      update countdown counters
        jsr
             stgcc
        exi
                                                      return
```

```
trace (continued)
           a, v merge here with trtyp value in wc
                                                    locate variable
trc10
       jsr
            gtvar
        ppm trc16
                                                    error if not appropriate name
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                    get new trblk ptr again
        add xl,wa
                                                    point to variable location
        mov wa,xr
                                                    copy variable pointer
           loop to search trblk chain
       mov (xr),xl
                                                    point to next entry
trc11
        bne (x1),=b$trt,trc13
                                                    jump if not trblk
                                                    jump if too far out on chain
        blt wc,trtyp(xl),trc13
        beq wc,trtyp(x1),trc12
                                                    jump if this matches our type
        add *trnxt,xl
                                                    else point to link field
        mov xl,xr
                                                    copy pointer
        brn trc11
                                                    and loop back
           here to delete an old trblk of the type we were given
trc12
       mov trnxt(x1),x1
                                                    get ptr to next block or value
                                                    store to delete this trblk
        mov xl,(xr)
           here after deleting any old association of this type
       bze wb,trc14
                                                    jump if stoptr case
trc13
        mov wb,(xr)
                                                    else link new trblk in
        mov wb,xr
                                                    copy trblk pointer
        mov xl,trnxt(xr)
                                                    store forward pointer
        mov wc,trtyp(xr)
                                                    store appropriate trap type code
           here to make sure vrget, vrsto are set properly
trc14
       mov wa,xr
                                                    recall possible vrblk pointer
        sub *vrval,xr
                                                    point back to vrblk
        jsr
             setvr
                                                    set fields if vrblk
        exi
                                                    return
           here for bad trace type
trc15
        exi 2
                                                    take bad trace type error exit
           pop stack before failing
                                                    pop stack
trc16
       ica
            XS
           here for bad name argument
```

trc17 exi 1 enp

take bad name error exit end procedure trace

```
trbld -- build trblk
           trblk is used by the input, output and trace functions
           to construct a trblk (trap block)
            (xr)
                                   trtag or trter
                                   trfnc or trfpt
            (x1)
            (wb)
                                   trtyp
                                   call to build trblk
            jsr trbld
            (xr)
                                   pointer to trblk
            (wa)
                                   destroyed
trbld
       prc e,0
                                                   entry point
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                   stack trtag (or trfnm)
        mov *trsi$,wa
                                                   set size of trblk
       jsr
            alloc
                                                   allocate trblk
       mov =b$trt,(xr)
                                                   store first word
       mov xl,trfnc(xr)
                                                   store trfnc (or trfpt)
        mov (xs)+,trtag(xr)
                                                   store trtag (or trfnm)
        mov wb,trtyp(xr)
                                                   store type
       mov =nulls,trval(xr)
                                                   for now, a null value
                                                   return to caller
        exi
                                                   end procedure trbld
        enp
```

```
trimr -- trim trailing blanks
           trimr is passed a pointer to an scblk which must be the
           last block in dynamic storage. trailing blanks are
           trimmed off and the dynamic storage pointer reset to
           the end of the (possibly) shortened block.
           (wb)
                                   non-zero to trim trailing blanks
            (xr)
                                   pointer to string to trim
           jsr trimr
                                   call to trim string
                                   pointer to trimmed string
            (xr)
           (xl,wa,wb,wc)
                                   destroyed
           the call with wb zero still performs the end zero pad
           and dnamp readjustment. it is used from acess if kvtrm=0.
trimr
       prc e,0
                                                   entry point
       mov xr,xl
                                                   copy string pointer
       mov sclen(xr), wa
                                                   load string length
       bze wa, trim2
                                                   jump if null input
                                                   else point past last character
       plc x1,wa
                                                   jump if no trim
       bze wb,trim3
       {f mov} =ch$bl,wc
                                                   load blank character
           loop through characters from right to left
trim0
       lch wb,-(x1)
                                                   load next character
if .caht
       beq wb,=ch$ht,trim1
                                                   jump if horizontal tab
fi
                                                   jump if non-blank found
       bne wb,wc,trim3
trim1
       dcv wa
                                                   else decrement character count
                                                   loop back if more to check
       bnz wa, trim0
           here if result is null (null or all-blank input)
       mov xr, dnamp
                                                   wipe out input string block
trim2
                                                   load null result
       mov =nulls,xr
       brn trim5
                                                   merge to exit
```

```
trimr (continued)
            here with non-blank found (merge for no trim)
trim3
        mov wa,sclen(xr)
                                                      set new length
        mov xr,xl
                                                      copy string pointer
                                                      ready for storing blanks
        psc xl,wa
        ctb wa, schar
                                                      get length of block in bytes
        add xr,wa
                                                      point past new block
        mov wa, dnamp
                                                      set new top of storage pointer
              wa,=cfp$c
                                                      get count of chars in word
        lct
                                                      set zero char
        zer
            loop to zero pad last word of characters
trim4
        sch wc,(x1)+
                                                      store zero character
        bct wa, trim4
                                                      loop back till all stored
                                                      complete store characters
        \mathbf{csc}
              xl
            common exit point
                                                      clear garbage xl pointer
trim5
        \mathbf{zer}
             xl
        exi
                                                      return to caller
                                                      end procedure trimr
        enp
```

```
trxeq -- execute function type trace
           trxeq is used to execute a trace when a fourth argument
           has been supplied. trace has already been decremented.
           (xr)
                                  pointer to trblk
           (xl,wa)
                                  name base, offset for variable
           jsr trxeq
                                  call to execute trace
           (wb,wc,ra)
                                  destroyed
           the following stack entries are made before passing
           control to the trace function using the cfunc routine.
                                  trxeq return point word(s)
                                  saved value of trace keyword
                                  trblk pointer
                                  name base
                                  name offset
                                  saved value of r$cod
                                  saved code ptr (-r$cod)
                                  saved value of flptr
           flptr ----- zero (dummy fail offset)
                                  nmblk for variable name
           xs ----- trace tag
           r$cod and the code ptr are set to dummy values which
           cause control to return to the trxeq procedure on success
           or failure (trxeq ignores a failure condition).
trxeq
       prc r,0
                                                 entry point (recursive)
       mov r$cod,wc
                                                 load code block pointer
       scp wb
                                                 get current code pointer
                                                 make code pointer into offset
       sub wc,wb
       mov kvtra, -(xs)
                                                 stack trace keyword value
       mov xr, -(xs)
                                                 stack trblk pointer
       mov xl,-(xs)
                                                 stack name base
       mov wa,-(xs)
                                                 stack name offset
       mov wc,-(xs)
                                                 stack code block pointer
                                                 stack code pointer offset
       mov wb, -(xs)
       mov flptr,-(xs)
                                                 stack old failure pointer
            -(xs)
       zer
                                                 set dummy fail offset
                                                 set new failure pointer
       mov xs,flptr
                                                 reset trace keyword to zero
       zer kvtra
       mov =trxdc,wc
                                                 load new (dummy) code blk pointer
       mov wc,r$cod
                                                 set as code block pointer
                                                 and new code pointer
       lcp wc
```

```
trxeq (continued)
           now prepare arguments for function
                                                    save name offset
        mov wa, wb
        mov *nmsi$, wa
                                                    load nmblk size
                                                    allocate space for nmblk
        jsr
             alloc
        mov =b$nml,(xr)
                                                    set type word
        mov xl,nmbas(xr)
                                                    store name base
        mov wb,nmofs(xr)
                                                    store name offset
                                                    reload pointer to trblk
        mov 6(xs),xl
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                    stack nmblk pointer (1st argument)
                                                    stack trace tag (2nd argument)
        mov trtag(x1),-(xs)
                                                    load trace vrblk pointer
        mov trfnc(xl),xl
        mov vrfnc(x1),x1
                                                    load trace function pointer
        beq xl,=stndf,trxq2
                                                    jump if not a defined function
        mov =num02, wa
                                                    set number of arguments to two
        brn cfunc
                                                    jump to call function
           see o$txr for details of return to this point
        mov flptr,xs
                                                    point back to our stack entries
trxq1
        ica
                                                    pop off garbage fail offset
                                                    restore old failure pointer
        mov (xs)+,flptr
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                    reload code offset
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                    load old code base pointer
        mov wc,xr
                                                    copy cdblk pointer
                                                    restore stmnt no
        mov cdstm(xr),kvstn
                                                    reload name offset
        mov (xs)+,wa
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                    reload name base
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                    reload trblk pointer
        mov (xs)+,kvtra
                                                    restore trace keyword value
        add wc,wb
                                                    recompute absolute code pointer
            wb
                                                    restore code pointer
        lcp
        mov wc,r$cod
                                                    and code block pointer
        exi
                                                    return to trxeq caller
           here if the target function is not defined
        erb 197, trace fourth
                                                    arg is not function name or null
trxq2
        enp
                                                    end procedure trxeq
```

k

xscan -- execution function argument scan

*

xscan scans out one token in a prototype argument in array, clear, data, define, load function calls. xscan calls must be preceded by a call to the initialization procedure xscni. the following variables are used.

*

r\$xsc xsofs	pointer to scblk for function arg offset (num chars scanned so far)
(wa) (wc) (xl)	<pre>non-zero to skip and trim blanks delimiter one (ch\$xx) delimiter two (ch\$xx)</pre>
jsr xscan (xr)	call to scan next item pointer to scblk for token scanned
(wa)	completion code (see below)

(wc,xl)

the scan starts from the current position and continues until one of the following three conditions occurs.

destroyed

*

- 1) delimiter one is encountered (wa set to 1)
- 2) delimiter two encountered (wa set to 2)
 - 3) end of string encountered (wa set to 0)

*

the result is a string containing all characters scanned up to but not including any delimiter character. the pointer is left pointing past the delimiter.

*

if only one delimiter is to be detected, delimiter one and delimiter two should be set to the same value.

*

in the case where the end of string is encountered, the string includes all the characters to the end of the string. no further calls can be made to xscan until xscni is called to initialize a new argument scan

```
xscan (continued)
                                                       entry point
        prc e,0
xscan
        mov wb,xscwb
                                                       preserve wb
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                       record blank skip flag
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                       and second copy
        mov r$xsc,xr
                                                       point to argument string
        mov sclen(xr),wa
                                                       load string length
        mov xsofs, wb
                                                       load current offset
        sub wb, wa
                                                       get number of remaining characters
        bze wa, xscn3
                                                       jump if no characters left
                                                       point to current character
        plc
              xr,wb
            loop to search for delimiter
xscn1
        lch
              wb,(xr)+
                                                       load next character
        beq wb,wc,xscn4
                                                       jump if delimiter one found
        beq wb,xl,xscn5
                                                       jump if delimiter two found
              (xs),xscn2
                                                       jump if not skipping blanks
        bze
                                                       assume blank and delete it
        icv
              xsofs
if .caht
        beq wb,=ch$ht,xscn2
                                                       jump if horizontal tab
fi
if .cavt
        beq wb,=ch$vt,xscn2
                                                       jump if vertical tab
fi
        beq wb,=ch$bl,xscn2
                                                       jump if blank
                                                       undelete non-blank character
        \mathbf{dcv}
             xsofs
              (xs)
                                                       and discontinue blank checking
        zer
            here after performing any leading blank trimming.
xscn2
        dcv wa
                                                       decrement count of chars left
        bnz wa, xscn1
                                                       loop back if more chars to go
            here for runout
        mov r$xsc,xl
xscn3
                                                       point to string block
        mov sclen(x1),wa
                                                       get string length
        mov xsofs,wb
                                                       load offset
        \mathbf{sub}
             wb,wa
                                                       get substring length
              r$xsc
                                                       clear string ptr for collector
        \mathbf{zer}
                                                       set zero (runout) return code
        \mathbf{zer}
              xscrt
        brn xscn7
                                                       jump to exit
```

```
xscan (continued)
            here if delimiter one found
        mov =num01,xscrt
                                                    set return code
xscn4
        brn xscn6
                                                    jump to merge
            here if delimiter two found
                                                    set return code
        mov =num02,xscrt
xscn5
            merge here after detecting a delimiter
xscn6
        mov r$xsc,xl
                                                    reload pointer to string
        mov sclen(x1),wc
                                                    get original length of string
        sub wa,wc
                                                    minus chars left = chars scanned
        mov wc,wa
                                                    move to reg for sbstr
        mov xsofs,wb
                                                    set offset
        sub wb,wa
                                                    compute length for sbstr
                                                    adjust new cursor past delimiter
        icv
             WC
                                                    store new offset
        mov wc, xsofs
            common exit point
                                                    clear garbage character ptr in xr
xscn7
        zer
             xr
                                                    build sub-string
        jsr
              sbstr
                                                    remove copy of blank flag
        ica
             XS
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                    original blank skip/trim flag
        bze sclen(xr),xscn8
                                                    cannot trim the null string
        jsr
             trimr
                                                    trim trailing blanks if requested
            final exit point
                                                    load return code
xscn8
        mov xscrt,wa
        mov xscwb,wb
                                                    restore wb
                                                    return to xscan caller
        exi
        enp
                                                    end procedure xscan
```

```
xscni -- execution function argument scan
           xscni initializes the scan used for prototype arguments
           in the clear, define, load, data, array functions. see
           xscan for the procedure which is used after this call.
           -(xs)
                                   argument to be scanned (on stack)
            jsr xscni
                                   call to scan argument
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc if arg is not string
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc if argument is null
            (xs)
                                   popped
            (xr,r$xsc)
                                   argument (scblk ptr)
            (wa)
                                   argument length
            (ia,ra)
                                   destroyed
                                                   entry point
xscni
       prc n,2
       jsr
                                                   fetch argument as string
             gtstg
        ppm xsci1
                                                   jump if not convertible
        mov xr,r$xsc
                                                   else store scblk ptr for xscan
        zer xsofs
                                                   set offset to zero
        bze wa, xsci2
                                                   jump if null string
                                                   return to xscni caller
        exi
           here if argument is not a string
xsci1
       exi 1
                                                   take not-string error exit
           here for null string
xsci2
        exi 2
                                                   take null-string error exit
                                                   end procedure xscni
        enp
```

${f spitbol}$ — stack overflow section

control comes here if the main stack overflows \mathbf{sec} start of stack overflow section add =num04,errft force conclusive fatal error mov flptr,xs pop stack to avoid more fails bnz gbcfl,stak1 jump if garbage collecting jump if garbage collecting erb gbcfl,stak1 no chance of recovery in mid garbage collection stak1 mov =endso,xr point to message zer kvdmp memory is undumpable ${\operatorname{brn}}$ stopr give up

fi

```
this section of code is entered whenever a procedure
           return via an err parameter or an erb opcode is obeyed.
                                   is the error code
            (wa)
           the global variable stage indicates the point at which
           the error occured as follows.
            stage=stgic
                                   error during initial compile
           stage=stgxc
                                   error during compile at execute
                                   time (code, convert function calls)
           stage=stgev
                                   error during compilation of
                                   expression at execution time
                                    (eval, convert function call).
           stage=stgxt
                                   error at execute time. compiler
                                   not active.
                                   error during initial compile after
            stage=stgce
                                   scanning out the end line.
           stage=stgxe
                                   error during compile at execute
                                   time after scanning end line.
           stage=stgee
                                   error during expression evaluation
                                                    start of error section
        sec
                                                    jump if error in scanning label
        beq r$cim,=cmlab,cmple
error
        mov wa, kvert
                                                    save error code
                                                    reset rescan switch for scane
        \mathbf{zer}
             scnrs
        zer
                                                    reset goto switch for scane
             scngo
if .cpol
                                                    reset poll count
        mov =num01,polcs
        mov =num01,polct
                                                    reset poll count
        mov stage, xr
                                                    load current stage
        bsw xr,stgno
                                                    jump to appropriate error circuit
        iff
             stgic,err01
                                                    initial compile
        iff
             stgxc,err04
                                                    execute time compile
        iff
                                                    eval compiling expr.
             stgev,err04
        iff
             stgee,err04
                                                    eval evaluating expr
        iff
                                                    execute time
             stgxt,err05
        iff
             stgce,err01
                                                    compile - after end
```

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{iff} & \texttt{stgxe,err04} \\ \textbf{esw} \end{array}$

xeq compile-past end end switch on error type

```
error during initial compile
            the error message is printed as part of the compiler
            output. this printout includes the offending line (if not
            printed already) and an error flag under the appropriate
            column as indicated by scnse unless scnse is set to zero.
            after printing the message, the generated code is
            modified to an error call and control is returned to
            the cmpil procedure after resetting the stack pointer.
            if the error occurs after the end line, control returns
            in a slightly different manner to ensure proper cleanup.
err01
        mov cmpxs,xs
                                                      reset stack pointer
        \operatorname{ssl}
              cmpss
                                                      restore s-r stack ptr for cmpil
        bnz errsp,err03
                                                      jump if error suppress flag set
if.cera
  if.csfn
        mov cmpsn,wc
                                                      current statement
                                                      obtain file name for this statement
        jsr
              filnm
  fi
                                                      column number
        mov scnse, wb
        mov rdcln,wc
                                                      line number
                                                      line number
        mov rdcln,wc
                                                      advise system of error
        isr
              sysea
        ppm erra3
                                                      if system does not want print
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      save any provided print message
fi
                                                      set flag for listr
        mov erich, erlst
              listr
                                                      list line
        isr
        jsr
              prtis
                                                      terminate listing
             erlst
                                                      clear listr flag
        \mathbf{zer}
                                                      load scan element offset
        mov scnse, wa
        bze wa,err02
                                                      skip if not set
if .caht
                                                      loop counter
        lct
              wb,wa
        icv
                                                      increase for ch$ex
              wa
        mov r$cim,xl
                                                      point to bad statement
        isr
              alocs
                                                      string block for error flag
        mov xr,wa
                                                      remember string ptr
        \mathbf{psc}
                                                      ready for character storing
             xr
        \mathbf{plc}
                                                      ready to get chars
             xl
            loop to replace all chars but tabs by blanks
        lch wc,(x1)+
                                                      get next char
erra1
        beq wc,=ch$ht,erra2
                                                      skip if tab
        \mathbf{mov} =ch$bl,wc
                                                      get a blank
```

```
merge to store blank or tab in error line
         sch wc,(xr)+
                                                         store char
erra2
         \mathbf{bct}
              wb,erra1
                                                         loop
         mov =ch$ex,xl
                                                         exclamation mark
         sch x1,(xr)
                                                         store at end of error line
                                                         end of sch loop
         \mathbf{csc}
               xr
         mov =stnpd,profs
                                                         allow for statement number
         mov wa,xr
                                                         point to error line
                                                         print error line
         jsr
               prtst
else
                                                         get print buffer length
         mti prlen
               gtnsi
         mfi
                                                         store as signed integer
         add
              =stnpd,wa
                                                         adjust for statement number
         \mathbf{mti}
              wa
                                                         copy to integer accumulator
                                                         remainder modulo print bfr length
         rmi gtnsi
                                                         use as character offset
         \operatorname{sti}
               profs
         mov =ch$ex,wa
                                                         get exclamation mark
              prtch
                                                         generate under bad column
         jsr
fi
             here after placing error flag as required
err02
                                                         print blank line
         jsr
               prtis
if .cera
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                         restore any sysea message
         bze xr,erra0
                                                         did sysea provide message to print
                                                         print sysea message
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               prtst
fi
erra0
         jsr
                                                         generate flag and error message
               ermsg
                                                         bump page ctr for blank, error, blk
         add =num03,1stlc
                                                         in case of fatal error
erra3
         zer
         bhi
              errft,=num03,stopr
                                                         pack up if several fatals
             count error, inhibit execution if required
         icv
              cmerc
                                                         bump error count
         add cswer, noxeq
                                                         inhibit xeq if -noerrors
                                                         special return if after end line
         bne stage,=stgic,cmp10
```

```
loop to scan to end of statement
err03
        mov r$cim,xr
                                                    point to start of image
        plc xr
                                                    point to first char
                                                    get first char
        lch
            xr,(xr)
        beq xr,=ch$mn,cmpce
                                                    jump if error in control card
        zer
             scnrs
                                                    clear rescan flag
                                                    set error suppress flag
        mnz errsp
             scane
                                                    scan next element
        jsr
                                                    loop back if not statement end
        bne x1,=t$smc,err03
            errsp
                                                    clear error suppress flag
        zer
            generate error call in code and return to cmpil
        mov *cdcod,cwcof
                                                    reset offset in ccblk
                                                    load compile error call
        mov =ocer$, wa
             cdwrd
                                                    generate it
        jsr
        mov cwcof,cmsoc(xs)
                                                    set success fill in offset
        mnz cmffc(xs)
                                                    set failure fill in flag
            cdwrd
                                                    generate succ. fill in word
        isr
        brn cmpse
                                                    merge to generate error as cdfal
            error during execute time compile or expression evaluatio
            execute time compilation is initiated through gtcod or
            gtexp which are called by compile, code or eval.
            before causing statement failure through exfal it is
           helpful to set keyword errtext and for generality
            these errors may be handled by the setexit mechanism.
err04
        bge errft,=num03,labo1
                                                    abort if too many fatal errors
if .cpol
        beq kvert,=nm320,err06
                                                    treat user interrupt specially
fi
                                                    forget garbage code block
             r$ccb
        mov *cccod,cwcof
                                                    set initial offset (mbe catspaw)
        ssl
              iniss
                                                    restore main prog s-r stack ptr
                                                    get fail message text
        isr
             ertex
        dca xs
                                                    ensure stack ok on loop start
            pop stack until find flptr for most deeply nested prog.
            defined function call or call of eval / code.
erra4
        ica
                                                    pop stack
            XS
        beq xs,flprt,errc4
                                                    jump if prog defined fn call found
                                                    loop if not eval or code call yet
        bne xs,gtcef,erra4
        mov =stgxt,stage
                                                    re-set stage for execute
        mov r$gtc,r$cod
                                                    recover code ptr
        mov xs,flptr
                                                    restore fail pointer
        zer r$cim
                                                    forget possible image
```

```
if.\mathbf{cinc}
                                                          forget possible include
         zer cnind
fi
             test errlimit
errb4
                                                          jump if errlimit non-zero
        bnz kverl,err07
         \mathbf{brn} \ \text{exfal}
                                                          fail
             return from prog. defined function is outstanding
{\tt errc4}
        mov flptr,xs
                                                          restore stack from flptr
         brn errb4
                                                          merge
```

error at execute time. the action taken on an error is as follows. if errlimit keyword is zero, an abort is signalled, see coding for system label abort at 1\$abo. otherwise, errlimit is decremented and an errtype trace generated if required. control returns either via a jump to continue (to take the failure exit) or a specified setexit trap is executed and control passes to the trap. if 3 or more fatal errors occur an abort is signalled regardless of errlimit and setexit - looping is all too probable otherwise. fatal errors include stack overflow and exceeding stlimit. err05 ssl iniss restore main prog s-r stack ptr bnz dmvch,err08 jump if in mid-dump merge here from err08 and err04 (error 320) err06 bze kverl,labo1 abort if errlimit is zero get fail message text jsr ertex merge from err04 err07 bge errft,=num03,labo1 abort if too many fatal errors dcv kverl decrement errlimit mov r\$ert,xl load errtype trace pointer generate errtype trace if required jsr ktrex mov r\$cod,wa get current code block mov wa,r\$cnt set cdblk ptr for continuation current code pointer scp wb sub wa,wb offset within code block mov wb, stxoc save code ptr offset for scontinue set ptr to failure offset mov flptr,xr mov (xr), stxof save failure offset for continue mov r\$sxc,xr load setexit cdblk pointer bze xr,lcnt1 continue if no setexit trap zer r\$sxc else reset trap mov =nulls,stxvr reset setexit arg to null mov (xr),xl load ptr to code block routine bri xl execute first trap statement interrupted partly through a dump whilst store is in a mess so do a tidy up operation. see dumpr for details. mov dmvch,xr chain head for affected vrblks err08 bze xr,err06 done if zero mov (xr),dmvch set next link as chain head

restore vrget field

jsr

setvr

```
* label to mark end of code

* s$yyy brn err08
```

loop through chain

```
\mathbf{spitbol} – here endeth the code
```

end of assembly

end macro-spitbol assembly