${f spitbol}$ —copyright notice

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spitbol –notes to implementors

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macro spitbol version 3.7
date of release - 16 april 2009
permission to use spitbol may be negotiated with
professor robert b. k. dewar.
sites which have obtained such permission may not pass
on copies of the spitbol system or parts of it except
by agreement with dewar.
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versions 2.6 through 3.4 were maintained by
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from 1979 through early 1983 a number of fixes and
enhancements were made by steve duff and robert goldberg.
to assist implementors a revision history based on
version 2.7 is being maintained.
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spitbol –revision history

revision history

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version 3.6a to 3.7 (november 1, 1991, mark b. emmer)

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bugs fixed

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b3.701 add btkwv and refined test at cdgvl+9 to prevent variable names alphabet, lcase, ucase from being pre-evaluated because of their associated constant keywords. the code

alphabet = "abc"; output = size(alphabet)
returned zero because of pre-evaluation.

- b3.702 delay binding to function block of fourth argument to trace function. this permits the trace function to be invoked before the 4th argument function is defined. accomplished by storing a vrblk pointer in trfnc, and fetching its vrfnc entry later, in trxeq.
- b3.703 references to keywords with constant pattern values (&arb, &bal, etc.) did not work. a wtb instruction had been omitted at acs14+2.
- b3.704 if a program employed the code function to redefine a label that was the entry location of a user-defined function, the function would continue to jump to its old function body. pfcod in pfblk was pointing directly to the target code block, instead of doing so indirectly through the vrblk for the entry label.
- b3.705 the test that required a label to be defined before it could be used as the entry of a user-defined function has been removed. functions may be defined even if the label is yet undefined.
- b3.706 after a compilation error in the code function, the eval function produces spurrious errors. the code offset cwcof was not being reset to the beginning of code block. add line at err04+1 to accomplish this reset.
- b3.707 inconsistant tests with mxlen corrected. several places were testing with bge instead of bgt, resulting in such anomalies as the statement

&maxlngth = &maxlngth

failing. since mxlen is guaranteed to be strictly less than dnamb, it is permissible to create objects of size mxlen. bge changed to bgt at locations

s\$arr+14, sar07+8, alobf+3, asg14+8, gtar6+10.

b3.708 exit(command string) was not loading ptr to fcb chain into wb. corrected at sext1.

- b3.709 change patst to return non-string error for null argument. previously, break(), any(), etc., were succeeding, contrary to the language definition.
- b3.710 convert function with null second argument crashed system by calling flstg with wa=0. added test at s\$cnv, moved error 74 to separate erb at scv29.
- b3.711 leq(,) crashed system. lcomp did not obey
 minimal assumption that cmc opcode will always
 be called with wa .gt. 0. added test at lcmp1.
- b3.712 modified line at sdf07+4 to use register wa
 instead of wb. this corrects problem of define
 function with local variable list that begins
 with comma- define("f(x),11,12")
- b3.713 erroneous plc on uninitialised r\$cim in listr.
- b3.714 erroneous call to flstg possible with null string at sdat1.
- b3.715 when copy function used with table argument, fix problem at cop07. when copying first teblk on a chain, the pseudo-previous block pointer in xr is pushed on the stack prior to calling alloc. this is not a valid block pointer, as it points within the tbblk. if the subsequent alloc invokes gbcol, the heap becomes scrambled. recoded to save pointer to start of block, plus offset in wb.
- b3.716 at iop01, if gtvar triggered garbage collection via alost, trap block in wc was not collected. save wc on stack to make it collectable across gtvar call.
- b3.717 at asg10, allow case of variable with more than
 one trblk, as happens with the following stmt output(.output, .output, filename).
- b3.718 at senf1, trblk chain search was reloading chain head, causing infinite loop if the desired trblk was not the first on chain. system crashed with trace(.v1) output(.v2,.v1,file).
- b3.719 prototype strings (define, load, data, etc.) were allowing blank characters, producing bogus variable names.
- b3.720 the fact that iofcb destroyed register wc was not documented. b\$efc conversion of file argument never worked because wc and xt were destroyed by call to iofcb.
- b3.721 ioput left a trblk attached to filearg1 if sysio failed. subsequent use of this filearg1 variable in another i/o call would crash system.
- b3.722 add chk at evlp1 to catch recursive pattern error.
- b3.723 allow -line to work properly within code function by setting cmpln directly in cnc44. if file name absent, decrement scnpt to rescan terminator.
- b3.724 when mxlen exceeds start of dynamic memory, round it up to multiple of word size prior to storing

in dnamb at ini06.

- b3.725 provide right padding of zero characters to any string returned by an external function.
- b3.726 reset flptr at bpf17 for undefined function when evalx is evaluating an expression.
- b3.727 modify code after read5 for outer nesting of an execute-time compile of -include statement. create a substring of remainder of original code function argument string and return as result of readr function

b3.728 the definition of the aov opcode is corrected.

- formerly the definition specified that the branch was to be taken if the result of the addition exceeded cfp\$m, implying a test for overflow from signed addition.

 however, address arithmetic must be unsigned to allow for systems where the high order address bit is set. therefore, the test must be for carry out of the high order bit, if the result would exceed cfp\$1.
- b3.729 a label trace on the entry label for a function was undetected, resulting in a transfer to b\$trt and subsequent crash. see bpf08 for fix.
- b3.730 pop first argument to substr if it is a buffer.
- b3.731 pattern replacement with buffer subject returned null string instead of new subject value. changed to behave as if subject was a string.
- b3.732 if convert function was called with a buffer first argument and "buffer" second argument, it would convert the buffer to a string, and then back to a buffer. this has be corrected to simply return the first argument as the function result.
- b3.733 detect external function returning a null string unconverted result at bef12, and jump to exnul.
- b3.734 fix problem at ins04 when inserting zero length string into buffer. defend against invoking mvc with a zero value in wa, which will cause some implementations to wrap the counter.
- b3.735 add overflow test for cos and sin to detect out-of-range argument.
- b3.736 fixed problem introduced with b3.727 not restoring r\$cim, scnpt and scnil after creating substring.
- b3.737 fixed tfind to place default value in newly allocated teblk.
- b3.738 added bl\$p0 to p\$nth entry point. the expression datatype(convert("","pattern")) would crash when the dtype function uses the non-existant type word preceding p\$nth.
- b3.739 bug at gtn35 in the case of overflow during cvm. wb can be destroyed by cvm on some platforms.
- b3.740 protect scontinue from usage in other than error

320 case.

b3.741 protect continue from usage following error evaluating complex failure goto.

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changes

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- c3.701 add .culk conditional to include &lcase, &ucase.
- c3.702 add -line nn "filename" control card.
- c3.703 move .cnld conditional up in routine dffnc to omit all tests for b\$efc.
- c3.704 add conditional .cicc to ignore unrecognized control cards.
- c3.705 add conditional .cnsc to omit string to numeric conversion in sort. the presence of this conversion mode produces a sort result that is dependent upon the order of input data. for example, given input data "2", 5, "10", string comparison yields "10" lt "2", but string to integer conversion yields "2" lt 5 lt "10".
- c3.706 add seventh return from syshs that allows callee to return a string pointer and length. this is done to eliminate the need for the caller to have an scblk big enough to accommodate long strings.
- c3.707 add eighth return from syshs to force copy of block pointed to by xr.
- c3.708 made -copy a synonym for -include.
- c3.709 add conditional .cbyt for statistics displayed in bytes rather than words.
- c3.710 dump null valued variables when dump = 3. core dump produced for dump = 4.
- c3.711 restrict minimum value to which keyword maxlngth can be set to 1,024 via new variable mnlen.
- c3.712 add conditional symbol .cmth for extended math
 functions- atan, chop, cos, exp, ln, sin, sqrt,
 tan. x**y and remdr(x,y) are extended to include
 reals.
- c3.713 add bit to syspp to set -print upon entry
- c3.714 add conditional .csfn to track source file name associated with each code block.
- c3.715 add conditional .cinc for -include control card
 feature. the format of the card is
 -include "filename"
 include control cards may be used during both the
 initial compile and execute-time compile. the
 filename is saved in a table, and redundant
- c3.716 add conditional .csln to include source line number in code blocks. release current ccblk after initial compile.

includes of that file are ignored.

c3.717 changed rilen to 258 (from 120) to provide uniform input line length when reading from

terminal or input.

- c3.718 add additional exit to iofcb to distinguish argument not convertable to string and argument file not open.
- c3.719 add fourth and fifth arguments to host function.
- c3.720 add &compare keyword to control string comparisons.
- c3.721 setup pfdmp at iniy0 in case osint forced &profile non-zero.
- c3.722 add conditional symbol .caex to include up arrow as synonym for exponentiation.
- c3.723 add conditional .ccmc and external function syscm to provide string comparison using collation sequence other than strict ordering of character codes (international compares).
- c3.724 add conditional .cpol and external function syspl to provide interactive control of spitbol execution.
- c3.725 add conditional symbol .cera and external function sysea to provide advice of compilation and runtime errors to osint.
- c3.726 add cmpln, rdcln, rdnln to track source line number.
- c3.727 converted error messages to upper/lower case.
- c3.728 add conditional .cgbc to external routine sysgc. called at the start and end of garbage collection to perform any needed notification to operating system or user.
- c3.729 modified last line of s\$set from exnul to exint so seek can return final file position after seek.
- c3.730 place mov xr,(xs) at s\$rmd+4 to allow real second arg to remdr.
- c3.731 remove redundant bge xr,=cfp\$u,scn07 at scn06+4
- c3.732 change definition of cmc and trc such that only xl must be cleared after operation. note, this change was subsequently voided. cmc and trc must clear both xl and xr, because utility routines may preserve xl or xr on the stack, and the stack is collectable by gbcol.
- c3.733 remove most branches to exits and exixr. instead, jump directly to next code word.
- c3.734 add error 260 for array too large in gtarr.
- c3.735 add conditional .cs32 to initialize stlim to 2147483647.
- c3.736 add second argument to exit function, allowing user to specify file name of load module being written. if omitted, osint will provide a default name.
- c3.737 add conditional .cspr to include spare locations in working area. these may be used in later bug fixes without changing the size of the working storage and obsoleting modules created by exit().

- subsuently removed in c3.767.
- c3.738 add r\$cts to remember last string used to build bit column in patst.
- c3.739 change flstg to type e procedure instead of r.
- c3.740 standardize on big-endian systems. at the implementors choice, the zgb opcode can also perform a byte swap if necessary to achieve big-endian byte ordering. this is done so that systems with similar word lengths will produce the same hash code for strings, and hence the same ordering for table entries. the hashs procedure has an additional zgb added to reorder the length word.
- c3.741 add conditional .csou to cause assignments to output and terminal variables to be processed through calls to sysou rather than through listing buffer. done to eliminate short record lengths enforced by buffer size. a code of 0 or 1 is passed to sysou instead of an fcblk.
- c3.742 increased iniln, inils, rilen to 1024.
- c3.743 add bit to syspp to set noerrors mode.
- c3.744 add .ccmk conditional to include keyword compare even if syscm is not being included. done to provide identical data regions in systems that implement syscm and those which do not, so that save files can be exchanged in the next release.
- c3.745 add wc return parameter to sysil to allow interface to inform spitbol if file about to be read is a binary file. if so, no blank trimming occurs.
- c3.746 fold load function argument types to upper case.
- c3.747 add .cexp conditional to have sysex pop its arguments.
- c3.748 in stopr, do not attempt to display file name and line number if stopping because of stack overflow during garbage collection. pointers to file name table and code block are wrong.
- c3.749 add bit to syspp to set case folding mode.
- c3.750 add additional return from sysld if insufficient memory to load/call external function.
- c3.751 add additional returns from sysex if insufficient memory or bad argument type.
- c3.752 ignore leading and trailing blanks in arguments within prototype strings to clear, data, define and load.
- c3.753 test for fatal error at err04 and abort if so. force termination on stack overflow by setting errft to 4 in stack overflow section.
- c3.754 recode copy loop at srt14 to exchange usage of registers xl and xr. this permits use of the mvw order instead of the explicit loop coding previously employed.
- c3.755 add .ceng conditional to include routines needed

by text processing engine. add routines enevs and engts for use by engine or debugger. copy xr to xl around call to syspl to allow syspl to trigger garbage collection.

- c3.756 add &file, &lastfile, &line, &lastline keywords.
 for now, line and lastline are maintained in the
 same manner as stno and lastno, which adds overhead to the statement initialization code. a
 possible change is to create a stmln procedure
 that maps statement numbers to line numbers.
 one simple strategy would be to sweep code blocks
 in memory looking for the statement number and
 extracting the line number from that code block.
 such a procedure would also allow line numbers
 (and file names) to be added to statement profile
 reports.
- c3.757 change sort to fail instead of producing error message if argument table is null. change sorta to return failure. add another return to gtarr to distinguish null table from bad argument.
- c3.758 create procedure prtmm to display memory usage statistics, and call it when producing end-of-run stats.
- c3.759 add label scontinue to allow setexit to resume execution exactly where it was interrupted.
- c3.760 add snobol4 backspace function and conditional .cbsp.
- c3.761 add additional arguments to sysgc to assist virtual memory managers.
- c3.762 the method of converting a table to an array has been revised. previously, table elements were copied to the result array in the order they were encountered along the various hash chains. this appeared to the user as a random ordering. however, spitbol/370 as well as sil snobol4 ordered array elements according to their time of entry into the table. user programs that relied upon this behavior malfunctioned when ported to macro spitbol.

to remedy this, the conversion is performed in three steps:

- 1. convert table to an array placing the address of each teblk in the array instead of the key and value.
- 2. sort the array of addresses. this orders elements by time of creation (ascending address).
- 3. scan the array, replacing addresses with the key and value from the referenced teblk. the affected portions of the program are at s\$cnv and in gtarr, which now accepts an additional argument specifying whether to place key/values in the array or teblk addresses.
- c3.763 if case-folding is active, fold the function name

provided to the load() function before passing it to sysld.

- c3.764 add sediment algorithm to garbage collector, conditioned on .csed.
- c3.765 add optimization to discard null statements and statements which just have a constant subject (see code at cmp12).
- c3.766 rearranged order of initial objects in static memory so that hash table is the last of the four object created by initialization code. this is done so that the print buffer, gts work area, and &alphabet keywords do not need to be saved in any save file created by osint. added routine to initialize these structures.
- c3.767 removed .cspr conditional and spare locations.
- c3.768 added .crel conditional and extensive routines (reloc et. al.) to perform relocation of data in working section, static region, and dynamic region after reload of a saved memory image. routines relaj, relcr, and reloc are invoked by osint after reloading a save file. it is now possible to reload such an image even if the spitbol compiler and its data structures are reloaded to other addresses. the working section has been extensively rearranged to accommodate the reloc procedure.
- c3.769 zero r\$ccb (interim ccblk ptr) in collect, convert, eval, and exit functions to release unneeded ccblk memory.
- c3.770 add exit(4) and exit(-4) to allow execution to continue after writing save file or load module. revised sysxi interface to detect continuation after performance of exit(4) or exit(-4) action.
- c3.771 change filmm to preserve registers.
- c3.772 addition of .cncr and syscr (real to string system routine option).
- c3.773 modified replace function to optimize usage when second argument is &alphabet. in this case, the third argument can be used as the translate table directly.
- c3.774 modified conditionals for buffers and reals so that their respective block codes are always present, even if these data types are conditioned out. this provides consistent block code numbering for external functions.
- c3.775 modified alobf to test string length against kvmxl instead of mxlen. also, alobf was testing total size of bfblk, instead of just string len.
- c3.776 move utility routines source up to lie between predefined snobol functions (s\$xxx) routines and utility procedures. this was done to assist translation on platforms such as apple macintosh that use 15-bit offsets to store error exits (ppm

branches). offsets to labels like exfal were just too far away. similarly, functions tfind, tmake, and vmake are located out of alphabetic order to satisfy the macintosh's limited range for subroutine calls. move built-in labels beyond the block and pattern routines to get it within 32k of the error routines.

- c3.777 at scn46, allow colon, right paren and right
 bracket to terminate = operator with default
 null operand.
- c3.778 added .ctet conditional for table entry trace.
- c3.779 introduce cfp\$1, the largest unsigned value that may be stored in a one-word integer. this is done to accommodate machines where memory addresses have the high-order address bit set.
- c3.780 perform replace in place if first arg is buffer.
- c3.781 perform reverse in place if first arg is buffer.
- c3.782 change sysou to accept buffer as well as string to be output. change code at asg11 to prevent conversion of buffer to string.
- c3.783 optimize pos and rpos when it is the first node of a pattern and has either an integer or simple expression variable argument. if unanchored mode and the cursor is zero, it is advanced directly to the desired cursor position.
- c3.784 perform trim function in place if arg is buffer.
- c3.785 add gtstb procedure to get a string or buffer argument for replace, reverse, size, trim, etc.
- c3.786 change leq, lgt, etc. to perform comparisons without converting buffer arguments to strings. this is done by changing lcomp to accept buffer argument(s). this also affects sort function, which will compare two buffers as strings.
- c3.787 change gtnum to use characters in buffer without conversion to a string. this implies that acomp will perform arithmetic comparisons of buffers without converting to strings first.
- c3.788 perform comparisons of strings and buffers in sortc.
- c3.789 change insbf to allow insertion of a buffer into a buffer without first converting it to a string. note that this only works when the two buffers are not the same.
- c3.790 documentation change: note that all of the block move opcodes should have wa .gt. 0. not all implementations avoid moving objects when wa is zero.
- c3.791 change ident to provide buffer/buffer and buffer/string comparisons, to accommodate users who perform ident(buf) to check for null string in buffer.
- c3.792 added fullscan keyword initialized to one. user may set to any non-zero value, will receive an

error message if attempts to set to zero, since quickscan mode is not supported.

- c3.793 rewrote statement startup code at stmgo to only perform checking of profiling, stcount tracing, and statement counting if necessary.
- c3.794 add additional exit to sysfc and ioput to signal that i/o channel (fcblk) is already in use. added error message numbers 289 and 290.
- c3.795 added optional integer argument to date function to specify format of date string returned by sysdt.

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version 3.6 to 3.6a (oct 83)

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changes

c3.617 add .cnlf. if defined, then arguments to external functions may be declared to have type file.
such arguments must have been used as second arg to input() or output() and a pointer to the fcb is passed to the external function.

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version 3.5 to 3.6 (jun 83)

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codes used to identify authors are (sgd) for duff, (reg) for goldberg, and (lds) for shields.

bugs fixed

- b3.601 (sgd) to fix multiple trap block problem in asign
- b3.602 (sgd) patch in gtarr to fix null convert.
- b3.603 (sgd) inserted missing wtb after sysmm calls.
- b3.604 (sgd) use string length in hashs.
- b3.605 (sgd) fixed serious parser problem relating to (x y) on line being viewed as pattern match. fixed by addition of new cmtyp value c\$cnp (concatenation not pattern match).
- b3.606 (sgd) fixed exit(n) respecification code to properly observe header semantics on return.
- b3.607 (sgd) bypass prtpg call at initialization following compilation if no output generated. this prevents output files consisting of the headers and a few blank lines when there is no source listing and no compilation stats. also fix timsx initialization in same code.
- b3.608 (sgd) b\$efc code did not check for unconverted result returning null string.
- b3.609 (sgd) load pfvbl field in retrn for

return tracing. this was causing bug on return traces that tried to access the variable name. b3.610 (sgd) fixed problem relating to compilation of goto fields containing small integers (in const sec). b3.611 (reg) prevent clear() from clobbering protected variables at label sclr5. b3.612 (reg) fixed gtexp from accepting trailing semicolon or colon. this is not a legal way to end an expression. b3.613 (reg) fixed difficulties with listings during execution when no listing generated during compilation. -list to code() caused bomb. fix is to reset r\$ttl and r\$stl to nulls not 0 after compilation. (listr and listt expect nulls) when listing and statistics routed to different file than execution output, error message is sent to execution output (and gets separated from ... in statement ... msg). labo1 calls sysax and stopr does not call sysax if entered from labo1. b3.614 (lds) fix misuse of wc just after asg10. b3.615 (lds) add comment pointing out suspicious code after tfn02 b3.616 (lds) fix inconsistent declaration of sorth. b3.617 (lds) insert missing conditional tests on cnbf. b3.618 (lds) fix some violations of minimal language that had slipped past some translators. b3.619 (lds) correct error introduced in fixing b3.614.

*	changes	
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*	c3.601	(sgd) addition of .cnci and sysci (int to string
*		system routine option)
*	c3.602	(reg) changed iniln and and inils to 258
*	c3.603 c3.604	<pre>(sgd) merged in profiler patches, repaired code. (sgd) added buffer type and symbol cnbf</pre>
*	c3.605	(sgd) added char function. char(n) returns nth
*	00.000	character of host machine character set.
*	c3.606	(reg) added cfp\$u to ease translation on smaller
*		systems - conditional .cucf
*	c3.607	(reg) added lower case support, conditional .culc
*	c3.608	(reg) added set i/o function, conditional .cust
*	c3.609	. 8,
*		sysbx and added another before call to sysbx,
*		so that, if desired by the implementor,
*		standard output will reflect assignments made
*		by executing program only.
*		conditional .cuej controls - if defined then
*	c3.610	eject is before call to sysbx. (lds) introduce .ctmd to support systm that
*	00.010	reports elapsed time in deciseconds instead of
*		milliseconds.
*	c3.611	(lds) provide place for .def or .und for each
*		conditional option, so that settings can be
*		changed without changing line numbers.
*		current settings are for 808x translation.
*	c3.612	1
*		conditional branch instruction cannot have form
*		(x)+ in order to simplify translations for which
*	-2 612	postincrement not readily available.
*	03.013	<pre>(reg,lds) add op flc wreg</pre>
*		that folds character in wreg to upper case.
*		this op is used only if .culc is defined.
*		this change also involves addition of keyword
*		&case which when nonzero (the initial setting)
*		causes the case folding just described to be
*		done.
*	c3.614	(lds) add option .cs16 to permit initialization
*		of statement limit values to 32767 for 16 bit
*		machines.
*	c3.615	(lds) permit return point and entry point

addresses to be distinguished by their parity

- instead of by lying within a certain range $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =0$ of values. introduce conditional symbols .crpp return points have odd parity .cepp entry points have odd parity
- c3.616 (lds) introduce new minimal opcodes to branch according to parity,

bev opn,plbl branch if address even

- bod opn,plbl branch if address odd
 an address is even if it is a multiple of cfp\$b.

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documentation revisions

documentation revision revision
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version 3.4 to 3.5 (feb 79)

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bugs fixed

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- b3.401 prtst should be declared as an r type procedure.
- b3.402 timing error if spitbol fails in dump.
- b3.403 error in handling omitted args of operators.
- b3.404 too many lines put on first page of listing.
- b3.405 leading unary operator in eval erroneously needed preceding blank.
- b3.406 identifying name in dump of array or table values was omitted.
- b3.407 eval unable to return a deferred expression.
- b3.408 illegal if setexit code branches to return.
- b3.409 illegal on detaching input, output, terminal.

changes

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- c3.401 -sequ and -nose control cards removed.
- c3.402 option provided to suppress system identification on listing.
- c3.403 description of sysbx slightly revised.
- c3.404 permissible to modify scblk length before taking error returns from sysin, sysrd, sysri.
- c3.405 conditional .cnld may be defined to omit load().
- c3.406 conditional .cnex may be defined to omit exit().
- c3.407 table now accepts a third argument specifying default initial lookup value.
- c3.408 routines sort, rsort for sorting arrays and table introduced. specification is as in sitbol. routines may be omitted by defining .cnsr .
- c3.409 error in code(), eval() call now causes statement failure but errtext keyword is still set.
- c3.410 arg to code() may contain embedded control cards and comment delimited by a semicolon.

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documentation revisions

- d3.401 purpose of restriction 2 in minimal section -6-(operations on char values), erroneously stated to be for cmc, rather than for ceq, cne. descriptions of above opcodes revised.
- d3.402 description of ent clarified.
 - d3.403 descriptions of several opcodes revised to remove technically invalid literals e.g. =0, *1.
 - ${\tt d3.405}$ restricted use of letter z in minimal clarified.
 - d3.406 divide by zero explicitly mentioned in relation to overflow setting.

version 3.3 to 3.4 (oct 78) bugs fixed ----b3.301 illegal for erroneous eval() arg. b3.302 address arithmetic overflow in alloc and alocs. b3.303 -eject and -space ignored -nolist option. b3.304 erroneous argument scan in load(). b3.305 erroneous plc on uninitialised r\$cim in nexts. b3.306 ldi used instead of mti after prv07. b3.307 misuse of rmi at erra2. b3.308 misuse of mti in hashs. b3.309 bug in -sequ card sequence number checking. b3.310 stack overflow error message not always printed. b3.311 corrupt prototype print for traced arrays. b3.312 pattern first arg in dupl caused error. b3.313 omitted csc in s\$rpd, erroneous csc in convert. b3.314 misplaced btw in exbld. b3.315 incorrect code in hashs. b3.316 failure of load to scan integer arg. b3.317 table access with negative integer arg. failed. b3.318 error in returning result of loaded function. b3.319 =e\$srs used after iniO1 instead of *e\$srs. b3.320 err used instead of erb after systu b3.321 label could start with disallowed character.

b3.322 continue after setexit had bad heuristic.

changes _____ c3.301 sysax and .csax introduced - see sysax in procedures section. c3.302 variable mxlen introduced. contains the maximum size of a spitbol object and is not changeable after initialisation. may be defaulted or set explicitly by sysmx. c3.303 syshs returns revised - see syshs. c3.304 new minimal opcode aov to fix b3.302. c3.305 inhibit stlimit check if stlimit made negative. c3.306 cfpm is required to be of form 2**n - 1. c3.307 dupl made to conform to sil snobol4 standard. c3.308 lch and sch actions more closely defined. c3.309 batch initialisation code omitted if conditional assembly symbol .cnbt (no batch) defined. c3.310 (wa) contains argument count in sysex call. c3.311 sysfc may request allocation of static fcblk. c3.312 if ia,wc overlap, restriction put on dumping/ restoring these registers. c3.313 new listing option intermediate between compact and extended provided (see syspp).

- c3.314 revision of sysxi interface to permit options for load module standard o/p file (see sysxi,syspp).
- c3.315 last arg of substr may be omitted treated as remainder of string.

bugs fi	vod
b3.201	routines illegally accessed information beyond the stack front.
h3 202	similar fault in unanchored pattern matching. dump(1) produced dump(2) type output.
b3.203	
b3.204	incorrect fail return from tfind in arref.
b3.205	endfile did not detach i/o associated variables
b3.206	-space with omitted arg. failed
b3.207	looped if dump keyword non-zero after stack
	overflow in garbage collect failure.
b3.208	failure in reading numbers with trailing blanks
changes	
snobol4	ensive changes made here mostly result from a implementors meeting held at new york universit st 1977. they are aimed at
) having spitbol conform to certain snobol4
	nguage standards and
	 producing a stable definition of minimal by rrying out a few essential revisions in the ligh
	experience in its use.
changes	to spitbol
	
c3.201	default values for keywords trim and anchor are zero. on systems where records are customarily handled without traling blanks, there is no
	obligation to supply such blanks.
	8

c3.203 the second argument of input and output is permitted to be an integer as in snobol4. in addition input(), output() now give a snobol4 statement failure if sysio uses the file not found return. the third argument has a recommended format and to override its default delimiter (,) a conditional assembly symbol, .ciod, is used. interfaces to sysef,sysej,syfc,sysio,sysrw are revised.

wc may now be used to return from sysio, a max record length.

- c3.204 a new configuration parameter cfp\$f (scblk offset is introduced. cfp\$u is removed.
- c3.205 implementation and version identification is required see sysid.
- c3.206 routine sysmx returns the maximum length of spitbol objects (strings arrays etc). this information is not now needed at time of entry to spitbol and hence wc should be zero on entry.
- c3.207 a conditional parameter .cnra permits assembly of a more compact version with no real arithmetic code.
- c3.208 terminal is a new pre-associated variable capable of performing input and output to an online terminal. sysri is a new routine used in the implementation of this. see also syspp.
- c3.209 the environment parameters e\$--- are now provided by the minimal translator using the revised equ * format (see c3.229 and start of spitbol definitions section some reordering of symbols has occurred).
- c3.210 the interface of sysxi has been slightly revised. unavailability of i/o channels after exit(1), exit(-1) is documented together with additional error return usage for sysin,sysou,syspr,sysrd.
- ${\tt c3.211}$ spitbol error codes have been frozen see ${\tt c3.230}$
- c3.212 the utility routines arref etc. are now introduced by rtn statements.
- c3.213 sysrl (record length for std input file) is removed. since implementation of a general -inxxx control card and an ability to specify max record length using the third argument of input, sysrl has become redundant.
- c3.214 sysej and sysxi are now passed a chain linking all fcblks in use.
- c3.215 a special ending code in sysej is used when attempts to use standard output channel fail.
- c3.216 restriction c3.233 observed so simplifying optimised translation of ent with omitted val.

changes to minimal

- c3.220 minimal opcodes dec, dim, inc, and bmp are withdrawn and replaced by the more consistent set dca, dcv, ica, icv.
- c3.221 chs has been replaced by the more generally useful zgb (still likely to be a no-op for most implementations however).
- c3.222 the set of character comparisons has been reduced to ceq and one to ease implementation problems.
- c3.223 opcode irz is removed and dvi, rmi orders are redefined to conform to more common usage.
- c3.224 new opcodes ssl and sss are defined. their use permits return links for n type procedures to be placed on a local stack if desired.
- c3.225 opcode mnz complements zer. it moves a non-zero flag to its destination.
- c3.226 for some machines it is preferable for the stack to build up rather than down. to permit this without need for massive changes in minimal and recoding of existing programs, a scheme has been devised in which an additional register name, xt, is used as a synonym for xl when this register is involved in stack manipulation—see section 4.
- c3.227 section 0 of a minimal program is renamed the procedure section. it now contains, in addition to exp, specifications of internal procedures and routines by means of the inp and inr opcodes.
- c3.228 the literal operand formats =int and *int have been withdrawn. =dlbl and *dlbl must be used in their stead.
- c3.229 the format
 label equ *nn
 used to specify values supplied by the minimal
 translator for char. codes etc. is replaced by
 label equ *
 where the order in which the definitions are
 supplied by the translator should match the
 order of occurrence in the definitions section.
- c3.230 the format of err,erb opcodes is changed to require a numeric operand.
- c3.231 the rtn opcode is used to introduce routines (which are quite distinct from procedures).
- c3.232 conditional assembly directives may be nested.
- c3.233 minor restriction placed on the omission of val with the ent opcode.

version 3.1 to 3.2 (aug 77)

*

bugs fixed

*

- b3.101 astonishing this was unnoticed for three years.
 bad code for snobol4 integer divide, /, gave
 wrong result for operands of opposite signs.
 implementations have either wrongly translated
 dvi and got correct result or correctly
 translated dvi and got wrong result leeds had
 one of each. see also c3.106.
 test program no. 1 now extended to check /
 more thoroughly.
- b3.102 garbage collection bug in scane

changes

- c3.101 option to use additional characters ch\$ht,ch\$vt (horizontal and vertical tab) with same syntactic significance as ch\$bl (blank).
- c3.102 option to use a set of shifted case alphabetic characters ch\$\$a ... ch\$\$\$.
- c3.103 conditional assembly features are introduced into minimal on account of the above. see minimal documentation section for details of above changes.
- c3.104 lch and sch may use an x register first operand as alternative to a w register.
- c3.105 spitbol statement numbers in the listing may optionally be padded to 6 or 8 chars instead of 5 by defining conditional assembly symbols .csn6 or .csn8 .
- c3.106 to fix bug 3.101. at moderate cost, opcode irz (branch if integer divide remainder zero) introduced.
- c3.107 to handle possible machine dependency in string hashing, chs (complete hashing of string) opcode is introduced. probably a no-op on most machines not on the dec10.
- c3.108 procedures patin,tfind,trace have been modified to conform to the minimal standard call and return regime.
- c3.109 sysfc interface revised slightly to permit osint to return a pointer to a privately allocated fcblk which spitbol will return on subsequent i/o see sysfc doc.
- c3.110 to remove inconsistencies in calling sequences, all sys routines having access to a possible fcblk have fcblk ptr or zero in reg. wa on entry. change affects sysef, sysen, sysil, sysin,

* sysou, sysrw.

* c3.111 syspp bit allocated to provide

* -noexec option on entry to spitbol.

```
*
    documentation revisions
    docum
```

version 3.0 to 3.1 (mar 77)

*

bugs fixed

*

- b3.001 replace() could fail during pre-evaluation.
 spitbol now signals an error for null or
 unequally long 2nd and 3rd arguments.
- b3.002 negative second arguments to dupl, lpad, rpad caused spitbol to signal an error. now causes return of null string or first arg respectively.
- b3.003 brn-s used instead of ppm-s in s\$sub.
- b3.004 err used instead of erb after cmp30.
- b3.005 b\$pfc, s\$cnv, s\$def, arith and arref kept information illegally above the stack top.
- b3.006 pre-evaluation of constant parts of complex gotos was erroneous.
- b3.007 incorrect handling of labels compiled by code().
- b3.008 the single use of trc (in s\$rpl) was not in accord with its definition. some translations of trc may need revision now that the use has been brought into line with definition.

*

changes

*

a debate on a few weaknesses in minimal design has been resolved by introducing 4 new opcodes.

- c3.001 new minimal opcodes bmp and dim introduced to augment inc and dec which are applicable only to addresses.
- c3.002 the opcode szc (store zero characters) had a restricted applicability. it has been replaced by the more general zer (zeroise).
- c3.004 control card processing has been recoded.

 -inxxx allows specification of standard input
 file record lengths other than 72 or 80, see also
 sysrl. -sequ is ignored unless -in80 is in effect
- c3.005 to enable efficient buffering of chars on machines without char. handling orders, the csc (complete store characters) instruction is introduced. current implementations can translate it as a no-op if it is of no benefit.
- c3.006 integers 0,1,2 are treated specially. icblks in static are used instead of allocating space in dynamic.

k .

version 2.7 (june 76) to 3.0 (jan 77)

*

bugs fixed

- b2.701 goes illegal if timed out during processing of dump() call.
- b2.702 goes illegal if spitbol error detected in args of code() or eval(). bug fixed so that user now gets a spitbol error report (trappable by setexit) before statement failure.
- b2.703 goes illegal in some circumstances when multiple compilation errors occur in a statement
- b2.704 goes illegal if garbage collector runs out of stack space.
- b2.705 control card processing incorrect for cdc 6400.
- b2.706 incorrect handling of multiple occurrences of chars in replace 2nd and 3rd args.
- b2.707 stack overflow in pre-evaluation of replace in cdc 6400 version.
- b2.708 an explicit call of sysmw was coded in s\$dat instead of the mvw opcode.
- b2.709 call of garbage collector whilst dumping caused havoc.
- b2.710 size restriction on spitbol objects (size must be numerically less than lowest dynamic address) was not enforced, with potential for catastrophe.
- b2.711 deferred expressions involving alternation or negation were incorrectly translated.
- b2.712 listing of a compilation error at the end of a long line could cause compiler to go illegal.
- b2.713 incorrect -nofail code with success goto.

changes

:

(it is not anticipated that major revisions on this scale will be frequent).

- c2.701 default value of anchor keyword is set to 1. this conflicts with snobol4 practice but is a preferable default for most applications.
- c2.702 if errtype is out of range the string in keyword errtext is printed as the error message.
- c2.703 if stlimit is exceeded, up to 10 more statements may be obeyed to permit setexit trap to gain control.
- c2.704 the concept of an interactive channel is introduced for implementations where an online terminal may be used for spitbol. the standard print file may be specified as interactive in which case shorter title lines are output. alternatively copies of compilation and execution errors only may be sent to this channel
- c2.705 printing of compilation statistics may be suppressed.
- c2.706 printing of execution statistics may be suppressed.
- c2.707 extended or compact listing format may be selected.
- c2.708 an initial -nolist option may be specified before compilation starts.
- c2.709 to specify choices implied by c2.704 to c2.708 syspp interface is revised and syspi is defined.
- c2.710 compilation and execution time statistics messages have been shortened.
- c2.711 the exit function as in sitbol is introduced to permit saving load modules see sysxi, s\$ext.
- c2.712 diagnostic routines sysgb and sysgd have been removed. they were useful in the early debugging days but have fallen into disuse now.
- c2.713 szc may have an operand of type opn instead of type opw
- c2.714 input/output association interface has been revised. sysif, sysof have been consolidated into the new system routine, sysio, and the specification of sysfc has been slightly changed.
- c2.715 configuration parameter mxlen has been withdrawn and the maximum size of a spitbol object which was formerly fixed at spitbol compile time by reference to it may now be specified as a run time option by placing a value in wc before entry to spitbol. (see comment on dynamic area in basic information section).

* c2.716 a function, host, is introduced which yields

* information about the host machine - see syshs

and s\$hst.

documentation revisions

- d2.701 the description of mvc has been revised to reflect the fact that some spitbol code sequences rely on mvc not destroying wb. minor changes have been made to mwb and mvw descriptions to emphasise similarities in the implicit loops of these orders.
- d2.702 descriptions of dvi and rmi have been clarified.
- d2.703 implementation of rsx,lsx,ceq,cge,cgt,chi,clo,clt is optional at present since they are currently unused. their use in later versions is not excluded.
- d2.704 impossibility of using stack for return links of n type procedures is emphasised.
- d2.705 notation (x1),(wc) etc in language description is clarified.
- ${\tt d2.706}$ documentation of sysfc, sysio has been improved.
- d2.707 opcode descriptions are cross referenced from the alphabetical opcode list.
- d2.708 general description of compiler has been moved to the start of the compiler proper.
- d2.709 definitions of environment parameters have been put near the front of the definitions section.

minimal —machine independent macro assembly lang.

the following sections describe the implementation language originally developed for spitbol but now more widely used. minimal is an assembly language for an idealized machine. the following describes the basic characteristics of this machine.

section 1 - configuration parameters

there are several parameters which may vary with the target machine. the macro-program is independent of the actual definitions of these parameters.

the definitions of these parameters are supplied by the translation program to match the target machine.

cfp\$a number of distinct characters in internal alphabet in the range 64 le cfp\$a le mxlen.

cfp\$b number of bytes in a word where a byte is the amount of storage addressed by the least significant address bit.

number of characters which can cfp\$c be stored in a single word.

cfp\$f

byte offset from start of a string block to the first character. depends both on target machine and string data structure. see plc, psc

cfp\$i number of words in a signed integer constant

cfp\$1 the largest unsigned integer of form 2**n - 1 which can be stored in a single word. n will often be cfp\$n but need not be.

cfp\$m the largest positive signed integer of form 2**n - 1 which can be stored in a single word. n will often be cfp\$n-1 but need not be.

cfp\$n number of bits which can be stored in a one word bit string.

number of words in a real constant cfp\$r

cfp\$s

number of significant digits to be output in conversion of a real

34

number of digits in real exponent

cfp\$x

section 2 - memory

memory is organized into words which each contain cfp\$b bytes. for word machines cfp\$b, which is a configuration parameter, may be one in which case words and bytes are identical. to each word corresponds an address which is a non-negative quantity which is a multiple of cfp\$b. data is organized into words as follows.

1) a signed integer value occupies cfp\$i consecutive words (cfp\$i is a configuration parameter). the range may include more negative numbers than positive (e.g. the twos complement representation).

a signed real value occupies cfp\$r consecutive 2) words. (cfp\$r is a configuration parameter).

3) cfp\$c characters may be stored in a single word (cfp\$c is a configuration parameter).

4) a bit string containing cfp\$n bits can be stored in a single word (cfp\$n is a configuration parameter).

5) a word can contain a unsigned integer value in the range (0 le n le cfp\$1). these integer values may represent addresses of other words and some of the instructions use this fact to provide indexing and indirection facilities.

6) program instructions occupy words in an undefined manner. depending on the actual implementation, instructions may occupy several words, or part of a word, or even be split over word boundaries.

the following regions of memory are available to the program. each region consists of a series of words with consecutive addresses.

- 1) constant section assembled constants working storage section assembled work areas 3) program section assembled instructions
- 4) stack area
- 5)

allocated stack area allocated data area

data area

k

section 3 - registers

*

there are three index registers called xr,xl,xs. in addition xl may sometimes be referred to by the alias of xt - see section 4. any of the above registers may hold a positive unsigned integer in the range (0 le n le cfp\$1). when the index register is used for indexing purposes, this must be an appropriate address. xs is special in that it is used to point to the top item of a stack in memory. the stack may build up or down in memory.since it is required that xs points to the stack top but access to items below the top is permitted, registers xs and xt may be used with suitable offsets to index stacked items. only xs and xt may be used for this purpose since the direction of the offset is target machine dependent. xt is a synonym for xl which therefore cannot be used in code sequences referencing xt.

*

the stack is used for s-r linkage and temporary data storage for which the stack arrangement is suitable. xr,xl can also contain a character pointer in conjunction with the character instructions (see description of plc).

k

there are three work registers called wa,wb,wc which can contain any data item which can be stored in a single memory word. in fact, the work registers are just like memory locations except that they have no addresses and are referenced in a special way by the instructions.

*

note that registers wa,wb have special uses in connection with the cvd, cvm, mvc, mvw, mwb, cmc, trc instructions.

*

register wc may overlap the integer accumulator (ia) in some implementations. thus any operation changing the value in wc leaves (ia) undefined and vice versa except as noted in the following restriction on simple dump/restore operations.

*

${\tt restriction}$

if ia and wc overlap then

sti iasav

ldi iasav

does not change wc, and

mov wc,wcsav

mov wcsav,wc

does not change ia.

*

there is an integer accumulator (ia) which is capable of holding a signed integer value (cfp\$i words long). register wc may overlap the integer accumulator (ia) in some implementations. thus any operation changing the value in wc leaves (ia) undefined and vice versa except as noted in the above restriction on simple dump/restore operations.

*

there is a single real accumulator (ra) which can hold any real value and is completely separate from any of the other registers or program accessible locations.

*

the code pointer register (cp) is a special index register for use in implementations of interpretors. it is used to contain a pseudo-code pointer and can only be affected by icp, lcp, scp and lcw instructions.

```
section 4 - the stack
```

*

the following notes are to guide both implementors of systems written in minimal and minimal programmers in dealing with stack manipulation. implementation of a downwards building stack is easiest and in general is to be preferred, in which case it is merely necessary to consider xt as an alternative name for xl.

*

the minimal virtual machine includes a stack and has operand formats -(xs) and (xs)+ for pushing and popping items with an implication that the stack builds down in memory (a d-stack). however on some target machines it is better for the stack to build up (a u-stack). a stack addressed only by push and pop operations can build in either direction with no complication but such a pure scheme of stack access proves restrictive. hence it is permitted to access buried items using an integer offset past the index register pointing to the stack top. on target machines this offset will be positive/negative for d-stacks/u-stacks and this must be allowed for in the translation.

a further restriction is that at no time may an item be placed above the stack top. for some operations this makes it convenient to advance the stack pointer and then address items below it using a second index register. the problem of signed offsets past such a register then arises. to distinguish stack offsets, which in some implementations may be negative, from non-stack offsets which are invariably positive, xt, an alias or synonym for xl is used. for a u-stack implementation, the minimal translator should negate the sign of offsets applied to both (xs) and (xt).

programmers should note that since xt is not a separate register, xl should not be used in code where xt is referenced. other modifications needed in u-stack translations are in the add, sub, ica, dca opcodes applied to xs, xt. for example

*

```
minimal
                 d-stack trans. u-stack trans.
mov wa,-(xs)
                 sbi xs,1
                                adi xs,1
                 sto wa,(xs)
                                sto wa, (xs)
                lod wc,(xl)
                               lod wc,(x1)
mov (xt)+,wc
                 adi xl,1
                                sbi xl,1
add =seven,xs
                 adi xs,7
                                sbi xs,7
mov 2(xt),wa
                 lod wa, 2(x1)
                               lod wa, -2(x1)
                 adi xs,1
                                sbi xs,1
ica xs
```

*

note that forms such as

mov -(xs),wa

add wa,(xs)+

are illegal, since they assume information storage

* above the stack top.

```
the internal character set is represented by a set of
contiguous codes from 0 to cfp$a-1. the codes for the
digits 0-9 must be contiguous and in sequence. other
than this, there are no restraints.
the following symbols are automatically defined to have
the value of the corresponding internal character code.
ch$la
                      letter a
ch$1b
                      letter b
ch$1$
                      letter z
ch$d0
                      digit 0
ch$d9
                      digit 9
ch$am
                      ampersand
ch$as
                      asterisk
ch$at
                      at
ch$bb
                      left bracket
ch$bl
                      blank
ch$br
                      vertical bar
ch$cl
                      colon
ch$cm
                      comma
ch$dl
                      dollar sign
ch$dt
                      dot (period)
ch$dq
                      double quote
ch$eq
                      equal sign
ch$ex
                      exclamation mark
ch$mn
                      minus
ch$nm
                      number sign
ch$nt
                      not
ch$pc
                      percent
ch$pl
                      plus
ch$pp
                      left paren
ch$rb
                      right bracket
ch$rp
                      right paren
ch$qu
                      question mark
ch$sl
                      slash
ch$sm
                      semi-colon
ch$sq
                      single quote
ch$un
                      underline
the following optional symbols are incorporated
by defining the conditional assembly symbol named.
26 shifted letters incorporated by defining .casl
ch$$a
                      shifted a
ch$$b
                      shifted b
```

section 5 - internal character set

*		
*	ch\$\$\$	shifted z
*		
*	ch\$ht	horizontal tab - define .caht
*	ch\$vt	vertical tab - define .cavt
*	ch\$ey	up arrow - define .caex

section 6 - conditional assembly features

some features of the interpreter are applicable to only certain target machines. they may be incorporated or omitted by use of conditional assembly. the full form of a condition is -

.if conditional assembly symbol (cas)
.then

minimal statements1 (ms1)

.else

minimal statements2 (ms2)

.fi

the following rules apply

- 1. the directives .if, .then, .else, .fi must start in column 1.
- 2. the conditional assembly symbol must start with a dot in column 8 followed by 4 letters or digits e.g. .ca\$1
- 3. .then is redundant and may be omitted if wished.
- 4. ms1, ms2 are arbitrary sequences of minimal statements either of which may be null or may contain further conditions.
- 5. if ms2 is omitted, .else may also be omitted.
- 6. .fi is required.
- 7. conditions may be nested to a depth determined by the translator (not less than 20, say).

selection of the alternatives ms1, ms2 is by means of the define and undefine directives of form -

.def cas

.undef cas

which obey rules 1. and 2. above and may occur at any point in a minimal program, including within a condition. multiply defining a symbol is an error.

undefining a symbol which is not defined is not an error.

the effect is that if a symbol is currently defined, then in any condition depending on it, ms1 will be processed and ms2 omitted. conversely if it is undefined, ms1 will be omitted and ms2 processed.

nesting of conditions is such that conditions in a section not selected for processing must not be evaluated. nested conditions must remember their environment whilst being processed. effectively this implies use of a scheme based on a stack with .if, .fi matching by the condition processor of the translator.

section 7 - operand formats

the following section describes the various possibilities for operands of instructions and assembly operations.

*			
*	01	int	unsigned integer le cfp\$1
*	02	dlbl	symbol defined in definitions sec
*	03	wlbl	label in working storage section
*	04	clbl	label in constant section
*	05	elbl	program section entry label
*	06	plbl	program section label (non-entry)
*	07	X	one of the three index registers
*	08	W	one of the three work registers
*	09	(x)	location indexed by x
*	10	+(x)	like (x) but post increment x
*	11	-(x)	like (x) but predecrement x
*	12	int(x)	location int words beyond addr in x
*	13	dlbl(x)	location dlbl words past addr in x
*	14	clbl(x)	location (x) bytes beyond clbl
*	15	wlbl(x)	location (x) bytes beyond wlbl
*	16	integer	signed integer (dic)
*	17	real	signed real (drc)
*	18	=dlbl	location containing dac dlbl
*	19	*dlbl	location containing dac cfp\$b*dlbl
*	20	=wlbl	location containing dac wlbl
*	21	=clbl	location containing dac clbl
*	22	=elbl	location containing dac elbl
*	23	pnam	procedure label (on prc instruc)
*	24	eqop	operand for equ instruction
*	25	ptyp	procedure type (see prc)
*	26	text	arbitrary text (erb,err,ttl)
*	27	dtext	delimited text string (dtc)
Ψ.			

the numbers in the above list are used in subsequent description and in some of the minimal translators.

operand formats (continued)

the following special symbols refer to a collection of the listed possibilities

val 01,02

predefined value

val is used to refer to a predefined one word integer value in the range 0 le n le cfp\$1.

reg 07,08

register

reg is used to describe an operand which can be any of the registers (xl,xr,xs,xt,wa,wb,wc). such an operand can hold a one word integer (address).

*

opc 09,10,11

character

opc is used to designate a specific character operand for use in the lch and sch instructions. the index register referenced must be either xr or xl (not xs,xt). see section on character operations.

*

ops 03,04,09,12,13,14,15

memory reference

ops is used to describe an operand which is in memory. the operand may be one or more words long depending on the data type. in the case of multiword operands, the address given is the first word.

*

opw as for ops + 08,10,11

full word

opw is used to refer to an operand whose capacity is that of a full memory word. opw includes all the possibilities for ops (the referenced word is used) plus the use of one of the three work registers (wa, wb, wc). in addition, the formats (x)+ and -(x)allow indexed operations in which the index register is popped by one word after the reference (x)+, or pushed by one word before the reference -(x)these latter two formats provide a facility for manipulation of stacks. the format does not imply a particular direction in which stacks must build it is used for compactness. note that there is a restriction which disallows an instruction to use an index register in one of these formats in some other manner in the same instruction. mov x1,(x1)+is illegal. the formats -(x) and (x)+ may also be used in pre-decrementation, post-incrementation to access the adjacent character of a string.

opn as for opw + 07

operand formats (continued)

one word integer

opn is used to represent an operand location which can contain a one word integer (e.g. an address). this includes all the possibilities for opw plus the use of one of the index registers (xl,xr,xt, xs). the range of integer values is 0 le n le cfp\$1.

opv as for opn + 18-22 one word integer value

opv is used for an operand which can yield a one word integer value (e.g. an address). it includes all the possibilities for opn (the current value of the location is used) plus the use of literals. note that although the literal formats are described in terms of a reference to a location containing an address constant, this location may not actually exist in some implementations since only the value is required. a restriction is placed on literals which may consist only of defined symbols and certain labels. consequently small integers to be used as literals must be pre-defined, a discipline aiding program maintenance and revision.

addr 01,02,03,04,05 address

> addr is used to describe an explicit address value (one word integer value) for use with dac.

- in the following descriptions the usage --
- (x1),(xr), ...,(ia)* in the descriptive text signifies the
- contents of the stated register.

k

the following list includes all instruction and assembly operation mnemonics in alphabetical order. the mnemonics are preceded by a number identifying the following section where the instruction is described. a star (*) is appended to the mnemonic if the last operand may optionally be omitted. see section -15- for details of statement format and comment conventions.

*

```
2.1 add opv,opn
                       add address
4.2 adi
                       add integer
          ops
5.3 adr ops
                       add real
7.1 anb opw,w
                       and bit string
2.17 aov opv,opn,plbl add address, fail if overflow
5.16 atn
                       arctangent of real accum
2.16 bct w,plbl
                       branch and count
2.5 beq opn,opv,plbl branch if address equal
2.18 bev opn,plbl
                       branch if address even
2.8 bge opn,opv,plbl branch if address greater or equl
2.7 bgt opn,opv,plbl branch if address greater
2.12 bhi opn,opv,plbl branch if address high
2.10 ble opn,opv,plbl branch if address less or equal
2.11 blo opn,opv,plbl branch if address low
2.9 blt opn,opv,plbl branch if address less than
2.6 bne opn,opv,plbl branch if address not equal
2.13 bnz opn,plbl
                       branch if address non-zero
                       branch if address odd
2.19 bod opn,plbl
1.2 brn plbl
                       branch unconditional
1.7 bri opn
                       branch indirect
1.3 bsw* x,val,plbl branch on switch value
8.2 btw reg
                       convert bytes to words
2.14 bze opn,plbl
                       branch if address zero
6.6 ceq opw,opw,plbl branch if characters equal
10.1 chk
                       check stack overflow
5.17 chp
                       integer portion of real accum
7.4 cmb w
                       complement bit string
6.8 cmc plbl,plbl
                       compare character strings
6.7 cne opw,opw,plbl branch if characters not equal
6.5 \, \text{csc} \, \text{x}
                       complete store characters
                       cosine of real accum
5.18 cos
8.8 ctb w, val
                       convert character count to bytes
8.7 ctw w, val
                       convert character count to words
8.10 cvd
                       convert by division
8.9 cvm plbl
                       convert by multiplication
11.1 dac addr
                       define address constant
11.5 dbc val
                       define bit string constant
2.4 dca opn
                       decrement address by one word
1.17 dcv opn
                       decrement value by one
11.2 dic integer
                       define integer constant
```

move characters

move address value to (ia)

move

1.1 mov opv,opn

8.3 mti opn

9.1 mvc

move words

9.2 mvw 9.3 mwb move words backwards negate integer

4.8 ngi

alphabetical list of mnemonics (continued)

```
5.9 ngr
                       negate real
7.9 nzb w,plbl
                       jump if not all zero bits
7.2 orb opw,w
                       or bit strings
6.1 plc* x,opv
                       prepare to load characters
1.10 ppm* plbl
                       provide procedure exit parameter
1.11 prc ptyp, val
                       define start of procedure
                       prepare to store characters
6.2 psc* x,opv
5.10 req plbl
                       jump if real zero
5.11 rge plbl
                       jump if real positive or zero
5.12 rgt plbl
                       jump if real positive
                       jump if real negative or zero
5.13 rle plbl
5.14 rlt plbl
                       jump if real negative
4.6 rmi ops
                       remainder integer
5.15 rne plbl
                       jump if real non-zero
5.8 rno plbl
                       jump if no real overflow
5.7 rov plbl
                       jump if real overflow
7.5 rsh w, val
                       right shift bit string
7.7 rsx w,(x)
                       right shift indexed
8.6 rti* plbl
                       convert real to integer
                       define start of routine
1.22 rtn
4.4 sbi ops
                       subtract integer
5.4 sbr ops
                       subtract reals
6.4 sch reg,opc
                       store character
3.2 scp reg
                       store code pointer
14.1 sec
                       define start of assembly section
5.21 sin
                       sine of real accum
5.22 sqr
                       square root of real accum
1.20 ssl
          opw
                       subroutine stack load
1.21 sss opw
                       subroutine stack store
4.7 sti
                       store integer
          ops
5.2 str
                       store real
          ops
2.2 sub opv,opn
                       subtract address
5.23 tan
                       tangent of real accum
6.9 trc
                       translate character string
13.2 ttl text
                       supply assembly title
8.1 wtb reg
                       convert words to bytes
7.3 xob opw,w
                       exclusive or bit strings
1.18 zer opn
                       zeroise integer location
7.11 zgb opn
                       zeroise garbage bits
                       jump if all zero bits
7.10 zrb w,plbl
```

section 9 - minimal instructions

the following descriptions assume the definitions -

zeroe equ 0 unity equ 1

-1- basic instruction set

1.1 mov opv,opn move one word value

> mov causes the value of operand opv to be set as the new contents of operand location opn. in the case where opn is not an index register, any value which can normally occupy a memory word (including a part of a multiword real or integer value) can be transferred using mov. if the target location opn is an index register, then opv must specify an appropriate one word value or operand containing such an appropriate value.

1.2 brn plbl unconditional branch

> brn causes control to be passed to the indicated label in the program section.

- 1.3 bsw x,val,plbl branch on switch value
- provide branch for switch 1.4 iff val,plbl iff val,plbl

. . .

1.5 esw end of branch switch table

> bsw,iff,esw provide a capability for a switched branch similar to a fortran computed goto. the val on the bsw instruction is the maximum number of branches. the value in x ranges from zero up to but not including this maximum. each iff provides a branch. val must be less than that given on the bsw and control goes to plbl if the value in x matches. if the value in x does not correspond to any of the iff entries, then control passes to the plbl on the bsw. this plbl operand may be omitted if there are no values missing from the list.

iff and esw may only be used in this context. execution of bsw may destroy the contents of x. the iff entries may be in any order and since a translator may thus need to store and sort them, the comment field is restricted in length (sec 11).

1.6 ent val define program entry point

the symbol appearing in the label field is defined to be a program entry point which can subsequently be used in conjunction with the bri instruction, which provides the only means of entering the code. it is illegal to fall into code identified by an entry point. the entry symbol is assigned an address which need not be a multiple of cfp\$b but which must be in the range 0 le cfp\$1 and the address must not lie within the address range of the allocated data area. furthermore, addresses of successive entry points must be assigned in some ascending sequence so that the address comparison instructions can be used to test the order in which two entry points occur. the symbol val gives an identifying value to the entry point which can be accessed with the lei instruction.

note - subject to the restriction below, val may be omitted if no such identification is needed i.e. if no lei references the entry point. for this case, a translation optimisation is possible in which no memory need be reserved for a null identification which is never to be referenced, but only provided this is done so as not to interfere with the strictly ascending sequence of entry point addresses. to simplify this optimisation for all implementors, the following restriction is observed val may only be omitted if the entry point is separated from a following entry point by a

entry point addresses are accessible only by use of literals (=elbl, section 7) or dac constants (section 8-11.1).

non-null minimal code sequence.

1.7 bri opn branch indirect

opn contains the address of a program entry point (see ent). control is passed to the executable code starting at the entry point address. opn is left unchanged.

1.8 lei x load entry point identification

 ${\bf x}$ contains the address of an entry point for which an identifying value was given on the the ent line. lei replaces the contents of ${\bf x}$ by this value.

:

1.9 jsr pnam call procedure pnam
1.10 ppm plbl provide exit parameter
 ppm plbl ...

. . .

ppm plbl ...

*

jsr causes control to be passed to the named procedure. pnam is the label on a prc statement elsewhere in the program section (see prc) or has been defined using an exp instruction. the ppm exit parameters following the call give names of program locations (plbl-s) to which alternative exi returns of the called procedure may pass control. they may optionally be replaced by error returns (see err). the number of exit parameters following a jsr must equal the int in the procedure definition. the operand of ppm may be omitted if the corresponding exi return is certain not to be taken.

*

1.11 prc ptyp,int define start of procedure

* * *

the symbol appearing in the label field is defined to be the name of a procedure for use with jsr. a procedure is a contiguous section of instructions to which control may be passed with a jsr instruction. this is the only way in which the instructions in a procedure may be executed. it is not permitted to fall into a procedure. all procedures should be named in section 0 inp statements.

*

int is the number of exit parameters (ppm-s) to be used in jsr calls.

*

there are three possibilities for ptyp, each consisting of a single letter as follows.

*

r recursive

*

the return point (one or more words) is stored on the stack as though one or more mov \dots ,-(xs) instructions were executed.

n

non-recursive

the return point is to be stored either
(1) in a local storage word associated
with the procedure and not directly
available to the program in any other manner or
(2) on a subroutine link stack quite distinct from
the minimal stack addressed by xs.
it is an error to use the stack for n-links, since
procedure parameters or results may be passed via
the stack.

if method (2) is used for links, error exits (erb,err) from a procedure will necessitate link stack resetting. the ssl and sss orders provided for this may be regarded as no-ops for implementations using method (1).

*

either

the return point may be stored in either manner according to efficiency requirements of the actual physical machine used for the implementation. note that programming of e type procedures must be independent of the actual implementation.

*

the actual form of the return point is undefined. however, each word stored on the stack for an r-type call must meet the following requirements.

*

it can be handled as an address and placed in an index register.

*

when used as an operand in an address comparison instruction, it must not appear to lie within the allocated data area.

*

3) it is not required to appear to lie within the program section.

1.12 exi int exit from procedure

the ppm and err parameters following a jsr are numbered starting from 1. exi int causes control to be returned to the int-th such param. exi 1 gives control to the plbl of the first ppm after the jsr. if int is omitted, control is passed back past the last exit parameter (or past the jsr if there are none). for r and e type procedures, the stack pointer xs must be set to its appropriate entry value before executing an exi instruction. in this case, exi removes return points from the stack if any are stored there so that the stack pointer is restored to its calling value.

1.13 enp define end of procedure body

enp delimits a procedure body and may not actually be executed, hence it must have no label.

1.14 err int,text provide error return

err may replace an exit parameter (ppm) in any procedure call. the int argument is a unique error code in 0 to 899. the text supplied as the other operand is arbitrary text in the fortran character set and may be used in constructing a file of error messages for documenting purposes or for building a direct access or other file of messages to be used by the error handling code. in the event that an exi attempts to return control via an exit parameter to an err, control is instead passed to the first instruction in the error section (which follows the program section) with the error code in wa.

1.15 erb int,text error branch

this instruction resembles err except that it may occur at any point where a branch is permitted. it effects a transfer of control to the error section with the error code in wa.

1.16 icv opn increment value by one

icv increments the value of the operand by unity. it is equivalent to $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right)$ add = unity,opn

1.17 dcv opn decrement value by one

*

dcv decrements the value of the operand by unity.

it is equivalent to sub =unity,opn

1.18 zer opn

zeroise opn

zer is equivalent to mov =zeroe,opn

1.20 ssl opw

1.19 mnz opn

subroutine stack load

move non-zero to opn

any non-zero collectable value may used, for which the opcodes bnz/bze will branch/fail to branch.

1.21 sss opw

subroutine stack store

this pair of operations is provided to make possible the use of a local stack to hold subroutine (s-r) return links for n-type procedures. sss stores the s-r stack pointer in opw and ssl loads the s-r stack pointer from opw. by using sss in the main program or on entry to a procedure which should regain control on occurrence of an err or erb and by use of ssl in the error processing sections the s-r stack pointer can be restored giving a link stack cleaned up ready for resumed execution. the form of the link stack pointer is undefined in minimal (it is likely to be a private register known to the translator) and the only requirement is that it should fit into a single full word. ssl and sss are no-ops if a private link stack is

1.22 rtn

not used.

define start of routine

a routine is a code chunk used for similar purposes to a procedure. however it is entered by any type of conditional or unconditional branch (not by jsr). on termination it passes control by a branch (often bri through a code word) or even permits control to drop through to another routine. no return link exists and the end of a routine is not marked by an explicit opcode (compare enp).

all routines should be named in section 0 inr statements.

-2- operations on one word integer values (addresses)

2.1 add opv,opn adds opv to the value in opn and stores the result in opn. undefined

if the result exceeds cfp\$1.

2.2 sub opv,opn subtracts opv from opn. stores the

2.2 sub opv,opn subtracts opv from opn. stores the result in opn. undefined if the result is negative.

2.3 ica opn increment address in opn equivalent to add *unity,opn

2.4 dca opn decrement address in opn equivalent to sub *unity.opn

equivalent to sub *unity,opn

- 2.5 beq opn,opv,plbl branch to plbl if opn eq opv
- 2.6 bne opn,opv,plbl branch to plbl if opn ne opv
- 2.7 bgt opn,opv,plbl branch to plbl if opn gt opv
- 2.8 bge opn,opv,plbl branch to plbl if opn ge opv
- $2.9\,$ blt opn,opv,plbl branch to plbl if opn lt opv
- 2.10 ble opn,opv,plbl branch to plbl if opn le opv
- 2.11 blo opn,opv,plbl equivalent to blt or ble
- 2.12 bhi opn,opv,plbl equivalent to bgt or bge

the above instructions compare two address values as unsigned integer values. the blo and bhi instructions are used in cases where the equal condition either does not occur or can result either in a branch or no branch. this avoids inefficient translations in some implementations.

2.13 bnz opn,plbl equivalent to bne opn,=zeroe,plbl

2.14 bze opn,plbl equivalent to beq opn,=zeroe,plbl

2.15 lct w,opv load counter for bct

lct loads a counter value for use with the bct instruction. the value in opv is the number of loops to be executed. the value in w after this operation is an undefined one word integer quantity.

2.16 bct w,plbl branch and count

bct uses the counter value in w to branch the required number of times and then finally to fall through to the next instruction. bct can only be used following an appropriate lct instruction. the value in w after execution of bct is undefined.

58

2.17 aov opv,opn,plbl add with carry test

*

adds opv to the value in opn and stores result in opn. branches to plbl if result exceeds cfp\$1 with result in opn undefined. cf. add.

*

2.18 bev opn,plbl branch if even 2.19 bod opn,plbl branch if odd

k

these operations are used only if .cepp or .crpp is defined. on some implementations, a more efficient implementation is possible by noting that address of blocks must always be a multiple of cfp\$b. we call such addresses even. thus return address on the stack (.crpp) and entry point addresses (.cepp) can be distinguished from block addresses if they are forced to be odd (not a multiple of cfp\$b). bev and bod branch according as operand is even or odd, respectively.

-3- operations on the code pointer register (cp)

the code pointer register provides a psuedo instruction counter for use in an interpretor. it may be implemented as a real register or as a memory location, but in either case it is separate from any other register. the value in the code pointer register is always a word address (i.e. a one word integer which is a multiple of cfp\$b).

*

3.1 lcp reg load code pointer register
this instruction causes the code
pointer register to be set from
the value in reg which is unchanged

*

3.2 scp reg store code pointer register this instruction loads the current value in the code pointer register into reg. (cp) is unchanged.

*

3.3 lcw reg load next code word this instruction causes the word pointed to by cp to be loaded into the indicated reg. the value in cp is then incremented by one word. execution of lcw may destroy xl.

*

3.4 icp increment cp by one word

*

on machines with more than three index registers, cp can be treated simply as an index register. in this case, the following equivalences apply.

*

lcp reg is like mov reg,cp
scp reg is like mov cp,reg
lcw reg is like mov (cp)+,reg
icp is like ica cp

*

since lcw is allowed to destroy x1, the following implementation using a work location cp\$\$\$ can also be used.

*

1cp	reg	mov	reg,cp\$\$\$
scp	reg	mov	cp\$\$\$,reg
lcw	reg	mov	<pre>cp\$\$\$,xl (xl)+,reg xl,cp\$\$\$</pre>
icn		ica	cn\$\$\$

60

```
-4- operations on signed integer values
4.1 ldi
                      load integer accumulator from ops
          ops
4.2 adi
          ops
                      add ops to integer accumulator
4.3 mli
                      multiply integer accumulator by ops
          ops
4.4 sbi
                      subtract ops from int accumulator
          ops
4.5 dvi
          ops
                      divide integer accumulator by ops
4.6 rmi
          ops
                      set int accum to mod(intacc,ops)
4.7 sti
                      store integer accumulator at ops
4.8 ngi
                      negate the value in the integer
                      accumulator (change its sign)
     the equation satisfied by operands and results of
     dvi and rmi is
            div = qot * ops + rem
                                           where
     div = dividend in integer accumulator
     qot = quotient left in ia by div
     ops = the divisor
     rem = remainder left in ia by rmi
     the sign of the result of dvi is + if (ia) and (ops)
     have the same sign and is - if they have opposite
     signs. the sign of (ia) is always used as the sign
     of the result of rem.
     assuming in each case that ia contains the number
     specified in parentheses and that seven and msevn
     hold +7 and -7 resp. the algorithm is illustrated
     below.
     (ia = 13)
                      ia = 1
     dvi seven
     rmi seven
                      ia = 6
     dvi msevn
                      ia = -1
     rmi msevn
                      ia = 6
     (ia = -13)
     dvi seven
                      ia = -1
     rmi seven
                      ia = -6
```

ia = 1

ia = -6

dvi msevn

rmi msevn

the above instructions operate on a full range of signed integer values. With the exception of ldi and sti, these instructions may cause integer overflow by attempting to produce an undefined or out of range result in which case integer overflow is set, the result in (ia) is undefined and the following instruction must be iov or ino. particular care may be needed on target machines having distinct overflow and divide by zero conditions.

*

```
4.9 ino plbl jump to plbl if no integer overflow
4.10 iov plbl jump to plbl if integer overflow
```

*

these instructions can only occur immediately following an instruction which can cause integer overflow (adi, sbi, mli, dvi, rmi, ngi) and test the result of the preceding instruction. iov and ino may not have labels.

*

4.11	ieq	plbl	jump	to	plbl	if	(ia)	eq	0
4.12	ige	plbl	jump	to	plbl	if	(ia)	ge	0
4.13	igt	plbl	jump	to	plbl	if	(ia)	gt	0
4.14	ile	plbl	jump	to	plbl	if	(ia)	le	0
4.15	ilt	plbl	jump	to	plbl	if	(ia)	lt	0
4.16	ine	plbl	jump	to	plbl	if	(ia)	ne	0

*

the above conditional jump instructions do not change the contents of the accumulator. on a ones complement machine, it is permissible to produce negative zero in ia provided these instructions operate correctly with such a value.

```
-5- operations on real values
          5.1 ldr
                                load real accumulator from ops
                    ops
          5.2 str
                    ops
                                 store real accumulator at ops
          5.3 adr ops
                                add ops to real accumulator
                                 subtract ops from real accumulator
          5.4 sbr ops
          5.5 mlr
                    ops
                                multiply real accumulator by ops
          5.6 dvr ops
                                 divide real accumulator by ops
               if the result of any of the above operations causes
               underflow, the result yielded is 0.0.
               if the result of any of the above operations is
               undefined or out of range, real overflow is set,
               the contents of (ra) are undefined and the following
               instruction must be either rov or rno.
               particular care may be needed on target machines
               having distinct overflow and divide by zero
               conditions.
          5.7 rov plbl
                                 jump to plbl if real overflow
          5.8 rno plbl
                                 jump to plbl if no real overflow
               these instructions can only occur immediately
               following an instruction which can cause real
               overflow (adr,sbr,mlr,dvr).
                                negate real accum (change sign)
          5.9 ngr
          5.10 req plbl
                                 jump to plbl if (ra) eq 0.0
          5.11 rge plbl
                                 jump to plbl if (ra) ge 0.0
          5.12 rgt plbl
                                 jump to plbl if (ra) gt 0.0
          5.13 rle plbl
                                 jump to plbl if (ra) le 0.0
          5.14 rlt plbl
                                 jump to plbl if (ra) lt 0.0
          5.15 rne plbl
                                 jump to plbl if (ra) ne 0.0
                the above conditional instructions do not affect
               the value stored in the real accumulator.
               on a ones complement machine, it is permissible to
               produce negative zero in ra provided these
                instructions operate correctly with such a value.
if.cmth
          5.16 atn
                                 arctangent of real accum
          5.17 chp
                                 integer portion of real accum
          5.18 cos
                                 cosine of real accum
          5.19 etx
                                 e to the power in the real accum
          5.20 lnf
                                natural logorithm of real accum
          5.21 sin
                                sine of real accum
          5.22 sqr
                                 square root of real accum
```

tangent of real accum

5.23 tan

the above orders operate upon the real accumulator, and replace the contents of the accumulator with the result.

*

if the result of any of the above operations is undefined or out of range, real overflow is set, the contents of (ra) are undefined and the following instruction must be either row or rno.

fi

-6- operations on character values

character operations employ the concept of a character pointer which uses either index register xr or xl (not xs).

a character pointer points to a specific character in a string of characters stored cfp\$c chars to a word. the only operations permitted on a character pointer are lch and sch. in particular, a character pointer may not even be moved with mov.

${\tt restriction}\ 1.$

it is important when coding in minimal to ensure that no action occurring between the initial use of plc or psc and the eventual clearing of xl or xr on completion of character operations can initiate a garbage collection. the latter of course could cause the addressed characters to be moved leaving the character pointers pointing to rubbish.

restriction 2.

a further restriction to be observed in code handling character strings, is that strings built dynamically should be right padded with zero characters to a full word boundary to permit easy hashing and use of ceq or one in testing strings for equality.

- 6.1 plc x,opv prepare ch ptr for lch,cmc,mvc,trc, mcb.
- 6.2 psc x,opv prepare char. ptr for sch,mvc,mcb.

opv can be omitted if it is zero.

the char. initially addressed is determined by the
word address in x and the integer offset opv.

there is an automatic implied offset of cfp\$f bytes.

cfp\$f is used to formally introduce into minimal a
value needed in translating these opcodes which,
since minimal itself does not prescribe a string
structure in detail, depends on the choice of a data
structure for strings in the minimal program.

e.g. if cfp\$b = cfp\$c = 3, cfp\$f = 6, num01 = 1, xl
points to a series of 4 words, abc/def/ghi/jkl, then
 plc xl,=num01
points to h.

-6- operations on character values (continued)

6.3 lch reg,opc load character into reg

6.4 sch reg,opc store character from reg

these operations are defined such that the character is right justified in register reg with zero bits to the left. after lch for example, it is legitimate to regard reg as containing the ordinal integer corresponding to the character.

opc is one of the following three possibilities.

- the character pointed to by the character pointer in x. the character pointer is not changed.
- -(x) the character pointer is decremented before accessing the character so that the previous character is referenced.
- $\hbox{6.5 csc x} \qquad \hbox{complete store characters}$

this instruction marks completion of a psc,sch,sch,...,sch sequence initiated by a psc x instruction. no more sch instructions using x should be obeyed until another psc is obeyed. it is provided solely as an efficiency aid on machines without character orders since it permits use of register buffering of chars in sch sequences. where csc is not a no-op, it must observe restriction 2. (e.g. in spitbol, alocs zeroises the last word of a string frame prior to sch sequence being started so csc must not nullify this action.)

the following instructions are used to compare two words containing cfp\$c characters. comparisons distinct from beq,bne are provided as on some target machines, the possibility of the sign bit being set may require special action. note that restriction 2 above, eases use of these orders in testing complete strings for equality, since whole word tests are possible.

6.6 ceq opw,opw,plbl jump to plbl if opw eq opw

 * 6.7 cne opw,opw,plbl jump to plbl if opw ne opw

-6- operations on character values (continued)

6.8 cmc plbl,plbl

compare characters

cmc is used to compare two character strings. before executing cmc, registers are set up as follows.

(x1)

character ptr for first string

(xr)

character pointer for second string

(wa) character count (must be .gt. zero) xl and xr should have been prepared by plc.

control passes to first plbl if the first string is lexically less than the second string, and to the second plbl if the first string is lexically greater. control passes to the following instruction if the strings are identical. after executing this instruction, the values of xr and xl are set to zero and the value in (wa) is undefined. arguments to cmc may be complete or partial strings, so making optimisation to use whole word comparisons difficult (dependent in general on shifts and masking).

6.9 trc translate characters

> trc is used to translate a character string using a supplied translation table. before executing trc the registers are set as follows.

> (x1) char ptr to string to be translated

(xr) char ptr to translate table

(wa) length of string to be translated xl and xr should have been prepared by plc. the translate table consists of cfp\$a contiguous characters giving the translations of the cfp\$a characters in the alphabet. on completion, (xr) and (x1) are set to zero and (wa) is undefined.

6.10 flc w fold character to upper case flc is used only if .culc is defined. the character code value in w is translated to upper case if it corresponds to a lower case character.

k

-7- operations on bit string values

7.1 anb opw,w 7.2 orb opw,w

and bit string values or bit string values

7.3 xob opw,w

exclusive or bit string values

in the above operations, the logical connective is applied separately to each of the cfp\$n bits. the result is stored in the second operand location.

*

- 7.4 cmb w complement all bits in opw
- 7.5 rsh w,val right shift by val bits 7.6 lsh w,val left shift by val bits
- 7.7 rsx w,(x) right shift w number of bits in x
 7.8 lsx w,(x) left shift w number of bits in x

*

the above shifts are logical shifts in which bits shifted out are lost and zero bits supplied as required. the shift count is in the range 0-cfp\$n.

*

7.9 nzb w,plbl jump to plbl if w is not all zero bits.

*

7.10 zrb w,plbl jump to plbl if w is all zero bits

*

7.11 zgb opn zeroise garbage bits

*

opn contains a bit string representing a word of characters from a string or some function formed from such characters (e.g. as a result of hashing). on a machine where the word size is not a multiple of the character size, some bits in reg may be undefined. this opcode replaces such bits by the zero bit. zgb is a no-op if the word size is a multiple of the character size.

69

-8- conversion instructions

the following instructions provide for conversion between lengths in bytes and lengths in words.

*

8.1 wtb reg convert reg from words to bytes. that is, multiply by cfp\$b. this is a no-op if cfp\$b is one.

*

8.2 btw reg convert reg from bytes to words by dividing reg by cfp\$b discarding the fraction. no-op if cfp\$b is one

*

the following instructions provide for conversion of one word integer values (addresses) to and from the full signed integer format.

*

8.3 mti opn the value of opn (an address) is moved as a positive integer to the integer accumulator.

*

8.4 mfi opn,plbl the value currently stored in the integer accumulator is moved to opn as an address if it is in the range 0 to cfp\$m inclusive. if the accumulator value is outside this range, then the result in opn is undefined and control is passed to plbl. mfi destroys the value of (ia) whether or not integer overflow is signalled. plbl may be omitted if overflow is impossible.

*

the following instructions provide for conversion between real values and integer values.

*

8.5 itr convert integer value in integer accumulator to real and store in real accumulator (may lose precision in some cases)

*

8.6 rti plbl convert the real value in ra to an integer and place result in ia. conversion is by truncation of the fraction - no rounding occurs. jump to plbl if out of range. (ra) is not changed in either case. plbl may be omitted if overflow is impossible.

*

-8- conversion instructions (continued)

the following instructions provide for computing the length of storage required for a text string.

8.7 ctw w,val

this instruction computes the sum (number of words required to store w characters) + (val). the sum is stored in w. for example, if cfp\$c is 5, and wa contains 32, then ctw wa,2 gives a result of 9 in wa.

*

8.8 ctb w,val

ctb is exactly like ctw except that the result is in bytes. it has the same effect as ctw w,val wtb w

*

the following instructions provide for conversion from integers to and from numeric digit characters for use in numeric conversion routines. they employ negative integer values to allow for proper conversion of numbers which cannot be complemented.

*

8.9 cvm plbl convert by multiplication

*

the integer accumulator, which is zero or negative, is multiplied by 10. wb contains the character code for a digit. the value of this digit is then subtracted from the result. if the result is out of range, then control is passed to plbl with the result in (ia) undefined. execution of cvm leaves the result in (wb) undefined.

*

8.10 cvd

convert by division

* * *

the integer accumulator, which is zero or negative, is divided by 10. the quotient (zero or negative) is replaced in the accumulator. the remainder is converted to the character code of a digit and placed in wa. for example, an operand of -523 gives a quotient of -52 and a remainder in wa of ch\$d3.

-9- block move instructions

the following instructions are used for transferring data from one area of memory to another in blocks. they can be implemented with the indicated series of other macro-instructions, but more efficient implementations will be possible on most machines.

*

note that in the equivalent code sequence shown below, a zero value in wa will move at least one item, and may may wrap the counter causing a core dump in some implementations. thus wa should be .gt. O prior to invoking any of these block move instructions.

*

9.1 mvc move characters

k

before obeying this order wa,xl,xr should have been set up, the latter two by plc, psc resp.

mvc is equivalent to the sequence

*

mov wb,dumpb
lct wa,wa
loopc lch wb,(x1)+
sch wb,(xr)+
bct wa,loopc
csc xr
mov dumpb,wb

*

the character pointers are bumped as indicated and the final value of wa is undefined.

*

9.2 mvw move words

*

mvw is equivalent to the sequence

loopw mov (xl)+,(xr)+
dca wa

wa = bytes to move

bnz wa,loopw

note that this implies that the value in wa is the length in bytes which is a multiple of cfp\$b. the initial addresses in xr,xl are word addresses. as indicated, the final xr,xl values point past the

new and old regions of memory respectively. the final value of wa is undefined.

wa,xl,xr must be set up before obeying mvw.

*

9.3 mwb move words backwards

*

mwb is equivalent to the sequence

```
loopb mov -(x1),-(xr)
dca wa wa = bytes to move
bnz wa,loopb
```

there is a requirement that the initial value in xl be at least 256 less than the value in xr. this allows an implementation in which chunks of 256 bytes are moved forward (ibm 360, icl 1900). the final value of wa is undefined. wa,xl,xr must be set up before obeying mwb.

move characters backwards

9.4 mcb

mcb is equivalent to the sequence

mov wb,dumpb
lct wa,wa
loopc lch wb,-(xl)
sch wb,-(xr)
bct wa,loopc
csc xr
mov dumpb,wb

there is
there is
be at lea
allows an
bytes are

there is a requirement that the initial value in x1 be at least 256 less than the value in xr. this allows an implementation in which chunks of 256 bytes are moved forward (ibm 360, icl 1900). the final value of wa is undefined. wa,xl,xr must be set up before obeying mcb.

-10- operations connected with the stack

the stack is an area in memory which is dedicated for use in conjunction with the stack pointer register (xs). as previously described, it is used by the jsr and exi instructions and may be used for storage of any other data as required.

the stack builds either way in memory and an important restriction is that the value in (xs) must be the address of the stack front at all times since some implementations may randomly destroy stack locations beyond (xs).

the starting stack base address is passed in (xs) at the start of execution. during execution it is necessary to make sure that the stack does not overflow. this is achieved by executing the following instruction periodically.

10.1 chk check stack overflow

after successfully executing chk, it is permissible to use up to 100 additional words before issuing another chk thus chk need not be issued every time the stack is expanded. in some implementations, the checking may be automatic and chk will have no effect. following the above rule makes sure that the program will operate correctly in implementations with no automatic check.

if stack overflow occurs (detected either automatically or by a chk instruction), then control is passed to the stack overflow section (see program form). note that this transfer may take place following any instruction which stores data at a new location on the stack. after stack overflow, stack is arbitrarily popped to give some space in which the error procedure may operate. otherwise a loop of stack overflows may occur.

-11- data generation instructions

the following instructions are used to generate constant values in the constant section and also to assemble initial values in the working storage section. they may not appear except in these two sections.

*

11.1 dac addr assemble address constant.

generates one word containing the specified one word integer value (address).

*

11.2 dic integer generates an integer value which occupies cfp\$i consecutive words. the operand is a digit string with a required leading sign.

*

11.3 drc real assembles a real constant which occupies cfp\$r consecutive words. the operand form must obey the rules for a fortran real constant with the extra requirement that a leading sign be present.

*

11.4 dtc dtext

define text constant. dtext
is started and ended with any
character not contained in the
characters to be assembled. the
constant occupies consecutive words
as dictated by the configuration
parameter cfp\$c. any unused chars
in the last word are right filled
with zeros (i.e. the character
whose internal code is zero).
the string contains a sequence of
letters, digits, blanks and any of
the following special characters.

*

=,\$.(*)/+no other characters
may be used in a dtext operand.

*

11.5 dbc val assemble bit string constant. the operand is a positive integer value which is interpreted in binary, right justified and left filled with zero bits. thus 5 would imply the bit string value 00...101.

*

*

-12- symbol definition instructions

the following instruction is used to define symbols in the definitions section. it may not be used elsewhere.

*

12.1 equ eqop define symbol

* * * the symbol which appears in the label field is defined to have the absolute value given by the eqop operand. a given symbol may be defined only once in this manner, and any symbols occuring in eqop must be previously defined.

*

the following are the possibilities for eqop

*

val the indicated value is used

*

val+val the sum of the two values is used.

this sum must not exceed cfp\$m

*

val-val the difference between the two

values (must be positive) is used.

*

this format defines the label by using a value supplied by the minimal translator. values are

required for the

cfp\$x e\$xxx (configuration parameters)
(environment parameters)

ch\$xx

(character codes).

in order for a translator to handle this format correctly the definitions section must be consulted for details of required symbols as listed at the front of

the section.

76

k

symbol definition instructions (continued)

the following instructions may be used to define symbols in the procedure section. they may not be used in any other part of the program.

*

12.2 exp define external procedure

×

exp defines the symbol appearing in the label field to be the name of an external procedure which can be referenced in a subsequent jsr instruction. the coding for the procedure is external to the coding of the source program in this language. the code for external procedures may be referred to collectively as the operating system interface, or more briefly, osint, and will frequently be a separately compiled segment of code loaded with spitbol to produce a complete system.

*

12.3 inp ptyp,int define internal procedure

*

inp defines the symbol appearing in the label field to be the name of an internal procedure and gives its type and number of exit parameters. the label can be referenced in jsr instructions and it must appear labelling a prc instruction in the program section.

*

12.4 inr define internal routine

*

inr defines the symbol appearing in the label field to be the name of an internal routine. the label may be referenced in any type of branch order and it must appear labelling a rtn instruction in the program section.

k

-13- assembly listing layout instructions

13.1 ejc

eject to next page

*

13.2 ttl text set new assembly title

*

ttl implies an immediate eject of the assembly listing to print the new title.

*

the use of ttl and ejc cards is such that the program will list neatly if the printer prints as many as 58 lines per page. in the event that the printer depth is less than this, or if the listing contains interspersed lines (such as actual generated code), then the format may be upset.

*

lines starting with an asterisk are comment lines which cause no code to be generated and may occur freely anywhere in the program. the format for comment lines is given in section -15-.

```
-14- program form
     the program consists of separate sections separated
     by sec operations. the sections must appear in the
     following specified order.
                      start of procedure section
14.1 sec
     (procedure section)
                       start of definitions section
     sec
     (definitions section)
     sec
                       start of constant storage section
     (constant storage section)
                       start of working storage section
     sec
     (working storage section)
                       start of program section
     (program section)
     sec
                       start of stack overflow section
     (stack overflow section)
     sec
                       start of error section
     (error section)
```

14.2 end

end of assembly

section 10 - program form

procedure section

the procedure section contains all the exp instructions for externally available procedures and inp,inr opcodes for internal procedures,routines so that a single pass minimal translator has advance knowledge of procedure types when translating calls.

definitions section

the definitions section contains equ instructions which define symbols referenced later on in the program, constant and work sections.

constant storage section

the constant storage section consists entirely of constants assembled with the dac,dic,drc,dtc,dbc assembly operations. these constants can be freely referenced by the program instructions.

working storage section

the working storage section consists entirely of dac,dic,drc,dbc,dtc instructions to define a fixed length work area. the work locations in this area can be directly referenced in program instructions. the area is initialized in accordance with the values assembled in the instructions.

program section

the program section contains program instructions and associated operations (such as prc, enp, ent). control is passed to the first instruction in this section when execution is initiated.

stack overflow section

the stack overflow section contains instructions like the program section. control is passed to the first instruction in this section following the occurrence of stack overflow, see chk instruction.

error section

the error section contains instructions like the program section. control is passed to the first instruction in this section when a procedure exit corresponds to an error parameter (see err)

* or when an erb opcode is obeyed. the error code

* must clean up the main stack and cater for the

* possibility that a subroutine stack may need clean

* up.

osint

though not part of the minimal source, it is useful to refer to the collection of initialisation and exp routines as osint (operating system interface). errors occurring within osint procedures are usually handled by making an error return. if this is not feasible or appropriate, osint may use the minimal error section to report errors directly by branching to it with a suitable numeric error code in wa.

section 11 - statement format all labels are exactly five characters long and start with three letters (abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxy\$) followed by two letters or digits. the letter z may not be used in minimal symbols but \$ is permitted. for implementations where \$ may not appear in the target code , a simple substitution of z for \$ may thus be made without risk of producing non-unique the letter z is however permitted in opcode mnemonics and in comments. minimal statements are in a fixed format as follows. cols 1-5 label if any (else blank) cols 6-7 always blank cols 8-10 operation mnemonic cols 11-12 blanks cols 13-28 operand field, terminated by a blank. may occasionally extend past column 28. cols 30-64 comment. always separated from the operand field by at least one blank may occasionally start after column 30 if the operand extends past 28. a special exception occurs for the iff instruction, whose comment may be only 20 characters long (30-49). cols 65 on unused

comment lines have the following format

col 1 asterisk

cols 2-7 blank

cols 8-64 arbitrary text, restricted to the

fortran character set.

the fortran character set is a-z 0-9 =,\$.(*)-/+

section 12 - program execution

execution of the program begins with the first instruction in the program section.

in addition to the fixed length memory regions defined by the assembly, there are two dynamically allocated memory regions as follows.

data area

this is an area available to the program for general storage of data any data value may be stored in this area except instructions. in some implementations, it may be possible to increase the size of this area dynamically by adding words at the top end with a call to a system procedure.

stack area

this region of memory holds the stack used for subroutine calls and other storage of one word integer values (addresses). this is the stack associated with index register xs.

the locations and sizes of these areas are specified by the values in the registers at the start of program execution as follows.

(xs) address one past the stack base. e.g. if xs is 23456, a d-stack will occupy words 23455,23454,... whereas a u-stack will occupy 23457,23458,...

(wa)

(xr) address of the first word in the data area

(x1) address of the last word in the data area.

initial stack pointer

(wb,wc,ia,ra,cp) zero

there is no explicit way to terminate the execution of a program. this function is performed by an appropriate system procedure referenced with the sysej instruction.

 ${f spitbol}$ -basic information

general structure

*

this program is a translator for a version of the snobol4 programming language. language details are contained in the manual macro spitbol by dewar and mccann, technical report 90, university of leeds 1976. the implementation is discussed in dewar and mccann, macro spitbol - a snobol4 compiler, software practice and experience, 7, 95-113, 1977.

the language is as implemented by the btl translator (griswold, poage and polonsky, prentice hall, 1971) with the following principal exceptions.

*

 redefinition of standard system functions and operators is not permitted.

k

2) the value function is not provided.

*

 access tracing is provided in addition to the other standard trace modes.

*

4) the keyword stfcount is not provided.

*

5) the keyword fullscan is not provided and all pattern matching takes place in fullscan mode (i.e. with no heuristics applied).

*

6) a series of expressions separated by commas may be grouped within parentheses to provide a selection capability. the semantics are that the selection assumes the value of the first expression within it which succeeds as they are evaluated from the left. if no expression succeeds the entire statement fails

*

7) an explicit pattern matching operator is provided. this is the binary query (see gimpel sigplan oct 74)

*

8) the assignment operator is introduced as in the gimpel reference.

*

9) the exit function is provided for generating load modules - cf. gimpels sitbol.

*

the method used in this program is to translate the source code into an internal pseudo-code (see following section). an interpretor is then used to execute this generated pseudo-code. the nature of the snobol4 language is such that the latter task is much more complex than the actual translation phase. accordingly, nearly all the code in the program section is concerned with the actual

* * * execution of the snobol4 program.

interpretive code format

*

the interpretive pseudo-code consists of a series of address pointers. the exact format of the code is described in connection with the cdblk format. the purpose of this section is to give general insight into the interpretive approach involved.

*

the basic form of the code is related to reverse polish. in other words, the operands precede the operators which are zero address operators. there are some exceptions to these rules, notably the unary not operator and the selection construction which clearly require advance knowledge of the operator involved.

*

the operands are moved to the top of the main stack and the operators are applied to the top stack entries. like other versions of spitbol, this processor depends on knowing whether operands are required by name or by value and moves the appropriate object to the stack. thus no name/value checks are included in the operator circuits.

*

the actual pointers in the code point to a block whose first word is the address of the interpretor routine to be executed for the code word.

*

in the case of operators, the pointer is to a word which contains the address of the operator to be executed. in the case of operands such as constants, the pointer is to the operand itself. accordingly, all operands contain a field which points to the routine to load the value of the operand onto the stack. in the case of a variable, there are three such pointers. one to load the value, one to store the value and a third to jump to the label.

*

the handling of failure returns deserves special comment. the location flptr contains the pointer to the location on the main stack which contains the failure return which is in the form of a byte offset in the current code block (cdblk or exblk). When a failure occurs, the stack is popped as indicated by the setting of flptr and control is passed to the appropriate location in the current code block with the stack pointer pointing to the failure offset on the stack and flptr unchanged.

*

k

internal data representations

*

representation of values

*

a value is represented by a pointer to a block which describes the type and particulars of the data value. in general, a variable is a location containing such a pointer (although in the case of trace associations this is modified, see description of trblk).

*

the following is a list of possible datatypes showing the type of block used to hold the value. the details of each block format are given later.

*

datatype	block type

array

arblk or vcblk

code

cdblk

expression

exblk or seblk

integer

icblk

name

nmblk

pattern

p0blk or p1blk or p2blk

real

rcblk

string

table

scblk

tbblk

...

program datatype

pdblk

representation of variables

*

during the course of evaluating expressions, it is necessary to generate names of variables (for example on the left side of a binary equals operator). these are not to be confused with objects of datatype name which are in fact values.

*

from a logical point of view, such names could be simply represented by a pointer to the appropriate value cell. however in the case of arrays and program defined datatypes, this would violate the rule that there must be no pointers into the middle of a block in dynamic store. accordingly, a name is always represented by a base and offset. the base points to the start of the block containing the variable value and the offset is the offset within this block in bytes. thus the address of the actual variable is determined by adding the base and offset values.

*

the following are the instances of variables represented in this manner.

*

natural variable base is ptr to vrblk offset is *vrval

*

*

*

4) vector element base is ptr to vcblk offset is offset to element

*

5) prog def dtp base is ptr to pdblk offset is offset to field value $% \left(\frac{1}{2}\right) =\frac{1}{2}\left(\frac{1}{2}\right)$

*

in addition there are two cases of objects which are like variables but cannot be handled in this manner. these are called pseudo-variables and are represented with a special base pointer as follows=

*

expression variable ptr to evblk (see evblk)

*

keyword variable ptr to kvblk (see kvblk)

*

pseudo-variables are handled as special cases by the access procedure (acess) and the assignment procedure (asign). see these two procedures for details.

*

organization of data area

*

the data area is divided into two regions.

*

static area

the data

the static area builds up from the bottom and contains data areas which are allocated dynamically but are never deleted or moved around. the macro-program itself uses the static area for the following.

*

1) all variable blocks (vrblk).

*

2) the hash table for variable blocks.

*

3) miscellaneous buffers and work areas (see program initialization section).

*

in addition, the system procedures may use this area for input/output buffers, external functions etc. space in the static region is allocated by calling procedure alost

*

the following global variables define the current location and size of the static area.

*

statb address of start of static area state address+1 of last word in area.

*

the minimum size of static is given approximately by
12 + *e\$hnb + *e\$sts + space for alphabet string
and standard print buffer.

dynamic area

*

the dynamic area is built upwards in memory after the static region. data in this area must all be in standard block formats so that it can be processed by the garbage collector (procedure gbcol). gbcol compacts blocks down in this region as required by space exhaustion and can also move all blocks up to allow for expansion of the static region.

with the exception of tables and arrays, no spitbol object once built in dynamic memory is ever subsequently modified. observing this rule necessitates a copying action during string and pattern concatenation.

*

garbage collection is fundamental to the allocation of space for values. spitbol uses a very efficient garbage collector which insists that pointers into dynamic store should be identifiable without use of bit tables, marker bits etc. to satisfy this requirement, dynamic memory must not start at too low an address and lengths of arrays, tables, strings, code and expression blocks may not exceed the numerical value of the lowest dynamic address.

*

to avoid either penalizing users with modest requirements or restricting those with greater needs on host systems where dynamic memory is allocated in low addresses, the minimum dynamic address may be specified sufficiently high to permit arbitrarily large spitbol objects to be created (with the possibility in extreme cases of wasting large amounts of memory below the start address). this minimum value is made available in variable mxlen by a system routine, sysmx. alternatively sysmx may indicate that a default may be used in which dynamic is placed at the lowest possible address following static.

*

the following global work cells define the location and length of the dynamic area.

*

dnambstart of dynamic areadnampnext available locationdnamelast available location + 1

^

dnamb is always higher than state since the alost
procedure maintains some expansion space above state.
*** dnamb must never be permitted to have a value less
than that in mxlen ***

*

space in the dynamic region is allocated by the alloc procedure. the dynamic region may be used by system procedures provided that all the rules are obeyed. some of the rules are subtle so it is preferable for * osint to manage its own memory needs. spitbol procs

* obey rules to ensure that no action can cause a garbage

* collection except at such times as contents of xl, xr

and the stack are +clean+ (see comment before utility

* procedures and in gbcol for more detail). note

* that calls of alost may cause garbage collection (shift

of memory to free space). spitbol procs which call

* system routines assume that they cannot precipitate

* collection and this must be respected.

ala.		
*		
*	register usage	
*		
*	(cp)	code pointer register. used to
*	(cp)	hold a pointer to the current
*		location in the interpretive pseudo
*		code (i.e. ptr into a cdblk).
*		0000 (2101 por 2000 a 00020).
*	(xl,xr)	general index registers. usually
*	, ,	used to hold pointers to blocks in
*		dynamic storage. an important
*		restriction is that the value in
*		xl must be collectable for
*		a garbage collect call. a value
*		is collectable if it either points
*		outside the dynamic area, or if it
*		points to the start of a block in
*		the dynamic area.
*		
*	(xs)	stack pointer. used to point to
*		the stack front. the stack may
*		build up or down and is used
*		to stack subroutine return points
*		and other recursively saved data.
*	(+)	1++
*	(xt)	an alternative name for xl during
*		its use in accessing stacked items.
*	(wa,wb,wc)	general work registers. cannot be
*	(wa, wb, wc)	used for indexing, but may hold
*		various types of data.
*		various types or adda.
*	(ia)	used for all signed integer
*	. ,	arithmetic, both that used by the
*		translator and that arising from
*		use of snobol4 arithmetic operators
*		*
*	(ra)	real accumulator. used for all
*		floating point arithmetic.

:

*

in the spitbol translator, the following conditional assembly symbols are referred to. to incorporate the features referred to, the minimal source should be prefaced by suitable conditional assembly symbol definitions.

in all cases it is permissible to default the definitions in which case the additional features will be omitted from the target code.

*

*	.caex	define to allow up arrow for expon.
*	.caht	define to include horizontal tab
*	.casl	define to include 26 shifted lettrs
*	.cavt	define to include vertical tab
*	.cbyt	define for statistics in bytes
*	.ccmc	define to include syscm function
*	.ccmk	define to include compare keyword
*	.cepp	define if entrys have odd parity
*	.cera	define to include sysea function
*	.cexp	define if spitbol pops sysex args
*	.cgbc	define to include sysgc function
*	.cicc	define to ignore bad control cards
*	.cinc	define to add -include control card
*	.ciod	define to not use default delimiter
*		<pre>in processing 3rd arg of input()</pre>
*		and output()
*	.cmth	define to include math functions
*	.cnbf	define to omit buffer extension
*	.cnbt	define to omit batch initialisation
*	.cnci	define to enable sysci routine
*	.cncr	define to enable syscr routine
*	.cnex	define to omit exit() code.
*	.cnld	define to omit load() code.
*	.cnlf	define to add file type for load()
*	.cnpf	define to omit profile stuff
*	.cnra	define to omit all real arithmetic
*	.cnsc	define to no numeric-string compare
*	.cnsr	define to omit sort, rsort
*	.cpol	define if interface polling desired
*	.crel	define to include reloc routines
*	.crpp	define if returns have odd parity
*	.cs16	define to initialize stlim to 32767
*	.cs32	define to init stlim to 2147483647
*		omit to take default of 50000
*	.csax	define if sysax is to be called
*	.csed	define to use sediment in gbcol
*	.csfn	define to track source file names
*	.csln	define if line number in code block
*	.csn5	define to pad stmt nos to 5 chars
*	.csn6	define to pad stmt nos to 6 chars
		=

```
define to pad stmt nos to 8 chars
           .csn8
           .csou
                                   define if output, terminal to sysou
           .ctet
                                   define to table entry trace wanted
                                   define if systm unit is decisecond
           .ctmd
           .cucf
                                   define to include cfp$u
                                   define to suppress needless ejects
           .cuej
           .culk
                                   define to include &l/ucase keywords
           .culc
                                   define to include &case (lc names)
                                   if cucl defined, must support
                                   minimal op flc wreg that folds
                                   argument to upper case
                                   define to include set() code
           .cust
                                   conditional options
                                   since .undef not allowed if symbol
                                   not defined, a full comment line
                                   indicates symbol initially not
                                   defined.
.def
       .ca
                                                     define to allow up arrow for expon.
                                                     define to include horizontal tab
.def
       .ca
                                                     define to include 26 shifted lettrs
.def
       .ca
.def
                                                     define to include vertical tab
       .ca
                                   define for statistics in bytes
           .cbyt
                                   define to include syscm function
           .ccmc
           .ccmk
                                   define to include compare keyword
                                   define if entrys have odd parity
           .cepp
                                   define to include sysea function
           .cera
                                   define if spitbol pops sysex args
           .cexp
.def
                                                     define to include sysgc function
       .cg
                                   define to ignore bad control cards
           .cicc
                                   define to add -include control card
           .cinc
.def
       .ci
                                                     define to not use default delimiter
                                   in processing 3rd arg of input()
                                   and output()
                                   define to include math functions
           .cmth
                                                     define to omit buffer extension
.def
       .cn
                                                     define to omit batch initialisation
.def
       .cn
           .cnci
                                   define to enable sysci routine
                                   define to enable syscr routine
           .cncr
                                   define to omit exit() code.
           .cnex
.def
                                                     define to omit load() code.
       .cn
   *
           .cnlf
                                   define to add file type to load()
           .cnpf
                                   define to omit profile stuff
                                   define to omit all real arithmetic
           .cnra
                                   define if no numeric-string compare
           .cnsc
           .cnsr
                                   define to omit sort, rsort
           .cpol
                                   define if interface polling desired
           .crel
                                   define to include reloc routines
                                   define if returns have odd parity
           .crpp
                                   define to initialize stlim to 32767
           .cs16
```

```
.cs32
                                     define to init stlim to 2147483647
        .cs
                                                         define if sysax is to be called
.def
            .csed
                                     define to use sediment in gbcol
                                     define to track source file names
            .csfn
                                     define if line number in code block
            .csln
                                     define to pad stmt nos to 5 chars
            .csn5
                                     define to pad stmt nos to 6 chars
            .csn6
                                                         define to pad stmt nos to 8 chars
.def
                                     define if output, terminal to sysou
            .csou
.def
        .ct
                                                         define to table entry trace wanted
            .ctmd
                                     define if systm unit is decisecond
                                                         define to include cfp$u
.def
        .cu
.def
        .cu
                                                         define to suppress needless ejects
                                                         define to include &l/ucase keywords
.def
        \cdot \mathbf{cu}
.def
                                                         define to include &case (lc names)
        .cu
                                                         define to include set() code
.def
        .cu
            force definition of .ccmk if .ccmc is defined
if.\mathbf{ccmc}
.def
        .cc
```

fi

spitbol –procedures section

```
this section starts with descriptions of the operating
system dependent procedures which are used by the spitbol
translator. all such procedures have five letter names
beginning with sys. they are listed in alphabetical
order.
all procedures have a specification consisting of a
model call, preceded by a possibly empty list of register
contents giving parameters available to the procedure and
followed by a possibly empty list of register contents
required on return from the call or which may have had
their contents destroyed. only those registers explicitly
mentioned in the list after the call may have their
values changed.
the segment of code providing the external procedures is
conveniently referred to as osint (operating system
interface). the sysxx procedures it contains provide
facilities not usually available as primitives in
assembly languages. for particular target machines,
implementors may choose for some minimal opcodes which
do not have reasonably direct translations, to use calls
of additional procedures which they provide in osint.
e.g. mwb or trc might be translated as jsr sysmb,
jsr systc in some implementations.
in the descriptions, reference is made to --blk
formats (-- = a pair of letters). see the spitbol
definitions section for detailed descriptions of all
such block formats except fcblk for which sysfc should
be consulted.
section O contains inp,inr specifications of internal
procedures, routines. this gives a single pass translator
information making it easy to generate alternative calls
in the translation of jsr-s for procedures of different
types if this proves necessary.
```

 \sec

start of procedures section

 $if.\mathbf{csax}$

```
* sysax -- after execution

sysax exp define external entry point

* if the conditional assembly symbol .csax is defined,
    this routine is called immediately after execution and
    before printing of execution statistics or dump output.
    purpose of call is for implementor to determine and
    if the call is not required it will be omitted if .csax
    is undefined. in this case sysax need not be coded.

* jsr sysax call after execution

else

fi
```

```
if.\mathbf{cbsp}
           sysbs -- backspace file
                                                   define external entry point
sysbs
       exp
   *
           sysbs is used to implement the snobol4 function backspace
           if the conditional assembly symbol .cbsp is defined.
           the meaning is system dependent. in general, backspace
           repositions the file one record closer to the beginning
           of file, such that a subsequent read or write will
           operate on the previous record.
           (wa)
                                 ptr to fcblk or zero
           (xr)
                                 backspace argument (scblk ptr)
           jsr sysbs
                               call to backspace
                               return here if file does not exist
           ppm loc
                               return here if backspace not allowed
           ppm loc
           ppm loc
                                return here if i/o error
           (wa,wb)
                                 destroyed
           the second error return is used for files for which
           backspace is not permitted. for example, it may be expected
           files on character devices are in this category.
```

```
if .cnci
           sysci -- convert integer
sysci
       exp
           sysci is an optional osint routine that causes spitbol to
           call sysci to convert integer values to strings, rather
           than using the internal spitbol conversion code. this
           code may be less efficient on machines with hardware
           conversion instructions and in such cases, it may be an
           advantage to include sysci. the symbol .cnci must be
           defined if this routine is to be used.
           the rules for converting integers to strings are that
          positive values are represented without any sign, and
           there are never any leading blanks or zeros, except in
          the case of zero itself which is represented as a single
           zero digit. negative numbers are represented with a
          preceeding minus sign. there are never any trailing
          blanks, and conversion cannot fail.
           (ia)
                                 value to be converted
           jsr sysci
                                 call to convert integer value
           (x1)
                                 pointer to pseudo-scblk with string
```

```
if.\mathbf{ccmc}
           syscm -- general string comparison function
                                                    define external entry point
syscm
       exp
           provides string comparison determined by interface.
           used for international string comparison.
           (xr)
                                  character pointer for first string
           (x1)
                                  character pointer for second string
           (wb)
                                  character count of first string
           (wa)
                                  character count of second string
           jsr syscm
                                  call to syscm function
           ppm loc
                                  string too long for syscm
           ppm loc
                                  first string lexically gt second
           ppm loc
                                  first string lexically lt second
           ---
                                  strings equal
           (x1)
                                  zero
           (xr)
                                  destroyed
```

```
fi
```

```
if .cnra
else
  if.\mathbf{cncr}
           syscr -- convert real
syscr
       exp
           syscr is an optional osint routine that causes spitbol to
           call syscr to convert real values to strings, rather
           than using the internal spitbol conversion code. this
           code may be desired on machines where the integer size
           is too small to allow production of a sufficient number
           of significant digits. the symbol .cncr must be defined
           if this routine is to be used.
           the rules for converting reals to strings are that
           positive values are represented without any sign, and
           there are never any leading blanks or zeros, except in
           the case of zero itself which is represented as a single
           zero digit. negative numbers are represented with a
           preceeding minus sign. there are never any trailing
           blanks, or trailing zeros in the fractional part.
           conversion cannot fail.
           (ra)
                                 value to be converted
           (wa)
                                 no. of significant digits desired
           (wb)
                                 conversion type:
                                  negative for e-type conversion
                                  zero for g-type conversion
                                  positive for f-type conversion
           (wc)
                                 character positions in result scblk
           (xr)
                                 scblk for result
           jsr syscr
                                 call to convert real value
                                 result scblk
           (xr)
           (wa)
                                 number of result characters
```

```
sysdt -- get current date
sysdt
                                                   define external entry point
       exp
           sysdt is used to obtain the current date. the date is
           returned as a character string in any format appropriate
           to the operating system in use. it may also contain the
           current time of day. sysdt is used to implement the
           snobol4 function date().
           (xr)
                                 parameter n of call date(n)
           jsr sysdt
                                 call to get date
           (x1)
                                 pointer to block containing date
           the format of the block is like an scblk except that
           the first word need not be set. the result is copied
           into spitbol dynamic memory on return.
```

if.cera

```
sysea -- inform osint of compilation and runtime errors
                                                     define external entry point
sysea exp
           provides means for interface to take special actions on
           errors
           (wa)
                                  error code
           (wb)
                                  line number
           (wc)
                                  column number
           (xr)
                                  system stage
  if.\mathbf{csfn}
           (xl)
                                  file name (scblk)
  fi
                                  call to sysea function
           jsr sysea
           ppm loc
                                  suppress printing of error message
           (xr)
                                  message to print (scblk) or 0
           sysea may not return if interface chooses to retain
           control. closing files via the fcb chain will be the
           responsibility of the interface.
           all registers preserved
fi
```

```
sysef -- eject file
sysef
                                                   define external entry point
       exp
           sysef is used to write a page eject to a named file. it
           may only be used for files where this concept makes
           sense. note that sysef is not normally used for the
           standard output file (see sysep).
           (wa)
                                 ptr to fcblk or zero
           (xr)
                                 eject argument (scblk ptr)
           jsr sysef
                                 call to eject file
           ppm loc
                                return here if file does not exist
           ppm loc
                                 return here if inappropriate file
           ppm loc
                                 return here if i/o error
```

```
sysej -- end of job
                                                   define external entry point
sysej
       exp
           sysej is called once at the end of execution to
           terminate the run. the significance of the abend and
           code values is system dependent. in general, the code
           value should be made available for testing, and the
           abend value should cause some post-mortem action such as
           a dump. note that sysej does not return to its caller.
           see sysxi for details of fcblk chain
           (wa)
                                 value of abend keyword
           (wb)
                                 value of code keyword
           (xl)
                                 o or ptr to head of fcblk chain
           jsr sysej
                                 call to end job
           the following special values are used as codes in (wb)
           999 execution suppressed
           998 standard output file full or unavailable in a sysxi
                load module. in these cases (wa) contains the number
                of the statement causing premature termination.
```

```
sysem -- get error message text
                                                   define external entry point
sysem
       exp
           sysem is used to obtain the text of err, erb calls in the
           source program given the error code number. it is allowed
           to return a null string if this facility is unavailable.
           (wa)
                                 error code number
                                 call to get text
           jsr sysem
           (xr)
                                 text of message
           the returned value is a pointer to a block in scblk
           format except that the first word need not be set. the
           string is copied into dynamic memory on return.
           if the null string is returned either because sysem does
           not provide error message texts or because wa is out of
           range, spitbol will print the string stored in errtext
           keyword.
```

```
sysen -- endfile
                                                   define external entry point
sysen exp
           sysen is used to implement the snobol4 function endfile.
           the meaning is system dependent. in general, endfile
           implies that no further i/o operations will be performed,
           but does not guarantee this to be the case. the file
           should be closed after the call, a subsequent read
           or write may reopen the file at the start or it may be
           necessary to reopen the file via sysio.
           (wa)
                                 ptr to fcblk or zero
           (xr)
                                 endfile argument (scblk ptr)
           jsr sysen
                                 call to endfile
           ppm loc
                                 return here if file does not exist
           ppm loc
                                 return here if endfile not allowed
                                 return here if i/o error
           ppm loc
           (wa,wb)
                                 destroyed
           the second error return is used for files for which
           endfile is not permitted. for example, it may be expected
           that the standard input and output files are in this
           category.
```

```
sysex -- call external function
                                                    define external entry point
sysex
       exp
           sysex is called to pass control to an external function
           previously loaded with a call to sysld.
           (xs)
                                 pointer to arguments on stack
           (x1)
                                 pointer to control block (efblk)
           (wa)
                                 number of arguments on stack
           jsr sysex
                                 call to pass control to function
           ppm loc
                                 return here if function call fails
           ppm loc
                                 return here if insufficient memory
                                 return here if bad argument type
           ppm loc
if.\mathbf{cexp}
else
           (xs)
                                 popped past arguments
fi
           (xr)
                                 result returned
           the arguments are stored on the stack with
           the last argument at O(xs). on return, xs
           is popped past the arguments.
           the form of the arguments as passed is that used in the
           spitbol translator (see definitions and data structures
           section). the control block format is also described
           (under efblk) in this section.
           there are two ways of returning a result.
           1)
                return a pointer to a block in dynamic storage. this
                block must be in exactly correct format, including
                the first word. only functions written with intimate
                knowledge of the system will return in this way.
           2)
                string, integer and real results may be returned by
                pointing to a pseudo-block outside dynamic memory.
                this block is in icblk, rcblk or scblk format except
                that the first word will be overwritten
                by a type word on return and so need not
                be correctly set. such a result is
                copied into main storage before proceeding.
                unconverted results may similarly be returned in a
                pseudo-block which is in correct format including
                type word recognisable by garbage collector since
                block is copied into dynamic memory.
```

```
sysfc -- file control block routine
                                                   define external entry point
sysfc
       exp
           see also sysio
           input and output have 3 arguments referred to as shown
                input(variable name,file arg1,file arg2)
                output(variable name,file arg1,file arg2)
           file arg1 may be an integer or string used to identify
           an i/o channel. it is converted to a string for checking.
           the exact significance of file arg2
           is not rigorously prescribed but to improve portability,
           the scheme described in the spitbol user manual
           should be adopted when possible. the preferred form is
           a string $f$,r$r$,c$c$,i$i$,...,z$z$ where
           $f$ is an optional file name which is placed first.
           remaining items may be omitted or included in any order.
           $r$ is maximum record length
           $c$ is a carriage control character or character string
           $i$ is some form of channel identification used in the
              absence of $f$ to associate the variable
              with a file allocated dynamically by jcl commands at
              spitbol load time.
           ,...,z$z$ are additional fields.
           if , (comma) cannot be used as a delimiter, .ciod
           should be defined to introduce by conditional assembly
           another delimiter (see
             iodel equ *
           early in definitions section).
           sysfc is called when a variable is input or output
           associated to check file arg1 and file arg2 and
           to report whether an fcblk (file control
           block) is necessary and if so what size it should be.
           this makes it possible for spitbol rather than osint to
           allocate such a block in dynamic memory if required
           or alternatively in static memory.
           the significance of an fcblk , if one is requested, is
           entirely up to the system interface. the only restriction
           is that if the fcblk should appear to lie in dynamic
           memory, pointers to it should be proper pointers to
           the start of a recognisable and garbage collectable
           block (this condition will be met if sysfc requests
           spitbol to provide an fcblk).
           an option is provided for osint to return a pointer in
           xl to an fcblk which it privately allocated. this ptr
           will be made available when i/o occurs later.
           private fcblks may have arbitrary contents and spitbol
```

stores nothing in them.

```
the requested size for an fcblk in dynamic memory
should allow a 2 word overhead for block type and
length fields. information subsequently stored in the
remaining words may be arbitrary if an xnblk (external
non-relocatable block) is requested. if the request is
for an xrblk (external relocatable block) the
contents of words should be collectable (i.e. any
apparent pointers into dynamic should be genuine block
pointers). these restrictions do not apply if an fcblk
is allocated outside dynamic or is not allocated at all.
if an fcblk is requested, its fields will be initialised
to zero before entry to sysio with the exception of
words 0 and 1 in which the block type and length
fields are placed for fcblks in dynamic memory only.
for the possible use of sysej and sysxi, if fcblks
are used, a chain is built so that they may all be
found - see sysxi for details.
if both file arg1 and file arg2 are null, calls of sysfc
and sysio are omitted.
if file arg1 is null (standard input/output file), sysfc
is called to check non-null file arg2 but any request
for an fcblk will be ignored, since spitbol handles the
standard files specially and cannot readily keep fcblk
pointers for them.
filearg1 is type checked by spitbol so further checking
may be unneccessary in many implementations.
file arg2 is passed so that sysfc may analyse and
check it. however to assist in this, spitbol also passes
on the stack the components of this argument with
file name, $f$ (otherwise null) extracted and stacked
first.
the other fields, if any, are extracted as substrings,
pointers to them are stacked and a count of all items
stacked is placed in wc. if an fcblk was earlier
allocated and pointed to via file arg1, sysfc is also
passed a pointer to this fcblk.
(x1)
                      file arg1 scblk ptr (2nd arg)
(xr)
                      filearg2 (3rd arg) or null
                      scblks for $f$,$r$,$c$,...
-(xs)...-(xs)
(wc)
                      no. of stacked scblks above
(wa)
                      existing file arg1 fcblk ptr or 0
(wb)
                      0/3 for input/output assocn
jsr sysfc
                      call to check need for fcblk
                      invalid file argument
ppm loc
                      fcblk already in use
ppm loc
(xs)
                      popped (wc) times
(wa non zero)
                      byte size of requested fcblk
(wa=0,xl non zero)
                      private fcblk ptr in xl
(wa=xl=0)
                      no fcblk wanted, no private fcblk
(wc)
                      0/1/2 request alloc of xrblk/xnblk
                      /static block for use as fcblk
                      destroyed
(wb)
```

 $if.\mathbf{cgbc}$

```
sysgc -- inform interface of garbage collections
                                                   define external entry point
sysgc
       exp
           provides means for interface to take special actions
           prior to and after a garbage collection.
           possible usages-
           1. provide visible screen icon of garbage collection
              in progress
           2. inform virtual memory manager to ignore page access
              patterns during garbage collection. such accesses
              typically destroy the page working set accumulated
              by the program.
           3. inform virtual memory manager that contents of memory
              freed by garbage collection can be discarded.
           (xr)
                                 non-zero if beginning gc
                                 =0 if completing gc
           (wa)
                                 dnamb=start of dynamic area
           (wb)
                                 dnamp=next available location
           (wc)
                                 dname=last available location + 1
                                 call to sysgc function
           jsr sysgc
           all registers preserved
```

fi

syshs -- give access to host computer features define external entry point syshs expprovides means for implementing special features on different host computers. the only defined entry is that where all arguments are null in which case syshs returns an scblk containing name of computer, name of operating system and name of site separated by colons. the scblk need not have a correct first field as this is supplied on copying string to dynamic memory. spitbol does no argument checking but does provide a single error return for arguments checked as erroneous by osint. it also provides a single execution error return. if these are inadequate, use may be made of the minimal error section direct as described in minimal documentation, section 10. several non-error returns are provided. the first corresponds to the defined entry or, for implementation defined entries, any string may be returned. the others permit respectively, return a null result, return with a result to be stacked which is pointed at by xr, and a return causing spitbol statement failure. if a returned result is in dynamic memory it must obey garbage collector rules. the only results copied on return are strings returned via ppm loc3 return. (wa) argument 1 (x1) argument 2 (xr) argument 3 (wb) argument 4 (wc) argument 5 jsr syshs call to get host information ppm loc1 erroneous arg ppm loc2 execution error ppm loc3 scblk ptr in xl or 0 if unavailable ppm loc4 return a null result

ppm loc5

ppm loc7

ppm loc8

ppm loc6

return result in xr

cause statement failure

return string at xl, length wa

return copy of result in xr

```
sysid -- return system identification
                                                   define external entry point
sysid exp
           this routine should return strings to head the standard
           printer output. the first string will be appended to
           a heading line of the form
                macro spitbol version v.v
           supplied by spitbol itself. v.v are digits giving the
           major version number and generally at least a minor
           version number relating to osint should be supplied to
           give say
                macro spitbol version v.v(m.m)
           the second string should identify at least the machine
           and operating system. preferably it should include
           the date and time of the run.
           optionally the strings may include site name of the
           the implementor and/or machine on which run takes place,
           unique site or copy number and other information as
           appropriate without making it so long as to be a
           nuisance to users.
           the first words of the scblks pointed at need not be
           correctly set.
           jsr sysid
                                 call for system identification
           (xr)
                                 scblk ptr for addition to header
           (x1)
                                 scblk ptr for second header
```

```
if .cinc
           sysif -- switch to new include file
                                                   define external entry point
sysif
       exp
           sysif is used for include file processing, both to inform
           the interface when a new include file is desired, and
           when the end of file of an include file has been reached
           and it is desired to return to reading from the previous
           nested file.
           it is the responsibility of sysif to remember the file
           access path to the present input file before switching to
           the new include file.
           (x1)
                                 ptr to scblk or zero
           (xr)
                                 ptr to vacant scblk of length cswin
                                 (xr not used if xl is zero)
           jsr sysif
                                 call to change files
           ppm loc
                                 unable to open file
           (xr)
                                 scblk with full path name of file
                                 (xr not used if input xl is zero)
           register xl points to an scblk containing the name of the
           include file to which the interface should switch. data
           is fetched from the file upon the next call to sysrd.
           sysif may have the ability to search multiple libraries
           for the include file named in (x1). it is therefore
           required that the full path name of the file where the
           file was finally located be returned in (xr). it is this
           name that is recorded along with the source statements,
           and will accompany subsequent error messages.
           register xl is zero to mark conclusion of use of an
           include file.
```

```
fi
           sysil -- get input record length
                                                   define external entry point
sysil
       exp
           sysil is used to get the length of the next input record
           from a file previously input associated with a sysio
           call. the length returned is used to establish a buffer
           for a subsequent sysin call. sysil also indicates to the
           caller if this is a binary or text file.
           (wa)
                                 ptr to fcblk or zero
           jsr sysil
                                 call to get record length
           (wa)
                                 length or zero if file closed
           (WC)
                                 zero if binary, non-zero if text
           no harm is done if the value returned is too long since
           unused space will be reclaimed after the sysin call.
           note that it is the sysil call (not the sysio call) which
           causes the file to be opened as required for the first
           record input from the file.
```

```
sysin -- read input record
                                                    define external entry point
\operatorname{sysin} = \exp
           sysin is used to read a record from the file which was
           referenced in a prior call to sysil (i.e. these calls
           always occur in pairs). the buffer provided is an
           scblk for a string of length set from the sysil call.
           if the actual length read is less than this, the length
           field of the scblk must be modified before returning
           unless buffer is right padded with zeroes.
           it is also permissible to take any of the alternative
           returns after scblk length has been modified.
           (wa)
                                 ptr to fcblk or zero
           (xr)
                                 pointer to buffer (scblk ptr)
           jsr sysin
                                 call to read record
           ppm loc
                                 endfile or no i/p file after sysxi
           ppm loc
                                 return here if i/o error
           ppm loc
                                return here if record format error
           (wa,wb,wc)
                                 destroyed
```

```
sysio -- input/output file association
                                                   define external entry point
sysio
       exp
           see also sysfc.
           sysio is called in response to a snobol4 input or output
           function call except when file arg1 and file arg2
           are both null.
           its call always follows immediately after a call
           of sysfc. if sysfc requested allocation
           of an fcblk, its address will be in wa.
           for input files, non-zero values of $r$ should be
           copied to wc for use in allocating input buffers. if $r$
           is defaulted or not implemented, wc should be zeroised.
           once a file has been opened, subsequent input(),output()
           calls in which the second argument is identical with that
           in a previous call, merely associate the additional
           variable name (first argument) to the file and do not
           result in re-opening the file.
           in subsequent associated accesses to the file a pointer
           to any fcblk allocated will be made available.
           (x1)
                                 file arg1 scblk ptr (2nd arg)
           (xr)
                                 file arg2 scblk ptr (3rd arg)
           (wa)
                                 fcblk ptr (0 if none)
           (wb)
                                 0 for input, 3 for output
           jsr sysio
                                 call to associate file
                                 return here if file does not exist
           ppm loc
                                 return if input/output not allowed
           ppm loc
                                 fcblk pointer (0 if none)
           (x1)
           (wc)
                                 0 (for default) or max record lngth
           (wa,wb)
                                 destroyed
           the second error return is used if the file named exists
           but input/output from the file is not allowed. for
           example, the standard output file may be in this category
```

as regards input association.

```
sysld -- load external function
                                                    define external entry point
\operatorname{sysld} = \exp
           sysld is called in response to the use of the snobol4
           load function. the named function is loaded (whatever
           this means), and a pointer is returned. the pointer will
           be used on subsequent calls to the function (see sysex).
           (xr)
                                  pointer to function name (scblk)
           (x1)
                                  pointer to library name (scblk)
           jsr sysld
                                  call to load function
           ppm loc
                                  return here if func does not exist
           ppm loc
                                  return here if i/o error
                                  return here if insufficient memory
           ppm loc
           (xr)
                                  pointer to loaded code
           the significance of the pointer returned is up to the
           system interface routine. the only restriction is that
           if the pointer is within dynamic storage, it must be
           a proper block pointer.
```

```
* sysmm -- get more memory

sysmm exp define external entry point

* sysmm is called in an attempt to allocate more dynamic
    memory. this memory must be allocated contiguously with
    the current dynamic data area.

* the amount allocated is up to the system to decide. any
    value is acceptable including zero if allocation is
    impossible.

* jsr sysmm call to get more memory
    (xr) number of additional words obtained
```

sysmx -- supply mxlen define external entry point sysmx exp because of the method of garbage collection, no spitbol object is allowed to occupy more bytes of memory than the integer giving the lowest address of dynamic (garbage collectable) memory. mxlen is the name used to refer to this maximum length of an object and for most users of most implementations, provided dynamic memory starts at an address of at least a few thousand words, there is no problem. if the default starting address is less than say 10000 or 20000, then a load time option should be provided where a user can request that he be able to create larger

objects. this routine informs spitbol of this request if any. the value returned is either an integer representing the desired value of mxlen (and hence the minimum dynamic store address which may result in non-use of some store) or zero if a default is acceptable in which mxlen is set to the lowest address allocated to dynamic store before compilation starts. if a non-zero value is returned, this is used for keyword

maxlngth. otherwise the initial low address of dynamic memory is used for this keyword.

jsr sysmx call to get mxlen (wa)

either mxlen or 0 for default

```
sysou -- output record
                                                     define external entry point
sysou
       exp
           sysou is used to write a record to a file previously
           associated with a sysio call.
            (wa)
                                  ptr to fcblk
if.\mathbf{csou}
                                  or 0 for terminal or 1 for output
fi
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
                                  record to be written (scblk)
            (xr)
else
            (xr)
                                  record to write (bcblk or scblk)
fi
            jsr sysou
                                  call to output record
                                  file full or no file after sysxi
           ppm loc
                                  return here if i/o error
           ppm loc
            (wa,wb,wc)
                                  destroyed
           note that it is the sysou call (not the sysio call) which
           causes the file to be opened as required for the first
           record output to the file.
```

```
syspi -- print on interactive channel
                                                   define external entry point
syspi exp
           if spitbol is run from an online terminal, osint can
           request that messages such as copies of compilation
           errors be sent to the terminal (see syspp). if relevant
           reply was made by syspp then syspi is called to send such
           messages to the interactive channel.
           syspi is also used for sending output to the terminal
           through the special variable name, terminal.
           (xr)
                                 ptr to line buffer (scblk)
           (wa)
                                 line length
           jsr syspi
                                 call to print line
           ppm loc
                                 failure return
           (wa,wb)
                                 destroyed
```

 $if.\mathbf{cpol}$

```
syspl -- provide interactive control of spitbol
                                                   define external entry point
syspl exp
           provides means for interface to take special actions,
           such as interrupting execution, breakpointing, stepping,
           and expression evaluation. these last three options are
           not presently implemented by the code calling syspl.
           (wa)
                                 opcode as follows-
                                 =0 poll to allow osint to interrupt
                                 =1 breakpoint hit
                                 =2 completion of statement stepping
                                 =3 expression evaluation result
           (wb)
                                 statement number
           r$fcb
                                 o or ptr to head of fcblk chain
                                 call to syspl function
           jsr syspl
           ppm loc
                                 user interruption
                                 step one statement
           ppm loc
           ppm loc
                                 evaluate expression
                                 resume execution
                                 (wa) = new polling interval
fi
```

*
syspp exp

define external entry point

*

syspp is called once during compilation to obtain parameters required for correct printed output format and to select other options. it may also be called again after sysxi when a load module is resumed. in this case the value returned in wa may be less than or equal to that returned in initial call but may not be greater.

the information returned is -

- 1. line length in chars for standard print file
- 2. no of lines/page. O is preferable for a non-paged device (e.g. online terminal) in which case listing page throws are suppressed and page headers resulting from -title,-stitl lines are kept short.
- 3. an initial -nolist option to suppress listing unless the program contains an explicit -list.
- 4. options to suppress listing of compilation and/or execution stats (useful for established programs) combined with 3. gives possibility of listing file never being opened.
- 5. option to have copies of errors sent to an interactive channel in addition to standard printer.
- 6. option to keep page headers short (e.g. if listing to an online terminal).
- 7. an option to choose extended or compact listing format. in the former a page eject and in the latter a few line feeds precede the printing of each of-- listing, compilation statistics, execution output and execution statistics.
- 8. an option to suppress execution as though a -noexecute card were supplied.
- 9. an option to request that name /terminal/ be preassociated to an online terminal via syspi and sysri
- 10. an intermediate (standard) listing option requiring that page ejects occur in source listings. redundant if extended option chosen but partially extends compact option.
- 11. option to suppress sysid identification.

*

jsr syspp (wa) (wb) (wc)	<pre>call to get print parameters print line length in chars number of lines/page</pre>
	bits valuemlkjihgfedcba where
	a = 1 to send error copy to int.ch.
	b = 1 means std printer is int. ch.
	c = 1 for -nolist option
	d = 1 to suppress compiln. stats

*

e = 1 to suppress execn. stats

```
syspr -- print line on standard output file
                                                   define external entry point
syspr
       exp
           syspr is used to print a single line on the standard
           output file.
           (xr)
                                 pointer to line buffer (scblk)
           (wa)
                                 line length
           jsr syspr
                                 call to print line
           ppm loc
                                 too much o/p or no file after sysxi
           (wa,wb)
                                 destroyed
           the buffer pointed to is the length obtained from the
           syspp call and is filled out with trailing blanks. the
           value in wa is the actual line length which may be less
           than the maximum line length possible. there is no space
           control associated with the line, all lines are printed
           single spaced. note that null lines (wa=0) are possible
           in which case a blank line is to be printed.
           the error exit is used for systems which limit the amount
           of printed output. if possible, printing should be
           permitted after this condition has been signalled once to
           allow for dump and other diagnostic information.
           assuming this to be possible, spitbol may make more syspr
           calls. if the error return occurs another time, execution
           is terminated by a call of sysej with ending code 998.
```

```
sysrd -- read record from standard input file
                                                   define external entry point
sysrd
       exp
           sysrd is used to read a record from the standard input
           file. the buffer provided is an scblk for a string the
           length of which in characters is given in wc, this
           corresponding to the maximum length of string which
           spitbol is prepared to receive. at compile time it
           corresponds to xxx in the most recent -inxxx card
           (default 72) and at execution time to the most recent
           ,r$r$ (record length) in the third arg of an input()
           statement for the standard input file (default 80).
           if fewer than (wc) characters are read, the length
           field of the scblk must be adjusted before returning
           unless the buffer is right padded with zeroes.
           it is also permissible to take the alternative return
           after such an adjustment has been made.
           spitbol may continue to make calls after an endfile
           return so this routine should be prepared to make
           repeated endfile returns.
           (xr)
                                 pointer to buffer (scblk ptr)
           (wc)
                                 length of buffer in characters
           jsr sysrd
                                 call to read line
           ppm loc
                                 endfile or no i/p file after sysxi
if.csfn
                                 or input file name change. if
                                 the former, scblk length is zero.
                                 if input file name change, length
                                 is non-zero. caller should re-issue
                                 sysrd to obtain input record.
fi
```

destroyed

(wa,wb,wc)

```
sysri -- read record from interactive channel
                                                    define external entry point
\operatorname{sysri} = \exp
           reads a record from online terminal for spitbol variable,
           terminal. if online terminal is unavailable then code the
           endfile return only.
           the buffer provided is of length 258 characters. sysri
           should replace the count in the second word of the scblk
           by the actual character count unless buffer is right
           padded with zeroes.
           it is also permissible to take the alternative
           return after adjusting the count.
           the end of file return may be used if this makes
           sense on the target machine (e.g. if there is an
           eof character.)
           (xr)
                                  ptr to 258 char buffer (scblk ptr)
           jsr sysri
                                  call to read line from terminal
                                  end of file return
           ppm loc
                                 may be destroyed
           (wa,wb,wc)
```

```
sysrw -- rewind file
sysrw exp
                                                   define external entry point
           sysrw is used to rewind a file i.e. reposition the file
           at the start before the first record. the file should be
           closed and the next read or write call will open the
           file at the start.
           (wa)
                                 ptr to fcblk or zero
           (xr)
                                rewind arg (scblk ptr)
                                call to rewind file
           jsr sysrw
                               return here if file does not exist
           ppm loc
                                return here if rewind not allowed
           ppm loc
           ppm loc
                                return here if i/o error
```

```
if .cust
          sysst -- set file pointer
sysst
       exp
                                                 define external entry point
          sysst is called to change the position of a file
          pointer. this is accomplished in a system dependent
          manner, and thus the 2nd and 3rd arguments are passed
          unconverted.
          (wa)
                                fcblk pointer
          (wb)
                               2nd argument
          (wc)
                               3rd argument
          jsr sysst
                               call to set file pointer
                            return here if invalid 2nd arg
          ppm loc
          ppm loc
                              return here if file does not exist
          ppm loc
                              return here if set not allowed
          ppm loc
                            return here if i/o error
          ppm loc
```

```
fi
           systm -- get execution time so far
                                                    define external entry point
systm
       exp
           systm is used to obtain the amount of execution time
           used so far since spitbol was given control. the units
           are described as milliseconds in the spitbol output, but
           the exact meaning is system dependent. where appropriate,
           this value should relate to processor rather than clock
           timing values.
           if the symbol .ctmd is defined, the units are described
           as deciseconds (0.1 second).
                                  call to get timer value
           jsr systm
           (ia)
                                 time so far in milliseconds
                                  (deciseconds if .ctmd defined)
```

```
* sysul -- unload external function

sysul exp define external entry point

* sysul is used to unload a function previously loaded with a call to sysld.

* (xr) ptr to control block (efblk)

* jsr sysul call to unload function

* the function cannot be called following a sysul call until another sysld call is made for the same function.

* the efblk contains the function code pointer and also a pointer to the vrblk containing the function name (see definitions and data structures section).
```

if .cnex else

*
sysxi exp

define external entry point

*

when sysxi is called, xl contains either a string pointer or zero. in the former case, the string gives the character name of a program. the intention is that spitbol execution should be terminated forthwith and the named program loaded and executed. this type of chain execution is very system dependent and implementors may choose to omit it or find it impossible to provide. if (xl) is zero,ia contains one of the following integers

*

-1, -2, -3, -4

create if possible a load module containing only the impure area of memory which needs to be loaded with a compatible pure segment for subsequent executions. version numbers to check compatibility should be kept in both segments and checked on loading. to assist with this check, (xr) on entry is a pointer to an scblk containing the spitbol major version number v.v (see sysid). the file thus created is called a save file.

*

o if possible, return control to job control command level. the effect if available will be system dependent.

*

+1, +2, +3, +4

create if possible a load module from all of memory. it should be possible to load and execute this module directly.

*

in the case of saved load modules, the status of open files is not preserved and implementors may choose to offer means of attaching files before execution of load modules starts or leave it to the user to include suitable input(), output() calls in his program. sysxi should make a note that no i/o channels, including standard files, have files attached so that calls of sysin, sysou, syspr, sysrd should fail unless new associations are made for the load module. at least in the case of the standard output file, it is recommended that either the user be required to attach a file or that a default file is attached, since the problem of error messages generated by the load module is otherwise severe. as a last resort, if spitbol attempts to write to the standard output file and gets a reply indicating that such ouput is unacceptable it stops by using an entry to sysej with ending code 998. as described below, passing of some arguments makes it clear that load module will use a standard output file.

*

if use is made of fcblks for i/o association, spitbol builds a chain so that those in use may be found in sysxi and sysej. the nodes are 4 words long. third word contains link to next node or 0, fourth word contains fcblk pointer.

```
sysxi (continued)
(x1)
                      zero or scblk ptr to first argument
(xr)
                      ptr to v.v scblk
(ia)
                      signed integer argument
(wa)
                      scblk ptr to second argument
(wb)
                      O or ptr to head of fcblk chain
jsr sysxi
                      call to exit
ppm loc
                      requested action not possible
ppm loc
                      action caused irrecoverable error
(wb,wc,ia,xr,xl,cp)
                      should be preserved over call
                      O in all cases except sucessful
                      performance of exit(4) or exit(-4),
                      in which case 1 should be returned.
```

loading and running the load module or returning from jcl command level causes execution to resume at the point after the error returns which follow the call of sysxi. the value passed as exit argument is used to indicate options required on resumption of load module.

+1 or -1 require that on resumption, sysid and syspp be called and a heading printed on the standard output file.
+2 or -2 indicate that syspp will be called but not sysid and no heading will be put on standard output file.
above options have the obvious implication that a standard o/p file must be provided for the load module.
+3, +4, -3 or -4 indicate calls of neither sysid nor syspp and no heading will be placed on standard output file.

+4 or -4 indicate that execution is to continue after creation of the save file or load module, although all files will be closed by the sysxi action. this permits the user to checkpoint long-running programs while continuing execution.

no return from sysxi is possible if another program is loaded and entered.

fi

```
*
    *
            introduce the internal procedures.
acess
        inp
acomp
        inp
alloc
        inp
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
alobf
        inp
fi
alocs
        inp
alost
        inp
if .cnbf
else
apndb inp
fi
if .cnra
arith
        inp
else
arith
        inp
fi
asign
        inp
asinp
        inp
blkln
        inp
cdgcg
        inp
cdgex
        inp
cdgnm
       _{
m inp}
cdgvl
       _{
m inp}
cdwrd inp
cmgen
       _{
m inp}
cmpil
        inp
cncrd inp
copyb
        inp
{\tt dffnc}
        inp
{\tt dtach}
        inp
dtype
        inp
dumpr
        inp
if.\mathbf{ceng}
enevs
        inp
engts
        inp
fi
ermsg
        inp
ertex
        inp
evali
        inp
evalp inp
evals inp
evalx
        inp
exbld
       _{
m inp}
expan inp
```

```
expap inp
expom inp
expop inp

if.csfn
filnm inp
fi

if.culc
flstg inp
fi
gbcol inp
gbcpf inp
gtarr inp
```

```
gtcod
        inp
gtexp
        inp
gtint
        inp
gtnum
        inp
gtnvr
        inp
        inp
gtpat
if .cnra
else
gtrea inp
fi
gtsmi
        inp
if .cnbf
else
gtstb inp
fi
gtstg
        inp
        inp
gtvar
hashs
        inp
icbld
        inp
ident
        inp
inout
        inp
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
insbf
        inp
fi
insta
        inp
iofcb
        inp
ioppf
        inp
ioput
        inp
ktrex
        inp
kwnam
        inp
lcomp
        inp
listr
        inp
listt
        inp
if.\mathbf{csfn}
newfn
        inp
fi
nexts
        inp
patin
        inp
patst
        inp
pbild
        inp
        inp
pconc
        inp
рсору
if.\mathbf{cnpf}
else
prflr
        inp
prflu
        inp
fi
```

prpar inp
prtch inp
prtic inp
prtis inp
prtin inp
prtmi inp
prtmx inp
prtnl inp
prtnu inp

```
inp
prttr
        inp
prtvl
prtvn
       inp
if.cnra
else
rcbld
       inp
fi
{\tt readr}
        inp
if.\mathbf{crel}
relaj
        inp
relcr
        inp
reldn
      inp
reloc
       inp
relst
        inp
relws inp
fi
rstrt
        inp
if .c370
sbool inp
fi
sbstr
        {\bf inp}
scane
        inp
scngf
        inp
setvr
        inp
if.\mathbf{cnsr}
else
sorta
       inp
sortc
        inp
sortf
        inp
sorth
       inp
fi
start
        inp
stgcc
        inp
tfind inp
tmake inp
trace inp
trbld
       inp
trimr inp
trxeq
       inp
        inp
vmake
xscan
       inp
xscni
       inp
    *
            introduce the internal routines
arref
        inr
{\tt cfunc}
        inr
exfal
       inr
```

```
exint
        inr
exits
        {\bf inr}
exixr
        inr
exnam
        inr
exnul
        inr
if .cnra
else
exrea
        inr
fi
exsid
        {\bf inr}
exvnm
        inr
failp
        inr
flpop
        inr
{\tt indir}
        inr
match
        inr
retrn
        inr
stcov
        inr
stmgo
        inr
stopr
        inr
succp
        {\bf inr}
sysab
        inr
systu
        inr
```

```
this section contains all symbol definitions and also
           pictures of all data structures used in the system.
       sec
                                                      start of definitions section
           definitions of machine parameters
           the minimal translator should supply appropriate values
           for the particular target machine for all the
           equ *
           definitions given at the start of this section.
           note that even if conditional assembly is used to omit
           some feature (e.g. real arithmetic) a full set of cfp$-
           values must be supplied. use dummy values if genuine
           ones are not needed.
                                                      number of characters in alphabet
cfp$a
       equ *
cfp$b
       equ *
                                                      bytes/word addressing factor
cfp$c
                                                      number of characters per word
       equ *
cfp$f
                                                      offset in bytes to chars in
       equ *
                                   scblk. see scblk format.
cfp$i
                                                      number of words in integer constant
       equ *
cfp$m
                                                      max positive integer in one word
       equ *
cfp$n
                                                      number of bits in one word
       equ *
           the following definitions require the supply of either
           a single parameter if real arithmetic is omitted or
           three parameters if real arithmetic is included.
if .cnra
nstmx
       equ *
                                                      no. of decimal digits in cfp$m
else
                                                      number of words in real constant
cfp$r
       equ *
                                                      number of sig digs for real output
cfp$s
       equ *
```

```
max digits in real exponent
cfp$x
        equ *
  if .cncr
                                                      no. of decimal digits in cfp$m
nstmx
        equ *
mxdgs
        equ cfp$s+cfp$x
                                                      max digits in real number
           max space for real (for +0.e+) needs five more places
nstmr
        equ mxdgs+5
                                                      max space for real
  else
        equ cfp$s+cfp$x
                                                      max digits in real number
mxdgs
           max space for real (for +0.e+) needs five more places
nstmx
        equ mxdgs+5
                                                      max space for real
  fi
fi
if .cucf
            the following definition for cfp$u supplies a realistic
           upper bound on the size of the alphabet. cfp$u is used
           to save space in the scane bsw-iff-esw table and to ease
           translation storage requirements.
cfp$u
                                                      realistic upper bound on alphabet
       equ *
fi
```

environment parameters

*

the spitbol program is essentially independent of the definitions of these parameters. however, the efficiency of the system may be affected. consequently, these parameters may require tuning for a given version the values given in comments have been successfully used.

*

e\$srs is the number of words to reserve at the end of storage for end of run processing. it should be set as small as possible without causing memory overflow in critical situations (e.g. memory overflow termination) and should thus reserve sufficient space at least for an scblk containing say 30 characters.

*

e\$srs equ *

30 words

*

e\$sts is the number of words grabbed in a chunk when storage is allocated in the static region. the minimum permitted value is 256/cfp\$b. larger values will lead to increased efficiency at the cost of wasting memory.

*

e\$sts equ *

500 words

*

e\$cbs is the size of code block allocated initially and the expansion increment if overflow occurs. if this value is too small or too large, excessive garbage collections will occur during compilation and memory may be lost in the case of a too large value.

*

e\$cbs equ *

500 words

*

e\$hnb is the number of bucket headers in the variable hash table. it should always be odd. larger values will speed up compilation and indirect references at the expense of additional storage for the hash table itself.

*

e\$hnb equ *

127 bucket headers

*

e\$hnw is the maximum number of words of a string name which participate in the string hash algorithm. larger values give a better hash at the expense of taking longer to compute the hash. there is some optimal value.

*

e\$hnw equ *

6 words

*

e\$fsp. if the amount of free space left after a garbage collection is small compared to the total amount of space in use garbage collector thrashing is likely to occur as this space is used up. e\$fsp is a measure of the

```
definitions of codes for letters
ch$la
        equ *
                                                        letter a
                                                        letter b
ch$1b
        equ *
ch$1c
                                                        letter c
        equ *
ch$1d
                                                        letter d
        equ *
                                                        letter e
ch$le
        equ *
ch$1f
        equ *
                                                        letter f
ch$lg
        equ *
                                                        letter g
ch$1h
                                                        letter h
        equ *
                                                        letter i
ch$li
        equ *
                                                        letter i
ch$lj
        equ *
ch$1k
        equ *
                                                        letter k
                                                        letter 1
ch$11
        equ *
ch$1m
                                                        letter m
        equ *
                                                        letter n
ch$ln
        equ *
                                                        letter o
ch$lo
        equ *
ch$1p
        equ *
                                                        letter p
ch$lq
                                                        letter q
        equ *
ch$1r
                                                        letter r
        equ *
                                                        letter s
ch$1s
        equ *
                                                        letter t
ch$1t
        equ *
ch$lu
        equ *
                                                        letter u
ch$lv
        equ *
                                                        letter v
                                                        letter w
ch$lw
        equ *
ch$1x
                                                        letter x
        equ *
ch$ly
        equ *
                                                        letter y
ch$1$
        equ *
                                                        letter z
            definitions of codes for digits
                                                        digit 0
ch$d0
        equ *
ch$d1
                                                        digit 1
        equ *
ch$d2
        equ *
                                                        digit 2
ch$d3
        equ *
                                                        digit 3
ch$d4
                                                        digit 4
        equ *
ch$d5
                                                        digit 5
        equ *
                                                        digit 6
ch$d6
        equ *
ch$d7
        equ *
                                                        digit 7
ch$d8
                                                        digit 8
        equ *
ch$d9
        equ *
                                                        digit 9
```

```
definitions of codes for special characters
            the names of these characters are related to their
            original representation in the ebcdic set corresponding
            to the description in standard snobol4 manuals and texts.
ch$am
        equ *
                                                       keyword operator (ampersand)
ch$as
        equ *
                                                       multiplication symbol (asterisk)
ch$at
        equ *
                                                       cursor position operator (at)
ch$bb
       equ *
                                                       left array bracket (less than)
ch$bl
        equ *
ch$br
       equ *
                                                       alternation operator (vertical bar)
                                                       goto symbol (colon)
ch$cl
       equ *
ch$cm
        equ *
                                                       comma
ch$dl
                                                       indirection operator (dollar)
        equ *
ch$dt
                                                       name operator (dot)
        equ *
                                                       double quote
ch$dq
       equ *
ch$eq
       equ *
                                                       equal sign
ch$ex
       equ *
                                                       exponentiation operator (exclm)
ch$mn
       equ *
                                                       minus sign / hyphen
ch$nm
        equ *
                                                       number sign
ch$nt
        equ *
                                                       negation operator (not)
ch$pc
        equ *
                                                       percent
ch$pl
       equ *
                                                       plus sign
ch$pp
                                                       left parenthesis
        equ *
                                                       right array bracket (grtr than)
ch$rb
       equ *
ch$rp
        equ *
                                                       right parenthesis
ch$qu
        equ *
                                                       interrogation operator (question)
ch$sl
        equ *
                                                       slash
                                                       semicolon
ch$sm
       equ *
                                                       single quote
ch$sq
       equ *
                                                       special identifier char (underline)
ch$un
        equ *
ch$ob
       equ *
                                                       opening bracket
```

ch\$cb

equ *

closing bracket

```
remaining chars are optional additions to the standards.
if .caht
            tab characters - syntactically equivalent to blank
                                                        horizontal tab
ch$ht
        equ *
fi
if.cavt
ch$vt
        equ *
                                                        vertical tab
fi
if.\mathbf{caex}
            up arrow same as exclamation mark for exponentiation
ch$ey
        equ *
                                                        up arrow
fi
if .casl
            lower case or shifted case alphabetic chars
ch$$a
                                                        shifted a
        equ *
ch$$b
                                                        shifted b
        equ *
ch$$c
        equ *
                                                        shifted c
                                                        shifted d
ch$$d
        equ *
ch$$e
        equ *
                                                        shifted e
                                                        shifted f
ch$$f
        equ *
ch$$g
        equ *
                                                        shifted g
                                                        shifted h
ch$$h
        equ *
ch$$i
                                                        shifted i
        equ *
ch$$j
        equ *
                                                        shifted j
ch$$k
                                                        shifted k
        equ *
ch$$1
        equ *
                                                        shifted 1
                                                        shifted m
ch$$m
        equ *
                                                        shifted n
ch$$n
        equ *
ch$$o
                                                        shifted o
        equ *
ch$$p
                                                        shifted p
        equ *
ch$$q
        equ *
                                                        shifted q
                                                        shifted r
ch$$r
        equ *
ch$$s
                                                        shifted s
        equ *
                                                        shifted t
ch$$t
        equ *
ch$$u
        equ *
                                                        shifted u
                                                        shifted v
ch$$v
        equ *
                                                        shifted w
ch$$w
        equ *
ch$$x
        equ *
                                                        shifted x
                                                        shifted y
ch$$y
        equ *
ch$$$
        equ *
                                                        shifted z
fi
```

```
* if a delimiter other than ch$cm must be used in

the third argument of input(),output() then .ciod should

be defined and a parameter supplied for iodel.

*
```

```
if .ciod
iodel equ *
else
iodel equ *
fi
```

<

data block formats and definitions

*

the following sections describe the detailed format of all possible data blocks in static and dynamic memory.

*

every block has a name of the form xxblk where xx is a unique two character identifier. the first word of every block must contain a pointer to a program location in the interpretor which is immediately preceded by an address constant containing the value bl\$xx where xx is the block identifier. this provides a uniform mechanism for distinguishing between the various block types.

*

in some cases, the contents of the first word is constant for a given block type and merely serves as a pointer to the identifying address constant. however, in other cases there are several possibilities for the first word in which case each of the several program entry points must be preceded by the appropriate constant.

*

in each block, some of the fields are relocatable. this means that they may contain a pointer to another block in the dynamic area. (to be more precise, if they contain a pointer within the dynamic area, then it is a pointer to a block). such fields must be modified by the garbage collector (procedure gbcol) whenever blocks are compacted in the dynamic region. the garbage collector (actually procedure gbcpf) requires that all such relocatable fields in a block must be contiguous.

the description format uses the following scheme.

1) block title and two character identifier

- 2) description of basic use of block and indication of circumstances under which it is constructed.
- 3) picture of the block format. in these pictures low memory addresses are at the top of the page. fixed length fields are surrounded by i (letter i). fields which are fixed length but whose length is dependent on a configuration parameter are surrounded by * (asterisk). variable length fields are surrounded by / (slash).
- 4) definition of symbolic offsets to fields in block and of the size of the block if fixed length or of the size of the fixed length fields if the block is variable length. note that some routines such as gbcpf assume certain offsets are equal. the definitions given here enforce this. make changes to them only with due care.

definitions of common offsets

offs1 equ *
offs2 equ *
offs3 equ *

*

5) detailed comments on the significance and formats of the various fields.

*

the order is alphabetical by identification code.

```
k
```

definitions of block codes

this table provides a unique identification code for each separate block type. the first word of a block in the dynamic area always contains the address of a program entry point. the block code is used as the entry point id the order of these codes dictates the order of the table used by the datatype function (scnmt in the constant sec)

block codes for accessible datatypes

*

note that real and buffer types are always included, even if they are conditionally excluded elsewhere. this maintains block type codes across all versions of spitbol, providing consistancy for external functions. but note that the bcblk is out of alphabetic order, placed at the end of the list so as not to change the block type ordering in use in existing external functions.

```
bl$ar
       equ 0
                                                   arblk array
bl$cd
       equ bl$ar+1
                                                   cdblk code
       equ bl$cd+1
                                                   exblk expression
bl$ex
bl$ic equ bl$ex+1
                                                   icblk integer
bl$nm
                                                   nmblk name
       equ bl$ic+1
                                                   p0blk pattern
bl$p0
       equ bl$nm+1
bl$p1
       equ bl$p0+1
                                                   p1blk pattern
                                                   p2blk pattern
bl$p2
       equ bl$p1+1
bl$rc
       equ bl$p2+1
                                                   rcblk real
bl$sc
       equ bl$rc+1
                                                   scblk string
bl$se equ bl$sc+1
                                                   seblk expression
                                                   tbblk table
bl$tb equ bl$se+1
                                                   vcblk arrav
bl$vc equ bl$tb+1
bl$xn
                                                   xnblk external
       equ bl$vc+1
bl$xr
                                                   xrblk external
       equ bl$xn+1
bl$bc
       equ bl$xr+1
                                                   bcblk buffer
                                                   pdblk program defined datatype
bl$pd
       equ bl$bc+1
b1$$d
       equ bl$pd+1
                                                   number of block codes for data
   *
           other block codes
                                                   trblk
bl$tr
       equ bl$pd+1
                                                   bfblk
bl$bf
       equ bl$tr+1
bl$cc
       equ bl$bf+1
                                                   ccblk
bl$cm equ bl$cc+1
                                                   cmblk
bl$ct
       equ bl$cm+1
                                                   ctblk
                                                   dfblk
bl$df
       equ bl$ct+1
                                                   efblk
bl$ef equ bl$df+1
bl$ev
       equ bl$ef+1
                                                   evblk
bl$ff equ bl$ev+1
                                                   ffblk
bl$kv equ bl$ff+1
                                                   kvblk
```

bl\$pf	\mathbf{equ}	bl\$kv+1	pfblk
bl\$te	equ	bl\$pf+1	teblk
*		-	
bl\$\$i	equ	0	default identification code
b1\$\$t	equ	bl\$tr+1	code for data or trace block
bl\$\$\$	equ	bl\$te+1	number of block codes

field references

references to the fields of data blocks are symbolic (i.e. use the symbolic offsets) with the following exceptions.

*

 references to the first word are usually not symbolic since they use the (x) operand format.

*

2) the code which constructs a block is often not symbolic and should be changed if the corresponding block format is modified.

*

3) the plc and psc instructions imply an offset corresponding to the definition of cfp\$f.

*

4) there are non-symbolic references (easily changed) in the garbage collector (procedures gbcpf, blkln).

*

5) the fields idval, fargs appear in several blocks and any changes must be made in parallel to all blocks containing the fields. the actual references to these fields are symbolic with the above listed exceptions.

*

6) several spots in the code assume that the definitions of the fields vrval, teval, trnxt are the same (these are sections of code which search out along a trblk chain from a variable).

*

7) references to the fields of an array block in the array reference routine arref are non-symbolic.

*

apart from the exceptions listed, references are symbolic as far as possible and modifying the order or number of fields will not require changes.

common fields for function blocks

*

blocks which represent callable functions have two common fields at the start of the block as follows.

*

```
i fcode i
+-----+
i fargs i
+-----+
/ / rest of function block /
/ /
```

*

fcode equ 0 fargs equ 1

pointer to code for function number of arguments

*

fcode is a pointer to the location in the interpretor program which processes this type of function call.

*

fargs is the expected number of arguments. the actual number of arguments is adjusted to this amount by deleting extra arguments or supplying trailing nulls for missing ones before transferring though fcode. a value of 999 may be used in this field to indicate a variable number of arguments (see svblk field svnar).

*

the block types which follow this scheme are.

*

ffblk field function
dfblk datatype function
pfblk program defined function
efblk external loaded function

-1-

```
identification field
                field
           id
           certain program accessible objects (those which contain
           other data values and can be copied) are given a unique
           identification number (see exsid). this id value is an
           address integer value which is always stored in word two.
                                                   id value field
idval
      equ 1
           the blocks containing an idval field are.
           arblk
                                  array
if .cnbf
else
           bcblk
                                 buffer control block
fi
           pdblk
                                 program defined datatype
           tbblk
                                 table
           vcblk
                                 vector block (array)
           note that a zero idval means that the block is only
           half built and should not be dumped (see dumpr).
```

array block (arblk)

an array block represents an array value other than one with one dimension whose lower bound is one (see vcblk). an arblk is built with a call to the functions convert (s\$cnv) or array (s\$arr).

```
*
          array block (continued)
artyp
       equ 0
                                                  pointer to dummy routine b$art
       equ idval+1
                                                  length of arblk in bytes
arlen
                                                  offset in arblk to arpro field
arofs
       equ arlen+1
                                                  number of dimensions
       equ arofs+1
arndm
arlbd equ arndm+1
                                                  low bound (first subscript)
ardim equ arlbd+cfp$i
                                                  dimension (first subscript)
                                                  low bound (second subscript)
arlb2 equ ardim+cfp$i
       equ arlb2+cfp$i
                                                  dimension (second subscript)
ardm2
       equ ardim+cfp$i
                                                  array prototype (one dimension)
arpro
arvls
       equ arpro+1
                                                  start of values (one dimension)
arpr2
       equ ardm2+cfp$i
                                                  array prototype (two dimensions)
arv12
       equ arpr2+1
                                                  start of values (two dimensions)
                                                  number of standard fields in block
arsi$
       equ arlbd
       equ arlb2-arlbd
                                                  size of info for one set of bounds
ardms
           the bounds and dimension fields are signed integer
           values and each occupy cfp$i words in the arblk.
           the length of an arblk in bytes may not exceed mxlen.
           this is required to keep name offsets garbage collectable
           the actual values are arranged in row-wise order and
           can contain a data pointer or a pointer to a trblk.
if.cnbf
else
          buffer control block (bcblk)
          a bcblk is built for every bfblk.
                               bctyp
                                 idval
                                bclen
                +----+
                                bcbuf
                +----+
       equ 0
                                                  ptr to dummy routine b$bct
bctyp
                                                  defined buffer length
bclen
       equ idval+1
bcbuf
                                                  ptr to bfblk
       equ bclen+1
                                                  size of bcblk
bcsi$
       equ bcbuf+1
   *
           a bcblk is an indirect control header for bfblk.
           the reason for not storing this data directly
           in the related bfblk is so that the bfblk can
```

maintain the same skeletal structure as an scblk thus facilitating transparent string operations (for the most part). specifically, cfp\$f is the same for a bfblk as for an scblk. by convention, whereever a buffer value is employed, the bcblk is pointed to.

*

the corresponding bfblk is pointed to by the bcbuf pointer in the bcblk.

*

bclen is the current defined size of the character array in the bfblk. characters following the offset of bclen are undefined.

```
string buffer block (bfblk)
         a bfblk is built by a call to buffer(...)
                      bftyp
              +----+
                     bfalc
                      bfchr /
              +----+
bftyp equ 0
                                             ptr to dummy routine b$bft
bfalc equ bftyp+1
                                             allocated size of buffer
                                             characters of string
bfchr equ bfalc+1
bfsi$ equ bfchr
                                             size of standard fields in bfblk
         the characters in the buffer are stored left justified.
         the final word of defined characters is always zero
          (character) padded. any trailing allocation past the
         word containing the last character contains
         unpredictable contents and is never referenced.
         note that the offset to the characters of the string
         is given by cfp$f, as with an scblk. however, the
         offset which is occupied by the length for an scblk
         is the total char space for bfblks, and routines which
         deal with both must account for this difference.
         the value of bfalc may not exceed mxlen. the value of
```

bclen is always less than or equal to bfalc.

fi

```
code construction block (ccblk)
           at any one moment there is at most one ccblk into
           which the compiler is currently storing code (cdwrd).
                                cctyp
                                cclen
if.csln
                                ccsln
fi
                      ccuse
                                cccod
                                                   pointer to dummy routine b$cct
cctyp
       equ 0
cclen
                                                   length of ccblk in bytes
       equ cctyp+1
if.csln
                                                   source line number
ccsln
       equ cclen+1
                                                   offset past last used word (bytes)
ccuse
       equ ccsln+1
else
                                                   offset past last used word (bytes)
ccuse equ cclen+1
fi
                                                   start of generated code in block
cccod equ ccuse+1
           the reason that the ccblk is a separate block type from
           the usual cdblk is that the garbage collector must
           only process those fields which have been set (see gbcpf)
```

```
code block (cdblk)
           a code block is built for each statement compiled during
           the initial compilation or by subsequent calls to code.
                                  cdjmp
                                  cdstm
if.csln
                                  cdsln
fi
                                  cdlen
                                  cdfal
                 +----+
                                  cdcod
cdjmp
       equ 0
                                                     ptr to routine to execute statement
{\tt cdstm}
       equ cdjmp+1
                                                     statement number
if.csln
                                                     source line number
cdsln
       equ cdstm+1
\verb|cdlen| equ cdsln+1|
                                                     length of cdblk in bytes
cdfal equ cdlen+1
                                                     failure exit (see below)
else
cdlen
       equ offs2
                                                     length of cdblk in bytes
cdfal equ offs3
                                                     failure exit (see below)
fi
                                                     executable pseudo-code
cdcod
       equ cdfal+1
                                                     number of standard fields in cdblk
\verb|cdsi| \$ \quad equ \ \verb|cdcod|
           cdstm is the statement number of the current statement.
           cdjmp, cdfal are set as follows.
           1)
                if the failure exit is the next statement
                cdjmp = b$cds
                cdfal = ptr to cdblk for next statement
           2)
                if the failure exit is a simple label name
                cdjmp = b$cds
                 cdfal is a ptr to the vrtra field of the vrblk
```

```
if there is no failure exit (-nofail mode)

cdjmp = b$cds
cdfal = o$unf

4) if the failure exit is complex or direct

cdjmp = b$cdc
cdfal is the offset to the o$gof word
```

code block (continued)

cdcod is the start of the actual code. first we describe the code generated for an expression. in an expression, elements are fetched by name or by value. for example, the binary equal operator fetches its left argument by name and its right argument by value. these two cases generate quite different code and are described separately. first we consider the code by value case.

*

generation of code by value for expressions elements.

<

expression pointer to exblk or seblk

integer constant

pointer to icblk

null constant

pointer to nulls

pattern

(resulting from preevaluation)

=o\$lpt

pointer to pOblk,p1blk or p2blk

*

real constant pointer to rcblk

string constant

pointer to scblk

variable

pointer to vrget field of vrblk

addition

value code for left operand
value code for right operand

=o\$add

k

affirmation value code for operand

=o\$aff

.

alternation value code for left operand

value code for right operand

=o\$alt

*

array reference (case of one subscript)

value code for array operand
value code for subscript operand

=o\$aov

*

(case of more than one subscript)
value code for array operand
value code for first subscript
value code for second subscript

value code for last subscript

=o\$amv

number of subscripts

*

code block (continued)

assignment

(to natural variable)

value code for right operand
pointer to vrsto field of vrblk

*

(to any other variable)
name code for left operand
value code for right operand
=o\$ass

k

=o\$cer

*

complementation

compile error

value code for operand

=o\$com

*

concatenation

(case of pred func left operand)
value code for left operand

=o\$pop

value code for right operand

*

(all other cases)

value code for left operand
value code for right operand

=o\$cnc

*

cursor assignment

name code for operand

=o\$cas

division

value code for left operand
value code for right operand

=o\$dvd

*

exponentiation

value code for left operand
value code for right operand

=o\$exp

•

function call

(case of call to system function)
value code for first argument
value code for second argument

• • •

value code for last argument
pointer to svfnc field of svblk

code block (continued)

<

function call (case of non-system function 1 arg)

value code for argument

=o\$fns

pointer to vrblk for function

(non-system function, gt 1 arg)
value code for first argument
value code for second argument

. .

value code for last argument

=o\$fnc

number of arguments

pointer to vrblk for function

immediate assignment

value code for left operand
name code for right operand

=o\$ima

*

indirection value code for operand

=o\$inv

interrogation value

value code for operand

=o\$int

keyword reference

name code for operand

=o\$kwv

*

multiplication value code for left operand

value code for right operand

=omlt

*

name reference (natural variable case)

pointer to nmblk for name

*

(all other cases)
name code for operand

=o\$nam

negation

=o\$nta

cdblk offset of o\$ntc word
value code for operand

=o\$ntb

=o\$ntc

value code for left operand name code for right operand

=o\$pas

pattern match

value code for left operand value code for right operand

=o\$pmv

*

pattern replacement name code for subject

value code for pattern

=o\$pmn

value code for replacement

=o\$rpl

*

selection (for first alternative)

=o\$sla

cdblk offset to next o\$slc word
value code for first alternative

o\$slt=

cdblk offset past alternatives

(for subsequent alternatives)

=o\$slc

 $\verb|cdblk| offset to next o$|slc,o$|sld|$

value code for alternative

=o\$slb

offset in cdblk past alternatives

(for last alternative)

=o\$sld

value code for last alternative

*

subtraction value code for left operand

value code for right operand

=o\$sub

code block (continued)

generation of code by name for expression elements.

variable =o\$lvn

pointer to vrblk

expression (case of *natural variable)

=o\$lvn

pointer to vrblk

(all other cases)

=o\$lex

pointer to exblk

k

array reference (case of one subscript)

value code for array operand
value code for subscript operand

=o\$aon

(case of more than one subscript)
value code for array operand
value code for first subscript
value code for second subscript

. . .

value code for last subscript

=o\$amn

number of subscripts

compile error =o\$cer

function call (same code as for value call)

=o\$fne

indirection value code for operand

=o\$inn

keyword reference name code for operand

=o\$kwn

*

any other operand is an error in a name position

note that in this description, =o\$xxx refers to the generation of a word containing the address of another

word which contains the entry point address o\$xxx.

code block (continued)

*

now we consider the overall structure of the code block for a statement with possible goto fields.

*

first comes the code for the statement body. the statement body is an expression to be evaluated by value although the value is not actually required. normal value code is generated for the body of the statement except in the case of a pattern match by value, in which case the following is generated.

*

value code for left operand
value code for right operand
=o\$pms

*

next we have the code for the success goto. there are several cases as follows.

*

- 1) no success goto ptr to cdblk for next statement
- 2) simple label ptr to vrtra field of vrblk
- 3) complex goto (code by name for goto operand)
 =o\$goc

*

*

following this we generate code for the failure goto if it is direct or if it is complex, simple failure gotos having been handled by an appropriate setting of the cdfal field of the cdblk. the generated code is one of the following.

*

- - name code for goto operand

=o\$goc

*

2) direct fgoto =o\$fif
=o\$gof

value code for goto operand

=o\$god

*

an optimization occurs if the success and failure gotos are identical and either complex or direct. in this case, no code is generated for the success goto and control is allowed to fall into the failure goto on success.

```
compiler block (cmblk)
          a compiler block (cmblk) is built by expan to represent
          one node of a tree structured expression representation.
              +----+
                            cmidn
              +----+
                            cmlen
              +----+
                             cmtyp i
                          cmopn
                   cmvls or cmrop
                            cmlop
cmidn equ 0
                                              pointer to dummy routine b$cmt
                                              length of cmblk in bytes
      equ \ {\tt cmidn+1}
cmlen
      equ cmlen+1
                                              type (c$xxx, see list below)
cmtyp
                                              operand pointer (see below)
cmopn equ cmtyp+1
cmvls equ cmopn+1
                                              operand value pointers (see below)
                                              right (only) operator operand
cmrop equ cmvls
                                              left operator operand
cmlop equ cmvls+1
cmsi$ equ cmvls
                                              number of standard fields in cmblk
cmus$ equ cmsi$+1
                                              size of unary operator cmblk
cmbs$ equ cmsi$+2
                                              size of binary operator cmblk
                                              array subscript pointers
cmar1 equ cmvls+1
          the cmopn and cmvls fields are set as follows
         array reference
                              cmopn = ptr to array operand
                              cmvls = ptrs to subscript operands
          function call
                              cmopn = ptr to vrblk for function
                              cmvls = ptrs to argument operands
          selection
                              cmopn = zero
                              cmvls = ptrs to alternate operands
         unary operator
                              cmopn = ptr to operator dvblk
                              cmrop = ptr to operand
```

cmopn = ptr to operator dvblk
cmrop = ptr to right operand
cmlop = ptr to left operand

binary operator

```
cmtyp is set to indicate the type of expression element
           as shown by the following table of definitions.
                                                     array reference
c$arr
       equ 0
c$fnc
       equ c$arr+1
                                                     function call
c$def
       equ c$fnc+1
                                                     deferred expression (unary *)
                                                     indirection (unary $)
c$ind
       equ c$def+1
c$key
       equ c$ind+1
                                                     keyword reference (unary ampersand)
c$ubo
       equ c$key+1
                                                     undefined binary operator
c$uuo
       equ c$ubo+1
                                                     undefined unary operator
c$uo$
       equ c$uuo+1
                                                     test value (=c$uuo+1=c$ubo+2)
c$$nm equ c$uuo+1
                                                     number of codes for name operands
           the remaining types indicate expression elements which
    *
           can only be evaluated by value (not by name).
c$bvl
       equ c$uuo+1
                                                     binary op with value operands
c$uvl
       equ c$bvl+1
                                                     unary operator with value operand
c$alt
                                                     alternation (binary bar)
       equ c$uvl+1
c$cnc equ c$alt+1
                                                     concatenation
c$cnp
       equ c$cnc+1
                                                     concatenation, not pattern match
c$unm equ c$cnp+1
                                                     unary op with name operand
c$bvn
       equ c$unm+1
                                                     binary op (operands by value, name)
                                                     assignment
c$ass
       equ c$bvn+1
c$int
       equ c$ass+1
                                                     interrogation
c$neg
       equ c$int+1
                                                     negation (unary not)
       equ c$neg+1
                                                     selection
c$sel
c$pmt
       equ c$sel+1
                                                     pattern match
c$pr$
      equ c$bvn
                                                     last preevaluable code
c$$nv
       equ c$pmt+1
                                                     number of different cmblk types
```

_

character table block (ctblk)

a character table block is used to hold logical character tables for use with any,notany,span,break,breakx patterns. each character table can be used to store cfp\$n distinct tables as bit columns. a bit column allocated for each argument of more than one character in length to one of the above listed pattern primitives.

cttyp equ 0
ctchs equ cttyp+1
ctsi\$ equ ctchs+cfp\$a

pointer to dummy routine b\$ctt start of character table words number of words in ctblk

ctchs is cfp\$a words long and consists of a one word bit string value for each possible character in the internal alphabet. each of the cfp\$n possible bits in a bitstring is used to form a column of bit indicators. a bit is set on if the character is in the table and off if the character is not present. datatype function block (dfblk)

*

a datatype function is used to control the construction of a program defined datatype object. a call to the system function data builds a dfblk for the datatype name

*

note that these blocks are built in static because pdblk length is got from dflen field. if dfblk was in dynamic store this would cause trouble during pass two of garbage collection. scblk referred to by dfnam field is also put in static so that there are no reloc. fields. this cuts garbage collection task appreciably for pdblks which are likely to be present in large numbers.

*

+		-+
i	fcode	i
+		-+
i	fargs	i
+		-+
i	dflen	i
+		-+
i	dfpdl	i
+		-+
i	dfnam	i
+		-+
/		/
/	dffld	/
/		/
+		+

*

```
dflenequfargs+1length of dfblk in bytesdfpdlequdflen+1length of corresponding pdblkdfnamequdfpdl+1pointer to scblk for datatype namedffldequdfnam+1start of vrblk ptrs for field namesdfflbequdffld-1offset behind dffld for field funcdfsi$equdffldnumber of standard fields in dfblk
```

*

the fcode field points to the routine b\$dfc

^

fargs (the number of arguments) is the number of fields.

dope vector block (dvblk)

*

a dope vector is assembled for each possible operator in the snobol4 language as part of the constant section.

*

+		+
i	dvopn	i
+		+
i	dvtyp	i
+		+
i	dvlpr	i
+		+
i	dvrpr	i
+		+

4

```
dvopnequ0dvtypequdvopn+1dvlprequdvtyp+1dvrprequdvlpr+1dvus$equdvrpr+1dvubs$equdvus$+dvbs$
```

entry address (ptr to o\$xxx)
type code (c\$xxx, see cmblk)
left precedence (llxxx, see below)
right precedence (rrxxx, see below)
size of unary operator dv
size of binary operator dv
size of unop + binop (see scane)

*

the contents of the dvtyp field is copied into the cmtyp field of the cmblk for the operator if it is used.

*

the cmopn field of an operator cmblk points to the dvblk itself, providing the required entry address pointer ptr.

*

for normally undefined operators, the dvopn (and cmopn) fields contain a word offset from r\$uba of the function block pointer for the operator (instead of o\$xxx ptr). for certain special operators, the dvopn field is not required at all and is assembled as zero.

*

the left precedence is used in comparing an operator to the left of some other operator. it therefore governs the precedence of the operator towards its right operand.

*

the right precedence is used in comparing an operator to the right of some other operator. it therefore governs the precedence of the operator towards its left operand.

*

higher precedence values correspond to a tighter binding capability. thus we have the left precedence lower (higher) than the right precedence for right (left) associative binary operators.

*

the left precedence of unary operators is set to an arbitrary high value. the right value is not required and consequently the dvrpr field is omitted for unary ops.

table of operator precedence values

>	ł	(

rrass	equ	10	right equal
llass	equ	00	left equal
rrpmt	equ	20	right question mark
llpmt	equ	30	left question mark
rramp	equ	40	right ampersand
llamp	equ	50	left ampersand
rralt	equ	70	right vertical bar
llalt	equ	60	left vertical bar
rrcnc	equ	90	right blank
llcnc	equ	80	left blank
rrats	equ	110	right at
llats	equ	100	left at
rrplm	equ	120	right plus, minus
llplm	equ	130	left plus, minus
rrnum	equ	140	right number
llnum	equ	150	left number
rrdvd	equ	160	right slash
lldvd	equ	170	left slash
rrmlt	equ	180	right asterisk
llmlt	equ	190	left asterisk
rrpct	equ	200	right percent
llpct	equ	210	left percent
rrexp	equ	230	right exclamation
llexp	equ		left exclamation
rrdld	equ	240	right dollar, dot
lldld	\mathbf{equ}		left dollar, dot
rrnot	\mathbf{equ}		right not
llnot	\mathbf{equ}	260	left not
lluno	equ	999	left all unary operators

*

precedences are the same as in btl snobol4 with the following exceptions.

*

binary question mark is lowered and made left associative to reflect its new use for pattern matching.

* *

2) alternation and concatenation are made right associative for greater efficiency in pattern construction and matching respectively. this change is transparent to the snobol4 programmer.

*

3) the equal sign has been added as a low precedence operator which is right associative to reflect its more general usage in this version of snobol4.

*

```
external function block (efblk)
          an external function block is used to control the calling
          of an external function. it is built by a call to load.
                                fcode
                +----+
                               fargs
                               eflen
                               efuse
                               efcod
                               efvar
                        efrsl
                              eftar
eflen equ fargs+1
                                                 length of efblk in bytes
       equ eflen+1
                                                 use count (for opsyn)
efuse
efcod equ efuse+1
                                                 ptr to code (from sysld)
                                                 ptr to associated vrblk
efvar equ efcod+1
                                                 result type (see below)
efrsl equ efvar+1
eftar equ efrsl+1
                                                 argument types (see below)
                                                 number of standard fields in efblk
efsi$ equ eftar
          the fcode field points to the routine b$efc.
          efuse is used to keep track of multiple use when opsyn
          is employed. the function is automatically unloaded
          when there are no more references to the function.
          efrsl and eftar are type codes as follows.
               0
                                type is unconverted
               1
                                type is string
                                type is integer
if .cnra
 if .cnlf
               3
                                type is file
 fi
else
                                type is real
```

expression variable block (evblk)

*

in this version of spitbol, an expression can be used in any position which would normally expect a name (for example on the left side of equals or as the right argument of binary dot). this corresponds to the creation of a pseudo-variable which is represented by a pointer to an expression variable block as follows.

*

+		-+
i	evtyp	i
+		-+
1	evexp	1
+		-+
i	evvar	i
+		-+

*

```
evtyp equ 0
evexp equ evtyp+1
evvar equ evexp+1
```

evsi\$ equ evvar+1

pointer to dummy routine b\$evt pointer to exblk for expression pointer to trbev dummy trblk size of evblk

*

the name of an expression variable is represented by a base pointer to the evblk and an offset of evvar. this value appears to be trapped by the dummy trbev block.

*

note that there is no need to allow for the case of an expression variable which references an seblk since a variable which is of the form *var is equivalent to var.

```
expression block (exblk)
           an expression block is built for each expression
           referenced in a program or created by eval or convert
           during execution of a program.
                +----+
                                extyp
                                 exstm
if.\mathbf{csln}
                                exsln
fi
                                exlen
                                 exflc
                                excod
extyp
       equ 0
                                                    ptr to routine b$exl to load expr
exstm
       equ cdstm
                                                    stores stmnt no. during evaluation
if .csln
                                                    stores line no. during evaluation
exsln equ exstm+1
exlen equ exsln+1
                                                    length of exblk in bytes
\verb| exlen | equ | exstm+1|
                                                    length of exblk in bytes
fi
exflc equ exlen+1
                                                    failure code (=o$fex)
       equ exflc+1
                                                    pseudo-code for expression
excod
                                                    number of standard fields in exblk
exsi$ equ excod
           there are two cases for excod depending on whether the
           expression can be evaluated by name (see description
           of cdblk for details of code for expressions).
           if the expression can be evaluated by name we have.
                                 (code for expr by name)
                                 =o$rnm
           if the expression can only be evaluated by value.
                                 (code for expr by value)
                                 =o$rvl
```

field function block (ffblk)

*

a field function block is used to control the selection of a field from a program defined datatype block. a call to data creates an ffblk for each field.

*

+		+
i	fcode	i
+		+
i	fargs	i
+		+
i	ffdfp	i
+		+
i	ffnxt	i
+		+
i	ffofs	i
+		+

*

```
ffdfp equ fargs+1
ffnxt equ ffdfp+1
ffofs equ ffnxt+1
ffsi$ equ ffofs+1
```

pointer to associated dfblk ptr to next ffblk on chain or zero offset (bytes) to field in pdblk size of ffblk in words

*

the fcode field points to the routine b\$ffc.

*

fargs always contains one.

ffdfp is used to verify that the correct program defined datatype is being accessed by this call.

ffdfp is non-reloc. because dfblk is in static

*

ffofs is used to select the appropriate field. note that it is an actual offset (not a field number)

*

ffnxt is used to point to the next ffblk of the same name in the case where there are several fields of the same name for different datatypes. zero marks the end of chain

* the length of the icval field is cfp\$i.

```
keyword variable block (kvblk)
         a kvblk is used to represent a keyword pseudo-variable.
         a kvblk is built for each keyword reference (kwnam).
                           kvtyp
             +----+
                  kvvar i
                 kvnum i
      equ 0
                                           pointer to dummy routine b$kvt
kvtyp
                                           pointer to dummy block trbkv
kvvar
      equ kvtyp+1
      equ kvvar+1
                                           keyword number
kvnum
                                           size of kvblk
kvsi$
      equ kvnum+1
         the name of a keyword variable is represented by a
         base pointer to the kvblk and an offset of kvvar. the
         value appears to be trapped by the pointer to trbkv.
```

* name block (nmblk)

a name block is used wherever a name must be stored as a value following use of the unary dot operator.

+-----+
i nmtyp i
+-----+
i nmbas i
+-----+
i nmofs i

nmtyp equ 0
nmbas equ nmtyp+1
nmofs equ nmbas+1
nmsi\$ equ nmofs+1

ptr to routine b\$nml to load name base pointer for variable offset for variable size of nmblk

*

the actual field representing the contents of the name is found nmofs bytes past the address in nmbas.

*

the name is split into base and offset form to avoid creation of a pointer into the middle of a block which could not be handled properly by the garbage collector.

*

a name may be built for any variable (see section on representations of variables) this includes the cases of pseudo-variables.

```
pattern block, no parameters (p0blk)
          a pOblk is used to represent pattern nodes which do
          not require the use of any parameter values.
                    pcode i
               +----+
               {\tt i} \qquad \qquad {\tt pthen} \qquad {\tt i}
       equ 0
                                               ptr to match routine (p$xxx)
pcode
pthen
       equ pcode+1
                                               pointer to subsequent node
pasi$
       equ pthen+1
                                               size of p0blk
          pthen points to the pattern block for the subsequent
          node to be matched. this is a pointer to the pattern
          block ndnth if there is no subsequent (end of pattern)
          pcode is a pointer to the match routine for the node.
```

pattern block (one parameter) a p1blk is used to represent pattern nodes which require one parameter value. +----+ pcode +----+ pthen +----+ parm1 i parm1 equ pthen+1 first parameter value pbsi\$ equ parm1+1 size of p1blk in words see pOblk for definitions of pcode, pthen

parm1 contains a parameter value used in matching the node. for example, in a len pattern, it is the integer argument to len. the details of the use of the parameter field are included in the description of the individual match routines. parm1 is always an address pointer which is processed by the garbage collector.

```
pattern block (two parameters)
         a p2blk is used to represent pattern nodes which
         require two parameter values.
                    pcode
             +----+
                 pthen
             +----+
                parm1
                    parm2 i
parm2
                                         second parameter value
      equ parm1+1
                                         size of p2blk in words
pcsi$
      equ parm2+1
         see p1blk for definitions of pcode, pthen, parm1
         parm2 is a parameter which performs the same sort of
         function as parm1 (see description of p1blk).
         parm2 is a non-relocatable field and is not
         processed by the garbage collector. accordingly, it may
         not contain a pointer to a block in dynamic memory.
```

program-defined datatype block

a pdblk represents the data item formed by a call to a datatype function as defined by the system function data.

*

*

```
pdtyp equ 0
pddfp equ idval+1
pdfld equ pddfp+1
pdfof equ dffld-pdfld
pdsi$ equ pdfld
pddfs equ dfsi$-pdsi$
```

ptr to dummy routine b\$pdt ptr to associated dfblk start of field value pointers difference in offset to field ptrs size of standard fields in pdblk difference in dfblk, pdblk sizes

*

the pddfp pointer may be used to determine the datatype and the names of the fields if required. the dfblk also contains the length of the pdblk in bytes (field dfpdl). pddfp is non-reloc. because dfblk is in static

*

pdfld values are stored in order from left to right. they contain values or pointers to trblk chains.

```
program defined function block (pfblk)
         a pfblk is created for each call to the define function
         and a pointer to the pfblk placed in the proper vrblk.
                    fcode
             +----+
                 fargs
             +----+
                 pflen i
                   pfnlo i
                         pfcod
             +----+
                         pfctr
             +----+
                    pfrtr
                       pfarg
      equ fargs+1
                                         length of pfblk in bytes
pflen
      equ pflen+1
                                         pointer to vrblk for function name
pfvbl
pfnlo
      equ pfvbl+1
                                         number of locals
pfcod
      equ pfnlo+1
                                         ptr to vrblk for entry label
pfctr
     equ pfcod+1
                                         trblk ptr if call traced else 0
pfrtr equ pfctr+1
                                         trblk ptr if return traced else 0
pfarg equ pfrtr+1
                                         vrblk ptrs for arguments and locals
                                         offset behind pfarg for arg, local
pfagb
     equ pfarg-1
pfsi$ equ pfarg
                                         number of standard fields in pfblk
         the fcode field points to the routine b$pfc.
         pfarg is stored in the following order.
             arguments (left to right)
             locals (left to right)
```

if .cnra else

```
string constant block (scblk)
          an scblk is built for every string referenced or created
          by a program.
                     scget
                     sclen
                               schar
                                                 ptr to routine b$scl to load string
       equ 0
scget
sclen equ scget+1
                                                 length of string in characters
                                                 characters of string
       equ sclen+1
schar
                                                 size of standard fields in scblk
scsi$ equ schar
          the characters of the string are stored left justified.
          the final word is padded on the right with zeros.
          (i.e. the character whose internal code is zero).
          the value of sclen may not exceed mxlen. this ensures
          that character offsets (e.g. the pattern match cursor)
          can be correctly processed by the garbage collector.
          note that the offset to the characters of the string
          is given in bytes by cfp$f and that this value is
          automatically allowed for in plc, psc.
          note that for a spitbol scblk, the value of cfp$f
```

is given by cfp\$b*schar.

```
* simple expression block (seblk)

* an seblk is used to represent an expression of the form

* *(natural variable). all other expressions are exblks.

* +-----+

* i setyp i

* +-----+

* i sevar i

* +-----+

* setyp equ 0 ptr to routine b$sel to load expr sevar equ setyp+1 ptr to vrblk for variable sesi$ equ sevar+1 length of seblk in words
```

standard variable block (svblk)

51

an svblk is assembled in the constant section for each variable which satisfies one of the following conditions.

*

- 1) it is the name of a system function
- 2) it has an initial value
- 3) it has a keyword association
- 4) it has a standard i/o association
- 6) it has a standard label association

*

if vrblks are constructed for any of these variables, then the vrsvp field points to the svblk (see vrblk)

*

1		
i	svbit	i
+		+
i	svlen	i
+		+
/	svchs	/
+		+
i	svknm	i
+		+
i	svfnc	i
+		+
i	svnar	i
+		+
i	svlbl	i
+		+
i	svval	i
+		

```
standard variable block (continued)
       equ 0
                                                     bit string indicating attributes
svbit
svlen
       equ 1
                                                     (=sclen) length of name in chars
       equ 2
                                                     (=schar) characters of name
svchs
       equ 2
                                                     number of standard fields in syblk
svsi$
svpre
       equ 1
                                                     set if preevaluation permitted
                                                     set on if fast call permitted
svffc
       equ svpre+svpre
       equ svffc+svffc
                                                     set on if keyword value constant
svckw
svprd equ svckw+svckw
                                                     set on if predicate function
                                                     number of bits to right of svknm
svnbt
       equ 4
svknm equ svprd+svprd
                                                     set on if keyword association
svfnc equ svknm+svknm
                                                     set on if system function
                                                     set on if system function
svnar
       equ svfnc+svfnc
svlbl equ svnar+svnar
                                                     set on if system label
svval equ svlbl+svlbl
                                                     set on if predefined value
           note that the last five bits correspond in order
           to the fields which are present (see procedure gtnvr).
           the following definitions are used in the svblk table
svfnf
       equ svfnc+svnar
                                                     function with no fast call
                                                     function with fast call, no preeval
       equ svfnf+svffc
svfnn
svfnp
       equ svfnn+svpre
                                                     function allowing preevaluation
                                                     predicate function
svfpr
       equ svfnn+svprd
svfnk
       equ svfnn+svknm
                                                     no preeval func + keyword
svkwv
       equ svknm+svval
                                                     keyword + value
svkwc equ svckw+svknm
                                                     keyword with constant value
svkvc equ svkwv+svckw
                                                     constant keyword + value
                                                     constant keyword + value + label
svkvl
       equ svkvc+svlbl
svfpk equ svfnp+svkvc
                                                     preeval fcn + const keywd + val
           the svpre bit allows the compiler to preevaluate a call
           to the associated system function if all the arguments
           are themselves constants. functions in this category
           must have no side effects and must never cause failure.
           the call may generate an error condition.
           the svffc bit allows the compiler to generate the special
           fast call after adjusting the number of arguments. only
           the item and apply functions fall outside this category.
           the svckw bit is set if the associated keyword value is
           a constant, thus allowing preevaluation for a value call.
           the svprd bit is set on for all predicate functions to
```

enable the special concatenation code optimization.

:

svblk (continued)

svknm

keyword number

svknm is present only for a standard keyword assoc. it contains a keyword number as defined by the keyword number table given later on.

*

svfnc

system function pointer

svfnc is present only for a system function assoc. it is a pointer to the actual code for the system function. the generated code for a fast call is a pointer to the svfnc field of the svblk for the function. the vrfnc field of the vrblk points to this same field, in which case, it serves as the fcode field for the function call.

*

svnar

number of function arguments

svnar is present only for a system function assoc. it is the number of arguments required for a call to the system function. the compiler uses this value to adjust the number of arguments in a fast call and in the case of a function called through the vrfnc field of the vrblk, the svnar field serves as the fargs field for o\$fnc. a special case occurs if this value is set to 999. this is used to indicate that the function has a variable number of arguments and causes o\$fnc to pass control without adjusting the argument count. the only predefined functions using this are apply and item.

*

svlbl

system label pointer

svlbl is present only for a standard label assoc. it is a pointer to a system label routine (1\$xxx). the vrlbl field of the corresponding vrblk points to the svlbl field of the svblk.

*

svval

system value pointer

svval is present only for a standard value. it is a pointer to the pattern node (ndxxx) which is the standard initial value of the variable. this value is copied to the vrval field of the vrblk

```
svblk (continued)
            keyword number table
            the following table gives symbolic names for keyword
            numbers, these values are stored in the syknm field of
            svblks and in the kvnum field of kvblks. see also
            procedures asign, acess and kwnam.
            unprotected keywords with one word integer values
k$abe
        equ 0
                                                      abend
        equ k$abe+cfp$b
                                                      anchor
k$anc
if .culc
k$cas
        equ k$anc+cfp$b
                                                      case
k$cod
        equ k$cas+cfp$b
                                                      code
else
k$cod
                                                      code
        equ k$anc+cfp$b
fi
if.\mathbf{ccmk}
k$com
        equ k$cod+cfp$b
                                                      compare
k$dmp
        equ k$com+cfp$b
                                                      dump
else
k$dmp
        equ k$cod+cfp$b
                                                      dump
fi
k$erl
        equ k$dmp+cfp$b
                                                      \operatorname{errlimit}
        equ k$erl+cfp$b
k$ert
                                                      errtype
k$ftr
        equ k$ert+cfp$b
                                                      ftrace
k$fls
        equ k$ftr+cfp$b
                                                      fullscan
        equ k$fls+cfp$b
k$inp
                                                      input
k$mxl
        equ k$inp+cfp$b
                                                      maxlength
k$oup
        equ k$mxl+cfp$b
                                                      output
if .cnpf
k$tra
        equ k$oup+cfp$b
                                                      trace
else
k$pfl
        equ k$oup+cfp$b
                                                      profile
k$tra
        equ k$pfl+cfp$b
                                                      trace
k$trm
                                                      \operatorname{trim}
        equ k$tra+cfp$b
            protected keywords with one word integer values
k$fnc
        equ k$trm+cfp$b
                                                      fnclevel
k$1st
                                                      lastno
        equ k$fnc+cfp$b
if.csln
k$11n
        equ k$lst+cfp$b
                                                      lastline
k$lin
        equ k$lln+cfp$b
                                                      line
k$stn
        equ k$lin+cfp$b
                                                      stno
```

```
else
k$stn equ k$lst+cfp$b
                                                      stno
fi
           keywords with constant pattern values
                                                      abort
k$abo
        equ k$stn+cfp$b
k$arb
        equ kabo+pasi
                                                      arb
                                                      bal
k$bal equ k$arb+pasi$
                                                      fail
k$fal equ k$bal+pasi$
                                                      fence
\verb"k$fen equ k$fal+pasi"" \\
\verb"k$rem equ k$fen+pasi$"
                                                      \operatorname{rem}
ksuc equ krem+pasi
                                                      succeed
```

```
keyword number table (continued)
            special keywords
k$alp
        equ k$suc+1
                                                       alphabet
k$rtn
        equ k$alp+1
                                                       rtntype
k$stc
        equ k$rtn+1
                                                       stcount
k$etx
        equ k$stc+1
                                                       errtext
if.\mathbf{csfn}
k$fil
        equ k$etx+1
                                                       file
                                                       lastfile
k$lfl
        equ k$fil+1
k$stl
        equ k$lfl+1
                                                       stlimit
else
k$stl
                                                       stlimit
        equ k$etx+1
fi
if .culk
k$1cs
        equ k$stl+1
                                                       lcase
k$ucs
                                                       ucase
        equ k$lcs+1
fi
            relative offsets of special keywords
k$$al
        equ k$alp-k$alp
                                                       alphabet
k$$rt
        equ k$rtn-k$alp
                                                       rtntype
k$$sc
        equ k$stc-k$alp
                                                       stcount
k$$et
        equ ketx-kalp
                                                       errtext
if.\mathbf{csfn}
k$$f1
        equ k$fil-k$alp
                                                       file
k$$1f
                                                       lastfile
        equ k$lfl-k$alp
fi
k$$sl
                                                       stlimit
        equ k$stl-k$alp
if .culk
k$$1c
        equ k$lcs-k$alp
                                                       lcase
k$$uc
        equ k$ucs-k$alp
                                                       ucase
k$$n$
        equ k$$uc+1
                                                       number of special cases
else
k$$n$
                                                       number of special cases
        equ k$$sl+1
fi
            symbols used in asign and acess procedures
k$p$$
        equ k$fnc
                                                       first protected keyword
k$v$$
        equ k$abo
                                                       first keyword with constant value
k$s$$
        equ k$alp
                                                       first keyword with special acess
```

format of a table block (tbblk)

* a table block is used to represent a table value.

* it is built by a call to the table or convert functions.

+------i tbtyp
+------i idval
+-----i tblen
+------

* * * * *

*

tbtyp equ 0
tblen equ offs2
tbinv equ offs3
tbbuk equ tbinv+1
tbsi\$ equ tbbuk

tbnbk equ 11

*

the table block is a hash table which points to chains of table element blocks representing the elements in the table which hash into the same bucket.

pointer to dummy routine b\$tbt

start of hash bucket pointers

size of standard fields in tbblk

length of tbblk in bytes default initial lookup value

default no. of buckets

tbbuk

*

tbbuk entries either point to the first teblk on the chain or they point to the tbblk itself to indicate the end of the chain.

```
table element block (teblk)
           a table element is used to represent a single entry in
           a table (see description of tbblk format for hash table)
                                tetyp
                                tesub
                                 teval
                                tenxt
                                                    pointer to dummy routine b$tet
       equ 0
tetyp
       equ tetyp+1
                                                    subscript value
tesub
       {
m equ} tesub+1
                                                    (=vrval) table element value
teval
tenxt
      equ teval+1
                                                    link to next teblk
           see s$cnv where relation is assumed with tenxt and tbbuk
tesi$ equ tenxt+1
                                                   size of teblk in words
           tenxt points to the next teblk on the hash chain from the
           tbbuk chain for this hash index. at the end of the chain,
           tenxt points back to the start of the tbblk.
           teval contains a data pointer or a trblk pointer.
           tesub contains a data pointer.
```

```
trap block (trblk)
         a trap block is used to represent a trace or input or
          output association in response to a call to the trace
          input or output system functions. see below for details
              +----+
                            tridn
              +----+
                            trtyp
              +----+
              i trval or trlbl or trnxt or trkvr i
              +----+
                  trtag or trter or trtrf i
              +----+
                         trfnc or trfpt
tridn equ 0
                                             pointer to dummy routine b$trt
trtyp
      equ tridn+1
                                             trap type code
                                             value of trapped variable (=vrval)
trval equ trtyp+1
                                             ptr to next trblk on trblk chain
trnxt
      equ trval
trlbl equ trval
                                             ptr to actual label (traced label)
trkvr equ trval
                                             vrblk pointer for keyword trace
trtag equ trval+1
                                             trace tag
                                             ptr to terminal vrblk or null
trter
      equ trtag
                                             ptr to trblk holding fcblk ptr
trtrf equ trtag
                                             trace function vrblk (zero if none)
trfnc equ trtag+1
trfpt
      equ trfnc
                                             fcblk ptr for sysio
trsi$
      equ trfnc+1
                                             number of words in trblk
trtin equ 0
                                             trace type for input association
trtac equ trtin+1
                                             trace type for access trace
                                             trace type for value trace
trtvl equ trtac+1
trtou equ trtvl+1
                                             trace type for output association
```

trtfc equ trtou+1

trace type for fcblk identification

trap block (continued)

*

variable input association

*

the value field of the variable points to a trblk instead of containing the data value. in the case of a natural variable, the vrget and vrsto fields contain =b\$vra and =b\$vrv to activate the check.

k

trtyp is set to trtin
trnxt points to next trblk or trval has variable val
trter is a pointer to svblk if association is
for input, terminal, else it is null.
trtrf points to the trap block which in turn points
to an fcblk used for i/o association.
trfpt is the fcblk ptr returned by sysio.

*

variable access trace association

*

the value field of the variable points to a trblk instead of containing the data value. in the case of a natural variable, the vrget and vrsto fields contain =b\$vra and =b\$vry to activate the check.

*

trtyp is set to trtac
trnxt points to next trblk or trval has variable val
trtag is the trace tag (0 if none)
trfnc is the trace function vrblk ptr (0 if none)

*

variable value trace association

*

the value field of the variable points to a trblk instead of containing the data value. in the case of a natural variable, the vrget and vrsto fields contain =b\$vra and =b\$vrv to activate the check.

*

trtyp is set to trtvl
trnxt points to next trblk or trval has variable val
trtag is the trace tag (0 if none)
trfnc is the trace function vrblk ptr (0 if none)

*

trap block (continued) variable output association the value field of the variable points to a trblk instead of containing the data value. in the case of a natural variable, the vrget and vrsto fields contain =b\$vra and =b\$vrv to activate the check. trtyp is set to trtou trnxt points to next trblk or trval has variable val trter is a pointer to svblk if association is for output, terminal, else it is null. trtrf points to the trap block which in turn points to an fcblk used for i/o association. trfpt is the fcblk ptr returned by sysio. function call trace the pfctr field of the corresponding pfblk is set to point to a trblk. trtyp is set to trtin trnxt is zero trtag is the trace tag (0 if none) trfnc is the trace function vrblk ptr (0 if none) function return trace the pfrtr field of the corresponding pfblk is set to point to a trblk trtyp is set to trtin trnxt is zero trtag is the trace tag (0 if none) trfnc is the trace function vrblk ptr (0 if none) label trace the vrlbl of the vrblk for the label is changed to point to a trblk and the vrtra field is set to b\$vrt to activate the check. trtyp is set to trtin trlbl points to the actual label (cdblk) value trtag is the trace tag (0 if none) trfnc is the trace function vrblk ptr (0 if none)

k

trap block (continued)

keyword trace

keywords which can be traced possess a unique location which is zero if there is no trace and points to a trblk if there is a trace. the locations

are as follows.

*

r\$ert errtype
r\$fnc fnclevel
r\$stc stcount

*

the format of the trblk is as follows.

*

trtyp is set to trtin
trkvr is a pointer to the vrblk for the keyword
trtag is the trace tag (0 if none)
trfnc is the trace function vrblk ptr (0 if none)

*

input/output file arg1 trap block

*

the value field of the variable points to a trblk instead of containing the data value. in the case of a natural variable, the vrget and vrsto fields contain =b\$vra and =b\$vrv. this trap block is used to hold a pointer to the fcblk which an implementation may request to hold information about a file.

*

trtyp is set to trtfc
trnext points to next trblk or trval is variable val
trfnm is 0
trfpt is the fcblk pointer.

*

note that when multiple traps are set on a variable the order is in ascending value of trtyp field.

*

input association (if present)
access trace (if present)
value trace (if present)
output association (if present)

*

the actual value of the variable is stored in the trval field of the last trblk on the chain.

*

this implementation does not permit trace or i/o associations to any of the pseudo-variables.

211

```
*
```

vector block (vcblk)

* * *

a vcblk is used to represent an array value which has one dimension whose lower bound is one. all other arrays are represented by arblks. a vcblk is created by the system function array (s\$arr) when passed an integer arg.

*

+		-+
i	vctyp	i
+		-+
i	idval	i
+		-+
i	vclen	i
+		-+
i	vcvls	i
+		-+

*

```
vctyp equ 0
vclen equ offs2
vcvls equ offs3
vcsi$ equ vcvls
vcvlb equ vcvls-1
vctbd equ tbsi$-vcsi$
```

pointer to dummy routine b\$vct length of vcblk in bytes start of vector values size of standard fields in vcblk

offset one word behind vcvls difference in sizes - see prtvl

*

vcvls are either data pointers or trblk pointers

the dimension can be deduced from vclen.

variable block (vrblk)

a variable block is built in the static memory area for every variable referenced or created by a program. the order of fields is assumed in the model vrblk stnvr.

note that since these blocks only occur in the static region, it is permissible to point to any word in the block and this is used to provide three distinct access points from the generated code as follows.

1) point to vrget (first word of vrblk) to load the value of the variable onto the main stack.

- 2) point to vrsto (second word of vrblk) to store the top stack element as the value of the variable.
- 3) point to vrtra (fourth word of vrblk) to jump to the label associated with the variable name.

vrget vrval vrlbl vrfnc vrnxt vrlen vrchs = vrsvp +----+

```
*
           variable block (continued)
       equ 0
                                                    pointer to routine to load value
vrget
vrsto
       equ vrget+1
                                                    pointer to routine to store value
                                                    variable value
vrval
       equ vrsto+1
                                                    offset to value from store field
       equ vrval-vrsto
vrvlo
vrtra
       equ vrval+1
                                                    pointer to routine to jump to label
                                                    pointer to code for label
vrlbl
       equ vrtra+1
vrlbo equ vrlbl-vrtra
                                                    offset to label from transfer field
                                                    pointer to function block
vrfnc
       equ vrlbl+1
                                                    pointer to next vrblk on hash chain
vrnxt
       equ vrfnc+1
vrlen equ vrnxt+1
                                                    length of name (or zero)
vrchs
       equ vrlen+1
                                                    characters of name (vrlen gt 0)
                                                    ptr to svblk (vrlen eq 0)
vrsvp
       equ vrlen+1
       equ vrchs+1
                                                    number of standard fields in vrblk
vrsi$
                                                    offset to dummy scblk for name
vrsof
       equ vrlen-sclen
       equ vrsvp-vrsof
                                                    pseudo-offset to vrsvp field
vrsvo
           vrget = b$vrl if not input associated or access traced
           vrget = b$vra if input associated or access traced
           vrsto = b$vrs if not output associated or value traced
           vrsto = b$vrv if output associated or value traced
           vrsto = b$vre if value is protected pattern value
           vrval points to the appropriate value unless the
           variable is i/o/trace associated in which case, vrval
           points to an appropriate trblk (trap block) chain.
           vrtra = b$vrg if the label is not traced
           vrtra = b$vrt if the label is traced
           vrlbl points to a cdblk if there is a label
           vrlbl points to the svblk svlbl field for a system label
           vrlbl points to stndl for an undefined label
           vrlbl points to a trblk if the label is traced
           vrfnc points to a ffblk for a field function
           vrfnc points to a dfblk for a datatype function
           vrfnc points to a pfblk for a program defined function
           vrfnc points to a efblk for an external loaded function
           vrfnc points to svfnc (svblk) for a system function
           vrfnc points to stndf if the function is undefined
           vrnxt points to the next vrblk on this chain unless
           this is the end of the chain in which case it is zero.
           vrlen is the name length for a non-system variable.
           vrlen is zero for a system variable.
           vrchs is the name (ljrz) if vrlen is non-zero.
           vrsvp is a ptr to the svblk if vrlen is zero.
```

format of a non-relocatable external block (xnblk)

an xnblk is a block representing an unknown (external) data value. the block contains no pointers to other relocatable blocks. an xnblk is used by external function processing or possibly for system i/o routines etc. the macro-system itself does not use xnblks. this type of block may be used as a file control block. see sysfc, sysin, sysou, s\$inp, s\$oup for details.

+		-+
i	xntyp	i
+		-+
i	xnlen	i
+		-+
/		/
/	xndta	/
/		/
+		-+

```
xntyp
      equ 0
xnlen
      equ xntyp+1
xndta equ xnlen+1
```

xnsi\$ equ xndta

pointer to dummy routine b\$xnt length of xnblk in bytes data words

size of standard fields in xnblk

note that the term non-relocatable refers to the contents and not the block itself. an xnblk can be moved around if it is built in the dynamic memory area.

relocatable external block (xrblk)

an xrblk is a block representing an unknown (external) data value. the data area in this block consists only of address values and any addresses pointing into the dynamic memory area must point to the start of other data blocks. see also description of xnblk. this type of block may be used as a file control block. see sysfc,sysin,sysou,s\$inp,s\$oup for details.

*

+		+
i	xrtyp	i
+		+
i	xrlen	i
+		+
/		/
/	xrptr	/
/		/
+		+

*

xrtyp equ 0
xrlen equ xrtyp+1
xrptr equ xrlen+1
xrsi\$ equ xrptr

pointer to dummy routine b\$xrt length of xrblk in bytes start of address pointers size of standard fields in xrblk

```
s$cnv (convert) function switch constants. the values
           are tied to the order of the entries in the svctb table
           and hence to the branch table in s$cnv.
cnvst
       equ 8
                                                      max standard type code for convert
if .cnra
cnvrt
       equ cnvst
                                                      no reals - same as standard types
else
                                                      convert code for reals
cnvrt
       equ cnvst+1
fi
if.cnbf
                                                      no buffers - same as real code
cnvbt
       equ cnvrt
else
                                                      convert code for buffer
cnvbt
       equ cnvrt+1
fi
                                                      bsw code for convert
cnvtt
       equ cnvbt+1
           input image length
iniln
       equ 1024
                                                      default image length for compiler
                                                      image length if -sequ in effect
inils
       equ 1024
                                                      name base used for iochn in sysio
ionmb
       equ 2
       equ 4
                                                      name offset used for iochn in sysio
ionmo
           minimum value for keyword maxlngth
           should be larger than iniln
                                                      min value allowed keyword maxlngth
       equ 1024
mnlen
mxern
       equ 329
                                                      err num inadequate startup memory
           in general, meaningful mnemonics should be used for
           offsets. however for small integers used often in
           literals the following general definitions are provided.
num01
       equ 329
num02
       equ 329
num03
       equ 329
num04
       equ 329
num05
       equ 329
num06
       equ 329
num07
       equ 329
num08
       equ 329
num09
       equ 329
num10
       equ 329
nm320
       equ 329
nm321
       equ 329
nini8
       equ 329
```

nini9 equ 329 thsnd equ 329

```
numbers of undefined spitbol operators
opbun
        equ 5
                                                       no. of binary undefined ops
        equ 6
                                                       no of unary undefined ops
opuun
            offsets used in prtsn, prtmi and acess
prsnf
        equ 13
                                                       offset used in prtsn
prtmf
        equ 21
                                                       offset to col 21 (prtmi)
        equ 1024
                                                       buffer length for sysri
rilen
            codes for stages of processing
stgic
        equ 0
                                                       initial compile
                                                       execution compile (code)
stgxc
        equ stgic+1
stgev
        equ stgxc+1
                                                       expression eval during execution
        equ stgev+1
                                                       execution time
stgxt
stgce
        equ stgxt+1
                                                       initial compile after end line
                                                       exec. compile after end line
stgxe
        equ stgce+1
                                                       difference in stage after end
stgnd
        equ stgce-stgic
                                                       eval evaluating expression
stgee
        equ stgxe+1
                                                       number of codes
stgno
        equ stgee+1
```

```
statement number pad count for listr
if.csn6
stnpd equ 6
                                                     statement no. pad count
fi
if.csn8
stnpd
      equ 8
                                                     statement no. pad count
fi
if.csn5
stnpd
       equ 5
                                                     statement no. pad count
fi
           syntax type codes
           these codes are returned from the scane procedure.
           they are spaced 3 apart for the benefit of expan.
t$uop
       equ 0
                                                     unary operator
t$1pr
       equ t$uop+3
                                                     left paren
t$1br
       equ t$1pr+3
                                                     left bracket
t$cma
       equ t$1br+3
                                                     comma
t$fnc
                                                     function call
       equ t$cma+3
t$var
       equ t$fnc+3
                                                     variable
t$con
       equ t$var+3
                                                     constant
t$bop
       equ t$con+3
                                                     binary operator
                                                     right paren
t$rpr
       equ t$bop+3
t$rbr
                                                     right bracket
       equ t$rpr+3
t$col
       equ t$rbr+3
                                                     colon
t$smc
       equ t$col+3
                                                     semi-colon
    *
           the following definitions are used only in the goto field
t$fgo
       equ t$smc+1
                                                     failure goto
t$sgo
       equ t$fgo+1
                                                     success goto
           the above codes are grouped so that codes for elements
           which can legitimately immediately precede a unary
           operator come first to facilitate operator syntax check.
```

last code ok before unary operator

t\$uok

equ t\$fnc

```
definitions of values for expan jump table
t$uo0
        equ t$uop+0
                                                        unary operator, state zero
t$uo1
        equ t$uop+1
                                                        unary operator, state one
t$uo2
        equ t$uop+2
                                                        unary operator, state two
t$1p0
        equ t$lpr+0
                                                        left paren, state zero
t$lp1
        equ t$lpr+1
                                                        left paren, state one
        equ t$lpr+2
                                                        left paren, state two
t$1p2
t$1b0
        equ t$1br+0
                                                        left bracket, state zero
t$lb1
                                                        left bracket, state one
        equ t$lbr+1
t$1b2
        equ t$1br+2
                                                        left bracket, state two
t$cm0
        equ t$cma+0
                                                        comma, state zero
t$cm1
        equ t$cma+1
                                                        comma, state one
t$cm2
        equ t$cma+2
                                                        comma, state two
t$fn0
        equ t$fnc+0
                                                        function call, state zero
t$fn1
        equ t$fnc+1
                                                        function call, state one
t$fn2
        equ t$fnc+2
                                                        function call, state two
t$va0
        equ t$var+0
                                                        variable, state zero
t$va1
        equ t$var+1
                                                        variable, state one
t$va2
        equ t$var+2
                                                        variable, state two
t$co0
        equ t$con+0
                                                        constant, state zero
t$co1
        equ t$con+1
                                                        constant, state one
t$co2
        equ t$con+2
                                                        constant, state two
t$bo0
        equ t$bop+0
                                                        binary operator, state zero
t$bo1
        equ t$bop+1
                                                        binary operator, state one
t$bo2
        equ t$bop+2
                                                        binary operator, state two
t$rp0
        equ t$rpr+0
                                                        right paren, state zero
t$rp1
        equ t$rpr+1
                                                        right paren, state one
t$rp2
        equ t$rpr+2
                                                        right paren, state two
t$rb0
        equ t$rbr+0
                                                        right bracket, state zero
t$rb1
        equ t$rbr+1
                                                        right bracket, state one
t$rb2
        equ t$rbr+2
                                                        right bracket, state two
t$c10
        equ t$col+0
                                                        colon, state zero
        equ t$col+1
                                                        colon, state one
t$cl1
t$c12
        equ t$col+2
                                                        colon, state two
t$sm0
        equ t$smc+0
                                                        semicolon, state zero
t$sm1
                                                        semicolon, state one
        equ t$smc+1
t$sm2
        equ t$smc+2
                                                        semicolon, state two
```

t\$nes

equ t\$sm2+1

number of entries in branch table

definition of offsets used in control card processing if .culc cc\$ca equ 0 -case cc\$do equ cc\$ca+1 -double elseequ 0 -double cc\$do fiif.ccmkcc\$co equ cc\$do+1 -compare cc\$du equ cc\$co+1 $\operatorname{-dump}$ elsecc\$du equ cc\$do+1 $-\mathrm{dump}$ fi if.cinccc\$cp equ cc\$du+1 -copy cc\$ej equ cc\$cp+1 -eject elseequ cc\$du+1 cc\$ej -eject fi cc\$er equ cc\$ej+1 -errors cc\$ex equ cc\$er+1 -execute cc\$fa equ cc\$ex+1 -fail $if.\mathbf{cinc}$ cc\$in equ cc\$fa+1 -include if.csln-line cc\$ln equ cc\$in+1cc\$li equ cc\$ln+1 -list elsecc\$li equ cc\$in+1 -list fi elseif.cslncc\$ln equ cc\$fa+1 -line cc\$li equ cc\$ln+1 -list elsecc\$li equ cc\$fa+1 -list fi fi cc\$nr equ cc\$1i+1-noerrors cc\$nx equ cc\$nr+1 -noexecute cc\$nf -nofail equ cc\$nx+1

-nolist

-noopt

 $\begin{array}{l} \text{-noprint} \\ \text{-optimise} \end{array}$

cc\$nl equ cc\$nf+1

equ cc\$nl+1

equ cc\$no+1

equ cc\$np+1

cc\$no

cc\$np

cc\$op

```
cc$pr
        equ cc$op+1
                                                            \operatorname{-print}
cc$si
                                                            -single
        equ cc$pr+1
cc$sp
        equ cc$si+1
                                                            -space
cc$st
        equ cc$sp+1
                                                            -stitl
cc$ti
        equ cc$st+1
                                                            -title
cc$tr
        equ cc$ti+1
                                                            -trace
                                                            number of control cards
cc$nc
        equ cc$tr+1
                                                            no. of chars included in match
ccnoc
        equ 4
ccofs
        equ 7
                                                            offset to start of title/subtitle
if.\mathbf{cinc}
        equ 9
                                                            max depth of include file nesting
ccinm
fi
```

```
definitions of stack offsets used in cmpil procedure
            see description at start of cmpil procedure for details
            of use of these locations on the stack.
        equ 0
                                                           tree for statement body
{\tt cmstm}
        equ cmstm+1
                                                           tree for success goto
cmsgo
cmfgo
        equ cmsgo+1
                                                           tree for fail goto
cmcgo
        equ cmfgo+1
                                                           conditional goto flag
cmpcd
        equ cmcgo+1
                                                           previous cdblk pointer
                                                           failure fill in flag for previous
cmffp
        equ cmpcd+1
                                                           failure fill in flag for current
cmffc
        equ cmffp+1
                                                           success fill in offset for previous
cmsop
        equ cmffc+1
                                                           success fill in offset for current
        equ cmsop+1
{\tt cmsoc}
        equ cmsoc+1
                                                           ptr to vrblk for current label
cmlbl
        equ cmlbl+1
                                                           ptr to entry cdblk
{\tt cmtra}
cmnen
        equ cmtra+1
                                                           count of stack entries for cmpil
if.cnpf
else
            a few constants used by the profiler
pfpd1
        equ 8
                                                           pad positions ...
pfpd2
        equ 20
                                                           ... for profile ...
pfpd3
        equ 32
                                                           ... printout
                                                           size of table entry (2 ints)
pf$i2
        equ cfp$i+cfp$i
fi
if.\mathbf{crel}
```

*

definition of limits and adjustments that are built by relcr for use by the routines that relocate pointers after a save file is reloaded. see reloc etc. for usage.

*

a block of information is built that is used in relocating pointers. there are rnsi\$ instances of a rssi\$ word structure. each instance corresponds to one of the regions that a pointer might point into.

*

each structure takes the form:

*

```
i address past end of section i
+-----+
i adjustment from old to new adrs i
+-----+
i address of start of section i
```

*

the instances are ordered thusly:

*

*

symbolic names for these locations as offsets from the first entry are provided here.

*

definitions within a section

*

```
rlendequ0endrladjequrlend+1adjustmentrlstrequrladj+1startrssi$equrlstr+1size of sectionrnsi$equ5number of structures
```

*

overall definitions of all structures

*

```
rldye equ 0 dynamic region end
rldya equ rldye+1 dynamic region adjustment
rldys equ rldya+1 dynamic region start
rlste equ rldys+1 static region end
rlsta equ rlste+1 static region adjustment
rlsts equ rlsta+1 static region start
```

```
rlwke
       equ rlsts+1
rlwka
       equ rlwke+1
rlwks
       equ rlwka+1
rlcne
       equ rlwks+1
rlcna
       equ rlcne+1
rlcns
       equ rlcna+1
rlcde
       equ rlcns+1
rlcda
       equ rlcde+1
rlcds
       equ rlcda+1
rlsi$
       equ rlcds+1
fi
```

working section globals end working section globals adjustment working section globals start constants section end constants section adjustment constants section start code section end code section adjustment code section start number of fields in structure

*

spitbol -constant section

```
this section consists entirely of assembled constants.
            all label names are five letters. the order is
            approximately alphabetical, but in some cases (always
            documented), constants must be placed in some special
            order which must not be disturbed.
            it must also be remembered that there is a requirement
            for no forward references which also disturbs the
            alphabetical order in some cases.
                                                        start of constant section
        \mathbf{sec}
            start of constant section
c$aaa
        dac 0
                                                        first location of constant section
    *
            free store percentage (used by alloc)
                                                        free store percentage
        dac e$fsp
alfsp
            bit constants for general use
bits0
        dbc 0
                                                        all zero bits
        dbc 1
bits1
                                                        one bit in low order position
       dbc 2
bits2
                                                        bit in position 2
       dbc 4
                                                        bit in position 3
bits3
bits4
       dbc 8
                                                        bit in position 4
       dbc 16
bits5
                                                        bit in position 5
bits6
       dbc 32
                                                        bit in position 6
bits7
        dbc 64
                                                        bit in position 7
        dbc 128
                                                        bit in position 8
bits8
       dbc 256
bits9
                                                        bit in position 9
       dbc 512
bit10
                                                        bit in position 10
bit11
        dbc 1024
                                                        bit in position 11
        dbc 2048
                                                        bit in position 12
bit12
bitsm
        dbc cfp$m
                                                        mask for max integer
            bit constants for svblk (svbit field) tests
        {
m dbc} svfnc
btfnc
                                                        bit to test for function
        {
m dbc} svknm
                                                        bit to test for keyword number
btknm
btlbl
       dbc sylbl
                                                        bit to test for label
btffc
        dbc svffc
                                                        bit to test for fast call
btckw
        dbc svckw
                                                        bit to test for constant keyword
        {
m dbc} svkwv
                                                        bits to test for keword with value
btkwv
```

btprd dbc svprd btpre dbc svpre btval dbc svval bit to test for predicate function bit to test for preevaluation bit to test for value

```
list of names used for control card processing
if .culc
         {
m dtc} svval
ccnms
         dtc svval
else
ccnms
         dtc svval
fi
if .ccmk
         {
m dtc} svval
fi
         {
m dtc} svval
if .cinc
         {
m dtc} svval
fi
         {
m dtc} svval
         dtc svval
         {
m dtc} svval
         {
m dtc} svval
if.\mathbf{cinc}
         {
m dtc} svval
fi
if.csln
         dtc svval
fi
         {
m dtc} svval
         {
m dtc} svval
         dtc svval
         {
m dtc} svval
         dtc svval
         {
m dtc} svval
         {
m dtc} svval
         {
m dtc} svval
         {
m dtc} svval
         dtc svval
             header messages for dumpr procedure (scblk format)
dmhdk
         dac b$scl
                                                               dump of keyword values
         dac b$scl
                                                               dump of keyword values
         \mathrm{dtc} /dump of keyword
                                                               values/
```

 ${\tt dmhdv} \quad {\tt dac} \quad {\tt b\$scl}$

 ${\operatorname{dac}}$ b\$scl

 ${
m dtc}$ /dump of natural

dump of natural variables dump of natural variables

variables/

```
message text for compilation statistics
         {
m dac} /dump of natural
encm1
if .cbyt
         \operatorname{dac} /dump of natural
         \mathrm{dtc} /dump of natural
         \operatorname{dac} /dump of natural
encm2
         dac /dump of natural
         {
m dtc} /dump of natural
else
         \operatorname{dac} /dump of natural
         \mathrm{dtc} /dump of natural
         \operatorname{dac} /dump of natural
encm2
         \operatorname{dac} /dump of natural
         \mathrm{dtc} /dump of natural
fi
encm3
         dac /dump of natural
         \operatorname{dac} /dump of natural
         {
m dtc} /dump of natural
encm4
         \operatorname{dac} /dump of natural
if.ctmd
         \operatorname{dac} /dump of natural
         {
m dtc} /dump of natural
else
         {
m dac} /dump of natural
         {
m dtc} /dump of natural
fi
encm5
         dac b$scl
                                                                  execution suppressed
         {
m dac} b$scl
                                                                  execution suppressed
         {
m dtc} b$scl
                                                                  execution suppressed
              string constant for abnormal end
endab
         dac b$scl
         {
m dac} b$scl
         dtc b$scl
```

```
memory overflow during initialisation
{\tt endmo}
        dac b$scl
        dac b$scl
endml
        dtc b$scl
            string constant for message issued by 1$end
        dac b$scl
endms
        dac b$scl
        dtc b$scl
            fail message for stack fail section
endso
        dac b$scl
                                                          stack overflow in garbage collector
        dac b$scl
                                                          stack overflow in garbage collector
        \mathrm{dtc} /stack overflow in
                                                          garbage collection/
            string constant for time up
        \operatorname{dac} /stack overflow inin
endtu
        \operatorname{dac} /stack overflow ininin
        {
m dtc} /stack overflow inininin
```

```
string constant for error message (error section)
ermms
        dac b$scl
                                                       error
        dac b$scl
                                                       error
        dtc b$scl
                                                       error
        dac b$scl
                                                       string / - /
ermns
        dac b$scl
                                                       string / - /
                                                       string / - /
        dtc b$scl
            string constant for page numbering
lstms
        dac b$scl
                                                       page
        dac b$scl
                                                       page
        {
m dtc} b$scl
                                                       page
            listing header message
headr
        dac b$scl
        dac b$scl
        {
m dtc} /macro spitbol version
                                                       3.7/
        dac b$scl
                                                       for exit() version no. check
headv
        dac b$scl
                                                       for exit() version no. check
                                                       for exit() version no. check
        dtc b$scl
if.\mathbf{csed}
            free store percentage (used by gbcol)
gbsdp
        {
m dac} e$sed
                                                       sediment percentage
fi
            integer constants for general use
            icbld optimisation uses the first three.
int$r dac e$sed
        dic +0
                                                       0
intv0
                                                       0
inton dac +0
intv1
      dic +1
                                                       1
inttw dac +1
                                                       1
intv2 dic +2
intvt dic +10
                                                       10
intvh \operatorname{\mathbf{dic}} +100
                                                       100
        dic +1000
intth
                                                       1000
            table used in icbld optimisation
        dac int$r
                                                       pointer to 0
intab
```

dacintonpointer to 1dacinttwpointer to 2

```
special pattern nodes. the following pattern nodes
           consist simply of a pcode pointer, see match routines
           (p$xxx) for full details of their use and format).
       dac p$abb
                                                     arbno
ndabb
                                                     arbno
ndabd
       dac p$abd
                                                     arb
ndarc
       dac p$arc
ndexb
       dac p$exb
                                                     expression
ndfnb
       dac p$fnb
                                                     fence()
ndfnd
                                                     fence()
       dac p$fnd
ndexc
       dac p$exc
                                                     expression
ndimb
       dac p$imb
                                                     immediate assignment
ndimd
                                                     immediate assignment
       dac p$imd
ndnth
       dac p$nth
                                                     pattern end (null pattern)
ndpab
       dac p$pab
                                                     pattern assignment
ndpad
       dac p$pad
                                                     pattern assignment
nduna
                                                     anchor point movement
       dac p$una
           keyword constant pattern nodes. the following nodes are
           used as the values of pattern keywords and the initial
           values of the corresponding natural variables. all
           nodes are in pOblk format and the order is tied to the
           definitions of corresponding k$xxx symbols.
ndabo
       dac p$abo
                                                     abort
                                                     abort
       dac p$abo
                                                     \operatorname{arb}
ndarb
       dac p$arb
       dac p$arb
                                                     arb
ndbal
       dac p$bal
                                                     bal
       dac p$bal
                                                     bal
                                                     fail
ndfal
       dac p$fal
                                                     fail
       dac p$fal
ndfen
                                                     fence
       dac p$fen
       dac p$fen
                                                     fence
ndrem
       dac p$rem
                                                     rem
       dac p$rem
                                                     rem
ndsuc
       dac p$suc
                                                     succeed
       dac p$suc
                                                     succeed
           null string. all null values point to this string. the
           svchs field contains a blank to provide for easy default
           processing in trace, stoptr, lpad and rpad.
           nullw contains 10 blanks which ensures an all blank word
           but for very exceptional machines.
       dac b$scl
                                                     null string value
nulls
       dac 0
                                                     sclen = 0
nullw
       dtc 0
                                                     sclen = 0
```

if .culk

```
*
    * constant strings for lcase and ucase keywords

*

lcase    dac    0
    dac    0
    dtc    0

*

ucase    dac    0
    dac    0
```

```
operator dope vectors (see dvblk format)
opdvc
        dac o$cnc
                                                        concatenation
        dac o$cnc
                                                        concatenation
        {\tt dac} o$cnc
                                                        concatenation
        dac o$cnc
                                                        concatenation
            opdvs is used when scanning below the top level to
            insure that the concatenation will not be later
            mistaken for pattern matching
        dac o$cnc
opdvp
                                                        concatenation - not pattern match
        dac o$cnc
                                                        concatenation - not pattern match
        dac o$cnc
                                                        concatenation - not pattern match
        dac o$cnc
                                                        concatenation - not pattern match
            note that the order of the remaining entries is tied to
            the order of the coding in the scane procedure.
        {
m dac} o{
m sass}
opdvs
                                                         assignment
        dac o$ass
                                                        assignment
        {
m dac} o{
m sass}
                                                        assignment
        dac o$ass
                                                        assignment
        dac 6
                                                        unary equal
        dac 6
                                                        unary equal
        dac 6
                                                        unary equal
        {
m dac} o$pmv
                                                        pattern match
        {f dac} o$pmv
                                                        pattern match
        dac o$pmv
                                                        pattern match
        dac o$pmv
                                                        pattern match
        dac o$int
                                                        interrogation
        dac o$int
                                                        interrogation
        dac o$int
                                                        interrogation
        dac 1
                                                        binary ampersand
        dac 1
                                                        binary ampersand
        dac 1
                                                        binary ampersand
        dac 1
                                                        binary ampersand
        dac o$kwv
                                                        keyword reference
        dac o$kwv
                                                        keyword reference
        dac o$kwv
                                                        keyword reference
        {\it dac} o{\it salt}
                                                        alternation
        {\it dac} o{\it salt}
                                                        alternation
```

daco\$altalternationdaco\$altalternation

*				
*		operator dope vectors	(continued)	
*				
	\mathbf{dac}	5		unary vertical bar
	\mathbf{dac}	5		unary vertical bar
	\mathbf{dac}	5		unary vertical bar
*				
	dac	0		binary at
	dac	0		binary at
	dac	0		binary at
	dac	0		binary at
*				
	dac	o\$cas		cursor assignment
		o\$cas		cursor assignment
		o\$cas		cursor assignment
ale.		-,		
*		•		1.
	dac	2		binary number sign
	dac dac			binary number sign
		_		binary number sign
	dac	2		binary number sign
*				
	\mathbf{dac}	7		unary number sign
	\mathbf{dac}	7		unary number sign
	dac	7		unary number sign
*				
	dac	o\$dvd		division
	dac	o\$dvd		division
	\mathbf{dac}	o\$dvd		division
	\mathbf{dac}	o\$dvd		division
*				
	dac	9		unary slash
	dac			unary slash
	dac	-		unary slash
*				J
Α.	1	Φ 7.		14: 1: 4:
	dac	•		multiplication
		o\$mlt		multiplication
	dac	o\$mlt		multiplication
	dac	o\$mlt		multiplication

*		operator	dope	vectors	(continued)	
*	dac	0				deferred expression
	dac					deferred expression
	\mathbf{dac}	0				deferred expression
*						
	dac	3				binary percent
	dac					binary percent
	dac					binary percent
	dac					binary percent
*						J P 1
71	daa	0				
	dac dac					unary percent
	dac					unary percent unary percent
	uac	O				unary percent
*	_					
		o\$exp				exponentiation
		o\$exp				exponentiation
		o\$exp				exponentiation
	aac	o\$exp				exponentiation
*						
	\mathbf{dac}	10				unary exclamation
	dac					unary exclamation
	dac	10				unary exclamation
*						
	\mathbf{dac}	o\$ima				immediate assignment
	\mathbf{dac}	o\$ima				immediate assignment
	\mathbf{dac}	o\$ima				immediate assignment
	\mathbf{dac}	o\$ima				immediate assignment
*						
	dac	o\$inv				indirection
		o\$inv				indirection
	\mathbf{dac}	o\$inv				indirection
*						
	dac	Δ				binary not
	dac					binary not
	dac					binary not
	dac					binary not
*						
Τ.	d	0				n a ma ti a
	dac dac					negation
	dac					$egin{array}{l} { m negation} \\ { m negation} \end{array}$
	uac	U				negation

```
operator dope vectors (continued)
        {
m dac} o$sub
                                                            subtraction
                                                            subtraction
        dac o$sub
        dac o$sub
                                                            subtraction
        dac o$sub
                                                            subtraction
        dac o$com
                                                            complementation
        {
m dac} o$com
                                                            complementation
        {
m dac} o$com
                                                            complementation
        dac o$add
                                                            addition
        {
m dac} o$add
                                                            addition
        dac o$add
                                                            addition
        dac o$add
                                                            addition
        {
m dac} o{
m \$aff}
                                                            affirmation
        {
m dac} o{
m \$aff}
                                                            affirmation
        {\it dac} o{\it saff}
                                                            affirmation
        {
m dac} o$pas
                                                            pattern assignment
        {
m dac} o$pas
                                                            pattern assignment
        {
m dac} o$pas
                                                            pattern assignment
                                                            pattern assignment
        {
m dac} o$pas
                                                            name reference
        dac onam
        dac onam
                                                            name reference
        {\tt dac} o$nam
                                                            name reference
             special dvs for goto operators (see procedure scngf)
        {
m dac} o$god
                                                            direct goto
opdvd
        {
m dac} o$god
                                                            direct goto
        {
m dac} o$god
                                                            direct goto
        dac o$goc
                                                            complex normal goto
opdvn
        dac o$goc
                                                            complex normal goto
        dac o$goc
                                                            complex normal goto
```

```
operator entry address pointers, used in code
        dac osamn
                                                        array ref (multi-subs by value)
oamn$
oamv$
        dac osamv
                                                        array ref (multi-subs by value)
        dac o$aon
                                                        array ref (one sub by name)
oaon$
        dac o$aov
                                                        array ref (one sub by value)
oaov$
ocer$
        dac o$cer
                                                        compilation error
ofex$
        dac offex
                                                        failure in expression evaluation
ofif$
        dac offif
                                                        failure during goto evaluation
        dac offnc
                                                        function call (more than one arg)
ofnc$
ofne$
        dac offne
                                                        function name error
        dac offns
                                                        function call (single argument)
ofns$
ogof$
        dac o$gof
                                                        set goto failure trap
        dac o$inn
                                                        indirection by name
oinn$
        dac o$kwn
okwn$
                                                        keyword reference by name
        dac o$lex
olex$
                                                        load expression by name
        dac o$1pt
                                                        load pattern
olpt$
olvn$
        dac o$1vn
                                                        load variable name
        dac o$nta
                                                        negation, first entry
onta$
        dac o$ntb
                                                        negation, second entry
ontb$
        dac o$ntc
ontc$
                                                        negation, third entry
opmn$
        dac o$pmn
                                                        pattern match by name
opms$
        dac ospms
                                                        pattern match (statement)
        dac o$pop
                                                        pop top stack item
opop$
ornm$
        dac o$rnm
                                                        return name from expression
orpl$
        dac o$rpl
                                                        pattern replacement
orvl$
        dac o$rvl
                                                        return value from expression
        dac o$sla
osla$
                                                        selection, first entry
        dac o$slb
                                                        selection, second entry
oslb$
oslc$
        {
m dac} o$slc
                                                        selection, third entry
osld$
        dac o$sld
                                                        selection, fourth entry
ostp$
        dac osstp
                                                        stop execution
```

ounf\$

dac o\$unf

unexpected failure

```
table of names of undefined binary operators for opsyn
        {\tt dac} ch$at
opsnb
                                                        at
        dac ch$am
                                                        ampersand
        dac ch$nm
                                                        number
        {
m dac} ch$pc
                                                        percent
        dac ch$nt
                                                        not
            table of names of undefined unary operators for opsyn
opnsu
        dac ch$br
                                                        vertical bar
        dac ch$eq
                                                        equal
        dac ch$nm
                                                        number
        {
m dac} ch$pc
                                                        percent
        dac ch$sl
                                                        slash
        dac ch$ex
                                                        exclamation
if.cnpf
else
            address const containing profile table entry size
pfi2a
        dac ch$ex
            profiler message strings
pfms1
        dac ch$ex
        dac ch$ex
        {
m dtc} ch{
m \$ex}
        dac ch$ex
pfms2
        dac ch$ex
        {
m dtc} /stmt number of
                                                        - execution time -/
        \operatorname{dac} /stmt number ofof
                                                        - execution time -/
pfms3
        dac /stmt number ofofof
                                                        - execution time -/
        dtc /number executions
                                                        total(msec) per excn(mcsec)/
fi
if .cnra
else
            real constants for general use. note that the constants
            starting at reav1 form a powers of ten table (used in
            gtnum and gtstg)
reav0
                                                        0.0
        drc +0.0
  if .cncr
  else
reap1
        drc +0.1
                                                        0.1
                                                        0.5
reap5
        drc +0.5
```

```
fi
                                                     10**0
       drc +1.0
reav1
reavt
       {
m drc} +1.0e+1
                                                     10**1
       drc +1.0e+2
                                                     10**2
                                                     10**3
       drc +1.0e+3
                                                     10**4
       drc +1.0e+4
                                                     10**5
       drc +1.0e+5
                                                     10**6
       {
m drc} +1.0e+6
       drc +1.0e+7
                                                     10**7
       drc +1.0e+8
                                                     10**8
       drc +1.0e+9
                                                     10**9
                                                     10**10
       drc +1.0e+10
reatt
fi
```

```
string constants (scblk format) for dtype procedure
        {f dac} b$scl
scarr
                                                           array
        dac b$scl
                                                           array
        dtc b$scl
                                                           array
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
                                                           buffer
scbuf
        dac b$scl
        dac b$scl
                                                           buffer
        {
m dtc} b$scl
                                                           buffer
fi
sccod
        dac b$scl
                                                           code
        dac b$scl
                                                           code
        {
m dtc} b$scl
                                                           code
        dac b$scl
scexp
                                                           expression
        dac b$scl
                                                           expression
        {
m dtc} b$scl
                                                           expression
        dac b$scl
                                                           external
scext
        dac b$scl
                                                           external
        dtc b$scl
                                                           external
        dac b$scl
                                                           integer
scint
        dac b$scl
                                                           integer
        {
m dtc} b$scl
                                                           integer
scnam
        dac b$scl
                                                           name
        {
m dac} b$scl
                                                           name
        dtc b$scl
                                                           name
        {
m dac} b$scl
                                                           \operatorname{numeric}
scnum
        dac b$scl
                                                           numeric
        {
m dtc} b$scl
                                                           numeric
scpat
        dac b$scl
                                                           pattern
        dac b$scl
                                                           pattern
        dtc b$scl
                                                           pattern
if.cnra
else
screa
        dac b$scl
                                                           real
        dac b$scl
                                                           real
        {
m dtc} b$scl
                                                           real
```

```
fi
scstr
          {\operatorname{dac}} b$scl
                                                                     string
          dac b$scl
                                                                     string
          {
m dtc} b$scl
                                                                     string
sctab
          dac b$scl
                                                                     table
          {\it dac} b$scl
                                                                     table
          {
m dtc} b$scl
                                                                     table
if .cnlf
scfil
          {\it dac} b$scl
                                                                     file (for extended load arguments)
          {\operatorname{dac}} b$scl
                                                                     file (for extended load arguments)
          {
m dtc} b$scl
                                                                     file (for extended load arguments)
fi
```

```
string constants (scblk format) for kvrtn (see retrn)
        dac b$scl
                                                       freturn
scfrt
        dac b$scl
                                                       freturn
        dtc b$scl
                                                       freturn
scnrt
        dac b$scl
                                                       nreturn
        dac b$scl
                                                       nreturn
        dtc b$scl
                                                       nreturn
        dac b$scl
                                                      return
scrtn
        dac b$scl
                                                       return
        dtc b$scl
                                                       return
           datatype name table for dtype procedure. the order of
           these entries is tied to the b$xxx definitions for blocks
           note that slots for buffer and real data types are filled
           even if these data types are conditionalized out of the
            implementation. this is done so that the block numbering
            at bl$ar etc. remains constant in all versions.
        dac scarr
scnmt
                                                       arblk array
        dac sccod
                                                       cdblk code
        dac scexp
                                                       exblk expression
                                                       icblk integer
        dac scint
        dac scnam
                                                       nmblk name
        \operatorname{dac} scpat
                                                       p0blk pattern
        dac scpat
                                                       p1blk pattern
        dac scpat
                                                       p2blk pattern
if.cnra
                                                       rcblk no real in this version
        dac nulls
else
                                                       rcblk real
        dac screa
fi
        dac scstr
                                                       scblk string
        dac scexp
                                                       seblk expression
        dac sctab
                                                       tbblk table
                                                       vcblk array
        dac scarr
        dac scext
                                                       xnblk external
        dac scext
                                                       xrblk external
if .cnbf
                                                       bfblk no buffer in this version
        dac nulls
else
                                                       bfblk buffer
        dac scbuf
fi
```

if .cnra

```
used to re-initialise kvstl
if.cs16
                                                       default statement limit
stlim
        dic +32767
else
  if.cs32
                                                       default statement limit
stlim
        dic +2147483647
  else
        dic +50000
                                                       default statement limit
stlim
  fi
fi
            dummy function block used for undefined functions
stndf
        dac offun
                                                       ptr to undefined function err call
        dac 0
                                                       dummy fargs count for call circuit
            dummy code block used for undefined labels
stndl
        dac 1$und
                                                       code ptr points to undefined lbl
            dummy operator block used for undefined operators
stndo
        dac o$oun
                                                       ptr to undefined operator err call
        dac 0
                                                       dummy fargs count for call circuit
            standard variable block. this block is used to initialize
            the first seven fields of a newly constructed vrblk.
            its format is tied to the vrblk definitions (see gtnvr).
        dac b$vrl
stnvr
                                                       vrget
        dac b$vrs
                                                       vrsto
        dac nulls
                                                       vrval
        dac b$vrg
                                                       vrtra
        \operatorname{dac} stndl
                                                       vrlbl
        dac stndf
                                                       vrfnc
        dac 0
                                                       vrnxt
```

```
messages used in end of run processing (stopr)
        {f dac} b$scl
stpm1
                                                           in statement
        dac b$scl
                                                           in statement
        {
m dtc} b$scl
                                                           in statement
stpm2
        dac b$scl
        {
m dac} b$scl
        dtc b$scl
stpm3
        dac b$scl
if.ctmd
        dac b$scl
        {
m dtc} b$scl
else
        {
m dac} b$scl
        {
m dtc} b$scl
fi
        {f dac} b$scl
stpm4
        dac b$scl
        dtc b$scl
        {
m dac} b$scl
stpm5
        {
m dac} b$scl
        dtc b$scl
if.csln
        {f dac} b$scl
                                                           in line
stpm6
        dac b$scl
                                                           in line
        {
m dtc} b$scl
                                                           in line
fi
if.\mathbf{csfn}
    *
                                                           in file
stpm7
        dac b$scl
        {
m dac} b$scl
                                                           in file
        dtc b$scl
                                                           in file
fi
            chars for /tu/ ending code
        dtc b$scl
strtu
            table used by convert function to check datatype name
            the entries are ordered to correspond to branch table
```

```
in s$cnv
            dac scstr
                                                                                   string
svctb
            {\operatorname{dac}} scint
                                                                                   integer
            {\tt dac} scnam
                                                                                   name
            {
m dac} scpat
                                                                                   pattern
            \operatorname{dac} scarr
                                                                                   array
            {\operatorname{dac}} sctab
                                                                                   table
            \operatorname{dac} scexp
                                                                                   {\it expression}
            {f dac} sccod
                                                                                   code
            {
m dac} scnum
                                                                                   \operatorname{numeric}
if .cnra
else
            dac screa
                                                                                   real
fi
\overline{if.\mathbf{cnbf}}
else
                                                                                   buffer
            {\operatorname{dac}} scbuf
fi
            dac 0
                                                                                   zero marks end of list
```

```
messages (scblk format) used by trace procedures
         dac b$scl
                                                             asterisks for trace statement no
tmasb
         dac b$scl
                                                             asterisks for trace statement no
         dtc b$scl
                                                             asterisks for trace statement no
tmbeb
         {
m dac} b$scl
                                                             blank-equal-blank
         dac b$scl
                                                             blank-equal-blank
         dtc b$scl
                                                             blank-equal-blank
             dummy trblk for expression variable
trbev
         dac b$trt
                                                             \operatorname{dummy} \,\operatorname{trblk}
             dummy trblk for keyword variable
trbkv
         dac b$trt
                                                             \operatorname{dummy} \,\operatorname{trblk}
             dummy code block to return control to trxeq procedure
trxdr
         dac o$txr
                                                             block points to return routine
trxdc
         dac trxdr
                                                             pointer to block
```

```
standard variable blocks
              see svblk format for full details of the format. the
              vrblks are ordered by length and within each length the
              order is alphabetical by name of the variable.
          {f dbc} svfpr
v$eqf
                                                                   eq
          dac svfpr
                                                                   eq
          {
m dtc} svfpr
                                                                   eq
          dac svfpr
                                                                   eq
          dac svfpr
                                                                   eq
         {
m dbc} svfpr
v$gef
                                                                   ge
          dac svfpr
                                                                   ge
          {
m dtc} svfpr
                                                                   ge
          \operatorname{dac} svfpr
                                                                   ge
          {\operatorname{dac}} svfpr
                                                                   ge
v$gtf
          {
m dbc} svfpr
                                                                   gt
          \operatorname{dac} svfpr
                                                                   gt
          {
m dtc} svfpr
                                                                   \operatorname{gt}
          {\operatorname{dac}} svfpr
                                                                   gt
          dac svfpr
                                                                   gt
v$lef
         {
m dbc} svfpr
                                                                   le
          {\operatorname{dac}} svfpr
                                                                   le
          {
m dtc} svfpr
                                                                   le
          dac svfpr
                                                                   le
                                                                   le
          dac svfpr
if.cmth
          \mathbf{dbc} \text{ svfnp}
v$lnf
                                                                   ln
          dac svfnp
                                                                   ln
          {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                   ln
                                                                   ln
          dac svfnp
                                                                   ln
          dac svfnp
fi
          {f dbc} svfpr
                                                                   lt
v$ltf
          dac svfpr
                                                                   lt
          {
m dtc} svfpr
                                                                   lt
          dac svfpr
                                                                   lt
          {\operatorname{dac}} svfpr
                                                                   lt
         {
m dbc} svfpr
v$nef
                                                                   ne
          dac svfpr
                                                                   ne
          {
m dtc} svfpr
                                                                   ne
          dac svfpr
                                                                   ne
```

```
{\operatorname{dac}} svfpr
                                                                                     ne
if .c370
      *
v$orf
            {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                                     or
            {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                                     or
            \mathbf{dtc} \  \, \mathtt{svfnp}
                                                                                     or
            {
m dac} svfnp
                                                                                     or
            dac svfnp
                                                                                     or
fi
if .c370
      *
v$abs
            {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                                     abs
            {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                                     abs
            {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                                     abs
            {
m dac} svfnp
                                                                                     abs
            dac svfnp
                                                                                     abs
fi
if .c370
      *
v$and
            {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                                     and
            dac svfnp
                                                                                     and
            {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                                     and
            {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                                     and
            {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                                     and
fi
            {
m dbc} svfnp
v$any
                                                                                     any
            {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                                     any
            {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                                     any
            dac svfnp
                                                                                     any
            {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                                     any
v$arb
            {
m dbc} svkvc
                                                                                     \operatorname{arb}
            dac svkvc
                                                                                     \operatorname{arb}
            {
m dtc} svkvc
                                                                                     arb
            dac svkvc
                                                                                     \operatorname{arb}
            {
m dac} svkvc
                                                                                     \operatorname{arb}
```

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
          {
m dbc} svfnn
v$arg
                                                                     arg
          \operatorname{dac} svfnn
                                                                     arg
          {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                     arg
          dac svfnn
                                                                     arg
          \operatorname{dac} svfnn
                                                                     arg
          {
m dbc} svkvc
v$bal
                                                                     bal
          dac svkvc
                                                                     bal
          {
m dtc} svkvc
                                                                     bal
          dac svkvc
                                                                     bal
          {
m dac} svkvc
                                                                     bal
if.cmth
v$cos
          {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                     \cos
          dac svfnp
                                                                     cos
          {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                     \cos
          dac svfnp
                                                                     \cos
          dac svfnp
                                                                     \cos
fi
          {
m dbc} svlbl
v$end
                                                                     end
          {f dac} sylbl
                                                                     end
          {
m dtc} svlbl
                                                                     end
          dac svlbl
                                                                     end
if.cmth
v$exp
          {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                     exp
          dac svfnp
                                                                     \exp
          {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                     exp
          {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                     exp
          dac svfnp
                                                                     exp
fi
     *
v$len
          {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                     len
          dac svfnp
                                                                     len
          {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                     len
          dac svfnp
                                                                     len
          {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                     len
v$leq
          {
m dbc} svfpr
                                                                     leq
          dac svfpr
                                                                     leq
          {
m dtc} svfpr
                                                                     leq
          {\operatorname{dac}} svfpr
                                                                     leq
          \operatorname{dac} svfpr
                                                                     leq
```

v\$lge		-	lge lge lge lge
v\$lgt	dac dtc dac	svfpr svfpr svfpr svfpr	lgt lgt lgt lgt lgt
* v\$lle	dbc dac dtc dac dac	svfpr svfpr svfpr svfpr svfpr	lle lle lle lle

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
                                                                           llt
v$11t
           {
m dbc} svfpr
           dac svfpr
                                                                           11t
                                                                           llt
           {
m dtc} svfpr
                                                                           llt
           dac svfpr
           {\operatorname{dac}} svfpr
                                                                           llt
v$lne
           {
m dbc} svfpr
                                                                           lne
           \operatorname{dac} svfpr
                                                                           lne
           {
m dtc} svfpr
                                                                           lne
           \operatorname{dac} svfpr
                                                                           lne
           dac svfpr
                                                                           lne
           {
m dbc} svfnp
v$pos
                                                                           pos
           dac svfnp
                                                                           pos
           {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                           pos
           dac svfnp
                                                                           pos
           dac svfnp
                                                                           pos
v$rem
           {
m dbc} svkvc
                                                                           rem
           dac svkvc
                                                                           rem
           {
m dtc} svkvc
                                                                           rem
           {
m dac} svkvc
                                                                           rem
           dac svkvc
                                                                           rem
if.\mathbf{cust}
           {
m dbc} svfnn
v$set
                                                                           set
           \operatorname{dac} svfnn
                                                                           set
           {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                           \operatorname{set}
           dac svfnn
                                                                           \operatorname{set}
           \operatorname{dac} svfnn
                                                                           \operatorname{set}
fi
if.cmth
           {
m dbc} svfnp
v$sin
                                                                           \sin
           {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                           \sin
           {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                           \sin
           dac svfnp
                                                                           \sin
           dac svfnp
                                                                           \sin
fi
           {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                           tab
v$tab
           dac svfnp
                                                                           tab
           {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                           tab
           {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                           tab
           dac svfnp
                                                                           tab
```

```
if.cmth
v$tan
           {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                         \tan
           dac svfnp
                                                                         \tan
           {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                         \tan
           {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                         tan
           dac svfnp
                                                                         \tan
fi
if .c370
v$xor
           {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                         xor
           dac svfnp
                                                                         xor
           {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                         xor
           {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                         xor
           dac svfnp
                                                                         xor
fi
if.cmth
           {
m dbc} svfnp
v$atn
                                                                         atan
           {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                         atan
           \mathbf{dtc} \ \mathtt{svfnp}
                                                                         atan
           {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                         atan
           {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                         atan
fi
if .culc
           dbc svknm
v$cas
                                                                         case
           dac svknm
                                                                         case
           {
m dtc} svknm
                                                                         case
           dac svknm
                                                                         case
fi
v$chr
           {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                         char
           dac svfnp
                                                                         char
           {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                         char
           {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                         char
           dac svfnp
                                                                         char
if.cmth
v$chp
           {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                         chop
           dac svfnp
                                                                         chop
           {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                         chop
           {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                         {\rm chop}
           dac svfnp
                                                                         chop
```

\mathbf{dbc}	svfnk	code
\mathbf{dac}	svfnk	code
\mathbf{dtc}	svfnk	code
\mathbf{dac}	svfnk	code
\mathbf{dac}	svfnk	code
dac	svfnk	code
\mathbf{dbc}	svfnn	copy
\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	copy
\mathbf{dtc}	svfnn	copy
\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	copy
\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	copy
	dac dac dac dac dac dac dac	dbc svfnk dac svfnk dac svfnk dac svfnk dac svfnk dac svfnk dac svfnh dac svfnn

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
v$dat
          {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                                      data
          dac svfnn
                                                                      data
          {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                      data
          dac svfnn
                                                                      data
          \operatorname{dac} svfnn
                                                                      data
          {
m dbc} svfnn
v$dte
                                                                      date
          dac svfnn
                                                                      date
          {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                      date
          \operatorname{dac} svfnn
                                                                      date
          {
m dac} svfnn
                                                                      date
          {
m dbc} svfnk
v$dmp
                                                                      dump
          dac svfnk
                                                                      dump
          {
m dtc} svfnk
                                                                      dump
          \operatorname{dac} svfnk
                                                                      \operatorname{dump}
          dac svfnk
                                                                      dump
          dac svfnk
                                                                      dump
          {
m dbc} svfnn
v$dup
                                                                      dupl
          {
m dac} svfnn
                                                                      \operatorname{dupl}
          {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                      dupl
          dac svfnn
                                                                      dupl
          dac svfnn
                                                                      dupl
v$evl
          {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                                      eval
          \operatorname{dac} svfnn
                                                                      eval
          {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                      eval
          dac svfnn
                                                                      eval
          \operatorname{dac} svfnn
                                                                      eval
if.\mathbf{cnex}
else
v$ext
          {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                                      exit
          dac svfnn
                                                                      exit
          {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                      exit
          dac svfnn
                                                                      exit
          dac svfnn
                                                                      exit
fi
          {f dbc} svkvc
                                                                      fail
v$fal
          {
m dac} svkvc
                                                                      fail
          {
m dtc} svkvc
                                                                      fail
          {
m dac} svkvc
                                                                      fail
          dac svkvc
                                                                      fail
```

```
\overline{if.\mathbf{csfn}}
v$fil
           {f dbc} svknm
                                                                               file
                                                                               file
            {
m dac} svknm
           {
m dtc} svknm
                                                                               file
           dac svknm
                                                                               file
      *
fi
           \mathbf{dbc} \text{ swfnn}
                                                                               \operatorname{host}
v$hst
           dac svfnn
                                                                               host
           {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                               host
           {
m dac} svfnn
                                                                               host
           dac svfnn
                                                                               host
```

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
         {f dbc} svfnf
v$itm
                                                             item
         dac svfnf
                                                             item
         dtc svfnf
                                                             item
         dac svfnf
                                                             item
         dac svfnf
                                                             item
if.csln
    *
v$lin
         {
m dbc} svknm
                                                             line
                                                             line
         dac svknm
         {
m dtc} svknm
                                                             line
         dac svknm
                                                             line
fi
if .cnld
else
         {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                             load
v$lod
                                                             load
         \operatorname{dac} svfnn
         {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                             load
         dac svfnn
                                                             load
         dac svfnn
                                                             load
fi
v$lpd
         {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                             lpad
         dac svfnp
                                                             lpad
         {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                             lpad
         {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                             lpad
         dac svfnp
                                                             lpad
         {
m dbc} svfnp
v$rpd
                                                             rpad
         dac svfnp
                                                             rpad
         {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                             rpad
         dac svfnp
                                                             rpad
         dac svfnp
                                                             rpad
v$rps
         {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                             rpos
         dac svfnp
                                                             rpos
         {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                             rpos
         dac svfnp
                                                             rpos
         dac svfnp
                                                             rpos
v$rtb
         {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                             rtab
         dac svfnp
                                                             rtab
         {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                             rtab
         dac svfnp
                                                             rtab
         dac svfnp
                                                             rtab
```

```
v$si$
            {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                                         size
             \operatorname{dac} svfnp
                                                                                         size
             {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                                         size
             {
m dac} svfnp
                                                                                         size
             dac svfnp
                                                                                         size
      *
if .cnsr
else
v$srt
             {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                                                         sort
             {\operatorname{dac}} svfnn
                                                                                         \operatorname{sort}
             {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                                         sort
             {\operatorname{dac}} svfnn
                                                                                         \operatorname{sort}
             {\operatorname{dac}} svfnn
                                                                                         \operatorname{sort}
fi
v$spn
             {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                                         span
            dac svfnp
                                                                                         span
             {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                                         span
             {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                                         span
             {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                                         span
```

if .cmth				
* v\$sqr	dbc	svfnp	sqrt	
-		svfnp	sqrt	
	\mathbf{dtc}	svfnp	sqrt	
		svfnp	sqrt	
		svfnp	sqrt	
fi				
v\$stn		svknm	stno	
		svknm	stno	
		svknm	stno	
	dac	svknm	stno	
*				
v\$tim		svfnn	time	
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	time	
*				
v\$trm	${f dbc}$	svfnk	trim	
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnk	trim	
	${f dtc}$	svfnk	trim	
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnk	trim	
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnk	trim	
	dac	svfnk	trim	
*				
v\$abe	\mathbf{dbc}	svknm	abend	
		svknm	abend	
		svknm	abend	
	dac	svknm	abend	
*				
v\$abo		svkvl	abort	
	dac	svkvl	abort	
*				
v\$app		svfnf	apply	
	dac	svfnf	apply	
*	12		,	
v\$abn		svfnp	arbno	
	dac	svfnp	arbno	

	\mathbf{dtc}	svfnp	arbno
	dac	svfnp	arbno
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnp	arbno
*			
v\$arr	\mathbf{dbc}	svfnn	array
	dac	svfnn	array
	dtc	svfnn	array
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	array
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	arrav

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
v$brk
          {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                        break
          {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                        break
          dtc svfnp
                                                                        break
          dac svfnp
                                                                        break
          dac svfnp
                                                                        break
          {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                                        clear
v$clr
          dac svfnn
                                                                        clear
          {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                        clear
          \operatorname{dac} svfnn
                                                                        clear
          \operatorname{dac} svfnn
                                                                        clear
if.c370
v$cmp
          {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                        compl
          dac svfnp
                                                                        compl
          {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                        \operatorname{compl}
          {
m dac} svfnp
                                                                        compl
          dac svfnp
                                                                        compl
fi
          {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                                        eject
v$ejc
          dac svfnn
                                                                        eject
          {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                        eject
          dac svfnn
                                                                        eject
          \operatorname{dac} svfnn
                                                                        eject
v$fen
          {f dbc} svfpk
                                                                        fence
          \operatorname{dac} svfpk
                                                                        fence
                                                                        fence
          {
m dtc} svfpk
          \operatorname{dac} svfpk
                                                                        fence
          {
m dac} svfpk
                                                                        fence
          \operatorname{dac} svfpk
                                                                        fence
                                                                        fence
          \operatorname{dac} svfpk
                                                                        field
v$fld
          {
m dbc} svfnn
          dac svfnn
                                                                        field
          {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                        field
          dac svfnn
                                                                        field
          dac svfnn
                                                                        field
                                                                        ident
v$idn
          {
m dbc} svfpr
          dac svfpr
                                                                        ident
                                                                        ident
          {
m dtc} svfpr
                                                                        ident
          dac svfpr
          {\operatorname{dac}} svfpr
                                                                        ident
```

```
v$inp
            {
m dbc} svfnk
                                                                                  input
            \operatorname{dac} svfnk
                                                                                  input
            {
m dtc} svfnk
                                                                                  input \\
            \operatorname{dac} svfnk
                                                                                  input
            \operatorname{dac} svfnk
                                                                                  input
            {\operatorname{dac}} svfnk
                                                                                  input
if.\mathbf{culk}
v$lcs
            {f dbc} svkwc
                                                                                  lcase
            dac svkwc
                                                                                  lcase
            {
m dtc} svkwc
                                                                                  lcase
            {
m dac} svkwc
                                                                                  lcase
fi
                                                                                  local
v$loc
            {f dbc} svfnn
            {\operatorname{dac}} svfnn
                                                                                  local
            {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                                  local
            {
m dac} svfnn
                                                                                  local
            {\operatorname{dac}} svfnn
                                                                                  local
```

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
          {
m dbc} svfnn
v$ops
                                                                    opsyn
          dac svfnn
                                                                    opsyn
          {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                    opsyn
          dac svfnn
                                                                    opsyn
          \operatorname{dac} svfnn
                                                                    opsyn
v$rmd
          {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                    \operatorname{remdr}
          dac svfnp
                                                                    remdr
                                                                    remdr
          {
m dtc} svfnp
          {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                    \operatorname{remdr}
          dac svfnp
                                                                    \operatorname{remdr}
if.\mathbf{cnsr}
else
          {f dbc} svfnn
v$rsr
                                                                    rsort
          dac svfnn
                                                                    rsort
          {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                    rsort
          dac svfnn
                                                                    rsort
          dac svfnn
                                                                    rsort
fi
v$tbl
          {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                                    table
          dac svfnn
                                                                    table
          dtc svfnn
                                                                    table
          dac svfnn
                                                                    table
          {
m dac} svfnn
                                                                    table
v$tra
          {
m dbc} svfnk
                                                                    trace
          dac svfnk
                                                                    trace
          {
m dtc} svfnk
                                                                    trace
          \operatorname{dac} svfnk
                                                                    trace
          \operatorname{dac} svfnk
                                                                    trace
          dac svfnk
                                                                    trace
if .culk
v$ucs
          {
m dbc} svkwc
                                                                    ucase
          dac svkwc
                                                                    ucase
          dtc svkwc
                                                                    ucase
          dac svkwc
                                                                    ucase
fi
          dbc syknm
v$anc
                                                                    anchor
          dac svknm
                                                                    anchor
          {
m dtc} svknm
                                                                    anchor
          dac svknm
                                                                    anchor
```

```
if .cnbf
else
v$apn
         {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                                 append
         {
m dac} svfnn
                                                                 append
         {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                 append
         dac svfnn
                                                                 append
         dac svfnn
                                                                 append
fi
v$bkx
         {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                 breakx
         dac svfnp
                                                                 breakx
         {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                 breakx
         {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                 breakx
                                                                 breakx
         dac svfnp
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
v$buf
         {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                                 buffer
         dac svfnn
                                                                 buffer
                                                                 buffer
         {
m dtc} svfnn
         dac svfnn
                                                                 buffer
         \operatorname{dac} svfnn
                                                                 buffer
fi
v$def
         dbc svfnn
                                                                 define
                                                                 define
         \operatorname{dac} svfnn
         {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                 define
         dac svfnn
                                                                 define
         dac svfnn
                                                                 define
v$det
         {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                                 detach
         dac svfnn
                                                                 detach
         {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                 detach
         dac svfnn
                                                                 detach
         dac svfnn
                                                                 detach
```

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
v$dif
         {f dbc} svfpr
                                                             differ
         dac svfpr
                                                             differ
         {
m dtc} svfpr
                                                             differ
         dac svfpr
                                                             differ
                                                             differ
         dac svfpr
v$ftr
         {
m dbc} svknm
                                                             ftrace
         dac svknm
                                                             ftrace
         dtc svknm
                                                             ftrace
         dac svknm
                                                             ftrace
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
v$ins
         {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                             insert
         dac svfnn
                                                             insert
         {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                             insert
         dac svfnn
                                                             insert
         dac svfnn
                                                             insert
fi
         {f dbc} svknm
v$1st
                                                             lastno
         dac svknm
                                                             lastno
         {
m dtc} svknm
                                                             lastno
         dac svknm
                                                             lastno
v$nay
         {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                             notany
         dac svfnp
                                                             notany
         {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                             notany
         dac svfnp
                                                             notany
                                                             notany
         dac svfnp
v$oup
         {
m dbc} svfnk
                                                             output
         dac svfnk
                                                             output
         {
m dtc} svfnk
                                                             output
         dac svfnk
                                                             output
         \operatorname{dac} svfnk
                                                             output
         dac svfnk
                                                             output
v$ret
         {
m dbc} svlbl
                                                             return
         dac svlbl
                                                             return
         {
m dtc} svlbl
                                                             return
         dac svlbl
                                                             return
v$rew
         {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                             rewind
         dac svfnn
                                                             rewind
         {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                             rewind
```

		svfnn svfnn		rewind rewind
*				
v\$stt	dbc	svfnn		stoptr
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn		stoptr
	dtc	svfnn		stoptr
	dac	svfnn		stoptr
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn		stoptr

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
v$sub
         {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                              substr
         dac svfnn
                                                              substr
         {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                              substr
         dac svfnn
                                                              substr
         dac svfnn
                                                              substr
v$unl
         {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                              unload
         dac svfnn
                                                              unload
         {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                              unload
         \operatorname{dac} svfnn
                                                              unload
         dac svfnn
                                                              unload
         {
m dbc} svfnn
v$col
                                                              collect
         dac svfnn
                                                              collect
         {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                              collect
         {
m dac} svfnn
                                                              collect
                                                              collect
         dac svfnn
if.ccmk
v$com
         {
m dbc} svknm
                                                              compare
         dac svknm
                                                              compare
         {
m dtc} svknm
                                                              compare
         dac svknm
                                                              compare
fi
         {
m dbc} svfnn
v$cnv
                                                              convert
         dac svfnn
                                                              convert
         {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                              convert
         \operatorname{dac} svfnn
                                                              convert
                                                              convert
         dac svfnn
v$enf
         {
m dbc} svfnn
                                                              endfile
         dac svfnn
                                                              endfile
         {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                              endfile
         dac svfnn
                                                              endfile
                                                              endfile
         {
m dac} svfnn
v$etx
         dbc svknm
                                                              errtext
         dac svknm
                                                              errtext
         {
m dtc} svknm
                                                              errtext
         {
m dac} svknm
                                                              errtext
v$ert
         dbc svknm
                                                              errtype
         dac svknm
                                                              errtype
         {
m dtc} svknm
                                                              errtype
         dac svknm
                                                              errtype
```

*			
v\$frt	dbc	svlbl	freturn
	\mathbf{dac}	svlbl	freturn
	\mathbf{dtc}	svlbl	freturn
	\mathbf{dac}	svlbl	freturn
*			
v\$int	\mathbf{dbc}	svfpr	integer
	dac	svfpr	integer
	\mathbf{dtc}	svfpr	integer
	\mathbf{dac}	svfpr	integer
	dac	svfpr	integer
*			
v\$nrt	dbc	svlbl	nreturn
	\mathbf{dac}	svlbl	nreturn
	\mathbf{dtc}	svlbl	nreturn

 ${\operatorname{dac}}$ sylbl

nreturn

	0	
if .cnp	ť	
else		
*		
v\$pfl	${ m dbc}$ svknm	profile
-	dac svknm	profile
	${ m dtc}$ svknm	profile
	dac svknm	profile
fi	data bymm	promo
Je		
*		
	dha aufon	ronlogo
v\$rpl	dbc svfnp	replace
	dac svfnp	replace
	dtc svfnp	replace
	dac svfnp	replace
	dac svfnp	replace
*		
v\$rvs	${ m dbc}$ svfnp	reverse
14115	dac svfnp	reverse
	dtc svfnp	reverse
	dac svfnp	reverse
	dac svfnp	reverse
	dac svinp	Teverse
*		
v\$rtn	${ m dbc}$ svknm	$\operatorname{rtntype}$
	dac svknm	rtntype
	${ m dtc}$ svknm	rtntype
	${ m dac}$ svknm	$\operatorname{rtntype}$
.1.		V 1
*	••	
v\$stx	m dbc svfnn	setexit
	dac svfnn	setexit
	${ m dtc}$ svfnn	setexit
	dac svfnn	setexit
	dac svfnn	setexit
*		
v\$stc	dbc svknm	stcount
VASCC		
	dac svknm	stcount
	dtc svknm	stcount
	dac svknm	stcount
*		
v\$stl	${ m dbc}$ svknm	stlimit
. 4202	dac svknm	stlimit
	dtc svknm	stlimit
	dac svknm	stlimit
	dae sykiiii	Summu
*		
v\$suc	${ m dbc}$ svkvc	succeed
	dac svkvc	succeed
	${ m dtc}$ svkvc	succeed
	dac svkvc	succeed

	\mathbf{dac}	svkvc	succeed
*			
v\$alp		svkwc	alphabet
			alphabet
		svkwc	alphabet
	\mathbf{dac}	svkwc	alphabet
*			
v\$cnt	\mathbf{dbc}	svlbl	continue
	\mathbf{dac}	svlbl	continue
	\mathbf{dtc}	svlbl	continue
	\mathbf{dac}	svlbl	continue

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
v$dtp
         {
m dbc} svfnp
                                                                 datatype
         dac svfnp
                                                                 datatype
         {
m dtc} svfnp
                                                                 datatype
         dac svfnp
                                                                 datatype
         {\operatorname{dac}} svfnp
                                                                 datatype
                                                                 errlimit
v$erl
         {
m dbc} svknm
         {
m dac} svknm
                                                                 errlimit
         {
m dtc} svknm
                                                                 errlimit
         {
m dac} svknm
                                                                 \operatorname{errlimit}
v$fnc
         {
m dbc} svknm
                                                                 fnclevel
                                                                 fnclevel
         dac svknm
         {
m dtc} svknm
                                                                 fnclevel
         dac svknm
                                                                 fnclevel
v$fls
         {
m dbc} svknm
                                                                 fullscan
         dac svknm
                                                                 fullscan
         {
m dtc} svknm
                                                                 fullscan
         dac svknm
                                                                 fullscan
if.\mathbf{csfn}
         {
m dbc} svknm
                                                                 lastfile
v$lfl
                                                                 lastfile
         dac svknm
         {
m dtc} svknm
                                                                 lastfile
                                                                 lastfile
         dac svknm
fi
if.csln
v$11n
         {
m dbc} svknm
                                                                 lastline
         dac svknm
                                                                 lastline
         {
m dtc} svknm
                                                                 lastline
                                                                 lastline
         dac svknm
fi
         {
m dbc} svknm
v$mxl
                                                                 maxlngth
         dac svknm
                                                                 maxlngth
         {
m dtc} svknm
                                                                 maxlngth
         dac svknm
                                                                 maxlngth
         dbc 0
v$ter
                                                                 terminal
         dac 0
                                                                 terminal
         \mathbf{dtc} 0
                                                                 terminal
         dac 0
                                                                 terminal
```

*

```
\overline{if.\mathbf{cbsp}}
                                                                             back space
v$bsp
           \mathbf{dbc} \;\; \mathtt{svfnn}
           {
m dac} svfnn
                                                                             back space \\
           \mathbf{dtc} \quad \mathtt{svfnn}
                                                                             backspace
           dac svfnn
                                                                             backspace
           \operatorname{dac} svfnn
                                                                             backspace
fi
           {
m dbc} svfnn
v$pro
                                                                             prototype
           dac svfnn
                                                                             prototype
           {
m dtc} svfnn
                                                                             prototype
           \operatorname{dac} svfnn
                                                                             prototype
           {\operatorname{dac}} svfnn
                                                                             prototype
           {
m dbc} svlbl
v$scn
                                                                             scontinue
           \operatorname{dac} sylbl
                                                                             scontinue
           {
m dtc} svlbl
                                                                             scontinue
           {
m dac} svlbl
                                                                             scontinue
           dbc 0
                                                                             dummy entry to end list
           dac 10
                                                                             length gt 9 (scontinue)
```

```
list of svblk pointers for keywords to be dumped. the
             list is in the order which appears on the dump output.
         dac v$anc
                                                               anchor
vdmkw
if .culc
         {
m dac} v$cas
                                                               ccase
fi
         dac v$cod
                                                               code
if.\mathbf{ccmk}
  if.\mathbf{ccmc}
         dac v$com
                                                               compare
  else
         dac 1
                                                               compare not printed
  fi
fi
         {\tt dac} v$dmp
                                                               dump
         dac v$erl
                                                               \operatorname{errlimit}
         dac v$etx
                                                               errtext
         dac v$ert
                                                               errtype
if.\mathbf{csfn}
         dac v$fil
                                                               file
fi
                                                               fnclevel
         dac v$fnc
         dac v$ftr
                                                               ftrace
         {\it dac} v$fls
                                                               fullscan
         dac v$inp
                                                               input
if.\mathbf{csfn}
         dac v$lfl
                                                               lastfile
fi
if.csln
                                                               lastline
         dac v$11n
fi
         dac v$1st
                                                               lastno
if.csln
         dac v$lin
                                                               line
fi
         {\tt dac} v$mxl
                                                               maxlength
         dac v$oup
                                                               output
if.\mathbf{cnpf}
else
         {\it dac} v$pfl
                                                               profile
fi
         dac v$rtn
                                                               rtntype
```

```
dac v$stc
                                                             stcount
         dac v$stl
                                                             stlimit
         dac v$stn
                                                             stno
         dac v$tra
                                                             {\rm trace}
         dac v$trm
                                                             _{\rm trim}
                                                             end of list
         dac 0
             table used by gtnvr to search svblk lists
vsrch
         dac 0
                                                             dummy entry to get proper indexing
                                                             start of 1 char variables (none)
         {
m dac} v$eqf
         {
m dac} v$eqf
                                                             start of 2 char variables
                                                             start of 3 char variables
         dac v$any
if .cmth
         dac v$atn
                                                             start of 4 char variables
else
  if .culc
         {
m dac} v$cas
                                                             start of 4 char variables
  else
         dac v$chr
                                                             start of 4 char variables
  fi
fi
         {
m dac} v$abe
                                                             start of 5 char variables
         dac v$anc
                                                             start of 6 char variables
                                                             start of 7 char variables
         dac v$col
                                                             start of 8 char variables
         dac v$alp
if.\mathbf{cbsp}
         dac v$bsp
                                                             start of 9 char variables
else
                                                             start of 9 char variables
         dac v$pro
fi
             last location in constant section
         dac 0
с$ууу
                                                             last location in constant section
```

<

the working storage section contains areas which are changed during execution of the program. the value assembled is the initial value before execution starts.

*

all these areas are fixed length areas. variable length data is stored in the static or dynamic regions of the allocated data areas.

*

the values in this area are described either as work areas or as global values. a work area is used in an ephemeral manner and the value is not saved from one entry into a routine to another. a global value is a less temporary location whose value is saved from one call to another.

*

waaa marks the start of the working section whilst wyyy marks its end. gaaa marks the division between temporary and global values.

*

global values are further subdivided to facilitate processing by the garbage collector. r\$aaa through r\$yyy are global values that may point into dynamic storage and hence must be relocated after each garbage collection. they also serve as root pointers to all allocated data that must be preserved. pointers between a\$aaa and r\$aaa may point into code, static storage, or mark the limits of dynamic memory. these pointers must be adjusted when the working section is saved to a file and subsequently reloaded at a different address.

*

a general part of the approach in this program is not to overlap work areas between procedures even though a small amount of space could be saved. such overlap is considered a source of program errors and decreases the information left behind after a system crash of any kind.

k

the names of these locations are labels with five letter (a-y,\$) names. as far as possible the order is kept alphabetical by these names but in some cases there are slight departures caused by other order requirements.

*

unless otherwise documented, the order of work areas does not affect the execution of the spitbol program.

*

start of working storage section

 \mathbf{sec}

```
this area is not cleared by initial code
{\tt cmlab}
        {
m dac} b$scl
                                                       string used to check label legality
        dac b$scl
                                                       string used to check label legality
        dtc b$scl
                                                       string used to check label legality
            label to mark start of work area
        dac b$scl
w$aaa
            work areas for acess procedure
        dac 0
                                                       trim indicator
actrm
            work areas for alloc procedure
aldyn
        dac 0
                                                       amount of dynamic store
allia
        dic +0
                                                       dump ia
allsv
        dac 0
                                                       save wb in alloc
            work areas for alost procedure
alsta
        dac 0
                                                       save wa in alost
            work areas for array function (s$arr)
                                                       count dimensions
        dac 0
arcdm
        dic +0
                                                       count elements
arnel
        dac 0
                                                       offset ptr into arblk
arptr
arsvl
        dic +0
                                                       save integer low bound
```

```
work areas for arref routine
arfsi
        dic +0
                                                       save current evolving subscript
        dac 0
                                                       save base stack pointer
arfxs
            work areas for b$efc block routine
        dac 0
befof
                                                       save offset ptr into efblk
            work areas for b$pfc block routine
bpfpf
        dac 0
                                                       save pfblk pointer
        dac 0
bpfsv
                                                       save old function value
bpfxt
        dac 0
                                                       pointer to stacked arguments
            work area for collect function (s$col)
clsvi
        dic +0
                                                       save integer argument
            work areas value for cncrd
cnscc
        dac 0
                                                       pointer to control card string
        dac 0
                                                       word count
cnswc
        dac 0
                                                       pointer to r$ttl or r$stl
cnr$t
            work areas for convert function (s$cnv)
        dac 0
                                                       save ptr into scvtb
cnvtp
            work areas for data function (s$dat)
datdv
        dac 0
                                                       save vrblk ptr for datatype name
        dac 0
                                                       save initial stack pointer
datxs
            work areas for define function (s$def)
        dac 0
deflb
                                                       save vrblk ptr for label
defna
        dac 0
                                                       count function arguments
defvr
        dac 0
                                                       save vrblk ptr for function name
        dac 0
defxs
                                                       save initial stack pointer
            work areas for dumpr procedure
        dac 0
dmarg
                                                       dump argument
dmpsa
        dac 0
                                                       preserve wa over prtvl call
if .ccmk
dmpsb
        dac 0
                                                       preserve wb over syscm call
```

```
fi
dmpsv
        dac 0
                                                           general scratch save
{\tt dmvch}
        dac 0
                                                           chain pointer for variable blocks
                                                           save sorted vrblk chain pointer
dmpch
        dac 0
        dac 0
                                                          dummy kvblk for use in dumpr
dmpkb
dmpkt
        dac 0
                                                          kvvar trblk ptr (must follow dmpkb)
        {f dac} 0
                                                          keyword number (must follow dmpkt)
{\tt dmpkn}
            work area for dtach
        {f dac} 0
                                                           name base
dtcnb
        dac 0
{\tt dtcnm}
                                                          name ptr
    *
            work areas for dupl function (s$dup)
dupsi
        dic +0
                                                          store integer string length
            work area for endfile (s$enf)
{\tt enfch}
        dac 0
                                                          for iochn chain head
```

```
work areas for ertex
        dac 0
ertwa
                                                        save wa
        dac 0
                                                        save wb
ertwb
            work areas for evali
        dac 0
evlin
                                                        dummy pattern block pcode
        dac 0
                                                        then node (must follow evlin)
evlis
evliv
        dac 0
                                                        value of parm1 (must follow evlis)
evlio
        dac 0
                                                        ptr to original node
        dac 0
                                                        flag for simple/complex argument
evlif
            work area for expan
        dac 0
                                                        save op dope vector pointer
expsv
            work areas for gbcol procedure
gbcfl
        dac 0
                                                        garbage collector active flag
        dac 0
gbclm
                                                        pointer to last move block (pass 3)
        dac 0
                                                        dummy first move block
gbcnm
gbcns
        dac 0
                                                        rest of dummy block (follows gbcnm)
if.\mathbf{csed}
  if .cepp
  else
gbcmk
        dac 0
                                                        bias when marking entry point
  fi
gbcia
        dic +0
                                                        dump ia
        dac 0
                                                        first address beyond sediment
gbcsd
gbcsf
        dac 0
                                                        free space within sediment
fi
        dac 0
gbsva
                                                        save wa
gbsvb
        dac 0
                                                        save wb
        dac 0
gbsvc
                                                        save wc
            work areas for gtnvr procedure
        dac 0
gnvhe
                                                        ptr to end of hash chain
gnvnw
        dac 0
                                                        number of words in string name
        dac 0
gnvsa
                                                        save wa
        dac 0
                                                        save wb
gnvsb
                                                        pointer into vsrch table
gnvsp
        dac 0
        dac 0
                                                        pointer to chars of string
gnvst
            work areas for gtarr
```

gtawa dac 0 save wa

*
 * work areas for gtint

gtina dac 0 save wa
gtinb dac 0 save wb

```
work areas for gtnum procedure
         dac 0
gtnnf
                                                             zero/nonzero for result +/-
         dic +0
gtnsi
                                                             general integer save
\it if. {\bf cnra}
else
gtndf
         dac 0
                                                             0/1 for dec point so far no/yes
gtnes
         dac 0
                                                             zero/nonzero exponent +/-
        dic +0
                                                             real exponent
gtnex
         dac 0
                                                             scale (places after point)
gtnsc
        drc +0.0
\operatorname{\mathsf{gtnsr}}
                                                             general real save
gtnrd
         dac 0
                                                             flag for ok real number
fi
             work areas for gtpat procedure
        dac 0
                                                             save wb
gtpsb
             work areas for gtstg procedure
         dac 0
                                                             0/1 for result +/-
gtssf
gtsvc
         dac 0
                                                             save wc
         dac 0
                                                             save wb
gtsvb
if.cnra
else
  if .cncr
  else
                                                             \operatorname{char} + \operatorname{or} - for exponent +/-
         dac 0
gtses
         drc +0.0
                                                             general real save
gtsrs
  fi
fi
             work areas for gtvar procedure
gtvrc
         dac 0
                                                             save wc
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
             work areas for insbf
         dac 0
insab
                                                             entry wa + entry wb
        dac 0
insln
                                                             length of insertion string
        dac 0
inssa
                                                             save entry wa
inssb
        dac 0
                                                             save entry wb
inssc
        dac 0
                                                             save entry wc
fi
```

```
work areas for ioput
       dac 0
                                                      type of association
ioptt
if .cnld
else
           work areas for load function
lodfn
        dac 0
                                                      pointer to vrblk for func name
lodna
        dac 0
                                                      count number of arguments
fi
if.cnpf
else
           work area for profiler
pfsvw
        dac 0
                                                      to save a w-reg
           work areas for prtnm procedure
prnsi
        dic +0
                                                      scratch integer loc
           work areas for prtsn procedure
prsna
        dac 0
                                                      save wa
           work areas for prtst procedure
prsva
        dac 0
                                                      save wa
prsvb
        dac 0
                                                      save wb
        dac 0
prsvc
                                                      save char counter
           work area for prtnl
        dac 0
prtsa
                                                      save wa
prtsb
        dac 0
                                                      save wb
           work area for prtvl
        dac 0
                                                      save idval
prvsi
           work areas for pattern match routines
        dac 0
                                                      temporary save for current node ptr
psave
        dac 0
                                                      save cursor in p$spn, p$str
psavc
```

```
if .crel
            work area for relaj routine
        {f dac} 0
                                                        ptr to list of bounds and adjusts
rlals
            work area for reldn routine
        dac 0
rldcd
                                                        save code adjustment
        {f dac} 0
rldst
                                                        save static adjustment
rldls
        dac 0
                                                        save list pointer
fi
            work areas for retrn routine
        dac 0
                                                        to save a block pointer
rtnbp
        dac 0
                                                        new function value (result)
rtnfv
        dac 0
                                                        old function value (saved value)
rtnsv
            work areas for substr function (s$sub)
        dac 0
                                                        save third argument
sbssv
            work areas for scan procedure
        dac 0
                                                        save wa
scnsa
        dac 0
scnsb
                                                        save wb
scnsc
        dac 0
                                                        save wc
        dac 0
                                                        save offset
scnof
```

 $\begin{array}{c} if \ \mathbf{.cnsr} \\ else \end{array}$

```
work area used by sorta, sortc, sortf, sorth
\operatorname{srtdf}
        dac 0
                                                         datatype field name
        dac 0
                                                         found dfblk address
srtfd
                                                         found field name
        dac 0
srtff
                                                         offset to field name
        dac 0
srtfo
        dac 0
                                                         number of rows
srtnr
        dac 0
                                                         offset within row to sort key
srtof
        dac 0
                                                         root offset
srtrt
                                                         save offset 1
        dac 0
srts1
        dac 0
                                                         save offset 2
srts2
srtsc
        dac 0
                                                         save wc
        dac 0
                                                         sort array first row offset
srtsf
        dac 0
srtsn
                                                         save n
        dac 0
                                                         offset to a(0)
srtso
        dac 0
srtsr
                                                         0, non-zero for sort, rsort
srtst
        dac 0
                                                         stride from one row to next
        dac 0
srtwc
                                                         dump wc
fi
            work areas for stopr routine
        dic +0
                                                         save value of stcount
stpsi
        dic +0
                                                         save time elapsed
stpti
            work areas for tfind procedure
tfnsi
        dic +0
                                                         number of headers
            work areas for xscan procedure
        dac 0
xscrt
                                                         save return code
        dac 0
xscwb
                                                         save register wb
            start of global values in working section
g$aaa
        dac 0
            global value for alloc procedure
alfsf
        dic +0
                                                         factor in free store pentage check
            global values for cmpil procedure
        dac 0
                                                         count of initial compile errors
cmerc
        dac 0
cmpln
                                                         line number of first line of stmt
        dac 0
                                                         save stack ptr in case of errors
cmpxs
cmpsn
        dac 1
                                                         number of next statement to compile
```

```
global values for cncrd
if.\mathbf{cinc}
        dac 0
                                                          save scnil during include process.
cnsil
cnind
        dac 0
                                                          current include file nest level
        dac 0
                                                          save scrpt during include process.
cnspt
cnttl
        dac 0
                                                          flag for -title, -stitl
            global flag for suppression of compilation statistics.
        dac 0
cpsts
                                                          suppress comp. stats if non zero
            global values for control card switches
        dac 0
                                                          0/1 for -single/-double
cswdb
                                                          0/1 for -errors/-no
errors
        dac 0
cswer
cswex
        dac 0
                                                          0/1 for -execute/-noexecute
cswfl
        dac 1
                                                          0/1 for -nofail/-fail
        dac iniln
                                                          xxx for -inxxx
cswin
        dac 1
                                                          0/1 for -nolist/-list
cswls
        dac 0
                                                          0/1 for -optimise/-noopt
cswno
cswpr
        dac 0
                                                          0/1 for -noprint/-print
            global location used by patst procedure
                                                          last bit position used in r$ctp
        dbc 0
ctmsk
curid
        dac 0
                                                          current id value
```

```
global value for cdwrd procedure
                                                          next word offset in current ccblk
        dac 0
cwcof
if.\mathbf{csed}
            global locations for dynamic storage pointers
        dac 0
                                                          size of sediment in baus
dnams
fi
            global area for error processing.
erich
        dac 0
                                                          copy error reports to int.chan if 1
        dac 0
                                                          for listr when errors go to int.ch.
erlst
errft
                                                          fatal error flag
        dac 0
errsp
        dac 0
                                                          error suppression flag
            global flag for suppression of execution stats
        dac 0
                                                          suppress exec stats if set
exsts
            global values for exfal and return
                                                          location of fail offset for return
flprt
        dac 0
flptr
        dac 0
                                                          location of failure offset on stack
            global location to count garbage collections (gbcol)
if.\mathbf{csed}
gbsed
        dic +0
                                                          factor in sediment pcntage check
        dac 0
                                                          count of garbage collections
gbcnt
            global value for gtcod and gtexp
        dac 0
                                                         save fail ptr in case of error
gtcef
            global locations for gtstg procedure
if .cnra
else
  if .cncr
  else
                                                          rounding factor 0.5*10**-cfp$s
gtsrn
        drc +0.0
gtssc
        drc +0.0
                                                          scaling value 10**cfp$s
  fi
```

```
fi
gtswk
       dac 0
                                                     ptr to work area for gtstg
           global flag for header printing
headp
       dac 0
                                                     header printed flag
           global values for variable hash table
       dic +0
                                                     number of hash buckets
hshnb
           global areas for init
                                                     save terminal flag
initr
       dac 0
```

```
global values for keyword values which are stored as one
            word integers. these values must be assembled in the
            following order (as dictated by k$xxx definition values).
        dac 0
kvabe
                                                          abend
kvanc
        dac 0
                                                          anchor
if.\mathbf{culc}
kvcas
        dac 0
                                                          case
fi
kvcod
        dac 0
                                                          code
if.ccmk
kvcom
        dac 0
                                                          compare
fi
kvdmp
        dac 0
                                                          dump
kverl
        dac 0
                                                          \operatorname{errlimit}
kvert
        dac 0
                                                          errtype
        dac 0
                                                          ftrace
kvftr
kvfls
        dac 1
                                                          fullscan
kvinp
        dac 1
                                                          input
kvmxl
        dac 5000
                                                          maxlength
kvoup
        dac 1
                                                          output
if .cnpf
else
kvpfl
        dac 0
                                                          profile
fi
kvtra
        dac 0
                                                          trace
kvtrm
        dac 0
                                                          _{\rm trim}
        dac 0
                                                          fnclevel
kvfnc
kvlst
        dac 0
                                                          lastno
if.csln
kvlln
        dac 0
                                                          lastline
                                                          line
kvlin
        dac 0
fi
kvstn
        dac 0
                                                          stno
            global values for other keywords
        dac 0
kvalp
                                                          alphabet
kvrtn
        dac nulls
                                                          rtntype (scblk pointer)
if.cs16
kvstl
        \operatorname{dic}
             +32767
                                                          stlimit
kvstc
        \operatorname{dic}
             +32767
                                                          stcount (counts down from stlimit)
else
  if.cs32
kvstl
        dic +2147483647
                                                          stlimit
        dic +2147483647
                                                          stcount (counts down from stlimit)
kvstc
```

```
else
        dic +50000
                                                         stlimit
kvstl
                                                         stcount (counts down from stlimit)
kvstc
        dic +50000
  fi
fi
            global values for listr procedure
if.cinc
lstid
        dac 0
                                                         include depth of current image
lstlc
        dac 0
                                                         count lines on source list page
lstnp
        dac 0
                                                         max number of lines on page
lstpf
        dac 1
                                                         set nonzero if current image listed
lstpg
        dac 0
                                                         current source list page number
lstpo
        dac 0
                                                         offset to page nnn message
        dac 0
                                                         remember last stmnum listed
lstsn
            global maximum size of spitbol objects
mxlen
        dac 0
                                                         initialised by sysmx call
            global execution control variable
                                                         set non-zero to inhibit execution
        dac 0
noxeq
if.cnpf
else
            global profiler values locations
pfdmp
        dac 0
                                                         set non-0 if &profile set non-0
pffnc
        dac 0
                                                         set non-0 if funct just entered
pfstm
        dic +0
                                                         to store starting time of stmt
                                                         to store ending time of stmt
pfetm
        dic +0
pfnte
        dac 0
                                                         nr of table entries
        dic +0
pfste
                                                         gets int rep of table entry size
fi
```

```
global values used in pattern match routines
pmdfl
        dac 0
                                                         pattern assignment flag
        dac 0
pmhbs
                                                         history stack base pointer
        dac 0
                                                         length of subject string in chars
pmssl
if .cpol
            global values for interface polling (syspl)
polcs
        dac 1
                                                         poll interval start value
polct
        dac 1
                                                         poll interval counter
fi
            global flags used for standard file listing options
prich
        dac 0
                                                         printer on interactive channel
        dac 0
prstd
                                                         tested by prtpg
        dac 0
                                                         standard listing option flag
prsto
    *
            global values for print procedures
        dac 0
prbuf
                                                         ptr to print bfr in static
precl
        dac 0
                                                         extended/compact listing flag
        dac 0
                                                         length of print buffer in chars
prlen
prlnw
        dac 0
                                                         length of print buffer in words
profs
        dac 0
                                                         offset to next location in prbuf
                                                         endfile flag
prtef
        dac 0
```

```
*
           global area for readr
       dac 0
                                                      current statement line number
rdcln
rdnln
       dac 0
                                                      next statement line number
           global amount of memory reserved for end of execution
       dac 0
rsmem
                                                      reserve memory
           global area for stmgo counters
       dac 1
                                                      counter startup value
stmcs
       dac 1
                                                      counter active value
stmct
           adjustable global values
           all the pointers in this section can point to the
           dynamic or the static region.
           when a save file is reloaded, these pointers must
           be adjusted if static or dynamic memory is now
           at a different address. see routine reloc for
           additional information.
           some values cannot be move here because of adjacency
           constraints. they are handled specially by reloc et al.
           these values are kvrtn,
           values gtswk, kvalp, and prbuf are reinitialized by
           procedure insta, and do not need to appear here.
           values flprt, flptr, gtcef, and stbas point into the
           stack and are explicitly adjusted by osint's restart
           procedure.
       dac 0
a$aaa
                                                      start of adjustable values
       dac 0
                                                      save subroutine stack ptr
cmpss
dnamb
       dac 0
                                                      start of dynamic area
       dac 0
                                                      next available loc in dynamic area
dnamp
dname
       dac 0
                                                      end of available dynamic area
hshtb
       dac 0
                                                      pointer to start of vrblk hash tabl
hshte
       dac 0
                                                      pointer past end of vrblk hash tabl
iniss
       dac 0
                                                      save subroutine stack ptr
       dac 0
pftbl
                                                      gets adrs of (imag) table base
prnmv
       dac 0
                                                      vrblk ptr from last name search
       dac 0
                                                      start of static area
statb
       dac 0
                                                      end of static area
state
       dac nulls
                                                      vrblk pointer or null
stxvr
           relocatable global values
```

```
all the pointers in this section can point to blocks in
            the dynamic storage area and must be relocated by the
            garbage collector. they are identified by r$xxx names.
        dac 0
r$aaa
                                                          start of relocatable values
        dac 0
r$arf
                                                          array block pointer for arref
        dac 0
                                                          ptr to ccblk being built (cdwrd)
r$ccb
r$cim
        dac 0
                                                          ptr to current compiler input str
r$cmp
        dac 0
                                                          copy of r$cim used in cmpil
r$cni
        dac 0
                                                          ptr to next compiler input string
        dac 0
                                                          cdblk pointer for setexit continue
r$cnt
        dac 0
                                                          pointer to current cdblk or exblk
r$cod
        dac 0
r$ctp
                                                          ptr to current ctblk for patst
r$cts
        dac 0
                                                          ptr to last string scanned by patst
                                                          trblk pointer for errtype trace
r$ert
        dac 0
r$etx
        dac nulls
                                                          pointer to errtext string
        dac 0
r$exs
                                                          = save xl in expdm
r$fcb
        dac 0
                                                          fcblk chain head
r$fnc
        dac 0
                                                          trblk pointer for fnclevel trace
r$gtc
        dac 0
                                                          keep code ptr for gtcod, gtexp
if .cinc
r$ici
        dac 0
                                                          saved r$cim during include process.
  if.csfn
r$ifa
        dac 0
                                                          array of file names by incl. depth
r$ifl
        dac 0
                                                          array of line nums by include depth
  fi
r$ifn
        dac 0
                                                          last include file name
        dac 0
r$inc
                                                          table of include file names seen
fi
r$io1
        dac 0
                                                          file arg1 for ioput
r$io2
        dac 0
                                                          file arg2 for ioput
        dac 0
                                                          fcblk ptr or 0
r$iof
        dac 0
r$ion
                                                          name base ptr
r$iop
        dac 0
                                                          predecessor block ptr for ioput
r$iot
        dac 0
                                                          trblk ptr for ioput
if.cnbf
else
r$pmb
        dac 0
                                                          buffer ptr in pattern match
fi
r$pms
        dac 0
                                                          subject string ptr in pattern match
r$ra2
        dac 0
                                                          replace second argument last time
        dac 0
r$ra3
                                                          replace third argument last time
r$rpt
        dac 0
                                                          ptr to ctblk replace table last usd
        dac 0
                                                          save pointer from last scane call
r$scp
if.csfn
        dac nulls
                                                          current source file name
r$sfc
r$sfn
        dac 0
                                                          ptr to source file name table
fi
```

2	preserve xl in sortc preserve xr in sorta/sortc trblk pointer for stcount trace source listing sub-title code (cdblk) ptr for setexit trap source listing title
	string pointer for xscan
(c 0 c 0 c 0 c 0 c 0 c nulls

```
the remaining pointers in this list are used to point
            to function blocks for normally undefined operators.
r$uba
        \operatorname{dac} stndo
                                                        binary at
r$ubm
        dac stndo
                                                        binary ampersand
r$ubn
        dac stndo
                                                        binary number sign
        {
m dac} stndo
r$ubp
                                                        binary percent
r$ubt
        {\operatorname{dac}} stndo
                                                        binary not
r$uub
        dac stndo
                                                        unary vertical bar
r$uue
        dac stndo
                                                        unary equal
r$uun
        dac stndo
                                                        unary number sign
r$uup
        dac stndo
                                                        unary percent
r$uus
        dac stndo
                                                        unary slash
r$uux
        dac stndo
                                                        unary exclamation
        dac 0
                                                        last relocatable location
r$yyy
            global locations used in scan procedure
        dac 0
                                                        set non-zero if scanned past blanks
scnbl
        dac 0
                                                        non-zero to scan control card name
scncc
        dac 0
                                                        set non-zero to scan goto field
scngo
scnil
        dac 0
                                                        length of current input image
scnpt
        dac 0
                                                        pointer to next location in r$cim
        dac 0
                                                        set non-zero to signal rescan
scnrs
scnse
        dac 0
                                                        start of current element
        dac 0
                                                        save syntax type from last call
scntp
            global value for indicating stage (see error section)
stage
        dac 0
                                                        initial value = initial compile
```

```
global stack pointer
stbas {
m dac} 0
                                                      pointer past stack base
           global values for setexit function (s$stx)
        dac 0
                                                      code pointer offset
stxoc
stxof
        dac 0
                                                      failure offset
           global value for time keeping
                                                      time at start of execution
timsx
        dic +0
timup
        dac 0
                                                      set when time up occurs
           global values for xscan and xscni procedures
       dac 0
                                                      offset to current location in r$xsc
xsofs
           label to mark end of working section
w$yyy dac 0
```

${f spitbol}$ —minimal code

	\mathbf{sec}		start of program section
s\$aaa	\mathbf{ent}	bl\$\$i	mark start of code

 $\overline{if.\mathbf{crel}}$

spitbol –relocation

```
relocation
           the following section provides services to osint to
           relocate portions of the workspace. it is used when
           a saved memory image must be restarted at a different
           location.
           relaj -- relocate a list of pointers
            (wa)
                                   ptr past last pointer of list
            (wb)
                                   ptr to first pointer of list
            (x1)
                                   list of boundaries and adjustments
            jsr relaj
                                   call to process list of pointers
            (wb)
                                   destroyed
relaj
       prc e,0
                                                      entry point
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      save xr
        mov wa, -(xs)
                                                      save wa
        mov xl,rlals
                                                      save ptr to list of bounds
        mov wb,xr
                                                      ptr to first pointer to process
           merge here to check if done
       mov rlals,xl
                                                      restore xl
rlaj0
                                                      proceed if more to do
        bne xr,(xs),rlaj1
        mov (xs)+,wa
                                                      restore wa
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      restore xr
        exi
                                                      return to caller
           merge here to process next pointer on list
        mov (xr), wa
                                                      load next pointer on list
rlaj1
        lct wb,=rnsi$
                                                      number of sections of adjusters
           merge here to process next section of stack list
                                                      ok if past end of section
rlaj2
       bgt wa,rlend(xl),rlaj3
        blt wa,rlstr(x1),rlaj3
                                                      or if before start of section
        add rladj(xl),wa
                                                      within section, add adjustment
        mov wa, (xr)
                                                      return updated ptr to memory
        brn rlaj4
                                                      done with this pointer
           here if not within section
       add *rssi$,xl
                                                      advance to next section
rlaj3
        bct wb,rlaj2
                                                      jump if more to go
```

```
relcr -- create relocation info after save file reload
            (wa)
                                    original s$aaa code section adr
            (wb)
                                    original c$aaa constant section adr
                                    original g$aaa working section adr
            (wc)
            (xr)
                                    ptr to start of static region
            (cp)
                                    ptr to start of dynamic region
            (x1)
                                    ptr to area to receive information
                                    create relocation information
            jsr relcr
            (wa,wb,wc,xr)
                                    destroyed
            a block of information is built at (x1) that is used
            in relocating pointers. there are rnsi$ instances
            of a rssi$ word structure. each instance corresponds
            to one of the regions that a pointer might point into.
            the layout of this structure is shown in the definitions
            section, together with symbolic definitions of the
            entries as offsets from xl.
       prc e,0
                                                       entry point
relcr
        add *rlsi$,xl
                                                       point past build area
        mov wa, -(x1)
                                                       save original code address
                                                       compute adjustment
        mov =s$aaa,wa
        sub (x1), wa
                                                       as new s$aaa minus original s$aaa
        mov wa,-(x1)
                                                       save code adjustment
        mov =s$yyy,wa
                                                       end of target code section
        sub =s$aaa,wa
                                                       length of code section
        add num01(x1),wa
                                                       plus original start address
        mov wa, -(x1)
                                                       end of original code section
        mov wb,-(x1)
                                                       save constant section address
        mov =c$aaa,wb
                                                       start of constants section
        mov =c$yyy,wa
                                                       end of constants section
        sub wb, wa
                                                       length of constants section
        sub (x1), wb
                                                       new c$aaa minus original c$aaa
        mov wb, -(x1)
                                                       save constant adjustment
        add num01(x1),wa
                                                       length plus original start adr
        mov wa,-(x1)
                                                       save as end of original constants
        mov wc, -(x1)
                                                       save working globals address
        mov =g$aaa,wc
                                                       start of working globals section
        mov =w$yyy,wa
                                                       end of working section
                                                       length of working globals
        sub wc,wa
                                                       new g$aaa minus original g$aaa
        sub (x1),wc
        mov wc, -(x1)
                                                       save working globals adjustment
        add num01(x1),wa
                                                       length plus original start adr
        mov wa, -(x1)
                                                       save as end of working globals
        mov statb, wb
                                                       old start of static region
        mov wb,-(xl)
                                                       compute adjustment
        sub wb,xr
        mov xr, -(x1)
                                                       save new statb minus old statb
        mov state, -(x1)
                                                       old end of static region
        mov dnamb, wb
                                                       old start of dynamic region
        mov wb, -(x1)
                                                       save
```

\mathbf{scp}	wa
sub	wb,wa
mov	wa,-(xl)
mov	dnamp,wc
mov	wc,-(x1)
\mathbf{exi}	wc,-(xl)
enp	wc,-(x1)

new start of dynamic compute adjustment save new dnamb minus old dnamb old end of dynamic region in use save as end of old dynamic region save as end of old dynamic region save as end of old dynamic region

```
reldn -- relocate pointers in the dynamic region
           (x1)
                                 list of boundaries and adjustments
           (xr)
                                 ptr to first location to process
           (wc)
                                 ptr past last location to process
           jsr reldn
                                 call to process blocks in dynamic
           (wa,wb,wc,xr)
                                 destroyed
           processes all blocks in the dynamic region. within a
           block, pointers to the code section, constant section,
           working globals section, static region, and dynamic
           region are relocated as needed.
reldn prc e,0
                                                   entry point
       mov rlcda(xl),rldcd
                                                   save code adjustment
                                                   save static adjustment
       mov rlsta(xl),rldst
       mov xl,rldls
                                                   save list pointer
           merge here to process the next block in dynamic
rld01
       add rldcd,(xr)
                                                   adjust block type word
                                                   load block type word
       mov (xr),xl
       lei xl
                                                   load entry point id (bl$xx)
           block type switch. note that blocks with no relocatable
           fields just return to rld05 to continue to next block.
           note that dfblks do not appear in dynamic, only in static.
           ccblks and cmblks are not live when a save file is
           created, and can be skipped.
           further note: static blocks other than vrblks discovered
           while scanning dynamic must be adjusted at this time.
           see processing of ffblk for example.
```

```
*
            reldn (continued)
        \mathbf{bsw} x1,b1$$$
                                                           switch on block type
        iff
              bl$ar,rld03
                                                           arblk
  if.\mathbf{cnbf}
        iff
              bl$bc,rld05
                                                           bcblk - dummy to fill out iffs
  else
        iff
              bl$bc,rld06
                                                           bcblk
  fi
                                                           bfblk
        iff
              bl$bf,rld05
        iff
              bl$cc,rld05
                                                           ccblk
        iff
                                                           cdblk
              bl$cd,rld07
        iff
                                                           cmblk
              bl$cm,rld05
        iff
              bl$ct,rld05
                                                           ctblk
                                                           dfblk
        iff
              bl$df,rld05
        iff
              bl$ef,rld08
                                                           efblk
        iff
              bl$ev,rld09
                                                           evblk
        iff
              bl$ex,rld10
                                                           exblk
                                                           ffblk
        iff
              bl$ff,rld11
        iff
              bl$ic,rld05
                                                           icblk
        iff
              bl$kv,rld13
                                                           kvblk
        iff
              bl$nm,rld13
                                                           nmblk
        iff
                                                           p0blk
              bl$p0,rld13
        iff
              bl$p1,rld14
                                                           p1blk
        iff
              bl$p2,rld14
                                                           p2blk
        iff
              bl$pd,rld15
                                                           pdblk
        iff
                                                           pfblk
              bl$pf,rld16
  if .cnra
  else
        iff
                                                           rcblk
              bl$rc,rld05
  fi
        iff
              bl$sc,rld05
                                                           scblk
        iff
                                                           seblk
              bl$se,rld13
        iff
              bl$tb,rld17
                                                           tbblk
        iff
              bl$te,rld18
                                                           teblk
        iff
              bl$tr,rld19
                                                           trblk
        iff
              bl$vc,rld17
                                                           vcblk
        iff
                                                           xnblk
              bl$xn,rld05
        iff
              bl$xr,rld20
                                                           xrblk
        \mathbf{esw}
                                                           end of jump table
             arblk
rld03
        mov arlen(xr),wa
                                                           load length
        mov arofs(xr),wb
                                                           set offset to 1st reloc fld (arpro)
            merge here to process pointers in a block
             (xr)
                                       ptr to current block
```

*	(wc) (wa)	<pre>ptr past last location to process length (reloc flds + flds at start)</pre>
*	(wb)	offset to first reloc field
rld04	add xr,wa add xr,wb mov rldls,xl jsr relaj	point past last reloc field point to first reloc field point to list of bounds adjust pointers

```
reldn (continued)
            merge here to advance to next block
            (xr)
                                    ptr to current block
            (wc)
                                    ptr past last location to process
rld05
        mov (xr), wa
                                                       block type word
        jsr blkln
                                                       get length of block
        add wa,xr
                                                       point to next block
        blt xr,wc,rld01
                                                       continue if more to process
        mov rldls,xl
                                                       restore xl
        exi
                                                       return to caller if done
  if.\mathbf{cnbf}
  else
            bcblk
rld06
       mov *bcsi$,wa
                                                       set length
                                                       and offset
        mov *bcbuf,wb
        brn rld04
                                                       all set
  fi
            cdblk
rld07
        mov cdlen(xr), wa
                                                       load length
        mov *cdfal,wb
                                                       set offset
                                                       jump back if not complex goto
        bne (xr),=b$cdc,rld04
        mov *cdcod,wb
                                                       do not process cdfal word
        brn rld04
                                                       jump back
            efblk
            if the efcod word points to an xnblk, the xnblk type
            word will not be adjusted. since this is implementation
            dependent, we will not worry about it.
rld08
        mov *efrsl,wa
                                                       set length
        mov *efcod,wb
                                                       and offset
        brn rld04
                                                       all set
            evblk
rld09
        mov *offs3,wa
                                                       point past third field
                                                       set offset
        mov *evexp,wb
                                                       all set
        brn rld04
            exblk
```

*

rld10 mov exlen(xr),wa
 mov *exflc,wb
 brn rld04

load length set offset jump back

```
reldn (continued)
           ffblk
           this block contains a ptr to a dfblk in the static rgn.
           because there are multiple ffblks pointing to the same
           dfblk (one for each field name), we only process the
           dfblk when we encounter the ffblk for the first field.
           the dfblk in turn contains a pointer to an scblk within
           static.
                                                       skip dfblk if not first field
rld11
        bne ffofs(xr),*pdfld,rld12
                                                      save xr
        mov xr,-(xs)
        mov ffdfp(xr),xr
                                                       load old ptr to dfblk
        add rldst,xr
                                                       current location of dfblk
        add rldcd,(xr)
                                                       adjust dfblk type word
        mov dflen(xr),wa
                                                       length of dfblk
        mov *dfnam, wb
                                                       offset to dfnam field
        add xr,wa
                                                       point past last reloc field
        add xr,wb
                                                       point to first reloc field
        mov rldls,xl
                                                       point to list of bounds
                                                       adjust pointers
        jsr relaj
        mov dfnam(xr),xr
                                                       pointer to static scblk
        add rldcd,(xr)
                                                       adjust scblk type word
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       restore ffblk pointer
           ffblk (continued)
           merge here to set up for adjustment of ptrs in ffblk
                                                       set length
rld12
       mov *ffofs,wa
        mov *ffdfp,wb
                                                       set offset
        brn rld04
                                                       all set
           kvblk, nmblk, p0blk, seblk
rld13
       mov *offs2, wa
                                                       point past second field
        mov *offs1,wb
                                                       offset is one (only reloc fld is 2)
        brn rld04
                                                       all set
           p1blk, p2blk
           in p2blks, parm2 contains either a bit mask or the
           name offset of a variable. it never requires relocation.
       mov *parm2,wa
                                                       length (parm2 is non-relocatable)
rld14
                                                       set offset
        mov *pthen,wb
        brn rld04
                                                       all set
```

```
* pdblk

* note that the dfblk pointed to by this pdblk was

* processed when the ffblk was encountered. because

* the data function will be called before any records are

defined, the ffblk is encountered before any

corresponding pdblk.

*

rld15 mov pddfp(xr),xl load ptr to dfblk
add rldst,xl adjust for static relocated.
```

rld15 mov pddfp(xr),xl
 add rldst,xl
 mov dfpdl(xl),wa
 mov *pddfp,wb
 brn rld04

load ptr to dfblk adjust for static relocation get pdblk length set offset all set

```
reldn (continued)
            pfblk
        add rldst,pfvbl(xr)
                                                        adjust non-contiguous field
rld16
        mov pflen(xr),wa
                                                        get pfblk length
                                                        offset to first reloc
        {\operatorname{mov}} *pfcod,wb
        brn rld04
                                                        all set
            tbblk, vcblk
                                                        load length
rld17
        mov offs2(xr),wa
        mov *offs3,wb
                                                        set offset
        brn rld04
                                                        jump back
            teblk
rld18
        mov *tesi$,wa
                                                        set length
        mov *tesub,wb
                                                        and offset
                                                        all set
        brn rld04
            trblk
rld19 mov *trsi$,wa
                                                        set length
                                                        and offset
        mov *trval,wb
        brn rld04
                                                        all set
            xrblk
                                                        load length
        mov xrlen(xr), wa
rld20
        mov *xrptr,wb
                                                        set offset
        brn rld04
                                                        jump back
                                                        end procedure reldn
        enp
```

```
reloc -- relocate storage after save file reload
           (x1)
                                  list of boundaries and adjustments
           jsr reloc
                                  relocate all pointers
           (wa,wb,wc,xr)
                                  destroyed
           the list of boundaries and adjustments pointed to by
           register xl is created by a call to relcr, which should
           be consulted for information on its structure.
       prc e,0
                                                     entry point
reloc
        mov rldys(x1),xr
                                                     old start of dynamic
        mov rldye(xl),wc
                                                     old end of dynamic
        add rldya(xl),xr
                                                     create new start of dynamic
        add rldya(xl),wc
                                                     create new end of dynamic
       jsr reldn
                                                     relocate pointers in dynamic
       jsr relws
                                                     relocate pointers in working sect
       jsr relst
                                                     relocate pointers in static
        exi
                                                     return to caller
                                                     end procedure reloc
        enp
```

```
relst -- relocate pointers in the static region
            (x1)
                                   list of boundaries and adjustments
            jsr relst
                                   call to process blocks in static
            (wa,wb,wc,xr)
                                   destroyed
           only vrblks on the hash chain and any profile block are
           processed. other static blocks (dfblks) are processed
            during processing of dynamic blocks.
           global work locations will be processed at this point,
           so pointers there can be relied upon.
                                                       entry point
relst
       prc e,0
        mov pftbl,xr
                                                       profile table
                                                       branch if no table allocated
        bze xr,rls01
                                                       adjust block type word
        add rlcda(xl),(xr)
           here after dealing with profiler
rls01
       mov hshtb,wc
                                                       point to start of hash table
                                                       point to first hash bucket
        mov wc,wb
        mov hshte, wa
                                                       point beyond hash table
                                                       adjust bucket pointers
        jsr relaj
           loop through slots in hash table
rls02
       beq wc, hshte, rls05
                                                       done if none left
        mov wc,xr
                                                       else copy slot pointer
        ica wc
                                                       bump slot pointer
        sub *vrnxt,xr
                                                       set offset to merge into loop
           loop through vrblks on one hash chain
rls03
       mov vrnxt(xr),xr
                                                       point to next vrblk on chain
        bze xr,rls02
                                                       jump for next bucket if chain end
        mov *vrlen,wa
                                                       offset of first loc past ptr fields
                                                       offset of first location in vrblk
        mov *vrget,wb
        bnz vrlen(xr),rls04
                                                       jump if not system variable
        mov *vrsi$,wa
                                                       offset to include vrsvp field
           merge here to process fields of vrblk
rls04
       add xr,wa
                                                       create end ptr
        add xr,wb
                                                       create start ptr
        jsr relaj
                                                       adjust pointers in vrblk
                                                       check for another vrblk on chain
        brn rls03
           here when all vrblks processed
```

rls05 exi enp return to caller end procedure relst

```
relws -- relocate pointers in the working section
           (x1)
                                   list of boundaries and adjustments
           jsr relws
                                   call to process working section
           (wa,wb,wc,xr)
                                  destroyed
           pointers between a$aaa and r$yyy are examined and
           adjusted if necessary. the pointer kvrtn is also
           adjusted although it lies outside this range.
           dname is explicitly adjusted because the limits
           on dynamic region in stack are to the area actively
           in use (between dnamb and dnamp), and dname is outside
           this range.
relws
       prc e,0
                                                     entry point
        mov =a$aaa,wb
                                                     point to start of adjustables
                                                     point to end of adjustables
        mov =r$yyy,wa
        jsr relaj
                                                     relocate adjustable pointers
        add rldya(x1),dname
                                                     adjust ptr missed by relaj
        mov =kvrtn,wb
                                                     case of kvrtn
        mov wb,wa
                                                     handled specially
                                                     one value to adjust
        ica wa
                                                     adjust kvrtn
        jsr relaj
        exi
                                                     return to caller
        enp
                                                     end procedure relws
fi
```

spitbol -initialization

```
initialisation
            the following section receives control from the system
            at the start of a run with the registers set as follows.
            (wa)
                                    initial stack pointer
            (xr)
                                    points to first word of data area
                                    points to last word of data area
            (x1)
        prc e,0
                                                       entry point
start
        mov wa, xs
                                                       discard return
        jsr
             systm
                                                       initialise timer
if.cnbt
        sti timsx
                                                       store time
                                                       start address of static
        mov xr, statb
else
            initialise work area (essential for batched runs)
        mov xr,wb
                                                       preserve xr
        mov =w$yyy,wa
                                                       point to end of work area
        sub =w$aaa,wa
                                                       get length of work area
        btw wa
                                                       convert to words
                                                       count for loop
        lct wa,wa
        mov =w$aaa,xr
                                                       set up index register
            clear work space
                                                       clear a word
ini01
        zer (xr) +
        bct wa,ini01
                                                       loop till done
        mov =stndo,wa
                                                       undefined operators pointer
        mov =r$yyy,wc
                                                       point to table end
        sub =r$uba,wc
                                                       length of undef. operators table
        btw wc
                                                       convert to words
        lct wc,wc
                                                       loop counter
        mov =r$uba,xr
                                                       set up xr
            set correct value into undefined operators table
ini02
        mov wa, (xr)+
                                                       store value
        bct wc,ini02
                                                       loop till all done
        mov =num01,wa
                                                       get a 1
  if .cpol
        mov wa, polcs
                                                       interface polling interval
                                                       interface polling interval
        mov wa, polct
```

fi

mov wa,cmpsn mov wa,cswfl mov wa,cswls mov wa,kvinp mov wa,kvoup mov wa,lstpf mov =iniln,wa mov wa,cswin statement no nofail list input output nothing for listr yet input image length -in72

```
mov =nulls,wa
                                                          get null string pointer
        mov wa, kvrtn
                                                          return
        mov wa,r$etx
                                                          errtext
                                                          title for listing
        mov wa,r$ttl
        mov wa, stxvr
                                                          setexit
             timsx
                                                          store time in correct place
        \mathbf{sti}
                                                          get default stlimit
        ldi
            stlim
        \mathbf{sti}
             kvstl
                                                          statement limit
                                                          statement count
        sti kvstc
        mov wb, statb
                                                          store start adrs of static
fi
        mov *e$srs,rsmem
                                                          reserve memory
        mov xs, stbas
                                                          store stack base
        sss iniss
                                                          save s-r stack ptr
            now convert free store percentage to a suitable factor
            for easy testing in alloc routine.
        ldi
            intvh
                                                          get 100
        dvi alfsp
                                                          form 100 / alfsp
        \mathbf{sti}
             alfsf
                                                          store the factor
if.\mathbf{csed}
    *
            now convert free sediment percentage to a suitable factor
            for easy testing in gbcol routine.
        ldi
            intvh
                                                          get 100
        dvi gbsdp
                                                          form 100 / gbsdp
        sti gbsed
                                                          store the factor
fi
if .cnra
else
  if.\mathbf{cncr}
  else
            initialize values for real conversion routine
        lct wb,=cfp$s
                                                          load counter for significant digits
        ldr reav1
                                                          load 1.0
            loop to compute 10**(max number significant digits)
ini03
        mlr reavt
                                                          * 10.0
        bct wb,ini03
                                                          loop till done
                                                          store 10**(max sig digits)
        str gtssc
        ldr reap5
                                                          load 0.5
                                                          compute 0.5*10**(max sig digits)
        dvr gtssc
        str gtsrn
                                                          store as rounding bias
  fi
```

fi

 $egin{array}{ll} \mathbf{zer} & \mathtt{wc} \\ \mathbf{jsr} & \mathtt{prpar} \end{array}$

set to read parameters read them

now compute starting address for dynamic store and if necessary request more memory. allow for reserve memory sub *e\$srs,xl mov prlen,wa get print buffer length add =cfp\$a,wa add no. of chars in alphabet add =nstmx,wa add chars for gtstg bfr ctb wa,8 convert to bytes, allowing a margin mov statb,xr point to static base add wa,xr increment for above buffers add *e\$hnb,xr increment for hash table add *e\$sts,xr bump for initial static block jsr sysmx get mxlen mov wa,kvmxl provisionally store as maxlngth and as mxlen mov wa, mxlen bgt xr,wa,ini06 skip if static hi exceeds mxlen round up and make bigger than mxlen ctb wa,1 mov wa,xr use it instead here to store values which mark initial division of data area into static and dynamic ini06 mov xr, dnamb dynamic base adrs mov xr, dnamp dynamic ptr skip if non-zero mxlen bnz wa,ini07 dca xr point a word in front mov xr,kvmxl use as maxlngth

mov xr, mxlen

and as mxlen

```
loop here if necessary till enough memory obtained
            so that dname is above dnamb
ini07
       mov xl,dname
                                                       store dynamic end address
        blt dnamb,xl,ini09
                                                       skip if high enough
        jsr sysmm
                                                       request more memory
        wtb xr
                                                       get as baus (sgd05)
                                                       bump by amount obtained
        add xr,xl
        bnz xr,ini07
                                                       try again
if .cera
                                                       insufficient memory for maxlength
        mov =mxern,wa
                                                       no column number info
        zer wb
        zer wc
                                                       no line number info
                                                       initial compile stage
        mov =stgic,xr
  if.csfn
                                                       no file name
        mov =nulls,xl
  fi
                                                       advise of error
        jsr sysea
        ppm ini08
                                                       cant use error logic yet
        brn ini08
                                                       force termination
            insert text for error 329 in error message table
        erb 329, requested maxlngth
                                                       too large
fi
ini08
       mov =endmo,xr
                                                       point to failure message
        mov endml, wa
                                                       message length
                                                       print it (prtst not yet usable)
        jsr syspr
                                                       should not fail
        ppm
                                                       no fcb chain yet
        zer xl
        mov =num10,wb
                                                       set special code value
        jsr sysej
                                                       pack up (stopr not yet usable)
            initialise structures at start of static region
ini09
        mov statb,xr
                                                       point to static again
                                                       initialize static
        jsr insta
    *
            initialize number of hash headers
        mov =e$hnb,wa
                                                       get number of hash headers
        mti wa
                                                       convert to integer
        sti hshnb
                                                       store for use by gtnvr procedure
                                                       counter for clearing hash table
        lct wa, wa
                                                       pointer to hash table
        mov xr, hshtb
           loop to clear hash table
```

```
ini11 zer (xr)+
                                                         blank a word
        bct wa,ini11
                                                         loop
        mov xr, hshte
                                                         end of hash table adrs is kept
                                                         store static end address
        mov xr, state
if.\mathbf{csfn}
            init table to map statement numbers to source file names
                                                         table will have only one bucket
        mov =num01,wc
                                                         default table value
        mov =nulls,xl
        mov xl,r$sfc
                                                         current source file name
                                                         create table
        jsr tmake
        mov xr,r$sfn
                                                         save ptr to table
fi
if.\mathbf{cinc}
            initialize table to detect duplicate include file names
        mov =num01,wc
                                                         table will have only one bucket
                                                         default table value
        mov =nulls,xl
                                                         create table
        jsr tmake
        mov xr,r$inc
                                                         save ptr to table
  if.\mathbf{csfn}
            initialize array to hold names of nested include files
        mov =ccinm,wa
                                                         maximum nesting level
        mov =nulls,xl
                                                         null string default value
        jsr vmake
                                                         create array
        ppm vmake
                                                         create array
        mov xr,r$ifa
                                                         save ptr to array
            init array to hold line numbers of nested include files
        mov =ccinm,wa
                                                         maximum nesting level
        mov =inton,xl
                                                         integer one default value
        jsr vmake
                                                         create array
        \mathbf{ppm} vmake
                                                         create array
        mov xr,r$ifl
                                                         save ptr to array
  fi
fi
            initialize variable blocks for input and output
        mov =v$inp,xl
                                                         point to string /input/
        mov =trtin,wb
                                                         trblk type for input
        jsr inout
                                                         perform input association
```

mov =v\$oup,x1
mov =trtou,wb
jsr inout
mov initr,wc
bze wc,ini13
jsr prpar

point to string /output/ trblk type for output perform output association terminal flag skip if no terminal associate terminal

```
check for expiry date
ini13
                                                          call date check
        jsr sysdc
        mov xs,flptr
                                                          in case stack overflows in compiler
            now compile source input code
                                                          call compiler
        jsr cmpil
        mov xr,r$cod
                                                          set ptr to first code block
        mov =nulls,r$ttl
                                                          forget title
        mov =nulls,r$stl
                                                          forget sub-title
        zer r$cim
                                                          forget compiler input image
        zer r$ccb
                                                          forget interim code block
if.cinc
                                                          in case end occurred with include
        zer
            cnind
        \mathbf{zer}
             lstid
                                                          listing include depth
fi
        zer
             xl
                                                          clear dud value
                                                          dont shift dynamic store up
             wb
        zer
if.\mathbf{csed}
            dnams
                                                          collect sediment too
        \mathbf{zer}
              gbcol
                                                          clear garbage left from compile
        jsr
                                                          record new sediment size
        mov xr, dnams
else
                                                          clear garbage left from compile
        jsr
             gbcol
fi
        bnz cpsts,inix0
                                                          skip if no listing of comp stats
                                                          eject page
        jsr prtpg
            print compile statistics
        jsr prtmm
                                                          print memory usage
        mti cmerc
                                                          get count of errors as integer
        mov = encm3, xr
                                                          point to /compile errors/
        jsr prtmi
                                                          print it
        mti gbcnt
                                                          garbage collection count
        sbi intv1
                                                          adjust for unavoidable collect
                                                          point to /storage regenerations/
        mov =stpm5,xr
        jsr prtmi
                                                          print gbcol count
        jsr systm
                                                          get time
        sbi timsx
                                                          get compilation time
        mov = encm4, xr
                                                          point to compilation time (msec)/
        jsr prtmi
                                                          print message
        add =num05,1stlc
                                                          bump line count
if .cuej
        bze headp,inix0
                                                          no eject if nothing printed
                                                          eject printer
        jsr prtpg
fi
```

```
prepare now to start execution
            set default input record length
                                                          skip if not default -in72 used
inix0
        bgt cswin,=iniln,inix1
        mov =inils,cswin
                                                          else use default record length
            reset timer
inix1
        jsr
             systm
                                                          get time again
                                                          store for end run processing
        \mathbf{sti}
             timsx
        zer gbcnt
                                                          initialise collect count
                                                          call before starting execution
        jsr
             sysbx
                                                          add -noexecute flag
        add cswex, noxeq
        bnz noxeq,inix2
                                                          jump if execution suppressed
if .cuej
else
                                                          no eject if nothing printed (sgd11)
        bze headp,iniy0
        jsr prtpg
                                                          eject printer
fi
            merge when listing file set for execution.
            merge here when restarting a save file or load module.
        mnz headp
                                                          mark headers out regardless
iniy0
        zer -(xs)
                                                          set failure location on stack
        mov xs,flptr
                                                          save ptr to failure offset word
                                                          load ptr to entry code block
        mov r$cod,xr
                                                          set stage for execute time
        {f mov} =stgxt,stage
if .cpol
        mov =num01,polcs
                                                          reset interface polling interval
                                                          reset interface polling interval
        mov =num01,polct
fi
if .cnpf
else
        mov cmpsn,pfnte
                                                          copy stmts compiled count in case
        mov kvpfl,pfdmp
                                                          start profiling if &profile set
                                                          time yet again
        jsr
             systm
             systm
                                                          time yet again
        \operatorname{sti}
fi
        jsr
             stgcc
                                                          compute stmgo countdown counters
        bri
             (xr)
                                                          start xeq with first statement
            here if execution is suppressed
if .cera
inix2
        zer wa
                                                          set abend value to zero
```

```
else
inix2 jsr prtnl
                                                             print a blank line
         {f mov} =encm5,xr
                                                             point to /execution suppressed/
         jsr prtst
                                                             print string
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             prtnl
                                                             output line
                                                             set abend value to zero
         zer wa
fi
                                                             set special code value
         mov =nini9,wb
                                                             no fcb chain
         zer xl
                                                             end of job, exit to system
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} sysej
                                                             end procedure start
         enp
             here from osint to restart a save file or load module.
rstrt
         prc e,0
                                                             entry point
                                                             discard return
         mov stbas, xs
         zer xl
                                                             clear xl
                                                             resume execution
         brn iniy0
         enp
                                                             end procedure rstrt
```

spitbol –snobol4 operator routines

*	
*	this section includes all routines which can be accessed
*	directly from the generated code except system functions.
*	
*	all routines in this section start with a label of the
*	form o\$xxx where xxx is three letters. the generated code
*	contains a pointer to the appropriate entry label.
*	
*	since the general form of the generated code consists of
*	pointers to blocks whose first word is the address of the
*	actual entry point label (o\$xxx).
*	
*	these routines are in alphabetical order by their
*	entry label names (i.e. by the xxx of the o\$xxx name)
*	
*	these routines receive control as follows
*	
*	(cp) pointer to next code word
*	(xs) current stack pointer

```
binary plus (addition)
o$add
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                               entry point
                                                               fetch arithmetic operands
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               arith
              001, addition left
                                                               operand is not numeric
         \operatorname{err}
               002,addition right
                                                               operand is not numeric
if.cnra
else
                                                              jump if real operands
         ppm oadd1
fi
             here to add two integers
         adi icval(x1)
                                                               add right operand to left
                                                               return integer if no overflow
         ino exint
         {
m erb} 003,addition caused
                                                               integer overflow
if .cnra
else
             here to add two reals
oadd1
         adr rcval(x1)
                                                               add right operand to left
                                                               return real if no overflow
         rno exrea
         {
m erb} 261,addition caused
                                                              real overflow
fi
```

```
unary plus (affirmation)
o$aff
        \mathbf{ent}
                                                         entry point
                                                        load operand
        mov (xs)+,xr
        jsr gtnum
                                                         convert to numeric
        {f err} 004,affirmation operand
                                                         is not numeric
                                                         result if converted to numeric
        mov xr,-(xs)
        lcw xr
                                                         get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                         execute it
```

```
binary bar (alternation)
       ent
                                                       entry point
o$alt
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       load right operand
                                                       convert to pattern
        jsr gtpat
        err 005, alternation right
                                                       operand is not pattern
    *
           merge here from special (left alternation) case
                                                       set pcode for alternative node
oalt1
       mov =p$alt,wb
       jsr pbild
                                                       build alternative node
        mov xr,xl
                                                       save address of alternative node
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       load left operand
        jsr gtpat
                                                       convert to pattern
        err 006, alternation left
                                                       operand is not pattern
        beq xr,=p$alt,oalt2
                                                       jump if left arg is alternation
                                                       set left operand as successor
        mov xr,pthen(x1)
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                       stack result
                                                       get next code word
        lcw xr
        bri (xr)
                                                       execute it
           come here if left argument is itself an alternation
           the result is more efficient if we make the replacement
            (a / b) / c = a / (b / c)
oalt2
       mov parm1(xr),pthen(xl)
                                                       build the (b / c) node
        mov pthen(xr),-(xs)
                                                       set a as new left arg
        mov xl,xr
                                                       set (b / c) as new right arg
        brn oalt1
                                                       merge back to build a / (b / c)
```

```
*
    array reference (multiple subscripts, by name)

o$amn ent entry point load number of subscripts mov xr,wb set flag for by name jump to array reference routine
```

*
 array reference (multiple subscripts, by value)

*

o\$amv ent entry point load number of subscripts set flag for by value brn arref jump to array reference routine

```
array reference (one subscript, by name)
        ent
                                                        entry point
o$aon
        mov (xs),xr
                                                        load subscript value
        mov num01(xs),xl
                                                        load array value
                                                        load first word of array operand
        mov (x1), wa
        beq wa,=b$vct,oaon2
                                                        jump if vector reference
        beq wa,=b$tbt,oaon3
                                                        jump if table reference
            here to use central array reference routine
oaon1
        mov =num01,xr
                                                        set number of subscripts to one
        mov xr,wb
                                                        set flag for by name
                                                        jump to array reference routine
        brn arref
            here if we have a vector reference
oaon2
        bne (xr),=b$icl,oaon1
                                                        use long routine if not integer
        ldi icval(xr)
                                                        load integer subscript value
        mfi wa, exfal
                                                        copy as address int, fail if ovflo
        bze wa, exfal
                                                        fail if zero
        add =vcvlb,wa
                                                        compute offset in words
        wtb wa
                                                        convert to bytes
        mov wa, (xs)
                                                        complete name on stack
                                                        exit if subscript not too large
        blt wa, vclen(x1), oaon4
        brn exfal
                                                        else fail
            here for table reference
oaon3
        mnz wb
                                                        set flag for name reference
        jsr tfind
                                                        locate/create table element
                                                        fail if access fails
        ppm exfal
        mov xl,num01(xs)
                                                        store name base on stack
        mov wa, (xs)
                                                        store name offset on stack
            here to exit with result on stack
oaon4
        lcw xr
                                                        result on stack, get code word
        bri (xr)
                                                        execute next code word
```

```
array reference (one subscript, by value)
                                                         entry point
o$aov
        ent
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                         load subscript value
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                         load array value
        mov (x1), wa
                                                         load first word of array operand
        beq wa,=b$vct,oaov2
                                                         jump if vector reference
        beq wa,=b$tbt,oaov3
                                                         jump if table reference
            here to use central array reference routine
oaov1
        mov xl, -(xs)
                                                         restack array value
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         restack subscript
                                                         set number of subscripts to one
        mov =num01,xr
                                                         set flag for value call
        zer wb
        brn arref
                                                         jump to array reference routine
            here if we have a vector reference
        bne (xr),=b$icl,oaov1
                                                         use long routine if not integer
oaov2
        ldi icval(xr)
                                                         load integer subscript value
        mfi wa, exfal
                                                         move as one word int, fail if ovflo
        bze wa, exfal
                                                         fail if zero
        add =vcvlb,wa
                                                         compute offset in words
        wtb wa
                                                         convert to bytes
        bge wa,vclen(x1),exfal
                                                         fail if subscript too large
        jsr acess
                                                         access value
        ppm exfal
                                                         fail if access fails
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         stack result
        lcw xr
                                                         get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                         execute it
            here for table reference by value
oaov3
        zer wb
                                                         set flag for value reference
                                                         call table search routine
        jsr tfind
        ppm exfal
                                                         fail if access fails
                                                         stack result
        mov xr, -(xs)
        lcw xr
                                                         get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                         execute it
```

```
assignment
o$ass
        ent
                                                             entry point
             o$rpl (pattern replacement) merges here
oass0
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                             load value to be assigned
        mov (xs)+,wa
                                                             load name offset
        mov (xs),xl
                                                             load name base
        mov wb,(xs)
                                                             store assigned value as result
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} asign
                                                             perform assignment
        \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exfal}
                                                             fail if assignment fails
        lcw xr
                                                             result on stack, get code word
        bri (xr)
                                                             execute next code word
```

```
*
* compilation error
*
```

o\$cer $\begin{array}{ccc} & \mathbf{ent} \\ & \mathbf{erb} \end{array}$ 007,compilation error

entry point encountered during execution

```
unary at (cursor assignment)
o$cas
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                                entry point
         mov (xs)+,wc
                                                                load name offset (parm2)
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                                load name base (parm1)
                                                                set pcode for cursor assignment
         mov =p$cas,wb
                                                                build node
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} pbild
         mov xr,-(xs)
                                                                stack result
                                                                get next code word
         \mathbf{lcw} \quad \mathtt{xr}
         bri (xr)
                                                                execute it
```

```
concatenation
                                                         entry point
o$cnc
        ent
        mov (xs),xr
                                                         load right argument
                                                         jump if right arg is null
        beq xr,=nulls,ocnc3
        mov 1(xs),xl
                                                         load left argument
        beq xl,=nulls,ocnc4
                                                         jump if left argument is null
        mov =b$scl,wa
                                                         get constant to test for string
        bne wa,(x1),ocnc2
                                                         jump if left arg not a string
        bne wa,(xr),ocnc2
                                                         jump if right arg not a string
            merge here to concatenate two strings
                                                         load left argument length
ocnc1
        mov sclen(x1), wa
        add sclen(xr), wa
                                                         compute result length
        isr alocs
                                                         allocate scblk for result
                                                         store result ptr over left argument
        mov xr, 1(xs)
        psc xr
                                                         prepare to store chars of result
        mov sclen(xl), wa
                                                         get number of chars in left arg
        plc x1
                                                         prepare to load left arg chars
                                                         move characters of left argument
        mvc
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                         load right arg pointer, pop stack
        mov sclen(x1), wa
                                                         load number of chars in right arg
        plc xl
                                                         prepare to load right arg chars
        mvc
                                                         move characters of right argument
                                                         clear garbage value in xl
        zer xl
        lcw xr
                                                         result on stack, get code word
        bri
             (xr)
                                                         execute next code word
            come here if arguments are not both strings
ocnc2
        jsr gtstg
                                                         convert right arg to string
        ppm ocnc5
                                                         jump if right arg is not string
                                                         save right arg ptr
        mov xr,xl
        jsr gtstg
                                                         convert left arg to string
                                                         jump if left arg is not a string
        ppm ocnc6
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                         stack left argument
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                         stack right argument
                                                         move left arg to proper reg
        mov xr,xl
        mov (xs),xr
                                                         move right arg to proper reg
        brn ocnc1
                                                         merge back to concatenate strings
```

```
concatenation (continued)
           come here for null right argument
ocnc3
       ica xs
                                                       remove right arg from stack
        lcw xr
                                                       left argument on stack
        bri (xr)
                                                       execute next code word
           here for null left argument
ocnc4
        ica xs
                                                       unstack one argument
        mov xr, (xs)
                                                       store right argument
        lcw xr
                                                       result on stack, get code word
        bri (xr)
                                                       execute next code word
           here if right argument is not a string
ocnc5
        mov xr,xl
                                                       move right argument ptr
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       load left arg pointer
           merge here when left argument is not a string
ocnc6
       jsr gtpat
                                                       convert left arg to pattern
                                                       left operand is not a string or pattern
        err 008, concatenation
                                                       save result on stack
        mov xr,-(xs)
        mov xl,xr
                                                       point to right operand
                                                       convert to pattern
        jsr gtpat
        err 009, concatenation
                                                       right operand is not a string or pattern
        mov xr,xl
                                                       move for pconc
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       reload left operand ptr
                                                       concatenate patterns
        jsr pconc
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       stack result
        lcw xr
                                                       get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                       execute it
```

```
complementation
o$com
        ent
                                                         entry point
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                         load operand
        mov (xr), wa
                                                         load type word
            merge back here after conversion
                                                         jump if integer
ocom1
        beq wa,=b$icl,ocom2
if .cnra
else
                                                         jump if real
        \mathbf{beq} wa,=b$rcl,ocom3
fi
                                                         else convert to numeric
             gtnum
        err 010, negation operand
                                                         is not numeric
                                                         back to check cases
        brn ocom1
            here to complement integer
ocom2
        ldi icval(xr)
                                                         load integer value
        ngi
                                                         negate
        ino exint
                                                         return integer if no overflow
        {
m erb} 011,negation caused
                                                         integer overflow
if.cnra
else
            here to complement real
        ldr rcval(xr)
                                                         load real value
ocom3
        ngr
                                                         negate
                                                         return real result
        {\bf brn} exrea
fi
```

```
binary slash (division)
o$dvd
        \mathbf{ent}
                                                             entry point
                                                             fetch arithmetic operands
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              arith
         err 012, division left
                                                             operand is not numeric
             013, division right
                                                             operand is not numeric
if.cnra
else
                                                            jump if real operands
         ppm odvd2
fi
             here to divide two integers
         dvi icval(x1)
                                                             divide left operand by right
        ino exint
                                                             result ok if no overflow
                                                             integer overflow
         erb 014, division caused
if .cnra
else
             here to divide two reals
odvd2
        dvr rcval(x1)
                                                             divide left operand by right
                                                             return real if no overflow
         rno exrea
         {
m erb} 262, division caused
                                                            real overflow
fi
```

```
exponentiation
                                                        entry point
o$exp
        ent
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        load exponent
                                                        convert to number
        jsr gtnum
        err 015, exponentiation
                                                        right operand is not numeric
        mov xr,xl
                                                        move exponent to xl
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        load base
             gtnum
                                                        convert to numeric
             016, exponentiation
                                                        left operand is not numeric
        \mathbf{err}
if.cnra
else
        beq (x1),=b$rcl,oexp7
                                                        jump if real exponent
fi
        ldi
            icval(xl)
                                                        load exponent
        ilt
             oex12
                                                        jump if negative exponent
if.cnra
else
        beq wa,=b$rcl,oexp3
                                                        jump if base is real
fi
            here to exponentiate an integer base and integer exponent
        mfi wa,oexp2
                                                        convert exponent to 1 word integer
        lct wa, wa
                                                        set loop counter
        ldi icval(xr)
                                                        load base as initial value
        bnz wa, oexp1
                                                        jump into loop if non-zero exponent
                                                        error if 0**0
        ieq oexp4
        ldi
                                                        nonzero**0
            intv1
                                                        give one as result for nonzero**0
        brn exint
            loop to perform exponentiation
        mli icval(xr)
                                                        multiply by base
oex13
        iov oexp2
                                                        jump if overflow
        bct wa, oex13
                                                        loop if more to go
oexp1
        brn exint
                                                        else return integer result
            here if integer overflow
        erb 017, exponentiation
                                                        caused integer overflow
oexp2
```

```
exponentiation (continued)
if.cnra
else
            here to exponentiate a real to an integer power
oexp3
        mfi wa, oexp6
                                                        convert exponent to one word
        \mathbf{lct}
            wa,wa
                                                        set loop counter
        ldr rcval(xr)
                                                        load base as initial value
        bnz wa, oexp5
                                                        jump into loop if non-zero exponent
                                                        error if 0.0**0
        req oexp4
        ldr reav1
                                                        nonzero**0
                                                        return 1.0 if nonzero**zero
        brn exrea
fi
            here for error of 0**0 or 0.0**0
oexp4
        {
m erb} 018, exponentiation
                                                        result is undefined
if .cnra
else
            loop to perform exponentiation
        mlr rcval(xr)
oex14
                                                        multiply by base
        rov oexp6
                                                        jump if overflow
        bct wa, oex14
                                                        loop till computation complete
oexp5
        brn exrea
                                                        then return real result
            here if real overflow
                                                        caused real overflow
oexp6
        erb 266, exponentiation
            here with real exponent in (x1), numeric base in (xr)
  if .cmth
        beq (xr),=b$rcl,oexp8
                                                        jump if base real
oexp7
        ldi
             icval(xr)
                                                        load integer base
        itr
                                                        convert to real
                                                        create real in (xr)
        jsr rcbld
            here with real exponent in (x1)
            numeric base in (xr) and ra
        zer wb
                                                        set positive result flag
oexp8
        ldr rcval(xr)
                                                        load base to ra
        rne oexp9
                                                        jump if base non-zero
        ldr rcval(x1)
                                                        base is zero. check exponent
```

```
jump if 0.0 ** 0.0
        req oexp4
        ldr reav0
                                                        0.0 to non-zero exponent yields 0.0
        brn exrea
                                                        return zero result
            here with non-zero base in (xr) and ra, exponent in (xl)
            a negative base is allowed if the exponent is integral.
                                                        jump if base gt 0.0
oexp9
        rgt oex10
                                                        make base positive
        ngr
        isr
             rcbld
                                                        create positive base in (xr)
        ldr rcval(x1)
                                                        examine exponent
        chp
                                                        chop to integral value
        rti
                                                        convert to integer, br if too large
             oexp6
        sbr rcval(x1)
                                                        chop(exponent) - exponent
        rne oex11
                                                        non-integral power with neg base
        mfi wb
                                                        record even/odd exponent
        anb bits1,wb
                                                        odd exponent yields negative result
        ldr rcval(xr)
                                                        restore base to ra
            here with positive base in ra and (xr), exponent in (xl)
oex10
        lnf
                                                        log of base
        rov oexp6
                                                        too large
        mlr rcval(x1)
                                                        times exponent
                                                        too large
        rov oexp6
                                                        e ** (exponent * ln(base))
        \mathbf{etx}
                                                        too large
        rov oexp6
        bze wb, exrea
                                                        if no sign fixup required
        ngr
                                                        negative result needed
        brn
                                                        negative result needed
            here for non-integral exponent with negative base
                                                        of negative base to non-integral power
oex11
        erb 311, exponentiation
  else
oexp7
        erb 267, exponentiation
                                                        right operand is real not integer
  fi
fi
            here with negative integer exponent in ia
if .cmth
oex12
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack base
        itr
                                                        convert to real exponent
        jsr rcbld
                                                        real negative exponent in (xr)
        mov xr.xl
                                                        put exponent in xl
                                                        restore base value
        mov (xs)+,xr
        brn oexp7
                                                        process real exponent
else
```

right operand is negative

 $\begin{array}{lll} \mathtt{oex12} & \mathbf{erb} & \mathtt{019}, \mathtt{exponentiation} \\ fi & & \end{array}$

*

* failure during evaluation of a complex or direct goto

*

o\$fif ent entry point erb 020,goto evaluation failure

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```

* call to undefined function *

o\$fun ent

 ${
m erb}$ 022,undefined function

entry point called

```
execute complex goto
o$goc
        \mathbf{ent}
                                                        entry point
        mov num01(xs),xr
                                                        load name base pointer
        bhi xr,state,ogoc1
                                                        jump if not natural variable
        add *vrtra,xr
                                                        else point to vrtra field
        bri (xr)
                                                        and jump through it
            here if goto operand is not natural variable
ogoc1
                                                        is not a natural variable
       erb 023,goto operand
```

```
*
    *
    *
    o$god ent
    mov (xs),xr
    mov (xr),wa
    beq wa,=b$cds,bcds0
    beq wa,=b$cdc,bcdc0
```

 ${
m erb}$ 024,goto operand

entry point load operand load first word jump if code block to code routine jump if code block to code routine in direct goto is not code

```
set goto failure trap
           this routine is executed at the start of a complex or
           direct failure goto to trap a subsequent fail (see exfal)
o$gof
                                                      entry point
        ent
                                                      point to fail offset on stack
        mov flptr,xr
                                                      point failure to offif word
        ica (xr)
        icp
                                                      point to next code word
        lcw xr
                                                      fetch next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                      execute it
```

```
binary dollar (immediate assignment)
           the pattern built by binary dollar is a compound pattern.
            see description at start of pattern match section for
            details of the structure which is constructed.
o$ima
       \mathbf{ent}
                                                       entry point
        mov =p$imc,wb
                                                       set pcode for last node
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                       pop name offset (parm2)
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       pop name base (parm1)
        jsr pbild
                                                       build p$imc node
        mov xr,xl
                                                       save ptr to node
        mov (xs),xr
                                                       load left argument
        jsr gtpat
                                                       convert to pattern
        err 025,immediate assignment
                                                       left operand is not pattern
                                                       save ptr to left operand pattern
        mov xr, (xs)
        mov =p$ima,wb
                                                       set pcode for first node
        jsr pbild
                                                       build p$ima node
        mov (xs)+,pthen(xr)
                                                       set left operand as p$ima successor
                                                       concatenate to form final pattern
        jsr pconc
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       stack result
        lcw xr
                                                       get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                       execute it
```

```
*
    * indirection (by name)
    *

o$inn ent
    mnz wb
```

 $\mathbf{brn} \ \text{indir}$

entry point set flag for result by name jump to common routine

```
*
    *
    * interrogation

*

o$int ent entry point
    mov =nulls,(xs) replace operand with null
    lcw xr get next code word
    bri (xr) execute next code word
```

```
keyword reference (by value)
o$kwv
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                               entry point
                                                               get keyword name
         jsr kwnam
                                                               delete kvblk
         mov xr,dnamp
                                                               access value
         \mathbf{jsr} acess
                                                               dummy (unused) failure return
         \mathbf{ppm} \; \mathtt{exnul} \\
         mov xr,-(xs)
                                                               stack result
         lcw xr
                                                               get next code word
         bri (xr)
                                                               execute it
```

```
*
    * load expression by name
    *

o$lex ent
    mov *evsi$,wa
    jsr alloc
    mov =b$evt,(xr)
    mov =trbev,evvar(xr)
    lcw wa
    mov wa,evexp(xr)
    mov xr,xl
    mov *evvar,wa
    brn exnam
```

entry point
set size of evblk
allocate space for evblk
set type word
set dummy trblk pointer
load exblk pointer
set exblk pointer
move name base to proper reg
set name offset = zero
exit with name in (xl,wa)

```
*
    * load variable name

*

o$lvn ent entry point
lcw wa load vrblk pointer
mov wa,-(xs) stack vrblk ptr (name base)
mov *vrval,-(xs) stack name offset
lcw xr get next code word
bri (xr) execute next code word
```

```
binary asterisk (multiplication)
o$mlt
         ent
                                                             entry point
                                                             fetch arithmetic operands
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              arith
             026, multiplication
                                                             left operand is not numeric
         \operatorname{err}
              027, multiplication
                                                             right operand is not numeric
if .cnra
else
         ppm omlt1
                                                             jump if real operands
fi
             here to multiply two integers
         mli icval(x1)
                                                             multiply left operand by right
                                                             return integer if no overflow
         ino exint
         {
m erb} 028,multiplication
                                                             caused integer overflow
if .cnra
else
             here to multiply two reals
omlt1
        mlr rcval(x1)
                                                             multiply left operand by right
                                                             return real if no overflow
         rno exrea
         {
m erb} 263,multiplication
                                                             caused real overflow
fi
```

```
*
    *
    *
    *
    o$nam ent
    mov *nmsi$,wa
    jsr alloc
    mov =b$nml,(xr)
    mov (xs)+,nmofs(xr)
    mov (xs)+,nmbas(xr)
    mov xr,-(xs)
    lcw xr
    bri (xr)
```

entry point
set length of nmblk
allocate nmblk
set name block code
set name offset from operand
set name base from operand
stack result
get next code word
execute it

```
negation
            initial entry
o$nta
        ent
                                                          entry point
                                                          load new failure offset
        lcw wa
        mov flptr,-(xs)
                                                          stack old failure pointer
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                          stack new failure offset
        mov xs,flptr
                                                          set new failure pointer
        lcw xr
                                                          get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                          execute next code word
            entry after successful evaluation of operand
o$ntb
        ent
                                                          entry point
        {f mov} num02(xs),flptr
                                                          restore old failure pointer
        brn exfal
                                                          and fail
            entry for failure during operand evaluation
                                                          entry point
o$ntc
        \mathbf{ent}
        ica xs
                                                          pop failure offset
                                                          restore old failure pointer
        mov (xs)+,flptr
        {\bf brn} exnul
                                                          exit giving null result
```

* use of undefined operator

* o\$oun ent entry point erb 029,undefined operator referenced

```
binary dot (pattern assignment)
           the pattern built by binary dot is a compound pattern.
            see description at start of pattern match section for
            details of the structure which is constructed.
o$pas
                                                       entry point
        \mathbf{ent}
        mov =p$pac,wb
                                                       load pcode for p$pac node
                                                       load name offset (parm2)
        mov (xs)+,wc
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       load name base (parm1)
        jsr pbild
                                                       build p$pac node
        mov xr,xl
                                                       save ptr to node
                                                       load left operand
        mov (xs),xr
        jsr gtpat
                                                       convert to pattern
        err 030, pattern assignment
                                                       left operand is not pattern
                                                       save ptr to left operand pattern
        mov xr, (xs)
        mov =p$paa,wb
                                                       set pcode for p$paa node
        jsr pbild
                                                       build p$paa node
        {f mov} (xs)+,pthen(xr)
                                                       set left operand as p$paa successor
                                                       concatenate to form final pattern
        jsr pconc
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       stack result
        lcw xr
                                                       get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                       execute it
```

```
*
    *
    pattern match (by value)

*

o$pmv ent
    mov =num01,wb
```

 $\mathbf{brn} \ \mathtt{match}$

entry point set type code for value match jump to routine to start match

*

* terminate execution (code compiled for end statement)

*

o\$stp ent entry point
brn lend0 jump to end circuit

```
*
    return name from expression
    this entry points is used if the evaluation of an
    expression, initiated by the evalx procedure, returns
    a name. control is returned to the proper point in evalx.

*

o$rnm ent entry point
    brn evlx4 return to evalx procedure
```

```
pattern replacement
            when this routine gets control, the following stack
            entries have been made (see end of match routine p$nth)
                                     subject name base
                                     subject name offset
                                     initial cursor value
                                     final cursor value
                                     subject string pointer
            (xs) ----- replacement value
o$rpl
                                                         entry point
        ent
                                                         convert replacement val to string
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             gtstg
        err 031, pattern replacement
                                                         right operand is not a string
            get result length and allocate result scblk
        mov (xs),xl
                                                         load subject string pointer
if.cnbf
else
        beq (x1),=b$bct,orp14
                                                         branch if buffer assignment
fi
        add sclen(x1),wa
                                                         add subject string length
                                                         add starting cursor
        add num02(xs),wa
        sub num01(xs),wa
                                                         minus final cursor = total length
        bze wa, orpl3
                                                         jump if result is null
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         restack replacement string
        jsr alocs
                                                         allocate scblk for result
        mov num03(xs),wa
                                                         get initial cursor (part 1 len)
        mov xr,num03(xs)
                                                         stack result pointer
                                                         point to characters of result
        psc xr
            move part 1 (start of subject) to result
        bze wa, orpl1
                                                         jump if first part is null
        mov num01(xs),xl
                                                         else point to subject string
        plc x1
                                                         point to subject string chars
                                                         move first part to result
        \mathbf{mvc}
```

```
pattern replacement (continued)
            now move in replacement value
orpl1
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                         load replacement string, pop
        mov sclen(x1), wa
                                                         load length
        bze wa, orpl2
                                                         jump if null replacement
                                                         else point to chars of replacement
        plc xl
        mvc
                                                         move in chars (part 2)
            now move in remainder of string (part 3)
orpl2
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                         load subject string pointer, pop
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                         load final cursor, pop
                                                         load subject string length
        mov sclen(x1), wa
                                                         minus final cursor = part 3 length
        sub wc,wa
        bze wa,oass0
                                                         jump to assign if part 3 is null
        plc xl,wc
                                                         else point to last part of string
        mvc
                                                         move part 3 to result
                                                         jump to perform assignment
        brn oass0
            here if result is null
orpl3
        add *num02,xs
                                                         pop subject str ptr, final cursor
        mov =nulls,(xs)
                                                         set null result
        {\bf brn} oass0
                                                         jump to assign null value
if.cnbf
else
            here for buffer substring assignment
orpl4
        mov xr,xl
                                                         copy scblk replacement ptr
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                         unstack bcblk ptr
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                         get final cursor value
        mov (xs)+,wa
                                                         get initial cursor
        sub wa,wb
                                                         get length in wb
                                                         get rid of name offset
        add *num01,xs
        mov xr, (xs)
                                                         store buffer result over name base
        jsr insbf
                                                         insert substring
                                                         convert fail impossible
        ppm
                                                         fail if insert fails
        ppm exfal
        lcw xr
                                                         result on stack, get code word
        bri (xr)
                                                         execute next code word
fi
```

```
selection
            initial entry
o$sla
        ent
                                                        entry point
        lcw wa
                                                        load new failure offset
        mov flptr,-(xs)
                                                        stack old failure pointer
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                        stack new failure offset
        mov xs,flptr
                                                        set new failure pointer
        lcw xr
                                                        get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                        execute next code word
            entry after successful evaluation of alternative
o$slb
        ent
                                                        entry point
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        load result
                                                        pop fail offset
        ica xs
                                                        restore old failure pointer
        mov (xs),flptr
                                                        restack result
        mov xr,(xs)
        lcw wa
                                                        load new code offset
        add r$cod,wa
                                                        point to absolute code location
        lcp wa
                                                        set new code pointer
        lcw xr
                                                        get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                        execute next code word
            entry at start of subsequent alternatives
o$slc
        ent
                                                        entry point
        lcw wa
                                                        load new fail offset
        mov wa, (xs)
                                                        store new fail offset
        lcw xr
                                                        get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                        execute next code word
            entry at start of last alternative
o$sld
        ent
                                                        entry point
        ica xs
                                                        pop failure offset
        mov (xs)+,flptr
                                                        restore old failure pointer
        lcw xr
                                                        get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                        execute next code word
```

```
binary minus (subtraction)
o$sub
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                              entry point
                                                              fetch arithmetic operands
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              arith
             032, subtraction left
                                                              operand is not numeric
         \operatorname{err}
              033, subtraction right
                                                              operand is not numeric
if.cnra
else
                                                              jump if real operands
         ppm osub1
fi
             here to subtract two integers
         sbi icval(x1)
                                                              subtract right operand from left
         ino exint
                                                              return integer if no overflow
         erb 034, subtraction caused
                                                              integer overflow
if .cnra
else
             here to subtract two reals
osub1
         sbr rcval(x1)
                                                              subtract right operand from left
                                                              return real if no overflow
         rno exrea
                                                              real overflow
         {
m erb} 264, subtraction caused
fi
```

```
*

* dummy operator to return control to trxeq procedure

*

o$txr ent entry point
brn trxq1 jump into trxeq procedure
```

the first word of every block in dynamic storage and the vrget, vrsto and vrtra fields of a vrblk contain a pointer to an entry point in the program. all such entry points are in the following section except those for pattern blocks which are in the pattern matching segment later on (labels of the form p\$xxx), and dope vectors (d\$xxx) which are in the dope vector section following the pattern routines (dope vectors are used for cmblks). the entry points in this section have labels of the form b\$xxy where xx is the two character block type for the corresponding block and y is any letter. in some cases, the pointers serve no other purpose than to identify the block type. in this case the routine is never executed and thus no code is assembled. for each of these entry points corresponding to a block an entry point identification is assembled (bl\$xx). the exact entry conditions depend on the manner in which the routine is accessed and are documented with the individual routines as required. the order of these routines is alphabetical with the following exceptions. the routines for seblk and exblk entries occur first so that expressions can be quickly identified from the fact that their routines lie before the symbol b\$e\$\$. these are immediately followed by the routine for a trblk so that the test against the symbol b\$t\$\$ checks for trapped values or expression values (see procedure evalp) the pattern routines lie after this section so that

*

the symbol b\$aaa defines the first location for block routines and the symbol p\$yyy (at the end of the pattern match routines section) defines the last such entry point

patterns are identified with routines starting at or after the initial instruction in these routines (p\$aaa).

*

b\$aaa ent bl\$\$i

entry point of first block routine

```
*
    * exblk

* the routine for an exblk loads the expression onto
    * the stack as a value.

*
    * (xr) pointer to exblk

*

b$exl ent bl$ex entry point (exblk)
    mov xr,-(xs) stack result
    lcw xr get next code word
    bri (xr)
```

```
*
    * seblk

* the routine for seblk is accessed from the generated
    * code to load the expression value onto the stack.

*

b$sel ent bl$se entry point (seblk)
    mov xr,-(xs) stack result
    lcw xr get next code word
    bri (xr) execute it

*

define symbol which marks end of entries for expressions

b$e$$ ent bl$$i entry point
```

```
*
    * arblk

* the routine for arblk is never executed
    *
b$art ent bl$ar entry point (arblk)
```

```
*
    * bcblk

* the routine for a bcblk is never executed

*    (xr) pointer to bcblk

b$bct ent bl$bc entry point (bcblk)
```

```
*
  * bfblk

* the routine for a bfblk is never executed

* (xr) pointer to bfblk

b$bft ent bl$bf entry point (bfblk)
```

```
*
    * ccblk

*
    the routine for ccblk is never entered
    *

b$cct ent bl$cc entry point (ccblk)
```

```
* cdblk

* the cdblk routines are executed from the generated code.

* there are two cases depending on the form of cdfal.

* entry for complex failure code at cdfal

* (xr) pointer to cdblk

* b$cdc ent b1$cd entry point (cdblk)
bcdc0 mov f1ptr,xs pop garbage off stack mov cdfal(xr),(xs) set failure offset brn stmgo enter stmt

* cdblk

* (xr) pointer to cdblk

* entry point (cdblk)

* pop garbage off stack set failure offset enter stmt

* cdblk

* entry point (cdblk)

* pop garbage off stack set failure offset enter stmt

* cdblk

* entry point (cdblk)

* pop garbage off stack set failure offset enter stmt

* cdblk

* cdblk

* entry point (cdblk)

* pop garbage off stack set failure offset enter stmt

* cdblk

* entry point (cdblk)

* pop garbage off stack set failure offset enter stmt

* cdblk

* cdblk

* cdblk

* entry point (cdblk)

* pop garbage off stack set failure offset enter stmt

* cdblk

* cdblk

* cdblk

* cdblk

* cdblk

* entry point (cdblk)

* cdblk

* cdb
```

```
*
    * cdblk (continued)

* entry for simple failure code at cdfal

*
    * (xr) pointer to cdblk

*
b$cds ent bl$cd entry point (cdblk)
bcds0 mov flptr,xs pop garbage off stack
    mov *cdfal,(xs) set failure offset
    brn stmgo enter stmt
```

```
*
    * cmblk

*
    the routine for a cmblk is never executed
    *
b$cmt ent bl$cm entry point (cmblk)
```

```
*
    * ctblk

* the routine for a ctblk is never executed
    *
b$ctt ent bl$ct entry point (ctblk)
```

```
dfblk
           the routine for a dfblk is accessed from the offic entry
           to call a datatype function and build a pdblk.
            (x1)
                                   pointer to dfblk
b$dfc
        ent bl$df
                                                      entry point
        mov dfpdl(x1),wa
                                                      load length of pdblk
        jsr alloc
                                                      allocate pdblk
        mov =b$pdt,(xr)
                                                      store type word
                                                      store dfblk pointer
        mov xl,pddfp(xr)
        mov xr,wc
                                                      save pointer to pdblk
        add wa,xr
                                                      point past pdblk
        lct wa,fargs(x1)
                                                      set to count fields
           loop to acquire field values from stack
bdfc1
       mov (xs)+,-(xr)
                                                      move a field value
        bct wa,bdfc1
                                                      loop till all moved
        mov wc,xr
                                                      recall pointer to pdblk
        brn exsid
                                                      exit setting id field
```

```
efblk
            the routine for an efblk is passed control form the offic
             entry to call an external function.
             (x1)
                                     pointer to efblk
b$efc
        ent bl$ef
                                                          entry point (efblk)
if .cnld
else
        mov fargs(x1),wc
                                                          load number of arguments
        \mathbf{wtb} wc
                                                          convert to offset
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                          save pointer to efblk
        mov xs,xt
                                                          copy pointer to arguments
            loop to convert arguments
befc1
        ica xt
                                                          point to next entry
                                                          load pointer to efblk
        mov (xs),xr
                                                          decrement eftar offset
        dca wc
        add wc,xr
                                                          point to next eftar entry
        mov eftar(xr),xr
                                                          load eftar entry
  if.cnra
    if.cnlf
        bsw xr,4
                                                          switch on type
    else
        bsw xr,3
                                                          switch on type
    fi
  else
    if.cnlf
        bsw xr,5
                                                          switch on type
    else
                                                          switch on type
        bsw xr,4
    fi
  fi
        iff
              0,befc7
                                                          no conversion needed
        iff
              1,befc2
                                                          string
        iff
              2,befc3
                                                          integer
  if.cnra
    if.cnlf
        iff
              3,beff1
                                                          file
    fi
  else
        iff
              3,befc4
                                                          real
    if .cnlf
        iff
              4,beff1
                                                          file
```

```
fi
        esw
                                                        end of switch on type
  if.cnlf
            here to convert to file
beff1
        mov xt,-(xs)
                                                        save entry pointer
        mov wc, befof
                                                        save offset
        mov (xt),-(xs)
                                                        stack arg pointer
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} iofcb
                                                         convert to fcb
        err 298, external function
                                                         argument is not file
                                                         argument is not file
        err 298, external function
        err 298, external function
                                                         argument is not file
        mov wa,xr
                                                         point to fcb
        mov (xs)+,xt
                                                         reload entry pointer
        brn befc5
                                                        jump to merge
  fi
            here to convert to string
befc2
        mov (xt),-(xs)
                                                        stack arg ptr
        jsr gtstg
                                                         convert argument to string
        err 039, external function
                                                         argument is not a string
        brn befc6
                                                        jump to merge
```

fi

```
efblk (continued)
            here to convert an integer
befc3
        mov (xt),xr
                                                        load next argument
        mov wc,befof
                                                        save offset
                                                        convert to integer
        jsr
             gtint
        err 040, external function
                                                        argument is not integer
  if.cnra
  else
        brn befc5
                                                        merge with real case
            here to convert a real
        mov (xt),xr
                                                        load next argument
befc4
        {f mov} wc, befof
                                                        save offset
        jsr gtrea
                                                        convert to real
        err 265, external function
                                                        argument is not real
  fi
            integer case merges here
        {f mov} befof,wc
                                                        restore offset
befc5
            string merges here
befc6
        mov xr,(xt)
                                                        store converted result
            no conversion merges here
befc7
        bnz wc,befc1
                                                        loop back if more to go
            here after converting all the arguments
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                        restore efblk pointer
        mov fargs(xl),wa
                                                        get number of args
        jsr sysex
                                                        call routine to call external fnc
                                                        fail if failure
        ppm exfal
        err 327, calling external
                                                        function - not found
        err 326, calling external
                                                        function - bad argument type
  if.\mathbf{cexp}
        wtb wa
                                                        convert number of args to bytes
                                                        remove arguments from stack
        add wa,xs
  fi
```

```
efblk (continued)
           return here with result in xr
           first defend against non-standard null string returned
        mov efrsl(xl),wb
                                                       get result type id
        bnz wb, befa8
                                                       branch if not unconverted
        bne (xr),=b$scl,befc8
                                                       jump if not a string
                                                       return null if null
        bze sclen(xr),exnul
           here if converted result to check for null string
befa8
        bne wb,=num01,befc8
                                                       jump if not a string
                                                       return null if null
        bze sclen(xr),exnul
           return if result is in dynamic storage
       blt xr, dnamb, befc9
                                                       jump if not in dynamic storage
befc8
        ble xr,dnamp,exixr
                                                       return result if already dynamic
           here we copy a result into the dynamic region
befc9
       mov (xr), wa
                                                       get possible type word
        bze wb,bef11
                                                       jump if unconverted result
        mov =b$scl,wa
                                                       string
        beq wb,=num01,bef10
                                                       yes jump
        mov =b$icl,wa
                                                       integer
        beq wb,=num02,bef10
                                                       yes jump
  if.cnra
  else
        mov =b$rcl,wa
                                                       real
  fi
            store type word in result
bef10
       mov wa, (xr)
                                                       stored before copying to dynamic
           merge for unconverted result
bef11
       beq (xr),=b$scl,bef12
                                                       branch if string result
        jsr blkln
                                                       get length of block
        mov xr,xl
                                                       copy address of old block
                                                       allocate dynamic block same size
        jsr alloc
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       set pointer to new block as result
        mvw
                                                       copy old block to dynamic block
        zer xl
                                                       clear garbage value
                                                       get next code word
        lcw xr
```

```
bri (xr)
                                                        execute next code word
            here to return a string result that was not in dynamic.
            cannot use the simple word copy above because it will not
            guarantee zero padding in the last word.
                                                        save source string pointer
bef12 mov xr,xl
        mov sclen(xr),wa
                                                        fetch string length
        bze wa,exnul
                                                        return null string if length zero
                                                        allocate space for string
        jsr alocs
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        save as result pointer
        psc xr
                                                        prepare to store chars of result
                                                        point to chars in source string
        plc xl
        {f mov} wc,wa
                                                        number of characters to copy
                                                        move characters to result string
        mvc
                                                        clear garbage value
        zer xl
        lcw xr
                                                        get next code word
                                                        execute next code word
        bri (xr)
fi
```

```
*
    * evblk

*
    the routine for an evblk is never executed
    *
b$evt ent bl$ev entry point (evblk)
```

```
ffblk
           the routine for an ffblk is executed from the offnc entry
           to call a field function and extract a field value/name.
            (x1)
                                   pointer to ffblk
b$ffc
       ent bl$ff
                                                      entry point (ffblk)
                                                      copy ffblk pointer
        mov xl,xr
       lcw wc
                                                      load next code word
                                                      load pdblk pointer
        mov (xs),xl
                                                      jump if not pdblk at all
        bne (x1),=b$pdt,bffc2
                                                      load dfblk pointer from pdblk
        mov pddfp(xl),wa
           loop to find correct ffblk for this pdblk
bffc1
       beq wa,ffdfp(xr),bffc3
                                                      jump if this is the correct ffblk
        mov ffnxt(xr),xr
                                                      else link to next ffblk on chain
        bnz xr,bffc1
                                                      loop back if another entry to check
           here for bad argument
bffc2
       erb 041, field function
                                                      argument is wrong datatype
```

```
ffblk (continued)
            here after locating correct ffblk
                                                       load field offset
bffc3
       mov ffofs(xr),wa
                                                       jump if called by name
        beq wc,=ofne$,bffc5
        add wa,xl
                                                       else point to value field
        mov (x1),xr
                                                       load value
        bne (xr),=b$trt,bffc4
                                                       jump if not trapped
        sub wa,xl
                                                       else restore name base,offset
        mov wc, (xs)
                                                       save next code word over pdblk ptr
        jsr acess
                                                       access value
        ppm exfal
                                                       fail if access fails
                                                       restore next code word
        mov (xs),wc
            here after getting value in (xr), xl is garbage
bffc4
        mov xr,(xs)
                                                       store value on stack (over pdblk)
                                                       copy next code word
        mov wc,xr
        mov (xr),xl
                                                       load entry address
        bri xl
                                                       jump to routine for next code word
            here if called by name
bffc5
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                       store name offset (base is set)
        lcw xr
                                                       get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                       execute next code word
```

```
*
    * kvblk

*
    the routine for a kvblk is never executed.

*
b$kvt ent b1$kv entry point (kvblk)
```

```
nmblk
           the routine for a nmblk is executed from the generated
           code for the case of loading a name onto the stack
           where the name is that of a natural variable which can
           be preevaluated at compile time.
           (xr)
                                  pointer\ to\ nmblk
       ent bl$nm
                                                    entry point (nmblk)
b$nml
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                    stack result
       lcw xr
                                                    get next code word
       bri (xr)
                                                    execute it
```

```
*
    * pdblk
*
    the routine for a pdblk is never executed
*
b$pdt ent bl$pd entry point (pdblk)
```

```
pfblk
           the routine for a pfblk is executed from the entry offic
           to call a program defined function.
           (x1)
                                  pointer to pfblk
           the following stack entries are made before passing
           control to the program defined function.
                                   saved value of first argument
                                   saved value of last argument
                                   saved value of first local
                                   saved value of last local
                                   saved value of function name
                                   saved code block ptr (r$cod)
                                   saved code pointer (-r$cod)
                                   saved value of flprt
                                   saved value of flptr
                                  pointer to pfblk
           flptr ----- zero (to be overwritten with offs)
b$pfc
       ent bl$pf
                                                     entry point (pfblk)
       mov xl,bpfpf
                                                     save pfblk ptr (need not be reloc)
       mov xl,xr
                                                     copy for the moment
                                                     point to vrblk for function
       mov pfvbl(xr),xl
           loop to find old value of function
bpf01
       mov xl,wb
                                                     save pointer
                                                     load value
       mov vrval(x1),x1
       beq (x1),=b$trt,bpf01
                                                     loop if trblk
           set value to null and save old function value
                                                     save old value
       mov xl,bpfsv
                                                     point back to block with value
       mov wb,xl
       mov =nulls,vrval(x1)
                                                     set value to null
       mov fargs(xr),wa
                                                     load number of arguments
       add *pfarg,xr
                                                     point to pfarg entries
       bze wa, bpf04
                                                     jump if no arguments
       mov xs,xt
                                                     ptr to last arg
       wtb wa
                                                     convert no. of args to bytes offset
       add wa,xt
                                                     point before first arg
       mov xt, bpfxt
                                                     remember arg pointer
```

```
pfblk (continued)
           loop to save old argument values and set new ones
bpf02
        mov (xr)+,xl
                                                       load vrblk ptr for next argument
            loop through possible trblk chain to find value
bpf03
        mov xl,wc
                                                       save pointer
        mov vrval(xl),xl
                                                       load next value
        beq (x1),=b$trt,bpf03
                                                       loop back if trblk
            save old value and get new value
        mov xl,wa
                                                       keep old value
        mov bpfxt,xt
                                                       point before next stacked arg
        mov -(xt),wb
                                                       load argument (new value)
        mov wa, (xt)
                                                       save old value
        mov xt, bpfxt
                                                       keep arg ptr for next time
                                                       point back to block with value
        mov wc,xl
        mov wb, vrval(xl)
                                                       set new value
                                                       loop if not all done
        bne xs,bpfxt,bpf02
           now process locals
bpf04
        mov bpfpf,xl
                                                       restore pfblk pointer
        mov pfnlo(xl),wa
                                                       load number of locals
        bze wa, bpf07
                                                       jump if no locals
        mov =nulls,wb
                                                       get null constant
        lct wa,wa
                                                       set local counter
           loop to process locals
        mov (xr)+,xl
                                                       load vrblk ptr for next local
bpf05
            loop through possible trblk chain to find value
bpf06
        mov xl,wc
                                                       save pointer
                                                       load next value
        mov vrval(x1),x1
        beq (x1),=b$trt,bpf06
                                                       loop back if trblk
    *
            save old value and set null as new value
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                       stack old value
        mov wc,xl
                                                       point back to block with value
        mov wb, vrval(xl)
                                                       set null as new value
                                                       loop till all locals processed
        bct wa,bpf05
```

```
here after processing arguments and locals
if .cnpf
bpf07
        mov r$cod, wa
                                                          load old code block pointer
else
bpf07
        zer xr
                                                          zero reg xr in case
                                                          skip if profiling is off
        bze kvpfl,bpf7c
        beq kvpfl,=num02,bpf7a
                                                          branch on type of profile
            here if &profile = 1
        jsr
             systm
                                                          get current time
        {f sti}
             pfetm
                                                          save for a sec
        sbi pfstm
                                                          find time used by caller
                                                          build into an icblk
             icbld
        jsr
        ldi pfetm
                                                          reload current time
        brn bpf7b
                                                          merge
             here if &profile = 2
        ldi
             pfstm
                                                          get start time of calling stmt
bpf7a
             icbld
                                                          assemble an icblk round it
        jsr
        jsr
             systm
                                                          get now time
            both types of profile merge here
bpf7b
        sti pfstm
                                                          set start time of 1st func stmt
        {f mnz} pffnc
                                                          flag function entry
            no profiling merges here
bpf7c
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                          stack icblk ptr (or zero)
                                                          load old code block pointer
        mov r$cod, wa
fi
        scp wb
                                                          get code pointer
                                                          make code pointer into offset
        sub wa,wb
        mov bpfpf,xl
                                                          recall pfblk pointer
                                                          stack old value of function name
        mov bpfsv,-(xs)
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                          stack code block pointer
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                          stack code offset
        mov flprt,-(xs)
                                                          stack old flprt
        mov flptr,-(xs)
                                                          stack old failure pointer
                                                          stack pointer to pfblk
        mov xl,-(xs)
        zer - (xs)
                                                          dummy zero entry for fail return
        \mathbf{chk}
                                                          check for stack overflow
        mov xs,flptr
                                                          set new fail return value
```

pfblk (continued)

mov xs,flprt

set new flprt

```
load trace value
        mov kvtra, wa
                                                         add ftrace value
        add kvftr,wa
        bnz wa,bpf09
                                                         jump if tracing possible
                                                         else bump fnclevel
        {f icv} kvfnc
            here to actually jump to function
bpf08
        mov pfcod(x1),xr
                                                         point to vrblk of entry label
        mov vrlbl(xr),xr
                                                         point to target code
        beq xr,=stndl,bpf17
                                                         test for undefined label
        bne (xr),=b$trt,bpf8a
                                                         jump if not trapped
        mov trlbl(xr),xr
                                                         else load ptr to real label code
        bri (xr)
                                                         off to execute function
bpf8a
            here if tracing is possible
bpf09
        mov pfctr(x1),xr
                                                         load possible call trace trblk
        mov pfvbl(xl),xl
                                                         load vrblk pointer for function
        mov *vrval,wa
                                                         set name offset for variable
                                                         jump if trace mode is off
        bze kvtra, bpf10
        bze xr,bpf10
                                                         or if there is no call trace
            here if call traced
        \mathbf{dcv} kvtra
                                                         decrement trace count
        bze trfnc(xr),bpf11
                                                         jump if print trace
        jsr trxeq
                                                         execute function type trace
```

```
pfblk (continued)
            here to test for ftrace trace
bpf10
        bze kvftr,bpf16
                                                       jump if ftrace is off
                                                       else decrement ftrace
        dcv kvftr
            here for print trace
bpf11
       jsr prtsn
                                                       print statement number
        jsr prtnm
                                                       print function name
                                                       load left paren
        mov =ch$pp,wa
        jsr prtch
                                                       print left paren
        mov num01(xs),xl
                                                       recover pfblk pointer
                                                       skip if no arguments
        bze fargs(xl),bpf15
        zer wb
                                                       else set argument counter
        brn bpf13
                                                       jump into loop
            loop to print argument values
bpf12
        mov =ch$cm,wa
                                                       load comma
                                                       print to separate from last arg
        jsr prtch
            merge here first time (no comma required)
bpf13
        mov wb, (xs)
                                                       save arg ctr (over failoffs is ok)
        wtb wb
                                                       convert to byte offset
                                                       point to next argument pointer
        add wb,xl
                                                       load next argument vrblk ptr
        mov pfarg(x1),xr
        sub wb,xl
                                                       restore pfblk pointer
        mov vrval(xr),xr
                                                       load next value
                                                       print argument value
        jsr prtvl
```

```
here after dealing with one argument
        mov (xs),wb
                                                      restore argument counter
        icv wb
                                                      increment argument counter
        blt wb,fargs(xl),bpf12
                                                      loop if more to print
    *
           merge here in no args case to print paren
                                                      load right paren
bpf15
        mov =ch$rp,wa
        jsr prtch
                                                      print to terminate output
        jsr prtnl
                                                      terminate print line
           merge here to exit with test for fnclevel trace
bpf16
       icv kvfnc
                                                      increment fnclevel
        mov r$fnc,xl
                                                      load ptr to possible trblk
                                                      call keyword trace routine
        jsr ktrex
            call function after trace tests complete
        mov num01(xs),xl
                                                      restore pfblk pointer
        brn bpf08
                                                      jump back to execute function
           here if calling a function whose entry label is undefined
bpf17
        mov num02(xs),flptr
                                                      reset so exfal can return to evalx
        erb 286,function call
                                                      to undefined entry label
```

if .cnra else

```
* scblk

* the routine for an scblk is executed from the generated
code to load a string value onto the stack.

* (xr) pointer to scblk

* entry point (scblk)
mov xr,-(xs) stack result
lcw xr get next code word
bri (xr) execute it
```

```
*
  * tbblk

* the routine for a tbblk is never executed

*
b$tbt ent bl$tb entry point (tbblk)
```

```
*
  * teblk

*
    the routine for a teblk is never executed
    *
b$tet ent bl$te entry point (teblk)
```

```
*
  * vcblk

*
    the routine for a vcblk is never executed
    *
b$vct ent bl$vc entry point (vcblk)
```

```
vrblk
           the vrblk routines are executed from the generated code.
           there are six entries for vrblk covering various cases
b$vr$ ent bl$$i
                                                     mark start of vrblk entry points
           entry for vrget (trapped case). this routine is called
           from the generated code to load the value of a variable.
           this entry point is used if an access trace or input
           association is currently active.
            (xr)
                                   pointer to vrget field of vrblk
       ent bl$$i
b$vra
                                                      entry point
                                                      copy name base (vrget = 0)
       mov xr,xl
        mov *vrval,wa
                                                      set name offset
                                                      access value
       jsr acess
       \mathbf{ppm} exfal
                                                      fail if access fails
                                                      stack result
        mov xr,-(xs)
        lcw xr
                                                      get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                      execute it
```

```
vrblk (continued)
            vrtra (trapped case). this routine is called from the
            generated code to transfer to a label when a label
            trace is currently active.
                                                        entry point
b$vrt
        \mathbf{ent}
        sub *vrtra,xr
                                                        point back to start of vrblk
                                                        copy vrblk pointer
        mov xr,xl
        mov *vrval,wa
                                                        set name offset
        mov vrlbl(xl),xr
                                                        load pointer to trblk
                                                        jump if trace is off
        bze kvtra,bvrt2
                                                        else decrement trace count
        dcv kvtra
        bze trfnc(xr),bvrt1
                                                        jump if print trace case
        jsr trxeq
                                                        else execute full trace
        brn bvrt2
                                                        merge to jump to label
            here for print trace -- print colon ( label name )
       jsr prtsn
bvrt1
                                                        print statement number
        mov xl,xr
                                                        copy vrblk pointer
        \mathbf{mov} =ch$cl,wa
                                                        colon
        jsr prtch
                                                        print it
        \mathbf{mov} =ch$pp,wa
                                                        left paren
        jsr prtch
                                                        print it
                                                        print label name
        jsr prtvn
        mov =ch$rp,wa
                                                        right paren
        jsr prtch
                                                        print it
        jsr prtnl
                                                        terminate line
        mov vrlbl(xl),xr
                                                        point back to trblk
            merge here to jump to label
bvrt2
       mov trlbl(xr),xr
                                                        load pointer to actual code
        bri (xr)
                                                        execute statement at label
```

```
vrblk (continued)
            entry for vrsto (trapped case). this routine is called
            from the generated code to store the value of a variable.
            this entry is used when a value trace or output
            association is currently active.
            (xr)
                                     pointer to vrsto field of vrblk
b$vrv
        ent
                                                          entry point
        mov (xs),wb
                                                          load value (leave copy on stack)
        \operatorname{sub} *vrsto,xr
                                                          point to vrblk
                                                          copy vrblk pointer
        mov xr,xl
        mov *vrval,wa
                                                          {\it set\ offset}
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} asign
                                                          call assignment routine
        ppm exfal
                                                          fail if assignment fails
        lcw xr
                                                          else get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                          execute next code word
```

```
*
    * xnblk

*
    the routine for an xnblk is never executed
    *
b$xnt ent bl$xn entry point (xnblk)
```

```
*
    * xrblk

* the routine for an xrblk is never executed

*

b$xrt ent bl$xr entry point (xrblk)

*
    mark entry address past last block action routine

*

b$yyy ent bl$$i last block routine entry point
```

spitbol –pattern matching routines

```
the following section consists of the pattern matching
           routines. all pattern nodes contain a pointer (pcode)
           to one of the routines in this section (p$xxx).
           note that this section follows the b$xxx routines to
           enable a fast test for the pattern datatype.
p$aaa
       ent bl$$i
                                                  entry to mark first pattern
           the entry conditions to the match routine are as follows
           (see o$pmn, o$pmv, o$pms and procedure match).
           stack contents.
                                 name base (o$pmn only)
                                 name offset (o$pmn only)
                                 type (0-o$pmn, 1-o$pmv, 2-o$pms)
           pmhbs ----- initial cursor (zero)
                                initial node pointer
           xs ----- =ndabo (anchored), =nduna (unanch)
           register values.
                (xs)
                                set as shown in stack diagram
                (xr)
                                pointer to initial pattern node
                (wb)
                                initial cursor (zero)
           global pattern values
                                 pointer to subject string scblk
                r$pms
                                length of subject string in chars
                pmssl
                pmdfl
                                 dot flag, initially zero
                                 set as shown in stack diagram
                pmhbs
           control is passed by branching through the pcode
           field of the initial pattern node (bri (xr)).
```

description of algorithm

k k

a pattern structure is represented as a linked graph of nodes with the following structure.

*

++ i pthen i	+		-+
+	i	pcode	i
+	+		-+
i parm1 i	i	pthen	i
i parm1 i	+		-+
	i	parm1	i
+	+		-+
i parm2 i	i	parm2	i
+	+		-+

*

pcode is a pointer to the routine which will perform the match of this particular node type.

*

pthen is a pointer to the successor node. i.e. the node to be matched if the attempt to match this node succeeds. if this is the last node of the pattern pthen points to the dummy node ndnth which initiates pattern exit.

*

parm1, parm2 are parameters whose use varies with the particular node. they are only present if required.

*

alternatives are handled with the special alternative node whose parameter points to the node to be matched if there is a failure on the successor path.

*

the following example illustrates the manner in which the structure is built up. the pattern is

*

(a / b / c) (d / e) where / is alternation

*

in the diagram, the node marked + represents an alternative node and the dotted line from a + node represents the parameter pointer to the alternative.

*

' '

<

during the match, the registers are used as follows.

(xr) points to the current node

(x1) scratch

(xs) main stack pointer

(wb) cursor (number of chars matched)

(wa,wc) scratch

*

to keep track of alternatives, the main stack is used as a history stack and contains two word entries.

*

word 1 saved cursor value word 2 node to match on failure

*

when a failure occurs, the most recent entry on this stack is popped off to restore the cursor and point to the node to be matched as an alternative. the entry at the bottom of the stack points to the following special nodes depending on the scan mode.

*

anchored mode the bottom entry points to the

special node ndabo which causes an abort. the cursor value stored with this entry is always zero.

*

unanchored mode the bottom entry points to the

special node nduna which moves the anchor point and restarts the match the cursor saved with this entry is the number of characters which lie before the initial anchor point (i.e. the number of anchor moves). this entry is three words long and also contains the initial pattern.

*

entries are made on this history stack by alternative nodes and by some special compound patterns as described later on. the following global locations are used during pattern matching.

*

r\$pms pointer to subject string pmssl length of subject string

pmdfl flag set non-zero for dot patterns pmhbs base ptr for current history stack

K

the following exit points are available to match routines

*

succeps uccess in matching current node failp failure in matching current node

*

*

compound patterns

some patterns have implicit alternatives and their representation in the pattern structure consists of a linked set of nodes as indicated by these diagrams.

as before, the + represents an alternative node and the dotted line from a + node is the parameter pointer to the alternative pattern.

*

arb

*

+---+ this node (p\$arb) matches null i b i---- and stacks cursor, successor ptr, cursor (copy) and a ptr to ndarc.

*

*

*

bal ---

> +---+ i b i-----+---+

the p\$bal node scans a balanced string and then stacks a pointer to itself on the history stack.

compound pattern structures (continued)

*

${\tt arbno}$

+---+

*

++	this alternative node matches null
+i + i	the first time and stacks a pointer
i ++	to the argument pattern x.
i .	
i .	
i ++	node (p\$aba) to stack cursor
i iai	and history stack base ptr.
i ++	
i i	
i i	
i ++	this is the argument pattern. as
i ixi	indicated, the successor of the
i ++	pattern is the p\$abc node
i i	
i i	
i ++	this node (p\$abc) pops pmhbs,
+i c i	stacks old pmhbs and ptr to ndabd

*

structure and execution of this pattern resemble those of recursive pattern matching and immediate assignment. the alternative node at the head of the structure matches null initially but on subsequent failure ensures attempt to match the argument. before the argument is matched p\$aba stacks the cursor, pmhbs and a ptr to p\$abb. if the argument cant be matched , p\$abb removes this special stack entry and fails.

(unless optimization has occurred)

if argument is matched , p\$abc restores the outer pmhbs value (saved by p\$aba) . then if the argument has left alternatives on stack it stacks the inner value of pmhbs and a ptr to ndabd. if argument left nothing on the stack it optimises by removing items stacked by p\$aba. finally a check is made that argument matched more than the null string (check is intended to prevent useless looping). if so the successor is again the alternative node at the head of the structure , ensuring a possible extra attempt to match the arg if necessary. if not , the successor to alternative is taken so as to terminate the loop. p\$abd restores inner pmhbs ptr and fails , thus trying to match alternatives left by the arbno argument.

compound pattern structures (continued) breakx -----+---+ this node is a break node for the argument to breakx, identical +---i b i i +---+ to an ordinary break node. i i i i +---+ i this alternative node stacks a pointer to the breakx node to i + i---i i allow for subsequent failure +---+ i this is the breakx node itself. it i +---i x i matches one character and then +---+ proceeds back to the break node. fence ---the fence node matches null and i f i---stacks a pointer to node ndabo to abort on a subsequent rematch succeed _____ +---+ the node for succeed matches null

i s i-----

+---+

and stacks a pointer to itself

to repeat the match on a failure.

compound patterns (continued)

binary dot (pattern assignment)

*

++	this node (p\$paa) saves the current
iai	cursor and a pointer to the
++	special node ndpab on the stack.
i	
i	
++	this is the structure for the
ixi	pattern left argument of the
++	pattern assignment call.
i	
i	
++	this node (p\$pac) saves the cursor,
i c i	a ptr to itself, the cursor (copy)
++	and a ptr to ndpad on the stack.

*

the function of the match routine for ndpab (p\$pab) is simply to unstack itself and fail back onto the stack.

*

the match routine for p\$pac also sets the global pattern flag pmdfl non-zero to indicate that pattern assignments may have occured in the pattern match

*

if pmdfl is set at the end of the match (see p\$nth), the history stack is scanned for matching ndpab-ndpad pairs and the corresponding pattern assignments are executed.

*

the function of the match routine for ndpad (p\$pad) is simply to remove its entry from the stack and fail. this includes removing the special node pointer stored in addition to the standard two entries on the stack.

compount pattern structures (continued)

fence (function)

*

++ i a i ++ i	this node (p\$fna) saves the current history stack and a pointer to ndfnb on the stack.
i	
++	this is the pattern structure
iхі	given as the argument to the
++	fence function.
i	
i	
++	this node p\$fnc restores the outer
iсі	history stack ptr saved in p\$fna,
++	and stacks the inner stack base
	ptr and a pointer to ndfnd on the stack.

*

ndfnb (f\$fnb) simply is the failure exit for pattern argument failure, and it pops itself and fails onto the stack.

*

the match routine p\$fnc allows for an optimization when the fence pattern leaves no alternatives. in this case, the ndfnb entry is popped, and the match continues.

*

ndfnd (p\$fnd) is entered when the pattern fails after going through a non-optimized p\$fnc, and it pops the stack back past the innter stack base created by p\$fna

compound patterns (continued)

*

expression patterns (recursive pattern matches)

*

initial entry for a pattern node is to the routine p\$exa. if the evaluated result of the expression is itself a pattern, then the following steps are taken to arrange for proper recursive processing.

*

1) a pointer to the current node (the p\$exa node) is stored on the history stack with a dummy cursor.

*

2) a special history stack entry is made in which the node pointer points to ndexb, and the cursor value is the saved value of pmhbs on entry to this node. the match routine for ndexb (p\$exb) restores pmhbs from this cursor entry, pops off the p\$exa node pointer and fails.

*

 the resulting history stack pointer is saved in pmhbs to establish a new level of history stack.

*

after matching a pattern, the end of match routine gets control (p\$nth). this routine proceeds as follows.

*

1) load the current value of pmhbs and recognize the outer level case by the fact that the associated cursor in this case is the pattern match type code which is less than 3. terminate the match in this case and continue execution of the program.

*

2) otherwise make a special history stack entry in which the node pointer points to the special node ndexc and the cursor is the current value of pmhbs. the match routine for ndexc (p\$exc) resets pmhbs to this (inner) value and and then fails.

*

3) using the history stack entry made on starting the expression (accessible with the current value of pmhbs), restore the p\$exa node pointer and the old pmhbs setting. take the successor and continue.

*

an optimization is possible if the expression pattern makes no entries on the history stack. in this case, instead of building the p\$exc node in step 2, it is more efficient to simply pop off the p\$exb entry and its associated node pointer. the effect is the same.

*

compound patterns (continued)

binary dollar (immediate assignment)

*

this node (p\$ima) stacks the cursor
pmhbs and a ptr to ndimb and resets
the stack ptr pmhbs.
this is the left structure for the
pattern left argument of the
immediate assignment call.
this node (p\$imc) performs the
assignment, pops pmhbs and stacks
the old pmhbs and a ptr to ndimd.

k k

the structure and execution of this pattern are similar to those of the recursive expression pattern matching.

the match routine for ndimb (p\$imb) restores the outer level value of pmhbs, unstacks the saved cursor and fails

*

the match routine p\$imc uses the current value of pmhbs to locate the p\$imb entry. this entry is used to make the assignment and restore the outer level value of pmhbs. finally, the inner level value of pmhbs and a pointer to the special node ndimd are stacked.

*

the match routine for ndimd (p\$imd) restores the inner level value of pmhbs and fails back into the stack.

*

an optimization occurs if the inner pattern makes no entries on the history stack. in this case, p\$imc pops the p\$imb entry instead of making a p\$imd entry.

```
arbno
            see compound patterns section for stucture and
            algorithm for matching this node type.
            no parameters
                                                         p0blk
p$aba
        ent bl$p0
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                         stack cursor
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         stack dummy node ptr
                                                         stack old stack base ptr
        mov pmhbs, -(xs)
        mov = ndabb, -(xs)
                                                         stack ptr to node ndabb
        {f mov} xs,pmhbs
                                                         store new stack base ptr
        \mathbf{brn} \ \mathtt{succp}
                                                         succeed
```

```
*
    * arbno (remove p$aba special stack entry)

* no parameters (dummy pattern)

*

p$abb ent entry point
mov wb,pmhbs restore history stack base ptr
brn flpop fail and pop dummy node ptr
```

```
arbno (check if arg matched null string)
           no parameters (dummy pattern)
p$abc
        ent bl$p0
                                                       p0blk
                                                       keep p$abb stack base
        mov pmhbs,xt
                                                       load initial cursor
        mov num03(xt),wa
        mov num01(xt),pmhbs
                                                       restore outer stack base ptr
        beq xt,xs,pabc1
                                                       jump if no history stack entries
        mov xt,-(xs)
                                                       else save inner pmhbs entry
        mov =ndabd, -(xs)
                                                       stack ptr to special node ndabd
                                                       merge
        brn pabc2
            optimise case of no extra entries on stack from arbno arg
                                                       remove ndabb entry and cursor
pabc1
        add *num04,xs
           merge to check for matching of null string
        bne wa, wb, succp
                                                       allow further attempt if non-null
pabc2
        mov pthen(xr),xr
                                                       bypass alternative node so as to ...
        brn succp
                                                       ... refuse further match attempts
```

```
*
    *
    * arbno (try for alternatives in arbno argument)
    *
    no parameters (dummy pattern)
    *

p$abd ent entry point
    mov wb,pmhbs restore inner stack base ptr
    brn failp and fail
```

```
*
    * abort
    *
    no parameters
    *
p$abo ent bl$p0
```

brn exfal

p0blk signal statement failure

```
* alternation

* parm1 alternative node

* p$alt ent bl$p1 p1blk

mov wb,-(xs) stack cursor

mov parm1(xr),-(xs) stack pointer to alternative

chk check for stack overflow

brn succp if all ok, then succeed
```

```
any (one character argument) (1-char string also)
            parm1
                                     character argument
        ent bl$p1
                                                         p1blk
p$ans
        beq \ \mathtt{wb,pmssl,failp}
                                                         fail if no chars left
                                                         else point to subject string
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                         point to current character
        plc x1,wb
                                                         load current character
        lch wa,(x1)
        bne wa,parm1(xr),failp
                                                         fail if no match
                                                         else bump cursor
        icv wb
        {\bf brn} succp
                                                         and succeed
```

```
any (multi-character argument case)
            parm1
                                     pointer to ctblk
                                     bit mask to select bit in ctblk
            parm2
                                                         p2blk
p$any
        ent bl$p2
            expression argument case merges here
                                                         fail if no characters left
        beq wb,pmssl,failp
pany1
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                         else point to subject string
        plc x1,wb
                                                         get char ptr to current character
        lch wa,(x1)
                                                         load current character
        mov parm1(xr),xl
                                                         point to ctblk
        {\bf wtb} wa
                                                         change to byte offset
        add wa,xl
                                                         point to entry in ctblk
        mov ctchs(x1),wa
                                                         load word from ctblk
                                                         and with selected bit
        anb parm2(xr),wa
        {f zrb} wa,failp
                                                         fail if no match
        \mathbf{icv} wb
                                                         else bump cursor
                                                         and succeed
        brn succp
```

```
* any (expression argument)

* parm1 expression pointer

* p$ayd ent bl$p1 p1blk

jsr evals evaluate string argument argument is not a string ppm failp fail if evaluation failure ppm pany1 merge multi-char case if ok
```

```
p$arb
                                  initial arb match
           no parameters
           the p$arb node is part of a compound pattern structure
           for an arb pattern (see description of compound patterns)
p$arb
       ent bl$p0
                                                     p0blk
       mov pthen(xr),xr
                                                     load successor pointer
       mov wb,-(xs)
                                                     stack dummy cursor
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     stack successor pointer
       mov wb,-(xs)
                                                     stack cursor
       mov =ndarc,-(xs)
                                                     stack ptr to special node ndarc
       bri (xr)
                                                     execute next node matching null
```

```
p$arc
                                      extend arb match
            no parameters (dummy pattern)
                                                           entry point
p$arc
        \mathbf{ent}
        beq \ \mathtt{wb,pmssl,flpop}
                                                           fail and pop stack to successor
        icv wb
                                                           else bump cursor
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                           stack updated cursor \,
                                                           restack pointer to ndarc node
        mov xr,-(xs)
        mov num02(xs),xr
                                                           load successor pointer
        bri (xr)
                                                           off to reexecute successor node
```

```
bal
            no parameters
            the p$bal node is part of the compound structure built
            for bal (see section on compound patterns).
p$bal
        ent bl$p0
                                                        p0blk
        zer wc
                                                        zero parentheses level counter
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                        point to subject string
                                                        point to current character
        plc x1,wb
        brn pbal2
                                                        jump into scan loop
            loop to scan out characters
pbal1
        lch wa,(x1)+
                                                        load next character, bump pointer
        icv wb
                                                        push cursor for character
        beq wa,=ch$pp,pbal3
                                                        jump if left paren
        beq wa,=ch$rp,pbal4
                                                        jump if right paren
        bze wc,pbal5
                                                        else succeed if at outer level
            here after processing one character
pbal2
        bne wb,pmssl,pbal1
                                                        loop back unless end of string
        brn failp
                                                        in which case, fail
            here on left paren
pbal3
        icv wc
                                                        bump paren level
        brn pbal2
                                                        loop back to check end of string
            here for right paren
                                                        fail if no matching left paren
pbal4
        bze wc,failp
        \mathbf{dcv} wc
                                                        else decrement level counter
                                                        loop back if not at outer level
        bnz wc,pbal2
            here after successfully scanning a balanced string
pbal5
        mov wb,-(xs)
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack ptr to bal node for extend
        brn succp
                                                        and succeed
```

```
*
    * break (expression argument)

*

parm1 expression pointer

p$bkd ent bl$p1 p1blk

jsr evals evaluate string expression
err 044,break evaluated argument is not a string
ppm failp fail if evaluation fails
ppm pbrk1 merge with multi-char case if ok
```

```
break (one character argument)
            parm1
                                      character argument
p$bks
        ent bl$p1
                                                           p1blk
                                                           get subject string length
        mov pmssl,wc
        \operatorname{sub} wb,wc
                                                           get number of characters left
        bze wc,failp
                                                           fail if no characters left
                                                           set counter for chars left
        lct wc,wc
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                           point to subject string
        plc x1,wb
                                                           point to current character
            loop to scan till break character found
        lch wa,(x1)+
                                                           load next char, bump pointer
pbks1
        beq wa,parm1(xr),succp
                                                           succeed if break character found
        \mathbf{icv} wb
                                                           else push cursor
        {\it bct} wc,pbks1
                                                           loop back if more to go
                                                           fail if end of string, no break chr
        brn failp
```

```
break (multi-character argument)
                                    pointer to ctblk
            parm1
            parm2
                                    bit mask to select bit column
p$brk
        ent bl$p2
                                                        p2blk
            expression argument merges here
pbrk1
        mov pmssl,wc
                                                        load subject string length
        sub wb,wc
                                                        get number of characters left
        bze wc,failp
                                                        fail if no characters left
        lct wc,wc
                                                        set counter for characters left
                                                        else point to subject string
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                        point to current character
        plc x1,wb
        mov xr, psave
                                                        save node pointer
            loop to search for break character
        lch wa,(x1)+
pbrk2
                                                        load next char, bump pointer
        mov parm1(xr),xr
                                                        load pointer to ctblk
        wtb wa
                                                        convert to byte offset
        add wa,xr
                                                        point to ctblk entry
        mov ctchs(xr),wa
                                                        load ctblk word
        mov psave,xr
                                                        restore node pointer
                                                        and with selected bit
        anb parm2(xr),wa
                                                        succeed if break character found
        nzb wa, succp
        icv wb
                                                        else push cursor
        bct wc,pbrk2
                                                        loop back unless end of string
                                                        fail if end of string, no break chr
        brn failp
```

```
breakx (expression argument)
           see section on compound patterns for full structure of
           breakx pattern. the actual character matching uses a
           break node. however, the entry for the expression
           argument case is separated to get proper error messages.
           parm1
                                   expression pointer
                                                     p1blk
p$bxd ent bl$p1
                                                     evaluate string argument
       jsr evals
       err 045,breakx evaluated
                                                     argument is not a string
                                                     fail if evaluation fails
       ppm failp
       \mathbf{ppm} pbrk1
                                                     merge with break if all ok
```

```
cursor assignment
            parm1
                                      name base
                                      name offset
            parm2
                                                           p2blk
p$cas
        ent bl$p2
                                                           save node pointer
        mov xr,-(xs)
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                           save cursor
                                                           load name base
        mov parm1(xr),xl
        mti wb
                                                           load cursor as integer
        {f mov} parm2(xr),wb
                                                           load name offset
        jsr icbld
                                                           get icblk for cursor value
                                                           move name offset
        {f mov} wb,wa
                                                           move value to assign
        mov xr,wb
        jsr asinp
                                                           perform assignment
        \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{flpop}
                                                           fail on assignment failure
        \operatorname{mov} (xs)+,wb
                                                           else restore cursor
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                           restore node pointer
        brn succp
                                                           and succeed matching null
```

```
expression node (p$exa, initial entry)
            see compound patterns description for the structure and
            algorithms for handling expression nodes.
                                    expression pointer
            parm1
p$exa
        ent bl$p1
                                                        p1blk
        jsr evalp
                                                        evaluate expression
        ppm failp
                                                        fail if evaluation fails
                                                        jump if result is not a pattern
        blo wa,=p$aaa,pexa1
            here if result of expression is a pattern
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                        stack dummy cursor
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                        stack ptr to p$exa node
        mov pmhbs, -(xs)
                                                        stack history stack base ptr
        mov = ndexb, -(xs)
                                                        stack ptr to special node ndexb
                                                        store new stack base pointer
        {f mov} xs,pmhbs
        mov xl,xr
                                                        copy node pointer
        bri (xr)
                                                        match first node in expression pat
            here if result of expression is not a pattern
        beq wa,=b$scl,pexa2
                                                        jump if it is already a string
pexa1
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                        else stack result
                                                        save node pointer
        mov xr,xl
        jsr gtstg
                                                        convert result to string
        err 046, expression does
                                                        not evaluate to pattern
        mov xr,wc
                                                        copy string pointer
                                                        restore node pointer
        mov xl,xr
        mov wc,xl
                                                        copy string pointer again
            merge here with string pointer in xl
        bze sclen(x1),succp
                                                        just succeed if null string
pexa2
        brn pstr1
                                                        else merge with string circuit
```

```
*
    * expression node (p$exb, remove ndexb entry)
    * see compound patterns description for the structure and
    * algorithms for handling expression nodes.
    * no parameters (dummy pattern)
    *

p$exb ent entry point
    mov wb,pmhbs restore outer level stack pointer
    brn flpop fail and pop p$exa node ptr
```

```
*
    expression node (p$exc, remove ndexc entry)

*
    see compound patterns description for the structure and
    algorithms for handling expression nodes.

*
    no parameters (dummy pattern)

*

p$exc ent entry point
    mov wb,pmhbs restore inner stack base pointer
    brn failp and fail into expr pattern alternys
```

```
fence (function) (make fence trap entry on stack)
            no parameters (dummy pattern)
                                                        p0blk
p$fnc
        ent bl$p0
                                                        get inner stack base ptr
        mov pmhbs,xt
        {f mov} num01(xt),pmhbs
                                                        restore outer stack base
        beq xt,xs,pfnc1
                                                        optimize if no alternatives
                                                        else stack inner stack base
        mov xt,-(xs)
        mov =ndfnd,-(xs)
                                                        stack ptr to ndfnd
                                                        succeed
        brn succp
            here when fence function left nothing on the \operatorname{stack}
        add *num02,xs
                                                        pop off p$fnb entry
pfnc1
        brn succp
                                                        succeed
```

```
immediate assignment (initial entry, save current cursor)
           see compound patterns description for details of the
           structure and algorithm for matching this node type.
           no parameters
                                                     p0blk
p$ima
       ent bl$p0
       mov wb,-(xs)
                                                     stack cursor
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     stack dummy node pointer
       mov pmhbs, -(xs)
                                                     stack old stack base pointer
       mov = ndimb, -(xs)
                                                     stack ptr to special node ndimb
       {f mov} xs,pmhbs
                                                     store new stack base pointer
       brn succp
                                                      and succeed
```

```
* immediate assignment (remove cursor mark entry)

* see compound patterns description for details of the
* structure and algorithms for matching this node type.

* no parameters (dummy pattern)

* entry point
* mov wb,pmhbs restore history stack base ptr
brn flpop fail and pop dummy node ptr
```

```
immediate assignment (perform actual assignment)
            see compound patterns description for details of the
            structure and algorithms for matching this node type.
                                   name base of variable
           parm1
           parm2
                                   name offset of variable
p$imc
        ent bl$p2
                                                       p2blk
        mov pmhbs,xt
                                                       load pointer to p$imb entry
        mov wb, wa
                                                       copy final cursor
                                                       load initial cursor
        mov num03(xt),wb
        mov num01(xt),pmhbs
                                                       restore outer stack base pointer
        beq xt,xs,pimc1
                                                       jump if no history stack entries
        mov xt,-(xs)
                                                       else save inner pmhbs pointer
                                                       and a ptr to special node ndimd
        mov =ndimd, -(xs)
        brn pimc2
                                                       merge
           here if no entries made on history stack
pimc1
        add *num04,xs
                                                       remove ndimb entry and cursor
           merge here to perform assignment
        mov wa,-(xs)
pimc2
                                                       save current (final) cursor
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       save current node pointer
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                       point to subject string
        sub wb, wa
                                                       compute substring length
        jsr sbstr
                                                       build substring
                                                       move result
        mov xr,wb
        mov (xs),xr
                                                       reload node pointer
        mov parm1(xr),xl
                                                       load name base
        mov parm2(xr),wa
                                                       load name offset
        jsr asinp
                                                       perform assignment
        ppm flpop
                                                       fail if assignment fails
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       else restore node pointer
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                       restore cursor
        brn succp
                                                       and succeed
```

```
*
    immediate assignment (remove ndimd entry on failure)

* see compound patterns description for details of the
    structure and algorithms for matching this node type.

* no parameters (dummy pattern)

*

p$imd ent entry point
    mov wb,pmhbs restore inner stack base pointer
    brn failp and fail
```

```
* notany (expression argument)

* parm1 expression pointer

*

p$nad ent bl$p1 p1blk

jsr evals evaluate string argument

err 049,notany evaluated argument is not a string

ppm failp fail if evaluation fails

ppm pnay1 merge with multi-char case if ok
```

```
notany (one character argument)
            parm1
                                     character argument
        ent bl$p1
                                                         entry point
p$nas
        beq wb,pmssl,failp
                                                         fail if no chars left
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                         else point to subject string
                                                         point to current character in strin
        plc x1,wb
        lch wa,(x1)
                                                         load current character
        beq wa,parm1(xr),failp
                                                         fail if match
                                                         else bump cursor
        \mathbf{icv} wb
        {\bf brn} succp
                                                         and succeed
```

```
notany (multi-character string argument)
            parm1
                                    pointer to ctblk
                                     bit mask to select bit column
            parm2
                                                        p2blk
p$nay
        ent bl$p2
            expression argument case merges here
                                                         fail if no characters left
        beq wb,pmssl,failp
pnay1
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                         else point to subject string
        plc x1,wb
                                                         point to current character
        lch wa,(x1)
                                                         load current character
        {\bf wtb} wa
                                                         convert to byte offset
        mov parm1(xr),xl
                                                         load pointer to ctblk
        add wa,xl
                                                         point to entry in ctblk
        mov ctchs(x1),wa
                                                         load entry from ctblk
                                                         and with selected bit
        anb parm2(xr),wa
        nzb wa,failp
                                                         fail if character is matched
        \mathbf{icv} wb
                                                         else bump cursor
                                                         and succeed
        brn succp
```

```
end of pattern match
           this routine is entered on successful completion.
            see description of expression patterns in compound
           pattern section for handling of recursion in matching.
           this pattern also results from an attempt to convert the
           null string to a pattern via convert()
           no parameters (dummy pattern)
p$nth
        ent bl$p0
                                                      p0blk (dummy)
        mov pmhbs,xt
                                                      load pointer to base of stack
        mov num01(xt),wa
                                                      load saved pmhbs (or pattern type)
        ble wa,=num02,pnth2
                                                      jump if outer level (pattern type)
           here we are at the end of matching an expression pattern
        mov wa, pmhbs
                                                      restore outer stack base pointer
                                                      restore pointer to p$exa node
        mov num02(xt),xr
                                                      jump if no history stack entries
        beq xt,xs,pnth1
        mov xt,-(xs)
                                                      else stack inner stack base ptr
        mov = ndexc, -(xs)
                                                      stack ptr to special node ndexc
        brn succp
                                                      and succeed
           here if no history stack entries during pattern
pnth1
        add *num04,xs
                                                      remove p$exb entry and node ptr
        brn succp
                                                      and succeed
           here if end of match at outer level
        mov wb,pmssl
                                                      save final cursor in safe place
pnth2
        bze pmdfl,pnth6
                                                      jump if no pattern assignments
```

```
end of pattern match (continued)
            now we must perform pattern assignments. this is done by
            scanning the history stack for matching ndpab-ndpad pairs
pnth3
        dca xt
                                                       point past cursor entry
        mov -(xt), wa
                                                       load node pointer
        beq wa,=ndpad,pnth4
                                                       jump if ndpad entry
        bne wa,=ndpab,pnth5
                                                       jump if not ndpab entry
            here for ndpab entry, stack initial cursor
            note that there must be more entries on the stack.
                                                       stack initial cursor
        mov num01(xt),-(xs)
                                                       check for stack overflow
        \mathbf{chk}
        brn pnth3
                                                       loop back if ok
            here for ndpad entry. the starting cursor from the
            matching ndpad entry is now the top stack entry.
                                                       load final cursor
        mov num01(xt), wa
pnth4
                                                       load initial cursor from stack
        mov (xs), wb
        mov xt, (xs)
                                                       save history stack scan ptr
        sub wb,wa
                                                       compute length of string
            build substring and perform assignment
                                                       point to subject string
        mov r$pms,xl
        jsr sbstr
                                                       construct substring
        mov xr,wb
                                                       copy substring pointer
        mov (xs),xt
                                                       reload history stack scan ptr
                                                       load pointer to p$pac node with nam
        mov num02(xt),xl
        mov parm2(x1), wa
                                                       load name offset
        mov parm1(x1),x1
                                                       load name base
        jsr asinp
                                                       perform assignment
        ppm exfal
                                                       match fails if name eval fails
        mov (xs)+,xt
                                                       else restore history stack ptr
```

```
end of pattern match (continued)
            here check for end of entries
pnth5
        bne xt,xs,pnth3
                                                        loop if more entries to scan
            here after dealing with pattern assignments
pnth6
        mov pmhbs,xs
                                                        wipe out history stack
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                        load initial cursor
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                        load match type code
        mov pmssl,wa
                                                        load final cursor value
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                        point to subject string
                                                        clear subject string ptr for gbcol
        zer r$pms
                                                        jump if call by name
        bze wc,pnth7
        beq wc,=num02,pnth9
                                                        exit if statement level call
            here we have a call by value, build substring
                                                        compute length of string
        sub wb, wa
                                                        build substring
        jsr sbstr
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack result
        lcw xr
                                                        get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                        execute it
    *
            here for call by name, make stack entries for o$rpl
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                        stack initial cursor
pnth7
                                                        stack final cursor
        mov wa,-(xs)
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
        bze r$pmb,pnth8
                                                        skip if subject not buffer
        mov r$pmb,xl
                                                        else get ptr to bcblk instead
fi
            here with xl pointing to scblk or bcblk
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                        stack subject pointer
pnth8
            here to obey next code word
pnth9
        lcw xr
                                                        get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                        execute next code word
```

```
pos (integer argument)
           parm1
                                   integer argument
        ent bl$p1
                                                     p1blk
p$pos
           optimize pos if it is the first pattern element,
           unanchored mode, cursor is zero and pos argument
           is not beyond end of string. force cursor position
           and number of unanchored moves.
           this optimization is performed invisible provided
           the argument is either a simple integer or an
           expression that is an untraced variable (that is,
           it has no side effects that would be lost by short-
           circuiting the normal logic of failing and moving the
           unanchored starting point.)
           pos (integer argument)
           parm1
                                   integer argument
        beq wb,parm1(xr),succp
                                                     succeed if at right location
                                                     don't look further if cursor not 0
        bnz wb,failp
        mov pmhbs,xt
                                                     get history stack base ptr
        bne xr,-(xt),failp
                                                     fail if pos is not first node
           expression argument circuit merges here
ppos2
       bne -(xt),=nduna,failp
                                                      fail if not unanchored mode
        mov parm1(xr),wb
                                                     get desired cursor position
                                                     abort if off end
        bgt wb,pmssl,exfal
        mov wb,num02(xt)
                                                     fake number of unanchored moves
        brn succp
                                                     continue match with adjusted cursor
```

```
pos (expression argument)
                                      expression pointer
            parm1
p$psd
        ent bl$p1
                                                          p1blk
        jsr evali
                                                          evaluate integer argument
        err 050, pos evaluated
                                                          argument is not integer
        {f err} 051,pos evaluated
                                                          argument is negative or too large
        ppm failp
                                                          fail if evaluation fails
        ppm ppos1
                                                          process expression case
                                                          succeed if at right location
ppos1
        beq wb,parm1(xr),succp
        {\operatorname{bnz}} wb,failp
                                                          don't look further if cursor not 0
        bnz evlif,failp
                                                          fail if complex argument
        mov pmhbs,xt
                                                          get history stack base ptr
        mov evlio, wa
                                                          get original node ptr
        bne wa,-(xt),failp
                                                          fail if pos is not first node
        brn ppos2
                                                          merge with integer argument code
```

```
pattern assignment (remove saved cursor)

* see compound patterns description for the structure and
algorithms for matching this node type.

* no parameters (dummy pattern)

* entry point
brn failp just fail (entry is already popped)
```

```
pattern assignment (end of match, make assign entry)
           see compound patterns description for the structure and
            algorithms for matching this node type.
                                   name base of variable
           parm1
           parm2
                                   name offset of variable
p$pac ent bl$p2
                                                       p2blk
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                       stack dummy cursor value
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       stack pointer to p$pac node
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                       stack final cursor
        mov =ndpad,-(xs)
                                                       stack ptr to special ndpad node
        \mathbf{mnz} \mathbf{pmdfl}
                                                       set dot flag non-zero
                                                       and succeed
        brn succp
```

```
pattern assignment (remove assign entry)

see compound patterns description for the structure and
algorithms for matching this node type.

no parameters (dummy node)

ent entry point
brn flpop fail and remove p$pac node
```

```
* rem

* no parameters

* p$rem ent bl$p0

mov pmssl,wb
brn succp
```

p0blk point cursor to end of string and succeed

```
rpos (expression argument)
            optimize rpos if it is the first pattern element,
            unanchored mode, cursor is zero and rpos argument
            is not beyond end of string. force cursor position
            and number of unanchored moves.
            this optimization is performed invisibly provided
            the argument is either a simple integer or an
            expression that is an untraced variable (that is,
            it has no side effects that would be lost by short-
            circuiting the normal logic of failing and moving the
            unanchored starting point).
           parm1
                                    expression pointer
p$rpd
       ent bl$p1
                                                       p1blk
        jsr evali
                                                       evaluate integer argument
        err 052, rpos evaluated
                                                       argument is not integer
        err 053, rpos evaluated
                                                       argument is negative or too large
                                                       fail if evaluation fails
        ppm failp
        ppm prps1
                                                       merge with normal case if ok
prps1
       mov pmssl,wc
                                                       get length of string
        \operatorname{sub} wb,wc
                                                       get number of characters remaining
                                                       succeed if at right location
        beq wc,parm1(xr),succp
                                                       don't look further if cursor not 0
        bnz wb, failp
        bnz evlif, failp
                                                       fail if complex argument
                                                       get history stack base ptr
        mov pmhbs,xt
        mov evlio,wa
                                                       get original node ptr
        bne wa,-(xt),failp
                                                       fail if pos is not first node
```

brn prps2

merge with integer arg code

```
rpos (integer argument)
            parm1
                                    integer argument
p$rps
        ent bl$p1
                                                       p1blk
            rpos (integer argument)
            parm1
                                    integer argument
        mov pmssl,wc
                                                        get length of string
        sub wb,wc
                                                        get number of characters remaining
        beq wc,parm1(xr),succp
                                                       succeed if at right location
                                                        don't look further if cursor not 0
        bnz wb,failp
        mov pmhbs,xt
                                                        get history stack base ptr
        bne xr,-(xt),failp
                                                        fail if rpos is not first node
            expression argument merges here
        bne -(xt),=nduna,failp
                                                        fail if not unanchored mode
prps2
                                                        point to end of string
        mov pmssl,wb
                                                        fail if string not long enough
        blt wb,parm1(xr),failp
        sub parm1(xr),wb
                                                        else set new cursor
        mov wb,num02(xt)
                                                        fake number of unanchored moves
        brn succp
                                                        continue match with adjusted cursor
```

```
rtab (integer argument)
                                     integer argument
            parm1
p$rtb
                                                        p1blk
        ent bl$p1
            expression argument case merges here
prtb1
        {f mov} wb,wc
                                                        save initial cursor
        mov pmssl,wb
                                                        point to end of string
        {\it blt} wb,parm1(xr),failp
                                                        fail if string not long enough
        sub parm1(xr),wb
                                                        else set new cursor
                                                        and succeed if not too far already
        bge wb,wc,succp
                                                        in which case, fail
        brn failp
```

```
span (multi-character argument case)
            parm1
                                    pointer to ctblk
            parm2
                                    bit mask to select bit column
p$spn
        ent bl$p2
                                                        p2blk
            expression argument case merges here
                                                        copy subject string length
        mov pmssl,wc
pspn1
                                                        calculate number of characters left
        sub wb,wc
        bze wc,failp
                                                        fail if no characters left
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                        point to subject string
        plc x1,wb
                                                        point to current character
                                                        save initial cursor
        mov wb,psavc
        mov xr, psave
                                                        save node pointer
        lct wc,wc
                                                        set counter for chars left
            loop to scan matching characters
        lch wa,(x1)+
                                                        load next character, bump pointer
pspn2
                                                        convert to byte offset
        wtb wa
        mov parm1(xr),xr
                                                        point to ctblk
        add wa,xr
                                                        point to ctblk entry
        mov ctchs(xr),wa
                                                        load ctblk entry
        mov psave, xr
                                                        restore node pointer
                                                        and with selected bit
        anb parm2(xr),wa
        zrb wa,pspn3
                                                        jump if no match
        \mathbf{icv} wb
                                                        else push cursor
        bct wc,pspn2
                                                        loop back unless end of string
            here after scanning matching characters
        bne wb,psavc,succp
                                                        succeed if chars matched
pspn3
        brn failp
                                                        else fail if null string matched
```

```
span (one character argument)
            parm1
                                     character argument
p$sps
        ent bl$p1
                                                         p1blk
                                                         get subject string length
        mov pmssl,wc
        \operatorname{sub} wb,wc
                                                         calculate number of characters left
        bze wc,failp
                                                         fail if no characters left
        mov r$pms,xl
                                                         else point to subject string
        plc x1,wb
                                                         point to current character
                                                         save initial cursor
        mov wb,psavc
                                                         set counter for characters left
        lct wc,wc
            loop to scan matching characters
psps1
        lch wa, (x1)+
                                                         load next character, bump pointer
        bne wa,parm1(xr),psps2
                                                         jump if no match
        icv wb
                                                         else push cursor
                                                         and loop unless end of string
        bct wc,psps1
            here after scanning matching characters
psps2
        bne wb,psavc,succp
                                                         succeed if chars matched
        brn failp
                                                         fail if null string matched
```

```
multi-character string
           note that one character strings use the circuit for
           one character any arguments (p$an1).
           parm1
                                   pointer to scblk for string arg
p$str
        ent bl$p1
                                                      p1blk
        mov parm1(xr),xl
                                                      get pointer to string
           merge here after evaluating expression with string value
pstr1
        mov xr,psave
                                                      save node pointer
        mov r$pms,xr
                                                      load subject string pointer
        plc xr,wb
                                                      point to current character
        add sclen(x1),wb
                                                      compute new cursor position
        bgt wb,pmssl,failp
                                                      fail if past end of string
        mov wb,psavc
                                                      save updated cursor
        mov sclen(x1),wa
                                                      get number of chars to compare
        plc x1
                                                      point to chars of test string
        cmc failp,failp
                                                      compare, fail if not equal
                                                      if all matched, restore node ptr
        mov psave, xr
        mov psavc,wb
                                                      restore updated cursor
        brn succp
                                                      and succeed
```

```
* succeed

* see section on compound patterns for details of the

* structure and algorithms for matching this node type

* no parameters

* no parameters

* p$suc ent bl$p0 p0blk

mov wb,-(xs) stack cursor

mov xr,-(xs) stack pointer to this node
brn succp succeed matching null
```

```
tab (integer argument)
                                    integer argument
            parm1
p$tab
        ent bl$p1
                                                       p1blk
            expression argument case merges here
ptab1
        bgt wb,parm1(xr),failp
                                                       fail if too far already
        mov parm1(xr),wb
                                                       else set new cursor position
        {\it ble} wb,pmssl,succp
                                                       succeed if not off end
                                                       else fail
        brn failp
```

```
tab (expression argument)
              parm1
                                          expression pointer
                                                                 p1blk
p$tbd
        ent bl$p1
                                                                 evaluate integer argument
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} evali
         {
m err} 057,tab evaluated
                                                                 argument is not integer
                                                                 argument is negative or too large
         {f err} 058,tab evaluated
                                                                 fail if evaluation fails
         \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{failp}
         \mathbf{ppm} ptab1
                                                                 merge with normal case if ok
```

```
anchor movement
            no parameters (dummy node)
                                                          entry point
p$una
        \mathbf{ent}
        {\bf mov} wb,xr
                                                          copy initial pattern node pointer
        mov (xs),wb
                                                           get initial cursor
                                                          match fails if at end of string
        {f beq} wb,pmssl,exfal
                                                          else increment cursor
        icv wb
        mov wb,(xs)
                                                          store incremented cursor
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                          restack initial node ptr
        mov =nduna,-(xs)
                                                          restack unanchored node
        bri (xr)
                                                          rematch first node
```

spitbol —snobol4 built-in label routines

<	
<	the following section contains the routines for labels
<	which have a predefined meaning in snobol4.
<	•
<	control is passed directly to the label name entry point.
k	
<	entry names are of the form l\$xxx where xxx is the three
<	letter variable name identifier.
<	
<	entries are in alphabetical order

```
abort
1$abo
        ent
                                                           entry point
            merge here if execution terminates in error
                                                           load error code
labo1
        mov kvert, wa
        bze wa,labo3
                                                           jump if no error has occured
if.\mathbf{csax}
                                                           call after execution proc
        jsr sysax
fi
if.cera
  if.csfn
                                                           current statement
        mov kvstn,wc
                                                           obtain file name for this statement
        jsr filnm
  fi
  if.csln
        mov r$cod,xr
                                                           current code block
                                                           line number
        mov cdsln(xr),wc
  else
                                                           line number
        zer
             WC
  fi
                                                           column number
        zer wb
        mov wb
                                                           column number
                                                           advise system of error
        jsr sysea
        ppm stpr4
                                                           if system does not want print
fi
                                                           else eject printer
        jsr
              prtpg
if.cera
        bze xr,labo2
                                                           did sysea request print
              prtst
                                                           print text from sysea
fi
labo2
                                                           print error message
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             ermsg
        zer xr
                                                           indicate no message to print
                                                           jump to routine to stop run
        brn stopr
            here if no error had occured
labo3
        erb 036, goto abort with
                                                           no preceding error
```

```
continue
1$cnt ent
                                                       entry point
            merge here after execution error
                                                       load continuation code block ptr
lcnt1
        mov r$cnt,xr
        bze xr,1cnt3
                                                       jump if no previous error
        zer r$cnt
                                                       clear flag
        mov xr,r$cod
                                                       else store as new code block ptr
        bne (xr),=b$cdc,lcnt2
                                                       jump if not complex go
        mov stxoc, wa
                                                       get offset of error
        {f bge} wa,stxof,lcnt4
                                                       jump if error in goto evaluation
            here if error did not occur in complex failure goto
lcnt2
        add stxof,xr
                                                       add failure offset
        lcp xr
                                                       load code pointer
                                                       reset stack pointer
        mov flptr,xs
        lcw xr
                                                       get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                       execute next code word
            here if no previous error
1cnt3
       icv errft
                                                       fatal error
        erb 037, goto continue
                                                       with no preceding error
            here if error in evaluation of failure goto.
            cannot continue back to failure goto!
                                                       fatal error
1cnt4
        icv errft
        erb 332,goto continue
                                                       with error in failure goto
```

```
*
    *
    * end
*

1$end ent entry point

    *
    merge here from end code circuit

*

lend0 mov =endms,xr
    brn stopr point to message /normal term.../
    jump to routine to stop run
```

```
*
    *
    *
    freturn
*

1$frt ent
    mov =scfrt,wa
    brn retrn
```

entry point point to string /freturn/ jump to common return routine

*
 * nreturn
 *

1\$nrt ent
 mov =scnrt.

mov =scnrt,wa brn retrn entry point point to string /nreturn/ jump to common return routine

*
 * return
 *
1\$rtn ent

mov =scrtn,wa
brn retrn

entry point point to string /return/ jump to common return routine

```
scontinue
1$scn
        ent
                                                          entry point
        mov r$cnt,xr
                                                          load continuation code block ptr
        bze xr,lscn2
                                                          jump if no previous error
        zer r$cnt
                                                          clear flag
        bne kvert,=nm320,lscn1
                                                          error must be user interrupt
        \mathbf{beq} kvert,=nm321,lscn2
                                                          detect scontinue loop
                                                          else store as new code block ptr
        {f mov} xr,r$cod
        add stxoc,xr
                                                          add resume offset
                                                          load code pointer
        lcp xr
        lcw xr
                                                          get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                          execute next code word
            here if no user interrupt
lscn1
        \mathbf{icv} \quad \mathtt{errft}
                                                          fatal error
        erb 331,goto scontinue
                                                          with no user interrupt
            here if in scontinue loop or if no previous error
lscn2
       icv errft
                                                          fatal error
        erb 321,goto scontinue
                                                          with no preceding error
```

*
* undefined label
*

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \hbox{1$und} & \hbox{ent} \\ & \hbox{erb} & \hbox{038,goto undefined} \end{array}$

entry point label

spitbol –predefined snobol4 functions

the following section contains coding for functions which are predefined and available at the snobol level. these routines receive control directly from the code or indirectly through the offnc, offns or cfunc routines. in both cases the conditions on entry are as follows the arguments are on the stack. the number of arguments has been adjusted to correspond to the svblk svnar field. in certain functions the direct call is not permitted and in these instances we also have. (wa) actual number of arguments in call control returns by placing the function result value on on the stack and continuing execution with the next word from the generated code. the names of the entry points of these functions are of the form s\$xxx where xxx is the three letter code for the system variable name. the functions are in order alphabetically by their entry names.

```
if .c370
            abs
                                                        entry point
s$abs
        ent
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        get argument
             gtnum
                                                        make numeric
                                                        not numeric
             xxx,abs argument
  if.cnra
  else
        beq wa,=b$rcl,sabs1
                                                        jump if real
  fi
        ldi
             icval(xr)
                                                        load integer value
        ige exixr
                                                        no change if not negative
                                                        produce absolute value
        ngi
                                                        return integer if no overflow
        ino exint
        erb xxx,abs caused integer
                                                        overflow
  if.cnra
  else
            here to process real argument
        ldr rcval(xr)
sabs1
                                                        load real value
                                                        no change if not negative
        rge exixr
                                                        produce absolute value
        ngr
        rno exrea
                                                        return real if no overflow
                                                        overflow
        erb xxx,abs caused real
 fi
fi
if .c370
            and
s$and
                                                        entry point
        \mathbf{ent}
        mnz wb
                                                        signal two arguments
        jsr
            sbool
                                                        call string boolean routine
                                                        is not a string
        err xxx, and first argument
        err xxx, and second argument
                                                        is not a string
        err xxx, and arguments
                                                        not same length
        ppm exits
                                                        null string arguments
            here to process (wc) words. result is stacked.
sand1
        mov(x1)+,wa
                                                        get next cfp$c chars from arg 1
        anb (xr), wa
                                                        and with characters from arg 2
        mov wa,(xr)+
                                                        put back in memory
                                                        loop over all words in string block
        bct wc,sand1
```

brn exits fetch next code word

```
#
    * any
    *
s$any ent
    mov =p$ans,wb
    mov =p$any,xl
    mov =p$ayd,wc
    jsr patst
    err 059,any argument
    mov xr,-(xs)
    lcw xr
    bri (xr)
```

entry point
set pcode for single char case
pcode for multi-char case
pcode for expression case
call common routine to build node
is not a string or expression
stack result
get next code word
execute it

```
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
            append
                                                        entry point
s$apn
        ent
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                        get append argument
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                         get bcblk
        beq (xr),=b$bct,sapn1
                                                        ok if first arg is bcblk
        {
m erb} 275,append first
                                                         argument is not a buffer
            here to do the append
                                                        do the append
sapn1
        jsr apndb
        err 276,append second
                                                         argument is not a string
        ppm exfal
                                                        no room - fail
        brn exnul
                                                        exit with null result
```

```
fi
            apply
            apply does not permit the direct (fast) call so that
            wa contains the actual number of arguments passed.
s$app
        ent
                                                         entry point
        bze wa, sapp3
                                                         jump if no arguments
        \mathbf{dcv} wa
                                                         else get applied func arg count
        mov wa, wb
                                                         copy
        wtb wb
                                                         convert to bytes
                                                         copy stack pointer
        mov xs,xt
        add wb,xt
                                                         point to function argument on stack
        mov (xt),xr
                                                         load function ptr (apply 1st arg)
        bze wa, sapp2
                                                         jump if no args for applied func
                                                         else set counter for loop
        lct wb, wa
            loop to move arguments up on stack
        dca xt
                                                         point to next argument
sapp1
        mov (xt),num01(xt)
                                                         move argument up
        bct wb, sapp1
                                                         loop till all moved
            merge here to call function (wa = number of arguments)
sapp2
                                                         adjust stack ptr for apply 1st arg
        ica xs
        jsr gtnvr
                                                         get variable block addr for func
                                                         jump if not natural variable
        \mathbf{ppm} sapp3
                                                         else point to function block
        mov vrfnc(xr),xl
        brn cfunc
                                                         go call applied function
            here for invalid first argument
sapp3
        erb 060, apply first arg
                                                         is not natural variable name
```

```
arbno
           arbno builds a compound pattern. see description at
            start of pattern matching section for structure formed.
s$abn
        ent
                                                       entry point
                                                       set parm1 = 0 for the moment
        zer xr
        mov =p$alt,wb
                                                       set pcode for alternative node
        jsr pbild
                                                       build alternative node
                                                       save ptr to alternative pattern
        mov xr,xl
                                                       pcode for p$abc
        mov =p$abc,wb
                                                       p0blk
        zer xr
                                                       build p$abc node
        jsr pbild
        mov xl,pthen(xr)
                                                       put alternative node as successor
        mov xl,wa
                                                       remember alternative node pointer
                                                       copy p$abc node ptr
        mov xr,xl
        mov (xs),xr
                                                       load arbno argument
        mov wa, (xs)
                                                       stack alternative node pointer
        jsr gtpat
                                                       get arbno argument as pattern
        err 061, arbno argument
                                                       is not pattern
        jsr pconc
                                                       concat arg with p$abc node
        mov xr,xl
                                                       remember ptr to concd patterns
        mov =p$aba,wb
                                                       pcode for p$aba
        zer xr
                                                       p0blk
                                                       build p$aba node
        jsr pbild
        mov xl,pthen(xr)
                                                       concatenate nodes
        mov (xs),xl
                                                       recall ptr to alternative node
        mov xr,parm1(xl)
                                                       point alternative back to argument
        lcw xr
                                                       get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                       execute next code word
```

```
arg
s$arg
        \mathbf{ent}
                                                           entry point
                                                           get second arg as small integer
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             gtsmi
        err 062, arg second argument
                                                           is not integer
                                                           fail if out of range or negative
        ppm exfal
                                                           save argument number
        mov xr, wa
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                           load first argument
        jsr gtnvr
                                                           locate vrblk
        ppm sarg1
                                                           jump if not natural variable
                                                           else load function block pointer
        mov vrfnc(xr),xr
                                                           jump if not program defined
        bne (xr),=b$pfc,sarg1
                                                           fail if arg number is zero
        bze wa,exfal
        bgt wa, fargs(xr), exfal
                                                           fail if arg number is too large
        wtb wa
                                                           else convert to byte offset
                                                           point to argument selected
        add wa,xr
        mov pfagb(xr),xr
                                                           load argument vrblk pointer
                                                           exit to build nmblk
        brn exvnm
            here if 1st argument is bad
        erb 063,arg first argument
sarg1
                                                           is not program function name
```

```
array
s$arr
        \mathbf{ent}
                                                         entry point
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                         load initial element value
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                         load first argument
        jsr gtint
                                                         convert first arg to integer
                                                         jump if not integer
        ppm sar02
            here for integer first argument, build vcblk
        ldi icval(xr)
                                                         load integer value
        ile
             sar10
                                                         jump if zero or neg (bad dimension)
        mfi wa,sar11
                                                         else convert to one word, test ovfl
        jsr vmake
                                                         create vector
        ppm sar11
                                                         fail if too large
        brn exsid
                                                         exit setting idval
```

```
array (continued)
            here if first argument is not an integer
sar02
       mov xr, -(xs)
                                                        replace argument on stack
        isr xscni
                                                        initialize scan of first argument
        err 064, array first argument
                                                        is not integer or string
        ppm exnul
                                                        dummy (unused) null string exit
        mov r$xsc,-(xs)
                                                        save prototype pointer
        mov x1,-(xs)
                                                        save default value
        zer arcdm
                                                        zero count of dimensions
                                                        zero offset to indicate pass one
        zer arptr
        ldi
             intv1
                                                        load integer one
                                                        initialize element count
        \mathbf{sti}
            arnel
            the following code is executed twice. the first time
            (arptr eq 0), it is used to count the number of elements
            and number of dimensions. the second time (arptr gt 0) is
            used to actually fill in the dim, lbd fields of the arblk.
sar03
        ldi intv1
                                                        load one as default low bound
                                                        save as low bound
        \operatorname{sti}
             arsvl
        mov =ch$cl,wc
                                                        set delimiter one = colon
        mov =ch$cm,xl
                                                        set delimiter two = comma
                                                        retain blanks in prototype
        zer wa
            xscan
                                                        scan next bound
        jsr
        bne wa,=num01,sar04
                                                        jump if not colon
            here we have a colon ending a low bound
                                                        convert low bound
        jsr gtint
                                                        lower bound is not integer
        err 065, array first argument
        ldi icval(xr)
                                                        load value of low bound
        sti arsvl
                                                        store low bound value
                                                        set delimiter one = comma
        mov =ch$cm,wc
                                                        and delimiter two = comma
        mov wc,xl
        zer wa
                                                        retain blanks in prototype
                                                        scan high bound
        jsr xscan
```

```
array (continued)
            merge here to process upper bound
sar04
                                                         convert high bound to integer
        jsr
             gtint
        err 066, array first argument
                                                         upper bound is not integer
        ldi
             icval(xr)
                                                         get high bound
        sbi arsvl
                                                         subtract lower bound
        iov sar10
                                                         bad dimension if overflow
        ilt
            sar10
                                                         bad dimension if negative
        adi intv1
                                                         add 1 to get dimension
        iov sar10
                                                         bad dimension if overflow
        mov arptr,xl
                                                         load offset (also pass indicator)
        bze xl,sar05
                                                         jump if first pass
            here in second pass to store 1bd and dim in arblk
        add (xs),xl
                                                         point to current location in arblk
                                                         store dimension
        \mathbf{sti}
            cfp$i(xl)
        ldi arsvl
                                                         load low bound
                                                         store low bound
        \operatorname{sti}
             (x1)
                                                         bump offset to next bounds
        add *ardms,arptr
        brn sar06
                                                         jump to check for end of bounds
            here in pass 1
                                                         bump dimension count
sar05
        icv arcdm
        mli arnel
                                                         multiply dimension by count so far
        iov sar11
                                                         too large if overflow
        \mathbf{sti}
            arnel
                                                         else store updated element count
            merge here after processing one set of bounds
                                                         loop back unless end of bounds
sar06
        bnz wa,sar03
        bnz arptr,sar09
                                                         jump if end of pass 2
```

```
array (continued)
            here at end of pass one, build arblk
        ldi
            arnel
                                                         get number of elements
        mfi wb, sar11
                                                         get as addr integer, test ovflo
        wtb wb
                                                         else convert to length in bytes
        mov *arsi$,wa
                                                         set size of standard fields
        lct wc,arcdm
                                                         set dimension count to control loop
            loop to allow space for dimensions
sar07
        add *ardms, wa
                                                         allow space for one set of bounds
        bct wc,sar07
                                                         loop back till all accounted for
        mov wa,xl
                                                         save size (=arofs)
            now allocate space for arblk
        add wb,wa
                                                         add space for elements
                                                         allow for arpro prototype field
        ica wa
        bgt wa, mxlen, sar11
                                                         fail if too large
                                                         else allocate arblk
        jsr alloc
        mov (xs), wb
                                                         load default value
        mov xr,(xs)
                                                         save arblk pointer
        mov wa,wc
                                                         save length in bytes
                                                         convert length back to words
        btw wa
                                                         set counter to control loop
        lct wa, wa
            loop to clear entire arblk to default value
        mov wb,(xr)+
                                                         set one word
sar08
        bct wa, sar08
                                                         loop till all set
```

```
array (continued)
            now set initial fields of arblk
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        reload arblk pointer
        mov (xs), wb
                                                        load prototype
        mov =b$art,(xr)
                                                        set type word
        mov wc,arlen(xr)
                                                        store length in bytes
        zer idval(xr)
                                                        zero id till we get it built
        mov xl,arofs(xr)
                                                        set prototype field ptr
                                                        set number of dimensions
        mov arcdm,arndm(xr)
                                                        save arblk pointer
        mov xr,wc
                                                        point to prototype field
        add xl,xr
                                                        store prototype ptr in arblk
        mov wb,(xr)
        mov *arlbd,arptr
                                                        set offset for pass 2 bounds scan
                                                        reset string pointer for xscan
        mov wb,r$xsc
                                                        store arblk pointer on stack
        mov wc, (xs)
                                                        reset offset ptr to start of string
        zer xsofs
        brn sar03
                                                        jump back to rescan bounds
            here after filling in bounds information (end pass two)
sar09
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        reload pointer to arblk
        brn exsid
                                                        exit setting idval
            here for bad dimension
sar10
        erb 067, array dimension
                                                        is zero, negative or out of range
            here if array is too large
sar11 erb 068,array size exceeds
                                                       maximum permitted
```

```
if .cmth
              atan
s$atn
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                                 entry point
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                                 get argument
                                                                 convert to real
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               gtrea
         {
m err} 301,atan argument
                                                                 not numeric
         ldr rcval(xr)
                                                                 load accumulator with argument
         atn
                                                                 take arctangent
                                                                 overflow, out of range not possible
         {f brn} exrea
```

 $\overline{if.\mathbf{cbsp}}$

*			
*	backspace		
*			
s\$bsp	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	${f jsr}$	iofcb	call fcblk routine
	\mathbf{err}	316, backspace argument	is not a suitable name
	\mathbf{err}	316, backspace argument	is not a suitable name
	\mathbf{err}	317, backspace file	does not exist
	${f jsr}$	sysbs	call backspace file function
	\mathbf{err}	317, backspace file	does not exist
	\mathbf{err}	318, backspace file	does not permit backspace
	\mathbf{err}	319, backspace caused	non-recoverable error
	\mathbf{brn}	exnul	return null as result

```
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
            buffer
s$buf
        ent
                                                           entry point
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                           get initial value
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                           get requested allocation
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             gtint
                                                           convert to integer
        err 269, buffer first
                                                           argument is not integer
        ldi icval(xr)
                                                           get value
        ile
             sbf01
                                                           branch if negative or zero
        mfi wa,sbf02
                                                           move with overflow check
        jsr alobf
                                                           allocate the buffer
        jsr apndb
                                                           copy it in
                                                           argument is not a string or buffer
        err 270, buffer second
        err 271, buffer initial
                                                           value too big for allocation
        brn exsid
                                                           exit setting idval
    *
            here for invalid allocation size
        erb 272, buffer first
sbf01
                                                           argument is not positive
            here for allocation size integer overflow
sbf02
        erb 273, buffer size exceeds
                                                           value of maxlngth keyword
```

```
fi
             break
s$brk
                                                           entry point
        \mathbf{ent}
        mov =p$bks,wb
                                                           set pcode for single char case
        mov =p$brk,xl
                                                           pcode for multi-char case
        \mathbf{mov} =p$bkd,wc
                                                           pcode for expression case
                                                           call common routine to build node
        jsr patst
        err 069, break argument
                                                           is not a string or expression
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                           stack result
        lcw xr
                                                           get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                           execute it
```

```
breakx
           breakx is a compound pattern. see description at start
            of pattern matching section for structure formed.
s$bkx
        ent
                                                       entry point
        mov =p$bks,wb
                                                       pcode for single char argument
        mov =p$brk,xl
                                                       pcode for multi-char argument
                                                       pcode for expression case
        mov =p$bxd,wc
        jsr patst
                                                       call common routine to build node
                                                       is not a string or expression
        err 070, breakx argument
           now hook breakx node on at front end
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       save ptr to break node
        mov =p$bkx,wb
                                                       set pcode for breakx node
                                                       build it
        jsr pbild
                                                       set break node as successor
        mov (xs),pthen(xr)
                                                       set pcode for alternation node
        mov =p$alt,wb
        jsr pbild
                                                       build (parm1=alt=breakx node)
        mov xr, wa
                                                       save ptr to alternation node
        mov (xs),xr
                                                       point to break node
                                                       set alternate node as successor
        mov wa, pthen(xr)
        lcw xr
                                                       result on stack
                                                       execute next code word
        bri (xr)
```

```
char
s$chr
        ent
                                                            entry point
                                                             convert arg to integer
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             gtsmi
         err 281, char argument
                                                             not integer
         ppm schr1
                                                             too big error exit
         bge \ wc,=cfp\$a,schr1
                                                             see if out of range of host set
        \mathbf{mov} =num01,wa
                                                             if not set scblk allocation
                                                             save char code
        {f mov} wc,wb
        jsr alocs
                                                             allocate 1 bau scblk
                                                             copy scblk pointer
         mov xr,xl
                                                             get set to stuff char
         psc xl
        sch wb,(x1)
                                                            stuff it
                                                             complete store character
         csc xl
                                                             clear slop in xl
        zer xl
                                                            stack result
        mov xr,-(xs)
        lcw xr
                                                             get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                            execute it
             here if char argument is out of range
schr1
        erb 282, char argument
                                                            not in range
```

```
\overline{if.\mathbf{cmth}}
              chop
s$chp
          \mathbf{ent}
                                                                   entry point
          mov (xs)+,xr
                                                                   get argument
                                                                   convert to real
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} gtrea
          {
m err} 302,chop argument
                                                                   not numeric
          ldr rcval(xr)
                                                                   load accumulator with argument
                                                                   truncate to integer valued real
          chp
          brn exrea
                                                                   no overflow possible
```

```
fi
            clear
s$clr
        ent
                                                        entry point
        jsr xscni
                                                        initialize to scan argument
        err 071, clear argument
                                                        is not a string
        ppm sclr2
                                                        jump if null
            loop to scan out names in first argument. variables in
            the list are flagged by setting vrget of vrblk to zero.
sclr1
        mov =ch$cm,wc
                                                        set delimiter one = comma
                                                        {\rm delimiter}\ {\rm two}={\rm comma}
        mov wc,xl
                                                        skip/trim blanks in prototype
        mnz wa
                                                        scan next variable name
        jsr xscan
                                                        locate vrblk
        jsr gtnvr
                                                        has null variable name
        err 072, clear argument
                                                        else flag by zeroing vrget field
        zer vrget(xr)
        bnz wa,sclr1
                                                        loop back if stopped by comma
    *
            here after flagging variables in argument list
        mov hshtb,wb
                                                        point to start of hash table
sclr2
    *
            loop through slots in hash table
                                                        exit returning null if none left
sclr3
        beq wb, hshte, exnul
                                                        else copy slot pointer
        mov wb,xr
        ica wb
                                                        bump slot pointer
                                                        set offset to merge into loop
        sub *vrnxt,xr
            loop through vrblks on one hash chain
sclr4
        mov vrnxt(xr),xr
                                                        point to next vrblk on chain
        bze xr,sclr3
                                                        jump for next bucket if chain end
        bnz vrget(xr),sclr5
                                                        jump if not flagged
```

```
clear (continued)
           here for flagged variable, do not set value to null
        jsr setvr
                                                      for flagged var, restore vrget
        brn sclr4
                                                      and loop back for next vrblk
           here to set value of a variable to null
           protected variables (arb, etc) are exempt
sclr5
        beq vrsto(xr),=b$vre,sclr4
                                                      check for protected variable
        mov xr,xl
                                                      copy vrblk pointer
           loop to locate value at end of possible trblk chain
sclr6
        mov xl,wa
                                                      save block pointer
                                                      load next value field
        mov vrval(x1),x1
        beq (x1),=b$trt,sclr6
                                                      loop back if trapped
           now store the null value
                                                      restore block pointer
        mov wa,xl
        mov =nulls,vrval(x1)
                                                      store null constant value
        brn sclr4
                                                      loop back for next vrblk
```

```
*

* code

*

s$cod ent

mov (xs)+,xr

jsr gtcod

ppm exfal

mov xr,-(xs)

zer r$ccb

lcw xr

bri (xr)
```

entry point load argument convert to code fail if conversion is impossible stack result forget interim code block get next code word execute it

```
collect
s$col
         ent
                                                               entry point
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                               load argument
         jsr gtint
                                                               convert to integer
              073, collect argument
                                                               is not integer
                                                               load collect argument
         ldi
               icval(xr)
         \mathbf{sti}
              clsvi
                                                               save collect argument
         zer
              wb
                                                               set no move up
              r$ccb
                                                               forget interim code block
         \mathbf{zer}
if.\mathbf{csed}
                                                               collect sediment too
         zer
              dnams
                                                               perform garbage collection
               gbcol
                                                               record new sediment size
         mov xr, dnams
else
                                                               perform garbage collection
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               gbcol
fi
         {f mov} dname, wa
                                                               point to end of memory
                                                               subtract next location
         sub dnamp, wa
                                                               convert bytes to words
         btw wa
         mti wa
                                                               convert words available as integer
         {f sbi} clsvi
                                                               subtract argument
                                                               fail if overflow
         iov exfal
         ilt
               exfal
                                                               fail if not enough
         adi clsvi
                                                               else recompute available
         brn exint
                                                               and exit with integer result
```

```
if .c370
              compl
                                                                entry point
s$cmp
         ent
                                                                signal one argument
         \mathbf{zer}
               wb
               sbool
                                                                call string boolean routine
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
         \mathbf{ppm}
                                                                only one argument, cannot get here
                                                                is not a string
         err xxx,compl argument
                                                                cannot have two strings unequal
         ppm
         \mathbf{ppm} exits
                                                                null string argument
              here to process (wa) characters. result is stacked.
         lct wc,wa
                                                                prepare count
         plc xl
                                                                prepare to load chars from (xl)
         psc xr
                                                                prepare to store chars into (xr)
         lch wa,(x1)+
scmp1
                                                                get next char from arg 1
         {\operatorname{cmb}} wa
                                                                complement
         sch wa,(xr)+
                                                                store into result
         {f bct} wc,scmp1
                                                                loop over all chars in string block
         \mathbf{csc}
                                                                complete store character
                                                                fetch next code word.
         brn exits
```

```
fi
            convert
s$cnv
        ent
                                                         entry point
                                                         convert second argument to string
        jsr gtstg
                                                         error if second argument not string
        ppm scv29
        bze wa,scv29
                                                         or if null string
if.\mathbf{culc}
                                                         fold lower case to upper case
            flstg
fi
        mov (xs),xl
                                                         load first argument
        bne (x1),=b$pdt,scv01
                                                         jump if not program defined
            here for program defined datatype
                                                         point to dfblk
        mov pddfp(xl),xl
        mov dfnam(xl),xl
                                                         load datatype name
        jsr ident
                                                         compare with second arg
        ppm exits
                                                         exit if ident with arg as result
        brn exfal
                                                         else fail
            here if not program defined datatype
scv01
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         save string argument
                                                         point to table of names to compare
        mov =svctb,xl
                                                         initialize counter
        zer wb
                                                         save length of argument string
        mov wa,wc
            loop through table entries
scv02
        mov (xl)+,xr
                                                         load next table entry, bump pointer
                                                         fail if zero marking end of list
        bze xr,exfal
        bne wc,sclen(xr),scv05
                                                         jump if wrong length
        mov xl, cnvtp
                                                         else store table pointer
                                                         point to chars of table entry
        plc xr
        mov (xs),xl
                                                         load pointer to string argument
                                                         point to chars of string arg
        plc x1
                                                         set number of chars to compare
        mov wc,wa
        cmc scv04,scv04
                                                         compare, jump if no match
```

```
convert (continued)
            here we have a match
scv03
        mov wb,xl
                                                         copy entry number
        ica xs
                                                         pop string arg off stack
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                         load first argument
        bsw xl,cnvtt
                                                         jump to appropriate routine
             0,scv06
                                                         string
        iff
             1,scv07
                                                         integer
        iff
             2,scv09
                                                         name
        iff
             3,scv10
                                                         pattern
             4,scv11
                                                         array
        iff
             5,scv19
                                                         table
        iff
             6,scv25
                                                         expression
        iff
             7,scv26
                                                         code
        iff
             8,scv27
                                                         numeric
if.cnra
else
        iff
             cnvrt,scv08
                                                         real
fi
if.cnbf
else
                                                         buffer
        iff
             cnvbt,scv28
fi
                                                         end of switch table
        \mathbf{esw}
            here if no match with table entry
scv04
        mov cnvtp,xl
                                                         restore table pointer, merge
            merge here if lengths did not match
scv05
        icv wb
                                                         bump entry number
        brn scv02
                                                         loop back to check next entry
            here to convert to string
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         replace string argument on stack
scv06
        jsr gtstg
                                                         convert to string
        \mathbf{ppm} exfal
                                                         fail if conversion not possible
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         stack result
        lcw xr
                                                         get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                         execute it
```

```
convert (continued)
            here to convert to integer
scv07
        jsr gtint
                                                        convert to integer
                                                        fail if conversion not possible
        ppm exfal
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack result
        lcw xr
                                                        get next code word
        bri
            (xr)
                                                        execute it
if .cnra
else
            here to convert to real
scv08
        jsr gtrea
                                                        convert to real
        ppm exfal
                                                        fail if conversion not possible
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack result
        lcw xr
                                                        get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                        execute it
fi
            here to convert to name
scv09
        beq (xr),=b$nml,exixr
                                                        return if already a name
                                                        else try string to name convert
        jsr gtnvr
                                                        fail if conversion not possible
        ppm exfal
        {f brn} exvnm
                                                        else exit building nmblk for vrblk
            here to convert to pattern
        jsr gtpat
                                                        convert to pattern
scv10
                                                        fail if conversion not possible
        ppm exfal
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                        stack result
        lcw xr
                                                        get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                        execute it
            convert to array
            if the first argument is a table, then we go through
            an intermediate array of addresses that is sorted to
            provide a result ordered by time of entry in the
            original table. see c3.762.
        mov xr,-(xs)
scv11
                                                        save argument on stack
        zer wa
                                                        use table chain block addresses
                                                        get an array
        jsr gtarr
        ppm exfal
                                                        fail if empty table
        ppm exfal
                                                        fail if not convertible
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                        reload original arg
```

```
bne (x1),=b$tbt,exsid
                                                         exit if original not a table
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         sort the intermediate array
        mov =nulls,-(xs)
                                                         on first column
                                                         sort ascending
        zer wa
        jsr sorta
                                                         do sort
                                                         if sort fails, so shall we
        ppm exfal
                                                         save array result
        mov xr,wb
        ldi ardim(xr)
                                                         load dim 1 (number of elements)
        {\bf mfi} wa
                                                         get as one word integer
        lct wa,wa
                                                         copy to control loop
        add *arvl2,xr
                                                         point to first element in array
            here for each row of this 2-column array
scv12
        mov (xr),xl
                                                         get teblk address
                                                         replace with subscript
        mov tesub(x1),(xr)+
        mov teval(x1),(xr)+
                                                         replace with value
        bct wa, scv12
                                                         loop till all copied over
        {f mov} wb,xr
                                                         retrieve array address
        brn exsid
                                                         exit setting id field
            convert to table
scv19
        mov (xr),wa
                                                         load first word of block
                                                         replace arblk pointer on stack
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         return arg if already a table
        beq wa,=b$tbt,exits
                                                         else fail if not an array
        bne wa,=b$art,exfal
```

```
convert (continued)
            here to convert an array to table
        bne arndm(xr),=num02,exfal
                                                        fail if not 2-dim array
        ldi ardm2(xr)
                                                        load dim 2
                                                        subtract 2 to compare
        sbi intv2
        ine exfal
                                                        fail if dim2 not 2
            here we have an arblk of the right shape
        ldi ardim(xr)
                                                        load dim 1 (number of elements)
        mfi wa
                                                        get as one word integer
        lct wb, wa
                                                        copy to control loop
                                                        add space for standard fields
        add =tbsi$,wa
        wtb wa
                                                        convert length to bytes
                                                        allocate space for tbblk
        jsr alloc
        mov xr,wc
                                                        copy tbblk pointer
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        save tbblk pointer
        mov = b\$tbt, (xr)+
                                                        store type word
        zer (xr) +
                                                        store zero for idval for now
        mov wa, (xr)+
                                                        store length
        mov = nulls, (xr) +
                                                        null initial lookup value
            loop to initialize bucket ptrs to point to table
        mov wc,(xr)+
                                                        set bucket ptr to point to tbblk
scv20
        bct wb,scv20
                                                        loop till all initialized
        mov *arv12,wb
                                                        set offset to first arblk element
            loop to copy elements from array to table
scv21
        mov num01(xs),xl
                                                        point to arblk
        beq wb,arlen(xl),scv24
                                                        jump if all moved
        add wb,xl
                                                        else point to current location
        add *num02,wb
                                                        bump offset
        mov (x1),xr
                                                        load subscript name
        dca xl
                                                        adjust ptr to merge (trval=1+1)
```

```
convert (continued)
            loop to chase down trblk chain for value
        mov trval(x1),x1
scv22
                                                          point to next value
        beq (x1),=b$trt,scv22
                                                          loop back if trapped
            here with name in xr, value in xl
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                          stack value
scv23
        mov num01(xs),xl
                                                          load tbblk pointer
                                                          build teblk (note wb gt 0 by name)
        jsr tfind
        ppm exfal
                                                          fail if acess fails
                                                          store value in teblk
        mov (xs)+,teval(x1)
        brn scv21
                                                          loop back for next element
            here after moving all elements to tbblk
scv24
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                          load tbblk pointer
                                                          pop arblk pointer
        ica xs
        brn exsid
                                                          exit setting idval
            convert to expression
if.cevb
scv25
                                                          by value
        zer wb
             gtexp
                                                          convert to expression
else
scv25
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                          convert to expression
             gtexp
fi
        ppm exfal
                                                          fail if conversion not possible
        zer r$ccb
                                                          forget interim code block
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                          stack result
        lcw xr
                                                          get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                          execute it
            convert to code
scv26
        jsr gtcod
                                                          convert to code
                                                          fail if conversion is not possible
        ppm exfal
        zer r$ccb
                                                          forget interim code block
                                                          stack result
        mov xr,-(xs)
        lcw xr
                                                          get next code word
        bri
             (xr)
                                                          execute it
            convert to numeric
scv27
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} gtnum
                                                          convert to numeric
                                                          fail if unconvertible
        ppm exfal
```

scv31 mov xr,-(xs) lcw xr bri (xr) stack result get next code word execute it

```
if .cnbf
else
             convert to buffer
                                                             stack first arg for procedure
scv28
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                             get string or buffer
        jsr gtstb
        \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exfal}
                                                             fail if conversion not possible
        bnz wb,scv30
                                                             jump if already a buffer
        mov xr,xl
                                                             save string pointer
                                                             allocate buffer of same size
        jsr alobf
        jsr apndb
                                                             copy in the string
                                                             already string - cant fail to cnv
        ppm
                                                             must be enough room
        \mathbf{ppm}
         {\bf brn} exsid
                                                             exit setting idval field
             here if argument is already a buffer
                                                             return buffer without conversion
scv30
        {f mov} wb,xr
        brn scv31
                                                             merge to return result
```

```
# second argument not string or null

scv29 erb 074,convert second argument is not a string

* copy

* copy

s$cop ent entry point
jsr copyb copy the block
ppm exits return if no idval field
brn exsid exit setting id value
```

```
if .cmth
             cos
s$cos
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                                entry point
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                                get argument
                                                                convert to real
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               gtrea
         {f err} 303,cos argument
                                                                not numeric
         ldr rcval(xr)
                                                                load accumulator with argument
         \cos
                                                                take cosine
                                                                if no overflow, return result in ra
         rno exrea
         erb 322,cos argument
                                                                is out of range
```

```
fi
            data
s$dat
        ent
                                                         entry point
        jsr
             xscni
                                                         prepare to scan argument
             075, data argument
                                                         is not a string
             076, data argument
                                                         is null
            scan out datatype name
                                                         delimiter one = left paren
        mov =ch$pp,wc
        mov wc,xl
                                                         delimiter two = left paren
                                                         skip/trim blanks in prototype
        mnz wa
        jsr xscan
                                                         scan datatype name
        bnz wa,sdat1
                                                         skip if left paren found
                                                         is missing a left paren
        erb 077, data argument
            here after scanning datatype name
if .culc
        mov sclen(xr),wa
                                                         get length
sdat1
        bze wa,sdt1a
                                                         avoid folding if null string
                                                         fold lower case to upper case
        jsr flstg
        mov xr,xl
                                                         save name ptr
sdt1a
else
sdat1
        mov xr,xl
                                                         save name ptr
fi
        mov sclen(xr), wa
                                                         get length
        ctb wa,scsi$
                                                         compute space needed
                                                         request static store for name
        jsr alost
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         save datatype name
        mvw
                                                         copy name to static
        mov (xs),xr
                                                         get name ptr
                                                         scrub dud register
        zer xl
                                                         locate vrblk for datatype name
             gtnvr
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                         has null datatype name
        err 078, data argument
        mov xr,datdv
                                                         save vrblk pointer for datatype
        mov xs, datxs
                                                         store starting stack value
                                                         zero count of field names
        zer wb
            loop to scan field names and stack vrblk pointers
sdat2
        mov =ch$rp,wc
                                                         delimiter one = right paren
        mov =ch$cm,xl
                                                         delimiter two = comma
        mnz wa
                                                         skip/trim blanks in prototype
        jsr xscan
                                                         scan next field name
        bnz wa,sdat3
                                                         jump if delimiter found
        erb 079,data argument
                                                         is missing a right paren
```

```
* here after scanning out one field name
*
```

sdat3 jsr gtnvr
err 080,data argument
mov xr,-(xs)
icv wb

 \mathbf{beq} wa,=num02,sdat2

locate vrblk for field name has null field name stack vrblk pointer increment counter loop back if stopped by comma

```
data (continued)
            now build the dfblk
        mov =dfsi$,wa
                                                        set size of dfblk standard fields
        add wb,wa
                                                        add number of fields
                                                        convert length to bytes
        wtb wa
        mov wb,wc
                                                        preserve no. of fields
        jsr alost
                                                        allocate space for dfblk
        mov wc,wb
                                                        get no of fields
                                                        point to start of stack
        mov datxs,xt
                                                        load datatype name
        mov (xt),wc
                                                        save dfblk pointer on stack
        mov xr,(xt)
        mov = b dfc, (xr) +
                                                        store type word
        mov wb,(xr)+
                                                        store number of fields (fargs)
        mov wa, (xr)+
                                                        store length (dflen)
                                                        compute pdblk length (for dfpdl)
        sub *pddfs,wa
        mov wa, (xr)+
                                                        store pdblk length (dfpdl)
        mov wc,(xr)+
                                                        store datatype name (dfnam)
        lct wc,wb
                                                        copy number of fields
            loop to move field name vrblk pointers to dfblk
sdat4
        mov - (xt), (xr) +
                                                        move one field name vrblk pointer
                                                        loop till all moved
        bct wc,sdat4
            now define the datatype function
        mov wa,wc
                                                        copy length of pdblk for later loop
        mov datdv,xr
                                                        point to vrblk
                                                        point back on stack
        mov datxs,xt
                                                        load dfblk pointer
        mov (xt),xl
        jsr dffnc
                                                        define function
```

```
data (continued)
           loop to build ffblks
           notice that the ffblks are constructed in reverse order
            so that the required offsets can be obtained from
            successive decrementation of the pdblk length (in wc).
sdat5
        mov *ffsi$,wa
                                                       set length of ffblk
        jsr alloc
                                                       allocate space for ffblk
        mov =b$ffc,(xr)
                                                       set type word
                                                       store fargs (always one)
        mov =num01,fargs(xr)
        mov datxs,xt
                                                       point back on stack
        mov (xt),ffdfp(xr)
                                                       copy dfblk ptr to ffblk
                                                       decrement old dfpdl to get next ofs
        dca wc
        mov wc,ffofs(xr)
                                                       set offset to this field
                                                       tentatively set zero forward ptr
        zer ffnxt(xr)
        mov xr,xl
                                                       copy ffblk pointer for dffnc
                                                       load vrblk pointer for field
        mov (xs),xr
        mov vrfnc(xr),xr
                                                       load current function pointer
        bne (xr),=b$ffc,sdat6
                                                       skip if not currently a field func
           here we must chain an old ffblk ptr to preserve it in the
            case of multiple field functions with the same name
                                                       link new ffblk to previous chain
        mov xr,ffnxt(xl)
           merge here to define field function
                                                       load vrblk pointer
        mov (xs)+,xr
sdat6
                                                       define field function
        jsr dffnc
        bne xs,datxs,sdat5
                                                       loop back till all done
        ica xs
                                                       pop dfblk pointer
                                                       return with null result
        brn exnul
```

```
*

* date

*

s$dte ent

mov (xs)+,xr

jsr gtint

err 330,date argument

jsr sysdt

mov num01(xl),wa

bze wa,exnul

zer wb

jsr sbstr

mov xr,-(xs)

lcw xr

bri (xr)
```

entry point
load argument
convert to an integer
is not integer
call system date routine
load length for sbstr
return null if length is zero
set zero offset
use sbstr to build scblk
stack result
get next code word
execute it

```
define
                                                        entry point
s$def
        ent
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        load second argument
        zer deflb
                                                        zero label pointer in case null
                                                        jump if null second argument
        beq xr,=nulls,sdf01
        jsr gtnvr
                                                        else find vrblk for label
        ppm sdf12
                                                        jump if not a variable name
        mov xr,deflb
                                                        else set specified entry
            scan function name
sdf01
        jsr xscni
                                                        prepare to scan first argument
        err 081, define first
                                                        argument is not a string
        err 082, define first
                                                        argument is null
        mov =ch$pp,wc
                                                        delimiter one = left paren
                                                        delimiter two = left paren
        mov wc,xl
        mnz wa
                                                        skip/trim blanks in prototype
                                                        scan out function name
        jsr xscan
        bnz wa,sdf02
                                                        jump if left paren found
        erb 083, define first
                                                        argument is missing a left paren
            here after scanning out function name
sdf02
        jsr gtnvr
                                                        get variable name
                                                        argument has null function name
        err 084, define first
        mov xr, defvr
                                                        save vrblk pointer for function nam
        zer wb
                                                        zero count of arguments
        mov xs, defxs
                                                        save initial stack pointer
        bnz deflb,sdf03
                                                        jump if second argument given
                                                        else default is function name
        mov xr, deflb
            loop to scan argument names and stack vrblk pointers
sdf03
        mov =ch$rp,wc
                                                        delimiter one = right paren
                                                        delimiter two = comma
        mov =ch$cm,xl
                                                        skip/trim blanks in prototype
        mnz wa
        jsr xscan
                                                        scan out next argument name
        \mathbf{bnz} wa,sdf04
                                                        skip if delimiter found
        erb 085, null arg name
                                                        or missing ) in define first arg.
```

define (continued) here after scanning an argument name sdf04 bne xr,=nulls,sdf05 skip if non-null bze wb,sdf06 ignore null if case of no arguments here after dealing with the case of no arguments sdf05 jsr gtnvr get vrblk pointer ppm sdf03 loop back to ignore null name mov xr,-(xs) stack argument vrblk pointer icv wb increment counter beq wa,=num02,sdf03 loop back if stopped by a comma here after scanning out function argument names sdf06 mov wb, defna save number of arguments zer wb zero count of locals loop to scan local names and stack vrblk pointers sdf07 mov =ch\$cm,wc set delimiter one = commaset delimiter two = commamov wc,xl mnz wa skip/trim blanks in prototype jsr xscan scan out next local name bne xr,=nulls,sdf08 skip if non-null exit scan if end of string bze wa,sdf09 here after scanning out a local name jsr gtnvr sdf08 get vrblk pointer ppm sdf07 loop back to ignore null name if ok, increment count icv wb mov xr,-(xs) stack vrblk pointer loop back if stopped by a comma bnz wa,sdf07

```
define (continued)
            here after scanning locals, build pfblk
sdf09
        {f mov} wb,wa
                                                         copy count of locals
        add defna,wa
                                                         add number of arguments
                                                         set sum args+locals as loop count
        mov wa,wc
        add =pfsi$,wa
                                                         add space for standard fields
        \mathbf{wtb} wa
                                                         convert length to bytes
        jsr alloc
                                                         allocate space for pfblk
                                                         save pointer to pfblk
        mov xr,xl
        mov = b pfc, (xr) +
                                                         store first word
        mov defna,(xr)+
                                                         store number of arguments
                                                         store length (pflen)
        mov wa,(xr)+
        mov defvr,(xr)+
                                                         store vrblk ptr for function name
                                                         store number of locals
        mov wb, (xr)+
                                                         deal with label later
        zer (xr) +
        zer (xr) +
                                                         zero pfctr
        zer (xr) +
                                                         zero pfrtr
                                                         skip if no args or locals
        bze wc,sdf11
        mov xl,wa
                                                         keep pfblk pointer
        mov defxs,xt
                                                         point before arguments
        lct wc,wc
                                                         get count of args+locals for loop
            loop to move locals and args to pfblk
sdf10
        mov - (xt), (xr) +
                                                         store one entry and bump pointers
        bct wc,sdf10
                                                         loop till all stored
        mov wa,xl
                                                         recover pfblk pointer
```

```
define (continued)
             now deal with label
                                                               pop stack
sdf11
       mov defxs,xs
         {f mov} deflb,pfcod(xl)
                                                               store label vrblk in pfblk
                                                               point back to vrblk for function
         mov defvr,xr
                                                               define function
         jsr dffnc
         {\bf brn} exnul
                                                               and exit returning null
             here for erroneous label
{\tt sdf12} \quad {\tt erb} \quad {\tt 086, define} \ {\tt function}
                                                               entry point is not defined label
```

```
* detach

s$det ent entry point

mov (xs)+,xr load argument

jsr gtvar locate variable

err 087,detach argument is not appropriate name

jsr dtach detach i/o association from name

brn exnul return null result
```

*

* differ

*

s\$dif ent

mov (xs)+,xr

mov (xs)+,xl

jsr ident

ppm exfal

brn exnul

entry point load second argument load first argument call ident comparison routine fail if ident return null if differ

```
\operatorname{dump}
s$dmp
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                            entry point
           \mathbf{jsr}
                                                                            load dump arg as small integer
                 gtsmi
           err 088,dump argument
                                                                            is not integer
                                                                            is negative or too large
           \mathbf{err}
                 089, dump argument
                                                                            else call dump routine
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                  dumpr
                                                                            and return null as result
           \mathbf{brn} exnul
```

```
dupl
                                                           entry point
s$dup
        ent
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              gtsmi
                                                           get second argument as small integr
                                                           is not integer
        err 090, dupl second argument
                                                           jump if negative or too big
        ppm sdup7
        mov xr,wb
                                                           save duplication factor
                                                           get first arg as string
        jsr gtstg
        ppm sdup4
                                                           jump if not a string
            here for case of duplication of a string
        mti wa
                                                           acquire length as integer
                                                           save for the moment
        \mathbf{sti}
             dupsi
        mti wb
                                                           get duplication factor as integer
        mli dupsi
                                                           form product
                                                           jump if overflow
        iov sdup3
        ieq exnul
                                                           return null if result length = 0
                                                           get as addr integer, check ovflo
        mfi wa,sdup3
            merge here with result length in wa
sdup1
        mov xr,xl
                                                           save string pointer
                                                           allocate space for string
        jsr alocs
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                           save as result pointer
                                                           save pointer to argument string
        mov x1,wc
        psc xr
                                                           prepare to store chars of result
        lct wb, wb
                                                           set counter to control loop
            loop through duplications
sdup2
        mov wc,xl
                                                           point back to argument string
        mov sclen(xl), wa
                                                           get number of characters
                                                           point to chars in argument string
        plc x1
        mvc
                                                           move characters to result string
                                                           loop till all duplications done
        bct wb,sdup2
                                                           clear garbage value
        zer xl
        lcw xr
                                                           get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                           execute next code word
```

```
dupl (continued)
           here if too large, set max length and let alocs catch it
sdup3
       mov dname, wa
                                                      set impossible length for alocs
        brn sdup1
                                                      merge back
           here if not a string
sdup4
                                                      convert argument to pattern
       jsr gtpat
        err 091,dupl first argument
                                                      is not a string or pattern
           here to duplicate a pattern argument
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      store pattern on stack
        mov =ndnth,xr
                                                      start off with null pattern
        bze wb,sdup6
                                                      null pattern is result if dupfac=0
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                      preserve loop count
           loop to duplicate by successive concatenation
                                                      copy current value as right argumnt
sdup5
       mov xr,xl
        mov num01(xs),xr
                                                      get a new copy of left
        jsr pconc
                                                      concatenate
                                                      count down
        dcv (xs)
        bnz (xs),sdup5
                                                      loop
        ica xs
                                                      pop loop count
           here to exit after constructing pattern
       mov xr, (xs)
                                                      store result on stack
sdup6
        lcw xr
                                                      get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                      execute next code word
           fail if second arg is out of range
sdup7
       ica xs
                                                      pop first argument
        brn exfal
                                                      fail
```

```
eject
s$ejc
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                                 entry point
                                                                 call fcblk routine
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              iofcb
         err 092, eject argument
                                                                 is not a suitable name
                                                                 null argument
         ppm sejc1
         {f err} 093,eject file does
                                                                 not exist
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              sysef
                                                                 call eject file function
         err 093,eject file does
                                                                 not exist
         err 094,eject file does
                                                                 not permit page eject
         {f err} 095,eject caused
                                                                 non-recoverable output error
         brn exnul
                                                                 return null as result
              here to eject standard output file
sejc1
         jsr sysep
                                                                 call routine to eject printer
         {\bf brn} exnul
                                                                 exit with null result
```

```
endfile
                                                         entry point
s$enf
        ent
        jsr
             iofcb
                                                         call fcblk routine
        err 096, endfile argument
                                                         is not a suitable name
            097, endfile argument
                                                         is null
        \mathbf{err}
                                                         does not exist
        \mathbf{err}
             098, endfile file
             sysen
                                                         call endfile routine
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        err 098, endfile file
                                                         does not exist
        err 099, endfile file
                                                         does not permit endfile
        err 100, endfile caused
                                                         non-recoverable output error
        mov xl,wb
                                                         remember vrblk ptr from iofcb call
        mov xl,xr
                                                         copy pointer
            loop to find trtrf block
                                                         remember previous entry
        mov xr,xl
senf1
        mov trval(xr),xr
                                                         chain along
                                                         skip out if chain end
        bne (xr),=b$trt,exnul
        bne trtyp(xr),=trtfc,senf1
                                                         loop if not found
        mov trval(xr),trval(xl)
                                                         remove trtrf
                                                         point to head of iochn
        mov trtrf(xr),enfch
        mov trfpt(xr),wc
                                                         point to fcblk
                                                         filearg1 vrblk from iofcb
        mov wb,xr
        jsr setvr
                                                         reset it
        mov =r$fcb,xl
                                                         ptr to head of fcblk chain
        sub *num02,x1
                                                         adjust ready to enter loop
            find fcblk
senf2
        mov xl,xr
                                                         copy ptr
        mov num02(x1),x1
                                                         get next link
        bze xl,senf4
                                                         stop if chain end
        beq num03(x1),wc,senf3
                                                         jump if fcblk found
        brn senf2
                                                         loop
            remove fcblk
senf3
        mov num02(x1),num02(xr)
                                                         delete fcblk from chain
            loop which detaches all vbls on iochn chain
senf4
        mov enfch,xl
                                                         get chain head
        bze xl,exnul
                                                         finished if chain end
                                                         chain along
        mov trtrf(x1),enfch
        mov ionmo(x1),wa
                                                         name offset
                                                         name base
        mov ionmb(xl),xl
                                                         detach name
        jsr dtach
        brn senf4
                                                         loop till done
```

```
eq
s$eqf
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                                entry point
                                                                                call arithmetic comparison routine
           \mathbf{jsr}\quad \mathtt{acomp}
           {
m err} 101,eq first argument
                                                                                is not numeric
                                                                                is not numeric
           {
m err} 102,eq second argument
                                                                                fail if lt
           \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exfal}
                                                                                {\rm return\ null\ if\ eq}
           \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exnul}\;
                                                                                fail if gt
           \mathbf{ppm} exfal
```

```
eval
s$evl
        ent
                                                            entry point
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                            load argument
if .cevb
else
                                                            convert to expression
        jsr
              gtexp
             103, eval argument
                                                            is not expression
        \mathbf{err}
fi
        lcw wc
                                                            load next code word
        bne wc,=ofne$,sevl1
                                                            jump if called by value
        scp xl
                                                            copy code pointer
        mov (x1), wa
                                                            get next code word
        bne wa,=ornm$,sev12
                                                            by name unless expression
        \mathbf{bnz} num01(xs),sev12
                                                            jump if by name
             here if called by value
sevl1
                                                            set flag for by value
        zer wb
if .cevb
        mov wc,-(xs)
                                                            save code word
                                                            convert to expression
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              gtexp
        err 103, eval argument
                                                            is not expression
                                                            forget interim code block
        zer r$ccb
        zer wb
                                                            set flag for by value
else
        mov wc,-(xs)
                                                            save code word
fi
        jsr evalx
                                                            evaluate expression by value
                                                            fail if evaluation fails
        ppm exfal
        mov xr,xl
                                                            copy result
                                                            reload next code word
        mov (xs),xr
        mov xl,(xs)
                                                            stack result
        bri (xr)
                                                            jump to execute next code word
             here if called by name
sev12
        mov =num01,wb
                                                            set flag for by name
if .cevb
                                                            convert to expression
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             gtexp
        err 103, eval argument
                                                            is not expression
        zer r$ccb
                                                            forget interim code block
        mov =num01,wb
                                                            set flag for by name
fi
                                                            evaluate expression by name
        jsr evalx
                                                            fail if evaluation fails
        ppm exfal
                                                            exit with name
        brn exnam
```

 $\begin{array}{c} if \ . \mathbf{cnex} \\ else \end{array}$

```
exit
s$ext
        ent
                                                         entry point
        \mathbf{zer}
            wb
                                                         clear amount of static shift
                                                         forget interim code block
        zer r$ccb
  if.\mathbf{csed}
                                                         collect sediment too
        zer dnams
        jsr
             gbcol
                                                         compact memory by collecting
        mov xr, dnams
                                                         record new sediment size
  else
                                                         compact memory by collecting
        jsr
            gbcol
  fi
                                                         compact memory by collecting
        jsr
             gbcol
        err 288, exit second argument
                                                         is not a string
        mov xr,xl
                                                         copy second arg string pointer
                                                         convert arg to string
        jsr gtstg
        err 104, exit first argument
                                                         is not suitable integer or string
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                         save second argument
        mov xr,xl
                                                         copy first arg string ptr
        jsr gtint
                                                         check it is integer
        ppm sext1
                                                         skip if unconvertible
        zer xl
                                                         note it is integer
            icval(xr)
        ldi
                                                         get integer arg
            merge to call osint exit routine
        mov r$fcb,wb
                                                         get fcblk chain header
sext1
                                                         point to v.v string
        mov =headv,xr
        mov (xs)+,wa
                                                         provide second argument scblk
            sysxi
                                                         call external routine
                                                         available in this implementation
        err 105, exit action not
        err 106, exit action caused
                                                         irrecoverable error
                                                         return if argument 0
        ieq exnul
        igt
             sext2
                                                         skip if positive
        ngi
                                                         make positive
            check for option respecification
            sysxi returns 0 in wa when a file has been resumed,
            1 when this is a continuation of an exit(4) or exit(-4)
            action.
sext2
        mfi wc
                                                         get value in work reg
        add wc,wa
                                                         prepare to test for continue
        beq wa,=num05,sext5
                                                         continued execution if 4 plus 1
        zer gbcnt
                                                         resuming execution so reset
        bge wc,=num03,sext3
                                                         skip if was 3 or 4
        mov wc, -(xs)
                                                         save value
                                                         set to read options
        zer wc
        jsr prpar
                                                         read syspp options
```

```
mov (xs)+,wc
                                                         restore value
            deal with header option (fiddled by prpar)
sext3
        \mathbf{mnz} headp
                                                         assume no headers
        bne wc,=num01,sext4
                                                         skip if not 1
        zer headp
                                                         request header printing
            almost ready to resume running
        jsr systm
                                                         get execution time start (sgd11)
sext4
        \mathbf{sti}
             timsx
                                                         save as initial time
        ldi kvstc
                                                         reset to ensure ...
        sti kvstl
                                                         \dots correct execution stats
        jsr stgcc
                                                         recompute countdown counters
        brn exnul
                                                         resume execution
            here after exit(4) or exit(-4) -- create save file
            or load module and continue execution.
            return integer 1 to signal the continuation of the
            original execution.
sext5
        \mathbf{mov} =inton, \mathbf{xr}
                                                         integer one
        brn exixr
                                                         return as result
fi
```

```
\overline{if.\mathbf{cmth}}
               exp
s$exp
          \mathbf{ent}
                                                                    entry point
          mov (xs)+,xr
                                                                    get argument
                                                                    convert to real
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}
                gtrea
          {f err} 304,exp argument
                                                                    not numeric
          ldr rcval(xr)
                                                                    load accumulator with argument
                                                                    take exponential
          \mathbf{etx}
                                                                    if no overflow, return result in ra
          rno exrea
                                                                    real overflow
          {
m erb} 305,exp produced
```

```
fi
            field
        \mathbf{ent}
s$fld
                                                          entry point
                                                          get second argument (field number)
        jsr gtsmi
        err 107, field second
                                                          argument is not integer
        \mathbf{ppm} exfal
                                                          fail if out of range
        mov xr,wb
                                                          else save integer value
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                          load first argument
                                                          point to vrblk
        jsr gtnvr
                                                          jump (error) if not variable name
        ppm sfld1
        mov vrfnc(xr),xr
                                                          else point to function block
        bne (xr),=b$dfc,sfld1
                                                          error if not datatype function
            here if first argument is a datatype function name
        bze wb,exfal
                                                          fail if argument number is zero
        bgt wb,fargs(xr),exfal
                                                          fail if too large
        {\bf wtb} wb
                                                          else convert to byte offset
        add wb,xr
                                                          point to field name
        mov dfflb(xr),xr
                                                          load vrblk pointer
                                                          exit to build nmblk
        brn exvnm
            here for bad first argument
sfld1
       erb 108, field first argument
                                                          is not datatype name
```

```
fence
s$fnc
        \mathbf{ent}
                                                          entry point
        mov =p$fnc,wb
                                                          set pcode for p$fnc
        zer xr
                                                          p0blk
                                                          build p$fnc node
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} pbild
                                                          save pointer to it
        mov xr,xl
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                          get argument
        jsr gtpat
                                                          convert to pattern
        err 259, fence argument
                                                          is not pattern
                                                          concatenate to p$fnc node
        jsr pconc
                                                          save ptr to concatenated pattern
        mov xr,xl
                                                          set for p$fna pcode
        mov =p$fna,wb
        zer xr
                                                          p0blk
        jsr pbild
                                                          construct p$fna node
        mov xl,pthen(xr)
                                                          set pattern as pthen
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                          set as result
        lcw xr
                                                          get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                          execute next code word
```

```
ge
s$gef
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                             entry point
                                                                             call arithmetic comparison routine
           \mathbf{jsr}\quad \mathtt{acomp}
           {
m err} 109,ge first argument
                                                                             is not numeric
                                                                             is not numeric
           {
m err} 110,ge second argument
                                                                             fail if lt
           \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exfal}
           \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exnul}\;
                                                                             return null if eq
           \mathbf{ppm} exnul
                                                                             return null if gt
```

```
gt
s$gtf
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                             entry point
                                                                             call arithmetic comparison routine
           \mathbf{jsr}\quad \mathtt{acomp}
           {
m err} 111,gt first argument
                                                                             is not numeric
                                                                             is not numeric
           {f err} 112,gt second argument
                                                                             fail if lt
           \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exfal}
           \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exfal}
                                                                             fail if eq
                                                                             return null if gt
           \mathbf{ppm} exnul
```

```
host
s$hst
        ent
                                                        entry point
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                        get fifth arg
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                        get fourth arg
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        get third arg
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                        get second arg
        mov (xs)+,wa
                                                        get first arg
            syshs
                                                        enter syshs routine
        err 254, erroneous argument
                                                        for host
                                                        execution of host
        err 255,error during
                                                        store host string
        ppm shst1
                                                        return null result
        \mathbf{ppm} exnul
        ppm exixr
                                                        return xr
                                                        fail return
        ppm exfal
                                                        store actual string
        ppm shst3
        ppm shst4
                                                        return copy of xr
            return host string
        bze xl,exnul
                                                        null string if syshs uncooperative
shst1
        mov sclen(xl), wa
                                                        length
        zer wb
                                                        zero offset
            copy string and return
                                                        build copy of string
shst2
        jsr sbstr
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack the result
        lcw xr
                                                        load next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                        execute it
            return actual string pointed to by xl
shst3
                                                        treat xl like an scblk ptr
        zer wb
        sub =cfp$f,wb
                                                        by creating a negative offset
        brn shst2
                                                        join to copy string
            return copy of block pointed to by xr
shst4
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack results
        jsr copyb
                                                        make copy of block
        ppm exits
                                                        if not an aggregate structure
                                                        set current id value otherwise
        brn exsid
```

*
 * ident
 *

s\$idn ent
 mov (xs)+,xr
 mov (xs)+,xl
 jsr ident
 ppm exnul
 brn exfal

entry point load second argument load first argument call ident comparison routine return null if ident fail if differ

```
input
s$inp
        \mathbf{ent}
                                                           entry point
                                                           input flag
        zer wb
        jsr ioput
                                                           call input/output assoc. routine
        {
m err} 113,input third argument
                                                           is not a string
                                                           second argument for input
        err 114, inappropriate
        err 115, inappropriate
                                                           first argument for input
        err 116, inappropriate
                                                           file specification for input
        ppm exfal
                                                           fail if file does not exist
        {
m err} 117,input file cannot
                                                           be read
                                                           currently in use
        err 289, input channel
        brn exnul
                                                           return null string
```

```
if .cnbf
else
             insert
                                                            entry point
s$ins
        \mathbf{ent}
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                            get string arg
        jsr gtsmi
                                                            get replace length
        err 277, insert third
                                                            argument not integer
        \mathbf{ppm} exfal
                                                            fail if out of range
        mov wc,wb
                                                            copy to proper reg
                                                            get replace position
        jsr gtsmi
                                                            argument not integer
        err 278, insert second
        \mathbf{ppm} exfal
                                                            fail if out of range
                                                            fail if zero
        bze wc,exfal
        \mathbf{dcv} wc
                                                            decrement to get offset
        mov wc,wa
                                                            put in proper register
                                                            get buffer
        mov (xs)+,xr
        beq (xr),=b\$bct,sins1
                                                            press on if type ok
        erb 279,insert first
                                                            argument is not a buffer
             here when everything loaded up
sins1
        jsr insbf
                                                            call to insert
        err 280, insert fourth
                                                            argument is not a string
                                                            fail if out of range
        ppm exfal
                                                            else ok - exit with null
        brn exnul
```

```
#
    * integer
    *
s$int ent entry point
    mov (xs)+,xr load argument
    jsr gtnum convert to numeric
    ppm exfal fail if non-numeric
    beq wa,=b$icl,exnul return null if integer
```

 ${\bf brn}$ exfal

fail if real

```
item
            item does not permit the direct (fast) call so that
            wa contains the actual number of arguments passed.
s$itm
        ent
                                                        entry point
            deal with case of no args
        bnz wa, sitm1
                                                        jump if at least one arg
        mov =nulls,-(xs)
                                                        else supply garbage null arg
        mov =num01,wa
                                                        and fix argument count
            check for name/value cases
sitm1
        scp xr
                                                        get current code pointer
                                                        load next code word
        mov (xr),xl
        {
m dcv} wa
                                                        get number of subscripts
        mov wa,xr
                                                        copy for arref
        beq x1,=ofne$,sitm2
                                                        jump if called by name
            here if called by value
                                                        set code for call by value
        zer wb
        brn arref
                                                        off to array reference routine
            here for call by name
                                                        set code for call by name
sitm2
        \mathbf{mnz} wb
        lcw wa
                                                        load and ignore ofne$ call
        brn arref
                                                        off to array reference routine
```

```
le
s$lef
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                             entry point
                                                                             call arithmetic comparison routine
           \mathbf{jsr}\quad \mathtt{acomp}
                                                                             is not numeric
           err 118,1e first argument
           {
m err} 119,le second argument
                                                                             is not numeric
                                                                             return null if lt
           \mathbf{ppm} \; \mathtt{exnul} \;
                                                                             return null if eq
           \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exnul}\;
                                                                             fail if gt
           \mathbf{ppm} exfal
```

```
len
s$len
        ent
                                                        entry point
        mov =p$len,wb
                                                        set pcode for integer arg case
                                                        set pcode for expr arg case
        mov =p$lnd,wa
                                                        call common routine to build node
        jsr patin
        err 120,len argument
                                                        is not integer or expression
        {
m err} 121,len argument
                                                        is negative or too large
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack result
        lcw xr
                                                        get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                        execute it
```

```
leq
s$leq
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                                entry point
                                                                                call string comparison routine
           \mathbf{jsr}\quad \mathtt{lcomp}
           {
m err} 122,leq first argument
                                                                                is not a string
                                                                                is not a string
           {
m err} 123,leq second argument
                                                                                fail if llt
           \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exfal}\;
                                                                                return null if leq \,
           \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exnul}\;
                                                                                fail if lgt
           \mathbf{ppm} exfal
```

```
lge
s$lge
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                              entry point
                                                                              call string comparison routine
           \mathbf{jsr}\quad \mathtt{lcomp}
           {
m err} 124,1ge first argument
                                                                              is not a string
           {
m err} 125,1ge second argument
                                                                              is not a string
                                                                              fail if llt
           \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exfal}
           \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exnul}\;
                                                                              return null if leq
           \mathbf{ppm} exnul
                                                                              return null if lgt
```

```
lgt
s$lgt
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                                 entry point
            \mathbf{jsr}\quad \mathtt{lcomp}
                                                                                 call string comparison routine
           {
m err} 126,1gt first argument
                                                                                 is not a string
            {
m err} 127,1gt second argument
                                                                                 is not a string
                                                                                 fail if llt
            \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exfal}
            \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exfal}
                                                                                 fail if leq
                                                                                 return null if lgt
            \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exnul}\;
```

```
lle
s$lle
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                                entry point
                                                                                call string comparison routine
           \mathbf{jsr}\quad \mathtt{lcomp}
           {
m err} 128,11e first argument
                                                                                is not a string
           {
m err} 129,11e second argument
                                                                                is not a string
                                                                                return null if llt
           \mathbf{ppm} \; \mathtt{exnul} \;
                                                                                return null if leq \,
           \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exnul}\;
                                                                                fail if lgt
           \mathbf{ppm} exfal
```

```
11t
s$11t
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                                entry point
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r} lcomp
                                                                                call string comparison routine
           {
m err} 130,11t first argument
                                                                                is not a string
           {
m err} 131,11t second argument
                                                                                is not a string
                                                                                return null if llt
           \mathbf{ppm} \; \mathtt{exnul} \;
                                                                                fail if leq
           \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exfal}
                                                                                fail if lgt
           \mathbf{ppm} exfal
```

```
lne
s$lne
            \mathbf{ent}
                                                                                   entry point
            \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r} lcomp
                                                                                   call string comparison routine
            {
m err} 132,lne first argument
                                                                                   is not a string
            {
m err} 133,lne second argument
                                                                                   is not a string
                                                                                   return null if llt
            \mathbf{ppm} \; \mathtt{exnul} \;
                                                                                   fail if leq
            \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exfal}
                                                                                   return null if lgt
            \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exnul}\;
```

```
if .cmth
            ln
s$lnf
        \mathbf{ent}
                                                         entry point
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                         get argument
                                                         convert to real
        jsr gtrea
        {
m err} 306,1n argument not
                                                         numeric
        ldr rcval(xr)
                                                         load accumulator with argument
                                                         overflow if argument is 0
        req slnf1
                                                         error if argument less than 0
        \mathbf{rlt}
             slnf2
        lnf
                                                         take natural logarithm
        rno exrea
                                                         if no overflow, return result in ra
slnf1
        erb 307,1n produced real
                                                         overflow
            here for bad argument
       erb 307,1n produced realreal
slnf2
```

```
fi
            local
s$loc
        \mathbf{ent}
                                                         entry point
                                                         get second argument (local number)
        jsr gtsmi
        err 134,local second
                                                         argument is not integer
        \mathbf{ppm} exfal
                                                         fail if out of range
        mov xr,wb
                                                         save local number
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                         load first argument
                                                         point to vrblk
        jsr gtnvr
                                                         jump if not variable name
        ppm sloc1
                                                         else load function pointer
        mov vrfnc(xr),xr
        bne (xr),=b$pfc,sloc1
                                                         jump if not program defined
            here if we have a program defined function name
                                                         fail if second arg is zero
        bze wb,exfal
        bgt wb,pfnlo(xr),exfal
                                                         or too large
        add fargs(xr),wb
                                                         else adjust offset to include args
        wtb wb
                                                         convert to bytes
        add wb,xr
                                                         point to local pointer
        mov pfagb(xr),xr
                                                         load vrblk pointer
        brn exvnm
                                                         exit building nmblk
            here if first argument is no good
sloc1
        erb 135, local first arg
                                                         is not a program function name
if .cnld
```

```
load
s$lod
        ent
                                                         entry point
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            gtstg
                                                         load library name
        err 136, load second argument
                                                         is not a string
        mov xr,xl
                                                         save library name
        jsr xscni
                                                         prepare to scan first argument
        err 137, load first argument
                                                         is not a string
        err 138, load first argument
                                                         is null
        mov x1,-(xs)
                                                         stack library name
        mov =ch$pp,wc
                                                         set delimiter one = left paren
                                                         set delimiter two = left paren
        mov wc,xl
                                                         skip/trim blanks in prototype
        mnz wa
                                                         scan function name
        jsr xscan
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         save ptr to function name
                                                         jump if left paren found
        bnz wa, slod1
        erb 139, load first argument
                                                         is missing a left paren
            here after successfully scanning function name
                                                         locate vrblk
slod1
            gtnvr
                                                         has null function name
        err 140, load first argument
        mov xr,lodfn
                                                         save vrblk pointer
        zer lodna
                                                         zero count of arguments
            loop to scan argument datatype names
slod2
        mov =ch$rp,wc
                                                         delimiter one is right paren
        mov = ch$cm,x1
                                                         delimiter two is comma
        mnz wa
                                                         skip/trim blanks in prototype
        isr xscan
                                                         scan next argument name
        icv lodna
                                                         bump argument count
        bnz wa, slod3
                                                         jump if ok delimiter was found
        erb 141, load first argument
                                                         is missing a right paren
```

```
load (continued)
            come here to analyze the datatype pointer in (xr). this
            code is used both for arguments (wa=1,2) and for the
            result datatype (with wa set to zero).
  if .culc
slod3
        mov wa,wb
                                                        save scan mode
        mov sclen(xr), wa
                                                        datatype length
        bze wa,sld3a
                                                        bypass if null string
                                                        fold to upper case
        jsr flstg
sld3a
        mov wb, wa
                                                        restore scan mode
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack datatype name pointer
  else
slod3
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                        stack datatype name pointer
  fi
        mov =num01,wb
                                                        set string code in case
        mov =scstr,xl
                                                        point to /string/
        isr ident
                                                        check for match
                                                        jump if match
        ppm slod4
        mov (xs),xr
                                                        else reload name
        add wb,wb
                                                        set code for integer (2)
        mov =scint,xl
                                                        point to /integer/
                                                        check for match
        jsr ident
        ppm slod4
                                                        jump if match
  if.cnra
  else
        mov (xs),xr
                                                        else reload string pointer
                                                        set code for real (3)
        icv wb
        mov =screa,xl
                                                        point to /real/
        jsr ident
                                                        check for match
                                                        jump if match
        ppm slod4
  fi
  if .cnlf
        mov (xs),xr
                                                        reload string pointer
                                                        code for file (4, or 3 if no reals)
        icv wb
        mov =scfil,xl
                                                        point to /file/
        jsr ident
                                                        check for match
        ppm slod4
                                                        jump if match
  fi
        zer wb
                                                        else get code for no convert
            merge here with proper datatype code in wb
        mov wb, (xs)
                                                        store code on stack
slod4
        beq wa,=num02,slod2
                                                        loop back if arg stopped by comma
        bze wa, slod5
                                                        jump if that was the result type
```

* here we scan out the result type (arg stopped by)
*

mov mxlen,wc set dummy (impossible) delimiter 1
mov wc,xl and delimiter two
mnz wa skip/trim blanks in prototype
jsr xscan scan result name
zer wa set code for processing result

brn slod3

jump back to process result name

```
load (continued)
            here after processing all args and result
slod5
        mov lodna, wa
                                                        get number of arguments
        mov wa.wc
                                                        copy for later
        wtb wa
                                                        convert length to bytes
        add *efsi$, wa
                                                        add space for standard fields
        jsr alloc
                                                        allocate efblk
        mov =b$efc,(xr)
                                                        set type word
                                                        set number of arguments
        mov wc, fargs(xr)
        zer efuse(xr)
                                                        set use count (dffnc will set to 1)
        zer efcod(xr)
                                                        zero code pointer for now
        mov (xs)+,efrsl(xr)
                                                        store result type code
        mov lodfn,efvar(xr)
                                                        store function vrblk pointer
        mov wa,eflen(xr)
                                                        store efblk length
        mov xr,wb
                                                        save efblk pointer
        add wa,xr
                                                        point past end of efblk
        lct wc,wc
                                                        set number of arguments for loop
            loop to set argument type codes from stack
slod6
        mov (xs)+,-(xr)
                                                        store one type code from stack
        bct wc,slod6
                                                        loop till all stored
            now load the external function and perform definition
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        load function string name
  if .culc
        mov sclen(xr), wa
                                                        function name length
        jsr flstg
                                                        fold to upper case
  fi
        mov (xs),xl
                                                        load library name
        mov wb, (xs)
                                                        store efblk pointer
        jsr sysld
                                                        call function to load external func
        err 142, load function
                                                        does not exist
        err 143, load function
                                                        caused input error during load
        err 328, load function
                                                        - insufficient memory
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                        recall efblk pointer
        mov xr,efcod(xl)
                                                        store code pointer
        mov lodfn,xr
                                                        point to vrblk for function
        jsr dffnc
                                                        perform function definition
                                                        return null result
        brn exnul
fi
```

```
lpad
s$lpd
        ent
                                                           entry point
                                                           get pad character
        jsr
              gtstg
             144, lpad third argument
                                                           is not a string
        \mathbf{err}
                                                           point to character (null is blank)
        plc
                                                           load pad character
        lch wb, (xr)
                                                           get pad length
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             gtsmi
        err 145,1pad second argument
                                                           is not integer
                                                           skip if negative or large
        ppm slpd4
            merge to check first arg
slpd1
                                                           get first argument (string to pad)
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             gtstg
        err 146,1pad first argument
                                                           is not a string
        bge wa,wc,exixr
                                                           return 1st arg if too long to pad
        mov xr,xl
                                                           else move ptr to string to pad
            now we are ready for the pad
             (x1)
                                       pointer to string to pad
             (wb)
                                       pad character
             (wc)
                                       length to pad string to
        mov wc,wa
                                                           copy length
        jsr alocs
                                                           allocate scblk for new string
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                           save as result
                                                           load length of argument
        mov sclen(xl), wa
        sub wa,wc
                                                           calculate number of pad characters
                                                           point to chars in result string
        psc xr
                                                           set counter for pad loop
        lct wc,wc
            loop to perform pad
slpd2
        sch wb,(xr)+
                                                           store pad character, bump ptr
        bct wc,slpd2
                                                           loop till all pad chars stored
                                                           complete store characters
        csc xr
            now copy string
                                                           exit if null string
        bze wa,slpd3
        plc x1
                                                           else point to chars in argument
                                                           move characters to result string
        mvc
        zer xl
                                                           clear garbage xl
            here to exit with result on stack
slpd3
        lcw xr
                                                           load next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                           execute it
```

*
 * here if 2nd arg is negative or large

*
slpd4 zer wc zero pad count brn slpd1 merge

```
lt
s$ltf
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                                entry point
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r} acomp
                                                                                call arithmetic comparison routine
           {
m err} 147,1t first argument
                                                                                is not numeric
                                                                                is not numeric
           {
m err} 148,1t second argument
                                                                                return null if lt
           \mathbf{ppm} \; \mathtt{exnul} \;
                                                                                fail\ if\ eq
           \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exfal}
                                                                                fail if gt
           \mathbf{ppm} exfal
```

```
ne
s$nef
           \mathbf{ent}
                                                                              entry point
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r} acomp
                                                                              call arithmetic comparison routine
           err 149,ne first argument
                                                                              is not numeric
                                                                              is not numeric
           {
m err} 150,ne second argument
                                                                              return null if lt
           \mathbf{ppm} \; \mathtt{exnul} \;
           \mathbf{ppm}\;\mathtt{exfal}
                                                                              fail if eq
                                                                              return null if gt
           \mathbf{ppm} exnul
```

```
notany
s$nay
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                              entry point
                                                              set pcode for single char arg
         mov =p$nas,wb
         mov =p$nay,xl
                                                              pcode for multi-char arg
         {f mov} =p$nad,wc
                                                              set pcode for expr arg
        \mathbf{jsr} \quad \mathtt{patst}
                                                              call common routine to build node
         err 151, notany argument
                                                              is not a string or expression
                                                              stack result
         mov xr,-(xs)
         lcw xr
                                                              get next code word
         bri (xr)
                                                              execute it
```

```
opsyn
                                                          entry point
s$ops
        ent
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             gtsmi
                                                          load third argument
        err 152, opsyn third argument
                                                          is not integer
                                                          is negative or too large
        err 153, opsyn third argument
        mov wc,wb
                                                          if ok, save third argumnet
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                          load second argument
        jsr gtnvr
                                                          locate variable block
                                                          arg is not natural variable name
        err 154, opsyn second
        mov vrfnc(xr),xl
                                                          if ok, load function block pointer
        bnz wb,sops2
                                                          jump if operator opsyn case
            here for function opsyn (third arg zero)
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                          load first argument
                                                          get vrblk pointer
        jsr
             gtnvr
        err 155, opsyn first arg
                                                          is not natural variable name
            merge here to perform function definition
sops1
                                                          call function definer
        jsr dffnc
        brn exnul
                                                          exit with null result
            here for operator opsyn (third arg non-zero)
                                                          get operator name
sops2
        jsr gtstg
        \mathbf{ppm} sops5
                                                          jump if not string
        bne wa,=num01,sops5
                                                          error if not one char long
                                                          else point to character
        plc xr
                                                          load character name
        lch wc, (xr)
```

```
opsyn (continued)
           now set to search for matching unary or binary operator
           name as appropriate. note that there are =opbun undefined
           binary operators and =opuun undefined unary operators.
        mov =r$uub,wa
                                                      point to unop pointers in case
        mov =opnsu,xr
                                                      point to names of unary operators
        add =opbun,wb
                                                      add no. of undefined binary ops
        beq wb,=opuun,sops3
                                                      jump if unop (third arg was 1)
                                                      else point to binary operator ptrs
        mov =r$uba,wa
        mov =opsnb,xr
                                                      point to names of binary operators
                                                      set number of undefined binops
        mov =opbun,wb
    *
           merge here to check list (wb = number to check)
       lct wb, wb
                                                      set counter to control loop
sops3
           loop to search for name match
        beq wc,(xr),sops6
sops4
                                                      jump if names match
        ica wa
                                                      else push pointer to function ptr
        ica xr
                                                      bump pointer
        bct wb,sops4
                                                      loop back till all checked
           here if bad operator name
sops5
        erb 156, opsyn first arg
                                                      is not correct operator name
           come here on finding a match in the operator name table
sops6
       mov wa,xr
                                                      copy pointer to function block ptr
        sub *vrfnc,xr
                                                      make it look like dummy vrblk
        brn sops1
                                                      merge back to define operator
```

```
if .c370
            or
s$orf
                                                         entry point
        \mathbf{ent}
        mnz wb
                                                         signal two arguments
                                                         call string boolean routine
        jsr sbool
        err xxx,or first argument
                                                         is not a string
                                                         is not a string
        err xxx,or second argument
        err xxx, or arguments
                                                         not same length
        \mathbf{ppm} exits
                                                         null string arguments
            here to process (wc) words. result is stacked.
sorf1 \quad mov (xl)+,wa
                                                         get next cfp$c chars from arg 1
        orb (xr),wa
                                                         or with characters from arg 2
        mov wa,(xr)+
                                                         put back in memory
                                                         loop over all words in string block
        bct wc,sorf1
        brn exits
                                                         fetch next code word
```

```
fi
             output
                                                               entry point
s$oup
         ent
         mov = num03, wb
                                                               output flag
               ioput
                                                               call input/output assoc. routine
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
         {
m err} 157,output third
                                                               argument is not a string
                                                               second argument for output
         err 158, inappropriate
         err 159, inappropriate
                                                               first argument for output
         err 160, inappropriate
                                                               file specification for output
         \mathbf{ppm} exfal
                                                               fail if file does not exist
         {f err} 161,output file cannot
                                                               be written to
         err 290, output channel
                                                               currently in use
```

return null string

 ${\bf brn}$ exnul

```
*
  * pos
*
s$pos ent
  mov =p$pos,wb
  mov =p$psd,wa
  jsr patin
  err 162,pos argument
  err 163,pos argument
  mov xr,-(xs)
  lcw xr
  bri (xr)
```

entry point
set pcode for integer arg case
set pcode for expression arg case
call common routine to build node
is not integer or expression
is negative or too large
stack result
get next code word
execute it

```
prototype
                                                          entry point
s$pro
        ent
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                          load argument
        mov tblen(xr),wb
                                                          length if table, vector (=vclen)
        btw wb
                                                          convert to words
        mov (xr), wa
                                                          load type word of argument block
        beq wa,=b$art,spro4
                                                          jump if array
        beq wa,=b$tbt,spro1
                                                          jump if table
        beq wa,=b$vct,spro3
                                                          jump if vector
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
        beq wa,=b$bct,spr05
                                                          jump if buffer
fi
                                                          is not valid object
        erb 164, prototype argument
            here for table
                                                          subtract standard fields
        sub =tbsi$,wb
spro1
            merge for vector
spro2
        mti wb
                                                          convert to integer
        brn exint
                                                          exit with integer result
            here for vector
        \operatorname{sub} =vcsi$,wb
                                                          subtract standard fields
spro3
        brn spro2
                                                          merge
            here for array
        add arofs(xr),xr
spro4
                                                          point to prototype field
        mov (xr),xr
                                                          load prototype
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                          stack result
        lcw xr
                                                          get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                          execute it
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
            here for buffer
spr05
        mov bcbuf(xr),xr
                                                          point to bfblk
        mti bfalc(xr)
                                                          load allocated length
        brn exint
                                                          exit with integer allocation
fi
```

```
remdr
s$rmd
        ent
                                                         entry point
if.cmth
                                                         get two integers or two reals
                                                         is not numeric
        err 166,remdr first argument
        err 165, remdr second
                                                         argument is not numeric
        ppm srm06
                                                         if real
else
        mov (xs),xr
                                                         load second argument
                                                         convert to integer
        jsr gtint
        err 165, remdr second
                                                         argument is not integer
        mov xr,(xs)
                                                         place converted arg in stack
        isr arith
                                                         convert args
                                                         first arg not integer
        ppm srm04
                                                         second arg checked above
        ppm
  if.cnra
  else
        ppm srm01
                                                         first arg real
  fi
fi
            both arguments integer
        zer wb
                                                         set positive flag
        ldi
            icval(xr)
                                                         load left argument value
        ige srm01
                                                         jump if positive
        mnz wb
                                                         set negative flag
        rmi icval(x1)
                                                         get remainder
srm01
        iov srm05
                                                         error if overflow
            make sign of result match sign of first argument
        bze wb,srm03
                                                         if result should be positive
        ile
             exint
                                                         if should be negative, and is
srm02
        ngi
                                                         adjust sign of result
        brn exint
                                                         return result
        ilt
srm03
             srm02
                                                         should be pos, and result negative
        brn exint
                                                         should be positive, and is
            fail first argument
        erb 166, remdr first argument
                                                         is not numeric
srm04
            fail if overflow
        erb 167, remdr caused
                                                         integer overflow
srm05
```

```
if.cmth
            here with 1st argument in (xr), 2nd in (xl), both real
            result = n1 - chop(n1/n2)*n2
                                                         set positive flag
srm06
        zer wb
        ldr rcval(xr)
                                                         load left argument value
        rge srm07
                                                         jump if positive
        \mathbf{mnz} wb
                                                         set negative flag
                                                         compute n1/n2
srm07
        dvr rcval(x1)
        rov srm10
                                                         jump if overflow
        chp
                                                         chop result
                                                         times n2
        mlr rcval(x1)
        sbr rcval(xr)
                                                         compute difference
            make sign of result match sign of first argument
            -result is in ra at this point
        bze wb,srm09
                                                         if result should be positive
                                                         if should be negative, and is
        _{
m rle}
             exrea
                                                         adjust sign of result
srm08
        ngr
        brn exrea
                                                         return result
srm09
        rlt srm08
                                                         should be pos, and result negative
                                                         should be positive, and is
        brn exrea
            fail if overflow
srm10
        {
m erb} 312,remdr caused
                                                         real overflow
fi
```

```
replace
            the actual replace operation uses an scblk whose cfp$a
            chars contain the translated versions of all the chars.
            the table pointer is remembered from call to call and
            the table is only built when the arguments change.
            we also perform an optimization gleaned from spitbol 370.
            if the second argument is &alphabet, there is no need to
            to build a replace table. the third argument can be
            used directly as the replace table.
s$rpl
        ent
                                                       entry point
                                                       load third argument as string
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             gtstg
        err 168, replace third
                                                       argument is not a string
                                                       save third arg ptr
        mov xr,xl
                                                       get second argument
        jsr
            gtstg
        err 169, replace second
                                                       argument is not a string
            check to see if this is the same table as last time
        bne xr,r$ra2,srpl1
                                                       jump if 2nd argument different
        beq x1,r$ra3,srp14
                                                       jump if args same as last time
           here we build a new replace table (note wa = 2nd arg len)
srpl1
        mov sclen(x1),wb
                                                       load 3rd argument length
        bne wa, wb, srpl6
                                                       jump if arguments not same length
        beq xr,kvalp,srpl5
                                                       jump if 2nd arg is alphabet string
        bze wb,srpl6
                                                       jump if null 2nd argument
        mov xl,r$ra3
                                                       save third arg for next time in
                                                       save second arg for next time in
        mov xr,r$ra2
        mov kvalp,xl
                                                       point to alphabet string
        mov sclen(xl), wa
                                                       load alphabet scblk length
                                                       point to current table (if any)
        mov r$rpt,xr
                                                       jump if we already have a table
        bnz xr,srpl2
           here we allocate a new table
                                                       allocate new table
        jsr alocs
                                                       keep scblk length
        mov wc,wa
        mov xr,r$rpt
                                                       save table pointer for next time
            merge here with pointer to new table block in (xr)
        ctb wa,scsi$
                                                       compute length of scblk
srpl2
                                                       copy to get initial table values
        mvw
```

```
replace (continued)
           now we must plug selected entries as required. note that
           we are short of index registers for the following loop.
           hence the need to repeatedly re-initialise char ptr xl
        mov r$ra2,xl
                                                       point to second argument
        lct wb,wb
                                                       number of chars to plug
                                                       zero char offset
        zer wc
        mov r$ra3,xr
                                                       point to 3rd arg
                                                       get char ptr for 3rd arg
        plc xr
           loop to plug chars
srpl3
       mov r$ra2,xl
                                                       point to 2nd arg
        plc xl,wc
                                                       point to next char
        icv wc
                                                       increment offset
        lch wa,(x1)
                                                       get next char
                                                       point to translate table
        mov r$rpt,xl
        psc xl,wa
                                                       convert char to offset into table
        lch wa,(xr)+
                                                       get translated char
        sch wa,(x1)
                                                       store in table
                                                       complete store characters
        \csc xl
        bct wb,srpl3
                                                       loop till done
```

```
replace (continued)
             here to use r$rpt as replace table.
        mov r$rpt,xl
                                                             replace table to use
srpl4
             here to perform translate using table in xl.
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
srpl5
                                                             get first argument
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              gtstg
             170, replace first
                                                             argument is not a string
         \mathbf{err}
else
             if first arg is a buffer, perform translate in place.
srpl5
                                                             get first argument
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             gtstb
         err 170, replace first
                                                             argument is not a string or buffer
         bnz wb,srpl7
                                                             branch if buffer
fi
         bze wa, exnul
                                                             return null if null argument
         mov xl, -(xs)
                                                             stack replace table to use
         mov xr,xl
                                                             copy pointer
                                                             save length
         mov wa,wc
         ctb wa, schar
                                                             get scblk length
         jsr alloc
                                                             allocate space for copy
                                                             save address of copy
         mov xr,wb
         mvw
                                                             move scblk contents to copy
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                             unstack replace table
         plc xr
                                                             point to chars of table
                                                             point to string to translate
         mov wb,xl
                                                             point to chars of string
         plc xl
         mov wc,wa
                                                             set number of chars to translate
                                                             perform translation
         \operatorname{trc}
srpl8
         mov wb,-(xs)
                                                             stack result
                                                             load next code word
         lcw xr
         bri (xr)
                                                             execute it
             error point
srpl6
                                                             long 2nd, 3rd args to replace
         erb 171, null or unequally
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
             here to perform replacement within buffer
srpl7
         bze wa, srpl8
                                                             return buffer unchanged if empty
         mov xr,wc
                                                             copy bfblk pointer to wc
                                                             translate table to xr
         mov xl,xr
```

plc xr mov wc,xl plc xl trc brn srpl8 point to chars of table point to string to translate point to chars of string perform translation stack result and exit

fi

*			
*	rewind		
*			
s\$rew	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	iofcb	call fcblk routine
	\mathbf{err}	172, rewind argument	is not a suitable name
	\mathbf{err}	173, rewind argument	is null
	\mathbf{err}	174, rewind file does	not exist
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	sysrw	call system rewind function
	\mathbf{err}	174, rewind file does	not exist
	\mathbf{err}	175, rewind file does	not permit rewind
	\mathbf{err}	176, rewind caused	non-recoverable error
	\mathbf{brn}	exnul	exit with null result if no error

```
reverse
s$rvs
        ent
                                                           entry point
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
                                                           load string argument
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              gtstg
                                                           is not a string
             177, reverse argument
        \mathbf{err}
else
                                                           load string or buffer argument
        jsr
              gtstb
        err 177, reverse argument
                                                           is not a string or buffer
                                                           branch if buffer
        bnz wb,srvs3
fi
        bze wa, exixr
                                                           return argument if null
        mov xr,xl
                                                           else save pointer to string arg
                                                           allocate space for new scblk
        jsr alocs
                                                           store scblk ptr on stack as result
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                           prepare to store in new scblk
        psc xr
        plc x1,wc
                                                           point past last char in argument
        lct wc,wc
                                                           set loop counter
            loop to move chars in reverse order
srvs1
        lch wb,-(x1)
                                                           load next char from argument
        sch wb,(xr)+
                                                           store in result
        bct wc,srvs1
                                                           loop till all moved
            here when complete to execute next code word
                                                           complete store characters
srvs4
        csc xr
                                                           clear garbage xl
        zer
             xl
                                                           load next code word
srvs2
        lcw xr
                                                           execute it
        bri
             (xr)
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
            here if argument is a buffer. perform reverse in place.
srvs3
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                           stack buffer as result
                                                           return buffer unchanged if empty
        bze wa, srvs2
                                                           copy bfblk pointer to xl
        mov xr,xl
        psc xr
                                                           prepare to store at first char
        plc xl,wa
                                                           point past last char in argument
        rsh wa,1
                                                           operate on half the string
             wc,wa
                                                           set loop counter
            loop to swap chars from end to end. note that in the
             case of an odd count, the middle char is not touched.
                                                           load next char from end
srvs5
        lch wb,-(x1)
```

	\mathbf{lch}	wa,(xr)
	sch	wb,(xr)+
	sch	wa,(xl)
	\mathbf{bct}	wc,srvs5
	$_{ m brn}$	srvs4
;		

load next char from front store end char in front store front char at end loop till all moved complete store

fi

```
rpad
                                                           entry point
s$rpd
        ent
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              gtstg
                                                           get pad character
             178, rpad third argument
                                                           is not a string
                                                           point to character (null is blank)
        plc
        lch
             wb,(xr)
                                                           load pad character
             gtsmi
                                                           get pad length
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        err 179, rpad second argument
                                                           is not integer
                                                           skip if negative or large
        ppm srpd3
            merge to check first arg.
srpd1
        jsr gtstg
                                                           get first argument (string to pad)
        err 180, rpad first argument
                                                           is not a string
        bge wa,wc,exixr
                                                           return 1st arg if too long to pad
                                                           else move ptr to string to pad
        mov xr,xl
            now we are ready for the pad
             (x1)
                                      pointer to string to pad
             (wb)
                                      pad character
             (wc)
                                      length to pad string to
                                                           copy length
        mov wc,wa
        jsr alocs
                                                           allocate scblk for new string
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                           save as result
        mov sclen(xl), wa
                                                           load length of argument
                                                           calculate number of pad characters
        sub wa,wc
                                                           point to chars in result string
        psc xr
        lct
                                                           set counter for pad loop
             WC,WC
            copy argument string
        bze wa, srpd2
                                                           jump if argument is null
        plc x1
                                                           else point to argument chars
        mvc
                                                           move characters to result string
                                                           clear garbage xl
        zer xl
            loop to supply pad characters
srpd2
        sch wb,(xr)+
                                                           store pad character, bump ptr
                                                           loop till all pad chars stored
        bct wc,srpd2
        csc xr
                                                           complete character storing
        lcw xr
                                                           load next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                           execute it
            here if 2nd arg is negative or large
srpd3
        zer wc
                                                           zero pad count
```

brn srpd1 merge

```
*
  * rtab
*
s$rtb ent
  mov =p$rtb,wb
  mov =p$rtd,wa
  jsr patin
  err 181,rtab argument
  err 182,rtab argument
  mov xr,-(xs)
  lcw xr
  bri (xr)
```

entry point
set pcode for integer arg case
set pcode for expression arg case
call common routine to build node
is not integer or expression
is negative or too large
stack result
get next code word
execute it

```
if.\mathbf{cust}
             set
s$set
                                                              entry point
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                              save third arg (whence)
         mov (xs)+,r$io2
  if.\mathbf{cusr}
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                              get second arg (offset)
                                                              convert to real
         jsr
              gtrea
         err 324, set second argument
                                                              not numeric
         ldr rcval(xr)
                                                              load accumulator with argument
  else
         mov (xs)+,r$io1
                                                              save second arg (offset)
  fi
              iofcb
                                                              call fcblk routine
         jsr
              291,set first argument
                                                              is not a suitable name
         \operatorname{err}
         err 292,set first argument
                                                              is null
              295, set file does
                                                              not exist
  if.\mathbf{cusr}
  else
         mov r$io1,wb
                                                              load second arg
  fi
         mov r$io2,wc
                                                              load third arg
              sysst
                                                              call system set routine
         \operatorname{err}
              293, inappropriate
                                                              second argument to set
         err 294,inappropriate
                                                              third argument to set
         err 295,set file does
                                                              not exist
         err 296,set file does
                                                              not permit setting file pointer
              297, set caused non-recoverable
                                                              i/o error
  if.\mathbf{cusr}
         \mathbf{rti}
              exrea
                                                              return real position if not able
         brn exint
                                                              to return integer position
  else
         brn exint
                                                              otherwise return position
  fi
```

```
fi
             tab
s$tab
                                                              entry point
         \mathbf{ent}
         {f mov} =p$tab,wb
                                                              set pcode for integer arg case
         {f mov} =p$tbd,wa
                                                              set pcode for expression arg case
                                                              call common routine to build node
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} patin
                                                              is not integer or expression
         err 183,tab argument
         err 184,tab argument
                                                              is negative or too large
         mov xr,-(xs)
                                                              stack result
         lcw xr
                                                              get next code word
         bri (xr)
                                                              execute it
```

```
rpos
s$rps
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                              entry point
         {f mov} =p$rps,wb
                                                              set pcode for integer arg case
         mov =p$rpd,wa
                                                              set pcode for expression arg case
                                                              call common routine to build node
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} patin
                                                              is not integer or expression
         {
m err} 185,rpos argument
         err 186, rpos argument
                                                              is negative or too large
                                                              stack result
         mov xr,-(xs)
         lcw xr
                                                              get next code word
         bri
              (xr)
                                                              execute it
```

if .cnsr else

```
*

* rsort

s$rsr ent entry point
mnz wa mark as rsort
jsr sorta call sort routine
ppm exfal if conversion fails, so shall we
brn exsid return, setting idval

fi
```

```
setexit
        ent
                                                          entry point
s$stx
                                                          load argument
        mov (xs)+,xr
        mov stxvr,wa
                                                          load old vrblk pointer
                                                          load zero in case null arg
        zer xl
        beq xr,=nulls,sstx1
                                                          jump if null argument (reset call)
        jsr gtnvr
                                                          else get specified vrblk
                                                          jump if not natural variable
        ppm sstx2
        mov vrlbl(xr),xl
                                                          else load label
                                                          jump if label is not defined
        beq xl,=stndl,sstx2
                                                          jump if not trapped
        bne (x1),=b$trt,sstx1
        mov trlbl(x1),x1
                                                          else load ptr to real label code
            here to set/reset setexit trap
                                                          store new vrblk pointer (or null)
sstx1
        mov xr, stxvr
        mov xl,r$sxc
                                                          store new code ptr (or zero)
        beq wa,=nulls,exnul
                                                          return null if null result
                                                          else copy vrblk pointer
        mov wa,xr
                                                          and return building nmblk
        brn exvnm
            here if bad argument
                                                          is not label name or null
sstx2
        erb 187, setexit argument
if .cmth
            sin
s$sin
        ent
                                                          entry point
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                          get argument
                                                          convert to real
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             gtrea
        \mathbf{err}
             308, sin argument
                                                          not numeric
        ldr rcval(xr)
                                                          load accumulator with argument
        \sin
                                                          take sine
                                                          if no overflow, return result in ra
        rno exrea
        erb 323, sin argument
                                                          is out of range
```

```
\overline{if.\mathbf{cmth}}
                sqrt
s$sqr
          ent
                                                                          entry point
          mov (xs)+,xr
                                                                          get argument
                                                                          convert to real
                gtrea
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
          err 313,sqrt argument
                                                                          not numeric
          ldr rcval(xr)
                                                                          load accumulator with argument
          \mathbf{rlt}
                ssqr1
                                                                          negative number
          \mathbf{sqr}
                                                                          take\ square\ root
          brn exrea
                                                                          no overflow possible, result in ra
                here if bad argument
\operatorname{ssqr1} \operatorname{erb} 314,\operatorname{sqrt} argument
                                                                          {\it negative}
```

fi

 $\overline{if.\mathbf{cnsr}}$ else

```
*

*

*

s$srt ent entry point

zer wa mark as sort

jsr sorta call sort routine

ppm exfal if conversion fails, so shall we

pth exsid return, setting idval

fi
```

```
span
s$spn
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                              entry point
         mov =p$sps,wb
                                                              set pcode for single char arg
         mov =p$spn,xl
                                                              set pcode for multi-char arg
         \mathbf{mov} =p$spd,wc
                                                              set pcode for expression arg
                                                              call common routine to build node
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} patst
         err 188, span argument
                                                              is not a string or expression
         mov xr,-(xs)
                                                              stack result
         lcw xr
                                                              get next code word
         bri (xr)
                                                              execute it
```

```
size
s$si$
         ent
                                                                   entry point
if .cnbf
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                                   load string argument
               gtstg
         {
m err} 189, size argument
                                                                   is not a string
else
                                                                   load string argument
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               gtstb
                                                                   is not a string or buffer
         err 189, size argument
fi
              merge with bfblk or scblk ptr in xr. wa has length.
         mti wa
                                                                   load length as integer
         brn exint
                                                                   exit with integer result
```

```
* stoptr
* s$stt ent entry point
zer xl indicate stoptr case
jsr trace call trace procedure
err 190,stoptr first argument is not appropriate name
err 191,stoptr second argument is not trace type
brn exnul return null
```

```
substr
        ent
                                                             entry point
s$sub
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              gtsmi
                                                             load third argument
        err 192, substr third
                                                             argument is not integer
        ppm exfal
                                                             jump if negative or too large
        mov xr,sbssv
                                                             save third argument
        jsr gtsmi
                                                             load second argument
        err 193, substr second
                                                             argument is not integer
                                                             jump if out of range
        ppm exfal
        mov xr,wc
                                                             save second argument
                                                             jump if second argument zero
        bze wc,exfal
        \mathbf{dcv} wc
                                                             else decrement for ones origin
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
        jsr
                                                             load first argument
              gtstg
        \mathbf{err}
              194, substr first
                                                             argument is not a string
else
                                                             load first argument
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              gtstb
        err 194, substr first
                                                             argument is not a string or buffer
fi
             merge with bfblk or scblk ptr in xr. wa has length
        mov wc,wb
                                                             copy second arg to wb
        mov sbssv,wc
                                                             reload third argument
        bnz wc,ssub2
                                                             skip if third arg given
        mov wa,wc
                                                             else get string length
        bgt wb,wc,exfal
                                                             fail if improper
        sub wb,wc
                                                             reduce by offset to start
             merge
ssub2
        mov wa,xl
                                                             save string length
        mov wc,wa
                                                             set length of substring
                                                             add 2nd arg to 3rd arg
        add wb,wc
        bgt wc,xl,exfal
                                                             jump if improper substring
        mov xr,xl
                                                             copy pointer to first arg
        jsr sbstr
                                                             build substring
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                             stack result
        lcw xr
                                                             get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                             execute it
```

```
table
s$tbl
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                                entry point
         mov (xs)+,xl
                                                                get initial lookup value
         ica xs
                                                                pop second argument
              gtsmi
                                                                load argument
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}
                                                                is not integer
         err 195, table argument
         err 196, table argument
                                                                is out of range
         bnz wc,stbl1
                                                                jump if non-zero
         {f mov} =tbnbk,wc
                                                                else supply default value
              merge here with number of headers in \mbox{wc}
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r} tmake
                                                                make table
stbl1
         brn exsid
                                                                exit setting idval
```

```
if .cmth
             tan
s$tan
         \mathbf{ent}
                                                               entry point
         mov (xs)+,xr
                                                               get argument
                                                               convert to real
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
               gtrea
         {f err} 309,tan argument
                                                               not numeric
         ldr rcval(xr)
                                                               load accumulator with argument
         tan
                                                               take tangent
                                                               if no overflow, return result in ra
         rno exrea
         erb 310,tan produced
                                                               real overflow or argument is out of range
```

```
fi
     *
     * time
     *
s$tim ent
     isr syst
```

jsr systm sbi timsx brn exint entry point get timer value subtract starting time exit with integer value

```
trace
s$tra
        ent
                                                        entry point
        beq num03(xs),=nulls,str02
                                                        jump if first argument is null
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        load fourth argument
                                                        tentatively set zero pointer
        zer xl
        beq xr,=nulls,str01
                                                        jump if 4th argument is null
        jsr gtnvr
                                                        else point to vrblk
        ppm str03
                                                        jump if not variable name
        mov xr,xl
                                                        else save vrblk in trfnc
            here with vrblk or zero in xl
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        load third argument (tag)
str01
                                                        set zero as trtyp value for now
        zer wb
        jsr trbld
                                                        build trblk for trace call
        {f mov} {f xr}, {f xl}
                                                        move trblk pointer for trace
        jsr trace
                                                        call trace procedure
        err 198, trace first argument
                                                        is not appropriate name
        err 199, trace second
                                                        argument is not trace type
        brn exnul
                                                        return null
            here to call system trace toggle routine
str02
                                                        call it
        jsr systt
        add *num04,xs
                                                        pop trace arguments
        brn exnul
                                                        return
            here for bad fourth argument
str03
       erb 197, trace fourth
                                                        arg is not function name or null
```

```
trim
                                                           entry point
s$trm
        ent
if.cnbf
                                                           load argument as string
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              gtstg
              200, trim argument
                                                           is not a string
else
        jsr
              gtstb
                                                           load argument as string
                                                           is not a string or buffer
        \mathbf{err}
             200, trim argument
                                                           branch if buffer
        bnz wb,strm0
fi
        bze wa, exnul
                                                           return null if argument is null
        mov xr,xl
                                                           copy string pointer
        ctb wa, schar
                                                           get block length
        jsr
             alloc
                                                           allocate copy same size
                                                           save pointer to copy
        mov xr,wb
                                                           copy old string block to new
        mvw
        mov wb,xr
                                                           restore ptr to new block
        jsr trimr
                                                           trim blanks (wb is non-zero)
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                           stack result
        lcw xr
                                                           get next code word
        bri
             (xr)
                                                           execute it
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
             argument is a buffer, perform trim in place.
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                           stack buffer as result
strm0
        bze wa, strm6
                                                           return buffer unchanged if empty
        mov xr,xl
                                                           get bfblk ptr
                                                           copy bcblk ptr to xr
        mov wb,xr
        plc x1,wa
                                                           point past last character
                                                           load blank character
        mov =ch$bl,wc
            loop through characters from right to left
                                                           load next character
strm1
        lch wb,-(x1)
  if .caht
        beq wb,=ch$ht,strm2
                                                           jump if horizontal tab
  fi
        bne wb,wc,strm3
                                                           jump if non-blank found
strm2
        dcv wa
                                                           else decrement character count
        bnz wa,strm1
                                                           loop back if more to check
            here when buffer trim complete
        mov wa,bclen(xr)
                                                           set new length in bcblk
strm3
        mov bcbuf(xr),xr
                                                           get bfblk ptr
```

```
{f mov} wa, wb
                                                         copy length
        ctb wb,0
                                                         words needed converted to bytes
        sub wa,wb
                                                         number of zeros needed
        psc xr,wa
                                                         ready for storing zeros
        zer wc
                                                         set zero char
            loop to zero pad last word of characters
        bze wb,strm5
                                                         loop while more to be done
{\tt strm4}
                                                         store zero character
        sch wc,(xr)+
        {
m dcv} wb
                                                         decrement count
        brn strm4
                                                         continue loop
                                                         complete store characters
strm5
        csc xr
strm6
        lcw xr
                                                         get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                         execute it
fi
```

```
unload
s$unl
        \mathbf{ent}
                                                           entry point
                                                           load argument
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                           point to vrblk
        jsr gtnvr
        err 201,unload argument
                                                           is not natural variable name
        {f mov} =stndf,xl
                                                           get ptr to undefined function
                                                           undefine named function
        jsr dffnc
                                                           return null as result
        {\bf brn} exnul
```

if .c370

```
xor
s$xor
        \mathbf{ent}
                                                            entry point
                                                            signal\ two\ arguments
        \mathbf{mnz} wb
                                                             call string boolean routine
        jsr sbool
                                                            is not a string
        \operatorname{err} xxx,xor first argument
         err xxx,xor second argument
                                                             is not a string
         err xxx,xor arguments
                                                             not same length
        ppm exits
                                                            null string arguments
             here to process (wc) words. result is stacked.
sxor1
        \operatorname{mov} (x1)+,wa
                                                             get next cfp$c chars from arg 1 \,
        xob (xr),wa
                                                             xor with characters from arg 2
        mov wa,(xr)+
                                                             put back in memory
        bct wc,sxor1
                                                             loop over all words in string block
        brn exits
                                                             fetch next code word
fi
```

spitbol –utility routines

the following section contains utility routines used for various purposes throughout the system. these differ from the procedures in the utility procedures section in they are not in procedure form and they do not return to their callers. they are accessed with a branch type instruction after setting the registers to appropriate parameter values. the register values required for each routine are documented at the start of each routine. registers not mentioned may contain any values except that xr,xl can only contain proper collectable pointers. some of these routines will tolerate garbage pointers in xl,xr on entry. this is always documented and in each case, the routine clears these garbage values before exiting after completing its task. the routines have names consisting of five letters and are assembled in alphabetical order.

```
arref -- array reference
            (x1)
                                   may be non-collectable
            (xr)
                                   number of subscripts
            (wb)
                                   set zero/nonzero for value/name
                                   the value in wb must be collectable
                                   subscripts and array operand
           stack
           brn arref
                                   jump to call function
           arref continues by executing the next code word with
           the result name or value placed on top of the stack.
           to deal with the problem of accessing subscripts in the
           order of stacking, xl is used as a subscript pointer
           working below the stack pointer.
arref
        rtn exits
                                                       copy number of subscripts
        mov xr, wa
        mov xs,xt
                                                       point to stack front
        wtb xr
                                                       convert to byte offset
        add xr,xt
                                                       point to array operand on stack
                                                       final value for stack popping
        ica xt
        mov xt, arfxs
                                                       keep for later
        mov - (xt), xr
                                                       load array operand pointer
        mov xr,r$arf
                                                       keep array pointer
        mov xt,xr
                                                       save pointer to subscripts
        mov r$arf,xl
                                                       point xl to possible vcblk or tbblk
        mov (x1),wc
                                                       load first word
        beq wc,=b$art,arf01
                                                       jump if arblk
        beq wc,=b$vct,arf07
                                                       jump if vcblk
        beq wc,=b$tbt,arf10
                                                       jump if tbblk
        erb 235, subscripted operand
                                                       is not table or array
           here for array (arblk)
arf01
       bne wa,arndm(x1),arf09
                                                       jump if wrong number of dims
        ldi intv0
                                                       get initial subscript of zero
        mov xr,xt
                                                       point before subscripts
                                                       initial offset to bounds
        zer wa
        brn arf03
                                                       jump into loop
           loop to compute subscripts by multiplications
arf02
       mli ardm2(xr)
                                                       multiply total by next dimension
           merge here first time
arf03
       mov - (xt), xr
                                                       load next subscript
        sti arfsi
                                                       save current subscript
        ldi icval(xr)
                                                       load integer value in case
        beq (xr),=b$icl,arf04
                                                       jump if it was an integer
```

```
arref (continued)
        jsr gtint
                                                        convert to integer
        ppm arf12
                                                        jump if not integer
        ldi icval(xr)
                                                        if ok, load integer value
            here with integer subscript in (ia)
arf04
        mov r$arf,xr
                                                        point to array
        add wa.xr
                                                        offset to next bounds
        sbi arlbd(xr)
                                                        subtract low bound to compare
        iov arf13
                                                        out of range fail if overflow
        ilt
            arf13
                                                        out of range fail if too small
        sbi ardim(xr)
                                                        subtract dimension
        ige arf13
                                                        out of range fail if too large
        adi ardim(xr)
                                                        else restore subscript offset
        adi arfsi
                                                        add to current total
        add *ardms,wa
                                                        point to next bounds
        bne xt,xs,arf02
                                                        loop back if more to go
            here with integer subscript computed
        mfi wa
                                                        get as one word integer
        wtb wa
                                                        convert to offset
        mov r$arf,xl
                                                        point to arblk
        add arofs(x1),wa
                                                        add offset past bounds
        ica wa
                                                        adjust for arpro field
        bnz wb,arf08
                                                        exit with name if name call
            merge here to get value for value call
arf05
       jsr acess
                                                        get value
        ppm arf13
                                                        fail if acess fails
            return value
arf06
        mov arfxs,xs
                                                        pop stack entries
        zer r$arf
                                                        finished with array pointer
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack result
        lcw xr
                                                        get next code word
        bri (xr)
                                                        execute it
```

```
arref (continued)
            here for vector
arf07
        bne wa,=num01,arf09
                                                        error if more than 1 subscript
        mov (xs),xr
                                                        else load subscript
        jsr gtint
                                                        convert to integer
        ppm arf12
                                                        error if not integer
        ldi icval(xr)
                                                        else load integer value
        sbi intv1
                                                        subtract for ones offset
        mfi wa,arf13
                                                        get subscript as one word
        add =vcvls,wa
                                                        add offset for standard fields
        wtb wa
                                                        convert offset to bytes
        bge wa, vclen(xl), arf13
                                                        fail if out of range subscript
        bze wb,arf05
                                                        back to get value if value call
            return name
arf08
        mov arfxs,xs
                                                        pop stack entries
        zer r$arf
                                                        finished with array pointer
        brn exnam
                                                        else exit with name
            here if subscript count is wrong
arf09
        erb 236, array referenced
                                                        with wrong number of subscripts
            table
        bne wa,=num01,arf11
                                                        error if more than 1 subscript
arf10
        mov (xs),xr
                                                        else load subscript
        isr tfind
                                                        call table search routine
                                                        fail if failed
        ppm arf13
                                                        exit with name if name call
        bnz wb, arf08
        brn arf06
                                                        else exit with value
            here for bad table reference
arf11
        erb 237, table referenced
                                                        with more than one subscript
            here for bad subscript
arf12
        erb 238, array subscript
                                                        is not integer
            here to signal failure
        zer r$arf
arf13
                                                        finished with array pointer
        brn exfal
                                                        fail
```

```
cfunc -- call a function
           cfunc is used to call a snobol level function. it is
           used by the apply function (s$app), the function
           trace routine (trxeq) and the main function call entry
            (o$fnc, o$fns). in the latter cases, cfunc is used only
            if the number of arguments is incorrect.
            (x1)
                                   pointer to function block
            (wa)
                                   actual number of arguments
            (xs)
                                   points to stacked arguments
           brn cfunc
                                   jump to call function
           cfunc continues by executing the function
       rtn exfal
cfunc
        blt wa,fargs(xl),cfnc1
                                                      jump if too few arguments
        beq wa,fargs(x1),cfnc3
                                                      jump if correct number of args
           here if too many arguments supplied, pop them off
        mov wa,wb
                                                      copy actual number
        \operatorname{sub} fargs(x1),wb
                                                      get number of extra args
        wtb wb
                                                      convert to bytes
        add wb,xs
                                                      pop off unwanted arguments
        brn cfnc3
                                                      jump to go off to function
           here if too few arguments
       mov fargs(x1),wb
                                                      load required number of arguments
cfnc1
        beq wb,=nini9,cfnc3
                                                      jump if case of var num of args
        \operatorname{sub} wa,wb
                                                      calculate number missing
                                                      set counter to control loop
        lct wb, wb
           loop to supply extra null arguments
       mov =nulls,-(xs)
                                                      stack a null argument
cfnc2
        bct wb,cfnc2
                                                      loop till proper number stacked
           merge here to jump to function
      bri (xl)
cfnc3
                                                      jump through fcode field
```

```
exfal -- exit signalling snobol failure
           (xl,xr)
                                  may be non-collectable
           brn exfal
                                  jump to fail
           exfal continues by executing the appropriate fail goto
exfal rtn (x1)
       mov flptr,xs
                                                     pop stack
       mov (xs),xr
                                                     load failure offset
       add r$cod,xr
                                                     point to failure code location
       lcp xr
                                                     set code pointer
                                                     load next code word
       lcw xr
       mov (xr),xl
                                                     load entry address
       bri xl
                                                     jump to execute next code word
```

```
exixr -- exit with result in (xr)
           (xr)
                                  result
           (x1)
                                  may be non-collectable
           brn exixr
                                  jump to exit with result in (xr)
           exixr continues by executing the next code word
           which it does by falling through to exits.
exixr
       rtn icbld
                                                     which it does by falling through to exits.
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     stack result
           exits -- exit with result if any stacked
           (xr,xl)
                                  may be non-collectable
           brn exits
                                  enter exits routine
exits
       rtn xr,-(xs)
       lcw xr
                                                     load next code word
                                                     load entry address
       mov (xr),xl
       bri xl
                                                     jump to execute next code word
```

```
exnam -- exit with name in (x1,wa)
            (x1)
                                     name base
            (wa)
                                     name offset
            (xr)
                                     may be non-collectable
                                     jump to exit with name in (x1,wa)
            brn exnam
            exnam continues by executing the next code word
\operatorname{exnam} \operatorname{rtn} xl
        mov x1,-(xs)
                                                         stack name base
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                         stack name offset
                                                         load next code word
        lcw xr
        bri (xr)
                                                         execute it
```

```
if .cnra
else
            exrea -- exit with real result
            (xl,xr)
                                   may be non-collectable
            (ra)
                                   real value
            brn exrea
                                    jump to exit with real value
            exrea continues by executing the next code word
{\tt exrea} {\tt rtn} xl
                                                       clear dud value
        zer xl
        jsr rcbld
                                                       build rcblk
                                                       jump to exit with result in xr
        brn exixr
fi
```

```
exsid -- exit setting id field
           exsid is used to exit after building any of the following
           blocks (arblk, tbblk, pdblk, vcblk). it sets the idval.
           (xr)
                                  ptr to block with idval field
           (x1)
                                  may be non-collectable
           brn exsid
                                  jump to exit after setting id field
           exsid continues by executing the next code word
       rtn exixr
exsid
                                                    load current id value
       mov curid, wa
       bne wa,=cfp$m,exsi1
                                                    jump if no overflow
       zer wa
                                                     else reset for wraparound
           here with old idval in wa
exsi1 icv wa
                                                    bump id value
       mov wa, curid
                                                     store for next time
       mov wa,idval(xr)
                                                    store id value
       brn exixr
                                                     exit with result in (xr)
```

```
exvnm -- exit with name of variable
           exvnm exits after stacking a value which is a nmblk
           referencing the name of a given natural variable.
           (xr)
                                  vrblk pointer
           (x1)
                                  may be non-collectable
           brn exvnm
                                  exit with vrblk pointer in xr
exvnm rtn exixr
                                                     copy name base pointer
       mov xr,xl
       {f mov} *nmsi$,wa
                                                     set size of nmblk
       jsr alloc
                                                     allocate nmblk
       mov =b$nml,(xr)
                                                     store type word
       mov xl,nmbas(xr)
                                                     store name base
       mov *vrval,nmofs(xr)
                                                     store name offset
                                                     exit with result in xr
       brn exixr
```

```
failp -- failure in matching pattern node
           failp is used after failing to match a pattern node.
           see pattern match routines for details of use.
                                   may be non-collectable
            (xl,xr)
           brn failp
                                   signal failure to match
           failp continues by matching an alternative from the stack
failp
       rtn *num02,xs
                                                      load alternative node pointer
       mov (xs)+,xr
       \operatorname{mov} (xs)+,wb
                                                      restore old cursor
       mov (xr),xl
                                                      load pcode entry pointer
       bri xl
                                                      jump to execute code for node
```

```
indir -- compute indirect reference
            (wb)
                                   nonzero/zero for by name/value
           brn indir
                                   jump to get indirect ref on stack
           indir continues by executing the next code word
indir
       rtn xl
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      load argument
        beq (xr),=b$nml,indr2
                                                      jump if a name
                                                      else convert to variable
        jsr gtnvr
                                                      is not name
        err 239, indirection operand
                                                      skip if by value
        bze wb,indr1
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      else stack vrblk ptr
        mov *vrval,-(xs)
                                                      stack name offset
                                                      load next code word
        lcw xr
        mov (xr),xl
                                                      load entry address
        bri xl
                                                      jump to execute next code word
           here to get value of natural variable
indr1
       bri (xr)
                                                      jump through vrget field of vrblk
           here if operand is a name
                                                      load name base
indr2
       mov nmbas(xr),xl
        mov nmofs(xr),wa
                                                      load name offset
        bnz wb, exnam
                                                      exit if called by name
        jsr acess
                                                      else get value first
                                                      fail if access fails
        ppm exfal
                                                      else return with value in xr
        brn exixr
```

```
match -- initiate pattern match
            (wb)
                                     match type code
            brn match
                                     jump to initiate pattern match
            match continues by executing the pattern match. see
            pattern match routines (p$xxx) for full details.
match
        rtn exixr
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                         load pattern operand
        jsr gtpat
                                                         convert to pattern
        err 240, pattern match
                                                         right operand is not pattern
        mov xr,xl
                                                         if ok, save pattern pointer
                                                         jump if not match by name
        bnz wb, mtch1
        mov (xs), wa
                                                         else load name offset
        mov x1,-(xs)
                                                         save pattern pointer
        mov num02(xs),xl
                                                         load name base
                                                         access subject value
        jsr acess
                                                         fail if access fails
        ppm exfal
        mov (xs),xl
                                                         restore pattern pointer
        mov xr, (xs)
                                                         stack subject string val for merge
        zer wb
                                                         restore type code
            merge here with subject value on stack
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
mtch1
        jsr gtstg
                                                         convert subject to string
        err 241, pattern match
                                                         left operand is not a string
        mov wb, -(xs)
                                                         stack match type code
else
                                                         save match type in wc
mtch1
        mov wb,wc
        jsr gtstb
                                                         convert subject to string
                                                         left operand is not a string or buffer
        err 241, pattern match
                                                         set to zero/bcblk if string/buffer
        mov wb,r$pmb
        mov wc,-(xs)
                                                         stack match type code
fi
                                                         if ok, store subject string pointer
        mov xr,r$pms
        mov wa, pmssl
                                                         and length
        zer -(xs)
                                                         stack initial cursor (zero)
                                                         set initial cursor
        zer wb
                                                         set history stack base ptr
        mov xs,pmhbs
        zer pmdfl
                                                         reset pattern assignment flag
                                                         set initial node pointer
        mov xl,xr
        bnz kvanc, mtch2
                                                         jump if anchored
            here for unanchored
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                         stack initial node pointer
        mov =nduna,-(xs)
                                                         stack pointer to anchor move node
        bri (xr)
                                                         start match of first node
```

```
*
    * here in anchored mode

*

mtch2 zer -(xs)
    mov =ndabo,-(xs)
    bri (xr)
```

dummy cursor value stack pointer to abort node start match of first node

```
retrn -- return from function
            (wa)
                                    string pointer for return type
            brn retrn
                                    jump to return from (snobol) func
           retrn continues by executing the code at the return point
            the stack is cleaned of any garbage left by other
            routines which may have altered flptr since function
            entry by using flprt, reserved for use only by
            function call and return.
        rtn (xr)
retrn
        bnz kvfnc,rtn01
                                                       jump if not level zero
        erb 242, function return
                                                       from level zero
           here if not level zero return
        mov flprt,xs
                                                       pop stack
rtn01
        ica xs
                                                       remove failure offset
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       pop pfblk pointer
                                                       pop failure pointer
        mov (xs)+,flptr
        mov (xs)+,flprt
                                                       pop old flprt
                                                       pop code pointer offset
        mov (xs)+,wb
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                       pop old code block pointer
                                                       make old code pointer absolute
        add wc,wb
                                                       restore old code pointer
        lcp wb
                                                       restore old code block pointer
        mov wc,r$cod
                                                       decrement function level
        dcv kvfnc
                                                       load trace
        mov kvtra, wb
        add kvftr,wb
                                                       add ftrace
        bze wb,rtn06
                                                       jump if no tracing possible
           here if there may be a trace
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                       save function return type
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       save pfblk pointer
                                                       set rtntype for trace function
        mov wa, kvrtn
        mov r$fnc,xl
                                                       load fnclevel trblk ptr (if any)
        jsr ktrex
                                                       execute possible fnclevel trace
                                                       load vrblk ptr (sgd13)
        mov pfvbl(xr),xl
        bze kvtra,rtn02
                                                       jump if trace is off
        mov pfrtr(xr),xr
                                                       else load return trace trblk ptr
        bze xr,rtn02
                                                       jump if not return traced
        dcv kvtra
                                                       else decrement trace count
        bze trfnc(xr),rtn03
                                                       jump if print trace
        mov *vrval,wa
                                                       else set name offset
        mov num01(xs),kvrtn
                                                       make sure rtntype is set right
        jsr trxeq
                                                       execute full trace
```

```
retrn (continued)
           here to test for ftrace
rtn02
       bze kvftr,rtn05
                                                      jump if ftrace is off
        dcv kvftr
                                                      else decrement ftrace
           here for print trace of function return
rtn03
       jsr prtsn
                                                      print statement number
        mov num01(xs),xr
                                                      load return type
        jsr prtst
                                                      print it
        {f mov} =ch$bl,wa
                                                      load blank
        jsr prtch
                                                      print it
        mov 0(xs),xl
                                                      load pfblk ptr
        mov pfvbl(xl),xl
                                                      load function vrblk ptr
        mov *vrval,wa
                                                      set vrblk name offset
        bne xr,=scfrt,rtn04
                                                      jump if not freturn case
            for freturn, just print function name
        jsr prtnm
                                                      print name
        jsr prtnl
                                                      terminate print line
        brn rtn05
                                                      merge
           here for return or nreturn, print function name = value
rtn04
       jsr prtnv
                                                      print name = value
           here after completing trace
rtn05
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      pop pfblk pointer
        mov (xs)+,wa
                                                      pop return type string
           merge here if no trace required
rtn06
        mov wa, kvrtn
                                                      set rtntype keyword
        mov pfvbl(xr),xl
                                                      load pointer to fn vrblk
```

```
retrn (continued)
           get value of function
rtn07
       mov xl,rtnbp
                                                       save block pointer
        mov vrval(x1),x1
                                                       load value
        beq (x1),=b$trt,rtn07
                                                       loop back if trapped
                                                       else save function result value
        mov xl,rtnfv
        mov (xs)+,rtnsv
                                                       save original function value
if .cnpf
        mov fargs(xr),wb
                                                       get number of arguments
else
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                       pop saved pointer
        bze xl,rtn7c
                                                       no action if none
        bze kvpfl,rtn7c
                                                       jump if no profiling
        jsr prflu
                                                       else profile last func stmt
                                                       branch on value of profile keywd
        beq kvpfl,=num02,rtn7a
           here if &profile = 1. start time must be frigged to
            appear earlier than it actually is, by amount used before
            the call.
        ldi pfstm
                                                       load current time
                                                       frig by subtracting saved amount
        sbi icval(x1)
        brn rtn7b
                                                       and merge
           here if &profile = 2
                                                       load saved time
       ldi icval(x1)
rtn7a
           both profile types merge here
                                                       store back correct start time
rtn7b
       sti pfstm
           merge here if no profiling
rtn7c
       mov fargs(xr),wb
                                                       get number of args
fi
        add pfnlo(xr),wb
                                                       add number of locals
        bze wb,rtn10
                                                       jump if no args/locals
        lct wb, wb
                                                       else set loop counter
        add pflen(xr),xr
                                                       and point to end of pfblk
            loop to restore functions and locals
rtn08
        mov - (xr), xl
                                                       load next vrblk pointer
           loop to find value block
```

```
save block pointer
rtn09
        mov xl,wa
        mov vrval(x1),x1
                                                          load pointer to next value
        beq (x1),=b$trt,rtn09
                                                          loop back if trapped
                                                          else restore last block pointer
        mov wa,xl
        mov (xs)+,vrval(xl)
                                                          restore old variable value
        bct wb,rtn08
                                                          loop till all processed
            now restore function value and exit
rtn10
        mov rtnbp,xl
                                                          restore ptr to last function block
                                                          restore old function value
        mov rtnsv,vrval(x1)
        mov rtnfv,xr
                                                          reload function result
        mov r$cod,xl
                                                          point to new code block
        mov kvstn,kvlst
                                                          set lastno from stno
        mov cdstm(x1),kvstn
                                                          reset proper stno value
if.\mathbf{csln}
        mov kvlin, kvlln
                                                          set lastline from line
        mov cdsln(xl),kvlin
                                                          reset proper line value
fi
        mov kvrtn,wa
                                                          load return type
                                                          exit with result in xr if return
        beq wa,=scrtn,exixr
        beq wa, = scfrt, exfal
                                                          fail if freturn
```

```
retrn (continued)
            here for nreturn
        beq (xr),=b$nml,rtn11
                                                       jump if is a name
        jsr gtnvr
                                                       else try convert to variable name
        err 243, function result
                                                       in nreturn is not name
        mov xr,xl
                                                       if ok, copy vrblk (name base) ptr
        mov *vrval,wa
                                                       set name offset
        brn rtn12
                                                       and merge
            here if returned result is a name
        mov nmbas(xr),xl
                                                       load name base
rtn11
                                                       load name offset
        mov nmofs(xr),wa
            merge here with returned name in (xl,wa)
rtn12
        mov xl,xr
                                                       preserve xl
        lcw wb
                                                       load next word
                                                       restore xl
        mov xr,xl
        beq wb,=ofne$,exnam
                                                       exit if called by name
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                       else save code word
        jsr acess
                                                       get value
        ppm exfal
                                                       fail if access fails
                                                       if ok, copy result
        mov xr,xl
        mov (xs),xr
                                                       reload next code word
        mov xl,(xs)
                                                       store result on stack
        mov (xr),xl
                                                       load routine address
        bri xl
                                                       jump to execute next code word
```

```
stcov -- signal statement counter overflow
           brn stcov
                                    jump to signal statement count oflo
           permit up to 10 more statements to be obeyed so that
           setexit trap can regain control.
           stcov continues by issuing the error message
stcov
      \operatorname{rtn} xl
                                                      fatal error
        icv errft
        ldi intvt
                                                       get 10
        adi kvstl
                                                       add to former limit
        sti kvstl
                                                      store as new stlimit
        ldi intvt
                                                       get 10
        sti kvstc
                                                      set as new count
        jsr stgcc
                                                      recompute countdown counters
        {
m erb} 244,statement count
                                                      exceeds value of stlimit keyword
```

```
stmgo -- start execution of new statement
            (xr)
                                    pointer to cdblk for new statement
                                    jump to execute new statement
            brn stmgo
            stmgo continues by executing the next statement
        rtn 244, statement countunt
stmgo
        mov xr,r$cod
                                                       set new code block pointer
                                                       see if time to check something
        {
m dcv} stmct
        bze stmct,stgo2
                                                       jump if so
        mov kvstn,kvlst
                                                       set lastno
        mov cdstm(xr),kvstn
                                                       set stno
if.csln
        mov kvlin, kvlln
                                                       set lastline
                                                       set line
        mov cdsln(xr),kvlin
fi
        add *cdcod,xr
                                                       point to first code word
        lcp xr
                                                       set code pointer
            here to execute first code word of statement
stgo1
        lcw xr
                                                       load next code word
        zer xl
                                                       clear garbage xl
        bri (xr)
                                                       execute it
    *
            check profiling, polling, stlimit, statement tracing
        bze kvpfl,stgo3
                                                       skip if no profiling
stgo2
                                                       else profile the statement in kvstn
        jsr prflu
            here when finished with profiling
stgo3
        mov kvstn,kvlst
                                                       set lastno
                                                       set stno
        mov cdstm(xr),kvstn
if.csln
                                                       set lastline
        mov kvlin, kvlln
        mov cdsln(xr),kvlin
                                                       set line
fi
        add *cdcod,xr
                                                       point to first code word
                                                       set code pointer
if.cpol
            here to check for polling
        mov stmcs,-(xs)
                                                       save present count start on stack
                                                       poll interval within stmct
        \mathbf{dcv} polct
```

```
bnz polct,stgo4
                                                         jump if not poll time yet
                                                         =0 for poll
        zer wa
        mov kvstn,wb
                                                         statement number
                                                         make collectable
        mov xr,xl
        jsr syspl
                                                         allow interactive access
                                                         allow interactive access
        err syspl
                                                         single step
        ppm
        \mathbf{ppm}
                                                         expression evaluation
        mov xl,xr
                                                         restore code block pointer
        mov wa, polcs
                                                         poll interval start value
                                                         recompute counter values
        jsr stgcc
fi
            check statement limit
stgo4
        ldi kvstc
                                                         get stmt count
                                                         omit counting if negative
        ilt
             stgo5
        mti (xs)+
                                                         reload start value of counter
        ngi
                                                         negate
        adi kvstc
                                                         stmt count minus counter
        sti kvstc
                                                         replace it
        ile
             stcov
                                                         fail if stlimit reached
        bze r$stc,stgo5
                                                         jump if no statement trace
        zer xr
                                                         clear garbage value in xr
        mov r$stc,xl
                                                         load pointer to stcount trblk
        jsr ktrex
                                                         execute keyword trace
            reset stmgo counter
stgo5
        mov stmcs, stmct
                                                         reset counter
        brn stgo1
                                                         fetch next code word
```

```
stopr -- terminate run
             (xr)
                                      points to ending message
            brn stopr
                                      jump to terminate run
            terminate run and print statistics. on entry xr points
            to ending message or is zero if message printed already.
        rtn stgo1
stopr
if.\mathbf{csax}
        bze xr, stpra
                                                          skip if sysax already called
                                                          call after execution proc
        jsr sysax
        add rsmem, dname
                                                          use the reserve memory
stpra
else
        add rsmem, dname
                                                          use the reserve memory
fi
        bne xr,=endms,stpr0
                                                          skip if not normal end message
        bnz exsts, stpr3
                                                          skip if exec stats suppressed
        zer erich
                                                          clear errors to int.ch. flag
            look to see if an ending message is supplied
stpr0
                                                          eject printer
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            prtpg
        bze xr,stpr1
                                                          skip if no message
             prtst
                                                          print message
        jsr
            merge here if no message to print
stpr1
                                                          print blank line
        jsr
             prtis
if.\mathbf{csfn}
        bnz gbcfl,stpr5
                                                          if in garbage collection, skip
                                                          point to message /in file xxx/
        mov =stpm7,xr
        jsr prtst
                                                          print it
        mov =prtmf,profs
                                                          set column offset
        mov kvstn,wc
                                                          get statement number
                                                          get file name
        jsr filnm
        mov xl,xr
                                                          prepare to print
                                                          print file name
        jsr prtst
                                                          print to interactive channel
        jsr prtis
fi
if.csln
  if.csfn
  else
        bnz gbcfl,stpr5
                                                          if in garbage collection, skip
  fi
        mov r$cod,xr
                                                          get code pointer
        mti cdsln(xr)
                                                          get source line number
```

```
point to message /in line xxx/
        mov =stpm6,xr
                                                          print it
        jsr prtmx
fi
stpr5
        mti kvstn
                                                          get statement number
        mov =stpm1,xr
                                                          point to message /in statement xxx/
        jsr prtmx
                                                          print it
                                                          get current time
        jsr
             systm
        sbi timsx
                                                          minus start time = elapsed exec tim
             stpti
                                                          save for later
        {f sti}
        mov =stpm3,xr
                                                          point to msg /execution time msec /
        jsr prtmx
                                                          print it
        ldi kvstl
                                                          get statement limit
                                                          skip if negative
        ilt
             stpr2
        sbi kvstc
                                                          minus counter = course count
             stpsi
                                                          refine with counter start value
        mov stmcs,wa
                                                          minus current counter
        sub stmct, wa
        mti wa
                                                          convert to integer
        adi stpsi
                                                          add in course count
        \mathbf{sti}
             stpsi
        mov = stpm2, xr
                                                          point to message /stmts executed/
        jsr prtmx
                                                          print it
if .ctmd
else
        ldi stpti
                                                          reload elapsed time
        mli intth
                                                          *1000 (microsecs)
        iov stpr2
                                                          jump if we cannot compute
        {
m d}{
m vi} stpsi
                                                          divide by statement count
                                                          jump if overflow
        iov stpr2
                                                          point to msg (mcsec per statement /
        mov =stpm4,xr
                                                          print it
        jsr prtmx
fi
```

```
stopr (continued)
            merge to skip message (overflow or negative stlimit)
stpr2
        mti gbcnt
                                                           load count of collections
        mov = stpm5, xr
                                                           point to message /regenerations /
             prtmx
                                                           print it
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        jsr
             prtmm
                                                           print memory usage
        jsr prtis
                                                           one more blank for luck
            check if dump requested
if.cnpf
stpr3
                                                           load dump keyword
        mov kvdmp,xr
else
                                                           print profile if wanted
stpr3
        jsr prflr
        {f mov} kvdmp,xr
                                                           load dump keyword
fi
                                                           execute dump if requested
        jsr dumpr
        mov r$fcb,xl
                                                           get fcblk chain head
                                                           load abend value
        mov kvabe, wa
        mov kvcod,wb
                                                           load code value
                                                           exit to system
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} sysej
if.cera
            here after sysea call and suppressing error msg print
stpr4
        rtn sysej
        add rsmem, dname
                                                           use the reserve memory
        bze exsts, stpr1
                                                           if execution stats requested
        brn stpr3
                                                           check if dump or profile needed
fi
```

```
succp -- signal successful match of a pattern node
           see pattern match routines for details
           (xr)
                                  current node
           (wb)
                                  current cursor
           (x1)
                                  may be non-collectable
           brn succp
                                  signal successful pattern match
           succp continues by matching the successor node
       {f rtn} stpr3
succp
                                                     load successor node
       {f mov} pthen(xr),xr
       mov (xr),xl
                                                     load node code entry address
       bri xl
                                                     jump to match successor node
```

```
systu -- print /time up/ and terminate
systu rtn stopr
         {f mov} =endtu,xr
                                                               point to message
         mov strtu,wa
                                                               get chars /tu/
         \mathbf{mov} wa, kvcod
                                                               put in kvcod
                                                               check state of timeup switch
         \mathbf{mov} \ \mathtt{timup,wa}
         \mathbf{mnz} \ \mathtt{timup}
                                                               set switch
                                                               stop run if already set
         bnz wa, stopr
         erb 245, translation/execution
                                                               time expired
```

<

the following section contains procedures which are used for various purposes throughout the system.

*

each procedure is preceded by a description of the calling sequence. usually the arguments are in registers but arguments can also occur on the stack and as parameters assembled after the jsr instruction.

*

the following considerations apply to these descriptions.

*

 the stack pointer (xs) is not changed unless the change is explicitly documented in the call.

*

2) registers whose entry values are not mentioned may contain any value except that xl,xr may only contain proper (collectable) pointer values. this condition on means that the called routine may if it chooses preserve xl,xr by stacking.

*

3) registers not mentioned on exit contain the same values as they did on entry except that values in xr,xl may have been relocated by the collector.

*

4) registers which are destroyed on exit may contain any value except that values in xl,xr are proper (collectable) pointers.

*

5) the code pointer register points to the current code location on entry and is unchanged on exit.

*

in the above description, a collectable pointer is one which either points outside the dynamic region or points to the start of a block in the dynamic region.

*

in those cases where the calling sequence contains parameters which are used as alternate return points, these parameters may be replaced by error codes assembled with the err instruction. this will result in the posting of the error if the return is taken.

*

the procedures all have names consisting of five letters and are in alphabetical order by their names.

665

```
acess - access variable value with trace/input checks
           acess loads the value of a variable. trace and input
           associations are tested for and executed as required.
           acess also handles the special cases of pseudo-variables.
           (x1)
                                  variable name base
           (wa)
                                  variable name offset
           jsr acess
                                  call to access value
           ppm loc
                                  transfer loc if access failure
           (xr)
                                  variable value
           (wa,wb,wc)
                                  destroyed
           (xl,ra)
                                  destroyed
           failure can occur if an input association causes an end
           of file condition or if the evaluation of an expression
           associated with an expression variable fails.
                                                     entry point (recursive)
acess
       prc r,1
       mov xl,xr
                                                     copy name base
       add wa,xr
                                                     point to variable location
                                                     load variable value
       mov (xr),xr
           loop here to check for successive trblks
acs02
       bne (xr),=b$trt,acs18
                                                     jump if not trapped
           here if trapped
       beq xr,=trbkv,acs12
                                                     jump if keyword variable
       bne xr,=trbev,acs05
                                                     jump if not expression variable
           here for expression variable, evaluate variable
       mov evexp(x1),xr
                                                     load expression pointer
       zer wb
                                                     evaluate by value
       jsr evalx
                                                     evaluate expression
                                                     jump if evaluation failure
       ppm acs04
                                                     check value for more trblks
       brn acs02
```

```
acess (continued)
            here on reading end of file
acs03
        add *num03,xs
                                                        pop trblk ptr, name base and offset
        mov xr,dnamp
                                                        pop unused scblk
            merge here when evaluation of expression fails
acs04
                                                        take alternate (failure) return
        exi 1
            here if not keyword or expression variable
acs05
        mov trtyp(xr),wb
                                                        load trap type code
                                                        jump if not input association
        bnz wb,acs10
        bze kvinp,acs09
                                                        ignore input assoc if input is off
            here for input association
                                                        stack name base
        mov xl, -(xs)
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                        stack name offset
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack trblk pointer
        mov kvtrm,actrm
                                                        temp to hold trim keyword
        mov trfpt(xr),xl
                                                        get file ctrl blk ptr or zero
        bnz xl,acs06
                                                        jump if not standard input file
                                                        jump if terminal
        beq trter(xr),=v$ter,acs21
            here to read from standard input file
        mov cswin,wa
                                                        length for read buffer
        jsr alocs
                                                        build string of appropriate length
        jsr sysrd
                                                        read next standard input image
        ppm acs03
                                                        jump to fail exit if end of file
        brn acs 07
                                                        else merge with other file case
            here for input from other than standard input file
acs06
        mov xl,wa
                                                        fcblk ptr
        jsr sysil
                                                        get input record max length (to wa)
                                                        jump if not binary file
        bnz wc,acs6a
                                                        disable trim for binary file
        mov wc,actrm
                                                        allocate string of correct size
acs6a
        jsr alocs
        mov xl,wa
                                                        fcblk ptr
        jsr sysin
                                                        call system input routine
                                                        jump to fail exit if end of file
        ppm acs03
                                                        error
        ppm acs22
        ppm acs23
                                                        error
```

```
acess (continued)
            merge here after obtaining input record
acs07
        mov actrm, wb
                                                        load trim indicator
        isr trimr
                                                        trim record as required
        mov xr,wb
                                                        copy result pointer
        mov (xs),xr
                                                        reload pointer to trblk
            loop to chase to end of trblk chain and store value
acs08
        mov xr,xl
                                                        save pointer to this trblk
        mov trnxt(xr),xr
                                                        load forward pointer
        beq (xr),=b$trt,acs08
                                                        loop if this is another trblk
                                                        else store result at end of chain
        mov wb,trnxt(x1)
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        restore initial trblk pointer
        mov (xs)+,wa
                                                        restore name offset
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                        restore name base pointer
            come here to move to next trblk
acs09
        mov trnxt(xr),xr
                                                        load forward ptr to next value
        brn acs02
                                                        back to check if trapped
            here to check for access trace trblk
        bne wb,=trtac,acs09
                                                        loop back if not access trace
acs10
        bze kvtra,acs09
                                                        ignore access trace if trace off
        {
m dcv} kvtra
                                                        else decrement trace count
        bze trfnc(xr),acs11
                                                        jump if print trace
```

```
acess (continued)
           here for full function trace
                                                       call routine to execute trace
        jsr trxeq
        brn acs09
                                                       jump for next trblk
           here for case of print trace
acs11
        jsr
            prtsn
                                                       print statement number
                                                       print name = value
        jsr prtnv
        brn acs09
                                                       jump back for next trblk
           here for keyword variable
        mov kvnum(x1),xr
                                                       load keyword number
acs12
        bge xr,=k$v$$,acs14
                                                       jump if not one word value
        mti kvabe(xr)
                                                       else load value as integer
            common exit with keyword value as integer in (ia)
                                                       build icblk
acs13
        jsr icbld
        brn acs18
                                                       jump to exit
           here if not one word keyword value
acs14
        bge xr,=k$s$$,acs15
                                                       jump if special case
        sub = k$v$$,xr
                                                       else get offset
        wtb xr
                                                       convert to byte offset
        add =ndabo,xr
                                                       point to pattern value
        brn acs18
                                                       jump to exit
           here if special keyword case
                                                       load rtntype in case
acs15
        mov kvrtn,xl
        ldi kvstl
                                                       load stlimit in case
        sub = k$s$$,xr
                                                       get case number
        bsw xr,k$$n$
                                                       switch on keyword number
if.csfn
        iff
             k$$f1,acs26
                                                       file
                                                       lastfile
        iff
             k$$1f,acs27
fi
if .culk
        iff
             k$$1c,acs24
                                                       lcase
        iff
             k$$uc,acs25
                                                       ucase
fi
        iff
                                                       jump if alphabet
             k$$al,acs16
```

iff	k\$\$rt,acs17	rtntype
iff	k\$\$sc,acs19	stcount
iff	k\$\$sl,acs13	stlimit
iff	k\$\$et,acs20	errtext
esw		end switch on keyword number

```
acess (continued)
if .culk
            lcase
acs24
        mov =lcase,xr
                                                       load pointer to lease string
        brn acs18
                                                       common return
            ucase
acs25
        mov =ucase,xr
                                                       load pointer to ucase string
        brn acs18
                                                       common return
fi
if.csfn
            file
acs26
        mov kvstn,wc
                                                       load current stmt number
        brn acs28
                                                       merge to obtain file name
            lastfile
acs27
        mov kvlst,wc
                                                       load last stmt number
            merge here to map statement number in wc to file name
acs28
        jsr filnm
                                                       obtain file name for this stmt
        brn acs17
                                                       merge to return string in xl
fi
            alphabet
                                                       load pointer to alphabet string
acs16
        mov kvalp,xl
            rtntype merges here
acs17
        mov xl,xr
                                                       copy string ptr to proper reg
            common return point
acs18
        exi
                                                       return to acess caller
            here for stcount (ia has stlimit)
acs19
        ilt acs29
                                                       if counting suppressed
        mov stmcs,wa
                                                       refine with counter start value
        sub stmct,wa
                                                       minus current counter
```

acs29	mti wa adi kvstl sbi kvstc brn acs13	convert to integer add stlimit stcount = limit - left merge back with integer result
* * *	errtext	
acs20	mov r\$etx,xr brn acs18	get errtext string merge with result
* * *	here to read a record from terminal	
acs21	mov =rilen,wa jsr alocs jsr sysri ppm acs03 brn acs07	buffer length allocate buffer read record endfile merge with record read
* * *	error returns	
acs22	mov xr,dnamp erb 202,input from file	pop unused scblk caused non-recoverable error
* acs23	mov xr,dnamp erb 203,input file record enp	pop unused scblk has incorrect format end procedure acess

```
acomp -- compare two arithmetic values
           1(xs)
                                  first argument
           0(xs)
                                  second argument
           jsr acomp
                                  call to compare values
                                  transfer loc if arg1 is non-numeric
           ppm loc
                                  transfer loc if arg2 is non-numeric
           ppm loc
           ppm loc
                                  transfer loc for arg1 lt arg2
           ppm loc
                                  transfer loc for arg1 eq arg2
           ppm loc
                                  transfer loc for arg1 gt arg2
           (normal return is never given)
                                  destroyed
           (wa,wb,wc,ia,ra)
           (xl,xr)
                                  destroyed
acomp
       prc n,5
                                                     entry point
                                                     load arithmetic operands
       jsr arith
       ppm acmp7
                                                     jump if first arg non-numeric
                                                     jump if second arg non-numeric
       ppm acmp8
if.cnra
else
                                                     jump if real arguments
       ppm acmp4
fi
           here for integer arguments
       sbi icval(x1)
                                                     subtract to compare
       iov acmp3
                                                     jump if overflow
       ilt
            acmp5
                                                     else jump if arg1 lt arg2
       ieq acmp2
                                                     jump if arg1 eq arg2
           here if arg1 gt arg2
       exi 5
                                                     take gt exit
acmp1
           here if arg1 eq arg2
acmp2
       exi 4
                                                     take eq exit
```

```
acomp (continued)
            here for integer overflow on subtract
            icval(x1)
acmp3
        ldi
                                                        load second argument
        ilt
             acmp1
                                                        gt if negative
        brn acmp5
                                                        else lt
if.cnra
else
            here for real operands
        sbr rcval(xl)
                                                        subtract to compare
acmp4
        rov acmp6
                                                        jump if overflow
                                                        else jump if arg1 gt
        rgt acmp1
        req acmp2
                                                        jump if arg1 eq arg2
fi
            here if arg1 lt arg2
acmp5
        exi 3
                                                        take lt exit
if .cnra
else
            here if overflow on real subtraction
        ldr rcval(x1)
acmp6
                                                        reload arg2
        \mathbf{rlt}
            acmp1
                                                        gt if negative
        brn acmp5
                                                        else lt
fi
            here if arg1 non-numeric
        exi 1
                                                        take error exit
acmp7
            here if arg2 non-numeric
        exi 2
                                                        take error exit
acmp8
        enp
                                                        end procedure acomp
```

```
alloc
                                    allocate block of dynamic storage
            (wa)
                                    length required in bytes
            jsr alloc
                                    call to allocate block
                                   pointer to allocated block
            (xr)
            a possible alternative to aov ... and following stmt is -
            mov dname, xr .
                              sub wa,xr . blo xr,dnamp,aloc2 .
           mov dnamp, xr.
                              add wa,xr
        prc e,0
alloc
                                                       entry point
            common exit point
        mov dnamp,xr
                                                       point to next available loc
aloc1
        aov wa,xr,aloc2
                                                       point past allocated block
        bgt xr,dname,aloc2
                                                       jump if not enough room
        mov xr,dnamp
                                                       store new pointer
        sub wa,xr
                                                       point back to start of allocated bk
                                                       return to caller
        exi
           here if insufficient room, try a garbage collection
aloc2
        mov wb, allsv
                                                       save wb
alc2a
        zer wb
                                                       set no upward move for gbcol
                                                       garbage collect
        jsr
             gbcol
if.\mathbf{csed}
                                                       remember new sediment size
        mov xr, wb
fi
            see if room after gbcol or sysmm call
aloc3
        mov dnamp, xr
                                                       point to first available loc
        aov wa,xr,alc3a
                                                       point past new block
        blo xr,dname,aloc4
                                                       jump if there is room now
            failed again, see if we can get more core
alc3a jsr sysmm
                                                       try to get more memory
        wtb xr
                                                       convert to baus (sgd05)
        add xr,dname
                                                       bump ptr by amount obtained
        bnz xr,aloc3
                                                       jump if got more core
if.\mathbf{csed}
                                                       jump if there was no sediment
        bze dnams,alc3b
                                                       try collecting the sediment
        zer dnams
        brn dnams
                                                       try collecting the sediment
            sysmm failed and there was no sediment to collect
```

*			
alc3b $else$	add	rsmem,dname	get the reserve memory
fi	add	rsmem, dname	get the reserve memory
	\mathbf{zer}	rsmem	only permissible once
	icv	errft	fatal error
	erb	errft	fatal error

```
here after successful garbage collection
aloc4
        \mathbf{sti}
             allia
                                                           save ia
if.\mathbf{csed}
        mov wb, dnams
                                                           record new sediment size
fi
        mov dname, wb
                                                           get dynamic end adrs
        sub dnamp, wb
                                                           compute free store
        btw wb
                                                           convert bytes to words
        mti wb
                                                           put free store in ia
        mli alfsf
                                                           multiply by free store factor
                                                           jump if overflowed
        iov aloc5
        \mathbf{mov} dname, wb
                                                           dynamic end adrs
                                                           compute total amount of dynamic
        sub dnamb, wb
        btw wb
                                                           convert to words
        mov wb,aldyn
                                                           store it
                                                           subtract from scaled up free store
        sbi aldyn
        igt aloc5
                                                           jump if sufficient free store
        jsr sysmm
                                                           try to get more store
        {\bf wtb} {\bf xr}
                                                           convert to baus (sgd05)
        add xr,dname
                                                           adjust dynamic end adrs
            merge to restore ia and wb
aloc5
        ldi allia
                                                           recover ia
        mov allsv,wb
                                                           restore wb
        brn aloc1
                                                           jump back to exit
                                                           end procedure alloc
        enp
```

```
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
            alobf -- allocate buffer
            this routines allocates a new buffer. as the bfblk
            and bcblk come in pairs, both are allocated here,
            and xr points to the bcblk on return. the bfblk
            and bcblk are set to the null buffer, and the idval
            is zero on return.
            (wa)
                                    buffer size in characters
                                    call to create buffer
            jsr alobf
            (xr)
                                    bcblk ptr
                                    destroyed
            (wa,wb)
       prc e,0
                                                       entry point
alobf
                                                       check for maxingth exceeded
        bgt wa,kvmxl,alb01
        mov wa, wb
                                                       hang onto allocation size
        ctb wa,bfsi$
                                                       get total block size
                                                       add in allocation for bcblk
        add *bcsi$,wa
                                                       allocate frame
        jsr alloc
        mov =b$bct,(xr)
                                                       set type
        zer idval(xr)
                                                       no id yet
        zer bclen(xr)
                                                       no defined length
        mov xl,wa
                                                       save xl
        mov xr,xl
                                                       copy bcblk ptr
        add *bcsi$,xl
                                                       bias past partially built bcblk
        mov =b$bft,(x1)
                                                       set bfblk type word
        mov wb,bfalc(xl)
                                                       set allocated size
        mov xl,bcbuf(xr)
                                                       set pointer in bcblk
        zer bfchr(xl)
                                                       clear first word (null pad)
                                                       restore entry xl
        mov wa,xl
                                                       return to caller
        exi
           here for mxlen exceeded
alb01
        erb 273, buffer size exceeds
                                                       value of maxlngth keyword
        enp
                                                       end procedure alobf
```

```
fi
            alocs -- allocate string block
            alocs is used to build a frame for a string block into
           which the actual characters are placed by the caller.
            all strings are created with a call to alocs (the
            exceptions occur in trimr and s$rpl procedures).
            (wa)
                                   length of string to be allocated
            jsr alocs
                                   call to allocate scblk
            (xr)
                                   pointer to resulting scblk
            (wa)
                                   destroyed
            (wc)
                                   character count (entry value of wa)
            the resulting scblk has the type word and the length
            filled in and the last word is cleared to zero characters
            to ensure correct right padding of the final word.
alocs
        prc e,0
                                                      entry point
        bgt wa, kvmxl, alcs2
                                                      jump if length exceeds maxlength
                                                      else copy length
        mov wa,wc
                                                      compute length of scblk in bytes
        ctb wa,scsi$
        mov dnamp,xr
                                                      point to next available location
        aov wa,xr,alcs0
                                                      point past block
        blo xr,dname,alcs1
                                                      jump if there is room
            insufficient memory
alcs0
        zer xr
                                                      else clear garbage xr value
                                                      and use standard allocator
        jsr alloc
        add wa,xr
                                                      point past end of block to merge
            merge here with xr pointing beyond new block
                                                      set updated storage pointer
alcs1
        mov xr, dnamp
        zer -(xr)
                                                      store zero chars in last word
        dca wa
                                                      decrement length
        sub wa,xr
                                                      point back to start of block
        mov =b$scl,(xr)
                                                      set type word
        mov wc,sclen(xr)
                                                      store length in chars
                                                      return to alocs caller
        exi
            come here if string is too long
alcs2
        erb 205, string length
                                                      exceeds value of maxingth keyword
                                                      end procedure alocs
        enp
```

```
alost -- allocate space in static region
            (wa)
                                   length required in bytes
            jsr alost
                                   call to allocate space
            (xr)
                                   pointer to allocated block
            (wb)
                                   destroyed
           note that the coding ensures that the resulting value
           of state is always less than dnamb. this fact is used
           in testing a variable name for being in the static region
alost
       prc e,0
                                                       entry point
           merge back here after allocating new chunk
alst1
       mov state, xr
                                                       point to current end of area
        aov wa,xr,alst2
                                                       point beyond proposed block
                                                       jump if overlap with dynamic area
        bge xr,dnamb,alst2
        mov xr, state
                                                       else store new pointer
                                                       point back to start of block
        sub wa,xr
                                                       return to alost caller
        exi
           here if no room, prepare to move dynamic storage up
        mov wa, alsta
alst2
                                                       save wa
        bge wa, *e$sts, alst3
                                                       skip if requested chunk is large
        mov *e$sts,wa
                                                       else set to get large enough chunk
           here with amount to move up in wa
                                                       allocate block to ensure room
alst3
       jsr alloc
        mov xr, dnamp
                                                       and delete it
                                                       copy move up amount
        mov wa,wb
                                                       call gbcol to move dynamic area up
       jsr gbcol
if.\mathbf{csed}
                                                       remember new sediment size
        mov xr, dnams
fi
        mov alsta, wa
                                                       restore wa
        brn alst1
                                                       loop back to try again
                                                       end procedure alost
        enp
```

```
if .cnbf
else
            apndb -- append string to buffer
           this routine is used by buffer handling routines to
            append data to an existing bfblk.
            (xr)
                                   existing bcblk to be appended
            (x1)
                                   convertable to string
            jsr apndb
                                   call to append to buffer
           ppm loc
                                   thread if (x1) cant be converted
           ppm loc
                                   if not enough room
            (wa,wb)
                                   destroyed
           if more characters are specified than can be inserted,
           then no action is taken and the second return is taken.
apndb
       prc e,2
                                                      entry point
                                                      load offset to insert
        mov bclen(xr),wa
        zer wb
                                                      replace section is null
        jsr insbf
                                                      call to insert at end
        \mathbf{ppm} apn01
                                                      convert error
        ppm apn02
                                                      no room
        exi
                                                      return to caller
           here to take convert failure exit
                                                      return to caller alternate
       exi 1
apn01
           here for no fit exit
apn02
        exi 2
                                                      alternate exit to caller
                                                      end procedure apndb
        enp
```

```
fi
           arith -- fetch arithmetic operands
           arith is used by functions and operators which expect
           two numeric arguments (operands) which must both be
           integer or both be real. arith fetches two arguments from
           the stack and performs any necessary conversions.
           1(xs)
                                  first argument (left operand)
           0(xs)
                                  second argument (right operand)
           jsr arith
                                  call to fetch numeric arguments
           ppm loc
                                  transfer loc for opnd 1 non-numeric
                                  transfer loc for opnd 2 non-numeric
           ppm
                loc
if.cnra
else
           ppm loc
                                  transfer loc for real operands
fi
           for integer args, control returns past the parameters
           (ia)
                                  left operand value
            (xr)
                                  ptr to icblk for left operand
            (x1)
                                  ptr to icblk for right operand
           (xs)
                                  popped twice
           (wa,wb,ra)
                                  destroyed
if .cnra
else
           for real arguments, control returns to the location
           specified by the third parameter.
           (ra)
                                  left operand value
            (xr)
                                  ptr to rcblk for left operand
           (x1)
                                  ptr to rcblk for right operand
            (wa,wb,wc)
                                  destroyed
           (xs)
                                  popped twice
fi
```

```
arith (continued)
            entry point
if.cnra
        prc n,2
arith
                                                        entry point
else
arith
        prc n,3
                                                        entry point
fi
                                                        load right operand
        mov (xs)+,xl
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        load left operand
        mov (x1), wa
                                                        get right operand type word
        beq wa,=b$icl,arth1
                                                        jump if integer
if.cnra
else
                                                        jump if real
        beq wa,=b$rcl,arth4
fi
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        else replace left arg on stack
        mov xl,xr
                                                        copy left arg pointer
                                                        convert to numeric
        jsr gtnum
        ppm arth6
                                                        jump if unconvertible
                                                        else copy converted result
        mov xr,xl
        mov (x1), wa
                                                        get right operand type word
                                                        reload left argument
        mov (xs)+,xr
if .cnra
else
                                                        jump if right arg is real
        beq wa,=b$rcl,arth4
fi
            here if right arg is an integer
        bne (xr),=b$icl,arth3
arth1
                                                        jump if left arg not integer
            exit for integer case
arth2
        ldi
             icval(xr)
                                                        load left operand value
        exi
                                                        return to arith caller
            here for right operand integer, left operand not
        jsr gtnum
                                                        convert left arg to numeric
arth3
        ppm arth7
                                                        jump if not convertible
                                                        jump back if integer-integer
        beq wa,=b$icl,arth2
if.cnra
else
```

* here we must convert real-integer to real-real

*

mov xr,-(xs)
ldi icval(xl)
itr
jsr rcbld
mov xr,xl
mov (xs)+,xr
brn arth5

put left arg back on stack load right argument value convert to real get real block for right arg, merge copy right arg ptr load left argument merge for real-real case

```
arith (continued)
            here if right argument is real
        beq (xr),=b$rcl,arth5
arth4
                                                       jump if left arg real
                                                       else convert to real
        jsr gtrea
                                                       error if unconvertible
        ppm arth7
            here for real-real
arth5
        ldr rcval(xr)
                                                       load left operand value
                                                       take real-real exit
        exi 3
fi
            here for error converting right argument
arth6
        ica xs
                                                       pop unwanted left arg
        exi 2
                                                       take appropriate error exit
            here for error converting left operand
                                                       take appropriate error return
arth7
        exi 1
        enp
                                                       end procedure arith
```

```
asign -- perform assignment
           asign performs the assignment of a value to a variable
           with appropriate checks for output associations and
           value trace associations which are executed as required.
           asign also handles the special cases of assignment to
           pattern and expression variables.
           (wb)
                                   value to be assigned
            (x1)
                                   base pointer for variable
            (wa)
                                   offset for variable
           jsr asign
                                   call to assign value to variable
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for failure
                                   destroyed
           (xr,xl,wa,wb,wc)
            (ra)
                                   destroyed
           failure occurs if the evaluation of an expression
           associated with an expression variable fails.
asign
       prc r,1
                                                      entry point (recursive)
           merge back here to assign result to expression variable.
asg01
       add wa,xl
                                                      point to variable value
       mov (x1),xr
                                                      load variable value
                                                      jump if trapped
       beq (xr),=b$trt,asg02
       mov wb, (x1)
                                                      else perform assignment
       zer xl
                                                      clear garbage value in xl
       exi
                                                      and return to asign caller
           here if value is trapped
asg02
       sub wa,xl
                                                      restore name base
       beq xr,=trbkv,asg14
                                                      jump if keyword variable
       bne xr,=trbev,asg04
                                                      jump if not expression variable
           here for assignment to expression variable
                                                      point to expression
       mov evexp(x1),xr
       mov wb,-(xs)
                                                      store value to assign on stack
       mov =num01,wb
                                                      set for evaluation by name
       jsr evalx
                                                      evaluate expression by name
       ppm asg03
                                                      jump if evaluation fails
       mov (xs)+,wb
                                                      else reload value to assign
       brn asg01
                                                      loop back to perform assignment
```

```
asign (continued)
           here for failure during expression evaluation
asg03
        ica xs
                                                       remove stacked value entry
        exi 1
                                                       take failure exit
           here if not keyword or expression variable
asg04
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       save ptr to first trblk
            loop to chase down trblk chain and assign value at end
asg05
        mov xr,wc
                                                       save ptr to this trblk
        mov trnxt(xr),xr
                                                       point to next trblk
        beq (xr),=b$trt,asg05
                                                       loop back if another trblk
        mov wc,xr
                                                       else point back to last trblk
        mov wb,trval(xr)
                                                       store value at end of chain
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       restore ptr to first trblk
            loop to process trblk entries on chain
asg06
        mov trtyp(xr),wb
                                                       load type code of trblk
        beq wb,=trtvl,asg08
                                                       jump if value trace
        beq wb,=trtou,asg10
                                                       jump if output association
           here to move to next trblk on chain
asg07
        mov trnxt(xr),xr
                                                       point to next trblk on chain
                                                       loop back if another trblk
        beq (xr),=b$trt,asg06
        exi
                                                       else end of chain, return to caller
           here to process value trace
asg08
        bze kvtra,asg07
                                                       ignore value trace if trace off
        dcv kvtra
                                                       else decrement trace count
        bze trfnc(xr),asg09
                                                       jump if print trace
        jsr trxeq
                                                       else execute function trace
                                                       and loop back
        brn asg07
```

```
asign (continued)
            here for print trace
asg09
            prtsn
                                                         print statement number
        jsr
             prtnv
                                                         print name = value
        jsr
        brn asg07
                                                         loop back for next trblk
            here for output association
asg10
        bze kvoup,asg07
                                                         ignore output assoc if output off
asg1b
        mov xr,xl
                                                         copy trblk pointer
        mov trnxt(xr),xr
                                                         point to next trblk
        beq (xr),=b$trt,asg1b
                                                         loop back if another trblk
                                                         else point back to last trblk
        mov xl,xr
if.cnbf
        mov trval(xr),-(xs)
                                                         stack value to output
else
        mov trval(xr),xr
                                                         get value to output
        beq (xr),=b$bct,asg11
                                                         branch if buffer
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         stack value to output
fi
                                                         convert to string
        jsr gtstg
        ppm asg12
                                                         get datatype name if unconvertible
            merge with string or buffer to output in xr
asg11
        mov trfpt(xl),wa
                                                         fcblk ptr
        bze wa,asg13
                                                         jump if standard output file
            here for output to file
             sysou
                                                         call system output routine
asg1a
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        \mathbf{err}
             206, output caused
                                                         file overflow
        err 207, output caused
                                                         non-recoverable error
        exi
                                                         else all done, return to caller
            if not printable, get datatype name instead
        jsr dtype
                                                         call datatype routine
asg12
        brn asg11
                                                         merge
            here to print a string to standard output or terminal
if .csou
asg13
        beq trter(x1),=v$ter,asg1a
                                                         jump if terminal output
        icv wa
                                                         signal standard output
        brn asg1a
                                                         use sysou to perform output
```

```
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
asg13
         jsr prtst
                                                              print string value
  else
         bne (xr),=b$bct,asg1c
                                                              branch if not buffer
asg13
         mov xr,-(xs)
                                                              stack buffer
         jsr gtstg
                                                              convert to string
         ppm
                                                              always succeeds
asg1c
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             prtst
                                                              print string value
  fi
         beq trter(x1),=v$ter,asg20
                                                              jump if terminal output
                                                              end of line
         jsr prtnl
                                                              return to caller
         exi
fi
```

```
asign (continued)
            here for keyword assignment
        mov kvnum(xl),xl
                                                          load keyword number
asg14
        beq x1,=k$etx,asg19
                                                          jump if errtext
        mov wb,xr
                                                          copy value to be assigned
                                                          convert to integer
        jsr gtint
        err 208, keyword value
                                                          assigned is not integer
        ldi icval(xr)
                                                          else load value
        beq x1,=k$st1,asg16
                                                          jump if special case of stlimit
        mfi wa,asg18
                                                          else get addr integer, test ovflow
        bgt wa, mxlen, asg18
                                                          fail if too large
        beq xl,=k$ert,asg17
                                                          jump if special case of errtype
if.\mathbf{cnpf}
else
        beq xl,=k$pfl,asg21
                                                          jump if special case of profile
fi
        beq x1,=k$mx1,asg24
                                                          jump if special case of maxlngth
        beq x1,=k$fls,asg26
                                                          jump if special case of fullscan
        blt x1,=k$p$$,asg15
                                                          jump unless protected
        erb 209, keyword in assignment
                                                          is protected
            here to do assignment if not protected
asg15
        mov wa, kvabe(x1)
                                                          store new value
        exi
                                                          return to asign caller
            here for special case of stlimit
            since stcount is maintained as (stlimit-stcount)
            it is also necessary to modify stcount appropriately.
                                                          subtract old limit
asg16
        sbi kvstl
        adi kvstc
                                                          add old counter
        \operatorname{sti}
            kvstc
                                                          store course counter value
        ldi kvstl
                                                          check if counting suppressed
        ilt
             asg25
                                                          do not refine if so
                                                          refine with counter breakout
        mov stmcs, wa
        sub stmct, wa
                                                          values
        mti wa
                                                          convert to integer
        ngi
                                                          current-start value
                                                          add in course counter value
        adi kvstc
                                                          save refined value
        sti kvstc
        ldi icval(xr)
                                                          reload new limit value
asg25
        \mathbf{sti}
            kvstl
                                                          store new limit value
                                                          recompute countdown counters
        jsr
             stgcc
        exi
                                                          return to asign caller
```

```
here for special case of errtype
asg17
        ble wa,=nini9,error
                                                            ok to signal if in range
    *
            here if value assigned is out of range
        erb 210, keyword value
                                                            assigned is negative or too large
asg18
            here for special case of errtext
asg19
        mov wb, -(xs)
                                                            stack value
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                            convert to string
             gtstg
        err 211, value assigned
                                                            to keyword errtext not a string
        mov xr,r$etx
                                                            make assignment
                                                            return to caller
        exi
if.\mathbf{csou}
else
            print string to terminal
asg20
              prttr
                                                            print
        jsr
        exi
                                                            return
fi
if.\mathbf{cnpf}
else
            here for keyword profile
asg21
        bgt wa,=num02,asg18
                                                            moan if not 0,1, or 2
        bze wa, asg15
                                                            just assign if zero
        bze pfdmp,asg22
                                                            branch if first assignment
                                                            also if same value as before
        beq wa,pfdmp,asg23
        erb 268,inconsistent
                                                            value assigned to keyword profile
                                                            note value on first assignment
asg22
        mov wa, pfdmp
asg23
        mov wa,kvpfl
                                                            store new value
              stgcc
                                                            recompute countdown counts
              systm
                                                            get the time
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        sti
              pfstm
                                                            fudge some kind of start time
        exi
                                                            return to asign caller
fi
            here for keyword maxlngth
                                                            if acceptable value
asg24
        bge wa,=mnlen,asg15
        erb 287, value assigned
                                                            to keyword maxlngth is too small
            here for keyword fullscan
```

>

 $\begin{array}{cccc} asg26 & bnz & wa, asg15 \\ & erb & 274, value \ assigned \end{array}$

*

enp

if acceptable value to keyword fullscan is zero

end procedure asign

```
asinp -- assign during pattern match
            asinp is like asign and has a similar calling sequence
            and effect. the difference is that the global pattern
            variables are saved and restored if required.
            (x1)
                                    base pointer for variable
            (wa)
                                    offset for variable
            (wb)
                                    value to be assigned
            jsr asinp
                                    call to assign value to variable
                                    transfer loc if failure
           ppm loc
            (xr,xl)
                                    destroyed
            (wa,wb,wc,ra)
                                    destroyed
asinp
        prc r,1
                                                       entry point, recursive
        add wa,xl
                                                       point to variable
        mov (x1),xr
                                                       load current contents
        beq (xr),=b$trt,asnp1
                                                       jump if trapped
        mov wb,(xl)
                                                       else perform assignment
                                                       clear garbage value in xl
        zer xl
        exi
                                                       return to asinp caller
           here if variable is trapped
asnp1
        sub wa,xl
                                                       restore base pointer
        mov pmssl,-(xs)
                                                       stack subject string length
        mov pmhbs, -(xs)
                                                       stack history stack base ptr
        mov r$pms,-(xs)
                                                       stack subject string pointer
                                                       stack dot flag
        mov pmdfl,-(xs)
                                                       call full-blown assignment routine
        jsr asign
        ppm asnp2
                                                       jump if failure
        mov (xs)+,pmdfl
                                                       restore dot flag
        mov (xs)+,rpms
                                                       restore subject string pointer
        mov (xs)+,pmhbs
                                                       restore history stack base pointer
        mov (xs)+,pmssl
                                                       restore subject string length
        exi
                                                       return to asinp caller
           here if failure in asign call
        mov (xs)+,pmdfl
                                                       restore dot flag
asnp2
        mov (xs)+,rpms
                                                       restore subject string pointer
        mov (xs)+,pmhbs
                                                       restore history stack base pointer
        mov (xs)+,pmssl
                                                       restore subject string length
                                                       take failure exit
        exi 1
        enp
                                                       end procedure asinp
```

```
blkln -- determine length of block
           blkln determines the length of a block in dynamic store.
            (wa)
                                   first word of block
            (xr)
                                   pointer to block
            jsr blkln
                                   call to get block length
            (wa)
                                   length of block in bytes
            (x1)
                                   destroyed
           blkln is used by the garbage collector and is not
           permitted to call gbcol directly or indirectly.
           the first word stored in the block (i.e. at xr) may
           be anything, but the contents of wa must be correct.
blkln
       prc e,0
                                                       entry point
                                                       copy first word
        mov wa,xl
        lei
            xl
                                                       get entry id (bl$xx)
                                                       switch on block type
        bsw x1,b1$$$,bln00
             bl$ar,bln01
                                                       arblk
if.cnbf
else
                                                       bcblk
        iff
             bl$bc,bln04
                                                       bfblk
        iff
             bl$bf,bln11
fi
if.csln
        iff
                                                       cdblk
             bl$cd,bln12
else
        iff
             bl$cd,bln01
                                                       cdblk
fi
        iff
                                                       dfblk
             bl$df,bln01
        iff
             bl$ef,bln01
                                                       efblk
if.csln
        iff
                                                       exblk
             bl$ex,bln12
else
        iff
             bl$ex,bln01
                                                       exblk
fi
        iff
             bl$pf,bln01
                                                       pfblk
                                                       tbblk
        iff
             bl$tb,bln01
        iff
             bl$vc,bln01
                                                       vcblk
        iff
             bl$ev,bln03
                                                       evblk
        iff
             bl$kv,bln03
                                                       kvblk
        iff
             bl$p0,bln02
                                                       p0blk
        iff
                                                       seblk
             bl$se,bln02
        iff
             bl$nm,bln03
                                                       nmblk
        iff
             bl$p1,bln03
                                                       p1blk
        iff
             bl$p2,bln04
                                                       p2blk
        iff
                                                       teblk
             bl$te,bln04
```

	iff	bl\$ff,bln05	ffblk
	iff	bl\$tr,bln05	trblk
	iff	bl\$ct,bln06	ctblk
	iff	bl\$ic,bln07	icblk
	iff	bl\$pd,bln08	pdblk
if .cnra			
else			
	iff	bl\$rc,bln09	rcblk
fi			
	iff	bl\$sc,bln10	scblk
	esw		end of jump table on block type
	2.5 **		

```
blkln (continued)
            here for blocks with length in second word
bln00
        mov num01(xr),wa
                                                       load length
        exi
                                                       return to blkln caller
            here for length in third word (ar,cd,df,ef,ex,pf,tb,vc)
bln01
        mov num02(xr),wa
                                                       load length from third word
                                                       return to blkln caller
        exi
            here for two word blocks (p0,se)
bln02
        mov *num02,wa
                                                       load length (two words)
                                                       return to blkln caller
        exi
            here for three word blocks (nm,p1,ev,kv)
bln03
        mov *num03,wa
                                                       load length (three words)
        exi
                                                       return to blkln caller
            here for four word blocks (p2,te,bc)
                                                       load length (four words)
bln04
        mov *num04,wa
                                                       return to blkln caller
        exi
            here for five word blocks (ff,tr)
                                                       load length
bln05
        mov *num05,wa
                                                       return to blkln caller
        exi
```

```
blkln (continued)
            here for ctblk
bln06
        mov *ctsi$,wa
                                                          set size of ctblk
                                                          return to blkln caller
        exi
            here for icblk
                                                          set size of icblk
bln07
        mov *icsi$,wa
        exi
                                                          return to blkln caller
            here for pdblk
                                                          point to dfblk
bln08
        mov pddfp(xr),xl
        mov dfpdl(x1),wa
                                                          load pdblk length from dfblk
                                                          return to blkln caller
        exi
if .cnra
else
            here for rcblk
bln09
        mov *rcsi$,wa
                                                          set size of rcblk
                                                          return to blkln caller
fi
            here for scblk
bln10
        mov sclen(xr), wa
                                                          load length in characters
                                                          calculate length in bytes
        ctb wa,scsi$
        exi
                                                          return to blkln caller
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
            here for bfblk
        mov bfalc(xr),wa
                                                          get allocation in bytes
bln11
        ctb wa,bfsi$
                                                          calculate length in bytes
        exi
                                                          return to blkln caller
fi
if.csln
            here for length in fourth word (cd,ex)
        mov num03(xr),wa
                                                          load length from cdlen/exlen
bln12
        exi
                                                          return to blkln caller
fi
```

```
copyb -- copy a block
            (xs)
                                    block to be copied
            jsr copyb
                                    call to copy block
           ppm loc
                                   return if block has no idval field
                                   normal return if idval field
                                   copy of block
            (xr)
            (xs)
                                   popped
            (xl,wa,wb,wc)
                                   destroyed
copyb
       prc n,1
                                                       entry point
        mov (xs),xr
                                                       load argument
        beq xr,=nulls,cop10
                                                       return argument if it is null
        mov (xr), wa
                                                       else load type word
        mov wa, wb
                                                       copy type word
        jsr blkln
                                                       get length of argument block
        mov xr,xl
                                                       copy pointer
                                                       allocate block of same size
        jsr alloc
        mov xr, (xs)
                                                       store pointer to copy
                                                       copy contents of old block to new
        mvw
        zer xl
                                                       clear garbage xl
        mov (xs),xr
                                                       reload pointer to start of copy
        beq wb,=b$tbt,cop05
                                                       jump if table
        beq wb,=b$vct,cop01
                                                       jump if vector
        beq wb,=b$pdt,cop01
                                                       jump if program defined
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
        beq wb,=b$bct,cop11
                                                       jump if buffer
fi
        bne wb,=b$art,cop10
                                                       return copy if not array
           here for array (arblk)
        add arofs(xr),xr
                                                       point to prototype field
        brn cop02
                                                       jump to merge
           here for vector, program defined
cop01
        add *pdfld,xr
                                                       point to pdfld = vcvls
            merge here for arblk, vcblk, pdblk to delete trap
           blocks from all value fields (the copy is untrapped)
       mov (xr),xl
                                                       load next pointer
cop02
            loop to get value at end of trblk chain
cop03
        bne (x1),=b$trt,cop04
                                                       jump if not trapped
        mov trval(x1),x1
                                                       else point to next value
```

brn cop03

and loop back

```
copyb (continued)
            here with untrapped value in xl
cop04
        mov xl, (xr)+
                                                        store real value, bump pointer
        bne xr,dnamp,cop02
                                                        loop back if more to go
                                                        else jump to exit
        brn cop09
            here to copy a table
cop05
        zer idval(xr)
                                                        zero id to stop dump blowing up
                                                        set size of teblk
        mov *tesi$, wa
        mov *tbbuk,wc
                                                        set initial offset
            loop through buckets in table
                                                        load table pointer
cop06
        mov (xs),xr
        beq wc,tblen(xr),cop09
                                                        jump to exit if all done
        mov wc,wb
                                                        else copy offset
        sub *tenxt,wb
                                                        subtract link offset to merge
                                                        next bucket header less link offset
        add wb,xr
        ica wc
                                                        bump offset
            loop through teblks on one chain
cop07
        mov tenxt(xr),xl
                                                        load pointer to next teblk
                                                        set end of chain pointer in case
        mov (xs),tenxt(xr)
                                                        back for next bucket if chain end
        beq (x1),=b$tbt,cop06
                                                        point to head of previous block
        sub wb,xr
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack ptr to previous block
                                                        set size of teblk
        mov *tesi$, wa
                                                        allocate new teblk
        jsr alloc
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack ptr to new teblk
                                                        copy old teblk to new teblk
        mvw
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        restore pointer to new teblk
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                        restore pointer to previous block
        add wb,xl
                                                        add offset back in
        mov xr,tenxt(xl)
                                                        link new block to previous
        mov xr,xl
                                                        copy pointer to new block
            loop to set real value after removing trap chain
        mov teval(x1),x1
                                                        load value
cop08
        beq (x1),=b$trt,cop08
                                                        loop back if trapped
                                                        store untrapped value in teblk
        mov xl, teval(xr)
        zer wb
                                                        zero offset within teblk
                                                        back for next teblk
        brn cop07
            common exit point
```

```
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
            here to copy buffer
        mov bcbuf(xr),xl
                                                       get bfblk ptr
cop11
        mov bfalc(xl),wa
                                                       get allocation
        ctb wa,bfsi$
                                                       set total size
        mov xr,xl
                                                       save bcblk ptr
                                                       allocate bfblk
        jsr alloc
        mov bcbuf(x1),wb
                                                       get old bfblk
        mov xr,bcbuf(xl)
                                                       set pointer to new bfblk
        mov wb,xl
                                                       point to old bfblk
                                                       copy bfblk too
        mvw
        zer xl
                                                       clear rubbish ptr
                                                       branch to exit
        brn cop09
fi
                                                       end procedure copyb
        enp
            cdgcg -- generate code for complex goto
            used by cmpil to process complex goto tree
            (wb)
                                    must be collectable
            (xr)
                                    expression pointer
            jsr cdgcg
                                    call to generate complex goto
            (xl,xr,wa)
                                    destroyed
cdgcg
        prc e,0
                                                       entry point
        mov cmopn(xr),xl
                                                       get unary goto operator
                                                       point to goto operand
        mov cmrop(xr),xr
        beq x1,=opdvd,cdgc2
                                                       jump if direct goto
                                                       generate opnd by name if not direct
        jsr cdgnm
            return point
cdgc1
        mov xl,wa
                                                       goto operator
        jsr cdwrd
                                                       generate it
                                                       return to caller
        exi
            direct goto
cdgc2
        jsr cdgvl
                                                       generate operand by value
        brn cdgc1
                                                       merge to return
        enp
                                                       end procedure cdgcg
```

```
cdgex -- build expression block
           cdgex is passed a pointer to an expression tree (see
            expan) and returns an expression (seblk or exblk).
if.cevb
            (wa)
                                   0 if by value, 1 if by name
            (wc)
                                   some collectable value
            (wb)
                                   integer in range 0 le x le mxlen
                                   ptr to expression tree
            (x1)
                                   call to build expression
            jsr cdgex
            (xr)
                                   ptr to seblk or exblk
                                   destroyed
            (xl,wa,wb)
                                                      entry point, recursive
cdgex
        prc r,0
        blo (x1),=b$vr$,cdgx1
                                                      jump if not variable
    *
           here for natural variable, build seblk
                                                      set size of seblk
        mov *sesi$, wa
        jsr alloc
                                                      allocate space for seblk
        mov =b$sel,(xr)
                                                      set type word
        mov xl,sevar(xr)
                                                      store vrblk pointer
                                                      return to cdgex caller
        exi
           here if not variable, build exblk
cdgx1
       mov xl,xr
                                                      copy tree pointer
        mov wc,-(xs)
                                                      save wc
        {f mov} cwcof,xl
                                                      save current offset
if.cevb
        bze wa,cdgx2
                                                      jump if by value
fi
        mov (xr), wa
                                                      get type word
                                                      call by value if not cmblk
        bne wa,=b$cmt,cdgx2
        bge cmtyp(xr),=c$$nm,cdgx2
                                                      jump if cmblk only by value
```

```
cdgex (continued)
           here if expression can be evaluated by name
       jsr cdgnm
                                                     generate code by name
                                                     load return by name word
       mov =ornm$,wa
        brn cdgx3
                                                     merge with value case
           here if expression can only be evaluated by value
                                                     generate code by value
cdgx2
       jsr cdgvl
       mov =orvl$,wa
                                                     load return by value word
           merge here to construct exblk
cdgx3
       jsr cdwrd
                                                     generate return word
                                                     build exblk
       jsr exbld
       mov (xs)+,wc
                                                     restore wc
        exi
                                                     return to cdgex caller
                                                     end procedure cdgex
        enp
```

```
cdgnm -- generate code by name
           cdgnm is called during the compilation process to
           generate code by name for an expression. see cdblk
           description for details of code generated. the input
           to cdgnm is an expression tree as generated by expan.
           cdgnm is a recursive procedure which proceeds by making
           recursive calls to generate code for operands.
           (wb)
                                  integer in range 0 le n le dnamb
           (xr)
                                  ptr to tree generated by expan
           (wc)
                                  constant flag (see below)
                                  call to generate code by name
           jsr cdgnm
           (xr,wa)
                                  destroyed
           (WC)
                                  set non-zero if non-constant
           wc is set to a non-zero (collectable) value if the
           expression for which code is generated cannot be
           evaluated at compile time, otherwise wc is unchanged.
           the code is generated in the current ccblk (see cdwrd).
cdgnm prc r,0
                                                    entry point, recursive
       mov xl,-(xs)
                                                    save entry xl
       mov wb,-(xs)
                                                    save entry wb
       chk
                                                    check for stack overflow
       mov (xr), wa
                                                    load type word
       beq wa,=b$cmt,cgn04
                                                    jump if cmblk
       bhi wa,=b$vr$,cgn02
                                                    jump if simple variable
           merge here for operand yielding value (e.g. constant)
cgn01
       erb 212, syntax error:
                                                    value used where name is required
           here for natural variable reference
                                                    load variable load call
cgn02 mov =olvn$,wa
       jsr cdwrd
                                                    generate it
       mov xr, wa
                                                    copy vrblk pointer
       jsr cdwrd
                                                    generate vrblk pointer
```

```
cdgnm (continued)
            here to exit with wc set correctly
        mov (xs)+,wb
cgn03
                                                        restore entry wb
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                        restore entry xl
        exi
                                                        return to cdgnm caller
            here for cmblk
cgn04
        mov xr,xl
                                                        copy cmblk pointer
        mov cmtyp(xr),xr
                                                        load cmblk type
        bge xr,=c$$nm,cgn01
                                                        error if not name operand
        bsw xr,c\$nm
                                                        else switch on type
        iff
             c$arr,cgn05
                                                        array reference
        iff
             c$fnc,cgn08
                                                        function call
        iff
             c$def,cgn09
                                                        deferred expression
        iff
             c$ind,cgn10
                                                        indirect reference
        iff
                                                        keyword reference
             c$key,cgn11
             c$ubo,cgn08
                                                        undefined binary op
        iff
             c$uuo,cgn08
                                                        undefined unary op
        esw
                                                        end switch on cmblk type
            here to generate code for array reference
cgn05
        mov *cmopn,wb
                                                        point to array operand
            loop to generate code for array operand and subscripts
cgn06
        jsr cmgen
                                                        generate code for next operand
                                                        load length of cmblk
        mov cmlen(x1),wc
                                                        loop till all generated
        blt wb, wc, cgn06
            generate appropriate array call
                                                        load one-subscript case call
        mov =oaon$, wa
        beq wc,*cmar1,cgn07
                                                        jump to exit if one subscript case
        mov =oamn$, wa
                                                        else load multi-subscript case call
        jsr cdwrd
                                                        generate call
        mov wc,wa
                                                        copy cmblk length
                                                        convert to words
        btw wa
        sub =cmvls,wa
                                                        calculate number of subscripts
```

```
cdgnm (continued)
            here to exit generating word (non-constant)
cgn07
        mnz wc
                                                       set result non-constant
        isr cdwrd
                                                       generate word
        brn cgn03
                                                       back to exit
            here to generate code for functions and undefined oprs
cgn08
        mov xl,xr
                                                       copy cmblk pointer
        jsr cdgvl
                                                       gen code by value for call
        mov =ofne$,wa
                                                       get extra call for by name
        brn cgn07
                                                       back to generate and exit
            here to generate code for defered expression
cgn09
        mov cmrop(x1),xr
                                                       check if variable
        bhi (xr),=b$vr$,cgn02
                                                       treat *variable as simple var
        mov xr,xl
                                                       copy ptr to expression tree
if.\mathbf{cevb}
                                                       return name
        mov =num01,wa
fi
                                                       else build exblk
        jsr cdgex
        mov =olex$,wa
                                                       set call to load expr by name
        jsr cdwrd
                                                       generate it
        mov xr,wa
                                                       copy exblk pointer
        jsr cdwrd
                                                       generate exblk pointer
        brn cgn03
                                                       back to exit
            here to generate code for indirect reference
        mov cmrop(xl),xr
                                                       get operand
cgn10
        jsr cdgvl
                                                       generate code by value for it
        mov =oinn$, wa
                                                       load call for indirect by name
        brn cgn12
                                                       merge
            here to generate code for keyword reference
        mov cmrop(xl),xr
                                                       get operand
cgn11
        jsr cdgnm
                                                       generate code by name for it
        \mathbf{mov} =okwn\$,wa
                                                       load call for keyword by name
            keyword, indirect merge here
        jsr cdwrd
cgn12
                                                       generate code for operator
        brn cgn03
                                                       exit
                                                       end procedure cdgnm
        enp
```

```
cdgvl -- generate code by value
           cdgvl is called during the compilation process to
           generate code by value for an expression. see cdblk
           description for details of the code generated. the input
           to cdgvl is an expression tree as generated by expan.
           cdgvl is a recursive procedure which proceeds by making
           recursive calls to generate code for operands.
           (wb)
                                  integer in range 0 le n le dnamb
           (xr)
                                  ptr to tree generated by expan
                                  constant flag (see below)
           (wc)
                                  call to generate code by value
           jsr cdgvl
           (xr,wa)
                                  destroyed
           (WC)
                                  set non-zero if non-constant
           wc is set to a non-zero (collectable) value if the
           expression for which code is generated cannot be
           evaluated at compile time, otherwise wc is unchanged.
           if wc is non-zero on entry, then preevaluation is not
           allowed regardless of the nature of the operand.
           the code is generated in the current ccblk (see cdwrd).
       prc r,0
cdgvl
                                                     entry point, recursive
       mov (xr), wa
                                                     load type word
       beq wa,=b$cmt,cgv01
                                                     jump if cmblk
       blt wa,=b$vra,cgv00
                                                     jump if icblk, rcblk, scblk
       bnz vrlen(xr),cgvl0
                                                     jump if not system variable
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     stack xr
       mov vrsvp(xr),xr
                                                     point to svblk
       mov svbit(xr), wa
                                                     get svblk property bits
       mov (xs)+,xr
                                                     recover xr
       anb btkwv,wa
                                                     check if constant keyword value
       beq wa,btkwv,cgv00
                                                     jump if constant keyword value
           here for variable value reference
                                                     indicate non-constant value
cgv10
       mnz wc
           merge here for simple constant (icblk,rcblk,scblk)
           and for variables corresponding to constant keywords.
cgv00
       mov xr,wa
                                                     copy ptr to var or constant
       jsr cdwrd
                                                     generate as code word
       exi
                                                     return to caller
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
            here for tree node (cmblk)
cgv01
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                        save entry wb
        mov xl, -(xs)
                                                        save entry xl
        mov wc,-(xs)
                                                        save entry constant flag
        mov cwcof,-(xs)
                                                        save initial code offset
        \mathbf{chk}
                                                        check for stack overflow
            prepare to generate code for cmblk. wc is set to the
            value of cswno (zero if -optimise, 1 if -noopt) to
            start with and is reset non-zero for any non-constant
            code generated. if it is still zero after generating all
            the cmblk code, then its value is computed as the result.
                                                        copy cmblk pointer
        mov xr,xl
                                                        load cmblk type
        mov cmtyp(xr),xr
        mov cswno,wc
                                                        reset constant flag
                                                        jump if not predicate value
        ble xr,=c$pr$,cgv02
                                                        else force non-constant case
        mnz wc
            here with wc set appropriately
cgv02
        bsw xr,c$$nv
                                                        switch to appropriate generator
                                                        array reference
        iff
            c$arr,cgv03
             c$fnc,cgv05
                                                        function call
        iff
             c$def,cgv14
                                                        deferred expression
        iff
            c$sel,cgv15
                                                        selection
        iff
                                                        indirect reference
             c$ind,cgv31
        iff
             c$key,cgv27
                                                        keyword reference
        iff
             c$ubo,cgv29
                                                        undefined binop
        iff
             c$uuo,cgv30
                                                        undefined unop
        iff
             c$bvl,cgv18
                                                        binops with val opds
        iff
             c$alt,cgv18
                                                        alternation
        iff
                                                        unops with valu opnd
             c$uvl,cgv19
        iff
             c$ass,cgv21
                                                        assignment
        iff
             c$cnc,cgv24
                                                        concatenation
        iff
             c$cnp,cgv24
                                                        concatenation (not pattern match)
        iff
             c$unm,cgv27
                                                        unops with name opnd
        iff
             c$bvn,cgv26
                                                        binary $ and .
        iff
             c$int,cgv31
                                                        interrogation
        iff
             c$neg,cgv28
                                                        negation
        iff
             c$pmt,cgv18
                                                        pattern match
        esw
                                                        end switch on cmblk type
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
           here to generate code for array reference
        mov *cmopn,wb
                                                       set offset to array operand
cgv03
            loop to generate code for array operand and subscripts
cgv04
        jsr cmgen
                                                       gen value code for next operand
        mov cmlen(xl),wc
                                                       load cmblk length
        blt wb,wc,cgv04
                                                       loop back if more to go
            generate call to appropriate array reference routine
        mov =oaov$, wa
                                                       set one subscript call in case
        beq wc,*cmar1,cgv32
                                                       jump to exit if 1-sub case
        mov = oamv\$, wa
                                                       else set call for multi-subscripts
        jsr cdwrd
                                                       generate call
        mov wc,wa
                                                       copy length of cmblk
                                                       subtract standard length
        sub *cmvls,wa
                                                       get number of words
        btw wa
        brn cgv32
                                                       jump to generate subscript count
           here to generate code for function call
        mov *cmvls,wb
                                                       set offset to first argument
cgv05
            loop to generate code for arguments
        beq wb,cmlen(xl),cgv07
cgv06
                                                       jump if all generated
        jsr cmgen
                                                       else gen value code for next arg
        brn cgv06
                                                       back to generate next argument
           here to generate actual function call
        sub *cmvls,wb
                                                       get number of arg ptrs (bytes)
cgv07
                                                       convert bytes to words
        btw wb
                                                       load function vrblk pointer
        mov cmopn(x1),xr
                                                       jump if not system function
        bnz vrlen(xr),cgv12
        mov vrsvp(xr),xl
                                                       load svblk ptr if system var
                                                       load bit mask
        mov svbit(xl),wa
        anb btffc,wa
                                                       test for fast function call allowed
        zrb wa,cgv12
                                                       jump if not
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
           here if fast function call is allowed
        mov svbit(xl),wa
                                                       reload bit indicators
        anb btpre,wa
                                                       test for preevaluation ok
        nzb wa,cgv08
                                                       jump if preevaluation permitted
        mnz wc
                                                       else set result non-constant
           test for correct number of args for fast call
        mov vrfnc(xr),xl
                                                       load ptr to svfnc field
cgv08
        mov fargs(xl),wa
                                                       load synar field value
        beq wa, wb, cgv11
                                                       jump if argument count is correct
        bhi wa,wb,cgv09
                                                       jump if too few arguments given
           here if too many arguments, prepare to generate o$pops
        sub wa,wb
                                                       get number of extra args
        lct wb,wb
                                                       set as count to control loop
        mov =opop$, wa
                                                       set pop call
        brn cgv10
                                                       jump to common loop
           here if too few arguments, prepare to generate nulls
        sub wb, wa
                                                       get number of missing arguments
cgv09
                                                       load as count to control loop
        lct wb, wa
        mov =nulls,wa
                                                       load ptr to null constant
            loop to generate calls to fix argument count
cgv10
       jsr cdwrd
                                                       generate one call
        bct wb,cgv10
                                                       loop till all generated
           here after adjusting arg count as required
       mov xl,wa
                                                       copy pointer to svfnc field
cgv11
        brn cgv36
                                                       jump to generate call
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
            come here if fast call is not permitted
        mov =ofns$, wa
                                                        set one arg call in case
cgv12
        beq wb,=num01,cgv13
                                                        jump if one arg case
        mov =ofnc$,wa
                                                        else load call for more than 1 arg
        jsr cdwrd
                                                        generate it
        mov wb, wa
                                                        copy argument count
            one arg case merges here
                                                        generate =o$fns or arg count
        jsr cdwrd
cgv13
                                                        copy vrblk pointer
        mov xr, wa
        brn cgv32
                                                        jump to generate vrblk ptr
            here for deferred expression
        mov cmrop(xl),xl
                                                        point to expression tree
cgv14
if.cevb
                                                        return value
        zer wa
fi
                                                        build exblk or seblk
        jsr cdgex
                                                        copy block ptr
        mov xr, wa
        jsr cdwrd
                                                        generate ptr to exblk or seblk
        brn cgv34
                                                        jump to exit, constant test
            here to generate code for selection
        zer -(xs)
                                                        zero ptr to chain of forward jumps
cgv15
                                                        zero ptr to prev o$slc forward ptr
        zer -(xs)
        mov *cmvls,wb
                                                        point to first alternative
        mov =osla$, wa
                                                        set initial code word
            0(xs)
                                    is the offset to the previous word
                                    which requires filling in with an
                                    offset to the following o$slc,o$sld
            1(xs)
                                    is the head of a chain of offset
                                    pointers indicating those locations
                                    to be filled with offsets past
                                    the end of all the alternatives
                                                        generate o$slc (o$sla first time)
cgv16
        jsr cdwrd
                                                        set current loc as ptr to fill in
        mov cwcof, (xs)
            cdwrd
                                                        generate garbage word there for now
        jsr
        jsr
            cmgen
                                                        gen value code for alternative
        {f mov} =oslb$,wa
                                                        load o$slb pointer
                                                        generate o$slb call
        jsr cdwrd
```

mov num01(xs),wa
mov cwcof,num01(xs)
jsr cdwrd

load old chain ptr set current loc as new chain head generate forward chain link

```
cdgvl (continued)
            now to fill in the skip offset to o$slc,o$sld
        mov (xs),xr
                                                        load offset to word to plug
        add r$ccb,xr
                                                        point to actual location to plug
        mov cwcof,(xr)
                                                        plug proper offset in
        {f mov} =oslc$,wa
                                                        load o$slc ptr for next alternative
                                                        copy offset (destroy garbage xr)
        mov wb,xr
                                                        bump extra time for test
        ica xr
        blt xr,cmlen(xl),cgv16
                                                        loop back if not last alternative
            here to generate code for last alternative
        mov =osld$,wa
                                                        get header call
                                                        generate o$sld call
        isr cdwrd
                                                        generate code for last alternative
        jsr
            cmgen
        ica xs
                                                        pop offset ptr
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        load chain ptr
            loop to plug offsets past structure
cgv17
        add r$ccb,xr
                                                        make next ptr absolute
        mov (xr), wa
                                                        load forward ptr
        mov cwcof,(xr)
                                                        plug required offset
        mov wa,xr
                                                        copy forward ptr
                                                        loop back if more to go
        bnz wa,cgv17
        brn cgv33
                                                        else jump to exit (not constant)
            here for binary ops with value operands
cgv18
        mov cmlop(x1),xr
                                                        load left operand pointer
        jsr cdgvl
                                                        gen value code for left operand
            here for unary ops with value operand (binops merge)
cgv19
        mov cmrop(x1),xr
                                                        load right (only) operand ptr
                                                        gen code by value
        jsr cdgvl
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
           merge here to generate operator call from cmopn field
        mov cmopn(x1),wa
                                                       load operator call pointer
cgv20
        brn cgv36
                                                       jump to generate it with cons test
           here for assignment
cgv21
       mov cmlop(xl),xr
                                                       load left operand pointer
        blo (xr),=b$vr$,cgv22
                                                       jump if not variable
           here for assignment to simple variable
        mov cmrop(xl),xr
                                                       load right operand ptr
        jsr cdgvl
                                                       generate code by value
        mov cmlop(xl),wa
                                                       reload left operand vrblk ptr
        add *vrsto,wa
                                                       point to vrsto field
        brn cgv32
                                                       jump to generate store ptr
           here if not simple variable assignment
cgv22
       jsr expap
                                                       test for pattern match on left side
                                                       jump if not pattern match
        ppm cgv23
           here for pattern replacement
        mov cmrop(xr),cmlop(xl)
                                                       save pattern ptr in safe place
        mov cmlop(xr),xr
                                                       load subject ptr
                                                       gen code by name for subject
        jsr cdgnm
        mov cmlop(xl),xr
                                                       load pattern ptr
        jsr cdgvl
                                                       gen code by value for pattern
        mov =opmn$,wa
                                                       load match by name call
                                                       generate it
        jsr cdwrd
                                                       load replacement value ptr
        mov cmrop(x1),xr
                                                       gen code by value
        jsr cdgvl
        mov =orpl$,wa
                                                       load replace call
        brn cgv32
                                                       jump to gen and exit (not constant)
           here for assignment to complex variable
                                                       inhibit pre-evaluation
cgv23
       mnz wc
        jsr cdgnm
                                                       gen code by name for left side
        brn cgv31
                                                       merge with unop circuit
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
           here for concatenation
       mov cmlop(x1),xr
                                                       load left operand ptr
cgv24
        bne (xr),=b$cmt,cgv18
                                                       ordinary binop if not cmblk
                                                       load cmblk type code
        mov cmtyp(xr),wb
        beq wb,=c$int,cgv25
                                                       special case if interrogation
        beq wb,=c$neg,cgv25
                                                       or negation
        bne wb,=c$fnc,cgv18
                                                       else ordinary binop if not function
        mov cmopn(xr),xr
                                                       else load function vrblk ptr
        bnz vrlen(xr),cgv18
                                                       ordinary binop if not system var
                                                       else point to svblk
        mov vrsvp(xr),xr
                                                       load bit indicators
        mov svbit(xr),wa
        anb btprd,wa
                                                       test for predicate function
                                                       ordinary binop if not
        zrb wa,cgv18
           here if left arg of concatenation is predicate function
       mov cmlop(x1),xr
                                                       reload left arg
cgv25
        jsr cdgvl
                                                       gen code by value
        mov =opop$,wa
                                                       load pop call
        jsr cdwrd
                                                       generate it
        mov cmrop(x1),xr
                                                       load right operand
                                                       gen code by value as result code
        jsr cdgvl
        brn cgv33
                                                       exit (not constant)
           here to generate code for pattern, immediate assignment
cgv26
       mov cmlop(x1),xr
                                                       load left operand
        jsr cdgvl
                                                       gen code by value, merge
           here for unops with arg by name (binary $ . merge)
cgv27
       mov cmrop(xl),xr
                                                       load right operand ptr
                                                       gen code by name for right arg
        jsr cdgnm
        mov cmopn(x1),xr
                                                       get operator code word
        bne (xr),=o$kwv,cgv20
                                                       gen call unless keyword value
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
           here for keyword by value. this is constant only if
            the operand is one of the special system variables with
            the svckw bit set to indicate a constant keyword value.
           note that the only constant operand by name is a variable
        bnz wc,cgv20
                                                       gen call if non-constant (not var)
                                                       else set non-constant in case
        mnz wc
        mov cmrop(xl),xr
                                                       load ptr to operand vrblk
        bnz vrlen(xr),cgv20
                                                       gen (non-constant) if not sys var
                                                       else load ptr to svblk
        mov vrsvp(xr),xr
                                                       load bit mask
        mov svbit(xr), wa
                                                       test for constant keyword
        anb btckw,wa
        zrb wa,cgv20
                                                       go gen if not constant
                                                       else set result constant
        zer wc
                                                       and jump back to generate call
        brn cgv20
           here to generate code for negation
cgv28
       mov =onta$,wa
                                                       get initial word
        jsr cdwrd
                                                       generate it
        mov cwcof,wb
                                                       save next offset
                                                       generate gunk word for now
        jsr cdwrd
                                                       load right operand ptr
        mov cmrop(x1),xr
        jsr cdgvl
                                                       gen code by value
        mov =ontb$, wa
                                                       load end of evaluation call
        jsr cdwrd
                                                       generate it
        mov wb,xr
                                                       copy offset to word to plug
                                                       point to actual word to plug
        add r$ccb,xr
        mov cwcof,(xr)
                                                       plug word with current offset
                                                       load final call
        mov =ontc$, wa
        brn cgv32
                                                       jump to generate it (not constant)
           here to generate code for undefined binary operator
cgv29
       mov cmlop(xl),xr
                                                       load left operand ptr
        jsr cdgvl
                                                       generate code by value
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
           here to generate code for undefined unary operator
cgv30
        mov =c$uo$,wb
                                                       set unop code + 1
        sub cmtyp(x1),wb
                                                       set number of args (1 or 2)
           merge here for undefined operators
        mov cmrop(xl),xr
                                                       load right (only) operand pointer
        jsr cdgvl
                                                       gen value code for right operand
        mov cmopn(x1),xr
                                                       load pointer to operator dv
        mov dvopn(xr),xr
                                                       load pointer offset
        wtb xr
                                                       convert word offset to bytes
        add =r$uba,xr
                                                       point to proper function ptr
        sub *vrfnc,xr
                                                       set standard function offset
                                                       merge with function call circuit
        brn cgv12
           here to generate code for interrogation, indirection
cgv31
        mnz wc
                                                       set non constant
        brn cgv19
                                                       merge
            here to exit generating a word, result not constant
cgv32
       jsr
            cdwrd
                                                       generate word, merge
           here to exit with no word generated, not constant
cgv33
        mnz wc
                                                       indicate result is not constant
            common exit point
cgv34
       ica xs
                                                       pop initial code offset
        mov (xs)+,wa
                                                       restore old constant flag
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                       restore entry xl
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                       restore entry wb
        bnz wc,cgv35
                                                       jump if not constant
        mov wa,wc
                                                       else restore entry constant flag
           here to return after dealing with wc setting
cgv35
        exi
                                                       return to cdgvl caller
            exit here to generate word and test for constant
       jsr cdwrd
                                                       generate word
cgv36
        bnz wc,cgv34
                                                       jump to exit if not constant
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
           here to preevaluate constant sub-expression
        mov =orvl$,wa
                                                       load call to return value
        jsr cdwrd
                                                       generate it
        mov (xs),xl
                                                       load initial code offset
        jsr exbld
                                                       build exblk for expression
        zer wb
                                                       set to evaluate by value
        jsr evalx
                                                       evaluate expression
                                                       should not fail
        ppm
        mov (xr),wa
                                                       load type word of result
        blo wa,=p$aaa,cgv37
                                                       jump if not pattern
        mov =olpt$,wa
                                                       else load special pattern load call
        jsr cdwrd
                                                       generate it
           merge here to generate pointer to resulting constant
cgv37
        mov xr,wa
                                                       copy constant pointer
        jsr cdwrd
                                                       generate ptr
        zer wc
                                                       set result constant
                                                       jump back to exit
        brn cgv34
        enp
                                                       end procedure cdgvl
```

```
cdwrd -- generate one word of code
            cdwrd writes one word into the current code block under
            construction. a new, larger, block is allocated if there
            is insufficient room in the current block. cdwrd ensures
if.csln
            that there are at least four words left in the block
else
            that there are at least three words left in the block
fi
            after entering the new word. this guarantees that any
            extra space at the end can be split off as a ccblk.
            (wa)
                                   word to be generated
            jsr cdwrd
                                   call to generate word
       prc e,0
                                                      entry point
cdwrd
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                      save entry xr
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                      save code word to be generated
           merge back here after allocating larger block
cdwd1
       mov r$ccb,xr
                                                      load ptr to ccblk being built
        bnz xr,cdwd2
                                                      jump if block allocated
           here we allocate an entirely fresh block
        mov *e$cbs,wa
                                                      load initial length
                                                      allocate ccblk
        jsr alloc
        mov =b$cct,(xr)
                                                      store type word
        mov *cccod,cwcof
                                                      set initial offset
                                                      store block length
        mov wa,cclen(xr)
if.csln
                                                      zero line number
        zer ccsln(xr)
fi
        mov xr,r$ccb
                                                      store ptr to new block
           here we have a block we can use
                                                      load current offset
cdwd2
        mov cwcof, wa
if .csln
        add *num05,wa
                                                      adjust for test (five words)
else
                                                      adjust for test (four words)
        add *num04,wa
fi
        blo wa,cclen(xr),cdwd4
                                                      jump if room in this block
```

* here if no room in current block

*

bge wa,mxlen,cdwd5
add *e\$cbs,wa
mov xl,-(xs)
mov xr,xl
blt wa,mxlen,cdwd3
mov mxlen,wa

jump if already at max size else get new size save entry xl copy pointer jump if not too large else reset to max allowed size

```
cdwrd (continued)
            here with new block size in wa
cdwd3
       jsr alloc
                                                        allocate new block
        mov xr,r$ccb
                                                        store pointer to new block
        mov = b\$cct, (xr) +
                                                        store type word in new block
        mov wa,(xr)+
                                                        store block length
if.csln
        mov ccsln(xl),(xr)+
                                                        copy source line number word
fi
        add *ccuse,xl
                                                        point to ccuse,cccod fields in old
                                                        load ccuse value
        mov (x1), wa
                                                        copy useful words from old block
        mvw
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                        restore xl
        brn cdwd1
                                                        merge back to try again
            here with room in current block
cdwd4
        mov cwcof,wa
                                                        load current offset
                                                        get new offset
        ica wa
                                                        store new offset
        {f mov} wa,cwcof
        mov wa,ccuse(xr)
                                                        store in ccblk for gbcol
        dca wa
                                                        restore ptr to this word
        add wa,xr
                                                        point to current entry
                                                        reload word to generate
        mov (xs)+,wa
        mov wa,(xr)
                                                        store word in block
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        restore entry xr
        exi
                                                        return to caller
            here if compiled code is too long for cdblk
cdwd5
        erb 213, syntax error:
                                                        statement is too complicated.
                                                        end procedure cdwrd
        enp
```

```
cmgen -- generate code for cmblk ptr
           cmgen is a subsidiary procedure used to generate value
           code for a cmblk ptr from the main code generators.
           (x1)
                                   cmblk pointer
           (wb)
                                   offset to pointer in cmblk
           jsr cmgen
                                   call to generate code
                                   destroyed
           (xr,wa)
           (wb)
                                   bumped by one word
       prc r,0
                                                     entry point, recursive
cmgen
       mov xl,xr
                                                     copy cmblk pointer
       add wb,xr
                                                     point to cmblk pointer
       mov (xr),xr
                                                     load cmblk pointer
       jsr cdgvl
                                                     generate code by value
       ica wb
                                                     bump offset
                                                     return to caller
       exi
       enp
                                                     end procedure cmgen
```

k

cmpil (compile source code)

cmpil is used to convert snobol4 source code to internal form (see cdblk format). it is used both for the initial compile and at run time by the code and convert functions this procedure has control for the entire duration of initial compilation. an error in any procedure called during compilation will lead first to the error section and ultimately back here for resumed compilation. the re-entry points after an error are specially labelled -

*

cmpceresume after control card errorcmpleresume after label errorcmpseresume after statement error

k

jsr cmpil call to compile code

(xr) ptr to cdblk for entry statement

(xl,wa,wb,wc,ra) destroyed

the following global variables are referenced

cmpln line number of first line of

statement to be compiled

cmpsn number of next statement

to be compiled.

*

cswxx control card switch values are changed when relevant control

cards are met.

cwcof offset to next word in code block

being built (see cdwrd).

lstsn number of statement most recently

compiled (initially set to zero).

r\$cim current (initial) compiler image

(zero for initial compile call)

r\$cni used to point to following image.

(see readr procedure).

scngo

goto switch for scane procedure

scnil length of current image excluding

characters removed by -input.

scnpt current scan offset, see scane.

scnrs rescan switch for scane procedure.

*

* scnse offset (in r\$cim) of most recently
* scanned element. set zero if not
currently scanning items

cmpil (continued) stgic initial compile in progress stage stgxc code/convert compile stgev building exblk for eval stgxt execute time (outside compile) stgce initial compile after end line stgxe execute compile after end line cmpil also uses a fixed number of locations on the main stack as follows. (the definitions of the actual offsets are in the definitions section). cmstm(xs) pointer to expan tree for body of statement (see expan procedure). cmsgo(xs) pointer to tree representation of success goto (see procedure scngo) zero if no success goto is given cmfgo(xs) like cmsgo for failure goto. cmcgo(xs) set non-zero only if there is a conditional goto. used for -fail, -nofail code generation. cmpcd(xs) pointer to cdblk for previous statement. zero for 1st statement. cmffp(xs) set non-zero if cdfal in previous cdblk needs filling with forward pointer, else set to zero. cmffc(xs) same as cmffp for current cdblk cmsop(xs) offset to word in previous cdblk to be filled in with forward ptr

cmsoc(xs) same as cmsop for current cdblk.

cmlbl(xs)

pointer to vrblk for label of current statement. zero if no label

to next cdblk for success goto. zero if no fill in is required.

cmtra(xs)

pointer to cdblk for entry stmnt.

```
cmpil (continued)
            entry point
cmpil
        prc e,0
                                                          entry point
        \mathbf{lct}
             wb,=cmnen
                                                          set number of stack work locations
            loop to initialize stack working locations
cmp00
        zer -(xs)
                                                          store a zero, make one entry
        bct wb,cmp00
                                                          loop back until all set
        mov xs, cmpxs
                                                          save stack pointer for error sec
                                                          save s-r stack pointer if any
            cmpss
            loop through statements
                                                          set scan pointer offset
cmp01
        mov scnpt, wb
        mov wb, scnse
                                                          set start of element location
        mov =ocer$, wa
                                                          point to compile error call
                                                          generate as temporary cdfal
            cdwrd
        blt wb,scnil,cmp04
                                                          jump if chars left on this image
            loop here after comment or control card
            also special entry after control card error
        zer xr
                                                          clear possible garbage xr value
cmpce
if .cinc
                                                          if within include file
        bnz cnind, cmpc2
fi
        \mathbf{bne} \ \mathtt{stage}, \mathtt{=stgic}, \mathtt{cmp02}
                                                          skip unless initial compile
                                                          read next input image
cmpc2
        jsr readr
        bze xr,cmp09
                                                          jump if no input available
        jsr nexts
                                                          acquire next source image
        mov cmpsn,lstsn
                                                          store stmt no for use by listr
                                                          store line number at start of stmt
        mov rdcln,cmpln
                                                          reset scan pointer
        zer scnpt
        brn cmp04
                                                          go process image
            for execute time compile, permit embedded control cards
            and comments (by skipping to next semi-colon)
        mov r$cim,xr
                                                          get current image
cmp02
        mov scnpt,wb
                                                          get current offset
        plc xr,wb
                                                          prepare to get chars
            skip to semi-colon
                                                          end loop if end of image
cmp03
        bge scnpt, scnil, cmp09
```

lch wc,(xr)+
icv scnpt

bne wc,=ch\$sm,cmp03

get char advance offset loop if not semi-colon

```
cmpil (continued)
            here with image available to scan. note that if the input
            string is null, then everything is ok since null is
            actually assembled as a word of blanks.
cmp04
        mov r$cim,xr
                                                        point to current image
        mov scnpt, wb
                                                        load current offset
        mov wb, wa
                                                        copy for label scan
        plc xr,wb
                                                        point to first character
        lch wc,(xr)+
                                                        load first character
        beq wc,=ch$sm,cmp12
                                                        no label if semicolon
        beq wc,=ch$as,cmpce
                                                        loop back if comment card
        beq wc,=ch$mn,cmp32
                                                        jump if control card
        mov r$cim,r$cmp
                                                        about to destroy r$cim
        mov =cmlab,xl
                                                        point to label work string
        mov xl,r$cim
                                                        scane is to scan work string
        psc xl
                                                        point to first character position
        sch wc,(x1)+
                                                        store char just loaded
        mov =ch$sm,wc
                                                        get a semicolon
        sch wc,(x1)
                                                        store after first char
        csc xl
                                                        finished character storing
        zer xl
                                                        clear pointer
        zer scnpt
                                                        start at first character
        mov scnil, -(xs)
                                                        preserve image length
        mov =num02,scnil
                                                        read 2 chars at most
        isr scane
                                                        scan first char for type
        mov (xs)+,scnil
                                                        restore image length
        mov xl,wc
                                                        note return code
                                                        get old r$cim
        mov r$cmp,xl
                                                        put it back
        mov xl,r$cim
                                                        reinstate offset
        mov wb, scnpt
                                                        blank seen - cant be label
        bnz scnbl,cmp12
        mov xl,xr
                                                        point to current image
        plc xr,wb
                                                        point to first char again
        beq wc,=t$var,cmp06
                                                        ok if letter
        beq wc,=t$con,cmp06
                                                        ok if digit
            drop in or jump from error section if scane failed
cmple
        mov r$cmp,r$cim
                                                        point to bad line
        erb 214, bad label or
                                                        misplaced continuation line
            loop to scan label
cmp05
        beq wc,=ch$sm,cmp07
                                                        skip if semicolon
        icv wa
                                                        bump offset
        beq wa,scnil,cmp07
                                                        jump if end of image (label end)
```

```
cmpil (continued)
            enter loop at this point
        lch wc,(xr)+
                                                        else load next character
cmp06
if .caht
        beq wc,=ch$ht,cmp07
                                                        jump if horizontal tab
fi
if.\mathbf{cavt}
        beq wc,=ch$vt,cmp07
                                                        jump if vertical tab
fi
        bne wc,=ch$bl,cmp05
                                                        loop back if non-blank
            here after scanning out label
        mov wa, scnpt
                                                        save updated scan offset
cmp07
                                                        get length of label
        sub wb, wa
                                                        skip if label length zero
        bze wa, cmp12
        zer xr
                                                        clear garbage xr value
        jsr
            sbstr
                                                        build scblk for label name
                                                        locate/contruct vrblk
        jsr
             gtnvr
                                                        dummy (impossible) error return
        ppm
                                                        store label pointer
        mov xr,cmlbl(xs)
        bnz vrlen(xr),cmp11
                                                        jump if not system label
        bne vrsvp(xr),=v$end,cmp11
                                                        jump if not end label
            here for end label scanned out
        add =stgnd,stage
                                                        adjust stage appropriately
        jsr scane
                                                        scan out next element
        beq x1,=t$smc,cmp10
                                                        jump if end of image
                                                        else error if not variable
        bne x1,=t$var,cmp08
            here check for valid initial transfer
        beq vrlbl(xr),=stndl,cmp08
                                                        jump if not defined (error)
        mov vrlbl(xr),cmtra(xs)
                                                        else set initial entry pointer
        jsr scane
                                                        scan next element
        beq x1,=t$smc,cmp10
                                                        jump if ok (end of image)
            here for bad transfer label
cmp08
        erb 215, syntax error:
                                                        undefined or erroneous entry label
            here for end of input (no end label detected)
                                                        clear garbage xr value
cmp09
        zer xr
```

```
add =stgnd,stage adjust stage appropriately beq stage,=stgxe,cmp10 jump if code call (ok) erb 216,syntax error: missing end line

* here after processing end line (merge here on end error)

cmp10 mov =ostp$,wa set stop call pointer generate as statement call brn cmpse jump to generate as failure
```

```
cmpil (continued)
            here after processing label other than end
        bne stage,=stgic,cmp12
                                                         iump if code call - redef. ok
cmp11
        beq vrlbl(xr),=stndl,cmp12
                                                         else check for redefinition
                                                         leave first label decln undisturbed
        zer cmlbl(xs)
        erb 217, syntax error:
                                                         duplicate label
            here after dealing with label
            null statements and statements just containing a
            constant subject are optimized out by resetting the
            current ccblk to empty.
cmp12
        zer wb
                                                         set flag for statement body
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                         get tree for statement body
             expan
        mov xr,cmstm(xs)
                                                         store for later use
        zer cmsgo(xs)
                                                         clear success goto pointer
        zer cmfgo(xs)
                                                         clear failure goto pointer
        zer cmcgo(xs)
                                                         clear conditional goto flag
        jsr scane
                                                         scan next element
        beq x1,=t$col,cmp13
                                                         jump if colon (goto)
        bnz cswno,cmp18
                                                         jump if not optimizing
        bnz cmlbl(xs),cmp18
                                                         jump if label present
        mov cmstm(xs),xr
                                                         load tree ptr for statement body
        mov (xr), wa
                                                         load type word
        beq wa,=b$cmt,cmp18
                                                         jump if cmblk
        bge wa,=b$vra,cmp18
                                                         jump if not icblk, scblk, or rcblk
                                                         load ptr to ccblk
        mov r$ccb,xl
        mov *cccod,ccuse(x1)
                                                         reset use offset in ccblk
        mov *cccod,cwcof
                                                         and in global
                                                         bump statement number
        icv cmpsn
                                                         generate no code for statement
        brn cmp01
            loop to process goto fields
                                                         set goto flag
cmp13
        mnz scngo
                                                         scan next element
        isr scane
        beq x1,=t$smc,cmp31
                                                         jump if no fields left
        beq xl,=t$sgo,cmp14
                                                         jump if s for success goto
        beq x1,=t$fgo,cmp16
                                                         jump if f for failure goto
            here for unconditional goto (i.e. not f or s)
                                                         set to rescan element not f,s
        mnz scnrs
                                                         scan out goto field
        jsr scngf
        bnz cmfgo(xs),cmp17
                                                         error if fgoto already
        mov xr,cmfgo(xs)
                                                         else set as fgoto
        brn cmp15
                                                         merge with sgoto circuit
```

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```
here for success goto
cmp14
       jsr scngf
                                                       scan success goto field
        mov =num01,cmcgo(xs)
                                                       set conditional goto flag
            uncontional goto merges here
cmp15
        bnz cmsgo(xs),cmp17
                                                       error if sgoto already given
        mov xr,cmsgo(xs)
                                                       else set sgoto
                                                       loop back for next goto field
        brn cmp13
            here for failure goto
cmp16
        jsr scngf
                                                       scan goto field
        mov =num01,cmcgo(xs)
                                                       set conditonal goto flag
                                                       error if fgoto already given
        bnz cmfgo(xs),cmp17
        mov xr,cmfgo(xs)
                                                        else store fgoto pointer
                                                       loop back for next field
        brn cmp13
```

```
cmpil (continued)
            here for duplicated goto field
        erb 218, syntax error:
                                                          duplicated goto field
cmp17
            here to generate code
cmp18
                                                          stop positional error flags
        zer scnse
        mov cmstm(xs),xr
                                                          load tree ptr for statement body
        zer
             wb
                                                          collectable value for wb for cdgvl
        \mathbf{zer}
             WC
                                                          reset constant flag for cdgvl
        jsr
             expap
                                                          test for pattern match
        ppm cmp19
                                                          jump if not pattern match
        mov =opms$,cmopn(xr)
                                                          else set pattern match pointer
        mov =opms$,cmopn(xr)
                                                          else set pattern match pointer
            here after dealing with special pattern match case
cmp19
        jsr cdgvl
                                                          generate code for body of statement
        mov cmsgo(xs),xr
                                                          load sgoto pointer
        mov xr,wa
                                                          copy it
        bze xr,cmp21
                                                          jump if no success goto
                                                          clear success offset fillin ptr
        zer cmsoc(xs)
                                                          jump if complex goto
        bhi xr,state,cmp20
            here for simple success goto (label)
        add *vrtra,wa
                                                          point to vrtra field as required
        jsr cdwrd
                                                          generate success goto
        brn cmp22
                                                          jump to deal with fgoto
            here for complex success goto
cmp20
        beq xr,cmfgo(xs),cmp22
                                                          no code if same as fgoto
        zer wb
                                                          else set ok value for cdgvl in wb
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                          generate code for success goto
             cdgcg
        brn cmp22
                                                          jump to deal with fgoto
            here for no success goto
                                                          set success fill in offset
cmp21
        mov cwcof,cmsoc(xs)
        mov =ocer$, wa
                                                          point to compile error call
        jsr cdwrd
                                                          generate as temporary value
```

```
cmpil (continued)
            here to deal with failure goto
cmp22
        mov cmfgo(xs),xr
                                                         load failure goto pointer
        mov xr, wa
                                                         copy it
        zer cmffc(xs)
                                                         set no fill in required yet
        bze xr,cmp23
                                                         jump if no failure goto given
        add *vrtra,wa
                                                         point to vrtra field in case
        blo xr, state, cmpse
                                                         jump to gen if simple fgoto
            here for complex failure goto
        {f mov} cwcof,wb
                                                         save offset to o$gof call
        mov =ogof$,wa
                                                         point to failure goto call
        jsr cdwrd
                                                         generate
                                                         point to fail in fail word
        mov =ofif$,wa
        jsr cdwrd
                                                         generate
                                                         generate code for failure goto
        jsr cdgcg
                                                         copy offset to o$gof for cdfal
        {f mov} wb,wa
        mov =b$cdc,wb
                                                         set complex case cdtyp
        brn cmp25
                                                         jump to build cdblk
            here if no failure goto given
cmp23
        mov =ounf$, wa
                                                         load unexpected failure call in cas
                                                         get -nofail flag
        mov cswfl,wc
        orb cmcgo(xs),wc
                                                         check if conditional goto
        zrb wc,cmpse
                                                         jump if -nofail and no cond. goto
        mnz cmffc(xs)
                                                         else set fill in flag
                                                         and set compile error for temporary
        mov =ocer$,wa
            merge here with cdfal value in wa, simple cdblk
            also special entry after statement error
        \mathbf{mov} =b$cds,wb
                                                         set cdtyp for simple case
cmpse
```

```
cmpil (continued)
            merge here to build cdblk
            (wa)
                                    cdfal value to be generated
            (wb)
                                    cdtyp value to be generated
            at this stage, we chop off an appropriate chunk of the
            current ccblk and convert it into a cdblk. the remainder
            of the ccblk is reformatted to be the new ccblk.
cmp25
        mov r$ccb,xr
                                                        point to ccblk
                                                        get possible label pointer
        mov cmlbl(xs),xl
                                                        skip if no label
        bze xl,cmp26
        zer cmlbl(xs)
                                                        clear flag for next statement
                                                        put cdblk ptr in vrblk label field
        mov xr, vrlbl(xl)
            merge after doing label
                                                        set type word for new cdblk
cmp26
        mov wb, (xr)
                                                        set failure word
        mov wa,cdfal(xr)
        mov xr,xl
                                                        copy pointer to ccblk
        mov ccuse(xr),wb
                                                        load length gen (= new cdlen)
        mov cclen(xr),wc
                                                        load total ccblk length
                                                        point past cdblk
        add wb,xl
        sub wb,wc
                                                        get length left for chop off
        mov =b$cct,(x1)
                                                        set type code for new ccblk at end
                                                        set initial code offset
        mov *cccod,ccuse(x1)
        mov *cccod,cwcof
                                                        reinitialise cwcof
        mov wc,cclen(xl)
                                                        set new length
        mov xl,r$ccb
                                                        set new ccblk pointer
if.csln
                                                        initialize new line number
        zer ccsln(x1)
                                                        set line number in old block
        mov cmpln,cdsln(xr)
fi
        mov cmpsn,cdstm(xr)
                                                        set statement number
        icv cmpsn
                                                        bump statement number
            set pointers in previous code block as required
        mov cmpcd(xs),xl
                                                        load ptr to previous cdblk
        bze cmffp(xs),cmp27
                                                        jump if no failure fill in required
        mov xr,cdfal(xl)
                                                        else set failure ptr in previous
            here to deal with success forward pointer
cmp27
        mov cmsop(xs), wa
                                                        load success offset
        bze wa, cmp28
                                                        jump if no fill in required
                                                        else point to fill in location
        add wa,xl
```

store forward pointer clear garbage xl value

mov xr,(xl) zer xl

```
cmpil (continued)
            now set fill in pointers for this statement
cmp28
        mov cmffc(xs),cmffp(xs)
                                                          copy failure fill in flag
        mov cmsoc(xs),cmsop(xs)
                                                          copy success fill in offset
        mov xr,cmpcd(xs)
                                                          save ptr to this cdblk
        bnz cmtra(xs),cmp29
                                                          jump if initial entry already set
        mov xr,cmtra(xs)
                                                          else set ptr here as default
            here after compiling one statement
cmp29
        blt stage,=stgce,cmp01
                                                          jump if not end line just done
                                                          skip if -nolist
        bze cswls,cmp30
                                                          list last line
        jsr listr
            return
cmp30
        mov cmtra(xs),xr
                                                          load initial entry cdblk pointer
        add *cmnen,xs
                                                          pop work locations off stack
                                                          and return to empil caller
        exi
            here at end of goto field
cmp31
        mov cmfgo(xs),wb
                                                          get fail goto
        orb cmsgo(xs),wb
                                                          or in success goto
        \mathbf{bnz} wb,cmp18
                                                          ok if non-null field
                                                          empty goto field
        erb 219, syntax error:
            control card found
cmp32
        icv
            wb
                                                          point past ch$mn
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             cncrd
                                                          process control card
                                                          clear start of element loc.
        zer scnse
                                                          loop for next statement
        brn cmpce
        enp
                                                          end procedure empil
```

```
cncrd -- control card processor
            called to deal with control cards
            r$cim
                                    points to current image
            (wb)
                                    offset to 1st char of control card
            jsr cncrd
                                    call to process control cards
                                    destroyed
            (xl,xr,wa,wb,wc,ia)
                                                        entry point
        prc e,0
cncrd
                                                        offset for control card scan
        mov wb,scnpt
                                                        number of chars for comparison
        mov =ccnoc, wa
        ctw wa,0
                                                        convert to word count
                                                        save word count
        mov wa, cnswc
            loop here if more than one control card
cnc01
        bge scnpt,scnil,cnc09
                                                        return if end of image
        mov r$cim,xr
                                                        point to image
                                                        char ptr for first char
        plc xr,scnpt
        lch wa,(xr)+
                                                        get first char
if .culc
        flc
                                                        fold to upper case
fi
        beq wa,=ch$li,cnc07
                                                        special case of -inxxx
                                                        set flag for scane
cnc0a
        mnz scncc
        jsr scane
                                                        scan card name
                                                        clear scane flag
        zer scncc
                                                        fail unless control card name
        bnz xl,cnc06
                                                        no. of chars to be compared
        mov =ccnoc,wa
if.cicc
        blt sclen(xr), wa, cnc08
                                                         fail if too few chars
else
                                                         fail if too few chars
        blt sclen(xr), wa, cnc06
fi
        mov xr,xl
                                                        point to control card name
                                                        zero offset for substring
        zer wb
                                                        extract substring for comparison
        jsr
             sbstr
if .culc
                                                        reload length
        mov sclen(xr), wa
                                                        fold to upper case
        jsr flstg
fi
        mov xr, cnscc
                                                        keep control card substring ptr
                                                        point to list of standard names
        mov =ccnms,xr
                                                        initialise name offset
        zer wb
                                                        number of standard names
        lct wc,=cc$nc
            try to match name
```

*		
cnc02	mov cnscc,xl	point to name
	lct wa, cnswc	counter for inner loop
	brn cnc04	jump into loop
*		
*	inner loop to match card name chars	
*	1	
cnc03	ica xr	bump standard names ptr
	ica xl	bump name pointer
*		
*	here to initiate the loop	
*	•	
cnc04	<pre>cne schar(x1),(xr),cnc05</pre>	comp. up to cfp\$c chars at once
	bct wa,cnc03	loop if more words to compare

```
cncrd (continued)
             matched - branch on card offset
                                                             get name offset
         {f mov} wb,xl
if.\mathbf{cicc}
         bsw xl,cc$nc,cnc08
                                                             switch
else
                                                             switch
         bsw xl,cc$nc,cnc06
fi
if.\mathbf{culc}
         iff
              cc$ca,cnc37
                                                             -case
fi
if.\mathbf{ccmc}
         iff
               cc$co,cnc39
                                                             -compare
fi
         iff
               cc$do,cnc10
                                                             -double
         iff
               cc$du,cnc11
                                                             -dump
if.cinc
         iff
               cc$cp,cnc41
                                                             -copy
fi
         iff
               cc$ej,cnc12
                                                             -eject
         iff
               cc$er,cnc13
                                                             -errors
         iff
               cc$ex,cnc14
                                                             -execute
         iff
               cc$fa,cnc15
                                                             -fail
if.\mathbf{cinc}
         iff
                                                             -include
               cc$in,cnc41
fi
if.csln
         iff
                                                             -line
               cc$ln,cnc44
fi
         iff
               cc$li,cnc16
                                                             -list
         iff
               cc$nr,cnc17
                                                             -noerrors
         iff
               cc$nx,cnc18
                                                             -noexecute
         iff
               cc$nf,cnc19
                                                             -nofail
         iff
               cc$nl,cnc20
                                                             -nolist
         iff
               cc$no,cnc21
                                                             -noopt
         iff
               cc$np,cnc22
                                                             -noprint
         iff
              cc$op,cnc24
                                                             -optimise
         iff
               cc$pr,cnc25
                                                             -print
         iff
              cc$si,cnc27
                                                             -single
         iff
              cc$sp,cnc28
                                                             -space
         iff
               cc$st,cnc31
                                                             -stitle
         iff
               cc$ti,cnc32
                                                             -title
         iff
               cc$tr,cnc36
                                                             -trace
```

```
end switch
        esw
            not matched yet. align std names ptr and try again
cnc05
        ica xr
                                                           bump standard names ptr
        bct wa, cnc05
                                                           loop
        icv wb
                                                           bump names offset
                                                           continue if more names
        bct wc,cnc02
if.cicc
        brn cnc08
                                                           ignore unrecognized control card
fi
             invalid control card name
cnc06
        erb 247, invalid control
                                                           statement
             special processing for -inxxx
cnc07
        lch wa,(xr)+
                                                           get next char
if.\mathbf{culc}
        \mathbf{flc}
              wa
                                                           fold to upper case
fi
        bne wa,=ch$ln,cnc0a
                                                           if not letter n
                                                           get third char
        lch wa, (xr)
        blt wa,=ch$d0,cnc0a
                                                           if not digit
        \mathbf{bgt} wa,=ch$d9,cnc0a
                                                           if not digit
        add =num02,scnpt
                                                           bump offset past -in
        jsr scane
                                                           scan integer after -in
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                           stack scanned item
                                                           check if integer
        jsr gtsmi
        ppm cnc06
                                                           fail if not integer
        ppm cnc06
                                                           fail if negative or large
        {\operatorname{mov}} xr,cswin
                                                           keep integer
```

```
cncrd (continued)
            check for more control cards before returning
        mov scnpt, wa
                                                           preserve in case xeq time compile
cnc08
        jsr scane
                                                           look for comma
        beq x1,=t$cma,cnc01
                                                           loop if comma found
        mov wa, scnpt
                                                           restore scnpt in case xeq time
            return point
cnc09
        exi
                                                           return
             -double
cnc10
        mnz cswdb
                                                           set switch
        {\bf brn} cnc08
                                                           merge
             -dump
            this is used for system debugging . it has the effect of % \left( 1\right) =\left( 1\right) \left( 1\right) 
            producing a core dump at compilation time
                                                           call dumper
cnc11
        jsr sysdm
        {\bf brn} cnc09
                                                           finished
            -eject
                                                           return if -nolist
cnc12
        bze cswls,cnc09
                                                           eject
        jsr prtps
                                                           list title
        jsr listt
                                                           finished
        brn cnc09
             -errors
cnc13
        zer cswer
                                                           clear switch
        brn cnc08
                                                           merge
             -execute
cnc14
        zer cswex
                                                           clear switch
        brn cnc08
                                                           merge
            -fail
cnc15
        mnz cswfl
                                                           set switch
        brn cnc08
                                                           merge
```

-list

* cnc16 mnz cswls set switch
beq stage,=stgic,cnc08 done if compile time

* list code line if execute time compile

zer lstpf permit listing
jsr listr list line
brn cnc08 merge

cncrd (continued) -noerrors mnz cswer set switch cnc17 brn cnc08 merge -noexecute cnc18 set switch mnz cswex brn cnc08 merge -nofail cnc19 zer cswfl clear switch brn cnc08 merge -nolist clear switch cnc20 zer cswls brn cnc08 merge -nooptimise cnc21 mnz cswno set switch brn cnc08 merge -noprint cnc22 zer cswpr clear switch brn cnc08 merge -optimise cnc24 zer cswno clear switch brn cnc08 merge -print cnc25 mnz cswpr set switch brn cnc08 merge

```
cncrd (continued)
            -single
                                                        clear switch
cnc27
        zer cswdb
        brn cnc08
                                                        merge
            -space
                                                        return if -nolist
cnc28
        bze cswls,cnc09
                                                        scan integer after -space
        jsr scane
        mov =num01,wc
                                                        1 space in case
        beq xr,=t$smc,cnc29
                                                        jump if no integer
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack it
                                                        check integer
        jsr gtsmi
        ppm cnc06
                                                        fail if not integer
                                                        fail if negative or large
        ppm cnc06
        bnz wc,cnc29
                                                        jump if non zero
        \mathbf{mov} =num01,wc
                                                        else 1 space
            merge with count of lines to skip
cnc29
        add wc,lstlc
                                                        bump line count
        lct wc,wc
                                                        convert to loop counter
        {f blt} lstlc,lstnp,cnc30
                                                        jump if fits on page
        jsr prtps
                                                        eject
        jsr listt
                                                        list title
        brn cnc09
                                                        merge
            skip lines
cnc30
       jsr prtnl
                                                        print a blank
        bct wc,cnc30
                                                        loop
        brn cnc09
                                                        merge
```

```
cncrd (continued)
            -stitl
                                                         ptr to r$stl
cnc31
        mov =r$stl,cnr$t
        brn cnc33
                                                         merge
            -title
cnc32
        mov =nulls,r$stl
                                                         clear subtitle
        mov =r$ttl,cnr$t
                                                         ptr to r$ttl
            common processing for -title, -stitl
cnc33
        mov =nulls,xr
                                                         null in case needed
        mnz cnttl
                                                         set flag for next listr call
        mov =ccofs,wb
                                                         offset to title/subtitle
        mov scnil, wa
                                                         input image length
        blo wa, wb, cnc34
                                                         jump if no chars left
        \operatorname{sub} wb,wa
                                                         no of chars to extract
        mov r$cim,xl
                                                         point to image
        jsr sbstr
                                                         get title/subtitle
            store title/subtitle
cnc34
        mov cnr$t,xl
                                                         point to storage location
        mov xr, (x1)
                                                         store title/subtitle
                                                         return if stitl
        beq x1,=r$st1,cnc09
        bnz precl,cnc09
                                                         return if extended listing
        bze prich, cnc09
                                                         return if regular printer
                                                         get length of title
        mov sclen(xr),xl
        mov xl,wa
                                                         copy it
                                                         jump if null
        bze x1,cnc35
        add =num10,xl
                                                         increment
        bhi xl,prlen,cnc09
                                                         use default lstp0 val if too long
        add =num04,wa
                                                         point just past title
            store offset to page nn message for short title
cnc35
        mov wa,1stpo
                                                         store offset
        brn cnc09
                                                         return
            -trace
            provided for system debugging. toggles the system label
            trace switch at compile time
cnc36
        jsr systt
                                                         toggle switch
        brn cnc08
                                                         merge
```

```
-case
            sets value of kvcas so that names are folded or not
            during compilation.
                                                          scan integer after -case
cnc37
        jsr
             scane
        zer wc
                                                          get 0 in case none there
        beq x1,=t$smc,cnc38
                                                          skip if no integer
                                                          stack it
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                          check integer
        jsr gtsmi
                                                          fail if not integer
        ppm cnc06
                                                          fail if negative or too large
        ppm cnc06
cnc38
        mov wc, kvcas
                                                          store new case value
        brn cnc09
                                                          merge
fi
if.\mathbf{ccmc}
            -compare
            sets value of kvcom so that string comparisons may
            follow collation sequence determined by the interface.
cnc39
        jsr scane
                                                          scan integer after -compare
                                                          get 0 in case none there
        zer wc
        beq x1,=t$smc,cnc40
                                                          skip if no integer
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                          stack it
        jsr gtsmi
                                                          check integer
                                                          fail if not integer
        ppm cnc06
                                                          fail if negative or too large
        ppm cnc06
cnc40
        mov wc, kvcom
                                                          store new compare value
        brn cnc09
                                                          merge
fi
if.cinc
            -include
cnc41
                                                          set flag for scane
        mnz scncc
        jsr scane
                                                          scan quoted file name
        zer scncc
                                                          clear scane flag
        bne x1,=t$con,cnc06
                                                          if not constant
                                                           if not string constant
        bne (xr),=b$scl,cnc06
        mov xr,r$ifn
                                                          save file name
        mov r$inc,xl
                                                          examine include file name table
        zer wb
                                                          lookup by value
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             tfind
                                                          do lookup
                                                          never fails
        ppm
        beq xr,=inton,cnc09
                                                          ignore if already in table
        \mathbf{mnz} wb
                                                          set for trim
        mov r$ifn,xr
                                                          file name
        jsr trimr
                                                          remove trailing blanks
```

```
include file name table
      mov r$inc,xl
                                                        lookup by name this time
      \mathbf{mnz} wb
           tfind
      jsr
                                                        do lookup
                                                        never fails
      ppm
      mov =inton, teval(x1)
                                                        make table value integer 1
                                                        increase nesting level
      icv cnind
                                                        load new nest level
      mov cnind, wa
      bgt wa,=ccinm,cnc42
                                                        fail if excessive nesting
if.csfn
          record the name and line number of the current input file
      mov r$ifa,xl
                                                        array of nested file names
      add =vcvlb,wa
                                                        compute offset in words
      wtb wa
                                                        convert to bytes
                                                        point to element
      add wa,xl
      mov r$sfc,(x1)
                                                        record current file name
      mov wa,xl
                                                        preserve nesting byte offset
      mti rdnln
                                                        fetch source line number as integer
      jsr icbld
                                                        convert to icblk
      add r$ifl,xl
                                                        entry in nested line number array
      mov xr,(x1)
                                                        record in array
fi
          here to switch to include file named in r$ifn
      mov cswin, wa
                                                        max read length
      mov r$ifn,xl
                                                        include file name
      jsr alocs
                                                        get buffer for complete file name
      jsr sysif
                                                        open include file
                                                        could not open
      ppm cnc43
if.\mathbf{csfn}
          make note of the complete file name for error messages
                                                        do not trim trailing blanks
      zer wb
      jsr trimr
                                                        adjust scblk for actual length
                                                        save ptr to file name
      mov xr,r$sfc
      mti cmpsn
                                                        current statement as integer
      isr icbld
                                                        build icblk for stmt number
                                                        file name table
      mov r$sfn,xl
      \mathbf{mnz} wb
                                                        lookup statement number by name
                                                        allocate new teblk
      \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
           tfind
                                                        always possible to allocate block
      ppm
                                                        record file name as entry value
      mov r$sfc,teval(x1)
else
                                                        release allocated scblk
      mov xr, dnamp
fi
                                                        restart line counter for new file
      zer rdnln
```

```
beq stage, = stgic, cnc09
                                                         if initial compile
        bne cnind,=num01,cnc09
                                                         if not first execute-time nesting
            here for -include during execute-time compile
        mov r$cim,r$ici
                                                         remember code argument string
        mov scnpt, cnspt
                                                         save position in string
        mov scnil, cnsil
                                                         and length of string
        brn cnc09
                                                         all done, merge
            here for excessive include file nesting
                                                         include files
cnc42
        erb 284, excessively nested
            here if include file could not be opened
cnc43
        mov xr,dnamp
                                                         release allocated scblk
        {
m erb} 285,include file
                                                         cannot be opened
fi
if.\mathbf{csln}
            -line n filename
cnc44
        jsr scane
                                                         scan integer after -line
        bne x1,=t$con,cnc06
                                                         jump if no line number
        bne (xr),=b$icl,cnc06
                                                         jump if not integer
        ldi icval(xr)
                                                         fetch integer line number
             cnc06
                                                         error if negative or zero
        ile
        beq stage, = stgic, cnc45
                                                         skip if initial compile
                                                         set directly for other compiles
        mfi cmpln
        brn cnc46
                                                         no need to set rdnln
cnc45
        sbi intv1
                                                         adjust number by one
                                                         save line number
        mfi rdnln
  if.csfn
cnc46
        mnz scncc
                                                         set flag for scane
                                                         scan quoted file name
        jsr scane
        zer scncc
                                                         clear scane flag
        beq x1,=t$smc,cnc47
                                                         done if no file name
        bne x1,=t$con,cnc06
                                                         error if not constant
        bne (xr),=b$scl,cnc06
                                                         if not string constant
        jsr newfn
                                                         record new file name
        brn cnc09
                                                         merge
            here if file name not present
cnc47
        dcv scnpt
                                                         set to rescan the terminator
        brn cnc09
                                                         merge
  else
```

cnc46 brn cnc09 merge fi fi enp end procedure cncrd

```
if .ceng
            enevs -- evaluate string expression for engine
            enevs is used by the external interface to evaluate a
            string expression, typically for an engine wishing to
            obtain the value of a variable or expression.
  if.cevb
            (wb)
                                     0 if by value, 1 if by name
  fi
            (xr)
                                     scblk for string to evaluate
            jsr
                 enevs
                                     call to convert and evaluate
            (xr)
                                     pointer to result
                                     = 0 if expression evaluation failed
                                     = 1 if conversion to expression failed
        prc r,0
                                                        entry point (recursive)
enevs
  if.cevb
        mov wb, -(xs)
                                                        save value/name flag
  fi
        jsr gtexp
                                                        convert to expression
                                                        conversion fails
        ppm enev2
  if.cevb
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                        recover value/name flag
  fi
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            evalx
                                                        evaluate expression by value
        ppm enev1
                                                        evaluation fails
                                                        evaluation fails
        exi enev1
            here if expression evaluation failed
                                                        return zero result
enev1
        zer xr
        exi xr
                                                        return zero result
            here if conversion to expression failed
  if.cevb
enev2
        ica xs
                                                        discard value/name flag
        mov = num01, xr
                                                        return integer one result
  else
enev2
        mov =num01,xr
                                                        return integer one result
  fi
                                                        return integer one result
        exi = num01, xr
        enp =num01,xr
                                                        return integer one result
```

```
engts -- get string for engine
           engts is passed an object and returns a string with
           any necessary conversions performed.
           (xr)
                                  input argument
                                  call to convert to string
           jsr engts
           (xr)
                                  pointer to resulting string
                                  =0 if conversion not possible
       prc e,0
                                                     entry point
engts
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     stack argument to convert
       jsr gtstg
                                                     convert to string
       ppm engt1
                                                     convert\ impossible
       exi engt1
                                                     convert impossible
           here if unable to convert to string
engt1
       zer xr
                                                     return zero
                                                     return zero
       exi xr
       enp xr
                                                     return zero
```

```
fi
            dffnc -- define function
            dffnc is called whenever a new function is assigned to
            a variable. it deals with external function use counts.
            (xr)
                                    pointer to vrblk
            (x1)
                                    pointer to new function block
            jsr dffnc
                                    call to define function
            (wa,wb)
                                    destroyed
                                                       entry point
dffnc
        prc e,0
if .cnld
else
        bne (x1),=b$efc,dffn1
                                                       skip if new function not external
        icv efuse(x1)
                                                       else increment its use count
            here after dealing with new function use count
dffn1
        mov xr,wa
                                                       save vrblk pointer
        mov vrfnc(xr),xr
                                                       load old function pointer
        bne (xr),=b$efc,dffn2
                                                       jump if old function not external
        mov efuse(xr),wb
                                                       else get use count
        {
m dcv} wb
                                                       decrement
                                                       store decremented value
        mov wb,efuse(xr)
        bnz wb,dffn2
                                                       jump if use count still non-zero
                                                       else call system unload function
        jsr sysul
            here after dealing with old function use count
dffn2
        mov wa,xr
                                                       restore vrblk pointer
fi
        mov xl,wa
                                                       copy function block ptr
        blt xr,=r$yyy,dffn3
                                                       skip checks if opsyn op definition
        bnz vrlen(xr),dffn3
                                                       jump if not system variable
            for system variable, check for illegal redefinition
                                                       point to svblk
        mov vrsvp(xr),xl
        mov svbit(x1),wb
                                                       load bit indicators
        anb btfnc,wb
                                                       is it a system function
        zrb wb,dffn3
                                                       redef ok if not
                                                       of system function
        erb 248, attempted redefinition
            here if redefinition is permitted
dffn3
        mov wa, vrfnc(xr)
                                                       store new function pointer
                                                       restore function block pointer
        mov wa,xl
```

exi enp return to dffnc caller end procedure dffnc

```
dtach -- detach i/o associated names
           detaches trblks from i/o associated variables, removes
           entry from iochn chain attached to filearg1 vrblk and may
           remove vrblk access and store traps.
           input, output, terminal are handled specially.
           (x1)
                                  i/o assoc. vbl name base ptr
           (wa)
                                  offset to name
           jsr dtach
                                  call for detach operation
           (xl,xr,wa,wb,wc)
                                  destroyed
       prc e,0
                                                     entry point
dtach
       mov xl,dtcnb
                                                     store name base (gbcol not called)
       add wa,xl
                                                     point to name location
       mov xl,dtcnm
                                                     store it
           loop to search for i/o trblk
dtch1 mov xl,xr
                                                     copy name pointer
           continue after block deletion
dtch2
       mov (x1),x1
                                                     point to next value
       bne (x1),=b$trt,dtch6
                                                     jump at chain end
       mov trtyp(xl),wa
                                                     get trap block type
       beq wa,=trtin,dtch3
                                                     jump if input
       beq wa,=trtou,dtch3
                                                     jump if output
       add *trnxt,xl
                                                     point to next link
       brn dtch1
                                                     loop
           delete an old association
dtch3 mov trval(x1),(xr)
                                                     delete trblk
                                                     dump xl ...
       mov xl,wa
       mov xr,wb
                                                     ... and xr
       mov trtrf(x1),x1
                                                     point to trtrf trap block
       bze xl,dtch5
                                                     jump if no iochn
       bne (x1),=b$trt,dtch5
                                                     jump if input, output, terminal
           loop to search iochn chain for name ptr
dtch4
       mov xl,xr
                                                     remember link ptr
                                                     point to next link
       mov trtrf(x1),x1
       bze xl,dtch5
                                                     jump if end of chain
                                                     get name base
       mov ionmb(x1),wc
       add ionmo(x1),wc
                                                     add offset
       bne wc,dtcnm,dtch4
                                                     loop if no match
                                                     remove name from chain
       mov trtrf(x1),trtrf(xr)
```

```
dtach (continued)
            prepare to resume i/o trblk scan
dtch5
       mov wa,xl
                                                         recover xl ...
        {f mov} wb, xr
                                                         ... and xr
        add *trval,xl
                                                         point to value field
        brn dtch2
                                                         continue
            exit point
                                                         possible vrblk ptr
dtch6 mov dtcnb,xr
                                                         {\it reset\ vrblk\ if\ necessary}
        jsr setvr
        exi
                                                         return
                                                         end procedure dtach
        enp
```

```
dtype -- get datatype name
            (xr)
                                    object whose datatype is required
                                    call to get datatype
            jsr dtype
            (xr)
                                   result datatype
                                                       entry point
       prc e,0
dtype
        beq (xr),=b$pdt,dtyp1
                                                       jump if prog.defined
        mov (xr),xr
                                                       load type word
        lei xr
                                                       get entry point id (block code)
        wtb xr
                                                       convert to byte offset
        mov scnmt(xr),xr
                                                       load table entry
                                                       exit to dtype caller
        exi
    *
            here if program defined
dtyp1
       mov pddfp(xr),xr
                                                       point to dfblk
        mov dfnam(xr),xr
                                                       get datatype name from dfblk
        \mathbf{exi}
                                                       return to dtype caller
        enp
                                                       end procedure dtype
```

```
dumpr -- print dump of storage
           (xr)
                                  dump argument (see below)
           jsr dumpr
                                  call to print dump
           (xr,x1)
                                  destroyed
           (wa,wb,wc,ra)
                                  destroyed
           the dump argument has the following significance
           dmarg = 0
                                  no dump printed
                                  partial dump (nat vars, keywords)
           dmarg = 1
           dmarg = 2
                                  full dump (arrays, tables, etc.)
           dmarg = 3
                                  full dump + null variables
           dmarg ge 4
                                  core dump
           since dumpr scrambles store, it is not permissible to
           collect in mid-dump. hence a collect is done initially
           and then if store runs out an error message is produced.
dumpr
       prc e,0
                                                     entry point
       bze xr,dmp28
                                                     skip dump if argument is zero
       bgt xr,=num03,dmp29
                                                     jump if core dump required
                                                     clear xl
       zer xl
                                                     zero move offset
       zer wb
                                                     save dump argument
       mov xr, dmarg
if.\mathbf{csed}
                                                     collect sediment too
       zer dnams
fi
       jsr gbcol
                                                     collect garbage
       jsr
                                                     eject printer
           prtpg
       mov =dmhdv,xr
                                                     point to heading for variables
       jsr prtst
                                                     print it
                                                     terminate print line
       jsr prtnl
       jsr prtnl
                                                     and print a blank line
           first all natural variable blocks (vrblk) whose values
           are non-null are linked in lexical order using dmvch as
           the chain head and chaining through the vrget fields.
           note that this scrambles store if the process is
           interrupted before completion e.g. by exceeding time or
           print limits. since the subsequent core dumps and
           failures if execution is resumed are very confusing, the
           execution time error routine checks for this event and
           attempts an unscramble. similar precautions should be
           observed if translate time dumping is implemented.
       zer dmvch
                                                     set null chain to start
       mov hshtb, wa
                                                     point to hash table
           loop through headers in hash table
```

mov wa,xr
ica wa
sub *vrnxt,xr

the sub *vrnxt *vrnxt *vrnxt

the sub *vrnxt *vrnxt *vrnxt

the sub *vrnxt *vrnxt

```
dumpr (continued)
            loop to find value and skip if null
                                                         load value
dmp02
        mov vrval(x1),x1
        beq dmarg,=num03,dmp2a
                                                         skip null value check if dump(3)
        beq xl,=nulls,dmp01
                                                         loop for next vrblk if null value
dmp2a
        beq (x1),=b$trt,dmp02
                                                         loop back if value is trapped
            non-null value, prepare to search chain
        mov xr,wc
                                                         save vrblk pointer
                                                         adjust ptr to be like scblk ptr
        add *vrsof,xr
        bnz sclen(xr),dmp03
                                                         jump if non-system variable
        mov vrsvo(xr),xr
                                                         else load ptr to name in svblk
            here with name pointer for new block in xr
dmp03
        mov xr,wb
                                                         save pointer to chars
        mov wa, dmpsv
                                                         save hash bucket pointer
        mov =dmvch, wa
                                                         point to chain head
            loop to search chain for correct insertion point
dmp04
        mov wa, dmpch
                                                         save chain pointer
        mov wa,xl
                                                         copy it
        mov (x1),xr
                                                         load pointer to next entry
        bze xr,dmp08
                                                         jump if end of chain to insert
        add *vrsof,xr
                                                         else get name ptr for chained vrblk
        bnz sclen(xr),dmp05
                                                         jump if not system variable
        mov vrsvo(xr),xr
                                                         else point to name in svblk
            here prepare to compare the names
            (wa)
                                     scratch
            (wb)
                                     pointer to string of entering vrblk
            (wc)
                                     pointer to entering vrblk
            (xr)
                                     pointer to string of current block
                                     scratch
            (x1)
        mov wb,xl
                                                         point to entering vrblk string
dmp05
        mov sclen(x1), wa
                                                         load its length
                                                         point to chars of entering string
        plc x1
if.\mathbf{ccmc}
        mov wb,dmpsb
                                                         save wb
        mov sclen(xr),wb
                                                         length of old string
        plc xr
                                                         point to chars of old string
                                                         generalized lexical compare
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} syscm
        ppm dmp06
                                                         string too long, treat like eq
```

```
dumpr (continued)
            here we move out on the chain
        mov dmpsb,wb
                                                        restore wb
dmp07
        mov dmpch,xl
                                                         copy chain pointer
else
                                                        jump if entering length high
        bhi wa,sclen(xr),dmp06
        plc xr
                                                         else point to chars of old string
        \mathbf{cmc} dmp08,dmp07
                                                        compare, insert if new is llt old
                                                         or if leq (we had shorter length)
        brn dmp08
    *
            here when new length is longer than old length
dmp06
        mov sclen(xr),wa
                                                        load shorter length
                                                         point to chars of old string
        plc xr
        cmc dmp08,dmp07
                                                         compare, insert if new one low
```

```
dumpr (continued)
            here we move out on the chain
dmp07
        mov dmpch,xl
                                                         copy chain pointer
fi
        mov (x1), wa
                                                         move to next entry on chain
        brn dmp04
                                                         loop back
            here after locating the proper insertion point
dmp08
        mov dmpch,xl
                                                         copy chain pointer
        mov dmpsv,wa
                                                         restore hash bucket pointer
                                                         restore vrblk pointer
        mov wc,xr
                                                         link vrblk to rest of chain
        mov (x1), vrget(xr)
        mov xr,(xl)
                                                         link vrblk into current chain loc
        brn dmp01
                                                         loop back for next vrblk
            here after processing all vrblks on one chain
dmp09
        bne wa, hshte, dmp00
                                                         loop back if more buckets to go
            loop to generate dump of natural variable values
dmp10
        mov dmvch,xr
                                                         load pointer to next entry on chain
        bze xr,dmp11
                                                         jump if end of chain
        mov (xr), dmvch
                                                         else update chain ptr to next entry
        jsr setvr
                                                         restore vrget field
                                                         copy vrblk pointer (name base)
        mov xr,xl
                                                         set offset for vrblk name
        mov *vrval,wa
                                                         print name = value
        jsr prtnv
        brn dmp10
                                                         loop back till all printed
            prepare to print keywords
                                                         print blank line
dmp11
        jsr
            prtnl
                                                         and another
        jsr
             prtnl
        mov = dmhdk, xr
                                                         point to keyword heading
        jsr
            prtst
                                                         print heading
                                                         end line
        jsr prtnl
                                                         print one blank line
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             prtnl
        mov =vdmkw,xl
                                                         point to list of keyword svblk ptrs
```

```
dumpr (continued)
            loop to dump keyword values
        mov (xl)+,xr
                                                       load next svblk ptr from table
dmp12
        bze xr,dmp13
                                                       jump if end of list
if .ccmk
        beq xr,=num01,dmp12
                                                       &compare ignored if not implemented
fi
                                                       load ampersand
        mov =ch$am, wa
                                                       print ampersand
        jsr prtch
                                                       print keyword name
        jsr prtst
        mov svlen(xr),wa
                                                       load name length from svblk
        ctb wa, svchs
                                                       get length of name
                                                       point to svknm field
        add wa,xr
        mov (xr),dmpkn
                                                       store in dummy kvblk
        mov =tmbeb,xr
                                                       point to blank-equal-blank
        jsr prtst
                                                       print it
        mov xl,dmpsv
                                                       save table pointer
        mov =dmpkb,xl
                                                       point to dummy kvblk
        mov =b$kvt,(x1)
                                                       build type word
                                                       build ptr to dummy trace block
        mov =trbkv,kvvar(x1)
        mov *kvvar,wa
                                                       set zero offset
                                                       get keyword value
        jsr acess
                                                       failure is impossible
        ppm
                                                       print keyword value
        jsr
            prtvl
        jsr prtnl
                                                       terminate print line
                                                       restore table pointer
        mov dmpsv,xl
        brn dmp12
                                                       loop back till all printed
            here after completing partial dump
                                                       exit if partial dump complete
dmp13
        beq dmarg,=num01,dmp27
        mov dnamb, xr
                                                       else point to first dynamic block
            loop through blocks in dynamic storage
dmp14
        beq xr,dnamp,dmp27
                                                       jump if end of used region
                                                       else load first word of block
        mov (xr), wa
        beq wa,=b$vct,dmp16
                                                       jump if vector
        beq wa,=b$art,dmp17
                                                       jump if array
        beq wa,=b$pdt,dmp18
                                                       jump if program defined
                                                       jump if table
        beq wa,=b$tbt,dmp19
if .cnbf
else
                                                       jump if buffer
        beq wa,=b$bct,dmp30
fi
```

* merge here to move to next block

dmp15 jsr blkln get length of block
add wa,xr point past this block
brn dmp14 loop back for next block

```
dumpr (continued)
            here for vector
dmp16
        mov *vcvls,wb
                                                        set offset to first value
        brn dmp19
                                                        jump to merge
            here for array
dmp17
        mov arofs(xr),wb
                                                        set offset to arpro field
        ica wb
                                                        bump to get offset to values
        brn dmp19
                                                        jump to merge
            here for program defined
dmp18
        mov *pdfld,wb
                                                        point to values, merge
            here for table (others merge)
dmp19
        bze idval(xr),dmp15
                                                        ignore block if zero id value
        jsr blkln
                                                        else get block length
                                                        copy block pointer
        mov xr,xl
        mov wa, dmpsv
                                                        save length
                                                        copy offset to first value
        mov wb, wa
                                                        print blank line
        jsr prtnl
        mov wa, dmpsa
                                                        preserve offset
                                                        print block value (for title)
        jsr prtvl
        mov dmpsa,wa
                                                        recover offset
                                                        end print line
        jsr prtnl
        beq (xr),=b$tbt,dmp22
                                                        jump if table
        dca wa
                                                        point before first word
            loop to print contents of array, vector, or program def
dmp20
        mov xl,xr
                                                        copy block pointer
                                                        bump offset
        ica wa
        add wa,xr
                                                        point to next value
        beq wa, dmpsv, dmp14
                                                        exit if end (xr past block)
        sub *vrval,xr
                                                        subtract offset to merge into loop
            loop to find value and ignore nulls
dmp21
        mov vrval(xr),xr
                                                        load next value
        beq dmarg,=num03,dmp2b
                                                        skip null value check if dump(3)
        beq xr,=nulls,dmp20
                                                        loop back if null value
dmp2b
        beq (xr),=b$trt,dmp21
                                                        loop back if trapped
                                                        else print name = value
        jsr prtnv
        brn dmp20
                                                        loop back for next field
```

```
dumpr (continued)
            here to dump a table
dmp22
        mov *tbbuk,wc
                                                         set offset to first bucket
        mov *teval, wa
                                                         set name offset for all teblks
            loop through table buckets
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                         save tbblk pointer
dmp23
        add wc,xl
                                                         point to next bucket header
        ica wc
                                                         bump bucket offset
        sub *tenxt,xl
                                                         subtract offset to merge into loop
            loop to process teblks on one chain
dmp24
        mov tenxt(x1),x1
                                                         point to next teblk
        beq x1,(xs),dmp26
                                                         jump if end of chain
                                                         else copy teblk pointer
        mov xl,xr
            loop to find value and ignore if null
dmp25
        mov teval(xr),xr
                                                         load next value
        beq xr,=nulls,dmp24
                                                         ignore if null value
        beq (xr),=b$trt,dmp25
                                                         loop back if trapped
        mov wc,dmpsv
                                                         else save offset pointer
        jsr prtnv
                                                         print name = value
        {f mov} dmpsv,wc
                                                         reload offset
        brn dmp24
                                                         loop back for next teblk
            here to move to next hash chain
dmp26
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                         restore tbblk pointer
        bne wc,tblen(x1),dmp23
                                                         loop back if more buckets to go
        mov xl,xr
                                                         else copy table pointer
        add wc,xr
                                                         point to following block
                                                         loop back to process next block
        brn dmp14
            here after completing dump
dmp27
                                                         eject printer
        jsr
            prtpg
            merge here if no dump given (dmarg=0)
dmp28
        exi
                                                         return to dump caller
            call system core dump routine
                                                         call it
dmp29
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            sysdm
```

brn dmp28 return

 $\overline{if.\mathbf{cnbf}}$ else

```
dumpr (continued)
            here to dump buffer block
dmp30
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            prtnl
                                                         print blank line
        jsr prtvl
                                                         print value id for title
                                                         force new line
        jsr prtnl
        mov = ch$dq, wa
                                                         load double quote
        jsr prtch
                                                         print it
        mov bclen(xr),wc
                                                         load defined length
        bze wc,dmp32
                                                         skip characters if none
                                                         load count for loop
        lct wc,wc
                                                         save bcblk ptr
        mov xr,wb
                                                         point to bfblk
        mov bcbuf(xr),xr
        plc xr
                                                         get set to load characters
            loop here stuffing characters in output stream
dmp31
        lch wa,(xr)+
                                                         get next character
        jsr prtch
                                                         stuff it
        bct wc,dmp31
                                                         branch for next one
        mov wb,xr
                                                         restore bcblk pointer
            merge to stuff closing quote mark
        mov =ch$dq,wa
                                                         stuff quote
dmp32
        jsr prtch
                                                         print it
        jsr prtnl
                                                         print new line
        mov (xr),wa
                                                         get first wd for blkln
                                                         merge to get next block
        brn dmp15
fi
                                                         end procedure dumpr
        enp
```

```
ermsg -- print error code and error message
            kvert
                                      error code
            jsr ermsg
                                      call to print message
            (xr,xl,wa,wb,wc,ia)
                                     destroyed
        prc e,0
                                                          entry point
ermsg
        mov kvert, wa
                                                          load error code
                                                          point to error message /error/
        mov =ermms,xr
        jsr prtst
                                                          print it
                                                          get error message text
        jsr ertex
                                                          bump error code for print
        add =thsnd,wa
        mti wa
                                                          fail code in int acc
                                                          save current buffer position
        mov profs,wb
                                                          print code (now have error1xxx)
        jsr prtin
                                                          point to print buffer
        mov prbuf,xl
        psc xl,wb
                                                          point to the 1
                                                          load a blank
        mov =ch$bl,wa
        sch wa,(x1)
                                                          store blank over 1 (error xxx)
                                                          complete store characters
        csc xl
                                                          clear garbage pointer in xl
        zer xl
        mov xr,wa
                                                          keep error text
        mov =ermns,xr
                                                          point to / - /
        jsr prtst
                                                          print it
        mov wa,xr
                                                          get error text again
        jsr prtst
                                                          print error message text
        jsr prtis
                                                          print line
             prtis
                                                          print blank line
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        exi
                                                          return to ermsg caller
                                                          end procedure ermsg
        enp
```

```
ertex -- get error message text
            (wa)
                                   error code
            jsr ertex
                                   call to get error text
            (xr)
                                   ptr to error text in dynamic
            (r$etx)
                                   copy of ptr to error text
            (xl,wc,ia)
                                   destroyed
ertex prc e,0
                                                      entry point
        mov wa, ertwa
                                                      save wa
        mov wb,ertwb
                                                      save wb
                                                      get failure message text
        jsr sysem
                                                      copy pointer to it
        mov xr,xl
        {f mov} {f sclen(xr),wa}
                                                      get length of string
        bze wa,ert02
                                                      jump if null
                                                      offset of zero
        zer wb
        jsr sbstr
                                                      copy into dynamic store
        mov xr,r$etx
                                                      store for relocation
           return
ert01
        {f mov} ertwb,wb
                                                      restore wb
        mov ertwa,wa
                                                      restore wa
        exi
                                                      return to caller
           return errtext contents instead of null
ert02
        mov r$etx,xr
                                                      get errtext
        brn ert01
                                                      return
        enp ert01
                                                      return
```

```
evali -- evaluate integer argument
           evali is used by pattern primitives len,tab,rtab,pos,rpos
           when their argument is an expression value.
            (xr)
                                   node pointer
           (wb)
                                   cursor
           jsr evali
                                   call to evaluate integer
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for non-integer arg
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for out of range arg
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for evaluation failure
                                   transfer loc for successful eval
           ppm loc
           (the normal return is never taken)
            (xr)
                                   ptr to node with integer argument
            (wc,xl,ra)
                                   destroyed
           on return, the node pointed to has the integer argument
           in parm1 and the proper successor pointer in pthen.
           this allows merging with the normal (integer arg) case.
evali
       prc r,4
                                                      entry point (recursive)
                                                      evaluate expression
       jsr evalp
       ppm evli1
                                                      jump on failure
                                                      stack result for gtsmi
       mov xl, -(xs)
       mov pthen(xr),xl
                                                      load successor pointer
                                                      save original node pointer
       mov xr, evlio
       mov wc,evlif
                                                      zero if simple argument
       jsr gtsmi
                                                      convert arg to small integer
                                                      jump if not integer
       ppm evli2
       ppm evli3
                                                      jump if out of range
                                                      store result in special dummy node
       mov xr,evliv
                                                      point to dummy node with result
       mov =evlin,xr
                                                      dummy pattern block pcode
       mov =p$len,(xr)
       mov xl,pthen(xr)
                                                      store successor pointer
       exi 4
                                                      take successful exit
           here if evaluation fails
                                                      take failure return
       exi 3
evli1
           here if argument is not integer
evli2
       exi 1
                                                      take non-integer error exit
           here if argument is out of range
evli3
       exi 2
                                                      take out-of-range error exit
                                                      end procedure evali
       enp
```

```
evalp -- evaluate expression during pattern match
           evalp is used to evaluate an expression (by value) during
           a pattern match. the effect is like evalx, but pattern
           variables are stacked and restored if necessary.
           evalp also differs from evalx in that if the result is
           an expression it is reevaluated. this occurs repeatedly.
           to support optimization of pos and rpos, evalp uses wc
           to signal the caller for the case of a simple vrblk
           that is not an expression and is not trapped. because
           this case cannot have any side effects, optimization is
           possible.
           (xr)
                                  node pointer
           (wb)
                                  pattern match cursor
           jsr evalp
                                  call to evaluate expression
                                  transfer loc if evaluation fails
           ppm loc
           (x1)
                                  result
           (wa)
                                  first word of result block
           (wc)
                                  zero if simple vrblk, else non-zero
           (xr,wb)
                                  destroyed (failure case only)
           (ra)
                                  destroyed
           the expression pointer is stored in parm1 of the node
           control returns to failp on failure of evaluation
evalp
       prc r,1
                                                     entry point (recursive)
       mov parm1(xr),xl
                                                     load expression pointer
       beq (x1),=b$ex1,evlp1
                                                     jump if exblk case
           here for case of seblk
           we can give a fast return if the value of the vrblk is
           not an expression and is not trapped.
       mov sevar(x1),x1
                                                     load vrblk pointer
       mov vrval(x1),x1
                                                     load value of vrblk
                                                     load first word of value
       mov (x1), wa
       bhi wa,=b$t$$,evlp3
                                                     jump if not seblk, trblk or exblk
           here for exblk or seblk with expr value or trapped value
evlp1
       \mathbf{chk}
                                                     check for stack space
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     stack node pointer
       mov wb,-(xs)
                                                     stack cursor
       mov r$pms,-(xs)
                                                     stack subject string pointer
       mov pmssl,-(xs)
                                                     stack subject string length
                                                     stack dot flag
       mov pmdfl,-(xs)
```

mov pmhbs,-(xs)
mov parm1(xr),xr

stack history stack base pointer load expression pointer

```
evalp (continued)
            loop back here to reevaluate expression result
evlp2
                                                        set flag for by value
        zer wb
        jsr evalx
                                                        evaluate expression
                                                        jump on failure
        ppm evlp4
        mov (xr),wa
                                                        else load first word of value
        blo wa,=b$e$$,evlp2
                                                        loop back to reevaluate expression
            here to restore pattern values after successful eval
        mov xr,xl
                                                        copy result pointer
        mov (xs)+,pmhbs
                                                        restore history stack base pointer
        mov (xs)+,pmdfl
                                                        restore dot flag
        mov (xs)+,pmssl
                                                        restore subject string length
        mov (xs)+,rpms
                                                        restore subject string pointer
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                        restore cursor
                                                        restore node pointer
        mov (xs)+,xr
        mov xr,wc
                                                        non-zero for simple vrblk
        exi
                                                        return to evalp caller
            here to return after simple vrblk case
evlp3
                                                        simple vrblk, no side effects
        zer wc
                                                        return to evalp caller
        exi
            here for failure during evaluation
evlp4
        mov (xs)+,pmhbs
                                                        restore history stack base pointer
        mov (xs)+,pmdfl
                                                        restore dot flag
        mov (xs)+,pmssl
                                                        restore subject string length
        mov (xs)+,rpms
                                                        restore subject string pointer
        add *num02,xs
                                                        remove node ptr, cursor
        exi 1
                                                        take failure exit
                                                        end procedure evalp
        enp
```

```
evals -- evaluate string argument
           evals is used by span, any, notany, break, breakx when
           they are passed an expression argument.
           (xr)
                                  node pointer
           (wb)
                                   cursor
                                   call to evaluate string
           jsr evals
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for non-string arg
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for evaluation failure
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for successful eval
           (the normal return is never taken)
                                   ptr to node with parms set
           (xr)
           (xl,wc,ra)
                                   destroyed
           on return, the node pointed to has a character table
           pointer in parm1 and a bit mask in parm2. the proper
           successor is stored in pthen of this node. thus it is
           ok for merging with the normal (multi-char string) case.
evals
       prc r,3
                                                     entry point (recursive)
       jsr evalp
                                                     evaluate expression
       ppm evls1
                                                     jump if evaluation fails
       mov pthen(xr),-(xs)
                                                     save successor pointer
       mov wb,-(xs)
                                                     save cursor
       mov x1,-(xs)
                                                     stack result ptr for patst
                                                     dummy pcode for one char string
       zer wb
                                                     dummy pcode for expression arg
       zer wc
                                                     appropriate pcode for our use
       mov =p$brk,xl
       jsr patst
                                                     call routine to build node
       ppm evls2
                                                     jump if not string
       mov (xs)+,wb
                                                     restore cursor
       mov (xs)+,pthen(xr)
                                                     store successor pointer
       exi 3
                                                     take success return
           here if evaluation fails
       exi 2
                                                     take failure return
evls1
           here if argument is not string
evls2
       add *num02,xs
                                                     pop successor and cursor
       exi 1
                                                     take non-string error exit
       enp
                                                     end procedure evals
```

```
evalx -- evaluate expression
           evalx is called to evaluate an expression
           (xr)
                                  pointer to exblk or seblk
           (wb)
                                  0 if by value, 1 if by name
                                   call to evaluate expression
           jsr evalx
           ppm loc
                                  transfer loc if evaluation fails
                                  result if called by value
           (xr)
           (xl,wa)
                                  result name base, offset if by name
           (xr)
                                  destroyed (name case only)
           (xl,wa)
                                  destroyed (value case only)
           (wb,wc,ra)
                                  destroyed
evalx
       prc r,1
                                                     entry point, recursive
       beq (xr),=b$ex1,ev1x2
                                                     jump if exblk case
           here for seblk
                                                     load vrblk pointer (name base)
       mov sevar(xr),xl
                                                     set name offset
       mov *vrval,wa
       bnz wb,evlx1
                                                     jump if called by name
       jsr acess
                                                     call routine to access value
       ppm evlx9
                                                     jump if failure on access
           merge here to exit for seblk case
                                                     return to evalx caller
evlx1
       exi
```

```
evalx (continued)
           here for full expression (exblk) case
           if an error occurs in the expression code at execution
           time, control is passed via error section to exfal
           without returning to this routine.
           the following entries are made on the stack before
           giving control to the expression code
                                   evalx return point
                                   saved value of r$cod
                                   code pointer (-r$cod)
                                   saved value of flptr
                                   0 if by value, 1 if by name
           flptr ----- *exflc, fail offset in exblk
evlx2
                                                      get code pointer
       scp wc
                                                      load code block pointer
       mov r$cod,wa
       sub wa,wc
                                                      get code pointer as offset
                                                      stack old code block pointer
       mov wa, -(xs)
       mov wc,-(xs)
                                                      stack relative code offset
                                                      stack old failure pointer
       mov flptr,-(xs)
                                                      stack name/value indicator
       mov wb,-(xs)
       mov *exflc,-(xs)
                                                      stack new fail offset
                                                      keep in case of error
       mov flptr,gtcef
       mov r$cod,r$gtc
                                                      keep code block pointer similarly
       mov xs,flptr
                                                      set new failure pointer
       {f mov} xr,r$cod
                                                      set new code block pointer
       mov kvstn,exstm(xr)
                                                      remember stmnt number
                                                      point to first code word
       add *excod,xr
                                                      set code pointer
       lcp xr
                                                      jump if not execution time
       bne stage,=stgxt,evlx0
       mov =stgee,stage
                                                      evaluating expression
           here to execute first code word of expression
                                                      clear garbage xl
evlx0
       zer xl
       lcw xr
                                                      load first code word
       bri (xr)
                                                      execute it
```

```
evalx (continued)
           come here if successful return by value (see o$rvl)
       mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      load value
evlx3
        bze num01(xs),evlx5
                                                      jump if called by value
        erb 249, expression evaluated
                                                      by name returned value
           here for expression returning by name (see o$rnm)
evlx4
       mov (xs)+,wa
                                                      load name offset
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                      load name base
        bnz num01(xs),evlx5
                                                      jump if called by name
                                                      else access value first
        jsr acess
        ppm evlx6
                                                      jump if failure during access
           here after loading correct result into xr or xl, wa
evlx5
       zer wb
                                                      note successful
        brn evlx7
                                                      merge
           here for failure in expression evaluation (see offex)
                                                      note unsuccessful
evlx6
       mnz wb
           restore environment
evlx7
       bne stage,=stgee,evlx8
                                                      skip if was not previously xt
                                                      execute time
        mov =stgxt,stage
           merge with stage set up
evlx8
       add *num02,xs
                                                      pop name/value indicator, *exfal
        mov (xs)+,flptr
                                                      restore old failure pointer
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                      load code offset
        add (xs),wc
                                                      make code pointer absolute
                                                      restore old code block pointer
        mov (xs)+,r$cod
                                                      restore old code pointer
        lcp wc
                                                      jump for successful return
        bze wb,evlx1
           merge here for failure in seblk case
                                                      take failure exit
evlx9
        exi 1
                                                      end of procedure evalx
        enp
```

```
exbld -- build exblk
            exbld is used to build an expression block from the
            code compiled most recently in the current ccblk.
            (x1)
                                    offset in ccblk to start of code
            (wb)
                                    integer in range 0 le n le mxlen
            jsr exbld
                                    call to build exblk
                                    ptr to constructed exblk
            (xr)
            (wa,wb,xl)
                                    destroyed
        prc e,0
                                                       entry point
exbld
        mov xl,wa
                                                       copy offset to start of code
                                                       calc reduction in offset in exblk
        sub *excod,wa
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                       stack for later
                                                       load final offset
        mov cwcof, wa
                                                       compute length of code
        sub x1,wa
        add *exsi$,wa
                                                       add space for standard fields
                                                       allocate space for exblk
        isr alloc
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                       save pointer to exblk
        mov =b$exl,extyp(xr)
                                                       store type word
        zer exstm(xr)
                                                       zeroise stmnt number field
if.csln
        mov cmpln,exsln(xr)
                                                       set line number field
fi
        mov wa, exlen(xr)
                                                       store length
                                                       store failure word
        mov =ofex$,exflc(xr)
        add *exsi$,xr
                                                       set xr for mvw
                                                       reset offset to start of code
        mov xl, cwcof
        add r$ccb,xl
                                                       point to start of code
        sub *exsi$,wa
                                                       length of code to move
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                       stack length of code
                                                       move code to exblk
        mvw
        mov (xs)+,wa
                                                       get length of code
        btw wa
                                                       convert byte count to word count
        lct wa, wa
                                                       prepare counter for loop
        mov (xs),xl
                                                       copy exblk ptr, dont unstack
        add *excod,xl
                                                       point to code itself
        mov num01(xs),wb
                                                       get reduction in offset
            this loop searches for negation and selection code so
            that the offsets computed whilst code was in code block
            can be transformed to reduced values applicable in an
            exblk.
        mov (x1)+,xr
exbl1
                                                       get next code word
        beq xr,=osla$,exbl3
                                                       jump if selection found
        beq xr,=onta$,exbl3
                                                       jump if negation found
        bct wa, exbl1
                                                       loop to end of code
```

* no selection found or merge to exit on termination

exbl2 mov (xs)+,xr pop exblk ptr into xr
mov (xs)+,xl pop reduction constant
exi return to caller

```
exbld (continued)
            selection or negation found
            reduce the offsets as needed. offsets occur in words
            following code words -
                 =onta$, =osla$, =oslb$, =oslc$
exbl3
        \operatorname{sub} wb,(x1)+
                                                       adjust offset
        bct wa, exbl4
                                                       decrement count
       \mathbf{bct} wa, exbl5
                                                       decrement count
exbl4
            continue search for more offsets
exb15
        mov (x1)+,xr
                                                       get next code word
                                                       jump if offset found
        beq xr,=osla$,exbl3
        beq xr,=oslb$,exbl3
                                                       jump if offset found
        beq xr,=oslc$,exbl3
                                                       jump if offset found
        beq xr,=onta$,exbl3
                                                       jump if offset found
        bct wa, exb15
                                                       loop
        brn exbl2
                                                       merge to return
        enp
                                                       end procedure exbld
```

*

expan -- analyze expression

*

the expression analyzer (expan) procedure is used to scan an expression and convert it into a tree representation. see the description of cmblk in the structures section for detailed format of tree blocks.

*

the analyzer uses a simple precedence scheme in which operands and operators are placed on a single stack and condensations are made when low precedence operators are stacked after a higher precedence operator. a global variable (in wb) keeps track of the level as follows.

*

- O scanning outer level of statement or expression
- scanning outer level of normal goto
- 2 scanning outer level of direct goto
- 3 scanning inside array brackets
- 4 scanning inside grouping parentheses
- 5 scanning inside function parentheses

*

this variable is saved on the stack on encountering a grouping and restored at the end of the grouping.

*

another global variable (in wc) counts the number of items at one grouping level and is incremented for each comma encountered. it is stacked with the level indicator

*

the scan is controlled by a three state finite machine. a global variable stored in wa is the current state.

*

wa=0 nothing scanned at this level

wa=1 wa=2 operand expected operator expected

*

(wb)call type (see below)jsr expancall to analyze expression(xr)pointer to resulting tree

(xl,wa,wb,wc,ra)

destroyed

the entry value of wb indicates the call type as follows.

*

o scanning either the main body of a statement or the text of an expression (from eval call). valid terminators are colon, semicolon. the rescan flag is set to return the terminator on the next scane call.

*

scanning a normal goto. the only valid terminator is a right paren.

*

2 scanning a direct goto. the only valid terminator is a right bracket.

*

```
expan (continued)
             entry point
        prc e,0
                                                           entry point
expan
             -(xs)
                                                           set top of stack indicator
        zer
                                                           set initial state to zero
        zer
              wa
        \mathbf{zer}
             WC
                                                           zero counter value
             loop here for successive entries
exp01
                                                           scan next element
        jsr
              scane
        add wa,xl
                                                           add state to syntax code
        bsw xl,tsnes
                                                           switch on element type/state
        iff
              t$va0,exp03
                                                           variable, s=0
        iff
              t$va1,exp03
                                                           variable, state one
        iff
              t$va2,exp04
                                                           variable, s=2
        iff
              t$co0,exp03
                                                           constant, s=0
        iff
              t$co1,exp03
                                                           constant, s=1
        iff
              t$co2,exp04
                                                           constant, s=2
        iff
              t$1p0,exp06
                                                           left paren, s=0
        iff
              t$lp1,exp06
                                                           left paren, s=1
        iff
              t$1p2,exp04
                                                           left paren, s=2
        iff
              t$fn0,exp10
                                                           function, s=0
        iff
              t$fn1,exp10
                                                           function, s=1
        iff
              t$fn2,exp04
                                                           function, s=2
        iff
              t$rp0,exp02
                                                           right paren, s=0
        iff
                                                           right paren, s=1
              t$rp1,exp05
        iff
              t$rp2,exp12
                                                           right paren, s=2
        iff
              t$1b0,exp08
                                                           left brkt, s=0
        iff
              t$lb1,exp08
                                                           left brkt, s=1
        iff
              t$1b2,exp09
                                                           left brkt, s=2
        iff
                                                           right brkt, s=0
              t$rb0,exp02
        iff
              t$rb1,exp05
                                                           right brkt, s=1
        iff
              t$rb2,exp18
                                                           right brkt, s=2
        iff
              t$uo0,exp27
                                                           unop, s=0
        iff
              t$uo1,exp27
                                                           unop, s=1
        iff
              t$uo2,exp04
                                                           unop, s=2
        iff
              t$bo0,exp05
                                                           binop, s=0
        iff
              t$bo1,exp05
                                                           binop, s=1
        iff
              t$bo2,exp26
                                                           binop, s=2
        iff
                                                           comma, s=0
              t$cm0,exp02
        iff
              t$cm1,exp05
                                                           comma, s=1
        iff
              t$cm2,exp11
                                                           comma, s=2
        iff
              t$c10,exp02
                                                           colon, s=0
        iff
                                                           colon, s=1
              t$cl1,exp05
        iff
              t$c12,exp19
                                                           colon, s=2
        iff
              t$sm0,exp02
                                                           semicolon, s=0
        iff
              t$sm1,exp05
                                                           semicolon, s=1
        iff
                                                           semicolon, s=2
              t$sm2,exp19
                                                           end switch on element type/state
        \mathbf{esw}
```

```
expan (continued)
           here for rbr,rpr,col,smc,cma in state 0
           set to rescan the terminator encountered and create
           a null constant (case of omitted null)
exp02
       mnz scnrs
                                                      set to rescan element
                                                      point to null, merge
       mov =nulls,xr
           here for var or con in states 0,1
           stack the variable/constant and set state=2
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      stack pointer to operand
exp03
       mov =num02,wa
                                                      set state 2
       brn exp01
                                                      jump for next element
           here for var, con, lpr, fnc, uop in state 2
           we rescan the element and create a concatenation operator
           this is the case of the blank concatenation operator.
exp04
       mnz scnrs
                                                      set to rescan element
                                                      point to concat operator dv
       mov =opdvc,xr
       {\bf bze} wb,exp4a
                                                      ok if at top level
       mov =opdvp,xr
                                                      else point to unmistakable concat.
           merge here when xr set up with proper concatenation dvblk
exp4a
       bnz scnbl, exp26
                                                      merge bop if blanks, else error
                                   adjust start of element location
           dcv scnse
       erb 220, syntax error:
                                                      missing operator
           here for cma,rpr,rbr,col,smc,bop(s=1) bop(s=0)
           this is an erronous contruction
           dcv scnse
                                   adjust start of element location
exp05
       erb 221, syntax error:
                                                      missing operand
           here for lpr (s=0,1)
exp06
       mov =num04,xl
                                                      set new level indicator
                                                      set zero value for cmopn
       zer xr
```

```
expan (continued)
           merge here to store old level on stack and start new one
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       stack cmopn value
exp07
        mov wc,-(xs)
                                                       stack old counter
                                                       stack old level indicator
        mov wb,-(xs)
        chk
                                                       check for stack overflow
        zer wa
                                                       set new state to zero
        mov xl,wb
                                                       set new level indicator
        mov =num01,wc
                                                       initialize new counter
        brn exp01
                                                       jump to scan next element
           here for lbr (s=0,1)
            this is an illegal use of left bracket
                                                       invalid use of left bracket
exp08
        erb 222, syntax error:
           here for 1br (s=2)
            set new level and start to scan subscripts
exp09
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       load array ptr for cmopn
        mov = num03, x1
                                                       set new level indicator
        brn exp07
                                                       jump to stack old and start new
           here for fnc (s=0,1)
            stack old level and start to scan arguments
exp10
        mov = num05, x1
                                                       set new lev indic (xr=vrblk=cmopn)
        brn exp07
                                                       jump to stack old and start new
           here for cma (s=2)
            increment argument count and continue
exp11
        icv
            WC
                                                       increment counter
             expdm
                                                       dump operators at this level
        jsr
        zer -(xs)
                                                       set new level for parameter
        zer wa
                                                       set new state
        bgt wb,=num02,exp01
                                                       loop back unless outer level
                                                       invalid use of comma
        erb 223, syntax error:
```

```
expan (continued)
           here for rpr (s=2)
           at outer level in a normal goto this is a terminator
           otherwise it must terminate a function or grouping
        beq wb,=num01,exp20
exp12
                                                       end of normal goto
                                                       end of function arguments
        beq wb,=num05,exp13
        beq wb,=num04,exp14
                                                       end of grouping / selection
        erb 224, syntax error:
                                                       unbalanced right parenthesis
           here at end of function arguments
       mov =c$fnc,xl
exp13
                                                       set cmtyp value for function
        brn exp15
                                                       jump to build cmblk
           here for end of grouping
exp14
       beq wc,=num01,exp17
                                                       jump if end of grouping
        mov =c$sel,xl
                                                       else set cmtyp for selection
           merge here to build cmblk for level just scanned and
           to pop up to the previous scan level before continuing.
exp15
       jsr expdm
                                                       dump operators at this level
        mov wc,wa
                                                       copy count
        add =cmvls,wa
                                                       add for standard fields at start
        wtb wa
                                                       convert length to bytes
        jsr alloc
                                                       allocate space for cmblk
        mov =b$cmt,(xr)
                                                       store type code for cmblk
        mov xl,cmtyp(xr)
                                                       store cmblk node type indicator
        mov wa, cmlen(xr)
                                                       store length
        add wa,xr
                                                       point past end of block
        lct wc,wc
                                                       set loop counter
           loop to move remaining words to cmblk
exp16
       mov (xs)+,-(xr)
                                                       move one operand ptr from stack
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                       pop to old level indicator
        {\it bct} wc,exp16
                                                       loop till all moved
```

```
expan (continued)
            complete cmblk and stack pointer to it on stack
        sub *cmvls,xr
                                                       point back to start of block
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                       restore old counter
        mov (xs),cmopn(xr)
                                                       store operand ptr in cmblk
        mov xr,(xs)
                                                       stack cmblk pointer
        mov = num02, wa
                                                       set new state
        brn exp01
                                                       back for next element
           here at end of a parenthesized expression
exp17
        jsr expdm
                                                       dump operators at this level
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       restore xr
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                       restore outer level
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                       restore outer count
        mov xr, (xs)
                                                       store opnd over unused cmopn val
        mov = num02, wa
                                                       set new state
        brn exp01
                                                       back for next ele8ent
           here for rbr (s=2)
           at outer level in a direct goto, this is a terminator.
           otherwise it must terminate a subscript list.
        mov =c$arr,xl
                                                       set cmtyp for array reference
exp18
        beq wb,=num03,exp15
                                                       jump to build cmblk if end arrayref
        \mathbf{beq} wb,=num02,exp20
                                                       jump if end of direct goto
                                                       unbalanced right bracket
        erb 225, syntax error:
```

```
expan (continued)
            here for col,smc (s=2)
            error unless terminating statement body at outer level
exp19
        {f mnz} scnrs
                                                        rescan terminator
        mov wb,xl
                                                        copy level indicator
        bsw x1,6
                                                        switch on level indicator
        iff
             0,exp20
                                                        normal outer level
                                                        fail if normal goto
        iff
             1,exp22
                                                        fail if direct goto
        iff
             2,exp23
             3,exp24
        iff
                                                        fail array brackets
                                                        fail if in grouping
        iff
             4,exp21
        iff
             5,exp21
                                                        fail function args
                                                        end switch on level
        esw
            here at normal end of expression
exp20
                                                        dump remaining operators
        jsr expdm
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        load tree pointer
                                                        pop off bottom of stack marker
        ica xs
        exi
                                                        return to expan caller
            missing right paren
                                                        missing right paren
exp21
        erb 226, syntax error:
            missing right paren in goto field
                                                        right paren missing from goto
exp22
        erb 227, syntax error:
            missing bracket in goto
                                                        right bracket missing from goto
exp23
        erb 228, syntax error:
            missing array bracket
exp24
        erb 229, syntax error:
                                                        missing right array bracket
```

```
expan (continued)
           loop here when an operator causes an operator dump
       mov 229, syntax error::
exp25
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} expop
                                                      pop one operator
        mov expsv,xr
                                                      restore op dv pointer and merge
           here for bop (s=2)
           remove operators (condense) from stack until no more
           left at this level or top one has lower precedence.
           loop here till this condition is met.
exp26
       mov num01(xs),xl
                                                      load operator dvptr from stack
        ble x1,=num05,exp27
                                                      jump if bottom of stack level
        blt dvrpr(xr),dvlpr(xl),exp25
                                                      else pop if new prec is lo
           here for uop (s=0,1)
           binary operator merges after precedence check
           the operator dv is stored on the stack and the scan
           continues after setting the scan state to one.
                                                      stack operator dvptr on stack
exp27
       mov xr, -(xs)
        \mathbf{chk}
                                                      check for stack overflow
                                                      set new state
        mov =num01, wa
        bne xr,=opdvs,exp01
                                                      back for next element unless =
           here for special case of binary =. the syntax allows a
           null right argument for this operator to be left
           out. accordingly we reset to state zero to get proper
           action on a terminator (supply a null constant).
        zer wa
                                                      set state zero
                                                      jump for next element
        brn exp01
                                                      end procedure expan
        enp
```

```
expap -- test for pattern match tree
           expap is passed an expression tree to determine if it
           is a pattern match. the following are recogized as
           matches in the context of this call.
           1)
                 an explicit use of binary question mark
           2)
                a concatenation
           3)
                 an alternation whose left operand is a concatenation
           (xr)
                                   ptr to expan tree
           jsr expap
                                   call to test for pattern match
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc if not a pattern match
           (wa)
                                   destroyed
            (xr)
                                   unchanged (if not match)
           (xr)
                                   ptr to binary operator blk if match
                                                      entry point
       prc e,1
expap
       mov xl, -(xs)
                                                      save xl
       bne (xr),=b$cmt,expp2
                                                      no match if not complex
                                                      else load type code
       mov cmtyp(xr),wa
                                                      concatenation is a match
       beq wa,=c$cnc,expp1
       beq wa,=c$pmt,expp1
                                                      binary question mark is a match
       bne wa,=c$alt,expp2
                                                      else not match unless alternation
           here for alternation. change (a b) / c to a qm (b / c)
       mov cmlop(xr),xl
                                                      load left operand pointer
       bne (x1),=b$cmt,expp2
                                                      not match if left opnd not complex
       bne cmtyp(x1),=c$cnc,expp2
                                                      not match if left op not conc
       mov cmrop(x1),cmlop(xr)
                                                      xr points to (b / c)
       mov xr,cmrop(xl)
                                                      set xl opnds to a, (b / c)
       mov xl,xr
                                                      point to this altered node
           exit here for pattern match
       mov (xs)+,xl
                                                      restore entry xl
expp1
       exi
                                                      give pattern match return
           exit here if not pattern match
       mov (xs)+,xl
                                                      restore entry xl
expp2
       exi 1
                                                      give non-match return
       enp
                                                      end procedure expap
```

```
expdm -- dump operators at current level (for expan)
           expdm uses expop to condense all operators at this syntax
           level. the stack bottom is recognized from the level
           value which is saved on the top of the stack.
           jsr expdm
                                  call to dump operators
           (xs)
                                  popped as required
           (xr,wa)
                                  destroyed
       prc n,0
                                                     entry point
expdm
       mov xl,r$exs
                                                     save xl value
           loop to dump operators
exdm1
       ble num01(xs),=num05,exdm2
                                                     jump if stack bottom (saved level
       jsr expop
                                                     else pop one operator
                                                     and loop back
       brn exdm1
           here after popping all operators
exdm2
       mov r$exs,xl
                                                     restore xl
       zer r$exs
                                                     release save location
       exi
                                                     return to expdm caller
                                                     end procedure expdm
       enp
```

```
expop-- pop operator (for expan)
           expop is used by the expan routine to condense one
            operator from the top of the syntax stack. an appropriate
            cmblk is built for the operator (unary or binary) and a
           pointer to this cmblk is stacked.
           expop is also used by scngf (goto field scan) procedure
            jsr expop
                                   call to pop operator
            (xs)
                                   popped appropriately
            (xr,xl,wa)
                                   destroyed
        prc n,0
                                                      entry point
expop
        mov num01(xs),xr
                                                      load operator dv pointer
        beq dvlpr(xr),=lluno,expo2
                                                      jump if unary
           here for binary operator
        mov *cmbs$, wa
                                                      set size of binary operator cmblk
        jsr alloc
                                                      allocate space for cmblk
        mov (xs)+,cmrop(xr)
                                                      pop and store right operand ptr
                                                      pop and load operator dv ptr
        mov (xs)+,xl
        mov (xs),cmlop(xr)
                                                      store left operand pointer
           common exit point
expo1
       mov =b$cmt,(xr)
                                                      store type code for cmblk
        mov dvtyp(x1),cmtyp(xr)
                                                      store cmblk node type code
                                                      store dvptr (=ptr to dac o$xxx)
        mov xl,cmopn(xr)
                                                      store cmblk length
        mov wa,cmlen(xr)
        mov xr, (xs)
                                                      store resulting node ptr on stack
        exi
                                                      return to expop caller
           here for unary operator
       mov *cmus$, wa
                                                      set size of unary operator cmblk
expo2
        jsr alloc
                                                      allocate space for cmblk
        mov (xs)+, cmrop(xr)
                                                      pop and store operand pointer
        mov (xs),xl
                                                      load operator dv pointer
        brn expo1
                                                      merge back to exit
                                                      end procedure expop
        enp
```

```
if.csfn
           filnm -- obtain file name from statement number
           filnm takes a statement number and examines the file name
           table pointed to by r$sfn to find the name of the file
           containing the given statement. table entries are
           arranged in order of ascending statement number (there
           is only one hash bucket in this table). elements are
           added to the table each time there is a change in
           file name, recording the then current statement number.
           to find the file name, the linked list of teblks is
           scanned for an element containing a subscript (statement
           number) greater than the argument statement number, or
           the end of chain. when this condition is met, the
           previous teblk contains the desired file name as its
           value entry.
           (wc)
                                  statement number
           jsr filnm
                                  call to obtain file name
           (x1)
                                  file name (scblk)
           (ia)
                                  destroyed
filnm prc e,0
                                                     entry point
       mov wb,-(xs)
                                                     preserve wb
                                                     return nulls if stno is zero
       bze wc,filn3
       mov r$sfn,xl
                                                     file name table
       bze xl,filn3
                                                     if no table
       mov tbbuk(x1),wb
                                                     get bucket entry
                                                     jump if no teblks on chain
       beq wb,r$sfn,filn3
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                     preserve xr
       mov wb,xr
                                                     previous block pointer
       mov wc,-(xs)
                                                     preserve stmt number
           loop through teblks on hash chain
filn1
       mov xr,xl
                                                     next element to examine
       mov tesub(x1),xr
                                                     load subscript value (an icblk)
       ldi icval(xr)
                                                     load the statement number
       mfi wc
                                                     convert to address constant
       \mathbf{blt}
            (xs),wc,filn2
                                                     compare arg with teblk stmt number
           here if desired stmt number is ge teblk stmt number
       mov xl,wb
                                                     save previous entry pointer
       mov tenxt(x1),xr
                                                     point to next teblk on chain
       bne xr,r$sfn,filn1
                                                     jump if there is one
```

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here if chain exhausted or desired block found.

```
filn2 mov wb,xl
                                                          previous teblk
                                                          get ptr to file name scblk
        {f mov} teval(x1),x1
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                          {\bf restore} \ {\bf stmt} \ {\bf number}
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                          restore xr
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                          restore wb
        exi (xs)+,wb
                                                          restore wb
            no table or no table entries
        mov (xs)+,wb
filn3
                                                          restore wb
        mov =nulls,xl
                                                          return null string
        exi =nulls,xl
                                                          return null string
        enp =nulls,xl
                                                          return null string
```

*

```
if .culc
            flstg -- fold string to upper case
            flstg folds a character string containing lower case
            characters to one containing upper case characters.
            folding is only done if &case (kvcas) is not zero.
            (xr)
                                     string argument
            (wa)
                                     length of string
                                     call to fold string
            jsr flstg
                                     result string (possibly original)
            (xr)
            (wc)
                                     destroyed
flstg
        prc e,0
                                                        entry point
        bze kvcas,fst99
                                                        skip if &case is 0
        mov xl, -(xs)
                                                        save xl across call
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        save original scblk ptr
        jsr alocs
                                                        allocate new string block
                                                        point to original scblk
        mov (xs),xl
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        save pointer to new scblk
        plc x1
                                                        point to original chars
        psc xr
                                                        point to new chars
        \mathbf{zer}
            -(xs)
                                                        init did fold flag
                                                        load loop counter
        lct wc,wc
fst01
        lch wa,(x1)+
                                                        load character
        blt wa,=ch$$a,fst02
                                                        skip if less than lc a
        bgt wa,=ch$$$,fst02
                                                        skip if greater than lc z
        \mathbf{flc}
                                                        fold character to upper case
            wa
        mnz (xs)
                                                        set did fold character flag
fst02
        sch wa,(xr)+
                                                        store (possibly folded) character
        bct wc,fst01
                                                        loop thru entire string
        csc xr
                                                        complete store characters
                                                        see if any change
        mov (xs)+,xr
        bnz xr,fst10
                                                        skip if folding done (no change)
                                                        do not need new scblk
        mov (xs)+,dnamp
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        return original scblk
        brn fst20
                                                        merge below
fst10
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        return new scblk
        ica xs
                                                        throw away original scblk pointer
                                                        reload string length
fst20
        mov sclen(xr), wa
                                                        restore xl
        mov (xs)+,xl
fst99
        exi
                                                        return
        enp
                                                        return
```

```
fi
           gbcol -- perform garbage collection
           gbcol performs a garbage collection on the dynamic region
           all blocks which are no longer in use are eliminated
           by moving blocks which are in use down and resetting
           dnamp, the pointer to the next available location.
           (wb)
                                  move offset (see below)
           jsr gbcol
                                  call to collect garbage
if.\mathbf{csed}
           (xr)
                                  sediment size after collection
else
           (xr)
                                  destroyed
fi
           the following conditions must be met at the time when
           gbcol is called.
           1)
                all pointers to blocks in the dynamic area must be
                accessible to the garbage collector. this means
                that they must occur in one of the following.
                a)
                                  main stack, with current top
                                  element being indicated by xs
                b)
                                  in relocatable fields of vrblks.
                c)
                                  in register xl at the time of call
                e)
                                  in the special region of working
                                  storage where names begin with r$.
           2)
                all pointers must point to the start of blocks with
                the sole exception of the contents of the code
                pointer register which points into the r$cod block.
           3)
                no location which appears to contain a pointer
                into the dynamic region may occur unless it is in
                fact a pointer to the start of the block. however
                pointers outside this area may occur and will
                not be changed by the garbage collector.
                it is especially important to make sure that xl
                does not contain a garbage value from some process
                carried out before the call to the collector.
           gbcol has the capability of moving the final compacted
           result up in memory (with addresses adjusted accordingly)
           this is used to add space to the static region. the
           entry value of wb is the number of bytes to move up.
```

- * the caller must guarantee that there is enough room.
- * furthermore the value in wb if it is non-zero, must be at
- * least 256 so that the mwb instruction conditions are met.

gbcol (continued)

the algorithm, which is a modification of the lisp-2 garbage collector devised by r.dewar and k.belcher takes three passes as follows.

*

all pointers in memory are scanned and blocks in use determined from this scan. note that this procedure is recursive and uses the main stack for linkage. the marking process is thus similar to that used in a standard lisp collector. however the method of actually marking the blocks is different.

*

the first field of a block normally contains a code entry point pointer. such an entry pointer can be distinguished from the address of any pointer to be processed by the collector. during garbage collection, this word is used to build a back chain of pointers through fields which point to the block. the end of the chain is marked by the occurence of the word which used to be in the first word of the block. this backchain serves both as a mark indicating that the block is in use and as a list of references for the relocation phase.

*

2) storage is scanned sequentially to discover which blocks are currently in use as indicated by the presence of a backchain. two pointers are maintained one scans through looking at each block. the other is incremented only for blocks found to be in use. in this way, the eventual location of each block can be determined without actually moving any blocks. as each block which is in use is processed, the back chain is used to reset all pointers which point to this block to contain its new address, i.e. the address it will occupy after the blocks are moved. the first word of the block, taken from the end of the chain is restored at this point.

*

during pass 2, the collector builds blocks which describe the regions of storage which are to be moved in the third pass. there is one descriptor for each contiguous set of good blocks. the descriptor is built just behind the block to be moved and contains a pointer to the next block and the number of words to be moved.

*

3) in the third and final pass, the move descriptor blocks built in pass two are used to actually move the blocks down to the bottom of the dynamic region. the collection is then complete and the next available location pointer is reset.

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*

* gbcol (continued)

*

$if.\mathbf{csed}$

the garbage collector also recognizes the concept of sediment. sediment is defined as long-lived objects which percipitate to the bottom of dynamic storage. moving these objects during repeated collections is inefficient. it also contributes to thrashing on systems with virtual memory. in a typical worst-case situation, there may be several megabytes of live objects in the sediment, and only a few dead objects in need of collection. without recognising sediment, the standard collector would move those megabytes of objects downward to squeeze out the dead objects. this type of move would result in excessive thrasing for very little memory gain.

scanning of blocks in the sediment cannot be avoided entirely, because these blocks may contain pointers to live objects above the sediment. however, sediment blocks need not be linked to a back chain as described in pass one above. since these blocks will not be moved,

* pointers to them do not need to be adjusted. eliminating unnecessary back chain links increases locality of

reference, improving virtual memory performance.

because back chains are used to mark blocks whose contents have been processed, a different marking system $\,$

if.cepp

is needed for blocks in the sediment. since block type words point to odd-parity entry addresses, merely incrementing the type word serves to mark the block as processed. during pass three, the type words are decremented to restore them to their original value.

else

is needed for blocks in the sediment. all block type words normally lie in the range b\$aaa to p\$yyy. blocks can be marked by adding an offset (created in gbcmk) to move type words out of this range. during pass three the offset is subtracted to restore them to their original value.

fi

gbcol (continued)

*

the variable dnams contains the number of bytes of memory currently in the sediment. setting dnams to zero will eliminate the sediment and force it to be included in a full garbage collection. gbcol returns a suggested new value for dnams (usually dnamp-dnamb) in xr which the caller can store in dnams if it wishes to maintain the sediment. that is, data remaining after a garbage collection is considered to be sediment. if one accepts the common lore that most objects are either very shortor very long-lived, then this naive setting of dnams probably includes some short-lived objects toward the end of the sediment.

*

knowing when to reset dnams to zero to collect the sediment is not precisely known. We force it to zero prior to producing a dump, when gbcol is invoked by collect() (so that the sediment is invisible to the user), when sysmm is unable to obtain additional memory, and when gbcol is called to relocate the dynamic area up in memory (to make room for enlarging the static area). if there are no other reset situations, this leads to the inexorable growth of the sediment, possible forcing a modest program to begin to use virtual memory that it otherwise would not.

*

as we scan sediment blocks in pass three, we maintain aggregate counts of the amount of dead and live storage, which is used to decide when to reset dnams. When the ratio of free storage found in the sediment to total sediment size exceeds a threshold, the sediment is marked for collection on the next gbcol call.

*

fi

```
gbcol (continued)
gbcol
        prc e,0
                                                           entry point
        bnz dmvch,gbc14
                                                           fail if in mid-dump
        mnz gbcfl
                                                           note gbcol entered
        mov wa, gbsva
                                                           save entry wa
        mov wb,gbsvb
                                                           save entry wb
        mov wc,gbsvc
                                                           save entry wc
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                           save entry xl
                                                           get code pointer value
        scp wa
        \operatorname{sub} r$cod,wa
                                                           make relative
        lcp wa
                                                           and restore
if.\mathbf{csed}
        bze wb,gbc0a
                                                           check there is no move offset
                                                           collect sediment if must move it
        \mathbf{zer}
              dnams
gbc0a
        mov dnamb, wa
                                                           start of dynamic area
        add dnams, wa
                                                           size of sediment
                                                           first location past sediment
        mov wa, gbcsd
  if .cepp
  else
                                                           last entry point
        mov =p$yyy,wa
                                                           address past last entry point
        icv wa
        sub =b$aaa,wa
                                                           size of entry point area
                                                           use to mark processed sed. blocks
        mov wa, gbcmk
  fi
fi
if.\mathbf{cgbc}
             inform sysgc that collection to commence
        mnz xr
                                                           non-zero flags start of collection
                                                           start of dynamic area
        mov dnamb, wa
        mov dnamp, wb
                                                           next available location
        mov dname, wc
                                                           last available location +1
                                                           inform of collection
        jsr sysgc
fi
            process stack entries
        mov xs,xr
                                                           point to stack front
                                                           point past end of stack
        mov stbas,xl
                                                           ok if d-stack
        bge xl,xr,gbc00
                                                           reverse if ...
        mov xl,xr
                                                           \dots u-stack
        mov xs,xl
            process the stack
```

gbc00 jsr gbcpf process pointers on stack process special work locations mov =r\$aaa,xr point to start of relocatable locs point past end of relocatable locs mov =r\$yyy,x1 process work fields jsr gbcpf prepare to process variable blocks point to first hash slot pointer mov hshtb, wa loop through hash slots gbc01 mov wa,xl point to next slot bump bucket pointer ica wa mov wa, gbcnm save bucket pointer

```
gbcol (continued)
            loop through variables on one hash chain
                                                        load ptr to next vrblk
gbc02
       mov (x1),xr
                                                        jump if end of chain
        bze xr,gbc03
                                                        else copy vrblk pointer
        mov xr,xl
        add *vrval,xr
                                                        point to first reloc fld
        add *vrnxt,xl
                                                        point past last (and to link ptr)
        jsr gbcpf
                                                        process reloc fields in vrblk
                                                        loop back for next block
        {\bf brn} gbc02
            here at end of one hash chain
gbc03
        mov gbcnm, wa
                                                        restore bucket pointer
        bne wa, hshte, gbc01
                                                        loop back if more buckets to go
```

```
gbcol (continued)
           now we are ready to start pass two. registers are used
            as follows in pass two.
            (xr)
                                    scans through all blocks
            (wc)
                                   pointer to eventual location
            the move description blocks built in this pass have
            the following format.
            word 1
                                    pointer to next move block,
                                    zero if end of chain of blocks
            word 2
                                    length of blocks to be moved in
                                    bytes. set to the address of the
                                    first byte while actually scanning
                                    the blocks.
            the first entry on this chain is a special entry
            consisting of the two words gbcnm and gbcns. after
           building the chain of move descriptors, gbcnm points to
            the first real move block, and gbcns is the length of
            blocks in use at the start of storage which need not
            be moved since they are in the correct position.
if.\mathbf{csed}
                                                       point to first block
        mov dnamb, xr
                                                       accumulate size of dead blocks
        zer wb
gbc04
        beq xr,gbcsd,gbc4c
                                                       jump if end of sediment
        {\operatorname{mov}} (xr),wa
                                                       else get first word
  if.cepp
                                                       jump if entry pointer (unused)
        bod wa,gbc4b
        dcv wa
                                                       restore entry pointer
  else
        bhi wa,=p$yyy,gbc4a
                                                       skip if not entry ptr (in use)
        bhi wa,=b$aaa,gbc4b
                                                       jump if entry pointer (unused)
        sub gbcmk, wa
                                                       restore entry pointer
gbc4a
  fi
        mov wa, (xr)
                                                       restore first word
        jsr blkln
                                                       get length of this block
        add wa,xr
                                                       bump actual pointer
                                                       continue scan through sediment
        brn gbc04
           here for unused sediment block
gbc4b
       jsr blkln
                                                       get length of this block
        add wa,xr
                                                       bump actual pointer
        add wa,wb
                                                       count size of unused blocks
                                                       continue scan through sediment
        brn gbc04
```

```
here at end of sediment. remember size of free blocks
            within the sediment. this will be used later to decide
            how to set the sediment size returned to caller.
            then scan rest of dynamic area above sediment.
            (wb) = aggregate size of free blocks in sediment
            (xr) = first location past sediment
gbc4c
        mov wb,gbcsf
                                                       size of sediment free space
else
                                                       point to first block
        mov dnamb, xr
fi
                                                       set as first eventual location
        mov xr,wc
                                                       add offset for eventual move up
        add gbsvb,wc
        zer gbcnm
                                                       clear initial forward pointer
        mov =gbcnm,gbclm
                                                       initialize ptr to last move block
                                                       initialize first address
        mov xr, gbcns
            loop through a series of blocks in use
gbc05
        beq xr,dnamp,gbc07
                                                       jump if end of used region
        mov (xr),wa
                                                       else get first word
if.cepp
        bod wa,gbc07
                                                       jump if entry pointer (unused)
else
        bhi wa,=p$yyy,gbc06
                                                       skip if not entry ptr (in use)
        bhi wa,=b$aaa,gbc07
                                                       jump if entry pointer (unused)
fi
            here for block in use, loop to relocate references
gbc06
        mov wa,xl
                                                       copy pointer
        mov (x1), wa
                                                       load forward pointer
        mov wc, (x1)
                                                       relocate reference
if .cepp
        bev wa,gbc06
                                                       loop back if not end of chain
else
        bhi wa,=p$yyy,gbc06
                                                       loop back if not end of chain
                                                       loop back if not end of chain
        blo wa,=b$aaa,gbc06
fi
```

```
gbcol (continued)
            at end of chain, restore first word and bump past
        mov wa, (xr)
                                                       restore first word
        jsr blkln
                                                       get length of this block
        add wa,xr
                                                       bump actual pointer
        add wa,wc
                                                       bump eventual pointer
        brn gbc05
                                                       loop back for next block
            here at end of a series of blocks in use
gbc07
        mov xr,wa
                                                       copy pointer past last block
        mov gbclm,xl
                                                       point to previous move block
        sub num01(x1),wa
                                                       subtract starting address
        mov wa, num01(x1)
                                                       store length of block to be moved
            loop through a series of blocks not in use
                                                       jump if end of used region
gbc08
        beq xr,dnamp,gbc10
                                                       else load first word of next block
        mov (xr), wa
if .cepp
                                                       jump if in use
        bev wa,gbc09
else
                                                       jump if in use
        bhi wa,=p$yyy,gbc09
        blo wa,=b$aaa,gbc09
                                                       jump if in use
fi
                                                       else get length of next block
        jsr blkln
        add wa,xr
                                                       push pointer
        brn gbc08
                                                       and loop back
            here for a block in use after processing a series of
            blocks which were not in use, build new move block.
gbc09
        sub *num02,xr
                                                       point 2 words behind for move block
        mov gbclm,xl
                                                       point to previous move block
        mov xr, (xl)
                                                       set forward ptr in previous block
        zer (xr)
                                                       zero forward ptr of new block
                                                       remember address of this block
        mov xr,gbclm
        mov xr,xl
                                                       copy ptr to move block
        add *num02,xr
                                                       point back to block in use
        mov xr,num01(xl)
                                                       store starting address
        brn gbc06
                                                       jump to process block in use
```

```
gbcol (continued)
            here for pass three -- actually move the blocks down
            (x1)
                                    pointer to old location
            (xr)
                                     pointer to new location
if.\mathbf{csed}
gbc10
        mov gbcsd,xr
                                                        point to storage above sediment
else
                                                        point to start of storage
gbc10
        mov dnamb,xr
fi
        add gbcns,xr
                                                        bump past unmoved blocks at start
            loop through move descriptors
gbc11
        mov gbcnm,xl
                                                        point to next move block
        bze xl,gbc12
                                                        jump if end of chain
        mov (xl)+,gbcnm
                                                        move pointer down chain
        mov (xl)+,wa
                                                        get length to move
        mvw
                                                        perform move
        brn gbc11
                                                        loop back
            now test for move up
gbc12
        mov xr, dnamp
                                                        set next available loc ptr
        mov gbsvb,wb
                                                        reload move offset
        bze wb,gbc13
                                                        jump if no move required
        mov xr,xl
                                                        else copy old top of core
        add wb,xr
                                                        point to new top of core
        mov xr, dnamp
                                                        save new top of core pointer
        mov xl,wa
                                                        copy old top
        sub dnamb, wa
                                                        minus old bottom = length
        add wb, dnamb
                                                        bump bottom to get new value
        mwb
                                                        perform move (backwards)
            merge here to exit
gbc13
        zer xr
                                                        clear garbage value in xr
        mov xr,gbcfl
                                                        note exit from gbcol
if.\mathbf{cgbc}
                                                        start of dynamic area
        mov dnamb, wa
        mov dnamp, wb
                                                        next available location
        mov dname, wc
                                                        last available location +1
                                                        inform sysgc of completion
        jsr sysgc
fi
```

if .csed

```
decide whether to mark sediment for collection next time.
            this is done by examining the ratio of previous sediment
            free space to the new sediment size.
        \mathbf{sti}
            gbcia
                                                        save ia
        zer xr
                                                        presume no sediment will remain
                                                        free space in sediment
        mov gbcsf,wb
        btw wb
                                                        convert bytes to words
        mti wb
                                                        put sediment free store in ia
        mli gbsed
                                                        multiply by sediment factor
                                                        jump if overflowed
        iov
             gb13a
                                                        end of dynamic area in use
        mov dnamp, wb
        sub dnamb, wb
                                                        minus start is sediment remaining
        btw wb
                                                        convert to words
                                                        store it
        mov wb,gbcsf
        sbi gbcsf
                                                        subtract from scaled up free store
                                                        jump if large free store in sedimnt
        igt gb13a
        mov dnamp,xr
                                                        below threshold, return sediment
        sub dnamb,xr
                                                        for use by caller
gb13a
       ldi gbcia
                                                        restore ia
        mov gbsva,wa
                                                        restore wa
        mov gbsvb,wb
                                                        restore wb
                                                        get code pointer
        scp wc
        add r$cod,wc
                                                        make absolute again
                                                        and replace absolute value
        lcp wc
        mov gbsvc,wc
                                                        restore wc
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                        restore entry xl
        {f icv} gbcnt
                                                        increment count of collections
        exi
                                                        exit to gbcol caller
            garbage collection not allowed whilst dumping
gbc14
        icv errft
                                                        fatal error
        erb 250, insufficient
                                                        memory to complete dump
                                                        end procedure gbcol
        enp
```

```
gbcpf -- process fields for garbage collector
           this procedure is used by the garbage collector to
           process fields in pass one. see gbcol for full details.
            (xr)
                                   ptr to first location to process
            (x1)
                                   ptr past last location to process
            jsr gbcpf
                                   call to process fields
            (xr,wa,wb,wc,ia)
                                   destroyed
           note that although this procedure uses a recursive
           approach, it controls its own stack and is not recursive.
gbcpf
       prc e,0
                                                      entry point
        zer -(xs)
                                                      set zero to mark bottom of stack
        mov xl, -(xs)
                                                      save end pointer
           merge here to go down a level and start a new loop
            1(xs)
                                   next lvl field ptr (0 at outer lvl)
           0(xs)
                                   ptr past last field to process
            (xr)
                                   ptr to first field to process
           loop to process successive fields
                                                      load field contents
gpf01
        mov (xr),xl
                                                      save field pointer
        mov xr,wc
if .crpp
        bod xl,gpf2a
                                                      jump if not ptr into dynamic area
fi
        blt x1,dnamb,gpf2a
                                                      jump if not ptr into dynamic area
        bge xl,dnamp,gpf2a
                                                      jump if not ptr into dynamic area
           here we have a ptr to a block in the dynamic area.
           link this field onto the reference backchain.
        mov (x1), wa
                                                      load ptr to chain (or entry ptr)
if.\mathbf{csed}
                                                      do not chain if within sediment
        blt xl,gbcsd,gpf1a
fi
                                                      set this field as new head of chain
        mov xr, (xl)
        mov wa, (xr)
                                                      set forward pointer
           now see if this block has been processed before
if .cepp
gpf1a
       bod wa,gpf03
                                                      jump if not already processed
else
```

```
gpf1a
       bhi wa,=p$yyy,gpf2a
                                                      jump if already processed
       bhi wa,=b$aaa,gpf03
                                                      jump if not already processed
fi
           here to restore pointer in xr to field just processed
gpf02
                                                      restore field pointer
       mov wc,xr
           here to move to next field
gpf2a
                                                      bump to next field
       ica xr
                                                      loop back if more to go
       bne xr,(xs),gpf01
```

```
gbcpf (continued)
            here we pop up a level after finishing a block
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                        restore pointer past end
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        restore block pointer
        bnz xr,gpf2a
                                                        continue loop unless outer levl
        exi
                                                        return to caller if outer level
            here to process an active block which has not been done
if.\mathbf{csed}
            since sediment blocks are not marked by putting them on
            the back chain, they must be explicitly marked in another
            manner. if odd parity entry points are present, mark by
            temporarily converting to even parity. if odd parity not
            available, the entry point is adjusted by the value in
            gbcmk.
gpf03
                                                        if not within sediment
        bge xl,gbcsd,gpf3a
  if .cepp
        icv (x1)
                                                        mark by making entry point even
  else
        add gbcmk, (x1)
                                                        mark by biasing entry point
  fi
gpf3a
        mov xl,xr
                                                        copy block pointer
                                                        copy block pointer
gpf03
        mov xl,xr
fi
        mov wa,xl
                                                        copy first word of block
                                                        load entry point id (bl$xx)
        lei xl
            block type switch. note that blocks with no relocatable
            fields just return to gpf02 here to continue to next fld.
        bsw x1,b1$$$
                                                        switch on block type
             bl$ar,gpf06
                                                        arblk
if.cnbf
        iff
             bl$bc,gpf02
                                                        bcblk - dummy to fill out iffs
else
        iff
                                                        bcblk
             bl$bc,gpf18
fi
        iff
             bl$bf,gpf02
                                                        bfblk
        iff
                                                        \operatorname{ccblk}
             bl$cc,gpf07
if.csln
        iff
                                                        cdblk
             bl$cd,gpf19
```

```
else
        iff
              bl$cd,gpf08
                                                            cdblk
fi
        iff
              bl$cm,gpf04
                                                            \operatorname{cmblk}
         iff
              bl$df,gpf02
                                                            dfblk
        iff
                                                            evblk
              bl$ev,gpf10
        iff
                                                            exblk
              bl$ex,gpf17
        iff
                                                            ffblk
              bl$ff,gpf11
        iff \\
              bl$nm,gpf10
                                                            nmblk
        iff \\
                                                            p0blk
              bl$p0,gpf10
                                                            p1blk
        iff
              bl$p1,gpf12
        iff
              bl$p2,gpf12
                                                            p2blk
        iff
              bl$pd,gpf13
                                                            pdblk
        iff
              bl$pf,gpf14
                                                            pfblk
        iff
                                                            tbblk
              bl$tb,gpf08
        iff
                                                            teblk
              bl$te,gpf15
        iff
              bl$tr,gpf16
                                                            trblk
        iff
                                                            vcblk
              bl$vc,gpf08
        iff
              bl$xr,gpf09
                                                            xrblk
        iff
                                                            ctblk
              bl$ct,gpf02
        iff
              bl$ef,gpf02
                                                            efblk
        iff
              bl$ic,gpf02
                                                            icblk
        iff
                                                            kvblk
              bl$kv,gpf02
         iff
              bl$rc,gpf02
                                                            rcblk
                                                            \operatorname{scblk}
        iff \\
              bl$sc,gpf02
        iff
                                                            seblk
              bl$se,gpf02
        iff
                                                            xnblk
              bl$xn,gpf02
         esw
                                                            end of jump table
```

```
gbcpf (continued)
            cmblk
gpf04
        mov cmlen(xr),wa
                                                        load length
                                                         set offset
        mov *cmtyp,wb
            here to push down to new level
            (wc)
                                     field ptr at previous level
                                     ptr to new block
            (xr)
            (wa)
                                     length (reloc flds + flds at start)
            (wb)
                                     offset to first reloc field
gpf05
        add xr,wa
                                                         point past last reloc field
        add wb,xr
                                                         point to first reloc field
        mov wc,-(xs)
                                                         stack old field pointer
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                         stack new limit pointer
        \mathbf{chk}
                                                         check for stack overflow
                                                         if ok, back to process
        brn gpf01
            arblk
gpf06
        mov arlen(xr),wa
                                                        load length
                                                         set offset to 1st reloc fld (arpro)
        mov arofs(xr),wb
                                                         all set
        brn gpf05
            ccblk
        mov ccuse(xr),wa
gpf07
                                                         set length in use
        mov *ccuse,wb
                                                         1st word (make sure at least one)
        brn gpf05
                                                         all set
```

```
gbcpf (continued)
if.csln
            cdblk
        {f mov} cdlen(xr),wa
                                                       load length
gpf19
        mov *cdfal,wb
                                                       set offset
        brn gpf05
                                                       jump back
            tbblk, vcblk
else
            cdblk, tbblk, vcblk
fi
gpf08
        mov offs2(xr),wa
                                                       load length
                                                       set offset
        mov *offs3,wb
        brn gpf05
                                                       jump back
            xrblk
        mov xrlen(xr),wa
                                                       load length
gpf09
                                                       set offset
        mov *xrptr,wb
        brn gpf05
                                                       jump back
            evblk, nmblk, p0blk
        mov *offs2,wa
gpf10
                                                       point past second field
        mov *offs1,wb
                                                       offset is one (only reloc fld is 2)
        brn gpf05
                                                       all set
            ffblk
gpf11
        mov *ffofs,wa
                                                       set length
        mov *ffnxt,wb
                                                       set offset
        brn gpf05
                                                       all set
            p1blk, p2blk
        mov *parm2,wa
                                                       length (parm2 is non-relocatable)
gpf12
        mov *pthen,wb
                                                       set offset
                                                       all set
        brn gpf05
```

```
gbcpf (continued)
            pdblk
gpf13
        mov pddfp(xr),xl
                                                        load ptr to dfblk
                                                        get pdblk length
        mov dfpdl(xl),wa
                                                        set offset
        mov *pdfld,wb
                                                        all set
        brn gpf05
            pfblk
gpf14
        mov *pfarg,wa
                                                        length past last reloc
        mov *pfcod,wb
                                                        offset to first reloc
        brn gpf05
                                                        all set
            teblk
gpf15
        mov *tesi$,wa
                                                        set length
        mov *tesub,wb
                                                        and offset
        brn gpf05
                                                        all set
            trblk
        mov *trsi$,wa
                                                        set length
gpf16
        mov *trval,wb
                                                        and offset
                                                        all set
        brn gpf05
            exblk
gpf17
        mov exlen(xr),wa
                                                        load length
                                                        set offset
        mov *exflc,wb
        brn gpf05
                                                        jump back
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
            bcblk
        mov *bcsi$,wa
                                                        set length
gpf18
        mov *bcbuf,wb
                                                        and offset
                                                        all set
        brn gpf05
fi
        enp
                                                        end procedure gbcpf
```

```
gtarr -- get array
           gtarr is passed an object and returns an array if possibl
            (xr)
                                   value to be converted
            (wa)
                                   O to place table addresses in array
                                   non-zero for keys/values in array
           jsr gtarr
                                   call to get array
                                   transfer loc for all null table
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc if convert impossible
           ppm loc
           (xr)
                                  resulting array
           (xl,wa,wb,wc)
                                   destroyed
       prc e,2
                                                     entry point
gtarr
       mov wa, gtawa
                                                     save wa indicator
       mov (xr), wa
                                                     load type word
       beq wa,=b$art,gtar8
                                                     exit if already an array
       beq wa,=b$vct,gtar8
                                                     exit if already an array
       bne wa,=b$tbt,gta9a
                                                     else fail if not a table (sgd02)
           here we convert a table to an array
       mov xr, -(xs)
                                                     replace tbblk pointer on stack
                                                     signal first pass
       zer xr
       zer wb
                                                     zero non-null element count
           the following code is executed twice. on the first pass,
           signalled by xr=0, the number of non-null elements in
           the table is counted in wb. in the second pass, where
           xr is a pointer into the arblk, the name and value are
           entered into the current arblk location provided gtawa
           is non-zero. if gtawa is zero, the address of the teblk
           is entered into the arblk twice (c3.762).
       mov (xs),xl
                                                     point to table
gtar1
       add tblen(xl),xl
                                                     point past last bucket
       sub *tbbuk,xl
                                                     set first bucket offset
       mov xl,wa
                                                     copy adjusted pointer
           loop through buckets in table block
           next three lines of code rely on tenxt having a value
           1 less than tbbuk.
gtar2
       mov wa,xl
                                                     copy bucket pointer
                                                     decrement bucket pointer
       dca wa
           loop through teblks on one bucket chain
       mov tenxt(x1),x1
                                                     point to next teblk
gtar3
       beq xl,(xs),gtar6
                                                     jump if chain end (tbblk ptr)
```

restore teblk pointer

 $\mathbf{mov}\ \mathtt{cnvtp,xl}$

```
gtarr (continued)
            now check for null and test cases
        beq wc,=nulls,gtar3
                                                         loop back to ignore null value
        bnz xr,gtar5
                                                         jump if second pass
        icv wb
                                                         for the first pass, bump count
                                                         and loop back for next teblk
        brn gtar3
            here in second pass
                                                         jump if address wanted
gtar5
        bze gtawa, gta5a
        mov tesub(x1),(xr)+
                                                         store subscript name
                                                         store value in arblk
        mov wc, (xr)+
        brn gtar3
                                                         loop back for next teblk
            here to record teblk address in arblk. this allows
            a sort routine to sort by ascending address.
        mov xl, (xr)+
                                                         store teblk address in name
gta5a
        mov xl,(xr)+
                                                         and value slots
                                                         loop back for next teblk
        brn gtar3
    *
            here after scanning teblks on one chain
                                                         loop back if more buckets to go
gtar6
        bne wa, (xs), gtar2
                                                         else jump if second pass
        bnz xr,gtar7
            here after counting non-null elements
        bze wb,gtar9
                                                         fail if no non-null elements
        mov wb, wa
                                                         else copy count
        add wb, wa
                                                         double (two words/element)
                                                         add space for standard fields
        add =arv12,wa
        {\it wtb} wa
                                                         convert length to bytes
                                                         error if too long for array
        bgt wa, mxlen, gta9b
        jsr alloc
                                                         else allocate space for arblk
        mov =b$art,(xr)
                                                         store type word
                                                         zero id for the moment
        zer idval(xr)
                                                         store length
        mov wa, arlen(xr)
                                                         set dimensions = 2
        mov =num02,arndm(xr)
        ldi intv1
                                                         get integer one
        \operatorname{sti}
             arlbd(xr)
                                                         store as lbd 1
        sti arlb2(xr)
                                                         store as lbd 2
        ldi
             intv2
                                                         load integer two
                                                         store as \dim 2
        sti ardm2(xr)
        mti wb
                                                         get element count as integer
        \operatorname{sti}
             ardim(xr)
                                                         store as dim 1
        zer arpr2(xr)
                                                         zero prototype field for now
                                                         set offset field (signal pass 2)
        mov *arpr2,arofs(xr)
```

mov xr,wb add *arvl2,xr brn gtar1 save arblk pointer point to first element location jump back to fill in elements

```
gtarr (continued)
           here after filling in element values
gtar7
        mov wb,xr
                                                       restore arblk pointer
        mov wb, (xs)
                                                       store as result
           now we need the array prototype which is of the form nn,2
           this is obtained by building the string for nn02 and
            changing the zero to a comma before storing it.
        ldi ardim(xr)
                                                       get number of elements (nn)
        mli intvh
                                                       multiply by 100
        adi intv2
                                                       add 2 (nn02)
        jsr icbld
                                                       build integer
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                       store ptr for gtstg
        jsr gtstg
                                                       convert to string
                                                       convert fail is impossible
        ppm
                                                       copy string pointer
        mov xr,xl
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       reload arblk pointer
        mov xl,arpr2(xr)
                                                       store prototype ptr (nn02)
                                                       adjust length to point to zero
        sub = num02, wa
        psc xl,wa
                                                       point to zero
        \mathbf{mov} =ch$cm,wb
                                                       load a comma
        sch wb,(x1)
                                                       store a comma over the zero
        csc xl
                                                       complete store characters
           normal return
gtar8
                                                       return to caller
        exi
           null table non-conversion return
gtar9
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       restore stack for conv err (sgd02)
        exi 1
                                                       return
            impossible conversion return
gta9a
        exi 2
                                                       return
            array size too large
gta9b
        erb 260, conversion array
                                                       size exceeds maximum permitted
        enp
                                                       procedure gtarr
```

```
gtcod -- convert to code
            (xr)
                                    object to be converted
            jsr gtcod
                                    call to convert to code
                                    transfer loc if convert impossible
            ppm loc
                                    pointer to resulting cdblk
            (xr)
            (xl,wa,wb,wc,ra)
                                    destroyed
            if a spitbol error occurs during compilation or pre-
            evaluation, control is passed via error section to exfal
            without returning to this routine.
gtcod
        prc e,1
                                                       entry point
        beq (xr),=b$cds,gtcd1
                                                       jump if already code
        beq (xr),=b$cdc,gtcd1
                                                       jump if already code
            here we must generate a cdblk by compilation
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       stack argument for gtstg
        jsr gtstg
                                                       convert argument to string
        ppm gtcd2
                                                       jump if non-convertible
        mov flptr,gtcef
                                                       save fail ptr in case of error
        mov r$cod,r$gtc
                                                       also save code ptr
        mov xr,r$cim
                                                       else set image pointer
        mov wa, scnil
                                                       set image length
        zer scnpt
                                                       set scan pointer
                                                       set stage for execute compile
        mov =stgxc,stage
        mov cmpsn,lstsn
                                                       in case listr called
if.csln
                                                       bump line number
        icv cmpln
fi
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            cmpil
                                                       compile string
        mov =stgxt,stage
                                                       reset stage for execute time
        zer r$cim
                                                       clear image
            merge here if no convert required
gtcd1
        exi
                                                       give normal gtcod return
            here if unconvertible
gtcd2
        exi 1
                                                       give error return
        enp
                                                       end procedure gtcod
```

```
gtexp -- convert to expression
if.cevb
            (wb)
                                   0 if by value, 1 if by name
            (xr)
                                   input value to be converted
            jsr gtexp
                                   call to convert to expression
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc if convert impossible
            (xr)
                                   pointer to result exblk or seblk
            (xl,wa,wb,wc,ra)
                                   destroyed
           if a spitbol error occurs during compilation or pre-
           evaluation, control is passed via error section to exfal
           without returning to this routine.
                                                      entry point
gtexp
       prc e,1
        blo (xr),=b$e$$,gtex1
                                                      jump if already an expression
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                      store argument for gtstg
        jsr gtstg
                                                      convert argument to string
                                                      jump if unconvertible
        ppm gtex2
           check the last character of the string for colon or
           semicolon. these characters can legitimately end an
           expression in open code, so expan will not detect them
           as errors, but they are invalid as terminators for a
           string that is being converted to expression form.
        mov xr,xl
                                                      copy input string pointer
        plc xl,wa
                                                      point one past the string end
                                                      fetch the last character
        lch x1,-(x1)
                                                      error if it is a semicolon
        beq x1,=ch$cl,gtex2
                                                      or if it is a colon
        beq x1,=ch$sm,gtex2
           here we convert a string by compilation
        mov xr,r$cim
                                                      set input image pointer
        zer scnpt
                                                      set scan pointer
        mov wa, scnil
                                                      set input image length
if .cevb
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                      save value/name flag
fi
                                                      set code for normal scan
        zer wb
        mov flptr,gtcef
                                                      save fail ptr in case of error
        mov r$cod,r$gtc
                                                      also save code ptr
        mov =stgev,stage
                                                      adjust stage for compile
        mov =t$uok,scntp
                                                      indicate unary operator acceptable
                                                      build tree for expression
        jsr expan
        zer scnrs
                                                      reset rescan flag
```

```
mov (xs)+,wa
                                                         restore value/name flag
fi
        {\it bne} scnpt,scnil,gtex2
                                                         error if not end of image
                                                         set ok value for cdgex call
        zer wb
                                                         copy tree pointer
        mov xr,xl
        jsr cdgex
                                                         build expression block
        zer r$cim
                                                         clear pointer
                                                         restore stage for execute time
        {f mov} =stgxt,stage
            merge here if no conversion required
                                                         return to gtexp caller
gtex1
        exi
            here if unconvertible
gtex2
        exi 1
                                                         take error exit
                                                         end procedure gtexp
        enp
```

```
gtint -- get integer value
           gtint is passed an object and returns an integer after
           performing any necessary conversions.
           (xr)
                                   value to be converted
           jsr gtint
                                   call to convert to integer
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for convert impossible
           (xr)
                                   resulting integer
           (wc,ra)
                                   destroyed
           (wa,wb)
                                   destroyed (only on conversion err)
                                   unchanged (on convert error)
            (xr)
       prc e,1
                                                      entry point
gtint
       beq (xr),=b$icl,gtin2
                                                      jump if already an integer
                                                      else save wa
       mov wa, gtina
       mov wb,gtinb
                                                      save wb
                                                      convert to numeric
       jsr gtnum
       ppm gtin3
                                                      jump if unconvertible
if.cnra
else
                                                      jump if integer
       beq wa,=b$icl,gtin1
           here we convert a real to integer
       ldr rcval(xr)
                                                      load real value
       rti
            gtin3
                                                      convert to integer (err if ovflow)
       jsr icbld
                                                      if ok build icblk
fi
           here after successful conversion to integer
       mov gtina,wa
                                                      restore wa
gtin1
       mov gtinb,wb
                                                      restore wb
           common exit point
gtin2
       exi
                                                      return to gtint caller
           here on conversion error
gtin3
       exi 1
                                                      take convert error exit
                                                      end procedure gtint
       enp
```

```
gtnum -- get numeric value
            gtnum is given an object and returns either an integer
            or a real, performing any necessary conversions.
            (xr)
                                     object to be converted
            jsr gtnum
                                     call to convert to numeric
            ppm loc
                                     transfer loc if convert impossible
            (xr)
                                     pointer to result (int or real)
                                     first word of result block
            (wa)
            (wb,wc,ra)
                                     destroyed
            (xr)
                                     unchanged (on convert error)
                                                          entry point
gtnum
        prc e,1
        mov (xr), wa
                                                          load first word of block
                                                          jump if integer (no conversion)
        beq wa,=b$icl,gtn34
if .cnra
else
                                                          jump if real (no conversion)
        beq wa,=b$rcl,gtn34
fi
            at this point the only possibility is to convert a string
            to an integer or real as appropriate.
                                                          stack argument in case convert err
        mov xr, -(xs)
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                          stack argument for gtstg
if .cnbf
        jsr
             gtstg
                                                          convert argument to string
else
                                                          get argument as string or buffer
        jsr
             gtstb
fi
        ppm gtn36
                                                          jump if unconvertible
            initialize numeric conversion
        ldi intv0
                                                          initialize integer result to zero
        bze wa,gtn32
                                                          jump to exit with zero if null
        \operatorname{lct}
             wa,wa
                                                          set bct counter for following loops
                                                          tentatively indicate result +
        zer gtnnf
if .cnra
else
        sti
                                                          initialise exponent to zero
             gtnex
                                                          zero scale in case real
        \mathbf{zer}
             gtnsc
        \mathbf{zer}
            gtndf
                                                          reset flag for dec point found
                                                          reset flag for digits found
        zer gtnrd
                                                          zero real accum in case real
        ldr reav0
fi
        plc xr
                                                          point to argument characters
```

```
gtnum (continued)
            here if first digit is non-digit
        bne wb,=ch$bl,gtn03
                                                          jump if non-blank
gtn02
                                                          else decr count and loop back
gtna2
        bct wa,gtn01
        brn gtn07
                                                          jump to return zero if all blanks
            here for first character non-blank, non-digit
                                                          jump if plus sign
gtn03
        beq wb,=ch$pl,gtn04
if .caht
                                                          horizontal tab equiv to blank
        beq wb,=ch$ht,gtna2
fi
if .cavt
                                                          vertical tab equiv to blank
        beq wb,=ch$vt,gtna2
fi
if .cnra
                                                          else fail
        bne wb,=ch$mn,gtn36
else
        bne wb,=ch$mn,gtn12
                                                          jump if not minus (may be real)
fi
        mnz gtnnf
                                                          if minus sign, set negative flag
            merge here after processing sign
                                                          jump if chars left
        bct wa,gtn05
gtn04
        brn gtn36
                                                          else error
            loop to fetch characters of an integer
gtn05
        lch wb,(xr)+
                                                          load next character
        blt
             wb,=ch$d0,gtn08
                                                          jump if not a digit
        \mathbf{bgt} wb,=ch$d9,gtn08
                                                          jump if not a digit
            merge here for first digit
gtn06
        \mathbf{sti}
             gtnsi
                                                          save current value
if.cnra
                                                          current*10-(new dig) jump if ovflow
        \mathbf{cvm} gtn36
else
        cvm gtn35
                                                          current*10-(new dig) jump if ovflow
                                                          set digit read flag
        mnz gtnrd
fi
                                                          else loop back if more chars
        bct wa,gtn05
```

* here to exit with converted integer value

gtn07 bnz gtnnf,gtn32 jump if negative (all set)
ngi else negate
ino gtn32 jump if no overflow
brn gtn36 else signal error

```
gtnum (continued)
            here for a non-digit character while attempting to
            convert an integer, check for trailing blanks or real.
gtn08
        beq wb,=ch$bl,gtna9
                                                        jump if a blank
if .caht
                                                        jump if horizontal tab
        beq wb,=ch$ht,gtna9
fi
if .cavt
                                                        jump if vertical tab
        beq wb,=ch$vt,gtna9
fi
if .cnra
        brn gtn36
                                                        error
else
        itr
                                                        else convert integer to real
                                                        negate to get positive value
        ngr
        brn gtn12
                                                        jump to try for real
fi
            here we scan out blanks to end of string
gtn09
        lch wb,(xr)+
                                                        get next char
if .caht
        beq wb,=ch$ht,gtna9
                                                        jump if horizontal tab
fi
if .cavt
        beq wb,=ch$vt,gtna9
                                                        jump if vertical tab
                                                        error if non-blank
        bne wb,=ch$bl,gtn36
gtna9
        bct wa,gtn09
                                                        loop back if more chars to check
        brn gtn07
                                                        return integer if all blanks
if .cnra
else
            loop to collect mantissa of real
        lch wb,(xr)+
                                                        load next character
gtn10
        blt wb,=ch$d0,gtn12
                                                        jump if non-numeric
        bgt wb,=ch$d9,gtn12
                                                        jump if non-numeric
            merge here to collect first real digit
                                                        convert digit to number
gtn11
        sub =ch$d0,wb
```

mlr reavt
rov gtn36
str gtnsr
mti wb
itr
adr gtnsr
add gtndf,gtnsc
mnz gtnrd
bct wa,gtn10
brn gtn22

multiply real by 10.0 convert error if overflow save result get new digit as integer convert new digit to real add to get new total increment scale if after dec point set digit found flag loop back if more chars else jump to scale

```
gtnum (continued)
            here if non-digit found while collecting a real
        bne wb,=ch$dt,gtn13
                                                        jump if not dec point
gtn12
        bnz gtndf,gtn36
                                                        if dec point, error if one already
        mov =num01,gtndf
                                                        else set flag for dec point
        bct wa,gtn10
                                                        loop back if more chars
        brn gtn22
                                                        else jump to scale
            here if not decimal point
gtn13
        beq wb,=ch$le,gtn15
                                                        jump if e for exponent
        beq wb,=ch$ld,gtn15
                                                        jump if d for exponent
  if .culc
        beq wb,=ch$$e,gtn15
                                                        jump if e for exponent
        beq wb,=ch$$d,gtn15
                                                        jump if d for exponent
  fi
            here check for trailing blanks
gtn14
        beq wb,=ch$bl,gtnb4
                                                        jump if blank
  if .caht
        beq wb,=ch$ht,gtnb4
                                                        jump if horizontal tab
  fi
  if .cavt
        beq wb,=ch$vt,gtnb4
                                                        jump if vertical tab
  fi
                                                        error if non-blank
        brn gtn36
gtnb4
        lch wb,(xr)+
                                                        get next character
                                                        loop back to check if more
        bct wa,gtn14
        brn gtn22
                                                        else jump to scale
            here to read and process an exponent
                                                        set exponent sign positive
gtn15
        zer gtnes
        ldi
            intv0
                                                        initialize exponent to zero
        mnz gtndf
                                                        reset no dec point indication
                                                        jump skipping past e or d
        bct wa,gtn16
        brn gtn36
                                                        error if null exponent
            check for exponent sign
        lch wb,(xr)+
                                                        load first exponent character
gtn16
                                                        jump if plus sign
        beq wb,=ch$pl,gtn17
```

```
bne wb,=ch$mn,gtn19
    mnz gtnes

* merge here after processing exponent sign

* gtn17 bct wa,gtn18
    brn gtn36

* loop to convert exponent digits

* gtn18 lch wb,(xr)+

else jump if not minus sign set sign negative if minus sign

* jump if chars left else error

* loop to convert exponent digits
```

```
gtnum (continued)
            merge here for first exponent digit
                                                        jump if not digit
gtn19
        blt wb,=ch$d0,gtn20
        bgt wb,=ch$d9,gtn20
                                                        jump if not digit
                                                        else current*10, subtract new digit
        cvm gtn36
                                                        loop back if more chars
        bct wa,gtn18
        brn gtn21
                                                        jump if exponent field is exhausted
            here to check for trailing blanks after exponent
                                                        jump if blank
gtn20
        beq wb,=ch$bl,gtnc0
  if .caht
        beq wb,=ch$ht,gtnc0
                                                        jump if horizontal tab
  fi
  if .cavt
        beq wc,=ch$vt,gtnc0
                                                        jump if vertical tab
  fi
                                                        error if non-blank
        brn gtn36
        lch wb,(xr)+
                                                        get next character
gtnc0
                                                        loop back till all blanks scanned
        bct wa,gtn20
            merge here after collecting exponent
gtn21
        \mathbf{sti}
            gtnex
                                                        save collected exponent
        bnz gtnes,gtn22
                                                        jump if it was negative
                                                        else complement
        ngi
             gtn36
                                                        error if overflow
        iov
                                                        and store positive exponent
             gtnex
            merge here with exponent (0 if none given)
                                                        error if not digits collected
gtn22
        bze gtnrd,gtn36
        bze gtndf,gtn36
                                                        error if no exponent or dec point
        mti gtnsc
                                                        else load scale as integer
        sbi gtnex
                                                        subtract exponent
                                                        error if overflow
        iov
             gtn36
        ilt
             gtn26
                                                        jump if we must scale up
            here we have a negative exponent, so scale down
                                                        load scale factor, err if ovflow
        mfi wa,gtn36
            loop to scale down in steps of 10**10
```

gtn23 ble wa,=num10,gtn24

 $\begin{array}{ll} \mathbf{dvr} & \mathtt{reatt} \\ \mathbf{sub} & \mathtt{=num10,wa} \\ \mathbf{brn} & \mathtt{gtn23} \end{array}$

jump if 10 or less to go else divide by 10**10 decrement scale and loop back

```
gtnum (continued)
            here scale rest of way from powers of ten table
gtn24
        bze wa,gtn30
                                                        jump if scaled
        lct wb,=cfp$r
                                                        else get indexing factor
        mov =reav1,xr
                                                        point to powers of ten table
        wtb wa
                                                        convert remaining scale to byte ofs
            loop to point to powers of ten table entry
gtn25
        add wa,xr
                                                        bump pointer
        {\it bct} wb,gtn25
                                                        once for each value word
        dvr (xr)
                                                        scale down as required
        brn gtn30
                                                        and jump
            come here to scale result up (positive exponent)
gtn26
        ngi
                                                        get absolute value of exponent
                                                        error if overflow
        iov gtn36
                                                        acquire scale, error if ovflow
        mfi wa,gtn36
            loop to scale up in steps of 10**10
gtn27
        ble wa,=num10,gtn28
                                                        jump if 10 or less to go
        mlr reatt
                                                        else multiply by 10^{**}10
                                                        error if overflow
        rov gtn36
        sub = num10, wa
                                                        else decrement scale
                                                        and loop back
        brn gtn27
            here to scale up rest of way with table
gtn28
        bze wa,gtn30
                                                        jump if scaled
                                                        else get indexing factor
        lct wb,=cfp$r
        mov =reav1,xr
                                                        point to powers of ten table
        wtb wa
                                                        convert remaining scale to byte ofs
            loop to point to proper entry in powers of ten table
        add wa,xr
gtn29
                                                        bump pointer
        bct wb,gtn29
                                                        once for each word in value
        mlr (xr)
                                                        scale up
                                                        error if overflow
        rov gtn36
```

```
gtnum (continued)
            here with real value scaled and ready except for sign
gtn30
        bze gtnnf,gtn31
                                                       jump if positive
        ngr
                                                       else negate
            here with properly signed real value in (ra)
gtn31
                                                       build real block
        jsr rcbld
        brn gtn33
                                                       merge to exit
fi
            here with properly signed integer value in (ia)
gtn32
        jsr icbld
                                                       build icblk
            real merges here
                                                       load first word of result block
        mov (xr), wa
gtn33
                                                       pop argument off stack
        ica xs
            common exit point
gtn34
        exi
                                                       return to gtnum caller
if.cnra
else
            come here if overflow occurs during collection of integer
            have to restore wb which cvm may have destroyed.
gtn35
        lch wb,-(xr)
                                                       reload current character
        lch wb,(xr)+
                                                       bump character pointer
        ldi
                                                       reload integer so far
             gtnsi
                                                       convert to real
        itr
        ngr
                                                       make value positive
        brn gtn11
                                                       merge with real circuit
fi
            here for unconvertible to string or conversion error
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       reload original argument
gtn36
        exi 1
                                                       take convert-error exit
                                                       end procedure gtnum
        enp
```

```
gtnvr -- convert to natural variable
            gtnvr locates a variable block (vrblk) given either an
            appropriate name (nmblk) or a non-null string (scblk).
            (xr)
                                    argument
            jsr gtnvr
                                    call to convert to natural variable
            ppm loc
                                    transfer loc if convert impossible
            (xr)
                                    pointer to vrblk
            (wa,wb)
                                    destroyed (conversion error only)
            (wc)
                                    destroyed
                                                        entry point
gtnvr
        prc e,1
        bne (xr),=b$nml,gnv02
                                                        jump if not name
        mov nmbas(xr),xr
                                                        else load name base if name
                                                        skip if vrblk (in static region)
        blo xr, state, gnv07
            common error exit
                                                        take convert-error exit
gnv01
        exi 1
            here if not name
gnv02
        mov wa, gnvsa
                                                        save wa
        mov wb, gnvsb
                                                        save wb
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                        stack argument for gtstg
                                                        convert argument to string
        jsr gtstg
        ppm gnv01
                                                        jump if conversion error
        bze wa, gnv01
                                                        null string is an error
if .culc
                                                        fold lower case to upper case
        jsr flstg
fi
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                        save xl
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack string ptr for later
        mov xr,wb
                                                        copy string pointer
        add *schar, wb
                                                        point to characters of string
        mov wb, gnvst
                                                        save pointer to characters
        mov wa,wb
                                                        copy length
                                                        get number of words in name
        ctw wb,0
        mov wb, gnvnw
                                                        save for later
        jsr hashs
                                                        compute hash index for string
        rmi hshnb
                                                        compute hash offset by taking mod
        mfi wc
                                                        get as offset
        \mathbf{wtb} wc
                                                        convert offset to bytes
        add hshtb,wc
                                                        point to proper hash chain
                                                        subtract offset to merge into loop
        sub *vrnxt,wc
```

```
gtnvr (continued)
            loop to search hash chain
        mov wc,xl
                                                        copy hash chain pointer
gnv03
        mov vrnxt(x1),x1
                                                        point to next vrblk on chain
        bze xl,gnv08
                                                        jump if end of chain
        mov xl,wc
                                                        save pointer to this vrblk
        bnz vrlen(x1),gnv04
                                                        jump if not system variable
        mov vrsvp(xl),xl
                                                        else point to svblk
        sub *vrsof,xl
                                                        adjust offset for merge
            merge here with string ptr (like vrblk) in xl
gnv04
        bne wa, vrlen(x1), gnv03
                                                        back for next vrblk if lengths ne
        add *vrchs,xl
                                                        else point to chars of chain entry
        lct wb, gnvnw
                                                        get word counter to control loop
        mov gnvst,xr
                                                        point to chars of new name
            loop to compare characters of the two names
gnv05
        cne (xr),(x1),gnv03
                                                        jump if no match for next vrblk
        ica xr
                                                        bump new name pointer
                                                        bump vrblk in chain name pointer
        ica xl
        bct wb,gnv05
                                                        else loop till all compared
        mov wc,xr
                                                        we have found a match, get vrblk
            exit point after finding vrblk or building new one
gnv06
        mov gnvsa,wa
                                                        restore wa
        mov gnvsb,wb
                                                        restore wb
        ica xs
                                                        pop string pointer
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                        restore xl
            common exit point
gnv07
        exi
                                                        return to gtnvr caller
            not found, prepare to search system variable table
                                                        clear garbage xr pointer
gnv08
        zer xr
        mov wc, gnvhe
                                                        save ptr to end of hash chain
        bgt wa,=num09,gnv14
                                                        cannot be system var if length gt 9
        mov wa,xl
                                                        else copy length
        wtb xl
                                                        convert to byte offset
        mov vsrch(xl),xl
                                                        point to first svblk of this length
```

```
gtnvr (continued)
            loop to search entries in standard variable table
        mov xl, gnvsp
                                                        save table pointer
gnv09
        mov (x1)+,wc
                                                        load sybit bit string
        mov (xl)+,wb
                                                        load length from table entry
        bne wa, wb, gnv14
                                                        jump if end of right length entries
        lct wb, gnvnw
                                                        get word counter to control loop
                                                        point to chars of new name
        mov gnvst,xr
            loop to check for matching names
        cne (xr),(xl),gnv11
                                                        jump if name mismatch
gnv10
        ica xr
                                                        else bump new name pointer
        ica xl
                                                        bump svblk pointer
        bct wb, gnv10
                                                        else loop until all checked
            here we have a match in the standard variable table
                                                        set vrlen value zero
        zer wc
                                                        set standard size
        mov *vrsi$, wa
        brn gnv15
                                                        jump to build vrblk
            here if no match with table entry in svblks table
        ica xl
                                                        bump past word of chars
gnv11
        bct wb,gnv11
                                                        loop back if more to go
        rsh wc,svnbt
                                                        remove uninteresting bits
            loop to bump table ptr for each flagged word
        mov bits1,wb
gnv12
                                                        load bit to test
        anb wc,wb
                                                        test for word present
        {\bf zrb} wb,gnv13
                                                        jump if not present
        ica xl
                                                        else bump table pointer
            here after dealing with one word (one bit)
        rsh wc,1
                                                        remove bit already processed
gnv13
                                                        loop back if more bits to test
        nzb wc,gnv12
        brn gnv09
                                                        else loop back for next svblk
            here if not system variable
        mov wa,wc
                                                        copy vrlen value
gnv14
                                                        load standard size -chars
        mov = vrchs, wa
        add gnvnw,wa
                                                        adjust for chars of name
        wtb wa
                                                        convert length to bytes
```

```
gtnvr (continued)
            merge here to build vrblk
        jsr alost
                                                        allocate space for vrblk (static)
gnv15
        mov xr,wb
                                                        save vrblk pointer
        mov =stnvr,xl
                                                        point to model variable block
        mov *vrlen,wa
                                                        set length of standard fields
        mvw
                                                        set initial fields of new block
        mov gnvhe,xl
                                                        load pointer to end of hash chain
                                                        add new block to end of chain
        mov wb, vrnxt(x1)
        mov wc,(xr)+
                                                        set vrlen field, bump ptr
        mov gnvnw, wa
                                                        get length in words
        {\bf wtb} wa
                                                        convert to length in bytes
        bze wc,gnv16
                                                        jump if system variable
            here for non-system variable -- set chars of name
        mov (xs),xl
                                                        point back to string name
        add *schar,xl
                                                        point to chars of name
        mvw
                                                        move characters into place
        mov wb,xr
                                                        restore vrblk pointer
        brn gnv06
                                                        jump back to exit
            here for system variable case to fill in fields where
            necessary from the fields present in the svblk.
gnv16
        mov gnvsp,xl
                                                        load pointer to svblk
        mov xl,(xr)
                                                        set svblk ptr in vrblk
        mov wb,xr
                                                        restore vrblk pointer
                                                        load bit indicators
        mov svbit(x1),wb
        add *svchs,xl
                                                        point to characters of name
        add wa,xl
                                                        point past characters
            skip past keyword number (svknm) if present
        mov btknm,wc
                                                        load test bit
        anb wb,wc
                                                        and to test
        zrb wc,gnv17
                                                        jump if no keyword number
        ica xl
                                                        else bump pointer
```

```
gtnvr (continued)
            here test for function (svfnc and svnar)
        mov btfnc,wc
                                                         get test bit
gnv17
        anb wb,wc
                                                         and to test
                                                         skip if no system function
        zrb wc,gnv18
        mov xl, vrfnc(xr)
                                                         else point vrfnc to svfnc field
        add *num02,xl
                                                         and bump past svfnc, svnar fields
            now test for label (svlbl)
gnv18
        mov btlbl,wc
                                                         get test bit
                                                         and to test
        anb wb,wc
                                                         jump if bit is off (no system labl)
        zrb wc,gnv19
        mov xl, vrlbl(xr)
                                                         else point vrlbl to svlbl field
        ica xl
                                                         bump past svlbl field
            now test for value (svval)
                                                         load test bit
gnv19
        mov btval,wc
                                                         and to test
        anb wb,wc
        zrb wc,gnv06
                                                         all done if no value
        mov (x1), vrval(xr)
                                                         else set initial value
        mov =b$vre,vrsto(xr)
                                                         set error store access
                                                         merge back to exit to caller
        brn gnv06
                                                         end procedure gtnvr
        enp
```

```
gtpat -- get pattern
           gtpat is passed an object in (xr) and returns a
           pattern after performing any necessary conversions
            (xr)
                                   input argument
            jsr gtpat
                                   call to convert to pattern
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc if convert impossible
            (xr)
                                   resulting pattern
            (wa)
                                   destroyed
            (wb)
                                   destroyed (only on convert error)
                                   unchanged (only on convert error)
            (xr)
       prc e,1
                                                      entry point
gtpat
        bhi (xr),=p$aaa,gtpt5
                                                      jump if pattern already
           here if not pattern, try for string
        {f mov} wb,gtpsb
                                                      save wb
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      stack argument for gtstg
                                                      convert argument to string
        jsr gtstg
        \mathbf{ppm}\ \mathsf{gtpt2}
                                                      jump if impossible
           here we have a string
                                                      jump if non-null
       bnz wa,gtpt1
           here for null string. generate pointer to null pattern.
                                                      point to nothen node
        mov = ndnth, xr
        brn gtpt4
                                                      jump to exit
```

```
gtpat (continued)
           here for non-null string
        mov =p$str,wb
                                                      load pcode for multi-char string
gtpt1
        bne wa,=num01,gtpt3
                                                      jump if multi-char string
           here for one character string, share one character any
                                                      point to character
        plc xr
        lch wa, (xr)
                                                      load character
        mov wa,xr
                                                      set as parm1
        mov =p$ans,wb
                                                      point to pcode for 1-char any
        brn gtpt3
                                                      jump to build node
           here if argument is not convertible to string
gtpt2
        mov =p$exa,wb
                                                      set pcode for expression in case
        blo (xr),=b$e$$,gtpt3
                                                      jump to build node if expression
           here we have an error (conversion impossible)
        exi 1
                                                      take convert error exit
           merge here to build node for string or expression
gtpt3
        jsr pbild
                                                      call routine to build pattern node
            common exit after successful conversion
gtpt4
        mov gtpsb,wb
                                                      restore wb
           merge here to exit if no conversion required
gtpt5
                                                      return to gtpat caller
        exi
                                                      end procedure gtpat
        enp
```

 $\begin{array}{c} if \ . \mathbf{cnra} \\ else \end{array}$

```
gtrea -- get real value
           gtrea is passed an object and returns a real value
           performing any necessary conversions.
            (xr)
                                    object to be converted
            jsr gtrea
                                    call to convert object to real
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc if convert impossible
            (xr)
                                   pointer to resulting real
            (wa,wb,wc,ra)
                                   {\tt destroyed}
                                    unchanged (convert error only)
            (xr)
gtrea
                                                       entry point
        prc e,1
        mov (xr),wa
                                                       get first word of block
        \mathbf{beq} wa,=b$rcl,gtre2
                                                       jump if real
                                                       else convert argument to numeric
        jsr gtnum
        ppm gtre3
                                                       jump if unconvertible
        beq wa,=b$rcl,gtre2
                                                       jump if real was returned
           here for case of an integer to convert to real
gtre1
        ldi icval(xr)
                                                       load integer
                                                       convert to real
        itr
        jsr rcbld
                                                       build rcblk
           exit with real
                                                       return to gtrea caller
gtre2
        exi
           here on conversion error
gtre3
        exi 1
                                                       take convert error exit
                                                       end procedure gtrea
        enp
fi
```

```
gtsmi -- get small integer
           gtsmi is passed a snobol object and returns an address
           integer in the range (0 le n le dnamb). such a value can
           only be derived from an integer in the appropriate range.
           small integers never appear as snobol values. however,
           they are used internally for a variety of purposes.
           -(xs)
                                   argument to convert (on stack)
           jsr gtsmi
                                   call to convert to small integer
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for not integer
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for lt 0, gt dnamb
                                   resulting small int (two copies)
           (xr,wc)
           (xs)
                                   popped
            (ra)
                                   destroyed
                                   destroyed (on convert error only)
           (wa,wb)
            (xr)
                                   input arg (convert error only)
gtsmi
                                                      entry point
       prc n,2
       mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      load argument
                                                      skip if already an integer
       beq (xr),=b$icl,gtsm1
           here if not an integer
       jsr gtint
                                                      convert argument to integer
       \mathbf{ppm} gtsm2
                                                      jump if convert is impossible
           merge here with integer
gtsm1
       ldi icval(xr)
                                                      load integer value
       mfi wc,gtsm3
                                                      move as one word, jump if ovflow
       bgt wc,mxlen,gtsm3
                                                      or if too large
       mov wc,xr
                                                      copy result to xr
       exi
                                                      return to gtsmi caller
    *
           here if unconvertible to integer
       exi 1
                                                      take non-integer error exit
gtsm2
           here if out of range
                                                      take out-of-range error exit
gtsm3
       exi 2
       enp
                                                      end procedure gtsmi
```

```
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
            gtstb -- get string or buffer
            gtstb is passed an object and returns it unchanged if
            it is a buffer block, else it returns it as a string with
            any necessary conversions performed.
            -(xs)
                                    input argument (on stack)
                                    call to get buffer or cnvrt to stg
            jsr gtstb
                                    transfer loc if convert impossible
           ppm loc
            (xr)
                                    pointer to resulting scblk or bfblk
            (wa)
                                    length of string in characters
            (wb)
                                    zero/bcblk if string/buffer
            (xs)
                                    popped
            (ra)
                                    destroyed
            (xr)
                                    input arg (convert error only)
gtstb
        prc n,1
                                                       entry point
        mov (xs),xr
                                                       load argument, leave on stack
        mov (xr), wa
                                                       load block type
        beq wa,=b$scl,gtsb2
                                                       jump if already a string
                                                       jump if already a buffer
        beq wa,=b$bct,gtsb3
                                                       convert to string
        jsr gtstg
                                                       conversion failed
        ppm gtsb1
        zer wb
                                                       signal string result
        exi
                                                       convert with string result
           here if conversion failed
gtsb1
        exi 1
                                                       take convert error exit
           here if a string already
gtsb2
        ica xs
                                                       pop argument
        mov sclen(xr), wa
                                                       load string length
        zer wb
                                                       signal string result
        exi
                                                       return with string result
           here if it is already a buffer
        ica xs
gtsb3
                                                       pop argument
        mov bclen(xr),wa
                                                       load length of string in buffer
        mov xr, wb
                                                       return bcblk pointer in wb
        {f mov} bcbuf(xr),xr
                                                       return bfblk pointer in xr
                                                       return with buffer result
        exi
        enp
                                                       end procedure gtstg
```

```
fi
            gtstg -- get string
            gtstg is passed an object and returns a string with
            any necessary conversions performed.
            -(xs)
                                    input argument (on stack)
            jsr gtstg
                                    call to convert to string
            ppm loc
                                    transfer loc if convert impossible
                                    pointer to resulting string
            (xr)
            (wa)
                                    length of string in characters
            (xs)
                                    popped
            (ra)
                                    destroyed
            (xr)
                                    input arg (convert error only)
        prc n,1
                                                       entry point
gtstg
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       load argument, pop stack
        beq (xr),=b$scl,gts30
                                                       jump if already a string
            here if not a string already
gts01
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                       restack argument in case error
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                       save xl
        mov wb,gtsvb
                                                       save wb
        mov wc,gtsvc
                                                       save wc
        mov (xr), wa
                                                       load first word of block
        beq wa,=b$icl,gts05
                                                       jump to convert integer
if.cnra
else
        beq wa,=b$rcl,gts10
                                                       jump to convert real
fi
        \mathbf{beq} wa,=b$nml,gts03
                                                       jump to convert name
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
        beq wa,=b$bct,gts32
                                                       jump to convert buffer
fi
            here on conversion error
        mov (xs)+,xl
gts02
                                                       restore xl
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       reload input argument
        exi 1
                                                       take convert error exit
```

```
gtstg (continued)
            here to convert a name (only possible if natural var)
gts03
        mov nmbas(xr),xl
                                                          load name base
        bhi xl,state,gts02
                                                          error if not natural var (static)
                                                          else point to possible string name
        add *vrsof,xl
        mov sclen(xl), wa
                                                          load length
        bnz wa,gts04
                                                          jump if not system variable
        mov vrsvo(x1),x1
                                                          else point to svblk
                                                          and load name length
        mov svlen(x1), wa
            merge here with string in xr, length in wa
                                                          set offset to zero
gts04
        zer wb
        jsr sbstr
                                                          use sbstr to copy string
                                                          jump to exit
        brn gts29
            come here to convert an integer
gts05
                                                          load integer value
        ldi
             icval(xr)
if .cnci
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             sysci
                                                          convert integer
        mov sclen(x1),wa
                                                          get length
        zer wb
                                                          zero offset for sbstr
                                                          copy in result from sysci
        jsr
             sbstr
        brn gts29
                                                          exit
else
        mov =num01,gtssf
                                                          set sign flag negative
                                                          skip if integer is negative
        ilt
             gts06
        ngi
                                                          else negate integer
                                                          and reset negative flag
        zer gtssf
```

```
gtstg (continued)
            here with sign flag set and sign forced negative as
            required by the cvd instruction.
        mov gtswk,xr
gts06
                                                         point to result work area
                                                         initialize counter to max length
        mov =nstmx,wb
        \operatorname{psc} xr,wb
                                                         prepare to store (right-left)
            loop to convert digits into work area
gts07
                                                         convert one digit into wa
        \mathbf{cvd}
        sch wa,-(xr)
                                                         store in work area
        {f dcv} wb
                                                         decrement counter
        ine gts07
                                                         loop if more digits to go
        csc xr
                                                         complete store characters
fi
            merge here after converting integer or real into work
            area. wb is set to nstmx - (number of chars in result).
                                                         get max number of characters
gts08
        mov =nstmx,wa
        sub wb, wa
                                                         compute length of result
                                                         remember length for move later on
        mov wa, xl
        add gtssf,wa
                                                         add one for negative sign if needed
        jsr alocs
                                                         allocate string for result
                                                         save result pointer for the moment
        mov xr,wc
        psc xr
                                                         point to chars of result block
                                                         skip if positive
        bze gtssf,gts09
        mov =ch$mn,wa
                                                         else load negative sign
        sch wa,(xr)+
                                                         and store it
        csc xr
                                                         complete store characters
            here after dealing with sign
gts09
        mov xl,wa
                                                         recall length to move
        mov gtswk,xl
                                                         point to result work area
        plc x1,wb
                                                         point to first result character
        mvc
                                                         move chars to result string
        mov wc,xr
                                                         restore result pointer
if .cnra
else
        brn gts29
                                                         jump to exit
```

```
gtstg (continued)
            here to convert a real
gts10
                                                          load real
        ldr rcval(xr)
  if .cncr
                                                          max number of result chars
        mov =nstmr, wa
        zer xl
                                                          clear dud value
                                                          allocate result area
             alocs
        jsr
                                                          significant digits to produce
        mov =cfp$s,wa
                                                          conversion type
        zer wb
                                                          convert real to string
        jsr
             syscr
        mov wa, sclen(xr)
                                                          store result size
                                                          no trailing blanks to remove
        zer wb
        jsr
            trimr
                                                          discard excess memory
  else
        zer gtssf
                                                          reset negative flag
        req gts31
                                                          skip if zero
        rge gts11
                                                          jump if real is positive
                                                          else set negative flag
        mov =num01,gtssf
                                                          and get absolute value of real
        ngr
            now scale the real to the range (0.1 le x lt 1.0)
        ldi intv0
gts11
                                                          initialize exponent to zero
            loop to scale up in steps of 10**10
                                                          save real value
gts12
        \mathbf{str}
            gtsrs
        sbr reap1
                                                          subtract 0.1 to compare
        rge gts13
                                                          jump if scale up not required
        ldr gtsrs
                                                          else reload value
        mlr reatt
                                                          multiply by 10**10
                                                          decrement exponent by 10
        sbi intvt
        brn gts12
                                                          loop back to test again
            test for scale down required
                                                          reload value
gts13
        ldr gtsrs
                                                          subtract 1.0
        sbr reav1
                                                          jump if no scale down required
        \mathbf{rlt}
             gts17
        ldr gtsrs
                                                          else reload value
            loop to scale down in steps of 10**10
        sbr reatt
                                                          subtract 10^{**}10 to compare
gts14
        \mathbf{rlt}
             gts15
                                                          jump if large step not required
        ldr gtsrs
                                                          else restore value
                                                          divide by 10**10
        dvr reatt
```

str gtsrs adi intvt brn gts14 store new value increment exponent by 10 loop back

```
gtstg (continued)
           at this point we have (1.0 le x lt 10**10)
            complete scaling with powers of ten table
gts15
       mov =reav1,xr
                                                       point to powers of ten table
           loop to locate correct entry in table
                                                       reload value
       ldr gtsrs
gts16
        adi intv1
                                                       increment exponent
                                                       point to next entry in table
        add *cfp$r,xr
        sbr (xr)
                                                       subtract it to compare
        rge gts16
                                                       loop till we find a larger entry
                                                       then reload the value
        ldr gtsrs
        dvr (xr)
                                                       and complete scaling
                                                       store value
        str gtsrs
            we are now scaled, so round by adding 0.5 * 10**(-cfp\$s)
gts17
                                                       get value again
       ldr gtsrs
                                                       add rounding factor
        adr gtsrn
        str gtsrs
                                                       store result
            the rounding operation may have pushed us up past
            1.0 again, so check one more time.
                                                       subtract 1.0 to compare
        sbr reav1
        rlt gts18
                                                       skip if ok
        adi intv1
                                                       else increment exponent
                                                       reload value
        ldr gtsrs
                                                       divide by 10.0 to rescale
        \mathbf{dvr} reavt
        brn gts19
                                                       jump to merge
           here if rounding did not muck up scaling
gts18
       ldr gtsrs
                                                       reload rounded value
```

```
gtstg (continued)
           now we have completed the scaling as follows
           (ia)
                                   signed exponent
            (ra)
                                   scaled real (absolute value)
           if the exponent is negative or greater than cfp$s, then
           we convert the number in the form.
            (neg sign) 0 . (cpf$s digits) e (exp sign) (exp digits)
           if the exponent is positive and less than or equal to
           cfp$s, the number is converted in the form.
           (neg sign) (exponent digits) . (cfp$s-exponent digits)
           in both cases, the formats obtained from the above
           rules are modified by deleting trailing zeros after the
           decimal point. there are no leading zeros in the exponent
           and the exponent sign is always present.
gts19
       mov =cfp$s,xl
                                                     set num dec digits = cfp$s
       mov =ch$mn,gtses
                                                     set exponent sign negative
       ilt
            gts21
                                                     all set if exponent is negative
       mfi wa
                                                     else fetch exponent
       ble wa,=cfp$s,gts20
                                                     skip if we can use special format
       mti wa
                                                     else restore exponent
                                                     set negative for cvd
       ngi
       mov =ch$pl,gtses
                                                     set plus sign for exponent sign
                                                     jump to generate exponent
       brn gts21
           here if we can use the format without an exponent
gts20
       sub wa,xl
                                                     compute digits after decimal point
       ldi intv0
                                                     reset exponent to zero
```

```
gtstg (continued)
            merge here as follows
            (ia)
                                     exponent absolute value
                                     character for exponent sign
            gtses
                                     positive fraction
            (ra)
            (x1)
                                     number of digits after dec point
gts21
        mov gtswk,xr
                                                         point to work area
        mov =nstmx,wb
                                                         set character ctr to max length
        psc xr,wb
                                                         prepare to store (right to left)
        ieq gts23
                                                         skip exponent if it is zero
            loop to generate digits of exponent
gts22
        \mathbf{cvd}
                                                         convert a digit into wa
        sch wa,-(xr)
                                                         store in work area
        \mathbf{dcv} wb
                                                         decrement counter
        ine gts22
                                                         loop back if more digits to go
            here generate exponent sign and e
        mov gtses, wa
                                                         load exponent sign
        sch wa,-(xr)
                                                         store in work area
        {f mov} =ch$le,wa
                                                         get character letter e
        sch wa,-(xr)
                                                         store in work area
        sub =num02,wb
                                                         decrement counter for sign and e
            here to generate the fraction
gts23
        mlr gtssc
                                                         convert real to integer (10**cfp\$s)
                                                         get integer (overflow impossible)
        rti
        ngi
                                                         negate as required by cvd
            loop to suppress trailing zeros
        bze xl,gts27
                                                         jump if no digits left to do
gts24
        \mathbf{cvd}
                                                         else convert one digit
        bne wa,=ch$d0,gts26
                                                         jump if not a zero
                                                         decrement counter
        dcv xl
        brn gts24
                                                         loop back for next digit
```

```
gtstg (continued)
            loop to generate digits after decimal point
        \mathbf{cvd}
                                                         convert a digit into wa
gts25
            merge here first time
gts26
        sch wa,-(xr)
                                                         store digit
        {f dcv} wb
                                                         decrement counter
        dcv xl
                                                         decrement counter
        bnz xl,gts25
                                                         loop back if more to go
            here generate the decimal point
gts27
        mov =ch$dt,wa
                                                         load decimal point
        sch wa,-(xr)
                                                         store in work area
        {
m dcv} wb
                                                         decrement counter
            here generate the digits before the decimal point
gts28
        \mathbf{cvd}
                                                         convert a digit into wa
        sch wa,-(xr)
                                                         store in work area
        {
m dcv} wb
                                                         decrement counter
                                                         loop back if more to go
        ine gts28
        csc xr
                                                         complete store characters
        brn gts08
                                                         else jump back to exit
  fi
fi
            exit point after successful conversion
gts29
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                         restore xl
                                                         pop argument
        ica xs
        mov gtsvb,wb
                                                         restore wb
        mov gtsvc,wc
                                                         restore wc
            merge here if no conversion required
gts30
        mov sclen(xr), wa
                                                         load string length
                                                         return to caller
        exi
if .cnra
else
            here to return string for real zero
gts31
        mov =scre0,xl
                                                         point to string
                                                         2 chars
        mov = num02, wa
```

```
here to convert a buffer block
gts32 mov xr,xl
                                                       copy arg ptr
        mov bclen(x1),wa
                                                       get size to allocate
        bze wa,gts33
                                                       if null then return null
        jsr alocs
                                                       allocate string frame
                                                       save string ptr
        mov xr, wb
        mov sclen(xr),wa
                                                       get length to move
        ctb wa,0
                                                       get as multiple of word size
        mov bcbuf(x1),x1
                                                       point to bfblk
        add *scsi$,xr
                                                       point to start of character area
        add *bfsi$,xl
                                                       point to start of buffer chars
        mvw
                                                       copy words
        mov wb,xr
                                                       restore scblk ptr
        brn gts29
                                                       exit with scblk
            here when null buffer is being converted
gts33
        mov =nulls,xr
                                                       point to null
        brn gts29
                                                       exit with null
fi
                                                       end procedure gtstg
        enp
```

```
gtvar -- get variable for i/o/trace association
           gtvar is used to point to an actual variable location
           for the detach, input, output, trace, stoptr system functions
            (xr)
                                   argument to function
            jsr gtvar
                                   call to locate variable pointer
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc if not ok variable
            (xl,wa)
                                   name base, offset of variable
            (xr,ra)
                                   destroyed
            (wb,wc)
                                   destroyed (convert error only)
            (xr)
                                   input arg (convert error only)
       prc e,1
                                                      entry point
gtvar
        bne (xr),=b$nml,gtvr2
                                                      jump if not a name
        mov nmofs(xr),wa
                                                      else load name offset
                                                      load name base
        mov nmbas(xr),xl
                                                      error if expression variable
        beq (x1),=b$evt,gtvr1
        bne (x1),=b$kvt,gtvr3
                                                      all ok if not keyword variable
           here on conversion error
        exi 1
                                                      take convert error exit
gtvr1
           here if not a name, try convert to natural variable
gtvr2
       mov wc,gtvrc
                                                      save wc
                                                      locate vrblk if possible
        jsr gtnvr
        ppm gtvr1
                                                      jump if convert error
                                                      else copy vrblk name base
        mov xr,xl
        mov *vrval,wa
                                                      and set offset
                                                      restore wc
        mov gtvrc,wc
           here for name obtained
gtvr3
       bhi xl,state,gtvr4
                                                      all ok if not natural variable
        beq vrsto(x1),=b$vre,gtvr1
                                                      error if protected variable
           common exit point
                                                      return to caller
gtvr4
        exi
        enp
                                                      end procedure gtvar
```

```
hashs -- compute hash index for string
           hashs is used to convert a string to a unique integer
           value. the resulting hash value is a positive integer
            in the range 0 to cfp$m
            (xr)
                                   string to be hashed
            jsr hashs
                                   call to hash string
            (ia)
                                   hash value
            (xr,wb,wc)
                                   destroyed
           the hash function used is as follows.
           start with the length of the string (sgd07)
           take the first e$hnw words of the characters from
            the string or all the words if fewer than e$hnw.
           compute the exclusive or of all these words treating
           them as one word bit string values.
           move the result as an integer with the mti instruction.
hashs
       prc e,0
                                                       entry point
        mov sclen(xr),wc
                                                       load string length in characters
        mov wc,wb
                                                       initialize with length
        bze wc,hshs3
                                                       jump if null string
                                                       correct byte ordering if necessary
        zgb wb
        ctw wc,0
                                                       get number of words of chars
        add *schar,xr
                                                       point to characters of string
        blo wc,=e$hnw,hshs1
                                                       use whole string if short
        \mathbf{mov} =e$hnw,wc
                                                       else set to involve first e$hnw wds
    *
           here with count of words to check in wc
hshs1
       lct wc,wc
                                                       set counter to control loop
    *
           loop to compute exclusive or
                                                       exclusive or next word of chars
hshs2
       xob (xr)+,wb
        bct wc,hshs2
                                                       loop till all processed
           merge here with exclusive or in wb
hshs3
       zgb wb
                                                       zeroise undefined bits
        anb bitsm,wb
                                                       ensure in range 0 to cfp$m
        mti wb
                                                       move result as integer
                                                       clear garbage value in xr
        zer xr
        exi
                                                       return to hashs caller
        enp
                                                       end procedure hashs
```

```
icbld -- build integer block
            (ia)
                                     integer value for icblk
            jsr icbld
                                     call to build integer block
            (xr)
                                    pointer to result icblk
            (wa)
                                    destroyed
icbld
       prc e,0
                                                        entry point
        mfi xr,icbl1
                                                        copy small integers
        ble xr,=num02,icbl3
                                                        jump if 0,1 or 2
            construct icblk
icbl1
        mov dnamp,xr
                                                        load pointer to next available loc
        add *icsi$,xr
                                                        point past new icblk
        blo xr,dname,icbl2
                                                        jump if there is room
        mov *icsi$,wa
                                                        else load length of icblk
                                                        use standard allocator to get block
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} alloc
        add wa,xr
                                                        point past block to merge
            merge here with xr pointing past the block obtained
icbl2 mov xr,dnamp
                                                        set new pointer
        sub *icsi$,xr
                                                        point back to start of block
        mov =b$icl,(xr)
                                                        store type word
        \mathbf{sti}
            icval(xr)
                                                        store integer value in icblk
        exi
                                                        return to icbld caller
            optimise by not building icblks for small integers
icb13
        wtb xr
                                                        convert integer to offset
        mov intab(xr),xr
                                                        point to pre-built icblk
        exi
                                                        return
                                                        end procedure icbld
        enp
```

```
ident -- compare two values
            ident compares two values in the sense of the ident
            differ functions available at the snobol level.
            (xr)
                                   first argument
            (x1)
                                   second argument
            jsr ident
                                   call to compare arguments
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc if ident
            (normal return if differ)
            (xr,xl,wc,ra)
                                   destroyed
ident
        prc e,1
                                                       entry point
                                                       jump if same pointer (ident)
        beq xr,xl,iden7
                                                       else load arg 1 type word
        mov (xr),wc
if.cnbf
        bne wc,(x1),iden1
                                                       differ if arg 2 type word differ
else
        bne wc,(x1),iden0
                                                       differ if arg 2 type word differ
fi
        beq wc,=b$scl,iden2
                                                       jump if strings
        beq wc,=b$icl,iden4
                                                       jump if integers
if .cnra
else
        beq wc,=b$rcl,iden5
                                                       jump if reals
fi
        beq wc,=b$nml,iden6
                                                       jump if names
if.cnbf
else
                                                       jump if not buffers
        bne wc,=b$bct,iden1
           here for buffers, ident only if lengths and chars same
        mov bclen(xr),wc
                                                       load arg 1 length
                                                       differ if lengths differ
        bne wc,bclen(xl),iden1
        bze wc,iden7
                                                       identical if length 0
        mov bcbuf(xr),xr
                                                       arg 1 buffer block
        mov bcbuf(x1),x1
                                                       arg 2 buffer block
        brn idn2a
                                                       compare characters
           here if the type words differ.
           check if string/buffer comparison
iden0
        beq wc,=b$scl,idn0a
                                                       jump if arg 1 is a string
        bne wc,=b$bct,iden1
                                                       jump if arg 1 not string or buffer
           here if arg 1 is a buffer
```

```
jump if arg 2 is not string
        bne (x1),=b$scl,iden1
                                                       load arg 1 length
        mov bclen(xr),wc
                                                       differ if lengths differ
        bne wc,sclen(xl),iden1
        bze wc,iden7
                                                       identical if length 0
        mov bcbuf(xr),xr
                                                       arg 1 buffer block
        brn idn2a
                                                       compare characters
           here if arg 1 is a string
        bne (x1),=b$bct,iden1
                                                       jump if arg 2 is not buffer
idn0a
                                                       load arg 1 length
        mov sclen(xr),wc
        bne wc,bclen(xl),iden1
                                                       differ if lengths differ
        bze wc,iden7
                                                       identical if length 0
                                                       arg 2 buffer block
        mov bcbuf(xl),xl
        brn idn2a
                                                       compare characters
fi
           for all other datatypes, must be differ if xr ne xl
           merge here for differ
                                                       take differ exit
iden1
        exi
    *
           here for strings, ident only if lengths and chars same
iden2
        mov sclen(xr),wc
                                                       load arg 1 length
                                                       differ if lengths differ
        bne wc,sclen(xl),iden1
           buffer and string comparisons merge here
        add *schar,xr
idn2a
                                                       point to chars of arg 1
                                                       point to chars of arg 2
        add *schar,xl
        ctw wc,0
                                                       get number of words in strings
        lct wc,wc
                                                       set loop counter
           loop to compare characters. note that wc cannot be zero
            since all null strings point to nulls and give xl=xr.
        cne (xr),(xl),iden8
                                                       differ if chars do not match
iden3
        ica xr
                                                       else bump arg one pointer
        ica xl
                                                       bump arg two pointer
        bct wc,iden3
                                                       loop back till all checked
```

```
ident (continued)
            here to exit for case of two ident strings
                                                        clear garbage value in xl
        zer xl
        zer xr
                                                        clear garbage value in xr
                                                        take ident exit
        exi 1
            here for integers, ident if same values
iden4
        ldi
             icval(xr)
                                                        load arg 1
        sbi icval(x1)
                                                        subtract arg 2 to compare
        iov iden1
                                                        differ if overflow
        ine iden1
                                                        differ if result is not zero
                                                        take ident exit
        exi 1
if.cnra
else
            here for reals, ident if same values
iden5
        ldr rcval(xr)
                                                        load arg 1
        sbr rcval(x1)
                                                        subtract arg 2 to compare
                                                        differ if overflow
        rov iden1
        rne iden1
                                                        differ if result is not zero
        exi 1
                                                        take ident exit
fi
            here for names, ident if bases and offsets same
        bne nmofs(xr),nmofs(xl),iden1
                                                        differ if different offset
iden6
        bne nmbas(xr),nmbas(xl),iden1
                                                        differ if different base
            merge here to signal ident for identical pointers
        exi 1
                                                        take ident exit
iden7
            here for differ strings
iden8
        zer xr
                                                        clear garbage ptr in xr
        zer
            xl
                                                        clear garbage ptr in xl
                                                        return to caller (differ)
        exi
                                                        end procedure ident
        enp
```

```
inout - used to initialise input and output variables
            (x1)
                                   pointer to vbl name string
            (wb)
                                   trblk type
            jsr inout
                                   call to perform initialisation
            (x1)
                                   vrblk ptr
            (xr)
                                   trblk ptr
            (wa,wc)
                                   destroyed
           note that trter (= trtrf) field of standard i/o variables
           points to corresponding svblk not to a trblk as is the
           case for ordinary variables.
inout
       prc e,0
                                                      entry point
        mov wb,-(xs)
                                                      stack trblk type
        mov sclen(xl),wa
                                                      get name length
        zer wb
                                                      point to start of name
                                                      build a proper scblk
        jsr
            sbstr
        jsr gtnvr
                                                      build vrblk
                                                      no error return
        ppm
                                                      save vrblk pointer
        mov xr,wc
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                      get trter field
        zer xl
                                                      zero trfpt
       jsr trbld
                                                      build trblk
        mov wc,xl
                                                      recall vrblk pointer
        mov vrsvp(xl),trter(xr)
                                                      store svblk pointer
        mov xr, vrval(xl)
                                                      store trblk ptr in vrblk
        mov =b$vra,vrget(x1)
                                                      set trapped access
        mov =b$vrv,vrsto(x1)
                                                      set trapped store
        exi
                                                      return to caller
                                                      end procedure inout
        enp
```

```
if.cnbf
else
           insbf -- insert string in buffer
           this routine will replace a section of a buffer with the
            contents of a given string. if the length of the
            section to be replaced is different than the length of
            the given string, and the replacement is not an append,
            then the upper section of the buffer is shifted up or
            down to create the proper space for the insert.
            (xr)
                                   pointer to bcblk
            (x1)
                                   object which is string convertable
            (wa)
                                   offset of start of insert in buffer
            (wb)
                                   length of section to replace
            jsr insbf
                                   call to insert characters in buffer
           ppm loc
                                   thread if (x1) not convertable
           ppm loc
                                   thread if insert not possible
           the second alternate exit is taken if the insert would
           overflow the buffer, or if the insert is out past the
           defined end of the buffer as given.
insbf
       prc e,2
                                                      entry point
        mov wa, inssa
                                                      save entry wa
        mov wb, inssb
                                                      save entry wb
        mov wc,inssc
                                                      save entry wc
        add wb, wa
                                                      add to get offset past replace part
        mov wa, insab
                                                      save wa+wb
        mov bclen(xr),wc
                                                      get current defined length
        bgt inssa,wc,ins07
                                                      fail if start offset too big
        bgt wa,wc,ins07
                                                      fail if final offset too big
        mov xl, -(xs)
                                                      save entry xl
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      save bcblk ptr
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                      stack again for gtstg or gtstb
                                                      b if inserting same buffer
        beq xr,xl,ins08
        jsr gtstb
                                                      call to get string or buffer
        ppm ins05
                                                      take string convert err exit
           merge here with xr pointing to the scblk or bfblk of
           the object being inserted, and wa containing the
           number of characters in that object.
ins09
       mov xr,xl
                                                      save string ptr
        mov wa, insln
                                                      save its length
        mov (xs),xr
                                                      restore bcblk ptr
        add wc,wa
                                                      add buffer len to string len
        sub inssb, wa
                                                      bias out component being replaced
        mov bcbuf(xr),xr
                                                      point to bfblk
                                                      fail if result exceeds allocation
        bgt wa,bfalc(xr),ins06
```

mov (xs),xr
mov wc,wa
sub insab,wa
add insln,wc
sub inssb,wc
mov bclen(xr),wb
mov wc,bclen(xr)
bze wa,ins04
beq inssb,insln,ins04
mov bcbuf(xr),xr

 ${
m mov}$ x1,-(xs)

 ${f blo}$ inssb,insln,ins01

restore bcblk ptr get buffer length

subtract to get shift length

add length of new

subtract old to get total new len

get old belen stuff new length

skip shift if nothing to do skip shift if lengths match

point to bfblk save scblk ptr

brn if shift is for more room

```
insbf (continued)
           we are shifting the upper segment down to compact
           the buffer. (the string length is smaller than the
            segment being replaced.) registers are set as
            (wa)
                                   move (shift down) length
            (wb)
                                   old bclen
            (wc)
                                   new bclen
            (xr)
                                   bfblk ptr
            (x1),(xs)
                                   scblk or bfblk ptr
        mov inssa, wb
                                                      get offset to insert
        add insln,wb
                                                      add insert length to get dest off
        mov xr,xl
                                                      make copy
        plc xl,insab
                                                      prepare source for move
        psc xr,wb
                                                      prepare destination reg for move
        mvc
                                                      move em out
        brn ins02
                                                      branch to pad
           we are shifting the upper segment up to expand
           the buffer. (the string length is larger than the
           segment being replaced.)
ins01
       mov xr,xl
                                                      copy bfblk ptr
                                                      set source reg for move backwards
        plc x1,wb
        psc xr,wc
                                                      set destination ptr for move
        mcb
                                                      move backwards (possible overlap)
           merge here after move to adjust padding at new buffer end
       mov (xs)+,xl
                                                      restore scblk or bfblk ptr
ins02
                                                      copy new buffer end
        mov wc,wa
                                                      round out
        ctb wa,0
        sub wc,wa
                                                      subtract to get remainder
        bze wa,ins04
                                                      no pad if already even boundary
        mov (xs),xr
                                                      get bcblk ptr
        mov bcbuf(xr),xr
                                                      get bfblk ptr
                                                      prepare to pad
        psc xr,wc
                                                      clear wb
        zer wb
        \mathbf{lct}
            wa,wa
                                                      load loop count
           loop here to stuff pad characters
ins03
       sch wb,(xr)+
                                                      stuff zero pad
                                                      branch for more
        bct wa, ins03
                                                      complete store character
        csc xr
```

```
insbf (continued)
           merge here when padding ok. now copy in the insert
            string to the hole.
ins04
       mov insln, wa
                                                       get insert length
                                                       if nothing to insert
        bze wa,ins4b
        mov (xs),xr
                                                       get bcblk ptr
        mov bcbuf(xr),xr
                                                       get bfblk ptr
                                                       prepare to copy from first char
        plc xl
        psc xr,inssa
                                                       prepare to store in hole
                                                       copy the characters
        \mathbf{mvc}
            continue here after possible insertion copy
ins4b
       mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       restore entry xr
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                       restore entry xl
        mov inssa,wa
                                                       restore entry wa
        mov inssb,wb
                                                       restore entry wb
        mov inssc,wc
                                                       restore entry wc
                                                       return to caller
        exi
           here to take string convert error exit
ins05
       mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       restore entry xr
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                       restore entry xl
        mov inssa, wa
                                                       restore entry wa
        mov inssb,wb
                                                       restore entry wb
        mov inssc,wc
                                                       restore entry wc
        exi 1
                                                       alternate exit
           here for invalid offset or length
ins06
       mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       restore entry xr
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                       restore entry xl
           merge for length failure exit with stack set
ins07
       mov inssa, wa
                                                       restore entry wa
        mov inssb,wb
                                                       restore entry wb
        mov inssc,wc
                                                       restore entry wc
        exi 2
                                                       alternate exit
           here if inserting the same buffer into itself. have
            to convert the inserted buffer to an intermediate
            string to prevent garbled data.
ins08
       jsr gtstg
                                                       call to get string
        ppm ins05
                                                       take string convert err exit
        brn ins09
                                                       merge back to perform insertion
```

```
fi
            insta - used to initialize structures in static region
            (xr)
                                    pointer to starting static location
                                    call to initialize static structure
            jsr insta
                                    ptr to next free static location
            (xr)
            (wa,wb,wc)
                                    destroyed
            note that this procedure establishes the pointers
            prbuf, gtswk, and kvalp.
insta
        prc e,0
                                                       entry point
            initialize print buffer with blank words
        mov prlen,wc
                                                       no. of chars in print bfr
        mov xr, prbuf
                                                       print bfr is put at static start
        mov = b\$scl,(xr)+
                                                       store string type code
        mov wc, (xr)+
                                                       and string length
                                                       get number of words in buffer
        ctw wc,0
                                                       store for buffer clear
        mov wc,prlnw
                                                       words to clear
        lct wc,wc
            loop to clear buffer
        mov nullw,(xr)+
                                                       store blank
inst1
        bct wc,inst1
                                                       loop
            allocate work area for gtstg conversion procedure
                                                       get max num chars in output number
        mov =nstmx,wa
        ctb wa,scsi$
                                                       no of bytes needed
        mov xr,gtswk
                                                       store bfr adrs
        add wa,xr
                                                       bump for work bfr
            build alphabet string for alphabet keyword and replace
        mov xr,kvalp
                                                       save alphabet pointer
                                                       string blk type
        mov =b$scl,(xr)
                                                       no of chars in alphabet
        mov =cfp$a,wc
        mov wc,sclen(xr)
                                                       store as string length
                                                       copy char count
        mov wc,wb
        ctb wb,scsi$
                                                       no. of bytes needed
        add xr,wb
                                                       current end address for static
        mov wb, wa
                                                       save adrs past alphabet string
        lct wc,wc
                                                       loop counter
                                                       point to chars of string
        psc xr
                                                       set initial character value
        zer wb
```

```
loop to enter character codes in order
inst2
         sch wb,(xr)+
                                                                    store next code
          \mathbf{icv}\quad \mathtt{wb}
                                                                    bump code value
          bct wc,inst2
                                                                    loop till all stored
                                                                    complete store characters
          csc xr
                                                                    {\tt return}\ {\tt current}\ {\tt static}\ {\tt ptr}
          mov wa,xr
                                                                    return to caller
          exi
          \mathbf{enp}
                                                                    end procedure insta
```

```
iofcb -- get input/output fcblk pointer
           used by endfile, eject and rewind to find the fcblk
            (if any) corresponding to their argument.
            -(xs)
                                   argument
                                   call to find fcblk
            jsr iofcb
           ppm loc
                                   arg is an unsuitable name
           ppm loc
                                   arg is null string
           ppm loc
                                   arg file not found
            (xs)
                                   popped
            (x1)
                                   ptr to filearg1 vrblk
            (xr)
                                   argument
            (wa)
                                   fcblk ptr or 0
            (wb,wc)
                                   destroyed
                                                      entry point
iofcb
       prc n,3
                                                      get arg as string
       jsr gtstg
        ppm iofc2
                                                      fail
        mov xr,xl
                                                      copy string ptr
                                                      get as natural variable
        jsr gtnvr
                                                      fail if null
        ppm iofc3
                                                      copy string pointer again
        mov xl,wb
        mov xr,xl
                                                      copy vrblk ptr for return
        zer wa
                                                      in case no trblk found
           loop to find file arg1 trblk
       mov vrval(xr),xr
                                                      get possible trblk ptr
iofc1
        bne (xr),=b$trt,iofc4
                                                      fail if end of chain
                                                      loop if not file arg trblk
        bne trtyp(xr),=trtfc,iofc1
        mov trfpt(xr),wa
                                                      get fcblk ptr
        mov wb,xr
                                                      copy arg
        exi
                                                      return
           fail return
                                                      fail
iofc2
       exi 1
           null arg
iofc3
       exi 2
                                                      null arg return
           file not found
iofc4
        exi 3
                                                      file not found return
                                                      end procedure iofcb
        enp
```

```
ioppf -- process filearg2 for ioput
            (r$xsc)
                                   filearg2 ptr
                                    call to process filearg2
            jsr ioppf
            (x1)
                                   filearg1 ptr
            (xr)
                                   file arg2 ptr
            -(xs)...-(xs)
                                   fields extracted from filearg2
            (wc)
                                   no. of fields extracted
            (wb)
                                   input/output flag
            (wa)
                                   fcblk ptr or 0
ioppf
       prc n,0
                                                       entry point
                                                       to count fields extracted
        zer wb
           loop to extract fields
iopp1
        mov = iodel, xl
                                                       get delimiter
        mov xl,wc
                                                       copy it
        zer wa
                                                       retain leading blanks in file
arg \!2
                                                       get next field
        jsr xscan
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       stack it
        icv wb
                                                       increment count
        bnz wa,iopp1
                                                       loop
        mov wb,wc
                                                       count of fields
        mov ioptt,wb
                                                       i/o marker
        mov r$iof,wa
                                                       fcblk ptr or 0
        mov r$io2,xr
                                                       file arg2 ptr
        mov r$io1,xl
                                                       filearg1
        exi
                                                       return
                                                       end procedure ioppf
        enp
```

k

ioput sets up input/output associations. it builds such trace and file control blocks as are necessary and calls sysfc, sysio to perform checks on the arguments and to open the files.

+----+ +-----+ i i i----.i =b\$xrt i i +-----+----+ (r\$fcb) / i / i *4 / +----+ i +----i i name +--.i =b\$trt i i / +----+ i (first arg) i =trtin/=trtou i +----+ i value i i i i(trtrf) 0 or i--+ i +----- i i(trfpt) 0 or i----+ +----- i i i (i/o trblk) i i i iі i i i i i іi i i i i i i +----+ +----+ i i +--.i =b\$trt i.-+ i i +----+ +----+ i / i =trtfc i i +----+ i i / value i i i (filearg1 i +----- i vrblk) i i(trtrf) 0 or i--+ i +----+ i . +----+ i i i(trfpt) 0 or i----./ fcblk / +----+ i +----+ (trtrf) i +----- i i =b\$xrt i.-+ i +----+ i *5 i i(trtrf) o or i----.i =b\$xrt i +----+ i name offset i i etc i * +-----

* (iochn - chain of name pointers)

```
ioput (continued)
           no additional trap blocks are used for standard input/out
            files. otherwise an i/o trap block is attached to second
            arg (filearg1) vrblk. see diagram above for details of
            the structure built.
            -(xs)
                                    1st arg (vbl to be associated)
            -(xs)
                                    2nd arg (file arg1)
            -(xs)
                                    3rd arg (file arg2)
            (wb)
                                    O for input, 3 for output assoc.
            jsr ioput
                                    call for input/output association
           ppm loc
                                    3rd arg not a string
                                    2nd arg not a suitable name
           ppm loc
            ppm loc
                                    1st arg not a suitable name
           ppm loc
                                    inappropriate file spec for i/o
           ppm loc
                                    i/o file does not exist
                                    i/o file cannot be read/written
           ppm loc
           ppm loc
                                    i/o fcblk currently in use
            (xs)
                                    popped
            (xl,xr,wa,wb,wc)
                                    destroyed
ioput
        prc n,7
                                                       entry point
                                                       in case no trtrf block used
        zer r$iot
        zer r$iof
                                                       in case no fcblk alocated
        zer r$iop
                                                       in case sysio fails
        mov wb,ioptt
                                                       store i/o trace type
        isr xscni
                                                       prepare to scan filearg2
        ppm iop13
                                                       fail
        ppm iopa0
                                                       null file arg2
iopa0
        mov xr,r$io2
                                                       keep file arg2
        mov wa, xl
                                                       copy length
                                                       convert filearg1 to string
        jsr gtstg
        ppm iop14
                                                       keep filearg1 ptr
        mov xr,r$io1
        jsr gtnvr
                                                       convert to natural variable
                                                       jump if null
        ppm iop00
        brn iop04
                                                       jump to process non-null args
           null filearg1
iop00
        bze xl,iop01
                                                       skip if both args null
            ioppf
                                                       process filearg2
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                       call for filearg2 check
        jsr sysfc
        ppm iop16
                                                       fail
        ppm iop26
                                                       fail
        brn iop11
                                                       complete file association
```

```
ioput (continued)
            here with 0 or fcblk ptr in (x1)
iop01
        mov ioptt,wb
                                                        get trace type
        mov r$iot,xr
                                                        get 0 or trtrf ptr
        jsr trbld
                                                        build trblk
        mov xr,wc
                                                        copy trblk pointer
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        get variable from stack
        mov wc,-(xs)
                                                        make trblk collectable
        jsr gtvar
                                                        point to variable
                                                        fail
        ppm iop15
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                        recover trblk pointer
        mov xl,r$ion
                                                        save name pointer
        mov xl,xr
                                                        copy name pointer
                                                        point to variable
        add wa,xr
        sub *vrval,xr
                                                        subtract offset, merge into loop
            loop to end of trblk chain if any
iop02
        mov xr,xl
                                                        copy blk ptr
        mov vrval(xr),xr
                                                        load ptr to next trblk
        bne (xr),=b$trt,iop03
                                                        jump if not trapped
        bne trtyp(xr),ioptt,iop02
                                                        loop if not same assocn
        mov trnxt(xr),xr
                                                        get value and delete old trblk
            ioput (continued)
            store new association
                                                        link to this trblk
iop03
        mov wc, vrval(xl)
        mov wc,xl
                                                        copy pointer
                                                        store value in trblk
        mov xr,trnxt(x1)
                                                        restore possible vrblk pointer
        mov r$ion,xr
                                                        keep offset to name
        mov wa,wb
        jsr setvr
                                                        if vrblk, set vrget, vrsto
        mov r$iot,xr
                                                        get 0 or trtrf ptr
                                                        jump if trtrf block exists
        bnz xr,iop19
        exi
                                                        return to caller
            non standard file
            see if an fcblk has already been allocated.
iop04
       zer wa
                                                        in case no fcblk found
```

```
ioput (continued)
            search possible trblk chain to pick up the fcblk
iop05
        mov xr, wb
                                                       remember blk ptr
        mov vrval(xr),xr
                                                       chain along
                                                       jump if end of trblk chain
        bne (xr),=b$trt,iop06
        bne trtyp(xr),=trtfc,iop05
                                                       loop if more to go
        mov xr,r$iot
                                                       point to file arg1 trblk
        mov trfpt(xr),wa
                                                       get fcblk ptr from trblk
           wa = 0 or fcblk ptr
           wb = ptr to preceding blk to which any trtrf block
                 for file arg1 must be chained.
iop06
        mov wa,r$iof
                                                       keep possible fcblk ptr
        mov wb,r$iop
                                                       keep preceding blk ptr
                                                       process filearg2
        jsr
            ioppf
                                                       see if fcblk required
        jsr sysfc
        ppm iop16
                                                       fail
        ppm iop26
                                                       fail
                                                       skip if no new fcblk wanted
        bze wa,iop12
        blt wc,=num02,iop6a
                                                       jump if fcblk in dynamic
        jsr alost
                                                       get it in static
        brn iop6b
                                                       skip
            obtain fcblk in dynamic
iop6a
                                                       get space for fcblk
        jsr alloc
            merge
iop6b
        mov xr,xl
                                                       point to fcblk
        mov wa, wb
                                                       copy its length
        btw wb
                                                       get count as words (sgd apr80)
                                                       loop counter
        lct wb, wb
            clear fcblk
        zer (xr) +
                                                       clear a word
iop07
        bct wb,iop07
                                                       loop
        beq wc,=num02,iop09
                                                       skip if in static - dont set fields
                                                       store xnblk code in case
        mov = b$xnt,(x1)
        mov wa, num01(x1)
                                                       store length
        bnz wc,iop09
                                                       jump if xnblk wanted
        mov =b$xrt,(x1)
                                                       xrblk code requested
```

```
ioput (continued)
            complete fcblk initialisation
iop09
                                                         get possible trblk ptr
        mov r$iot,xr
        mov xl,r$iof
                                                         store fcblk ptr
                                                         jump if trblk already found
        bnz xr,iop10
            a new trblk is needed
                                                         trtyp for fcblk trap blk
        mov =trtfc,wb
        jsr trbld
                                                         make the block
        mov xr,r$iot
                                                         copy trtrf ptr
        mov r$iop,xl
                                                         point to preceding blk
        mov vrval(x1), vrval(xr)
                                                         copy value field to trblk
        mov xr, vrval(xl)
                                                         link new trblk into chain
        mov xl,xr
                                                         point to predecessor blk
                                                         set trace intercepts
        jsr setvr
        mov vrval(xr),xr
                                                         recover trblk ptr
        brn iop1a
                                                         store fcblk ptr
            here if existing trblk
                                                         do not release if sysio fails
iop10
        zer r$iop
            xr is ptr to trblk, xl is fcblk ptr or 0
iop1a
        mov r$iof,trfpt(xr)
                                                         store fcblk ptr
            call sysio to complete file accessing
iop11
        mov r$iof,wa
                                                         copy fcblk ptr or 0
        mov ioptt,wb
                                                         get input/output flag
        mov r$io2,xr
                                                         get file arg2
        mov r$io1,xl
                                                         get file arg1
                                                         associate to the file
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} sysio
                                                         fail
        ppm iop17
                                                         fail
        ppm iop18
                                                         not std input if non-null trtrf blk
        bnz r$iot,iop01
        bnz ioptt,iop01
                                                         jump if output
        bze wc,iop01
                                                         no change to standard read length
        mov wc,cswin
                                                         store new read length for std file
        brn iop01
                                                         merge to finish the task
            sysfc may have returned a pointer to a private fcblk
iop12
        bnz xl,iop09
                                                         jump if private fcblk
                                                         finish the association
        brn iop11
            failure returns
```

```
iop13 exi 1
                                                        3rd arg not a string
                                                        2nd arg unsuitable
iop14
        exi 2
iop15
                                                        discard trblk pointer
        ica xs
        exi 3
                                                        1st arg unsuitable
iop16
        exi 4
                                                        file spec wrong
iop26
        exi 7
                                                        fcblk in use
    *
            i/o file does not exist
                                                        is there a trblk to release
iop17
        mov r$iop,xr
        bze xr,iopa7
                                                        if not
                                                        point to trblk
        mov vrval(xr),xl
        mov vrval(x1), vrval(xr)
                                                        unsplice it
                                                        adjust trace intercepts
        jsr setvr
iopa7
        exi 5
                                                        i/o file does not exist
            i/o file cannot be read/written
iop18
        mov r$iop,xr
                                                        is there a trblk to release
        bze xr,iopa7
                                                        if not
                                                        point to trblk
        mov vrval(xr),xl
                                                        unsplice it
        mov vrval(x1), vrval(xr)
        jsr setvr
                                                        adjust trace intercepts
        exi 6
                                                        i/o file cannot be read/written
iopa8
```

```
ioput (continued)
            add to iochn chain of associated variables unless
            already present.
                                                       wc = name base, wb = name offset
iop19
        mov r$ion,wc
            search loop
                                                       next link of chain
iop20
        mov trtrf(xr),xr
                                                       not found
        bze xr,iop21
        bne wc,ionmb(xr),iop20
                                                       no match
        beq wb,ionmo(xr),iop22
                                                       exit if matched
        brn iop20
                                                       loop
           not found
iop21
       mov *num05,wa
                                                       space needed
        jsr alloc
                                                       get it
        mov =b$xrt,(xr)
                                                       store xrblk code
        mov wa, num01(xr)
                                                       store length
        mov wc,ionmb(xr)
                                                       store name base
                                                       store name offset
        mov wb,ionmo(xr)
        mov r$iot,xl
                                                       point to trtrf blk
        mov trtrf(xl), wa
                                                       get ptr field contents
        mov xr, trtrf(xl)
                                                       store ptr to new block
        mov wa, trtrf(xr)
                                                       complete the linking
            insert fcblk on fcblk chain for sysej, sysxi
iop22
        bze r$iof,iop25
                                                       skip if no fcblk
        mov r$fcb,xl
                                                       ptr to head of existing chain
            see if fcblk already on chain
                                                       not on if end of chain
iop23
        bze xl,iop24
                                                       dont duplicate if find it
        beq num03(x1),r$iof,iop25
                                                       get next link
        mov num02(x1),x1
        brn iop23
                                                       loop
           not found so add an entry for this fcblk
iop24
       mov *num04,wa
                                                       space needed
        jsr alloc
                                                       get it
        mov =b$xrt,(xr)
                                                       store block code
        mov wa, num01(xr)
                                                       store length
        mov r$fcb,num02(xr)
                                                       store previous link in this node
        mov r$iof,num03(xr)
                                                       store fcblk ptr
                                                       insert node into fcblk chain
        mov xr,r$fcb
```

return to caller end procedure ioput

```
ktrex -- execute keyword trace
            ktrex is used to execute a possible keyword trace. it
            includes the test on trace and tests for trace active.
            (x1)
                                    ptr to trblk (or 0 if untraced)
                                    call to execute keyword trace
            jsr ktrex
            (xl,wa,wb,wc)
                                    destroyed
                                    destroyed
            (ra)
        prc r,0
                                                        entry point (recursive)
ktrex
        bze x1,ktrx3
                                                        immediate exit if keyword untraced
                                                        immediate exit if trace = 0
        bze kvtra,ktrx3
        dcv kvtra
                                                        else decrement trace
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        save xr
                                                        copy trblk pointer
        mov xl,xr
        mov trkvr(xr),xl
                                                        load vrblk pointer (nmbas)
                                                        set name offset
        mov *vrval,wa
        bze trfnc(xr),ktrx1
                                                        jump if print trace
                                                        else execute full trace
        jsr trxeq
        brn ktrx2
                                                        and jump to exit
            here for print trace
ktrx1
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                        stack vrblk ptr for kwnam
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                        stack offset for kwnam
        jsr prtsn
                                                        print statement number
        mov =ch$am,wa
                                                        load ampersand
        jsr prtch
                                                        print ampersand
            prtnm
                                                        print keyword name
        mov =tmbeb,xr
                                                        point to blank-equal-blank
        jsr prtst
                                                        print blank-equal-blank
        jsr kwnam
                                                        get keyword pseudo-variable name
        mov xr, dnamp
                                                        reset ptr to delete kvblk
        jsr acess
                                                        get keyword value
        ppm
                                                        failure is impossible
                                                        print keyword value
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            prtvl
                                                        terminate print line
        jsr prtnl
            here to exit after completing trace
ktrx2
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        restore entry xr
            merge here to exit if no trace required
ktrx3
        exi
                                                        return to ktrex caller
                                                        end procedure ktrex
        enp
```

```
kwnam -- get pseudo-variable name for keyword
            1(xs)
                                   name base for vrblk
            0(xs)
                                    offset (should be *vrval)
            jsr kwnam
                                    call to get pseudo-variable name
            (xs)
                                   popped twice
            (xl,wa)
                                   resulting pseudo-variable name
            (xr,wa,wb)
                                    destroyed
kwnam
       prc n,0
                                                       entry point
                                                       ignore name offset
        ica xs
                                                       load name base
        mov (xs)+,xr
        bge xr, state, kwnm1
                                                       jump if not natural variable name
        bnz vrlen(xr),kwnm1
                                                       error if not system variable
        mov vrsvp(xr),xr
                                                       else point to svblk
        mov svbit(xr),wa
                                                       load bit mask
        anb btknm, wa
                                                       and with keyword bit
                                                       error if no keyword association
        zrb wa, kwnm1
        mov svlen(xr),wa
                                                       else load name length in characters
        ctb wa, svchs
                                                       compute offset to field we want
                                                       point to svknm field
        add wa,xr
                                                       load svknm value
        mov (xr), wb
        mov *kvsi$,wa
                                                       set size of kvblk
        jsr alloc
                                                       allocate kvblk
        mov =b$kvt,(xr)
                                                       store type word
        mov wb, kvnum(xr)
                                                       store keyword number
        mov =trbkv,kvvar(xr)
                                                       set dummy trblk pointer
                                                       copy kvblk pointer
        mov xr,xl
        mov *kvvar,wa
                                                       set proper offset
        exi
                                                       return to kynam caller
           here if not keyword name
kwnm1
        erb 251, keyword operand
                                                       is not name of defined keyword
                                                       end procedure kwnam
        enp
```

```
lcomp-- compare two strings lexically
            1(xs)
                                     first argument
            0(xs)
                                     second argument
                                     call to compare aruments
            jsr lcomp
                                    transfer loc for arg1 not string
            ppm loc
            ppm loc
                                     transfer loc for arg2 not string
            ppm loc
                                     transfer loc if arg1 llt arg2
            ppm loc
                                     transfer loc if arg1 leq arg2
            ppm loc
                                     transfer loc if arg1 lgt arg2
            (the normal return is never taken)
            (xs)
                                    popped twice
            (xr,xl)
                                     destroyed
            (wa,wb,wc,ra)
                                     destroyed
                                                        entry point
lcomp
        prc n,5
if.cnbf
                                                        convert second arg to string
             gtstg
        jsr
else
                                                        get second arg as string or buffer
        jsr
             gtstb
fi
        ppm lcmp6
                                                        jump if second arg not string
        mov xr,xl
                                                        else save pointer
        mov wa,wc
                                                        and length
if .cnbf
             gtstg
                                                        convert first argument to string
        jsr
else
                                                        get first arg as string or buffer
        jsr
             gtstb
fi
        ppm lcmp5
                                                        jump if not string
        mov wa, wb
                                                        save arg 1 length
        plc xr
                                                        point to chars of arg 1
        plc xl
                                                        point to chars of arg 2
if.\mathbf{ccmc}
        mov wc,wa
                                                        arg 2 length to wa
                                                        compare (xl,wa=arg2 xr,wb=arg1)
        jsr syscm
                                                        exceeded for generalized lexical comparison
        err 283, string length
                                                        arg 2 lt arg 1, lgt exit
        ppm lcmp4
        ppm lcmp3
                                                        arg 2 gt arg 1, llt exit
        exi 4
                                                        else identical strings, leq exit
```

```
lcomp (continued)
else
        blo wa,wc,lcmp1
                                                         jump if arg 1 length is smaller
                                                         else set arg 2 length as smaller
        mov wc,wa
            here with smaller length in (wa)
1cmp1
        bze wa,lcmp7
                                                         if null string, compare lengths
        {
m cmc} lcmp4,lcmp3
                                                         compare strings, jump if unequal
                                                         if equal, jump if lengths unequal
1cmp7
        bne wb,wc,lcmp2
        exi 4
                                                         else identical strings, leq exit
```

```
lcomp (continued)
           here if initial strings identical, but lengths unequal
        bhi wb,wc,lcmp4
                                                      jump if arg 1 length g<br/>t arg 2 leng
1cmp2
fi
           here if first arg llt second arg
        exi 3
                                                      take llt exit
1cmp3
           here if first arg lgt second arg
        exi 5
                                                      take lgt exit
1cmp4
           here if first arg is not a string
1cmp5
        exi 1
                                                      take bad first arg exit
           here for second arg not a string
        exi 2
                                                       take bad second arg error exit
1cmp6
        enp
                                                       end procedure lcomp
```

```
listr -- list source line
           listr is used to list a source line during the initial
           compilation. it is called from scane and scanl.
                                   call to list line
           jsr listr
           (xr,xl,wa,wb,wc)
                                   destroyed
           global locations used by listr
           cnttl
                                   flag for -title, -stitl
           erlst
                                   if listing on account of an error
if.cinc
           lstid
                                   include depth of current image
fi
           lstlc
                                   count lines on current page
           lstnp
                                   max number of lines/page
           lstpf
                                   set non-zero if the current source
                                   line has been listed, else zero.
                                   compiler listing page number
           lstpg
           lstsn
                                   set if stmnt num to be listed
                                  pointer to current input line.
           r$cim
           r$ttl
                                   title for source listing
           r$stl
                                  ptr to sub-title string
           entry point
listr
       prc e,0
                                                     entry point
       bnz cnttl,list5
                                                     jump if -title or -stitl
       bnz lstpf,list4
                                                     immediate exit if already listed
       bge lstlc,lstnp,list6
                                                     jump if no room
           here after printing title (if needed)
list0
       mov r$cim,xr
                                                     load pointer to current image
                                                     jump if no image to print
       bze xr,list4
       plc xr
                                                     point to characters
       lch wa, (xr)
                                                     load first character
       mov lstsn,xr
                                                     load statement number
       bze xr,list2
                                                     jump if no statement number
       mti xr
                                                     else get stmnt number as integer
```

```
bne stage,=stgic,list1
                                                           skip if execute time
                                                           no stmnt number list if comment
        beq wa,=ch$as,list2
                                                           no stmnt no. if control card
        beq wa,=ch$mn,list2
            print statement number
list1
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
              prtin
                                                           else print statement number
                                                           and clear for next time in
        zer
             lstsn
if.cinc
            here to test for printing include depth
                                                           include depth of image
list2
        mov lstid,xr
        bze xr,list8
                                                           if not from an include file
        mov =stnpd,wa
                                                           position for start of statement
        sub = num03, wa
                                                           position to place include depth
        {f mov} wa,profs
                                                           set as starting position
                                                           include depth as integer
        mti xr
        jsr prtin
                                                           print include depth
```

```
* listr (continued)

* here after printing statement number and include depth

* mov =stnpd,profs point past statement number else
```

```
listr (continued)
            merge here after printing statement number (if required)
list2
        mov =stnpd,profs
                                                       point past statement number
fi
                                                       load pointer to current image
        mov r$cim,xr
        jsr prtst
                                                       print it
        icv lstlc
                                                       bump line counter
                                                       jump if error copy to int.ch.
        bnz erlst,list3
        jsr prtnl
                                                       terminate line
                                                       jump if -single mode
        bze cswdb,list3
        jsr prtnl
                                                       else add a blank line
        icv lstlc
                                                       and bump line counter
            here after printing source image
list3
        mnz lstpf
                                                       set flag for line printed
            merge here to exit
list4
                                                       return to listr caller
        exi
    *
            print title after -title or -stitl card
list5
        zer cnttl
                                                       clear flag
            eject to new page and list title
list6
        jsr prtps
                                                       eject
        bze prich,list7
                                                       skip if listing to regular printer
                                                       terminal listing omits null title
        beq r$ttl,=nulls,list0
            list title
list7
        jsr listt
                                                       list title
        brn list0
                                                       merge
        enp
                                                       end procedure listr
```

```
listt -- list title and subtitle
            used during compilation to print page heading
            jsr listt
                                    call to list title
            (xr,wa)
                                    destroyed
listt
       prc e,0
                                                       entry point
                                                       point to source listing title
        mov r$ttl,xr
        jsr prtst
                                                       print title
                                                       set offset
        mov lstpo,profs
        mov =lstms,xr
                                                       set page message
                                                       print page message
        jsr prtst
        icv 1stpg
                                                       bump page number
        mti 1stpg
                                                       load page number as integer
                                                       print page number
        jsr prtin
                                                       terminate title line
        jsr prtnl
        add =num02,1stlc
                                                       count title line and blank line
            print sub-title (if any)
        mov r$stl,xr
                                                       load pointer to sub-title
        bze xr,lstt1
                                                       jump if no sub-title
        jsr prtst
                                                       else print sub-title
                                                       terminate line
        jsr prtnl
        icv lstlc
                                                       bump line count
            return point
                                                       print a blank line
lstt1
       jsr prtnl
                                                       return to caller
        exi
                                                       end procedure listt
        enp
```

```
if.csfn
           newfn -- record new source file name
           newfn is used after switching to a new include file, or
           after a -line statement which contains a file name.
            (xr)
                                   file name scblk
            jsr newfn
            (wa,wb,wc,xl,xr,ra)
                                   destroyed
           on return, the table that maps statement numbers to file
           names has been updated to include this new file name and
           the current statement number. the entry is made only if
           the file name had changed from its previous value.
newfn
       prc e,0
                                                      entry point
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      save new name
        mov r$sfc,xl
                                                      load previous name
        jsr ident
                                                      check for equality
        ppm nwfn1
                                                      jump if identical
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      different, restore name
        mov xr,r$sfc
                                                      record current file name
                                                      get current statement
        mov cmpsn,wb
        mti wb
                                                      convert to integer
                                                      build icblk for stmt number
        jsr icbld
                                                      file name table
        mov r$sfn,xl
        \mathbf{mnz} wb
                                                      lookup statement number by name
        jsr tfind
                                                      allocate new teblk
        ppm
                                                      always possible to allocate block
        mov r$sfc,teval(x1)
                                                      record file name as entry value
        exi r$sfc,teval(x1)
                                                      record file name as entry value
            ere if new name and old name identical
nwfn1
       ica xs
                                                      pop stack
        exi xs
                                                      pop stack
```

```
fi
           nexts -- acquire next source image
           nexts is used to acquire the next source image at compile
           time. it assumes that a prior call to readr has input
           a line image (see procedure readr). before the current
           image is finally lost it may be listed here.
           jsr nexts
                                   call to acquire next input line
            (xr,xl,wa,wb,wc)
                                   destroyed
           global values affected
if .cinc
           lstid
                                   include depth of next image
fi
           r$cni
                                   on input, next image. on
                                   exit reset to zero
           r$cim
                                   on exit, set to point to image
           rdcln
                                   current ln set from next line num
                                   input image length on exit
           scnil
           scnse
                                   reset to zero on exit
           lstpf
                                   set on exit if line is listed
nexts
       prc e,0
                                                     entry point
        bze cswls,nxts2
                                                     jump if -nolist
        mov r$cim,xr
                                                     point to image
        bze xr,nxts2
                                                     jump if no image
        plc xr
                                                     get char ptr
        lch wa, (xr)
                                                     get first char
        bne wa,=ch$mn,nxts1
                                                     jump if not ctrl card
        bze cswpr,nxts2
                                                     jump if -noprint
           here to call lister
                                                     list line
nxts1
       jsr listr
           here after possible listing
nxts2
        mov r$cni,xr
                                                     point to next image
        mov xr,r$cim
                                                     set as next image
        mov rdnln,rdcln
                                                     set as current line number
```

```
{\bf mov} cnind, lstid
                                                             set as current include depth
fi
         zer r$cni
                                                             clear next image pointer
                                                             get input image length
         mov sclen(xr),wa
         {\operatorname{mov}} cswin,wb
                                                             get max allowable length
         blo wa,wb,nxts3
                                                             skip if not too long
                                                             else truncate
         {f mov} wb,wa
             here with length in (wa)
         mov wa, scnil
                                                             use as record length
nxts3
         zer scnse
                                                             {\it reset\ scnse}
         zer lstpf
                                                             set line not listed yet
                                                             return to nexts caller
         exi
         enp
                                                             end procedure nexts
```

```
patin -- pattern construction for len,pos,rpos,tab,rtab
            these pattern types all generate a similar node type. so
            the construction code is shared. see functions section
            for actual entry points for these five functions.
            (wa)
                                    pcode for expression arg case
            (wb)
                                   pcode for integer arg case
            jsr patin
                                    call to build pattern node
            ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for not integer or exp
                                    transfer loc for int out of range
            ppm loc
            (xr)
                                    pointer to constructed node
            (xl,wa,wb,wc,ia)
                                    destroyed
patin
        prc n,2
                                                       entry point
                                                       preserve expression arg pcode
        mov wa,xl
        jsr gtsmi
                                                       try to convert arg as small integer
                                                       jump if not integer
        ppm ptin2
        ppm ptin3
                                                       jump if out of range
            common successful exit point
                                                       build pattern node
ptin1
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            pbild
        exi
                                                       return to caller
    *
            here if argument is not an integer
ptin2
        mov xl,wb
                                                       copy expr arg case pcode
        blo (xr),=b$e$$,ptin1
                                                       all ok if expression arg
        exi 1
                                                       else take error exit for wrong type
            here for error of out of range integer argument
ptin3
        exi 2
                                                       take out-of-range error exit
                                                       end procedure patin
        enp
```

```
patst -- pattern construction for any, notany,
                     break, span and breakx pattern functions.
           these pattern functions build similar types of nodes and
           the construction code is shared. see functions section
           for actual entry points for these five pattern functions.
           0(xs)
                                  string argument
           (wb)
                                  pcode for one char argument
           (x1)
                                  pcode for multi-char argument
           (wc)
                                  pcode for expression argument
           jsr patst
                                  call to build node
           ppm loc
                                  if not string or expr (or null)
           (xs)
                                  popped past string argument
           (xr)
                                  pointer to constructed node
           (xl)
                                  destroyed
           (wa,wb,wc,ra)
                                  destroyed
           note that there is a special call to patst in the evals
           procedure with a slightly different form. see evals
           for details of the form of this call.
patst
       prc n,1
                                                     entry point
       jsr gtstg
                                                     convert argument as string
       ppm pats7
                                                     jump if not string
                                                     jump if null string (catspaw)
       bze wa, pats7
       bne wa,=num01,pats2
                                                     jump if not one char string
           here for one char string case
       bze wb,pats2
                                                     treat as multi-char if evals call
       plc xr
                                                     point to character
       lch xr,(xr)
                                                     load character
           common exit point after successful construction
                                                     call routine to build node
pats1
       jsr pbild
       exi
                                                     return to patst caller
```

```
patst (continued)
            here for multi-character string case
pats2
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                         save multi-char pcode
        mov ctmsk,wc
                                                         load current mask bit
        beq xr,r$cts,pats6
                                                         jump if same as last string c3.738
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         save string pointer
        lsh wc,1
                                                         shift to next position
        nzb wc,pats4
                                                         skip if position left in this tbl
            here we must allocate a new character table
                                                         set size of ctblk
        mov *ctsi$,wa
        jsr alloc
                                                         allocate ctblk
        mov xr,r$ctp
                                                         store ptr to new ctblk
                                                         store type code, bump ptr
        mov = b\$ctt, (xr) +
        lct wb,=cfp$a
                                                         set number of words to clear
                                                         load all zero bits
        mov bits0,wc
            loop to clear all bits in table to zeros
pats3
        mov wc,(xr)+
                                                         move word of zero bits
        bct wb,pats3
                                                         loop till all cleared
        mov bits1,wc
                                                         set initial bit position
            merge here with bit position available
        {\bf mov} wc,ctmsk
                                                         save parm2 (new bit position)
pats4
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                         restore pointer to argument string
                                                         save for next time c3.738
        mov xl,r$cts
                                                         load string length
        mov sclen(x1),wb
        bze wb,pats6
                                                         jump if null string case
        lct wb,wb
                                                         else set loop counter
        plc x1
                                                         point to characters in argument
```

```
patst (continued)
            loop to set bits in column of table
        lch wa,(x1)+
                                                       load next character
pats5
        wtb wa
                                                       convert to byte offset
                                                       point to ctblk
        mov r$ctp,xr
        add wa,xr
                                                       point to ctblk entry
        mov wc,wa
                                                       copy bit mask
        orb ctchs(xr),wa
                                                       or in bits already set
        mov wa, ctchs(xr)
                                                       store resulting bit string
                                                       loop till all bits set
        bct wb,pats5
            complete processing for multi-char string case
pats6
        mov r$ctp,xr
                                                       load ctblk ptr as parm1 for pbild
                                                       clear garbage ptr in xl
        zer xl
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                       load pcode for multi-char str case
                                                       back to exit (wc=bitstring=parm2)
        brn pats1
            here if argument is not a string
            note that the call from evals cannot pass an expression
            since evalp always reevaluates expressions.
        mov wc,wb
                                                       set pcode for expression argument
pats7
        blo (xr),=b$e$$,pats1
                                                       jump to exit if expression arg
        exi 1
                                                       else take wrong type error exit
                                                       end procedure patst
        enp
```

```
pbild -- build pattern node
            (xr)
                                   parm1 (only if required)
            (wb)
                                   pcode for node
            (wc)
                                   parm2 (only if required)
                                   call to build node
            jsr pbild
            (xr)
                                   pointer to constructed node
            (wa)
                                   destroyed
                                                      entry point
pbild
       prc e,0
                                                      stack possible parm1
        mov xr, -(xs)
        mov wb,xr
                                                      copy pcode
                                                      load entry point id (bl$px)
        lei xr
        beq xr,=bl$p1,pbld1
                                                      jump if one parameter
        beq xr,=bl$p0,pbld3
                                                      jump if no parameters
           here for two parameter case
                                                      set size of p2blk
        mov *pcsi$,wa
        jsr alloc
                                                      allocate block
        mov wc,parm2(xr)
                                                      store second parameter
        brn pbld2
                                                      merge with one parm case
           here for one parameter case
                                                      set size of p1blk
pbld1
       mov *pbsi$,wa
        jsr alloc
                                                      allocate node
           merge here from two parm case
pbld2
        mov (xs),parm1(xr)
                                                      store first parameter
        brn pbld4
                                                      merge with no parameter case
           here for case of no parameters
pbld3
       mov *pasi$,wa
                                                      set size of p0blk
        jsr alloc
                                                      allocate node
           merge here from other cases
       mov wb, (xr)
                                                      store pcode
pbld4
                                                      pop first parameter
        ica xs
                                                      set nothen successor pointer
        mov =ndnth,pthen(xr)
        exi
                                                      return to pbild caller
                                                      end procedure pbild
        enp
```

pconc -- concatenate two patterns (x1) ptr to right pattern (xr) ptr to left pattern jsr pconc call to concatenate patterns (xr) ptr to concatenated pattern (xl,wa,wb,wc) destroyed to concatenate two patterns, all successors in the left pattern which point to the nothen node must be changed to point to the right pattern. however, this modification must be performed on a copy of the left argument rather than the left argument itself, since the left argument may be pointed to by some other variable value. accordingly, it is necessary to copy the left argument. this is not a trivial process since we must avoid copying nodes more than once and the pattern is a graph structure the following algorithm is employed. the stack is used to store a list of nodes which have already been copied. the format of the entries on this list consists of a two word block. the first word is the old address and the second word is the address of the copy. this list is searched by the pcopy routine to avoid making duplicate copies. a trick is used to accomplish the concatenation at the same time. a special entry is made to start with on the stack. this entry records that the nothen node has been copied already and the address of its copy is the right pattern. this automatically performs the correct replacements. prc e,0 entry point pconc zer -(xs)make room for one entry at bottom mov xs,wc store pointer to start of list mov =ndnth,-(xs) stack nothen node as old node

mov xl, -(xs)

mov wa, num02(xt)

mov xs,xt jsr pcopy

make room for one entry at bottom store pointer to start of list stack nothen node as old node store right arg as copy of nothen initialize pointer to stack entries copy first node of left arg store as result under list

```
pconc (continued)
            the following loop scans entries in the list and makes
            sure that their successors have been copied.
pcnc1
        beq xt,xs,pcnc2
                                                       jump if all entries processed
        mov -(xt),xr
                                                       else load next old address
        mov pthen(xr),xr
                                                       load pointer to successor
        jsr pcopy
                                                       copy successor node
        mov -(xt),xr
                                                       load pointer to new node (copy)
        mov wa, pthen(xr)
                                                       store ptr to new successor
            now check for special case of alternation node where
            parm1 points to a node and must be copied like pthen.
        bne (xr),=p$alt,pcnc1
                                                       loop back if not
        mov parm1(xr),xr
                                                       else load pointer to alternative
        jsr pcopy
                                                       copy it
        mov (xt),xr
                                                       restore ptr to new node
        mov wa,parm1(xr)
                                                       store ptr to copied alternative
        brn pcnc1
                                                       loop back for next entry
            here at end of copy process
pcnc2
        mov wc,xs
                                                       restore stack pointer
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       load pointer to copy
                                                       return to pconc caller
        exi
        enp
                                                       end procedure pconc
```

```
pcopy -- copy a pattern node
            pcopy is called from the pconc procedure to copy a single
            pattern node. the copy is only carried out if the node
            has not been copied already.
            (xr)
                                    pointer to node to be copied
            (xt)
                                   ptr to current loc in copy list
            (wc)
                                   pointer to list of copied nodes
                                    call to copy a node
            jsr pcopy
                                    pointer to copy
            (wa)
            (wb,xr)
                                    destroyed
        prc n,0
                                                       entry point
рсору
        mov xt, wb
                                                       save xt
        mov wc,xt
                                                       point to start of list
            loop to search list of nodes copied already
                                                       point to next entry on list
pcop1
        dca xt
        beq xr,(xt),pcop2
                                                       jump if match
        dca xt
                                                       else skip over copied address
                                                       loop back if more to test
        bne xt,xs,pcop1
            here if not in list, perform copy
                                                       load first word of block
        mov (xr), wa
        jsr blkln
                                                       get length of block
        mov xr,xl
                                                       save pointer to old node
                                                       allocate space for copy
        jsr alloc
                                                       store old address on list
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                       store new address on list
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                       check for stack overflow
        chk
        mvw
                                                       move words from old block to copy
        mov (xs), wa
                                                       load pointer to copy
        brn pcop3
                                                       jump to exit
            here if we find entry in list
        mov -(xt),wa
                                                       load address of copy from list
pcop2
            common exit point
рсор3
        mov wb,xt
                                                       restore xt
        exi
                                                       return to pcopy caller
        enp
                                                       end procedure pcopy
```

```
if.\mathbf{cnpf}
else
            prflr -- print profile
            prflr is called to print the contents of the profile
            table in a fairly readable tabular format.
            jsr prflr
                                      call to print profile
            (wa,ia)
                                      destroyed
prflr
        prc
        bze pfdmp,prfl4
                                                          no printing if no profiling done
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                          preserve entry xr
        mov wb,pfsvw
                                                          and also wb
        jsr prtpg
                                                          eject
                                                          load msg /program profile/
        mov =pfms1,xr
        jsr prtst
                                                          and print it
                                                          followed by newline
        jsr
             prtnl
        jsr prtnl
                                                          and another
                                                          point to first hdr
        mov =pfms2,xr
                                                          print it
        jsr prtst
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             prtnl
                                                          new line
                                                          second hdr
        mov =pfms3,xr
        jsr
            prtst
                                                          print it
             prtnl
                                                          new line
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                          and another blank line
        jsr prtnl
                                                          initial stmt count
        zer wb
        mov pftbl,xr
                                                          point to table origin
                                                          bias past xnblk header (sgd07)
        add *xndta,xr
            loop here to print successive entries
prfl1
        icv wb
                                                          bump stmt nr
                                                          load nr of executions
        ldi
             (xr)
        ieq prf13
                                                          no printing if zero
        mov =pfpd1,profs
                                                          point where to print
        jsr prtin
                                                          and print it
        zer profs
                                                          back to start of line
        mti wb
                                                          load stmt nr
                                                          print it there
        jsr prtin
        mov =pfpd2,profs
                                                          and pad past count
        ldi cfp$i(xr)
                                                          load total exec time
        jsr prtin
                                                          print that too
        ldi cfp$i(xr)
                                                          reload time
        mli intth
                                                          convert to microsec
                                                          omit next bit if overflow
        iov prf12
                                                          divide by executions
        dvi (xr)
                                                          pad last print
        mov =pfpd3,profs
                                                          and print mcsec/execn
        jsr prtin
            merge after printing time
```

```
prfl2 jsr prtnl
                                                       thats another line
            here to go to next entry
prfl3 add *pf$i2,xr
                                                       bump index ptr (sgd07)
        {\it blt} wb,pfnte,prfl1
                                                       loop if more stmts
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       restore callers xr
        {f mov} pfsvw,wb
                                                       and wb too
            here to exit
prfl4
                                                       return
        exi
        enp
                                                       end of prflr
```

```
prflu -- update an entry in the profile table
            on entry, kvstn contains nr of stmt to profile
                                    call to update entry
            jsr prflu
            (ia)
                                   destroyed
prflu
       prc
        bnz pffnc,pflu4
                                                       skip if just entered function
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       preserve entry xr
        mov wa, pfsvw
                                                       save wa (sgd07)
        bnz pftbl,pflu2
                                                       branch if table allocated
            here if space for profile table not yet allocated.
            calculate size needed, allocate a static xnblk, and
            initialize it all to zero.
            the time taken for this will be attributed to the current
            statement (assignment to keywd profile), but since the
            timing for this statement is up the pole anyway, this
            doesnt really matter...
        sub =num01,pfnte
                                                       adjust for extra count (sgd07)
                                                       convrt entry size to int
        mti pfi2a
        sti pfste
                                                       and store safely for later
        mti pfnte
                                                       load table length as integer
        mli pfste
                                                       multiply by entry size
                                                       get back address-style
        mfi wa
        add =num02,wa
                                                       add on 2 word overhead
        wtb wa
                                                       convert the whole lot to bytes
                                                       gimme the space
        jsr alost
        mov xr,pftbl
                                                       save block pointer
                                                       put block type and ...
        mov = b$xnt, (xr) +
                                                       ... length into header
        mov wa, (xr)+
        mfi wa
                                                       get back nr of wds in data area
        lct wa,wa
                                                       load the counter
            loop here to zero the block data
pflu1
        zer (xr) +
                                                       blank a word
        bct wa,pflu1
                                                       and allllll the rest
            end of allocation. merge back into routine
pflu2
       mti kvstn
                                                       load nr of stmt just ended
        sbi intv1
                                                       make into index offset
        mli pfste
                                                       make offset of table entry
        mfi wa
                                                       convert to address
        wtb wa
                                                       get as baus
        add *num02,wa
                                                       offset includes table header
        mov pftbl,xr
                                                       get table start
        bge wa,num01(xr),pflu3
                                                       if out of table, skip it
```

```
add wa,xr
                                                         else point to entry
        ldi
            (xr)
                                                         get nr of executions so far
                                                         nudge up one
        adi intv1
        \mathbf{sti}
                                                         and put back
             (xr)
        jsr systm
                                                         get time now
        sti pfetm
                                                         stash ending time
        sbi pfstm
                                                         subtract start time
        adi cfp$i(xr)
                                                         add cumulative time so far
        \mathbf{sti}
             cfp$i(xr)
                                                         and put back new total
        ldi pfetm
                                                         load end time of this stmt ...
        \mathbf{sti}
                                                         ... which is start time of next
             pfstm
            merge here to exit
pflu3
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                         restore callers xr
        mov pfsvw,wa
                                                         restore saved reg
        exi
                                                         and return
            here if profile is suppressed because a program defined
            function is about to be entered, and so the current stmt
            has not yet finished
                                                         reset the condition flag
pflu4
        zer pffnc
        exi
                                                         and immediate return
                                                         end of procedure prflu
        enp
```

```
fi
            prpar - process print parameters
            (wc)
                                    if nonzero associate terminal only
                                    call to process print parameters
            jsr prpar
            (xl,xr,wa,wb,wc)
                                    destroyed
            since memory allocation is undecided on initial call,
            terminal cannot be associated. the entry with wc non-zero
            is provided so a later call can be made to complete this.
        prc e,0
                                                        entry point
prpar
        bnz wc,prpa8
                                                        jump to associate terminal
        jsr syspp
                                                        get print parameters
        bnz wb,prpa1
                                                        jump if lines/page specified
        \mathbf{mov} =cfp$m,wb
                                                        else use a large value
        rsh wb,1
                                                        but not too large
            store line count/page
                                                        store number of lines/page
        mov wb, 1stnp
prpa1
        mov wb, lstlc
                                                        pretend page is full initially
                                                        clear page number
        zer lstpg
                                                        get prior length if any
        mov prlen,wb
        bze wb,prpa2
                                                        skip if no length
        bgt wa,wb,prpa3
                                                        skip storing if too big
            store print buffer length
                                                        store value
prpa2
        mov wa, prlen
            process bits options
        mov bits3,wb
                                                        bit 3 mask
prpa3
        anb wc,wb
                                                        get -nolist bit
        zrb wb,prpa4
                                                        skip if clear
        zer cswls
                                                        set -nolist
            check if fail reports goto interactive channel
                                                        bit 1 mask
        mov bits1,wb
prpa4
        anb wc,wb
                                                        get bit
        {f mov} wb,erich
                                                        store int. chan. error flag
        mov bits2,wb
                                                        bit 2 mask
                                                        get bit
        anb wc,wb
        mov wb, prich
                                                        flag for std printer on int. chan.
        mov bits4,wb
                                                        bit 4 mask
        anb wc,wb
                                                        get bit
                                                        flag for compile stats suppressn.
        mov wb,cpsts
```

mov bits5,wb
anb wc,wb
mov wb,exsts

bit 5 mask get bit flag for exec stats suppression

```
prpar (continued)
        mov bits6,wb
                                                         bit 6 \text{ mask}
                                                         get bit
        anb wc,wb
                                                         extended/compact listing flag
        mov wb,precl
                                                         point 8 chars from line end
        sub =num08,wa
                                                         jump if not extended
        zrb wb,prpa5
                                                         store for listing page headings
        mov wa, 1stpo
             continue option processing
        mov bits7,wb
                                                         bit 7 mask
prpa5
                                                         get bit 7
        anb wc,wb
                                                         set -noexecute if non-zero
        mov wb, cswex
                                                         bit 10 mask
        mov bit10,wb
        anb wc,wb
                                                         get bit 10
        mov wb, headp
                                                         pretend printed to omit headers
        mov bits9,wb
                                                         bit 9 mask
        anb wc,wb
                                                         get bit 9
        mov wb,prsto
                                                         keep it as std listing option
if .culc
        mov wc,wb
                                                         copy flags
        rsh wb,12
                                                         right justify bit 13
        anb bits1,wb
                                                         get bit
        mov wb, kvcas
                                                         set -case
fi
                                                         bit 12 mask
        mov bit12,wb
        anb wc,wb
                                                         get bit 12
        mov wb, cswer
                                                         keep it as errors/noerrors option
        zrb wb,prpa6
                                                         skip if clear
        mov prlen, wa
                                                         get print buffer length
        sub = num08, wa
                                                         point 8 chars from line end
                                                         store page offset
        mov wa,1stpo
            check for -print/-noprint
                                                         bit 11 mask
prpa6
        mov bit11, wb
        anb wc,wb
                                                         get bit 11
        mov wb,cswpr
                                                         set -print if non-zero
            check for terminal
        anb bits8,wc
                                                         see if terminal to be activated
                                                         jump if terminal required
        bnz wc,prpa8
                                                         jump if no terminal to detach
        bze initr,prpa9
        mov =v$ter,xl
                                                         ptr to /terminal/
                                                         get vrblk pointer
        jsr
             gtnvr
                                                         cant fail
        ppm
                                                         clear value of terminal
        mov =nulls,vrval(xr)
```

```
\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} setvr
                                                            remove association
        brn prpa9
                                                            return
             associate terminal
prpa8
        mnz initr
                                                            note terminal associated
        bze dnamb, prpa9
                                                            cant if memory not organised
        mov =v$ter,x1
                                                            point to terminal string
                                                            output trace type
        \mathbf{mov} =trtou,wb
        jsr inout
                                                            attach output trblk to vrblk
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                            stack trblk ptr
        mov =v$ter,x1
                                                            point to terminal string
        mov =trtin,wb
                                                            input trace type
        jsr inout
                                                            attach input trace blk
         mov (xs)+,vrval(xr)
                                                            add output trblk to chain
             return point
prpa9
        exi
                                                            \operatorname{return}
                                                            end procedure prpar
         enp
```

```
prtch -- print a character
           prtch is used to print a single character
            (wa)
                                   character to be printed
            jsr prtch
                                   call to print character
prtch prc e,0
                                                      entry point
                                                      save xr
       mov xr,-(xs)
       bne profs,prlen,prch1
                                                      jump if room in buffer
                                                      else print this line
       jsr prtnl
           here after making sure we have room
prch1
       mov prbuf,xr
                                                      point to print buffer
                                                      point to next character location
       psc xr, profs
       sch wa,(xr)
                                                      store new character
                                                      complete store characters
        csc xr
       icv profs
                                                      bump pointer
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      restore entry xr
        exi
                                                      return to prtch caller
        enp
                                                      end procedure prtch
```

```
prtic -- print to interactive channel
           prtic is called to print the contents of the standard
           print buffer to the interactive channel. it is only
           called after prtst has set up the string for printing.
            it does not clear the buffer.
            jsr prtic
                                   call for print
            (wa,wb)
                                   destroyed
prtic prc e,0
                                                      entry point
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      save xr
        mov prbuf,xr
                                                      point to buffer
        mov profs,wa
                                                      no of chars
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} syspi
                                                      print
                                                      fail return
        ppm prtc2
           return
       mov (xs)+,xr
prtc1
                                                      restore xr
        exi
                                                      return
            error occured
prtc2 zer erich
                                                      prevent looping
        {
m erb} 252,error on printing
                                                      to interactive channel
        brn prtc1
                                                      procedure prtic
        enp
```

```
prtis -- print to interactive and standard printer
           prtis puts a line from the print buffer onto the
           interactive channel (if any) and the standard printer.
           it always prints to the standard printer but does
           not duplicate lines if the standard printer is
           interactive. it clears down the print buffer.
                                   call for printing
           jsr prtis
           (wa,wb)
                                  destroyed
       prc e,0
                                                     entry point
prtis
                                                     jump if standard printer is int.ch.
        bnz prich,prts1
        bze erich,prts1
                                                     skip if not doing int. error reps.
       jsr prtic
                                                     print to interactive channel
           merge and exit
prts1
       jsr prtnl
                                                     print to standard printer
                                                     return
        exi
                                                     end procedure prtis
        enp
```

```
prtin -- print an integer
           prtin prints the integer value which is in the integer
            accumulator. blocks built in dynamic storage
            during this process are immediately deleted.
            (ia)
                                    integer value to be printed
            jsr prtin
                                   call to print integer
                                   destroyed
            (ia,ra)
       prc e,0
                                                       entry point
prtin
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       save xr
        jsr icbld
                                                       build integer block
        blo xr,dnamb,prti1
                                                       jump if icblk below dynamic
        bhi xr,dnamp,prti1
                                                       jump if above dynamic
                                                       immediately delete it
        mov xr,dnamp
            delete icblk from dynamic store
prti1
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       stack ptr for gtstg
        jsr gtstg
                                                       convert to string
        \mathbf{ppm}
                                                       convert error is impossible
                                                       reset pointer to delete scblk
        mov xr,dnamp
        jsr prtst
                                                       print integer string
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       restore entry xr
        exi
                                                       return to prtin caller
        enp
                                                       end procedure prtin
```

```
prtmi -- print message and integer
           prtmi is used to print messages together with an integer
           value starting in column 15 (used by the routines at
           the end of compilation).
                                   call to print message and integer
            jsr prtmi
prtmi prc e,0
                                                      entry point
        jsr prtst
                                                      print string message
                                                      set column offset
        {f mov} =prtmf,profs
        jsr prtin
                                                      print integer
        jsr prtnl
                                                      print line
        \mathbf{exi}
                                                      return to prtmi caller
        enp
                                                      end procedure prtmi
```

```
prtmm -- print memory used and available
            prtmm is used to provide memory usage information in
            both the end-of-compile and end-of-run statistics.
            jsr prtmm
                                     call to print memory stats
prtmm
        \operatorname{prc}
                                                         next available loc
        mov dnamp, wa
        sub statb, wa
                                                         minus start
if .cbyt
else
        btw wa
                                                         convert to words
fi
        mti wa
                                                         convert to integer
        mov =encm1,xr
                                                         point to /memory used (words)/
        jsr prtmi
                                                         print message
        \mathbf{mov} dname, wa
                                                         end of memory
        sub dnamp, wa
                                                         minus next available loc
if.\mathbf{cbyt}
else
        btw wa
                                                         convert to words
fi
        mti wa
                                                         convert to integer
        mov = encm2, xr
                                                         point to /memory available (words)/
        jsr prtmi
                                                         print line
                                                         return to prtmm caller
        exi
                                                         end of procedure prtmm
        enp
```

```
prtmx -- as prtmi with extra copy to interactive chan.
               jsr prtmx
                                             call for printing
               (wa,wb)
                                             destroyed
prtmx prc e,0
                                                                     entry point
          jsr prtst
                                                                     print string message
                                                                     set column offset
          \mathbf{mov} \; \texttt{=} \mathsf{prtmf} \, \texttt{,} \mathsf{profs}
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} prtin
                                                                     print integer
          jsr prtis
                                                                     print line
          exi
                                                                     return
                                                                     {\rm end}\ {\rm procedure}\ {\rm prtmx}
          enp
```

```
prtnl -- print new line (end print line)
            prtnl prints the contents of the print buffer, resets
            the buffer to all blanks and resets the print pointer.
                                     call to print line
            jsr prtnl
prtnl
        prc r,0
                                                        entry point
        bnz headp,prnl0
                                                        were headers printed
        jsr prtps
                                                        no - print them
            call syspr
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        save entry xr
prn10
        mov wa, prtsa
                                                        save wa
        mov wb, prtsb
                                                        save wb
                                                        load pointer to buffer
        mov prbuf,xr
        mov profs, wa
                                                        load number of chars in buffer
                                                        call system print routine
        jsr syspr
                                                        jump if failed
        ppm prn12
        lct wa,prlnw
                                                        load length of buffer in words
                                                        point to chars of buffer
        add *schar,xr
        mov nullw,wb
                                                        get word of blanks
            loop to blank buffer
        mov wb,(xr)+
prnl1
                                                        store word of blanks, bump ptr
        bct wa,prnl1
                                                        loop till all blanked
            exit point
        mov prtsb,wb
                                                        restore wb
        mov prtsa, wa
                                                        restore wa
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        restore entry xr
        zer profs
                                                        reset print buffer pointer
        exi
                                                        return to prtnl caller
            file full or no output file for load module
prn12
        bnz prtef,prnl3
                                                        jump if not first time
                                                        mark first occurrence
        mnz prtef
        erb 253, print limit exceeded
                                                        on standard output channel
            stop at once
                                                        ending code
prn13
        mov =nini8,wb
        mov kvstn, wa
                                                        statement number
        mov r$fcb,xl
                                                        get fcblk chain head
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                        stop
             sysej
        enp
                                                        end procedure prtnl
```

```
prtnm -- print variable name
           prtnm is used to print a character representation of the
           name of a variable (not a value of datatype name)
           names of pseudo-variables may not be passed to prtnm.
            (x1)
                                   name base
            (wa)
                                   name offset
            jsr prtnm
                                   call to print name
            (wb,wc,ra)
                                   destroyed
prtnm
        prc r,0
                                                      entry point (recursive, see prtvl)
        mov wa, -(xs)
                                                      save wa (offset is collectable)
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      save entry xr
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                      save name base
        bhi xl,state,prn02
                                                      jump if not natural variable
           here for natural variable name, recognized by the fact
            that the name base points into the static area.
                                                      point to vrblk
        mov xl,xr
        jsr prtvn
                                                      print name of variable
            common exit point
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                      restore name base
prn01
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      restore entry value of xr
        mov (xs)+,wa
                                                      restore wa
        exi
                                                      return to prtnm caller
           here for case of non-natural variable
prn02
        mov wa, wb
                                                      copy name offset
                                                      jump if array or table
        bne (x1),=b$pdt,prn03
            for program defined datatype, prt fld name, left paren
        mov pddfp(xl),xr
                                                      load pointer to dfblk
        add wa,xr
                                                      add name offset
        mov pdfof(xr),xr
                                                      load vrblk pointer for field
        jsr prtvn
                                                      print field name
        mov =ch$pp,wa
                                                      load left paren
        jsr prtch
                                                      print character
```

prtnm (continued) now we print an identifying name for the object if one can be found. the following code searches for a natural variable which contains this object as value. if such a variable is found, its name is printed, else the value of the object (as printed by prtvl) is used instead. first we point to the parent tbblk if this is the case of a table element. to do this, chase down the trnxt chain. prn03 bne (x1),=b\$tet,prn04 jump if we got there (or not te) mov tenxt(x1),x1 else move out on chain brn prn03 and loop back now we are ready for the search. to speed things up in the case of calls from dump where the same name base will occur repeatedly while dumping an array or table, we remember the last vrblk pointer found in prnmv. so first check to see if we have this one again. prn04 mov prnmv,xr point to vrblk we found last time mov hshtb, wa point to hash table in case not brn prn07 jump into search for special check loop through hash slots prn05 mov wa, xr copy slot pointer ica wa bump slot pointer introduce standard vrblk offset sub *vrnxt,xr loop through vrblks on one hash chain prn06 mov vrnxt(xr),xr point to next vrblk on hash chain merge here first time to check block we found last time prn07 mov xr,wc copy vrblk pointer

bze wc,prn09

jump if chain end (or prnmv zero)

prtnm (continued) loop to find value (chase down possible trblk chain) prn08 mov vrval(xr),xr load value beq (xr),=b\$trt,prn08 loop if that was a trblk now we have the value, is this the block we want beq xr,xl,prn10 jump if this matches the name base mov wc,xr else point back to that vrblk brn prn06 and loop back here to move to next hash slot prn09 blt wa, hshte, prn05 loop back if more to go else not found, copy value pointer mov xl,xr jsr prtvl print value brn prn11 and merge ahead here when we find a matching entry prn10 mov wc,xr copy vrblk pointer save for next time in mov xr,prnmv print variable name jsr prtvn merge here if no entry found load first word of name base prn11 mov (x1),wc bne wc,=b\$pdt,prn13 jump if not program defined for program defined datatype, add right paren and exit mov =ch\$rp,wa load right paren, merge merge here to print final right paren or bracket prn12 jsr prtch print final character mov wb, wa restore name offset

brn prn01

merge back to exit

```
prtnm (continued)
           here for array or table
                                                       load left bracket
       mov =ch$bb,wa
prn13
        jsr prtch
                                                       and print it
        mov (xs),xl
                                                       restore block pointer
        mov (x1),wc
                                                       load type word again
        bne wc,=b$tet,prn15
                                                       jump if not table
           here for table, print subscript value
        mov tesub(x1),xr
                                                       load subscript value
                                                       save name offset
        mov wb,xl
        jsr prtvl
                                                       print subscript value
        mov xl,wb
                                                       restore name offset
           merge here from array case to print right bracket
        mov =ch$rb,wa
                                                       load right bracket
prn14
                                                       merge back to print it
        brn prn12
           here for array or vector, to print subscript(s)
prn15
        mov wb, wa
                                                       copy name offset
        btw wa
                                                       convert to words
        beq wc,=b$art,prn16
                                                       jump if arblk
           here for vector
        sub =vcvlb,wa
                                                       adjust for standard fields
        mti wa
                                                       move to integer accum
        jsr prtin
                                                       print linear subscript
        brn prn14
                                                       merge back for right bracket
```

```
prtnm (continued)
            here for array. first calculate absolute subscript
            offsets by successive divisions by the dimension values.
            this must be done right to left since the elements are
            stored row-wise. the subscripts are stacked as integers.
prn16
        mov arofs(xl),wc
                                                       load length of bounds info
                                                       adjust for arpro field
        ica wc
        btw wc
                                                       convert to words
                                                       get linear zero-origin subscript
        sub wc,wa
        mti wa
                                                       get integer value
        lct wa,arndm(x1)
                                                       set num of dimensions as loop count
        add arofs(xl),xl
                                                       point past bounds information
        sub *arlbd,xl
                                                       set ok offset for proper ptr later
            loop to stack subscript offsets
                                                       point to next set of bounds
prn17
        sub *ardms,xl
                                                       save current offset
        sti prnsi
        rmi ardim(x1)
                                                       get remainder on dividing by dimens
        mfi - (xs)
                                                       store on stack (one word)
        ldi prnsi
                                                       reload argument
        dvi ardim(x1)
                                                       divide to get quotient
                                                       loop till all stacked
        bct wa, prn17
        zer xr
                                                       set offset to first set of bounds
        lct wb,arndm(x1)
                                                       load count of dims to control loop
        brn prn19
                                                       jump into print loop
            loop to print subscripts from stack adjusting by adding
            the appropriate low bound value from the arblk
        mov =ch$cm, wa
                                                       load a comma
prn18
        jsr prtch
                                                       print it
    *
            merge here first time in (no comma required)
        mti (xs) +
prn19
                                                       load subscript offset as integer
        add xr,xl
                                                       point to current lbd
        adi arlbd(x1)
                                                       add lbd to get signed subscript
        sub xr,xl
                                                       point back to start of arblk
                                                       print subscript
        jsr prtin
        add *ardms,xr
                                                       bump offset to next bounds
        bct wb,prn18
                                                       loop back till all printed
        brn prn14
                                                       merge back to print right bracket
        enp
                                                       end procedure prtnm
```

```
prtnv -- print name value
           prtnv is used by the trace and dump routines to print
           a line of the form
           name = value
           note that the name involved can never be a pseudo-var
            (x1)
                                   name base
            (wa)
                                   name offset
            jsr prtnv
                                   call to print name = value
                                   destroyed
            (wb,wc,ra)
prtnv
       prc e,0
                                                      entry point
        jsr prtnm
                                                      print argument name
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                      save entry xr
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                      save name offset (collectable)
        {f mov} =tmbeb,xr
                                                      point to blank equal blank
        jsr prtst
                                                      print it
        mov xl,xr
                                                      copy name base
        add wa,xr
                                                      point to value
        mov (xr),xr
                                                      load value pointer
        jsr prtvl
                                                      print value
        jsr prtnl
                                                      terminate line
                                                      restore name offset
        mov (xs)+,wa
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      restore entry xr
                                                      return to caller
        exi
        enp
                                                      end procedure prtnv
```

```
prtpg -- print a page throw
            prints a page throw or a few blank lines on the standard
            listing channel depending on the listing options chosen.
                                      call for page eject
             jsr prtpg
        \mathbf{prc} e,0
                                                          entry point
prtpg
        beq stage,=stgxt,prp01
                                                          jump if execution time
        bze lstlc,prp06
                                                          return if top of page already
        zer lstlc
                                                          clear line count
            check type of listing
       mov xr,-(xs)
prp01
                                                          preserve xr
        bnz prstd,prp02
                                                          eject if flag set
        bnz prich,prp03
                                                          jump if interactive listing channel
                                                          jump if compact listing
        bze precl,prp03
            perform an eject
prp02
                                                          eject
        jsr sysep
        brn prp04
                                                          merge
            compact or interactive channel listing. cant print
            blanks until check made for headers printed and flag set.
prp03
        mov headp,xr
                                                          remember headp
        \mathbf{mnz} headp
                                                          set to avoid repeated prtpg calls
             prtnl
                                                          print blank line
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                          print blank line
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
            prtnl
                                                          print blank line
        jsr prtnl
        mov = num03, lstlc
                                                          count blank lines
                                                          restore header flag
        mov xr, headp
```

```
prptg (continued)
            print the heading
prp04
        bnz headp,prp05
                                                          jump if header listed
                                                          mark headers printed
        mnz headp
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                          keep xl
                                                          point to listing header
        \mathbf{mov} =headr,xr
        jsr prtst
                                                          place it
        jsr sysid
                                                          get system identification
        jsr prtst
                                                          append extra chars
            prtnl
                                                          print it
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        mov xl,xr
                                                          extra header line
                                                          place it
        jsr prtst
        jsr prtnl
                                                          print it
                                                          print a blank
        jsr prtnl
                                                          and another
        jsr prtnl
        add =num04,1stlc
                                                          four header lines printed
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                          restore\ xl
            merge if header not printed
prp05
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                          restore xr
            return
prp06
        exi
                                                          return
        enp
                                                          end procedure prtpg
```

```
prtps - print page with test for standard listing option
              if the standard listing option is selected, insist that % \left( \left( 1\right) \right) =\left( \left( 1\right) \right) 
              an eject be done
                               call for eject
              jsr prtps
                                                                entry point
prtps \operatorname{prc} e,0
                                                                copy option flag
         mov prsto,prstd
         jsr prtpg
                                                                print page
                                                                clear flag
         zer prstd
         exi
                                                                return
                                                                end procedure prtps
         enp
```

```
prtsn -- print statement number
           prtsn is used to initiate a print trace line by printing
            asterisks and the current statement number. the actual
            format of the output generated is.
            ***nnnnn**** iii....iiii
           nnnnn is the statement number with leading zeros replaced
           by asterisks (e.g. ******9****)
            iii...iii represents a variable length output consisting
            of a number of letter i characters equal to fnclevel.
            jsr prtsn
                                   call to print statement number
            (wc)
                                   destroyed
prtsn
       prc e,0
                                                      entry point
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      save entry xr
        mov wa, prsna
                                                      save entry wa
        mov = tmasb, xr
                                                      point to asterisks
                                                      print asterisks
        jsr prtst
        \mathbf{mov} =num04,profs
                                                      point into middle of asterisks
        mti kvstn
                                                      load statement number as integer
        jsr prtin
                                                      print integer statement number
        mov =prsnf,profs
                                                      point past asterisks plus blank
                                                      get fnclevel
        mov kvfnc,xr
        mov =ch$li,wa
                                                      set letter i
           loop to generate letter i fnclevel times
        bze xr,prsn2
                                                      jump if all set
prsn1
        jsr prtch
                                                      else print an i
                                                      decrement counter
        dcv xr
        brn prsn1
                                                      loop back
           merge with all letter i characters generated
prsn2
       mov =ch$bl,wa
                                                      get blank
        jsr prtch
                                                      print blank
        mov prsna,wa
                                                      restore entry wa
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      restore entry xr
        exi
                                                      return to prtsn caller
                                                      end procedure prtsn
        enp
```

```
prtst -- print string
            prtst places a string of characters in the print buffer
            see prtnl for global locations used
            note that the first word of the block (normally b$scl)
            is not used and need not be set correctly (see prtvn)
            (xr)
                                    string to be printed
            jsr prtst
                                    call to print string
                                    updated past chars placed
            (profs)
        prc r,0
                                                        entry point
prtst
        bnz headp,prst0
                                                        were headers printed
                                                        no - print them
        jsr prtps
            call syspr
prst0
        mov wa, prsva
                                                        save wa
                                                        save wb
        mov wb,prsvb
        zer wb
                                                        set chars printed count to zero
            loop to print successive lines for long string
        mov sclen(xr), wa
                                                        load string length
prst1
        sub wb, wa
                                                        subtract count of chars already out
                                                        jump to exit if none left
        bze wa,prst4
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                        else stack entry xl
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        save argument
        mov xr,xl
                                                        copy for eventual move
                                                        load print buffer length
        mov prlen,xr
        sub profs,xr
                                                        get chars left in print buffer
        bnz xr,prst2
                                                        skip if room left on this line
                                                        else print this line
        jsr prtnl
                                                        and set full width available
        {\color{red}{\mathrm{mov}}} prlen,xr
```

```
prtst (continued)
            here with chars to print and some room in buffer
prst2
        blo wa,xr,prst3
                                                        jump if room for rest of string
                                                        else set to fill line
        mov xr, wa
            merge here with character count in wa
prst3
        mov prbuf,xr
                                                        point to print buffer
        plc xl,wb
                                                        point to location in string
        psc xr,profs
                                                        point to location in buffer
        add wa,wb
                                                        bump string chars count
                                                        bump buffer pointer
        add wa, profs
                                                        preserve char counter
        mov wb,prsvc
        \mathbf{mvc}
                                                        move characters to buffer
                                                        recover char counter
        mov prsvc,wb
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        restore argument pointer
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                        restore entry xl
        brn prst1
                                                        loop back to test for more
    *
            here to exit after printing string
        mov prsvb,wb
                                                        restore entry wb
prst4
        mov prsva,wa
                                                        restore entry wa
                                                        return to prtst caller
        exi
                                                        end procedure prtst
        enp
```

```
prttr -- print to terminal
            called to print contents of standard print buffer to
            online terminal. clears buffer down and resets profs.
            jsr prttr
                                     call for print
            (wa,wb)
                                     destroyed
prttr prc e,0
                                                        entry point
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        save xr
                                                        print buffer contents
        jsr prtic
                                                        point to print bfr to clear it
        {f mov} prbuf, {f xr}
        lct wa,prlnw
                                                        get buffer length
        add *schar,xr
                                                        point past scblk header
        {f mov} nullw,wb
                                                        get blanks
            loop to clear buffer
prtt1 mov wb,(xr)+
                                                        clear a word
        bct wa,prtt1
                                                        loop
        zer profs
                                                        reset profs
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        restore xr
        exi
                                                        return
        enp
                                                        {\rm end}\ {\rm procedure}\ {\rm prttr}
```

```
prtvl -- print a value
            prtvl places an appropriate character representation of
            a data value in the print buffer for dump/trace use.
            (xr)
                                     value to be printed
            jsr prtvl
                                     call to print value
            (wa,wb,wc,ra)
                                     destroyed
prtvl
        prc r,0
                                                         entry point, recursive
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                         save entry xl
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         save argument
        \mathbf{chk}
                                                         check for stack overflow
            loop back here after finding a trap block (trblk)
prv01
        mov idval(xr),prvsi
                                                         copy idval (if any)
        mov (xr),xl
                                                         load first word of block
        lei
            xl
                                                         load entry point id
        bsw x1,b1$$t,prv02
                                                         switch on block type
        iff
             bl$tr,prv04
                                                         trblk
                                                         arblk
        iff
             bl$ar,prv05
        iff
                                                         icblk
             bl$ic,prv08
        iff
             bl$nm,prv09
                                                         nmblk
        iff
             bl$pd,prv10
                                                         pdblk
if.cnra
else
        iff
                                                         rcblk
             bl$rc,prv08
fi
        iff
             bl$sc,prv11
                                                         scblk
        iff
                                                         seblk
             bl$se,prv12
        iff
             bl$tb,prv13
                                                         tbblk
                                                         vcblk
        iff
             bl$vc,prv13
if.cnbf
else
        iff
                                                         bcblk
             bl$bc,prv15
fi
        esw
                                                         end of switch on block type
            here for blocks for which we just print datatype name
prv02
        jsr
             dtype
                                                         get datatype name
                                                         print datatype name
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
             prtst
            common exit point
prv03
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                         reload argument
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                         restore xl
```

exi return to prtvl caller

* here for trblk

prv04 mov trval(xr),xr load real value and loop back

```
prtvl (continued)
           here for array (arblk)
           print array (prototype) blank number idval
prv05
       mov xr,xl
                                                       preserve argument
        mov =scarr,xr
                                                       point to datatype name (array)
        jsr prtst
                                                       print it
        mov =ch$pp,wa
                                                       load left paren
                                                       print left paren
        jsr prtch
        add arofs(xl),xl
                                                       point to prototype
        mov (x1),xr
                                                       load prototype
        jsr prtst
                                                       print prototype
           vcblk, tbblk, bcblk merge here for ) blank number idval
prv06
                                                       load right paren
        mov =ch$rp,wa
                                                       print right paren
        jsr prtch
            pdblk merges here to print blank number idval
prv07
       mov =ch$bl,wa
                                                       load blank
                                                       print it
        jsr prtch
        \mathbf{mov} =ch$nm,wa
                                                       load number sign
        jsr prtch
                                                       print it
        mti prvsi
                                                       get idval
        jsr prtin
                                                       print id number
        brn prv03
                                                       back to exit
           here for integer (icblk), real (rcblk)
           print character representation of value
prv08
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       stack argument for gtstg
                                                       convert to string
        jsr gtstg
        ppm
                                                       error return is impossible
                                                       print the string
        jsr prtst
        mov xr, dnamp
                                                       delete garbage string from storage
        brn prv03
                                                       back to exit
```

```
prtvl (continued)
           name (nmblk)
            for pseudo-variable, just print datatype name (name)
            for all other names, print dot followed by name rep
prv09
        mov nmbas(xr),xl
                                                       load name base
                                                       load first word of block
        mov (x1), wa
        beq wa,=b$kvt,prv02
                                                       just print name if keyword
        beq wa,=b$evt,prv02
                                                       just print name if expression var
        mov =ch$dt,wa
                                                       else get dot
                                                       and print it
        jsr prtch
        {f mov} {f mofs(xr),wa}
                                                       load name offset
                                                       print name
        jsr prtnm
                                                       back to exit
        brn prv03
           program datatype (pdblk)
           print datatype name ch$bl ch$nm idval
prv10
        jsr dtype
                                                       get datatype name
        jsr prtst
                                                       print datatype name
        {f brn} prv07
                                                       merge back to print id
           here for string (scblk)
           print quote string-characters quote
prv11
       mov =ch$sq,wa
                                                       load single quote
        jsr prtch
                                                       print quote
                                                       print string value
        jsr
            prtst
        jsr prtch
                                                       print another quote
        brn prv03
                                                       back to exit
```

```
prtvl (continued)
           here for simple expression (seblk)
           print asterisk variable-name
                                                      load asterisk
prv12 mov =ch$as,wa
        jsr prtch
                                                      print asterisk
                                                      load variable pointer
        mov sevar(xr),xr
        jsr prtvn
                                                      print variable name
        brn prv03
                                                      jump back to exit
           here for table (tbblk) and array (vcblk)
           print datatype ( prototype ) blank number idval
prv13 mov xr,xl
                                                      preserve argument
        jsr dtype
                                                      get datatype name
                                                      print datatype name
        jsr prtst
        mov = ch*pp, wa
                                                      load left paren
                                                      print left paren
        jsr prtch
        mov tblen(xl),wa
                                                      load length of block (=vclen)
                                                      convert to word count
        btw wa
        sub =tbsi$,wa
                                                      allow for standard fields
        beq (x1),=b$tbt,prv14
                                                      jump if table
        add =vctbd,wa
                                                      for vcblk, adjust size
           print prototype
       mti wa
                                                      move as integer
prv14
                                                      print integer prototype
        jsr prtin
        brn prv06
                                                      merge back for rest
```

```
prtvl (continued)
            here for buffer (bcblk)
prv15 mov xr,xl
                                                          preserve argument
        {f mov} =scbuf,xr
                                                          point to datatype name (buffer)
        jsr prtst
                                                          print it
                                                          load left paren
        {f mov} =ch$pp,wa
                                                          print left paren
        jsr prtch
        mov bcbuf(x1),xr
                                                          point to bfblk
                                                          load allocation size
        mti bfalc(xr)
                                                          print it
        jsr prtin
        \mathbf{mov} =ch$cm,wa
                                                          load comma
        jsr prtch
mti bclen(x1)
                                                          print it
                                                          load defined length
        jsr prtin
                                                          print it
        brn prv06
                                                          merge to finish up
fi
                                                          end procedure prtvl
        enp
```

```
prtvn -- print natural variable name
           prtvn prints the name of a natural variable
            (xr)
                                   pointer to vrblk
            jsr prtvn
                                   call to print variable name
prtvn prc e,0
                                                      entry point
       mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      stack vrblk pointer
       add *vrsof,xr
                                                      point to possible string name
                                                      jump if not system variable
       bnz sclen(xr),prvn1
       mov vrsvo(xr),xr
                                                      point to svblk with name
           merge here with dummy scblk pointer in xr
prvn1
       jsr prtst
                                                      print string name of variable
       mov (xs)+,xr
                                                      restore vrblk pointer
                                                      return to prtvn caller
        exi
        enp
                                                      end procedure prtvn
```

if .cnra else

```
rcbld -- build a real block
            (ra)
                                    real value for rcblk
                                    call to build real block
            jsr rcbld
            (xr)
                                    pointer to result rcblk
            (wa)
                                    destroyed

m rcbld \ prc \ e,0
                                                       entry point
                                                       load pointer to next available loc
        mov dnamp,xr
        add *rcsi$,xr
                                                       point past new rcblk
        blo xr,dname,rcbl1
                                                       jump if there is room
        mov *rcsi$,wa
                                                       else load rcblk length
        jsr alloc
                                                       use standard allocator to get block
        add wa,xr
                                                       point past block to merge
            merge here with xr pointing past the block obtained
rcbl1
        mov xr,dnamp
                                                       set new pointer
        sub *rcsi$,xr
                                                       point back to start of block
        mov =b$rcl,(xr)
                                                       store type word
                                                       store real value in rcblk
        str rcval(xr)
        exi
                                                       return to robld caller
        enp
                                                       end procedure rcbld
fi
```

```
readr -- read next source image at compile time
           readr is used to read the next source image. to process
            continuation cards properly, the compiler must read one
            line ahead. thus readr does not destroy the current image
            see also the nexts routine which actually gets the image.
            jsr readr
                                    call to read next image
            (xr)
                                    ptr to next image (0 if none)
            (r$cni)
                                    copy of pointer
            (wa,wb,wc,xl)
                                    destroyed
                                                       entry point
        prc e,0
readr
        mov r$cni,xr
                                                       get ptr to next image
                                                       exit if already read
        bnz xr, read3
if .cinc
                                                       if within include file
        bnz cnind, reada
fi
                                                       exit if not initial compile
        bne stage, = stgic, read3
                                                       max read length
reada
        mov cswin,wa
                                                       clear any dud value in xl
        zer xl
        jsr
            alocs
                                                       allocate buffer
                                                       read input image
            sysrd
        jsr
                                                       jump if eof or new file name
        ppm read4
                                                       increment next line number
        icv rdnln
if.cpol
        {
m dcv} polct
                                                       test if time to poll interface
        bnz polct,read0
                                                       not yet
                                                       =0 for poll
        zer wa
                                                       line number
        mov rdnln,wb
                                                       allow interactive access
        jsr syspl
                                                       allow interactive access
        err syspl
                                                       single step
        ppm
        ppm
                                                       expression evaluation
        mov wa, polcs
                                                       new countdown start value
        mov wa, polct
                                                       new counter value
fi
read0
        ble sclen(xr),cswin,read1
                                                        use smaller of string lnth ...
        mov cswin,sclen(xr)
                                                       ... and xxx of -inxxx
            perform the trim
                                                       set trimr to perform trim
read1
       mnz wb
        jsr trimr
                                                       trim trailing blanks
    *
           merge here after read
read2
       mov xr,r$cni
                                                       store copy of pointer
```

```
merge here if no read attempted
read3
        exi
                                                         return to readr caller
if.csfn
            here on end of file or new source file name.
            if this is a new source file name, the r$sfn table will
            be augmented with a new table entry consisting of the
            current compiler statement number as subscript, and the
            file name as value.
                                                         jump if true end of file
read4
        bze sclen(xr),read5
                                                         new source file name
        zer wb
                                                         restart line counter for new file
        mov wb,rdnln
        isr
             trimr
                                                         remove unused space in block
                                                         record new file name
        isr
             newfn
        brn reada
                                                         now reissue read for record data
            here on end of file
read5
        mov xr, dnamp
                                                         pop unused scblk
  if .cinc
        bze cnind, read6
                                                         jump if not within an include file
                                                         eof within include file
        zer
            xl
        jsr
             sysif
                                                         switch stream back to previous file
                                                         switch stream back to previous file
        ppm sysif
        mov cnind, wa
                                                         restore prev line number, file name
        add =vcvlb,wa
                                                         vector offset in words
        wtb wa
                                                         convert to bytes
        mov r$ifa,xr
                                                         file name array
        add wa,xr
                                                         ptr to element
        mov (xr),r$sfc
                                                         change source file name
        mov =nulls,(xr)
                                                         release scblk
                                                         line number array
        mov r$ifl,xr
        add wa,xr
                                                         ptr to element
                                                         icblk containing saved line number
        mov (xr),xl
        ldi icval(x1)
                                                         line number integer
        mfi rdnln
                                                         change source line number
        mov =inton,(xr)
                                                         release icblk
                                                         decrement nesting level
        dcv cnind
                                                         current statement number
        mov cmpsn,wb
        icv wb
                                                         anticipate end of previous stmt
        mti wb
                                                         convert to integer
             icbld
                                                         build icblk for stmt number
        jsr
        mov r$sfn,xl
                                                         file name table
                                                         lookup statement number by name
        \mathbf{mnz} wb
            tfind
                                                         allocate new teblk
        jsr
        ppm
                                                         always possible to allocate block
        mov r$sfc,teval(x1)
                                                         record file name as entry value
                                                         if initial compile, reissue read
        beq stage, = stgic, reada
```

```
bnz cnind, reada
                                                          still reading from include file
            outer nesting of execute-time compile of -include
            resume with any string remaining prior to -include.
                                                          restore code argument string
        mov r$ici,xl
        zer r$ici
                                                          release original string
                                                          get length of string
        mov cnsil, wa
                                                          offset of characters left
        mov cnspt,wb
                                                          number of characters left
        sub wb, wa
                                                          set new scan length
        mov wa, scnil
        zer scnpt
                                                          scan from start of substring
            sbstr
                                                          create substring of remainder
        mov xr,r$cim
                                                          set scan image
        brn read2
                                                          return
  fi
else
            here on end of file
        mov xr, dnamp
                                                          pop unused scblk
read4
  if.cinc
                                                          jump if not within an include file
        bze cnind, read6
                                                          eof within include file
        zer xl
                                                          switch stream back to previous file
        jsr sysif
        ppm sysif
                                                          switch stream back to previous file
        \mathbf{dcv} cnind
                                                          decrement nesting level
        brn reada
                                                          reissue read from previous stream
  fi
fi
read6
        zer xr
                                                          zero ptr as result
        brn read2
                                                          merge
                                                          end procedure readr
        enp
```

```
if .c370
           sbool-- setup for boolean operations on strings
           1(xs)
                                   first argument (if two)
           0(xs)
                                   second argument
           (wb)
                                   number of arguments
                                   zero = one arguments
                                   non-zero = two arguments
                sbool
                                   call to perform operation
           jsr
                                   transfer loc for arg1 not string
           ppm
                loc
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc for arg2 not string
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc arg lengths not equal
                                   transfer loc if null string args
           ppm loc
                                   arguments popped, result stacked
           (xs)
           (x1)
                                   arg 1 chars to operate upon
           (xr)
                                   copy of arg 2 if two arguments
           (wa)
                                   no. of characters to process
                                   no. of words to process (bct ready)
           (wc)
           (wb)
                                   destroyed
           the second argument string block is copied to a result
           block, and pointers returned to allow the caller to
           proceed with the desired operation if two arguments.
           operations like and/or that do not alter the trailing
           zeros in the last word of the string block can be
           performed a word at a time. operations such as compl
           may either be performed a character at a time or will
           have to adjust the last word if done a word at a time.
       prc n,3
sbool
                                                     entry point
       jsr gtstg
                                                     convert second arg to string
       ppm sb105
                                                     jump if second arg not string
                                                     else save pointer
       mov xr,xl
       mov wa,wc
                                                     and length
       bze wb,sbl01
                                                     only one argument if compl
       jsr gtstg
                                                     convert first argument to string
       ppm sbl04
                                                     jump if not string
       bne wa, wc, sb103
                                                     jump if lengths unequal
           merge here if only one argument
sbl01
       mov xr, -(xs)
                                                     stack first argument
       bze wc,sbl02
                                                     return null if null argument
       jsr alocs
                                                     allocate space for copy
       bze wb,sbl06
                                                     only one argument if compl
       mov wc,wa
                                                     string length
       mov xr,wb
                                                     save address of copy
       ctb wa, schar
                                                     get scblk length
       mvw
                                                     move arg2 contents to copy
```

```
mov wb,xr
                                                         reload result ptr
sbl06
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                         reload first argument
                                                         stack result
        mov xr, -(xs)
        add *schar,xl
                                                         point to characters in arg 1 block
        add *schar,xr
                                                         point to characters in result block
        mov wc,wa
                                                         character count
        \mathbf{ctw} wc,0
                                                         number of words of characters
        lct wc,wc
                                                         prepare counter
        exi wc,wc
                                                         prepare counter
            here if null arguments
sb102
        exi 4
                                                         take null string exit
            here if argument lengths unequal
sb103
        exi 3
                                                         take unequal length error exit
            here if first arg is not a string
sb104
        exi 1
                                                         take bad first arg error exit
            here for second arg not a string
sb105
        exi 2
                                                         take bad second arg error exit
                                                         end procedure sbool
        enp
```

```
fi
            sbstr -- build a substring
            (x1)
                                   ptr to scblk/bfblk with chars
            (wa)
                                   number of chars in substring
            (wb)
                                    offset to first char in scblk
            jsr sbstr
                                    call to build substring
            (xr)
                                   ptr to new scblk with substring
            (x1)
                                   zero
            (wa,wb,wc,xl,ia)
                                    destroyed
           note that sbstr is called with a dummy string pointer
            (pointing into a vrblk or svblk) to copy the name of a
            variable as a standard string value.
                                                       entry point
sbstr
        prc e,0
        bze wa,sbst2
                                                       jump if null substring
        jsr alocs
                                                       else allocate scblk
        mov wc,wa
                                                       move number of characters
                                                       save ptr to new scblk
        mov xr,wc
                                                       prepare to load chars from old blk
        plc x1,wb
                                                       prepare to store chars in new blk
        psc xr
        mvc
                                                       move characters to new string
        mov wc,xr
                                                       then restore scblk pointer
           return point
                                                       clear garbage pointer in xl
sbst1
        zer xl
        exi
                                                       return to sbstr caller
           here for null substring
        mov =nulls,xr
                                                       set null string as result
sbst2
        brn sbst1
                                                       return
        enp
                                                       end procedure sbstr
```

```
stgcc -- compute counters for stmt startup testing
                                    call to recompute counters
            jsr stgcc
            (wa,wb)
                                    destroyed
            on exit, stmcs and stmct contain the counter value to
            tested in stmgo.
stgcc
        \operatorname{prc}
if .cpol
                                                        assume no profiling or stcount tracing
        mov polcs,wa
                                                        poll each time polcs expires
        mov =num01,wb
else
                                                        assume no profiling or stcount tracing
        mov cfp$m,wa
fi
        ldi kvstl
                                                        get stmt limit
        bnz kvpfl,stgc1
                                                        jump if profiling enabled
                                                        no stcount tracing if negative
        ilt
            stgc3
        bze r$stc,stgc2
                                                        jump if not stcount tracing
            here if profiling or if stcount tracing enabled
if .cpol
stgc1
                                                        count polcs times within stmg
        mov wa, wb
        mov =num01,wa
                                                        break out of stmgo on each stmt
else
                                                        break out of stmgo on each stmt
stgc1
        mov =num01,wa
fi
        brn =num01,wa
                                                        break out of stmgo on each stmt
            check that stmcs does not exceed kystl
                                                        breakout count start value
stgc2
        mti wa
        sbi kvstl
                                                        proposed stmcs minus stmt limit
        ile
            stgc3
                                                        jump if stmt count does not limit
        ldi kvstl
                                                        stlimit limits breakcount count
        mfi wa
                                                        use it instead
            re-initialize counter
stgc3
        mov wa, stmcs
                                                        update breakout count start value
        mov wa, stmct
                                                        reset breakout counter
if.cpol
                                                        reset breakout counter
        mov wa, stmct
fi
                                                        reset breakout counter
        exi wa, stmct
```

```
tfind -- locate table element
            (xr)
                                    subscript value for element
            (x1)
                                    pointer to table
            (wb)
                                    zero by value, non-zero by name
                                    call to locate element
            jsr tfind
                                    transfer location if access fails
           ppm loc
            (xr)
                                    element value (if by value)
            (xr)
                                    destroyed (if by name)
            (xl,wa)
                                    teblk name (if by name)
                                    destroyed (if by value)
            (xl,wa)
                                    destroyed
            (wc,ra)
            note that if a call by value specifies a non-existent
            subscript, the default value is returned without building
            a new teblk.
       prc e,1
                                                       entry point
tfind
        mov wb, -(xs)
                                                       save name/value indicator
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       save subscript value
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                       save table pointer
                                                       load length of tbblk
        mov tblen(x1), wa
                                                       convert to word count
        btw wa
        sub =tbbuk,wa
                                                       get number of buckets
        mti wa
                                                       convert to integer value
        sti tfnsi
                                                       save for later
                                                       load first word of subscript
        mov (xr),xl
        lei xl
                                                       load block entry id (bl$xx)
        bsw x1,b1$$d,tfn00
                                                       switch on block type
            bl$ic,tfn02
                                                       jump if integer
if.cnra
else
        iff
             bl$rc,tfn02
                                                       real
fi
        iff
             bl$p0,tfn03
                                                       jump if pattern
        iff
             bl$p1,tfn03
                                                       jump if pattern
             bl$p2,tfn03
                                                       jump if pattern
                                                       jump if name
        iff
             bl$nm,tfn04
        iff
             bl$sc,tfn05
                                                       jump if string
                                                       end switch on block type
        \mathbf{esw}
    *
           here for blocks for which we use the second word of the
           block as the hash source (see block formats for details).
                                                       load second word
       mov 1(xr), wa
tfn00
           merge here with one word hash source in wa
tfn01
        mti wa
                                                       convert to integer
        brn tfn06
                                                       jump to merge
```

```
tfind (continued)
           here for integer or real
           possibility of overflow exist on twos complement
           machine if hash source is most negative integer or is
            a real having the same bit pattern.
tfn02
       ldi 1(xr)
                                                       load value as hash source
        ige tfn06
                                                       ok if positive or zero
        ngi
                                                       make positive
        iov tfn06
                                                       clear possible overflow
        brn tfn06
                                                       merge
            for pattern, use first word (pcode) as source
tfn03
                                                       load first word as hash source
       mov (xr),wa
        brn tfn01
                                                       merge back
            for name, use offset as hash source
                                                       load offset as hash source
        mov nmofs(xr),wa
tfn04
        brn tfn01
                                                       merge back
           here for string
tfn05
       jsr hashs
                                                       call routine to compute hash
    *
           merge here with hash source in (ia)
tfn06
      rmi tfnsi
                                                       compute hash index by remaindering
        mfi wc
                                                       get as one word integer
        \mathbf{wtb} wc
                                                       convert to byte offset
        mov (xs),xl
                                                       get table ptr again
        add wc,xl
                                                       point to proper bucket
        mov tbbuk(xl),xr
                                                       load first teblk pointer
        beq xr,(xs),tfn10
                                                       jump if no teblks on chain
            loop through teblks on hash chain
tfn07
       mov xr, wb
                                                       save teblk pointer
        mov tesub(xr),xr
                                                       load subscript value
        mov 1(xs),xl
                                                       load input argument subscript val
        jsr ident
                                                       compare them
                                                       jump if equal (ident)
        ppm tfn08
           here if no match with that teblk
        mov wb,xl
                                                       restore teblk pointer
```

```
tfind (continued)
            here we have found a matching element
tfn08
        mov wb,xl
                                                        restore teblk pointer
        mov *teval,wa
                                                        set teblk name offset
        mov 2(xs), wb
                                                        restore name/value indicator
        bnz wb,tfn09
                                                        jump if called by name
        jsr acess
                                                        else get value
        ppm tfn12
                                                        jump if reference fails
        zer wb
                                                        restore name/value indicator
            common exit for entry found
tfn09
        add *num03,xs
                                                        pop stack entries
        exi
                                                        return to tfind caller
            here if no teblks on the hash chain
        add *tbbuk,wc
                                                        get offset to bucket ptr
tfn10
        mov (xs),xl
                                                        set tbblk ptr as base
            merge here with (xl,wc) base, offset of final link
tfn11
        mov (xs),xr
                                                        tbblk pointer
        mov tbinv(xr),xr
                                                        load default value in case
        mov 2(xs),wb
                                                        load name/value indicator
        bze wb,tfn09
                                                        exit with default if value call
        mov xr,wb
                                                        copy default value
            here we must build a new teblk
        mov *tesi$,wa
                                                        set size of teblk
                                                        allocate teblk
        jsr alloc
        add wc,xl
                                                        point to hash link
        mov xr,(x1)
                                                        link new teblk at end of chain
        mov =b$tet,(xr)
                                                        store type word
        mov wb, teval(xr)
                                                        set default as initial value
        mov (xs)+,tenxt(xr)
                                                        set tbblk ptr to mark end of chain
        mov (xs)+,tesub(xr)
                                                        store subscript value
                                                        restore name/value indicator
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                        copy teblk pointer (name base)
        mov xr,xl
                                                        set offset
        mov *teval,wa
        exi
                                                        return to caller with new teblk
            acess fail return
tfn12
        exi 1
                                                        alternative return
        enp
                                                        end procedure tfind
```

```
tmake -- make new table
            (x1)
                                     initial lookup value
            (wc)
                                     number of buckets desired
            jsr tmake
                                     call to make new table
            (xr)
                                     new table
            (wa,wb)
                                     destroyed
tmake
        \operatorname{prc}
        mov wc,wa
                                                         copy number of headers
                                                         adjust for standard fields
        add =tbsi$,wa
        {\bf wtb} wa
                                                         convert length to bytes
        jsr alloc
                                                         allocate space for tbblk
        mov xr,wb
                                                         copy pointer to tbblk
        mov = b$tbt,(xr)+
                                                         store type word
                                                         zero id for the moment
        zer (xr) +
        mov wa, (xr)+
                                                         store length (tblen)
                                                         store initial lookup value
        mov xl, (xr)+
        lct wc,wc
                                                         set loop counter (num headers)
            loop to initialize all bucket pointers
                                                         store tbblk ptr in bucket header
tma01
        mov wb, (xr)+
        bct wc,tma01
                                                         loop till all stored
                                                         recall pointer to tbblk
        mov wb,xr
        exi wb,xr
                                                         recall pointer to tbblk
        enp wb,xr
                                                         recall pointer to tbblk
```

```
vmake -- create a vector
            (wa)
                                    number of elements in vector
            (x1)
                                    default value for vector elements
            jsr vmake
                                    call to create vector
            ppm loc
                                    if vector too large
            (xr)
                                    pointer to vcblk
            (wa,wb,wc,xl)
                                    destroyed
        prc e,1
                                                        entry point
vmake
                                                        copy elements for loop later on
        lct wb, wa
        add =vcsi$,wa
                                                        add space for standard fields
        {\bf wtb} wa
                                                        convert length to bytes
        \mathbf{bgt} wa, mxlen, vmak2
                                                        fail if too large
        jsr alloc
                                                        allocate space for vcblk
        mov =b$vct,(xr)
                                                        store type word
                                                        initialize idval
        zer idval(xr)
        mov wa, vclen(xr)
                                                        set length
                                                        copy default value
        mov xl,wc
        mov xr,xl
                                                        copy vcblk pointer
                                                        point to first element value
        add *vcvls,xl
            loop to set vector elements to default value
vmak1
        mov wc,(x1)+
                                                        store one value
                                                        loop till all stored
        bct wb, vmak1
        exi
                                                        success return
            here if desired vector size too large
        exi 1
                                                        fail return
vmak2
        enp 1
                                                        fail return
```

k

scane -- scan an element

*

scane is called at compile time (by expan ,cmpil,cncrd) to scan one element from the input image.

*

(scncc) non-zero if called from cncrd

jsr scane
(xr) call to scan element
result pointer (see below)
(xl) syntax type code (t\$xxx)

*

the following global locations are used.

k

r\$cim pointer to string block (scblk)

for current input image.

*

r\$cni pointer to next input image string

pointer (zero if none).

r\$scp

save pointer (exit xr) from last

call in case rescan is set.

k

scnbl this location is set non-zero on

exit if scane scanned past blanks before locating the current element the end of a line counts as blanks.

*

scncc cncrd sets this non-zero to scan

control card names and clears it

on return

scnil

length of current input image

scngo

if set non-zero on entry, f and s are returned as separate syntax types (not letters) (goto processing). scngo is reset on exit.

*

scnpt offset to current loc in r\$cim

if set non-zero on entry, scane returns the same result as on the last call (rescan). scnrs is reset on exit from any call to scane.

...

scntp

save syntax type from last
call (in case rescan is set).

957

```
scane (continued)
          element scanned
                            xl
                                        xr
          -----
          control card name
                                        pointer to scblk for name
          unary operator
                              t$uop
                                        ptr to operator dvblk
          left paren
                               t$lpr
                                        t$1pr
          left bracket
                               t$lbr
                                         t$1br
          comma
                               t$cma
                                         t$cma
          function call
                                        ptr to function vrblk
                               t$fnc
          variable
                               t$var
                                        ptr to vrblk
          string constant
                               t$con
                                        ptr to scblk
          integer constant
                                        ptr to icblk
                               t$con
if .cnra
else
                                        ptr to rcblk
          real constant
                               t$con
fi
          binary operator
                               t$bop
                                        ptr to operator dvblk
          right paren
                               t$rpr
                                        t$rpr
          right bracket
                               t$rbr
                                        t$rbr
          colon
                               t$col
                                         t$col
          semi-colon
                               t$smc
                                         t$smc
          f (scngo ne 0)
                               t$fgo
                                        t$fgo
          s (scngo ne 0)
                               t$sgo
                                         t$sgo
```

```
scane (continued)
            entry point
       prc e,0
                                                        entry point
scane
        zer scnbl
                                                        reset blanks flag
        mov wa, scnsa
                                                        save wa
        {f mov} wb,scnsb
                                                        save wb
        mov wc,scnsc
                                                        save wc
        bze scnrs,scn03
                                                        jump if no rescan
            here for rescan request
        mov scntp,xl
                                                        set previous returned scan type
        mov r$scp,xr
                                                        set previous returned pointer
        zer scnrs
                                                        reset rescan switch
        brn scn13
                                                        jump to exit
            come here to read new image to test for continuation
scn01
       jsr readr
                                                        read next image
        mov *dvubs,wb
                                                        set wb for not reading name
        bze xr,scn30
                                                        treat as semi-colon if none
        plc xr
                                                        else point to first character
        lch wc,(xr)
                                                        load first character
        beq wc,=ch$dt,scn02
                                                        jump if dot for continuation
        bne wc,=ch$pl,scn30
                                                        else treat as semicolon unless plus
            here for continuation line
scn02
        jsr nexts
                                                        acquire next source image
        mov =num01,scnpt
                                                        set scan pointer past continuation
        {f mnz} scnbl
                                                        set blanks flag
```

```
scane (continued)
            merge here to scan next element on current line
                                                        load current offset
scn03
        mov scnpt, wa
                                                        check continuation if end
        beq wa,scnil,scn01
        mov r$cim,xl
                                                        point to current line
                                                        point to current character
        plc x1,wa
        mov wa, scnse
                                                        set start of element location
        mov =opdvs,wc
                                                        point to operator dv list
        mov *dvubs,wb
                                                        set constant for operator circuit
        brn scn06
                                                        start scanning
            loop here to ignore leading blanks and tabs
scn05
        bze wb,scn10
                                                        jump if trailing
        icv scnse
                                                        increment start of element
        beq wa,scnil,scn01
                                                        jump if end of image
        mnz scnbl
                                                        note blanks seen
            the following jump is used repeatedly for scanning out
            the characters of a numeric constant or variable name.
            the registers are used as follows.
            (xr)
                                    scratch
            (x1)
                                    ptr to next character
            (wa)
                                    current scan offset
            (wb)
                                    *dvubs (0 if scanning name, const)
            (wc)
                                    =opdvs (0 if scanning constant)
scn06
        lch xr,(x1)+
                                                        get next character
        icv
                                                        bump scan offset
             wa
                                                        store offset past char scanned
        mov wa, scnpt
if.\mathbf{cucf}
        bsw xr,cfp$u,scn07
                                                        switch on scanned character
else
                                                        switch on scanned character
        bsw xr,cfp$a,scn07
fi
            switch table for switch on character
        iff
                                                        blank
             ch$bl,scn05
if .caht
        iff
             ch$ht,scn05
                                                        horizontal tab
fi
if .cavt
        iff
             ch$vt,scn05
                                                        vertical tab
fi
```

if .caex				
	iff	ch\$ey,scn37	up arrow	
fi				
	iff	ch\$d0,scn08	$\operatorname{digit} 0$	
	iff	ch\$d1,scn08	digit 1	
	iff	ch\$d2,scn08	digit 2	
	iff	ch\$d3,scn08	digit 3	
	iff	ch\$d4,scn08	$\operatorname{digit} 4$	
	iff	ch\$d5,scn08	$\mathbf{digit} \ 5$	
	iff	ch\$d6,scn08	digit 6	
	iff	ch\$d7,scn08	digit 7	
	iff	ch\$d8,scn08	digit 8	
	iff	ch\$d9,scn08	digit 9	

```
scane (continued)
         iff
                                                             letter a
              ch$la,scn09
         iff
                                                             letter b
              ch$lb,scn09
         iff
              ch$1c,scn09
                                                             letter c
         iff
              ch$ld,scn09
                                                             letter d
         iff
              ch$le,scn09
                                                             letter e
         iff
              ch$lg,scn09
                                                             letter g
         iff
                                                             letter h
              ch$1h,scn09
         iff
              ch$li,scn09
                                                             letter i
         iff
              ch$1j,scn09
                                                             letter j
         iff
              ch$lk,scn09
                                                             letter k
         iff
              ch$11,scn09
                                                             letter l
         iff
              ch$lm,scn09
                                                             letter m
         iff
              ch$ln,scn09
                                                             letter n
         iff
              ch$lo,scn09
                                                             letter o
         iff
              ch$lp,scn09
                                                             letter p
         iff
              ch$1q,scn09
                                                             letter q
         iff
              ch$1r,scn09
                                                             letter r
         iff
              ch$lt,scn09
                                                             letter t
         iff
              ch$lu,scn09
                                                             letter u
         iff
              ch$lv,scn09
                                                             letter v
         iff
              ch$lw,scn09
                                                             letter w
         iff
              ch$lx,scn09
                                                             letter x
         iff
              ch$ly,scn09
                                                             letter y
         iff
              ch$1$,scn09
                                                             letter z
if .casl
         iff
                                                             shifted a
              ch$$a,scn09
         iff
              ch$$b,scn09
                                                             shifted b
                                                             shifted c
         iff
              ch$$c,scn09
         iff
              ch$$d,scn09
                                                             shifted d
         iff
              ch$$e,scn09
                                                             shifted e
         iff
              ch$$f,scn20
                                                             shifted f
         iff
              ch$$g,scn09
                                                             shifted g
         iff
                                                             shifted h
              ch$$h,scn09
         iff
              ch$$i,scn09
                                                             shifted i
         iff
                                                             shifted i
              ch$$j,scn09
         iff
              ch$$k,scn09
                                                             shifted k
         iff
              ch$$1,scn09
                                                             shifted 1
         iff
              ch$$m,scn09
                                                             shifted m
         iff
              ch$$n,scn09
                                                             shifted n
         iff
              ch$$o,scn09
                                                             shifted o
         iff
              ch$$p,scn09
                                                             shifted p
              ch$$q,scn09
         iff
                                                             shifted q
         iff
              ch$$r,scn09
                                                             shifted r
         iff
              ch$$s,scn21
                                                             shifted s
         iff
                                                             shifted t
              ch$$t,scn09
         iff
              ch$$u,scn09
                                                             shifted u
                                                             shifted v
         iff
              ch$$v,scn09
         iff
              ch$$w,scn09
                                                             shifted w
         iff
              ch$$x,scn09
                                                             shifted x
```

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \textbf{iff} & \texttt{ch\$\$y,scn09} & & \texttt{shifted y} \\ \textbf{iff} & \texttt{ch\$\$\$,scn09} & & \texttt{shifted z} \\ fi & & & & & & & & & \\ \end{array}$

```
scane (continued)
        iff
              ch$sq,scn16
                                                          single quote
        iff
              ch$dq,scn17
                                                          double quote
        iff
              ch$1f,scn20
                                                          letter f
        iff
              ch$1s,scn21
                                                          letter s
        iff
                                                          underline
              ch$un,scn24
        iff
              ch$pp,scn25
                                                          left paren
        iff
              ch$rp,scn26
                                                          right paren
        iff
              ch$rb,scn27
                                                          right bracket
        iff
                                                          left bracket
              ch$bb,scn28
        iff
                                                          right bracket
              ch$cb,scn27
                                                          left bracket
        iff
              ch$ob,scn28
        iff
              ch$cl,scn29
                                                          colon
        iff
              ch$sm,scn30
                                                          semi-colon
        iff
              ch$cm,scn31
                                                          comma
        iff
              ch$dt,scn32
                                                          dot
        iff
              ch$pl,scn33
                                                          plus
        iff
              ch$mn,scn34
                                                          minus
        iff
              ch$nt,scn35
                                                          not
        iff
                                                          dollar
              ch$dl,scn36
        iff
              ch$ex,scn37
                                                          exclamation mark
        iff
              ch$pc,scn38
                                                          percent
        iff
              ch$sl,scn40
                                                          slash
        iff
                                                          number sign
              ch$nm,scn41
        iff
              ch$at,scn42
                                                          at
        iff
              ch$br,scn43
                                                          vertical bar
        iff
              ch$am,scn44
                                                          ampersand
        iff
              ch$qu,scn45
                                                          question mark
        iff
              ch$eq,scn46
                                                          equal
        iff
              ch$as,scn49
                                                          asterisk
                                                          end switch on character
        \mathbf{esw}
            here for illegal character (underline merges)
scn07
        \mathbf{bze} wb,scn10
                                                          jump if scanning name or constant
        erb 230, syntax error:
                                                          illegal character
```

scane (continued) here for digits 0-9 scn08 bze wb,scn09 keep scanning if name/constant zer wc else set flag for scanning constant here for letter. loop here when scanning name/constant scn09 beq wa,scnil,scn11 jump if end of image zer wb set flag for scanning name/const ${\bf brn}$ scn06 merge back to continue scan come here for delimiter ending name or constant scn10 dcv wa reset offset to point to delimiter come here after finishing scan of name or constant scn11 mov wa, scnpt store updated scan offset mov scnse, wb point to start of element get number of characters sub wb, wa point to line image mov r\$cim,xl bnz wc,scn15 jump if name here after scanning out numeric constant jsr sbstr get string for constant delete from storage (not needed) mov xr, dnamp convert to numeric jsr gtnum jump if conversion failure ppm scn14 merge here to exit with constant scn12 mov =t\$con,xl set result type of constant

```
scane (continued)
            common exit point (xr,xl) set
scn13
        mov scnsa, wa
                                                         restore wa
        mov scnsb,wb
                                                         restore wb
        mov scnsc,wc
                                                         restore wc
        mov xr,r$scp
                                                         save xr in case rescan
        mov xl,scntp
                                                         save xl in case rescan
                                                         reset possible goto flag
        zer scngo
        exi
                                                         return to scane caller
            here if conversion error on numeric item
                                                         invalid numeric item
        erb 231, syntax error:
scn14
            here after scanning out variable name
        jsr sbstr
                                                         build string name of variable
scn15
                                                         return if cncrd call
        bnz scncc, scn13
            gtnvr
                                                         locate/build vrblk
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                         dummy (unused) error return
        ppm
        mov =t$var,xl
                                                         set type as variable
        brn scn13
                                                         back to exit
            here for single quote (start of string constant)
        bze wb,scn10
                                                         terminator if scanning name or cost
scn16
        mov =ch$sq,wb
                                                         set terminator as single quote
        brn scn18
                                                         merge
            here for double quote (start of string constant)
        bze wb,scn10
                                                         terminator if scanning name or cost
scn17
        \mathbf{mov} =ch$dq,wb
                                                         set double quote terminator, merge
            loop to scan out string constant
scn18
        beq wa, scnil, scn19
                                                         error if end of image
        lch wc,(x1)+
                                                         else load next character
        icv wa
                                                         bump offset
        bne wc,wb,scn18
                                                         loop back if not terminator
```

```
scane (continued)
            here after scanning out string constant
        mov scnpt,wb
                                                        point to first character
        mov wa, scnpt
                                                        save offset past final quote
        \mathbf{dcv} wa
                                                        point back past last character
        sub wb, wa
                                                        get number of characters
        mov r$cim,xl
                                                        point to input image
        jsr sbstr
                                                        build substring value
        brn scn12
                                                        back to exit with constant result
            here if no matching quote found
        mov wa,scnpt
scn19
                                                        set updated scan pointer
        erb 232, syntax error:
                                                        unmatched string quote
            here for f (possible failure goto)
        mov =t$fgo,xr
                                                        set return code for fail goto
scn20
        brn scn22
                                                        jump to merge
            here for s (possible success goto)
scn21
        mov =t$sgo,xr
                                                        set success goto as return code
            special goto cases merge here
scn22
        bze scngo, scn09
                                                        treat as normal letter if not goto
            merge here for special character exit
scn23
        bze wb,scn10
                                                        jump if end of name/constant
        mov xr,xl
                                                        else copy code
        brn scn13
                                                        and jump to exit
            here for underline
scn24
        bze wb,scn09
                                                        part of name if scanning name
        brn scn07
                                                        else illegal
```

```
scane (continued)
            here for left paren
scn25
        mov =t$lpr,xr
                                                         set left paren return code
        bnz wb,scn23
                                                         return left paren unless name
        bze wc,scn10
                                                         delimiter if scanning constant
            here for left paren after name (function call)
        mov scnse, wb
                                                         point to start of name
                                                         set pointer past left paren
        mov wa, scnpt
        \mathbf{dcv} wa
                                                         point back past last char of name
        sub wb, wa
                                                         get name length
        mov r$cim,xl
                                                         point to input image
        isr sbstr
                                                         get string name for function
                                                         locate/build vrblk
        jsr gtnvr
        ppm
                                                         dummy (unused) error return
                                                         set code for function call
        mov =t$fnc,xl
        brn scn13
                                                         back to exit
            processing for special characters
        mov =t$rpr,xr
                                                         right paren, set code
scn26
        brn scn23
                                                         take special character exit
                                                         right bracket, set code
scn27
        mov =t$rbr,xr
                                                         take special character exit
        brn scn23
scn28
        mov =t$lbr,xr
                                                         left bracket, set code
        brn scn23
                                                         take special character exit
scn29
        mov =t$col,xr
                                                         colon, set code
        brn scn23
                                                         take special character exit
scn30
        mov =t$smc,xr
                                                         semi-colon, set code
        brn scn23
                                                         take special character exit
scn31
        mov =t$cma,xr
                                                         comma, set code
        brn scn23
                                                         take special character exit
```

```
scane (continued)
           here for operators. on entry, wc points to the table of
           operator dope vectors and wb is the increment to step
           to the next pair (binary/unary) of dope vectors in the
           list. on reaching scn46, the pointer has been adjusted to
           point to the appropriate pair of dope vectors.
           the first three entries are special since they can occur
           as part of a variable name (.) or constant (.+-).
scn32
       bze wb,scn09
                                                     dot can be part of name or constant
       add wb,wc
                                                     else bump pointer
       bze wc,scn09
scn33
                                                     plus can be part of constant
       bze wb,scn48
                                                     plus cannot be part of name
       add wb,wc
                                                     else bump pointer
scn34
       bze wc,scn09
                                                     minus can be part of constant
       bze wb, scn48
                                                     minus cannot be part of name
       add wb,wc
                                                     else bump pointer
scn35
       add wb,wc
                                                     not
scn36
       add wb,wc
                                                     dollar
scn37
       add wb,wc
                                                     exclamation
scn38 add wb,wc
                                                     percent
scn39
       add wb,wc
                                                     asterisk
scn40
       add wb,wc
                                                     slash
       add wb,wc
                                                     number sign
scn41
scn42 add wb,wc
                                                     at sign
                                                     vertical bar
scn43 add wb,wc
scn44
       add wb,wc
                                                     ampersand
scn45
       add wb,wc
                                                     question mark
           all operators come here (equal merges directly)
            (wc) points to the binary/unary pair of operator dvblks.
scn46
       bze wb,scn10
                                                     operator terminates name/constant
                                                     else copy dv pointer
       mov wc,xr
       lch wc,(x1)
                                                     load next character
       mov =t$bop,xl
                                                     set binary op in case
       beq wa, scnil, scn47
                                                     should be binary if image end
       beq wc,=ch$bl,scn47
                                                     should be binary if followed by blk
if .caht
                                                     jump if horizontal tab
       beq wc,=ch$ht,scn47
fi
if .cavt
       beq wc,=ch$vt,scn47
                                                     jump if vertical tab
fi
```

```
beq wc,=ch$sm,scn47
                                                 semicolon can immediately follow =
beq wc,=ch$cl,scn47
                                                 colon\ can\ immediately\ follow =
beq wc,=ch$rp,scn47
                                                 right paren can immediately follow =
beq wc,=ch$rb,scn47
                                                 {\rm right\ bracket\ can\ immediately\ follow} =
beq wc,=ch$cb,scn47
                                                 {\bf right\ bracket\ can\ immediately\ follow} =
    here for unary operator
add *dvbs$,xr
                                                 point to dv for unary op
mov =t$uop,xl
                                                 set type for unary operator
ble scntp,=t$uok,scn13
                                                 ok unary if ok preceding element
```

```
scane (continued)
            merge here to require preceding blanks
scn47
        bnz scnbl,scn13
                                                        all ok if preceding blanks, exit
            fail operator in this position
scn48
        erb 233, syntax error:
                                                        invalid use of operator
            here for asterisk, could be ** substitute for exclamation
scn49
        bze wb,scn10
                                                        end of name if scanning name
                                                        not ** if * at image end
        beq wa,scnil,scn39
                                                        else save offset past first *
        mov wa,xr
                                                        save another copy
        mov wa, scnof
                                                        load next character
        lch wa,(x1)+
                                                        not ** if next char not *
        bne wa,=ch$as,scn50
        icv xr
                                                        else step offset past second *
        beq xr,scnil,scn51
                                                        ok exclam if end of image
                                                        else load next character
        lch wa,(x1)
                                                        exclamation if blank
        beq wa,=ch$bl,scn51
if .caht
        beq wa,=ch$ht,scn51
                                                        exclamation if horizontal tab
fi
if .cavt
                                                        exclamation if vertical tab
        beq wa,=ch$vt,scn51
fi
            unary *
scn50
        mov scnof, wa
                                                        recover stored offset
        mov r$cim,xl
                                                        point to line again
        plc xl,wa
                                                        point to current char
                                                        merge with unary *
        brn scn39
            here for ** as substitute for exclamation
                                                        save scan pointer past 2nd *
scn51
        mov xr,scnpt
        mov xr,wa
                                                        copy scan pointer
                                                        merge with exclamation
        brn scn37
        enp
                                                        end procedure scane
```

```
scngf -- scan goto field
            scngf is called from cmpil to scan and analyze a goto
            field including the surrounding brackets or parentheses.
            for a normal goto, the result returned is either a vrblk
           pointer for a simple label operand, or a pointer to an
            expression tree with a special outer unary operator
            (o$goc). for a direct goto, the result returned is a
            pointer to an expression tree with the special outer
            unary operator o$god.
            jsr scngf
                                   call to scan goto field
                                   result (see above)
            (xr)
            (xl,wa,wb,wc)
                                   destroyed
       prc e,0
                                                       entry point
scngf
        jsr scane
                                                       scan initial element
        beq x1,=t$lpr,scng1
                                                       skip if left paren (normal goto)
        beq x1,=t$lbr,scng2
                                                       skip if left bracket (direct goto)
        erb 234, syntax error:
                                                       goto field incorrect
           here for left paren (normal goto)
scng1
       mov =num01,wb
                                                       set expan flag for normal goto
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr} expan
                                                       analyze goto field
                                                       point to opdy for complex goto
        mov =opdvn,wa
                                                       jump if not in static (sgd15)
        ble xr, statb, scng3
        blo xr, state, scng4
                                                       jump to exit if simple label name
                                                       complex goto - merge
        brn scng3
           here for left bracket (direct goto)
       mov =num02,wb
scng2
                                                       set expan flag for direct goto
        jsr expan
                                                       scan goto field
                                                       set opdv pointer for direct goto
        mov =opdvd,wa
```

```
scngf (continued)
            merge here to build outer unary operator block
        mov wa,-(xs)
                                                        stack operator dv pointer
scng3
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack pointer to expression tree
        \mathbf{jsr} expop
                                                        pop operator off
                                                        reload new expression tree pointer
        mov (xs)+,xr
            common exit point
                                                        return to caller
scng4
        exi
                                                        end procedure scngf
        enp
```

```
setvr -- set vrget, vrsto fields of vrblk
           setvr sets the proper values in the vrget and vrsto
           fields of a vrblk. it is called whenever trblks are
           added or subtracted (trace, stoptr, input, output, detach)
            (xr)
                                   pointer to vrblk
            jsr setvr
                                   call to set fields
            (xl,wa)
                                   destroyed
           note that setvr ignores the call if xr does not point
           into the static region (i.e. is some other name base)
       prc e,0
                                                       entry point
setvr
        bhi xr, state, setv1
                                                       exit if not natural variable
           here if we have a vrblk
        mov xr,xl
                                                       copy vrblk pointer
        mov =b$vrl,vrget(xr)
                                                       store normal get value
        beq vrsto(xr),=b$vre,setv1
                                                       skip if protected variable
        mov =b$vrs,vrsto(xr)
                                                       store normal store value
        mov vrval(xl),xl
                                                       point to next entry on chain
        bne (x1),=b$trt,setv1
                                                       jump if end of trblk chain
        mov =b$vra,vrget(xr)
                                                       store trapped routine address
                                                       set trapped routine address
        mov =b$vrv,vrsto(xr)
           merge here to exit to caller
                                                       return to setvr caller
setv1
        exi
                                                       end procedure setvr
        enp
if.\mathbf{cnsr}
```

if .cnsr else

```
sorta -- sort array
routine to sort an array or table on same basis as in
sitbol. a table is converted to an array, leaving two
dimensional arrays and vectors as cases to be considered.
whole rows of arrays are permuted according to the
ordering of the keys they contain, and the stride
referred to, is the the length of a row. it is one
for a vector.
the sort used is heapsort, fundamentals of data structure
horowitz and sahni, pitman 1977, page 347.
it is an order n*log(n) algorithm. in order
to make it stable, comparands may not compare equal. this
is achieved by sorting a copy array (referred to as the
sort array) containing at its high address end, byte
offsets to the rows to be sorted held in the original
array (referred to as the key array). sortc, the
comparison routine, accesses the keys through these
offsets and in the case of equality, resolves it by
comparing the offsets themselves. the sort permutes the
offsets which are then used in a final operation to copy
the actual items into the new array in sorted order.
references to zeroth item are to notional item
preceding first actual item.
reverse sorting for rsort is done by having the less than
test for keys effectively be replaced by a
greater than test.
1(xs)
                      first arg - array or table
0(xs)
                      2nd arg - index or pdtype name
(wa)
                      O , non-zero for sort , rsort
jsr sorta
                      call to sort array
ppm loc
                      transfer loc if table is empty
```

sorted array

destroyed

(xr)

(xl,wa,wb,wc)

```
sorta (continued)
                                                         entry point
        prc n,1
sorta
        mov wa, srtsr
                                                         sort/rsort indicator
                                                         default stride of 1
        mov *num01,srtst
                                                         default zero offset to sort key
        zer srtof
        mov =nulls,srtdf
                                                         clear datatype field name
        mov (xs)+,r$sxr
                                                         unstack argument 2
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                         get first argument
                                                         use key/values of table entries
        mnz wa
                                                         convert to array
        jsr gtarr
                                                         signal that table is empty
        ppm srt18
        ppm srt16
                                                         error if non-convertable
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         stack ptr to resulting key array
                                                         another copy for copyb
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         get copy array for sorting into
        jsr copyb
                                                         cant fail
        ppm
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                         stack pointer to sort array
                                                         get second arg
        mov r$sxr,xr
        mov num01(xs),xl
                                                         get ptr to key array
        bne (x1),=b$vct,srt02
                                                         jump if arblk
        beq xr,=nulls,srt01
                                                         jump if null second arg
        jsr gtnvr
                                                         get vrblk ptr for it
        err 257, erroneous 2nd
                                                         arg in sort/rsort of vector
        mov xr, srtdf
                                                         store datatype field name vrblk
            compute n and offset to item a(0) in vector case
srt01
        mov *vclen,wc
                                                         offset to a(0)
        mov *vcvls,wb
                                                         offset to first item
        mov vclen(x1),wa
                                                         get block length
        sub *vcsi$.wa
                                                         get no. of entries, n (in bytes)
        brn srt04
                                                         merge
            here for array
srt02
        ldi ardim(x1)
                                                         get possible dimension
        mfi wa
                                                         convert to short integer
                                                         further convert to baus
        wtb wa
                                                         offset to first value if one
        mov *arvls,wb
                                                         offset before values if one dim.
        mov *arpro,wc
        beg arndm(xl),=num01,srt04
                                                         jump in fact if one dim.
        bne arndm(x1),=num02,srt16
                                                         fail unless two dimens
        ldi arlb2(x1)
                                                         get lower bound 2 as default
        beq xr,=nulls,srt03
                                                         jump if default second arg
        jsr gtint
                                                         convert to integer
        ppm srt17
                                                         fail
        ldi icval(xr)
                                                         get actual integer value
```

```
sorta (continued)
            here with sort column index in ia in array case
srt03
        sbi arlb2(x1)
                                                        subtract low bound
        iov srt17
                                                        fail if overflow
                                                        fail if below low bound
        ilt srt17
        sbi ardm2(x1)
                                                        check against dimension
        ige srt17
                                                        fail if too large
        adi ardm2(x1)
                                                        restore value
        mfi wa
                                                        get as small integer
                                                        offset within row to key
        wtb wa
        mov wa, srtof
                                                        keep offset
        ldi ardm2(x1)
                                                        second dimension is row length
        mfi wa
                                                        convert to short integer
                                                        copy row length
        mov wa, xr
        wtb wa
                                                        convert to bytes
        mov wa, srtst
                                                        store as stride
        ldi ardim(x1)
                                                        get number of rows
        mfi wa
                                                        as a short integer
        wtb wa
                                                        convert n to baus
        mov arlen(x1),wc
                                                        offset past array end
        sub wa,wc
                                                        adjust, giving space for n offsets
        dca wc
                                                        point to a(0)
                                                        offset to word before first item
        mov arofs(x1),wb
        ica wb
                                                        offset to first item
            separate pre-processing for arrays and vectors done.
            to simplify later key comparisons, removal of any trblk
            trap blocks from entries in key array is effected.
            (x1) = 1(xs) = pointer to key array
            (xs) = pointer to sort array
            wa = number of items, n (converted to bytes).
            wb = offset to first item of arrays.
            wc = offset to a(0)
srt04
        ble wa,*num01,srt15
                                                        return if only a single item
                                                        store number of items (in baus)
        mov wa, srtsn
        mov wc, srtso
                                                        store offset to a(0)
                                                        length of array or vec (=vclen)
        mov arlen(x1),wc
        add xl,wc
                                                        point past end of array or vector
                                                        store offset to first row
        mov wb, srtsf
        add wb,xl
                                                        point to first item in key array
            loop through array
srt05
        mov (x1),xr
                                                        get an entry
            hunt along trblk chain
```

srt06 bne (xr),=b\$trt,srt07

mov trval(xr),xr

 ${f brn}$ srt06

jump out if not trblk get value field loop

```
sorta (continued)
           xr is value from end of chain
       mov xr,(x1)+
srt07
                                                       store as array entry
        blt x1,wc,srt05
                                                       loop if not done
        mov (xs),xl
                                                       get adrs of sort array
        mov srtsf,xr
                                                       initial offset to first key
        mov srtst, wb
                                                       get stride
                                                       offset to a(0)
        add srtso,xl
        ica xl
                                                       point to a(1)
        mov srtsn,wc
                                                       get n
        btw wc
                                                       convert from bytes
                                                       store as row count
        mov wc, srtnr
        lct wc,wc
                                                       loop counter
            store key offsets at top of sort array
       mov xr, (x1)+
                                                       store an offset
srt08
                                                       bump offset by stride
        add wb,xr
        {f bct} wc,srt08
                                                       loop through rows
           perform the sort on offsets in sort array.
            (srtsn)
                                   number of items to sort, n (bytes)
            (srtso)
                                   offset to a(0)
srt09
       mov srtsn, wa
                                                       get n
        mov srtnr,wc
                                                       get number of rows
        rsh wc,1
                                                       i = n / 2 (wc=i, index into array)
        wtb wc
                                                       convert back to bytes
    *
           loop to form initial heap
srt10
       jsr sorth
                                                       sorth(i,n)
        dca wc
                                                       i = i - 1
        bnz wc,srt10
                                                       loop if i gt 0
        mov wa,wc
                                                       i = n
            sorting loop. at this point, a(1) is the largest
            item, since algorithm initialises it as, and then maintains
            it as, root of tree.
srt11
       dca wc
                                                       i = i - 1 (n - 1 initially)
                                                       jump if done
        bze wc,srt12
        mov (xs),xr
                                                       get sort array address
        add srtso,xr
                                                       point to a(0)
        mov xr,xl
                                                       a(0) address
        add wc,xl
                                                       a(i) address
        mov num01(x1),wb
                                                       copy a(i+1)
```

```
sorta (continued)
           offsets have been permuted into required order by sort.
            copy array elements over them.
srt12
       mov (xs),xr
                                                       base adrs of key array
        mov xr,wc
                                                       copy it
        add srtso,wc
                                                       offset of a(0)
                                                       adrs of first row of sort array
        add srtsf,xr
        mov srtst,wb
                                                       get stride
           copying loop for successive items. sorted offsets are
           held at end of sort array.
       ica wc
                                                       adrs of next of sorted offsets
srt13
        mov wc,xl
                                                       copy it for access
        mov (x1),x1
                                                       get offset
                                                       add key array base adrs
        add num01(xs),xl
                                                       get count of characters in row
        mov wb,wa
        mvw
                                                       copy a complete row
        dcv srtnr
                                                       decrement row count
                                                       repeat till all rows done
        bnz srtnr, srt13
           return point
       mov (xs)+,xr
                                                       pop result array ptr
srt15
                                                       pop key array ptr
        ica xs
        zer r$sxl
                                                       clear junk
        zer r$sxr
                                                       clear junk
        exi
                                                       return
            error point
srt16
        erb 256,sort/rsort 1st
                                                       arg not suitable array or table
srt17
        erb 258,sort/rsort 2nd
                                                       arg out of range or non-integer
           return point if input table is empty
srt18
        exi 1
                                                       return indication of null table
                                                       end procudure sorta
        enp
```

```
sortc -- compare sort keys
           compare two sort keys given their offsets. if
           equal, compare key offsets to give stable sort.
           note that if srtsr is non-zero (request for reverse
           sort), the quoted returns are inverted.
           for objects of differing datatypes, the entry point
           identifications are compared.
           (x1)
                                  base adrs for keys
           (wa)
                                  offset to key 1 item
                                  offset to key 2 item
           (wb)
           (srtsr)
                                  zero/non-zero for sort/rsort
           (srtof)
                                  offset within row to comparands
           jsr sortc
                                  call to compare keys
                                  key1 less than key2
           ppm loc
                                  normal return, key1 gt than key2
           (xl,xr,wa,wb)
                                  destroyed
sortc prc e,1
                                                    entry point
       mov wa, srts1
                                                    save offset 1
                                                    save offset 2
       mov wb,srts2
                                                    save wc
       mov wc,srtsc
       add srtof,xl
                                                    add offset to comparand field
       mov xl,xr
                                                    copy base + offset
       add wa,xl
                                                    add key1 offset
       add wb,xr
                                                    add key2 offset
       mov (x1),x1
                                                    get key1
       mov (xr),xr
                                                    get key2
       bne srtdf,=nulls,src12
                                                    jump if datatype field name used
```

```
sortc (continued)
            merge after dealing with field name. try for strings.
        mov (x1),wc
                                                        get type code
src01
        bne wc,(xr),src02
                                                        skip if not same datatype
        beq wc,=b$scl,src09
                                                        jump if both strings
        beq wc,=b$icl,src14
                                                        jump if both integers
  if.cnbf
  else
        beq wc,=b$bct,src09
                                                        jump if both buffers
  fi
            datatypes different. now try for numeric
src02
        mov xl,r$sxl
                                                        keep arg1
        mov xr,r$sxr
                                                        keep arg2
  if.\mathbf{cnbf}
    if .cnsc
                                                        do not allow conversion to number
        beq wc,=b$scl,src11
        beq (xr),=b$scl,src11
                                                        if either arg is a string
    fi
  else
            first examine for string/buffer comparison. if so,
            allow lcomp to compare chars in string and buffer
            without converting buffer to a string.
        beq wc,=b$scl,src13
                                                        jump if key1 is a string
    if.\mathbf{cnsc}
                                                        j if key1 is not a string or buffer
        bne wc,=b$bct,src15
    else
        bne wc,=b$bct,src14
                                                        try converting key 2 to a number
    fi
            here if key1 is a buffer, key2 known not to be a buffer.
            if key2 is a string, then lcomp can proceed.
        beq (xr),=b$scl,src09
                                                        j if keys 1/2 are buffer/string
    if .cnsc
        brn src11
                                                        prevent convert of key 1 to number
    else
        brn src14
                                                        try converting key 1 to number
    fi
```

```
here if key1 is a string, key2 known not to be a string.
            if key2 is a buffer, then lcomp can proceed.
src13
       beq (xr),=b$bct,src09
                                                      j if keys 1/2 are string/buffer
    if.\mathbf{cnsc}
        brn src11
                                                      prevent convert of key 1 to number
           here if key1 is not a string or buffer.
            examine key2. if it is a string or buffer, then do not
            convert key2 to a number.
src15
       beq (xr),=b$scl,src11
                                                      j if key 2 is a string
        beq (xr),=b$bct,src11
                                                      j if key 2 is a buffer
           here with keys 1/2 not strings or buffers
    fi
  fi
        mov x1,-(xs)
src14
                                                      stack
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      args
        jsr acomp
                                                      compare objects
                                                      not numeric
        ppm src10
        ppm src10
                                                      not numeric
                                                      key1 less
        ppm src03
        ppm src08
                                                      keys equal
        ppm src05
                                                      key1 greater
           return if key1 smaller (sort), greater (rsort)
       bnz srtsr, src06
src03
                                                      jump if rsort
src04
       mov srtsc,wc
                                                      restore wc
        exi 1
                                                      return
           return if key1 greater (sort), smaller (rsort)
src05
       bnz srtsr, src04
                                                      jump if rsort
src06
       mov srtsc,wc
                                                      restore wc
        exi
                                                      return
           keys are of same datatype
src07
       blt x1,xr,src03
                                                      item first created is less
        bgt xl,xr,src05
                                                      addresses rise in order of creation
            drop through or merge for identical or equal objects
```

*

src08 blt srts1,srts2,src04
brn src06

test offsets or key addrss instead offset 1 greater

```
sortc (continued)
  if .cnbf
           strings
  else
           strings or buffers or some combination of same
  fi
       mov xl,-(xs)
src09
                                                       stack
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                       args
        jsr lcomp
                                                       compare objects
                                                       cant
        ppm
        ppm
                                                       fail
                                                       key1 less
        ppm src03
                                                       keys equal
        ppm src08
        ppm src05
                                                       key1 greater
           arithmetic comparison failed - recover args
src10
       mov r$sxl,xl
                                                       get arg1
        mov r$sxr,xr
                                                       get arg2
        mov (x1),wc
                                                       get type of key1
        beq wc,(xr),src07
                                                       jump if keys of same type
           here to compare datatype ids
       mov wc,xl
                                                       get block type word
src11
        mov (xr),xr
                                                       get block type word
        lei
            xl
                                                       entry point id for key1
        lei xr
                                                       entry point id for key2
        bgt xl,xr,src05
                                                       jump if key1 gt key2
        brn src03
                                                       key1 lt key2
           datatype field name used
                                                       call routine to find field 1
src12
       jsr sortf
        mov xl,-(xs)
                                                       stack item pointer
                                                       get key2
        mov xr,xl
        jsr sortf
                                                       find field 2
        mov xl,xr
                                                       place as key2
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                       recover key1
        brn src01
                                                       merge
                                                       procedure sortc
        enp
```

```
sortf -- find field for sortc
           routine used by sortc to obtain item corresponding
           to a given field name, if this exists, in a programmer
           defined object passed as argument.
           if such a match occurs, record is kept of datatype
           name, field name and offset to field in order to
           short-circuit later searches on same type. note that
           dfblks are stored in static and hence cannot be moved.
                                  vrblk pointer of field name
           (srtdf)
                                  possible pdblk pointer
           (x1)
                                  call to search for field name
           jsr sortf
           (x1)
                                  item found or original pdblk ptr
           (wc)
                                  destroyed
sortf
       prc e,0
                                                     entry point
       bne (x1),=b$pdt,srtf3
                                                     return if not pdblk
       mov xr, -(xs)
                                                     keep xr
       mov srtfd,xr
                                                     get possible former dfblk ptr
       bze xr,srtf4
                                                     jump if not
                                                     jump if not right datatype
       bne xr,pddfp(xl),srtf4
       bne srtdf, srtff, srtf4
                                                     jump if not right field name
       add srtfo,xl
                                                     add offset to required field
           here with xl pointing to found field
      mov (xl),xl
                                                     get item from field
srtf1
           return point
srtf2 mov (xs)+,xr
                                                     restore xr
    *
srtf3
       exi
                                                     return
```

```
sortf (continued)
            conduct a search
srtf4
        mov xl,xr
                                                        copy original pointer
        mov pddfp(xr),xr
                                                        point to dfblk
        mov xr,srtfd
                                                        keep a copy
        mov fargs(xr),wc
                                                        get number of fields
                                                        convert to bytes
        \mathbf{wtb} wc
        add dflen(xr),xr
                                                        point past last field
            loop to find name in pdfblk
        dca wc
                                                        count down
srtf5
                                                        point in front
        dca xr
        beq (xr),srtdf,srtf6
                                                        skip out if found
        bnz wc,srtf5
                                                        loop
        brn srtf2
                                                        return - not found
            found
        mov (xr), srtff
                                                        keep field name ptr
srtf6
        add *pdfld,wc
                                                        add offset to first field
        mov wc,srtfo
                                                        store as field offset
                                                        point to field
        add wc,xl
        brn srtf1
                                                        return
                                                        procedure sortf
        enp
```

```
sorth -- heap routine for sorta
           this routine constructs a heap from elements of array, a.
           in this application, the elements are offsets to keys in
           a key array.
           (xs)
                                   pointer to sort array base
                                   pointer to key array base
           1(xs)
           (wa)
                                   max array index, n (in bytes)
           (wc)
                                   offset j in a to root (in *1 to *n)
           jsr sorth
                                   call sorth(j,n) to make heap
           (xl,xr,wb)
                                   destroyed
      prc n,0
                                                      entry point
sorth
       mov wa, srtsn
                                                      save n
       mov wc, srtwc
                                                      keep wc
       mov (xs),xl
                                                      sort array base adrs
       add srtso,xl
                                                      add offset to a(0)
       add wc,xl
                                                      point to a(j)
       mov (xl), srtrt
                                                      get offset to root
       add wc,wc
                                                      double j - cant exceed n
           loop to move down tree using doubled index j
srh01
       bgt wc,srtsn,srh03
                                                      done if j gt n
       beq wc,srtsn,srh02
                                                      skip if j equals n
       mov (xs),xr
                                                      sort array base adrs
       mov num01(xs),xl
                                                      key array base adrs
       add srtso,xr
                                                      point to a(0)
       add wc,xr
                                                      adrs of a(j)
       mov num01(xr),wa
                                                      get a(j+1)
       mov (xr),wb
                                                      get a(j)
           compare sons. (wa) right son, (wb) left son
       jsr sortc
                                                      compare keys - lt(a(j+1),a(j))
       ppm srh02
                                                      a(j+1) lt a(j)
       ica wc
                                                      point to greater son, a(j+1)
```

```
sorth (continued)
            compare root with greater son
srh02
        mov num01(xs),xl
                                                         key array base adrs
        mov (xs),xr
                                                         get sort array address
        add srtso,xr
                                                         adrs of a(0)
        mov xr,wb
                                                         copy this adrs
        add wc,xr
                                                         adrs of greater son, a(j)
        mov (xr), wa
                                                         get a(j)
                                                         point back to a(0)
        mov wb,xr
        mov srtrt,wb
                                                         get root
        jsr sortc
                                                         compare them - lt(a(j),root)
                                                         father exceeds sons - done
        ppm srh03
        mov (xs),xr
                                                         get sort array adrs
        add srtso,xr
                                                         point to a(0)
        mov xr,xl
                                                         copy it
        mov wc,wa
                                                         copy j
        \mathbf{btw} wc
                                                         convert to words
        rsh wc,1
                                                         get j/2
        wtb wc
                                                         convert back to bytes
        add wa,xl
                                                         point to a(j)
        add wc,xr
                                                         adrs of a(j/2)
        mov (xl), (xr)
                                                         a(j/2) = a(j)
        mov wa,wc
                                                         recover j
        aov wc,wc,srh03
                                                         j = j*2. done if too big
        brn srh01
                                                         loop
            finish by copying root offset back into array
srh03
        btw wc
                                                         convert to words
        rsh wc,1
                                                         j = j/2
        \mathbf{wtb} wc
                                                         convert back to bytes
        mov (xs),xr
                                                         sort array adrs
        add srtso,xr
                                                         adrs of a(0)
        add wc,xr
                                                         adrs of a(j/2)
        mov srtrt, (xr)
                                                         a(i/2) = root
        mov srtsn,wa
                                                         restore wa
        mov srtwc,wc
                                                         restore wc
        exi
                                                         return
                                                         end procedure sorth
        enp
fi
```

```
trace -- set/reset a trace association
            this procedure is shared by trace and stoptr to
            either initiate or stop a trace respectively.
            (x1)
                                    trblk ptr (trace) or zero (stoptr)
            1(xs)
                                    first argument (name)
            0(xs)
                                    second argument (trace type)
            jsr trace
                                    call to set/reset trace
           ppm loc
                                    transfer loc if 1st arg is bad name
                                    transfer loc if 2nd arg is bad type
            ppm loc
            (xs)
                                    popped
            (xl,xr,wa,wb,wc,ia)
                                    destroyed
trace
       prc n,2
                                                       entry point
                                                       get trace type string
        jsr gtstg
        ppm trc15
                                                       jump if not string
        plc xr
                                                       else point to string
        lch wa, (xr)
                                                       load first character
if .culc
        flc
                                                       fold to upper case
             wa
fi
        mov (xs),xr
                                                       load name argument
        mov xl,(xs)
                                                       stack trblk ptr or zero
        mov =trtac,wc
                                                       set trtyp for access trace
                                                       jump if a (access)
        beg wa,=ch$la,trc10
        mov =trtvl,wc
                                                       set trtyp for value trace
        beq wa,=ch$lv,trc10
                                                       jump if v (value)
                                                       jump if blank (value)
        beq wa,=ch$bl,trc10
           here for l,k,f,c,r
        beq wa,=ch$lf,trc01
                                                       jump if f (function)
        beq wa,=ch$lr,trc01
                                                       jump if r (return)
        beq wa,=ch$11,trc03
                                                       jump if l (label)
        beq wa,=ch$lk,trc06
                                                       jump if k (keyword)
        bne wa,=ch$lc,trc15
                                                       else error if not c (call)
           here for f,c,r
trc01
       jsr gtnvr
                                                       point to vrblk for name
        ppm trc16
                                                       jump if bad name
        ica xs
                                                       pop stack
        mov vrfnc(xr),xr
                                                       point to function block
        bne (xr),=b$pfc,trc17
                                                       error if not program function
        beq wa,=ch$lr,trc02
                                                       jump if r (return)
```

```
trace (continued)
           here for f,c to set/reset call trace
        mov xl,pfctr(xr)
                                                       set/reset call trace
        beq wa,=ch$lc,exnul
                                                       exit with null if c (call)
           here for f,r to set/reset return trace
trc02
        mov xl,pfrtr(xr)
                                                       set/reset return trace
        exi
                                                       return
           here for 1 to set/reset label trace
trc03
                                                       point to vrblk
       jsr gtnvr
        ppm trc16
                                                       jump if bad name
        mov vrlbl(xr),xl
                                                       load label pointer
        bne (x1),=b$trt,trc04
                                                       jump if no old trace
        mov trlbl(xl),xl
                                                       else delete old trace association
           here with old label trace association deleted
trc04
        beq xl,=stndl,trc16
                                                       error if undefined label
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                       get trblk ptr again
        bze wb,trc05
                                                       jump if stoptr case
                                                       else set new trblk pointer
        mov wb, vrlbl(xr)
        mov =b$vrt,vrtra(xr)
                                                       set label trace routine address
        mov wb,xr
                                                       copy trblk pointer
                                                       store real label in trblk
        mov xl,trlbl(xr)
        exi
                                                       return
    *
           here for stoptr case for label
trc05
        mov xl, vrlbl(xr)
                                                       store label ptr back in vrblk
        mov =b$vrg,vrtra(xr)
                                                       store normal transfer address
        exi
                                                       return
```

```
trace (continued)
            here for k (keyword)
trc06
        jsr gtnvr
                                                       point to vrblk
        ppm trc16
                                                       error if not natural var
        bnz vrlen(xr),trc16
                                                       error if not system var
        ica xs
                                                       pop stack
        bze xl,trc07
                                                       jump if stoptr case
        mov xr,trkvr(xl)
                                                       store vrblk ptr in trblk for ktrex
            merge here with trblk set up in wb (or zero)
        mov vrsvp(xr),xr
                                                       point to svblk
trc07
        beq xr,=v$ert,trc08
                                                       jump if errtype
                                                       jump if stcount
        beq xr,=v$stc,trc09
        bne xr,=v$fnc,trc17
                                                       else error if not fnclevel
            fnclevel
        mov xl,r$fnc
                                                       set/reset fnclevel trace
        exi
                                                       return
            errtype
trc08
        mov xl,r$ert
                                                       set/reset errtype trace
        exi
                                                       return
            stcount
trc09
        mov xl,r$stc
                                                       set/reset stcount trace
                                                       update countdown counters
        jsr stgcc
        exi
                                                       return
```

```
trace (continued)
            a, v merge here with trtyp value in wc
trc10
        jsr gtvar
                                                        locate variable
        ppm trc16
                                                        error if not appropriate name
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                        get new trblk ptr again
        add xl,wa
                                                        point to variable location
        mov wa,xr
                                                        copy variable pointer
            loop to search trblk chain
        mov (xr),xl
                                                        point to next entry
trc11
        bne (x1),=b$trt,trc13
                                                        jump if not trblk
        blt wc,trtyp(x1),trc13
                                                        jump if too far out on chain
        beq wc,trtyp(xl),trc12
                                                        jump if this matches our type
        add *trnxt,xl
                                                        else point to link field
        mov xl,xr
                                                        copy pointer
        brn trc11
                                                        and loop back
            here to delete an old trblk of the type we were given
trc12
        mov trnxt(xl),xl
                                                        get ptr to next block or value
        mov xl,(xr)
                                                        store to delete this trblk
            here after deleting any old association of this type
                                                        jump if stoptr case
trc13
        bze wb,trc14
                                                        else link new trblk in
        mov wb, (xr)
        mov wb,xr
                                                        copy trblk pointer
                                                        store forward pointer
        mov xl,trnxt(xr)
        mov wc,trtyp(xr)
                                                        store appropriate trap type code
            here to make sure vrget, vrsto are set properly
trc14
       mov wa,xr
                                                        recall possible vrblk pointer
        sub *vrval,xr
                                                        point back to vrblk
            setvr
                                                        set fields if vrblk
        jsr
                                                        \operatorname{return}
        exi
            here for bad trace type
trc15
        exi 2
                                                        take bad trace type error exit
            pop stack before failing
trc16
        ica xs
                                                        pop stack
            here for bad name argument
```

trc17 exi 1 enp

take bad name error exit end procedure trace

```
trbld -- build trblk
           trblk is used by the input, output and trace functions
           to construct a trblk (trap block)
            (xr)
                                   trtag or trter
                                   trfnc or trfpt
            (x1)
            (wb)
                                   trtyp
                                   call to build trblk
            jsr trbld
            (xr)
                                   pointer to trblk
            (wa)
                                   destroyed
trbld
       prc e,0
                                                      entry point
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                      stack trtag (or trfnm)
        mov *trsi$,wa
                                                      set size of trblk
        jsr alloc
                                                      allocate trblk
        mov =b$trt,(xr)
                                                      store first word
        mov xl,trfnc(xr)
                                                      store trfnc (or trfpt)
        mov (xs)+,trtag(xr)
                                                      store trtag (or trfnm)
        mov wb,trtyp(xr)
                                                      store type
        mov =nulls,trval(xr)
                                                      for now, a null value
                                                      return to caller
        exi
                                                      end procedure trbld
        enp
```

```
trimr -- trim trailing blanks
           trimr is passed a pointer to an scblk which must be the
           last block in dynamic storage. trailing blanks are
           trimmed off and the dynamic storage pointer reset to
           the end of the (possibly) shortened block.
            (wb)
                                   non-zero to trim trailing blanks
            (xr)
                                   pointer to string to trim
            jsr trimr
                                   call to trim string
                                   pointer to trimmed string
            (xr)
            (xl,wa,wb,wc)
                                   destroyed
           the call with wb zero still performs the end zero pad
            and dnamp readjustment. it is used from acess if kvtrm=0.
trimr
       prc e,0
                                                      entry point
        mov xr,xl
                                                      copy string pointer
        mov sclen(xr), wa
                                                      load string length
        bze wa, trim2
                                                      jump if null input
                                                      else point past last character
        plc x1,wa
                                                      jump if no trim
        bze wb,trim3
        \mathbf{mov} =ch$bl,wc
                                                      load blank character
           loop through characters from right to left
trim0
       lch wb,-(x1)
                                                      load next character
if .caht
        beq wb,=ch$ht,trim1
                                                      jump if horizontal tab
fi
                                                      jump if non-blank found
        bne wb,wc,trim3
                                                      else decrement character count
trim1
        dcv wa
        bnz wa, trim0
                                                      loop back if more to check
           here if result is null (null or all-blank input)
trim2
       mov xr, dnamp
                                                      wipe out input string block
        mov =nulls,xr
                                                      load null result
        brn trim5
                                                      merge to exit
```

```
trimr (continued)
            here with non-blank found (merge for no trim)
trim3
        mov wa, sclen(xr)
                                                         set new length
        mov xr,xl
                                                         copy string pointer
        psc xl,wa
                                                         ready for storing blanks
        ctb wa, schar
                                                         get length of block in bytes
        add xr,wa
                                                         point past new block
        mov wa, dnamp
                                                         set new top of storage pointer
        lct wa,=cfp$c
                                                         get count of chars in word
                                                         set zero char
        zer wc
            loop to zero pad last word of characters
trim4
        sch wc,(x1)+
                                                         store zero character
        bct wa, trim4
                                                         loop back till all stored
                                                         complete store characters
        \operatorname{csc} xl
            common exit point
                                                         clear garbage xl pointer
trim5
        zer xl
        exi
                                                         return to caller
                                                         end procedure trimr
        enp
```

```
trxeq -- execute function type trace
           trxeq is used to execute a trace when a fourth argument
           has been supplied. trace has already been decremented.
           (xr)
                                  pointer to trblk
           (xl,wa)
                                  name base, offset for variable
           jsr trxeq
                                  call to execute trace
           (wb,wc,ra)
                                  destroyed
           the following stack entries are made before passing
           control to the trace function using the cfunc routine.
                                  trxeq return point word(s)
                                  saved value of trace keyword
                                  trblk pointer
                                  name base
                                  name offset
                                  saved value of r$cod
                                  saved code ptr (-r$cod)
                                  saved value of flptr
           flptr ----- zero (dummy fail offset)
                                  nmblk for variable name
           xs ----- trace tag
           r$cod and the code ptr are set to dummy values which
           cause control to return to the trxeq procedure on success
           or failure (trxeq ignores a failure condition).
trxeq
       prc r,0
                                                     entry point (recursive)
       mov r$cod,wc
                                                     load code block pointer
       scp wb
                                                     get current code pointer
                                                     make code pointer into offset
       sub wc,wb
       mov kvtra,-(xs)
                                                     stack trace keyword value
       mov xr, -(xs)
                                                     stack trblk pointer
       mov xl,-(xs)
                                                     stack name base
       mov wa,-(xs)
                                                     stack name offset
       mov wc,-(xs)
                                                     stack code block pointer
                                                     stack code pointer offset
       mov wb, -(xs)
       mov flptr,-(xs)
                                                     stack old failure pointer
       zer -(xs)
                                                     set dummy fail offset
                                                     set new failure pointer
       mov xs,flptr
                                                     reset trace keyword to zero
       zer kvtra
       mov =trxdc,wc
                                                     load new (dummy) code blk pointer
       mov wc,r$cod
                                                     set as code block pointer
                                                     and new code pointer
       lcp wc
```

```
trxeq (continued)
            now prepare arguments for function
        mov wa, wb
                                                        save name offset
        mov *nmsi$,wa
                                                        load nmblk size
        jsr alloc
                                                        allocate space for nmblk
        mov =b$nml,(xr)
                                                        set type word
        mov xl,nmbas(xr)
                                                        store name base
        mov wb,nmofs(xr)
                                                        store name offset
                                                        reload pointer to trblk
        mov 6(xs),xl
        mov xr,-(xs)
                                                        stack nmblk pointer (1st argument)
        mov trtag(x1),-(xs)
                                                        stack trace tag (2nd argument)
                                                        load trace vrblk pointer
        mov trfnc(x1),x1
        mov vrfnc(xl),xl
                                                        load trace function pointer
        beq x1,=stndf,trxq2
                                                        jump if not a defined function
        mov = num02, wa
                                                        set number of arguments to two
        brn cfunc
                                                        jump to call function
            see o$txr for details of return to this point
       mov flptr,xs
                                                        point back to our stack entries
trxq1
        ica xs
                                                        pop off garbage fail offset
        mov (xs)+,flptr
                                                        restore old failure pointer
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                        reload code offset
        mov (xs)+,wc
                                                        load old code base pointer
        mov wc,xr
                                                        copy cdblk pointer
                                                        restore stmnt no
        mov cdstm(xr),kvstn
        mov (xs)+,wa
                                                        reload name offset
        mov (xs)+,xl
                                                        reload name base
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        reload trblk pointer
        mov (xs)+,kvtra
                                                        restore trace keyword value
                                                        recompute absolute code pointer
        add wc,wb
        lcp wb
                                                        restore code pointer
        mov wc,r$cod
                                                        and code block pointer
        exi
                                                        return to trxeq caller
            here if the target function is not defined
        erb 197, trace fourth
                                                        arg is not function name or null
trxq2
        enp
                                                        end procedure trxeq
```

*

xscan -- execution function argument scan

*

xscan scans out one token in a prototype argument in array, clear, data, define, load function calls. xscan calls must be preceded by a call to the initialization procedure xscni. the following variables are used.

*

r\$xsc xsofs	pointer to scblk for function arg offset (num chars scanned so far)
(wa) (wc) (x1)	<pre>non-zero to skip and trim blanks delimiter one (ch\$xx) delimiter two (ch\$xx)</pre>
jsr xscan (xr) (wa)	call to scan next item pointer to scblk for token scanned completion code (see below)

(wc,xl)

the scan starts from the current position and continues until one of the following three conditions occurs.

destroyed

*

1) delimiter one is encountered (wa set to 1)

*

2) delimiter two encountered (wa set to 2)

*

3) end of string encountered (wa set to 0)

*

the result is a string containing all characters scanned up to but not including any delimiter character. the pointer is left pointing past the delimiter.

*

if only one delimiter is to be detected, delimiter one and delimiter two should be set to the same value.

*

in the case where the end of string is encountered, the string includes all the characters to the end of the string. no further calls can be made to xscan until xscni is called to initialize a new argument scan

```
xscan (continued)
                                                         entry point
        prc e,0
xscan
        mov wb,xscwb
                                                         preserve wb
        mov wa, -(xs)
                                                         record blank skip flag
        mov wa, -(xs)
                                                         and second copy
        mov r$xsc,xr
                                                         point to argument string
        mov sclen(xr),wa
                                                         load string length
        mov xsofs,wb
                                                         load current offset
                                                         get number of remaining characters
        sub wb, wa
        bze wa, xscn3
                                                         jump if no characters left
                                                         point to current character
        plc xr,wb
            loop to search for delimiter
xscn1
        lch wb,(xr)+
                                                         load next character
        beq wb,wc,xscn4
                                                         jump if delimiter one found
        beq wb,xl,xscn5
                                                         jump if delimiter two found
        bze (xs),xscn2
                                                         jump if not skipping blanks
                                                         assume blank and delete it
        icv
             xsofs
if .caht
        beq wb,=ch$ht,xscn2
                                                         jump if horizontal tab
fi
if .cavt
        beq wb,=ch$vt,xscn2
                                                         jump if vertical tab
fi
        beq wb,=ch$bl,xscn2
                                                         jump if blank
        {
m dcv} xsofs
                                                         undelete non-blank character
        zer (xs)
                                                         and discontinue blank checking
            here after performing any leading blank trimming.
                                                         decrement count of chars left
xscn2
        dcv wa
                                                         loop back if more chars to go
        bnz wa, xscn1
            here for runout
        mov r$xsc,xl
                                                         point to string block
xscn3
        mov sclen(xl), wa
                                                         get string length
        mov xsofs,wb
                                                         load offset
        sub wb, wa
                                                         get substring length
        zer r$xsc
                                                         clear string ptr for collector
                                                         set zero (runout) return code
        zer xscrt
        brn xscn7
                                                         jump to exit
```

```
xscan (continued)
            here if delimiter one found
        mov =num01,xscrt
                                                        set return code
xscn4
        brn xscn6
                                                        jump to merge
            here if delimiter two found
                                                        set return code
        mov =num02,xscrt
xscn5
            merge here after detecting a delimiter
xscn6
        mov r$xsc,xl
                                                        reload pointer to string
        mov sclen(x1),wc
                                                        get original length of string
        sub wa,wc
                                                        minus chars left = chars scanned
                                                        move to reg for sbstr
        mov wc,wa
        mov xsofs,wb
                                                        set offset
        sub wb, wa
                                                        compute length for sbstr
                                                        adjust new cursor past delimiter
        icv wc
                                                        store new offset
        mov wc, xsofs
            common exit point
        zer xr
                                                        clear garbage character ptr in xr
xscn7
                                                        build sub-string
        jsr
            sbstr
                                                        remove copy of blank flag
        ica xs
        mov (xs)+,wb
                                                        original blank skip/trim flag
        bze sclen(xr),xscn8
                                                        cannot trim the null string
        jsr trimr
                                                        trim trailing blanks if requested
            final exit point
                                                        load return code
xscn8
        mov xscrt,wa
        mov xscwb,wb
                                                        restore wb
                                                        return to xscan caller
        exi
        enp
                                                        end procedure xscan
```

```
xscni -- execution function argument scan
           xscni initializes the scan used for prototype arguments
           in the clear, define, load, data, array functions. see
           xscan for the procedure which is used after this call.
           -(xs)
                                   argument to be scanned (on stack)
            jsr xscni
                                   call to scan argument
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc if arg is not string
           ppm loc
                                   transfer loc if argument is null
            (xs)
                                   popped
            (xr,r$xsc)
                                   argument (scblk ptr)
            (wa)
                                   argument length
            (ia,ra)
                                   destroyed
       prc n,2
                                                      entry point
xscni
       jsr gtstg
                                                      fetch argument as string
                                                      jump if not convertible
       ppm xsci1
        mov xr,r$xsc
                                                      else store scblk ptr for xscan
        {f zer} xsofs
                                                      set offset to zero
        bze wa, xsci2
                                                      jump if null string
                                                      return to xscni caller
        exi
           here if argument is not a string
xsci1
       exi 1
                                                      take not-string error exit
           here for null string
xsci2
       exi 2
                                                      take null-string error exit
                                                      end procedure xscni
        enp
```

spitbol –stack overflow section

*		
*	control comes here if the main stack	overflows
*		
	sec	start of stack overflow section
*		
	<pre>add =num04,errft mov flptr,xs bnz gbcfl,stak1 erb gbcfl,stak1</pre>	force conclusive fatal error pop stack to avoid more fails jump if garbage collecting jump if garbage collecting
* * *	no chance of recovery in mid garbage	collection
stak1	mov =endso,xr zer kvdmp brn stopr	point to message memory is undumpable give up

fi

```
this section of code is entered whenever a procedure
           return via an err parameter or an erb opcode is obeyed.
            (wa)
                                   is the error code
           the global variable stage indicates the point at which
           the error occured as follows.
            stage=stgic
                                   error during initial compile
            stage=stgxc
                                   error during compile at execute
                                   time (code, convert function calls)
           stage=stgev
                                   error during compilation of
                                   expression at execution time
                                   (eval, convert function call).
                                   error at execute time. compiler
           stage=stgxt
                                   not active.
           stage=stgce
                                   error during initial compile after
                                   scanning out the end line.
           stage=stgxe
                                   error during compile at execute
                                   time after scanning end line.
                                   error during expression evaluation
           stage=stgee
                                                      start of error section
        sec
error
        beq r$cim,=cmlab,cmple
                                                      jump if error in scanning label
                                                      save error code
        mov wa, kvert
        zer scnrs
                                                      reset rescan switch for scane
        zer scngo
                                                      reset goto switch for scane
if .cpol
                                                      reset poll count
        mov =num01,polcs
        mov = num01, polct
                                                      reset poll count
        mov stage,xr
                                                      load current stage
        bsw xr,stgno
                                                      jump to appropriate error circuit
        iff
            stgic,err01
                                                      initial compile
        iff
            stgxc,err04
                                                      execute time compile
            stgev,err04
                                                      eval compiling expr.
        iff
            stgee,err04
                                                      eval evaluating expr
        iff
            stgxt,err05
                                                      execute time
        iff
            stgce,err01
                                                      compile - after end
```

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{iff} & \texttt{stgxe,err04} \\ \textbf{esw} \end{array}$

xeq compile-past end end switch on error type

```
error during initial compile
            the error message is printed as part of the compiler
            output. this printout includes the offending line (if not
            printed already) and an error flag under the appropriate
            column as indicated by scnse unless scnse is set to zero.
            after printing the message, the generated code is
            modified to an error call and control is returned to
            the cmpil procedure after resetting the stack pointer.
            if the error occurs after the end line, control returns
            in a slightly different manner to ensure proper cleanup.
err01
        mov cmpxs,xs
                                                       reset stack pointer
        ssl cmpss
                                                       restore s-r stack ptr for cmpil
        bnz errsp,err03
                                                       jump if error suppress flag set
if .cera
  if.csfn
        mov cmpsn,wc
                                                       current statement
                                                       obtain file name for this statement
        jsr filnm
  fi
                                                       column number
        mov scnse, wb
                                                       line number
        mov rdcln,wc
                                                       line number
        mov rdcln,wc
                                                       advise system of error
        jsr sysea
        ppm erra3
                                                       if system does not want print
        mov xr, -(xs)
                                                       save any provided print message
fi
        mov erich, erlst
                                                       set flag for listr
                                                       list line
           listr
                                                       terminate listing
        jsr
            prtis
        zer erlst
                                                       clear listr flag
                                                       load scan element offset
        mov scnse, wa
        bze wa,err02
                                                       skip if not set
if .caht
        \mathbf{lct}
            wb,wa
                                                       loop counter
                                                       increase for ch$ex
        icv wa
                                                       point to bad statement
        mov r$cim,xl
        jsr alocs
                                                       string block for error flag
        mov xr,wa
                                                       remember string ptr
                                                       ready for character storing
        psc xr
        plc xl
                                                       ready to get chars
            loop to replace all chars but tabs by blanks
       lch wc,(x1)+
erra1
                                                       get next char
        beq wc,=ch$ht,erra2
                                                       skip if tab
        mov =ch$bl,wc
                                                       get a blank
```

```
merge to store blank or tab in error line
        sch wc,(xr)+
                                                        store char
erra2
        bct wb,erra1
                                                        loop
        mov =ch$ex,xl
                                                        exclamation mark
        sch xl,(xr)
                                                        store at end of error line
                                                        end of sch loop
        csc xr
        mov =stnpd,profs
                                                        allow for statement number
        mov wa,xr
                                                        point to error line
                                                        print error line
        jsr prtst
else
                                                        get print buffer length
        mti prlen
        mfi gtnsi
                                                        store as signed integer
        add =stnpd,wa
                                                        adjust for statement number
        mti wa
                                                        copy to integer accumulator
                                                        remainder modulo print bfr length
        rmi gtnsi
                                                        use as character offset
        sti profs
        mov =ch$ex,wa
                                                        get exclamation mark
        jsr prtch
                                                        generate under bad column
fi
            here after placing error flag as required
err02
                                                        print blank line
        jsr
             prtis
if.cera
        mov (xs)+,xr
                                                        restore any sysea message
        bze xr,erra0
                                                        did sysea provide message to print
                                                        print sysea message
        jsr
            prtst
fi
                                                        generate flag and error message
erra0
        jsr ermsg
        add =num03,1stlc
                                                        bump page ctr for blank, error, blk
                                                        in case of fatal error
erra3
        zer xr
                                                        pack up if several fatals
        bhi errft,=num03,stopr
            count error, inhibit execution if required
        {f icv} cmerc
                                                        bump error count
        add cswer, noxeq
                                                        inhibit xeq if -noerrors
                                                         special return if after end line
        bne stage,=stgic,cmp10
```

```
loop to scan to end of statement
err03
        mov r$cim,xr
                                                       point to start of image
                                                       point to first char
        plc xr
        lch xr,(xr)
                                                       get first char
        beq xr,=ch$mn,cmpce
                                                       jump if error in control card
                                                       clear rescan flag
        zer scnrs
                                                       set error suppress flag
        mnz errsp
                                                       scan next element
        jsr scane
        bne xl,=t$smc,err03
                                                       loop back if not statement end
        zer errsp
                                                       clear error suppress flag
            generate error call in code and return to cmpil
        mov *cdcod,cwcof
                                                       reset offset in ccblk
        mov =ocer$,wa
                                                       load compile error call
        jsr cdwrd
                                                       generate it
        mov cwcof,cmsoc(xs)
                                                       set success fill in offset
        mnz cmffc(xs)
                                                       set failure fill in flag
        jsr cdwrd
                                                       generate succ. fill in word
        brn cmpse
                                                       merge to generate error as cdfal
            error during execute time compile or expression evaluatio
            execute time compilation is initiated through gtcod or
            gtexp which are called by compile, code or eval.
           before causing statement failure through exfal it is
           helpful to set keyword errtext and for generality
            these errors may be handled by the setexit mechanism.
err04
        bge errft,=num03,labo1
                                                       abort if too many fatal errors
if .cpol
        beq kvert,=nm320,err06
                                                       treat user interrupt specially
fi
        zer r$ccb
                                                       forget garbage code block
                                                       set initial offset (mbe catspaw)
        mov *cccod,cwcof
        ssl iniss
                                                       restore main prog s-r stack ptr
        jsr ertex
                                                       get fail message text
        dca xs
                                                       ensure stack ok on loop start
           pop stack until find flptr for most deeply nested prog.
            defined function call or call of eval / code.
        ica xs
erra4
        beq xs,flprt,errc4
                                                       jump if prog defined fn call found
        bne xs,gtcef,erra4
                                                       loop if not eval or code call yet
        mov =stgxt,stage
                                                       re-set stage for execute
        mov r$gtc,r$cod
                                                       recover code ptr
        mov xs,flptr
                                                       restore fail pointer
```

	zer	r\$cim	forget possible image
if .cinc			
	\mathbf{zer}	cnind	forget possible include
fi			
*			
*	test errlimit		
*			
errb4	\mathbf{bnz}	kverl,err07	jump if errlimit non-zero
	\mathbf{brn}	exfal	fail
*			
*	return from prog. defined function is outstanding		
*			
errc4	mov	flptr,xs	restore stack from flptr
	$_{ m brn}$	errb4	merge

error at execute time. the action taken on an error is as follows. if errlimit keyword is zero, an abort is signalled, see coding for system label abort at 1\$abo. otherwise, errlimit is decremented and an errtype trace generated if required. control returns either via a jump to continue (to take the failure exit) or a specified setexit trap is executed and control passes to the trap. if 3 or more fatal errors occur an abort is signalled regardless of errlimit and setexit - looping is all too probable otherwise. fatal errors include stack overflow and exceeding stlimit. err05 ssl iniss restore main prog s-r stack ptr bnz dmvch,err08 jump if in mid-dump merge here from err08 and err04 (error 320) err06 bze kverl, labo1 abort if errlimit is zero get fail message text jsr ertex merge from err04 err07 bge errft,=num03,labo1 abort if too many fatal errors dcv kverl decrement errlimit mov r\$ert,xl load errtype trace pointer generate errtype trace if required jsr ktrex get current code block mov r\$cod,wa mov wa,r\$cnt set cdblk ptr for continuation current code pointer scp wb offset within code block sub wa,wb save code ptr offset for scontinue mov wb, stxoc set ptr to failure offset mov flptr,xr mov (xr), stxof save failure offset for continue mov r\$sxc,xr load setexit cdblk pointer bze xr,lcnt1 continue if no setexit trap zer r\$sxc else reset trap mov =nulls,stxvr reset setexit arg to null mov (xr),xl load ptr to code block routine bri xl execute first trap statement interrupted partly through a dump whilst store is in a mess so do a tidy up operation. see dumpr for details. mov dmvch.xr chain head for affected vrblks err08 bze xr,err06 done if zero mov (xr), dmvch set next link as chain head jsr setvr restore vrget field

```
* $^*$ label to mark end of code * $$ brn err08
```

loop through chain

 ${f spitbol}$ —here endeth the code

*

end of assembly

 \mathbf{end}

end macro-spitbol assembly