${\bf spitbol-} copyright\ notice$

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```
macro spitbol
                        version 3.7
_____
date of release - 16 april 2009
permission to use spitbol may be negotiated with
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sites which have obtained such permission may not pass
on copies of the spitbol system or parts of it except
by agreement with dewar.
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from 1979 through early 1983 a number of fixes and
enhancements were made by steve duff and robert goldberg.
to assist implementors a revision history based on
version 2.7 is being maintained.
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spitbol—revision history

revision history

version 3.6a to 3.7 (november 1, 1991, mark b. emmer)

bugs fixed

- b3.701 add btkwv and refined test at cdgvl+9 to prevent variable names alphabet, lcase, ucase from being pre-evaluated because of their associated constant keywords. the code
 - alphabet = "abc"; output = size(alphabet) returned zero because of pre-evaluation.
- b3.702 delay binding to function block of fourth argument to trace function. this permits the trace function to be invoked before the 4th argument function is defined. accomplished by storing a vrblk pointer in trfnc, and fetching its vrfnc entry later, in trxeq.
- b3.703 references to keywords with constant pattern values (&arb, &bal, etc.) did not work. a wtb instruction had been omitted at acs14+2.
- b3.704 if a program employed the code function to redefine a label that was the entry location of a user-defined function, the function would continue to jump to its old function body. pfcod in pfblk was pointing directly to the target code block, instead of doing so indirectly through the vrblk for the entry label.
- b3.705 the test that required a label to be defined before it could be used as the entry of a userdefined function has been removed. functions may be defined even if the label is yet undefined.
- b3.706 after a compilation error in the code function, the eval function produces spurrious errors. the code offset cwcof was not being reset to the beginning of code block. add line at err04+1 to accomplish this reset.
- b3.707 inconsistant tests with mxlen corrected. several places were testing with bge instead of bgt, resulting in such anomalies as the statement &maxlngth = &maxlngth
 - failing. since mxlen is guaranteed to be strictly less than dnamb, it is permissible to create objects of size mxlen. bge changed to bgt at locations
 - s\$arr+14, sar07+8, alobf+3, asg14+8, gtar6+10.
- b3.708 exit(command string) was not loading ptr to fcb chain into wb. corrected at sext1.
- b3.709 change patst to return non-string error for null argument. previously, break(), any(), etc., were succeeding, contrary to the language definition.
- b3.710 convert function with null second argument

- crashed system by calling flstg with wa=0. added test at s\$cnv, moved error 74 to separate erb at scv29.
- b3.711 leq(,) crashed system. lcomp did not obey minimal assumption that cmc opcode will always be called with wa .gt. 0. added test at lcmp1.
- b3.712 modified line at sdf07+4 to use register wa instead of wb. this corrects problem of define function with local variable list that begins with comma- define("f(x),11,12")
- b3.713 erroneous plc on uninitialised r\$cim in listr.
- b3.714 erroneous call to flstg possible with null string at sdat1.
- b3.715 when copy function used with table argument, fix problem at cop07. when copying first teblk on a chain, the pseudo-previous block pointer in xr is pushed on the stack prior to calling alloc. this is not a valid block pointer, as it points within the tbblk. if the subsequent alloc invokes gbcol, the heap becomes scrambled. recoded to save pointer to start of block, plus offset in wb.
- b3.716 at iop01, if gtvar triggered garbage collection via alost, trap block in wc was not collected. save wc on stack to make it collectable across gtvar call.
- b3.717 at asg10, allow case of variable with more than one trblk, as happens with the following stmt output(.output, .output, filename).
- b3.718 at senf1, trblk chain search was reloading chain head, causing infinite loop if the desired trblk was not the first on chain. system crashed with trace(.v1) output(.v2,.v1,file).
- b3.719 prototype strings (define, load, data, etc.) were allowing blank characters, producing bogus variable names.
- b3.720 the fact that iofcb destroyed register wc was not documented. b\$efc conversion of file argument never worked because wc and xt were destroyed by call to iofcb.
- b3.721 ioput left a trblk attached to filearg1 if sysio failed. subsequent use of this filearg1 variable in another i/o call would crash system.
- ${\tt b3.722}$ add chk at evlp1 to catch recursive pattern error.
- b3.723 allow -line to work properly within code function by setting cmpln directly in cnc44. if file name absent, decrement scnpt to rescan terminator.
- b3.724 when mxlen exceeds start of dynamic memory, round it up to multiple of word size prior to storing in dnamb at ini06.
- b3.725 provide right padding of zero characters to any string returned by an external function.
- b3.726 reset flptr at bpf17 for undefined function

- when evalx is evaluating an expression.
- b3.727 modify code after read5 for outer nesting of an execute-time compile of -include statement. create a substring of remainder of original code function argument string and return as result of readr function
- b3.728 the definition of the aov opcode is corrected.

 formerly the definition specified that the branch
 was to be taken if the result of the addition
 exceeded cfp\$m, implying a test for overflow
 from signed addition.
 however, address arithmetic must be unsigned to
 allow for systems where the high order address
 bit is set. therefore, the test must be for
 carry out of the high order bit, if the result
 would exceed cfp\$1.
- b3.729 a label trace on the entry label for a function was undetected, resulting in a transfer to b\$trt and subsequent crash. see bpf08 for fix.
- b3.730 pop first argument to substr if it is a buffer.
- b3.731 pattern replacement with buffer subject returned null string instead of new subject value. changed to behave as if subject was a string.
- b3.732 if convert function was called with a buffer first argument and "buffer" second argument, it would convert the buffer to a string, and then back to a buffer. this has be corrected to simply return the first argument as the function result.
- b3.733 detect external function returning a null string unconverted result at bef12, and jump to exnul.
- b3.734 fix problem at ins04 when inserting zero length string into buffer. defend against invoking mvc with a zero value in wa, which will cause some implementations to wrap the counter.
- b3.735 add overflow test for cos and sin to detect out-of-range argument.
- b3.736 fixed problem introduced with b3.727 not restoring r\$cim, scnpt and scnil after creating substring.
- b3.737 fixed tfind to place default value in newly allocated teblk.
- b3.738 added bl\$p0 to p\$nth entry point. the expression datatype(convert("","pattern")) would crash when the dtype function uses the non-existant type word preceding p\$nth.
- b3.739 bug at gtn35 in the case of overflow during cvm.
 wb can be destroyed by cvm on some platforms.
- b3.740 protect scontinue from usage in other than error 320 case.
- b3.741 protect continue from usage following error evaluating complex failure goto.

changes

c3.701 add .culk conditional to include &lcase, &ucase.

- c3.702 add -line nn "filename" control card.
- c3.703 move .cnld conditional up in routine dffnc to omit all tests for b\$efc.
- c3.704 add conditional .cicc to ignore unrecognized control cards.
- c3.705 add conditional .cnsc to omit string to numeric conversion in sort. the presence of this conversion mode produces a sort result that is dependent upon the order of input data. for example, given input data "2", 5, "10", string comparison yields "10" lt "2", but string to integer conversion yields "2" lt 5 lt "10".
- c3.706 add seventh return from syshs that allows callee to return a string pointer and length. this is done to eliminate the need for the caller to have an scblk big enough to accommodate long strings.
- c3.707 add eighth return from syshs to force copy of block pointed to by xr.
- c3.708 made -copy a synonym for -include.
- c3.709 add conditional .cbyt for statistics displayed in bytes rather than words.
- c3.710 dump null valued variables when dump = 3. core dump produced for dump = 4.
- c3.711 restrict minimum value to which keyword maxlngth can be set to 1,024 via new variable mnlen.
- c3.712 add conditional symbol .cmth for extended math
 functions- atan, chop, cos, exp, ln, sin, sqrt,
 tan. x**y and remdr(x,y) are extended to include
 reals.
- c3.713 add bit to syspp to set -print upon entry
- c3.714 add conditional .csfn to track source file name associated with each code block.
- c3.715 add conditional .cinc for -include control card feature. the format of the card is -include "filename" include control cards may be used during both the initial compile and execute-time compile. the filename is saved in a table, and redundant includes of that file are ignored.
- c3.716 add conditional .csln to include source line number in code blocks. release current ccblk after initial compile.
- c3.717 changed rilen to 258 (from 120) to provide uniform input line length when reading from terminal or input.
- c3.718 add additional exit to iofcb to distinguish argument not convertable to string and argument file not open.
- c3.719 add fourth and fifth arguments to host function.
- c3.720 add &compare keyword to control string comparisons.

- c3.721 setup pfdmp at iniy0 in case osint forced
 &profile non-zero.
- c3.722 add conditional symbol .caex to include up arrow as synonym for exponentiation.
- c3.723 add conditional .ccmc and external function syscm to provide string comparison using collation sequence other than strict ordering of character codes (international compares).
- c3.724 add conditional .cpol and external function syspl to provide interactive control of spitbol execution.
- c3.725 add conditional symbol .cera and external function sysea to provide advice of compilation and runtime errors to osint.
- c3.726 add cmpln, rdcln, rdnln to track source line number.
- c3.727 converted error messages to upper/lower case.
- c3.728 add conditional .cgbc to external routine sysgc.
 called at the start and end of garbage collection
 to perform any needed notification to operating
 system or user.
- c3.729 modified last line of s\$set from exnul to exint so seek can return final file position after seek.
- c3.730 place mov xr,(xs) at s\$rmd+4 to allow real second arg to remdr.
- c3.731 remove redundant bge xr,=cfp\$u,scn07 at scn06+4
- c3.732 change definition of cmc and trc such that only xl must be cleared after operation. note, this change was subsequently voided. cmc and trc must clear both xl and xr, because utility routines may preserve xl or xr on the stack, and the stack is collectable by gbcol.
- c3.733 remove most branches to exits and exixr. instead, jump directly to next code word.
- c3.734 add error 260 for array too large in gtarr.
- c3.735 add conditional .cs32 to initialize stlim to 2147483647.
- c3.736 add second argument to exit function, allowing user to specify file name of load module being written. if omitted, osint will provide a default name.
- c3.737 add conditional .cspr to include spare locations in working area. these may be used in later bug fixes without changing the size of the working storage and obsoleting modules created by exit(). subsuently removed in c3.767.
- c3.738 add r\$cts to remember last string used to build bit column in patst.
- c3.739 change flstg to type e procedure instead of r.
- c3.740 standardize on big-endian systems. at the implementors choice, the zgb opcode can also perform a byte swap if necessary to achieve big-

- endian byte ordering. this is done so that systems with similar word lengths will produce the same hash code for strings, and hence the same ordering for table entries. the hashs procedure has an additional zgb added to reorder the length word.
- c3.741 add conditional .csou to cause assignments to output and terminal variables to be processed through calls to sysou rather than through listing buffer. done to eliminate short record lengths enforced by buffer size. a code of 0 or 1 is passed to sysou instead of an fcblk.
- c3.742 increased iniln, inils, rilen to 1024.
- c3.743 add bit to syspp to set noerrors mode.
- c3.744 add .ccmk conditional to include keyword compare even if syscm is not being included. done to provide identical data regions in systems that implement syscm and those which do not, so that save files can be exchanged in the next release.
- c3.745 add wc return parameter to sysil to allow interface to inform spitbol if file about to be read is a binary file. if so, no blank trimming occurs.
- c3.746 fold load function argument types to upper case.
- c3.747 add .cexp conditional to have sysex pop its arguments.
- c3.748 in stopr, do not attempt to display file name and line number if stopping because of stack overflow during garbage collection. pointers to file name table and code block are wrong.
- c3.749 add bit to syspp to set case folding mode.
- c3.750 add additional return from sysld if insufficient memory to load/call external function.
- c3.751 add additional returns from sysex if insufficient memory or bad argument type.
- c3.752 ignore leading and trailing blanks in arguments within prototype strings to clear, data, define and load.
- c3.753 test for fatal error at err04 and abort if so. force termination on stack overflow by setting errft to 4 in stack overflow section.
- c3.754 recode copy loop at srt14 to exchange usage of registers xl and xr. this permits use of the mvw order instead of the explicit loop coding previously employed.
- c3.755 add .ceng conditional to include routines needed by text processing engine. add routines enevs and engts for use by engine or debugger. copy xr to xl around call to syspl to allow syspl to trigger garbage collection.
- c3.756 add &file, &lastfile, &line, &lastline keywords. for now, line and lastline are maintained in the same manner as stno and lastno, which adds over-

head to the statement initialization code. a possible change is to create a stmln procedure that maps statement numbers to line numbers. one simple strategy would be to sweep code blocks in memory looking for the statement number and extracting the line number from that code block. such a procedure would also allow line numbers (and file names) to be added to statement profile reports.

- c3.757 change sort to fail instead of producing error message if argument table is null. change sorta to return failure. add another return to gtarr to distinguish null table from bad argument.
- c3.758 create procedure prtmm to display memory usage statistics, and call it when producing end-of-run stats.
- c3.759 add label scontinue to allow setexit to resume execution exactly where it was interrupted.
- c3.760 add snobol4 backspace function and conditional .cbsp.
- c3.761 add additional arguments to sysgc to assist virtual memory managers.
- c3.762 the method of converting a table to an array has been revised. previously, table elements were copied to the result array in the order they were encountered along the various hash chains. this appeared to the user as a random ordering. however, spitbol/370 as well as sil snobol4 ordered array elements according to their time of entry into the table. user programs that relied upon this behavior malfunctioned when ported to macro spitbol.

to remedy this, the conversion is performed in three steps:

- 1. convert table to an array placing the address of each teblk in the array instead of the key and value.
- sort the array of addresses. this orders elements by time of creation (ascending address).
- 3. scan the array, replacing addresses with the key and value from the referenced teblk. the affected portions of the program are at s\$cnv and in gtarr, which now accepts an additional argument specifying whether to place key/values in the array or teblk addresses.
- c3.763 if case-folding is active, fold the function name provided to the load() function before passing it to sysld.
- c3.764 add sediment algorithm to garbage collector, conditioned on .csed.
- c3.765 add optimization to discard null statements and statements which just have a constant subject (see code at cmp12).

- c3.766 rearranged order of initial objects in static memory so that hash table is the last of the four object created by initialization code. this is done so that the print buffer, gts work area, and &alphabet keywords do not need to be saved in any save file created by osint. added routine to initialize these structures.
- ${\tt c3.767}\ {\tt removed}\ .{\tt cspr}\ conditional}\ {\tt and}\ {\tt spare}\ {\tt locations}.$
- c3.768 added .crel conditional and extensive routines (reloc et. al.) to perform relocation of data in working section, static region, and dynamic region after reload of a saved memory image. routines relaj, relcr, and reloc are invoked by osint after reloading a save file. it is now possible to reload such an image even if the spitbol compiler and its data structures are reloaded to other addresses. the working section has been extensively rearranged to accommodate the reloc procedure.
- c3.769 zero r\$ccb (interim ccblk ptr) in collect, convert, eval, and exit functions to release unneeded ccblk memory.
- c3.770 add exit(4) and exit(-4) to allow execution to continue after writing save file or load module. revised sysxi interface to detect continuation after performance of exit(4) or exit(-4) action.
- c3.771 change filmm to preserve registers.
- c3.772 addition of .cncr and syscr (real to string system routine option).
- c3.773 modified replace function to optimize usage when second argument is &alphabet. in this case, the third argument can be used as the translate table directly.
- c3.774 modified conditionals for buffers and reals so that their respective block codes are always present, even if these data types are conditioned out. this provides consistent block code numbering for external functions.
- c3.775 modified alobf to test string length against kvmxl instead of mxlen. also, alobf was testing total size of bfblk, instead of just string len.
- c3.776 move utility routines source up to lie between predefined snobol functions (s\$xxx) routines and utility procedures. this was done to assist translation on platforms such as apple macintosh that use 15-bit offsets to store error exits (ppm branches). offsets to labels like exfal were just too far away. similarly, functions tfind, tmake, and vmake are located out of alphabetic order to satisfy the macintosh's limited range for subroutine calls. move built-in labels beyond the block and pattern routines to get it within 32k of the error routines.

- c3.777 at scn46, allow colon, right paren and right bracket to terminate = operator with default null operand.
- c3.778 added .ctet conditional for table entry trace.
- c3.779 introduce cfp\$1, the largest unsigned value that may be stored in a one-word integer. this is done to accommodate machines where memory addresses have the high-order address bit set.
- c3.780 perform replace in place if first arg is buffer.
- c3.781 perform reverse in place if first arg is buffer.
- c3.782 change sysou to accept buffer as well as string to be output. change code at asg11 to prevent conversion of buffer to string.
- c3.783 optimize pos and rpos when it is the first node of a pattern and has either an integer or simple expression variable argument. if unanchored mode and the cursor is zero, it is advanced directly to the desired cursor position.
- c3.784 perform trim function in place if arg is buffer.
- c3.785 add gtstb procedure to get a string or buffer argument for replace, reverse, size, trim, etc.
- c3.786 change leq, lgt, etc. to perform comparisons without converting buffer arguments to strings. this is done by changing lcomp to accept buffer argument(s). this also affects sort function, which will compare two buffers as strings.
- c3.787 change gtnum to use characters in buffer without conversion to a string. this implies that acomp will perform arithmetic comparisons of buffers without converting to strings first.
- c3.788 perform comparisons of strings and buffers in sortc.
- c3.789 change insbf to allow insertion of a buffer into a buffer without first converting it to a string. note that this only works when the two buffers are not the same.
- c3.790 documentation change: note that all of the block move opcodes should have wa .gt. 0. not all implementations avoid moving objects when wa is zero.
- c3.791 change ident to provide buffer/buffer and buffer/string comparisons, to accommodate users who perform ident(buf) to check for null string in buffer.
- c3.792 added fullscan keyword initialized to one. user may set to any non-zero value, will receive an error message if attempts to set to zero, since quickscan mode is not supported.
- c3.793 rewrote statement startup code at stmgo to only perform checking of profiling, stcount tracing, and statement counting if necessary.
- c3.794 add additional exit to sysfc and ioput to signal that i/o channel (fcblk) is already in use.

added error message numbers 289 and 290.

c3.795 added optional integer argument to date function to specify format of date string returned by sysdt.

version 3.6 to 3.6a (oct 83)

changes

c3.617 add .cnlf. if defined, then arguments to external functions may be declared to have type file. such arguments must have been used as second arg to input() or output() and a pointer to the fcb is passed to the external function.

version 3.5 to 3.6 (jun 83)

codes used to identify authors are (sgd) for duff, (reg) for goldberg, and (lds) for shields.
bugs fixed

- b3.601 (sgd) to fix multiple trap block problem in asign
- b3.602 (sgd) patch in gtarr to fix null convert.
- b3.603 (sgd) inserted missing wtb after sysmm calls.
- b3.604 (sgd) use string length in hashs.
- b3.605 (sgd) fixed serious parser problem relating to (x y) on line being viewed as pattern match. fixed by addition of new cmtyp value c\$cnp (concatenation not pattern match).
- b3.606 (sgd) fixed exit(n) respecification code to properly observe header semantics on return.
- b3.607 (sgd) bypass prtpg call at initialization following compilation if no output generated. this prevents output files consisting of the headers and a few blank lines when there is no source listing and no compilation stats. also fix timsx initialization in same code.
- b3.608 (sgd) b%efc code did not check for unconverted result returning null string.
- b3.609 (sgd) load pfvbl field in retrn for return tracing. this was causing bug on return traces that tried to access the variable name.
- b3.610 (sgd) fixed problem relating to compilation of goto fields containing small integers (in const sec).
- b3.611 (reg) prevent clear() from clobbering protected variables at label sclr5.
- b3.612 (reg) fixed gtexp from accepting trailing semicolon or colon. this is not a legal way to end an expression.
- b3.613 (reg) fixed difficulties with listings during execution when no listing generated during compilation. -list to code() caused bomb.

 fix is to reset r\$ttl and r\$stl to nulls not 0 after compilation.

(listr and listt expect nulls) when listing and statistics routed to different file than execution output, error message is sent to execution output (and gets separated from ... in statement ... msg). labo1 calls sysax and stopr does not call sysax if entered from labo1.

- b3.614 (lds) fix misuse of wc just after asg10.
- b3.615 (lds) add comment pointing out suspicious code after tfn02
- b3.616 (lds) fix inconsistent declaration of sorth.
- b3.617 (lds) insert missing conditional tests on cnbf.
- b3.618 (lds) fix some violations of minimal language that had slipped past some translators.
- b3.619 (lds) correct error introduced in fixing b3.614.

changes

- c3.601 (sgd) addition of .cnci and sysci (int to string
 system routine option)
- c3.602 (reg) changed iniln and and inils to 258
- c3.603 (sgd) merged in profiler patches, repaired code.
- c3.604 (sgd) added buffer type and symbol cnbf
- c3.605 (sgd) added char function. char(n) returns nth character of host machine character set.
- c3.606 (reg) added cfp\$u to ease translation on smaller systems conditional .cucf
- c3.607 (reg) added lower case support, conditional .culc
- c3.608 (reg) added set i/o function, conditional .cust
- c3.609 (reg) conditionalized page eject after call to sysbx and added another before call to sysbx, so that, if desired by the implementor, standard output will reflect assignments made by executing program only.

 conditional .cuej controls if defined then eject is before call to sysbx.
- c3.610 (lds) introduce .ctmd to support systm that reports elapsed time in deciseconds instead of milliseconds.
- c3.611 (lds) provide place for .def or .und for each conditional option, so that settings can be changed without changing line numbers. current settings are for 808x translation.
- c3.612 (lds) obey (new) restriction that operand in conditional branch instruction cannot have form (x)+ in order to simplify translations for which postincrement not readily available.
- c3.613 (reg,lds) add op

flc wreg

that folds character in wreg to upper case. this op is used only if .culc is defined. this change also involves addition of keyword &case which when nonzero (the initial setting) causes the case folding just described to be done.

- c3.614 (lds) add option .cs16 to permit initialization of statement limit values to 32767 for 16 bit machines.
- c3.615 (lds) permit return point and entry point addresses to be distinguished by their parity instead of by lying within a certain range of values. introduce conditional symbols .crpp return points have odd parity .cepp entry points have odd parity
- c3.616 (lds) introduce new minimal opcodes to branch according to parity,

bev opn,plbl branch if address even
bod opn,plbl branch if address odd
an address is even if it is a multiple of cfp\$b.

documentation revisions

d3.601 (lds) bring minimal machine description up to

version 3.4 to 3.5 (feb 79)

bugs fixed

- b3.401 prtst should be declared as an r type procedure.
- b3.402 timing error if spitbol fails in dump.
- b3.403 error in handling omitted args of operators.
- b3.404 too many lines put on first page of listing.
- b3.405 leading unary operator in eval erroneously needed preceding blank.
- b3.406 identifying name in dump of array or table values was omitted.
- b3.407 eval unable to return a deferred expression.
- b3.408 illegal if setexit code branches to return.
- b3.409 illegal on detaching input, output, terminal.

changes

- c3.401 -sequ and -nose control cards removed.
- c3.402 option provided to suppress system identification on listing.
- c3.403 description of sysbx slightly revised.
- c3.404 permissible to modify scblk length before taking error returns from sysin, sysrd, sysri.
- c3.405 conditional .cnld may be defined to omit load().
- c3.406 conditional .cnex may be defined to omit exit().
- c3.407 table now accepts a third argument specifying default initial lookup value.
- c3.408 routines sort, rsort for sorting arrays and table introduced. specification is as in sitbol. routines may be omitted by defining .cnsr .
- c3.409 error in code(), eval() call now causes statement failure but errtext keyword is still set.
- c3.410 arg to code() may contain embedded control cards and comment delimited by a semicolon.

documentation revisions

- d3.401 purpose of restriction 2 in minimal section -6-(operations on char values), erroneously stated to be for cmc, rather than for ceq, cne. descriptions of above opcodes revised.
- d3.402 description of ent clarified.
- d3.403 descriptions of several opcodes revised to remove technically invalid literals e.g. =0 , *1.
- d3.405 restricted use of letter z in minimal clarified.
- d3.406 divide by zero explicitly mentioned in relation to overflow setting.

version 3.3 to 3.4 (oct 78)

bugs fixed

- b3.301 illegal for erroneous eval() arg.
- b3.302 address arithmetic overflow in alloc and alocs.
- b3.303 -eject and -space ignored -nolist option.
- b3.304 erroneous argument scan in load().
- b3.305 erroneous plc on uninitialised r\$cim in nexts.
- b3.306 ldi used instead of mti after prv07.
- b3.307 misuse of rmi at erra2.
- b3.308 misuse of mti in hashs.
- b3.309 bug in -sequ card sequence number checking.
- b3.310 stack overflow error message not always printed.
- b3.311 corrupt prototype print for traced arrays.
- b3.312 pattern first arg in dupl caused error.
- b3.313 omitted csc in s\$rpd, erroneous csc in convert.
- b3.314 misplaced btw in exbld.
- b3.315 incorrect code in hashs.
- b3.316 failure of load to scan integer arg.
- b3.317 table access with negative integer arg. failed.
- b3.318 error in returning result of loaded function.
- b3.319 =e\$srs used after iniO1 instead of *e\$srs.
- b3.320 err used instead of erb after systu
- b3.321 label could start with disallowed character.
- b3.322 continue after setexit had bad heuristic.

changes

- c3.301 sysax and .csax introduced see sysax in procedures section.
- c3.302 variable mxlen introduced. contains the maximum size of a spitbol object and is not changeable after initialisation. may be defaulted or set explicitly by sysmx.
- c3.303 syshs returns revised see syshs.
- c3.304 new minimal opcode aov to fix b3.302.
- c3.305 inhibit stlimit check if stlimit made negative.
- c3.306 cfpm is required to be of form 2**n 1.
- c3.307 dupl made to conform to sil snobol4 standard.
- c3.308 lch and sch actions more closely defined.
- c3.309 batch initialisation code omitted if conditional assembly symbol .cnbt (no batch) defined.
- c3.310 (wa) contains argument count in sysex call.
- c3.311 sysfc may request allocation of static fcblk.
- c3.312 if ia,wc overlap, restriction put on dumping/restoring these registers.
- c3.313 new listing option intermediate between compact and extended provided (see syspp).
- c3.314 revision of sysxi interface to permit options for load module standard o/p file (see sysxi,syspp).
- c3.315 last arg of substr may be omitted treated as remainder of string.

version 3.2 to 3.3 (jan 78)

bugs fixed

- b3.201 array reference and external function load routines illegally accessed information beyond the stack front. similar fault in unanchored pattern matching.
- b3.202 dump(1) produced dump(2) type output.
- b3.203 wtb conversion omitted in code following ini01, ini02, exbld.
- b3.204 incorrect fail return from tfind in arref.
- b3.205 endfile did not detach i/o associated variables.
- b3.206 -space with omitted arg. failed
- b3.207 looped if dump keyword non-zero after stack overflow in garbage collect failure.
- b3.208 failure in reading numbers with trailing blanks. changes

the extensive changes made here mostly result from a snobol4 implementors meeting held at new york university in august 1977. they are aimed at

- (1) having spitbol conform to certain snobol4 language standards and
- (2) producing a stable definition of minimal by carrying out a few essential revisions in the light of experience in its use.

changes to spitbol

- c3.201 default values for keywords trim and anchor are zero. on systems where records are customarily handled without traling blanks, there is no obligation to supply such blanks.
- c3.202 default value of -inxx control card is -in72.

- c3.203 the second argument of input and output is permitted to be an integer as in snobol4. in addition input(), output() now give a snobol4 statement failure if sysio uses the file not found return.
 - the third argument has a recommended format and to override its default delimiter (,) a conditional assembly symbol, .ciod, is used. interfaces to sysef,sysej,syfc,sysio,sysrw are revised.
 - wc may now be used to return from sysio, a max record length.
- c3.204 a new configuration parameter cfp\$f (scblk offset is introduced. cfp\$u is removed.
- c3.205 implementation and version identification is required see sysid.
- c3.206 routine sysmx returns the maximum length of spitbol objects (strings arrays etc). this information is not now needed at time of entry to spitbol and hence wc should be zero on entry.
- c3.207 a conditional parameter .cnra permits assembly of a more compact version with no real arithmetic code.
- c3.208 terminal is a new pre-associated variable capable of performing input and output to an online terminal. sysri is a new routine used in the implementation of this. see also syspp.
- c3.209 the environment parameters e\$--- are now provided by the minimal translator using the revised equ * format (see c3.229 and start of spitbol definitions section some reordering of symbols has occurred).
- c3.210 the interface of sysxi has been slightly revised. unavailability of i/o channels after exit(1), exit(-1) is documented together with additional error return usage for sysin, sysou, syspr, sysrd.
- ${\tt c3.211}$ spitbol error codes have been frozen see ${\tt c3.230}$
- c3.212 the utility routines arref etc. are now introduced by rtn statements.
- c3.213 sysrl (record length for std input file) is removed. since implementation of a general -inxxx control card and an ability to specify max record length using the third argument of input, sysrl has become redundant.
- c3.214 sysej and sysxi are now passed a chain linking all fcblks in use.
- c3.215 a special ending code in sysej is used when attempts to use standard output channel fail.
- c3.216 restriction c3.233 observed so simplifying optimised translation of ent with omitted val.

changes to minimal

- c3.220 minimal opcodes dec, dim, inc, and bmp are withdrawn and replaced by the more consistent set dca, dcv, ica, icv.
- c3.221 chs has been replaced by the more generally useful zgb (still likely to be a no-op for most implementations however).
- c3.222 the set of character comparisons has been reduced to ceq and one to ease implementation problems.
- c3.223 opcode irz is removed and dvi, rmi orders are redefined to conform to more common usage.
- c3.224 new opcodes ssl and sss are defined. their use permits return links for n type procedures to be placed on a local stack if desired.
- c3.225 opcode mnz complements zer. it moves a non-zero flag to its destination.
- c3.226 for some machines it is preferable for the stack to build up rather than down. to permit this without need for massive changes in minimal and recoding of existing programs, a scheme has been devised in which an additional register name, xt, is used as a synonym for xl when this register is involved in stack manipulation— see section 4.
- c3.227 section 0 of a minimal program is renamed the procedure section. it now contains, in addition to exp, specifications of internal procedures and routines by means of the inp and inr opcodes.
- c3.228 the literal operand formats =int and *int have been withdrawn. =dlbl and *dlbl must be used in their stead.
- c3.229 the format
 label equ *nn
 used to specify values supplied by the minimal
 translator for char. codes etc. is replaced by
 label equ *
 where the order in which the definitions are
 supplied by the translator should match the
 order of occurrence in the definitions section.
- c3.230 the format of err,erb opcodes is changed to require a numeric operand.
- c3.231 the rtn opcode is used to introduce routines (which are quite distinct from procedures).
- c3.232 conditional assembly directives may be nested.
- c3.233 minor restriction placed on the omission of val with the ent opcode.

bugs fixed

- b3.101 astonishing this was unnoticed for three years.
 bad code for snobol4 integer divide, /, gave
 wrong result for operands of opposite signs.
 implementations have either wrongly translated
 dvi and got correct result or correctly
 translated dvi and got wrong result leeds had
 one of each. see also c3.106.
 test program no. 1 now extended to check /
 more thoroughly.
- b3.102 garbage collection bug in scane changes

- c3.101 option to use additional characters ch\$ht,ch\$vt (horizontal and vertical tab) with same syntactic significance as ch\$bl (blank).
- c3.102 option to use a set of shifted case alphabetic characters ch\$\$a ... ch\$\$\$.
- c3.103 conditional assembly features are introduced into minimal on account of the above. see minimal documentation section for details of above changes.
- c3.104 lch and sch may use an x register first operand as alternative to a w register.
- c3.105 spitbol statement numbers in the listing may optionally be padded to 6 or 8 chars instead of 5 by defining conditional assembly symbols .csn6 or .csn8 .
- c3.106 to fix bug 3.101. at moderate cost, opcode irz (branch if integer divide remainder zero) introduced.
- c3.107 to handle possible machine dependency in string hashing, chs (complete hashing of string) opcode is introduced. probably a no-op on most machines not on the dec10.
- c3.108 procedures patin, tfind, trace have been modified to conform to the minimal standard call and return regime.
- c3.109 sysfc interface revised slightly to permit osint to return a pointer to a privately allocated fcblk which spitbol will return on subsequent i/o see sysfc doc.
- c3.110 to remove inconsistencies in calling sequences, all sys routines having access to a possible fcblk have fcblk ptr or zero in reg. wa on entry. change affects sysef, sysen, sysil, sysin, sysou, sysrw.
- c3.111 syspp bit allocated to provide -noexec option on entry to spitbol.

documentation revisions

d3.101 need to preserve registers in syspi, syspr, sysrd calls was overstated.

version 3.0 to 3.1 (mar 77)

bugs fixed

- b3.001 replace() could fail during pre-evaluation. spitbol now signals an error for null or unequally long 2nd and 3rd arguments.
- b3.002 negative second arguments to dupl, lpad, rpad caused spitbol to signal an error. now causes return of null string or first arg respectively.
- b3.003 brn-s used instead of ppm-s in s\$sub.
- b3.004 err used instead of erb after cmp30.
- b3.005 b\$pfc, s\$cnv, s\$def, arith and arref kept information illegally above the stack top.
- b3.006 pre-evaluation of constant parts of complex gotos was erroneous.
- b3.007 incorrect handling of labels compiled by code().
- b3.008 the single use of trc (in s\$rpl) was not in accord with its definition. some translations of trc may need revision now that the use has been brought into line with definition.

changes

- a debate on a few weaknesses in minimal design has been resolved by introducing 4 new opcodes.
- c3.001 new minimal opcodes bmp and dim introduced to augment inc and dec which are applicable only to addresses.
- c3.002 the opcode szc (store zero characters) had a restricted applicability. it has been replaced by the more general zer (zeroise).
- c3.003 fcblks may be optionally allocated as xrblk-s or xnblk-s see sysfc for vital information.
- c3.004 control card processing has been recoded.

 -inxxx allows specification of standard input
 file record lengths other than 72 or 80, see also
 sysrl. -sequ is ignored unless -in80 is in effect
- c3.005 to enable efficient buffering of chars on machines without char. handling orders, the csc (complete store characters) instruction is introduced. current implementations can translate it as a no-op if it is of no benefit.
- c3.006 integers 0,1,2 are treated specially. icblks in static are used instead of allocating space in dynamic.

version 2.7 (june 76) to 3.0 (jan 77)

bugs fixed

- b2.701 goes illegal if timed out during processing of dump() call.
- b2.702 goes illegal if spitbol error detected in args of code() or eval(). bug fixed so that user now gets a spitbol error report (trappable by setexit) before statement failure.
- b2.703 goes illegal in some circumstances when multiple compilation errors occur in a statement
- b2.704 goes illegal if garbage collector runs out of stack space.
- b2.705 control card processing incorrect for cdc 6400.
- b2.706 incorrect handling of multiple occurrences of chars in replace 2nd and 3rd args.
- b2.707 stack overflow in pre-evaluation of replace in cdc 6400 version.
- b2.708 an explicit call of sysmw was coded in s\$dat instead of the mvw opcode.
- b2.709 call of garbage collector whilst dumping caused havoc.
- b2.710 size restriction on spitbol objects (size must be numerically less than lowest dynamic address) was not enforced, with potential for catastrophe.
- b2.711 deferred expressions involving alternation or negation were incorrectly translated.
- b2.712 listing of a compilation error at the end of a long line could cause compiler to go illegal.
- b2.713 incorrect -nofail code with success goto.

changes

(it is not anticipated that major revisions on this scale will be frequent).

- c2.701 default value of anchor keyword is set to 1. this conflicts with snobol4 practice but is a preferable default for most applications.
- c2.702 if errtype is out of range the string in keyword errtext is printed as the error message.
- c2.703 if stlimit is exceeded, up to 10 more statements may be obeyed to permit setexit trap to gain control.
- c2.704 the concept of an interactive channel is introduced for implementations where an online terminal may be used for spitbol. the standard print file may be specified as interactive in which case shorter title lines are output. alternatively copies of compilation and execution errors only may be sent to this channel
- c2.705 printing of compilation statistics may be suppressed.
- c2.706 printing of execution statistics may be suppressed.
- c2.707 extended or compact listing format may be selected.
- c2.708 an initial -nolist option may be specified before compilation starts.
- c2.709 to specify choices implied by c2.704 to c2.708 syspp interface is revised and syspi is defined.
- c2.710 compilation and execution time statistics messages have been shortened.
- c2.711 the exit function as in sitbol is introduced to permit saving load modules see sysxi, s\$ext.
- c2.712 diagnostic routines sysgb and sysgd have been removed. they were useful in the early debugging days but have fallen into disuse now.
- c2.713 szc may have an operand of type opn instead of type opw
- c2.714 input/output association interface has been revised. sysif, sysof have been consolidated into the new system routine, sysio, and the specification of sysfc has been slightly changed.
- c2.715 configuration parameter mxlen has been withdrawn and the maximum size of a spitbol object which was formerly fixed at spitbol compile time by reference to it may now be specified as a run time option by placing a value in wc before entry to spitbol. (see comment on dynamic area in basic information section).
- c2.716 a function, host, is introduced which yields information about the host machine - see syshs and s\$hst.

documentation revisions

- d2.701 the description of mvc has been revised to reflect the fact that some spitbol code sequences rely on mvc not destroying wb. minor changes have been made to mwb and mvw descriptions to emphasise similarities in the implicit loops of these orders.
- d2.702 descriptions of dvi and rmi have been clarified.
- d2.703 implementation of rsx,lsx,ceq,cge,cgt,chi,clo,clt is optional at present since they are currently unused. their use in later versions is not excluded.
- d2.704 impossibility of using stack for return links of n type procedures is emphasised.
- d2.705 notation (x1),(wc) etc in language description is clarified.
- d2.706 documentation of sysfc, sysio has been improved.
- d2.707 opcode descriptions are cross referenced from the alphabetical opcode list.
- d2.708 general description of compiler has been moved to the start of the compiler proper.
- d2.709 definitions of environment parameters have been put near the front of the definitions section.

minimal—machine independent macro assembly lang.

the following sections describe the implementation language originally developed for spitbol but now more widely used. minimal is an assembly language for an idealized machine. the following describes the basic characteristics of this machine. section 1 - configuration parameters there are several parameters which may vary with the target machine. the macro-program is independent of the actual definitions of these parameters. the definitions of these parameters are supplied by the translation program to match the target machine. number of distinct characters in cfp\$a internal alphabet in the range 64 le cfp\$a le mxlen. cfp\$b number of bytes in a word where a byte is the amount of storage addressed by the least significant address bit. number of characters which can cfp\$c be stored in a single word. cfp\$f byte offset from start of a string block to the first character. depends both on target machine and string data structure. see plc, psc cfp\$i number of words in a signed integer constant cfp\$1 the largest unsigned integer of form 2**n - 1 which can be stored in a single word. n will often be cfp\$n but need not be. cfp\$m the largest positive signed integer of form 2**n - 1 which can be stored in a single word. n will often be cfp\$n-1 but need not be. number of bits which can be stored cfp\$n in a one word bit string. cfp\$r number of words in a real constant cfp\$s number of significant digits to be output in conversion of a real quantity. if .cncr elsethe integer consisting of this number of 9s must not be too large to fit in the integer accum. if .cucf

realistic upper bound on alphabet.

number of digits in real exponent

31

cfp\$u

cfp\$x

section 2 - memory

memory is organized into words which each contain cfp\$b bytes. for word machines cfp\$b, which is a configuration parameter, may be one in which case words and bytes are identical. to each word corresponds an address which is a non-negative quantity which is a multiple of cfp\$b. data is organized into words as follows.

- a signed integer value occupies cfp\$i consecutive words (cfp\$i is a configuration parameter). the range may include more negative numbers than positive (e.g. the twos complement representation).
- 2) a signed real value occupies cfp\$r consecutive words. (cfp\$r is a configuration parameter).
- 3) cfp\$c characters may be stored in a single word (cfp\$c is a configuration parameter).
- 4) a bit string containing cfp\$n bits can be stored in a single word (cfp\$n is a configuration parameter).
- 5) a word can contain a unsigned integer value in the range (0 le n le cfp\$1). these integer values may represent addresses of other words and some of the instructions use this fact to provide indexing and indirection facilities.
- 6) program instructions occupy words in an undefined manner. depending on the actual implementation, instructions may occupy several words, or part of a word, or even be split over word boundaries. the following regions of memory are available to the program. each region consists of a series of words with consecutive addresses.

constant section assembled constants
 working storage section assembled work areas
 program section assembled instructions
 stack area allocated stack area
 data area allocated data area

section 3 - registers

there are three index registers called xr,xl,xs. in addition xl may sometimes be referred to by the alias of xt - see section 4. any of the above registers may hold a positive unsigned integer in the range (0 le n le cfp\$1). when the index register is used for indexing purposes, this must be an appropriate address. xs is special in that it is used to point to the top item of a stack in memory. the stack may build up or down in memory.since it is required that xs points to the stack top but access to items below the top is permitted, registers xs and xt may be used with suitable offsets to index stacked items. only xs and xt may be used for this purpose since the direction of the offset is target machine dependent. xt is a synonym for xl which therefore cannot be used in code sequences referencing xt.

the stack is used for s-r linkage and temporary data storage for which the stack arrangement is suitable. xr,xl can also contain a character pointer in conjunction with the character instructions (see description of plc).

there are three work registers called wa,wb,wc which can contain any data item which can be stored in a single memory word. in fact, the work registers are just like memory locations except that they have no addresses and are referenced in a special way by the instructions. note that registers wa,wb have special uses in connection with the cvd, cvm, mvc, mvw, mwb, cmc, trc instructions. register wc may overlap the integer accumulator (ia) in some implementations. thus any operation changing the value in wc leaves (ia) undefined and vice versa except as noted in the following restriction on simple dump/restore operations.

restriction

if ia and wc overlap then

sti iasav

ldi iasav

does not change wc, and

mov wc,wcsav

mov wcsav,wc

does not change ia.

there is an integer accumulator (ia) which is capable of holding a signed integer value (cfp\$i words long). register wc may overlap the integer accumulator (ia) in some implementations. thus any operation changing the value in wc leaves (ia) undefined and vice versa except as noted in the above restriction on simple dump/restore operations.

there is a single real accumulator (ra) which can hold any real value and is completely separate from any of the other registers or program accessible locations. the code pointer register (cp) is a special index register for use in implementations of interpretors. it is used to contain a pseudo-code pointer and can only be affected by icp, lcp, scp and lcw instructions.

section 4 - the stack

the following notes are to guide both implementors of systems written in minimal and minimal programmers in dealing with stack manipulation. implementation of a downwards building stack is easiest and in general is to be preferred, in which case it is merely necessary to consider xt as an alternative name for xl.

the minimal virtual machine includes a stack and has operand formats -(xs) and (xs)+ for pushing and popping items with an implication that the stack builds down in memory (a d-stack). however on some target machines it is better for the stack to build up (a u-stack).

a stack addressed only by push and pop operations can build in either direction with no complication but such a pure scheme of stack access proves restrictive. hence it is permitted to access buried items using an integer offset past the index register pointing to the stack top. on target machines this offset will be positive/negative for d-stacks/u-stacks and this must be allowed for in the translation.

a further restriction is that at no time may an item be placed above the stack top. for some operations this makes it convenient to advance the stack pointer and then address items below it using a second index register. the problem of signed offsets past such a register then arises. to distinguish stack offsets, which in some implementations may be negative, from non-stack offsets which are invariably positive, xt, an alias or synonym for xl is used. for a u-stack implementation, the minimal translator should negate the sign of offsets applied to both (xs) and (xt).

programmers should note that since xt is not a separate register, xl should not be used in code where xt is referenced. other modifications needed in u-stack translations are in the add, sub, ica, dca opcodes applied to xs, xt. for example

```
minimal
               d-stack trans. u-stack trans.
mov wa,-(xs)
               sbi xs,1
                            adi xs,1
               sto wa,(xs) sto wa,(xs)
mov (xt)+,wc
               lod wc,(x1) lod wc,(x1)
               adi xl,1
                            sbi xl,1
add =seven,xs
               adi xs,7
                            sbi xs,7
               lod wa,2(x1) lod wa,-2(x1)
mov 2(xt),wa
ica xs
                            sbi xs,1
               adi xs,1
```

note that forms such as

mov -(xs),wa

add wa,(xs)+

are illegal, since they assume information storage above the stack top.

```
the internal character set is represented by a set of
contiguous codes from 0 to cfp$a-1. the codes for the
digits 0-9 must be contiguous and in sequence. other
than this, there are no restraints.
the following symbols are automatically defined to have
the value of the corresponding internal character code.
ch$la
                      letter a
ch$1b
                      letter b
ch$1$
                      letter z
ch$d0
                      digit 0
ch$d9
                      digit 9
ch$am
                      ampersand
ch$as
                      asterisk
ch$at
                      at
ch$bb
                      left bracket
ch$bl
                      blank
ch$br
                      vertical bar
ch$cl
                      colon
ch$cm
                      comma
ch$dl
                      dollar sign
ch$dt
                      dot (period)
ch$dq
                      double quote
ch$eq
                      equal sign
ch$ex
                      exclamation mark
ch$mn
                      minus
ch$nm
                      number sign
ch$nt
                      not
ch$pc
                      percent
ch$pl
                      plus
ch$pp
                      left paren
ch$rb
                      right bracket
ch$rp
                      right paren
                      question mark
ch$qu
ch$sl
                      slash
ch$sm
                      semi-colon
ch$sq
                      single quote
ch$un
                      underline
the following optional symbols are incorporated
by defining the conditional assembly symbol named.
26 shifted letters incorporated by defining .casl
ch$$a
                      shifted a
ch$$b
                      shifted b
ch$$$
                      shifted z
ch$ht
                      horizontal tab - define .caht
ch$vt
                      vertical tab - define .cavt
```

up arrow

ch\$ey

section 5 - internal character set

- define .caex

section 6 - conditional assembly features some features of the interpreter are applicable to only certain target machines. they may be incorporated or omitted by use of conditional assembly. the full form of a condition is -

.if $\mbox{conditional assembly symbol}$ (cas) .then

minimal statements1 (ms1)

.else

minimal statements2 (ms2)

.fi

the following rules apply

- the directives .if, .then, .else, .fi must start in column 1.
- 2. the conditional assembly symbol must start with a dot in column 8 followed by 4 letters or digits e.g. .ca\$1
- 3. .then is redundant and may be omitted if wished.
- 4. ms1, ms2 are arbitrary sequences of minimal statements either of which may be null or may contain further conditions.
- 5. if ms2 is omitted, .else may also be omitted.
- 6. .fi is required.
- 7. conditions may be nested to a depth determined by the translator (not less than 20, say).

selection of the alternatives ${\tt ms1}$, ${\tt ms2}$ is by means of the define and undefine directives of form -

.def cas

.undef cas

which obey rules 1. and 2. above and may occur at any point in a minimal program, including within a condition. multiply defining a symbol is an error.

undefining a symbol which is not defined is not an error. the effect is that if a symbol is currently defined, then in any condition depending on it, ms1 will be processed and ms2 omitted. conversely if it is undefined, ms1 will be omitted and ms2 processed.

nesting of conditions is such that conditions in a section not selected for processing must not be evaluated. nested conditions must remember their environment whilst being processed. effectively this implies use of a scheme based on a stack with .if, .fi matching by the condition processor of the translator.

section 7 - operand formats

the following section describes the various possibilities for operands of instructions and assembly operations.

	*	J 1
01	int	unsigned integer le cfp\$1
02	dlbl	symbol defined in definitions sec
03	wlbl	label in working storage section
04	clbl	label in constant section
05	elbl	program section entry label
06	plbl	<pre>program section label (non-entry)</pre>
07	x	one of the three index registers
80	W	one of the three work registers
09	(x)	location indexed by x
10	(X)+	like (x) but post increment x
11	-(x)	like (x) but predecrement x
12	int(x)	location int words beyond addr in x
13	dlbl(x)	location dlbl words past addr in x
14	clbl(x)	location (x) bytes beyond clbl
15	wlbl(x)	location (x) bytes beyond wlbl
16	integer	signed integer (dic)
17	real	signed real (drc)
18	=dlbl	location containing dac dlbl
19	*dlbl	location containing dac cfp\$b*dlbl
20	=wlbl	location containing dac wlbl
21	=clbl	location containing dac clbl
22	=elbl	location containing dac elbl
23	pnam	procedure label (on prc instruc)
24	eqop	operand for equ instruction
25	ptyp	procedure type (see prc)
26	text	arbitrary text (erb,err,ttl)
27	dtext	delimited text string (dtc)
+ho	numbers in the	above list are used in subsequent

the numbers in the above list are used in subsequent description and in some of the minimal translators.

operand formats (continued)
the following special symbols refer to a collection of
the listed possibilities
val 01,02 predefined value
val is used to refer to a predefined one word
integer value in the range 0 le n le cfp\$1.
reg 07,08 register

reg is used to describe an operand which can be any of the registers (x1,xr,xs,xt,wa,wb,wc). such an operand can hold a one word integer (address).

opc 09,10,11 character
opc is used to designate a specific character
operand for use in the lch and sch instructions.
the index register referenced must be either xr or
xl (not xs,xt). see section on character operations.

ops 03,04,09,12,13,14,15 memory reference ops is used to describe an operand which is in memory. the operand may be one or more words long depending on the data type. in the case of multiword operands, the address given is the first word.

opw as for ops + 08,10,11 full word opw is used to refer to an operand whose capacity is that of a full memory word. opw includes all the possibilities for ops (the referenced word is used) plus the use of one of the three work registers (wa, wb, wc). in addition, the formats (x)+ and -(x)allow indexed operations in which the index register is popped by one word after the reference (x)+, or pushed by one word before the reference -(x) these latter two formats provide a facility for manipulation of stacks. the format does not imply a particular direction in which stacks must build it is used for compactness. note that there is a restriction which disallows an instruction to use an index register in one of these formats in some other manner in the same instruction. mov xl,(xl)+is illegal. the formats -(x) and (x)+ may also be used in pre-decrementation, post-incrementation to access the adjacent character of a string.

```
operand formats (continued)
                              one word integer
opn as for opw + 07
    opn is used to represent an operand location which
    can contain a one word integer (e.g. an address).
    this includes all the possibilities for opw plus
    the use of one of the index registers (xl,xr,xt,
    xs). the range of integer values is 0 le n le cfp$1.
opv as for opn + 18-22
                              one word integer value
    opv is used for an operand which can yield a one
    word integer value (e.g. an address). it includes
    all the possibilities for opn (the current value of
    the location is used) plus the use of literals. note
    that although the literal formats are described in
    terms of a reference to a location containing an
    address constant, this location may not actually
    exist in some implementations since only the value
    is required. a restriction is placed on literals
    which may consist only of defined symbols and
    certain labels. consequently small integers to be
    used as literals must be pre-defined, a discipline
    aiding program maintenance and revision.
addr 01,02,03,04,05
    addr is used to describe an explicit address value
     (one word integer value) for use with dac.
    ***************
        in the following descriptions the usage --
           (x1),(xr), ...,(ia)
        in the descriptive text signifies the
        contents of the stated register.
```

the following list includes all instruction and assembly operation mnemonics in alphabetical order. the mnemonics are preceded by a number identifying the following section where the instruction is described. a star (*) is appended to the mnemonic if the last operand may optionally be omitted. see section -15- for details of statement format and comment conventions. add address 2.1 add opv,opn 4.2 adi ops add integer 5.3 adr ops add real 7.1 anb opw,w and bit string 2.17 aov opv,opn,plbl add address, fail if overflow arctangent of real accum 5.16 atn 2.16 bct w,plbl branch and count 2.5 beg opn,opv,plbl branch if address equal 2.18 bev opn,plbl branch if address even 2.8 bge opn,opv,plbl branch if address greater or equl 2.7 bgt opn,opv,plbl branch if address greater 2.12 bhi opn,opv,plbl branch if address high 2.10 ble opn,opv,plbl branch if address less or equal 2.11 blo opn,opv,plbl branch if address low 2.9 blt opn,opv,plbl branch if address less than 2.6 bne opn,opv,plbl branch if address not equal 2.13 bnz opn,plbl branch if address non-zero 2.19 bod opn,plbl branch if address odd branch unconditional 1.2 brn plbl branch indirect 1.7 bri opn 1.3 bsw* x,val,plbl branch on switch value 8.2 btw reg convert bytes to words 2.14 bze opn,plbl branch if address zero 6.6 ceq opw,opw,plbl branch if characters equal 10.1 chk check stack overflow 5.17 chp integer portion of real accum 7.4 cmb w complement bit string 6.8 cmc plbl,plbl compare character strings 6.7 cne opw,opw,plbl branch if characters not equal 6.5 csc x complete store characters 5.18 cos cosine of real accum convert character count to bytes 8.8 ctb w, val 8.7 ctw w, val convert character count to words convert by division 8.10 cvd 8.9 cvm plbl convert by multiplication 11.1 dac addr define address constant 11.5 dbc val define bit string constant 2.4 dca opn decrement address by one word 1.17 dcv opn decrement value by one

11.2 dic integer

section 8 - list of instruction mnemonics

define integer constant

```
alphabetical list of mnemonics (continued)
11.3 drc real
                      define real constant
                       define text (character) constant
11.4 dtc dtext
4.5 dvi ops
                       divide integer
5.6 dvr ops
                       divide real
13.1 ejc
                       eject assembly listing
14.2 end
                       end of assembly
1.13 enp
                       define end of procedure
1.6 ent* val
                     define entry point
12.1 equ eqop
                       define symbolic value
                       assemble error code and branch
1.15 erb int, text
1.14 err int, text
                       assemble error code
1.5 esw
                       end of switch list for bsw
5.19 etx
                       e to the power in the real accum
1.12 exi* int
                     exit from procedure
12.2 exp
                       define external procedure
6.10 flc w
                       fold character to upper case
                       increment address by one word
2.3 ica opn
3.4 icp
                       increment code pointer
1.16 icv opn
                       increment value by one
4.11 ieq plbl
                       jump if integer zero
1.4 iff val,plbl
                       specify branch for bsw
4.12 ige plbl
                       jump if integer non-negative
4.13 igt plbl
                       jump if integer positive
4.14 ile plbl
                       jump if integer negative or zero
4.15 ilt plbl
                       jump if integer negative
4.16 ine plbl
                       jump if integer non-zero
                       jump if no integer overflow
4.9 ino plbl
12.3 inp ptyp,int
                       internal procedure
12.4 inr
                       internal routine
4.10 iov plbl
                       jump if integer overflow
8.5 itr
                       convert integer to real
1.9 jsr pnam
                       call procedure
6.3 lch reg,opc
                       load character
2.15 lct w,opv
                       load counter for loop
3.1 lcp reg
                       load code pointer register
3.3 lcw reg
                       load next code word
4.1 ldi ops
                       load integer
5.1 ldr ops
                      load real
1.8 lei x
                       load entry point id
5.20 lnf
                       natural logorithm of real accum
7.6 lsh w, val
                       left shift bit string
7.8 lsx w, (x)
                       left shift indexed
                       move characterswords backwards
9.4 mcb
8.4 mfi* opn,plbl
                       convert (ia) to address value
4.3 mli ops
                       multiply integer
5.5 mlr
          ops
                       multiply real
1.19 mnz
                       move non-zero
          opn
1.1 mov
          opv,opn
                       move
8.3 mti opn
                       move address value to (ia)
9.1 mvc
                       move characters
9.2 mvw
                       move words
9.3 mwb
                       move words backwards
```

4.8 ngi

negate integer

```
alphabetical list of mnemonics (continued)
5.9 ngr
                      negate real
7.9 nzb w,plbl
                       jump if not all zero bits
7.2 orb opw,w
                       or bit strings
6.1 plc* x,opv
                       prepare to load characters
1.10 ppm* plbl
                       provide procedure exit parameter
1.11 prc ptyp,val
                      define start of procedure
6.2 psc* x,opv
                       prepare to store characters
5.10 req plbl
                       jump if real zero
5.11 rge plbl
                       jump if real positive or zero
5.12 rgt plbl
                      jump if real positive
5.13 rle plbl
                       jump if real negative or zero
5.14 rlt plbl
                       jump if real negative
                       remainder integer
4.6 rmi ops
5.15 rne plbl
                       jump if real non-zero
5.8 rno plbl
                       jump if no real overflow
5.7 rov plbl
                      jump if real overflow
7.5 rsh w,val
                      right shift bit string
7.7 rsx w,(x)
                      right shift indexed
8.6 rti* plbl
                       convert real to integer
1.22 rtn
                       define start of routine
4.4 sbi ops
                       subtract integer
5.4 sbr ops
                       subtract reals
6.4 sch reg,opc
                       store character
3.2 scp reg
                       store code pointer
14.1 sec
                       define start of assembly section
5.21 sin
                       sine of real accum
                       square root of real accum
5.22 sqr
1.20 ssl opw
                       subroutine stack load
1.21 sss opw
                       subroutine stack store
4.7 sti ops
                       store integer
5.2 str ops
                       store real
2.2 sub opv,opn
                       subtract address
5.23 tan
                       tangent of real accum
6.9 trc
                       translate character string
13.2 ttl text
                       supply assembly title
8.1 wtb reg
                       convert words to bytes
7.3 xob opw,w
                       exclusive or bit strings
1.18 zer opn
                       zeroise integer location
                       zeroise garbage bits
7.11 zgb opn
7.10 zrb w,plbl
                       jump if all zero bits
```

section 9 - minimal instructions the following descriptions assume the definitions - zeroe equ 0 unity equ 1 $\,$

- -1- basic instruction set
- 1.1 mov opv,opn move one word value
 mov causes the value of operand opv to be set as
 the new contents of operand location opn. in the
 case where opn is not an index register, any value
 which can normally occupy a memory word (including
 a part of a multiword real or integer value)
 can be transferred using mov. if the target location
 opn is an index register, then opv must specify an
 appropriate one word value or operand containing
 such an appropriate value.
- 1.2 brn plbl unconditional branch brn causes control to be passed to the indicated label in the program section.
- 1.3 bsw x,val,plbl branch on switch value
- 1.4 iff val,plbl provide branch for switch iff val,plbl ...

. . .

1.5 esw end of branch switch table bsw,iff,esw provide a capability for a switched branch similar to a fortran computed goto. the val on the bsw instruction is the maximum number of branches. the value in x ranges from zero up to but not including this maximum. each iff provides a branch. val must be less than that given on the bsw and control goes to plbl if the value in x matches. if the value in x does not correspond to any of the iff entries, then control passes to the plbl on the bsw. this plbl operand may be omitted if there are no values missing from the list. iff and esw may only be used in this context. execution of bsw may destroy the contents of x. the iff entries may be in any order and since a translator may thus need to store and sort them, the comment field is restricted in length (sec 11).

- -1- basic instructions (continued)
- 1.6 ent val define program entry point the symbol appearing in the label field is defined to be a program entry point which can subsequently be used in conjunction with the bri instruction, which provides the only means of entering the code. it is illegal to fall into code identified by an entry point. the entry symbol is assigned an address which need not be a multiple of cfp\$b but which must be in the range 0 le cfp\$1 and the address must not lie within the address range of the allocated data area. furthermore, addresses of successive entry points must be assigned in some ascending sequence so that the address comparison instructions can be used to test the order in which two entry points occur. the symbol val gives an identifying value to the entry point which can be accessed with the lei instruction.

note - subject to the restriction below, val may be omitted if no such identification is needed i.e. if no lei references the entry point. for this case, a translation optimisation is possible in which no memory need be reserved for a null identification which is never to be referenced, but only provided this is done so as not to interfere with the strictly ascending sequence of entry point addresses. to simplify this optimisation for all implementors, the following restriction is observed

val may only be omitted if the entry point is separated from a following entry point by a non-null minimal code sequence.

entry point addresses are accessible only by use of literals (=elbl, section 7) or dac constants (section 8-11.1).

- 1.7 bri opn branch indirect
 opn contains the address of a program entry point
 (see ent). control is passed to the executable
 code starting at the entry point address. opn is
 left unchanged.
- 1.8 lei x load entry point identification x contains the address of an entry point for which an identifying value was given on the the ent line. lei replaces the contents of x by this value.

```
-1- basic instructions (continued)
```

1.9 jsr pnam call procedure pnam

1.10 ppm plbl provide exit parameter

ppm plbl ...

. . .

ppm plbl ...

jsr causes control to be passed to the named procedure. pnam is the label on a prc statement elsewhere in the program section (see prc) or has been defined using an exp instruction. the ppm exit parameters following the call give names of program locations (plbl-s) to which alternative exi returns of the called procedure may pass control. they may optionally be replaced by error returns (see err). the number of exit parameters following a jsr must equal the int in the procedure definition. the operand of ppm may be omitted if the corresponding exi return is certain not to be taken.

1.11 prc ptyp,int define start of procedure
the symbol appearing in the label field is defined
to be the name of a procedure for use with jsr.
a procedure is a contiguous section of instructions
to which control may be passed with a jsr
instruction. this is the only way in which the
instructions in a procedure may be executed. it is
not permitted to fall into a procedure.
all procedures should be named in section 0
inp statements.
int is the number of exit parameters (ppm-s) to

int is the number of exit parameters (ppm-s) to be used in jsr calls.

there are three possibilities for ptyp, each consisting of a single letter as follows.

r recursive

the return point (one or more words) is stored on the stack as though one or more mov \dots ,-(xs) instructions were executed.

-1- basic instructions (continued)

n non-recursive

the return point is to be stored either (1) in a local storage word associated

with the procedure and not directly

available to the program in any other manner or

(2) on a subroutine link stack quite distinct from the minimal stack addressed by xs.

it is an error to use the stack for n-links, since procedure parameters or results may be passed via the stack.

if method (2) is used for links, error exits (erb,err) from a procedure will necessitate link stack resetting. the ssl and sss orders provided for this may be regarded as no-ops for implementations using method (1).

e either

the return point may be stored in either manner according to efficiency requirements of the actual physical machine used for the implementation. note that programming of e type procedures must be independent of the actual implementation. the actual form of the return point is undefined. however, each word stored on the stack for an r-type call must meet the following requirements.

- it can be handled as an address and placed in an index register.
- when used as an operand in an address comparison instruction, it must not appear to lie within the allocated data area.
- 3) it is not required to appear to lie within the program section.

- -1- basic instructions (continued)
- 1.12 exi int exit from procedure
 the ppm and err parameters following a jsr are
 numbered starting from 1. exi int causes control
 to be returned to the int-th such param. exi 1 gives
 control to the plbl of the first ppm after the jsr.
 if int is omitted, control is passed back past the
 last exit parameter (or past the jsr if there are
 none). for r and e type procedures, the
 stack pointer xs must be set to its appropriate
 entry value before executing an exi instruction.
 in this case, exi removes return points from the
 stack if any are stored there so that the stack
 pointer is restored to its calling value.
- 1.13 enp define end of procedure body enp delimits a procedure body and may not actually be executed, hence it must have no label.
- 1.14 err int,text provide error return err may replace an exit parameter (ppm) in any procedure call. the int argument is a unique error code in 0 to 899. the text supplied as the other operand is arbitrary text in the fortran character set and may be used in constructing a file of error messages for documenting purposes or for building a direct access or other file of messages to be used by the error handling code. in the event that an exi attempts to return control via an exit parameter to an err, control is instead passed to the first instruction in the error section (which follows the program section) with the error code in wa.
- 1.15 erb int,text error branch
 this instruction resembles err except that it may
 occur at any point where a branch is permitted.
 it effects a transfer of control to the error
 section with the error code in wa.
- 1.16 icv opn increment value by one
 icv increments the value of the operand by unity.
 it is equivalent to add =unity,opn
- 1.17 dcv opn decrement value by one dcv decrements the value of the operand by unity. it is equivalent to sub =unity,opn

basic instructions (continued)

- 1.18 zer opn zeroise opn zer is equivalent to mov =zeroe,opn
- 1.19 mnz opn move non-zero to opn any non-zero collectable value may used, for which the opcodes bnz/bze will branch/fail to branch.
- 1.20 ssl opw subroutine stack load
- 1.21 sss opw subroutine stack store this pair of operations is provided to make possible the use of a local stack to hold subroutine (s-r) return links for n-type procedures. sss stores the s-r stack pointer in opw and ssl loads the s-r stack pointer from opw. by using sss in the main program or on entry to a procedure which should regain control on occurrence of an err or erb and by use of ssl in the error processing sections the s-r stack pointer can be restored giving a link stack cleaned up ready for resumed execution. the form of the link stack pointer is undefined in minimal (it is likely to be a private register known to the translator) and the only requirement is that it should fit into a single full word. ssl and sss are no-ops if a private link stack is not used.
- 1.22 rtn define start of routine
 a routine is a code chunk used for similar purposes
 to a procedure. however it is entered by any type of
 conditional or unconditional branch (not by jsr). on
 termination it passes control by a branch (often
 bri through a code word) or even permits control
 to drop through to another routine. no return link
 exists and the end of a routine is not marked by
 an explicit opcode (compare enp).
 all routines should be named in section 0
 inr statements.

- -2- operations on one word integer values (addresses)
- 2.1 add opv,opn adds opv to the value in opn and stores the result in opn. undefined if the result exceeds cfp\$1.
- 2.2 sub opv,opn subtracts opv from opn. stores the result in opn. undefined if the result is negative.
- 2.3 ica opn increment address in opn equivalent to add *unity,opn
- 2.4 dca opn decrement address in opn equivalent to sub *unity,opn
- 2.5 beq opn,opv,plbl branch to plbl if opn eq opv
- 2.6 bne opn,opv,plbl branch to plbl if opn ne opv
- 2.7 bgt opn,opv,plbl branch to plbl if opn gt opv
- 2.8 bge opn,opv,plbl branch to plbl if opn ge opv
- 2.9 blt opn,opv,plbl branch to plbl if opn lt opv
- 2.10 ble opn,opv,plbl branch to plbl if opn le opv
- 2.11 blo opn,opv,plbl equivalent to blt or ble
- 2.12 bhi opn,opv,plbl equivalent to bgt or bge the above instructions compare two address values as unsigned integer values.
 - the blo and bhi instructions are used in cases where the equal condition either does not occur or can result either in a branch or no branch. this avoids inefficient translations in some implementations.
- 2.13 bnz opn,plbl equivalent to bne opn,=zeroe,plbl
- 2.14 bze opn,plbl equivalent to beq opn,=zeroe,plbl
- 2.15 lct w,opv load counter for bct
 lct loads a counter value for use with the bct
 instruction. the value in opv is the number of loops
 to be executed. the value in w after this operation
 is an undefined one word integer quantity.
- 2.16 bct w,plbl branch and count
 bct uses the counter value in w to branch the
 required number of times and then finally to fall
 through to the next instruction. bct can only be
 used following an appropriate lct instruction.
 the value in w after execution of bct is undefined.
- 2.17 aov opv,opn,plbl add with carry test
 adds opv to the value in opn and stores result in
 opn. branches to plbl if result exceeds cfp\$l
 with result in opn undefined. cf. add.
- 2.18 bev opn,plbl branch if even
- 2.19 bod opn,plbl branch if odd
 these operations are used only if .cepp or .crpp is
 defined. on some implementations, a more efficient
 implementation is possible by noting that address of
 blocks must always be a multiple of cfp\$b. we call
 such addresses even. thus return address on the
 stack (.crpp) and entry point addresses (.cepp) can
 be distinguished from block addresses if they are
 forced to be odd (not a multiple of cfp\$b).
 bev and bod branch according as operand is even

or odd, respectively.

```
-3- operations on the code pointer register (cp)
    the code pointer register provides a psuedo
    instruction counter for use in an interpretor. it
    may be implemented as a real register or as a
    memory location, but in either case it is separate
    from any other register. the value in the code
    pointer register is always a word address (i.e.
    a one word integer which is a multiple of cfp$b).
```

3.1 lcp reg load code pointer register this instruction causes the code pointer register to be set from

the value in reg which is unchanged

3.2 scp reg store code pointer register this instruction loads the current value in the code pointer register

into reg. (cp) is unchanged.

load next code word 3.3 lcw reg this instruction causes the word pointed to by cp to be loaded into the indicated reg. the value in cp is then incremented by one word.

execution of lcw may destroy xl.

3.4 icp increment cp by one word on machines with more than three index registers, cp can be treated simply as an index register. in this case, the following equivalences apply.

lcp reg is like mov reg,cp scp reg is like mov cp, reg lcw reg is like mov (cp)+,reg

is like ica cp icp

since lcw is allowed to destroy xl, the following implementation using a work location cp\$\$\$ can also be used.

lcp reg mov reg, cp\$\$\$ mov cp\$\$\$,reg scp reg lcw reg mov cp\$\$\$,xl mov (x1)+,regmov x1,cp\$\$\$ icp ica cp\$\$\$

```
-4- operations on signed integer values
                    load integer accumulator from ops
4.1 ldi ops
4.2 adi ops
                     add ops to integer accumulator
4.3 mli ops
                    multiply integer accumulator by ops
4.4 sbi ops
                     subtract ops from int accumulator
4.5 dvi ops
                    divide integer accumulator by ops
4.6 rmi ops
                    set int accum to mod(intacc,ops)
4.7 sti ops
                    store integer accumulator at ops
4.8 ngi
                     negate the value in the integer
                     accumulator (change its sign)
```

the equation satisfied by operands and results of $\mbox{\tt dvi}$ and $\mbox{\tt rmi}$ is

div = dividend in integer accumulator

qot = quotient left in ia by div

ops = the divisor

rem = remainder left in ia by rmi

the sign of the result of dvi is + if (ia) and (ops) have the same sign and is - if they have opposite signs. the sign of (ia) is always used as the sign of the result of rem.

assuming in each case that ia contains the number specified in parentheses and that seven and msevn hold +7 and -7 resp. the algorithm is illustrated below.

(ia = 13)

dvi seven ia = 1 ia = 6rmi seven ia = -1 dvi msevn ia = 6 rmi msevn (ia = -13)dvi seven ia = -1 ia = -6 rmi seven dvi msevn ia = 1 rmi msevn ia = -6 the above instructions operate on a full range of signed integer values. With the exception of ldi and sti, these instructions may cause integer overflow by attempting to produce an undefined or out of range result in which case integer overflow is set, the result in (ia) is undefined and the following instruction must be iov or ino.

particular care may be needed on target machines having distinct overflow and divide by zero conditions.

- 4.9 ino plbl jump to plbl if no integer overflow
- 4.10 iov plbl jump to plbl if integer overflow these instructions can only occur immediately following an instruction which can cause integer overflow (adi, sbi, mli, dvi, rmi, ngi) and test the result of the preceding instruction. iov and ino may not have labels.
- 4.11 ieq plbl jump to plbl if (ia) eq 0
- 4.12 ige plbl jump to plbl if (ia) ge 0
- 4.13 igt plbl jump to plbl if (ia) gt 0
- 4.14 ile plbl jump to plbl if (ia) le 0
- 4.15 ilt plbl jump to plbl if (ia) lt 0
- 4.16 ine plbl jump to plbl if (ia) ne 0

the above conditional jump instructions do not change the contents of the accumulator.

on a ones complement machine, it is permissible to produce negative zero in ia provided these instructions operate correctly with such a value.

```
-5- operations on real values
   \hbox{5.1 ldr ops} \qquad \qquad \hbox{load real accumulator from ops}
   5.2 str ops
                       store real accumulator at ops
   5.3 adr ops
                        add ops to real accumulator
   5.4 sbr ops
                       subtract ops from real accumulator
   5.5 mlr ops
                       multiply real accumulator by ops
                       divide real accumulator by ops
   5.6 dvr ops
        if the result of any of the above operations causes
        underflow, the result yielded is 0.0.
        if the result of any of the above operations is
        undefined or out of range, real overflow is set,
        the contents of (ra) are undefined and the following
        instruction must be either rov or rno.
        particular care may be needed on target machines
        having distinct overflow and divide by zero
        conditions.
   5.7 rov plbl
                         jump to plbl if real overflow
                        jump to plbl if no real overflow
   5.8 rno plbl
        these instructions can only occur immediately
        following an instruction which can cause real
        overflow (adr,sbr,mlr,dvr).
   5.9 ngr
                         negate real accum (change sign)
   5.10 req plbl
                         jump to plbl if (ra) eq 0.0
   5.11 rge plbl
                        jump to plbl if (ra) ge 0.0
   5.12 rgt plbl
                        jump to plbl if (ra) gt 0.0
   5.13 rle plbl
                         jump to plbl if (ra) le 0.0
   5.14 rlt plbl
                         jump to plbl if (ra) lt 0.0
                         jump to plbl if (ra) ne 0.0
   5.15 rne plbl
        the above conditional instructions do not affect
        the value stored in the real accumulator.
        on a ones complement machine, it is permissible to
        produce negative zero in ra provided these
        instructions operate correctly with such a value.
if.cmth
   5.16 atn
                         arctangent of real accum
   5.17 chp
                        integer portion of real accum
   5.18 cos
                       cosine of real accum
   5.19 etx
                       e to the power in the real accum
   5.20 lnf
                        natural logorithm of real accum
   5.21 sin
                        sine of real accum
   5.22 sqr
                         square root of real accum
   5.23 tan
                         tangent of real accum
        the above orders operate upon the real accumulator,
        and replace the contents of the accumulator with the
        if the result of any of the above operations is
        undefined or out of range, real overflow is set,
```

fi

the contents of (ra) are undefined and the following

instruction must be either rov or rno.

-6- operations on character values
character operations employ the concept of a
character pointer which uses either
index register xr or xl (not xs).
a character pointer points to a specific character
in a string of characters stored cfp\$c chars to a
word. the only operations permitted on a character
pointer are lch and sch. in particular, a character
pointer may not even be moved with mov.

restriction 1.

it is important when coding in minimal to ensure that no action occurring between the initial use of plc or psc and the eventual clearing of xl or xr on completion of character operations can initiate a garbage collection. the latter of course could cause the addressed characters to be moved leaving the character pointers pointing to rubbish.

 ${\tt restriction}\ 2.$

a further restriction to be observed in code handling character strings, is that strings built dynamically should be right padded with zero characters to a full word boundary to permit easy hashing and use of ceq or one in testing strings for equality.

- 6.1 plc x,opv prepare ch ptr for lch,cmc,mvc,trc,
- 6.2 psc x,opv prepare char. ptr for sch,mvc,mcb. opv can be omitted if it is zero. the char. initially addressed is determined by the word address in x and the integer offset opv. there is an automatic implied offset of cfp\$f bytes. cfp\$f is used to formally introduce into minimal a value needed in translating these opcodes which, since minimal itself does not prescribe a string structure in detail, depends on the choice of a data structure for strings in the minimal program.

 e.g. if cfp\$b = cfp\$c = 3, cfp\$f = 6, num01 = 1, xl points to a series of 4 words, abc/def/ghi/jkl, then plc xl,=num01 points to h.

- -6- operations on character values (continued)
- 6.3 lch reg,opc load character into reg
- 6.4 sch reg,opc store character from reg
 these operations are defined such that the character
 is right justified in register reg with zero bits to
 the left. after 1ch for example, it is legitimate
 to regard reg as containing the ordinal integer
 corresponding to the character.

 $\ensuremath{\text{opc}}$ is one of the following three possibilities.

- (x) the character pointed to by the character pointer in x. the character pointer is not changed.
- -(x) the character pointer is decremented before accessing the character so that the previous character is referenced.
- 6.5 csc x complete store characters this instruction marks completion of a psc,sch,sch,...,sch sequence initiated by a psc x instruction. no more sch instructions using x should be obeyed until another psc is obeyed. it is provided solely as an efficiency aid on machines without character orders since it permits use of register buffering of chars in sch sequences. where csc is not a no-op, it must observe restriction 2. (e.g. in spitbol, alocs zeroises the last word of a string frame prior to sch sequence being started so csc must not nullify this action.) the following instructions are used to compare two words containing cfp\$c characters. comparisons distinct from beg, bne are provided as on some target machines, the possibility of the sign bit being set may require special action. note that restriction 2 above, eases use of these orders in testing complete strings for equality, since whole word tests are possible.
- 6.6 ceg opw,opw,plbl jump to plbl if opw eg opw
- 6.7 cne opw,opw,plbl jump to plbl if opw ne opw

- -6- operations on character values (continued)
- 6.8 cmc plbl,plbl compare characters cmc is used to compare two character strings. before executing cmc, registers are set up as follows.
 - (x1) character ptr for first string
 - (xr) character pointer for second string
 - (wa) character count (must be .gt. zero)

xl and xr should have been prepared by plc. control passes to first plbl if the first string is lexically less than the second string, and to the second plbl if the first string is lexically greater. control passes to the following instruction if the strings are identical. after executing this instruction, the values of xr and xl are set to zero and the value in (wa) is undefined. arguments to cmc may be complete or partial strings, so making optimisation to use whole word comparisons difficult (dependent in general on shifts and masking).

- 6.9 trc translate characters trc is used to translate a character string using a supplied translation table. before executing trc the registers are set as follows.
 - (x1) char ptr to string to be translated
 - (xr) char ptr to translate table
 - (wa) length of string to be translated xl and xr should have been prepared by plc. the translate table consists of cfp\$a contiguous characters giving the translations of the cfp\$a characters in the alphabet. on completion, (xr) and (xl) are set to zero and (wa) is undefined.
- 6.10 flc w fold character to upper case flc is used only if .culc is defined. the character code value in w is translated to upper case if it corresponds to a lower case character.

- -7- operations on bit string values
- 7.1 anb opw,w and bit string values
- 7.2 orb opw,w or bit string values
- 7.3 xob opw,w exclusive or bit string values in the above operations, the logical connective is applied separately to each of the cfp\$n bits. the result is stored in the second operand location.
- 7.4 cmb w complement all bits in opw
- 7.5 rsh w,val right shift by val bits
- 7.6 lsh w,val left shift by val bits
- 7.7 rsx w,(x) right shift w number of bits in x
- 7.8 lsx w,(x) left shift w number of bits in x the above shifts are logical shifts in which bits shifted out are lost and zero bits supplied as required. the shift count is in the range 0-cfp\$n.
- 7.9 nzb w,plbl jump to plbl if w is not all zero bits.
- 7.10 zrb w,plbl jump to plbl if w is all zero bits
- 7.11 zgb opn zeroise garbage bits

opn contains a bit string representing a word of characters from a string or some function formed from such characters (e.g. as a result of hashing). on a machine where the word size is not a multiple of the character size, some bits in reg may be undefined. this opcode replaces such bits by the zero bit. zgb is a no-op if the word size is a multiple of the character size.

-8- conversion instructions the following instructions provide for conversion between lengths in bytes and lengths in words.

8.1 wtb reg convert reg from words to bytes. that is, multiply by cfp\$b. this is a no-op if cfp\$b is one.

8.2 btw reg convert reg from bytes to words by dividing reg by cfp\$b discarding the fraction. no-op if cfp\$b is one the following instructions provide for conversion of one word integer values (addresses) to and from the full signed integer format.

8.3 mti opn the value of opn (an address) is moved as a positive integer to the integer accumulator.

8.4 mfi opn,plbl the value currently stored in the integer accumulator is moved to opn as an address if it is in the range 0 to cfp\$m inclusive. if the accumulator value is outside this range, then the result in opn is undefined and control is passed to plbl. mfi destroys the value of (ia) whether or not integer overflow is signalled. plbl may be omitted if overflow is impossible.

the following instructions provide for conversion between real values and integer values.

8.5 itr convert integer value in integer accumulator to real and store in real accumulator (may lose precision in some cases)

8.6 rti plbl convert the real value in ra to an integer and place result in ia. conversion is by truncation of the fraction - no rounding occurs. jump to plbl if out of range. (ra) is not changed in either case. plbl may be omitted if overflow is impossible.

- -8- conversion instructions (continued)
 the following instructions provide for computing
 the length of storage required for a text string.
- 8.7 ctw w,val this instruction computes the sum (number of words required to store w characters) + (val). the sum is stored in w. for example, if cfp\$c is 5, and wa contains 32, then ctw wa,2 gives a result of 9 in wa.
- 8.8 ctb w,val ctb is exactly like ctw except that the result is in bytes. it has the same effect as ctw w,val wtb w

the following instructions provide for conversion from integers to and from numeric digit characters for use in numeric conversion routines. they employ negative integer values to allow for proper conversion of numbers which cannot be complemented.

- 8.9 cvm plbl convert by multiplication the integer accumulator, which is zero or negative, is multiplied by 10. wb contains the character code for a digit. the value of this digit is then subtracted from the result. if the result is out of range, then control is passed to plbl with the result in (ia) undefined. execution of cvm leaves the result in (wb) undefined.
- 8.10 cvd convert by division
 the integer accumulator, which is zero or negative,
 is divided by 10. the quotient (zero or negative)
 is replaced in the accumulator. the remainder is
 converted to the character code of a digit and
 placed in wa. for example, an operand of -523 gives
 a quotient of -52 and a remainder in wa of ch\$d3.

```
-9- block move instructions
```

the following instructions are used for transferring data from one area of memory to another in blocks. they can be implemented with the indicated series of other macro-instructions, but more efficient implementations will be possible on most machines.

note that in the equivalent code sequence shown below, a zero value in wa will move at least one item, and may may wrap the counter causing a core dump in some implementations. thus wa should be .gt. O prior to invoking any of these block move instructions.

9.1 mvc move characters

before obeying this order wa,xl,xr should have been set up, the latter two by plc, psc resp.

mvc is equivalent to the sequence

mov wb, dumpb

lct wa,wa

loopc lch wb,(x1)+

sch wb,(xr)+

bct wa,loopc

csc xr

mov dumpb, wb

the character pointers are bumped as indicated and the final value of wa is undefined.

9.2 mvw move words

mvw is equivalent to the sequence

loopw mov (x1)+,(xr)+

dca wa

wa = bytes to move

bnz wa,loopw

note that this implies that the value in wa is the length in bytes which is a multiple of cfp\$b. the initial addresses in xr,xl are word addresses. as indicated, the final xr,xl values point past the new and old regions of memory respectively. the final value of wa is undefined.

wa,xl,xr must be set up before obeying mvw.

9.3 mwb move words backwards

mwb is equivalent to the sequence

loopb mov -(x1),-(xr)

dca wa

wa = bytes to move

bnz wa,loopb

there is a requirement that the initial value in x1 be at least 256 less than the value in xr. this allows an implementation in which chunks of 256 bytes are moved forward (ibm 360, icl 1900). the final value of wa is undefined.

wa,xl,xr must be set up before obeying mwb.

9.4 mcb move characters backwards

mcb is equivalent to the sequence

mov wb, dumpb

lct wa,wa

loopc lch wb,-(x1)

sch wb,-(xr)

bct wa,loopc
csc xr
mov dumpb,wb

there is a requirement that the initial value in x1 be at least 256 less than the value in xr. this allows an implementation in which chunks of 256 bytes are moved forward (ibm 360, icl 1900). the final value of wa is undefined.

wa,xl,xr must be set up before obeying mcb.

-10- operations connected with the stack the stack is an area in memory which is dedicated for use in conjunction with the stack pointer register (xs). as previously described, it is used by the jsr and exi instructions and may be used for storage of any other data as required.

the stack builds either way in memory and an important restriction is that the value in (xs) must be the address of the stack front at all times since some implementations may randomly destroy stack locations beyond (xs).

the starting stack base address is passed in (xs) at the start of execution. during execution it is necessary to make sure that the stack does not overflow. this is achieved by executing the following instruction periodically.

10.1 chk check stack overflow after successfully executing chk, it is permissible to use up to 100 additional words before issuing another chk thus chk need not be issued every time the stack is expanded. in some implementations, the checking may be automatic and chk will have no effect. following the above rule makes sure that the program will operate correctly in implementations with no automatic check. if stack overflow occurs (detected either automatically or by a chk instruction), then control is passed to the stack overflow section (see program form). note that this transfer may take place following any instruction which stores data at a new location on the stack. after stack overflow, stack is arbitrarily popped to give some space in which the error procedure may operate. otherwise a loop of stack overflows may occur.

-11- data generation instructions
the following instructions are used to generate constant
values in the constant section and also to assemble
initial values in the working storage section. they
may not appear except in these two sections.

11.1 dac addr assemble address constant.

generates one word containing the specified one word integer $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1\right) \left(1\right) +\left(1\right) \left(1$

value (address).

11.2 dic integer generates an integer value which

occupies cfp\$i consecutive words. the operand is a digit string with

a required leading sign.

11.3 drc real assembles a real constant which

occupies cfp\$r consecutive words. the operand form must obey the rules for a fortran real constant with the extra requirement that a

leading sign be present.

11.4 dtc dtext define text constant. dtext

is started and ended with any character not contained in the characters to be assembled. the constant occupies consecutive words as dictated by the configuration parameter cfp\$c. any unused chars in the last word are right filled with zeros (i.e. the character whose internal code is zero). the string contains a sequence of letters, digits, blanks and any of the following special characters.

=,\$.(*)/+-

no other characters

may be used in a dtext operand.

11.5 dbc val assemble bit string constant. the

operand is a positive integer value which is interpreted in binary, right justified and left filled with zero bits. thus 5 would imply the bit string value 00...101.

66

-12- symbol definition instructions the following instruction is used to define symbols in the definitions section. it may not be used elsewhere.

12.1 equ eqop define symbol

the symbol which appears in the label field is defined to have the absolute value given by the eqop operand. a given symbol may be defined only once in this manner, and any symbols occuring in eqop must be previously defined.

the following are the possibilities for eqop val the indicated value is used

val+val the sum of the two values is used.

this sum must not exceed $cfp\mbox{m}$

val-val the difference between the two values (must be positive) is used.

this format defines the label by using a value supplied by the minimal translator. values are

required for the

cfp\$x (configuration parameters) e\$xxx (environment parameters)

ch\$xx (character codes).

in order for a translator to handle this format correctly the definitions section must be consulted for details of required symbols as listed at the front of the section. symbol definition instructions (continued) the following instructions may be used to define symbols in the procedure section. they may not be used in any other part of the program.

- 12.2 exp define external procedure exp defines the symbol appearing in the label field to be the name of an external procedure which can be referenced in a subsequent jsr instruction. the coding for the procedure is external to the coding of the source program in this language. the code for external procedures may be referred to collectively as the operating system interface, or more briefly, osint, and will frequently be a separately compiled segment of code loaded with spitbol to produce a complete system.
- 12.3 inp ptyp,int define internal procedure inp defines the symbol appearing in the label field to be the name of an internal procedure and gives its type and number of exit parameters. the label can be referenced in jsr instructions and it must appear labelling a prc instruction in the program section.
- 12.4 inr define internal routine inr defines the symbol appearing in the label field to be the name of an internal routine. the label may be referenced in any type of branch order and it must appear labelling a rtn instruction in the program section.

-13- assembly listing layout instructions 13.1 ejc eject to next page

13.2 ttl text set new assembly title
ttl implies an immediate eject of the
assembly listing to print the new title.
the use of ttl and ejc cards is such that the
program will list neatly if the printer prints
as many as 58 lines per page. in the event that
the printer depth is less than this, or if the
listing contains interspersed lines (such as actual
generated code), then the format may be upset.
lines starting with an asterisk are comment lines
which cause no code to be generated and may occur
freely anywhere in the program. the format for
comment lines is given in section -15-.

-14- program form

the program consists of separate sections separated by sec operations. the sections must appear in the following specified order.

14.1 sec start of procedure section

(procedure section)

sec start of definitions section

(definitions section)

sec start of constant storage section

(constant storage section)

sec start of working storage section

(working storage section)

sec start of program section

(program section)

sec start of stack overflow section

(stack overflow section)

sec start of error section

(error section)

14.2 end end of assembly

section 10 - program form procedure section

the procedure section contains all the exp instructions for externally available procedures and inp,inr opcodes for internal procedures,routines so that a single pass minimal translator has advance knowledge of procedure types when translating calls.

definitions section

the definitions section contains equ instructions which define symbols referenced later on in the program, constant and work sections.

constant storage section

the constant storage section consists entirely of constants assembled with the dac,dic,drc,dtc,dbc assembly operations. these constants can be freely referenced by the program instructions.

working storage section

the working storage section consists entirely of dac,dic,drc,dbc,dtc instructions to define a fixed length work area. the work locations in this area can be directly referenced in program instructions. the area is initialized in accordance with the values assembled in the instructions.

program section

the program section contains program instructions and associated operations (such as prc, enp, ent). control is passed to the first instruction in this section when execution is initiated.

stack overflow section

the stack overflow section contains instructions like the program section. control is passed to the first instruction in this section following the occurrence of stack overflow, see chk instruction.

error section

the error section contains instructions like the program section. control is passed to the first instruction in this section when a procedure exit corresponds to an error parameter (see err) or when an erb opcode is obeyed. the error code must clean up the main stack and cater for the possibility that a subroutine stack may need clean up.

osint

though not part of the minimal source, it is useful to refer to the collection of initialisation and exp routines as osint (operating system interface). errors occurring within osint procedures are usually handled by making an error return. if this is not feasible or appropriate, osint may use the minimal error section to report errors directly by branching to it with a suitable numeric error code in wa.

section 11 - statement format

all labels are exactly five characters long and start with three letters (abcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxy\$) followed by two letters or digits.

the letter z may not be used in minimal symbols but \$ is permitted.

for implementations where \$ may not appear in the target code , a simple substitution of z for \$ may thus be made without risk of producing non-unique symbols.

the letter \boldsymbol{z} is however permitted in opcode mnemonics and in comments.

minimal statements are in a fixed format as follows.

cols 1-5 label if any (else blank)

cols 6-7 always blank

cols 8-10 operation mnemonic

cols 11-12 blanks

cols 13-28 operand field, terminated by a

blank. may occasionally extend past column 28.

cols 30-64 comment. always separated from the

operand field by at least one blank may occasionally start after column 30 if the operand extends past 28. a special exception occurs for the iff instruction, whose comment may be only 20 characters long (30-49).

cols 65 on unused

comment lines have the following format

col 1 asterisk cols 2-7 blank

cols 8-64 arbitrary text, restricted to the

fortran character set.

the fortran character set is a-z 0-9 = \$.(*)-/+

section 12 - program execution execution of the program begins with the first instruction in the program section.

in addition to the fixed length memory regions defined by the assembly, there are two dynamically allocated memory regions as follows.

data area this is an area available to the

program for general storage of data any data value may be stored in this area except instructions. in some implementations, it may be possible to increase the size of this area dynamically by adding words at the top end with a call

to a system procedure.

stack area this region of memory holds

the stack used for subroutine calls and other storage of one word integer values (addresses). this is the stack associated with

index register xs.

the locations and sizes of these areas are specified by the values in the registers at the start of program execution as follows.

(xs) address one past the stack base.

e.g. if xs is 23456, a d-stack will

occupy words 23455,23454,... whereas a u-stack will occupy

23457,23458,...

(xr) address of the first word

in the data area

(x1) address of the last word in the

data area.

(wa) initial stack pointer

(wb,wc,ia,ra,cp) zero

there is no explicit way to terminate the execution of a program. this function is performed by an appropriate system procedure referenced with the sysej instruction.

 ${f spitbol}{
m -}{f basic}$ information

general structure

this program is a translator for a version of the snobol4 programming language. language details are contained in the manual macro spitbol by dewar and mccann, technical report 90, university of leeds 1976.

the implementation is discussed in dewar and mccann, macro spitbol - a snobol4 compiler, software practice and experience, 7, 95-113, 1977.

the language is as implemented by the btl translator (griswold, poage and polonsky, prentice hall, 1971) with the following principal exceptions.

- redefinition of standard system functions and operators is not permitted.
- 2) the value function is not provided.
- 3) access tracing is provided in addition to the other standard trace modes.
- 4) the keyword stfcount is not provided.
- 5) the keyword fullscan is not provided and all pattern matching takes place in fullscan mode (i.e. with no heuristics applied).
- 6) a series of expressions separated by commas may be grouped within parentheses to provide a selection capability. the semantics are that the selection assumes the value of the first expression within it which succeeds as they are evaluated from the left. if no expression succeeds the entire statement fails
- 7) an explicit pattern matching operator is provided. this is the binary query (see gimpel sigplan oct 74)
- 8) the assignment operator is introduced as in the gimpel reference.
- 9) the exit function is provided for generating load modules cf. gimpels sitbol.

the method used in this program is to translate the source code into an internal pseudo-code (see following section). an interpretor is then used to execute this generated pseudo-code. the nature of the snobol4 language is such that the latter task is much more complex than the actual translation phase. accordingly, nearly all the code in the program section is concerned with the actual execution of the snobol4 program.

interpretive code format

the interpretive pseudo-code consists of a series of address pointers. the exact format of the code is described in connection with the cdblk format. the purpose of this section is to give general insight into the interpretive approach involved.

the basic form of the code is related to reverse polish. in other words, the operands precede the operators which are zero address operators. there are some exceptions to these rules, notably the unary not operator and the selection construction which clearly require advance knowledge of the operator involved.

the operands are moved to the top of the main stack and the operators are applied to the top stack entries. like other versions of spitbol, this processor depends on knowing whether operands are required by name or by value and moves the appropriate object to the stack. thus no name/value checks are included in the operator circuits. the actual pointers in the code point to a block whose first word is the address of the interpretor routine to be executed for the code word.

in the case of operators, the pointer is to a word which contains the address of the operator to be executed. in the case of operands such as constants, the pointer is to the operand itself. accordingly, all operands contain a field which points to the routine to load the value of the operand onto the stack. in the case of a variable, there are three such pointers. one to load the value, one to store the value and a third to jump to the label. the handling of failure returns deserves special comment. the location flptr contains the pointer to the location on the main stack which contains the failure return which is in the form of a byte offset in the current code block (cdblk or exblk). when a failure occurs, the stack is popped as indicated by the setting of flptr and control is passed to the appropriate location in the current code block with the stack pointer pointing to the failure offset on the stack and flptr unchanged.

internal data representations

representation of values

a value is represented by a pointer to a block which describes the type and particulars of the data value. in general, a variable is a location containing such a pointer (although in the case of trace associations this is modified, see description of trblk).

the following is a list of possible datatypes showing the type of block used to hold the value. the details of each block format are given later.

datatype	block type
array	arblk or vcblk
code	cdblk
expression	exblk or seblk
integer	icblk
name	nmblk

pattern p0blk or p1blk or p2blk real rcblk

string scblk
table tbblk
program datatype pdblk

representation of variables

during the course of evaluating expressions, it is necessary to generate names of variables (for example on the left side of a binary equals operator). these are not to be confused with objects of datatype name which are in fact values.

from a logical point of view, such names could be simply represented by a pointer to the appropriate value cell. however in the case of arrays and program defined datatypes, this would violate the rule that there must be no pointers into the middle of a block in dynamic store. accordingly, a name is always represented by a base and offset. the base points to the start of the block containing the variable value and the offset is the offset within this block in bytes. thus the address of the actual variable is determined by adding the base and offset values.

the following are the instances of variables represented in this manner.

- natural variable base is ptr to vrblk
 - offset is *vrval
- 2) base is ptr to teblk table element
 - offset is *teval
- 3) array element base is ptr to arblk
 - offset is offset to element
- 4) vector element base is ptr to vcblk
 - offset is offset to element
- 5) base is ptr to pdblk prog def dtp

offset is offset to field value

in addition there are two cases of objects which are like variables but cannot be handled in this manner. these are called pseudo-variables and are represented with a special base pointer as follows= expression variable ptr to evblk (see evblk) ptr to kvblk (see kvblk) keyword variable

pseudo-variables are handled as special cases by the access procedure (acess) and the assignment procedure (asign). see these two procedures for details.

organization of data area

the data area is divided into two regions. static area

the static area builds up from the bottom and contains data areas which are allocated dynamically but are never deleted or moved around. the macro-program itself uses the static area for the following.

- 1) all variable blocks (vrblk).
- 2) the hash table for variable blocks.
- 3) miscellaneous buffers and work areas (see program initialization section).

in addition, the system procedures may use this area for input/output buffers, external functions etc. space in the static region is allocated by calling procedure alost the following global variables define the current location and size of the static area.

statb address of start of static area state address+1 of last word in area.

the minimum size of static is given approximately by
12 + *e\$hnb + *e\$sts + space for alphabet string
and standard print buffer.

dynamic area

the dynamic area is built upwards in memory after the static region. data in this area must all be in standard block formats so that it can be processed by the garbage collector (procedure gbcol). gbcol compacts blocks down in this region as required by space exhaustion and can also move all blocks up to allow for expansion of the static region.

with the exception of tables and arrays, no spitbol object once built in dynamic memory is ever subsequently modified. observing this rule necessitates a copying action during string and pattern concatenation. garbage collection is fundamental to the allocation of space for values. spitbol uses a very efficient garbage collector which insists that pointers into dynamic store should be identifiable without use of bit tables, marker bits etc. to satisfy this requirement, dynamic memory must not start at too low an address and lengths of arrays, tables, strings, code and expression blocks may not exceed the numerical value of the lowest dynamic address.

to avoid either penalizing users with modest requirements or restricting those with greater needs on host systems where dynamic memory is allocated in low addresses, the minimum dynamic address may be specified sufficiently high to permit arbitrarily large spitbol objects to be created (with the possibility in extreme cases of wasting large amounts of memory below the start address). this minimum value is made available in variable mxlen by a system routine, sysmx. alternatively sysmx may indicate that a default may be used in which dynamic is placed at the lowest possible address following static. the following global work cells define the location and length of the dynamic area.

dnamb start of dynamic area
dnamp next available location
dname last available location + 1
dnamb is always higher than state since the alost
procedure maintains some expansion space above state.
*** dnamb must never be permitted to have a value less
than that in mxlen ***

space in the dynamic region is allocated by the alloc procedure. the dynamic region may be used by system procedures provided that all the rules are obeyed. some of the rules are subtle so it is preferable for osint to manage its own memory needs. spitbol procs obey rules to ensure that no action can cause a garbage collection except at such times as contents of xl, xr and the stack are +clean+ (see comment before utility procedures and in gbcol for more detail). note that calls of alost may cause garbage collection (shift of memory to free space). spitbol procs which call

system routines assume that they cannot precipitate collection and this must be respected.

register usage	
(cp)	code pointer register. used to hold a pointer to the current
	location in the interpretive pseudo
(xl,xr)	code (i.e. ptr into a cdblk). general index registers. usually
	used to hold pointers to blocks in dynamic storage. an important
	restriction is that the value in
	xl must be collectable for
	a garbage collect call. a value
	is collectable if it either points
	outside the dynamic area, or if it
	points to the start of a block in
	the dynamic area.
(xs)	stack pointer. used to point to
	the stack front. the stack may
	build up or down and is used
	to stack subroutine return points
	and other recursively saved data.
(xt)	an alternative name for xl during
	its use in accessing stacked items.
(wa,wb,wc)	general work registers. cannot be
	used for indexing, but may hold
<i>(</i> · · · ·	various types of data.
(ia)	used for all signed integer
	arithmetic, both that used by the
	translator and that arising from

(ra)

use of snobol4 arithmetic operators

real accumulator. used for all floating point arithmetic.

in the spitbol translator, the following conditional assembly symbols are referred to. to incorporate the features referred to, the minimal source should be prefaced by suitable conditional assembly symbol definitions.

in all cases it is permissible to default the definitions in which case the additional features will be omitted from the target code.

.caex	define to allow up a	rrow for expon.
.caht	define to include ho	rizontal tab
.casl	define to include 26	shifted lettrs
.cavt	define to include ve	rtical tab
.cbyt	define for statistic	s in bytes
.ccmc	define to include sy	scm function
.ccmk	define to include co	mpare keyword
.cepp	define if entrys hav	e odd parity
.cera	define to include sy	sea function
.cexp	define if spitbol po	ps sysex args
.cgbc	define to include sy	sgc function
.cicc	define to ignore bad	control cards
.cinc	define to add -inclu	de control card
.ciod	define to not use de	fault delimiter
	in processing 3rd	arg of input()
	<pre>and output()</pre>	
.cmth	define to include ma	th functions
.cnbf	define to omit buffe	r extension
.cnbt	define to omit batch	initialisation
.cnci	define to enable sys	ci routine
.cncr	define to enable sys	cr routine
.cnex	define to omit exit() code.
.cnld	define to omit load() code.
.cnlf	define to add file t	<pre>ype for load()</pre>
.cnpf	define to omit profi	le stuff
.cnra	define to omit all r	eal arithmetic
.cnsc	define to no numeric	-string compare
.cnsr	define to omit sort,	
.cpol	define if interface	polling desired
.crel	define to include re	loc routines
.crpp	define if returns ha	ve odd parity
.cs16	define to initialize	stlim to 32767
.cs32	define to init stlim	to 2147483647
	omit to take default	of 50000
.csax	define if sysax is t	o be called
.csed	define to use sedime	nt in gbcol
.csfn	define to track sour	ce file names
.csln	define if line numbe	r in code block
.csn5	define to pad stmt n	
.csn6	define to pad stmt n	
.csn8	define to pad stmt n	
.csou	define if output, te	rminal to sysou
.ctet	define to table entr	y trace wanted

.ctmd	define if systm unit is decisecond
.cucf	define to include cfp\$u
.cuej	define to suppress needless ejects
.culk	define to include &l/ucase keywords
.culc	define to include &case (lc names)
	if cucl defined, must support
	minimal op flc wreg that folds
	argument to upper case
.cust	define to include set() code
	conditional options
	since .undef not allowed if symbol
	not defined, a full comment line
	indicates symbol initially not
	defined.
.def .ca	define to allow up arrow for expon
.def .ca	define to include horizontal tab
.def .ca	define to include 26 shifted lettrs
.def .ca	define to include vertical tab
.cbyt	define for statistics in bytes
.ccmc	define to include syscm function
.ccmk	define to include compare keyword
.cepp	define if entrys have odd parity
.cera	define to include sysea function
.cexp	define if spitbol pops sysex args
.def .cg	define to include sysgc function
.cicc	define to ignore bad control cards
.cinc	define to add -include control card
.def .ci	define to not use default delimiter
7402 761	in processing 3rd arg of input()
	and output()
.cmth	define to include math functions
.def .cn	define to omit buffer extension
.def .cn	define to omit batch initialisation
.cnci	define to enable sysci routine
.cncr	define to enable syscr routine
.cnex	define to omit exit() code.
.def .cn	define to omit load() code.
.cnlf	define to add file type to load()
.cnpf	define to omit profile stuff
.cnra	define to omit all real arithmetic
.cnsc	define if no numeric-string compare
.cnsr	define to omit sort, rsort
.cpol	define if interface polling desired
.crel	define to include reloc routines
.crpp	define if returns have odd parity
.cs16	define to initialize stlim to 32767
.cs32	define to init stlim to 2147483647
.def .cs	define if sysax is to be called
.csed	define to use sediment in gbcol
.csfn	define to track source file names
.csln	define if line number in code block
.csn5	define to pad stmt nos to 5 chars
.csn6	define to pad stmt nos to 6 chars
	<u> </u>

```
define to pad stmt nos to 8 chars
.def
         .cs
                               define if output, terminal to sysou
    .csou
                                            define to table entry trace wanted
.def
         .ct
    .\,\mathtt{ctmd}
                               define if systm unit is decisecond
                                            define to include cfp$u
.def
         .cu
                                            define to suppress needless ejects
.def
         \cdot cu
                                            define to include &l/ucase keywords
.def
         .cu
                                            define to include &case (lc names)
.def
         \cdot cu
                                            define to include set() code
.def
         .cu
    force definition of .ccmk if .ccmc is defined
if .ccmc
.def
         \cdot cc
fi
```

spitbol–procedures section

this section starts with descriptions of the operating system dependent procedures which are used by the spitbol translator. all such procedures have five letter names beginning with sys. they are listed in alphabetical order.

all procedures have a specification consisting of a model call, preceded by a possibly empty list of register contents giving parameters available to the procedure and followed by a possibly empty list of register contents required on return from the call or which may have had their contents destroyed. only those registers explicitly mentioned in the list after the call may have their values changed.

the segment of code providing the external procedures is conveniently referred to as osint (operating system interface). the sysxx procedures it contains provide facilities not usually available as primitives in assembly languages. for particular target machines, implementors may choose for some minimal opcodes which do not have reasonably direct translations, to use calls of additional procedures which they provide in osint. e.g. mwb or trc might be translated as jsr sysmb, jsr systc in some implementations.

in the descriptions, reference is made to --blk formats (-- = a pair of letters). see the spitbol definitions section for detailed descriptions of all such block formats except fcblk for which sysfc should be consulted.

section 0 contains inp,inr specifications of internal procedures, routines. this gives a single pass translator information making it easy to generate alternative calls in the translation of jsr-s for procedures of different types if this proves necessary.

 \mathbf{sec}

start of procedures section

 $if.\mathbf{csax}$

```
sysax -- after execution

sysax exp define external entry point

if the conditional assembly symbol .csax is defined,

this routine is called immediately after execution and

before printing of execution statistics or dump output.

purpose of call is for implementor to determine and

if the call is not required it will be omitted if .csax

is undefined. in this case sysax need not be coded.

jsr sysax call after execution

else

fi
```

```
if.cbsp
    sysbs -- backspace file
```

sysbs exp define external entry point

sysbs is used to implement the snobol4 function backspace if the conditional assembly symbol .cbsp is defined. the meaning is system dependent. in general, backspace repositions the file one record closer to the beginning of file, such that a subsequent read or write will operate on the previous record.

(wa) ptr to fcblk or zero

(xr) backspace argument (scblk ptr)

jsr sysbs call to backspace

ppm loc return here if i/o error

(wa,wb) destroyed

the second error return is used for files for which backspace is not permitted. for example, it may be expected files on character devices are in this category.

```
sysbx -- before execution

sysbx exp define external entry point

called after initial spitbol compilation and before

commencing execution in case osint needs

to assign files or perform other necessary services.

osint may also choose to send a message to online

terminal (if any) indicating that execution is starting.

jsr sysbx call before execution starts
```

if.cnci
 sysci -- convert integer
sysci exp

sysci is an optional osint routine that causes spitbol to call sysci to convert integer values to strings, rather than using the internal spitbol conversion code. this code may be less efficient on machines with hardware conversion instructions and in such cases, it may be an advantage to include sysci. the symbol .cnci must be defined if this routine is to be used.

the rules for converting integers to strings are that positive values are represented without any sign, and there are never any leading blanks or zeros, except in the case of zero itself which is represented as a single zero digit. negative numbers are represented with a preceeding minus sign. there are never any trailing blanks, and conversion cannot fail.

(ia) value to be converted

jsr sysci call to convert integer value

(x1) pointer to pseudo-scblk with string

```
fi
if.\mathbf{ccmc}
    syscm -- general string comparison function
\operatorname{\mathtt{syscm}} = \operatorname{\mathbf{exp}}
                                         define external entry point
    provides string comparison determined by interface.
    used for international string comparison.
    (xr)
                             character pointer for first string
    (x1)
                             character pointer for second string
    (wb)
                             character count of first string
    (wa)
                             character count of second string
    jsr syscm
                             call to syscm function
    ppm loc
                             string too long for syscm
    ppm loc
                            first string lexically gt second
    ppm loc
                             first string lexically lt second
                             strings equal
    (x1)
                             zero
    (xr)
                             destroyed
```

```
fi
if .cnra
else
if .cncr
    syscr -- convert real
syscr exp
```

syscr is an optional osint routine that causes spitbol to call syscr to convert real values to strings, rather than using the internal spitbol conversion code. this code may be desired on machines where the integer size is too small to allow production of a sufficient number of significant digits. the symbol .cncr must be defined if this routine is to be used.

the rules for converting reals to strings are that positive values are represented without any sign, and there are never any leading blanks or zeros, except in the case of zero itself which is represented as a single zero digit. negative numbers are represented with a preceeding minus sign. there are never any trailing blanks, or trailing zeros in the fractional part. conversion cannot fail.

	- ·
(ra)	value to be converted
(wa)	no. of significant digits desired
(wb)	conversion type:
	negative for e-type conversion
	zero for g-type conversion
	positive for f-type conversion
(wc)	character positions in result scblk
(xr)	scblk for result
jsr syscr	call to convert real value
(xr)	result scblk
(wa)	number of result characters

```
sysdt -- get current date
                                     define external entry point
sysdt exp
   sysdt is used to obtain the current date. the date is
   returned as a character string in any format appropriate
    to the operating system in use. it may also contain the
   current time of day. sysdt is used to implement the
    snobol4 function date().
    (xr)
                          parameter n of call date(n)
    jsr sysdt
                          call to get date
    (x1)
                          pointer to block containing date
    the format of the block is like an scblk except that
    the first word need not be set. the result is copied
    into spitbol dynamic memory on return.
if .cera
```

```
sysea -- inform osint of compilation and runtime errors
                                      define external entry point
sysea exp
   provides means for interface to take special actions on
    errors
    (wa)
                          error code
    (wb)
                          line number
    (wc)
                          column number
    (xr)
                          system stage
if.\mathbf{csfn}
    (x1)
                          file name (scblk)
fi
    jsr sysea
                          call to sysea function
    ppm loc
                          suppress printing of error message
                          message to print (scblk) or 0
    (xr)
    sysea may not return if interface chooses to retain
    control. closing files via the fcb chain will be the
    responsibility of the interface.
    all registers preserved
fi
```

```
sysef -- eject file
\operatorname{sysef} = \exp
                                     define external entry point
   sysef is used to write a page eject to a named file. it
   may only be used for files where this concept makes
    sense. note that sysef is not normally used for the
    standard output file (see sysep).
    (wa)
                          ptr to fcblk or zero
    (xr)
                         eject argument (scblk ptr)
                       call to eject file
   jsr sysef
   ppm loc
                        return here if file does not exist
   ppm loc
                        return here if inappropriate file
                       return here if i/o error
   ppm loc
```

sysej -- end of job

sysej exp define external entry point

sysej is called once at the end of execution to terminate the run. the significance of the abend and code values is system dependent. in general, the code value should be made available for testing, and the abend value should cause some post-mortem action such as a dump. note that sysej does not return to its caller. see sysxi for details of fcblk chain

(wa) value of abend keyword
(wb) value of code keyword

(x1) o or ptr to head of fcblk chain

jsr sysej call to end job

the following special values are used as codes in (wb)

999 execution suppressed

998 standard output file full or unavailable in a sysxi load module. in these cases (wa) contains the number of the statement causing premature termination.

sysem -- get error message text

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{sysem} & \text{exp} & \text{define external entry point} \\ & \text{sysem is used to obtain the text of err, erb calls in the} \end{array}$

source program given the error code number. it is allowed to return a null string if this facility is unavailable.

(wa)error code numberjsr sysemcall to get text(xr)text of message

the returned value is a pointer to a block in scblk format except that the first word need not be set. the string is copied into dynamic memory on return.

if the null string is returned either because sysem does not provide error message texts or because wa is out of range, spitbol will print the string stored in errtext keyword. sysen -- endfile

sysen exp define external entry point

sysen is used to implement the snobol4 function endfile. the meaning is system dependent. in general, endfile implies that no further i/o operations will be performed, but does not guarantee this to be the case. the file should be closed after the call, a subsequent read or write may reopen the file at the start or it may be necessary to reopen the file via sysio.

(wa) ptr to fcblk or zero

(xr) endfile argument (scblk ptr)

jsr sysen call to endfile

ppm loc return here if i/o error

(wa,wb) destroyed

the second error return is used for files for which endfile is not permitted. for example, it may be expected that the standard input and output files are in this category. sysep -- eject printer page
sysep exp define external entry point
sysep is called to perform a page eject on the standard
printer output file (corresponding to syspr output).
jsr sysep call to eject printer output

```
sysex -- call external function
sysex exp
                                      define external entry point
   sysex is called to pass control to an external function
   previously loaded with a call to sysld.
    (xs)
                          pointer to arguments on stack
   (x1)
                          pointer to control block (efblk)
                          number of arguments on stack
    (wa)
   jsr sysex
                          call to pass control to function
   ppm loc
                          return here if function call fails
   ppm loc
                         return here if insufficient memory
   ppm loc
                          return here if bad argument type
if.\mathbf{cexp}
else
   (xs)
                          popped past arguments
fi
    (xr)
                          result returned
   the arguments are stored on the stack with
   the last argument at O(xs). on return, xs
   is popped past the arguments.
   the form of the arguments as passed is that used in the
   spitbol translator (see definitions and data structures
   section). the control block format is also described
```

there are two ways of returning a result.

(under efblk) in this section.

- 1) return a pointer to a block in dynamic storage. this block must be in exactly correct format, including the first word. only functions written with intimate knowledge of the system will return in this way.
- 2) string, integer and real results may be returned by pointing to a pseudo-block outside dynamic memory. this block is in icblk, rcblk or scblk format except that the first word will be overwritten by a type word on return and so need not be correctly set. such a result is copied into main storage before proceeding. unconverted results may similarly be returned in a pseudo-block which is in correct format including type word recognisable by garbage collector since block is copied into dynamic memory.

```
sysfc -- file control block routine
                                     define external entry point
sysfc exp
   see also sysio
   input and output have 3 arguments referred to as shown
         input(variable name,file arg1,file arg2)
         output(variable name,file arg1,file arg2)
   file arg1 may be an integer or string used to identify
   an i/o channel. it is converted to a string for checking.
   the exact significance of file arg2
   is not rigorously prescribed but to improve portability,
   the scheme described in the spitbol user manual
   should be adopted when possible. the preferred form is
   a string $f$,r$r$,c$c$,i$i$,...,z$z$ where
   $f$ is an optional file name which is placed first.
    remaining items may be omitted or included in any order.
   $r$ is maximum record length
   $c$ is a carriage control character or character string
   $i$ is some form of channel identification used in the
      absence of $f$ to associate the variable
      with a file allocated dynamically by jcl commands at
      spitbol load time.
    ,...,z$z$ are additional fields.
   if , (comma) cannot be used as a delimiter, .ciod
   should be defined to introduce by conditional assembly
   another delimiter (see
     iodel equ *
   early in definitions section).
   sysfc is called when a variable is input or output
   associated to check file arg1 and file arg2 and
   to report whether an fcblk (file control
   block) is necessary and if so what size it should be.
   this makes it possible for spitbol rather than osint to
   allocate such a block in dynamic memory if required
   or alternatively in static memory.
   the significance of an fcblk, if one is requested, is
   entirely up to the system interface. the only restriction
   is that if the fcblk should appear to lie in dynamic
   memory, pointers to it should be proper pointers to
   the start of a recognisable and garbage collectable
   block (this condition will be met if sysfc requests
   spitbol to provide an fcblk).
   an option is provided for osint to return a pointer in
   xl to an fcblk which it privately allocated. this ptr
   will be made available when i/o occurs later.
   private fcblks may have arbitrary contents and spitbol
   stores nothing in them.
```

the requested size for an fcblk in dynamic memory should allow a 2 word overhead for block type and length fields. information subsequently stored in the remaining words may be arbitrary if an xnblk (external non-relocatable block) is requested. if the request is for an xrblk (external relocatable block) the contents of words should be collectable (i.e. any apparent pointers into dynamic should be genuine block pointers). these restrictions do not apply if an fcblk is allocated outside dynamic or is not allocated at all. if an fcblk is requested, its fields will be initialised to zero before entry to sysio with the exception of words 0 and 1 in which the block type and length fields are placed for fcblks in dynamic memory only. for the possible use of sysej and sysxi, if fcblks are used, a chain is built so that they may all be found - see sysxi for details.

if both file arg1 and file arg2 are null, calls of sysfc and sysio are omitted.

if file arg1 is null (standard input/output file), sysfc is called to check non-null file arg2 but any request for an fcblk will be ignored, since spitbol handles the standard files specially and cannot readily keep fcblk pointers for them.

filearg1 is type checked by spitbol so further checking may be unneccessary in many implementations. file arg2 is passed so that sysfc may analyse and check it. however to assist in this, spitbol also passes on the stack the components of this argument with file name, \$f\$ (otherwise null) extracted and stacked first.

the other fields, if any, are extracted as substrings, pointers to them are stacked and a count of all items stacked is placed in wc. if an fcblk was earlier allocated and pointed to via file arg1, sysfc is also passed a pointer to this fcblk.

```
(x1)
                          file arg1 scblk ptr (2nd arg)
   (xr)
                          filearg2 (3rd arg) or null
                          scblks for $f$,$r$,$c$,...
   -(xs)...-(xs)
                          no. of stacked scblks above
   (wc)
                          existing file arg1 fcblk ptr or 0
   (wa)
   (wb)
                          0/3 for input/output assocn
   jsr sysfc
                          call to check need for fcblk
                          invalid file argument
   ppm loc
   ppm loc
                          fcblk already in use
   (xs)
                          popped (wc) times
   (wa non zero)
                          byte size of requested fcblk
   (wa=0,xl non zero)
                          private fcblk ptr in xl
   (wa=xl=0)
                          no fcblk wanted, no private fcblk
    (wc)
                          0/1/2 request alloc of xrblk/xnblk
                          /static block for use as fcblk
   (wb)
                          destroyed
if .cgbc
```

```
sysgc -- inform interface of garbage collections

sysgc exp define external entry point

provides means for interface to take special actions

prior to and after a garbage collection.

possible usages-

1. provide visible screen icon of garbage collection

in progress
```

- inform virtual memory manager to ignore page access patterns during garbage collection. such accesses typically destroy the page working set accumulated by the program.
- 3. inform virtual memory manager that contents of memory freed by garbage collection can be discarded.

```
(xr) non-zero if beginning gc
=0 if completing gc
(wa) dnamb=start of dynamic area
(wb) dnamp=next available location
(wc) dname=last available location + 1
jsr sysgc call to sysgc function
all registers preserved

fi
```

```
syshs -- give access to host computer features syshs \exp define external entry point
```

provides means for implementing special features on different host computers. the only defined entry is that where all arguments are null in which case syshs returns an scblk containing name of computer, name of operating system and name of site separated by colons. the scblk need not have a correct first field as this is supplied on copying string to dynamic memory. spitbol does no argument checking but does provide a single error return for arguments checked as erroneous by osint. it also provides a single execution error return. if these are inadequate, use may be made of the minimal error section direct as described in minimal documentation, section 10.

several non-error returns are provided. the first corresponds to the defined entry or, for implementation defined entries, any string may be returned. the others permit respectively, return a null result, return with a result to be stacked which is pointed at by xr, and a return causing spitbol statement failure. if a returned result is in dynamic memory it must obey garbage collector rules. the only results copied on return are strings returned via ppm loc3 return.

(wa)		argument 1
(x1)		argument 2
(xr)		argument 3
(wb)		argument 4
(wc)		argument 5
jsr	syshs	call to get host information
ppm	loc1	erroneous arg
ppm	loc2	execution error
ppm	loc3	scblk ptr in xl or 0 if unavailable
ppm	loc4	return a null result
ppm	loc5	return result in xr
ppm	loc6	cause statement failure
ppm	loc7	return string at xl, length wa
ppm	loc8	return copy of result in xr

sysid -- return system identification

sysid exp

define external entry point

this routine should return strings to head the standard printer output. the first string will be appended to a heading line of the form

macro spitbol version v.v

supplied by spitbol itself. v.v are digits giving the major version number and generally at least a minor version number relating to osint should be supplied to give say

macro spitbol version v.v(m.m)

the second string should identify at least the machine and operating system. preferably it should include the date and time of the run.

optionally the strings may include site name of the the implementor and/or machine on which run takes place, unique site or copy number and other information as appropriate without making it so long as to be a nuisance to users.

the first words of the scblks pointed at need not be correctly set.

jsr sysid call for system identification
(xr) scblk ptr for addition to header
(xl) scblk ptr for second header

if .cinc

sysif -- switch to new include file

sysif exp

define external entry point

sysif is used for include file processing, both to inform the interface when a new include file is desired, and when the end of file of an include file has been reached and it is desired to return to reading from the previous nested file.

it is the responsibility of sysif to remember the file access path to the present input file before switching to the new include file.

(x1) ptr to scblk or zero

(xr) ptr to vacant scblk of length cswin

(xr not used if xl is zero)

jsr sysif call to change files
ppm loc unable to open file

(xr) scblk with full path name of file (xr not used if input xl is zero)

register xl points to an scblk containing the name of the include file to which the interface should switch. data is fetched from the file upon the next call to sysrd. sysif may have the ability to search multiple libraries for the include file named in (xl). it is therefore required that the full path name of the file where the file was finally located be returned in (xr). it is this name that is recorded along with the source statements, and will accompany subsequent error messages. register xl is zero to mark conclusion of use of an include file.

```
fi
   sysil -- get input record length
                                     define external entry point
sysil exp
    sysil is used to get the length of the next input record
    from a file previously input associated with a sysio
   call. the length returned is used to establish a buffer
   for a subsequent sysin call. sysil also indicates to the
    caller if this is a binary or text file.
                          ptr to fcblk or zero
    (wa)
    jsr sysil
                          call to get record length
    (wa)
                          length or zero if file closed
    (wc)
                          zero if binary, non-zero if text
   no harm is done if the value returned is too long since
   unused space will be reclaimed after the sysin call.
   note that it is the sysil call (not the sysio call) which
    causes the file to be opened as required for the first
    record input from the file.
```

```
sysin -- read input record
```

sysin exp define external entry point sysin is used to read a record from the file which was referenced in a prior call to sysil (i.e. these calls always occur in pairs). the buffer provided is an scblk for a string of length set from the sysil call. if the actual length read is less than this, the length field of the scblk must be modified before returning unless buffer is right padded with zeroes. it is also permissible to take any of the alternative

it is also permissible to take any of the alternative returns after scblk length has been modified.

(wa) ptr to fcblk or zero
(xr) pointer to buffer (scblk ptr)

jsr sysin call to read record
ppm loc endfile or no i/p file after sysxi

ppm loc return here if i/o error

ppm loc return here if record format error

(wa,wb,wc) destroyed

```
sysio -- input/output file association
                                     define external entry point
sysio exp
   see also sysfc.
   sysio is called in response to a snobol4 input or output
   function call except when file arg1 and file arg2
   are both null.
   its call always follows immediately after a call
   of sysfc. if sysfc requested allocation
   of an fcblk, its address will be in wa.
   for input files, non-zero values of $r$ should be
   copied to wc for use in allocating input buffers. if $r$
   is defaulted or not implemented, wc should be zeroised.
   once a file has been opened, subsequent input(),output()
   calls in which the second argument is identical with that
   in a previous call, merely associate the additional
   variable name (first argument) to the file and do not
   result in re-opening the file.
   in subsequent associated accesses to the file a pointer
   to any fcblk allocated will be made available.
                         file arg1 scblk ptr (2nd arg)
   (xr)
                         file arg2 scblk ptr (3rd arg)
   (wa)
                         fcblk ptr (0 if none)
                         0 for input, 3 for output
   (wb)
                         call to associate file
   jsr sysio
                         return here if file does not exist
   ppm loc
   ppm loc
                        return if input/output not allowed
                         fcblk pointer (0 if none)
   (x1)
   (wc)
                          O (for default) or max record lngth
   (wa,wb)
                          destroyed
   the second error return is used if the file named exists
   but input/output from the file is not allowed. for
   example, the standard output file may be in this category
   as regards input association.
```

sysld -- load external function sysld exp define external entry point sysld is called in response to the use of the snobol4 load function. the named function is loaded (whatever this means), and a pointer is returned. the pointer will be used on subsequent calls to the function (see sysex). (xr) pointer to function name (scblk) (x1) pointer to library name (scblk) jsr sysld call to load function return here if func does not exist ppm loc ppm loc return here if i/o error return here if insufficient memory ppm loc (xr) pointer to loaded code the significance of the pointer returned is up to the system interface routine. the only restriction is that if the pointer is within dynamic storage, it must be

a proper block pointer.

sysmm -- get more memory

sysmm exp

define external entry point

sysmm is called in an attempt to allocate more dynamic memory. this memory must be allocated contiguously with the current dynamic data area.

the amount allocated is up to the system to decide. any value is acceptable including zero if allocation is impossible.

jsr sysmm call to get more memory

(xr) number of additional words obtained

sysmx -- supply mxlen

sysmx exp

define external entry point

because of the method of garbage collection, no spitbol object is allowed to occupy more bytes of memory than the integer giving the lowest address of dynamic (garbage collectable) memory. mxlen is the name used to refer to this maximum length of an object and for most users of most implementations, provided dynamic memory starts at an address of at least a few thousand words, there is no problem.

if the default starting address is less than say 10000 or 20000, then a load time option should be provided where a user can request that he be able to create larger objects. this routine informs spitbol of this request if any. the value returned is either an integer representing the desired value of mxlen (and hence the minimum dynamic store address which may result in non-use of some store) or zero if a default is acceptable in which mxlen is set to the lowest address allocated to dynamic store before compilation starts.

if a non-zero value is returned, this is used for keyword maxlngth. otherwise the initial low address of dynamic memory is used for this keyword.

jsr sysmx

call to get mxlen

(wa)

either mxlen or 0 for default

```
sysou -- output record
                                      define external entry point
sysou exp
    sysou is used to write a record to a file previously
    associated with a sysio call.
                          ptr to fcblk
if.\mathbf{csou}
                          or 0 for terminal or 1 for output
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
                         record to be written (scblk)
    (xr)
else
                         record to write (bcblk or scblk)
    (xr)
fi
                         call to output record
    jsr sysou
   ppm loc
                          file full or no file after sysxi
   ppm loc
                          return here if i/o error
    (wa,wb,wc)
                          destroyed
   note that it is the sysou call (not the sysio call) which
    causes the file to be opened as required for the first
    record output to the file.
```

```
syspi -- print on interactive channel
                                     define external entry point
syspi exp
    if spitbol is run from an online terminal, osint can
    request that messages such as copies of compilation
    errors be sent to the terminal (see syspp). if relevant
    reply was made by syspp then syspi is called to send such
   messages to the interactive channel.
    syspi is also used for sending output to the terminal
    through the special variable name, terminal.
    (xr)
                         ptr to line buffer (scblk)
    (wa)
                         line length
                         call to print line
    jsr syspi
   ppm loc
                         failure return
    (wa,wb)
                         destroyed
if .cpol
```

```
syspl -- provide interactive control of spitbol
                                     define external entry point
syspl exp
   provides means for interface to take special actions,
    such as interrupting execution, breakpointing, stepping,
    and expression evaluation. these last three options are
   not presently implemented by the code calling syspl.
    (wa)
                          opcode as follows-
                          =0 poll to allow osint to interrupt
                          =1 breakpoint hit
                          =2 completion of statement stepping
                          =3 expression evaluation result
    (wb)
                          statement number
    r$fcb
                          o or ptr to head of fcblk chain
                          call to syspl function
    jsr syspl
   ppm loc
                          user interruption
    ppm loc
                         step one statement
   ppm loc
                         evaluate expression
                         resume execution
                          (wa) = new polling interval
fi
```

syspp -- obtain print parameters

syspp exp define external entry point syspp is called once during compilation to obtain parameters required for correct printed output format and to select other options. it may also be called again after sysxi when a load module is resumed. in this case the value returned in wa may be less than or equal to that returned in initial call but may not be greater.

the information returned is -

- 1. line length in chars for standard print file
- 2. no of lines/page. 0 is preferable for a non-paged device (e.g. online terminal) in which case listing page throws are suppressed and page headers resulting from -title,-stitl lines are kept short.
- 3. an initial -nolist option to suppress listing unless the program contains an explicit -list.
- options to suppress listing of compilation and/or execution stats (useful for established programs) combined with 3. gives possibility of listing file never being opened.
- 5. option to have copies of errors sent to an interactive channel in addition to standard printer.
- 6. option to keep page headers short (e.g. if listing to an online terminal).
- 7. an option to choose extended or compact listing format. in the former a page eject and in the latter a few line feeds precede the printing of each of-- listing, compilation statistics, execution output and execution statistics.
- an option to suppress execution as though a -noexecute card were supplied.
- an option to request that name /terminal/ be preassociated to an online terminal via syspi and sysri
- 10. an intermediate (standard) listing option requiring that page ejects occur in source listings. redundant if extended option chosen but partially extends compact option.
- 11. option to suppress sysid identification.
- jsr syspp call to get print parameters
- (wa) print line length in chars
- (wb) number of lines/page
- (wc) bits value ...mlkjihgfedcba where
 - a = 1 to send error copy to int.ch.
 - b = 1 means std printer is int. ch.
 - c = 1 for -nolist option
 - d = 1 to suppress compiln. stats
 - e = 1 to suppress execn. stats
 - f = 1/0 for extnded/compact listing
 - g = 1 for -noexecute
 - h = 1 pre-associate /terminal/
 - i = 1 for standard listing option.
 - j = 1 suppresses listing header

```
k = 1 \text{ for -print} 1 = 1 \text{ for -noerrors} if.\text{culc} m = 1 \text{ for -case } 1 fi
```

syspr is used to print a single line on the standard output file.

(xr) pointer to line buffer (scblk)

(wa) line length

jsr syspr call to print line

ppm loc too much o/p or no file after sysxi

(wa,wb) destroyed

the buffer pointed to is the length obtained from the syspp call and is filled out with trailing blanks. the value in wa is the actual line length which may be less than the maximum line length possible. there is no space control associated with the line, all lines are printed single spaced. note that null lines (wa=0) are possible in which case a blank line is to be printed. the error exit is used for systems which limit the amount

of printed output. if possible, printing should be permitted after this condition has been signalled once to allow for dump and other diagnostic information.

assuming this to be possible, spitbol may make more syspr calls. if the error return occurs another time, execution is terminated by a call of sysej with ending code 998.

```
sysrd -- read record from standard input file
                                     define external entry point
sysrd exp
    sysrd is used to read a record from the standard input
    file. the buffer provided is an scblk for a string the
    length of which in characters is given in wc, this
    corresponding to the maximum length of string which
    spitbol is prepared to receive. at compile time it
    corresponds to xxx in the most recent -inxxx card
    (default 72) and at execution time to the most recent
    ,r$r$ (record length) in the third arg of an input()
    statement for the standard input file (default 80).
    if fewer than (wc) characters are read, the length
    field of the scblk must be adjusted before returning
    unless the buffer is right padded with zeroes.
    it is also permissible to take the alternative return
    after such an adjustment has been made.
    spitbol may continue to make calls after an endfile
    return so this routine should be prepared to make
    repeated endfile returns.
    (xr)
                          pointer to buffer (scblk ptr)
    (wc)
                          length of buffer in characters
                          call to read line
    jsr sysrd
                          endfile or no i/p file after sysxi
    ppm loc
if .csfn
                          or input file name change. if
                          the former, scblk length is zero.
                          if input file name change, length
                          is non-zero. caller should re-issue
                          sysrd to obtain input record.
fi
    (wa,wb,wc)
                          destroyed
```

reads a record from online terminal for spitbol variable, terminal. if online terminal is unavailable then code the endfile return only.

the buffer provided is of length 258 characters. sysri should replace the count in the second word of the scblk by the actual character count unless buffer is right padded with zeroes.

it is also permissible to take the alternative return after adjusting the count.

the end of file return may be used if this makes sense on the target machine (e.g. if there is an eof character.)

(xr) ptr to 258 char buffer (scblk ptr) jsr sysri call to read line from terminal

sysrw -- rewind file

sysrw exp define external entry point sysrw is used to rewind a file i.e. reposition the file at the start before the first record. the file should be closed and the next read or write call will open the file at the start.

(wa)ptr to fcblk or zero(xr)rewind arg (scblk ptr)jsr sysrwcall to rewind file

ppm loc return here if i/o error

```
if .cust
   sysst -- set file pointer
                                    define external entry point
   sysst is called to change the position of a file
   pointer. this is accomplished in a system dependent
   manner, and thus the 2nd and 3rd arguments are passed
   unconverted.
   (wa)
                         fcblk pointer
   (wb)
                         2nd argument
   (wc)
                         3rd argument
   jsr sysst
                         call to set file pointer
   ppm loc
                         return here if invalid 2nd arg
   ppm loc
                       return here if invalid 3rd arg
   ppm loc
                       return here if file does not exist
```

return here if i/o error ppm loc

```
fi
   systm -- get execution time so far
systm exp
                                     define external entry point
    systm is used to obtain the amount of execution time
   used so far since spitbol was given control. the units
   are described as milliseconds in the spitbol output, but
   the exact meaning is system dependent. where appropriate,
   this value should relate to processor rather than clock
   timing values.
    if the symbol .ctmd is defined, the units are described
    as deciseconds (0.1 second).
    jsr systm
                          call to get timer value
    (ia)
                          time so far in milliseconds
                          (deciseconds if .ctmd defined)
```

systt -- trace toggle

systt exp define external entry point

called by spitbol function trace() with no args to

toggle the system trace switch. this permits tracing of

labels in spitbol code to be turned on or off.

jsr systt call to toggle trace switch

```
sysul -- unload external function
                                      define external entry point
sysul exp
    sysul is used to unload a function previously
    loaded with a call to sysld.
                          ptr to control block (efblk)
    (xr)
    jsr sysul
                          call to unload function
    the function cannot be called following a sysul call
    until another sysld call is made for the same function.
    the efblk contains the function code pointer and also a
    pointer to the vrblk containing the function name (see
    definitions and data structures section).
if.\mathbf{cnex}
else
```

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sysxi -- exit to produce load module

sysxi exp define external entry point

when sysxi is called, xl contains either a string pointer

or zero. in the former case, the string gives the

character name of a program. the intention is that

spitbol execution should be terminated forthwith and

the named program loaded and executed. this type of chain

execution is very system dependent and implementors may

choose to omit it or find it impossible to provide.

if (xl) is zero,ia contains one of the following integers

-1, -2, -3, -4

create if possible a load module containing only the impure area of memory which needs to be loaded with a compatible pure segment for subsequent executions. version numbers to check compatibility should be kept in both segments and checked on loading. to assist with this check, (xr) on entry is a pointer to an scblk containing the spitbol major version number v.v (see sysid). the file thus created is called a save file.

- o if possible, return control to job control command level. the effect if available will be system dependent.
- +1, +2, +3, +4

create if possible a load module from all of memory. it should be possible to load and execute this module directly.

in the case of saved load modules, the status of open files is not preserved and implementors may choose to offer means of attaching files before execution of load modules starts or leave it to the user to include suitable input(), output() calls in his program. sysxi should make a note that no i/o channels, including standard files, have files attached so that calls of sysin, sysou, syspr, sysrd should fail unless new associations are made for the load module. at least in the case of the standard output file, it is recommended that either the user be required to attach a file or that a default file is attached, since the problem of error messages generated by the load module is otherwise severe. as a last resort, if spitbol attempts to write to the standard output file and gets a reply indicating that such ouput is unacceptable it stops by using an entry to sysej with ending code 998. as described below, passing of some arguments makes it clear that load module will use a standard output file. if use is made of fcblks for i/o association, spitbol builds a chain so that those in use may be found in sysxi and sysej. the nodes are 4 words long. third word contains link to next node or 0, fourth word contains fcblk pointer.

```
sysxi (continued)
(x1)
                      zero or scblk ptr to first argument
                      ptr to v.v scblk
(xr)
(ia)
                      signed integer argument
(wa)
                      scblk ptr to second argument
(wb)
                      O or ptr to head of fcblk chain
jsr sysxi
                      call to exit
ppm loc
                      requested action not possible
ppm loc
                      action caused irrecoverable error
(wb,wc,ia,xr,xl,cp)
                      should be preserved over call
(wa)
                      0 in all cases except sucessful
                      performance of exit(4) or exit(-4),
                      in which case 1 should be returned.
loading and running the load module or returning from
```

jcl command level causes execution to resume at the point after the error returns which follow the call of sysxi. the value passed as exit argument is used to indicate options required on resumption of load module.

+1 or -1 require that on resumption, sysid and syspp be called and a heading printed on the standard output file.
+2 or -2 indicate that syspp will be called but not sysid and no heading will be put on standard output file. above options have the obvious implication that a standard o/p file must be provided for the load module.
+3, +4, -3 or -4 indicate calls of neither sysid nor syspp and no heading will be placed on standard output file.

+4 or -4 indicate that execution is to continue after creation of the save file or load module, although all files will be closed by the sysxi action. this permits the user to checkpoint long-running programs while continuing execution.

no return from sysxi is possible if another program is loaded and entered.

fi

```
introduce the internal procedures.
        inp
acess
acomp
        inp
alloc
        inp
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
alobf
        inp
fi
alocs
        inp
alost
        inp
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
apndb
        inp
fi
if .cnra
arith inp
else
arith
        inp
fi
{\tt asign}
        inp
{\tt asinp}
        inp
blkln
        inp
cdgcg
        inp
cdgex
        inp
cdgnm
        inp
cdgvl
        inp
{\tt cdwrd}
        inp
cmgen
        inp
cmpil
        inp
cncrd
        inp
copyb
        inp
dffnc
        inp
dtach
        inp
dtype
        inp
{\tt dumpr}
        inp
if .ceng
enevs
        inp
{\tt engts}
        inp
fi
        inp
ermsg
        inp
ertex
evali
        inp
evalp
        inp
evals
        inp
evalx
        inp
exbld
        inp
expan
        inp
expap
        inp
expdm
        inp
        inp
expop
if.\mathbf{csfn}
filnm inp
fi
```

 $\begin{array}{ll} if.culc \\ \texttt{flstg} & \texttt{inp} \\ fi \\ \texttt{gbcol} & \texttt{inp} \\ \texttt{gbcpf} & \texttt{inp} \\ \texttt{gtarr} & \texttt{inp} \end{array}$

```
gtcod
        inp
        inp
gtexp
gtint
        inp
gtnum
        inp
gtnvr
        inp
gtpat inp
if .cnra
else
gtrea inp
fi
        inp
gtsmi
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
gtstb
        inp
fi
gtstg
        inp
gtvar
        inp
hashs
        inp
icbld
        inp
ident
        inp
inout
        inp
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
insbf
        inp
fi
{\tt insta}
        inp
iofcb
        inp
ioppf
        inp
ioput
        inp
ktrex
        inp
kwnam
        inp
lcomp
        inp
listr
        inp
listt
        inp
if.\mathbf{csfn}
{\tt newfn}
        inp
fi
nexts
        inp
patin
        inp
patst
        inp
        inp
pbild
pconc
        inp
рсору
        inp
if.\mathbf{cnpf}
else
prflr
        inp
prflu
        inp
fi
        inp
prpar
prtch
        inp
prtic
        inp
prtis
        inp
prtin
        inp
```

prtmi inp
prtmm inp
prtmx inp
prtnl inp
prtnm inp
prtnw inp
prtnv inp
prtpg inp
prtps inp
prtsn inp
prtsn inp

```
prttr
        inp
        inp
prtvl
        inp
prtvn
if .cnra
else
rcbld inp
fi
{\tt readr}
        inp
if.crel
relaj
        inp
relcr
        inp
reldn
        inp
reloc
        inp
relst
        inp
relws
        inp
fi
rstrt
        inp
if .c370
sbool
       _{
m inp}
fi
sbstr
        inp
scane
        inp
scngf
        inp
setvr
        inp
if .cnsr
else
        inp
sorta
sortc
        inp
sortf
        inp
sorth
        inp
fi
        inp
\operatorname{start}
stgcc
        inp
tfind
        inp
{\tt tmake}
        inp
trace
        inp
trbld
        inp
trimr
        inp
trxeq
        inp
{\tt vmake}
        inp
xscan
        inp
xscni
        inp
    introduce the internal routines
arref
        inr
cfunc
        inr
exfal
        inr
exint
        inr
exits
        inr
exixr
        inr
        inr
exnam
exnul
        inr
if.cnra
else
```

 ${\tt exrea} \quad {\tt inr}$ fi ${\tt exsid} \quad {\tt inr} \quad$ $\mathtt{exvnm} \quad \mathbf{inr}$ failp inr flpop inr indir inrmatch inrretrn inr ${\bf inr}$ stcov stmgo ${\bf inr}$ stopr inrsuccp ${\bf inr}$ sysab inrsystu inr

spitbol—definitions and data structures

```
this section contains all symbol definitions and also
    pictures of all data structures used in the system.
                                       start of definitions section
    definitions of machine parameters
    the minimal translator should supply appropriate values
    for the particular target machine for all the
    equ *
    definitions given at the start of this section.
   note that even if conditional assembly is used to omit
    some feature (e.g. real arithmetic) a full set of cfp$-
    values must be supplied. use dummy values if genuine
    ones are not needed.
                                       number of characters in alphabet
cfp$a
       equ
cfp$b
                                       bytes/word addressing factor
       equ
cfp$c
                                       number of characters per word
       equ
cfp$f
                                       offset in bytes to chars in
       equ
                           scblk. see scblk format.
                                       number of words in integer constant
cfp$i
       equ
                                       max positive integer in one word
cfp$m
       equ
cfp$n
       equ
                                       number of bits in one word
    the following definitions require the supply of either
    a single parameter if real arithmetic is omitted or
    three parameters if real arithmetic is included.
if .cnra
nstmx
       equ
                                       no. of decimal digits in cfp$m
else
cfp$r
       equ
                                       number of words in real constant
cfp$s
                                       number of sig digs for real output
       equ
                                       max digits in real exponent
cfp$x
       equ
if .cncr
                                       no. of decimal digits in cfp$m
nstmx
       equ
mxdgs
       equ
                     cfp$s+cfp$x
                                       max digits in real number
   max space for real (for +0.e+) needs five more places
                         mxdgs+5
                                       max space for real
nstmr
else
                     cfp$s+cfp$x
                                       max digits in real number
mxdgs
       equ
   max space for real (for +0.e+) needs five more places
nstmx
       equ
                         mxdgs+5
                                       max space for real
fi
fi
if .cucf
    the following definition for cfp$u supplies a realistic
    upper bound on the size of the alphabet. cfp$u is used
    to save space in the scane bsw-iff-esw table and to ease
    translation storage requirements.
cfp$u
                                       realistic upper bound on alphabet
       equ
fi
```

```
the spitbol program is essentially independent of
   the definitions of these parameters. however, the
   efficiency of the system may be affected. consequently,
   these parameters may require tuning for a given version
   the values given in comments have been successfully used.
   e$srs is the number of words to reserve at the end of
   storage for end of run processing. it should be
   set as small as possible without causing memory overflow
   in critical situations (e.g. memory overflow termination)
   and should thus reserve sufficient space at least for
   an scblk containing say 30 characters.
e$srs
      equ
   e$sts is the number of words grabbed in a chunk when
   storage is allocated in the static region. the minimum
   permitted value is 256/cfp$b. larger values will lead
   to increased efficiency at the cost of wasting memory.
e$sts equ
                                     500 words
   e$cbs is the size of code block allocated initially and
   the expansion increment if overflow occurs. if this value
   is too small or too large, excessive garbage collections
   will occur during compilation and memory may be lost
   in the case of a too large value.
                                     500 words
e$cbs equ
   e$hnb is the number of bucket headers in the variable
   hash table. it should always be odd. larger values will
   speed up compilation and indirect references at the
   expense of additional storage for the hash table itself.
                                     127 bucket headers
   e$hnw is the maximum number of words of a string
   name which participate in the string hash algorithm.
   larger values give a better hash at the expense of taking
   longer to compute the hash. there is some optimal value.
e$hnw equ
                                     6 words
   e$fsp. if the amount of free space left after a garbage
   collection is small compared to the total amount of space
   in use garbage collector thrashing is likely to occur as
   this space is used up. e$fsp is a measure of the
   minimum percentage of dynamic memory left as free space
   before the system routine sysmm is called to try to
   obtain more memory.
e$fsp
                                     15 percent
       equ
if.\mathbf{csed}
   e$sed. if the amount of free space left in the sediment
   after a garbage collection is a significant fraction of
   the new sediment size, the sediment is marked for
   collection on the next call to the garbage collector.
e$sed equ
                                     25 percent
fi
```

environment parameters

det	finitions	of	codes	for	letters	
ch\$la	equ	-	0000		*	letter a
ch\$1b	equ				*	letter b
ch\$1c	equ				*	letter c
ch\$ld	equ				*	letter d
ch\$le	equ				*	letter e
ch\$1f	equ				*	letter f
ch\$lg	equ				*	letter g
ch\$1h	equ				*	letter h
ch\$li	equ				*	letter i
ch\$lj	equ				*	letter j
ch\$lk	equ				*	letter k
ch\$11	equ				*	letter l
ch\$lm	equ				*	letter m
ch\$ln	equ				*	letter n
ch\$lo	equ				*	letter o
ch\$lp	equ				*	letter p
ch\$lq	equ				*	letter q
ch\$1r	equ				*	letter r
ch\$ls	equ				*	letter s
ch\$1t	equ				*	letter t
ch\$lu	equ				*	letter u
ch\$1v	equ				*	letter v
ch\$lw	equ				*	letter w
ch\$1x	equ				*	letter x
ch\$ly	equ				*	letter y
ch\$1\$	equ				*	letter z
definitions of codes for digits						
ch\$d0	equ				*	$\operatorname{digit} 0$
ch\$d1	equ				*	digit 1
ch\$d2	equ				*	digit 2
ch\$d3	equ				*	digit 3
ch\$d4	equ				*	digit 4
ch\$d5	equ				*	digit 5
ch\$d6	equ				*	digit 6
ch\$d7	equ				*	digit 7
ch\$d8	equ				*	digit 8
ch\$d9	equ				*	digit 9

definitions of codes for special characters the names of these characters are related to their original representation in the ebcdic set corresponding to the description in standard snobol4 manuals and texts.

ch\$am	equ	*	keyword operator (ampersand)
ch\$as	equ	*	multiplication symbol (asterisk)
ch\$at	equ	*	cursor position operator (at)
ch\$bb	equ	*	left array bracket (less than)
ch\$bl	equ	*	blank
ch\$br	equ	*	alternation operator (vertical bar)
ch\$cl	equ	*	goto symbol (colon)
ch\$cm	equ	*	comma
ch\$dl	equ	*	indirection operator (dollar)
ch\$dt	equ	*	name operator (dot)
ch\$dq	equ	*	double quote
ch\$eq	equ	*	equal sign
ch\$ex	equ	*	exponentiation operator (exclm)
ch\$mn	equ	*	minus sign / hyphen
ch\$nm	equ	*	number sign
ch\$nt	equ	*	negation operator (not)
ch\$pc	equ	*	percent
ch\$pl	equ	*	plus sign
ch\$pp	equ	*	left parenthesis
ch\$rb	equ	*	right array bracket (grtr than)
ch\$rp	equ	*	right parenthesis
ch\$qu	equ	*	interrogation operator (question)
ch\$sl	equ	*	slash
ch\$sm	equ	*	semicolon
ch\$sq	equ	*	single quote
ch\$un	equ	*	special identifier char (underline)
ch\$ob	equ	*	opening bracket
ch\$cb	equ	*	closing bracket

```
remaining chars are optional additions to the standards.
if .caht
    tab characters - syntactically equivalent to blank
ch$ht equ
                                         horizontal tab
fi
if .cavt
ch$vt equ
                                         vertical tab
if.\mathbf{caex}
    up arrow same as exclamation mark for exponentiation
ch$ey equ
                                         up arrow
if .casl
    lower case or shifted case alphabetic chars
ch$$a
                                         shifted a
ch$$b
        equ
                                         shifted b
ch$$c
                                         shifted c
        equ
                                         shifted d
ch$$d
        equ
                                         shifted e
ch$$e
        equ
ch$$f
                                         shifted f
        equ
ch$$g
        equ
                                         shifted g
ch$$h
        equ
                                         shifted h
ch$$i
                                         shifted i
        equ
ch$$j
        equ
                                         shifted i
                                         shifted k
ch$$k
        equ
ch$$1
        equ
                                         shifted 1
ch$$m
                                         shifted m
        \mathbf{equ}
ch$$n
                                         shifted n
        equ
ch$$o
                                         shifted o
        equ
ch$$p
                                         shifted p
        equ
ch$$q
        equ
                                         shifted q
ch$$r
        equ
                                         shifted r
ch$$s
                                         shifted s
        equ
                                         shifted t
ch$$t
        \mathbf{equ}
                                         shifted u
ch$$u
        equ
                                         shifted v
ch$$v
        equ
ch$$w
        equ
                                         shifted w
ch$$x
        equ
                                         shifted x
ch$$y
        equ
                                         shifted y
ch$$$
                                         shifted z
        equ
fi
    if a delimiter other than ch$cm must be used in
    the third argument of input(),output() then .ciod should
    be defined and a parameter supplied for iodel.
if .ciod
iodel
        equ
else
iodel
        equ
fi
```

data block formats and definitions the following sections describe the detailed format of all possible data blocks in static and dynamic memory. every block has a name of the form xxblk where xx is a unique two character identifier. the first word of every block must contain a pointer to a program location in the interpretor which is immediately preceded by an address constant containing the value bl\$xx where xx is the block identifier. this provides a uniform mechanism for distinguishing between the various block types. in some cases, the contents of the first word is constant for a given block type and merely serves as a pointer to the identifying address constant. however, in other cases there are several possibilities for the first word in which case each of the several program entry points must be preceded by the appropriate constant. in each block, some of the fields are relocatable. this means that they may contain a pointer to another block in the dynamic area. (to be more precise, if they contain a pointer within the dynamic area, then it is a pointer to a block). such fields must be modified by the garbage collector (procedure gbcol) whenever blocks are compacted in the dynamic region. the garbage collector (actually procedure gbcpf) requires that all such relocatable fields in a block must be contiguous.

the description format uses the following scheme.

- 1) block title and two character identifier
- description of basic use of block and indication of circumstances under which it is constructed.
- 3) picture of the block format. in these pictures low memory addresses are at the top of the page. fixed length fields are surrounded by i (letter i). fields which are fixed length but whose length is dependent on a configuration parameter are surrounded by * (asterisk). variable length fields are surrounded by / (slash).
- 4) definition of symbolic offsets to fields in block and of the size of the block if fixed length or of the size of the fixed length fields if the block is variable length. note that some routines such as gbcpf assume certain offsets are equal. the definitions given here enforce this. make changes to them only with due care.

definitions of common offsets

offs1 equ *
offs2 equ *
offs3 equ *

5) detailed comments on the significance and formats of the various fields.

the order is alphabetical by identification code.

definitions of block codes

this table provides a unique identification code for each separate block type. the first word of a block in the dynamic area always contains the address of a program entry point. the block code is used as the entry point id the order of these codes dictates the order of the table used by the datatype function (scnmt in the constant sec) block codes for accessible datatypes

note that real and buffer types are always included, even if they are conditionally excluded elsewhere. this maintains block type codes across all versions of spitbol, providing consistancy for external functions. but note that the bcblk is out of alphabetic order, placed at the end of the list so as not to change the block type ordering in use in existing external functions.

	O	0			
bl\$ar	equ	0	arblk array		
bl\$cd	equ	bl\$ar+1	cdblk code		
bl\$ex	equ	bl\$cd+1	exblk expression		
bl\$ic	equ	bl\$ex+1	icblk integer		
bl\$nm	equ	bl\$ic+1	nmblk name		
bl\$p0	equ	bl\$nm+1	p0blk pattern		
bl\$p1	equ	bl\$p0+1	p1blk pattern		
b1\$p2	equ	bl\$p1+1	p2blk pattern		
bl\$rc	equ	bl\$p2+1	rcblk real		
bl\$sc	equ	bl\$rc+1	scblk string		
bl\$se	equ	bl\$sc+1	seblk expression		
bl\$tb	equ	bl\$se+1	tbblk table		
bl\$vc	equ	bl\$tb+1	vcblk array		
bl\$xn	equ	bl\$vc+1	xnblk external		
bl\$xr	equ	bl\$xn+1	xrblk external		
bl\$bc	equ	bl\$xr+1	bcblk buffer		
bl\$pd	equ	bl\$bc+1	pdblk program defined datatype		
bl\$\$d	equ	bl\$pd+1	number of block codes for data		
other block codes					
bl\$tr	equ	bl\$pd+1	trblk		
bl\$bf	equ	bl\$tr+1	bfblk		
bl\$cc	equ	bl\$bf+1	ccblk		
bl\$cm	equ	bl\$cc+1	cmblk		
bl\$ct	equ	bl\$cm+1	ctblk		
bl\$df	equ	bl\$ct+1	dfblk		
bl\$ef	equ	bl\$df+1	efblk		
bl\$ev	equ	bl\$ef+1	evblk		
bl\$ff	equ	bl\$ev+1	ffblk		
bl\$kv	equ	bl\$ff+1	kvblk		
bl\$pf	equ	bl\$kv+1	pfblk		
bl\$te	equ	bl\$pf+1	teblk		
bl\$\$i	equ	0	default identification code		
bl\$\$t	equ	bl\$tr+1	code for data or trace block		
b1\$\$\$	equ	bl\$te+1	number of block codes		

field references

references to the fields of data blocks are symbolic (i.e. use the symbolic offsets) with the following exceptions.

- references to the first word are usually not symbolic since they use the (x) operand format.
- 2) the code which constructs a block is often not symbolic and should be changed if the corresponding block format is modified.
- 3) the plc and psc instructions imply an offset corresponding to the definition of cfp\$f.
- 4) there are non-symbolic references (easily changed) in the garbage collector (procedures gbcpf, blkln).
- 5) the fields idval, fargs appear in several blocks and any changes must be made in parallel to all blocks containing the fields. the actual references to these fields are symbolic with the above listed exceptions.
- 6) several spots in the code assume that the definitions of the fields vrval, teval, trnxt are the same (these are sections of code which search out along a trblk chain from a variable).
- 7) references to the fields of an array block in the array reference routine arref are non-symbolic. apart from the exceptions listed, references are symbolic as far as possible and modifying the order or number of fields will not require changes.

common fields for function blocks blocks which represent callable functions have two common fields at the start of the block as follows.

+		+
i	fcode	i
+		+
i	fargs	i
+		+
/		/
/	rest of function block	/
/		/
+		+

fcodeequ0pointer to code for functionfargsequ1number of arguments

fcode is a pointer to the location in the interpretor program which processes this type of function call. fargs is the expected number of arguments. the actual number of arguments is adjusted to this amount by deleting extra arguments or supplying trailing nulls for missing ones before transferring though fcode. a value of 999 may be used in this field to indicate a variable number of arguments (see svblk field svnar). the block types which follow this scheme are.

ffblk field function
dfblk datatype function
pfblk program defined function

efblk external loaded function

```
identification field
    id
        field
   certain program accessible objects (those which contain
   other data values and can be copied) are given a unique
    identification number (see exsid). this id value is an
    address integer value which is always stored in word two.
                                     id value field
idval equ
                              1
   the blocks containing an idval field are.
                          array
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
   bcblk
                          buffer control block
fi
   pdblk
                          program defined datatype
   tbblk
                          table
   vcblk
                          vector block (array)
   note that a zero idval means that the block is only
   half built and should not be dumped (see dumpr).
```

array block (arblk)
an array block represents an array value other than one
with one dimension whose lower bound is one (see vcblk).
an arblk is built with a call to the functions convert
(s\$cnv) or array (s\$arr).

+-		+
i	artyp	i
+-		+
i	idval	i
+-		+
i	arlen	i
+-		+
i	arofs	i
+-		+
i	arndm	i
+-		+
*	arlbd	*
+-		+
*	ardim	*
+-		+
*		*
*	above 2 flds repeated for each dim	*
*		*
+-		+
i	arpro	i
+-		+
/		/
/	arvls	•
,	GI V I D	',
′		′.

array block (continued)

artyp	\mathbf{equ}	0	pointer to dummy routine b\$art
arlen	\mathbf{equ}	idval+1	length of arblk in bytes
arofs	\mathbf{equ}	arlen+1	offset in arblk to arpro field
arndm	\mathbf{equ}	arofs+1	number of dimensions
arlbd	\mathbf{equ}	arndm+1	low bound (first subscript)
ardim	equ	arlbd+cfp\$i	dimension (first subscript)
arlb2	\mathbf{equ}	ardim+cfp\$i	low bound (second subscript)
ardm2	\mathbf{equ}	arlb2+cfp\$i	dimension (second subscript)
arpro	\mathbf{equ}	ardim+cfp\$i	array prototype (one dimension)
arvls	\mathbf{equ}	arpro+1	start of values (one dimension)
arpr2	\mathbf{equ}	ardm2+cfp\$i	array prototype (two dimensions)
arv12	\mathbf{equ}	arpr2+1	start of values (two dimensions)
arsi\$	\mathbf{equ}	arlbd	number of standard fields in block
ardms	\mathbf{equ}	arlb2-arlbd	size of info for one set of bounds

the bounds and dimension fields are signed integer values and each occupy cfp\$i words in the arblk. the length of an arblk in bytes may not exceed mxlen. this is required to keep name offsets garbage collectable the actual values are arranged in row-wise order and can contain a data pointer or a pointer to a trblk.

if .cnbf else

buffer control block (bcblk)
a bcblk is built for every bfblk.

+		-+
i	bctyp	i
+		-+
i	idval	i
+		-+
i	bclen	i
+		-+
i	bcbuf	i
+		-+

bctypequ0ptr to dummy routine b\$bctbclenequidval+1defined buffer lengthbcbufequbclen+1ptr to bfblkbcsi\$equbcbuf+1size of bcblk

a bcblk is an indirect control header for bfblk. the reason for not storing this data directly in the related bfblk is so that the bfblk can maintain the same skeletal structure as an scblk thus facilitating transparent string operations (for the most part). specifically, cfp\$f is the same for a bfblk as for an scblk. by convention, whereever a buffer value is employed, the bcblk is pointed to.

the corresponding bfblk is pointed to by the bcbuf pointer in the bcblk.

bclen is the current defined size of the character array in the bfblk. characters following the offset of bclen are undefined.

```
string buffer block (bfblk)
a bfblk is built by a call to buffer(...)
+-----+
```

```
i bftyp i +-----+
i bfalc i +-----+
/ / / bfchr // / +-----+
```

bftyp equ 0 ptr to dummy routine b\$bft
bfalc equ bftyp+1 allocated size of buffer
bfchr equ bfalc+1 characters of string
bfsi\$ equ bfchr size of standard fields in bfblk

the characters in the buffer are stored left justified. the final word of defined characters is always zero (character) padded. any trailing allocation past the word containing the last character contains unpredictable contents and is never referenced. note that the offset to the characters of the string is given by cfp\$f, as with an scblk. however, the offset which is occupied by the length for an scblk is the total char space for bfblks, and routines which deal with both must account for this difference. the value of bfalc may not exceed mxlen. the value of bclen is always less than or equal to bfalc.

fi

code construction block (ccblk)
at any one moment there is at most one ccblk into
which the compiler is currently storing code (cdwrd).

****		-		_		(canta).
	i		cctyp		i	
if oaln	i		cclen		i	
$if.\mathbf{csln}$	4					
	i		ccsln		i	
fi	_		CCBIII		_	
J	+				+	
	i		ccuse		i	
	+				+	
	/				/	
	/		cccod		/	
	/				/	
	+			· .	+	. 1 0
cctyp	equ		0	-		mmy routine b\$cct
cclen	equ	C	ctyp+1	length c	of ccbl	k in bytes
if .csln		_	-1 11	aaumaa 1		mah an
ccsln	equ		clen+1	source l		
else	equ	C	csln+1	опset ра	ast 1as	t used word (bytes)
ccuse fi	equ	С	clen+1	offset pa	ast las	t used word (bytes)
cccod	equ	С	cuse+1	start of	gener	ated code in block

the reason that the ccblk is a separate block type from the usual cdblk is that the garbage collector must only process those fields which have been set (see gbcpf)

code block (cdblk)

else

fi

cdfal

cdcod

cdlen equ

equ

equ

a code block is built for each statement compiled during the initial compilation or by subsequent calls to code.

	+		+
	i	cdjmp	i
	+		+
	i	cdstm	i
if .csln			
,	+		+
	i	cdsln	i
fi			
,	+		+
	i	cdlen	i
	+		+
	i	cdfal	i
	+		+
	/		/
	/	cdcod	/
	/		/
	+		+
cdjmp	equ	0	ptr to routine to execute statement
cdstm	equ	cdjmp+1	statement number
$if.\mathbf{csln}$			
cdsln	equ	cdstm+1	source line number
cdlen	equ	cdsln+1	length of cdblk in bytes
cdfal	equ	cdlen+1	failure exit (see below)
			- v

cdsi\$ \mathbf{equ} cdcod number of standard fields in cdblk cdstm is the statement number of the current statement. cdjmp, cdfal are set as follows.

if the failure exit is the next statement cdjmp = b\$cdscdfal = ptr to cdblk for next statement

offs2

offs3

cdfal+1

- if the failure exit is a simple label name cdjmp = b\$cdscdfal is a ptr to the vrtra field of the vrblk
- if there is no failure exit (-nofail mode) cdjmp = b\$cdscdfal = o\$unf
- 4) if the failure exit is complex or direct cdjmp = b\$cdccdfal is the offset to the o\$gof word

length of cdblk in bytes failure exit (see below)

executable pseudo-code

cdcod is the start of the actual code. first we describe the code generated for an expression. in an expression, elements are fetched by name or by value. for example, the binary equal operator fetches its left argument by name and its right argument by value. these two cases generate quite different code and are described separately. first we consider the code by value case. generation of code by value for expressions elements.

expression pointer to exblk or seblk

integer constant pointer to icblk null constant pointer to nulls

pattern (resulting from preevaluation)

=o\$lpt

pointer to pOblk,p1blk or p2blk

real constant pointer to rcblk string constant pointer to scblk

variable pointer to vrget field of vrblk addition value code for left operand value code for right operand

=o\$add

affirmation value code for operand

=o\$aff

alternation value code for left operand

value code for right operand

=o\$alt

array reference (case of one subscript)

value code for array operand
value code for subscript operand

=o\$aov

(case of more than one subscript)
value code for array operand
value code for first subscript
value code for second subscript

. . .

value code for last subscript

=o\$amv

number of subscripts

assignment (to natural variable)

value code for right operand
pointer to vrsto field of vrblk

(to any other variable)
name code for left operand
value code for right operand

=o\$ass

compile error =o\$cer

complementation value code for operand

=o\$com

concatenation (case of pred func left operand)

value code for left operand

qoq\$o=

value code for right operand

(all other cases)

value code for left operand
value code for right operand

=o\$cnc

cursor assignment name code for operand

=o\$cas

division value code for left operand

value code for right operand

=o\$dvd

exponentiation value code for left operand

value code for right operand

=o\$exp

function call (case of call to system function)

value code for first argument
value code for second argument

. . .

value code for last argument
pointer to svfnc field of svblk

immediate assignment

function call (case of non-system function 1 arg)

value code for argument

=o\$fns

pointer to vrblk for function (non-system function, gt 1 arg) value code for first argument value code for second argument

. . .

value code for last argument

=o\$fnc

number of arguments

pointer to vrblk for function value code for left operand

name code for right operand
=o\$ima

indirection value code for operand

=o\$inv

interrogation value code for operand

=o\$int

keyword reference name code for operand

=o\$kwv

multiplication value code for left operand

value code for right operand

=o\$mlt

name reference (natural variable case)

pointer to nmblk for name

(all other cases)
name code for operand

=o\$nam

negation =o\$nta

cdblk offset of o\$ntc word
value code for operand

=o\$ntb =o\$ntc

pattern assignment value code for left operand

name code for right operand

=o\$pas

pattern match value code for left operand

value code for right operand

=o\$pmv

pattern replacement name code for subject

value code for pattern

=o\$pmn

value code for replacement

=o\$rpl

selection (for first alternative)

=o\$sla

cdblk offset to next o\$slc word
value code for first alternative

=o\$slb

cdblk offset past alternatives
(for subsequent alternatives)

=o\$slc

cdblk offset to next o\$slc,o\$sld

value code for alternative

=o\$slb

offset in cdblk past alternatives

(for last alternative)

=o\$sld

value code for last alternative

subtraction value code for left operand

value code for right operand

=o\$sub

generation of code by name for expression elements.

variable =o\$lvn

pointer to vrblk

expression (case of *natural variable)

=o\$lvn

pointer to vrblk
(all other cases)

=o\$lex

pointer to exblk

array reference (case of one subscript)

value code for array operand
value code for subscript operand

=o\$aon

(case of more than one subscript)
value code for array operand
value code for first subscript
value code for second subscript

. . .

value code for last subscript

=o\$amn

number of subscripts

compile error =o\$cer

function call (same code as for value call)

=o\$fne

indirection value code for operand

=o\$inn

keyword reference name code for operand

=o\$kwn

any other operand is an error in a name position note that in this description, =o\$xxx refers to the generation of a word containing the address of another word which contains the entry point address o\$xxx.

now we consider the overall structure of the code block for a statement with possible goto fields. first comes the code for the statement body. the statement body is an expression to be evaluated by value although the value is not actually required. normal value code is generated for the body of the statement except in the case of a pattern match by value, in which case the following is generated.

value code for left operand
value code for right operand
=o\$pms

next we have the code for the success goto. there are several cases as follows.

- 1) no success goto ptr to cdblk for next statement
- 2) simple label ptr to vrtra field of vrblk
- 3) complex goto (code by name for goto operand)

=o\$goc

4) direct goto (code by value for goto operand) = o\$god

following this we generate code for the failure goto if it is direct or if it is complex, simple failure gotos having been handled by an appropriate setting of the cdfal field of the cdblk. the generated code is one of the following.

1) complex fgoto =o\$fif

=o\$gof

name code for goto operand

=o\$goc

2) direct fgoto =o\$fif

=o\$gof

value code for goto operand

=o\$god

an optimization occurs if the success and failure gotos are identical and either complex or direct. in this case, no code is generated for the success goto and control is allowed to fall into the failure goto on success.

compiler block (cmblk)

a compiler block (cmblk) is built by expan to represent one node of a tree structured expression representation.

	+		+
	i +	cmidn	i +
	i	cmlen	i
	+ i	cmtyp	i
	+i	cmopn	i
	+/ cm	vls or cmrop	+) /
	/	vis or chiop	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,
	/	cmlop	/
	/	СШІОР	,
	+		·+
cmidn	equ	0	pointer to dummy routine b\$cmt
cmlen	equ	cmidn+1	length of cmblk in bytes
cmtyp	equ	cmlen+1	type (c\$xxx, see list below)
cmopn	equ	cmtyp+1	operand pointer (see below)
cmvls	equ	cmopn+1	operand value pointers (see below)
cmrop	equ	cmvls	right (only) operator operand
cmlop	equ	cmvls+1	left operator operand
cmsi\$	equ	cmvls	number of standard fields in cmblk
	equ	cmsi\$+1	size of unary operator cmblk
cmbs\$	equ	cmsi\$+2	v 1
cmar1	equ	cmvls+1	J I I I
	e cmopn and cmvls		
arı	ray reference		otr to array operand
_			otrs to subscript operands
fur	nction call		otr to vrblk for function
_		-	otrs to argument operands
se.	Lection	cmopn = z	
		_	otrs to alternate operands
una	ary operator		otr to operator dvblk
hir	ary aparatar		otr to operand
DII	nary operator		otr to operator dvblk otr to right operand
			otr to light operand
		cmrob - b	or of tere oberging

cmtyp is set to indicate the type of expression element as shown by the following table of definitions.

c\$arr	equ	0	array reference
c\$fnc	equ	c\$arr+1	function call
c\$def	equ	c\$fnc+1	deferred expression (unary *)
c\$ind	equ	c\$def+1	indirection (unary \$)
c\$key	equ	c\$ind+1	keyword reference (unary ampersand)
c\$ubo	equ	c\$key+1	undefined binary operator
c\$uuo	equ	c\$ubo+1	undefined unary operator
c\$uo\$	equ	c\$uuo+1	test value (= c \$uuo+1= c \$ubo+2)
c\$\$nm	equ	c\$uuo+1	number of codes for name operands

the remaining types indicate expression elements which can only be evaluated by value (not by name).

	<i>j</i>	zo crazación zj razac (110 0 2 J 1141110 , 1
c\$bvl	equ	c\$uuo+1	binary op with value operands
c\$uvl	\mathbf{equ}	c\$bvl+1	unary operator with value operand
c\$alt	\mathbf{equ}	c\$uvl+1	alternation (binary bar)
c\$cnc	equ	c\$alt+1	concatenation
c\$cnp	equ	c\$cnc+1	concatenation, not pattern match
c\$unm	\mathbf{equ}	c\$cnp+1	unary op with name operand
c\$bvn	\mathbf{equ}	c\$unm+1	binary op (operands by value, name)
c\$ass	equ	c\$bvn+1	assignment
c\$int	equ	c\$ass+1	interrogation
c\$neg	equ	c\$int+1	negation (unary not)
c\$sel	\mathbf{equ}	c\$neg+1	selection
c\$pmt	\mathbf{equ}	c\$sel+1	pattern match
c\$pr\$	\mathbf{equ}	c\$bvn	last preevaluable code
c\$\$nv	\mathbf{equ}	c\$pmt+1	number of different cmblk types

character table block (ctblk) a character table block is used to hold logical character tables for use with any,notany,span,break,breakx patterns. each character table can be used to store cfp\$n distinct tables as bit columns. a bit column allocated for each argument of more than one character in length to one of the above listed pattern primitives.

+		+
i	cttyp	i
+		+
*		*
*		*
*	ctchs	*
*		*
*		*
+		+

cttypequ0pointer to dummy routine b\$cttctchsequcttyp+1start of character table wordsctsi\$equctchs+cfp\$anumber of words in ctblk

ctchs is cfp\$a words long and consists of a one word bit string value for each possible character in the internal alphabet. each of the cfp\$n possible bits in a bitstring is used to form a column of bit indicators. a bit is set on if the character is in the table and off if the character is not present. datatype function block (dfblk)

a datatype function is used to control the construction of a program defined datatype object. a call to the system function data builds a dfblk for the datatype name note that these blocks are built in static because pdblk length is got from dflen field. if dfblk was in dynamic store this would cause trouble during pass two of garbage collection. scblk referred to by dfnam field is also put in static so that there are no reloc. fields. this cuts garbage collection task appreciably for pdblks which are likely to be present in large numbers.

	i	fcode	i
	+ i	fargs	i
	+ i	dflen	+ i
	+ i	dfpdl	+ i
	+ i	dfnam	+ i
	+ /		+ /
	/	dffld	/
	+		+
lflen	equ	fargs+1	~
lfpdl	equ	dflen+1	length of corres
lfnam	\mathbf{equ}	dfpdl+1	pointer to scblk

d: in bytes d: sponding pdblk pointer to scblk for datatype name dfnam dffld start of vrblk ptrs for field names equ dfnam+1 offset behind dffld for field func dfflb equ dffld-1 dfsi\$ equ dffld number of standard fields in dfblk

the fcode field points to the routine b\$dfc

fargs (the number of arguments) is the number of fields.

dope vector block (dvblk)

a dope vector is assembled for each possible operator in the snobol4 language as part of the constant section.

+		-+
i	dvopn	i
+		-+
i	dvtyp	i
+		-+
i	dvlpr	i
+		-+
i	dvrpr	i
+		-+

dvopn	\mathbf{equ}	0	entry address (ptr to o\$xxx)
dvtyp	equ	dvopn+1	type code (c\$xxx, see cmblk)
dvlpr	equ	dvtyp+1	left precedence (llxxx, see below)
dvrpr	equ	dvlpr+1	right precedence (rrxxx, see below)
dvus\$	equ	dvlpr+1	size of unary operator dv
dvbs\$	equ	dvrpr+1	size of binary operator dv
dvubs	equ	dvus\$+dvbs\$	size of unop $+$ binop (see scane)

the contents of the dvtyp field is copied into the cmtyp field of the cmblk for the operator if it is used. the cmopn field of an operator cmblk points to the dvblk itself, providing the required entry address pointer ptr. for normally undefined operators, the dvopn (and cmopn) fields contain a word offset from r\$uba of the function block pointer for the operator (instead of o\$xxx ptr). for certain special operators, the dvopn field is not required at all and is assembled as zero.

the left precedence is used in comparing an operator to the left of some other operator. it therefore governs the precedence of the operator towards its right operand. the right precedence is used in comparing an operator to the right of some other operator. it therefore governs the precedence of the operator towards its left operand. higher precedence values correspond to a tighter binding capability. thus we have the left precedence lower (higher) than the right precedence for right (left) associative binary operators.

the left precedence of unary operators is set to an arbitrary high value. the right value is not required and consequently the dvrpr field is omitted for unary ops.

table of operator precedence values

tab	TC OI	operator	procedence	Values
rrass	\mathbf{equ}		10	right equal
llass	\mathbf{equ}		00	left equal
rrpmt	\mathbf{equ}		20	right question mark
llpmt	\mathbf{equ}		30	left question mark
rramp	\mathbf{equ}		40	right ampersand
llamp	\mathbf{equ}		50	left ampersand
rralt	equ		70	right vertical bar
llalt	equ		60	left vertical bar
rrcnc	\mathbf{equ}		90	right blank
llcnc	\mathbf{equ}		80	left blank
rrats	\mathbf{equ}		110	right at
llats	\mathbf{equ}		100	left at
rrplm	\mathbf{equ}		120	right plus, minus
llplm	\mathbf{equ}		130	left plus, minus
rrnum	\mathbf{equ}		140	right number
llnum	\mathbf{equ}		150	left number
rrdvd	\mathbf{equ}		160	right slash
lldvd	\mathbf{equ}		170	left slash
rrmlt	\mathbf{equ}		180	right asterisk
llmlt	\mathbf{equ}		190	left asterisk
rrpct	\mathbf{equ}		200	right percent
llpct	\mathbf{equ}		210	left percent
rrexp	\mathbf{equ}		230	right exclamation
llexp	\mathbf{equ}		220	left exclamation
rrdld	\mathbf{equ}		240	right dollar, dot
lldld	\mathbf{equ}		250	left dollar, dot
rrnot	\mathbf{equ}		270	right not
llnot	\mathbf{equ}		260	left not
lluno	\mathbf{equ}		999	left all unary operators

precedences are the same as in $btl\ snobol4\ with\ the\ following\ exceptions.$

- binary question mark is lowered and made left associative to reflect its new use for pattern matching.
- 2) alternation and concatenation are made right associative for greater efficiency in pattern construction and matching respectively. this change is transparent to the snobol4 programmer.
- 3) the equal sign has been added as a low precedence operator which is right associative to reflect its more general usage in this version of snobol4.

external function block (efblk) an external function block is used to control the calling of an external function. it is built by a call to load.

```
fcode
         +----+
                   fargs
         +----+
                           eflen
                           efuse
                          efcod
         +----+
                    efvar
                                               i
                          efrsl
                         eftar
                     fargs+1 length of efblk in bytes
eflen+1 use count (for opsyn)
efuse+1 ptr to code (from sysld)
efcod+1 ptr to associated vrblk
efvar+1 result type (see below)
efrsl+1 argument types (see below)
eftar number of standard field
eflen
       equ
efuse
        equ
efcod
       equ
efvar
       equ
efrsl equ
                                       argument types (see below)
eftar
       equ
                                       number of standard fields in efblk
efsi$
    the fcode field points to the routine b$efc.
    efuse is used to keep track of multiple use when opsyn
    is employed. the function is automatically unloaded
    when there are no more references to the function.
    efrsl and eftar are type codes as follows.
         0
                           type is unconverted
         1
                           type is string
                           type is integer
if.cnra
if .cnlf
         3
                           type is file
fi
else
                           type is real
if .cnlf
                           type is file
fi
fi
```

expression variable block (evblk)

in this version of spitbol, an expression can be used in any position which would normally expect a name (for example on the left side of equals or as the right argument of binary dot). this corresponds to the creation of a pseudo-variable which is represented by a pointer to an expression variable block as follows.

+		+
i	evtyp	i
+		+
i	evexp	i
+		+
i	evvar	i
+		+

evtyp	\mathbf{equ}	0	pointer to dummy routine b\(\)\$evt
evexp	equ	evtyp+1	pointer to exblk for expression
evvar	equ	evexp+1	pointer to trbev dummy trblk
evsi\$	equ	evvar+1	size of evblk

the name of an expression variable is represented by a base pointer to the evblk and an offset of evvar. this value appears to be trapped by the dummy trbev block. note that there is no need to allow for the case of an expression variable which references an seblk since a variable which is of the form *var is equivalent to var.

expression block (exblk)
an expression block is built for each expression
referenced in a program or created by eval or convert
during execution of a program.

du	ting execution (or a program. 	+
	i	extyp	i
	i	exstm	i
if .csln			
·	+		+
	i	exsln	i
fi			
	•		
		exlen 	i
	i	exflc	i
			+
	/		/
	/	excod	/
	/		/
	+		+
extyp	equ	0	ptr to routine b\$exl to load expr
exstm	equ	cdstm	stores stmnt no. during evaluation
if.csln exsln		017a+m+1	stores line no during evaluation
exsin	equ equ	exstm+1 exsln+1	stores line no. during evaluation length of exblk in bytes
else	equ	expin'i	length of expir in bytes
exlen	equ	exstm+1	length of exblk in bytes
fi	•		v
exflc	equ	exlen+1	failure code (=o\$fex)
excod	equ	exflc+1	pseudo-code for expression
exsi\$	equ	excod	number of standard fields in exblk
			pending on whether the
_		-	ame (see description
	cdblk for deta		=
11	the expression		ed by name we have. expr by name)
		=o\$rnm	evht na name)
jf	the expression	- -	aluated by value.
	Cirpiossion	-	expr by value)
			I

=o\$rvl

field function block (ffblk)

a field function block is used to control the selection of a field from a program defined datatype block.

a call to data creates an ffblk for each field.

+		+
i	fcode	i
+	fargs	+ i
+		+
i	ffdfp	i
+		+
i	ffnxt	i
+		+
i	ffofs	i
+		+

ffdfpequfargs+1pointer to associated dfblkffnxtequffdfp+1ptr to next ffblk on chain or zeroffofsequffnxt+1offset (bytes) to field in pdblkffsi\$equffofs+1size of ffblk in words

the fcode field points to the routine b\$ffc.

fargs always contains one.

ffdfp is used to verify that the correct program defined datatype is being accessed by this call.

ffdfp is non-reloc. because dfblk is in static

ffofs is used to select the appropriate field. note that

it is an actual offset (not a field number)

ffnxt is used to point to the next ffblk of the same name in the case where there are several fields of the same name for different datatypes. zero marks the end of chain

integer constant block (icblk) an icblk is created for every integer referenced or created by a program. note however that certain internal integer values are stored as addresses (e.g. the length field in a string constant block)

116	field in a string constant block)						
	+			+			
	i			i	cget		i
	+						+
	*			i	cval		*
	+						+
icget	equ				0		ptr to routine b\$icl to load int
icval	equ			icg	et+1		integer value
icsi\$	equ		icval+cfp\$i			size of icblk	
the	length	of	the	icval	field	is	cfp\$i.

keyword variable block (kvblk)
a kvblk is used to represent a keyword pseudo-variable.
a kvblk is built for each keyword reference (kwnam).

+		+
i	kvtyp	i
+		-+
i	kvvar	i
+		-+
i	kvnum	i
+		-+

kvtyp	equ	0	pointer to dummy routine b\$kvt
kvvar	equ	kvtyp+1	pointer to dummy block trbkv
kvnum	equ	kvvar+1	keyword number
kvsi\$	eau	kvnum+1	size of kvblk

the name of a keyword variable is represented by a base pointer to the kvblk and an offset of kvvar. the value appears to be trapped by the pointer to trbkv.

name block (nmblk)

a name block is used wherever a name must be stored as a value following use of the unary dot operator.

+		+
i	nmtyp	i
i	nmbas	i
i	nmofs	i
+		+

nmtyp	\mathbf{equ}	0	ptr to routine b\$nml to load name
nmbas	\mathbf{equ}	nmtyp+1	base pointer for variable
nmofs	\mathbf{equ}	nmbas+1	offset for variable
nmsi\$	equ	nmofs+1	size of nmblk

the actual field representing the contents of the name is found nmofs bytes past the address in nmbas. the name is split into base and offset form to avoid creation of a pointer into the middle of a block which could not be handled properly by the garbage collector. a name may be built for any variable (see section on representations of variables) this includes the cases of pseudo-variables.

pattern block, no parameters (p0blk) a p0blk is used to represent pattern nodes which do not require the use of any parameter values.

+		-+
i	pcode	i
+		-+
i	pthen	i
+		-+

pcode	\mathbf{equ}	0	ptr to match routine (p\$xxx)
pthen	\mathbf{equ}	pcode+1	pointer to subsequent node
pasi\$	equ	pthen+1	size of p0blk

pthen points to the pattern block for the subsequent node to be matched. this is a pointer to the pattern block ndnth if there is no subsequent (end of pattern) pcode is a pointer to the match routine for the node.

pattern block (one parameter) a p1blk is used to represent pattern nodes which require one parameter value.

+		+
i	pcode	i
+		+
i	pthen	i
+		+
i	parm1	i
+		+

parm1 equ pthen+1 first parameter value
pbsi\$ equ parm1+1 size of p1blk in words

see p0blk for definitions of pcode, pthen parm1 contains a parameter value used in matching the node. for example, in a len pattern, it is the integer argument to len. the details of the use of the parameter field are included in the description of the individual match routines. parm1 is always an address pointer which is processed by the garbage collector.

pattern block (two parameters) a p2blk is used to represent pattern nodes which require two parameter values.

+		-+
i	pcode	i
i	pthen	-+ i -+
i	parm1	 i
i	parm2	i
T		-+

parm2 equ parm1+1 second parameter value pcsi\$ equ parm2+1 size of p2blk in words

see p1blk for definitions of pcode, pthen, parm1 parm2 is a parameter which performs the same sort of function as parm1 (see description of p1blk). parm2 is a non-relocatable field and is not processed by the garbage collector. accordingly, it may not contain a pointer to a block in dynamic memory.

program-defined datatype block a pdblk represents the data item formed by a call to a datatype function as defined by the system function data.

+		+
i	pdtyp	i
+		+
i	idval	i
+		+
i	pddfp	i
+		+
/		/
/	pdfld	/
/		/
+		+

pdtypequ ptr to dummy routine b\$pdt pddfp equ idval+1 ptr to associated dfblk pdfld pddfp+1 start of field value pointers equ dffld-pdfld difference in offset to field ptrs pdfof equ size of standard fields in pdblk pdsi\$ pdfld equ pddfs difference in dfblk, pdblk sizes equ dfsi\$-pdsi\$

the pddfp pointer may be used to determine the datatype and the names of the fields if required. the dfblk also contains the length of the pdblk in bytes (field dfpdl). pddfp is non-reloc. because dfblk is in static pdfld values are stored in order from left to right. they contain values or pointers to trblk chains.

program defined function block (pfblk) a pfblk is created for each call to the define function and a pointer to the pfblk placed in the proper vrblk.

```
+----+
                      fcode
                fargs
                  pflen
          -----+
                      pfvbl
          -----+
                 pfnlo
        +----+
                pfcod i
           ----+
                 pfctr
                                         i
                       pfrtr
        +----+
                     pfarg
                    fargs+1 length of pfblk in bytes
pflen+1 pointer to vrblk for function name
pfvbl+1 number of locals
pfnlo+1 ptr to vrblk for entry label
pfcod+1 trblk ptr if call traced else 0
pfctr+1 trblk ptr if return traced else 0
pflen
       equ
pfvbl
       equ
pfnlo
       equ
pfcod
      equ
pfctr
       equ
                                  trblk ptr if return traced else 0
pfrtr
       equ
                     pfctr+1
                                  vrblk ptrs for arguments and locals
pfarg
       equ
                      pfrtr+1
pfagb
       equ
                      pfarg-1
                                  offset behind pfarg for arg, local
                                  number of standard fields in pfblk
pfsi$
       equ
                       pfarg
   the fcode field points to the routine b$pfc.
   pfarg is stored in the following order.
        arguments (left to right)
        locals (left to right)
if .cnra
else
```

real constant block (rcblk) an rcblk is created for every real referenced or created by a program.

fi

```
+-----+

i rcget i

+-----+

* rcval *

+-----+

rcget equ 0 ptr to routine b$rcl to load real

rcval equ rcget+1 real value

rcsi$ equ rcval+cfp$r size of rcblk

the length of the rcval field is cfp$r.
```

string constant block (scblk) an scblk is built for every string referenced or created by a program.

+		+
i	scget	i
+		+
i	sclen	i
+		+
/		/
/	schar	/
/		/

scgetequ0ptr to routine b\$scl to load stringsclenequscget+1length of string in charactersscharequsclen+1characters of stringscsi\$equscharsize of standard fields in scblk

the characters of the string are stored left justified. the final word is padded on the right with zeros. (i.e. the character whose internal code is zero). the value of sclen may not exceed mxlen. this ensures that character offsets (e.g. the pattern match cursor) can be correctly processed by the garbage collector. note that the offset to the characters of the string is given in bytes by cfp\$f and that this value is automatically allowed for in plc, psc. note that for a spitbol scblk, the value of cfp\$f is given by cfp\$b*schar.

simple expression block (seblk)
an seblk is used to represent an expression of the form
*(natural variable). all other expressions are exblks.

Τ		-
i	setyp	i
+		+
i	sevar	i
+		+
equ	0	ptr to routine b\$sel to load expr
equ	setyp+1	ptr to vrblk for variable
equ	sevar+1	length of seblk in words
	equ	i sevar +

standard variable block (svblk) an svblk is assembled in the constant section for each variable which satisfies one of the following conditions.

- 1) it is the name of a system function
- 2) it has an initial value
- 3) it has a keyword association
- 4) it has a standard i/o association
- 6) it has a standard label association

if vrblks are constructed for any of these variables, then the vrsvp field points to the svblk (see vrblk)

+		-+
i	svbit	i
+		-+
i	svlen	i
+		-+
/	svchs	/
+		-+
i	svknm	i
+		-+
i	svfnc	i
+		-+
i	svnar	i
+		-+
i	svlbl	i
+		-+
i	svval	i
+		-+

standard variable block (continued)

svbit	\mathbf{equ}	0	bit string indicating attributes
svlen	\mathbf{equ}	1	(=sclen) length of name in chars
svchs	\mathbf{equ}	2	(=schar) characters of name
svsi\$	\mathbf{equ}	2	number of standard fields in svblk
svpre	\mathbf{equ}	1	set if preevaluation permitted
svffc	\mathbf{equ}	svpre+svpre	set on if fast call permitted
svckw	\mathbf{equ}	svffc+svffc	set on if keyword value constant
svprd	\mathbf{equ}	svckw+svckw	set on if predicate function
svnbt	\mathbf{equ}	4	number of bits to right of svknm
svknm	\mathbf{equ}	svprd+svprd	set on if keyword association
svfnc	\mathbf{equ}	svknm+svknm	set on if system function
svnar	\mathbf{equ}	svfnc+svfnc	set on if system function
svlbl	\mathbf{equ}	svnar+svnar	set on if system label
svval	\mathbf{equ}	svlbl+svlbl	set on if predefined value

note that the last five bits correspond in order to the fields which are present (see procedure gtnvr). the following definitions are used in the svblk table

svfnf	\mathbf{equ}	svfnc+svnar	function with no fast call
svfnn	equ	svfnf+svffc	function with fast call, no preeval
svfnp	equ	svfnn+svpre	function allowing preevaluation
svfpr	equ	svfnn+svprd	predicate function
svfnk	equ	svfnn+svknm	no preeval func $+$ keyword
svkwv	equ	svknm+svval	keyword + value
svkwc	equ	svckw+svknm	keyword with constant value
svkvc	equ	svkwv+svckw	constant keyword + value
svkvl	equ	svkvc+svlbl	constant keyword + value + label
svfpk	equ	svfnp+svkvc	preeval fcn + const keywd + val

the svpre bit allows the compiler to preevaluate a call to the associated system function if all the arguments are themselves constants. functions in this category must have no side effects and must never cause failure. the call may generate an error condition. the svffc bit allows the compiler to generate the special fast call after adjusting the number of arguments. only the item and apply functions fall outside this category. the svckw bit is set if the associated keyword value is a constant, thus allowing preevaluation for a value call. the svprd bit is set on for all predicate functions to enable the special concatenation code optimization.

svblk (continued)

svknm keyword number

svknm is present only for a standard keyword assoc. it contains a keyword number as defined by the keyword number table given later on.

svfnc system function pointer

svfnc is present only for a system function assoc. it is a pointer to the actual code for the system function. the generated code for a fast call is a pointer to the svfnc field of the svblk for the function. the vrfnc field of the vrblk points to this same field, in which case, it serves as the fcode field for the function call.

svnar number of function arguments

svnar is present only for a system function assoc. it is the number of arguments required for a call to the system function. the compiler uses this value to adjust the number of arguments in a fast call and in the case of a function called through the vrfnc field of the vrblk, the svnar field serves as the fargs field for o\$fnc. a special case occurs if this value is set to 999. this is used to indicate that the function has a variable number of arguments and causes o\$fnc to pass control without adjusting the argument count. the only predefined functions using this are apply and item.

svlbl system label pointer

svlbl is present only for a standard label assoc. it is a pointer to a system label routine (l\$xxx). the vrlbl field of the corresponding vrblk points to the svlbl field of the svblk.

svval system value pointer

svval is present only for a standard value. it is a pointer to the pattern node (ndxxx) which is the standard initial value of the variable. this value is copied to the vrval field of the vrblk

svblk (continued)
keyword number table

the following table gives symbolic names for keyword numbers. these values are stored in the svknm field of svblks and in the kvnum field of kvblks. see also procedures asign, acess and kwnam.

unprotected keywords with one word integer values

unp	rotected keyw	ords with one wor	d integer varues
k\$abe	equ	0	abend
k\$anc	equ	k\$abe+cfp\$b	anchor
if .culc			
k\$cas	equ	k\$anc+cfp\$b	case
k\$cod	equ	k\$cas+cfp\$b	code
else		_	
k\$cod	equ	k\$anc+cfp\$b	code
fi	-	-	
if .ccml	2		
k\$com	equ	k\$cod+cfp\$b	compare
k\$dmp	equ	k\$com+cfp\$b	dump
else	-	-	•
k\$dmp	equ	k\$cod+cfp\$b	dump
fi	-	-	•
k\$erl	equ	k\$dmp+cfp\$b	errlimit
k\$ert	equ	k\$erl+cfp\$b	errtype
k\$ftr	equ	k\$ert+cfp\$b	ftrace
k\$fls	equ	k\$ftr+cfp\$b	fullscan
k\$inp	equ	k\$fls+cfp\$b	input
k\$mxl	equ	k\$inp+cfp\$b	maxlength
k\$oup	equ	k\$mxl+cfp\$b	output
if .cnpf	-	-	•
k\$tra	equ	k\$oup+cfp\$b	trace
else	-		
k\$pfl	equ	k\$oup+cfp\$b	profile
k\$tra	equ	k\$pfl+cfp\$b	trace
fi			
k\$trm	equ	k\$tra+cfp\$b	trim
pro	tected keywor	ds with one word	integer values
k\$fnc	equ	k\$trm+cfp\$b	fnclevel
k\$1st	equ	k\$fnc+cfp\$b	lastno
if .csln			
k\$11n	equ	k\$lst+cfp\$b	lastline
k\$lin	equ	k\$lln+cfp\$b	line
k\$stn	equ	k\$lin+cfp\$b	stno
else			
k\$stn	equ	k\$lst+cfp\$b	stno
fi			
key	words with co	onstant pattern va	alues
k\$abo	equ	k\$stn+cfp\$b	abort
k\$arb	equ	k\$abo+pasi\$	arb
k\$bal	equ	k\$arb+pasi\$	bal
k\$fal	equ	k\$bal+pasi\$	fail
k\$fen	equ	k\$fal+pasi\$	fence
k\$rem	equ	k\$fen+pasi\$	rem
k\$suc	equ	k\$rem+pasi\$	succeed

```
keyword number table (continued)
    special keywords
k$alp
        equ
                          k$suc+1
                                        alphabet
k$rtn
                          k$alp+1
                                        rtntype
        equ
k$stc
        equ
                          k$rtn+1
                                        stcount
k$etx
                          k$stc+1
                                        errtext
        equ
if .csfn
                                        file
k$fil
                          k$etx+1
        equ
k$lfl
        equ
                          k$fil+1
                                        lastfile
k$stl
                          k$1f1+1
                                        stlimit
        equ
else
k$stl
                                        stlimit
                          k$etx+1
        equ
fi
if .culk
k$1cs
                          k$stl+1
                                        lcase
        equ
k$ucs
        equ
                          k$lcs+1
                                        ucase
fi
    relative offsets of special keywords
k$$al
                     k$alp-k$alp
                                        alphabet
        equ
                     k$rtn-k$alp
k$$rt
        equ
                                        rtntype
k$$sc
        equ
                     k$stc-k$alp
                                        stcount
k$$et
                     k$etx-k$alp
                                        errtext
        equ
if.csfn
k$$f1
                     k$fil-k$alp
                                        file
        equ
k$$1f
                                        lastfile
                     k$lfl-k$alp
        equ
fi
k$$sl
        equ
                     k$stl-k$alp
                                        stlimit
if.culk
k$$1c
                     k$1cs-k$alp
                                        lcase
        equ
k$$uc
                      k$ucs-k$alp
        equ
                                        ucase
                                        number of special cases
k$$n$
        equ
                          k$$uc+1
else
k$$n$
                          k$$sl+1
                                        number of special cases
        equ
fi
    symbols used in asign and acess procedures
                                        first protected keyword
k$p$$
        equ
                            k$fnc
k$v$$
        equ
                            k$abo
                                        first keyword with constant value
k$s$$
        equ
                            k$alp
                                        first keyword with special acess
```

format of a table block (tbblk) a table block is used to represent a table value. it is built by a call to the table or convert functions.

	+		-+
	i	tbtyp	i
	i	idval	i
	i	tblen	i
	i	tbinv	i
	/ /	tbbuk	-+ / /
	+		-+
tbtyp	\mathbf{equ}	-	dummy routine b\$tbt
tblen	\mathbf{equ}	9	tbblk in bytes
tbinv	\mathbf{equ}	offs3 default in	itial lookup value
tbbuk	\mathbf{equ}	tbinv+1 start of h	ash bucket pointers
tbsi\$	equ	tbbuk size of sta	andard fields in tbblk
tbnbk	equ	11 default no	o. of buckets

the table block is a hash table which points to chains of table element blocks representing the elements in the table which hash into the same bucket. tbbuk entries either point to the first teblk on the chain or they point to the tbblk itself to indicate the end of the chain.

table element block (teblk)

a table element is used to represent a single entry in a table (see description of tbblk format for hash table)

		
i	tetyp	i
i	tesub	i
i	teval	i
i	tenxt	i +
•		٠.

tetypequ0pointer to dummy routine b\$tettesubequtetyp+1subscript valuetevalequtesub+1(=vrval) table element valuetenxtequteval+1link to next teblk

see s\$cnv where relation is assumed with tenxt and tbbuk tesi\$ equ tenxt+1 size of teblk in words

tenxt points to the next teblk on the hash chain from the tbbuk chain for this hash index. at the end of the chain, tenxt points back to the start of the tbblk.

teval contains a data pointer or a trblk pointer. tesub contains a data pointer.

trap block (trblk)
a trap block is used to represent a trace or input or
output association in response to a call to the trace
input or output system functions. see below for details

-				
	i	tridn	i	
	i	trtyp	i	
		trval or trlbl or trnxt o	or trkvr i	
	i	trtag or trter or tr	trf i	
	i	trfnc or trfpt	i	
tridn	equ	0	pointer to dummy routine b\$trt	
trtyp	equ	tridn+1	trap type code	
trval	equ	trtyp+1	value of trapped variable (=vrval))
trnxt	equ	trval	ptr to next trblk on trblk chain	
trlbl	equ	trval	ptr to actual label (traced label)	
trkvr	equ	trval	vrblk pointer for keyword trace	
trtag	equ	trval+1	trace tag	
trter	equ	trtag	ptr to terminal vrblk or null	
trtrf	equ	trtag	ptr to trblk holding fcblk ptr	
trfnc	equ	trtag+1	trace function vrblk (zero if none))
trfpt	\mathbf{equ}	trfnc	fcblk ptr for sysio	
trsi\$	equ	trfnc+1	number of words in trblk	
trtin	equ	0	trace type for input association	
trtac	equ	trtin+1	trace type for access trace	
trtvl	equ	trtac+1	trace type for value trace	
trtou	equ	trtvl+1	trace type for output association	
trtfc	equ	trtou+1	trace type for fcblk identification	

trap block (continued)
variable input association

the value field of the variable points to a trblk instead of containing the data value. in the case of a natural variable, the vrget and vrsto fields contain =b\$vra and =b\$vrv to activate the check. trtyp is set to trtin

trnxt points to next trblk or trval has variable val trter is a pointer to svblk if association is for input, terminal, else it is null.

trtrf points to the trap block which in turn points to an fcblk used for i/o association.

trfpt is the fcblk ptr returned by sysio.

variable access trace association

the value field of the variable points to a trblk instead of containing the data value. in the case of a natural variable, the vrget and vrsto fields contain =b\$vra and =b\$vrv to activate the check. trtyp is set to trtac

trnxt points to next trblk or trval has variable val trtag is the trace tag (0 if none)

trfnc is the trace function vrblk ptr (0 if none)
variable value trace association

the value field of the variable points to a trblk instead of containing the data value. in the case of a natural variable, the vrget and vrsto fields contain =b\$vra and =b\$vrv to activate the check. trtyp is set to trtvl

trnxt points to next trblk or trval has variable val
trtag is the trace tag (0 if none)

trfnc is the trace function vrblk ptr (0 if none)

```
trap block (continued)
variable output association
    the value field of the variable points to a trblk
    instead of containing the data value. in the case
    of a natural variable, the vrget and vrsto fields
    contain =b$vra and =b$vrv to activate the check.
    trtyp is set to trtou
    trnxt points to next trblk or trval has variable val
    trter is a pointer to svblk if association is
    for output, terminal, else it is null.
    trtrf points to the trap block which in turn points
    to an fcblk used for i/o association.
    trfpt is the fcblk ptr returned by sysio.
function call trace
    the pfctr field of the corresponding pfblk is set
    to point to a trblk.
    trtyp is set to trtin
    trnxt is zero
    trtag is the trace tag (0 if none)
    trfnc is the trace function vrblk ptr (0 if none)
function return trace
    the pfrtr field of the corresponding pfblk is set
    to point to a trblk
    trtyp is set to trtin
    trnxt is zero
    trtag is the trace tag (0 if none)
    trfnc is the trace function vrblk ptr (0 if none)
label trace
    the vrlbl of the vrblk for the label is
    changed to point to a trblk and the vrtra field is
    set to b$vrt to activate the check.
    trtyp is set to trtin
    trlbl points to the actual label (cdblk) value
```

trtag is the trace tag (0 if none)

trfnc is the trace function vrblk ptr (0 if none)

```
trap block (continued)
keyword trace
    keywords which can be traced possess a unique
    location which is zero if there is no trace and
    points to a trblk if there is a trace. the locations
    are as follows.
    r$ert
                     errtype
    r$fnc
                     fnclevel
    r$stc
                      stcount
    the format of the trblk is as follows.
    trtyp is set to trtin
    trkvr is a pointer to the vrblk for the keyword
    trtag is the trace tag (0 if none)
    trfnc is the trace function vrblk ptr (0 if none)
input/output file arg1 trap block
    the value field of the variable points to a trblk
    instead of containing the data value. in the case of
    a natural variable, the vrget and vrsto fields
    contain =b$vra and =b$vrv. this trap block is used
    to hold a pointer to the fcblk which an
    implementation may request to hold information
    about a file.
    trtyp is set to trtfc
    trnext points to next trblk or trval is variable val
    trfnm is 0
    trfpt is the fcblk pointer.
note that when multiple traps are set on a variable
the order is in ascending value of trtyp field.
input association (if present)
access trace (if present)
value trace (if present)
output association (if present)
the actual value of the variable is stored in the trval
field of the last trblk on the chain.
```

this implementation does not permit trace or i/o associations to any of the pseudo-variables.

vector block (vcblk)

a vcblk is used to represent an array value which has one dimension whose lower bound is one. all other arrays are represented by arblks. a vcblk is created by the system function array (s\u00e4arr) when passed an integer arg

System	Tunction a	lay (Swall)	when passed an i	integer arg.
+-			+	
i		vctyp	i	
+-			+	
i		idval	i	
+-			+	
i		vclen	i	
+-			+	
i		vcvls	i	
+-			+	
p equ	1	0	pointer to dum	my routine b\$vct
en equ	1	offs2	length of vcblk	in bytes
.s equ	1	offs3	start of vector	values
.\$ equ	1	vcvls	size of standard	d fields in vcblk
.b equ	1	vcvls-1	offset one word	behind vcvls
od equ	ı tl	osi\$-vcsi\$	difference in siz	zes - see prtvl
	i i i i i t- i en equ en equ es equ .s equ .b equ	+	i vctyp i idval + i vclen + i vcvls + i vcvls + p equ 0 en equ offs2 s equ offs3 \$ equ vcvls b equ vcvls-1	i idval i +

vcvls are either data pointers or trblk pointers the dimension can be deduced from vclen.

variable block (vrblk)

a variable block is built in the static memory area for every variable referenced or created by a program. the order of fields is assumed in the model vrblk stnvr. note that since these blocks only occur in the static region, it is permissible to point to any word in the block and this is used to provide three distinct access points from the generated code as follows.

- point to vrget (first word of vrblk) to load the value of the variable onto the main stack.
- 2) point to vrsto (second word of vrblk) to store the top stack element as the value of the variable.
- 3) point to vrtra (fourth word of vrblk) to jump to the label associated with the variable name.

+		
i	vrget	j
+		
i	vrsto	Í
+		
i	vrval	j
+		
i	vrtra	j
+		
i	vrlbl	į
+		
i	vrfnc	i
+		
i	vrnxt	į
+		
i	vrlen	į
+		
/		,
/	vrchs = vrsvp	,
/	•	,
+		

```
variable block (continued)
                                       pointer to routine to load value
       equ
                               0
vrget
                                       pointer to routine to store value
vrsto
       equ
                         vrget+1
                                       variable value
                         vrsto+1
vrval
       equ
vrvlo
       equ
                    vrval-vrsto
                                       offset to value from store field
                                       pointer to routine to jump to label
                        vrval+1
vrtra
       equ
                                       pointer to code for label
vrlbl
       equ
                         vrtra+1
vrlbo
       equ
                    vrlbl-vrtra
                                       offset to label from transfer field
vrfnc
       equ
                         vrlbl+1
                                       pointer to function block
vrnxt
       equ
                         vrfnc+1
                                       pointer to next vrblk on hash chain
vrlen
                         vrnxt+1
                                       length of name (or zero)
       equ
                                       characters of name (vrlen gt 0)
vrchs
       equ
                         vrlen+1
                         vrlen+1
                                       ptr to svblk (vrlen eq 0)
vrsvp
       equ
                                       number of standard fields in vrblk
vrsi$
       equ
                         vrchs+1
                     vrlen-sclen
                                       offset to dummy scblk for name
vrsof
       equ
                     vrsvp-vrsof
                                       pseudo-offset to vrsvp field
vrsvo
       equ
    vrget = b$vrl if not input associated or access traced
    vrget = b$vra if input associated or access traced
    vrsto = b$vrs if not output associated or value traced
    vrsto = b$vrv if output associated or value traced
    vrsto = b$vre if value is protected pattern value
    vrval points to the appropriate value unless the
    variable is i/o/trace associated in which case, vrval
    points to an appropriate trblk (trap block) chain.
    vrtra = b$vrg if the label is not traced
    vrtra = b$vrt if the label is traced
    vrlbl points to a cdblk if there is a label
    vrlbl points to the svblk svlbl field for a system label
    vrlbl points to stndl for an undefined label
    vrlbl points to a trblk if the label is traced
    vrfnc points to a ffblk for a field function
    vrfnc points to a dfblk for a datatype function
    vrfnc points to a pfblk for a program defined function
    vrfnc points to a efblk for an external loaded function
    vrfnc points to svfnc (svblk) for a system function
    vrfnc points to stndf if the function is undefined
    vrnxt points to the next vrblk on this chain unless
    this is the end of the chain in which case it is zero.
    vrlen is the name length for a non-system variable.
    vrlen is zero for a system variable.
    vrchs is the name (ljrz) if vrlen is non-zero.
```

vrsvp is a ptr to the svblk if vrlen is zero.

format of a non-relocatable external block (xnblk) an xnblk is a block representing an unknown (external) data value. the block contains no pointers to other relocatable blocks. an xnblk is used by external function processing or possibly for system i/o routines etc. the macro-system itself does not use xnblks. this type of block may be used as a file control block. see sysfc,sysin,sysou,s\$inp,s\$oup for details.

	+		-
	i 	xntyp	i +
	i	xnlen	i
	/		- /
	/	xndta	/
	+		+
xntyp	\mathbf{equ}	0	pointer to dummy routine b\$xnt
xnlen	\mathbf{equ}	xntyp+1	length of xnblk in bytes
xndta	equ	xnlen+1	data words
xnsi\$	equ	xndta	size of standard fields in xnblk

note that the term non-relocatable refers to the contents and not the block itself. an xnblk can be moved around if it is built in the dynamic memory area.

relocatable external block (xrblk) an xrblk is a block representing an unknown (external) data value. the data area in this block consists only of address values and any addresses pointing into the dynamic memory area must point to the start of other data blocks. see also description of xnblk. this type of block may be used as a file control block. see sysfc,sysin,sysou,s\$inp,s\$oup for details.

	+		+
	i	xrtyp	i
i		xrlen	i
	/		/
	/	xrptr	/
	+		·+
xrtyp	equ	0	pointer to dummy routine b\$xrt
xrlen	equ	xrtyp+1	length of xrblk in bytes
xrptr	equ	xrlen+1	start of address pointers
xrsi\$	\mathbf{equ}	xrptr	size of standard fields in xrblk

s\$cnv (convert) function switch constants. the values are tied to the order of the entries in the svctb table and hence to the branch table in s\$cnv.

cnvst	\mathbf{equ}	8	max standard type code for convert		
if .cnra					
cnvrt	equ	cnvst	no reals - same as standard types		
	equ	CHVSC	no reals - same as standard types		
else					
cnvrt	\mathbf{equ}	cnvst+1	convert code for reals		
fi					
if .cnbf	•				
cnvbt	equ	cnvrt	no buffers - same as real code		
else	equ	011110	no sanois same as roar code		
			1 0 1 0		
cnvbt	\mathbf{equ}	cnvrt+1	convert code for buffer		
fi					
cnvtt	equ	cnvbt+1	bsw code for convert		
inn	ut image	length			
iniln	equ	1024	default image length for compiler		
	-		0 0 1		
inils	\mathbf{equ}	1024	image length if -sequ in effect		
ionmb	\mathbf{equ}	2	name base used for iochn in sysio		
ionmo	equ	4	name offset used for iochn in sysio		
min	minimum value for keyword maxlngth				
sho	should be larger than iniln				

should be larger than iniln

mnlen	\mathbf{equ}	1024	min value allowed keyword maxlngth
mxern	equ	329	err num inadequate startup memory

in general, meaningful mnemonics should be used for offsets. however for small integers used often in literals the following general definitions are provided.

num01	\mathbf{equ}	329
num02	\mathbf{equ}	329
num03	\mathbf{equ}	329
num04	\mathbf{equ}	329
num05	\mathbf{equ}	329
num06	\mathbf{equ}	329
num07	\mathbf{equ}	329
num08	\mathbf{equ}	329
num09	\mathbf{equ}	329
num10	\mathbf{equ}	329
nm320	\mathbf{equ}	329
nm321	\mathbf{equ}	329
nini8	\mathbf{equ}	329
nini9	\mathbf{equ}	329
thsnd	\mathbf{equ}	329

nun	bers	of undefined spitbol	opei	rators
opbun	equ	5		no. of binary undefined ops
opuun	equ	6		no of unary undefined ops
off	sets	used in prtsn, prtmi	and	acess
prsnf	equ	13		offset used in prtsn
prtmf	equ	21		offset to col 21 (prtmi)
rilen	equ	1024		buffer length for sysri
cod	les fo	or stages of processi	ng	
stgic	equ	0		initial compile
stgxc	equ	stgic+1		execution compile (code)
stgev	equ	stgxc+1		expression eval during execution
stgxt	equ	stgev+1		execution time
stgce	equ	stgxt+1		initial compile after end line
stgxe	equ	stgce+1		exec. compile after end line
stgnd	equ	stgce-stgic		difference in stage after end
stgee	equ	stgxe+1		eval evaluating expression
stgno	equ	stgee+1		number of codes

```
statement number pad count for listr
if.csn6
stnpd
                                       statement no. pad count
       equ
                                6
fi
if.csn8
stnpd equ
                                8
                                       statement no. pad count
fi
if.csn5
stnpd equ
                                5
                                       statement no. pad count
fi
    syntax type codes
    these codes are returned from the scane procedure.
    they are spaced 3 apart for the benefit of expan.
t$uop
       equ
                                0
                                       unary operator
t$1pr
        equ
                         t$uop+3
                                       left paren
t$1br
       \mathbf{equ}
                         t$1pr+3
                                       left bracket
t$cma
                         t$1br+3
                                       comma
       equ
t$fnc
                         t$cma+3
                                       function call
       equ
t$var
                         t$fnc+3
                                       variable
       equ
t$con
       equ
                         t$var+3
                                       constant
                         t$con+3
t$bop
       \mathbf{equ}
                                       binary operator
t$rpr
                         t$bop+3
                                       right paren
       equ
                         t$rpr+3
                                       right bracket
t$rbr
       equ
t$col
       equ
                         t$rbr+3
                                       colon
t$smc
                                       semi-colon
       equ
                         t$col+3
    the following definitions are used only in the goto field
t$fgo
                         t$smc+1
                                       failure goto
       equ
                         t$fgo+1
t$sgo
       equ
                                       success goto
    the above codes are grouped so that codes for elements
    which can legitimately immediately precede a unary
    operator come first to facilitate operator syntax check.
t$uok equ
                           t$fnc
                                       last code ok before unary operator
```

definitions	of	values	for	expan	jump	table

		I	J 1
t\$uo0	equ	t\$uop+0	unary operator, state zero
t\$uo1	equ	t\$uop+1	unary operator, state one
t\$uo2	equ	t\$uop+2	unary operator, state two
t\$1p0	equ	t\$1pr+0	left paren, state zero
t\$lp1	equ	t\$lpr+1	left paren, state one
t\$1p2	equ	t\$1pr+2	left paren, state two
t\$1b0	equ	t\$lbr+0	left bracket, state zero
t\$lb1	equ	t\$lbr+1	left bracket, state one
t\$1b2	equ	t\$1br+2	left bracket, state two
t\$cm0	equ	t\$cma+0	comma, state zero
t\$cm1	equ	t\$cma+1	comma, state one
t\$cm2	equ	t\$cma+2	comma, state two
t\$fn0	equ	t\$fnc+0	function call, state zero
t\$fn1	equ	t\$fnc+1	function call, state one
t\$fn2	equ	t\$fnc+2	function call, state two
t\$va0	equ	t\$var+0	variable, state zero
t\$va1	equ	t\$var+1	variable, state one
t\$va2	equ	t\$var+2	variable, state two
t\$co0	equ	t\$con+0	constant, state zero
t\$co1	equ	t\$con+1	constant, state one
t\$co2	equ	t\$con+2	constant, state two
t\$bo0	equ	t\$bop+0	binary operator, state zero
t\$bo1	equ	t\$bop+1	binary operator, state one
t\$bo2	equ	t\$bop+2	binary operator, state two
t\$rp0	equ	t\$rpr+0	right paren, state zero
t\$rp1	equ	t\$rpr+1	right paren, state one
t\$rp2	equ	t\$rpr+2	right paren, state two
t\$rb0	equ	t\$rbr+0	right bracket, state zero
t\$rb1	equ	t\$rbr+1	right bracket, state one
t\$rb2	equ	t\$rbr+2	right bracket, state two
t\$c10	equ	t\$col+0	colon, state zero
t\$cl1	equ	t\$col+1	colon, state one
t\$c12	equ	t\$col+2	colon, state two
t\$sm0	equ	t\$smc+0	semicolon, state zero
t\$sm1	equ	t\$smc+1	semicolon, state one
t\$sm2	equ	t\$smc+2	semicolon, state two
t\$nes	equ	t\$sm2+1	number of entries in branch tab

de	efinition of	f offsets used	in control card processing
if .culc			
cc\$ca	equ	0	-case
cc\$do	equ	cc\$ca+1	-double
else	1		
cc\$do	equ	0	-double
fi	cqu	V	double
	l.		
if .ccm		h 1	
cc\$co	equ	cc\$do+1	-compare
cc\$du	equ	cc\$co+1	-dump
else			
cc\$du	equ	cc\$do+1	-dump
fi			
if .cinc			
сс\$ср	equ	cc\$du+1	-copy
cc\$ej	equ	cc\$cp+1	-eject
else			
cc\$ej	equ	cc\$du+1	-eject
fi	-		v
cc\$er	equ	cc\$ej+1	-errors
cc\$ex	equ	cc\$er+1	-execute
cc\$fa	equ	cc\$ex+1	-fail
if .cinc	equ	0000111	
cc\$in	equ	cc\$fa+1	-include
if .csln	cqu	CCΨ1α·1	incidde
cc\$ln	0011	cc\$in+1	-line
	equ	cc\$ln+1	-list
cc\$li	equ	CCDTH+I	-1180
else		h ÷ + 1	1:_4
cc\$li	equ	cc\$in+1	-list
fi			
else			
if .csln			
cc\$ln	equ	cc\$fa+1	-line
cc\$li	equ	cc\$ln+1	-list
else			
cc\$li	equ	cc\$fa+1	-list
fi			
fi			
cc\$nr	\mathbf{equ}	cc\$li+1	-noerrors
cc\$nx	equ	cc\$nr+1	-noexecute
cc\$nf	\mathbf{equ}	cc\$nx+1	-nofail
cc\$nl	equ	cc\$nf+1	-nolist
cc\$no	equ	cc\$nl+1	-noopt
cc\$np	equ	cc\$no+1	-noprint
cc\$op	equ	cc\$np+1	-optimise
cc\$pr	equ	cc\$op+1	-print
cc\$si	equ	cc\$pr+1	-single
cc\$sp	equ	cc\$si+1	-space
cc\$st	equ	cc\$sp+1	-stitl
cc\$ti	equ	cc\$st+1	-title
cc\$tr	equ	cc\$ti+1	-trace
cc\$nc	equ	cc\$tr+1	number of control cards
ccnoc	equ	4	no. of chars included in match
	-		

ccofs	equ	7	offset to start of title/subtitle
if .cinc			
ccinm	equ	9	max depth of include file nesting
fi			

definitions of stack offsets used in cmpil procedure see description at start of cmpil procedure for details of use of these locations on the stack.

```
cmstm
         equ
                                              tree for statement body
cmsgo
         equ
                              cmstm+1
                                              tree for success goto
cmfgo
                              cmsgo+1
                                              tree for fail goto
         equ
cmcgo
                              cmfgo+1
                                              conditional goto flag
         equ
                                              previous cdblk pointer
cmpcd
         equ
                              cmcgo+1
{\tt cmffp}
         equ
                              cmpcd+1
                                              failure fill in flag for previous
                              cmffp+1
                                              failure fill in flag for current
{\tt cmffc}
         \mathbf{equ}
cmsop
         equ
                              {\tt cmffc+1}
                                              success fill in offset for previous
                                              success fill in offset for current
                              cmsop+1
cmsoc
         equ
                                              ptr to vrblk for current label
cmlbl
                              cmsoc+1
         \mathbf{equ}
cmtra
                              cmlbl+1
                                              ptr to entry cdblk
         equ
                              cmtra+1
                                              count of stack entries for cmpil
cmnen
         equ
if .cnpf
else
```

a few constants used by the profiler

pfpd1equ8pad positions ...pfpd2equ20... for profile ...pfpd3equ32... printoutpf\$i2equcfp\$i+cfp\$isize of table entry (2 ints)

fi if cr

if .crel

definition of limits and adjustments that are built by relcr for use by the routines that relocate pointers after a save file is reloaded. see reloc etc. for usage. a block of information is built that is used in relocating pointers. there are rnsi\$ instances of a rssi\$ word structure. each instance corresponds to one of the regions that a pointer might point into. each structure takes the form:

| total | tota

symbolic names for these locations as offsets from the first entry are provided here.

definitions within a section

rlend	\mathbf{equ}	0	end
rladj	equ	rlend+1	adjustment
rlstr	equ	rladj+1	start
rssi\$	equ	rlstr+1	size of section
rnsi\$	equ	5	number of structures
ove	erall	definitions of all s	tructures
rldye	equ	0	dynamic region end
rldya	equ	rldye+1	dynamic region adjustment
rldys	equ	rldya+1	dynamic region start
rlste	equ	rldys+1	static region end
rlsta	equ	rlste+1	static region adjustment
rlsts	equ	rlsta+1	static region start
rlwke	equ	rlsts+1	working section globals end
rlwka	\mathbf{equ}	rlwke+1	working section globals adjustment
rlwks	equ	rlwka+1	working section globals start
rlcne	equ	rlwks+1	constants section end
rlcna	equ	rlcne+1	constants section adjustment
rlcns	equ	rlcna+1	constants section start
rlcde	equ	rlcns+1	code section end
rlcda	equ	rlcde+1	code section adjustment
rlcds	equ	rlcda+1	code section start
rlsi\$	equ	rlcds+1	number of fields in structure
fi			

spitbol—constant section

this section consists entirely of assembled constants. all label names are five letters. the order is approximately alphabetical, but in some cases (always documented), constants must be placed in some special order which must not be disturbed.

it must also be remembered that there is a requirement for no forward references which also disturbs the alphabetical order in some cases.

secstart of constant section start of constant section first location of constant section c\$aaa dac free store percentage (used by alloc) free store percentage alfsp dace\$fsp bit constants for general use bits0 dbcall zero bits bits1 dbcone bit in low order position 1 bits2 dbc2 bit in position 2 dbc4 bit in position 3 bits3 8 dbcbit in position 4 bits4 bits5 dbc16 bit in position 5 32 bit in position 6 bits6 dbcbits7 dbc64 bit in position 7 dbc128 bit in position 8 bits8 bits9 dbc256 bit in position 9 dbcbit10 512 bit in position 10 bit11 dbc1024 bit in position 11 bit12 dbc2048 bit in position 12 bitsm dbccfp\$m mask for max integer bit constants for svblk (svbit field) tests bit to test for function btfnc dbcsvfnc bit to test for keyword number btknm dbcsvknm bit to test for label btlbl \mathbf{dbc} svlbl btffc dbcsvffc bit to test for fast call dbcbit to test for constant keyword btckw svckw \mathbf{dbc} bits to test for keword with value btkwv svkwv bit to test for predicate function btprd dbcsvprd bit to test for preevaluation btpre dbcsvpre btval dbcsvval bit to test for value

```
list of names used for control card processing
if.\mathbf{culc}
ccnms
        dtc
                              svval
        dtc
                              svval
else
ccnms
        dtc
                              svval
fi
if.\mathbf{ccmk}
        dtc
                              svval
fi
        dtc
                              svval
if.cinc
        dtc
                              svval
fi
        dtc
                              svval
        dtc
                              svval
        \mathbf{dtc}
                              svval
        dtc
                              svval
if.cinc
        dtc
                              svval
fi
if.\mathbf{csln}
        \mathbf{dtc}
                              svval
fi
        dtc
                              svval
        \mathbf{dtc}
                              svval
        dtc
                              svval
        dtc
                              svval
        dtc
                              svval
        dtc
                              svval
    header messages for dumpr procedure (scblk format)
dmhdk
        dac
                              b$scl
                                           dump of keyword values
        dac
                              b$scl
                                           dump of keyword values
        dtc
                                           values/
                 /dump of keyword
dmhdv
        dac
                              b$scl
                                           dump of natural variables
        dac
                              b$scl
                                           dump of natural variables
        dtc
                 /dump of natural
                                           variables/
```

```
message text for compilation statistics
encm1
        dac
                 /dump of natural
if.\mathbf{cbyt}
        \mathbf{dac}
                 /dump of natural
        dtc
                 /dump of natural
encm2
        dac
                 /dump of natural
        dac
                 /dump of natural
        dtc
                 /dump of natural
else
        dac
                 /dump of natural
        dtc
                 /dump of natural
encm2
        \mathbf{dac}
                 /dump of natural
        dac
                 /dump of natural
        dtc
                 /dump of natural
fi
encm3
        dac
                 /dump of natural
        \mathbf{dac}
                 /dump of natural
        dtc
                 /dump of natural
encm4
        dac
                 /dump of natural
if .ctmd
        dac
                 /dump of natural
        dtc
                 /dump of natural
else
        dac
                 /dump of natural
        dtc
                 /dump of natural
fi
encm5
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          execution suppressed
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          execution suppressed
        \mathbf{dtc}
                             b$scl
                                          execution suppressed
    string constant for abnormal end
        dac
                             b$scl
endab
        dac
                             b$scl
        \mathbf{dtc}
                             b$scl
```

memory overflow during initialisation

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{endmo} & \mathbf{dac} & & \text{b\$scl} \\ \text{endml} & \mathbf{dac} & & \text{b\$scl} \\ & \mathbf{dtc} & & \text{b\$scl} \end{array}$

string constant for message issued by 1\$end

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{endms} & \text{dac} & & \text{b\$scl} \\ & \text{dac} & & \text{b\$scl} \\ & \text{dtc} & & \text{b\$scl} \end{array}$

fail message for stack fail section

endso dac b\$scl stack overflow in garbage collector

dac b\$scl stack overflow in garbage collector

 $\mathbf{dtc} \qquad \text{/stack overflow} \qquad \mathrm{garbage\ collection}/$

string constant for time up

endtu dac /stack overflow

 $egin{array}{ll} {
m dac} & \mbox{/stack overflow} \ {
m dtc} & \mbox{/stack overflow} \end{array}$

```
string constant for error message (error section)
                                            error
ermms
         dac
                              b$scl
         dac
                                            error
                              b$scl
         dtc
                              b$scl
                                            error
ermns
         dac
                              b$scl
                                            string / - /
         dac
                              b$scl
                                            string / - /
                              b$scl
                                            string / - /
    string constant for page numbering
lstms
         dac
                              b$scl
                                            page
         dac
                              b$scl
                                            page
         dtc
                              b$scl
                                            page
    listing header message
         dac
headr
                              b$scl
         dac
                              b$scl
         dtc
                  /macro spitbol v
                                            3.7/
headv
         dac
                               b$scl
                                            for exit() version no. check
         dac
                              b$scl
                                            for exit() version no. check
         dtc
                              b$scl
                                            for exit() version no. check
if.\mathbf{csed}
    free store percentage (used by gbcol)
gbsdp
         dac
                               e$sed
                                            sediment percentage
fi
    integer constants for general use
    icbld optimisation uses the first three.
int$r
         \mathbf{dac}
                              e$sed
intv0
         dic
                                  +0
                                            0
inton
        dac
                                  +0
                                            0
intv1
        \operatorname{dic}
                                  +1
                                            1
                                            1
inttw
         dac
                                  +1
intv2
        \operatorname{dic}
                                  +2
                                            2
                                            10
intvt
         dic
                                 +10
intvh
         dic
                                +100
                                            100
         \operatorname{\mathbf{dic}}
                              +1000
                                            1000
intth
    table used in icbld optimisation
                                            pointer to 0
intab
         dac
                               int$r
         dac
                              inton
                                            pointer to 1
         dac
                               inttw
                                            pointer to 2
```

```
special pattern nodes. the following pattern nodes consist simply of a pcode pointer, see match routines (p$xxx) for full details of their use and format).
```

ndabb	dac	p\$abb	arbno
ndabd	\mathbf{dac}	p\$abd	arbno
ndarc	\mathbf{dac}	p\$arc	arb
ndexb	\mathbf{dac}	p\$exb	expression
ndfnb	\mathbf{dac}	p\$fnb	fence()
ndfnd	\mathbf{dac}	p\$fnd	fence()
ndexc	\mathbf{dac}	p\$exc	expression
ndimb	\mathbf{dac}	p\$imb	immediate assignment
ndimd	\mathbf{dac}	p\$imd	immediate assignment
ndnth	\mathbf{dac}	p\$nth	pattern end (null pattern)
ndpab	\mathbf{dac}	p\$pab	pattern assignment
ndpad	\mathbf{dac}	p\$pad	pattern assignment
nduna	\mathbf{dac}	p\$una	anchor point movement
	_		

keyword constant pattern nodes. the following nodes are used as the values of pattern keywords and the initial values of the corresponding natural variables. all nodes are in pOblk format and the order is tied to the definitions of corresponding k\$xxx symbols.

ndabo	dac	p\$abo	abort
	dac	p\$abo	abort
ndarb	dac	p\$arb	arb
	dac	p\$arb	arb
ndbal	dac	p\$bal	bal
	dac	p\$bal	bal
ndfal	dac	p\$fal	fail
	dac	p\$fal	fail
ndfen	dac	p\$fen	fence
	dac	p\$fen	fence
ndrem	\mathbf{dac}	p\$rem	rem
	dac	p\$rem	rem
ndsuc	\mathbf{dac}	p\$suc	succeed
	dac	p\$suc	succeed
		-	

null string. all null values point to this string. the svchs field contains a blank to provide for easy default processing in trace, stoptr, lpad and rpad.

nullw contains 10 blanks which ensures an all blank word but for very exceptional machines.

```
\begin{array}{cccc} \textbf{nulls} & \textbf{dac} & \textbf{b\$scl} & \text{null string value} \\ & \textbf{dac} & \textbf{0} & \text{sclen} = 0 \\ & \textbf{nullw} & \textbf{dtc} & \textbf{0} & \text{sclen} = 0 \\ & \textit{if}.\textbf{culk} & \end{array}
```

constant strings for lcase and ucase keywords

```
\begin{array}{ccccc} \mathbf{lcase} & \mathbf{dac} & & 0 \\ & \mathbf{dac} & & 0 \\ & \mathbf{dtc} & & 0 \\ & \mathbf{ucase} & \mathbf{dac} & & 0 \\ & \mathbf{dac} & & 0 \\ & \mathbf{dtc} & & 0 \\ \end{array}
```

```
operator dope vectors (see dvblk format)
opdvc
        dac
                            o$cnc
                                        concatenation
        dac
                            o$cnc
                                        concatenation
        dac
                            o$cnc
                                        concatenation
        dac
                            o$cnc
                                        concatenation
    opdvs is used when scanning below the top level to
    insure that the concatenation will not be later
    mistaken for pattern matching
opdvp
        dac
                            o$cnc
                                        concatenation - not pattern match
        dac
                            o$cnc
                                        concatenation - not pattern match
        dac
                            o$cnc
                                        concatenation - not pattern match
                                        concatenation - not pattern match
        dac
                            o$cnc
    note that the order of the remaining entries is tied to
    the order of the coding in the scane procedure.
opdvs
        dac
                            o$ass
                                        assignment
        dac
                            o$ass
                                        assignment
        dac
                            o$ass
                                        assignment
        dac
                            o$ass
                                        assignment
        dac
                                 6
                                        unary equal
                                 6
        dac
                                        unary equal
        dac
                                 6
                                        unary equal
        dac
                            o$pmv
                                        pattern match
        dac
                            o$pmv
                                        pattern match
        dac
                            o$pmv
                                        pattern match
        dac
                            o$pmv
                                        pattern match
        dac
                            o$int
                                        interrogation
        dac
                            o$int
                                        interrogation
        dac
                            o$int
                                        interrogation
        dac
                                        binary ampersand
                                 1
        dac
                                 1
                                        binary ampersand
        dac
                                 1
                                        binary ampersand
        dac
                                 1
                                        binary ampersand
        dac
                            o$kwv
                                        keyword reference
        dac
                            o$kwv
                                        keyword reference
                                        keyword reference
        dac
                            o$kwv
                                        alternation
        dac
                            o$alt
        dac
                            o$alt
                                        alternation
        dac
                            o$alt
                                        alternation
```

o\$alt

dac

alternation

± ±		
dac	5	unary vertical bar
dac	5	unary vertical bar
dac	5	unary vertical bar
dac	0	binary at
dac	0	binary at
\mathbf{dac}	0	binary at
\mathbf{dac}	0	binary at
\mathbf{dac}	o\$cas	cursor assignment
dac	o\$cas	cursor assignment
dac	o\$cas	cursor assignment
dac	2	binary number sign
\mathbf{dac}	2	binary number sign
\mathbf{dac}	2	binary number sign
\mathbf{dac}	2	binary number sign
\mathbf{dac}	7	unary number sign
\mathbf{dac}	7	unary number sign
\mathbf{dac}	7	unary number sign
dac	o\$dvd	division
dac	o\$dvd	division

o\$dvd

o\$dvd

o\$mlt

o\$mlt

o\$mlt

o\$mlt

9

9

9

division

division

unary slash

unary slash

unary slash

multiplication

multiplication

multiplication

multiplication

operator dope vectors (continued)

dac

 \mathbf{dac}

 \mathbf{dac}

dac

 \mathbf{dac}

dac

 \mathbf{dac}

 \mathbf{dac}

dac

operator	dope	vectors	(continued)
----------	------	---------	-------------

erator	dope	vectors	(continued)	
\mathbf{dac}			0	deferred expression
\mathbf{dac}			0	deferred expression
\mathbf{dac}			0	deferred expression
\mathbf{dac}			3	binary percent
\mathbf{dac}			3	binary percent
\mathbf{dac}			3	binary percent
\mathbf{dac}			3	binary percent
\mathbf{dac}			8	unary percent
\mathbf{dac}			8	unary percent
\mathbf{dac}			8	unary percent
\mathbf{dac}			o\$exp	exponentiation
\mathbf{dac}			o\$exp	exponentiation
\mathbf{dac}			o\$exp	exponentiation
\mathbf{dac}			o\$exp	exponentiation
\mathbf{dac}			10	unary exclamation
\mathbf{dac}			10	unary exclamation
\mathbf{dac}			10	unary exclamation
\mathbf{dac}			o\$ima	$immediate\ assignment$
\mathbf{dac}			o\$ima	$immediate\ assignment$
\mathbf{dac}			o\$ima	$immediate\ assignment$
\mathbf{dac}			o\$ima	$immediate\ assignment$
\mathbf{dac}			o\$inv	indirection
\mathbf{dac}			o\$inv	indirection
\mathbf{dac}			o\$inv	indirection
\mathbf{dac}			4	binary not
\mathbf{dac}			4	binary not
\mathbf{dac}			4	binary not
\mathbf{dac}			4	binary not
\mathbf{dac}			0	negation
\mathbf{dac}			0	negation
\mathbf{dac}			0	negation

```
operator dope vectors (continued)
                                         subtraction
        dac
                            o$sub
        dac
                            o$sub
                                         subtraction
        dac
                            o$sub
                                         subtraction
                                         subtraction
        dac
                            o$sub
        dac
                            o$com
                                         complementation
        dac
                            o$com
                                         complementation
                                         complementation
        dac
                            o$com
        dac
                            o$add
                                         addition
        dac
                            o$add
                                         addition
        dac
                            o$add
                                         addition
        dac
                            o$add
                                         addition
        dac
                            o$aff
                                         affirmation
                            o$aff
                                         affirmation
        dac
        dac
                            o$aff
                                         affirmation
        dac
                            o$pas
                                         pattern assignment
        dac
                            o$pas
                                         pattern assignment
        dac
                            o$pas
                                         pattern assignment
                                         pattern assignment
        dac
                            o$pas
        dac
                                         name reference
                             o$nam
        dac
                                         name reference
                            o$nam
        dac
                            o$nam
                                         name reference
    special dvs for goto operators (see procedure scngf)
opdvd
        dac
                            o$god
                                         direct goto
        dac
                            o$god
                                         direct goto
        dac
                            o$god
                                         direct goto
opdvn
        dac
                            o$goc
                                         complex normal goto
        dac
                            o$goc
                                         complex normal goto
        dac
                                         complex normal goto
                            o$goc
```

ope	erator	entry	address pointers,	used in code
oamn\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$amn	array ref (multi-subs by value)
oamv\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$amv	array ref (multi-subs by value)
oaon\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$aon	array ref (one sub by name)
oaov\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$aov	array ref (one sub by value)
ocer\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$cer	compilation error
ofex\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$fex	failure in expression evaluation
ofif\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$fif	failure during goto evaluation
ofnc\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$fnc	function call (more than one arg)
ofne\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$fne	function name error
ofns\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$fns	function call (single argument)
ogof\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$gof	set goto failure trap
oinn\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$inn	indirection by name
okwn\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$kwn	keyword reference by name
olex\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$lex	load expression by name
olpt\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$lpt	load pattern
olvn\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$lvn	load variable name
onta\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$nta	negation, first entry
ontb\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$ntb	negation, second entry
ontc\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$ntc	negation, third entry
opmn\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$pmn	pattern match by name
opms\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$pms	pattern match (statement)
opop\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$pop	pop top stack item
ornm\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$rnm	return name from expression
orpl\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$rpl	pattern replacement
orvl\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$rvl	return value from expression
osla\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$sla	selection, first entry
oslb\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$slb	selection, second entry
oslc\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$slc	selection, third entry
osld\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$sld	selection, fourth entry
ostp\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$stp	stop execution
ounf\$	\mathbf{dac}		o\$unf	unexpected failure

```
table of names of undefined binary operators for opsyn
        dac
                             ch$at
opsnb
                                         at
        dac
                             ch$am
                                         ampersand
        dac
                             ch$nm
                                         number
        dac
                             ch$pc
                                         percent
        dac
                             ch$nt
                                         not
    table of names of undefined unary operators for opsyn
                             ch$br
opnsu
        dac
                                         vertical bar
        dac
                             ch$eq
                                         equal
        dac
                                         \operatorname{number}
                             ch$nm
        dac
                             ch$pc
                                         percent
        dac
                             ch$sl
                                         slash
                                         exclamation
        dac
                             ch$ex
if .cnpf
else
    address const containing profile table entry size
pfi2a
        dac
                             ch$ex
    profiler message strings
        dac
pfms1
                             ch$ex
        dac
                             ch$ex
        dtc
                             ch$ex
pfms2
        dac
                             ch$ex
        dac
                             ch$ex
                                          - execution time -/
        dtc
                     /stmt number
                     /stmt number
                                          - execution time -/
pfms3
        dac
        dac
                     /stmt number
                                          - execution time -/
        dtc
                  /number executi
                                          total(msec) per excn(mcsec)/
fi
if .cnra
else
    real constants for general use. note that the constants
    starting at reav1 form a powers of ten table (used in
    gtnum and gtstg)
reav0
        \mathbf{drc}
                              +0.0
                                         0.0
if .cncr
else
                              +0.1
reap1
        drc
                                         0.1
reap5
        drc
                              +0.5
                                         0.5
fi
                                         10**0
                              +1.0
        drc
reav1
                                         10**1
reavt
        drc
                           +1.0e+1
                                         10**2
        drc
                           +1.0e+2
        drc
                           +1.0e+3
                                         10**3
        \mathbf{drc}
                           +1.0e+4
                                         10**4
        drc
                           +1.0e+5
                                         10**5
                                         10**6
        drc
                           +1.0e+6
                          +1.0e+7
                                         10**7
        drc
        drc
                          +1.0e+8
                                         10**8
                                         10**9
        drc
                          +1.0e+9
                                         10**10
reatt
        drc
                          +1.0e+10
fi
```

```
string constants (scblk format) for dtype procedure
scarr
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          array
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          array
        dtc
                             b$scl
                                          array
if.cnbf
else
                                          buffer
scbuf
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          buffer
        dac
                             b$scl
        dtc
                             b$scl
                                          buffer
fi
sccod
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          code
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          code
        dtc
                             b$scl
                                          code
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          expression
scexp
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          expression
        dtc
                             b$scl
                                          expression
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          external
scext
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          external
        dtc
                             b$scl
                                          external
scint
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          integer
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          integer
        dtc
                             b$scl
                                          integer
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          name
scnam
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          name
        dtc
                             b$scl
                                          name
scnum
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          numeric
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          numeric
        dtc
                             b$scl
                                          \operatorname{numeric}
        dac
                             b$scl
scpat
                                          pattern
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          pattern
        dtc
                             b$scl
                                          pattern
if.cnra
else
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          real
screa
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          real
        dtc
                             b$scl
                                          real
fi
scstr
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          string
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          string
        dtc
                             b$scl
                                          string
sctab
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          table
                                          table
        dac
                             b$scl
        dtc
                             b$scl
                                          table
if.cnlf
scfil
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          file (for extended load arguments)
        dac
                             b$scl
                                          file (for extended load arguments)
        dtc
                             b$scl
                                          file (for extended load arguments)
fi
```

```
string constants (scblk format) for kvrtn (see retrn)
                                        freturn
scfrt
        dac
                            b$scl
        dac
                                        freturn
                            b$scl
        dtc
                                        freturn
                            b$scl
scnrt
        dac
                            b$scl
                                        nreturn
        dac
                            b$scl
                                        nreturn
        dtc
                            b$scl
                                        nreturn
        dac
                            b$scl
scrtn
                                        return
        dac
                            b$scl
                                        return
        dtc
                            b$scl
                                        return
    datatype name table for dtype procedure. the order of
    these entries is tied to the b$xxx definitions for blocks
    note that slots for buffer and real data types are filled
    even if these data types are conditionalized out of the
    implementation. this is done so that the block numbering
    at bl$ar etc. remains constant in all versions.
scnmt
        dac
                            scarr
                                        arblk array
                                        cdblk code
        dac
                            sccod
        dac
                                        exblk expression
                            scexp
                                        icblk integer
        dac
                            scint
        dac
                            scnam
                                        nmblk name
        dac
                            scpat
                                        p0blk pattern
                                        p1blk pattern
        dac
                            scpat
        dac
                            scpat
                                        p2blk pattern
if.cnra
        dac
                            nulls
                                        rcblk no real in this version
else
        dac
                                        rcblk real
                            screa
fi
        dac
                                        scblk string
                            scstr
                                        seblk expression
        dac
                            scexp
        dac
                            sctab
                                        tbblk table
        dac
                                        vcblk array
                            scarr
                                        xnblk external
        dac
                            scext
                                        xrblk external
        dac
                            scext
if.cnbf
                                        bfblk no buffer in this version
        dac
                            nulls
else
                                        bfblk buffer
        dac
                            scbuf
fi
if .cnra
else
    string constant for real zero
        \mathbf{dac}
                            scbuf
scre0
        dac
                            scbuf
        dtc
                            scbuf
fi
```

```
used to re-initialise kvstl
if.cs16
stlim
        \operatorname{\mathbf{dic}}
                            +32767
                                          default statement limit
else
if.cs32
stlim
        \operatorname{\mathbf{dic}}
                      +2147483647
                                          default statement limit
else
        dic
                                          default statement limit
stlim
                            +50000
fi
fi
    dummy function block used for undefined functions
                                          ptr to undefined function err call
stndf
        dac
                             o$fun
        dac
                                          dummy fargs count for call circuit
    dummy code block used for undefined labels
        dac
                             1$und
                                          code ptr points to undefined lbl
stndl
    dummy operator block used for undefined operators
stndo
        dac
                             o$oun
                                          ptr to undefined operator err call
        dac
                                          dummy fargs count for call circuit
                                  0
    standard variable block. this block is used to initialize
    the first seven fields of a newly constructed vrblk.
    its format is tied to the vrblk definitions (see gtnvr).
stnvr
        dac
                             b$vrl
                                          vrget
        dac
                             b$vrs
                                          vrsto
        dac
                             nulls
                                          vrval
        dac
                             b$vrg
                                          vrtra
        dac
                             stndl
                                          vrlbl
        dac
                              stndf
                                          vrfnc
        dac
                                          vrnxt
```

```
messages used in end of run processing (stopr)
                                         in statement
stpm1
        dac
                            b$scl
        dac
                            b$scl
                                         in statement
        dtc
                            b$scl
                                         in statement
stpm2
        dac
                            b$scl
        dac
                            b$scl
        dtc
                            b$scl
stpm3
        dac
                            b$scl
if.ctmd
        dac
                            b$scl
        dtc
                            b$scl
else
                            b$scl
        dac
        dtc
                            b$scl
fi
stpm4
        dac
                            b$scl
        dac
                            b$scl
        dtc
                            b$scl
stpm5
        dac
                            b$scl
        dac
                            b$scl
        dtc
                            b$scl
if.csln
                                         in line
stpm6
        dac
                            b$scl
        dac
                            b$scl
                                         in line
        dtc
                            b$scl
                                         in line
fi
if.csfn
stpm7
        dac
                            b$scl
                                         in file
        dac
                            b$scl
                                         in file
        dtc
                            b$scl
                                         in file
fi
    chars for /tu/ ending code
strtu
        dtc
                            b$scl
    table used by convert function to check datatype name
    the entries are ordered to correspond to branch table
    in s$cnv
svctb
        dac
                                         string
                            scstr
        dac
                            scint
                                         integer
        dac
                            scnam
                                         name
        dac
                            scpat
                                         pattern
        dac
                                         array
                            scarr
        dac
                                         table
                            sctab
                            scexp
        dac
                                         expression
        dac
                            sccod
                                         code
        dac
                            scnum
                                         numeric
if.cnra
else
        dac
                            screa
                                         real
fi
if.cnbf
else
        dac
                            scbuf
                                         buffer
fi
```

0 zero marks end of list

me	ssages (scblk	format) used by	trace procedures
tmasb	dac	b\$scl	asterisks for trace statement no
	dac	b\$scl	asterisks for trace statement no
	${ m dtc}$	b\$scl	asterisks for trace statement no
tmbeb	dac	b\$scl	blank-equal-blank
	dac	b\$scl	blank-equal-blank
	${f dtc}$	b\$scl	blank-equal-blank
du	mmy trblk for	expression varia	able
trbev	dac	b\$trt	dummy trblk
du	mmy trblk for	keyword variable	e
trbkv	dac	b\$trt	dummy trblk
du	mmy code bloc	k to return cont	rol to trxeq procedure
trxdr	dac	o\$txr	block points to return routine
trxdc	dac	trxdr	pointer to block

standard variable blocks

see svblk format for full details of the format. the vrblks are ordered by length and within each length the order is alphabetical by name of the variable.

ord	er is alphabetical	•	the v
v\$eqf	dbc	svfpr	eq
	dac	svfpr	eq
	m dtc	svfpr	eq
	dac	svfpr	eq
	dac	svfpr	eq
v\$gef	dbc	svfpr	ge
	dac	svfpr	ge
	dtc	svfpr	ge
	dac	svfpr	ge
	dac	svfpr	ge
v\$gtf	dbc	svfpr	gt
J	dac	svfpr	gt
	dtc	svfpr	gt
	dac	svfpr	gt
	dac	svfpr	gt
v\$lef	dbc	svfpr	le
	dac	svfpr	le
	dtc	svfpr	le
	dac	svfpr	le
	dac	svfpr	le
if .cmth	1	•	
v\$lnf	$^{-}$ dbc	svfnp	ln
	dac	svfnp	ln
	dtc	svfnp	ln
	dac	svfnp	ln
	dac	svfnp	ln
fi		1	
v\$ltf	dbc	svfpr	lt
. 4 - 0 -	dac	svfpr	lt
	dtc	svfpr	lt
	dac	svfpr	lt
	dac	svfpr	lt
v\$nef	dbc	svfpr	ne
νψησι	dac	svipi	ne
	dtc	svfpr	ne
	dac	svipi	ne
	dac	svipi	ne
if .c370	uac	SVIPI	IIC
v\$orf	dbc	aufnn	OF
ΛΦΟΙΙ	dac	svfnp	or
	dtc	svfnp svfnp	or
	dac	svinp	or
	dac	svinp	or
C	uac	svinp	or
fi			
if .c370	11	•	1
v\$abs	dbc	svfnp	abs
	dac	svfnp	abs
	dtc	svfnp	abs
	dac	svfnp	abs

	dac	svfnp	abs
fi			
if .c370)		
v\$and	\mathbf{dbc}	svfnp	and
	dac	${\tt svfnp}$	and
	${f dtc}$	svfnp	and
	dac	svfnp	and
	dac	svfnp	and
fi			
v\$any	dbc	svfnp	any
	dac	svfnp	any
	${f dtc}$	svfnp	any
	dac	svfnp	any
	dac	svfnp	any
v\$arb	${ m dbc}$	svkvc	arb
	dac	svkvc	arb
	${f dtc}$	svkvc	arb
	dac	svkvc	arb
	dac	svkvc	arb

	ndard	variable	blocks	(contin	ued)
v\$arg	\mathbf{dbc}		svi	fnn	arg
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	arg
	${f dtc}$		svi	fnn	arg
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	arg
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	nn	arg
v\$bal	${f dbc}$		svl	ζVC	bal
	\mathbf{dac}		svl	ζVC	bal
	\mathbf{dtc}		svl	ζVC	bal
	\mathbf{dac}		svl	ζVC	bal
	\mathbf{dac}		svl	ζVC	bal
if .cmtl	h				
v\$cos	${f dbc}$		svi	fnp	\cos
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnp	\cos
	${f dtc}$		svi	fnp	\cos
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnp	\cos
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnp	\cos
fi					
v\$end	\mathbf{dbc}		svl	Lbl	end
	\mathbf{dac}		sv]	Lbl	end
	${f dtc}$		sv]	Lbl	end
	\mathbf{dac}		sv]	Lbl	end
if .cmtl	h				
v\$exp	${f dbc}$		svi	fnp	\exp
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnp	\exp
	${f dtc}$		svi	fnp	\exp
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnp	\exp
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnp	\exp
fi					
v\$len	\mathbf{dbc}		svi	fnp	len
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnp	len
	\mathbf{dtc}		svi	fnp	len
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnp	len
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnp	len
v\$leq	\mathbf{dbc}		svi	fpr	leq
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fpr	leq
	\mathbf{dtc}		svi	fpr	leq
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fpr	leq
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fpr	leq
v\$lge	${f dbc}$		svi		lge
	\mathbf{dac}		svi		lge
	${f dtc}$		svi		lge
	\mathbf{dac}		svi		lge
	\mathbf{dac}		svi		lge
v\$lgt	${f dbc}$		svi		lgt
	\mathbf{dac}		svi		lgt
	\mathbf{dtc}		svi	fpr	lgt
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fpr	lgt
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fpr	lgt
v\$lle	${f dbc}$		svi	fpr	lle
	\mathbf{dac}		svi		lle
	\mathbf{dtc}		svi		lle
	dac		svi	fpr	lle

dac svfpr lle

```
standard variable blocks (continued)
v$11t
         dbc
                                              11t
                                svfpr
         dac
                                svfpr
                                              llt
         dtc
                                svfpr
                                              11t
         dac
                                              11t
                                svfpr
         dac
                                svfpr
                                              11t
v$lne
         dbc
                                svfpr
                                              lne
         dac
                                svfpr
                                              lne
         dtc
                                svfpr
                                              lne
         dac
                                svfpr
                                              lne
         dac
                                svfpr
                                              lne
v$pos
         \mathbf{dbc}
                                svfnp
                                              pos
         dac
                                svfnp
                                              pos
         dtc
                                svfnp
                                              pos
         dac
                                {\tt svfnp}
                                              pos
         dac
                                svfnp
                                              pos
v$rem
         \mathbf{dbc}
                                svkvc
                                              rem
         dac
                                svkvc
                                              rem
         dtc
                                svkvc
                                              rem
         dac
                                svkvc
                                              rem
         dac
                                svkvc
                                              rem
if.\mathbf{cust}
v$set
         dbc
                                svfnn
                                              set
         dac
                                svfnn
                                              set
         dtc
                                svfnn
                                              set
         dac
                                svfnn
                                              set
         dac
                                svfnn
                                              set
fi
if.cmth
         \mathbf{dbc}
v$sin
                                svfnp
                                              \sin
         dac
                                svfnp
                                              \sin
         \mathbf{dtc}
                                svfnp
                                              \sin
         dac
                                svfnp
                                              \sin
         dac
                                svfnp
                                              \sin
fi
v$tab
         dbc
                                svfnp
                                              tab
         dac
                                svfnp
                                              tab
         dtc
                                svfnp
                                              tab
         dac
                                svfnp
                                              tab
         dac
                                svfnp
                                              tab
if.cmth
v$tan
         dbc
                                svfnp
                                              \tan
         dac
                                svfnp
                                              \tan
         \mathbf{dtc}
                                svfnp
                                              \tan
         dac
                                svfnp
                                              \tan
         dac
                                svfnp
                                              \tan
fi
if .c370
         \mathbf{dbc}
v$xor
                                svfnp
                                              xor
         dac
                                svfnp
                                              xor
         \mathbf{dtc}
                                svfnp
                                              xor
         dac
                                svfnp
                                              xor
         dac
                                svfnp
                                              xor
```

fi			
if .cmt			
v\$atn	${f dbc}$	${\tt svfnp}$	atan
	\mathbf{dac}	${\tt svfnp}$	atan
	${f dtc}$	${\tt svfnp}$	atan
	\mathbf{dac}	${\tt svfnp}$	atan
	\mathbf{dac}	${\tt svfnp}$	atan
fi			
if .culc			
v\$cas	${f dbc}$	svknm	case
	${ m dac}$	svknm	case
	${f dtc}$	svknm	case
	${ m dac}$	svknm	case
fi			
v\$chr	${f dbc}$	${\tt svfnp}$	$_{ m char}$
	${ m dac}$	${\tt svfnp}$	$_{ m char}$
	${f dtc}$	${\tt svfnp}$	$_{ m char}$
	${f dac}$	${\tt svfnp}$	$_{ m char}$
	dac	${\tt svfnp}$	$_{ m char}$
if .cmt			
v\$chp	${f dbc}$	${\tt svfnp}$	chop
	${f dac}$	${\tt svfnp}$	chop
	${f dtc}$	${\tt svfnp}$	chop
	${ m dac}$	${\tt svfnp}$	chop
	${f dac}$	${\tt svfnp}$	chop
fi			
v\$cod	${f dbc}$	svfnk	code
	${ m dac}$	svfnk	code
	${f dtc}$	svfnk	code
	${ m dac}$	svfnk	code
	${ m dac}$	svfnk	code
	${f dac}$	svfnk	code
v\$cop	${f dbc}$	svfnn	copy
	${ m dac}$	svfnn	copy
	${f dtc}$	svfnn	copy
	dac	svfnn	copy
	dac	svfnn	copy

standard		variable	blocks	(continu	ied)
v\$dat	\mathbf{dbc}		svi	fnn	data
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	data
	\mathbf{dtc}		svi	fnn	data
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	data
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	data
v\$dte	\mathbf{dbc}		svi	fnn	date
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	date
	\mathbf{dtc}		svi	fnn	date
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	date
	dac		svi	fnn	date
v\$dmp	\mathbf{dbc}		svi	fnk	dump
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnk	dump
	\mathbf{dtc}		svi	fnk	dump
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnk	dump
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnk	dump
	dac		svi	fnk	dump
v\$dup	\mathbf{dbc}		svi	fnn	dupl
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	dupl
	dtc		svi	fnn	dupl
	dac		svi	fnn	dupl
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	dupl
v\$evl	dbc		svi	fnn	eval
	dac		svi	nn	eval
	dtc		svi		eval
	dac		svi		eval
. 0	dac		svi	fnn	eval
if .cnex					
else	11			-	٠,
v\$ext	dbc		svi		exit
	dac		svi		exit
	dtc		svi		exit
	dac		svi svi		exit
£	dac		SVI	nn	exit
<i>fi</i> v\$fal	dbc		svl	717.0	fail
νψιαι	dac		svi		fail
	dtc		svl		fail
	dac		svi		fail
	dac		svl		fail
if .csfn	aac		511		TOTT
v\$fil	dbc		svl	τnm	file
	dac		svl		file
	dtc		svl		file
	dac		svl		file
fi					
v\$hst	dbc		svi	fnn	host
•	dac		svi		host
	dtc		svi		host
	dac		svi		host
	\mathbf{dac}		svi		host

sta	ndard	variable	blocks	(continu	ıed)
v\$itm	\mathbf{dbc}		svi	fnf	item
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnf	item
	\mathbf{dtc}		svi	fnf	item
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnf	item
	dac		svi	fnf	item
if .csln					
v\$lin	dbc		svl	ĸnm	line
	dac			cnm	line
	dtc			knm	line
	dac			knm	line
fi	aac				11110
if .cnld					
else					
v\$lod	dbc		GIT	fnn	load
νφίοα	dac			fnn	load
	$ ext{dtc}$			fnn	load
	dac			fnn s	load
C	dac		SVI	fnn	load
fi	-11			c	1
v\$lpd	dbc			fnp s	lpad
	dac			fnp	lpad
	dtc			fnp	lpad
	dac			fnp	lpad
	dac			fnp	lpad
v\$rpd	dbc			fnp	rpad
	dac			fnp	rpad
	dtc			fnp	rpad
	dac			fnp	rpad
•	dac			fnp	rpad
v\$rps	dbc			fnp	rpos
	dac			fnp	rpos
	dtc			fnp	rpos
	dac			fnp	rpos
	dac			fnp	rpos
v\$rtb	$_{\rm dbc}$			fnp	rtab
	dac			fnp	rtab
	dtc			fnp	rtab
	dac			fnp	rtab
.	dac			fnp	$_{\cdot}^{\mathrm{rtab}}$
v\$si\$	$_{\rm dbc}$			fnp	size
	dac			fnp	size
	dtc			fnp	size
	dac			fnp	size
	dac		svi	fnp	size
if .cnsr $else$					
v\$srt	\mathbf{dbc}		svi	fnn	sort
•	dac			fnn	sort
	dtc			fnn	sort
	dac			fnn	sort
	dac			fnn	sort
fi					
•					

v\$spn	${ m dbc}$	${\tt svfnp}$	span
	dac	svfnp	span
	${ m dtc}$	svfnp	span
	dac	svfnp	span
	dac	svfnp	span

		variable	blocks	(continu	ıed)
if .cmth					
v\$sqr	${f dbc}$		svi	fnp	sqrt
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnp	sqrt
	${f dtc}$		svi	fnp	sqrt
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnp	sqrt
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnp	sqrt
fi					
v\$stn	\mathbf{dbc}		svl	knm .	stno
	\mathbf{dac}		svl	knm .	stno
	\mathbf{dtc}		svl	knm	stno
	\mathbf{dac}		svl	knm	stno
v\$tim	dbc		svi	fnn	time
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	time
	\mathbf{dtc}		svi	fnn	$_{ m time}$
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	$_{ m time}$
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	$_{ m time}$
v\$trm	\mathbf{dbc}		svi	fnk	trim
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnk	trim
	\mathbf{dtc}		svi	fnk	trim
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnk	trim
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnk	trim
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnk	trim
v\$abe	\mathbf{dbc}		svl	ĸnm	abend
	\mathbf{dac}		svl	knm	abend
	\mathbf{dtc}		svl	knm	abend
	\mathbf{dac}		svl	knm	abend
v\$abo	\mathbf{dbc}		svl	kvl	abort
	\mathbf{dac}		svl	kvl	abort
	\mathbf{dtc}		svl	kvl	abort
	\mathbf{dac}		svl	kvl	abort
	\mathbf{dac}		svl	kvl	abort
	\mathbf{dac}		svl	kvl	abort
v\$app	${f dbc}$		svi	fnf	apply
	\mathbf{dac}		svi		apply
	dtc		svi		apply
	dac		svi	fnf	apply
	\mathbf{dac}		svi		apply
v\$abn	\mathbf{dbc}		svi	fnp	arbno
	dac		svi	fnp	arbno
	${f dtc}$		svi	fnp	arbno
	dac			fnp	arbno
	dac			fnp	arbno
v\$arr	dbc			fnn	array
	\mathbf{dac}			fnn	array
	dtc			fnn	array
	dac			fnn	array
	dac		svi	fnn	array

sta	ndard	variable	blocks	(continu	ıed)
v\$brk	${f dbc}$		sví	fnp	break
	\mathbf{dac}		sví	fnp	break
	dtc		sví	inp	break
	\mathbf{dac}		sví	-	break
	\mathbf{dac}		sví	-	break
v\$clr	dbc		sví	-	clear
	dac		sví		clear
	dtc		sví		clear
	dac		sví		clear
	dac		sví		clear
if .c370			212		Crear
v\$cmp	\mathbf{dbc}		sví	fnp	compl
-	\mathbf{dac}		sví	_	compl
	\mathbf{dtc}		sví	-	compl
	dac		sví	-	compl
	\mathbf{dac}		sví	-	compl
fi				•	1
y\$ejc	dbc		sví	fnn	eject
. 3	\mathbf{dac}		sví		eject
	dtc		sví	fnn	eject
	\mathbf{dac}		sví	nn	eject
	\mathbf{dac}		sví	fnn	eject
v\$fen	dbc		sví	fpk	fence
	dac		sví	-	fence
	dtc		sví	_	fence
	dac		sví	_	fence
	dac		sví	_	fence
	dac		sví	_	fence
	dac		sví	_	fence
v\$fld	dbc		sví	_	field
.4	dac		sví		field
	dtc		sví		field
	dac		sví		field
	dac		sví		field
v\$idn	dbc		sví		ident
νφιαπ	dac		sví	_	ident
	m dtc		sví	_	ident
	dac		sví		ident
	dac		sví	_	ident
v\$inp	dbc		sví	_	input
νψшр	dac		sví		input
	$ ext{dtc}$		sví		input
	dac		sví		input
	dac		sví		
	dac		svi		input input
if .culk	uat		110	1111	шрис
y\$lcs	dbc		G77 ¹	THE	lcase
νφ±CS			svk		
	dac		svk		lease
	dtc		svk		lease
C	dac		svk	ZWC	lcase
fi	11			-	1 ,
v\$loc	dbc		sví	nn	local

dac	${\tt svfnn}$	local
dtc	svfnn	local
dac	svfnn	local
dac	svfnn	local

sta	ndard	variable	blocks	(continu	ıed)
v\$ops	\mathbf{dbc}		sví		opsyn
	\mathbf{dac}		sví	fnn	opsyn
	\mathbf{dtc}		sví	fnn	opsyn
	dac		sví		opsyn
	dac		sví		opsyn
v\$rmd	dbc		sví		remdr
VΨIIIα	dac		sví	-	remdr
	$ ext{dtc}$		sví	-	remdr
	dac		svi		remdr
	dac		svi		remdr
if anan	uac		SVI	пр	remai
if .cnsr else					
	dha		a 4	- - -	naont
v\$rsr	dbc		sví		rsort
	dac		sví		rsort
	dtc		sví		rsort
	dac		sví		rsort
	dac		sví	nn	rsort
fi				_	
v\$tbl	dbc		sví		table
	\mathbf{dac}		sví		table
	\mathbf{dtc}		sví	nn	table
	\mathbf{dac}		sví	fnn	table
	\mathbf{dac}		sví	fnn	table
v\$tra	${f dbc}$		sví	fnk	trace
	\mathbf{dac}		sví	fnk	trace
	\mathbf{dtc}		sví	fnk	trace
	\mathbf{dac}		sví	fnk	trace
	\mathbf{dac}		sví	fnk	trace
	\mathbf{dac}		sví	fnk	trace
if .culk					
v\$ucs	\mathbf{dbc}		svk	ζWC	ucase
	\mathbf{dac}		svl		ucase
	dtc		svl		ucase
	dac		svl		ucase
fi	acc		211	0	acase
v\$anc	dbc		svk	rnm	anchor
νφαιιο	dac		svl		anchor
	m dtc		svi		anchor
	dac		svi		anchor
if .cnbf			SVI	XIIIII	anciioi
*					
else	J1L -		4	•	1
v\$apn	$_{ m dbc}$		sví		append
	dac		sví		append
	dtc		sví		append
	dac		sví		append
0	dac		sví	nn	append
fi				_	, ,
v\$bkx	$_{ m dbc}$		sví	_	breakx
	dac		sví	-	breakx
	\mathbf{dtc}		sví	-	breakx
	dac		sví	-	breakx
	\mathbf{dac}		sví	fnp	breakx

if .cnbi	f		
else			
v\$buf	${f dbc}$	svfnn	buffer
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	buffer
	\mathbf{dtc}	svfnn	buffer
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	buffer
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	buffer
fi			
v\$def	${f dbc}$	svfnn	define
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	define
	${f dtc}$	svfnn	define
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	define
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	define
v\$det	${f dbc}$	svfnn	detach
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	detach
	\mathbf{dtc}	svfnn	detach
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	detach
	\mathbf{dac}	svfnn	detach

sta	ndard	variable	blocks	(continu	.ed)
v\$dif	\mathbf{dbc}		svf	pr	differ
	\mathbf{dac}		svf	pr	differ
	\mathbf{dtc}		svf	pr	differ
	\mathbf{dac}		svf	pr	differ
	\mathbf{dac}		svf		differ
v\$ftr	dbc		svk	-	ftrace
	\mathbf{dac}		svk	nm	ftrace
	\mathbf{dtc}		svk	nm	ftrace
	\mathbf{dac}		svk	nm	ftrace
if .cnbf					
else					
v\$ins	\mathbf{dbc}		svf	nn	insert
	\mathbf{dac}		svf	nn	insert
	\mathbf{dtc}		svf	nn	insert
	\mathbf{dac}		svf	nn	insert
	dac		svf	nn	insert
fi					
v\$lst	\mathbf{dbc}		svk	nm	lastno
	dac		svk	nm	lastno
	dtc		svk	nm	lastno
	dac		svk		lastno
v\$nay	dbc		svf	np	notany
	dac		svf	-	notany
	dtc		svf	-	notany
	dac		svf	-	notany
	dac		svf	-	notany
v\$oup	dbc		svf		output
	dac		svf		output
	dtc		svf		output
	dac		svf		output
	dac		svf		output
Φ.	dac		svf		output
v\$ret	dbc		svl		return
	$rac{ ext{dac}}{ ext{dtc}}$		svl		return
	dac		svl svl		return return
v\$rew			svi		rewind
Adrem	dbc dac		svi		rewind
	$ ext{dtc}$		svi		rewind
	dac		svi		rewind
	dac		svi svf		rewind
v\$stt	dbc		svi		
νψωιι	dac		svi		stoptr stoptr
	dtc		sví		stopti
	dac		sví		stopti
	dac		sví		stopti
	uat		211	1111	ыори

sta	ndard	variable	blocks	(continu	ied)
v\$sub	\mathbf{dbc}		svi	fnn	substr
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	substr
	\mathbf{dtc}		svi	fnn	substr
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	substr
	dac		svi	fnn	substr
v\$unl	\mathbf{dbc}		svi	fnn	unload
	dac		svi	fnn	unload
	\mathbf{dtc}		svi	fnn	unload
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	unload
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	unload
v\$col	\mathbf{dbc}		svi	fnn	collect
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	collect
	\mathbf{dtc}		svi	fnn	collect
	dac		svi	fnn	collect
	dac		svi	fnn	collect
if .ccml	k				
v\$com	\mathbf{dbc}		svl	cnm .	compare
	\mathbf{dac}		svl	cnm .	compare
	\mathbf{dtc}		svl	knm	compare
	\mathbf{dac}		svl	cnm .	compare
fi					•
v\$cnv	\mathbf{dbc}		svi	fnn	convert
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	convert
	\mathbf{dtc}		svi	fnn	$\operatorname{convert}$
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	$\operatorname{convert}$
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	$\operatorname{convert}$
v\$enf	\mathbf{dbc}		svi	fnn	endfile
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	endfile
	${f dtc}$		svi	fnn	endfile
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	endfile
	\mathbf{dac}		svi	fnn	endfile
v\$etx	\mathbf{dbc}		svl	knm .	$\operatorname{errtext}$
	\mathbf{dac}		svl	knm	$\operatorname{errtext}$
	${f dtc}$		svl	knm .	$\operatorname{errtext}$
	\mathbf{dac}		svl	knm	$\operatorname{errtext}$
v\$ert	\mathbf{dbc}		svl	knm	errtype
	\mathbf{dac}		svl	knm	$\operatorname{errtype}$
	${f dtc}$		svl	knm	errtype
	\mathbf{dac}		svl	knm	$\operatorname{errtype}$
v\$frt	\mathbf{dbc}		sv	lbl	freturn
	\mathbf{dac}		sv	lbl	freturn
	\mathbf{dtc}			lbl	freturn
	\mathbf{dac}			lbl	freturn
v\$int	\mathbf{dbc}			fpr	integer
	\mathbf{dac}			fpr	integer
	${f dtc}$			fpr	integer
	dac			fpr	integer
	dac			fpr	integer
v\$nrt	$_{ m dbc}$			lbl	nreturn
	dac			lbl	nreturn
	dtc			Lbl	nreturn
	dac		sv	Lbl	nreturn

standard variable blocks (continued) if.cnpfelsev\$pfl ${f dbc}$ profile svknm dac profile svknm dtcsvknm profile dac svknm profile v\$rpl dbcsvfnp replace dac svfnp replace dtcsvfnp replace dac replace svfnp replacedac svfnp v\$rvs \mathbf{dbc} svfnp reverse dac svfnp reverse dtcsvfnp reverse dac svfnp reverse dac svfnp reverse v\$rtn dbcsvknmrtntype dac svknm rtntype dtcsvknmrtntype dac svknm rtntype v\$stx dbcsvfnn setexit dac svfnn setexit dtcsvfnn setexit dac svfnn setexit dac svfnn setexit v\$stc dbcsvknm stcount dac svknm stcountdtcsvknm stcountdac svknm stcount v\$stl dbcsvknm stlimit dac stlimitsvknm \mathbf{dtc} svknm $\operatorname{stlimit}$ stlimit dac svknm v\$suc dbcsvkvc succeed dac svkvc succeed dtcsvkvc succeed dac svkvc succeed dacsucceedsvkvc v\$alp dbcsvkwc alphabet alphabet dac svkwc dtcsvkwc alphabet dac svkwc alphabet v\$cnt dbcsvlbl continue dac svlbl continue dtcsvlbl continue

svlbl

dac

continue

sta	ndard variable	blocks (continu	ied)
v\$dtp	dbc	svfnp	datatype
νφαυρ	dac	svfnp	datatype
	dtc	svfnp	datatype
	dac	svfnp	datatype
	dac	svinp	datatype
v\$erl	dbc	svinp svknm	errlimit
уфетт	dac	svkim	errlimit
	dtc	svknm	errlimit
	dac	svknm	errlimit
v\$fnc	dbc	svknm	fnclevel
АФТПС	dac		fnclevel
	dtc	svknm	fnclevel
		svknm	
d -63	dac	svknm	fnclevel
v\$fls	dbc	svknm	fullscan
	dac	svknm	fullscan
	dtc	svknm	fullscan
	dac	svknm	fullscan
if .csfn			
v\$lfl	dbc	svknm	lastfile
	dac	svknm	lastfile
	dtc	svknm	lastfile
	dac	svknm	lastfile
fi			
if .csln			
v\$11n	dbc	svknm	lastline
	dac	svknm	lastline
	dtc	svknm	lastline
	dac	svknm	lastline
fi			
v\$mxl	dbc	svknm	maxlngth
	dac	svknm	maxlngth
	dtc	svknm	maxlngth
	dac	svknm	maxlngth
v\$ter	dbc	0	terminal
	dac	0	terminal
	dtc	0	terminal
	dac	0	terminal
if .cbsp			
v\$bsp	dbc	svfnn	backspace
· · · · · · ·	dac	svfnn	backspace
	dtc	svfnn	backspace
	dac	svfnn	backspace
	dac	svfnn	backspace
fi	a a a	21222	sacrispace
v\$pro	dbc	svfnn	prototype
νψρτο	dac	svinn	prototype prototype
	dtc	svinn	prototype
	dac	svfnn	prototype
	dac	svinn	prototype
v\$scn	dbc	svinn svlbl	scontinue
νφεςπ	dac	svlbl	scontinue
	m dtc	svlbl	scontinue

\mathbf{dac}	svlbl	scontinue
dbc	0	dummy entry to end list
dac	10	length gt 9 (scontinue)

```
list of svblk pointers for keywords to be dumped. the
    list is in the order which appears on the dump output.
vdmkw
         dac
                               v$anc
                                            anchor
if .culc
         dac
                               v$cas
                                            ccase
fi
         dac
                                            code
                               v$cod
if.\mathbf{ccmk}
if.ccmc
         dac
                                            compare
                               v$com
else
         dac
                                    1
                                            compare not printed
fi
fi
                                            dump
         dac
                               v$dmp
         dac
                               v$erl
                                            errlimit
         dac
                               v$etx
                                            \operatorname{errtext}
         dac
                               v$ert
                                            errtype
if.\mathbf{csfn}
         dac
                               v$fil
                                            file
fi
                                            fnclevel
         dac
                               v$fnc
         dac
                               v$ftr
                                            ftrace
         dac
                                            fullscan
                               v$fls
         dac
                               v$inp
                                            input
if.csfn
         dac
                               v$lfl
                                            lastfile
fi
if.csln
         dac
                               v$11n
                                            lastline
fi
         \mathbf{dac}
                               v$lst
                                            lastno
if.csln
                                            line
         dac
                               v$lin
fi
         dac
                               v$mxl
                                            maxlength
         dac
                                            output
                               v$oup
if.\mathbf{cnpf}
else
         dac
                               v$pfl
                                            profile
fi
         dac
                               v$rtn
                                            rtntype
         dac
                               v$stc
                                            stcount
         dac
                                            stlimit
                               v$stl
         dac
                               v$stn
                                            stno
         dac
                               v$tra
                                            trace
         dac
                               v$trm
                                            _{\rm trim}
         dac
                                            end of list
    table used by gtnvr to search svblk lists
         dac
                                            dummy entry to get proper indexing
vsrch
         dac
                               v$eqf
                                            start of 1 char variables (none)
         dac
                               v$eqf
                                            start of 2 char variables
         dac
                                            start of 3 char variables
                               v$any
```

if .cmtl	ı		
	dac	v\$atn	start of 4 char variables
else			
if . \mathbf{culc}			
	dac	v\$cas	start of 4 char variables
else			
	dac	v\$chr	start of 4 char variables
fi			
fi			
	dac	v\$abe	start of 5 char variables
	dac	v\$anc	start of 6 char variables
	dac	v\$col	start of 7 char variables
	dac	v\$alp	start of 8 char variables
$if.\mathbf{cbsp}$)		
	dac	v\$bsp	start of 9 char variables
else			
	dac	v\$pro	start of 9 char variables
fi			
las	t location in con	stant section	n
с\$ууу	dac	0	last location in constant section

spitbol—working storage section

the working storage section contains areas which are changed during execution of the program. the value assembled is the initial value before execution starts. all these areas are fixed length areas. variable length data is stored in the static or dynamic regions of the allocated data areas.

the values in this area are described either as work areas or as global values. a work area is used in an ephemeral manner and the value is not saved from one entry into a routine to another. a global value is a less temporary location whose value is saved from one call to another.

w\$aaa marks the start of the working section whilst w\$yyy marks its end. g\$aaa marks the division between temporary and global values.

global values are further subdivided to facilitate processing by the garbage collector. r\$aaa through r\$yyy are global values that may point into dynamic storage and hence must be relocated after each garbage collection. they also serve as root pointers to all allocated data that must be preserved. pointers between a\$aaa and r\$aaa may point into code, static storage, or mark the limits of dynamic memory. these pointers must be adjusted when the working section is saved to a file and subsequently reloaded at a different address. a general part of the approach in this program is not to overlap work areas between procedures even though a small amount of space could be saved. such overlap is considered a source of program errors and decreases the information left behind after a system crash of any kind. the names of these locations are labels with five letter (a-y,\$) names. as far as possible the order is kept alphabetical by these names but in some cases there are slight departures caused by other order requirements. unless otherwise documented, the order of work areas does not affect the execution of the spitbol program. secstart of working storage section

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this area is not cleared by initial code string used to check label legality cmlabdacb\$scl dac string used to check label legality b\$scl dtcb\$scl string used to check label legality label to mark start of work area w\$aaa dac b\$scl work areas for acess procedure trim indicator dacactrmwork areas for alloc procedure amount of dynamic store aldyn dac 0 allia dic +0 dump ia allsv save wb in alloc dac0 work areas for alost procedure save wa in alost alsta work areas for array function (s\$arr) count dimensions arcdmdac dic +0 count elements arnel dac offset ptr into arblk arptr 0 dic save integer low bound arsvl +0

```
work areas for arref routine
arfsi
       dic
                                +0
                                         save current evolving subscript
arfxs
        dac
                                         save base stack pointer
                                 0
    work areas for b$efc block routine
befof
                                         save offset ptr into efblk
    work areas for b$pfc block routine
                                         save pfblk pointer
bpfpf
        dac
                                 0
bpfsv
        dac
                                 0
                                         save old function value
bpfxt
        dac
                                 0
                                         pointer to stacked arguments
    work area for collect function (s$col)
clsvi
                                +0
                                         save integer argument
    work areas value for cncrd
cnscc
        dac
                                         pointer to control card string
        dac
                                 0
cnswc
                                         word count
        dac
                                 0
                                         pointer to r$ttl or r$stl
cnr$t
    work areas for convert function (s$cnv)
        dac
                                         save ptr into scvtb
cnvtp
    work areas for data function (s$dat)
                                         save vrblk ptr for datatype name
datdv
        dac
                                 0
datxs
        dac
                                 0
                                         save initial stack pointer
    work areas for define function (s$def)
deflb
                                 0
                                         save vrblk ptr for label
defna
        dac
                                 0
                                         count function arguments
defvr
        dac
                                 0
                                         save vrblk ptr for function name
                                         save initial stack pointer
        dac
                                 0
defxs
    work areas for dumpr procedure
                                         dump argument
dmarg
        dac
dmpsa
        dac
                                 0
                                         preserve wa over prtvl call
if .ccmk
dmpsb
        dac
                                 0
                                         preserve wb over syscm call
dmpsv
        dac
                                 0
                                         general scratch save
                                         chain pointer for variable blocks
{\tt dmvch}
        dac
                                 0
        dac
                                 0
                                         save sorted vrblk chain pointer
dmpch
dmpkb
        dac
                                 0
                                         dummy kyblk for use in dumpr
                                 0
                                         kvvar trblk ptr (must follow dmpkb)
dmpkt
        dac
dmpkn
        dac
                                 0
                                         keyword number (must follow dmpkt)
    work area for dtach
dtcnb
        dac
                                         name base
dtcnm
        dac
                                 0
                                         name ptr
    work areas for dupl function (s$dup)
                                         store integer string length
dupsi
        dic
    work area for endfile (s$enf)
                                         for iochn chain head
enfch
       dac
```

wor	k areas for ertex		
ertwa	dac	0	save wa
ertwb	dac	0	save wb
wor	k areas for evali		
evlin	dac	0	dummy pattern block pcode
evlis	dac	0	then node (must follow evlin)
evliv	dac	0	value of parm1 (must follow evlis)
evlio	dac	0	ptr to original node
evlif	dac	0	flag for simple/complex argument
wor	k area for expan		
expsv	dac	0	save op dope vector pointer
wor	k areas for gbcol	procedure	
gbcfl	dac	0	garbage collector active flag
gbclm	dac	0	pointer to last move block (pass 3)
gbcnm	dac	0	dummy first move block
gbcns	dac	0	rest of dummy block (follows gbcnm)
$if.\mathbf{csed}$			
if .cepp)		
else			
gbcmk	dac	0	bias when marking entry point
fi			
gbcia	dic	+0	dump ia
gbcsd	dac	0	first address beyond sediment
gbcsf	dac	^	free space within sediment
6-0-2	aac	0	
fi	dae	Ü	
	dac	0	save wa
fi	-		-
fi gbsva	dac	0	save wa
fi gbsva gbsvb gbsvc	dac dac	0 0 0	save wb
fi gbsva gbsvb gbsvc	dac dac dac	0 0 0	save wb
fi gbsva gbsvb gbsvc wor	dac dac dac ck areas for gtnvr	0 0 0 procedure	save wa save wb save wc
fi gbsva gbsvb gbsvc wor gnvhe	dac dac dac k areas for gtnvr dac	0 0 0 procedure 0	save wa save wb save wc ptr to end of hash chain
fi gbsva gbsvb gbsvc wor gnvhe gnvnw	dac dac dac k areas for gtnvr dac dac	0 0 0 procedure 0	save wa save wb save wc ptr to end of hash chain number of words in string name
gbsva gbsvb gbsvc wor gnvhe gnvnw gnvsa	dac dac dac k areas for gtnvr dac dac dac	0 0 0 procedure 0 0	save wa save wb save wc ptr to end of hash chain number of words in string name save wa
gbsva gbsvb gbsvc wor gnvhe gnvnw gnvsa gnvsb	dac dac dac k areas for gtnvr dac dac dac dac	0 0 0 procedure 0 0 0	save wa save wb save wc ptr to end of hash chain number of words in string name save wa save wb
gbsva gbsvc wor gnvhe gnvnw gnvsa gnvsb gnvsp gnvst	dac dac dac k areas for gtnvr dac dac dac dac dac dac dac	0 0 0 procedure 0 0 0	save wa save wb save wc ptr to end of hash chain number of words in string name save wa save wb pointer into vsrch table
gbsva gbsvc wor gnvhe gnvnw gnvsa gnvsb gnvsp gnvst	dac dac dac k areas for gtnvr dac dac dac dac dac dac dac dac dac	0 0 0 procedure 0 0 0	save wa save wb save wc ptr to end of hash chain number of words in string name save wa save wb pointer into vsrch table
gbsva gbsvc wor gnvhe gnvnw gnvsa gnvsb gnvsp gnvst wor gtawa	dac	0 0 0 procedure 0 0 0 0	save wa save wb save wc ptr to end of hash chain number of words in string name save wa save wb pointer into vsrch table pointer to chars of string
gbsva gbsvc wor gnvhe gnvnw gnvsa gnvsb gnvsp gnvst wor gtawa	dac dac dac k areas for gtnvr dac	0 0 0 procedure 0 0 0 0	save wa save wb save wc ptr to end of hash chain number of words in string name save wa save wb pointer into vsrch table pointer to chars of string

```
work areas for gtnum procedure
gtnnf
        dac
                                  0
                                          zero/nonzero for result +/-
        dic
                                          general integer save
gtnsi
                                 +0
if .cnra
else
                                  0
                                          0/1 for dec point so far no/yes
gtndf
        dac
        dac
                                  0
                                          zero/nonzero exponent +/-
gtnes
gtnex
        dic
                                 +0
                                          real exponent
gtnsc
        dac
                                  0
                                          scale (places after point)
gtnsr
        drc
                               +0.0
                                          general real save
        dac
                                          flag for ok real number
gtnrd
                                  0
    work areas for gtpat procedure
        dac
                                          save wb
gtpsb
    work areas for gtstg procedure
        dac
                                          0/1 for result +/-
gtssf
                                  0
gtsvc
        dac
                                  0
                                          save wc
                                  0
                                          save wb
gtsvb
        dac
if.cnra
else
if .cncr
else
gtses
        dac
                                          char + or - for exponent +/-
                                  0
        drc
                                          general real save
gtsrs
                               +0.0
fi
fi
    work areas for gtvar procedure
gtvrc
        dac
                                          save wc
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
    work areas for insbf
insab
        dac
                                  0
                                          entry wa + entry wb
insln
        dac
                                  0
                                          length of insertion string
                                  0
inssa
        dac
                                          save entry wa
inssb
        dac
                                  0
                                          save entry wb
inssc
        dac
                                  0
                                          save entry wc
fi
    work areas for ioput
ioptt
                                          type of association
        dac
if .cnld
else
    work areas for load function
                                          pointer to vrblk for func name
lodfn
        dac
                                  0
lodna
        dac
                                  0
                                          count number of arguments
if .cnpf
else
    work area for profiler
pfsvw dac
                                  0
                                          to save a w-reg
    work areas for prtnm procedure
prnsi
        \operatorname{dic}
                                          scratch integer loc
    work areas for prtsn procedure
```

```
prsna
        dac
                                        save wa
    work areas for prtst procedure
                                        save wa
prsva
prsvb
                                 0
                                        save wb
        dac
prsvc
        dac
                                 0
                                        save char counter
    work area for prtnl
        dac
                                 0
                                        save wa
prtsa
prtsb
        dac
                                 0
                                        save wb
    work area for prtvl
                                 0
                                        save idval
prvsi
        dac
    work areas for pattern match routines
psave
                                 0
                                        temporary save for current node ptr
        dac
                                 0
                                        save cursor in p$spn, p$str
psavc
        dac
if .crel
    work area for relaj routine
rlals
        dac
                                        ptr to list of bounds and adjusts
    work area for reldn routine
rldcd
        dac
                                        save code adjustment
rldst
        dac
                                 0
                                        save static adjustment
rldls
                                        save list pointer
        dac
                                 0
    work areas for retrn routine
        dac
                                        to save a block pointer
rtnbp
rtnfv
        dac
                                        new function value (result)
        dac
                                 0
                                        old function value (saved value)
rtnsv
    work areas for substr function (s$sub)
sbssv
        dac
                                        save third argument
    work areas for scan procedure
        dac
                                        save wa
scnsa
        dac
                                 0
scnsb
                                        save wb
scnsc
        dac
                                 0
                                        save wc
scnof
        dac
                                        save offset
if .cnsr
else
```

```
work area used by sorta, sortc, sortf, sorth
srtdf
        dac
                                           datatype field name
                                           found dfblk address
srtfd
        dac
                                  0
        dac
                                  0
                                           found field name
srtff
srtfo
        dac
                                  0
                                           offset to field name
        dac
                                  0
                                           number of rows
srtnr
        dac
                                  0
                                           offset within row to sort key
srtof
                                  0
                                           root offset
srtrt
        dac
srts1
        dac
                                  0
                                           save offset 1
                                  0
                                           save offset 2
srts2
        dac
srtsc
        dac
                                  0
                                           save wc
                                  0
                                           sort array first row offset
srtsf
        dac
        dac
                                  0
                                           save n
srtsn
                                  0
                                           offset to a(0)
srtso
        dac
        dac
                                  0
                                           0, non-zero for sort, rsort
srtsr
srtst
        dac
                                  0
                                           stride from one row to next
        dac
                                           dump wc
srtwc
fi
    work areas for stopr routine
stpsi
        dic
                                           save value of stcount
        dic
                                 +0
                                           save time elapsed
stpti
    work areas for tfind procedure
tfnsi
        dic
                                           number of headers
    work areas for xscan procedure
                                           save return code
xscrt
        dac
xscwb
        dac
                                           save register wb
    start of global values in working section
g$aaa
        dac
    global value for alloc procedure
alfsf
                                           factor in free store pentage check
    global values for cmpil procedure
                                           count of initial compile errors
cmerc
        dac
                                  0
                                           line number of first line of stmt
cmpln
        dac
        dac
                                  0
                                           save stack ptr in case of errors
cmpxs
cmpsn
        dac
                                           number of next statement to compile
    global values for cncrd
if.\mathbf{cinc}
cnsil
        dac
                                  0
                                           save scnil during include process.
cnind
        dac
                                  0
                                           current include file nest level
        dac
                                  0
                                           save script during include process.
cnspt
cnttl
                                           flag for -title, -stitl
        dac
    global flag for suppression of compilation statistics.
cpsts
                                           suppress comp. stats if non zero
    global values for control card switches
cswdb
        dac
                                  0
                                           0/1 for -single/-double
                                           0/1 for -errors/-noerrors
        dac
                                  0
cswer
                                  0
                                           0/1 for -execute/-noexecute
        dac
cswex
        dac
                                           0/1 for -nofail/-fail
cswfl
                                  1
cswin
        dac
                              iniln
                                           xxx for -inxxx
cswls
        dac
                                           0/1 for -nolist/-list
        dac
                                  0
                                           0/1 for -optimise/-noopt
cswno
        dac
                                  0
                                           0/1 for -noprint/-print
cswpr
```

global location used by patst procedure

ctmsk dbc 0 last bit position used in r\$ctp

curid dac 0 current id value

```
global value for cdwrd procedure
cwcof
       dac
                                  0
                                          next word offset in current ccblk
if.\mathbf{csed}
    global locations for dynamic storage pointers
dnams
                                           size of sediment in baus
    global area for error processing.
erich
        dac
                                           copy error reports to int.chan if 1
erlst
        dac
                                  0
                                           for listr when errors go to int.ch.
        dac
                                  0
errft
                                           fatal error flag
        dac
                                  0
                                           error suppression flag
errsp
    global flag for suppression of execution stats
                                           suppress exec stats if set
    global values for exfal and return
        dac
                                  0
                                           location of fail offset for return
flprt
flptr
        dac
                                  0
                                           location of failure offset on stack
    global location to count garbage collections (gbcol)
                                 +0
                                           factor in sediment pentage check
gbsed
        \operatorname{dic}
fi
gbcnt
        dac
                                  0
                                           count of garbage collections
    global value for gtcod and gtexp
                                           save fail ptr in case of error
        \mathbf{dac}
    global locations for gtstg procedure
if .cnra
else
if .cncr
else
                                           rounding factor 0.5*10**-cfp$s
        drc
                               +0.0
gtsrn
                                           scaling value 10**cfp$s
        drc
                               +0.0
gtssc
fi
fi
gtswk
        dac
                                           ptr to work area for gtstg
    global flag for header printing
        dac
                                           header printed flag
headp
    global values for variable hash table
                                 +0
                                           number of hash buckets
    global areas for init
initr
        dac
                                           save terminal flag
```

global values for keyword values which are stored as one word integers. these values must be assembled in the following order (as dictated by k\$xxx definition values).

```
kvabe
         dac
                                            abend
kvanc
         dac
                                    0
                                            anchor
if .culc
         dac
kvcas
                                    0
                                            case
fi
kvcod
         dac
                                    0
                                            code
if.ccmk
kvcom
         dac
                                    0
                                            compare
kvdmp
         dac
                                    0
                                            dump
         dac
                                    0
                                            \operatorname{errlimit}
kverl
kvert
         dac
                                    0
                                            errtype
         dac
                                    0
kvftr
                                            ftrace
kvfls
         dac
                                    1
                                            fullscan
kvinp
         dac
                                    1
                                            input
         dac
                                5000
                                            maxlength
kvmxl
kvoup
         dac
                                            output
if .cnpf
else
kvpfl
         dac
                                    0
                                            profile
fi
kvtra
         dac
                                    0
                                            trace
kvtrm
         dac
                                    0
                                            _{\rm trim}
kvfnc
         dac
                                    0
                                            fnclevel
kvlst
         dac
                                    0
                                            lastno
if.csln
                                    0
                                            lastline
kvlln
         dac
kvlin
         dac
                                    0
                                            line
kvstn
         dac
                                    0
                                            stno
    global values for other keywords
kvalp
         dac
                                    0
                                            alphabet
kvrtn
         dac
                               nulls
                                            rtntype (scblk pointer)
if.cs16
         \operatorname{\mathbf{dic}}
                              +32767
                                            stlimit
kvstl
kvstc
         dic
                              +32767
                                            stcount (counts down from stlimit)
else
if.cs32
kvstl
         dic
                        +2147483647
                                            stlimit
         dic
                        +2147483647
                                            stcount (counts down from stlimit)
kvstc
else
         dic
                                            stlimit
kvstl
                              +50000
kvstc
         dic
                              +50000
                                            stcount (counts down from stlimit)
fi
    global values for listr procedure
if .cinc
lstid
         dac
                                    0
                                            include depth of current image
fi
                                            count lines on source list page
lstlc
         dac
                                    0
```

```
lstnp
         dac
                                    0
                                             max number of lines on page
                                             set nonzero if current image listed
lstpf
         dac
                                    1
         dac
                                    0
                                             current source list page number
lstpg
lstpo
         dac
                                    0
                                             offset to page nnn message
                                             remember last stmnum listed
lstsn
         dac
                                    0
    global maximum size of spitbol objects
mxlen
         dac
                                             initialised by sysmx call
    global execution control variable
noxeq dac
                                             set non-zero to inhibit execution
if .cnpf
else
    global profiler values locations
pfdmp
         dac
                                             set non-0 if &profile set non-0
pffnc
         dac
                                    0
                                             set non-0 if funct just entered
pfstm
         \operatorname{\mathbf{dic}}
                                   +0
                                             to store starting time of stmt \,
pfetm
         \operatorname{dic}
                                   +0
                                             to store ending time of stmt
pfnte
         dac
                                    0
                                             nr of table entries
         dic
                                             gets int rep of table entry size
pfste
                                   +0
fi
```

glo	global values used in pattern match routines			
pmdfl	\mathbf{dac}	0	pattern assignment flag	
pmhbs	dac	0	history stack base pointer	
pmssl	dac	0	length of subject string in chars	
if .cpol				
glo	bal values for inte	rface poll	ing (syspl)	
polcs	dac	1	poll interval start value	
polct	dac	1	poll interval counter	
fi				
global flags used for standard file listing options				
prich	dac	0	printer on interactive channel	
prstd	dac	0	tested by prtpg	
prsto	dac	0	standard listing option flag	
glo	bal values for prin	t procedur	es	
prbuf	dac	0	ptr to print bfr in static	
precl	dac	0	extended/compact listing flag	
prlen	dac	0	length of print buffer in chars	
prlnw	dac	0	length of print buffer in words	
profs	dac	0	offset to next location in prbuf	
prtef	dac	0	endfile flag	

```
rdcln
        dac
                                 0
                                         current statement line number
rdnln
        dac
                                 \cap
                                         next statement line number
    global amount of memory reserved for end of execution
        dac
                                         reserve memory
    global area for stmgo counters
        dac
                                         counter startup value
stmcs
                                 1
stmct
        dac
                                         counter active value
    adjustable global values
    all the pointers in this section can point to the
    dynamic or the static region.
    when a save file is reloaded, these pointers must
    be adjusted if static or dynamic memory is now
    at a different address. see routine reloc for
    additional information.
    some values cannot be move here because of adjacency
    constraints. they are handled specially by reloc et al.
    these values are kvrtn,
    values gtswk, kvalp, and prbuf are reinitialized by
    procedure insta, and do not need to appear here.
    values flprt, flptr, gtcef, and stbas point into the
    stack and are explicitly adjusted by osint's restart
    procedure.
a$aaa
        dac
                                 0
                                         start of adjustable values
        dac
                                 0
                                         save subroutine stack ptr
cmpss
                                         start of dynamic area
{\tt dnamb}
        dac
                                 0
        dac
                                 0
                                         next available loc in dynamic area
dnamp
dname
        dac
                                 0
                                         end of available dynamic area
                                 0
                                         pointer to start of vrblk hash tabl
        dac
hshtb
hshte
        dac
                                 0
                                         pointer past end of vrblk hash tabl
iniss
                                 0
                                         save subroutine stack ptr
        dac
pftbl
        dac
                                 0
                                         gets adrs of (imag) table base
                                 0
                                         vrblk ptr from last name search
        dac
prnmv
        dac
                                 0
                                         start of static area
statb
        dac
                                 0
                                         end of static area
state
stxvr
        dac
                                         vrblk pointer or null
    relocatable global values
    all the pointers in this section can point to blocks in
    the dynamic storage area and must be relocated by the
    garbage collector. they are identified by r$xxx names.
r$aaa
        dac
                                 0
                                         start of relocatable values
r$arf
        dac
                                 0
                                         array block pointer for arref
r$ccb
        dac
                                 0
                                         ptr to ccblk being built (cdwrd)
r$cim
        dac
                                 0
                                         ptr to current compiler input str
r$cmp
        dac
                                 0
                                         copy of r$cim used in cmpil
r$cni
        dac
                                 0
                                         ptr to next compiler input string
        dac
                                 0
                                         cdblk pointer for setexit continue
r$cnt
                                 0
                                         pointer to current cdblk or exblk
r$cod
        dac
r$ctp
        dac
                                 0
                                         ptr to current ctblk for patst
r$cts
        dac
                                 0
                                         ptr to last string scanned by patst
r$ert
        dac
                                 0
                                         trblk pointer for errtype trace
r$etx
        dac
                            nulls
                                         pointer to errtext string
```

global area for readr

r\$exs

dac

= save xl in expdm

r\$fcb	dac	0	fcblk chain head
r\$fnc	dac	0	trblk pointer for fnclevel trace
r\$gtc	dac	0	keep code ptr for gtcod, gtexp
$if.\mathbf{cinc}$			
r\$ici	dac	0	saved r\$cim during include process.
$if.\mathbf{csfn}$			
r\$ifa	dac	0	array of file names by incl. depth
r\$ifl	dac	0	array of line nums by include depth
fi			
r\$ifn	dac	0	last include file name
r\$inc	dac	0	table of include file names seen
fi			
r\$io1	dac	0	file arg1 for ioput
r\$io2	dac	0	file arg2 for ioput
r\$iof	dac	0	fcblk ptr or 0
r\$ion	dac	0	name base ptr
r\$iop	dac	0	predecessor block ptr for ioput
r\$iot	dac	0	trblk ptr for ioput
if .cnbf			
else			
r\$pmb	dac	0	buffer ptr in pattern match
fi			
r\$pms	dac	0	subject string ptr in pattern match
r\$ra2	dac	0	replace second argument last time
r\$ra3	dac	0	replace third argument last time
r\$rpt	dac	0	ptr to ctblk replace table last usd
r\$scp	dac	0	save pointer from last scane call
$if.\mathbf{csfn}$			
r\$sfc	dac	nulls	current source file name
r\$sfn	dac	0	ptr to source file name table
fi			
r\$sxl	dac	0	preserve xl in sortc
r\$sxr	dac	0	preserve xr in sorta/sortc
r\$stc	dac	0	trblk pointer for stcount trace
r\$stl	dac	0	source listing sub-title
r\$sxc	dac	0	code (cdblk) ptr for setexit trap
r\$ttl	dac	nulls	source listing title
r\$xsc	dac	0	string pointer for xscan

the remaining pointers in this list are used to point to function blocks for normally undefined operators.

	J	±
dac	stndo	binary at
dac	stndo	binary ampersand
dac	stndo	binary number sign
dac	stndo	binary percent
dac	stndo	binary not
dac	stndo	unary vertical bar
dac	stndo	unary equal
dac	stndo	unary number sign
dac	stndo	unary percent
dac	stndo	unary slash
dac	stndo	unary exclamation
dac	0	last relocatable location
bal locations used	in scan pro	ocedure
dac	0	set non-zero if scanned past blanks
dac	0	non-zero to scan control card name
dac	0	set non-zero to scan goto field
dac	0	length of current input image
dac	0	pointer to next location in r\$cim
dac	0	set non-zero to signal rescan
dac	0	start of current element
dac	0	save syntax type from last call
bal value for indi	cating stage	e (see error section)
dac	0	initial value = initial compile
	dac	dac stndo dac o obal locations used in scan pr dac o dac

global stack pointer stbas dac pointer past stack base 0 global values for setexit function (s\$stx) stxoc dac 0 code pointer offset failure offset stxof \mathbf{dac} 0 global value for time keeping time at start of execution timsx dic set when time up occurs timup dac 0 ${\tt global \ values \ for \ xscan \ and \ xscni \ procedures}$ 0 offset to current location in r\$xsc label to mark end of working section 0 w\$yyy dac

$\mathbf{spitbol}\text{-}\mathrm{minimal\ code}$

 $if.\mathbf{crel}$

spitbol—relocation

```
relocation
    the following section provides services to osint to
    relocate portions of the workspace. it is used when
    a saved memory image must be restarted at a different
    location.
    relaj -- relocate a list of pointers
    (wa)
                           ptr past last pointer of list
    (wb)
                           ptr to first pointer of list
    (x1)
                           list of boundaries and adjustments
    jsr relaj
                           call to process list of pointers
    (wb)
                           destroyed
                             e,0
                                       entry point
relaj
       prc
                        xr,-(xs)
                                       save xr
       mov
                        wa,-(xs)
                                       save wa
       mov
                                       save ptr to list of bounds
                        xl,rlals
       mov
                                       ptr to first pointer to process
       mov
                           wb,xr
    merge here to check if done
                                       restore xl
rlaj0
       mov
                        rlals,xl
                  xr,(xs),rlaj1
                                       proceed if more to do
       bne
       mov
                        (xs)+,wa
                                       restore wa
       mov
                        (xs)+,xr
                                       restore xr
```

exi return to caller merge here to process next pointer on list

rlaj1 mov (xr), wa load next pointer on list lct wb,=rnsi\$ number of sections of adjusters

merge here to process next section of stack list

rlaj2 \mathbf{bgt} wa,rlend(xl),rla ok if past end of section \mathbf{blt} wa,rlstr(xl),rla or if before start of section add rladj(xl),wa within section, add adjustment return updated ptr to memory mov wa,(xr)brn rlaj4 done with this pointer

here if not within section

rlaj3 add *rssi\$,xl advance to next section bct wb,rlaj2 jump if more to go

here when finished processing one pointer

rlaj4 ica xr increment to next ptr on list
brn rlaj0 jump to check for completion
enp end procedure relaj

```
relcr -- create relocation info after save file reload
    (wa)
                            original s$aaa code section adr
    (wb)
                            original c$aaa constant section adr
    (wc)
                            original g$aaa working section adr
    (xr)
                            ptr to start of static region
    (cp)
                            ptr to start of dynamic region
    (x1)
                            ptr to area to receive information
    jsr relcr
                            create relocation information
    (wa,wb,wc,xr)
                            destroyed
    a block of information is built at (x1) that is used
    in relocating pointers. there are rnsi$ instances
    of a rssi$ word structure. each instance corresponds
    to one of the regions that a pointer might point into.
    the layout of this structure is shown in the definitions
    section, together with symbolic definitions of the
    entries as offsets from xl.
                                         entry point
relcr
        prc
                               e,0
        add
                        *rlsi$,xl
                                         point past build area
        mov
                         wa,-(x1)
                                         save original code address
                                         compute adjustment
                        =s$aaa,wa
        mov
                           (x1), wa
                                         as new s$aaa minus original s$aaa
        sub
                         wa,-(x1)
                                         save code adjustment
        mov
                        =s$yyy,wa
                                         end of target code section
        mov
        sub
                        =s$aaa,wa
                                         length of code section
                     num01(x1),wa
                                         plus original start address
        add
                         wa,-(x1)
                                         end of original code section
        mov
                         wb.-(x1)
                                         save constant section address
        mov
                        =c$aaa,wb
                                         start of constants section
        mov
        mov
                        =c$yyy,wa
                                         end of constants section
                                         length of constants section
        \mathbf{sub}
                             wb,wa
                           (x1), wb
        \mathbf{sub}
                                         new c$aaa minus original c$aaa
                         wb,-(xl)
                                         save constant adjustment
        mov
        add
                     num01(xl),wa
                                         length plus original start adr
        mov
                         wa,-(x1)
                                         save as end of original constants
                         wc,-(x1)
                                         save working globals address
        mov
                        =g$aaa,wc
                                         start of working globals section
        mov
                                         end of working section
                        =w$yyy,wa
        mov
                                         length of working globals
        \mathbf{sub}
                            wc,wa
                           (x1), wc
                                         new g$aaa minus original g$aaa
        sub
        mov
                         wc, -(x1)
                                         save working globals adjustment
                     num01(x1),wa
                                         length plus original start adr
        add
                         wa,-(x1)
                                         save as end of working globals
        mov
                         statb, wb
                                         old start of static region
        mov
                         wb.-(x1)
        mov
        \mathbf{sub}
                            wb,xr
                                         compute adjustment
        mov
                         xr, -(x1)
                                         save new statb minus old statb
                      state,-(x1)
                                         old end of static region
        mov
                         dnamb, wb
                                         old start of dynamic region
        mov
                                         save
                         wb,-(x1)
        mov
        scp
                                wa
                                         new start of dynamic
        sub
                             wb,wa
                                         compute adjustment
                         wa,-(x1)
                                         save new dnamb minus old dnamb
        mov
```

old end of dynamic region in use

mov

dnamp, wc

mov	wc,-(x1)	save as end of old dynamic region
exi	wc,-(xl)	save as end of old dynamic region
enp	wc,-(x1)	save as end of old dynamic region

reldn -- relocate pointers in the dynamic region list of boundaries and adjustments (x1)(xr)ptr to first location to process (wc) ptr past last location to process jsr reldn call to process blocks in dynamic (wa,wb,wc,xr) destroyed processes all blocks in the dynamic region. within a block, pointers to the code section, constant section, working globals section, static region, and dynamic region are relocated as needed. reldn prc entry point e,0 mov rlcda(xl),rldcd save code adjustment mov rlsta(xl),rldst save static adjustment mov save list pointer xl,rldls merge here to process the next block in dynamic rld01 addrldcd, (xr) adjust block type word load block type word mov (xr),xllei xlload entry point id (bl\$xx) block type switch. note that blocks with no relocatable fields just return to rld05 to continue to next block. note that dfblks do not appear in dynamic, only in static. ccblks and cmblks are not live when a save file is

see processing of ffblk for example.

```
reldn (continued)
        bsw
                           x1,b1$$$
                                           switch on block type
        iff
                       bl$ar,rld03
                                           arblk
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
        iff
                                           bcblk - dummy to fill out iffs
                       bl$bc,rld05
else
        iff
                       bl$bc,rld06
                                           bcblk
fi
        iff
                       bl$bf,rld05
                                           bfblk
        iff
                       bl$cc,rld05
                                           \operatorname{ccblk}
        iff
                       bl$cd,rld07
                                           cdblk
        iff
                                           cmblk
                       bl$cm,rld05
        iff
                                           ctblk
                       bl$ct,rld05
        iff
                       bl$df,rld05
                                           dfblk
        iff
                       bl$ef,rld08
                                           efblk
        iff
                       bl$ev,rld09
                                           evblk
        iff
                       bl$ex,rld10
                                           exblk
        iff
                       bl$ff,rld11
                                           ffblk
        iff
                       bl$ic,rld05
                                           icblk
        iff
                       bl$kv,rld13
                                           kvblk
        iff
                       bl$nm,rld13
                                           nmblk
        iff
                       bl$p0,rld13
                                           p0blk
        iff
                       bl$p1,rld14
                                           p1blk
        iff
                       bl$p2,rld14
                                           p2blk
        iff
                                           pdblk
                       bl$pd,rld15
        iff
                       bl$pf,rld16
                                           pfblk
if.cnra
else
        iff
                       bl$rc,rld05
                                           rcblk
fi
        iff
                                           scblk
                       bl$sc,rld05
        iff
                       bl$se,rld13
                                           seblk
        iff
                                           tbblk
                       bl$tb,rld17
        iff
                       bl$te,rld18
                                           teblk
        iff
                       bl$tr,rld19
                                           trblk
        iff
                       bl$vc,rld17
                                           vcblk
        iff
                       bl$xn,rld05
                                           xnblk
        iff
                       bl$xr,rld20
                                           xrblk
        \mathbf{esw}
                                           end of jump table
    arblk
rld03
                      arlen(xr),wa
                                           load length
        mov
                      arofs(xr),wb
                                           set offset to 1st reloc fld (arpro)
        mov
    merge here to process pointers in a block
    (xr)
                              ptr to current block
    (wc)
                              ptr past last location to process
    (wa)
                              length (reloc flds + flds at start)
    (wb)
                              offset to first reloc field
rld04
        add
                                           point past last reloc field
                              xr,wa
        add
                              xr,wb
                                           point to first reloc field
                                           point to list of bounds
        mov
                           rldls,xl
                                           adjust pointers
                              relaj
        jsr
```

```
reldn (continued)
    merge here to advance to next block
                            ptr to current block
    (xr)
    (wc)
                            ptr past last location to process
rld05
        mov
                          (xr),wa
                                        block type word
        jsr
                            blkln
                                        get length of block
        add
                            wa.xr
                                        point to next block
                     xr,wc,rld01
        blt
                                        continue if more to process
        mov
                         rldls,xl
                                        restore xl
                                        return to caller if done
        exi
if.cnbf
else
    bcblk
                        *bcsi$,wa
                                        set length
rld06
        mov
        mov
                        *bcbuf,wb
                                        and offset
        brn
                            rld04
                                        all set
fi
    cdblk
                                        load length
rld07
        mov
                     cdlen(xr),wa
                                        set offset
        mov
                        *cdfal,wb
        bne
                (xr),=b$cdc,rld0
                                        jump back if not complex goto
        mov
                        *cdcod,wb
                                        do not process cdfal word
                            rld04
                                        jump back
        brn
    efblk
    if the efcod word points to an xnblk, the xnblk type
    word will not be adjusted. since this is implementation
    dependent, we will not worry about it.
rld08
        mov
                        *efrsl,wa
                                        set length
                                        and offset
                        *efcod,wb
        mov
        brn
                            rld04
                                        all set
    evblk
rld09
        \mathbf{mov}
                        *offs3,wa
                                        point past third field
                                        set offset
        mov
                        *evexp,wb
        brn
                            rld04
                                        all set
    exblk
                                        load length
rld10
                     exlen(xr),wa
        mov
        mov
                        *exflc,wb
                                        set offset
        brn
                            rld04
                                        jump back
```

```
reldn (continued)
    ffblk
    this block contains a ptr to a dfblk in the static rgn.
    because there are multiple ffblks pointing to the same
    dfblk (one for each field name), we only process the
    dfblk when we encounter the ffblk for the first field.
    the dfblk in turn contains a pointer to an scblk within
    static.
rld11
       bne
                ffofs(xr),*pdfld
                                        skip dfblk if not first field
                        xr,-(xs)
        mov
                                        save xr
        mov
                    ffdfp(xr),xr
                                        load old ptr to dfblk
        add
                        rldst,xr
                                        current location of dfblk
        add
                      rldcd,(xr)
                                        adjust dfblk type word
        mov
                    dflen(xr),wa
                                        length of dfblk
                       *dfnam,wb
                                        offset to dfnam field
        mov
        add
                            xr,wa
                                        point past last reloc field
                                        point to first reloc field
        add
                            xr,wb
        mov
                        rldls,xl
                                        point to list of bounds
                                        adjust pointers
        jsr
                            relaj
        mov
                    dfnam(xr),xr
                                        pointer to static scblk
                                        adjust scblk type word
        add
                      rldcd,(xr)
                         (xs)+,xr
                                        restore ffblk pointer
        mov
    ffblk (continued)
    merge here to set up for adjustment of ptrs in ffblk
                                        set length
rld12
       mov
                       *ffofs,wa
        mov
                       *ffdfp,wb
                                        set offset
        brn
                            rld04
                                        all set
    kvblk, nmblk, p0blk, seblk
                                        point past second field
rld13
       mov
                       *offs2,wa
        mov
                       *offs1,wb
                                        offset is one (only reloc fld is 2)
        brn
                            rld04
                                        all set
    p1blk, p2blk
    in p2blks, parm2 contains either a bit mask or the
    name offset of a variable. it never requires relocation.
rld14
       mov
                       *parm2,wa
                                        length (parm2 is non-relocatable)
        mov
                                        set offset
                       *pthen,wb
        brn
                            rld04
                                        all set
   pdblk
    note that the dfblk pointed to by this pdblk was
    processed when the ffblk was encountered. because
    the data function will be called before any records are
    defined, the ffblk is encountered before any
    corresponding pdblk.
                                        load ptr to dfblk
rld15
       mov
                    pddfp(xr),xl
```

rldst,xl
dfpdl(xl),wa

*pddfp,wb rld04

add

mov

mov

brn

adjust for static relocation

get pdblk length

set offset

all set

re	reldn (continued)				
pfl	pfblk				
rld16	add	<pre>rldst,pfvbl(xr)</pre>	adjust non-contiguous field		
	\mathbf{mov}	pflen(xr),wa	get pfblk length		
	\mathbf{mov}	*pfcod,wb	offset to first reloc		
	\mathbf{brn}	rld04	all set		
tbl	olk, vcl	olk			
rld17	\mathbf{mov}	offs2(xr),wa	load length		
	\mathbf{mov}	*offs3,wb	set offset		
	\mathbf{brn}	rld04	jump back		
tel	olk				
rld18	\mathbf{mov}	*tesi\$,wa	set length		
	\mathbf{mov}	*tesub,wb	and offset		
	\mathbf{brn}	rld04	all set		
trl	olk				
rld19	\mathbf{mov}	*trsi\$,wa	set length		
	\mathbf{mov}	*trval,wb	and offset		
	\mathbf{brn}	rld04	all set		
xrl	olk				
rld20	\mathbf{mov}	xrlen(xr),wa	load length		
	\mathbf{mov}	*xrptr,wb	set offset		
	\mathbf{brn}	rld04	jump back		
	\mathbf{enp}		end procedure reldn		

reloc -- relocate storage after save file reload

(x1) list of boundaries and adjustments

jsr reloc relocate all pointers

(wa,wb,wc,xr) destroyed

the list of boundaries and adjustments pointed to by register xl is created by a call to relcr, which should be consulted for information on its structure.

reloc	prc	e,0	entry point
	mov	rldys(xl),xr	old start of dynamic
	mov	rldye(xl),wc	old end of dynamic
	add	rldya(xl),xr	create new start of dynamic
	add	rldya(xl),wc	create new end of dynamic
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	reldn	relocate pointers in dynamic
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	relws	relocate pointers in working sect
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	relst	relocate pointers in static
	\mathbf{exi}		return to caller
	\mathbf{enp}		end procedure reloc

```
relst -- relocate pointers in the static region
    (x1)
                            list of boundaries and adjustments
    jsr relst
                            call to process blocks in static
    (wa,wb,wc,xr)
                            destroyed
    only vrblks on the hash chain and any profile block are
    processed. other static blocks (dfblks) are processed
    during processing of dynamic blocks.
    global work locations will be processed at this point,
    so pointers there can be relied upon.
                                         entry point
relst
        prc
                               e,0
        mov
                         pftbl,xr
                                         profile table
                                         branch if no table allocated
        bze
                         xr,rls01
                                         adjust block type word
        add
                  rlcda(xl),(xr)
    here after dealing with profiler
rls01
                         hshtb,wc
                                         point to start of hash table
        mov
        mov
                             wc,wb
                                         point to first hash bucket
                                         point beyond hash table
        mov
                         hshte, wa
                            relai
                                         adjust bucket pointers
        isr
    loop through slots in hash table
                                         done if none left
        beq
                  wc, hshte, rls05
        mov
                             wc,xr
                                         else copy slot pointer
        ica
                                         bump slot pointer
                                         set offset to merge into loop
        \mathbf{sub}
                        *vrnxt,xr
    loop through vrblks on one hash chain
                                         point to next vrblk on chain
rls03
        mov
                     vrnxt(xr),xr
        bze
                         xr,rls02
                                         jump for next bucket if chain end
        mov
                        *vrlen,wa
                                         offset of first loc past ptr fields
                                         offset of first location in vrblk
        mov
                        *vrget,wb
                                         jump if not system variable
                 vrlen(xr),rls04
        \mathbf{bnz}
                                         offset to include vrsvp field
                        *vrsi$,wa
        mov
    merge here to process fields of vrblk
rls04
        add
                            xr,wa
                                         create end ptr
        add
                            xr,wb
                                         create start ptr
                            relaj
                                         adjust pointers in vrblk
        jsr
                                         check for another vrblk on chain
        brn
                            rls03
    here when all vrblks processed
rls05
        exi
                                         return to caller
        enp
                                         end procedure relst
```

```
relws -- relocate pointers in the working section (xl) list of boundaries and adjustments jsr relws call to process working section (wa,wb,wc,xr) destroyed pointers between a$aaa and r$yyy are examined and adjusted if necessary. the pointer kvrtn is also adjusted although it lies outside this range. dname is explicitly adjusted because the limits on dynamic region in stack are to the area actively in use (between dnamb and dnamp), and dname is outside this range.
```

prc	e,0	entry point
\mathbf{mov}	=a\$aaa,wb	point to start of adjustables
mov	=r\$yyy,wa	point to end of adjustables
$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	relaj	relocate adjustable pointers
add	rldya(xl),dname	adjust ptr missed by relaj
\mathbf{mov}	=kvrtn,wb	case of kvrtn
\mathbf{mov}	wb,wa	handled specially
ica	wa	one value to adjust
$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	relaj	adjust kvrtn
\mathbf{exi}		return to caller
\mathbf{enp}		end procedure relws
	mov mov jsr add mov mov ica jsr exi	mov =a\$aaa,wb mov =r\$yyy,wa jsr relaj add rldya(xl),dname mov =kvrtn,wb mov wb,wa ica wa jsr relaj exi

spitbol—initialization

```
initialisation
    the following section receives control from the system
    at the start of a run with the registers set as follows.
                             initial stack pointer
    (xr)
                             points to first word of data area
    (x1)
                             points to last word of data area
start
                                          entry point
        \mathbf{prc}
                                e,0
                                          discard return
        mov
                             wa,xs
                             systm
                                          initialise timer
        jsr
if .cnbt
                                          store time
        sti
                             timsx
                                          start address of static
        mov
                          xr, statb
else
    initialise work area (essential for batched runs)
        mov
                             xr,wb
                                          preserve xr
        mov
                                          point to end of work area
                         =w$yyy,wa
        \mathbf{sub}
                         =w$aaa,wa
                                          get length of work area
                                          convert to words
        btw
                                 wa
                                          count for loop
        lct
                             wa,wa
        mov
                         =w$aaa,xr
                                          set up index register
    clear work space
ini01
        zer
                             (xr)+
                                          clear a word
                                          loop till done
        \mathbf{bct}
                          wa,ini01
                         =stndo,wa
                                          undefined operators pointer
        mov
                                          point to table end
        mov
                         =r$yyy,wc
                         =r$uba,wc
                                          length of undef. operators table
        sub
        btw
                                          convert to words
        lct
                             WC,WC
                                          loop counter
        mov
                         =r$uba,xr
                                          set up xr
    set correct value into undefined operators table
ini02
        mov
                          wa,(xr)+
                                          store value
                                          loop till all done
        \mathbf{bct}
                          wc,ini02
        mov
                         =num01,wa
                                          get a 1
if .cpol
                                          interface polling interval
        mov
                          wa, polcs
                                          interface polling interval
                          wa, polct
        mov
fi
        mov
                          wa,cmpsn
                                          statement no
                          wa,cswfl
                                          nofail
        mov
                          wa,cswls
                                          list
        mov
                          wa, kvinp
                                          input
        mov
        mov
                          wa, kvoup
                                          output
        mov
                          wa,lstpf
                                          nothing for listr yet
        mov
                         =iniln,wa
                                          input image length
                                          -in72
                          wa,cswin
        mov
```

```
mov
                          =nulls,wa
                                           get null string pointer
                           wa, kvrtn
                                           return
        mov
                                           errtext
        mov
                           wa,r$etx
                                           title for listing
                           wa,r$ttl
        mov
        mov
                           wa,stxvr
                                           setexit
                              timsx
                                           store time in correct place
        \mathbf{sti}
        ldi
                              stlim
                                           get default stlimit
                                           statement limit
        \mathbf{sti}
                              kvstl
        sti
                              kvstc
                                           statement count
                                           store start adrs of static
        mov
                           wb,statb
fi
                      *e$srs,rsmem
                                           reserve memory
        mov
                                           store stack base
        mov
                           xs, stbas
                                           save s-r stack ptr
        sss
                              iniss
    now convert free store percentage to a suitable factor
    for easy testing in alloc routine.
        ldi
                                           get 100
                              intvh
        dvi
                                           form 100 / alfsp
                              alfsp
        sti
                                           store the factor
                              alfsf
if.\mathbf{csed}
    now convert free sediment percentage to a suitable factor
    for easy testing in gbcol routine.
        ldi
                              intvh
                                           get 100
                              gbsdp
        dvi
                                           form 100 / gbsdp
        sti
                                           store the factor
                              gbsed
fi
if .cnra
else
if .cncr
else
    initialize values for real conversion routine
        lct
                         wb,=cfp$s
                                           load counter for significant digits
        ldr
                                           load 1.0
                              reav1
    loop to compute 10**(max number significant digits)
                                           * 10.0
ini03
        mlr
                              reavt
        bct
                           wb,ini03
                                           loop till done
        \mathbf{str}
                              gtssc
                                           store 10^{**} (max sig digits)
        ldr
                              reap5
                                           load 0.5
                                           compute 0.5*10**(max sig digits)
        dvr
                              gtssc
                                           store as rounding bias
        str
                              gtsrn
fi
fi
                                           set to read parameters
        zer
                                  WC
                                           read them
        jsr
                              prpar
```

now compute starting address for dynamic store and if necessary request more memory. $\,$

$\operatorname{\mathbf{sub}}$	*e\$srs,xl	allow for reserve memory
mov	prlen,wa	get print buffer length
add	=cfp\$a,wa	add no. of chars in alphabet
add	=nstmx,wa	add chars for gtstg bfr
$\operatorname{\mathbf{ctb}}$	wa,8	convert to bytes, allowing a margin
mov	statb,xr	point to static base
add	wa,xr	increment for above buffers
add	*e\$hnb,xr	increment for hash table
add	*e\$sts,xr	bump for initial static block
${f jsr}$	sysmx	get mxlen
mov	wa,kvmxl	provisionally store as maxlingth
mov	wa,mxlen	and as mxlen
\mathbf{bgt}	xr,wa,ini06	skip if static hi exceeds mxlen
$\overline{ ext{ctb}}$	wa,1	round up and make bigger than mxlen
mov	wa.xr	use it instead

here to store values which mark initial division

of data area into static and ${\tt dynamic}$

ini06	mov	xr,dnamb	dynamic base adrs
	mov	xr,dnamp	dynamic ptr
	\mathbf{bnz}	wa,ini07	skip if non-zero mxlen
	dca	xr	point a word in front
	mov	xr,kvmxl	use as maxlngth
	mov	xr,mxlen	and as mxlen

```
loop here if necessary till enough memory obtained
    so that dname is above dnamb
ini07
        mov
                          xl, dname
                                           store dynamic end address
        blt
                   dnamb,xl,ini09
                                           skip if high enough
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                              sysmm
                                           request more memory
                                           get as baus (sgd05)
        wtb
        add
                                           bump by amount obtained
                              xr,xl
        bnz
                          xr,ini07
                                           try again
if.cera
                                           insufficient memory for maxlength
        mov
                         =mxern,wa
                                           no column number info
        \mathbf{zer}
                                 wb
                                           no line number info
                                 WC
        zer
        mov
                         =stgic,xr
                                           initial compile stage
if.\mathbf{csfn}
                         =nulls,xl
                                           no file name
        mov
fi
        jsr
                              sysea
                                           advise of error
        ppm
                              ini08
                                           cant use error logic yet
                              ini08
                                           force termination
        brn
    insert text for error 329 in error message table
        \mathbf{erb}
                 329, requested ma
                                           too large
fi
ini08
        mov
                         =endmo,xr
                                           point to failure message
                                           message length
                          endml,wa
        mov
                                           print it (prtst not yet usable)
        jsr
                              syspr
                                           should not fail
        ppm
                                           no fcb chain yet
        zer
                                 xl
                         =num10, wb
                                           set special code value
        mov
                              sysej
                                           pack up (stopr not yet usable)
        jsr
    initialise structures at start of static region
ini09
        mov
                          statb,xr
                                           point to static again
        isr
                                           initialize static
                              insta
    initialize number of hash headers
                         =e$hnb,wa
                                           get number of hash headers
        mov
        mti
                                 wa
                                           convert to integer
        sti
                                           store for use by gtnvr procedure
                              hshnb
        lct
                              wa,wa
                                           counter for clearing hash table
                          xr, hshtb
                                           pointer to hash table
        mov
    loop to clear hash table
ini11
                                           blank a word
        \mathbf{zer}
                              (xr)+
        bct
                          wa,ini11
                                           loop
                                           end of hash table adrs is kept
        mov
                          xr, hshte
                                           store static end address
        mov
                          xr, state
if.csfn
    init table to map statement numbers to source file names
                         =num01,wc
                                           table will have only one bucket
        mov
                                           default table value
        mov
                         =nulls,xl
        mov
                          xl,r$sfc
                                           current source file name
                              tmake
                                           create table
        jsr
                          xr,r$sfn
                                           save ptr to table
        mov
fi
if.cinc
    initialize table to detect duplicate include file names
```

```
table will have only one bucket
         mov
                          =num01,wc
                                             default table value
                           =nulls,xl
         mov
                                             create table
         jsr
                               tmake
                            xr,r$inc
                                             save ptr to table
         mov
if.\mathbf{csfn}
    initialize array to hold names of nested include files
         mov
                          =ccinm,wa
                                             maximum nesting level
                                             null string default value
                          =nulls,xl
         mov
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                vmake
                                             create array
                               vmake
                                             create array
         ppm
         mov
                            xr,r$ifa
                                             save ptr to array
    init array to hold line numbers of nested include files
                                             maximum nesting level
         mov
                          =ccinm,wa
         mov
                                             integer one default value
                          =inton,xl
         jsr
                                vmake
                                             create array
         ppm
                                vmake
                                             create array
                            xr,r$ifl
                                             save ptr to array
         mov
fi
fi
    initialize variable blocks for input and output
         mov
                          =v$inp,xl
                                             point to string /input/
         mov
                           =trtin,wb
                                             trblk type for input
                                             perform input association
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                inout
                          =v$oup,xl
                                             point to string /output/
         mov
                                             trblk type for output
                          =trtou,wb
         mov
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                inout
                                             perform output association
         mov
                            initr,wc
                                             terminal flag
         bze
                            wc,ini13
                                             skip if no terminal
                                             associate terminal
         jsr
                               prpar
```

```
check for expiry date
ini13
        jsr
                                              call date check
                                sysdc
                            xs,flptr
                                              in case stack overflows in compiler
         mov
    now compile source input code
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                cmpil
                                              call compiler
                            xr,r$cod
                                              set ptr to first code block
         mov
                       =nulls,r$ttl
                                              forget title
         mov
                       =nulls,r$stl
                                              forget sub-title
         mov
         zer
                                r$cim
                                              forget compiler input image
                                r$ccb
                                              forget interim code block
         zer
if .cinc
                                              in case end occurred with include
                                cnind
         zer
                                              listing include depth
                                lstid
         zer
fi
                                              clear dud value
                                    xl
         zer
         zer
                                    wb
                                              dont shift dynamic store up
if.\mathbf{csed}
                                              collect sediment too
         zer
                                dnams
                                gbcol
                                              clear garbage left from compile
         jsr
                                              record new sediment size
         mov
                            xr, dnams
else
         jsr
                                gbcol
                                              clear garbage left from compile
fi
         bnz
                        cpsts,inix0
                                              skip if no listing of comp stats
                                              eject page
         jsr
    print compile statistics
         jsr
                                              print memory usage
                                prtmm
         mti
                                              get count of errors as integer
                                cmerc
                                              point to /compile errors/
                           =encm3,xr
         mov
         jsr
                                prtmi
                                              print it
         mti
                                gbcnt
                                              garbage collection count
         \mathbf{sbi}
                                intv1
                                              adjust for unavoidable collect
                                              point to /storage regenerations/
         mov
                           =stpm5,xr
                                              print gbcol count
         jsr
                                prtmi
                                              get time
         jsr
                                systm
         \mathbf{sbi}
                                timsx
                                              get compilation time
         mov
                           =encm4,xr
                                              point to compilation time (msec)/
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                prtmi
                                              print message
         add
                       =num05,1stlc
                                              bump line count
if.\mathbf{cuej}
         bze
                        headp,inix0
                                              no eject if nothing printed
         jsr
                                              eject printer
                                prtpg
fi
```

```
prepare now to start execution
    set default input record length
                                           skip if not default -in72 used
inix0
        bgt
                 cswin,=iniln,ini
                                           else use default record length
        mov
                      =inils,cswin
    reset timer
inix1
                              systm
                                           get time again
        isr
                                           store for end run processing
        sti
                              timsx
                              gbcnt
                                           initialise collect count
        zer
                                           call before starting execution
        jsr
                              sysbx
        add
                       cswex, noxeq
                                           add -noexecute flag
                                           jump if execution suppressed
                       noxeq,inix2
        \mathbf{bnz}
if .cuej
else
                       headp,iniy0
                                           no eject if nothing printed (sgd11)
        bze
        jsr
                                           eject printer
                              prtpg
fi
    merge when listing file set for execution.
    merge here when restarting a save file or load module.
                                           mark headers out regardless
iniy0
        mnz
                              headp
                                           set failure location on stack
        zer
                              -(xs)
        mov
                          xs,flptr
                                           save ptr to failure offset word
                                           load ptr to entry code block
        mov
                          r$cod,xr
                      =stgxt,stage
                                           set stage for execute time
        mov
if .cpol
                      =num01,polcs
                                           reset interface polling interval
        mov
                      =num01,polct
                                           reset interface polling interval
        mov
fi
if.cnpf
else
                                           copy stmts compiled count in case
        mov
                       cmpsn,pfnte
        mov
                       kvpfl,pfdmp
                                           start profiling if &profile set
                              systm
                                           time yet again
        jsr
        sti
                              systm
                                           time yet again
fi
                                           compute stmgo countdown counters
                              stgcc
        jsr
                                           start xeg with first statement
        bri
                               (xr)
    here if execution is suppressed
if.cera
inix2
                                           set abend value to zero
        zer
                                 wa
else
inix2
        jsr
                              prtnl
                                           print a blank line
                                           point to /execution suppressed/
        mov
                         =encm5,xr
                                           print string
        jsr
                              prtst
                                           output line
                              prtnl
        isr
                                           set abend value to zero
        zer
                                 wa
fi
        mov
                         =nini9,wb
                                           set special code value
                                           no fcb chain
        zer
                                           end of job, exit to system
        jsr
                              sysej
                                           end procedure start
        enp
    here from osint to restart a save file or load module.
                                           entry point
rstrt
        \operatorname{prc}
                                e,0
                                           discard return
        mov
                          stbas, xs
```

zer	xl	clear xl
\mathbf{brn}	iniy0	resume execution
\mathbf{enp}		end procedure rstrt

spitbol—snobol4 operator routines

this section includes all routines which can be accessed directly from the generated code except system functions. all routines in this section start with a label of the form o\$xxx where xxx is three letters. the generated code contains a pointer to the appropriate entry label. since the general form of the generated code consists of pointers to blocks whose first word is the address of the actual entry point label (o\$xxx).

these routines are in alphabetical order by their entry label names (i.e. by the xxx of the o\$xxx name) these routines receive control as follows

```
binary plus (addition)
o$add
         ent
                                             entry point
                                             fetch arithmetic operands
                               arith
         jsr
         \mathbf{err}
                  001,addition lef
                                             operand is not numeric
                  002, addition rig
                                             operand is not numeric
         \mathbf{err}
if.cnra
else
                               oadd1
                                             jump if real operands
         ppm
fi
    here to add two integers
                                             add right operand to left
         adi
                           icval(x1)
         ino
                                exint
                                             return integer if no overflow
         \operatorname{erb}
                  003,addition cau
                                             integer overflow
if .cnra
else
    here to add two reals
oadd1
         adr
                           rcval(x1)
                                             add right operand to left
                                             return real if no overflow
         rno
                               exrea
         \operatorname{erb}
                  261,addition cau
                                             real overflow
fi
```

unary plus (affirmation)

o\$aff	ent		entry point
	mov	(xs)+,xr	load operand
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	gtnum	convert to numeric
	\mathbf{err}	004, affirmation	is not numeric
	mov	xr,-(xs)	result if converted to numeric
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute it

```
binary bar (alternation)
o$alt
        ent
                                          entry point
                          (xs)+,xr
        mov
                                          load right operand
                                          convert to pattern
        jsr
                             gtpat
        err
                  005, alternation
                                          operand is not pattern
    merge here from special (left alternation) case
oalt1
        mov
                         =p$alt,wb
                                          set pcode for alternative node
                                          build alternative node
        jsr
                              pbild
        mov
                             xr,xl
                                          save address of alternative node
                                          load left operand
        mov
                          (xs)+,xr
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                             gtpat
                                          convert to pattern
                                          operand is not pattern
                  006, alternation
        \mathbf{err}
        beq
                                          jump if left arg is alternation
                  xr,=p$alt,oalt2
                     xr,pthen(xl)
                                          set left operand as successor
        mov
        mov
                          xl,-(xs)
                                          stack result
        lcw
                                 xr
                                          get next code word
        bri
                               (xr)
                                          execute it
    come here if left argument is itself an alternation
    the result is more efficient if we make the replacement
    (a / b) / c = a / (b / c)
oalt2
        mov
                 parm1(xr),pthen(
                                          build the (b / c) node
        mov
                  pthen(xr),-(xs)
                                          set a as new left arg
                                          set (b / c) as new right arg
        mov
                             xl,xr
        brn
                             oalt1
                                          merge back to build a / (b / c)
```

array reference (multiple subscripts, by name)

o\$amn	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	lcw	xr	load number of subscripts
	mov	xr,wb	set flag for by name
	brn	arref	jump to array reference routine

array reference (multiple subscripts, by value)

o\$amv	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	lcw	xr	load number of subscripts
	\mathbf{zer}	wb	set flag for by value
	\mathbf{brn}	arref	jump to array reference routine

```
array reference (one subscript, by name)
o$aon
        ent
                                          entry point
        mov
                           (xs), xr
                                          load subscript value
                     num01(xs),xl
                                          load array value
        mov
        mov
                           (xl), wa
                                          load first word of array operand
                  wa,=b$vct,oaon2
                                          jump if vector reference
        beq
                  wa,=b$tbt,oaon3
                                          jump if table reference
        beq
    here to use central array reference routine
oaon1
        mov
                        =num01,xr
                                          set number of subscripts to one
        mov
                                          set flag for by name
                             xr,wb
        brn
                             arref
                                          jump to array reference routine
    here if we have a vector reference
                 (xr),=b$icl,oaon
                                          use long routine if not integer
oaon2
        bne
        ldi
                         icval(xr)
                                          load integer subscript value
        \mathbf{mfi}
                          wa,exfal
                                          copy as address int, fail if ovflo
        bze
                          wa, exfal
                                          fail if zero
                         =vcvlb,wa
                                          compute offset in words
        add
        wtb
                                          convert to bytes
                                 wa
                           wa,(xs)
                                          complete name on stack
        mov
        blt
                wa,vclen(x1),oao
                                          exit if subscript not too large
                             exfal
        brn
                                          else fail
    here for table reference
oaon3
                                          set flag for name reference
        mnz
                                 wb
                             tfind
                                          locate/create table element
        jsr
                                          fail if access fails
        ppm
                             exfal
                     xl,num01(xs)
        mov
                                          store name base on stack
                           wa, (xs)
                                          store name offset on stack
        mov
    here to exit with result on stack
                                          result on stack, get code word
oaon4
        lcw
                                 xr
        bri
                                          execute next code word
                               (xr)
```

```
array reference (one subscript, by value)
o$aov
        ent
                                          entry point
        mov
                          (xs)+,xr
                                          load subscript value
                          (xs)+,xl
                                          load array value
        mov
        mov
                           (xl), wa
                                          load first word of array operand
                  wa,=b$vct,oaov2
                                          jump if vector reference
        beq
                  wa,=b$tbt,oaov3
                                          jump if table reference
        beq
    here to use central array reference routine
oaov1
        mov
                          xl,-(xs)
                                          restack array value
                                          restack subscript
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
        mov
                         =num01,xr
                                          set number of subscripts to one
                                 wb
                                          set flag for value call
        zer
                             arref
                                          jump to array reference routine
        brn
    here if we have a vector reference
oaov2
        bne
                 (xr),=b$icl,oaov
                                          use long routine if not integer
        ldi
                         icval(xr)
                                          load integer subscript value
                          wa,exfal
                                          move as one word int, fail if ovflo
        mfi
                                          fail if zero
        bze
                          wa, exfal
        add
                         =vcvlb,wa
                                          compute offset in words
        wtb
                                          convert to bytes
        bge
                 wa,vclen(xl),exf
                                          fail if subscript too large
                             acess
                                          access value
        jsr
                                          fail if access fails
                             exfal
        ppm
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                                          stack result
                                          get next code word
        lcw
                                 xr
        bri
                               (xr)
                                          execute it
    here for table reference by value
                                 wb
                                          set flag for value reference
oaov3
        zer
                                          call table search routine
                             tfind
        jsr
                                          fail if access fails
                             exfal
        ppm
                                          stack result
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
        lcw
                                          get next code word
                                 xr
        bri
                               (xr)
                                          execute it
```

assignment

o\$ass	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
o\$rpl (pattern replacement)		replacement)	merges here
oass0	mov	(xs)+,wb	load value to be assigned
	mov	(xs)+,wa	load name offset
	mov	(xs),xl	load name base
	mov	wb,(xs)	store assigned value as result
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	asign	perform assignment
	\mathbf{ppm}	exfal	fail if assignment fails
	lcw	xr	result on stack, get code word
	bri	(xr)	execute next code word

compilation error

o\$cer ent entry point

erb 007, compilation encountered during execution

una	ry at	(cursor assignment)	
o\$cas	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	mov	(xs)+,wc	load name offset (parm2)
	mov	(xs)+,xr	load name base (parm1)
	mov	=p\$cas,wb	set pcode for cursor assignment
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	pbild	build node
	mov	xr,-(xs)	stack result
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute it

```
concatenation
o$cnc
        ent
                                           entry point
        mov
                            (xs), xr
                                           load right argument
                  xr,=nulls,ocnc3
                                           jump if right arg is null
        beq
        mov
                          1(xs),xl
                                           load left argument
                  x1,=nulls,ocnc4
                                           jump if left argument is null
        beq
                         =b$scl,wa
                                           get constant to test for string
        mov
                    wa,(x1),ocnc2
                                           jump if left arg not a string
        bne
        bne
                    wa,(xr),ocnc2
                                           jump if right arg not a string
    merge here to concatenate two strings
ocnc1
        mov
                      sclen(x1), wa
                                           load left argument length
        add
                      sclen(xr), wa
                                           compute result length
                                           allocate scblk for result
        jsr
                              alocs
                          xr,1(xs)
                                           store result ptr over left argument
        mov
                                           prepare to store chars of result
        \mathbf{psc}
                                 xr
        mov
                      sclen(x1),wa
                                           get number of chars in left arg
                                           prepare to load left arg chars
                                 xl
        plc
        mvc
                                           move characters of left argument
                          (xs)+,xl
                                           load right arg pointer, pop stack
        mov
        mov
                      sclen(x1), wa
                                           load number of chars in right arg
        plc
                                 xl
                                           prepare to load right arg chars
                                           move characters of right argument
        mvc
                                 xl
                                           clear garbage value in xl
        zer
        lcw
                                           result on stack, get code word
                                 xr
                               (xr)
                                           execute next code word
        bri
    come here if arguments are not both strings
        jsr
                              gtstg
                                           convert right arg to string
ocnc2
                                           jump if right arg is not string
                              ocnc5
        ppm
                                           save right arg ptr
        mov
                              xr,xl
                                           convert left arg to string
        jsr
                              gtstg
        ppm
                              ocnc6
                                           jump if left arg is not a string
                          xr,-(xs)
                                           stack left argument
        mov
                          x1,-(xs)
                                           stack right argument
        mov
                              xr,xl
                                           move left arg to proper reg
        mov
        mov
                            (xs), xr
                                           move right arg to proper reg
        brn
                              ocnc1
                                           merge back to concatenate strings
```

concatenation (continued)

come here for null right argument

ocnc3 remove right arg from stack ica xs lcw left argument on stack xr bri (xr) execute next code word here for null left argument ocnc4 ica unstack one argument mov xr,(xs)store right argument

lcw xr result on stack, get code word bri (xr) execute next code word

here if right argument is not a string

ocnc5 mov xr,xl move right argument ptr mov (xs)+,xr load left arg pointer

merge here when left argument is not a string

 $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ convert left arg to pattern ocnc6 gtpat \mathbf{err} 008, concatenatio left operand is not a string or pattern xr,-(xs)save result on stack mov point to right operand mov xl,xr convert to pattern jsr gtpat right operand is not a string or pattern \mathbf{err} 009, concatenatio mov xr,xl move for pconc mov (xs)+,xrreload left operand ptr concatenate patterns pconc jsr xr,-(xs)stack result mov

get next code word

bri (xr) execute it

xr

lcw

```
complementation
         ent
                                             entry point
o$com
         mov
                            (xs)+,xr
                                             load operand
         mov
                             (xr),wa
                                             load type word
    merge back here after conversion
ocom1 beq
                   wa,=b$icl,ocom2
                                             jump if integer
if.cnra
else
         beq
                   wa,=b$rcl,ocom3
                                             jump if real
fi
                                             else convert to numeric
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                gtnum
                                             is not numeric
         \mathbf{err}
                  010, negation ope
         brn
                                ocom1
                                             back to check cases
    here to complement integer
ocom2
         ldi
                           icval(xr)
                                             load integer value
         ngi
                                             negate
         ino
                                exint
                                             return integer if no overflow
         \operatorname{erb}
                  011, negation cau
                                             integer overflow
if.cnra
else
    here to complement real
ocom3
         \operatorname{ldr}
                          rcval(xr)
                                             load real value
                                             negate
         ngr
                                             return real result
         brn
                                exrea
fi
```

```
binary slash (division)
o$dvd
         ent
                                              entry point
                                              fetch arithmetic operands
                                arith
         jsr
         \mathbf{err}
                  012, division lef
                                              operand is not numeric
                                              operand is not numeric
         \mathbf{err}
                  013, division rig
if .cnra
else
                                odvd2
                                              jump if real operands
         ppm
fi
    here to divide two integers
                           icval(x1)
                                              divide left operand by right
                                              result ok if no overflow
         ino
                                exint
         \operatorname{erb}
                  014, division cau
                                              integer overflow
if.cnra
else
    here to divide two reals
odvd2
         \mathbf{dvr}
                           rcval(xl)
                                              divide left operand by right
                                              return real if no overflow
         rno
                                exrea
                  262, division cau
         \operatorname{erb}
                                              real overflow
fi
```

```
exponentiation
                                             entry point
o$exp
        \mathbf{ent}
                                             load exponent
         mov
                            (xs)+,xr
                                             convert to number
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                               gtnum
         \mathbf{err}
                 015, exponentiati
                                             right operand is not numeric
                               xr,xl
                                             move exponent to xl
         mov
         mov
                            (xs)+,xr
                                             load base
                                             convert to numeric
         jsr
                               gtnum
                 016, exponentiati
         \mathbf{err}
                                             left operand is not numeric
if.cnra
else
                  (x1),=b$rcl,oexp
                                             jump if real exponent
         beq
fi
         ldi
                          icval(xl)
                                             load exponent
         ilt
                               oex12
                                             jump if negative exponent
if.cnra
else
                                             jump if base is real
         beq
                   wa,=b$rcl,oexp3
fi
    here to exponentiate an integer base and integer exponent
         mfi
                           wa,oexp2
                                             convert exponent to 1 word integer
         lct
                               wa,wa
                                             set loop counter
         ldi
                          icval(xr)
                                             load base as initial value
         bnz
                           wa,oexp1
                                             jump into loop if non-zero exponent
                                             error if 0**0
         ieq
                               oexp4
         ldi
                               intv1
                                             nonzero**0
         brn
                               exint
                                             give one as result for nonzero**0
    loop to perform exponentiation
        mli
                                             multiply by base
oex13
                          icval(xr)
         iov
                                             jump if overflow
                               oexp2
oexp1
         \mathbf{bct}
                           wa,oex13
                                             loop if more to go
         brn
                               exint
                                             else return integer result
    here if integer overflow
                 017, exponentiati
                                             caused integer overflow
oexp2
        \operatorname{erb}
```

```
exponentiation (continued)
if .cnra
else
    here to exponentiate a real to an integer power
        \mathbf{mfi}
                                            convert exponent to one word
oexp3
                           wa,oexp6
        lct
                                            set loop counter
                               wa,wa
                                            load base as initial value
        ldr
                          rcval(xr)
                                            jump into loop if non-zero exponent
        bnz
                           wa,oexp5
                                            error if 0.0**0
        req
                               oexp4
                                            nonzero**0
        ldr
                               reav1
                                            return 1.0 if nonzero**zero
        brn
                               exrea
fi
    here for error of 0**0 or 0.0**0
                                            result is undefined
oexp4
        \mathbf{erb}
                 018, exponentiati
if .cnra
else
    loop to perform exponentiation
                                            multiply by base
        mlr
                          rcval(xr)
oex14
                                            jump if overflow
        \mathbf{rov}
                               oexp6
                                            loop till computation complete
oexp5
        \mathbf{bct}
                           wa, oex14
                                            then return real result
        brn
                               exrea
    here if real overflow
                                            caused real overflow
                 266, exponentiati
oexp6
        \operatorname{erb}
    here with real exponent in (x1), numeric base in (xr)
if .cmth
                                            jump if base real
oexp7
        beq
                  (xr),=b$rcl,oexp
        ldi
                          icval(xr)
                                            load integer base
        itr
                                            convert to real
                               rcbld
                                            create real in (xr)
    here with real exponent in (x1)
    numeric base in (xr) and ra
oexp8
        zer
                                  wb
                                            set positive result flag
                                            load base to ra
        ldr
                          rcval(xr)
                                            jump if base non-zero
        rne
                               oexp9
                                            base is zero. check exponent
        \operatorname{ldr}
                          rcval(x1)
        req
                               oexp4
                                            jump if 0.0 ** 0.0
                                            0.0 to non-zero exponent yields 0.0
        ldr
                               reav0
        brn
                               exrea
                                            return zero result
    here with non-zero base in (xr) and ra, exponent in (xl)
    a negative base is allowed if the exponent is integral.
oexp9
        \mathbf{rgt}
                               oex10
                                            jump if base gt 0.0
                                            make base positive
        ngr
                               rcbld
                                            create positive base in (xr)
        jsr
        ldr
                          rcval(x1)
                                            examine exponent
                                            chop to integral value
        chp
        rti
                               oexp6
                                            convert to integer, br if too large
        \mathbf{sbr}
                          rcval(x1)
                                            chop(exponent) - exponent
                               oex11
                                            non-integral power with neg base
        \mathbf{r}\mathbf{n}\mathbf{e}
                                            record even/odd exponent
        \mathbf{mfi}
                                  wb
        anb
                           bits1.wb
                                            odd exponent yields negative result
        ldr
                          rcval(xr)
                                            restore base to ra
    here with positive base in ra and (xr), exponent in (xl)
                                            log of base
oex10
        lnf
```

```
too large
         \mathbf{rov}
                                oexp6
                           rcval(x1)
                                             times exponent
         mlr
                                             too large
         \mathbf{rov}
                                oexp6
                                             e ** (exponent * ln(base))
         \mathbf{etx}
                                             too large
         rov
                                oexp6
                            wb,exrea
                                             if no sign fixup required
         bze
         ngr
                                             negative result needed
         brn
                                             negative result needed
    here for non-integral exponent with negative base
oex11
         \operatorname{erb}
                  311, exponentiati
                                             of negative base to non-integral power
else
                  267, exponentiati
                                             right operand is real not integer
oexp7
         \operatorname{erb}
fi
fi
    here with negative integer exponent in ia
if .cmth
oex12
         mov
                            xr,-(xs)
                                             stack base
                                             convert to real exponent
         itr
                                             real negative exponent in (xr)
         jsr
                                rcbld
                                             put exponent in xl
         mov
                                xr,xl
                                             restore base value
         mov
                            (xs)+,xr
         brn
                                oexp7
                                             process real exponent
else
oex12
         \mathbf{erb}
                  019, exponentiati
                                             right operand is negative
fi
```

failure in expression evaluation this entry point is used if the evaluation of an $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) +\left(1\right) +\left$ expression, initiated by the evalx procedure, fails. control is returned to an appropriate point in evalx. entry point o\$fex ent

brnevlx6 jump to failure loc in evalx

function call (more than one argument) o\$fnc \mathbf{ent} entry point lcwload number of arguments wa lcwxr load function vrblk pointer mov vrfnc(xr),xl load function pointer wa,fargs(x1),cfu use central routine if wrong num bne brijump to function if arg count ok (x1)

function name error

offne ent entry point

lcw wa get next code word

bne wa,=ornm\$,ofne1 fail if not evaluating expression bze num02(xs),evlx3 ok if expr. was wanted by value

here for error

ofne1 erb 021, function cal by name returned a value

function call (single argument) o\$fns \mathbf{ent} entry point load function vrblk pointer lcwmov =num01,wa set number of arguments to one mov vrfnc(xr),xl load function pointer wa,fargs(xl),cfu use central routine if wrong num bne brijump to function if arg count ok (x1)

call to undefined function

o\$fun ent

erb 022, undefined fu

entry point called

execute complex goto

o\$goo	ent	-	entry point
	mov	num01(xs),xr	load name base pointer
	bhi	xr,state,ogoc1	jump if not natural variable
	add	*vrtra,xr	else point to vrtra field
	bri	(xr)	and jump through it
h	ere if	goto operand is not	natural variable
ogoc1	\mathbf{erb}	023, goto operand	is not a natural variable

execute direct goto

\mathbf{ent}		entry point
mov	(xs),xr	load operand
mov	(xr),wa	load first word
\mathbf{beq}	wa,=b\$cds,bcds0	jump if code block to code routine
\mathbf{beq}	wa,=b\$cdc,bcdc0	jump if code block to code routine
\mathbf{erb}	024,goto operand	in direct goto is not code
	mov mov beq beq	mov (xs),xr mov (xr),wa beq wa,=b\$cds,bcds0 beq wa,=b\$cdc,bcdc0

set goto failure trap

this routine is executed at the start of a complex or direct failure goto to trap a subsequent fail (see exfal) ${}^{\circ}$

o\$gof	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{mov}	flptr,xr	point to fail offset on stack
	ica	(xr)	point failure to offif word
	icp		point to next code word
	lcw	xr	fetch next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute it

binary dollar (immediate assignment)
the pattern built by binary dollar is a compound pattern.
see description at start of pattern match section for
details of the structure which is constructed.

o\$ima	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	mov	=p\$imc,wb	set pcode for last node
	mov	(xs)+,wc	pop name offset (parm2)
	mov	(xs)+,xr	pop name base (parm1)
	${f jsr}$	pbild	build p\$imc node
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,xl	save ptr to node
	mov	(xs),xr	load left argument
	${f jsr}$	gtpat	convert to pattern
	\mathbf{err}	025,immediate as	left operand is not pattern
	mov	xr,(xs)	save ptr to left operand pattern
	mov	=p\$ima,wb	set pcode for first node
	${f jsr}$	pbild	build p\$ima node
	mov	(xs)+,pthen(xr)	set left operand as p\$ima successor
	${f jsr}$	pconc	concatenate to form final pattern
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,-(xs)	stack result
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute it

indirection (by name)

o\$inn ent entry point

mnz wb set flag for result by name brn indir jump to common routine

interrogation

o\$int	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{mov}	=nulls,(xs)	replace operand with null
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute next code word

indirection (by value)

o\$inv ent entry point

zer wb set flag for by value brn indir jump to common routine

keyword reference (by name)

o\$kwn ent entry point

jsr kwnam get keyword name brn exnam exit with result name

$\begin{array}{ccc} \text{keyword reference (by value)} \\ \text{o$kwv} & \text{ent} \end{array}$

\mathbf{ent}		entry point
jsr	kwnam	get keyword name
\mathbf{mov}	xr,dnamp	delete kvblk
$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	acess	access value
\mathbf{ppm}	exnul	dummy (unused) failure return
mov	xr,-(xs)	stack result
lcw	xr	get next code word
bri	(xr)	execute it

load expression by name

o\$lex	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{mov}	*evsi\$,wa	set size of evblk
	\mathbf{jsr}	alloc	allocate space for evblk
	\mathbf{mov}	=b\$evt,(xr)	set type word
	\mathbf{mov}	<pre>=trbev,evvar(xr)</pre>	set dummy trblk pointer
	lcw	wa	load exblk pointer
	\mathbf{mov}	<pre>wa,evexp(xr)</pre>	set exblk pointer
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,xl	move name base to proper reg
	\mathbf{mov}	*evvar,wa	set name offset = zero
	\mathbf{brn}	exnam	exit with name in (xl,wa)

load pattern value

o\$lpt ent entry point lcw xr load pattern pointer mov xr,-(xs) stack result

 $\mathbf{lcw} \hspace{1.5cm} \mathtt{xr} \hspace{1.5cm} \mathrm{get} \ \mathrm{next} \ \mathrm{code} \ \mathrm{word}$

bri (xr) execute it

load variable name

o\$lvn	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	lcw	wa	load vrblk pointer
	\mathbf{mov}	wa,-(xs)	stack vrblk ptr (name base)
	\mathbf{mov}	*vrval,-(xs)	stack name offset
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute next code word

```
binary asterisk (multiplication)
o$mlt
         ent
                                             entry point
                                             fetch arithmetic operands
         jsr
                               arith
         \mathbf{err}
                  026, multiplicati
                                             left operand is not numeric
                  027, multiplicati
                                             right operand is not numeric
         err
if.cnra
else
                                             jump if real operands
                               omlt1
         ppm
fi
    here to multiply two integers
                          icval(x1)
                                             multiply left operand by right
         ino
                               exint
                                             return integer if no overflow
         \operatorname{erb}
                  028, multiplicati
                                             caused integer overflow
if.cnra
else
    here to multiply two reals
omlt1
         mlr
                          rcval(x1)
                                             multiply left operand by right
                                             return real if no overflow
         rno
                               exrea
         \operatorname{erb}
                  263, multiplicati
                                             caused real overflow
fi
```

name reference

o\$nam	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{mov}	*nmsi\$,wa	set length of nmblk
	${f jsr}$	alloc	allocate nmblk
	mov	=b\$nml,(xr)	set name block code
	mov	(xs)+,nmofs(xr)	set name offset from operand
	mov	(xs)+,nmbas(xr)	set name base from operand
	mov	xr,-(xs)	stack result
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute it

negation initial entry entry point o\$nta \mathbf{ent} lcw load new failure offset wa flptr,-(xs) stack old failure pointer mov wa,-(xs)stack new failure offset mov set new failure pointer mov xs,flptr get next code word lcwxrbri (xr) execute next code word entry after successful evaluation of operand o\$ntb ententry point mov num02(xs),flptr restore old failure pointer brnexfal and fail entry for failure during operand evaluation o\$ntc \mathbf{ent} entry point pop failure offset ica mov (xs)+,flptr restore old failure pointer exit giving null result brnexnul

 $\begin{array}{ccc} \text{use of undefined operator} \\ \text{o\$oun} & \mathbf{ent} \end{array}$

erb 029,undefined op

entry point referenced

binary dot (pattern assignment)
the pattern built by binary dot is a compound pattern.
see description at start of pattern match section for
details of the structure which is constructed.

o\$pas	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	mov	=p\$pac,wb	load pcode for p\$pac node
	mov	(xs)+,wc	load name offset (parm2)
	mov	(xs)+,xr	load name base (parm1)
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	pbild	build p\$pac node
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,xl	save ptr to node
	mov	(xs),xr	load left operand
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	gtpat	convert to pattern
	\mathbf{err}	030,pattern assi	left operand is not pattern
	mov	xr,(xs)	save ptr to left operand pattern
	mov	=p\$paa,wb	set pcode for p\$paa node
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	pbild	build p\$paa node
	mov	(xs)+,pthen(xr)	set left operand as p\$paa successor
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	pconc	concatenate to form final pattern
	mov	xr,-(xs)	stack result
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	\mathbf{bri}	(xr)	execute it

pattern match (by name, for replacement)

o\$pmn ent entry point

zerwbset type code for match by namebrnmatchjump to routine to start match

pattern match (statement)
o\$pms is used in place of o\$pmv when the pattern match
occurs at the outer (statement) level since in this
case the substring value need not be constructed.

o\$pms ent entry point

mov=num02,wbset flag for statement to matchbrnmatchjump to routine to start match

pattern match (by value)

o\$pmv ent entry point

mov=num01,wbset type code for value matchbrnmatchjump to routine to start match

pop top item on stack

o\$pop ent entry point

ica xs pop top stack entry lcw xr get next code word bri (xr) execute next code word

terminate execution (code compiled for end statement) o\$stp $\begin{array}{ccc} \mathbf{ent} & & & & \\ \mathbf{entry} \ \mathbf{point} & & & \\ \mathbf{brn} & & & \mathbf{lend0} & & \mathbf{jump} \ \mathbf{to} \ \mathbf{end} \ \mathbf{circuit} \end{array}$

return name from expression
this entry points is used if the evaluation of an
expression, initiated by the evalx procedure, returns
a name. control is returned to the proper point in evalx.

o\$rnm ent entry point
brn evlx4 return to evalx procedure

```
pattern replacement
    when this routine gets control, the following stack
    entries have been made (see end of match routine p$nth)
                             subject name base
                             subject name offset
                             initial cursor value
                             final cursor value
                             subject string pointer
            ----- replacement value
o$rpl
       \mathbf{ent}
                                          entry point
        jsr
                             gtstg
                                          convert replacement val to string
                 031, pattern repl
                                          right operand is not a string
        \mathbf{err}
    get result length and allocate result scblk
                           (xs), xl
                                          load subject string pointer
        mov
if.cnbf
else
                 (x1),=b$bct,orpl
                                          branch if buffer assignment
        beq
fi
        add
                     sclen(x1), wa
                                          add subject string length
        add
                                          add starting cursor
                     num02(xs),wa
        \mathbf{sub}
                     num01(xs),wa
                                          minus final cursor = total length
        bze
                          wa,orpl3
                                          jump if result is null
                          xr,-(xs)
                                          restack replacement string
        \mathbf{mov}
                             alocs
                                          allocate scblk for result
        jsr
                                          get initial cursor (part 1 len)
        mov
                     num03(xs),wa
        mov
                     xr,num03(xs)
                                          stack result pointer
                                          point to characters of result
        \mathbf{psc}
    move part 1 (start of subject) to result
                                          jump if first part is null
        bze
                          wa, orpl1
                                          else point to subject string
        mov
                     num01(xs),xl
        plc
                                 xl
                                          point to subject string chars
        mvc
                                          move first part to result
```

```
pattern replacement (continued)
    now move in replacement value
orpl1
        mov
                          (xs)+,xl
                                          load replacement string, pop
                     sclen(xl),wa
                                          load length
        mov
        bze
                          wa,orpl2
                                          jump if null replacement
                                          else point to chars of replacement
        plc
                                          move in chars (part 2)
        mvc
    now move in remainder of string (part 3)
                          (xs)+,xl
orpl2
        mov
                                          load subject string pointer, pop
                                          load final cursor, pop
        mov
                          (xs)+,wc
        mov
                     sclen(x1),wa
                                          load subject string length
                                          minus final cursor = part 3 length
        \mathbf{sub}
                              wc,wa
                                          jump to assign if part 3 is null
        bze
                          wa,oass0
                                          else point to last part of string
        plc
                             xl,wc
        mvc
                                          move part 3 to result
        brn
                              oass0
                                          jump to perform assignment
    here if result is null
                                          pop subject str ptr, final cursor
orpl3
        add
                         *num02,xs
        mov
                      =nulls,(xs)
                                          set null result
                                          jump to assign null value
        brn
                             oass0
if.cnbf
else
    here for buffer substring assignment
orpl4
                                          copy scblk replacement ptr
        mov
                             xr,xl
                          (xs)+,xr
                                          unstack bcblk ptr
        mov
        mov
                          (xs)+,wb
                                          get final cursor value
                          (xs)+,wa
                                          get initial cursor
        mov
                                          get length in wb
        \mathbf{sub}
                             wa,wb
                                          get rid of name offset
                         *num01,xs
        add
                           xr,(xs)
                                          store buffer result over name base
        mov
        jsr
                              insbf
                                          insert substring
                                          convert fail impossible
        ppm
                                          fail if insert fails
        ppm
                              exfal
        lcw
                                          result on stack, get code word
                                 xr
                                          execute next code word
        bri
                               (xr)
fi
```

return value from expression
this entry points is used if the evaluation of an
expression, initiated by the evalx procedure, returns
a value. control is returned to the proper point in evalx
o\$rvl ent entry point
brn evlx3 return to evalx procedure

```
selection
    initial entry
                                           entry point
o$sla
        \mathbf{ent}
        lcw
                                           load new failure offset
                                 wa
                                           stack old failure pointer
        mov
                       flptr,-(xs)
                          wa,-(xs)
                                           stack new failure offset
        mov
        mov
                          xs,flptr
                                           set new failure pointer
                                           get next code word
        lcw
                                 xr
        bri
                               (xr)
                                           execute next code word
    entry after successful evaluation of alternative
o$slb
        ent
                                           entry point
                          (xs)+,xr
                                           load result
        mov
                                           pop fail offset
        ica
                                 XS
                                           restore old failure pointer
                        (xs),flptr
        \mathbf{mov}
                                           restack result
        mov
                           xr,(xs)
        lcw
                                           load new code offset
        add
                          r$cod,wa
                                           point to absolute code location
                                           set new code pointer
        lcp
                                 wa
        lcw
                                 xr
                                           get next code word
                                           execute next code word
        bri
                               (xr)
    entry at start of subsequent alternatives
o$slc
        ent
                                           entry point
        lcw
                                           load new fail offset
                                 wa
        mov
                           wa,(xs)
                                           store new fail offset
        lcw
                                           get next code word
                                 xr
        bri
                               (xr)
                                           execute next code word
    entry at start of last alternative
o$sld
        ent
                                           entry point
                                           pop failure offset
        ica
                                 XS
        mov
                       (xs)+,flptr
                                           restore old failure pointer
        lcw
                                           get next code word
        bri
                               (xr)
                                           execute next code word
```

```
binary minus (subtraction)
o$sub
         ent
                                              entry point
                                              fetch arithmetic operands
                                arith
         jsr
         \mathbf{err}
                   032, subtraction
                                              operand is not numeric
                                              operand is not numeric
         \mathbf{err}
                   033, subtraction
if.cnra
else
                                              jump if real operands
                                osub1
         ppm
fi
    here to subtract two integers
                                              subtract right operand from left
                           icval(x1)
         ino
                                exint
                                              return integer if no overflow
         \operatorname{erb}
                   034, subtraction
                                              integer overflow
if.cnra
else
    here to subtract two reals
osub1
         {f sbr}
                           rcval(x1)
                                              subtract right operand from left
                                              return real if no overflow
         rno
                                exrea
         \operatorname{erb}
                   264, subtraction
                                              real overflow
fi
```

dummy operator to return control to trxeq procedure of the star o

unexpected failure
note that if a setexit trap is operating then
transfer to system label continue
will result in looping here. difficult to avoid except
with a considerable overhead which is not worthwhile or
else by a technique such as setting kverl to zero.
o\$unf ent entry point

entry point erb 035, unexpected f in -nofail mode

spitbol-block action routines

b\$aaa ent

the first word of every block in dynamic storage and the vrget, vrsto and vrtra fields of a vrblk contain a pointer to an entry point in the program. all such entry points are in the following section except those for pattern blocks which are in the pattern matching segment later on (labels of the form p\$xxx), and dope vectors (d\$xxx) which are in the dope vector section following the pattern routines (dope vectors are used for cmblks). the entry points in this section have labels of the form b\$xxy where xx is the two character block type for the corresponding block and y is any letter. in some cases, the pointers serve no other purpose than to identify the block type. in this case the routine is never executed and thus no code is assembled. for each of these entry points corresponding to a block an entry point identification is assembled (bl\$xx). the exact entry conditions depend on the manner in which the routine is accessed and are documented with the individual routines as required. the order of these routines is alphabetical with the following exceptions. the routines for seblk and exblk entries occur first so that expressions can be quickly identified from the fact that their routines lie before the symbol b\$e\$\$. these are immediately followed by the routine for a trblk so that the test against the symbol b\$t\$\$ checks for trapped values or expression values (see procedure evalp) the pattern routines lie after this section so that patterns are identified with routines starting at or after the initial instruction in these routines (p\$aaa). the symbol b\$aaa defines the first location for block routines and the symbol p\$yyy (at the end of the pattern match routines section) defines the last such entry point bl\$\$i entry point of first block routine exblk

the routine for an exblk loads the expression onto the stack as a value.

(xr)		:)	pointer to	exblk	
	b\$exl	\mathbf{ent}	bl\$ex	entry point (exblk)	
		mov	xr,-(xs)	stack result	
		lcw	xr	get next code word	
		bri	(xr)	execute it	

seblk

the routine for seblk is accessed from the generated code to load the expression value onto the stack.

entry point (seblk) stack result get next code word b\$sel ent bl\$se mov xr,-(xs)lcwxr

bri (xr)

define symbol which marks end of entries for expressions

b\$e\$\$ ent bl\$\$i entry point trblk

the routine for a trblk is never executed

b\$trt ent bl\$tr entry point (trblk)

define symbol marking end of trap and expression blocks

b\$t\$\$ ent bl\$\$i end of trblk,seblk,exblk entries

arblk the routine for arblk is never executed

b\$art ent bl\$ar entry point (arblk)

bcblk

the routine for a bcblk is never executed (xr) $$\operatorname{pointer}$$ to bcblk

b\$bct ent b1\$bc entry point (bcblk)

bfblk

the routine for a bfblk is never executed (xr) $$\operatorname{pointer}$$ to bfblk

b\$bft ent bl\$bf entry point (bfblk)

ccblk

the routine for ccblk is never entered

b\$cct ent b1\$cc entry point (ccblk)

cdblk the cdblk routines are executed from the generated code. there are two cases depending on the form of cdfal. entry for complex failure code at cdfal (xr) pointer to cdblk b\$cdc entry point (cdblk) \mathbf{ent} bl\$cd bcdc0 pop garbage off stack mov flptr,xs set failure offset mov

cdblk (continued)

entry for simple failure code at cdfal (xr) pointer to cdblk

b\$cds ent b1\$cd entry point (cdblk)
bcds0 mov f1ptr,xs pop garbage off stack
mov *cdfal,(xs) set failure offset
brn stmgo enter stmt

cmblk

the routine for a cmblk is never executed $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1$ b\$cmt ent bl\$cm entry point (cmblk)

ctblk

the routine for a ctblk is never executed

b\$ctt ent bl\$ct entry point (ctblk)

dfblk

the routine for a dfblk is accessed from the o\$fnc entry to call a datatype function and build a pdblk.

(xl)		pointer to	dfblk
b\$dfc	\mathbf{ent}	bl\$df	entry point
	mov	dfpdl(xl),wa	load length of pdblk
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	alloc	allocate pdblk
	mov	=b\$pdt,(xr)	store type word
	mov	<pre>xl,pddfp(xr)</pre>	store dfblk pointer
	mov	xr,wc	save pointer to pdblk
	add	wa,xr	point past pdblk
	\mathbf{lct}	<pre>wa,fargs(xl)</pre>	set to count fields
loop to acquir		e field values from	n stack
bdfc1	mov	(xs)+,-(xr)	move a field value
	\mathbf{bct}	wa,bdfc1	loop till all moved
	mov	wc,xr	recall pointer to pdblk
	brn	exsid	exit setting id field

```
efblk
    the routine for an efblk is passed control form the offic
    entry to call an external function.
    (xl)
                               pointer to efblk
b$efc
                               bl$ef
                                            entry point (efblk)
        ent
if .cnld
else
                      fargs(x1),wc
                                            load number of arguments
         mov
                                            convert to offset
         wtb
                           x1,-(xs)
                                            save pointer to efblk
         mov
                                            copy pointer to arguments
         mov
                               xs,xt
    loop to convert arguments
befc1
         ica
                                  xt
                                            point to next entry
                             (xs),xr
                                            load pointer to efblk
         mov
         dca
                                            decrement eftar offset
                                  WC
         add
                                            point to next eftar entry
                               wc,xr
                                            load eftar entry
         mov
                      eftar(xr),xr
if.cnra
if.cnlf
         bsw
                                xr,4
                                            switch on type
else
         bsw
                                xr,3
                                            switch on type
fi
else
if .cnlf
                                            switch on type
         bsw
                                xr,5
else
         bsw
                                xr,4
                                            switch on type
fi
fi
         iff
                            0,befc7
                                            no conversion needed
         iff
                             1,befc2
                                            string
         iff
                             2,befc3
                                            integer
if.cnra
if.cnlf
         iff
                            3,beff1
                                            file
fi
else
         iff
                            3,befc4
                                            real
if.cnlf
         iff
                             4,beff1
                                            file
fi
fi
                                            end of switch on type
         esw
if .cnlf
    here to convert to file
                           xt,-(xs)
                                            save entry pointer
beff1
         mov
                           wc,befof
                                            save offset
         mov
                                            stack arg pointer
                         (xt), -(xs)
         mov
                                            convert to fcb
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                               iofcb
         \mathbf{err}
                  298, external fun
                                            argument is not file
                  298, external fun
                                            argument is not file
         \mathbf{err}
                  298, external fun
                                            argument is not file
         \mathbf{err}
```

point to fcb mov wa,xr mov (xs)+,xtreload entry pointer jump to merge $_{\mathrm{brn}}$ befc5 fi here to convert to string (xt), -(xs)stack arg ptr befc2 mov convert argument to string $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ gtstg 039, external fun argument is not a string \mathbf{err} brnbefc6 jump to merge

```
efblk (continued)
    here to convert an integer
befc3
                                            load next argument
        mov
                             (xt), xr
                           wc,befof
                                            save offset
         mov
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                               gtint
                                            convert to integer
                  040, external fun
                                            argument is not integer
         \mathbf{err}
if .cnra
else
         brn
                               befc5
                                            merge with real case
    here to convert a real
befc4
         mov
                             (xt),xr
                                            load next argument
                                            save offset
         mov
                           wc,befof
                                            convert to real
         jsr
                               gtrea
                  265, external fun
                                            argument is not real
         \mathbf{err}
fi
    integer case merges here
befc5
        mov
                           befof,wc
                                            restore offset
    string merges here
befc6 mov
                                            store converted result
                            xr,(xt)
    no conversion merges here
befc7
         \mathbf{bnz}
                           wc,befc1
                                            loop back if more to go
    here after converting all the arguments
                            (xs)+,xl
                                            restore efblk pointer
         mov
         mov
                      fargs(x1),wa
                                            get number of args
                                            call routine to call external fnc
         jsr
                               sysex
         \mathbf{ppm}
                               exfal
                                            fail if failure
                  327, calling exte
                                            function - not found
         \mathbf{err}
                  326, calling exte
                                            function - bad argument type
         \mathbf{err}
if.cexp
         wtb
                                            convert number of args to bytes
                                  wa
         add
                               wa,xs
                                            remove arguments from stack
fi
```

```
efblk (continued)
    return here with result in xr
    first defend against non-standard null string returned
                                         get result type id
        mov
                     efrsl(xl),wb
        bnz
                         wb,befa8
                                         branch if not unconverted
        bne
                 (xr),=b$scl,befc
                                         jump if not a string
        bze
                  sclen(xr).exnul
                                         return null if null
    here if converted result to check for null string
befa8
        bne
                  wb.=num01.befc8
                                         jump if not a string
                                         return null if null
        bze
                  sclen(xr), exnul
    return if result is in dynamic storage
befc8
        blt
                   xr, dnamb, befc9
                                         jump if not in dynamic storage
        ble
                   xr, dnamp, exixr
                                         return result if already dynamic
    here we copy a result into the dynamic region
        mov
                           (xr), wa
                                         get possible type word
befc9
        bze
                         wb, bef11
                                         jump if unconverted result
        mov
                        =b$scl,wa
                                         string
                  wb,=num01,bef10
                                         ves jump
        beq
                                         integer
        mov
                        =b$icl,wa
        beq
                  wb,=num02,bef10
                                         yes jump
if .cnra
else
                        =b$rcl,wa
                                         real
        mov
fi
    store type word in result
bef10
        mov
                          wa.(xr)
                                         stored before copying to dynamic
    merge for unconverted result
                 (xr),=b$scl,bef1
                                         branch if string result
bef11
        beq
                             blkln
                                         get length of block
        jsr
                                         copy address of old block
        mov
                             xr,xl
        isr
                             alloc
                                         allocate dynamic block same size
                         xr,-(xs)
                                         set pointer to new block as result
        mov
        mvw
                                         copy old block to dynamic block
                                xl
                                         clear garbage value
        zer
        lcw
                                         get next code word
                                xr
                              (xr)
                                         execute next code word
        bri
    here to return a string result that was not in dynamic.
    cannot use the simple word copy above because it will not
    guarantee zero padding in the last word.
bef12
                                         save source string pointer
        mov
                             xr,xl
                     sclen(xr), wa
                                         fetch string length
        mov
                          wa, exnul
                                         return null string if length zero
        bze
        jsr
                                         allocate space for string
                             alocs
                                         save as result pointer
                          xr,-(xs)
        mov
                                         prepare to store chars of result
        \mathbf{psc}
                                xr
                                         point to chars in source string
        plc
                                xl
        mov
                             wc,wa
                                         number of characters to copy
                                         move characters to result string
        mvc
        zer
                                xl
                                         clear garbage value
        lcw
                                         get next code word
                                xr
        bri
                              (xr)
                                         execute next code word
```

fi

evblk

the routine for an evblk is never executed of ent bl\$ev entry point (evblk)

```
ffblk
    the routine for an ffblk is executed from the offnc entry
    to call a field function and extract a field value/name.
    (x1)
                             pointer to ffblk
b$ffc
                                          entry point (ffblk)
        ent
                             bl$ff
        mov
                             xl,xr
                                          copy ffblk pointer
        lcw
                                WC
                                          load next code word
                           (xs),xl
                                          load pdblk pointer
        mov
        bne
                 (x1),=b$pdt,bffc
                                          jump if not pdblk at all
                                          load dfblk pointer from pdblk
                     pddfp(xl),wa
        mov
    loop to find correct ffblk for this pdblk
bffc1
                wa,ffdfp(xr),bff
                                          jump if this is the correct ffblk
        beq
        mov
                     ffnxt(xr),xr
                                          else link to next ffblk on chain
                                          loop back if another entry to check
        \mathbf{bnz}
                         xr,bffc1
    here for bad argument
bffc2
        \operatorname{erb}
                041, field functi
                                          argument is wrong datatype
```

ffblk (continued)

here after locating correct ffblk

bffc3	\mathbf{mov}	ffofs(xr),wa	load field offset
	\mathbf{beq}	wc,=ofne\$,bffc5	jump if called by name
	add	wa,xl	else point to value field
	\mathbf{mov}	(xl), xr	load value
	\mathbf{bne}	(xr),=b\$trt,bffc	jump if not trapped
	$\operatorname{\mathbf{sub}}$	wa,xl	else restore name base, offset
	\mathbf{mov}	wc,(xs)	save next code word over pdblk ptr
	${f jsr}$	acess	access value
	\mathbf{ppm}	exfal	fail if access fails
	\mathbf{mov}	(xs),wc	restore next code word
her	re after	getting value in	(xr), xl is garbage
bffc4	\mathbf{mov}	xr,(xs)	store value on stack (over pdblk)
	\mathbf{mov}	wc,xr	copy next code word
	\mathbf{mov}	(xr),xl	load entry address
	\mathbf{bri}	xl	jump to routine for next code word
her	re if ca	lled by name	
bffc5	\mathbf{mov}	wa,-(xs)	store name offset (base is set)
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute next code word

icblk

the routine for icblk is executed from the generated code to load an integer value onto the stack. $\,$

(xr)		pointer to	icblk
b\$icl	\mathbf{ent}	bl\$ic	entry point (icblk)
	mov	xr,-(xs)	stack result
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute it

kvblk

the routine for a kvblk is never executed.

 $\verb|b$kvt ent| & \verb|b1$kv entry point (kvblk)$

nmblk

the routine for a nmblk is executed from the generated code for the case of loading a name onto the stack where the name is that of a natural variable which can be preevaluated at compile time.

(xr)		pointer to	nmblk
b\$nml	ent	bl\$nm	entry point (nmblk)
	mov	xr,-(xs)	stack result
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute it

```
pfblk
    the routine for a pfblk is executed from the entry offic
    to call a program defined function.
    (x1)
                           pointer to pfblk
    the following stack entries are made before passing
    control to the program defined function.
                           saved value of first argument
                           saved value of last argument
                           saved value of first local
                           saved value of last local
                           saved value of function name
                           saved code block ptr (r$cod)
                           saved code pointer (-r$cod)
                           saved value of flprt
                           saved value of flptr
                           pointer to pfblk
   flptr -
                  ----- zero (to be overwritten with offs)
b$pfc
       ent
                           bl$pf
                                       entry point (pfblk)
       mov
                        xl,bpfpf
                                       save pfblk ptr (need not be reloc)
       mov
                           xl,xr
                                       copy for the moment
                                       point to vrblk for function
                    pfvbl(xr),xl
       mov
    loop to find old value of function
bpf01 mov
                           xl,wb
                                       save pointer
                    vrval(x1),x1
       mov
                                       load value
       beq
                (x1),=b$trt,bpf0
                                       loop if trblk
    set value to null and save old function value
                                       save old value
                        xl,bpfsv
       mov
                                       point back to block with value
       mov
                           wb,xl
       mov
               =nulls, vrval(x1)
                                       set value to null
       mov
                    fargs(xr),wa
                                       load number of arguments
       add
                       *pfarg,xr
                                       point to pfarg entries
                                       jump if no arguments
       bze
                        wa,bpf04
       mov
                           xs,xt
                                       ptr to last arg
                                       convert no. of args to bytes offset
       wtb
                              wa
       add
                           wa,xt
                                       point before first arg
       mov
                        xt,bpfxt
                                       remember arg pointer
```

```
pfblk (continued)
    loop to save old argument values and set new ones
       mov
                         (xr)+,xl
                                        load vrblk ptr for next argument
    loop through possible trblk chain to find value
bpf03
        mov
                            xl,wc
                                        save pointer
                    vrval(x1),x1
                                        load next value
        mov
                (x1),=b$trt,bpf0
                                        loop back if trblk
        beq
    save old value and get new value
        mov
                            xl,wa
                                        keep old value
                                        point before next stacked arg
        mov
                         bpfxt,xt
        mov
                         -(xt),wb
                                        load argument (new value)
                          wa,(xt)
                                        save old value
        mov
                                        keep arg ptr for next time
                         xt,bpfxt
        mov
                                        point back to block with value
        mov
                            wc,xl
                    wb, vrval(xl)
                                        set new value
        mov
        bne
                  xs,bpfxt,bpf02
                                        loop if not all done
    now process locals
                                        restore pfblk pointer
bpf04
        mov
                         bpfpf,xl
                                        load number of locals
                    pfnlo(xl),wa
        mov
                                        jump if no locals
        bze
                         wa, bpf07
        mov
                        =nulls,wb
                                        get null constant
        lct
                                        set local counter
                            wa,wa
    loop to process locals
bpf05
       mov
                         (xr)+,xl
                                        load vrblk ptr for next local
    loop through possible trblk chain to find value
bpf06
        mov
                            xl,wc
                                        save pointer
                    vrval(x1),x1
                                        load next value
        mov
                (x1),=b$trt,bpf0
                                        loop back if trblk
        beq
    save old value and set null as new value
                                        stack old value
        mov
                         xl,-(xs)
                                        point back to block with value
        mov
                            wc,xl
        mov
                    wb, vrval(xl)
                                        set null as new value
```

wa,bpf05

 \mathbf{bct}

loop till all locals processed

```
pfblk (continued)
    here after processing arguments and locals
if .cnpf
bpf07
                                           load old code block pointer
        mov
                          r$cod, wa
else
bpf07
        zer
                                           zero reg xr in case
        bze
                       kvpfl,bpf7c
                                           skip if profiling is off
                                           branch on type of profile
                 kvpfl,=num02,bpf
        beq
    here if &profile = 1
        jsr
                              systm
                                           get current time
        sti
                              pfetm
                                           save for a sec
        sbi
                                           find time used by caller
                              pfstm
                                           build into an icblk
        jsr
                              icbld
                              pfetm
        ldi
                                           reload current time
        brn
                              bpf7b
                                           merge
     here if &profile = 2
bpf7a
                                           get start time of calling stmt
        ldi
                              pfstm
                              icbld
                                           assemble an icblk round it
        jsr
        jsr
                              systm
                                           get now time
    both types of profile merge here
                                           set start time of 1st func stmt
bpf7b
        \mathbf{sti}
                              pfstm
                              pffnc
                                           flag function entry
    no profiling merges here
                                           stack icblk ptr (or zero)
bpf7c
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
        mov
                          r$cod, wa
                                           load old code block pointer
fi
                                           get code pointer
                                 wb
        scp
        sub
                              wa,wb
                                           make code pointer into offset
                          bpfpf,xl
                                           recall pfblk pointer
        mov
        mov
                       bpfsv,-(xs)
                                           stack old value of function name
                          wa,-(xs)
                                           stack code block pointer
        mov
        mov
                          wb,-(xs)
                                           stack code offset
                       flprt,-(xs)
                                           stack old flprt
        mov
                       flptr,-(xs)
                                           stack old failure pointer
        mov
                                           stack pointer to pfblk
        mov
                          xl,-(xs)
                              -(xs)
                                           dummy zero entry for fail return
        zer
                                           check for stack overflow
        \mathbf{chk}
                          xs,flptr
                                           set new fail return value
        mov
                                           set new flprt
        mov
                          xs,flprt
                          kvtra, wa
                                           load trace value
        mov
                                           add ftrace value
        add
                          kvftr,wa
                          wa,bpf09
                                           jump if tracing possible
        bnz
        icv
                              kvfnc
                                           else bump fnclevel
    here to actually jump to function
bpf08
        mov
                     pfcod(x1),xr
                                           point to vrblk of entry label
        mov
                      vrlbl(xr),xr
                                           point to target code
        beq
                  xr,=stndl,bpf17
                                           test for undefined label
        bne
                 (xr),=b$trt,bpf8
                                           jump if not trapped
                                           else load ptr to real label code
                     trlbl(xr),xr
        mov
bpf8a
        bri
                               (xr)
                                           off to execute function
    here if tracing is possible
bpf09
                     pfctr(xl),xr
                                           load possible call trace trblk
        mov
```

mov

pfvbl(xl),xl

load vrblk pointer for function

\mathbf{mov}	*vrval,wa	set name offset for variable
\mathbf{bze}	kvtra,bpf10	jump if trace mode is off
\mathbf{bze}	xr,bpf10	or if there is no call trace
here if ca	all traced	
\mathbf{dcv}	kvtra	decrement trace count
\mathbf{bze}	trfnc(xr),bpf11	jump if print trace
$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	trxeq	execute function type trace

```
pfblk (continued)
    here to test for ftrace trace
bpf10
                                             jump if ftrace is off
        \mathbf{bze}
                        kvftr,bpf16
         dcv
                               kvftr
                                             else decrement ftrace
    here for print trace
bpf11
                                             print statement number
        jsr
                               prtsn
         jsr
                               prtnm
                                             print function name
                                             load left paren
                          =ch$pp,wa
         mov
                               prtch
         jsr
                                             print left paren
                       num01(xs),xl
                                             recover pfblk pointer
         mov
         bze
                   fargs(xl),bpf15
                                             skip if no arguments
                                             else set argument counter
                                   wb
         zer
         brn
                               bpf13
                                             jump into loop
    loop to print argument values
bpf12
         mov
                          =ch$cm,wa
                                             load\ comma
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                               prtch
                                             print to separate from last arg
    merge here first time (no comma required)
                                             save arg ctr (over failoffs is ok)
bpf13
        mov
                             wb,(xs)
         wtb
                                             convert to byte offset
                                   wb
         add
                                             point to next argument pointer
                               wb,xl
         mov
                       pfarg(xl),xr
                                             load next argument vrblk ptr
         \mathbf{sub}
                               wb,xl
                                             restore pfblk pointer
                       vrval(xr),xr
                                             load next value
         \mathbf{mov}
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                               prtvl
                                             print argument value
```

here after dealing with one argument mov (xs),wb restore argument counter increment argument counter icv wb blt loop if more to print wb,fargs(xl),bpf merge here in no args case to print paren bpf15 mov =ch\$rp,wa load right paren jsr prtch print to terminate output terminate print line jsr prtnl merge here to exit with test for fnclevel trace bpf16 icv increment fnclevel kvfnc mov r\$fnc,xl load ptr to possible trblk call keyword trace routine jsr ktrex call function after trace tests complete mov num01(xs),xl restore pfblk pointer brnbpf08 jump back to execute function here if calling a function whose entry label is undefined bpf17 mov num02(xs),flptr reset so exfal can return to evalx to undefined entry label \mathbf{erb} 286, function cal if.cnraelse

rcblk the routine for an rcblk is executed from the generated code to load a real value onto the stack. (xr) pointer to rcblk entry point (rcblk) b\$rcl ent bl\$rc mov xr,-(xs)stack result lcwget next code word xr bri(xr) execute it fi

scblk

the routine for an scblk is executed from the generated code to load a string value onto the stack.

(xr) pointer to scblk

b\$scl ent bl\$sc entry point (scblk)
mov xr,-(xs) stack result

 $\mathbf{lcw} \hspace{1.5cm} \mathtt{xr} \hspace{1.5cm} \mathtt{get} \hspace{1mm} \mathtt{next} \hspace{1mm} \mathtt{code} \hspace{1mm} \mathtt{word}$

bri (xr) execute it

tbblk

the routine for a tbblk is never executed

b\$tbt ent bl\$tb entry point (tbblk)

teblk

the routine for a teblk is never executed $% \left(1\right) =\left(1\right) \left(1$ b\$tet ent bl\$te entry point (teblk)

vcblk

the routine for a vcblk is never executed b\$vct ent bl\$vc entry point (vcblk)

vrblk

the vrblk routines are executed from the generated code. there are six entries for vrblk covering various cases

b\$vr\$ ent bl\$\$i mark start of vrblk entry points

entry for vrget (trapped case). this routine is called from the generated code to load the value of a variable. this entry point is used if an access trace or input association is currently active.

(xr)		pointer to	vrget field of vrblk
b\$vra	\mathbf{ent}	bl\$\$i	entry point
	mov	xr,xl	copy name base (vrget $= 0$)
	mov	*vrval,wa	set name offset
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	acess	access value
	\mathbf{ppm}	exfal	fail if access fails
	mov	xr,-(xs)	stack result
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute it

vrblk (continued)
entry for vrsto (error case. this routine is called from
the executed code for an attempt to modify the value
of a protected (pattern valued) natural variable.

b\$vre ent entry point
erb 042,attempt to c value of protected variable

vrblk (continued)
entry for vrtra (untrapped case). this routine is called
from the executed code to transfer to a label.
(xr) pointer to vrtra field of vrblk
b\$vrg ent entry point

mov vrlbo(xr),xr load code pointer mov (xr),xl load entry address

bri xl jump to routine for next code word

```
vrblk (continued)
    entry for vrget (untrapped case). this routine is called
   from the generated code to load the value of a variable.
    (xr)
                           points to vrget field of vrblk
b$vrl
       \mathbf{ent}
                                       entry point
       mov
                vrval(xr),-(xs)
                                       load value onto stack (vrget = 0)
       lcw
                                       get next code word
                              xr
       bri
                                       execute next code word
                            (xr)
```

vrblk (continued)
entry for vrsto (untrapped case). this routine is called
from the generated code to store the value of a variable.
(xr) pointer to vrsto field of vrblk
b\$vrs ent entry point

mov (xs),vrvlo(xr) store value, leave on stack lcw xr get next code word bri (xr) execute next code word

vrblk (continued)

vrtra (trapped case). this routine is called from the generated code to transfer to a label when a label trace is currently active.

b\$vrt	\mathbf{ent}	·	entry point
	sub	*vrtra,xr	point back to start of vrblk
	mov	xr,xl	copy vrblk pointer
	mov	*vrval,wa	set name offset
	mov	vrlbl(xl),xr	load pointer to trblk
	\mathbf{bze}	kvtra,bvrt2	jump if trace is off
	dcv	kvtra	else decrement trace count
	\mathbf{bze}	trfnc(xr),bvrt1	jump if print trace case
	${f jsr}$	trxeq	else execute full trace
	$_{ m brn}$	bvrt2	merge to jump to label
her	re for	<pre>print trace print co</pre>	olon (label name)
bvrt1	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	prtsn	print statement number
	mov	xl,xr	copy vrblk pointer
	mov	=ch\$cl,wa	colon
	${f jsr}$	prtch	print it
	mov	=ch\$pp,wa	left paren
	${f jsr}$	prtch	print it
	${f jsr}$	prtvn	print label name
	mov	=ch\$rp,wa	right paren
	${f jsr}$	prtch	print it
	${f jsr}$	prtnl	terminate line
	mov	vrlbl(xl),xr	point back to trblk
men	rge hei	re to jump to label	
bvrt2	mov	trlbl(xr),xr	load pointer to actual code
	bri	(xr)	execute statement at label

vrblk (continued)
entry for vrsto (trapped case). this routine is called

from the generated code to store the value of a variable. this entry is used when a value trace or output association is currently active.

(xr)		pointer to	vrsto field of vrblk
b\$vrv	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{mov}	(xs),wb	load value (leave copy on stack)
	sub	*vrsto,xr	point to vrblk
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,xl	copy vrblk pointer
	\mathbf{mov}	*vrval,wa	set offset
	${f jsr}$	asign	call assignment routine
	ppm	exfal	fail if assignment fails
	lcw	xr	else get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute next code word

xnblk

 xrblk

the routine for an xrblk is never executed

 ${\tt b\$xrt} \quad {\tt ent} \qquad \qquad {\tt b\$xr} \qquad \quad {\tt entry\ point\ (xrblk)}$

mark entry address past last block action routine

b\$yyy ent bl\$\$i last block routine entry point

spitbol—pattern matching routines

```
the following section consists of the pattern matching
   routines. all pattern nodes contain a pointer (pcode)
   to one of the routines in this section (p$xxx).
   note that this section follows the b$xxx routines to
   enable a fast test for the pattern datatype.
p$aaa ent
                         bl$$i
                                entry to mark first pattern
   the entry conditions to the match routine are as follows
   (see o$pmn, o$pmv, o$pms and procedure match).
   stack contents.
                         name base (o$pmn only)
                         name offset (o$pmn only)
                         type (0-o$pmn, 1-o$pmv, 2-o$pms)
   pmhbs ----- initial cursor (zero)
                         initial node pointer
   xs ----- =ndabo (anchored), =nduna (unanch)
   register values.
        (xs)
                         set as shown in stack diagram
         (xr)
                         pointer to initial pattern node
                         initial cursor (zero)
        (wb)
   global pattern values
                       pointer to subject string scblk
        r$pms
                     length of subject string dot flag, initially zero
        pmssl
                        length of subject string in chars
        pmdfl
        pmhbs
                        set as shown in stack diagram
   control is passed by branching through the pcode
   field of the initial pattern node (bri (xr)).
```

description of algorithm a pattern structure is represented as a linked graph of nodes with the following structure.

+		-+
i	pcode	i
i	pthen	-+ i
i	parm1	i
i	parm2	i
T		- —

pcode is a pointer to the routine which will perform the match of this particular node type. pthen is a pointer to the successor node. i.e. the node to be matched if the attempt to match this node succeeds. if this is the last node of the pattern pthen points to the dummy node ndnth which initiates pattern exit. parm1, parm2 are parameters whose use varies with the particular node. they are only present if required. alternatives are handled with the special alternative node whose parameter points to the node to be matched if there is a failure on the successor path. the following example illustrates the manner in which the structure is built up. the pattern is (a / b / c) (d / e) where / is alternation in the diagram, the node marked + represents an alternative node and the dotted line from a + node represents the parameter pointer to the alternative.

during the match, the registers are used as follows.

(xr) points to the current node

(x1) scratch

(xs) main stack pointer

(wb) cursor (number of chars matched)

(wa,wc) scratch

to keep track of alternatives, the main stack is used as a history stack and contains two word entries.

word 1 saved cursor value

word 2 node to match on failure

when a failure occurs, the most recent entry on this stack is popped off to restore the cursor and point to the node to be matched as an alternative. the entry at the bottom of the stack points to the following special nodes depending on the scan mode.

anchored mode the bottom entry points to the

special node ndabo which causes an abort. the cursor value stored with this entry is always zero.

unanchored mode the bottom entry points to the

special node nduna which moves the anchor point and restarts the match the cursor saved with this entry is the number of characters which lie before the initial anchor point (i.e. the number of anchor moves). this entry is three words long and also contains the initial pattern.

entries are made on this history stack by alternative nodes and by some special compound patterns as described later on. the following global locations are used during pattern matching.

r\$pms pointer to subject string pmssl length of subject string

pmdfl flag set non-zero for dot patterns
pmhbs base ptr for current history stack
the following exit points are available to match routines
succp success in matching current node
failp failure in matching current node

compound patterns

some patterns have implicit alternatives and their representation in the pattern structure consists of a linked set of nodes as indicated by these diagrams. as before, the + represents an alternative node and the dotted line from a + node is the parameter pointer to the alternative pattern.

arb

+---+

this node (p\$arb) matches null and stacks cursor, successor ptr, cursor (copy) and a ptr to ndarc.

bal

+---+ i b i-----+---+

i b i----

the p\$bal node scans a balanced string and then stacks a pointer to itself on the history stack. compound pattern structures (continued)
arbno

```
+---+
                    this alternative node matches null
+----i + i-----
                    the first time and stacks a pointer
   +---+
                    to the argument pattern x.
i
i
i
    +---+
                    node (p$aba) to stack cursor
i
  iai
                    and history stack base ptr.
    +---+
i
     i
i
i
     i
i
  +---+
                    this is the argument pattern. as
                    indicated, the successor of the
i ixi
    +---+
                    pattern is the p$abc node
i
    i
     i
                    this node (p$abc) pops pmhbs,
    +---+
i
+---i c i
                    stacks old pmhbs and ptr to ndabd
    +---+
                    (unless optimization has occurred)
```

structure and execution of this pattern resemble those of recursive pattern matching and immediate assignment. the alternative node at the head of the structure matches null initially but on subsequent failure ensures attempt to match the argument. before the argument is matched p\$aba stacks the cursor, pmhbs and a ptr to p\$abb. if the argument cant be matched , p\$abb removes this special stack entry and fails.

if argument is matched , p\$abc restores the outer pmhbs value (saved by p\$aba) . then if the argument has left alternatives on stack it stacks the inner value of pmhbs and a ptr to ndabd. if argument left nothing on the stack it optimises by removing items stacked by p\$aba. finally a check is made that argument matched more than the null string (check is intended to prevent useless looping). if so the successor is again the alternative node at the head of the structure , ensuring a possible extra attempt to match the arg if necessary. if not , the successor to alternative is taken so as to terminate the loop. p\$abd restores inner pmhbs ptr and fails , thus trying to match alternatives left by the arbno argument.

$\begin{array}{ll} {\tt compound} \ \, {\tt pattern} \ \, {\tt structures} \ \, ({\tt continued}) \\ {\tt breakx} \end{array}$

++	this node is a break node for
+i b i	the argument to breakx, identical
i ++	to an ordinary break node.
i i	
i i	
i ++	this alternative node stacks a
i i + i	pointer to the breakx node to
i ++	allow for subsequent failure
i .	
i .	
i ++	this is the breakx node itself. it
+i x i	matches one character and then
++	proceeds back to the break node.
fence	
++	the fence node matches null and
i f i	stacks a pointer to node ndabo to
++	abort on a subsequent rematch
succeed	
++	the node for succeed matches null
i s i	and stacks a pointer to itself
++	to repeat the match on a failure.

compound patterns (continued) binary dot (pattern assignment)

Dinai y	aoo	(passern	appigiment)	
				(h)

++	this node (p\$paa) saves the current
iai	cursor and a pointer to the
++	special node ndpab on the stack.
i	
i	
++	this is the structure for the
i x i	pattern left argument of the
++	pattern assignment call.
i	
i	
++	this node (p\$pac) saves the cursor,
i c i	a ptr to itself, the cursor (copy)
++	and a ptr to ndpad on the stack.

the function of the match routine for ndpab (p\$pab) is simply to unstack itself and fail back onto the stack. the match routine for p\$pac also sets the global pattern flag pmdfl non-zero to indicate that pattern assignments may have occured in the pattern match if pmdfl is set at the end of the match (see p\$nth), the history stack is scanned for matching ndpab-ndpad pairs and the corresponding pattern assignments are executed. the function of the match routine for ndpad (p\$pad) is simply to remove its entry from the stack and fail. this includes removing the special node pointer stored in addition to the standard two entries on the stack.

compount pattern structures (continued) fence (function)

 _	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	

++	this node (p\$fna) saves the
iai	current history stack and a
++	pointer to ndfnb on the stack.
i	
i	
++	this is the pattern structure
iхі	given as the argument to the
++	fence function.
i	
i	
++	this node p\$fnc restores the outer
ici	history stack ptr saved in p\$fna,
++	and stacks the inner stack base
	ptr and a pointer to ndfnd on the
	stack.

ndfnb (f\$fnb) simply is the failure exit for pattern argument failure, and it pops itself and fails onto the stack.

the match routine p\$fnc allows for an optimization when the fence pattern leaves no alternatives. in this case, the ndfnb entry is popped, and the match continues. ndfnd (p\$fnd) is entered when the pattern fails after going through a non-optimized p\$fnc, and it pops the stack back past the innter stack base created by p\$fna

initial entry for a pattern node is to the routine p\$exa. if the evaluated result of the expression is itself a pattern, then the following steps are taken to arrange for proper recursive processing.

- 1) a pointer to the current node (the p\$exa node) is stored on the history stack with a dummy cursor.
- 2) a special history stack entry is made in which the node pointer points to ndexb, and the cursor value is the saved value of pmhbs on entry to this node. the match routine for ndexb (p\$exb) restores pmhbs from this cursor entry, pops off the p\$exa node pointer and fails.
- 3) the resulting history stack pointer is saved in pmhbs to establish a new level of history stack. after matching a pattern, the end of match routine gets control (p\$nth). this routine proceeds as follows.
- 1) load the current value of pmhbs and recognize the outer level case by the fact that the associated cursor in this case is the pattern match type code which is less than 3. terminate the match in this case and continue execution of the program.
- 2) otherwise make a special history stack entry in which the node pointer points to the special node ndexc and the cursor is the current value of pmhbs. the match routine for ndexc (p\$exc) resets pmhbs to this (inner) value and and then fails.
- 3) using the history stack entry made on starting the expression (accessible with the current value of pmhbs), restore the p\$exa node pointer and the old pmhbs setting. take the successor and continue. an optimization is possible if the expression pattern makes no entries on the history stack. in this case, instead of building the p\$exc node in step 2, it is more

efficient to simply pop off the p\$exb entry and its associated node pointer. the effect is the same.

compound patterns (continued) binary dollar (immediate assignment)

++	this node (p\$ima) stacks the cursor
i a i	pmhbs and a ptr to ndimb and resets
++	the stack ptr pmhbs.
i	
i	
++	this is the left structure for the
iхі	pattern left argument of the
++	immediate assignment call.
i	
i	
++	this node (p\$imc) performs the
i c i	assignment, pops pmhbs and stacks
++	the old pmhbs and a ptr to ndimd.

the structure and execution of this pattern are similar to those of the recursive expression pattern matching. the match routine for ndimb (p\$imb) restores the outer level value of pmhbs, unstacks the saved cursor and fails the match routine p\$imc uses the current value of pmhbs to locate the p\$imb entry. this entry is used to make the assignment and restore the outer level value of pmhbs. finally, the inner level value of pmhbs and a pointer to the special node ndimd are stacked. the match routine for ndimd (p\$imd) restores the inner level value of pmhbs and fails back into the stack. an optimization occurs if the inner pattern makes no entries on the history stack. in this case, p\$imc pops the p\$imb entry instead of making a p\$imd entry.

arbno

see compound patterns section for stucture and algorithm for matching this node type.

no parameters

p\$aba	\mathbf{ent}	b1\$p0	p0blk
	\mathbf{mov}	wb,-(xs)	stack cursor
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,-(xs)	stack dummy node ptr
	\mathbf{mov}	pmhbs,-(xs)	stack old stack base ptr
	\mathbf{mov}	=ndabb,-(xs)	stack ptr to node ndabb
	\mathbf{mov}	xs,pmhbs	store new stack base ptr
	brn	succp	succeed

arbno (remove p\$aba special stack entry)

no parameters (dummy pattern)

p\$abb ent entry point

movwb,pmhbsrestore history stack base ptrbrnflpopfail and pop dummy node ptr

arbno (check if arg matched null string)

nο	parameters	(diimmir	nattern)
110	Darameters	(duiiiii v	Datterni

no parameters (dummy pattern)					
p\$abc	\mathbf{ent}	b1\$p0	p0blk		
	\mathbf{mov}	pmhbs,xt	keep p\$abb stack base		
	\mathbf{mov}	num03(xt),wa	load initial cursor		
	\mathbf{mov}	num01(xt),pmhbs	restore outer stack base ptr		
	\mathbf{beq}	xt,xs,pabc1	jump if no history stack entries		
	mov	xt,-(xs)	else save inner pmhbs entry		
	mov	=ndabd,-(xs)	stack ptr to special node ndabd		
	\mathbf{brn}	pabc2	merge		
opt	timise	case of no extra entries	es on stack from arbno arg		
pabc1	add	*num04,xs	remove ndabb entry and cursor		
mei	rge to	check for matching of r	null string		
pabc2	\mathbf{bne}	wa,wb,succp	allow further attempt if non-null		
	\mathbf{mov}	pthen(xr),xr	bypass alternative node so as to		
	\mathbf{brn}	succp	refuse further match attempts		

arbno (try for alternatives in arbno argument)

no parameters (dummy pattern)

p\$abd ent entry point

 $\mathbf{mov} \qquad \qquad \mathtt{wb,pmhbs} \qquad \qquad \mathrm{restore\ inner\ stack\ base\ ptr}$

brn failp and fail

abort

no parameters

brn exfal signal statement failure

alternation

parm1		alternative node	
p\$alt	\mathbf{ent}	bl\$p1	p1blk
	\mathbf{mov}	wb,-(xs)	stack cursor
	\mathbf{mov}	parm1(xr),-(xs)	stack pointer to alternative
	\mathbf{chk}		check for stack overflow
	\mathbf{brn}	succp	if all ok, then succeed

any (one character argument) (1-char string also) parm1 character argument p\$ans entbl\$p1 p1blk wb,pmssl,failp \mathbf{beq} fail if no chars left mov r\$pms,xl else point to subject string point to current character \mathbf{plc} xl,wb lch wa,(xl) load current character fail if no match bne wa,parm1(xr),fai else bump cursor icv and succeed \mathbf{brn} succp

any (multi-character argument case) pointer to ctblk parm1 parm2 bit mask to select bit in ctblk p\$any \mathbf{ent} b1\$p2 p2blk expression argument case merges here fail if no characters left beq wb,pmssl,failp mov r\$pms,xl else point to subject string get char ptr to current character plc xl,wb lch wa,(xl)load current character parm1(xr),xl point to ctblk mov wtb change to byte offset add point to entry in ctblk wa,xl mov ctchs(x1),wa load word from ctblk and with selected bit anb parm2(xr),wa \mathbf{zrb} wa,failp fail if no match icvwb else bump cursor brnsuccp and succeed

any (expression argument)

parm1			expression	pointer
p\$ayd	\mathbf{ent}		bl\$p1	p1blk
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$		evals	evaluate string argument
	\mathbf{err}	043,any	evaluate	argument is not a string
	ppm		failp	fail if evaluation failure
	ppm		pany1	merge multi-char case if ok

p\$arb initial arb match no parameters the p\$arb node is part of a compound pattern structure for an arb pattern (see description of compound patterns) p\$arb entb1\$p0 p0blk mov pthen(xr),xr load successor pointer mov wb,-(xs)stack dummy cursor xr,-(xs)stack successor pointer mov mov wb,-(xs)stack cursor =ndarc,-(xs) stack ptr to special node ndarc \mathbf{mov} bri (xr)execute next node matching null

p\$arc			extend	arb	match
no parameters			rs (dummy pattern)		
	p\$arc	\mathbf{ent}			entry point
		\mathbf{beq}	wb,pmssl,flpop		fail and pop stack to successor
		icv			else bump cursor
		mov	wb,-(xs)		stack updated cursor
		mov	xr,-(xs)		restack pointer to ndarc node
		mov	num02(xs),xr		load successor pointer
		bri	(xr)		off to reexecute successor node

```
bal
    no parameters
    the p$bal node is part of the compound structure built
    for bal (see section on compound patterns).
p$bal
        ent
                            b1$p0
                                         p0blk
                                         zero parentheses level counter
        zer
                                WC
        mov
                         r$pms,xl
                                         point to subject string
                                         point to current character
        plc
                            xl,wb
                            pbal2
        brn
                                         jump into scan loop
    loop to scan out characters
pbal1
       lch
                         wa,(x1)+
                                         load next character, bump pointer
                                         push cursor for character
        icv
                                wb
                 wa,=ch$pp,pbal3
                                         jump if left paren
        beq
                 wa,=ch$rp,pbal4
                                         jump if right paren
        beq
                                         else succeed if at outer level
                         wc,pbal5
        bze
    here after processing one character
                  wb,pmssl,pbal1
                                         loop back unless end of string
pbal2
        bne
                                         in which case, fail
        brn
                            failp
    here on left paren
                                         bump paren level
pbal3
        icv
        brn
                            pbal2
                                         loop back to check end of string
    here for right paren
        bze
                                         fail if no matching left paren
pbal4
                         wc,failp
        dcv
                                         else decrement level counter
                                WC
                                         loop back if not at outer level
        bnz
                         wc,pbal2
    here after successfully scanning a balanced string
pbal5
        mov
                         wb,-(xs)
                                         stack cursor
```

xr,-(xs)

succp

mov

brn

stack ptr to bal node for extend

and succeed

break (expression argument)

parm1		expression	pointer
p\$bkd	\mathbf{ent}	bl\$p1	p1blk
	${f jsr}$	evals	evaluate string expression
	\mathbf{err}	044,break evalua	argument is not a string
	ppm	failp	fail if evaluation fails
	ppm	pbrk1	merge with multi-char case if ok

eak (or	ne character argument)	
rm1	character	argument
\mathbf{ent}	bl\$p1	p1blk
mov	pmssl,wc	get subject string length
sub	wb,wc	get number of characters left
\mathbf{bze}	wc,failp	fail if no characters left
\mathbf{lct}	wc,wc	set counter for chars left
mov	r\$pms,xl	point to subject string
\mathbf{plc}	xl,wb	point to current character
p to a	scan till break characte	er found
lch	wa,(xl)+	load next char, bump pointer
beq wa,parm1(x)		succeed if break character found
icv	wb	else push cursor
\mathbf{bct}	wc,pbks1	loop back if more to go
\mathbf{brn}	failp	fail if end of string, no break chr
	ent mov sub bze lct mov plc op to selch beq icv bct	ent bl\$p1 mov pmssl,wc sub wb,wc bze wc,failp lct wc,wc mov r\$pms,xl plc xl,wb op to scan till break characte lch wa,(xl)+ beq wa,parm1(xr),suc icv wb bct wc,pbks1

```
break (multi-character argument)
    parm1
                             pointer to ctblk
                             bit mask to select bit column
    parm2
                             b1$p2
                                          p2blk
p$brk
       \mathbf{ent}
    expression argument merges here
        mov
                          pmssl,wc
                                          load subject string length
pbrk1
        sub
                             wb,wc
                                          get number of characters left
                                          fail if no characters left
        bze
                          wc,failp
        lct
                             wc,wc
                                          set counter for characters left
                                          else point to subject string
        mov
                          r$pms,xl
        \mathbf{plc}
                             xl,wb
                                          point to current character
                          xr,psave
                                          save node pointer
        mov
    loop to search for break character
pbrk2
        lch
                          wa,(x1)+
                                          load next char, bump pointer
        mov
                     parm1(xr),xr
                                          load pointer to ctblk
        wtb
                                 wa
                                          convert to byte offset
        add
                                          point to ctblk entry
                             wa,xr
                                          load ctblk word
        mov
                      ctchs(xr),wa
                          psave,xr
                                          restore node pointer
        mov
                                          and with selected bit
        anb
                     parm2(xr),wa
                                          succeed if break character found
        nzb
                          wa, succp
        icv
                                          else push cursor
                                          loop back unless end of string
        bct
                          wc,pbrk2
        brn
                             failp
                                          fail if end of string, no break chr
```

breakx (extension)
this is the entry which causes an extension of a breakx
match when failure occurs. see section on compound
patterns for full details of breakx matching.
no parameters

p\$bkx	\mathbf{ent}	bl\$p0	p0blk

 ${\bf icv} \hspace{1.5cm} {\tt wb} \hspace{1.5cm} {\tt step \; cursor \; past \; previous \; break \; chr}$

brn succe succeed to rematch break

breakx (expression argument)
see section on compound patterns for full structure of
breakx pattern. the actual character matching uses a
break node. however, the entry for the expression
argument case is separated to get proper error messages.

parm1			${\tt expression}$	pointer
p\$bxd	\mathbf{ent}		bl\$p1	p1blk
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$		evals	evaluate string argument
	\mathbf{err}	045,breakx	evalu	argument is not a string
	ppm		failp	fail if evaluation fails
	ppm		pbrk1	merge with break if all ok

cursor assignment

		0	
parm1		name base	
pai	cm2	name offse	t
p\$cas	\mathbf{ent}	b1\$p2	p2blk
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,-(xs)	save node pointer
	\mathbf{mov}	wb,-(xs)	save cursor
mov		parm1(xr),xl	load name base
${f mti}$		wb	load cursor as integer
mov		parm2(xr),wb	load name offset
${f jsr}$		icbld	get icblk for cursor value
mov		wb,wa	move name offset
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,wb	move value to assign
jsr ppm mov mov brn		asinp	perform assignment
		flpop	fail on assignment failure
		(xs)+,wb	else restore cursor
		(xs)+,xr	restore node pointer
		succp	and succeed matching null

```
expression node (p$exa, initial entry)
    see compound patterns description for the structure and
    algorithms for handling expression nodes.
    parm1
                            expression pointer
p$exa
        ent
                            bl$p1
                                         p1blk
        jsr
                            evalp
                                         evaluate expression
                            failp
                                         fail if evaluation fails
        ppm
        blo
                                         jump if result is not a pattern
                 wa,=p$aaa,pexa1
    here if result of expression is a pattern
                         wb,-(xs)
        mov
                                         stack dummy cursor
        mov
                         xr,-(xs)
                                         stack ptr to p$exa node
                      pmhbs, -(xs)
                                         stack history stack base ptr
        mov
                                         stack ptr to special node ndexb
                     =ndexb,-(xs)
        mov
                                         store new stack base pointer
        mov
                         xs,pmhbs
                            xl,xr
                                         copy node pointer
        mov
        bri
                              (xr)
                                         match first node in expression pat
    here if result of expression is not a pattern
        beq
pexa1
                 wa,=b$scl,pexa2
                                         jump if it is already a string
                         xl,-(xs)
                                         else stack result
        mov
        mov
                            xr,xl
                                         save node pointer
        jsr
                            gtstg
                                         convert result to string
                046, expression d
                                         not evaluate to pattern
        \mathbf{err}
                             xr,wc
                                         copy string pointer
        mov
                            xl,xr
                                         restore node pointer
        mov
                                         copy string pointer again
        mov
                            wc,xl
    merge here with string pointer in xl
        bze
                  sclen(x1),succp
                                         just succeed if null string
pexa2
        brn
                                         else merge with string circuit
                            pstr1
```

expression node (p\$exb, remove ndexb entry) see compound patterns description for the structure and algorithms for handling expression nodes.

no parameters (dummy pattern)

p\$exb ent entry point

movwb,pmhbsrestore outer level stack pointerbrnflpopfail and pop p\$exa node ptr

expression node (p\$exc, remove ndexc entry) see compound patterns description for the structure and algorithms for handling expression nodes.

no parameters (dummy pattern)

p\$exc ent entry point

movwb,pmhbsrestore inner stack base pointerbrnfailpand fail into expr pattern alternys

fail

no parameters

p\$fal ent bl\$p0 p0blk

brn failp just signal failure

fence

no parameters

p\$fen	\mathbf{ent}	bl\$p0	p0blk
	mov	wb,-(xs)	stack dummy cursor
	mov	=ndabo,-(xs)	stack ptr to abort node
	\mathbf{brn}	succp	and succeed matching null

fence (function)
see compound patterns comments at start of this section
for details of scheme
no parameters

p\$fna	\mathbf{ent}	bl\$p0	p0blk
	mov	pmhbs,-(xs)	stack current history stack base
	mov	=ndfnb,-(xs)	stack indir ptr to p\$fnb (failure)
	mov	xs,pmhbs	begin new history stack
	\mathbf{brn}	succp	succeed

fence (function) (reset history stack and fail)

no parameters (dummy pattern)

p\$fnb ent bl\$p0 p0blk

mov wb,pmhbs restore outer pmhbs stack base

brn failp ...and fail

fence (function) (make fence trap entry on stack) no parameters (dummy pattern) p0blk p\$fnc \mathbf{ent} bl\$p0 mov pmhbs,xt get inner stack base ptr num01(xt),pmhbs restore outer stack base mov optimize if no alternatives beq xt,xs,pfnc1 else stack inner stack base mov xt,-(xs)=ndfnd,-(xs) stack ptr to ndfnd mov brnsuccp succeed

here when fence function left nothing on the stack
pfnc1 add *num02,xs pop off p\$fnb entry
brn succeed

fence (function) (skip past alternatives on failure) no parameters (dummy pattern)

p\$fnd	ent	bl\$p0	p0blk
	mov	wb,xs	pop stack to fence() history base
	$_{ m brn}$	flpop	pop base entry and fail

immediate assignment (initial entry, save current cursor) see compound patterns description for details of the structure and algorithm for matching this node type.

no parameters

p\$ima	\mathbf{ent}	bl\$p0	p0blk
	mov	wb,-(xs)	stack cursor
	mov	xr,-(xs)	stack dummy node pointer
	mov	pmhbs,-(xs)	stack old stack base pointer
	mov	=ndimb,-(xs)	stack ptr to special node ndimb
	mov	xs,pmhbs	store new stack base pointer
	\mathbf{brn}	succp	and succeed

immediate assignment (remove cursor mark entry) see compound patterns description for details of the structure and algorithms for matching this node type. no parameters (dummy pattern)

p\$imb ent entry point

movwb,pmhbsrestore history stack base ptrbrnflpopfail and pop dummy node ptr

parm2 name offset of variable p\$imc b1\$p2 p2blk \mathbf{ent} mov pmhbs,xt load pointer to p\$imb entry wb,wa copy final cursor mov mov num03(xt),wb load initial cursor num01(xt),pmhbs restore outer stack base pointer \mathbf{mov} beq xt,xs,pimc1 jump if no history stack entries else save inner pmbbs pointer xt,-(xs)mov=ndimd,-(xs) and a ptr to special node ndimd mov pimc2 merge brn

here if no entries made on history stack

pimc1 add *num04,xs remove ndimb entry and cursor merge here to perform assignment

	•		
pimc2	mov	wa,-(xs)	save current (final) cursor
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,-(xs)	save current node pointer
	\mathbf{mov}	r\$pms,xl	point to subject string
	\mathbf{sub}	wb,wa	compute substring length
	\mathbf{jsr}	sbstr	build substring
	mov	xr,wb	move result
	mov	(xs),xr	reload node pointer
	\mathbf{mov}	parm1(xr),xl	load name base
	mov	parm2(xr),wa	load name offset
	\mathbf{jsr}	asinp	perform assignment
	ppm	flpop	fail if assignment fails
	mov	(xs)+,xr	else restore node pointer
	mov	(xs)+,wb	restore cursor
	\mathbf{brn}	succp	and succeed
		-	

immediate assignment (remove ndimd entry on failure) see compound patterns description for details of the structure and algorithms for matching this node type. no parameters (dummy pattern)

p\$imd ent entry point

mov wb,pmhbs restore inner stack base pointer

brn failp and fail

len (integer argument)

plen1 add parm1(xr),wb push cursor indicated amount

ble wb,pmssl,succp succeed if not off end

brn failp else fail

len (expression argument)

parm1		expression	pointer	
plnd	\mathbf{ent}		bl\$p1	p1blk
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$		evali	evaluate integer argument
	\mathbf{err}	047,len	evaluate	argument is not integer
	\mathbf{err}	048,len	evaluate	argument is negative or too large
	ppm		failp	fail if evaluation fails
	ppm		plen1	merge with normal circuit if ok

notany (expression argument)

parm1		${\tt expression}$	pointer	
p\$nad	\mathbf{ent}		bl\$p1	p1blk
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$		evals	evaluate string argument
	\mathbf{err}	049, notany	evalu	argument is not a string
	ppm		failp	fail if evaluation fails
	ppm		pnay1	merge with multi-char case if ok

notany (one character argument)

par	parm1 character		argument	
p\$nas	\mathbf{ent}	bl\$p1	entry point	
	\mathbf{beq}	wb,pmssl,failp	fail if no chars left	
	mov	r\$pms,xl	else point to subject string	
	\mathbf{plc}	xl,wb	point to current character in strin	
	\mathbf{lch}	wa,(xl)	load current character	
	\mathbf{beq}	wa,parm1(xr),fai	fail if match	
	icv	wb	else bump cursor	
	\mathbf{brn}	succp	and succeed	

notany (multi-character string argument) pointer to ctblk parm1 parm2 bit mask to select bit column p\$nay ent b1\$p2 p2blk expression argument case merges here beq wb,pmssl,failp fail if no characters left pnay1 mov r\$pms,xl else point to subject string point to current character plc xl,wb lch wa,(xl) load current character convert to byte offset wtb wa mov parm1(xr),xl load pointer to ctblk point to entry in ctblk add wa,xl mov ctchs(x1),wa load entry from ctblk and with selected bit anb parm2(xr),wa nzbwa,failp fail if character is matched icvwb else bump cursor brnsuccp and succeed

end of pattern match this routine is entered on successful completion. see description of expression patterns in compound pattern section for handling of recursion in matching. this pattern also results from an attempt to convert the null string to a pattern via convert() no parameters (dummy pattern) p\$nth ent b1\$p0 p0blk (dummy) pmhbs,xt mov load pointer to base of stack mov num01(xt),wa load saved pmhbs (or pattern type) wa,=num02,pnth2 ble jump if outer level (pattern type) here we are at the end of matching an expression pattern mov wa, pmhbs restore outer stack base pointer num02(xt),xr restore pointer to p\$exa node movjump if no history stack entries \mathbf{beq} xt,xs,pnth1 mov xt,-(xs)else stack inner stack base ptr \mathbf{mov} stack ptr to special node ndexc =ndexc,-(xs) brn and succeed succp here if no history stack entries during pattern remove p\$exb entry and node ptr pnth1 add*num04,xsbrnsuccp and succeed here if end of match at outer level save final cursor in safe place pnth2 mov wb,pmssl bze pmdfl,pnth6 jump if no pattern assignments

```
end of pattern match (continued)
    now we must perform pattern assignments. this is done by
    scanning the history stack for matching ndpab-ndpad pairs
        dca
                                         point past cursor entry
pnth3
        mov
                         -(xt), wa
                                         load node pointer
                 wa,=ndpad,pnth4
                                         jump if ndpad entry
        beq
        bne
                 wa,=ndpab,pnth5
                                         jump if not ndpab entry
   here for ndpab entry, stack initial cursor
    note that there must be more entries on the stack.
                 num01(xt),-(xs)
                                         stack initial cursor
        mov
        \mathbf{chk}
                                         check for stack overflow
                                         loop back if ok
        brn
                            pnth3
   here for ndpad entry. the starting cursor from the
    matching ndpad entry is now the top stack entry.
                    num01(xt),wa
                                         load final cursor
pnth4
        mov
                                         load initial cursor from stack
        mov
                          (xs),wb
                          xt,(xs)
                                         save history stack scan ptr
        mov
        \mathbf{sub}
                            wb,wa
                                         compute length of string
    build substring and perform assignment
        mov
                         r$pms,xl
                                         point to subject string
        jsr
                            sbstr
                                         construct substring
        mov
                            xr,wb
                                         copy substring pointer
                          (xs),xt
                                         reload history stack scan ptr
        mov
                    num02(xt),xl
                                         load pointer to p$pac node with nam
        mov
                                         load name offset
                    parm2(x1),wa
        mov
        mov
                    parm1(xl),xl
                                         load name base
                            asinp
                                         perform assignment
        jsr
                            exfal
                                         match fails if name eval fails
        ppm
                                         else restore history stack ptr
                         (xs)+,xt
        mov
```

```
end of pattern match (continued)
    here check for end of entries
pnth5
                      xt,xs,pnth3
       _{
m bne}
                                          loop if more entries to scan
    here after dealing with pattern assignments
pnth6
        mov
                          pmhbs,xs
                                          wipe out history stack
                          (xs)+,wb
                                          load initial cursor
        mov
                          (xs)+,wc
                                          load match type code
        mov
                                          load final cursor value
        mov
                          pmssl,wa
        mov
                          r$pms,xl
                                          point to subject string
                                          clear subject string ptr for gbcol
        zer
                             r$pms
                          wc,pnth7
        bze
                                          jump if call by name
                  wc,=num02,pnth9
                                          exit if statement level call
        beq
    here we have a call by value, build substring
                             wb,wa
                                          compute length of string
        \mathbf{sub}
        jsr
                             sbstr
                                          build substring
        mov
                         xr,-(xs)
                                          stack result
        lcw
                                          get next code word
                                xr
        bri
                               (xr)
                                          execute it
    here for call by name, make stack entries for o$rpl
                                          stack initial cursor
pnth7
        mov
                          wb, -(xs)
        mov
                          wa,-(xs)
                                          stack final cursor
if.cnbf
else
        bze
                      r$pmb,pnth8
                                          skip if subject not buffer
                                          else get ptr to bcblk instead
        mov
                          r$pmb,xl
fi
    here with xl pointing to scblk or bcblk
                          xl,-(xs)
                                          stack subject pointer
pnth8
        mov
    here to obey next code word
                                          get next code word
pnth9
        lcw
                                xr
        bri
                               (xr)
                                          execute next code word
```

```
pos (integer argument)
    parm1
                            integer argument
                            bl$p1
p$pos
       \mathbf{ent}
                                       p1blk
    optimize pos if it is the first pattern element,
    unanchored mode, cursor is zero and pos argument
    is not beyond end of string. force cursor position
    and number of unanchored moves.
    this optimization is performed invisible provided
    the argument is either a simple integer or an
    expression that is an untraced variable (that is,
    it has no side effects that would be lost by short-
    circuiting the normal logic of failing and moving the
    unanchored starting point.)
    pos (integer argument)
    parm1
                            integer argument
        beq
                wb,parm1(xr),suc
                                        succeed if at right location
                                        don't look further if cursor not 0
        bnz
                        wb,failp
        mov
                        pmhbs,xt
                                        get history stack base ptr
        bne
                  xr,-(xt),failp
                                        fail if pos is not first node
    expression argument circuit merges here
ppos2 bne
                -(xt),=nduna,fai
                                        fail if not unanchored mode
        mov
                    parm1(xr),wb
                                        get desired cursor position
                                        abort if off end
        \mathbf{bgt}
                  wb,pmssl,exfal
        mov
                    wb, num02(xt)
                                        fake number of unanchored moves
                                        continue match with adjusted cursor
        brn
                            succp
```

pos (expression argument)

	-	-	•	
parm1		m1	expression	pointer
	p\$psd	\mathbf{ent}	bl\$p1	p1blk
		$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	evali	evaluate integer argument
		\mathbf{err}	050,pos evaluate	argument is not integer
		\mathbf{err}	051,pos evaluate	argument is negative or too large
		ppm	failp	fail if evaluation fails
		\mathbf{ppm}	ppos1	process expression case
	ppos1	\mathbf{beq}	wb,parm1(xr),suc	succeed if at right location
		\mathbf{bnz}	wb,failp	don't look further if cursor not 0
		\mathbf{bnz}	evlif,failp	fail if complex argument
		mov	pmhbs,xt	get history stack base ptr
		mov	evlio,wa	get original node ptr
		\mathbf{bne}	wa,-(xt),failp	fail if pos is not first node
		\mathbf{brn}	ppos2	merge with integer argument code

pattern assignment (initial entry, save cursor) see compound patterns description for the structure and algorithms for matching this node type.

no parameters

p\$paa	\mathbf{ent}	bl\$p0	p0blk
	mov	wb,-(xs)	stack initial cursor
	mov	=ndpab,-(xs)	stack ptr to ndpab special node
	$_{ m brn}$	succp	and succeed matching null

pattern assignment (remove saved cursor) see compound patterns description for the structure and algorithms for matching this node type.

no parameters (dummy pattern)

p\$pab ent entry point

brn failp just fail (entry is already popped)

pattern assignment (end of match, make assign entry) see compound patterns description for the structure and algorithms for matching this node type.

parm1		name base o	of variable		
parm2		name offset	name offset of variable		
p\$pac	\mathbf{ent}	b1\$p2	p2blk		
	mov	wb,-(xs)	stack dummy cursor value		
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,-(xs)	stack pointer to p\$pac node		
	\mathbf{mov}	wb,-(xs)	stack final cursor		
	\mathbf{mov}	=ndpad,-(xs)	stack ptr to special ndpad node		
	\mathbf{mnz}	pmdfl	set dot flag non-zero		
	$_{ m brn}$	succp	and succeed		

pattern assignment (remove assign entry) see compound patterns description for the structure and algorithms for matching this node type.

no parameters (dummy node)

p\$pad ent entry point

brn flpop fail and remove p\$pac node

rem

no parameters

 $\verb|p$rem ent | bl$p0 p0blk|$

mov pmssl,wb point cursor to end of string

brn succp and succeed

rpos (expression argument) optimize rpos if it is the first pattern element, unanchored mode, cursor is zero and rpos argument is not beyond end of string. force cursor position and number of unanchored moves.

this optimization is performed invisibly provided the argument is either a simple integer or an expression that is an untraced variable (that is, it has no side effects that would be lost by shortcircuiting the normal logic of failing and moving the unanchored starting point).

parm1		expression	pointer
p\$rpd	\mathbf{ent}	bl\$p1	p1blk
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	evali	evaluate integer argument
	\mathbf{err}	052,rpos evaluat	argument is not integer
	\mathbf{err}	053,rpos evaluat	argument is negative or too large
	ppm	failp	fail if evaluation fails
	ppm	prps1	merge with normal case if ok
prps1	mov	pmssl,wc	get length of string
	$\operatorname{\mathbf{sub}}$	wb,wc	get number of characters remaining
	\mathbf{beq}	wc,parm1(xr),suc	succeed if at right location
	\mathbf{bnz}	wb,failp	don't look further if cursor not 0
	\mathbf{bnz}	evlif,failp	fail if complex argument
	mov	pmhbs,xt	get history stack base ptr
	mov	evlio,wa	get original node ptr
	\mathbf{bne}	wa,-(xt),failp	fail if pos is not first node
	\mathbf{brn}	prps2	merge with integer arg code

```
rpos (integer argument)
    parm1
                              integer argument
p$rps ent
                              bl$p1
                                          p1blk
    rpos (integer argument)
    parm1
                              integer argument
                          pmssl,wc
                                          get length of string
        mov
        sub
                              wb,wc
                                          get number of characters remaining
                 wc,parm1(xr),suc
                                          succeed if at right location
        beq
        \mathbf{bnz}
                          wb,failp
                                          don't look further if cursor not 0
                          pmhbs,xt
                                          get history stack base ptr
        mov
        bne
                   xr,-(xt),failp
                                          fail if rpos is not first node
    expression argument merges here
                 -(xt),=nduna,fai
                                           fail if not unanchored mode
prps2
        bne
                          pmssl,wb
                                          point to end of string
        mov
        \mathbf{blt}
                 wb,parm1(xr),fai
                                          fail if string not long enough
        \mathbf{sub}
                     parm1(xr),wb
                                          else set new cursor
                     wb, num02(xt)
                                          fake number of unanchored moves
        mov
                                          continue match with adjusted cursor
        brn
                              succp
```

rtab (integer argument)

prtb1 mov wb,wc save initial cursor
mov pmssl,wb point to end of string

blt wb,parm1(xr),fai fail if string not long enough

sub parm1(xr),wb else set new cursor

bge wb, wc, succp and succeed if not too far already

brn failp in which case, fail

rtab (expression argument)

parm1		expression	pointer	
p\$rtd	\mathbf{ent}		bl\$p1	p1blk
	\mathbf{jsr}		evali	evaluate integer argument
	\mathbf{err}	054,rtab	evaluat	argument is not integer
	\mathbf{err}	055,rtab	evaluat	argument is negative or too large
	\mathbf{ppm}		failp	fail if evaluation fails
	ppm		prtb1	merge with normal case if success

span (expression argument)

parm1		expression	pointer
p\$spd	\mathbf{ent}	bl\$p1	p1blk
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	evals	evaluate string argument
	\mathbf{err}	056,span evaluat	argument is not a string
	ppm	failp	fail if evaluation fails
	\mathbf{ppm}	pspn1	merge with multi-char case if ok

```
span (multi-character argument case)
    parm1
                             pointer to ctblk
    parm2
                             bit mask to select bit column
                             b1$p2
                                          p2blk
p$spn ent
    expression argument case merges here
                         pmssl,wc
                                          copy subject string length
pspn1
        mov
        sub
                             wb,wc
                                          calculate number of characters left
                                          fail if no characters left
        bze
                          wc,failp
        mov
                         r$pms,xl
                                          point to subject string
                                          point to current character
        plc
                             xl,wb
        mov
                          wb,psavc
                                          save initial cursor
                                          save node pointer
                          xr,psave
        mov
                                          set counter for chars left
        lct
                             WC,WC
    loop to scan matching characters
pspn2
        lch
                          wa,(x1)+
                                          load next character, bump pointer
        wtb
                                          convert to byte offset
                     parm1(xr),xr
                                          point to ctblk
        mov
        add
                             wa,xr
                                          point to ctblk entry
                     ctchs(xr),wa
                                          load ctblk entry
        mov
                                          restore node pointer
        mov
                         psave, xr
        anb
                     parm2(xr),wa
                                          and with selected bit
        \mathbf{zrb}
                          wa,pspn3
                                          jump if no match
        icv
                                wb
                                          else push cursor
        bct
                          wc,pspn2
                                          loop back unless end of string
    here after scanning matching characters
pspn3
        bne
                   wb,psavc,succp
                                          succeed if chars matched
        brn
                             failp
                                          else fail if null string matched
```

span (one character argument) parm1 character argument p\$sps \mathbf{ent} bl\$p1 p1blk pmssl,wc get subject string length mov calculate number of characters left sub wb,wc bze wc,failp fail if no characters left mov r\$pms,xl else point to subject string xl,wb point to current character plc mov wb,psavc save initial cursor lctset counter for characters left wc,wc loop to scan matching characters lch load next character, bump pointer psps1 wa,(x1)+bne wa,parm1(xr),psp jump if no match icv else push cursor wb \mathbf{bct} wc,psps1 and loop unless end of string here after scanning matching characters psps2 bne wb,psavc,succp succeed if chars matched fail if null string matched brn failp

multi-character string note that one character strings use the circuit for one character any arguments (p\$an1).

par	rm1	pointer	r to scblk for string arg
p\$str	\mathbf{ent}	bl\$p1	p1blk
	mov	<pre>parm1(xr),xl</pre>	get pointer to string
mer	ge here	after evaluating e	expression with string value
pstr1	mov	xr,psave	save node pointer
	mov	r\$pms,xr	load subject string pointer
	\mathbf{plc}	xr,wb	point to current character
	add	sclen(xl),wb	compute new cursor position
	\mathbf{bgt}	wb,pmssl,failp	fail if past end of string
	mov	wb,psavc	save updated cursor
	mov	sclen(xl),wa	get number of chars to compare
	\mathbf{plc}	xl	point to chars of test string
	\mathbf{cmc}	failp,failp	compare, fail if not equal
	mov	psave,xr	if all matched, restore node ptr
	mov	psavc,wb	restore updated cursor
	\mathbf{brn}	succp	and succeed

succeed

p\$suc	\mathbf{ent}	bl\$p0	p0blk
	mov	wb,-(xs)	stack cursor
	mov	xr,-(xs)	stack pointer to this node
	brn	succp	succeed matching null

tab (integer argument)

ptab1 bgt wb,parm1(xr),fai fail if too far already

mov parm1(xr), wb else set new cursor position

ble wb,pmssl,succp succeed if not off end

brn failp else fail

tab (expression argument)

parm1			expression	pointer
p\$tbd	\mathbf{ent}		bl\$p1	p1blk
	${f jsr}$		evali	evaluate integer argument
	\mathbf{err}	057,tab	evaluate	argument is not integer
	\mathbf{err}	058,tab	evaluate	argument is negative or too large
	ppm		failp	fail if evaluation fails
	ppm		ptab1	merge with normal case if ok

anchor movement

no parameters (dummy node)

110	parameter	ib (duminy node)	
p\$una	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{mov}	wb,xr	copy initial pattern node pointer
	\mathbf{mov}	(xs),wb	get initial cursor
	\mathbf{beq}	wb,pmssl,exfal	match fails if at end of string
	icv	wb	else increment cursor
	\mathbf{mov}	wb,(xs)	store incremented cursor
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,-(xs)	restack initial node ptr
	\mathbf{mov}	=nduna,-(xs)	restack unanchored node
	bri	(xr)	rematch first node

end of pattern match routines
the following entry point marks the end of the pattern
matching routines and also the end of the entry points
referenced from the first word of blocks in dynamic store
p\$yyy ent bl\$\$i mark last entry in pattern section

spitbol—snobol4 built-in label routines

the following section contains the routines for labels which have a predefined meaning in snobol4. control is passed directly to the label name entry point. entry names are of the form l\$xxx where xxx is the three letter variable name identifier. entries are in alphabetical order

abort entry point l\$abo \mathbf{ent} merge here if execution terminates in error mov kvert,wa load error code labo1 jump if no error has occured bze wa,labo3 $if.\mathbf{csax}$ jsr sysax call after execution proc if.cera $if.\mathbf{csfn}$ mov kvstn,wc current statement obtain file name for this statement jsr filnmfi if.cslnmov r\$cod,xr current code block cdsln(xr),wc line number mov elseline number zer WC fi column number zer wb column number mov wb $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ sysea advise system of error if system does not want print stpr4 ppm fi else eject printer jsr prtpg if.cera \mathbf{bze} xr,labo2 did sysea request print $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ print text from sysea prtst labo2 jsr print error message ermsg zer indicate no message to print brnstopr jump to routine to stop run here if no error had occured labo3 \mathbf{erb} 036,goto abort w no preceding error

continue 1\$cnt ententry point merge here after execution error load continuation code block ptr lcnt1 mov r\$cnt,xr bzexr,lcnt3 jump if no previous error r\$cnt clear flag zer mov xr,r\$cod else store as new code block ptr (xr),=b\$cdc,lcnt jump if not complex go bne mov stxoc,wa get offset of error wa, stxof, lcnt4 jump if error in goto evaluation bge here if error did not occur in complex failure goto 1cnt2 add failure offset add stxof,xr lcp load code pointer xrmov reset stack pointer flptr,xs lcwget next code word xr bri(xr) execute next code word here if no previous error 1cnt3 fatal error icverrft with no preceding error \mathbf{erb} 037, goto continu here if error in evaluation of failure goto. cannot continue back to failure goto!

errft

332, goto continu

1cnt4

icv

 \mathbf{erb}

with error in failure goto

end

1\$end entry point

merge here from end code circuit

lend0 mov =endms,xr point to message /normal term.../

brn stopr jump to routine to stop run

 $\begin{array}{cc} & \text{freturn} \\ \text{1\$frt} & \text{ent} \end{array}$

ent entry point mov =scfrt,wa point to str

mov=scfrt,wapoint to string /freturn/brnretrnjump to common return routine

nreturn

1\$nrt ent entry point

mov =scnrt,wa point to string /nreturn/

brn retrn jump to common return routine

return

1\$rtn ent entry point

mov =scrtn,wa point to string /return/

brn retrn jump to common return routine

sco	ontinue		
1\$scn	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	mov	r\$cnt,xr	load continuation code block ptr
	\mathbf{bze}	xr,lscn2	jump if no previous error
	\mathbf{zer}	r\$cnt	clear flag
	\mathbf{bne}	kvert,=nm320,1sc	error must be user interrupt
	\mathbf{beq}	kvert,=nm321,1sc	detect scontinue loop
	mov	xr,r\$cod	else store as new code block ptr
	add	stxoc,xr	add resume offset
	lcp	xr	load code pointer
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	\mathbf{bri}	(xr)	execute next code word
her	ce if no	user interrupt	
lscn1	icv	errft	fatal error
	erb	331,goto scontin	with no user interrupt
her	e if in	scontinue loop or if	no previous error
lscn2	icv	errft	fatal error
	erb	321,goto scontin	with no preceding error

undefined label

1\$und ent entry point

erb 038,goto undefin label

spitbol—predefined snobol4 functions

the following section contains coding for functions which are predefined and available at the snobol level. these routines receive control directly from the code or indirectly through the o\$fnc, o\$fns or cfunc routines. in both cases the conditions on entry are as follows the arguments are on the stack. the number of arguments has been adjusted to correspond to the svblk svnar field. in certain functions the direct call is not permitted and in these instances we also have.

(wa) actual number of arguments in call control returns by placing the function result value on on the stack and continuing execution with the next word from the generated code.

the names of the entry points of these functions are of the form s\$xxx where xxx is the three letter code for the system variable name. the functions are in order alphabetically by their entry names.

```
if .c370
     abs
                                              entry point
s$abs
         ent
                             (xs)+,xr
                                              get argument
         mov
                                              make numeric
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                gtnum
                  xxx, abs argument
                                              not numeric
         \mathbf{err}
if.cnra
else
         beq
                    wa,=b$rcl,sabs1
                                              jump if real
fi
         ldi
                           icval(xr)
                                              load integer value
                                              no change if not negative
         ige
                                exixr
                                              produce absolute value
         ngi
                                              return integer if no overflow
         ino
                                exint
         \operatorname{erb}
                  xxx,abs caused i
                                              overflow
if.cnra
else
    here to process real argument
                           rcval(xr)
                                              load real value
sabs1
         ldr
                                              no change if not negative
         rge
                                exixr
         ngr
                                              produce absolute value
         rno
                                exrea
                                              return real if no overflow
                                              overflow
         \operatorname{erb}
                  xxx,abs caused r
fi
fi
if .c370
     and
s$and
         ent
                                              entry point
                                              signal two arguments
         \mathbf{mnz}
                                    wb
                                              call string boolean routine
         jsr
                                sbool
         \mathbf{err}
                  xxx, and first ar
                                              is not a string
         \mathbf{err}
                  xxx, and second a
                                              is not a string
                                              not same length
         \mathbf{err}
                  xxx, and argument
                                              null string arguments
                                exits
         ppm
                                         result is stacked.
    here to process (wc) words.
                                              get next cfp$c chars from arg 1
sand1
         mov
                             (x1)+,wa
         anb
                              (xr), wa
                                              and with characters from arg 2
         mov
                            wa,(xr)+
                                              put back in memory
                                              loop over all words in string block
         bct
                            wc,sand1
                                              fetch next code word
         brn
                                exits
```

fi			
any	y		
s\$any	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	mov	=p\$ans,wb	set pcode for single char case
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$any,xl	pcode for multi-char case
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$ayd,wc	pcode for expression case
	\mathbf{jsr}	patst	call common routine to build node
	\mathbf{err}	059, any argument	is not a string or expression
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,-(xs)	stack result
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute it

```
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
    append
s$apn ent
                                            entry point
        mov
                           (xs)+,xl
                                            get append argument
                           (xs)+,xr
                                            get bcblk
        mov
                  (xr),=b$bct,sapn
                                            ok if first arg is bcblk
        beq
                                            argument is not a buffer
        \mathbf{erb}
                 275, append first
    here to do the append
sapn1 jsr
                               {\tt apndb}
                                            do the append
                                            argument is not a string
                 276, append secon
        \mathbf{err}
                                            no room - fail
        ppm
                               exfal
                                            exit with null result
         brn
                               exnul
```

```
fi
    apply
    apply does not permit the direct (fast) call so that
    wa contains the actual number of arguments passed.
s$app
        ent
                                          entry point
        bze
                                          jump if no arguments
                          wa,sapp3
        dcv
                                          else get applied func arg count
                                wa
        mov
                             wa,wb
                                          copy
        wtb
                                wb
                                          convert to bytes
                                          copy stack pointer
        mov
                             xs,xt
        add
                             wb,xt
                                          point to function argument on stack
                                          load function ptr (apply 1st arg)
                           (xt),xr
        mov
                                          jump if no args for applied func
        bze
                          wa,sapp2
                                          else set counter for loop
        lct
                             wb,wa
    loop to move arguments up on stack
sapp1
        dca
                                xt
                                          point to next argument
                   (xt), num01(xt)
                                          move argument up
        mov
        \mathbf{bct}
                          wb,sapp1
                                          loop till all moved
    merge here to call function (wa = number of arguments)
sapp2
        ica
                                          adjust stack ptr for apply 1st arg
        jsr
                             gtnvr
                                          get variable block addr for func
        ppm
                             sapp3
                                          jump if not natural variable
                     vrfnc(xr),xl
                                          else point to function block
        mov
        brn
                             cfunc
                                          go call applied function
    here for invalid first argument
sapp3
        \mathbf{erb}
                  060, apply first
                                          is not natural variable name
```

arbno arbno builds a compound pattern. see description at start of pattern matching section for structure formed.

s\$abn	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{zer}	xr	set $parm1 = 0$ for the moment
	mov	=p\$alt,wb	set pcode for alternative node
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	pbild	build alternative node
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,xl	save ptr to alternative pattern
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$abc,wb	pcode for p\$abc
	\mathbf{zer}	xr	p0blk
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	pbild	build p\$abc node
	\mathbf{mov}	xl,pthen(xr)	put alternative node as successor
	\mathbf{mov}	xl,wa	remember alternative node pointer
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,xl	copy p\$abc node ptr
	\mathbf{mov}	(xs),xr	load arbno argument
	\mathbf{mov}	wa,(xs)	stack alternative node pointer
	\mathbf{jsr}	gtpat	get arbno argument as pattern
	\mathbf{err}	061, arbno argume	is not pattern
	${f jsr}$	pconc	concat arg with p\$abc node
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,xl	remember ptr to concd patterns
	mov	=p\$aba,wb	pcode for p\$aba
	\mathbf{zer}	xr	p0blk
	${f jsr}$	pbild	build p\$aba node
	\mathbf{mov}	xl,pthen(xr)	concatenate nodes
	\mathbf{mov}	(xs),xl	recall ptr to alternative node
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,parm1(xl)	point alternative back to argument
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute next code word

arg			
s\$arg	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	gtsmi	get second arg as small integer
	\mathbf{err}	062, arg second a	is not integer
	\mathbf{ppm}	exfal	fail if out of range or negative
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,wa	save argument number
	mov	(xs)+,xr	load first argument
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	gtnvr	locate vrblk
	\mathbf{ppm}	sarg1	jump if not natural variable
	\mathbf{mov}	vrfnc(xr),xr	else load function block pointer
	\mathbf{bne}	(xr),=b\$pfc,sarg	jump if not program defined
	\mathbf{bze}	wa,exfal	fail if arg number is zero
	\mathbf{bgt}	<pre>wa,fargs(xr),exf</pre>	fail if arg number is too large
	\mathbf{wtb}	wa	else convert to byte offset
	add	wa,xr	point to argument selected
	mov	pfagb(xr),xr	load argument vrblk pointer
	\mathbf{brn}	exvnm	exit to build nmblk
her	re if 1s	st argument is bad	
sarg1	\mathbf{erb}	063,arg first ar	is not program function name

arr	ray		
s\$arr	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	mov	(xs)+,xl	load initial element value
	mov	(xs)+,xr	load first argument
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	gtint	convert first arg to integer
	\mathbf{ppm}	sar02	jump if not integer
her	e for	integer first argument,	build vcblk
	ldi	icval(xr)	load integer value
	ile	sar10	jump if zero or neg (bad dimension)
	\mathbf{mfi}	wa,sar11	else convert to one word, test ovfl
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	vmake	create vector
	\mathbf{ppm}	sar11	fail if too large
	\mathbf{brn}	exsid	exit setting idval

array (continued)

here if first argument is not an integer

ner	e 11 1	irst argument is not an	integer
sar02	\mathbf{mov}	xr,-(xs)	replace argument on stack
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	xscni	initialize scan of first argument
	\mathbf{err}	064,array first	is not integer or string
	\mathbf{ppm}	exnul	dummy (unused) null string exit
	\mathbf{mov}	r\$xsc,-(xs)	save prototype pointer
	\mathbf{mov}	xl,-(xs)	save default value
	\mathbf{zer}	arcdm	zero count of dimensions
	\mathbf{zer}	arptr	zero offset to indicate pass one
	ldi	intv1	load integer one
	${f sti}$	arnel	initialize element count
the	follo	wing code is executed t	wice. the first time
(ar	ptr eq	0), it is used to coun	t the number of elements
and	l numbe	r of dimensions. the se	cond time (arptr gt 0) is
use	ed to a	ctually fill in the dim	,lbd fields of the arblk.
sar03	ldi	intv1	load one as default low bound
	${f sti}$	arsvl	save as low bound
	\mathbf{mov}	=ch\$cl,wc	set delimiter one = colon
	\mathbf{mov}	= ch\$cm, xl	set delimiter two = comma
	\mathbf{zer}	wa	retain blanks in prototype
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	xscan	scan next bound
	\mathbf{bne}	wa,=num01,sar04	jump if not colon
her	e we h	ave a colon ending a lo	w bound
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	gtint	convert low bound
	\mathbf{err}	065,array first	lower bound is not integer
	ldi	icval(xr)	load value of low bound
	${f sti}$	arsvl	store low bound value
	mov	=ch\$cm,wc	set delimiter one = comma
	mov	wc,xl	and delimiter two $=$ comma
	\mathbf{zer}	wa	retain blanks in prototype
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	xscan	scan high bound

array (continued)

merge	here	to	process	upper	bound

	mor 8	0 110	10 00 P	TOCODE	upper	Doulle	•
sar)4 j	isr			gtint		convert high bound to integer
	•	err	066	,array	y first		upper bound is not integer
	1	ldi		icv	val(xr)		get high bound
	5	sbi			arsvl		subtract lower bound
	i	iov			sar10		bad dimension if overflow
	i	ilt			sar10		bad dimension if negative
	ä	adi			intv1		add 1 to get dimension
	i	iov			sar10		bad dimension if overflow
	1	mov		aı	rptr,xl		load offset (also pass indicator)
	1	bze		x]	l,sar05		jump if first pass
	here	in	second	pass t	to store	lbd	and dim in arblk
	á	add		((xs),xl		point to current location in arblk
	5	sti		cfr	p\$i(xl)		store dimension
	1	ldi			arsvl		load low bound
	5	sti			(x1)		store low bound
	á	add		*ardms	s,arptr		bump offset to next bounds
	1	brn			sar06		jump to check for end of bounds
	here	in	pass 1				
sar)5 i	\mathbf{cv}			arcdm		bump dimension count
	1	mli			arnel		multiply dimension by count so far
	i	iov			sar11		too large if overflow
	5	sti			arnel		else store updated element count
	merg	e he	re afte	r prod	cessing	one s	set of bounds
sar)6 l	\mathbf{bnz}		wa	a,sar03		loop back unless end of bounds
	1	\mathbf{bnz}		arptı	r,sar09		jump if end of pass 2

```
array (continued)
    here at end of pass one, build arblk
                                            get number of elements
        ldi
                              arnel
         mfi
                           wb,sar11
                                            get as addr integer, test ovflo
         wtb
                                            else convert to length in bytes
                          *arsi$,wa
                                            set size of standard fields
         mov
         lct
                           wc,arcdm
                                            set dimension count to control loop
    loop to allow space for dimensions
sar07
         add
                          *ardms,wa
                                            allow space for one set of bounds
         bct
                           wc,sar07
                                            loop back till all accounted for
         mov
                              wa,xl
                                            save size (=arofs)
    now allocate space for arblk
                                            add space for elements
         add
                              wb,wa
                                            allow for arpro prototype field
         ica
                                  wa
         \mathbf{bgt}
                    wa, mxlen, sar11
                                            fail if too large
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                               alloc
                                            else allocate arblk
                            (xs),wb
                                            load default value
         mov
                                            save arblk pointer
         mov
                            xr,(xs)
                              wa,wc
                                            save length in bytes
         mov
                                            convert length back to words
         btw
         lct
                              wa,wa
                                            set counter to control loop
    loop to clear entire arblk to default value
sar08
                                            set one word
        mov
                           wb,(xr)+
         bct
                           wa,sar08
                                            loop till all set
```

array (continued) now set initial fields of arblk reload arblk pointer mov (xs)+,xr(xs),wb load prototype mov mov =b\$art,(xr) set type word wc,arlen(xr) store length in bytes mov idval(xr) zero id till we get it built zer xl,arofs(xr) set prototype field ptr mov mov arcdm, arndm(xr) set number of dimensions save arblk pointer movxr,wc add xl,xr point to prototype field store prototype ptr in arblk wb,(xr) mov set offset for pass 2 bounds scan mov *arlbd,arptr reset string pointer for xscan mov wb,r\$xsc wc,(xs) store arblk pointer on stack mov zer xsofs reset offset ptr to start of string

here after filling in bounds information (end pass two)
sar09 mov (xs)+,xr reload pointer to arblk
brn exsid exit setting idval

sar03

here for bad dimension sar10 $\,{
m erb}\,$ 067,array dimens here if array is too large

brn

is zero, negative or out of range

jump back to rescan bounds

 $\verb| sar11 | erb | 068, \verb| array size e | maximum permitted|$

if.cmth atan entry point s\$atn ent \mathbf{mov} (xs)+,xrget argument convert to real $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ gtrea 301, atan argumen not numeric \mathbf{err} ldr rcval(xr) load accumulator with argument atntake arctangent overflow, out of range not possible \mathbf{brn} exrea

fi if .cbsp

backspace				
s\$bsp	\mathbf{ent}			entry point
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	ioi	fcb	call fcblk routine
	\mathbf{err}	316,backspace	ar	is not a suitable name
	\mathbf{err}	316,backspace	ar	is not a suitable name
	\mathbf{err}	317, backspace	fi	does not exist
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	sys	sbs	call backspace file function
	\mathbf{err}	317, backspace	fi	does not exist
	\mathbf{err}	318, backspace	fi	does not permit backspace
	\mathbf{err}	319,backspace	ca	non-recoverable error
	$_{ m brn}$	exr	nul	return null as result

```
if .cnbf
else
    buffer
                                               entry point
s$buf
         \mathbf{ent}
         mov
                             (xs)+,xl
                                               get initial value
                                               get requested allocation
         mov
                             (xs)+,xr
                                               convert to integer
         jsr
                                 gtint
         \mathbf{err}
                   269, buffer first
                                               argument is not integer
         ldi
                            icval(xr)
                                               get value
         ile
                                 sbf01
                                               branch if negative or zero
         mfi
                             wa,sbf02
                                               move with overflow check
                                 alobf
                                               allocate the buffer
         jsr
                                               copy it in
                                 apndb
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                   270, buffer secon
         \mathbf{err}
                                               argument is not a string or buffer
                                               value too big for allocation
         \mathbf{err}
                   271, buffer initi
         brn
                                 exsid
                                               exit setting idval
    here for invalid allocation size
sbf01
                   272, buffer first
                                               argument is not positive
         \mathbf{erb}
    here for allocation size integer overflow
                    273, buffer size
                                               value of maxlngth keyword
sbf02
         \operatorname{erb}
```

fi			
bre	eak		
s\$brk	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$bks,wb	set pcode for single char case
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$brk,xl	pcode for multi-char case
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$bkd,wc	pcode for expression case
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	patst	call common routine to build node
	\mathbf{err}	069,break argume	is not a string or expression
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,-(xs)	stack result
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute it

breakx

breakx is a compound pattern. see description at start of pattern matching section for structure formed.

-		9	
s\$bkx	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$bks,wb	pcode for single char argument
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$brk,xl	pcode for multi-char argument
	mov	=p\$bxd,wc	pcode for expression case
	\mathbf{jsr}	patst	call common routine to build node
	\mathbf{err}	070,breakx argum	is not a string or expression
now	hook	breakx node on at front	end
	mov	xr,-(xs)	save ptr to break node
	mov	=p\$bkx,wb	set pcode for breakx node
	\mathbf{jsr}	pbild	build it
	mov	(xs),pthen(xr)	set break node as successor
	mov	=p\$alt,wb	set pcode for alternation node
	\mathbf{jsr}	pbild	build (parm1=alt=breakx node)
	mov	xr,wa	save ptr to alternation node
	mov	(xs),xr	point to break node
	mov	wa,pthen(xr)	set alternate node as successor
	lcw	xr	result on stack
	bri	(xr)	execute next code word

char			
s\$chr	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	${f jsr}$	gtsmi	convert arg to integer
	\mathbf{err}	281, char argumen	not integer
	ppm	schr1	too big error exit
	\mathbf{bge}	wc,=cfp\$a,schr1	see if out of range of host set
	\mathbf{mov}	=num 01 ,wa	if not set scblk allocation
	\mathbf{mov}	wc,wb	save char code
	${f jsr}$	alocs	allocate 1 bau scblk
	mov	xr,xl	copy scblk pointer
	\mathbf{psc}	xl	get set to stuff char
	sch	wb,(xl)	stuff it
	\mathbf{csc}	xl	complete store character
	\mathbf{zer}	xl	clear slop in xl
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,-(xs)	stack result
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute it
her	e if	char argument is out of	range
schr1	\mathbf{erb}	282, char argumen	not in range

 $if.\mathbf{cmth}$ chop entry point s\$chp \mathbf{ent} mov (xs)+,xrget argument convert to real $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ gtrea 302, chop argumen not numeric \mathbf{err} ldr rcval(xr) load accumulator with argument truncate to integer valued real chp brnno overflow possible exrea

```
fi
    clear
                                            entry point
s$clr
         ent
                                            initialize to scan argument
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                              xscni
         \mathbf{err}
                 071,clear argume
                                            is not a string
                              sclr2
                                            jump if null
         ppm
    loop to scan out names in first argument. variables in
    the list are flagged by setting vrget of vrblk to zero.
sclr1
         mov
                          =ch$cm,wc
                                            set delimiter one = comma
                                            {\rm delimiter}\ {\rm two}={\rm comma}
         mov
                              wc,xl
                                            skip/trim blanks in prototype
         mnz
                                  wa
                                            scan next variable name
         jsr
                              xscan
                              gtnvr
                                            locate vrblk
         jsr
                                            has null variable name
         \mathbf{err}
                 072, clear argume
                                            else flag by zeroing vrget field
         zer
                          vrget(xr)
         bnz
                           wa,sclr1
                                            loop back if stopped by comma
    here after flagging variables in argument list
                                            point to start of hash table
                           hshtb,wb
    loop through slots in hash table
                                            exit returning null if none left
        beq
                    wb, hshte, exnul
         mov
                               wb,xr
                                            else copy slot pointer
         ica
                                  wb
                                            bump slot pointer
                                            set offset to merge into loop
         sub
                          *vrnxt,xr
    loop through vrblks on one hash chain
                                            point to next vrblk on chain
sclr4
        mov
                      vrnxt(xr),xr
         bze
                           xr,sclr3
                                            jump for next bucket if chain end
         \mathbf{bnz}
                   vrget(xr),sclr5
                                            jump if not flagged
```

clear (continued) here for flagged variable, do not set value to null for flagged var, restore vrget jsr setvr brnsclr4 and loop back for next vrblk here to set value of a variable to null protected variables (arb, etc) are exempt check for protected variable sclr5 beq vrsto(xr),=b\$vre copy vrblk pointer mov xr,xl loop to locate value at end of possible trblk chain sclr6 mov save block pointer xl,wa mov vrval(x1),x1 load next value field loop back if trapped (x1),=b\$trt,sclr beq now store the null value restore block pointer mov wa,xl mov =nulls,vrval(x1) store null constant value loop back for next vrblk brnsclr4

code			
s\$cod	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	mov	(xs)+,xr	load argument
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	gtcod	convert to code
	\mathbf{ppm}	exfal	fail if conversion is impossible
	mov	xr,-(xs)	stack result
	\mathbf{zer}	r\$ccb	forget interim code block
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute it

collect			
s\$col	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	mov	(xs)+,xr	load argument
	\mathbf{jsr}	gtint	convert to integer
	\mathbf{err}	073,collect argu	is not integer
	ldi	icval(xr)	load collect argument
	\mathbf{sti}	clsvi	save collect argument
	\mathbf{zer}	wb	set no move up
	\mathbf{zer}	r\$ccb	forget interim code block
if .csed			
	\mathbf{zer}	dnams	collect sediment too
	${f jsr}$	gbcol	perform garbage collection
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,dnams	record new sediment size
else			
	${f jsr}$	gbcol	perform garbage collection
fi			
	mov	dname, wa	point to end of memory
	sub	${\tt dnamp,wa}$	subtract next location
	\mathbf{btw}	wa	convert bytes to words
	\mathbf{mti}	wa	convert words available as integer
	${f sbi}$	clsvi	subtract argument
	iov	exfal	fail if overflow
	ilt	exfal	fail if not enough
	adi	clsvi	else recompute available
	\mathbf{brn}	exint	and exit with integer result

```
if .c370
     compl
                                                  entry point
s$cmp
          \mathbf{ent}
          zer
                                       wb
                                                  signal one argument
                                                  call string boolean routine
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                   sbool
                                                  only one argument, cannot get here
          ppm
          \mathbf{err}
                    xxx,compl argume
                                                  is not a string
                                                  cannot have two strings unequal
          \mathbf{ppm}
          \mathbf{p}\mathbf{p}\mathbf{m}
                                   exits
                                                  null string argument
                                                   result is stacked.
     here to process (wa) characters.
                                   wc,wa
                                                  prepare count
          plc
                                                  prepare to load chars from (xl)
                                       xl
          \mathbf{psc}
                                                  prepare to store chars into (xr)
                                       xr
                               wa,(xl)+
          lch
                                                  get next char from arg 1
scmp1
          \mathbf{cmb}
                                                  complement
                                       wa
          \operatorname{sch}
                               wa,(xr)+
                                                  store into result
          bct
                               wc,scmp1
                                                  loop over all chars in string block
                                                  complete store character
          \mathbf{csc}
          brn
                                                  fetch next code word.
                                   exits
```

```
fi
    convert
                                           entry point
s$cnv
        ent
                                           convert second argument to string
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                              gtstg
        \mathbf{ppm}
                              scv29
                                           error if second argument not string
                           wa,scv29
                                           or if null string
        bze
if .culc
        jsr
                              flstg
                                           fold lower case to upper case
fi
                                           load first argument
        mov
                            (xs),xl
        bne
                 (x1),=b$pdt,scv0
                                           jump if not program defined
    here for program defined datatype
                                           point to dfblk
                      pddfp(xl),xl
        mov
                      dfnam(xl),xl
                                           load datatype name
        mov
                              ident
                                           compare with second arg
        jsr
        ppm
                              exits
                                           exit if ident with arg as result
                              exfal
                                           else fail
        brn
    here if not program defined datatype
scv01
                          xr,-(xs)
                                           save string argument
        mov
                                           point to table of names to compare
        mov
                          =svctb,xl
        zer
                                  wb
                                           initialize counter
        mov
                              wa,wc
                                           save length of argument string
    loop through table entries
scv02
        mov
                           (x1)+,xr
                                           load next table entry, bump pointer
                                           fail if zero marking end of list
        bze
                           xr, exfal
                 wc,sclen(xr),scv
        bne
                                           jump if wrong length
        mov
                           xl,cnvtp
                                           else store table pointer
                                           point to chars of table entry
        plc
                                  xr
                            (xs), xl
                                           load pointer to string argument
        mov
                                           point to chars of string arg
        plc
                                  xl
        mov
                              wc,wa
                                           set number of chars to compare
        cmc
                       scv04,scv04
                                           compare, jump if no match
```

```
convert (continued)
here we have a match
scv03 mov
ica
mov (:
```

copy entry number wb,xl pop string arg off stack XS load first argument (xs)+,xrbswxl,cnvtt jump to appropriate routine iff 0,scv06 string iff 1,scv07 integer iff 2,scv09 name iff 3,scv10 pattern iff 4,scv11 array iff 5,scv19 table expression iff 6,scv25 iff 7,scv26 code iff 8,scv27 numeric iff cnvrt,scv08 real

fi if .cnbf else

 $\begin{array}{c} if \ . \mathbf{cnra} \\ else \end{array}$

iff cnvbt,scv28 buffer

fi

esw end of switch table

here if no match with table entry

scv04 mov cnvtp,xl restore table pointer, merge
 merge here if lengths did not match
scv05 icv wb bump entry number

scv05 icv wb bump entry number brn scv02 loop back to check next entry

here to convert to string

replace string argument on stack scv06 mov xr,-(xs)jsrgtstg convert to string fail if conversion not possible ppm exfal mov xr,-(xs)stack result get next code word lcw xrexecute it bri (xr)

```
convert (continued)
    here to convert to integer
scv07
        jsr
                             gtint
                                         convert to integer
                                         fail if conversion not possible
        ppm
                             exfal
        mov
                         xr,-(xs)
                                         stack result
                                         get next code word
        lcw
                                xr
        bri
                              (xr)
                                         execute it
if.cnra
else
    here to convert to real
scv08
                                         convert to real
        jsr
                             gtrea
        ppm
                             exfal
                                         fail if conversion not possible
                          xr,-(xs)
                                         stack result
        mov
                                         get next code word
        lcw
                                xr
        bri
                              (xr)
                                         execute it
fi
    here to convert to name
                 (xr),=b$nml,exix
        beq
                                         return if already a name
scv09
                                         else try string to name convert
        jsr
                             gtnvr
                                         fail if conversion not possible
        ppm
                             exfal
        brn
                                         else exit building nmblk for vrblk
                             exvnm
    here to convert to pattern
                                         convert to pattern
scv10
        jsr
                             gtpat
                                         fail if conversion not possible
        ppm
                             exfal
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                                         stack result
        lcw
                                         get next code word
                                xr
        bri
                              (xr)
                                         execute it
    convert to array
    if the first argument is a table, then we go through
    an intermediate array of addresses that is sorted to
    provide a result ordered by time of entry in the
    original table. see c3.762.
scv11
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                                         save argument on stack
                                         use table chain block addresses
        zer
                                wa
                                         get an array
        isr
                             gtarr
                             exfal
                                         fail if empty table
        ppm
                                         fail if not convertible
        ppm
                             exfal
                                         reload original arg
                          (xs)+,xl
        mov
                                         exit if original not a table
        bne
                 (x1),=b$tbt,exsi
                                         sort the intermediate array
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
        mov
                     =nulls,-(xs)
                                         on first column
                                         sort ascending
        zer
                                         do sort
        jsr
                             sorta
                                         if sort fails, so shall we
        ppm
                             exfal
                                         save array result
        mov
                             xr,wb
        ldi
                        ardim(xr)
                                         load dim 1 (number of elements)
        mfi
                                         get as one word integer
                                พล
        lct
                                         copy to control loop
                             wa,wa
        add
                                         point to first element in array
                        *arvl2,xr
    here for each row of this 2-column array
scv12
        mov
                           (xr),xl
                                         get teblk address
        mov
                  tesub(xl),(xr)+
                                         replace with subscript
                                         replace with value
        mov
                  teval(xl),(xr)+
```

	bct mov brn	wa,scv12 wb,xr exsid	loop till all copied over retrieve array address exit setting id field
COI	nvert to	table	
scv19	mov	(xr),wa	load first word of block
	mov	xr,-(xs)	replace arblk pointer on stack
	\mathbf{beq}	wa,=b\$tbt,exits	return arg if already a table
	\mathbf{bne}	wa,=b\$art,exfal	else fail if not an array

```
convert (continued)
    here to convert an array to table
                                          fail if not 2-dim array
        bne
                 arndm(xr),=num02
        ldi
                         ardm2(xr)
                                          load dim 2
        \mathbf{sbi}
                             intv2
                                          subtract 2 to compare
        ine
                             exfal
                                          fail if dim2 not 2
    here we have an arblk of the right shape
        ldi
                         ardim(xr)
                                          load dim 1 (number of elements)
        mfi
                                          get as one word integer
        lct
                                          copy to control loop
                             wb,wa
        add
                         =tbsi$,wa
                                          add space for standard fields
                                          convert length to bytes
        wtb
                                 wa
                                          allocate space for tbblk
        jsr
                             alloc
                             xr,wc
                                          copy tbblk pointer
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                                          save tbblk pointer
        mov
        mov
                     =b$tbt,(xr)+
                                          store type word
                             (xr)+
                                          store zero for idval for now
        \mathbf{zer}
        mov
                          wa,(xr)+
                                          store length
                     =nulls,(xr)+
                                          null initial lookup value
        mov
    loop to initialize bucket ptrs to point to table
scv20
        mov
                          wc,(xr)+
                                          set bucket ptr to point to tbblk
        bct
                          wb,scv20
                                          loop till all initialized
                                          set offset to first arblk element
                         *arvl2,wb
        mov
    loop to copy elements from array to table
                                          point to arblk
scv21
        mov
                     num01(xs),xl
                                          jump if all moved
        beq
                wb,arlen(xl),scv
        add
                             wb,xl
                                          else point to current location
        add
                         *num02,wb
                                          bump offset
                           (xl), xr
                                          load subscript name
        mov
        dca
                                          adjust ptr to merge (trval=1+1)
                                 xl
```

```
convert (continued)
    loop to chase down trblk chain for value
                     trval(x1),x1
                                         point to next value
       mov
                 (x1),=b$trt,scv2
                                         loop back if trapped
        beq
    here with name in xr, value in xl
        mov
                         x1,-(xs)
                                         stack value
scv23
        mov
                     num01(xs),xl
                                         load tbblk pointer
                                         build teblk (note wb gt 0 by name)
                             tfind
        jsr
        ppm
                             exfal
                                         fail if acess fails
                  (xs)+,teval(x1)
                                         store value in teblk
        mov
        brn
                             scv21
                                         loop back for next element
    here after moving all elements to tbblk
                          (xs)+,xr
                                         load tbblk pointer
scv24
        mov
        ica
                                         pop arblk pointer
                                XS
        brn
                             exsid
                                         exit setting idval
    convert to expression
if.cevb
                                         by value
scv25
        zer
                                wb
                                         convert to expression
        jsr
                             gtexp
else
scv25
        jsr
                                         convert to expression
                             gtexp
fi
                                         fail if conversion not possible
                             exfal
        ppm
        zer
                             r$ccb
                                         forget interim code block
                                         stack result
                         xr,-(xs)
        mov
        lcw
                                xr
                                         get next code word
        bri
                              (xr)
                                         execute it
    convert to code
                                         convert to code
scv26
                             gtcod
        jsr
                                         fail if conversion is not possible
                             exfal
        ppm
                                         forget interim code block
        zer
                             r$ccb
                                         stack result
        mov
                         xr,-(xs)
                                         get next code word
        lcw
                                xr
        bri
                              (xr)
                                         execute it
    convert to numeric
scv27
                                         convert to numeric
        jsr
                             gtnum
        ppm
                             exfal
                                         fail if unconvertible
scv31
        mov
                         xr,-(xs)
                                         stack result
        lcw
                                         get next code word
                                xr
        bri
                                         execute it
                              (xr)
```

```
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
     convert to buffer
scv28
                               xr,-(xs)
                                                   stack first arg for procedure
         mov
                                                   get string or buffer
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                   gtstb
                                   exfal
                                                   fail if conversion not possible
          ppm
                                                   jump if already a buffer
          \mathbf{bnz}
                               wb,scv30
                                   xr,xl
                                                   save string pointer
          mov
                                                   allocate buffer of same size
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                   alobf
                                   apndb
                                                   copy in the string
          jsr
          \mathbf{p}\mathbf{p}\mathbf{m}
                                                   already string - cant fail to cnv
                                                   must be enough room
          ppm
          brn
                                   exsid
                                                   exit setting idval field
     here if argument is already a buffer
scv30
          \mathbf{mov}
                                   wb,xr
                                                   return buffer without conversion
          brn
                                   scv31
                                                   merge to return result
```

```
fi
     second argument not string or null
                  074, convert seco
                                               argument is not a string
scv29 erb
    сору
                                               entry point
s$cop ent
                                               copy the block
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                 copyb
                                               return if no idval field
                                 exits
         \mathbf{ppm}
         brn
                                               exit setting id value
                                 exsid
```

if .cmth cos entry point s\$cos ent \mathbf{mov} (xs)+,xrget argument convert to real gtrea $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ 303, cos argument not numeric \mathbf{err} ldr rcval(xr) load accumulator with argument take cosine \cos if no overflow, return result in ra rno exrea is out of range \mathbf{erb} 322,cos argument

```
fi
    data
                                            entry point
s$dat
         ent
                                            prepare to scan argument
         jsr
                              xscni
         err
                 075, data argumen
                                            is not a string
                 076, data argumen
                                            is null
         \mathbf{err}
    scan out datatype name
         mov
                          =ch$pp,wc
                                            delimiter one = left paren
         mov
                               wc,xl
                                            delimiter two = left paren
                                            skip/trim blanks in prototype
         mnz
                                  wa
         jsr
                               xscan
                                            scan datatype name
                           wa, sdat1
                                            skip if left paren found
         \mathbf{bnz}
                                            is missing a left paren
         erb
                 077, data argumen
    here after scanning datatype name
if .culc
sdat1
         mov
                      sclen(xr), wa
                                            get length
                           wa,sdt1a
                                            avoid folding if null string
         bze
         isr
                               flstg
                                            fold lower case to upper case
sdt1a
                              xr,xl
                                            save name ptr
        mov
else
sdat1
         mov
                              xr,xl
                                            save name ptr
fi
                      sclen(xr),wa
                                            get length
         mov
                           wa.scsi$
                                            compute space needed
         ctb
                                            request static store for name
         jsr
                              alost
         mov
                           xr,-(xs)
                                            save datatype name
                                            copy name to static
         mvw
                             (xs),xr
                                            get name ptr
         mov
                                            scrub dud register
         zer
                                  xl
                                            locate vrblk for datatype name
                              gtnvr
         isr
         \mathbf{err}
                 078, data argumen
                                            has null datatype name
                           xr,datdv
                                            save vrblk pointer for datatype
         mov
                           xs,datxs
         mov
                                            store starting stack value
                                  wb
                                            zero count of field names
         zer
    loop to scan field names and stack vrblk pointers
sdat2
        mov
                          =ch$rp,wc
                                            delimiter one = right paren
         mov
                          =ch$cm,xl
                                            delimiter two = comma
         mnz
                                            skip/trim blanks in prototype
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                               xscan
                                            scan next field name
                                            jump if delimiter found
                           wa,sdat3
         \mathbf{bnz}
         \operatorname{erb}
                 079, data argumen
                                            is missing a right paren
    here after scanning out one field name
                                            locate vrblk for field name
sdat3
         jsr
                              gtnvr
                                            has null field name
         err
                 080, data argumen
                                            stack vrblk pointer
         mov
                           xr,-(xs)
                                            increment counter
         icv
                                  wb
                   wa,=num02,sdat2
                                            loop back if stopped by comma
         beq
```

data (continued) now build the dfblk mov set size of dfblk standard fields =dfsi\$,wa add add number of fields wb,wa wtb wa convert length to bytes preserve no. of fields mov wb,wc alost allocate space for dfblk jsr get no of fields wc,wb mov mov datxs,xt point to start of stack load datatype name mov (xt),wc mov xr,(xt) save dfblk pointer on stack =b\$dfc,(xr)+store type word mov wb,(xr)+store number of fields (fargs) mov wa,(xr)+store length (dflen) mov *pddfs,wa compute pdblk length (for dfpdl) \mathbf{sub} mov wa,(xr)+store pdblk length (dfpdl) wc,(xr)+store datatype name (dfnam) mov copy number of fields lct wc,wb loop to move field name vrblk pointers to dfblk move one field name vrblk pointer sdat4 mov -(xt),(xr)+bct wc,sdat4 loop till all moved now define the datatype function copy length of pdblk for later loop mov wa,wc mov datdv,xr point to vrblk point back on stack movdatxs,xt mov (xt), xlload dfblk pointer

dffnc

 $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$

define function

data (continued)
loop to build ffblks

notice that the ffblks are constructed in reverse order so that the required offsets can be obtained from successive decrementation of the pdblk length (in wc).

sdat5	\mathbf{mov}	*ffsi\$,wa	set length of ffblk
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	alloc	allocate space for ffblk
	\mathbf{mov}	=b\$ffc,(xr)	set type word
	\mathbf{mov}	=num01,fargs(xr)	store fargs (always one)
	\mathbf{mov}	datxs,xt	point back on stack
	\mathbf{mov}	(xt),ffdfp(xr)	copy dfblk ptr to ffblk
	dca	WC	decrement old dfpdl to get next ofs
	\mathbf{mov}	<pre>wc,ffofs(xr)</pre>	set offset to this field
	\mathbf{zer}	ffnxt(xr)	tentatively set zero forward ptr
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,xl	copy ffblk pointer for dffnc
	\mathbf{mov}	(xs),xr	load vrblk pointer for field
	\mathbf{mov}	vrfnc(xr),xr	load current function pointer
	\mathbf{bne}	(xr),=b\$ffc,sdat	skip if not currently a field func

here we must chain an old ffblk ptr to preserve it in the case of multiple field functions with the same name $\frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) = \frac{1}{2} \left(\frac{1}{2} \right) \left(\frac{1}{2}$

 ${f mov}$ xr,ffnxt(xl) link new ffblk to previous chain merge here to define field function

sdat6	mov	(xs)+,xr	load vrblk pointer
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	dffnc	define field function
	\mathbf{bne}	xs,datxs,sdat5	loop back till all done
	ica	xs	pop dfblk pointer
	\mathbf{brn}	exnul	return with null result

datatype			
s\$dtp	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{mov}	(xs)+,xr	load argument
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	dtype	get datatype
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,-(xs)	stack result
	\mathbf{lcw}	xr	get next code word
	\mathbf{bri}	(xr)	execute it

date			
s\$dte	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{mov}	(xs)+,xr	load argument
	${f jsr}$	gtint	convert to an integer
	\mathbf{err}	330, date argumen	is not integer
	${f jsr}$	sysdt	call system date routine
	\mathbf{mov}	num01(xl),wa	load length for sbstr
	\mathbf{bze}	wa,exnul	return null if length is zero
	\mathbf{zer}	wb	set zero offset
	${f jsr}$	sbstr	use sbstr to build scblk
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,-(xs)	stack result
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute it

```
define
s$def
        ent
                                           entry point
                                           load second argument
        mov
                          (xs)+,xr
                                           zero label pointer in case null
        zer
                              deflb
                                           jump if null second argument
        beq
                  xr,=nulls,sdf01
                              gtnvr
                                           else find vrblk for label
        jsr
                              sdf12
                                           jump if not a variable name
        ppm
                          xr,deflb
                                           else set specified entry
        mov
    scan function name
sdf01
                                           prepare to scan first argument
        jsr
                              xscni
        err
                 081, define first
                                           argument is not a string
                                           argument is null
                 082, define first
        \mathbf{err}
                                           delimiter one = left paren
        mov
                         =ch$pp,wc
                                           delimiter two = left paren
        mov
                              wc,xl
                                           skip/trim blanks in prototype
        mnz
                                 wa
        jsr
                              xscan
                                           scan out function name
                          wa,sdf02
                                           jump if left paren found
        bnz
        \mathbf{erb}
                 083, define first
                                           argument is missing a left paren
    here after scanning out function name
                                           get variable name
sdf02
        jsr
                              gtnvr
        err
                 084, define first
                                           argument has null function name
        mov
                          xr,defvr
                                           save vrblk pointer for function nam
                                           zero count of arguments
        zer
                                 wb
                          xs.defxs
                                           save initial stack pointer
        mov
                                           jump if second argument given
                       deflb,sdf03
        bnz
        mov
                          xr,deflb
                                           else default is function name
    loop to scan argument names and stack vrblk pointers
sdf03
                         =ch$rp,wc
                                           delimiter one = right paren
        mov
                         =ch$cm,xl
                                           delimiter two = comma
        mov
                                           skip/trim blanks in prototype
        mnz
                                 wa
                                           scan out next argument name
        jsr
                              xscan
        bnz
                          wa,sdf04
                                           skip if delimiter found
        \operatorname{erb}
                                           or missing ) in define first arg.
                 085, null arg nam
```

define (continued)

here after scanning an argument name

xr,=nulls,sdf05 skip if non-null sdf04 bne

> bze wb,sdf06 ignore null if case of no arguments

here after dealing with the case of no arguments sdf05 gtnvr get vrblk pointer jsr

> sdf03 loop back to ignore null name ppm xr,-(xs)stack argument vrblk pointer mov

icv increment counter

wa,=num02,sdf03 loop back if stopped by a comma beq

here after scanning out function argument names

save number of arguments sdf06 mov wb,defna

zero count of locals zer loop to scan local names and stack vrblk pointers

sdf07 mov =ch\$cm,wc set delimiter one = commamov wc,xl set delimiter two = comma

> wa skip/trim blanks in prototype \mathbf{mnz} isr xscan scan out next local name

bne xr,=nulls,sdf08 skip if non-null

exit scan if end of string bze wa,sdf09

here after scanning out a local name

sdf08 jsr gtnvr get vrblk pointer

sdf07 loop back to ignore null name ppm

icv if ok, increment count xr,-(xs)stack vrblk pointer mov

bnzwa,sdf07 loop back if stopped by a comma

define (continued)

401	1110 (001	ioinaoa)	
her	e after	scanning locals,	build pfblk
sdf09	\mathbf{mov}	wb,wa	copy count of locals
	add	defna,wa	add number of arguments
	mov	wa,wc	set sum args+locals as loop count
	add	=pfsi\$,wa	add space for standard fields
	\mathbf{wtb}	wa	convert length to bytes
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	alloc	allocate space for pfblk
	mov	xr,xl	save pointer to pfblk
	\mathbf{mov}	=b $$pfc,(xr)+$	store first word
	mov	defna,(xr)+	store number of arguments
	mov	wa,(xr)+	store length (pflen)
	mov	defvr,(xr)+	store vrblk ptr for function name
	mov	wb,(xr)+	store number of locals
	zer	(xr)+	deal with label later
	zer	(xr)+	zero pfctr
	zer	(xr)+	zero pfrtr
	\mathbf{bze}	wc,sdf11	skip if no args or locals
	mov	xl,wa	keep pfblk pointer
	\mathbf{mov}	defxs,xt	point before arguments
	\mathbf{lct}	WC,WC	get count of args+locals for loop
loc	p to mov	ve locals and args	s to pfblk
sdf10	mov	-(xt),(xr)+	store one entry and bump pointers
	\mathbf{bct}	wc,sdf10	loop till all stored
	mov	wa,xl	recover pfblk pointer

define (continued)
now deal with label

sdf11movdefxs,xspop stackmovdeflb,pfcod(xl)store label vrblk in pfblkmovdefvr,xrpoint back to vrblk for functionjsrdffncdefine functionbrnexnuland exit returning null

here for erroneous label

detach			
s\$det	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{mov}	(xs)+,xr	load argument
	\mathbf{jsr}	gtvar	locate variable
	\mathbf{err}	087, detach argum	is not appropriate name
	\mathbf{jsr}	dtach	detach i/o association from name
	brn	exnul	return null result

differ s\$dif ent entry point (xs)+,xrload second argument mov mov (xs)+,xlload first argument call ident comparison routine $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ ident exfal fail if ident \mathbf{ppm} \mathbf{brn} exnul return null if differ

dump				
s\$dmp	\mathbf{ent}			entry point
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$		gtsmi	load dump arg as small integer
	\mathbf{err}	088,dump	argumen	is not integer
	\mathbf{err}	089,dump	argumen	is negative or too large
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$		dumpr	else call dump routine
	\mathbf{brn}		exnul	and return null as result

```
dupl
s$dup
                                            entry point
        ent
                              gtsmi
        jsr
                                            get second argument as small integr
                  090, dupl second
        \mathbf{err}
                                            is not integer
        ppm
                              sdup7
                                            jump if negative or too big
                                            save duplication factor
        mov
                              xr,wb
                                            get first arg as string
        jsr
                              gtstg
                                            jump if not a string
        ppm
                              sdup4
    here for case of duplication of a string
                                            acquire length as integer
        mti
        \mathbf{sti}
                              dupsi
                                            save for the moment
                                            get duplication factor as integer
        mti
                                  wb
                                            form product
        mli
                              dupsi
                              sdup3
                                            jump if overflow
        iov
                              exnul
                                            return null if result length = 0
        ieq
        mfi
                           wa,sdup3
                                            get as addr integer, check ovflo
    merge here with result length in wa
sdup1
        mov
                              xr,xl
                                            save string pointer
                              alocs
                                            allocate space for string
        jsr
        mov
                           xr,-(xs)
                                            save as result pointer
        mov
                              xl,wc
                                            save pointer to argument string
                                            prepare to store chars of result
        psc
                                  xr
        lct
                                            set counter to control loop
                              wb,wb
    loop through duplications
sdup2
                                            point back to argument string
        mov
                              wc,xl
        mov
                      sclen(x1),wa
                                            get number of characters
        plc
                                            point to chars in argument string
                                  xl
                                            move characters to result string
        mvc
                           wb,sdup2
                                            loop till all duplications done
        \mathbf{bct}
        zer
                                  xl
                                            clear garbage value
        lcw
                                            get next code word
                                            execute next code word
        bri
                                (xr)
```

```
dupl (continued)
    here if too large, set max length and let alocs catch it
       mov
                                          set impossible length for alocs
sdup3
                          dname, wa
                             sdup1
                                          merge back
        brn
    here if not a string
                                          convert argument to pattern
sdup4
        jsr
                             gtpat
                 091, dupl first a
                                          is not a string or pattern
        \mathbf{err}
    here to duplicate a pattern argument
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                                          store pattern on stack
                                          start off with null pattern
        mov
                         =ndnth,xr
        bze
                         wb,sdup6
                                          null pattern is result if dupfac=0
                          wb,-(xs)
                                          preserve loop count
        mov
    loop to duplicate by successive concatenation
sdup5
                                          copy current value as right argumnt
        mov
                             xr,xl
                     num01(xs),xr
                                          get a new copy of left
        mov
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                             pconc
                                          concatenate
        dcv
                               (xs)
                                          count down
        bnz
                        (xs),sdup5
                                          loop
                                          pop loop count
        ica
                                 XS
    here to exit after constructing pattern
sdup6
        mov
                           xr,(xs)
                                          store result on stack
        lcw
                                          get next code word
                                 xr
                                          execute next code word
        bri
                               (xr)
    fail if second arg is out of range
sdup7 ica
                                 XS
                                          pop first argument
```

exfal

fail

brn

```
eject
s$ejc ent
                                                      entry point
                                                      call fcblk routine
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                      iofcb
                     092, eject argume
                                                      is not a suitable name
          \mathbf{err}
          \mathbf{ppm}
                                      sejc1
                                                      null argument
                     093,eject file d
                                                      not exist
          \mathbf{err}
                                                      call eject file function
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                      sysef
                     093,eject file d
                                                      not exist
           \mathbf{err}
          \mathbf{err}
                     094, eject file d
                                                      not permit page eject
                                                      non-recoverable output error
                     095,eject caused
          \mathbf{err}
          brn
                                      exnul
                                                      return null as result
     here to eject standard output file
sejc1
                                      sysep
                                                      call routine to eject printer
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                      exit with null result
          brn
                                      exnul
```

```
endfile
s$enf
        ent
                                           entry point
                                           call fcblk routine
        jsr
                              iofcb
                 096, endfile argu
                                           is not a suitable name
        \mathbf{err}
        \mathbf{err}
                 097, endfile argu
                                           is null
                 098, endfile file
                                           does not exist
        \mathbf{err}
                                           call endfile routine
        jsr
                              sysen
                 098, endfile file
                                           does not exist
        \mathbf{err}
        err
                 099, endfile file
                                           does not permit endfile
                 100, endfile caus
                                           non-recoverable output error
        \mathbf{err}
        mov
                              xl,wb
                                           remember vrblk ptr from iofcb call
                              xl,xr
                                           copy pointer
        mov
    loop to find trtrf block
                                           remember previous entry
senf1
        mov
                              xr,xl
        mov
                     trval(xr),xr
                                           chain along
        bne
                 (xr),=b$trt,exnu
                                           skip out if chain end
                 trtyp(xr),=trtfc
                                           loop if not found
        bne
        mov
                 trval(xr),trval(
                                           remove trtrf
                  trtrf(xr),enfch
                                           point to head of iochn
        mov
                                           point to fcblk
        mov
                      trfpt(xr),wc
        mov
                              wb,xr
                                           filearg1 vrblk from iofcb
                              setvr
        jsr
                                           ptr to head of fcblk chain
                         =r$fcb,xl
        mov
        sub
                         *num02,x1
                                           adjust ready to enter loop
    find fcblk
senf2
        mov
                              xl,xr
                                           copy ptr
        mov
                     num02(x1),x1
                                           get next link
                          xl,senf4
                                           stop if chain end
        bze
                 num03(x1),wc,sen
                                           jump if fcblk found
        beq
        brn
                              senf2
                                           loop
    remove fcblk
senf3
        mov
                 num02(x1),num02(
                                           delete fcblk from chain
    loop which detaches all vbls on iochn chain
senf4
        mov
                          enfch,xl
                                           get chain head
                                           finished if chain end
        bze
                          xl, exnul
        mov
                  trtrf(x1),enfch
                                           chain along
        mov
                      ionmo(x1),wa
                                           name offset
        mov
                      ionmb(xl),xl
                                           name base
        jsr
                              dtach
                                           detach name
                              senf4
                                           loop till done
        brn
```

eq			
s\$eqf	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{jsr}	acomp	call arithmetic comparison routine
	\mathbf{err}	101,eq first arg	is not numeric
	\mathbf{err}	102,eq second ar	is not numeric
	\mathbf{ppm}	exfal	fail if lt
	ppm	exnul	return null if eq
	\mathbf{ppm}	exfal	fail if gt

```
eval
s$evl
         \mathbf{ent}
                                             entry point
                            (xs)+,xr
                                             load argument
         mov
if.cevb
else
                                             convert to expression
         jsr
                               gtexp
         \mathbf{err}
                  103, eval argumen
                                             is not expression
fi
         lcw
                                             load next code word
                   wc,=ofne$,sevl1
                                             jump if called by value
         bne
         scp
                                   xl
                                             copy code pointer
                                             get next code word
         mov
                             (x1), wa
                                             by name unless expression
         bne
                   wa,=ornm$,sev12
                   num01(xs),sev12
                                             jump if by name
         \mathbf{bnz}
    here if called by value
sevl1
         zer
                                   wb
                                             set flag for by value
if.cevb
                            wc,-(xs)
                                             save code word
         mov
                                             convert to expression
         jsr
                               gtexp
                                             is not expression
         \mathbf{err}
                  103, eval argumen
         zer
                               r$ccb
                                             forget interim code block
                                             set flag for by value
         zer
else
                            wc,-(xs)
                                             save code word
         mov
fi
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                               evalx
                                             evaluate expression by value
                               exfal
                                             fail if evaluation fails
         ppm
                                             copy result
         mov
                               xr,xl
                                             reload next code word
                             (xs), xr
         mov
                             xl,(xs)
                                             stack result
         mov
         bri
                                 (xr)
                                             jump to execute next code word
    here if called by name
sevl2
                                             set flag for by name
         mov
                          =num01,wb
if.cevb
         jsr
                                             convert to expression
                               gtexp
                  103, eval argumen
                                             is not expression
         \mathbf{err}
         zer
                               r$ccb
                                             forget interim code block
                          =num01,wb
                                             set flag for by name
         mov
fi
                                             evaluate expression by name
                               evalx
         jsr
                                             fail if evaluation fails
                               exfal
         ppm
                                             exit with name
         brn
                                exnam
if.\mathbf{cnex}
else
```

```
exit
s$ext
                                           entry point
        ent
                                           clear amount of static shift
        zer
                                 wb
                                           forget interim code block
                              r$ccb
        zer
if.\mathbf{csed}
        zer
                              dnams
                                           collect sediment too
                              gbcol
                                           compact memory by collecting
        jsr
        mov
                           xr, dnams
                                           record new sediment size
else
                                           compact memory by collecting
        jsr
                              gbcol
fi
        jsr
                              gbcol
                                           compact memory by collecting
        \mathbf{err}
                  288, exit second
                                           is not a string
                                           copy second arg string pointer
        mov
                              xr,xl
                                           convert arg to string
        jsr
                              gtstg
                                           is not suitable integer or string
        \mathbf{err}
                 104, exit first a
        mov
                           x1,-(xs)
                                           save second argument
                              xr,xl
                                           copy first arg string ptr
        mov
                                           check it is integer
                              gtint
        jsr
                              sext1
                                           skip if unconvertible
        ppm
                                           note it is integer
        zer
                                 x٦
        ldi
                         icval(xr)
                                           get integer arg
    merge to call osint exit routine
                          r$fcb,wb
                                           get fcblk chain header
sext1
        mov
        mov
                         =headv,xr
                                           point to v.v string
                                           provide second argument scblk
        mov
                           (xs)+,wa
                                           call external routine
        isr
                              sysxi
                                           available in this implementation
                  105, exit action
        \mathbf{err}
                                           irrecoverable error
        err
                  106, exit action
                                           return if argument 0
                              exnul
        ieq
                                           skip if positive
        igt
                              sext2
                                           make positive
        ngi
    check for option respecification
    sysxi returns 0 in wa when a file has been resumed,
    1 when this is a continuation of an exit(4) or exit(-4)
    action.
sext2
        mfi
                                           get value in work reg
        add
                              wc,wa
                                           prepare to test for continue
                                           continued execution if 4 plus 1
        beq
                  wa,=num05,sext5
        zer
                              gbcnt
                                           resuming execution so reset
                  wc,=num03,sext3
                                           skip if was 3 or 4
        bge
                           wc,-(xs)
                                           save value
        mov
        zer
                                           set to read options
                                           read syspp options
        jsr
                              prpar
                           (xs)+,wc
                                           restore value
        mov
    deal with header option (fiddled by prpar)
sext3
        mnz
                              headp
                                           assume no headers
        bne
                  wc,=num01,sext4
                                           skip if not 1
                                           request header printing
        zer
                              headp
    almost ready to resume running
sext4
        jsr
                              systm
                                           get execution time start (sgd11)
        sti
                              timsx
                                           save as initial time
        ldi
                              kvstc
                                           reset to ensure ...
```

```
... correct execution stats
        sti
                             kvstl
                            stgcc
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                         recompute countdown counters
        brn
                             exnul
                                        resume execution
    here after exit(4) or exit(-4) -- create save file
    or load module and continue execution.
    return integer 1 to signal the continuation of the
    original execution.
sext5
        mov
                        =inton,xr
                                         integer one
        brn
                             exixr
                                         return as result
fi
```

if.cmth exp entry point s\$exp entmov (xs)+,xrget argument convert to real gtrea $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ 304, exp argument not numeric \mathbf{err} ldr rcval(xr) load accumulator with argument take exponential \mathbf{etx} if no overflow, return result in ra rno exrea real overflow \mathbf{erb} 305,exp produced

```
fi
    field
s$fld
                                              entry point
         \mathbf{ent}
         jsr
                                              get second argument (field number)
                                gtsmi
                  107, field second
                                              argument is not integer
         \mathbf{err}
                                exfal
                                              fail if out of range
         ppm
         mov
                                xr,wb
                                              else save integer value
                            (xs)+,xr
                                              load first argument
         \mathbf{mov}
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                gtnvr
                                              point to vrblk
                                sfld1
                                              jump (error) if not variable name
         ppm
         mov
                       vrfnc(xr),xr
                                              else point to function block
                  (xr),=b$dfc,sfld
                                              error if not datatype function
         bne
    here if first argument is a datatype function name
         bze
                            wb, exfal
                                              fail if argument number is zero
         \mathbf{bgt}
                  wb,fargs(xr),exf
                                              fail if too large
                                              else convert to byte offset
         wtb
         add
                                              point to field name
                                wb,xr
                       dfflb(xr),xr
                                              load vrblk pointer
         mov
                                              exit to build nmblk
         brn
                                exvnm
    here for bad first argument
sfld1
         \mathbf{erb}
                   108, field first
                                              is not datatype name
```

fence			
s\$fnc	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$fnc,wb	set pcode for p\$fnc
	\mathbf{zer}	xr	p0blk
	\mathbf{jsr}	pbild	build p\$fnc node
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,xl	save pointer to it
	\mathbf{mov}	(xs)+,xr	get argument
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	gtpat	convert to pattern
	\mathbf{err}	259, fence argume	is not pattern
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	pconc	concatenate to p\$fnc node
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,xl	save ptr to concatenated pattern
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$fna,wb	set for p\$fna pcode
	\mathbf{zer}	xr	p0blk
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	pbild	construct p\$fna node
	\mathbf{mov}	xl,pthen(xr)	set pattern as pthen
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,-(xs)	set as result
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	\mathbf{bri}	(xr)	execute next code word

ge			
s\$gef	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	${f jsr}$	acomp	call arithmetic comparison routine
	\mathbf{err}	109,ge first arg	is not numeric
	\mathbf{err}	110,ge second ar	is not numeric
	ppm	exfal	fail if lt
	ppm	exnul	return null if eq
	ppm	exnul	return null if gt

gt			
s\$gtf	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	acomp	call arithmetic comparison routine
	\mathbf{err}	111,gt first arg	is not numeric
	\mathbf{err}	112,gt second ar	is not numeric
	ppm	exfal	fail if lt
	ppm	exfal	fail if eq
	ppm	exnul	return null if gt

```
host
s$hst
         \mathbf{ent}
                                             entry point
                                             get fifth arg
         mov
                            (xs)+,wc
                            (xs)+,wb
                                             get fourth arg
         mov
         mov
                            (xs)+,xr
                                             get third arg
                            (xs)+,xl
                                             get second arg
         mov
                                             get first arg
                            (xs)+,wa
         mov
                                             enter syshs routine
         jsr
                               syshs
         \mathbf{err}
                  254, erroneous ar
                                             for host
                  255, error during
                                             execution of host
         \mathbf{err}
                               shst1
                                             store host string
         ppm
                                             return null result
                               exnul
         ppm
                                             return xr
                               exixr
         ppm
                                             fail return
         ppm
                               exfal
                               shst3
                                             store actual string
         \mathbf{ppm}
         ppm
                               shst4
                                             return copy of xr
    return host string
                                             null string if syshs uncooperative
shst1
         bze
                            xl, exnul
         mov
                       sclen(x1),wa
                                             length
                                             zero offset
         zer
    copy string and return
shst2
        jsr
                               sbstr
                                             build copy of string
                                             stack the result
                           xr,-(xs)
         \mathbf{mov}
         lcw
                                             load next code word
                                   xr
                                             execute it
         bri
                                 (xr)
    return actual string pointed to by xl
shst3
         zer
                                   wb
                                             treat xl like an scblk ptr
         sub
                          =cfp$f,wb
                                             by creating a negative offset
         brn
                               shst2
                                             join to copy string
    return copy of block pointed to by xr
shst4
         \mathbf{mov}
                            xr,-(xs)
                                             stack results
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                               copyb
                                             make copy of block
                                             if not an aggregate structure
         ppm
                               exits
         brn
                                             set current id value otherwise
                                exsid
```

ident			
s\$idn	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	mov	(xs)+,xr	load second argument
	mov	(xs)+,xl	load first argument
	${f jsr}$	ident	call ident comparison routine
	ppm	exnul	return null if ident
	\mathbf{brn}	exfal	fail if differ

input			
s\$inp	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{zer}	wb	input flag
	${f jsr}$	ioput	call input/output assoc. routine
	\mathbf{err}	113, input third	is not a string
	\mathbf{err}	114, inappropriat	second argument for input
	\mathbf{err}	115, inappropriat	first argument for input
	\mathbf{err}	116, inappropriat	file specification for input
	ppm	exfal	fail if file does not exist
	\mathbf{err}	117, input file c	be read
	\mathbf{err}	289, input channe	currently in use
	\mathbf{brn}	exnul	return null string

```
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
    insert
s$ins
         ent
                                             entry point
                            (xs)+,xl
                                             get string arg
         mov
         jsr
                               gtsmi
                                             get replace length
                                             argument not integer
         \mathbf{err}
                  277, insert third
                                exfal
                                             fail if out of range
         ppm
         mov
                               wc,wb
                                             copy to proper reg
                               gtsmi
                                             get replace position
         jsr
         \mathbf{err}
                  278, insert secon
                                             argument not integer
                                exfal
                                             fail if out of range
         ppm
         bze
                            wc,exfal
                                             fail if zero
                                             decrement to get offset
         dcv
                                   WC
         mov
                               wc,wa
                                             put in proper register
                                             get buffer
         mov
                            (xs)+,xr
         beq
                  (xr),=b$bct,sins
                                             press on if type ok
         \operatorname{erb}
                  279, insert first
                                             argument is not a buffer
    here when everything loaded up
sins1
         jsr
                                             call to insert
                                insbf
                                             argument is not a string
         \mathbf{err}
                  280, insert fourt
         ppm
                               exfal
                                             fail if out of range
         brn
                               exnul
                                             else ok - exit with null
```

```
fi
     {\tt integer}
s$int ent
                                                    entry point
          mov
                                (xs)+,xr
                                                    load argument
                                                    convert to numeric
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                    gtnum
                                    exfal
                                                    fail if non-numeric
          \mathbf{ppm}
                      wa,=b$icl,exnul
                                                    return null if integer
          \mathbf{beq}
          brn
                                    exfal
                                                    fail if real
```

item

item does not permit the direct (fast) call so that wa contains the actual number of arguments passed.

s\$itm ent entry point

deal with case of no args

bnzwa,sitm1jump if at least one argmov=nulls,-(xs)else supply garbage null argmov=num01,waand fix argument count

check for name/value cases

sitm1 scp xr get current code pointer
mov (xr),xl load next code word
dcv wa get number of subscripts
mov wa,xr copy for arref
beq xl,=ofne\$,sitm2 jump if called by name

here if called by value

zer wb set code for call by valuebrn arref off to array reference routine

here for call by name

sitm2 mnz wb set code for call by name lcw wa load and ignore ofne\$ call brn arref off to array reference routine

le			
s\$lef	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	acomp	call arithmetic comparison routine
	\mathbf{err}	118,le first arg	is not numeric
	\mathbf{err}	119, le second ar	is not numeric
	\mathbf{ppm}	exnul	return null if lt
	\mathbf{ppm}	exnul	return null if eq
	ppm	exfal	fail if gt

len			
s\$len	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$len,wb	set pcode for integer arg case
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$lnd,wa	set pcode for expr arg case
	\mathbf{jsr}	patin	call common routine to build node
	\mathbf{err}	120,len argument	is not integer or expression
	\mathbf{err}	121,len argument	is negative or too large
	mov	xr,-(xs)	stack result
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute it

leq			
s\$leq	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	lcomp	call string comparison routine
	\mathbf{err}	122,leq first ar	is not a string
	\mathbf{err}	123,leq second a	is not a string
	ppm	exfal	fail if llt
	\mathbf{ppm}	exnul	return null if leq
	ppm	exfal	fail if lgt

lge				
s\$lge	\mathbf{ent}			entry point
	${f jsr}$	lcc	omp	call string comparison routine
	\mathbf{err}	124,lge first	ar	is not a string
	\mathbf{err}	125, lge second	l a	is not a string
	\mathbf{ppm}	exf	al	fail if llt
	\mathbf{ppm}	exr	ıul	return null if leq
	ppm	exr	ıul	return null if lgt

lgt			
s\$lgt	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	lcomp	call string comparison routine
	\mathbf{err}	126,lgt first ar	is not a string
	\mathbf{err}	127,1gt second a	is not a string
	\mathbf{ppm}	exfal	fail if llt
	\mathbf{ppm}	exfal	fail if leq
	ppm	exnul	return null if lgt

lle			
s\$lle	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{jsr}	lcomp	call string comparison routine
	\mathbf{err}	128,lle first ar	is not a string
	\mathbf{err}	129,11e second a	is not a string
	ppm	exnul	return null if llt
	ppm	exnul	return null if leq
	ppm	exfal	fail if lgt

11t	5			
s\$llt	\mathbf{ent}			entry point
	${f jsr}$		lcomp	call string comparison routine
	\mathbf{err}	130,11t	first ar	is not a string
	\mathbf{err}	131,11t	second a	is not a string
	\mathbf{ppm}		exnul	return null if llt
	\mathbf{ppm}		exfal	fail if leq
	ppm		exfal	fail if lgt

lne				
s\$lne	\mathbf{ent}			entry point
	${f jsr}$		lcomp	call string comparison routine
	\mathbf{err}	132,lne	first ar	is not a string
	\mathbf{err}	133,lne	second a	is not a string
	\mathbf{ppm}		exnul	return null if llt
	\mathbf{ppm}		exfal	fail if leq
	ppm		exnul	return null if lgt

if .cmt	h		
ln			
s\$lnf	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	mov	(xs)+,xr	get argument
	${f jsr}$	gtrea	convert to real
	\mathbf{err}	306, ln argument	numeric
	ldr	rcval(xr)	load accumulator with argument
	\mathbf{req}	slnf1	overflow if argument is 0
	\mathbf{rlt}	slnf2	error if argument less than 0
	\mathbf{lnf}		take natural logarithm
	rno	exrea	if no overflow, return result in ra
slnf1	\mathbf{erb}	307, ln produced	overflow
here for bad argument		bad argument	
slnf2	\mathbf{erb}	307, ln produced	

```
fi
    local
s$loc
                                             entry point
         \mathbf{ent}
         jsr
                                             get second argument (local number)
                               gtsmi
         \mathbf{err}
                  134, local second
                                             argument is not integer
                               exfal
                                             fail if out of range
         ppm
         mov
                               xr,wb
                                             save local number
                            (xs)+,xr
                                             load first argument
         \mathbf{mov}
                               gtnvr
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                             point to vrblk
                                sloc1
                                             jump if not variable name
         ppm
         mov
                       vrfnc(xr),xr
                                             else load function pointer
                                             jump if not program defined
         bne
                  (xr),=b$pfc,sloc
    here if we have a program defined function name
         bze
                            wb,exfal
                                             fail if second arg is zero
         \mathbf{bgt}
                  wb,pfnlo(xr),exf
                                             or too large
         add
                       fargs(xr),wb
                                             else adjust offset to include args
         wtb
                                             convert to bytes
                                   wb
         add
                                             point to local pointer
                               wb,xr
         mov
                       pfagb(xr),xr
                                             load vrblk pointer
                                             exit building nmblk
         brn
                               exvnm
    here if first argument is no good
sloc1
         \mathbf{erb}
                   135,local first
                                             is not a program function name
if .cnld
else
```

```
load
s$lod
        ent
                                            entry point
                                            load library name
        jsr
                               gtstg
                   136, load second
                                            is not a string
        \mathbf{err}
        mov
                               xr,xl
                                            save library name
                               xscni
                                            prepare to scan first argument
        jsr
                 137, load first a
                                            is not a string
        \mathbf{err}
                  138, load first a
                                            is null
        \mathbf{err}
        mov
                           xl,-(xs)
                                            stack library name
                                            set delimiter one = left paren
        mov
                          =ch$pp,wc
        mov
                               wc,xl
                                            set delimiter two = left paren
                                            skip/trim blanks in prototype
        mnz
                                  wa
                                            scan function name
                               xscan
        jsr
                                            save ptr to function name
        mov
                           xr,-(xs)
        bnz
                           wa,slod1
                                            jump if left paren found
        \operatorname{erb}
                  139, load first a
                                            is missing a left paren
    here after successfully scanning function name
                                            locate vrblk
slod1
        isr
                               gtnvr
                                            has null function name
                 140, load first a
        \mathbf{err}
                                            save vrblk pointer
        mov
                           xr,lodfn
        zer
                               lodna
                                            zero count of arguments
    loop to scan argument datatype names
slod2
                          =ch$rp,wc
                                            delimiter one is right paren
        mov
                          =ch$cm,xl
                                            delimiter two is comma
        mov
                                            skip/trim blanks in prototype
        mnz
                                  wa
        jsr
                               xscan
                                            scan next argument name
        icv
                               lodna
                                            bump argument count
        bnz
                           wa,slod3
                                            jump if ok delimiter was found
                                            is missing a right paren
        \operatorname{erb}
                 141, load first a
```

load (continued) come here to analyze the datatype pointer in (xr). this code is used both for arguments (wa=1,2) and for the result datatype (with wa set to zero). if .culc slod3 wa,wb save scan mode mov mov sclen(xr), wa datatype length bypass if null string bze wa,sld3a $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ flstg fold to upper case sld3a restore scan mode mov wb,wa mov xr,-(xs)stack datatype name pointer elsexr,-(xs)slod3 mov stack datatype name pointer fi mov =num01,wb set string code in case mov =scstr,xl point to /string/ ident check for match jsr jump if match slod4 ppm (xs),xr else reload name mov set code for integer (2) add wb,wb mov =scint,xl point to /integer/ ident check for match jsr jump if match slod4 ppm if .cnra elseelse reload string pointer mov (xs),xr icvwb set code for real (3) point to /real/ mov =screa,xl check for match ident jsr jump if match slod4 ppm if.cnlf(xs),xr reload string pointer mov icvwb code for file (4, or 3 if no reals) point to /file/ mov =scfil,xl ident check for match jsr ppm slod4 jump if match fi wb else get code for no convert zer merge here with proper datatype code in wb slod4 mov wb,(xs) store code on stack beq wa,=num02,slod2 loop back if arg stopped by comma jump if that was the result type bze wa,slod5 here we scan out the result type (arg stopped by)) set dummy (impossible) delimiter 1 mov mxlen,wc and delimiter two mov wc,xl skip/trim blanks in prototype mnz wa

xscan

slod3

wa

jsr

zer

brn

scan result name

set code for processing result

jump back to process result name

load (continued) here after processing all args and result get number of arguments slod5 mov lodna, wa copy for later mov wa,wc wtb wa convert length to bytes add *efsi\$,wa add space for standard fields alloc allocate efblk jsr =b\$efc,(xr) set type word mov wc,fargs(xr) mov set number of arguments efuse(xr) set use count (dffnc will set to 1) zer zer efcod(xr) zero code pointer for now (xs)+,efrsl(xr)store result type code mov store function vrblk pointer mov lodfn,efvar(xr) wa,eflen(xr) store efblk length mov xr,wb save efblk pointer mov add wa,xr point past end of efblk lct set number of arguments for loop WC,WC loop to set argument type codes from stack slod6 mov (xs)+,-(xr)store one type code from stack bct wc,slod6 loop till all stored now load the external function and perform definition mov (xs)+,xrload function string name $if.\mathbf{culc}$ sclen(xr), wa function name length mov fold to upper case jsr flstg fi (xs), xlload library name mov wb,(xs) store efblk pointer mov call function to load external func sysld jsr does not exist 142, load functio \mathbf{err} \mathbf{err} 143, load functio caused input error during load 328, load functio - insufficient memory err

(xs)+,xl
xr,efcod(xl)

lodfn,xr
dffnc

exnul

mov

mov

mov

jsr brn

fi

recall efblk pointer

store code pointer

return null result

point to vrblk for function

perform function definition

```
lpad
s$lpd
                                             entry point
        \mathbf{ent}
         jsr
                               gtstg
                                             get pad character
                                             is not a string
                  144, lpad third a
         \mathbf{err}
         plc
                                   xr
                                             point to character (null is blank)
         lch
                             wb,(xr)
                                             load pad character
                               gtsmi
                                             get pad length
         jsr
         \mathbf{err}
                   145, lpad second
                                             is not integer
                                slpd4
                                             skip if negative or large
         ppm
    merge to check first arg
slpd1
        jsr
                                             get first argument (string to pad)
                                gtstg
                  146, lpad first a
                                             is not a string
         \mathbf{err}
                                             return 1st arg if too long to pad
         bge
                        wa,wc,exixr
                                             else move ptr to string to pad
         mov
                                xr,xl
    now we are ready for the pad
    (x1)
                               pointer to string to pad
    (wb)
                               pad character
    (wc)
                               length to pad string to
                                             copy length
                               wc,wa
         mov
         jsr
                               alocs
                                             allocate scblk for new string
         mov
                            xr,-(xs)
                                             save as result
                       sclen(x1), wa
                                             load length of argument
         mov
                                             calculate number of pad characters
         \mathbf{sub}
                                wa,wc
                                             point to chars in result string
         \mathbf{psc}
                                   xr
         \mathbf{lct}
                               WC,WC
                                             set counter for pad loop
    loop to perform pad
slpd2
         \operatorname{sch}
                            wb,(xr)+
                                             store pad character, bump ptr
         bct
                                             loop till all pad chars stored
                            wc,slpd2
                                             complete store characters
         \mathbf{csc}
    now copy string
         \mathbf{bze}
                            wa,slpd3
                                             exit if null string
         plc
                                   xl
                                             else point to chars in argument
                                             move characters to result string
         mvc
                                             clear garbage xl
                                   xl
         zer
    here to exit with result on stack
slpd3
         lcw
                                             load next code word
                                   xr
         bri
                                 (xr)
                                             execute it
    here if 2nd arg is negative or large
slpd4
         zer
                                             zero pad count
         brn
                               slpd1
                                             merge
```

lt			
s\$ltf	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	${f jsr}$	acomp	call arithmetic comparison routine
	\mathbf{err}	147,lt first arg	is not numeric
	\mathbf{err}	148,1t second ar	is not numeric
	ppm	exnul	return null if lt
	ppm	exfal	fail if eq
	ppm	exfal	fail if gt

ne			
s\$nef	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{jsr}	acomp	call arithmetic comparison routine
	\mathbf{err}	149,ne first arg	is not numeric
	\mathbf{err}	150, ne second ar	is not numeric
	ppm	exnul	return null if lt
	ppm	exfal	fail if eq
	ppm	exnul	return null if gt

notany			
s\$nay	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$nas,wb	set pcode for single char arg
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$nay,xl	pcode for multi-char arg
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$nad,wc	set pcode for expr arg
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	patst	call common routine to build node
	\mathbf{err}	151, notany argum	is not a string or expression
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,-(xs)	stack result
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute it

```
opsyn
s$ops ent
                                            entry point
                                            load third argument
        jsr
                               gtsmi
                   152, opsyn third
                                            is not integer
         \mathbf{err}
         err
                   153, opsyn third
                                            is negative or too large
                               wc,wb
                                            if ok, save third argumnet
         mov
         mov
                           (xs)+,xr
                                            load second argument
                                            locate variable block
         jsr
                               gtnvr
                 154,opsyn second
         \mathbf{err}
                                            arg is not natural variable name
                      vrfnc(xr),xl
                                            if ok, load function block pointer
         mov
         bnz
                           wb,sops2
                                            jump if operator opsyn case
    here for function opsyn (third arg zero)
                           (xs)+,xr
                                            load first argument
         mov
                               gtnvr
                                            get vrblk pointer
        jsr
                   155, opsyn first
                                            is not natural variable name
         \mathbf{err}
    merge here to perform function definition
sops1
                               {\tt dffnc}
                                            call function definer
        jsr
                                            exit with null result
         brn
                               exnul
    here for operator opsyn (third arg non-zero)
sops2
                               gtstg
                                            get operator name
                               sops5
         \mathbf{ppm}
                                            jump if not string
         bne
                   wa,=num01,sops5
                                            error if not one char long
         \mathbf{plc}
                                            else point to character
         lch
                            wc,(xr)
                                            load character name
```

opsyn (continued)

now set to search for matching unary or binary operator name as appropriate. note that there are =opbun undefined binary operators and =opuun undefined unary operators.

011	iary of	ociators and opuan an	actifica analy operators.
	\mathbf{mov}	=r\$uub,wa	point to unop pointers in case
	\mathbf{mov}	=opnsu,xr	point to names of unary operators
	add	=opbun,wb	add no. of undefined binary ops
	\mathbf{beq}	wb,=opuun,sops3	jump if unop (third arg was 1)
	mov	=r\$uba,wa	else point to binary operator ptrs
	\mathbf{mov}	=opsnb,xr	point to names of binary operators
	\mathbf{mov}	=opbun,wb	set number of undefined binops
mer	ge hei	re to check list (wb =	number to check)
sops3	\mathbf{lct}	wb,wb	set counter to control loop
loop to search for name match			
sops4	\mathbf{beq}	wc,(xr),sops6	jump if names match
	ica	wa	else push pointer to function ptr
	ica	xr	bump pointer
	\mathbf{bct}	wb,sops4	loop back till all checked
her	re if h	oad operator name	
sops5	erb	156,opsyn first	is not correct operator name
come here on finding a match in the			n the operator name table
sops6	mov	wa,xr	copy pointer to function block ptr
	\mathbf{sub}	*vrfnc,xr	make it look like dummy vrblk
	\mathbf{brn}	sops1	merge back to define operator

```
if .c370
     or
s$orf
          ent
                                                 entry point
         mnz
                                      wb
                                                 signal two arguments
                                                 call string boolean routine
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                  sbool
                   xxx, or first arg
                                                 is not a string
         \mathbf{err}
         \mathbf{err}
                   xxx,or second ar
                                                 is not a string
                                                 not same length
                   xxx, or arguments
          \mathbf{err}
         \mathbf{p}\mathbf{p}\mathbf{m}
                                  exits
                                                 null string arguments
    here to process (wc) words.
                                           result is stacked.
sorf1
         \mathbf{mov}
                               (x1)+,wa
                                                 get next cfp$c chars from arg 1
          orb
                                (xr),wa
                                                 or with characters from arg 2
          mov
                              wa,(xr)+
                                                 put back in memory
                                                 loop over all words in string block
         \mathbf{bct}
                              wc,sorf1
         brn
                                  exits
                                                 fetch next code word
```

fi			
output			
s\$oup	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{mov}	=num03,wb	output flag
	${f jsr}$	ioput	call input/output assoc. routine
	\mathbf{err}	157, output third	argument is not a string
	\mathbf{err}	158, inappropriat	second argument for output
	\mathbf{err}	159, inappropriat	first argument for output
	\mathbf{err}	160, inappropriat	file specification for output
	ppm	exfal	fail if file does not exist
	\mathbf{err}	161, output file	be written to
	\mathbf{err}	290, output chann	currently in use
	\mathbf{brn}	exnul	return null string

pog	3		
s\$pos	ent		entry point
-	mov	=p\$pos,wb	set pcode for integer arg case
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$psd,wa	set pcode for expression arg case
	\mathbf{jsr}	patin	call common routine to build nod
	\mathbf{err}	162, pos argument	is not integer or expression
	\mathbf{err}	163, pos argument	is negative or too large
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,-(xs)	stack result
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	\mathbf{bri}	(xr)	execute it

```
prototype
                                            entry point
s$pro
        ent
                                            load argument
         mov
                           (xs)+,xr
                      tblen(xr),wb
                                            length if table, vector (=vclen)
         mov
         btw
                                            convert to words
                             (xr),wa
                                            load type word of argument block
         mov
        \mathbf{beq}
                   wa,=b$art,spro4
                                            jump if array
                   wa,=b$tbt,spro1
                                            jump if table
         beq
                   wa,=b$vct,spro3
         beq
                                            jump if vector
if.cnbf
else
                                            jump if buffer
         beq
                   wa,=b$bct,spr05
fi
         \operatorname{erb}
                  164, prototype ar
                                            is not valid object
    here for table
spro1
        \mathbf{sub}
                          =tbsi$,wb
                                            subtract standard fields
    merge for vector
spro2
         mti
                                  wb
                                            convert to integer
                                            exit with integer result
         brn
                               exint
    here for vector
        \operatorname{sub}
spro3
                          =vcsi$,wb
                                            subtract standard fields
         brn
                               spro2
                                            merge
    here for array
spro4
        add
                      arofs(xr),xr
                                            point to prototype field
                             (xr), xr
                                            load prototype
         mov
         mov
                           xr,-(xs)
                                            stack result
         lcw
                                            get next code word
                                  xr
         bri
                                (xr)
                                            execute it
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
    here for buffer
spr05
        mov
                      bcbuf(xr),xr
                                            point to bfblk
         mti
                          bfalc(xr)
                                            load allocated length
         brn
                               exint
                                            exit with integer allocation
fi
```

```
remdr
s$rmd
        \mathbf{ent}
                                             entry point
if.cmth
         jsr
                               arith
                                             get two integers or two reals
         err
                   166, remdr first
                                             is not numeric
                  165, remdr second
                                             argument is not numeric
         \mathbf{err}
                                             if real
                               srm06
         ppm
else
                             (xs),xr
                                             load second argument
         \mathbf{mov}
                                             convert to integer
         jsr
                               gtint
                  165, remdr second
                                             argument is not integer
         \mathbf{err}
                                             place converted arg in stack
         mov
                            xr,(xs)
                                             convert args
         jsr
                               arith
         ppm
                               srm04
                                             first arg not integer
                                             second arg checked above
         ppm
if.cnra
else
         ppm
                               srm01
                                             first arg real
fi
fi
    both arguments integer
         zer
                                   wb
                                             set positive flag
         ldi
                          icval(xr)
                                             load left argument value
                                             jump if positive
         ige
                               srm01
                                             set negative flag
         mnz
                                   wb
                                             get remainder
srm01
                          icval(x1)
         \operatorname{rmi}
                                             error if overflow
         iov
                               srm05
    make sign of result match sign of first argument
                           wb,srm03
                                             if result should be positive
         bze
         ile
                               exint
                                             if should be negative, and is
srm02
         ngi
                                             adjust sign of result
         brn
                                             return result
                               exint
srm03
         ilt
                               srm02
                                             should be pos, and result negative
                                             should be positive, and is
         brn
                               exint
    fail first argument
                   166, remdr first
                                             is not numeric
srm04
        \operatorname{erb}
    fail if overflow
srm05
         \operatorname{erb}
                  167, remdr caused
                                             integer overflow
if .cmth
    here with 1st argument in (xr), 2nd in (xl), both real
    result = n1 - chop(n1/n2)*n2
srm06
         zer
                                             set positive flag
         ldr
                          rcval(xr)
                                             load left argument value
                                             jump if positive
                               srm07
         rge
                                             set negative flag
         mnz
                                             compute n1/n2
srm07
         dvr
                          rcval(x1)
         \mathbf{rov}
                               srm10
                                             jump if overflow
                                             chop result
         chp
                          rcval(x1)
         mlr
                                             times n2
         \mathbf{sbr}
                          rcval(xr)
                                             compute difference
    make sign of result match sign of first argument
    -result is in ra at this point
                                             if result should be positive
         bze
                           wb,srm09
```

	${f rle}$		exrea	if should be negative, and is
srm08	ngr			adjust sign of result
	\mathbf{brn}		exrea	return result
srm09	\mathbf{rlt}		srm08	should be pos, and result negative
	brn		exrea	should be positive, and is
fa	il if	overflow		
srm10	\mathbf{erb}	312, remdr	caused	real overflow
fi				

replace

the actual replace operation uses an scblk whose cfp\$a chars contain the translated versions of all the chars. the table pointer is remembered from call to call and the table is only built when the arguments change. we also perform an optimization gleaned from spitbol 370. if the second argument is &alphabet, there is no need to to build a replace table. the third argument can be used directly as the replace table.

s\$rp	l ent	J	entry point
	${f jsr}$	gtstg	load third argument as string
	\mathbf{err}	168, replace thir	argument is not a string
	mov	xr,xl	save third arg ptr
	${f jsr}$	gtstg	get second argument
	\mathbf{err}	169, replace seco	argument is not a string
C	check to	see if this is the	same table as last time
	\mathbf{bne}	xr,r\$ra2,srpl1	jump if 2nd argument different
	\mathbf{beq}	xl,r\$ra3,srpl4	jump if args same as last time
ŀ	nere we l	build a new replace	table (note wa = 2nd arg len)
srpl	1 mov	sclen(x1),wb	load 3rd argument length
	\mathbf{bne}	wa,wb,srpl6	jump if arguments not same length
	\mathbf{beq}	xr,kvalp,srpl5	jump if 2nd arg is alphabet string
	\mathbf{bze}	wb,srpl6	jump if null 2nd argument
	mov	xl,r\$ra3	save third arg for next time in
	mov	xr,r\$ra2	save second arg for next time in
	mov	kvalp,xl	point to alphabet string
	\mathbf{mov}	sclen(x1),wa	load alphabet scblk length
	\mathbf{mov}	r\$rpt,xr	point to current table (if any)
	\mathbf{bnz}	xr,srpl2	jump if we already have a table
ŀ	ere we a	allocate a new table	
	${f jsr}$	alocs	allocate new table
	\mathbf{mov}	wc,wa	keep scblk length
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,r\$rpt	save table pointer for next time
n	nerge her	re with pointer to r	new table block in (xr)
srpl	$2 ext{ } ext{ctb}$	wa,scsi\$	compute length of scblk
	mvw		copy to get initial table values

replace (continued)

now we must plug selected entries as required. note that we are short of index registers for the following loop. hence the need to repeatedly re-initialise char ptr xl

	mov	r\$ra2,xl	point to second argument
	\mathbf{lct}	wb,wb	number of chars to plug
	\mathbf{zer}	WC	zero char offset
	mov	r\$ra3,xr	point to 3rd arg
	\mathbf{plc}	xr	get char ptr for 3rd arg
loc	p to plug ch	ars	
srpl3	mov	r\$ra2,xl	point to 2nd arg
	\mathbf{plc}	xl,wc	point to next char
	icv	WC	increment offset
	lch	wa,(x1)	get next char
	mov	r\$rpt,xl	point to translate table
	\mathbf{psc}	xl,wa	convert char to offset into table
	lch	wa,(xr)+	get translated char
	sch	wa,(xl)	store in table
	\mathbf{csc}	xl	complete store characters
	\mathbf{bct}	wb,srpl3	loop till done

```
replace (continued)
    here to use r$rpt as replace table.
                                            replace table to use
                           r$rpt,xl
    here to perform translate using table in xl.
if .cnbf
srpl5
                               gtstg
                                            get first argument
        jsr
                 170, replace firs
                                            argument is not a string
         \mathbf{err}
else
    if first arg is a buffer, perform translate in place.
                                            get first argument
srpl5
        jsr
                               gtstb
         \mathbf{err}
                  170, replace firs
                                            argument is not a string or buffer
                                            branch if buffer
         \mathbf{bnz}
                           wb, srpl7
fi
                                            return null if null argument
         bze
                            wa, exnul
         mov
                           xl,-(xs)
                                            stack replace table to use
         mov
                               xr,xl
                                            copy pointer
                                            save length
         mov
                               wa,wc
                                            get scblk length
         ctb
                           wa,schar
                                            allocate space for copy
         jsr
                               alloc
         mov
                               xr,wb
                                            save address of copy
         mvw
                                            move scblk contents to copy
         mov
                            (xs)+,xr
                                            unstack replace table
                                            point to chars of table
         plc
                                  xr
                               wb.xl
                                            point to string to translate
         mov
                                            point to chars of string
         plc
                                  xl
         mov
                               wc,wa
                                            set number of chars to translate
                                            perform translation
         \operatorname{trc}
srpl8
                           wb,-(xs)
                                            stack result
         mov
                                            load next code word
         lcw
                                  xr
                                            execute it
         bri
                                 (xr)
    error point
srpl6
        \mathbf{erb}
                 171, null or uneq
                                            long 2nd, 3rd args to replace
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
    here to perform replacement within buffer
srpl7
        bze
                           wa, srpl8
                                            return buffer unchanged if empty
         mov
                               xr,wc
                                            copy bfblk pointer to wc
         mov
                               xl,xr
                                            translate table to xr
         plc
                                            point to chars of table
                                  xr
                                            point to string to translate
         mov
                               wc,xl
         plc
                                            point to chars of string
                                  xl
                                            perform translation
         \operatorname{trc}
                                            stack result and exit
         brn
                               srpl8
fi
```

rewind			
s\$rew	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	iofcb	call fcblk routine
	\mathbf{err}	172, rewind argum	is not a suitable name
	\mathbf{err}	173, rewind argum	is null
	\mathbf{err}	174, rewind file	not exist
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	sysrw	call system rewind function
	\mathbf{err}	174, rewind file	not exist
	\mathbf{err}	175, rewind file	not permit rewind
	\mathbf{err}	176, rewind cause	non-recoverable error
	\mathbf{brn}	exnul	exit with null result if no error

```
reverse
s$rvs
         ent
                                             entry point
if .cnbf
                                             load string argument
         jsr
                                gtstg
         \mathbf{err}
                  177, reverse argu
                                             is not a string
else
                                             load string or buffer argument
         jsr
                                gtstb
                                             is not a string or buffer
         \mathbf{err}
                  177, reverse argu
         bnz
                            wb,srvs3
                                             branch if buffer
fi
         bze
                            wa,exixr
                                             return argument if null
                                             else save pointer to string arg
         mov
                                xr,xl
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                             allocate space for new scblk
                                alocs
                                             store scblk ptr on stack as result
         mov
                            xr,-(xs)
                                             prepare to store in new scblk
         \mathbf{psc}
                                   xr
         plc
                                xl,wc
                                             point past last char in argument
         lct
                                             set loop counter
                                WC,WC
    loop to move chars in reverse order
srvs1
         lch
                            wb, -(x1)
                                             load next char from argument
         \operatorname{sch}
                            wb,(xr)+
                                             store in result
         bct
                            wc,srvs1
                                             loop till all moved
    here when complete to execute next code word
                                             complete store characters
srvs4
         \mathbf{csc}
                                   xr
                                   xl
                                             clear garbage xl
         zer
srvs2
                                             load next code word
         lcw
                                   xr
         bri
                                 (xr)
                                             execute it
if.cnbf
else
    here if argument is a buffer.
                                           perform reverse in place.
                                             stack buffer as result
srvs3
         mov
                            wb,-(xs)
         bze
                            wa, srvs2
                                             return buffer unchanged if empty
         mov
                                xr,xl
                                             copy bfblk pointer to xl
         psc
                                   xr
                                             prepare to store at first char
                                             point past last char in argument
         plc
                                xl,wa
         rsh
                                 wa,1
                                             operate on half the string
         lct
                                             set loop counter
                                wc,wa
    loop to swap chars from end to end.
                                                  note that in the
    case of an odd count, the middle char is not touched.
srvs5
         lch
                            wb, -(x1)
                                             load next char from end
         lch
                                             load next char from front
                             wa,(xr)
         \operatorname{sch}
                            wb,(xr)+
                                             store end char in front
                                             store front char at end
         \operatorname{sch}
                             wa,(x1)
                            wc,srvs5
                                             loop till all moved
         bct
                                             complete store
         brn
                                srvs4
fi
```

```
rpad
s$rpd
                                             entry point
        \mathbf{ent}
                                             get pad character
         jsr
                               gtstg
                  178, rpad third a
                                             is not a string
         \mathbf{err}
         plc
                                   xr
                                             point to character (null is blank)
         lch
                             wb,(xr)
                                             load pad character
                               gtsmi
                                             get pad length
         jsr
         \mathbf{err}
                   179, rpad second
                                             is not integer
                                srpd3
                                             skip if negative or large
         ppm
    merge to check first arg.
srpd1
        jsr
                                             get first argument (string to pad)
                               gtstg
                  180, rpad first a
                                             is not a string
         \mathbf{err}
                                             return 1st arg if too long to pad
         bge
                        wa,wc,exixr
                                             else move ptr to string to pad
         mov
                               xr,xl
    now we are ready for the pad
    (x1)
                               pointer to string to pad
    (wb)
                               pad character
    (wc)
                               length to pad string to
                                             copy length
                               wc,wa
         mov
                                             allocate scblk for new string
         jsr
                               alocs
         mov
                            xr,-(xs)
                                             save as result
                       sclen(x1), wa
                                             load length of argument
         mov
                                             calculate number of pad characters
         \mathbf{sub}
                               wa,wc
                                             point to chars in result string
         \mathbf{psc}
                                   xr
         \mathbf{lct}
                               WC,WC
                                             set counter for pad loop
    copy argument string
         bze
                            wa,srpd2
                                             jump if argument is null
                                             else point to argument chars
         plc
                                   xl
                                             move characters to result string
         mvc
                                   xl
                                             clear garbage xl
         zer
    loop to supply pad characters
srpd2
        \operatorname{sch}
                            wb,(xr)+
                                             store pad character, bump ptr
         bct
                            wc,srpd2
                                             loop till all pad chars stored
                                             complete character storing
         \mathbf{csc}
                                   xr
         lcw
                                             load next code word
                                   xr
                                 (xr)
                                             execute it
         bri
    here if 2nd arg is negative or large
srpd3
        zer
                                             zero pad count
         brn
                               srpd1
                                             merge
```

rtab			
s\$rtb	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	mov	=p\$rtb,wb	set pcode for integer arg case
\mathbf{mov} =p\$rtd,wa		=p\$rtd,wa	set pcode for expression arg case
	${f jsr}$ patin		call common routine to build node
	\mathbf{err}	181, rtab argumen	is not integer or expression
	err 182,rtab argumen mov xr,-(xs)		is negative or too large
			stack result
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute it

```
if .cust
     set
                                                   entry point
s$set
          ent
                           (xs)+,r$io2
                                                   save third arg (whence)
          mov
if .cusr
                               (xs)+,xr
                                                   get second arg (offset)
          mov
                                   gtrea
                                                   convert to real
          jsr
                    324, set second a
                                                   not numeric
          \mathbf{err}
          ldr
                              rcval(xr)
                                                   load accumulator with argument
else
          mov
                            (xs)+,r$io1
                                                   save second arg (offset)
fi
                                    iofcb
                                                   call fcblk routine
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                   is not a suitable name
                    291, set first ar
          \mathbf{err}
          \mathbf{err}
                    292, set first ar
                                                   is null
          \mathbf{err}
                    295, set file doe
                                                   not exist
if.\mathbf{cusr}
else
                               r$io1,wb
                                                   load second arg
          mov
fi
          \mathbf{mov}
                               r$io2,wc
                                                   load third arg
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                   sysst
                                                   call system set routine
                    293, inappropriat
                                                   second argument to set
          \mathbf{err}
                    294, inappropriat
                                                   third argument to set
          \mathbf{err}
                    295, set file doe
                                                   not exist
          \mathbf{err}
          err
                    296, set file doe
                                                   not permit setting file pointer
                    297, set caused n
                                                   i/o error
          \mathbf{err}
if.\mathbf{cusr}
                                                   return real position if not able
          rti
                                   exrea
          brn
                                                   to return integer position
                                   exint
else
          brn
                                   exint
                                                   otherwise return position
fi
```

fi			
tab			
s\$tab	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$tab,wb	set pcode for integer arg case
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$tbd,wa	set pcode for expression arg case
	\mathbf{jsr}	patin	call common routine to build node is not integer or expression
	\mathbf{err}	183, tab argument	
	\mathbf{err}	184, tab argument	is negative or too large
	mov	xr,-(xs)	stack result
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute it

```
rpos
s$rps ent
                                                 entry point
                                                 set pcode for integer arg case
          mov
                             =p$rps,wb
          mov
                             =p$rpd,wa
                                                 set pcode for expression arg case
                                                 call common routine to build node
          \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                  patin
                    185, rpos argumen
                                                 is not integer or expression
          \mathbf{err}
                    186, rpos argumen
                                                 is negative or too large
          \mathbf{err}
                              xr,-(xs)
                                                 stack result
          \mathbf{mov}
                                                 get next code word
          lcw
                                      xr
                                                 execute it
          bri
                                    (xr)
if.\mathbf{cnsr}
```

else

rsort entry point s\$rsr \mathbf{ent} mark as rsort $\mathbf{m}\mathbf{n}\mathbf{z}$ wa $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ sorta call sort routine if conversion fails, so shall we \mathbf{ppm} exfal brnexsid return, setting idval fi

```
setexit
                                            entry point
s$stx
        \mathbf{ent}
                                            load argument
        mov
                           (xs)+,xr
                           stxvr,wa
                                            load old vrblk pointer
        mov
        zer
                                            load zero in case null arg
                   xr,=nulls,sstx1
                                            jump if null argument (reset call)
        beq
                               gtnvr
                                            else get specified vrblk
        jsr
                                            jump if not natural variable
        ppm
                               sstx2
        mov
                      vrlbl(xr),xl
                                            else load label
                   xl,=stndl,sstx2
                                            jump if label is not defined
        beq
        bne
                  (x1),=b$trt,sstx
                                            jump if not trapped
                                            else load ptr to real label code
                      trlbl(xl),xl
        mov
    here to set/reset setexit trap
                                            store new vrblk pointer (or null)
                           xr,stxvr
sstx1
        mov
        mov
                           xl,r$sxc
                                            store new code ptr (or zero)
        beq
                   wa,=nulls,exnul
                                            return null if null result
                                            else copy vrblk pointer
        mov
                               wa,xr
                                            and return building nmblk
        brn
                               exvnm
    here if bad argument
                 187, setexit argu
                                            is not label name or null
sstx2
        \mathbf{erb}
if .cmth
    sin
                                            entry point
s$sin
        \mathbf{ent}
        mov
                           (xs)+,xr
                                            get argument
                                            convert to real
        jsr
                               gtrea
        \mathbf{err}
                 308, sin argument
                                            not numeric
        ldr
                          rcval(xr)
                                            load accumulator with argument
        \sin
                                            take sine
                                            if no overflow, return result in ra
        \mathbf{rno}
                               exrea
                                            is out of range
        \mathbf{erb}
                 323, sin argument
```

```
if .cmth
     sqrt
s$sqr
          \mathbf{ent}
                                                     entry point
          mov
                                 (xs)+,xr
                                                     get argument
                                                     convert to real
          jsr
                                    gtrea
                     313, sqrt argumen
                                                     not numeric
          \mathbf{err}
          \operatorname{ldr}
                               rcval(xr)
                                                     load accumulator with argument
                                                     negative number
          \mathbf{rlt}
                                     ssqr1
          \mathbf{sqr}
                                                     take\ square\ root
                                                    no overflow possible, result in ra
          \mathbf{brn}
                                     exrea
     here if bad argument
                     314,sqrt argumen
                                                     negative
\operatorname{ssqr1} \quad \operatorname{erb}
```

 $egin{aligned} fi \ if \ .\mathbf{cnsr} \ else \end{aligned}$

```
sort
                                                         entry point
\mathtt{s\$srt} \quad ent
                                                         mark as sort
           zer
                                            wa
           \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                       sorta
                                                         call sort routine
                                                         if conversion fails, so shall we
           \mathbf{ppm}
                                       exfal
           brn
                                        exsid
                                                         return, setting idval
fi
```

span			
s\$spn	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$sps,wb	set pcode for single char arg
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$spn,xl	set pcode for multi-char arg
	\mathbf{mov}	=p\$spd,wc	set pcode for expression arg
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	patst	call common routine to build node
	\mathbf{err}	188, span argumen	is not a string or expression
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,-(xs)	stack result
	lcw	xr	get next code word
	bri	(xr)	execute it

size s\$si\$ \mathbf{ent} entry point $if.\mathbf{cnbf}$ $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ load string argument gtstg 189, size argumen is not a string \mathbf{err} elseload string argument $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ gtstb is not a string or buffer 189, size argumen \mathbf{err} fi merge with bfblk or scblk ptr in xr. wa has length. load length as integer wa \mathbf{brn} exint exit with integer result

stoptr				
s\$stt	\mathbf{ent}			entry point
	\mathbf{zer}		xl	indicate stoptr case
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$		trace	call trace procedure
	\mathbf{err}	190,stoptr	first	argument is not appropriate name
	\mathbf{err}	191,stoptr	secon	argument is not trace type
	brn		exnul	return null

```
substr
s$sub
         ent
                                             entry point
                               gtsmi
                                             load third argument
         jsr
                  192, substr third
                                             argument is not integer
         \mathbf{err}
        \mathbf{ppm}
                               exfal
                                             jump if negative or too large
                           xr,sbssv
                                             save third argument
         mov
                               gtsmi
                                             load second argument
         jsr
                  193, substr secon
                                             argument is not integer
         \mathbf{err}
         ppm
                               exfal
                                             jump if out of range
                                             save second argument
         mov
                               xr,wc
         bze
                            wc,exfal
                                             jump if second argument zero
         dcv
                                             else decrement for ones origin
if.cnbf
                                             load first argument
         jsr
                               gtstg
                  194, substr first
                                             argument is not a string
         \mathbf{err}
else
                                             load first argument
                               gtstb
         jsr
         err
                  194, substr first
                                             argument is not a string or buffer
fi
    merge with bfblk or scblk ptr in xr.
                                                  wa has length
         mov
                               wc,wb
                                             copy second arg to wb
         mov
                            sbssv,wc
                                             reload third argument
         \mathbf{bnz}
                            wc,ssub2
                                             skip if third arg given
         mov
                                             else get string length
                               wa,wc
                                             fail if improper
         bgt
                        wb,wc,exfal
         sub
                               wb,wc
                                             reduce by offset to start
    merge
ssub2
                                             save string length
        mov
                               wa,xl
                                             set length of substring
         mov
                               wc,wa
         add
                                             add 2nd arg to 3rd arg
                               wb,wc
         bgt
                        wc,xl,exfal
                                             jump if improper substring
         mov
                               xr,xl
                                             copy pointer to first arg
                                             build substring
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                               sbstr
                            xr,-(xs)
                                             stack result
         mov
                                             get next code word
         lcw
                                   xr
                                             execute it
         bri
                                 (xr)
```

table			
s\$tbl	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	mov	(xs)+,xl	get initial lookup value
	ica	xs	pop second argument
	${f jsr}$	gtsmi	load argument
	\mathbf{err}	195, table argume	is not integer
	\mathbf{err}	196, table argume	is out of range
	\mathbf{bnz}	wc,stbl1	jump if non-zero
	\mathbf{mov}	=tbnbk,wc	else supply default value
merge here		with number of header	rs in wc
stbl1	${f jsr}$	tmake	make table
	\mathbf{brn}	exsid	exit setting idval

if .cmth tan entry point s\$tan \mathbf{ent} mov (xs)+,xrget argument convert to real $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ gtrea 309, tan argument not numeric \mathbf{err} rcval(xr) load accumulator with argument ldr take tangent tanif no overflow, return result in ra rno exrea real overflow or argument is out of range \mathbf{erb} 310, tan produced

trace			
s\$tra	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{beq}	num03(xs),=nulls	jump if first argument is null
	\mathbf{mov}	(xs)+,xr	load fourth argument
	zer	xl	tentatively set zero pointer
	\mathbf{beq}	xr,=nulls,str01	jump if 4th argument is null
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	gtnvr	else point to vrblk
	\mathbf{ppm}	str03	jump if not variable name
	mov	xr,xl	else save vrblk in trfnc
her	e with	vrblk or zero in xl	
str01	mov	(xs)+,xr	load third argument (tag)
	\mathbf{zer}	wb	set zero as trtyp value for now
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	trbld	build trblk for trace call
	mov	xr,xl	move trblk pointer for trace
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	trace	call trace procedure
	\mathbf{err}	198, trace first	is not appropriate name
	\mathbf{err}	199, trace second	argument is not trace type
	\mathbf{brn}	exnul	return null
her	re to ca	all system trace toggle	routine
str02	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	systt	call it
	add	*num04,xs	pop trace arguments
	\mathbf{brn}	exnul	return
her	e for b	oad fourth argument	
str03	erb	197, trace fourth	arg is not function name or null

```
trim
s$trm
                                            entry point
        ent
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
        jsr
                              gtstg
                                            load argument as string
        err
                 200, trim argumen
                                            is not a string
else
                                            load argument as string
        jsr
                               gtstb
                                            is not a string or buffer
        \mathbf{err}
                 200, trim argumen
                           wb,strm0
                                            branch if buffer
        \mathbf{bnz}
fi
        bze
                           wa,exnul
                                            return null if argument is null
        mov
                              xr,xl
                                            copy string pointer
        ctb
                           wa,schar
                                            get block length
                              alloc
                                            allocate copy same size
        jsr
                                            save pointer to copy
                              xr,wb
        mov
                                            copy old string block to new
        mvw
                                            restore ptr to new block
        mov
                              wb,xr
        isr
                               trimr
                                            trim blanks (wb is non-zero)
                           xr,-(xs)
                                            stack result
        mov
                                            get next code word
        lcw
                                  xr
        bri
                                            execute it
                                (xr)
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
    argument is a buffer, perform trim in place.
strm0
        mov
                           wb,-(xs)
                                            stack buffer as result
                                            return buffer unchanged if empty
        bze
                           wa,strm6
                               xr,xl
                                            get bfblk ptr
        mov
                                            copy bcblk ptr to xr
        mov
                              wb,xr
                                            point past last character
        plc
                              xl,wa
        mov
                         =ch$bl,wc
                                            load blank character
    loop through characters from right to left
strm1
        lch
                           wb, -(x1)
                                            load next character
if .caht
                   wb,=ch$ht,strm2
                                            jump if horizontal tab
        beq
fi
        bne
                       wb,wc,strm3
                                            jump if non-blank found
strm2
        dcv
                                            else decrement character count
        bnz
                           wa,strm1
                                            loop back if more to check
    here when buffer trim complete
                      wa,bclen(xr)
                                            set new length in bcblk
strm3
        mov
                      bcbuf(xr),xr
        mov
                                            get bfblk ptr
                              wa,wb
                                            copy length
        mov
                                            words needed converted to bytes
        ctb
                               wb,0
                                            number of zeros needed
        sub
                               wa.wb
        \mathbf{psc}
                              xr,wa
                                            ready for storing zeros
        zer
                                  WC
                                            set zero char
    loop to zero pad last word of characters
                                            loop while more to be done
strm4
        bze
                           wb,strm5
                                            store zero character
        \operatorname{sch}
                           wc,(xr)+
        dcv
                                            decrement count
                                  wb
        brn
                               strm4
                                            continue loop
                                            complete store characters
strm5
        \mathbf{csc}
                                  xr
                                            get next code word
strm6
        lcw
                                  xr
```

fi (xr) execute it

.

unload			
s\$unl	\mathbf{ent}		entry point
	\mathbf{mov}	(xs)+,xr	load argument
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	gtnvr	point to vrblk
	\mathbf{err}	201,unload argum	is not natural variable name
	mov	=stndf,xl	get ptr to undefined function
	\mathbf{jsr}	dffnc	undefine named function
	\mathbf{brn}	exnul	return null as result
if .c370)		

```
xor
s$xor ent
                                              entry point
                                              signal two arguments
         mnz
                                    wb
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                sbool
                                              call string boolean routine
                                              is not a string
         \mathbf{err}
                  xxx,xor first ar
                  xxx,xor second a
                                              is not a string
         \mathbf{err}
                                              not same length
         \mathbf{err}
                  xxx,xor argument
                                              null string arguments
                                exits
         \mathbf{ppm}
    here to process (wc) words.
                                        result is stacked.
sxor1
         mov
                            (x1)+,wa
                                              get next cfp$c chars from arg 1
         xob
                              (xr),wa
                                              xor with characters from arg 2
                                              put back in memory
         mov
                            wa,(xr)+
                                              loop over all words in string block
         bct
                            wc,sxor1
                                              fetch next code word
         brn
                                exits
fi
```

spitbol—utility routines

the following section contains utility routines used for various purposes throughout the system. these differ from the procedures in the utility procedures section in they are not in procedure form and they do not return to their callers. they are accessed with a branch type instruction after setting the registers to appropriate parameter values.

the register values required for each routine are documented at the start of each routine. registers not mentioned may contain any values except that xr,xl can only contain proper collectable pointers. some of these routines will tolerate garbage pointers in xl,xr on entry. this is always documented and in each case, the routine clears these garbage values before exiting after completing its task. the routines have names consisting of five letters and are assembled in alphabetical order.

```
may be non-collectable
    (x1)
    (xr)
                            number of subscripts
                            set zero/nonzero for value/name
    (wb)
                            the value in wb must be collectable
                            subscripts and array operand
    stack
                            jump to call function
    brn arref
    arref continues by executing the next code word with
    the result name or value placed on top of the stack.
    to deal with the problem of accessing subscripts in the
    order of stacking, xl is used as a subscript pointer
    working below the stack pointer.
arref
        rtn
                            exits
                                         copy number of subscripts
        mov
                            xr, wa
        mov
                                         point to stack front
                            xs,xt
        wtb
                                         convert to byte offset
                                xr
                                         point to array operand on stack
        add
                            xr,xt
        ica
                                         final value for stack popping
                                xt
                         xt,arfxs
                                         keep for later
        mov
        mov
                         -(xt),xr
                                         load array operand pointer
        mov
                         xr,r$arf
                                         keep array pointer
                            xt,xr
                                         save pointer to subscripts
        mov
                                         point xl to possible vcblk or tbblk
                         r$arf,xl
        mov
                          (x1), wc
                                         load first word
        mov
                 wc,=b$art,arf01
                                         jump if arblk
        beq
        beq
                 wc,=b$vct,arf07
                                         jump if vcblk
        beq
                 wc,=b$tbt,arf10
                                         jump if tbblk
                 235, subscripted
                                         is not table or array
        \mathbf{erb}
    here for array (arblk)
                                         jump if wrong number of dims
arf01
        bne
                wa,arndm(x1),arf
        ldi
                            intv0
                                         get initial subscript of zero
        mov
                            xr,xt
                                         point before subscripts
                                         initial offset to bounds
        zer
                                wa
                            arf03
                                         jump into loop
        brn
    loop to compute subscripts by multiplications
                        ardm2(xr)
                                         multiply total by next dimension
        mli
    merge here first time
arf03
        mov
                         -(xt),xr
                                         load next subscript
        sti
                            arfsi
                                         save current subscript
        ldi
                                         load integer value in case
                        icval(xr)
                (xr),=b$icl,arf0
                                         jump if it was an integer
        beq
```

arref -- array reference

```
arref (continued)
                                           convert to integer
        jsr
                              gtint
                                           jump if not integer
        ppm
                              arf12
        ldi
                         icval(xr)
                                           if ok, load integer value
    here with integer subscript in (ia)
                                           point to array
arf04
                          r$arf,xr
        mov
        add
                              wa,xr
                                           offset to next bounds
                                           subtract low bound to compare
        \mathbf{sbi}
                         arlbd(xr)
        iov
                              arf13
                                           out of range fail if overflow
                              arf13
        ilt
                                           out of range fail if too small
        sbi
                         ardim(xr)
                                           subtract dimension
                                           out of range fail if too large
        ige
                              arf13
                         ardim(xr)
                                           else restore subscript offset
        adi
        adi
                                           add to current total
                              arfsi
        add
                          *ardms,wa
                                           point to next bounds
        bne
                       xt,xs,arf02
                                           loop back if more to go
    here with integer subscript computed
                                           get as one word integer
        \mathbf{mfi}
                                           convert to offset
        wtb
                                  wa
                                           point to arblk
        mov
                           r$arf,xl
        add
                      arofs(x1),wa
                                           add offset past bounds
        ica
                                           adjust for arpro field
                                           exit with name if name call
        \mathbf{bnz}
                           wb,arf08
    merge here to get value for value call
                                           get value
arf05
        jsr
                              acess
        ppm
                              arf13
                                           fail if acess fails
    return value
arf06
        mov
                           arfxs,xs
                                           pop stack entries
                                           finished with array pointer
                              r$arf
        \mathbf{zer}
                           xr,-(xs)
                                           stack result
        mov
                                           get next code word
        lcw
                                  xr
        bri
                                (xr)
                                           execute it
```

arref (continued) here for vector

1161	6 101	VECTOI	
arf07	bne	wa,=num01,arf09	error if more than 1 subscript
	\mathbf{mov}	(xs),xr	else load subscript
	${f jsr}$	gtint	convert to integer
	ppm	arf12	error if not integer
	ldi	icval(xr)	else load integer value
	${f sbi}$	intv1	subtract for ones offset
	\mathbf{mfi}	wa,arf13	get subscript as one word
	add	=vcvls,wa	add offset for standard fields
	\mathbf{wtb}	wa	convert offset to bytes
	$_{ m bge}$	<pre>wa,vclen(x1),arf</pre>	fail if out of range subscript
	\mathbf{bze}	wb,arf05	back to get value if value call
return name			
arf08	\mathbf{mov}	arfxs,xs	pop stack entries
	\mathbf{zer}	r\$arf	finished with array pointer
	\mathbf{brn}	exnam	else exit with name
here if subscript count is wrong			
arf09	erb	236,array refere	with wrong number of subscripts
table			
arf10	bne	wa,=num01,arf11	error if more than 1 subscript
	\mathbf{mov}	(xs),xr	else load subscript
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	tfind	call table search routine
	ppm	arf13	fail if failed
	\mathbf{bnz}	wb,arf08	exit with name if name call
	\mathbf{brn}	arf06	else exit with value
here for bad table reference			
arf11	erb	237, table refere	with more than one subscript
here for bad subscript			
arf12	erb	238,array subscr	is not integer
here to signal failure			
arf13	\mathbf{zer}	r\$arf	finished with array pointer
	\mathbf{brn}	exfal	fail

```
cfunc -- call a function
    cfunc is used to call a snobol level function. it is
    used by the apply function (s$app), the function
    trace routine (trxeq) and the main function call entry
    (o$fnc, o$fns). in the latter cases, cfunc is used only
    if the number of arguments is incorrect.
    (x1)
                           pointer to function block
    (wa)
                           actual number of arguments
    (xs)
                           points to stacked arguments
    brn cfunc
                           jump to call function
    cfunc continues by executing the function
cfunc
                           exfal
        rtn
        blt
                wa,fargs(xl),cfn
                                        jump if too few arguments
                wa,fargs(xl),cfn
                                        jump if correct number of args
        beq
    here if too many arguments supplied, pop them off
        mov
                            wa,wb
                                        copy actual number
        \mathbf{sub}
                    fargs(x1),wb
                                        get number of extra args
        wtb
                                        convert to bytes
                               wb
        add
                                        pop off unwanted arguments
                           wb,xs
                                        jump to go off to function
        brn
                           cfnc3
   here if too few arguments
       mov
                    fargs(x1),wb
                                        load required number of arguments
                                        jump if case of var num of args
                 wb,=nini9,cfnc3
        beq
        sub
                                        calculate number missing
                           wa.wb
                                        set counter to control loop
        lct
                           wb,wb
    loop to supply extra null arguments
cfnc2
       mov
                    =nulls,-(xs)
                                        stack a null argument
                        wb,cfnc2
                                        loop till proper number stacked
        \mathbf{bct}
    merge here to jump to function
                                        jump through fcode field
cfnc3
       bri
                             (x1)
```

exfal -- exit signalling snobol failure (xl,xr)may be non-collectable brn exfal jump to fail exfal continues by executing the appropriate fail goto exfal $_{
m rtn}$ (x1) pop stack mov flptr,xs load failure offset mov (xs), xrpoint to failure code location add r\$cod,xr set code pointer lcpxr load next code word lcwxrload entry address mov (xr),xlbrijump to execute next code word xl

exint -- exit with integer result

(xl,xr) may be non-collectable

(ia) integer value

brn exint jump to exit with integer exint continues by executing the next code word

which it does by falling through to exixr

exint rtn xl

zer xl clear dud value jsr icbld build icblk

```
exixr -- exit with result in (xr)
                          result
    (xr)
    (x1)
                          may be non-collectable
   brn exixr
                          jump to exit with result in (xr)
    exixr continues by executing the next code word
    which it does by falling through to exits.
                                      which it does by falling through to exits.
exixr rtn
                          icbld
                                      stack result
                       xr,-(xs)
       mov
    exits -- exit with result if any stacked
    (xr,xl)
                          may be non-collectable
    brn exits
                          enter exits routine
exits rtn
                      xr,-(xs)
                                      load next code word
       lcw
                             xr
                                      load entry address
       mov
                        (xr),xl
       bri
                             xl
                                      jump to execute next code word
```

```
exnam -- exit with name in (x1,wa)
    (x1)
                          name base
    (wa)
                          name offset
    (xr)
                           may be non-collectable
                           jump to exit with name in (x1,wa)
    brn exnam
    exnam continues by executing the next code word
exnam rtn
                              xl
                        xl,-(xs)
       mov
                                       stack name base
                                       stack name offset
       mov
                       wa,-(xs)
       \mathbf{lcw}
                                      load next code word
                              xr
       bri
                                       execute it
                            (xr)
```

exnul -- exit with null result (xl,xr)may be non-collectable brn exnul jump to exit with null value exnul continues by executing the next code word exnul rtn(xr)stack null value mov =nulls,-(xs) load next code word lcw xr (xr),xlload entry address mov jump to execute next code word bri xl

```
if .cnra
else
    exrea -- exit with real result
    (xl,xr)
                             may be non-collectable
    (ra)
                              real value
                              jump to exit with real value
    brn exrea
    exrea continues by executing the next code word
                                  xl
exrea rtn
                                           clear dud value
        zer
                                  xl
                                           build rcblk
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                              rcbld
                                           jump to exit with result in xr
        \mathbf{brn}
                              exixr
fi
```

exsid -- exit setting id field exsid is used to exit after building any of the following blocks (arblk, tbblk, pdblk, vcblk). it sets the idval. (xr)ptr to block with idval field (x1) may be non-collectable brn exsid jump to exit after setting id field exsid continues by executing the next code word exsid rtnexixr load current id value mov curid, wa bnewa,=cfp\$m,exsi1 jump if no overflow zer else reset for wraparound here with old idval in wa bump id value exsi1 icv store for next time mov wa, curid mov wa,idval(xr) store id value exit with result in (xr) brnexixr

exvnm -- exit with name of variable exvnm exits after stacking a value which is a nmblk referencing the name of a given natural variable. (xr)vrblk pointer (x1) may be non-collectable brn exvnm exit with vrblk pointer in xr exvnm rtnexixr copy name base pointer \mathbf{mov} xr,xl set size of nmblk mov *nmsi\$,wa alloc allocate nmblk $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ mov =b\$nml,(xr)store type word xl,nmbas(xr) store name base mov mov *vrval,nmofs(xr) store name offset exit with result in xr brnexixr

```
flpop -- fail and pop in pattern matching
flpop pops the node and cursor on the stack and then
drops through into failp to cause pattern failure
(xl,xr) may be non-collectable
brn flpop jump to fail and pop stack
flpop rtn exixr
add *num02,xs pop two entries off stack
```

failp -- failure in matching pattern node failp is used after failing to match a pattern node. see pattern match routines for details of use. (xl,xr)may be non-collectable signal failure to match brn failp failp continues by matching an alternative from the stack failp rtn *num02,xs load alternative node pointer \mathbf{mov} (xs)+,xrmov (xs)+,wbrestore old cursor mov (xr),xlload pcode entry pointer bri xljump to execute code for node

```
indir -- compute indirect reference
    (wb)
                             nonzero/zero for by name/value
                             jump to get indirect ref on stack
    brn indir
    indir continues by executing the next code word
indir
        rtn
                                 xl
        mov
                          (xs)+,xr
                                           load argument
        beq
                 (xr),=b$nml,indr
                                           jump if a name
                                           else convert to variable
        jsr
                              gtnvr
        \mathbf{err}
                  239, indirection
                                           is not name
                          wb,indr1
                                           skip if by value
        \mathbf{bze}
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                                           else stack vrblk ptr
                      *vrval,-(xs)
                                           stack name offset
        mov
                                           load next code word
        lcw
                                 xr
                                           load entry address
        mov
                            (xr),xl
        bri
                                 xl
                                           jump to execute next code word
    here to get value of natural variable
indr1 bri
                               (xr)
                                           jump through vrget field of vrblk
    here if operand is a name
                                           load name base
indr2
        mov
                     nmbas(xr),xl
                                           load name offset
                     nmofs(xr),wa
        mov
        \mathbf{bnz}
                          wb,exnam
                                           exit if called by name
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                              acess
                                           else get value first
                              exfal
                                           fail if access fails
        ppm
                                           else return with value in xr
        brn
                              exixr
```

```
match -- initiate pattern match
    (wb)
                             match type code
                              jump to initiate pattern match
    brn match
    match continues by executing the pattern match. see
    pattern match routines (p$xxx) for full details.
match
        rtn
                              exixr
                          (xs)+.xr
                                           load pattern operand
        mov
        jsr
                              gtpat
                                           convert to pattern
        \mathbf{err}
                 240, pattern matc
                                           right operand is not pattern
        mov
                              xr,xl
                                           if ok, save pattern pointer
        bnz
                          wb, mtch1
                                           jump if not match by name
                            (xs), wa
                                           else load name offset
        mov
                          xl,-(xs)
                                           save pattern pointer
        mov
                      num02(xs),xl
                                           load name base
        mov
                              acess
                                           access subject value
        jsr
                              exfal
                                           fail if access fails
        ppm
                                           restore pattern pointer
                            (xs), xl
        mov
                           xr,(xs)
                                           stack subject string val for merge
        mov
                                           restore type code
        zer
    merge here with subject value on stack
if .cnbf
mtch1
                                           convert subject to string
        jsr
                              gtstg
                 241, pattern matc
                                           left operand is not a string
        \mathbf{err}
                          wb,-(xs)
                                           stack match type code
        mov
else
mtch1
        mov
                              wb,wc
                                           save match type in wc
                              gtstb
                                           convert subject to string
        jsr
                                           left operand is not a string or buffer
        err
                 241, pattern matc
                          wb,r$pmb
                                           set to zero/bcblk if string/buffer
        mov
        mov
                          wc,-(xs)
                                           stack match type code
fi
                          xr,r$pms
                                           if ok, store subject string pointer
        mov
        mov
                          wa,pmssl
                                           and length
                                           stack initial cursor (zero)
                              -(xs)
        zer
                                 wb
                                           set initial cursor
        \mathbf{zer}
                          xs,pmhbs
                                           set history stack base ptr
        mov
        zer
                              pmdfl
                                           reset pattern assignment flag
                              xl,xr
                                           set initial node pointer
        mov
        bnz
                       kvanc, mtch2
                                           jump if anchored
    here for unanchored
                          xr,-(xs)
                                           stack initial node pointer
        mov
                      =nduna,-(xs)
                                           stack pointer to anchor move node
        mov
                                           start match of first node
        bri
                               (xr)
    here in anchored mode
                              -(xs)
                                           dummy cursor value
mtch2
        zer
                      =ndabo,-(xs)
                                           stack pointer to abort node
        mov
                                           start match of first node
        bri
                               (xr)
```

```
(wa)
                             string pointer for return type
    brn retrn
                             jump to return from (snobol) func
    retrn continues by executing the code at the return point
    the stack is cleaned of any garbage left by other
    routines which may have altered flptr since function
    entry by using flprt, reserved for use only by
    function call and return.
retrn
        rtn
                               (xr)
                                          jump if not level zero
        bnz
                      kvfnc,rtn01
        \operatorname{erb}
                 242, function ret
                                          from level zero
    here if not level zero return
                                          pop stack
rtn01
        mov
                          flprt,xs
                                          remove failure offset
        ica
                                 XS
        mov
                          (xs)+,xr
                                          pop pfblk pointer
        mov
                       (xs)+,flptr
                                          pop failure pointer
                       (xs)+,flprt
                                          pop old flprt
        mov
                                          pop code pointer offset
                          (xs)+,wb
        mov
                          (xs)+,wc
                                          pop old code block pointer
        mov
                                          make old code pointer absolute
        add
                             wc,wb
        lcp
                                 wb
                                          restore old code pointer
                          wc,r$cod
                                          restore old code block pointer
        mov
                                          decrement function level
                             kvfnc
        dcv
                          kvtra.wb
                                          load trace
        mov
                                          add ftrace
        add
                          kvftr,wb
        bze
                          wb,rtn06
                                          jump if no tracing possible
    here if there may be a trace
                          wa,-(xs)
                                          save function return type
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                                          save pfblk pointer
        mov
        mov
                          wa, kvrtn
                                          set rtntype for trace function
        mov
                          r$fnc,xl
                                          load fnclevel trblk ptr (if any)
                             ktrex
                                          execute possible fnclevel trace
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                          load vrblk ptr (sgd13)
        mov
                     pfvbl(xr),xl
                      kvtra,rtn02
                                          jump if trace is off
        bze
                                          else load return trace trblk ptr
        mov
                     pfrtr(xr),xr
                          xr,rtn02
                                          jump if not return traced
        bze
                                          else decrement trace count
        dcv
                             kvtra
        hze
                  trfnc(xr),rtn03
                                          jump if print trace
        mov
                         *vrval,wa
                                          else set name offset
                                          make sure rtntype is set right
                  num01(xs),kvrtn
        mov
                                          execute full trace
        jsr
                             trxeq
```

retrn -- return from function

retrn (continued) here to test for ftrace rtn02 kvftr,rtn05 jump if ftrace is off \mathbf{bze} dcvkvftr else decrement ftrace here for print trace of function return prtsn print statement number rtn03 jsr mov num01(xs),xr load return type print it jsr prtst mov =ch\$bl,wa load blank print it jsr prtch mov 0(xs),xlload pfblk ptr load function vrblk ptr pfvbl(xl),xl mov set vrblk name offset mov *vrval,wa jump if not freturn case xr,=scfrt,rtn04 bne for freturn, just print function name jsrprtnm print name jsr terminate print line prtnl brn rtn05 merge here for return or nreturn, print function name = value print name = valueprtnv here after completing trace rtn05 mov (xs)+,xrpop pfblk pointer

(xs)+,wa

wa,kvrtn

pfvbl(xr),xl

merge here if no trace required

mov

mov

rtn06 mov

pop return type string

load pointer to fn vrblk

set rtntype keyword

```
retrn (continued)
    get value of function
                                          save block pointer
rtn07
        mov
                          xl,rtnbp
        mov
                     vrval(xl),xl
                                          load value
                 (x1),=b$trt,rtn0
                                          loop back if trapped
        beq
                          xl,rtnfv
                                          else save function result value
        mov
                                          save original function value
        mov
                       (xs)+,rtnsv
if .cnpf
                     fargs(xr),wb
                                          get number of arguments
        mov
else
                          (xs)+,xl
                                          pop saved pointer
        mov
        bze
                          xl,rtn7c
                                          no action if none
        bze
                      kvpfl,rtn7c
                                          jump if no profiling
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                             prflu
                                          else profile last func stmt
                kvpfl,=num02,rtn
                                          branch on value of profile keywd
        beq
    here if &profile = 1. start time must be frigged to
    appear earlier than it actually is, by amount used before
    the call.
        ldi
                                          load current time
                             pfstm
        sbi
                         icval(x1)
                                          frig by subtracting saved amount
        brn
                             rtn7b
                                          and merge
    here if &profile = 2
                        icval(x1)
                                          load saved time
rtn7a
        ldi
    both profile types merge here
                             pfstm
                                          store back correct start time
rtn7b
    merge here if no profiling
rtn7c
        mov
                     fargs(xr),wb
                                          get number of args
fi
        add
                     pfnlo(xr),wb
                                          add number of locals
                                          jump if no args/locals
        bze
                          wb,rtn10
        lct
                             wb,wb
                                          else set loop counter
        add
                     pflen(xr),xr
                                          and point to end of pfblk
    loop to restore functions and locals
        mov
                          -(xr),xl
                                          load next vrblk pointer
    loop to find value block
rtn09
        mov
                             xl,wa
                                          save block pointer
        mov
                     vrval(x1),x1
                                          load pointer to next value
                 (x1),=b$trt,rtn0
                                          loop back if trapped
        beq
                                          else restore last block pointer
        mov
                             wa,xl
                                          restore old variable value
        mov
                  (xs)+,vrval(xl)
                                          loop till all processed
        \mathbf{bct}
                          wb,rtn08
    now restore function value and exit
                                          restore ptr to last function block
rtn10
        mov
                          rtnbp,xl
                                          restore old function value
                  rtnsv, vrval(xl)
        mov
                                          reload function result
        mov
                          rtnfv,xr
                                          point to new code block
        mov
                          r$cod,xl
        mov
                      kvstn,kvlst
                                          set lastno from stno
                  cdstm(x1),kvstn
                                          reset proper stno value
        mov
if.csln
                      kvlin,kvlln
                                          set lastline from line
        mov
                                          reset proper line value
        mov
                  cdsln(xl),kvlin
fi
        mov
                          kvrtn, wa
                                          load return type
```

beq wa,=scrtn,exixr exit with result in xr if return

beq wa,=scfrt,exfal fail if freturn

```
retrn (continued)
    here for nreturn
                 (xr),=b$nml,rtn1
                                           jump if is a name
        beq
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                           else try convert to variable name
                              gtnvr
        \mathbf{err}
                 243, function res
                                           in nreturn is not name
                              xr,xl
                                           if ok, copy vrblk (name base) ptr
        mov
        mov
                         *vrval,wa
                                           set name offset
                                           and merge
                              rtn12
        brn
    here if returned result is a name
                                           load name base
                      nmbas(xr),xl
rtn11
        mov
        mov
                      nmofs(xr),wa
                                           load name offset
    merge here with returned name in (x1,wa)
                                           preserve xl
        mov
rtn12
                              xl,xr
        lcw
                                  wb
                                           load next word
                                           restore xl
        mov
                              xr,xl
        beq
                  wb,=ofne$,exnam
                                           exit if called by name
                           wb,-(xs)
                                           else save code word
        mov
                                           get value
        jsr
                              acess
                                           fail if access fails
                              exfal
        ppm
                                           if ok, copy result
        mov
                              xr,xl
                                           reload next code word
        mov
                            (xs), xr
        mov
                            xl,(xs)
                                           store result on stack
                            (xr),xl
                                           load routine address
        \mathbf{mov}
        bri
                                  xl
                                           jump to execute next code word
```

stcov -- signal statement counter overflow
brn stcov jump to signal statement count oflo
permit up to 10 more statements to be obeyed so that
setexit trap can regain control.

stcov continues by issuing the error message

stcov	rtn	xl	
	icv	errft	fatal error
	ldi	intvt	get 10
	adi	kvstl	add to former limit
	\mathbf{sti}	kvstl	store as new stlimit
	ldi	intvt	get 10
	\mathbf{sti}	kvstc	set as new count
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	stgcc	recompute countdown counters
	erb	244, statement co	exceeds value of stlimit keyword

```
stmgo -- start execution of new statement
    (xr)
                             pointer to cdblk for new statement
    brn stmgo
                             jump to execute new statement
    stmgo continues by executing the next statement
                 244, statement co
stmgo
        rtn
                                          set new code block pointer
        mov
                          xr,r$cod
        dcv
                             stmct
                                          see if time to check something
        bze
                      stmct,stgo2
                                          jump if so
        mov
                      kvstn,kvlst
                                          set lastno
                  cdstm(xr),kvstn
                                          set stno
        mov
if.csln
        mov
                      kvlin,kvlln
                                          set lastline
        mov
                  cdsln(xr),kvlin
                                          set line
fi
        add
                                          point to first code word
                         *cdcod,xr
        lcp
                                 xr
                                          set code pointer
    here to execute first code word of statement
        lcw
                                          load next code word
stgo1
                                 xr
        zer
                                 xl
                                          clear garbage xl
                                          execute it
        bri
                               (xr)
    check profiling, polling, stlimit, statement tracing
stgo2
        \mathbf{bze}
                      kvpfl,stgo3
                                          skip if no profiling
                             prflu
                                          else profile the statement in kystn
        jsr
    here when finished with profiling
                      kvstn,kvlst
                                          set lastno
        mov
stgo3
                  cdstm(xr),kvstn
                                          set stno
        mov
if.csln
                                          set lastline
                      kvlin,kvlln
        mov
        mov
                  cdsln(xr),kvlin
                                          set line
fi
        add
                         *cdcod,xr
                                          point to first code word
        lcp
                                          set code pointer
                                 xr
if .cpol
    here to check for polling
        mov
                      stmcs,-(xs)
                                          save present count start on stack
        dcv
                                          poll interval within stmct
                             polct
        \mathbf{bnz}
                      polct,stgo4
                                          jump if not poll time yet
                                          =0 for poll
        zer
                          kvstn,wb
                                          statement number
        mov
                                          make collectable
                             xr,xl
        mov
        jsr
                             syspl
                                          allow interactive access
                             syspl
                                          allow interactive access
        \mathbf{err}
                                          single step
        ppm
                                          expression evaluation
        ppm
                                          restore code block pointer
        mov
                             xl,xr
                                          poll interval start value
        mov
                          wa,polcs
        jsr
                             stgcc
                                          recompute counter values
    check statement limit
stgo4
        ldi
                             kvstc
                                          get stmt count
        ilt
                             stgo5
                                          omit counting if negative
        mti
                             (xs)+
                                          reload start value of counter
        ngi
                                          negate
```

	adi	kvstc	stmt count minus counter	
sti kvstc		kvstc	replace it	
	ile stcov		fail if stlimit reached	
bze r\$stc,stgo5		r\$stc,stgo5	jump if no statement trace	
zer xr		xr	clear garbage value in xr	
	mov	r\$stc,xl	load pointer to stcount trblk	
	\mathbf{jsr}	ktrex	execute keyword trace	
reset stmgo counter				
stgo5	mov	stmcs,stmct	reset counter	
	\mathbf{brn}	stgo1	fetch next code word	

```
stopr -- terminate run
    (xr)
                             points to ending message
                             jump to terminate run
    brn stopr
    terminate run and print statistics. on entry xr points
    to ending message or is zero if message printed already.
stopr
                              stgo1
if.\mathbf{csax}
                                          skip if sysax already called
        bze
                          xr,stpra
                                          call after execution proc
        jsr
                              sysax
                                          use the reserve memory
                       rsmem, dname
stpra
        add
else
        add
                       rsmem, dname
                                          use the reserve memory
fi
        bne
                  xr,=endms,stpr0
                                          skip if not normal end message
        bnz
                       exsts, stpr3
                                          skip if exec stats suppressed
        zer
                              erich
                                          clear errors to int.ch. flag
    look to see if an ending message is supplied
                                          eject printer
stpr0
        jsr
                             prtpg
                                          skip if no message
        bze
                          xr,stpr1
                                          print message
        jsr
                             prtst
    merge here if no message to print
stpr1
        jsr
                             prtis
                                          print blank line
if.\mathbf{csfn}
        bnz
                       gbcfl,stpr5
                                          if in garbage collection, skip
                         =stpm7,xr
                                          point to message /in file xxx/
        mov
        jsr
                             prtst
                                          print it
                                          set column offset
        mov
                      =prtmf,profs
                          kvstn,wc
                                          get statement number
        mov
                             filnm
                                          get file name
        isr
                             xl,xr
                                          prepare to print
        mov
        jsr
                             prtst
                                          print file name
        jsr
                             prtis
                                          print to interactive channel
fi
if.csln
if.csfn
else
        \mathbf{bnz}
                       gbcfl,stpr5
                                          if in garbage collection, skip
fi
                                          get code pointer
        mov
                          r$cod,xr
        mti
                         cdsln(xr)
                                          get source line number
        mov
                         =stpm6,xr
                                          point to message /in line xxx/
        jsr
                             prtmx
                                          print it
fi
stpr5
                                          get statement number
        mti
                             kvstn
        mov
                         =stpm1,xr
                                          point to message /in statement xxx/
        jsr
                             prtmx
                                          print it
                              systm
                                          get current time
        jsr
        sbi
                                          minus start time = elapsed exec tim
                             timsx
        sti
                                          save for later
                              stpti
                                          point to msg /execution time msec /
        mov
                         =stpm3,xr
        jsr
                             prtmx
                                          print it
        ldi
                             kvstl
                                          get statement limit
        ilt
                              stpr2
                                          skip if negative
```

```
\mathbf{sbi}
                                                 minus counter = course count
                                  kvstc
         sti
                                                 save
                                  stpsi
                              stmcs,wa
                                                 refine with counter start value
         mov
                              stmct,wa
                                                 minus current counter
         \operatorname{sub}
                                                 convert to integer
         \mathbf{mti}
                                      wa
         adi
                                  stpsi
                                                 add in course count
         \mathbf{sti}
                                  stpsi
                             =stpm2,xr
                                                 point to message /stmts executed/
         \mathbf{mov}
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                  prtmx
                                                 print it
if.\mathbf{ctmd}
else
         ldi
                                                 reload elapsed time
                                  stpti
         mli
                                  intth
                                                 *1000 (microsecs)
                                                 jump if we cannot compute
         iov
                                  stpr2
          dvi
                                  stpsi
                                                 divide by statement count
                                                 jump if overflow
         iov
                                  stpr2
                             =stpm4,xr
                                                 point to msg (mcsec per statement /
         mov
         jsr
                                  prtmx
fi
```

```
stopr (continued)
    merge to skip message (overflow or negative stlimit)
                                          load count of collections
stpr2
       {f mti}
                             gbcnt
                        =stpm5,xr
                                          point to message /regenerations /
        mov
        jsr
                             prtmx
                                          print it
                             prtmm
                                          print memory usage
        jsr
                             prtis
                                          one more blank for luck
        jsr
    check if dump requested
if .cnpf
stpr3
                         kvdmp,xr
                                          load dump keyword
        mov
else
                                          print profile if wanted
stpr3
                             prflr
        jsr
                                          load dump keyword
        mov
                         kvdmp,xr
fi
        \mathbf{jsr}
                             dumpr
                                          execute dump if requested
        mov
                         r$fcb,xl
                                          get fcblk chain head
        mov
                         kvabe, wa
                                          load abend value
                                          load code value
        mov
                         kvcod, wb
                             sysej
                                          exit to system
        jsr
if .cera
    here after sysea call and suppressing error msg print
stpr4
        rtn
                             sysej
        add
                                          use the reserve memory
                      rsmem, dname
        bze
                      exsts,stpr1
                                          if execution stats requested
        brn
                                          check if dump or profile needed
                             stpr3
fi
```

succp -- signal successful match of a pattern node see pattern match routines for details (xr)current node (wb) current cursor (x1) may be non-collectable brn succp signal successful pattern match succp continues by matching the successor node succp rtn stpr3 load successor node mov pthen(xr),xr

mov (xr),xl load successor node

mov (xr),xl load node code entry address

bri xl jump to match successor node

sysab -- print /abnormal end/ and terminate
sysab rtn xl
mov =endab,xr point to message
mov =num01,kvabe set abend flag
jsr prtnl skip to new line
brn stopr jump to pack up

systu -- print /time up/ and terminate

J		. 1	
systu	${f rtn}$	stopr	
	mov	=endtu,xr	point to message
	mov	strtu,wa	get chars /tu/
	mov	wa,kvcod	put in kvcod
	mov	timup,wa	check state of timeup switch
	\mathbf{mnz}	timup	set switch
	\mathbf{bnz}	wa,stopr	stop run if already set
	erb	245, translation/	time expired

spitbol—utility procedures

the following section contains procedures which are used for various purposes throughout the system. each procedure is preceded by a description of the calling sequence. usually the arguments are in registers but arguments can also occur on the stack and as parameters assembled after the jsr instruction. the following considerations apply to these descriptions.

- the stack pointer (xs) is not changed unless the change is explicitly documented in the call.
- 2) registers whose entry values are not mentioned may contain any value except that xl,xr may only contain proper (collectable) pointer values. this condition on means that the called routine may if it chooses preserve xl,xr by stacking.
- 3) registers not mentioned on exit contain the same values as they did on entry except that values in xr,xl may have been relocated by the collector.
- 4) registers which are destroyed on exit may contain any value except that values in xl,xr are proper (collectable) pointers.
- 5) the code pointer register points to the current code location on entry and is unchanged on exit. in the above description, a collectable pointer is one which either points outside the dynamic region or points to the start of a block in the dynamic region. in those cases where the calling sequence contains parameters which are used as alternate return points, these parameters may be replaced by error codes assembled with the err instruction. this will result in the posting of the error if the return is taken. the procedures all have names consisting of five letters and are in alphabetical order by their names.

acess - access variable value with trace/input checks acess loads the value of a variable. trace and input associations are tested for and executed as required. acess also handles the special cases of pseudo-variables.

(x1)variable name base(wa)variable name offsetjsr acesscall to access value

ppm loc transfer loc if access failure

(xr)variable value(wa,wb,wc)destroyed(xl,ra)destroyed

failure can occur if an input association causes an end of file condition or if the evaluation of an expression associated with an expression variable fails.

acess prc r,1 entry point (recursive)

mov xl,xr copy name base

add wa,xr point to variable location

mov (xr),xr load variable value

loop here to check for successive trblks

acs02 bne (xr),=b\$trt,acs1 jump if not trapped

here if trapped

beq xr,=trbkv,acs12 jump if keyword variable
bne xr,=trbev,acs05 jump if not expression variable

here for expression variable, evaluate variable

movevexp(x1),xrload expression pointerzerwbevaluate by valuejsrevalxevaluate expressionppmacs04jump if evaluation failurebrnacs02check value for more trblks

```
acess (continued)
    here on reading end of file
acs03
        add
                         *num03,xs
                                          pop trblk ptr, name base and offset
                                          pop unused scblk
        mov
                          xr,dnamp
    merge here when evaluation of expression fails
        exi
                                          take alternate (failure) return
acs04
    here if not keyword or expression variable
acs05
                                          load trap type code
        mov
                     trtyp(xr),wb
        bnz
                          wb,acs10
                                          jump if not input association
                                          ignore input assoc if input is off
        bze
                      kvinp,acs09
    here for input association
                          xl,-(xs)
                                          stack name base
        mov
                                          stack name offset
        mov
                          wa,-(xs)
                          xr,-(xs)
                                          stack trblk pointer
        mov
                      kvtrm,actrm
                                          temp to hold trim keyword
        mov
        mov
                      trfpt(xr),xl
                                          get file ctrl blk ptr or zero
                          xl,acs06
                                          jump if not standard input file
        bnz
                                          jump if terminal
        beq
                 trter(xr),=v$ter
    here to read from standard input file
                                          length for read buffer
        mov
                          cswin,wa
                             alocs
        jsr
                                          build string of appropriate length
        jsr
                              sysrd
                                          read next standard input image
                                          jump to fail exit if end of file
                             acs03
        ppm
        brn
                             acs07
                                          else merge with other file case
    here for input from other than standard input file
acs06
        mov
                             xl,wa
                                          fcblk ptr
        jsr
                             sysil
                                          get input record max length (to wa)
        bnz
                          wc,acs6a
                                          jump if not binary file
                                          disable trim for binary file
                          wc,actrm
        mov
                                          allocate string of correct size
acs6a
        isr
                             alocs
        mov
                             xl,wa
                                          fcblk ptr
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                             sysin
                                          call system input routine
                                          jump to fail exit if end of file
                             acs03
        ppm
                             acs22
                                          error
        ppm
                              acs23
                                          error
        ppm
```

acess (continued)

merge	here	after	obtaining	input	record

шст	gc nci	c arter obtaining input	100014		
acs07	\mathbf{mov}	actrm, wb	load trim indicator		
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	trimr	trim record as required		
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,wb	copy result pointer		
	\mathbf{mov}	(xs),xr	reload pointer to trblk		
loop to chase to end of trblk ch			ain and store value		
acs08	\mathbf{mov}	xr,xl	save pointer to this trblk		
	mov	trnxt(xr),xr	load forward pointer		
	\mathbf{beq}	(xr),=b\$trt,acs0	loop if this is another trblk		
	mov	wb,trnxt(x1)	else store result at end of chain		
	mov	(xs)+,xr	restore initial trblk pointer		
	mov	(xs)+,wa	restore name offset		
	mov	(xs)+,xl	restore name base pointer		
come here to move to next trblk					
acs09	mov	trnxt(xr),xr	load forward ptr to next value		
	\mathbf{brn}	acs02	back to check if trapped		
here to check for access trace trblk					
acs10	\mathbf{bne}	wb,=trtac,acs09	loop back if not access trace		
	\mathbf{bze}	kvtra,acs09	ignore access trace if trace off		
	dcv	kvtra	else decrement trace count		
	\mathbf{bze}	trfnc(xr),acs11	jump if print trace		

```
acess (continued)
    here for full function trace
                                          call routine to execute trace
        jsr
        brn
                                          jump for next trblk
                             acs09
    here for case of print trace
                             prtsn
                                          print statement number
acs11
        jsr
        jsr
                             prtnv
                                          print name = value
        brn
                             acs09
                                          jump back for next trblk
    here for keyword variable
                     kvnum(x1),xr
                                          load keyword number
acs12
        mov
        bge
                  xr,=k$v$$,acs14
                                          jump if not one word value
                                          else load value as integer
        \mathbf{mti}
                         kvabe(xr)
    common exit with keyword value as integer in (ia)
                                          build icblk
                             icbld
acs13
        jsr
        brn
                             acs18
                                          jump to exit
    here if not one word keyword value
acs14
                  xr,=k$s$$,acs15
                                          jump if special case
        bge
                                          else get offset
        sub
                         =k$v$$,xr
        wtb
                                          convert to byte offset
                                 xr
        add
                                          point to pattern value
                         =ndabo,xr
                             acs18
        brn
                                          jump to exit
    here if special keyword case
                                          load rtntype in case
acs15
        mov
                          kvrtn,xl
        ldi
                             kvstl
                                          load stlimit in case
        sub
                         =k$s$$,xr
                                          get case number
        bsw
                          xr,k$$n$
                                          switch on keyword number
if.\mathbf{csfn}
        iff
                      k$$f1,acs26
                                          file
        iff
                                          lastfile
                      k$$1f,acs27
fi
if .culk
        iff
                      k$$1c,acs24
                                          lcase
        iff
                      k$$uc,acs25
                                          ucase
fi
        iff
                      k$$al,acs16
                                          jump if alphabet
        iff
                      k$$rt,acs17
                                          rtntype
        iff
                      k$$sc,acs19
                                          stcount
        iff
                      k$$sl,acs13
                                          stlimit
        iff
                      k$$et,acs20
                                          errtext
                                          end switch on keyword number
        \mathbf{esw}
```

```
acess (continued)
if.culk
    lcase
acs24
                                           load pointer to lease string
        mov
                         =lcase,xr
        brn
                              acs18
                                           common return
    ucase
acs25
                                           load pointer to ucase string
        mov
                         =ucase,xr
        brn
                                           common return
                              acs18
fi
if.\mathbf{csfn}
    file
acs26
        mov
                                           load current stmt number
                          kvstn,wc
        brn
                              acs28
                                           merge to obtain file name
    lastfile
acs27
        mov
                          kvlst,wc
                                           load last stmt number
    merge here to map statement number in wc to file name
                              filnm
                                           obtain file name for this stmt
acs28
        jsr
        brn
                              acs17
                                           merge to return string in xl
fi
    alphabet
acs16
        mov
                          kvalp,xl
                                           load pointer to alphabet string
    rtntype merges here
                                           copy string ptr to proper reg
acs17
                              xl,xr
        mov
    common return point
                                           return to acess caller
acs18
        exi
    here for stcount (ia has stlimit)
acs19
        ilt
                              acs29
                                           if counting suppressed
                                           refine with counter start value
        mov
                          stmcs, wa
        \mathbf{sub}
                                           minus current counter
                          stmct, wa
        mti
                                           convert to integer
                                 wa
        adi
                              kvstl
                                           add stlimit
acs29
        \mathbf{sbi}
                              kvstc
                                           stcount = limit - left
                                           merge back with integer result
        brn
                              acs13
    errtext
acs20
        mov
                          r$etx,xr
                                           get errtext string
        brn
                              acs18
                                           merge with result
    here to read a record from terminal
acs21
        mov
                         =rilen,wa
                                           buffer length
                                           allocate buffer
        jsr
                              alocs
                                           read record
                              sysri
        jsr
                              acs03
                                           endfile
        ppm
        brn
                              acs07
                                           merge with record read
    error returns
                                           pop unused scblk
        mov
                          xr,dnamp
acs22
        \operatorname{erb}
                 202, input from f
                                           caused non-recoverable error
acs23
                                           pop unused scblk
                          xr, dnamp
        mov
                                           has incorrect format
        \mathbf{erb}
                 203, input file r
                                           end procedure acess
        enp
```

```
acomp -- compare two arithmetic values
    1(xs)
                            first argument
    0(xs)
                            second argument
                            call to compare values
    jsr acomp
    ppm loc
                            transfer loc if arg1 is non-numeric
                            transfer loc if arg2 is non-numeric
    ppm loc
                            transfer loc for arg1 lt arg2
    ppm loc
                             transfer loc for arg1 eq arg2
    ppm loc
    ppm loc
                             transfer loc for arg1 gt arg2
    (normal return is never given)
    (wa,wb,wc,ia,ra)
                             destroyed
    (xl,xr)
                             destroyed
                               n,5
                                         entry point
acomp
        \operatorname{prc}
                             arith
                                         load arithmetic operands
        jsr
                             acmp7
                                         jump if first arg non-numeric
        ppm
        ppm
                             acmp8
                                         jump if second arg non-numeric
if.cnra
else
        \mathbf{ppm}
                             acmp4
                                         jump if real arguments
fi
    here for integer arguments
        \mathbf{sbi}
                        icval(x1)
                                         subtract to compare
        iov
                                         jump if overflow
                             acmp3
        ilt
                             acmp5
                                         else jump if arg1 lt arg2
                                         jump if arg1 eq arg2
        ieq
                             acmp2
    here if arg1 gt arg2
acmp1
       \mathbf{exi}
                                 5
                                         take gt exit
    here if arg1 eq arg2
                                         take eq exit
acmp2
       \mathbf{exi}
```

```
acomp (continued)
    here for integer overflow on subtract
acmp3 ldi
                         icval(x1)
                                          load second argument
        ilt
                             acmp1
                                          gt if negative
                                          else lt
        brn
                             acmp5
if.cnra
else
    here for real operands
acmp4 sbr
                        rcval(xl)
                                          subtract to compare
        \mathbf{rov}
                             acmp6
                                          jump if overflow
        \mathbf{rgt}
                             acmp1
                                          else jump if arg1 gt
                             acmp2
                                          jump if arg1 eq arg2
        req
fi
    here if arg1 lt arg2
acmp5
        exi
                                  3
                                          take lt exit
if.cnra
else
    here if overflow on real subtraction
acmp6 ldr
                        rcval(xl)
                                          reload arg2
                                          gt if negative
        \mathbf{rlt}
                             acmp1
                                          else lt
        \mathbf{brn}
                             acmp5
fi
    here if arg1 non-numeric
                                          take error exit
acmp7 exi
    here if arg2 non-numeric
acmp8
        exi
                                  2
                                          take error exit
        enp
                                          end procedure acomp
```

```
alloc
                             allocate block of dynamic storage
    (wa)
                             length required in bytes
    jsr alloc
                             call to allocate block
    (xr)
                             pointer to allocated block
    a possible alternative to aov ... and following stmt is -
    mov dname,xr . sub wa,xr . blo xr,dnamp,aloc2 .
         dnamp,xr .
    mov
                       add
                            wa.xr
alloc
        \mathbf{prc}
                               e,0
                                         entry point
    common exit point
                                         point to next available loc
aloc1
        mov
                         dnamp,xr
        aov
                      wa,xr,aloc2
                                         point past allocated block
                  xr,dname,aloc2
                                         jump if not enough room
        bgt
                                         store new pointer
        mov
                         xr, dnamp
                                         point back to start of allocated bk
        \mathbf{sub}
                             wa,xr
        exi
                                         return to caller
    here if insufficient room, try a garbage collection
                         wb,allsv
                                         save wb
aloc2
        mov
alc2a
        zer
                                         set no upward move for gbcol
                                         garbage collect
        jsr
                             gbcol
if.\mathbf{csed}
        mov
                             xr,wb
                                         remember new sediment size
fi
    see if room after gbcol or sysmm call
aloc3
                         dnamp,xr
                                         point to first available loc
        mov
                                         point past new block
        aov
                      wa,xr,alc3a
        blo
                  xr,dname,aloc4
                                         jump if there is room now
    failed again, see if we can get more core
                                         try to get more memory
alc3a
        jsr
                             sysmm
                                         convert to baus (sgd05)
        wtb
                                xr
        add
                                         bump ptr by amount obtained
                         xr, dname
        \mathbf{bnz}
                         xr,aloc3
                                         jump if got more core
if .csed
                                         jump if there was no sediment
        bze
                      dnams,alc3b
                             dnams
                                         try collecting the sediment
        zer
                                         try collecting the sediment
        brn
                             dnams
    sysmm failed and there was no sediment to collect
alc3b
        add
                      rsmem, dname
                                         get the reserve memory
else
        add
                      rsmem, dname
                                         get the reserve memory
fi
                                         only permissible once
        zer
                             rsmem
                                         fatal error
        icv
                             errft.
                                         fatal error
        erb
                             errft
```

her	re after	ollection		
aloc4	${f sti}$	allia	save ia	
$if.\mathbf{csed}$				
	\mathbf{mov}	wb,dnams	record new sediment size	
fi				
	mov	dname, wb	get dynamic end adrs	
	$\operatorname{\mathbf{sub}}$	\mathtt{dnamp} , wb	compute free store	
	\mathbf{btw}	wb	convert bytes to words	
	\mathbf{mti}	wb	put free store in ia	
	mli	alfsf	multiply by free store factor	
	iov	aloc5	jump if overflowed	
	\mathbf{mov}	dname, wb	dynamic end adrs	
	$\operatorname{\mathbf{sub}}$	dnamb, wb	compute total amount of dynamic	
	\mathbf{btw}	wb	convert to words	
	\mathbf{mov}	wb,aldyn	store it	
	${f sbi}$	aldyn	subtract from scaled up free store	
	\mathbf{igt}	aloc5	jump if sufficient free store	
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	sysmm	try to get more store	
	\mathbf{wtb}	xr	convert to baus (sgd05)	
	add	xr,dname	adjust dynamic end adrs	
merge to restore ia and wb				
aloc5	ldi	allia	recover ia	
	\mathbf{mov}	allsv,wb	restore wb	
	\mathbf{brn}	aloc1	jump back to exit	
	\mathbf{enp}		end procedure alloc	

```
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
    alobf -- allocate buffer
    this routines allocates a new buffer. as the bfblk
    and bcblk come in pairs, both are allocated here,
    and xr points to the bcblk on return. the bfblk
    and bcblk are set to the null buffer, and the idval
    is zero on return.
    (wa)
                             buffer size in characters
                             call to create buffer
    jsr alobf
    (xr)
                             bcblk ptr
    (wa,wb)
                             destroyed
alobf
        \mathbf{prc}
                                e,0
                                          entry point
        bgt
                   wa, kvmxl, alb01
                                          check for maxingth exceeded
        mov
                                          hang onto allocation size
                             wa,wb
        \operatorname{ctb}
                          wa,bfsi$
                                          get total block size
                         *bcsi$,wa
                                          add in allocation for bcblk
        add
                                          allocate frame
        jsr
                             alloc
                       =b$bct,(xr)
                                          set type
        mov
                                          no id vet
        zer
                         idval(xr)
                         bclen(xr)
                                          no defined length
        zer
                             xl,wa
                                          save xl
        mov
                             xr,xl
                                          copy bcblk ptr
        mov
                         *bcsi$,xl
                                          bias past partially built bcblk
        add
                      =b\$bft,(x1)
                                          set bfblk type word
        mov
        mov
                     wb,bfalc(xl)
                                          set allocated size
                     xl,bcbuf(xr)
                                          set pointer in bcblk
        mov
                         bfchr(xl)
                                          clear first word (null pad)
        zer
                                          restore entry xl
                             wa,xl
        mov
                                          return to caller
        exi
    here for mxlen exceeded
alb01
        \operatorname{erb}
                  273, buffer size
                                          value of maxlngth keyword
                                          end procedure alobf
        enp
```

```
fi
    alocs -- allocate string block
    alocs is used to build a frame for a string block into
    which the actual characters are placed by the caller.
    all strings are created with a call to alocs (the
    exceptions occur in trimr and s$rpl procedures).
                            length of string to be allocated
    (wa)
    jsr alocs
                            call to allocate scblk
    (xr)
                            pointer to resulting scblk
    (wa)
                            destroyed
    (wc)
                            character count (entry value of wa)
    the resulting scblk has the type word and the length
    filled in and the last word is cleared to zero characters
    to ensure correct right padding of the final word.
                               e,0
                                         entry point
alocs
        prc
        bgt
                  wa, kvmxl, alcs2
                                         jump if length exceeds maxlength
                                         else copy length
        mov
                            wa,wc
                                         compute length of scblk in bytes
        ctb
                         wa,scsi$
                                         point to next available location
                         dnamp,xr
        mov
        aov
                      wa,xr,alcs0
                                         point past block
        blo
                  xr, dname, alcs1
                                         jump if there is room
    insufficient memory
                                         else clear garbage xr value
alcs0
        zer
                               xr
                                         and use standard allocator
        jsr
                            alloc
                                         point past end of block to merge
        add
                            wa,xr
    merge here with xr pointing beyond new block
                         xr, dnamp
                                         set updated storage pointer
alcs1
        mov
                                         store zero chars in last word
        zer
                            -(xr)
                                         decrement length
        dca
                               wa
                                         point back to start of block
        \mathbf{sub}
                            wa,xr
        mov
                      =b\$scl,(xr)
                                         set type word
        mov
                    wc,sclen(xr)
                                         store length in chars
                                         return to alocs caller
        exi
    come here if string is too long
alcs2
        \mathbf{erb}
                205, string lengt
                                         exceeds value of maxingth keyword
                                         end procedure alocs
        enp
```

```
alost -- allocate space in static region
    (wa)
                            length required in bytes
    jsr alost
                            call to allocate space
    (xr)
                            pointer to allocated block
    (wb)
                            destroyed
    note that the coding ensures that the resulting value
    of state is always less than dnamb. this fact is used
    in testing a variable name for being in the static region
alost
        prc
                               e,0
                                         entry point
    merge back here after allocating new chunk
alst1
        mov
                         state,xr
                                         point to current end of area
        aov
                      wa,xr,alst2
                                         point beyond proposed block
                                         jump if overlap with dynamic area
        bge
                  xr,dnamb,alst2
                                         else store new pointer
        \mathbf{mov}
                         xr, state
        \mathbf{sub}
                                         point back to start of block
                            wa,xr
        exi
                                         return to alost caller
    here if no room, prepare to move dynamic storage up
alst2
                         wa,alsta
                                         save wa
                 wa, *e$sts, alst3
                                         skip if requested chunk is large
        bge
                                         else set to get large enough chunk
        mov
                        *e$sts,wa
    here with amount to move up in wa
                            alloc
                                         allocate block to ensure room
        jsr
                                         and delete it
        mov
                         xr, dnamp
                            wa,wb
                                         copy move up amount
        mov
                                         call gbcol to move dynamic area up
        jsr
                            gbcol
if.\mathbf{csed}
        mov
                         xr,dnams
                                         remember new sediment size
fi
                                         restore wa
                         alsta, wa
        \mathbf{mov}
                                         loop back to try again
        brn
                            alst1
        enp
                                         end procedure alost
```

```
if.cnbf
else
    apndb -- append string to buffer
    this routine is used by buffer handling routines to
    append data to an existing bfblk.
    (xr)
                           existing bcblk to be appended
    (x1)
                           convertable to string
                           call to append to buffer
    jsr apndb
   ppm loc
                           thread if (x1) cant be converted
   ppm loc
                           if not enough room
    (wa,wb)
                           destroyed
    if more characters are specified than can be inserted,
    then no action is taken and the second return is taken.
                                       entry point
apndb
       prc
                             e,2
        mov
                    bclen(xr),wa
                                       load offset to insert
        zer
                              wb
                                       replace section is null
                           insbf
                                       call to insert at end
       jsr
                           apn01
                                       convert error
       ppm
                           apn02
                                       no room
        ppm
                                       return to caller
        exi
   here to take convert failure exit
apn01 exi
                                       return to caller alternate
   here for no fit exit
                                       alternate exit to caller
apn02
       exi
                                       end procedure apndb
        enp
```

```
fi
   arith -- fetch arithmetic operands
   arith is used by functions and operators which expect
   two numeric arguments (operands) which must both be
    integer or both be real. arith fetches two arguments from
    the stack and performs any necessary conversions.
    1(xs)
                          first argument (left operand)
    0(xs)
                          second argument (right operand)
    jsr arith
                          call to fetch numeric arguments
                          transfer loc for opnd 1 non-numeric
   ppm loc
   ppm loc
                          transfer loc for opnd 2 non-numeric
if.cnra
else
                          transfer loc for real operands
   ppm loc
fi
    for integer args, control returns past the parameters
    (ia)
                          left operand value
    (xr)
                          ptr to icblk for left operand
    (x1)
                          ptr to icblk for right operand
    (xs)
                          popped twice
    (wa,wb,ra)
                          destroyed
if .cnra
else
    for real arguments, control returns to the location
    specified by the third parameter.
    (ra)
                          left operand value
    (xr)
                          ptr to rcblk for left operand
    (x1)
                          ptr to rcblk for right operand
    (wa,wb,wc)
                          destroyed
    (xs)
                          popped twice
fi
```

```
arith (continued)
    entry point
if .cnra
arith
                                          entry point
        prc
                               n,2
else
arith
                               n,3
                                          entry point
        prc
fi
                          (xs)+,xl
                                          load right operand
        mov
        mov
                          (xs)+,xr
                                          load left operand
                           (xl), wa
                                          get right operand type word
        mov
        beq
                  wa,=b$icl,arth1
                                          jump if integer
if.cnra
else
                  wa,=b$rcl,arth4
                                          jump if real
        beq
fi
                                          else replace left arg on stack
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                             xl,xr
                                          copy left arg pointer
        mov
                                          convert to numeric
        isr
                             gtnum
                             arth6
                                          jump if unconvertible
        ppm
                                          else copy converted result
        mov
                             xr,xl
        mov
                           (xl),wa
                                          get right operand type word
        mov
                          (xs)+,xr
                                          reload left argument
if.cnra
else
                                          jump if right arg is real
        beq
                  wa,=b$rcl,arth4
fi
    here if right arg is an integer
                 (xr),=b$icl,arth
                                          jump if left arg not integer
arth1
        bne
    exit for integer case
        ldi
                        icval(xr)
                                          load left operand value
arth2
        exi
                                          return to arith caller
    here for right operand integer, left operand not
                                          convert left arg to numeric
arth3
        jsr
                             gtnum
                             arth7
                                          jump if not convertible
        ppm
                                          jump back if integer-integer
        beq
                  wa,=b$icl,arth2
if .cnra
else
    here we must convert real-integer to real-real
                                          put left arg back on stack
        mov
                         xr,-(xs)
        ldi
                        icval(x1)
                                          load right argument value
        itr
                                          convert to real
        jsr
                             rcbld
                                          get real block for right arg, merge
                                          copy right arg ptr
        mov
                             xr,xl
                          (xs)+,xr
                                          load left argument
        mov
        brn
                             arth5
                                          merge for real-real case
```

arith (continued) here if right argument is real \mathbf{beq} jump if left arg real arth4 (xr),=b\$rcl,arth $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ else convert to real gtrea error if unconvertible ppm arth7 here for real-real ldr load left operand value arth5 rcval(xr) take real-real exit exifi here for error converting right argument pop unwanted left arg arth6 ica take appropriate error exit exihere for error converting left operand take appropriate error return arth7 exi \mathbf{enp} end procedure arith

```
asign -- perform assignment
    asign performs the assignment of a value to a variable
    with appropriate checks for output associations and
    value trace associations which are executed as required.
    asign also handles the special cases of assignment to
    pattern and expression variables.
    (wb)
                            value to be assigned
    (x1)
                            base pointer for variable
    (wa)
                            offset for variable
    jsr asign
                            call to assign value to variable
    ppm loc
                            transfer loc for failure
    (xr,xl,wa,wb,wc)
                            destroyed
    (ra)
                            destroyed
    failure occurs if the evaluation of an expression
    associated with an expression variable fails.
asign
        prc
                              r,1
                                        entry point (recursive)
    merge back here to assign result to expression variable.
asg01
        add
                            wa,xl
                                        point to variable value
                          (x1), xr
                                        load variable value
        mov
        beq
                (xr),=b$trt,asg0
                                        jump if trapped
        mov
                          wb,(x1)
                                        else perform assignment
                                        clear garbage value in xl
        zer
                                        and return to asign caller
        exi
   here if value is trapped
                                        restore name base
asg02 sub
                            wa,xl
        beq
                 xr,=trbkv,asg14
                                        jump if keyword variable
        bne
                 xr,=trbev,asg04
                                        jump if not expression variable
    here for assignment to expression variable
                    evexp(x1),xr
                                        point to expression
        mov
        mov
                         wb,-(xs)
                                        store value to assign on stack
        mov
                       =num01,wb
                                        set for evaluation by name
                            evalx
                                        evaluate expression by name
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                            asg03
                                        jump if evaluation fails
        ppm
                         (xs)+,wb
                                        else reload value to assign
        mov
        brn
                            asg01
                                        loop back to perform assignment
```

asign (continued) here for failure during expression evaluation remove stacked value entry asg03 ica xs exitake failure exit 1 here if not keyword or expression variable xr,-(xs)save ptr to first trblk asg04 mov loop to chase down trblk chain and assign value at end save ptr to this trblk asg05 mov xr,wc mov trnxt(xr),xr point to next trblk loop back if another trblk beq (xr),=b\$trt,asg0 mov wc,xr else point back to last trblk store value at end of chain wb,trval(xr) movrestore ptr to first trblk mov (xs)+,xrloop to process trblk entries on chain mov trtyp(xr),wb load type code of trblk asg06 beq wb,=trtvl,asg08 jump if value trace jump if output association beq wb,=trtou,asg10 here to move to next trblk on chain point to next trblk on chain asg07 trnxt(xr),xr mov loop back if another trblk beq (xr),=b\$trt,asg0 exielse end of chain, return to caller here to process value trace ignore value trace if trace off bze kvtra,asg07 asg08 dcvkvtra else decrement trace count jump if print trace bze trfnc(xr),asg09 jsr trxeq else execute function trace brnasg07 and loop back

```
asign (continued)
    here for print trace
asg09
        jsr
                             prtsn
                                          print statement number
        jsr
                                          print name = value
                             prtnv
        brn
                             asg07
                                          loop back for next trblk
    here for output association
                      kvoup,asg07
                                          ignore output assoc if output off
asg10
        bze
asg1b
        mov
                             xr,xl
                                          copy trblk pointer
        mov
                     trnxt(xr),xr
                                          point to next trblk
                                          loop back if another trblk
        beq
                 (xr),=b$trt,asg1
        mov
                             xl,xr
                                          else point back to last trblk
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
        mov
                  trval(xr),-(xs)
                                          stack value to output
else
                     trval(xr),xr
                                          get value to output
        mov
        beq
                 (xr),=b$bct,asg1
                                          branch if buffer
                          xr,-(xs)
                                          stack value to output
        mov
fi
        jsr
                                          convert to string
                             gtstg
        ppm
                             asg12
                                          get datatype name if unconvertible
    merge with string or buffer to output in xr
        mov
                     trfpt(x1),wa
                                          fcblk ptr
asg11
                                          jump if standard output file
        bze
                          wa,asg13
    here for output to file
asg1a
        jsr
                             sysou
                                          call system output routine
        err
                 206, output cause
                                          file overflow
                 207, output cause
                                          non-recoverable error
        \mathbf{err}
                                          else all done, return to caller
        exi
    if not printable, get datatype name instead
asg12
        jsr
                             dtype
                                          call datatype routine
                             asg11
                                          merge
    here to print a string to standard output or terminal
if .csou
        beq
                 trter(x1),=v$ter
                                          jump if terminal output
asg13
        icv
                                          signal standard output
        brn
                                          use sysou to perform output
                             asg1a
else
if.cnbf
asg13
        jsr
                                          print string value
                             prtst
else
                 (xr),=b$bct,asg1
                                          branch if not buffer
asg13
        bne
                          xr,-(xs)
                                          stack buffer
        mov
                                          convert to string
        jsr
                             gtstg
                                          always succeeds
        ppm
asg1c
        jsr
                             prtst
                                          print string value
fi
                                          jump if terminal output
        beq
                trter(x1),=v$ter
                                          end of line
        jsr
                             prtnl
        exi
                                          return to caller
fi
```

```
asign (continued)
    here for keyword assignment
asg14
        mov
                     kvnum(x1),x1
                                           load keyword number
        beq
                  xl,=k$etx,asg19
                                           jump if errtext
                              wb,xr
                                           copy value to be assigned
        mov
        jsr
                              gtint
                                           convert to integer
                 208, keyword valu
                                           assigned is not integer
        \mathbf{err}
        ldi
                         icval(xr)
                                           else load value
                  xl,=k$stl,asg16
                                           jump if special case of stlimit
        beq
        mfi
                          wa,asg18
                                           else get addr integer, test ovflow
                                           fail if too large
        bgt
                   wa, mxlen, asg18
        beq
                  xl,=k$ert,asg17
                                           jump if special case of errtype
if .cnpf
else
                                           jump if special case of profile
        beq
                  x1,=k$pfl,asg21
fi
        beq
                  x1,=k$mx1,asg24
                                           jump if special case of maxlngth
        beq
                  x1,=k$fls,asg26
                                           jump if special case of fullscan
        blt
                  x1,=k$p$$,asg15
                                           jump unless protected
                 209, keyword in a
                                           is protected
        \mathbf{erb}
    here to do assignment if not protected
                     wa, kvabe(x1)
                                           store new value
asg15
        mov
                                           return to asign caller
        exi
    here for special case of stlimit
    since stcount is maintained as (stlimit-stcount)
    it is also necessary to modify stcount appropriately.
                                           subtract old limit
asg16
        sbi
                              kvstl
                                           add old counter
        adi
                              kvstc
        sti
                              kvstc
                                           store course counter value
        ldi
                                           check if counting suppressed
                              kvstl
        ilt
                              asg25
                                           do not refine if so
                                           refine with counter breakout
        mov
                          stmcs, wa
        sub
                                           values
                          stmct, wa
        mti
                                           convert to integer
                                 พล
                                           current-start value
        ngi
                                           add in course counter value
        adi
                              kvstc
        \mathbf{sti}
                                           save refined value
                              kvstc
        ldi
                         icval(xr)
                                           reload new limit value
asg25
                                           store new limit value
        sti
                              kvstl
                                           recompute countdown counters
        jsr
                              stgcc
        exi
                                           return to asign caller
    here for special case of errtype
asg17
       ble
                  wa,=nini9,error
                                           ok to signal if in range
    here if value assigned is out of range
                                           assigned is negative or too large
        \mathbf{erb}
                 210, keyword valu
    here for special case of errtext
asg19
        mov
                          wb,-(xs)
                                           stack value
                                           convert to string
        jsr
                              gtstg
                 211, value assign
                                           to keyword errtext not a string
        err
                          xr,r$etx
                                           make assignment
        mov
                                           return to caller
        exi
if .csou
else
```

```
print string to terminal
asg20
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                                print
                                 prttr
         exi
                                                return
fi
if.cnpf
else
    here for keyword profile
                    wa,=num02,asg18
                                                moan if not 0,1, or 2
asg21
         \mathbf{bgt}
         bze
                              wa,asg15
                                                just assign if zero
                                                branch if first assignment
         bze
                          pfdmp,asg22
         \mathbf{beq}
                      wa,pfdmp,asg23
                                                also if same value as before
         \mathbf{erb}
                                                value assigned to keyword profile
                   268, inconsistent
                                                note value on first assignment
asg22
         mov
                              wa,pfdmp
asg23
         mov
                              wa,kvpfl
                                                store new value
         \mathbf{jsr}
                                  stgcc
                                                recompute countdown counts
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                  systm
                                                get the time
         sti
                                  pfstm
                                                fudge some kind of start time
         exi
                                                return to asign caller
fi
    here for keyword maxlngth
asg24
         bge
                    wa,=mnlen,asg15
                                                if acceptable value
         \operatorname{erb}
                   287, value assign
                                                to keyword maxlngth is too small
    here for keyword fullscan
                              wa,asg15
asg26
         \mathbf{bnz}
                                                if acceptable value
         \operatorname{erb}
                   274, value assign
                                                to keyword fullscan is zero
         enp
                                                end procedure asign
```

```
asinp -- assign during pattern match
    asinp is like asign and has a similar calling sequence
    and effect. the difference is that the global pattern
    variables are saved and restored if required.
    (x1)
                             base pointer for variable
    (wa)
                             offset for variable
    (wb)
                             value to be assigned
                             call to assign value to variable
    jsr asinp
    ppm loc
                             transfer loc if failure
    (xr,xl)
                             destroyed
    (wa,wb,wc,ra)
                             destroyed
                               r,1
                                         entry point, recursive
asinp
        prc
                                         point to variable
        add
                             wa,xl
                           (x1), xr
                                         load current contents
        mov
                (xr),=b$trt,asnp
                                         jump if trapped
        beq
        mov
                          wb,(x1)
                                         else perform assignment
                                         clear garbage value in xl
        zer
        exi
                                         return to asinp caller
    here if variable is trapped
asnp1
        \mathbf{sub}
                             wa,xl
                                         restore base pointer
        mov
                      pmssl,-(xs)
                                         stack subject string length
        mov
                      pmhbs, -(xs)
                                         stack history stack base ptr
                      r$pms,-(xs)
                                         stack subject string pointer
        mov
                      pmdfl,-(xs)
                                         stack dot flag
        mov
                                         call full-blown assignment routine
        jsr
                             asign
        ppm
                             asnp2
                                         jump if failure
                      (xs)+,pmdfl
                                         restore dot flag
        mov
                      (xs)+,rpms
                                         restore subject string pointer
        mov
                      (xs)+,pmhbs
                                         restore history stack base pointer
        mov
        mov
                      (xs)+,pmssl
                                         restore subject string length
        exi
                                         return to asinp caller
    here if failure in asign call
asnp2
        mov
                      (xs)+,pmdfl
                                         restore dot flag
                      (xs)+,rpms
                                         restore subject string pointer
        mov
        mov
                      (xs)+,pmhbs
                                         restore history stack base pointer
                      (xs)+,pmssl
                                         restore subject string length
        mov
        exi
                                         take failure exit
                                         end procedure asinp
        enp
```

```
blkln -- determine length of block
    blkln determines the length of a block in dynamic store.
    (wa)
                             first word of block
    (xr)
                             pointer to block
    jsr blkln
                             call to get block length
    (wa)
                             length of block in bytes
    (x1)
                             destroyed
    blkln is used by the garbage collector and is not
    permitted to call gbcol directly or indirectly.
    the first word stored in the block (i.e. at xr) may
    be anything, but the contents of wa must be correct.
blkln
        \operatorname{prc}
                               e,0
                                          entry point
        mov
                                          copy first word
                             wa,xl
        lei
                                xl
                                          get entry id (bl$xx)
        bsw
                   x1,b1$$$,bln00
                                          switch on block type
        iff
                      bl$ar,bln01
                                          arblk
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
        iff
                      bl$bc,bln04
                                          bcblk
        iff
                      bl$bf,bln11
                                          bfblk
fi
if.csln
        iff
                      bl$cd,bln12
                                          cdblk
else
        iff
                                          cdblk
                      bl$cd,bln01
fi
        iff
                      bl$df,bln01
                                          dfblk
        iff
                      bl$ef,bln01
                                          efblk
if.\mathbf{csln}
        iff
                                          exblk
                      bl$ex,bln12
else
        iff
                      bl$ex,bln01
                                          exblk
fi
        iff
                      bl$pf,bln01
                                          pfblk
        iff
                      bl$tb,bln01
                                          tbblk
        iff
                      bl$vc,bln01
                                          vcblk
        iff
                      bl$ev,bln03
                                          evblk
        iff
                      bl$kv,bln03
                                          kvblk
        iff
                      b1$p0,b1n02
                                          p0blk
        iff
                                          seblk
                      bl$se,bln02
        iff
                      bl$nm,bln03
                                          nmblk
        iff
                      bl$p1,bln03
                                          p1blk
        iff
                      bl$p2,bln04
                                          p2blk
        iff
                                          teblk
                      bl$te,bln04
        iff
                      bl$ff,bln05
                                          ffblk
                                          trblk
        iff
                      bl$tr,bln05
        iff
                      bl$ct,bln06
                                          ctblk
        iff
                      bl$ic,bln07
                                          icblk
        iff
                                          pdblk
                      bl$pd,bln08
if .cnra
else
        iff
                      bl$rc,bln09
                                          rcblk
fi
```

 $\begin{array}{lll} \textbf{iff} & & \texttt{bl\$sc,bln10} & & \text{scblk} \\ \textbf{esw} & & & \text{end of jump table on block type} \end{array}$

blkln (continued)

here for blocks with length in second word bln00 mov num01(xr), wa load length

oration in the industry, was not length

exi return to blkln caller

here for length in third word (ar,cd,df,ef,ex,pf,tb,vc) bln01 mov num02(xr),wa load length from third word

exi return to blkln caller

here for two word blocks (p0,se)

bln02 mov *num02,wa load length (two words)

exi return to blkln caller

here for three word blocks (nm,p1,ev,kv)

bln03 mov *num03,wa load length (three words)

exi return to blkln caller

here for four word blocks (p2,te,bc)

exi return to blkln caller

here for five word blocks (ff,tr)

bln05 mov *num05,wa load length

exi return to blkln caller

```
blkln (continued)
    here for ctblk
bln06
                                          set size of ctblk
       mov
                         *ctsi$,wa
        exi
                                          return to blkln caller
    here for icblk
bln07
                        *icsi$,wa
                                          set size of icblk
        mov
        exi
                                          return to blkln caller
    here for pdblk
bln08
        mov
                     pddfp(xr),xl
                                          point to dfblk
                     dfpdl(xl),wa
                                          load pdblk length from dfblk
        mov
        exi
                                          return to blkln caller
if.cnra
else
    here for rcblk
bln09
        mov
                         *rcsi$,wa
                                          set size of rcblk
                                          return to blkln caller
        exi
fi
    here for scblk
                                          load length in characters
bln10
        mov
                     sclen(xr),wa
                                          calculate length in bytes
        ctb
                          wa,scsi$
        exi
                                          return to blkln caller
if.cnbf
else
    here for bfblk
bln11
                     bfalc(xr),wa
                                          get allocation in bytes
        mov
        ctb
                          wa,bfsi$
                                          calculate length in bytes
        exi
                                          return to blkln caller
fi
if.csln
    here for length in fourth word (cd,ex)
                                          load length from cdlen/exlen
bln12
        mov
                     num03(xr),wa
        exi
                                          return to blkln caller
fi
                                          end procedure blkln
        enp
```

```
copyb -- copy a block
                            block to be copied
    (xs)
    jsr copyb
                            call to copy block
                            return if block has no idval field
    ppm loc
                            normal return if idval field
    (xr)
                            copy of block
    (xs)
                            popped
                            destroyed
    (xl,wa,wb,wc)
copyb
        prc
                              n,1
                                        entry point
                                        load argument
        mov
                          (xs), xr
        beq
                 xr,=nulls,cop10
                                        return argument if it is null
                          (xr), wa
                                        else load type word
        mov
                            wa,wb
                                        copy type word
        mov
                                        get length of argument block
        jsr
                            blkln
                            xr,xl
                                        copy pointer
        mov
                            alloc
                                        allocate block of same size
        jsr
                          xr,(xs)
                                        store pointer to copy
        mov
                                        copy contents of old block to new
        mvw
                                        clear garbage xl
                               xl
        zer
        mov
                          (xs), xr
                                        reload pointer to start of copy
        beq
                 wb,=b$tbt,cop05
                                        jump if table
                 wb,=b$vct,cop01
                                        jump if vector
        beq
                 wb,=b$pdt,cop01
                                        jump if program defined
        beq
if .cnbf
else
        beq
                 wb,=b$bct,cop11
                                        jump if buffer
fi
        bne
                 wb,=b$art,cop10
                                        return copy if not array
    here for array (arblk)
        add
                    arofs(xr),xr
                                        point to prototype field
        brn
                            cop02
                                        jump to merge
    here for vector, program defined
        add
                        *pdfld,xr
                                        point to pdfld = vcvls
    merge here for arblk, vcblk, pdblk to delete trap
    blocks from all value fields (the copy is untrapped)
       mov
                          (xr),xl
                                        load next pointer
cop02
    loop to get value at end of trblk chain
cop03
        bne
                (x1),=b$trt,cop0
                                        jump if not trapped
        mov
                    trval(x1),x1
                                        else point to next value
        brn
                            cop03
                                        and loop back
```

```
copyb (continued)
    here with untrapped value in xl
cop04
        mov
                          xl,(xr)+
                                          store real value, bump pointer
                                          loop back if more to go
        bne
                   xr,dnamp,cop02
        brn
                              сор09
                                          else jump to exit
    here to copy a table
cop05
                         idval(xr)
                                          zero id to stop dump blowing up
        zer
                                          set size of teblk
        mov
                         *tesi$,wa
        mov
                         *tbbuk,wc
                                          set initial offset
    loop through buckets in table
cop06
        mov
                           (xs), xr
                                          load table pointer
                                          jump to exit if all done
        beq
                 wc,tblen(xr),cop
                                          else copy offset
        mov
                             wc,wb
                         *tenxt,wb
                                          subtract link offset to merge
        \mathbf{sub}
        add
                             wb,xr
                                          next bucket header less link offset
        ica
                                 WC
                                          bump offset
    loop through teblks on one chain
                                          load pointer to next teblk
        mov
                     tenxt(xr),xl
                   (xs),tenxt(xr)
                                          set end of chain pointer in case
        mov
                                          back for next bucket if chain end
        beq
                 (x1),=b$tbt,cop0
        \operatorname{sub}
                             wb,xr
                                          point to head of previous block
                          xr,-(xs)
                                          stack ptr to previous block
        mov
                         *tesi$,wa
                                          set size of teblk
        mov
                             alloc
                                          allocate new teblk
        jsr
                                          stack ptr to new teblk
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
        mvw
                                          copy old teblk to new teblk
                          (xs)+,xr
                                          restore pointer to new teblk
        mov
                          (xs)+,xl
                                          restore pointer to previous block
        mov
                                          add offset back in
                             wb,xl
        add
                                          link new block to previous
        mov
                     xr,tenxt(xl)
        mov
                             xr,xl
                                          copy pointer to new block
    loop to set real value after removing trap chain
cop08
        mov
                     teval(x1),x1
                                          load value
                                          loop back if trapped
                 (x1),=b$trt,cop0
        beq
        mov
                     xl, teval(xr)
                                          store untrapped value in teblk
                                          zero offset within teblk
        zer
                                 wb
        brn
                              cop07
                                          back for next teblk
    common exit point
cop09
        mov
                          (xs)+,xr
                                          load pointer to block
                                          return
        exi
    alternative return
cop10
        exi
                                  1
                                          return
```

```
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
    here to copy buffer
                      bcbuf(xr),xl
                                           get bfblk ptr
        mov
cop11
        mov
                      bfalc(xl),wa
                                           get allocation
        \operatorname{\mathbf{ctb}}
                           wa,bfsi$
                                           set total size
                              xr,xl
                                           save bcblk ptr
        mov
                                           allocate bfblk
        jsr
                              alloc
        mov
                      bcbuf(x1),wb
                                           get old bfblk
                      xr,bcbuf(xl)
                                           set pointer to new bfblk
        \mathbf{mov}
        mov
                              wb,xl
                                           point to old bfblk
                                           copy bfblk too
        mvw
                                           clear rubbish ptr
                                  xl
        \mathbf{zer}
                                           branch to exit
                              cop09
        brn
fi
        enp
                                           end procedure copyb
    cdgcg -- generate code for complex goto
    used by cmpil to process complex goto tree
    (wb)
                              must be collectable
    (xr)
                              expression pointer
    jsr cdgcg
                              call to generate complex goto
    (xl,xr,wa)
                              destroyed
                                 e,0
                                           entry point
cdgcg
        \mathbf{prc}
        mov
                      cmopn(xr),xl
                                           get unary goto operator
                      cmrop(xr),xr
                                           point to goto operand
        mov
        beq
                  xl,=opdvd,cdgc2
                                           jump if direct goto
        jsr
                              cdgnm
                                           generate opnd by name if not direct
    return point
                              xl,wa
                                           goto operator
cdgc1
        mov
                              cdwrd
        jsr
                                           generate it
        exi
                                           return to caller
    direct goto
                                           generate operand by value
cdgc2
        jsr
                              cdgvl
        {\bf brn}
                              cdgc1
                                           merge to return
        enp
                                           end procedure cdgcg
```

```
cdgex -- build expression block
    cdgex is passed a pointer to an expression tree (see
    expan) and returns an expression (seblk or exblk).
if.cevb
    (wa)
                            0 if by value, 1 if by name
fi
    (wc)
                            some collectable value
    (wb)
                            integer in range 0 le x le mxlen
    (x1)
                            ptr to expression tree
    jsr cdgex
                            call to build expression
    (xr)
                            ptr to seblk or exblk
                            destroyed
    (xl,wa,wb)
                              r,0
                                        entry point, recursive
cdgex
       prc
        blo
                (x1),=b$vr$,cdgx
                                        jump if not variable
    here for natural variable, build seblk
        mov
                       *sesi$,wa
                                        set size of seblk
                                        allocate space for seblk
                            alloc
        jsr
        mov
                     =b$sel,(xr)
                                        set type word
                    xl,sevar(xr)
                                        store vrblk pointer
        mov
                                        return to cdgex caller
        exi
    here if not variable, build exblk
cdgx1
        mov
                            xl,xr
                                        copy tree pointer
                        wc,-(xs)
        mov
                                        save wc
        mov
                        cwcof,xl
                                        save current offset
if .cevb
        bze
                         wa,cdgx2
                                        jump if by value
fi
        mov
                          (xr),wa
                                        get type word
                 wa,=b$cmt,cdgx2
                                        call by value if not cmblk
        bne
                                        jump if cmblk only by value
        bge
                cmtyp(xr),=c$$nm
```

cdgex (continued)

here if expression can be evaluated by name

 $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ generate code by name cdgnm mov =ornm\$,wa load return by name word merge with value case \mathbf{brn} cdgx3 here if expression can only be evaluated by value cdgx2 jsr cdgvl generate code by value =orvl\$,wa load return by value word mov merge here to construct exblk cdgx3 jsrcdwrd generate return word

gx3 jsr cdwrd generate return word
jsr exbld build exblk
mov (xs)+,wc restore wc

 $\begin{array}{ll} \textbf{exi} & \text{return to cdgex caller} \\ \textbf{enp} & \text{end procedure cdgex} \end{array}$

```
cdgnm -- generate code by name
    cdgnm is called during the compilation process to
    generate code by name for an expression. see cdblk
    description for details of code generated. the input
    to cdgnm is an expression tree as generated by expan.
    cdgnm is a recursive procedure which proceeds by making
    recursive calls to generate code for operands.
    (wb)
                           integer in range 0 le n le dnamb
    (xr)
                           ptr to tree generated by expan
    (WC)
                           constant flag (see below)
    jsr cdgnm
                           call to generate code by name
    (xr,wa)
                           destroyed
    (wc)
                           set non-zero if non-constant
    wc is set to a non-zero (collectable) value if the
    expression for which code is generated cannot be
    evaluated at compile time, otherwise wc is unchanged.
    the code is generated in the current ccblk (see cdwrd).
cdgnm prc
                             r,0
                                       entry point, recursive
                        xl,-(xs)
                                       save entry xl
       mov
       mov
                        wb, -(xs)
                                       save entry wb
       chk
                                       check for stack overflow
       mov
                         (xr), wa
                                       load type word
                wa,=b$cmt,cgn04
                                       jump if cmblk
       beq
       bhi
                wa,=b$vr$,cgn02
                                       jump if simple variable
   merge here for operand yielding value (e.g. constant)
cgn01
      \operatorname{erb}
               212, syntax error
                                       value used where name is required
   here for natural variable reference
                                       load variable load call
cgn02
       mov
                       =olvn$,wa
                           cdwrd
                                       generate it
       jsr
                                       copy vrblk pointer
       mov
                           xr,wa
       jsr
                           cdwrd
                                       generate vrblk pointer
```

```
cdgnm (continued)
    here to exit with wc set correctly
cgn03
        mov
                         (xs)+,wb
                                         restore entry wb
                         (xs)+,xl
                                         restore entry xl
        mov
        exi
                                         return to cdgnm caller
    here for cmblk
cgn04
        mov
                            xr,xl
                                         copy cmblk pointer
                     cmtyp(xr),xr
                                         load cmblk type
        mov
        bge
                 xr,=c$nm,cgn01
                                         error if not name operand
        bsw
                         xr,c$$nm
                                         else switch on type
        iff
                      c$arr,cgn05
                                         array reference
        iff
                                         function call
                      c$fnc,cgn08
        iff
                                         deferred expression
                      c$def,cgn09
        iff
                                         indirect reference
                      c$ind,cgn10
        iff
                      c$key,cgn11
                                         keyword reference
        iff
                      c$ubo,cgn08
                                         undefined binary op
        iff
                      c$uuo,cgn08
                                         undefined unary op
        esw
                                         end switch on cmblk type
    here to generate code for array reference
cgn05
       mov
                        *cmopn,wb
                                         point to array operand
    loop to generate code for array operand and subscripts
cgn06
                             cmgen
                                         generate code for next operand
        jsr
                     cmlen(x1),wc
                                         load length of cmblk
        mov
        blt
                      wb,wc,cgn06
                                         loop till all generated
    generate appropriate array call
        mov
                        =oaon$,wa
                                         load one-subscript case call
        beq
                 wc,*cmar1,cgn07
                                         jump to exit if one subscript case
                        =oamn$,wa
                                         else load multi-subscript case call
        mov
                             cdwrd
                                         generate call
        jsr
                                         copy cmblk length
        mov
                             wc,wa
        btw
                                         convert to words
```

=cmvls,wa

sub

calculate number of subscripts

```
cdgnm (continued)
    here to exit generating word (non-constant)
        \mathbf{m}\mathbf{n}\mathbf{z}
cgn07
                                 WC
                                          set result non-constant
                                          generate word
        jsr
                              cdwrd
        brn
                              cgn03
                                          back to exit
    here to generate code for functions and undefined oprs
cgn08
                             xl,xr
                                          copy cmblk pointer
        mov
                                          gen code by value for call
        jsr
                              cdgvl
        mov
                         =ofne$,wa
                                          get extra call for by name
                                          back to generate and exit
        brn
                              cgn07
    here to generate code for defered expression
                                          check if variable
cgn09
        mov
                      cmrop(xl),xr
                                          treat *variable as simple var
        bhi
                 (xr),=b$vr$,cgn0
                              xr,xl
                                          copy ptr to expression tree
        mov
if .cevb
        mov
                         =num01,wa
                                          return name
fi
                                          else build exblk
        jsr
                              cdgex
                         =olex$,wa
                                          set call to load expr by name
        mov
        jsr
                              cdwrd
                                          generate it
        mov
                             xr,wa
                                          copy exblk pointer
        jsr
                              cdwrd
                                          generate exblk pointer
                                          back to exit
                              cgn03
        brn
    here to generate code for indirect reference
cgn10
        mov
                      cmrop(x1),xr
                                          get operand
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                              cdgvl
                                          generate code by value for it
        mov
                         =oinn$,wa
                                          load call for indirect by name
        brn
                              cgn12
                                          merge
    here to generate code for keyword reference
cgn11
        mov
                     cmrop(x1),xr
                                          get operand
        jsr
                              cdgnm
                                          generate code by name for it
        mov
                         =okwn$,wa
                                          load call for keyword by name
    keyword, indirect merge here
                              cdwrd
                                          generate code for operator
cgn12
        jsr
        brn
                              cgn03
                                          end procedure cdgnm
        enp
```

```
cdgvl -- generate code by value
    cdgvl is called during the compilation process to
    generate code by value for an expression. see cdblk
    description for details of the code generated. the input
    to cdgvl is an expression tree as generated by expan.
    cdgvl is a recursive procedure which proceeds by making
    recursive calls to generate code for operands.
    (wb)
                           integer in range 0 le n le dnamb
    (xr)
                           ptr to tree generated by expan
    (wc)
                           constant flag (see below)
    jsr cdgvl
                           call to generate code by value
    (xr,wa)
                           destroyed
    (wc)
                           set non-zero if non-constant
    wc is set to a non-zero (collectable) value if the
    expression for which code is generated cannot be
    evaluated at compile time, otherwise wc is unchanged.
    if wc is non-zero on entry, then preevaluation is not
    allowed regardless of the nature of the operand.
    the code is generated in the current ccblk (see cdwrd).
cdgvl
       prc
                             r,0
                                       entry point, recursive
       mov
                         (xr),wa
                                       load type word
       beq
                wa,=b$cmt,cgv01
                                       jump if cmblk
       blt
                wa,=b$vra,cgv00
                                       jump if icblk, rcblk, scblk
                                       jump if not system variable
       bnz
                vrlen(xr),cgvl0
                                       stack xr
       mov
                        xr,-(xs)
       mov
                   vrsvp(xr),xr
                                       point to svblk
                    svbit(xr),wa
                                       get svblk property bits
       \mathbf{mov}
       mov
                        (xs)+,xr
                                       recover xr
                                       check if constant keyword value
       anb
                        btkwv,wa
       beq
                 wa, btkwv, cgv00
                                       jump if constant keyword value
    here for variable value reference
cgv10
       mnz
                              WC
                                       indicate non-constant value
    merge here for simple constant (icblk,rcblk,scblk)
    and for variables corresponding to constant keywords.
cgv00
       mov
                                       copy ptr to var or constant
                           xr,wa
                           cdwrd
                                       generate as code word
       jsr
       exi
                                       return to caller
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
    here for tree node (cmblk)
cgv01
        mov
                          wb, -(xs)
                                          save entry wb
                         xl,-(xs)
                                          save entry xl
        mov
        mov
                          wc,-(xs)
                                          save entry constant flag
                      cwcof, -(xs)
                                          save initial code offset
        mov
        chk
                                          check for stack overflow
    prepare to generate code for cmblk. wc is set to the
    value of cswno (zero if -optimise, 1 if -noopt) to
    start with and is reset non-zero for any non-constant
    code generated. if it is still zero after generating all
    the cmblk code, then its value is computed as the result.
        mov
                             xr,xl
                                          copy cmblk pointer
                     cmtyp(xr),xr
                                          load cmblk type
        mov
                          cswno,wc
        mov
                                          reset constant flag
        ble
                  xr,=c$pr$,cgv02
                                          jump if not predicate value
                                          else force non-constant case
        \mathbf{m}\mathbf{n}\mathbf{z}
    here with wc set appropriately
cgv02
        bsw
                         xr,c$$nv
                                          switch to appropriate generator
                                          array reference
        iff
                      c$arr,cgv03
        iff
                      c$fnc,cgv05
                                          function call
        iff
                      c$def,cgv14
                                          deferred expression
        iff
                                          selection
                      c$sel,cgv15
        iff
                      c$ind,cgv31
                                          indirect reference
        iff
                                          keyword reference
                      c$key,cgv27
        iff
                      c$ubo,cgv29
                                          undefined binop
        iff
                      c$uuo,cgv30
                                          undefined unop
        iff
                      c$bvl,cgv18
                                          binops with val opds
        iff
                      c$alt,cgv18
                                          alternation
        iff
                      c$uvl,cgv19
                                          unops with valu opnd
        iff
                      c$ass,cgv21
                                          assignment
        iff
                      c$cnc,cgv24
                                          concatenation
        iff
                                          concatenation (not pattern match)
                      c$cnp,cgv24
        iff
                                          unops with name opnd
                      c$unm,cgv27
        iff
                      c$bvn,cgv26
                                          binary $ and .
        iff
                      c$int,cgv31
                                          interrogation
        iff
                      c$neg,cgv28
                                          negation
        iff
                      c$pmt,cgv18
                                          pattern match
```

esw

end switch on cmblk type

```
cdgvl (continued)
    here to generate code for array reference
       mov
                        *cmopn,wb
                                         set offset to array operand
    loop to generate code for array operand and subscripts
cgv04
        jsr
                             cmgen
                                         gen value code for next operand
                     cmlen(x1),wc
                                         load cmblk length
        mov
        blt
                      wb,wc,cgv04
                                         loop back if more to go
    generate call to appropriate array reference routine
        mov
                        =oaov$,wa
                                         set one subscript call in case
        beq
                 wc,*cmar1,cgv32
                                         jump to exit if 1-sub case
                        =oamv$,wa
        mov
                                         else set call for multi-subscripts
                                         generate call
        jsr
                             cdwrd
                                         copy length of cmblk
                             wc,wa
        mov
                                         subtract standard length
        \mathbf{sub}
                        *cmvls,wa
        btw
                                         get number of words
                                wa
        brn
                             cgv32
                                         jump to generate subscript count
    here to generate code for function call
cgv05
       mov
                        *cmvls,wb
                                         set offset to first argument
    loop to generate code for arguments
cgv06
        beq
                wb,cmlen(xl),cgv
                                         jump if all generated
        jsr
                             cmgen
                                         else gen value code for next arg
        brn
                             cgv06
                                         back to generate next argument
    here to generate actual function call
cgv07
                        *cmvls.wb
                                         get number of arg ptrs (bytes)
        sub
                                         convert bytes to words
        btw
                                wb
                     cmopn(x1),xr
        mov
                                         load function vrblk pointer
        \mathbf{bnz}
                 vrlen(xr),cgv12
                                         jump if not system function
                     vrsvp(xr),xl
                                         load svblk ptr if system var
        mov
                                         load bit mask
                     svbit(xl),wa
        mov
                                         test for fast function call allowed
        anb
                         btffc,wa
```

wa,cgv12

zrb

jump if not

```
cdgvl (continued)
   here if fast function call is allowed
        mov
                    svbit(xl),wa
                                         reload bit indicators
                                         test for preevaluation ok
        anb
                         btpre, wa
        nzb
                         wa,cgv08
                                         jump if preevaluation permitted
                                         else set result non-constant
        mnz
                                WC
    test for correct number of args for fast call
                                         load ptr to svfnc field
cgv08
        mov
                    vrfnc(xr),xl
                    fargs(x1),wa
        mov
                                         load synar field value
                                         jump if argument count is correct
        beq
                      wa,wb,cgv11
        bhi
                      wa,wb,cgv09
                                         jump if too few arguments given
    here if too many arguments, prepare to generate o$pops
                                         get number of extra args
        sub
                            wa,wb
        lct
                                         set as count to control loop
                            wb,wb
        mov
                        =opop$,wa
                                         set pop call
        brn
                             cgv10
                                         jump to common loop
   here if too few arguments, prepare to generate nulls
cgv09
        \mathbf{sub}
                            wb,wa
                                         get number of missing arguments
        lct
                                         load as count to control loop
                            wb,wa
        mov
                        =nulls,wa
                                         load ptr to null constant
    loop to generate calls to fix argument count
cgv10
       jsr
                            cdwrd
                                         generate one call
        bct
                                         loop till all generated
                         wb,cgv10
   here after adjusting arg count as required
                                         copy pointer to svfnc field
cgv11 mov
                            xl,wa
        brn
                            cgv36
                                         jump to generate call
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
    come here if fast call is not permitted
                        =ofns$,wa
cgv12
        mov
                                         set one arg call in case
                                         jump if one arg case
                  wb,=num01,cgv13
        beq
        mov
                        =ofnc$,wa
                                         else load call for more than 1 arg
                             cdwrd
                                         generate it
        jsr
                                         copy argument count
        mov
                             wb.wa
    one arg case merges here
cgv13
        jsr
                             cdwrd
                                         generate =o$fns or arg count
                                         copy vrblk pointer
        mov
                             xr,wa
        brn
                             cgv32
                                         jump to generate vrblk ptr
    here for deferred expression
cgv14
                     cmrop(x1),x1
                                         point to expression tree
        mov
if .cevb
                                         return value
        zer
                                wa
fi
                                         build exblk or seblk
                             cdgex
        jsr
        mov
                             xr,wa
                                         copy block ptr
                             cdwrd
                                         generate ptr to exblk or seblk
        jsr
        brn
                             cgv34
                                         jump to exit, constant test
    here to generate code for selection
                             -(xs)
                                         zero ptr to chain of forward jumps
cgv15
        zer
                                         zero ptr to prev o$slc forward ptr
                             -(xs)
        zer
                        *cmvls.wb
                                         point to first alternative
        mov
                        =osla$,wa
                                         set initial code word
        mov
    0(xs)
                             is the offset to the previous word
                             which requires filling in with an
                             offset to the following o$slc,o$sld
    1(xs)
                             is the head of a chain of offset
                             pointers indicating those locations
                             to be filled with offsets past
                             the end of all the alternatives
                                         generate o$slc (o$sla first time)
cgv16
        jsr
                             cdwrd
                       cwcof,(xs)
                                         set current loc as ptr to fill in
        mov
        jsr
                             cdwrd
                                         generate garbage word there for now
                                         gen value code for alternative
        jsr
                             cmgen
        mov
                        =oslb$,wa
                                         load o$slb pointer
                             cdwrd
                                         generate o$slb call
        jsr
        mov
                     num01(xs),wa
                                         load old chain ptr
                                         set current loc as new chain head
                  cwcof,num01(xs)
        mov
                             cdwrd
                                         generate forward chain link
        jsr
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
    now to fill in the skip offset to o$slc,o$sld
        mov
                                          load offset to word to plug
                           (xs), xr
        add
                          r$ccb,xr
                                          point to actual location to plug
        mov
                        cwcof,(xr)
                                          plug proper offset in
                         =oslc$,wa
                                          load o$slc ptr for next alternative
        mov
        mov
                             wb,xr
                                          copy offset (destroy garbage xr)
                                          bump extra time for test
        ica
        blt
                xr,cmlen(xl),cgv
                                          loop back if not last alternative
    here to generate code for last alternative
                         =osld$,wa
                                          get header call
        mov
                                          generate o$sld call
                              cdwrd
        jsr
                                          generate code for last alternative
        jsr
                              cmgen
                                          pop offset ptr
        ica
                                 XS
        mov
                          (xs)+,xr
                                          load chain ptr
    loop to plug offsets past structure
cgv17
        add
                                          make next ptr absolute
                          r$ccb,xr
        mov
                           (xr), wa
                                          load forward ptr
                        cwcof,(xr)
                                          plug required offset
        mov
        mov
                             wa,xr
                                          copy forward ptr
        bnz
                          wa,cgv17
                                          loop back if more to go
        brn
                             cgv33
                                          else jump to exit (not constant)
    here for binary ops with value operands
cgv18
                     cmlop(x1),xr
                                          load left operand pointer
       mov
                             cdgvl
                                          gen value code for left operand
        jsr
    here for unary ops with value operand (binops merge)
        mov
                     cmrop(xl),xr
                                          load right (only) operand ptr
cgv19
                                          gen code by value
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                             cdgvl
```

```
cdgvl (continued)
    merge here to generate operator call from cmopn field
                     cmopn(x1),wa
                                          load operator call pointer
cgv20
        mov
                                          jump to generate it with cons test
        brn
                             cgv36
    here for assignment
        mov
                     cmlop(x1),xr
                                          load left operand pointer
cgv21
        blo
                 (xr),=b$vr$,cgv2
                                          jump if not variable
    here for assignment to simple variable
        mov
                     cmrop(x1),xr
                                          load right operand ptr
                                          generate code by value
        jsr
                             cdgvl
        mov
                     cmlop(xl),wa
                                          reload left operand vrblk ptr
        add
                         *vrsto,wa
                                          point to vrsto field
                             cgv32
        brn
                                          jump to generate store ptr
    here if not simple variable assignment
                                          test for pattern match on left side
cgv22
        jsr
                             expap
                             cgv23
                                          jump if not pattern match
        ppm
    here for pattern replacement
        mov
                 cmrop(xr),cmlop(
                                          save pattern ptr in safe place
                     cmlop(xr),xr
                                          load subject ptr
        mov
        jsr
                             cdgnm
                                          gen code by name for subject
        mov
                     cmlop(xl),xr
                                          load pattern ptr
                             cdgvl
                                          gen code by value for pattern
        jsr
                        =opmn$,wa
                                          load match by name call
        mov
                                          generate it
        jsr
                             cdwrd
                                          load replacement value ptr
        mov
                     cmrop(x1),xr
                                          gen code by value
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                             cdgvl
                        =orpl$,wa
                                          load replace call
        mov
                                          jump to gen and exit (not constant)
        brn
                             cgv32
    here for assignment to complex variable
                                          inhibit pre-evaluation
cgv23
        mnz
                                 WC
        jsr
                             cdgnm
                                          gen code by name for left side
```

cgv31

brn

merge with unop circuit

cdgvl (continued) here for concatenation gv24 mov cmlop(x

cmlop(x1),xr cgv24 load left operand ptr ordinary binop if not cmblk bne (xr),=b\$cmt,cgv1 mov cmtyp(xr),wb load cmblk type code wb,=c\$int,cgv25 special case if interrogation beq wb,=c\$neg,cgv25 or negation beq else ordinary binop if not function bne wb,=c\$fnc,cgv18 mov cmopn(xr),xr else load function vrblk ptr ordinary binop if not system var \mathbf{bnz} vrlen(xr),cgv18 mov vrsvp(xr),xr else point to svblk load bit indicators svbit(xr),wa mov test for predicate function anb btprd, wa wa,cgv18 ordinary binop if not zrbhere if left arg of concatenation is predicate function cgv25 mov cmlop(xl),xr reload left arg gen code by value cdgvl jsr mov =opop\$,wa load pop call cdwrd generate it jsr mov cmrop(x1),xr load right operand jsr cdgvl gen code by value as result code brn cgv33 exit (not constant) here to generate code for pattern, immediate assignment cgv26 cmlop(xl),xr load left operand mov gen code by value, merge jsr cdgvl here for unops with arg by name (binary \$. merge) mov cmrop(xl),xr load right operand ptr gen code by name for right arg jsr cdgnm cmopn(x1),xr get operator code word mov gen call unless keyword value bne (xr),=o\$kwv,cgv2

```
cdgvl (continued)
    here for keyword by value. this is constant only if
    the operand is one of the special system variables with
    the svckw bit set to indicate a constant keyword value.
    note that the only constant operand by name is a variable
        \mathbf{bnz}
                         wc,cgv20
                                         gen call if non-constant (not var)
        mnz
                                         else set non-constant in case
                     cmrop(x1),xr
                                         load ptr to operand vrblk
        mov
        bnz
                 vrlen(xr),cgv20
                                         gen (non-constant) if not sys var
                                         else load ptr to svblk
        mov
                     vrsvp(xr),xr
        mov
                     svbit(xr),wa
                                         load bit mask
                                         test for constant keyword
                         btckw,wa
        anb
                                         go gen if not constant
        zrb
                         wa,cgv20
                                         else set result constant
        zer
                             cgv20
                                         and jump back to generate call
        brn
    here to generate code for negation
                                         get initial word
cgv28
        mov
                        =onta$,wa
        jsr
                             cdwrd
                                         generate it
                         cwcof,wb
                                         save next offset
        mov
        jsr
                             cdwrd
                                         generate gunk word for now
        mov
                     cmrop(x1),xr
                                         load right operand ptr
                             cdgvl
                                         gen code by value
        jsr
                                         load end of evaluation call
                        =ontb$,wa
        mov
                                         generate it
                             cdwrd
        jsr
                                         copy offset to word to plug
        mov
                            wb,xr
        add
                         r$ccb,xr
                                         point to actual word to plug
                       cwcof,(xr)
                                         plug word with current offset
        mov
                        =ontc$,wa
                                         load final call
        mov
```

here to generate code for undefined binary operator cgv29 mov cmlop(xl),xr load left operand ptr jsr cdgvl generate code by value

cgv32

brn

jump to generate it (not constant)

```
cdgvl (continued)
    here to generate code for undefined unary operator
cgv30
        mov
                        =c$uo$,wb
                                         set unop code + 1
                                         set number of args (1 or 2)
        sub
                     cmtyp(x1),wb
    merge here for undefined operators
                     cmrop(x1),xr
                                         load right (only) operand pointer
        mov
                                         gen value code for right operand
        jsr
                             cdgvl
                                         load pointer to operator dv
        mov
                     cmopn(x1),xr
        mov
                     dvopn(xr),xr
                                         load pointer offset
                                         convert word offset to bytes
        wtb
                        =r$uba,xr
        add
                                         point to proper function ptr
                                         set standard function offset
                        *vrfnc,xr
        \mathbf{sub}
        brn
                            cgv12
                                         merge with function call circuit
    here to generate code for interrogation, indirection
        \mathbf{mnz}
                                         set non constant
cgv31
                                WC
        brn
                             cgv19
                                         merge
    here to exit generating a word, result not constant
                            cdwrd
                                         generate word, merge
       jsr
    here to exit with no word generated, not constant
cgv33
        mnz
                                WC
                                         indicate result is not constant
    common exit point
cgv34
        ica
                                         pop initial code offset
                                xs
                         (xs)+,wa
                                         restore old constant flag
        mov
                         (xs)+,xl
                                         restore entry xl
        mov
        mov
                         (xs)+,wb
                                         restore entry wb
                                         jump if not constant
        bnz
                         wc,cgv35
                            wa,wc
                                         else restore entry constant flag
        mov
    here to return after dealing with wc setting
                                         return to cdgvl caller
cgv35
        exi
    exit here to generate word and test for constant
cgv36
        jsr
                             cdwrd
                                         generate word
```

wc,cgv34

bnz

jump to exit if not constant

cdgvl (continued)

here	to pr	eevaluate constant	sub-	-expression
m	ov	=orvl\$,wa		load call to return value
${f j}{f s}$	\mathbf{r}	cdwrd		generate it
m	ov	(xs),xl		load initial code offset
${f j}{f s}$	\mathbf{r}	exbld		build exblk for expression
ze	\mathbf{er}	wb		set to evaluate by value
${f j}{f s}$	\mathbf{r}	evalx		evaluate expression
$\mathbf{p}_{\mathbf{l}}$	pm			should not fail
m	ov	(xr),wa		load type word of result
\mathbf{b}	lo	wa,=p\$aaa,cgv37		jump if not pattern
m	ov	=olpt\$,wa		else load special pattern load call
${f j}{f s}$	\mathbf{r}	cdwrd		generate it
merge here		to generate point	er to	resulting constant
cgv37 m	ov	xr,wa		copy constant pointer
${f j}{f s}$	r	cdwrd		generate ptr
Ze	\mathbf{er}	WC		set result constant
b	rn	cgv34		jump back to exit
eı	np			end procedure cdgvl

```
cdwrd -- generate one word of code
    cdwrd writes one word into the current code block under
    construction. a new, larger, block is allocated if there
    is insufficient room in the current block. cdwrd ensures
if.csln
    that there are at least four words left in the block
else
    that there are at least three words left in the block
fi
    after entering the new word. this guarantees that any
    extra space at the end can be split off as a ccblk.
                            word to be generated
    (wa)
    jsr cdwrd
                            call to generate word
cdwrd
        prc
                              e,0
                                        entry point
                         xr,-(xs)
                                        save entry xr
        mov
                         wa,-(xs)
                                        save code word to be generated
    merge back here after allocating larger block
cdwd1
                         r$ccb,xr
                                        load ptr to ccblk being built
        mov
                                        jump if block allocated
        bnz
                        xr,cdwd2
    here we allocate an entirely fresh block
        mov
                       *e$cbs,wa
                                        load initial length
                            alloc
                                        allocate ccblk
        jsr
                     =b$cct,(xr)
                                        store type word
        mov
                    *cccod,cwcof
                                        set initial offset
        mov
                                        store block length
        mov
                    wa,cclen(xr)
if.csln
                        ccsln(xr)
                                        zero line number
        zer
fi
                         xr,r$ccb
                                        store ptr to new block
        mov
    here we have a block we can use
cdwd2
        mov
                         cwcof,wa
                                        load current offset
if.csln
                                        adjust for test (five words)
        add
                        *num05,wa
else
        add
                        *num04,wa
                                        adjust for test (four words)
fi
        blo
                wa,cclen(xr),cdw
                                        jump if room in this block
    here if no room in current block
                  wa, mxlen, cdwd5
                                        jump if already at max size
        bge
        add
                        *e$cbs,wa
                                        else get new size
                        x1,-(xs)
                                        save entry xl
        mov
                            xr,xl
                                        copy pointer
        mov
                                        jump if not too large
        blt
                  wa, mxlen, cdwd3
                                        else reset to max allowed size
                         mxlen, wa
        mov
```

```
cdwrd (continued)
    here with new block size in wa
cdwd3
                                          allocate new block
        jsr
                             alloc
                          xr,r$ccb
                                          store pointer to new block
        mov
        mov
                      =b\$cct,(xr)+
                                          store type word in new block
                          wa,(xr)+
                                          store block length
        mov
if.csln
                  ccsln(xl),(xr)+
                                          copy source line number word
        mov
fi
        add
                         *ccuse,xl
                                          point to ccuse,cccod fields in old
        mov
                           (xl), wa
                                          load ccuse value
                                          copy useful words from old block
        mvw
                          (xs)+,xl
                                          restore xl
        mov
                              cdwd1
                                          merge back to try again
        brn
    here with room in current block
cdwd4
        mov
                          cwcof, wa
                                          load current offset
                                          get new offset
        ica
                                 wa
                                          store new offset
        mov
                          wa,cwcof
                     wa,ccuse(xr)
                                          store in ccblk for gbcol
        mov
        dca
                                          restore ptr to this word
        add
                             wa,xr
                                          point to current entry
        mov
                          (xs)+,wa
                                          reload word to generate
                           wa,(xr)
                                          store word in block
        \mathbf{mov}
        mov
                          (xs)+,xr
                                          restore entry xr
                                          return to caller
        exi
    here if compiled code is too long for cdblk
cdwd5
        \operatorname{erb}
                 213, syntax error
                                          statement is too complicated.
                                          end procedure cdwrd
        enp
```

```
cmgen -- generate code for cmblk ptr
    cmgen is a subsidiary procedure used to generate value
    code for a cmblk ptr from the main code generators.
    (x1)
                             cmblk pointer
    (wb)
                             offset to pointer in cmblk
    jsr cmgen
                             call to generate code
    (xr,wa)
                             destroyed
    (wb)
                             bumped by one word
{\tt cmgen} {\tt prc}
                               r,0
                                         entry point, recursive
        \mathbf{mov}
                                         copy cmblk pointer
                             xl,xr
        add
                             wb,xr
                                         point to cmblk pointer
                           (xr), xr
                                         load cmblk pointer
        mov
                             cdgvl
                                         generate code by value
        jsr
        ica
                                wb
                                         bump offset
        \mathbf{exi}
                                         return to caller
        enp
                                         end procedure cmgen
```

cmpil (compile source code)

cmpil is used to convert snobol4 source code to internal form (see cdblk format). it is used both for the initial compile and at run time by the code and convert functions this procedure has control for the entire duration of initial compilation. an error in any procedure called during compilation will lead first to the error section and ultimately back here for resumed compilation. the re-entry points after an error are specially labelled -

cmpce resume after control card error

cmple resume after label error cmpse resume after statement error

jsr cmpil call to compile code

(xr) ptr to cdblk for entry statement

(xl,wa,wb,wc,ra) destroyed

scnpt

the following global variables are referenced cmpln line number of first line of

statement to be compiled number of next statement

cmpsn number of next statement

to be compiled.

cswxx control card switch values are changed when relevant control

cards are met.

cwcof offset to next word in code block

being built (see cdwrd).

lstsn number of statement most recently

compiled (initially set to zero).

r\$cim current (initial) compiler image

(zero for initial compile call)

r\$cni used to point to following image.

(see readr procedure).

scngo goto switch for scane procedure scnil length of current image excludin

length of current image excluding characters removed by -input.

current scan offset, see scane.

scnrs rescan switch for scane procedure.
scnse offset (in r\$cim) of most recently

scanned element. set zero if not

currently scanning items

cmpil (continued) stgic initial compile in progress stage stgxc code/convert compile stgev building exblk for eval stgxt execute time (outside compile) stgce initial compile after end line stgxe execute compile after end line cmpil also uses a fixed number of locations on the main stack as follows. (the definitions of the actual offsets are in the definitions section). cmstm(xs) pointer to expan tree for body of statement (see expan procedure). cmsgo(xs) pointer to tree representation of success goto (see procedure scngo) zero if no success goto is given cmfgo(xs) like cmsgo for failure goto. cmcgo(xs) set non-zero only if there is a conditional goto. used for -fail, -nofail code generation. cmpcd(xs) pointer to cdblk for previous statement. zero for 1st statement. cmffp(xs) set non-zero if cdfal in previous cdblk needs filling with forward pointer, else set to zero. cmffc(xs) same as cmffp for current cdblk cmsop(xs) offset to word in previous cdblk to be filled in with forward ptr to next cdblk for success goto. zero if no fill in is required. cmsoc(xs) same as cmsop for current cdblk. cmlbl(xs) pointer to vrblk for label of

cmtra(xs)

current statement. zero if no label

pointer to cdblk for entry stmnt.

```
cmpil (continued)
    entry point
                                          entry point
cmpil
        prc
                                e,0
                                          set number of stack work locations
        lct
                         wb,=cmnen
    loop to initialize stack working locations
                             -(xs)
                                          store a zero, make one entry
cmp00
        \mathbf{zer}
                          wb,cmp00
                                          loop back until all set
        bct
                                          save stack pointer for error sec
        mov
                          xs,cmpxs
        SSS
                             cmpss
                                          save s-r stack pointer if any
    loop through statements
cmp01
        mov
                          scnpt, wb
                                          set scan pointer offset
                                          set start of element location
                          wb,scnse
        mov
                                          point to compile error call
        mov
                         =ocer$,wa
                             cdwrd
                                          generate as temporary cdfal
        jsr
        blt
                   wb,scnil,cmp04
                                          jump if chars left on this image
    loop here after comment or control card
    also special entry after control card error
                                          clear possible garbage xr value
cmpce
        zer
if .cinc
                                          if within include file
        bnz
                      cnind, cmpc2
fi
        bne
                 stage, = stgic, cmp
                                          skip unless initial compile
                             readr
                                          read next input image
cmpc2
        jsr
                          xr,cmp09
                                          jump if no input available
        bze
                                          acquire next source image
        jsr
                             nexts
                      cmpsn,lstsn
        mov
                                          store stmt no for use by listr
                      rdcln,cmpln
                                          store line number at start of stmt
        mov
                                          reset scan pointer
        zer
                             scnpt
                             cmp04
                                          go process image
        brn
    for execute time compile, permit embedded control cards
    and comments (by skipping to next semi-colon)
cmp02
        mov
                          r$cim,xr
                                          get current image
        mov
                          scnpt, wb
                                          get current offset
        plc
                                          prepare to get chars
                             xr,wb
    skip to semi-colon
                                          end loop if end of image
cmp03
        _{
m bge}
                 scnpt,scnil,cmp0
        lch
                          wc,(xr)+
                                          get char
        icv
                             scnpt
                                          advance offset
        bne
                  wc,=ch$sm,cmp03
                                          loop if not semi-colon
```

cmpil (continued)

here with image available to scan. note that if the input string is null, then everything is ok since null is actually assembled as a word of blanks.

	Juarry	assembled as a word of		
cmp04	mov	r\$cim,xr	point to current image	
	mov	scnpt, wb	load current offset	
	mov	wb,wa	copy for label scan	
	\mathbf{plc}	xr,wb	point to first character	
	lch	wc,(xr)+	load first character	
	\mathbf{beq}	wc,=ch\$sm,cmp12	no label if semicolon	
	\mathbf{beq}	wc,=chas,cmpce	loop back if comment card	
	\mathbf{beq}	wc,=ch\$mn,cmp32	jump if control card	
	mov	r\$cim,r\$cmp	about to destroy r\$cim	
	mov	=cmlab,xl	point to label work string	
	mov	xl,r\$cim	scane is to scan work string	
	\mathbf{psc}	xl	point to first character position	
	sch	wc,(xl)+	store char just loaded	
	\mathbf{mov}	=ch\$sm,wc	get a semicolon	
	sch	wc,(xl)	store after first char	
	\mathbf{csc}	xl	finished character storing	
	\mathbf{zer}	xl	clear pointer	
	\mathbf{zer}	scnpt	start at first character	
	mov	scnil,-(xs)	preserve image length	
	mov	=num02,scnil	read 2 chars at most	
	${f jsr}$	scane	scan first char for type	
	mov	(xs)+,scnil	restore image length	
	mov	xl,wc	note return code	
	mov	r\$cmp,xl	get old r\$cim	
	mov	xl,r\$cim	put it back	
	mov	wb,scnpt	reinstate offset	
	\mathbf{bnz}	scnbl,cmp12	blank seen - cant be label	
	mov	xl,xr	point to current image	
	\mathbf{plc}	xr,wb	point to first char again	
	\mathbf{beq}	wc,=t\$var,cmp06	ok if letter	
	\mathbf{beq}	wc,=t\$con,cmp06	ok if digit	
drop in or jump from error section				
cmple	mov	r\$cmp,r\$cim	point to bad line	
	erb	214,bad label or	misplaced continuation line	
loop to scan label				
cmp05	beq	wc,=ch\$sm,cmp07	skip if semicolon	
	icv	wa	bump offset	
	\mathbf{beq}	wa,scnil,cmp07	jump if end of image (label end)	

```
cmpil (continued)
    enter loop at this point
cmp06
        lch
                          wc,(xr)+
                                          else load next character
if .caht
        beq
                  wc,=ch$ht,cmp07
                                          jump if horizontal tab
fi
if .cavt
                                          jump if vertical tab
        beq
                  wc,=ch$vt,cmp07
fi
                                          loop back if non-blank
        bne
                  wc,=ch$bl,cmp05
    here after scanning out label
                                          save updated scan offset
cmp07
        mov
                          wa,scnpt
                                          get length of label
        sub
                             wb,wa
                                          skip if label length zero
        bze
                          wa,cmp12
                                          clear garbage xr value
        zer
                                 xr
        jsr
                              sbstr
                                          build scblk for label name
                                          locate/contruct vrblk
                              gtnvr
        jsr
                                          dummy (impossible) error return
        ppm
                     xr,cmlbl(xs)
                                          store label pointer
        mov
                                          jump if not system label
        bnz
                  vrlen(xr),cmp11
        bne
                 vrsvp(xr),=v$end
                                          jump if not end label
    here for end label scanned out
        add
                      =stgnd,stage
                                          adjust stage appropriately
                                          scan out next element
        jsr
                             scane
                                          jump if end of image
        beq
                  xl,=t$smc,cmp10
        bne
                  x1,=t$var,cmp08
                                          else error if not variable
    here check for valid initial transfer
                 vrlbl(xr),=stndl
                                          jump if not defined (error)
        beq
                                          else set initial entry pointer
                 vrlbl(xr),cmtra(
        mov
        isr
                             scane
                                          scan next element
        beq
                  x1,=t\$smc,cmp10
                                          jump if ok (end of image)
    here for bad transfer label
                                          undefined or erroneous entry label
cmp08
        \operatorname{erb}
                 215, syntax error
    here for end of input (no end label detected)
cmp09
                                          clear garbage xr value
        zer
                                 xr
        add
                                          adjust stage appropriately
                     =stgnd,stage
        beq
                 stage, = stgxe, cmp
                                          jump if code call (ok)
        \operatorname{erb}
                 216, syntax error
                                          missing end line
    here after processing end line (merge here on end error)
                         =ostp$,wa
                                          set stop call pointer
cmp10
        mov
                             cdwrd
                                          generate as statement call
        jsr
        brn
                              cmpse
                                          jump to generate as failure
```

```
cmpil (continued)
    here after processing label other than end
                                          jump if code call - redef. ok
                 stage, = stgic, cmp
cmp11
        bne
        beq
                 vrlbl(xr),=stndl
                                          else check for redefinition
                                          leave first label decln undisturbed
                         cmlbl(xs)
        zer
        erb
                 217, syntax error
                                          duplicate label
    here after dealing with label
    null statements and statements just containing a
    constant subject are optimized out by resetting the
    current ccblk to empty.
cmp12
                                          set flag for statement body
        zer
                                          get tree for statement body
        jsr
                             expan
                     xr, cmstm(xs)
                                          store for later use
        mov
                         cmsgo(xs)
                                          clear success goto pointer
        zer
                         cmfgo(xs)
                                          clear failure goto pointer
        zer
                                          clear conditional goto flag
                         cmcgo(xs)
        zer
                                          scan next element
                             scane
        jsr
                  x1,=t$col,cmp13
                                          jump if colon (goto)
        beq
        bnz
                      cswno,cmp18
                                          jump if not optimizing
                  cmlbl(xs),cmp18
                                          jump if label present
        \mathbf{bnz}
                                          load tree ptr for statement body
        mov
                     cmstm(xs),xr
                           (xr), wa
                                          load type word
        mov
                  wa,=b$cmt,cmp18
                                          jump if cmblk
        beq
                                          jump if not icblk, scblk, or rcblk
        bge
                  wa,=b$vra,cmp18
                          r$ccb.xl
                                          load ptr to ccblk
        mov
                                          reset use offset in ccblk
                 *cccod,ccuse(x1)
        mov
                     *cccod,cwcof
                                          and in global
        mov
        icv
                             cmpsn
                                          bump statement number
                                          generate no code for statement
        brn
                             cmp01
    loop to process goto fields
cmp13
        mnz
                             scngo
                                          set goto flag
                             scane
                                          scan next element
        jsr
                                          jump if no fields left
        beq
                  x1,=tsmc,cmp31
                  xl,=t$sgo,cmp14
                                          jump if s for success goto
        beq
        beq
                  xl,=t$fgo,cmp16
                                          jump if f for failure goto
    here for unconditional goto (i.e. not f or s)
        mnz
                             scnrs
                                          set to rescan element not f,s
        jsr
                             scngf
                                          scan out goto field
        bnz
                  cmfgo(xs),cmp17
                                          error if fgoto already
        mov
                     xr, cmfgo(xs)
                                          else set as fgoto
        brn
                             cmp15
                                          merge with sgoto circuit
    here for success goto
cmp14
        jsr
                                          scan success goto field
                             scngf
                                          set conditional goto flag
                 =num01,cmcgo(xs)
        mov
    uncontional goto merges here
cmp15
        bnz
                  cmsgo(xs),cmp17
                                          error if sgoto already given
        mov
                     xr,cmsgo(xs)
                                          else set sgoto
                                          loop back for next goto field
        brn
                             cmp13
    here for failure goto
cmp16
        jsr
                             scngf
                                          scan goto field
```

mov

bnz mov =num01,cmcgo(xs)

cmfgo(xs),cmp17

xr, cmfgo(xs)

set conditional goto flag

else store fgoto pointer

error if fgoto already given

 \mathbf{brn}

```
cmpil (continued)
    here for duplicated goto field
                                           duplicated goto field
        \mathbf{erb}
                 218, syntax error
    here to generate code
cmp18
        zer
                              scnse
                                           stop positional error flags
                                           load tree ptr for statement body
                      cmstm(xs),xr
        mov
                                           collectable value for wb for cdgvl
        zer
                                 wb
                                           reset constant flag for cdgvl
        zer
                                 WC
                              expap
                                           test for pattern match
        jsr
        ppm
                              cmp19
                                           jump if not pattern match
        mov
                 =opms$,cmopn(xr)
                                           else set pattern match pointer
                 =opms$,cmopn(xr)
                                           else set pattern match pointer
        mov
    here after dealing with special pattern match case
cmp19
                              cdgvl
                                           generate code for body of statement
        jsr
                      cmsgo(xs),xr
                                           load sgoto pointer
        mov
        mov
                              xr,wa
                                           copy it
                                           jump if no success goto
        bze
                          xr,cmp21
        zer
                         cmsoc(xs)
                                           clear success offset fillin ptr
        bhi
                                           jump if complex goto
                   xr, state, cmp20
    here for simple success goto (label)
        add
                         *vrtra,wa
                                           point to vrtra field as required
        jsr
                              cdwrd
                                           generate success goto
        brn
                                           jump to deal with fgoto
                              cmp22
    here for complex success goto
                                           no code if same as fgoto
cmp20
        beq
                 xr,cmfgo(xs),cmp
        zer
                                 wb
                                           else set ok value for cdgvl in wb
        jsr
                                           generate code for success goto
                              cdgcg
                                           jump to deal with fgoto
        brn
                              cmp22
    here for no success goto
                                           set success fill in offset
cmp21
        mov
                  cwcof,cmsoc(xs)
        mov
                         =ocer$,wa
                                           point to compile error call
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                              cdwrd
                                           generate as temporary value
```

cmpil (continued) here to deal with failure goto load failure goto pointer cmp22 mov cmfgo(xs),xr xr,wa copy it mov zer cmffc(xs) set no fill in required yet jump if no failure goto given bze xr,cmp23 add *vrtra,wa point to vrtra field in case blo jump to gen if simple fgoto xr, state, cmpse here for complex failure goto save offset to o\$gof call mov cwcof,wb mov =ogof\$,wa point to failure goto call jsr cdwrd generate mov point to fail in fail word =ofif\$,wa cdwrd generate jsr generate code for failure goto $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ cdgcg mov wb,wa copy offset to o\$gof for cdfal =b\$cdc,wb set complex case cdtyp mov brn cmp25 jump to build cdblk here if no failure goto given load unexpected failure call in cas cmp23 mov =ounf\$,wa mov cswfl,wc get -nofail flag orbcmcgo(xs),wc check if conditional goto jump if -nofail and no cond. goto wc,cmpse \mathbf{zrb} cmffc(xs) else set fill in flag mnz =ocer\$,wa and set compile error for temporary mov merge here with cdfal value in wa, simple cdblk also special entry after statement error =b\$cds,wb set cdtyp for simple case cmpse mov

```
cmpil (continued)
    merge here to build cdblk
                             cdfal value to be generated
    (wa)
    (wb)
                             cdtyp value to be generated
    at this stage, we chop off an appropriate chunk of the
    current ccblk and convert it into a cdblk. the remainder
    of the ccblk is reformatted to be the new ccblk.
        mov
cmp25
                          r$ccb,xr
                                         point to ccblk
        mov
                     cmlbl(xs),xl
                                         get possible label pointer
                                         skip if no label
        \mathbf{bze}
                          x1,cmp26
        zer
                         cmlbl(xs)
                                         clear flag for next statement
                                         put cdblk ptr in vrblk label field
                     xr, vrlbl(xl)
        mov
    merge after doing label
cmp26
                                         set type word for new cdblk
        mov
                           wb,(xr)
                     wa,cdfal(xr)
                                         set failure word
        mov
        mov
                             xr,xl
                                         copy pointer to ccblk
                                         load length gen (= new cdlen)
                     ccuse(xr),wb
        mov
                     cclen(xr),wc
                                         load total ccblk length
        mov
                                         point past cdblk
        add
                             wb,xl
        \mathbf{sub}
                             wb,wc
                                         get length left for chop off
                      =b$cct,(x1)
                                         set type code for new ccblk at end
        mov
                 *cccod,ccuse(x1)
                                         set initial code offset
        mov
                                         reinitialise cwcof
                     *cccod,cwcof
        mov
                     wc,cclen(x1)
                                         set new length
        mov
                                         set new ccblk pointer
        mov
                          xl,r$ccb
if.csln
                        ccsln(x1)
                                         initialize new line number
        zer
                  cmpln,cdsln(xr)
                                         set line number in old block
        mov
fi
                  cmpsn,cdstm(xr)
                                         set statement number
        mov
        icv
                             cmpsn
                                         bump statement number
    set pointers in previous code block as required
        mov
                     cmpcd(xs),xl
                                         load ptr to previous cdblk
        bze
                  cmffp(xs),cmp27
                                         jump if no failure fill in required
                     xr,cdfal(xl)
                                         else set failure ptr in previous
        mov
    here to deal with success forward pointer
cmp27
        mov
                     cmsop(xs),wa
                                         load success offset
        bze
                          wa,cmp28
                                         jump if no fill in required
        add
                                         else point to fill in location
                             wa,xl
                           xr,(x1)
                                         store forward pointer
        mov
                                         clear garbage xl value
        zer
                                xl
```

cmpil (continued)

now	set	fill	in	po	inte	ers	for	this	statement		
~~				,	`	_	· /		C •1	C11 ·	a

xr,cmtra(xs)

cmp28	mov	cmffc(xs),cmffp(copy failure fill in flag
	mov	<pre>cmsoc(xs),cmsop(</pre>	copy success fill in offset
	mov	xr,cmpcd(xs)	save ptr to this cdblk
	\mathbf{bnz}	cmtra(xs),cmp29	jump if initial entry already set

here after compiling one statement

cmp29	\mathbf{blt}	stage, = stgce, cmp	jump if not end line just done
	\mathbf{bze}	cswls,cmp30	skip if -nolist
	\mathbf{jsr}	listr	list last line
	L		

else set ptr here as default

return

mov

cmp30 mov cmtra(xs),xr load initial entry cdblk pointer
 add *cmnen,xs pop work locations off stack
 exi and return to cmpil caller

here at end of goto field

cmp31movcmfgo(xs),wbget fail gotoorbcmsgo(xs),wbor in success gotobnzwb,cmp18ok if non-null fielderb219,syntax errorempty goto field

control card found

cmp32icvwbpoint past ch\$mnjsrcncrdprocess control cardzerscnseclear start of element loc.brncmpceloop for next statementenpend procedure cmpil

```
cncrd -- control card processor
    called to deal with control cards
    r$cim
                             points to current image
    (wb)
                             offset to 1st char of control card
    jsr cncrd
                             call to process control cards
                             destroyed
    (xl,xr,wa,wb,wc,ia)
                                         entry point
cncrd
        prc
                               e,0
                                         offset for control card scan
        mov
                         wb,scnpt
        mov
                        =ccnoc,wa
                                         number of chars for comparison
                                         convert to word count
        ctw
                              wa,0
        mov
                         wa, cnswc
                                         save word count
    loop here if more than one control card
cnc01
        bge
                scnpt,scnil,cnc0
                                         return if end of image
                         r$cim,xr
                                         point to image
        mov
        plc
                         xr,scnpt
                                         char ptr for first char
        lch
                         wa,(xr)+
                                         get first char
if .culc
        flc
                                         fold to upper case
                                wa
fi
        beq
                  wa,=ch$li,cnc07
                                         special case of -inxxx
cnc0a
        mnz
                             scncc
                                         set flag for scane
                                         scan card name
        jsr
                             scane
                                         clear scane flag
                             scncc
        zer
                         xl.cnc06
                                         fail unless control card name
        bnz
                                         no. of chars to be compared
        mov
                        =ccnoc,wa
if .cicc
        blt
                sclen(xr),wa,cnc
                                          fail if too few chars
else
                                          fail if too few chars
        blt
                sclen(xr),wa,cnc
fi
                                         point to control card name
        mov
                             xr,xl
        zer
                                wb
                                         zero offset for substring
                                         extract substring for comparison
        jsr
                             sbstr
if .culc
        mov
                     sclen(xr),wa
                                         reload length
                                         fold to upper case
        jsr
                             flstg
fi
                         xr,cnscc
                                         keep control card substring ptr
        mov
                                         point to list of standard names
                        =ccnms,xr
        mov
                                         initialise name offset
        zer
                                wb
        lct
                        wc,=cc$nc
                                         number of standard names
    try to match name
cnc02
        mov
                          cnscc,xl
                                         point to name
        lct
                                         counter for inner loop
                         wa, cnswc
                                         jump into loop
        brn
                             cnc04
    inner loop to match card name chars
cnc03
        ica
                                xr
                                         bump standard names ptr
                                         bump name pointer
        ica
                                xl
    here to initiate the loop
                                         comp. up to cfp$c chars at once
cnc04
        cne
                schar(xl),(xr),c
        bct
                         wa,cnc03
                                         loop if more words to compare
```

```
cncrd (continued)
    matched - branch on card offset
        mov
                              wb,xl
                                           get name offset
if .cicc
        bsw
                   x1,cc$nc,cnc08
                                           switch
else
                                           switch
        bsw
                   x1,cc$nc,cnc06
fi
if.\mathbf{culc}
        iff
                       cc$ca,cnc37
                                           -case
fi
if.ccmc
        iff
                       cc$co,cnc39
                                           -compare
fi
        iff
                       cc$do,cnc10
                                           -double
        iff
                       cc$du,cnc11
                                           -dump
if.cinc
        iff
                       cc$cp,cnc41
                                           -copy
fi
        iff
                       cc$ej,cnc12
                                           -eject
        iff
                       cc$er,cnc13
                                           -errors
        iff
                       cc$ex,cnc14
                                           -execute
        iff
                                           -fail
                       cc$fa,cnc15
if .cinc
        iff
                                           -include
                       cc$in,cnc41
fi
if.csln
        iff
                                           -line
                       cc$ln,cnc44
fi
        iff
                       cc$li,cnc16
                                           -list
        iff
                       cc$nr,cnc17
                                           -noerrors
        iff
                       cc$nx,cnc18
                                           -noexecute
        iff
                       cc$nf,cnc19
                                           -nofail
        iff
                       cc$nl,cnc20
                                           -nolist
        iff
                       cc$no,cnc21
                                           -noopt
        iff
                       cc$np,cnc22
                                           -noprint
        iff
                                           -optimise
                       cc$op,cnc24
        iff
                       cc$pr,cnc25
                                           -print
        iff
                                           -single
                       cc$si,cnc27
        iff
                       cc$sp,cnc28
                                           -space
        iff
                       cc$st,cnc31
                                           -stitle
        iff
                       cc$ti,cnc32
                                           -title
        iff
                       cc$tr,cnc36
                                           -trace
        esw
                                           end switch
    not matched yet. align std names
                                          ptr and try again
                                           bump standard names ptr
cnc05
        ica
                                 xr
        bct
                          wa, cnc05
                                           loop
        icv
                                           bump names offset
                                 wb
        bct
                          wc,cnc02
                                           continue if more names
if .cicc
        brn
                              cnc08
                                           ignore unrecognized control card
fi
```

invalid control card name

cnc06	\mathbf{erb}	247, invalid cont	statement
spe	cial	processing for -inxxx	
cnc07	lch	wa,(xr)+	get next char
if .culc			
	flc	wa	fold to upper case
fi			
	bne	wa,=ch\$ln,cnc0a	if not letter n
	lch	wa,(xr)	get third char
	\mathbf{blt}	wa,=ch\$d0,cnc0a	if not digit
	\mathbf{bgt}	wa,=ch\$d9,cnc0a	if not digit
	add	=num02,scnpt	bump offset past -in
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	scane	scan integer after -in
	mov	xr,-(xs)	stack scanned item
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	gtsmi	check if integer
	ppm	cnc06	fail if not integer
	ppm	cnc06	fail if negative or large
	mov	xr,cswin	keep integer

```
cncrd (continued)
    check for more control cards before returning
                                          preserve in case xeq time compile
cnc08
        mov
                          scnpt, wa
                                          look for comma
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                             scane
        beq
                  xl,=t$cma,cnc01
                                          loop if comma found
                          wa,scnpt
                                          restore scrpt in case xeq time
        mov
    return point
cnc09
        exi
                                          return
    -double
cnc10
        mnz
                                          set switch
                             cswdb
        brn
                             cnc08
                                          merge
    -dump
    this is used for system debugging . it has the effect of
    producing a core dump at compilation time
cnc11
        jsr
                             sysdm
                                          call dumper
                                          finished
        brn
                             cnc09
    -eject
                       cswls,cnc09
                                          return if -nolist
cnc12
        \mathbf{bze}
                                          eject
        jsr
                             prtps
                                          list title
        jsr
                             listt
                                          finished
        brn
                             cnc09
    -errors
                                          clear switch
cnc13
                             cswer
        \mathbf{zer}
        brn
                             cnc08
                                          merge
    -execute
cnc14
        \mathbf{zer}
                             cswex
                                          clear switch
        brn
                             cnc08
                                          merge
    -fail
                                          set switch
cnc15
                             cswfl
        mnz
        brn
                             cnc08
                                          merge
    -list
cnc16 mnz
                             cswls
                                          set switch
                                          done if compile time
                 stage,=stgic,cnc
    list code line if execute time compile
        zer
                             lstpf
                                          permit listing
```

list line

merge

listr

cnc08

jsr brn

cncrd (continued) -noerrors set switch cnc17 mnzcswer \mathbf{brn} cnc08 merge -noexecute set switch cnc18 $\mathbf{m}\mathbf{n}\mathbf{z}$ cswex brncnc08 merge -nofail cnc19 clear switch \mathbf{zer} cswfl cnc08 brnmerge -nolist cnc20 zer cswls clear switch brn cnc08 merge -nooptimise cnc21 \mathbf{mnz} cswno ${\it set \ switch}$ brn cnc08 merge -noprint clear switch cnc22 \mathbf{zer} cswpr

cnc08

cswno

cnc08

cswpr

cnc08

merge

merge

merge

clear switch

set switch

brn

brn

mnz

brn

-print

-optimise 24 zer

cnc24

cnc25

```
cncrd (continued)
    -single
cnc27
        zer
                                            clear switch
                               cswdb
         brn
                               cnc08
                                            merge
    -space
                                            return if -nolist
cnc28
        bze
                        cswls,cnc09
         jsr
                               scane
                                            scan integer after -space
                                            1 space in case
                          =num01,wc
         mov
         beq
                   xr,=t$smc,cnc29
                                            jump if no integer
         \mathbf{mov}
                           xr,-(xs)
                                            stack it
                               gtsmi
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                            check integer
                               cnc06
                                            fail if not integer
         ppm
                               cnc06
                                            fail if negative or large
         ppm
                                            jump if non zero
         \mathbf{bnz}
                           wc,cnc29
         mov
                          =num01,wc
                                            else 1 space
    merge with count of lines to skip
cnc29
         add
                           wc,lstlc
                                            bump line count
         lct
                                            convert to loop counter
                               WC,WC
         blt
                                            jump if fits on page
                  lstlc,lstnp,cnc3
         jsr
                                            eject
                               prtps
                                            list title
         jsr
                               listt
         brn
                               cnc09
                                            merge
    skip lines
                                            print a blank
cnc30
        jsr
                               prtnl
         \mathbf{bct}
                                            loop
                           wc,cnc30
         brn
                               cnc09
                                            merge
```

```
cncrd (continued)
    -stitl
cnc31
        mov
                     =r$stl,cnr$t
                                          ptr to r$stl
        brn
                             cnc33
                                          merge
    -title
                                          clear subtitle
cnc32
        mov
                     =nulls,r$stl
                     =r$ttl,cnr$t
                                          ptr to r$ttl
        mov
    common processing for -title, -stitl
                        =nulls,xr
                                          null in case needed
cnc33
        mov
        mnz
                             cnttl
                                          set flag for next listr call
                                          offset to title/subtitle
        mov
                        =ccofs,wb
                          scnil,wa
                                          input image length
        mov
        blo
                      wa,wb,cnc34
                                          jump if no chars left
                             wb,wa
                                          no of chars to extract
        \mathbf{sub}
        mov
                          r$cim,xl
                                          point to image
                             sbstr
                                          get title/subtitle
        jsr
    store title/subtitle
cnc34
        mov
                          cnr$t,xl
                                          point to storage location
                           xr,(x1)
                                          store title/subtitle
        mov
                                          return if stitl
                  xl,=r$stl,cnc09
        beq
                                          return if extended listing
        bnz
                      precl, cnc09
                                          return if regular printer
        bze
                      prich, cnc09
        mov
                     sclen(xr),xl
                                          get length of title
        mov
                             xl,wa
                                          copy it
                                          jump if null
                          x1,cnc35
        bze
        add
                        =num10,xl
                                          increment
                                          use default lstp0 val if too long
        bhi
                   xl,prlen,cnc09
        add
                        =num04,wa
                                          point just past title
    store offset to page nn message for short title
cnc35
                          wa,lstpo
                                          store offset
        mov
        brn
                             cnc09
                                          return
    -trace
    provided for system debugging.
                                        toggles the system label
    trace switch at compile time
        jsr
                                          toggle switch
cnc36
                             systt
        brn
                             cnc08
                                          merge
if .culc
    -case
    sets value of kvcas so that names are folded or not
    during compilation.
                                          scan integer after -case
cnc37
        jsr
                             scane
        zer
                                WC
                                          get 0 in case none there
        beq
                  x1,=t$smc,cnc38
                                          skip if no integer
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                                          stack it
                                          check integer
        jsr
                             gtsmi
                             cnc06
                                          fail if not integer
        ppm
                                          fail if negative or too large
        ppm
                             cnc06
cnc38
        mov
                          wc, kvcas
                                          store new case value
        brn
                             cnc09
                                          merge
fi
if .ccmc
    -compare
    sets value of kvcom so that string comparisons may
```

```
follow collation sequence determined by the interface.
cnc39
                                          scan integer after -compare
        jsr
                              scane
                                          get 0 in case none there
        zer
                                          skip if no integer
        beq
                  x1,=t$smc,cnc40
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                                          stack it
                                          check integer
        jsr
                             gtsmi
                              cnc06
                                          fail if not integer
        ppm
                                          fail if negative or too large
        ppm
                              cnc06
cnc40
        mov
                          wc,kvcom
                                          store new compare value
                              cnc09
        brn
                                          merge
fi
if .cinc
    -include
cnc41
                                          set flag for scane
        mnz
                              scncc
        jsr
                              scane
                                          scan quoted file name
        zer
                              scncc
                                          clear scane flag
                                          if not constant
        bne
                  x1,=t$con,cnc06
                 (xr),=b$scl,cnc0
                                           if not string constant
        bne
        mov
                          xr,r$ifn
                                          save file name
                          r$inc,xl
                                          examine include file name table
        mov
                                 wb
                                          lookup by value
        \mathbf{zer}
                                          do lookup
                              tfind
        jsr
                                          never fails
        ppm
                                          ignore if already in table
                  xr,=inton,cnc09
        beq
                                          set for trim
        mnz
                          r$ifn,xr
                                          file name
        mov
                                          remove trailing blanks
        isr
                              trimr
                          r$inc,xl
                                          include file name table
        mov
                                          lookup by name this time
        mnz
                                 wb
                                          do lookup
        jsr
                              tfind
                                          never fails
        ppm
                 =inton,teval(x1)
                                          make table value integer 1
        mov
        icv
                              cnind
                                          increase nesting level
                                          load new nest level
        mov
                          cnind, wa
                  wa,=ccinm,cnc42
                                          fail if excessive nesting
        bgt
if.csfn
    record the name and line number of the current input file
        mov
                          r$ifa,xl
                                          array of nested file names
        add
                         =vcvlb,wa
                                          compute offset in words
        wtb
                                          convert to bytes
                                 wa
                                          point to element
        add
                             wa,xl
        mov
                        r$sfc,(x1)
                                          record current file name
        mov
                                          preserve nesting byte offset
                              wa,xl
        mti
                             rdnln
                                          fetch source line number as integer
                              icbld
                                          convert to icblk
        jsr
                                          entry in nested line number array
        add
                          r$ifl,xl
                           xr,(x1)
                                          record in array
        mov
fi
    here to switch to include file named in r$ifn
        mov
                          cswin,wa
                                          max read length
        mov
                          r$ifn,xl
                                          include file name
                              alocs
                                          get buffer for complete file name
        jsr
        jsr
                              sysif
                                          open include file
```

```
ppm
                              cnc43
                                           could not open
if.csfn
    make note of the complete file name for error messages
                                           do not trim trailing blanks
                                           adjust scblk for actual length
        jsr
                              trimr
                          xr.r$sfc
                                           save ptr to file name
        mov
                                           current statement as integer
        mti
                              cmpsn
                                           build icblk for stmt number
        jsr
                              icbld
                          r$sfn,xl
                                           file name table
        mov
                                           lookup statement number by name
        mnz
                                 wb
                                           allocate new teblk
        isr
                              tfind
                                           always possible to allocate block
        ppm
        mov
                  r$sfc,teval(x1)
                                           record file name as entry value
else
                                           release allocated scblk
        mov
                          xr, dnamp
fi
                              rdnln
                                           restart line counter for new file
        zer
                 stage, = stgic, cnc
                                           if initial compile
        beq
                                           if not first execute-time nesting
                 cnind,=num01,cnc
        bne
    here for -include during execute-time compile
        mov
                       r$cim,r$ici
                                           remember code argument string
        mov
                       scnpt, cnspt
                                           save position in string
        mov
                       scnil, cnsil
                                           and length of string
                                           all done, merge
                              cnc09
        brn
    here for excessive include file nesting
                                           include files
cnc42
        erb
                  284, excessively
    here if include file could not be opened
                                           release allocated scblk
cnc43
        mov
                          xr, dnamp
        \operatorname{erb}
                 285, include file
                                           cannot be opened
fi
if.csln
    -line n filename
cnc44
        isr
                                           scan integer after -line
                              scane
                                           jump if no line number
        bne
                  x1,=t$con,cnc06
        bne
                 (xr),=b$icl,cnc0
                                           jump if not integer
        ldi
                         icval(xr)
                                           fetch integer line number
        ile
                              cnc06
                                           error if negative or zero
                 stage, = stgic, cnc
                                           skip if initial compile
        beq
                                           set directly for other compiles
        \mathbf{mfi}
                              cmpln
        brn
                              cnc46
                                           no need to set rdnln
cnc45
                                           adjust number by one
        sbi
                              intv1
        mfi
                              rdnln
                                           save line number
if.\mathbf{csfn}
cnc46
                                           set flag for scane
        mnz
                              scncc
                                           scan quoted file name
        jsr
                              scane
        zer
                              scncc
                                           clear scane flag
        beq
                  x1,=t$smc,cnc47
                                           done if no file name
                                           error if not constant
        bne
                  x1,=t$con,cnc06
                 (xr),=b$scl,cnc0
                                           if not string constant
        bne
        isr
                              newfn
                                           record new file name
        brn
                              cnc09
                                           merge
    here if file name not present
cnc47
        dcv
                              scnpt
                                           set to rescan the terminator
```

	\mathbf{brn}	cnc09	merge
else			
cnc46	brn	cnc09	merge
fi			
fi			
	enp		end procedure cncrd

```
if .ceng
    enevs -- evaluate string expression for engine
    enevs is used by the external interface to evaluate a
    string expression, typically for an engine wishing to
    obtain the value of a variable or expression.
if.cevb
    (wb)
                            0 if by value, 1 if by name
fi
    (xr)
                            scblk for string to evaluate
                            call to convert and evaluate
    jsr
         enevs
    (xr)
                            pointer to result
                            = 0 if expression evaluation failed
                            = 1 if conversion to expression failed
                                         entry point (recursive)
enevs
        prc
                              r,0
if.cevb
        mov
                         wb,-(xs)
                                         save value/name flag
fi
                                         convert to expression
        jsr
                            gtexp
                                         conversion fails
                            enev2
        ppm
if .cevb
        mov
                         (xs)+,wb
                                         recover value/name flag
fi
                                         evaluate expression by value
        jsr
                            evalx
                            enev1
                                         evaluation fails
        ppm
                                         evaluation fails
        exi
                            enev1
   here if expression evaluation failed
        zer
                                         return zero result
enev1
                               xr
                                         return zero result
        exi
                               xr
    here if conversion to expression failed
if .cevb
enev2
        ica
                                         discard value/name flag
                        =num01,xr
        mov
                                         return integer one result
else
enev2
                        =num01,xr
                                         return integer one result
        \mathbf{mov}
fi
                                         return integer one result
        exi
                        =num01,xr
        enp
                        =num01,xr
                                         return integer one result
```

```
engts -- get string for engine
    engts is passed an object and returns a string with
    any necessary conversions performed.
    (xr)
                           input argument
                           call to convert to string
    jsr engts
    (xr)
                           pointer to resulting string
                           =0 if conversion not possible
                                       entry point
engts prc
                             e,0
        mov
                       xr,-(xs)
                                       stack argument to convert
                           gtstg
                                       convert to string
       jsr
       ppm
                           engt1
                                       convert impossible
                                       convert impossible
       exi
                           engt1
   here if unable to convert to string
engt1
       zer
                                       return zero
                              xr
        \mathbf{exi}
                                       return zero
                              xr
        enp
                                       return zero
```

```
fi
    dffnc -- define function
    dffnc is called whenever a new function is assigned to
    a variable. it deals with external function use counts.
    (xr)
                             pointer to vrblk
    (x1)
                             pointer to new function block
    jsr dffnc
                             call to define function
                             destroyed
    (wa,wb)
dffnc
       prc
                               e,0
                                         entry point
if .cnld
else
                 (x1),=b$efc,dffn
                                         skip if new function not external
        bne
                        efuse(x1)
                                         else increment its use count
        icv
    here after dealing with new function use count
dffn1
        mov
                                         save vrblk pointer
                             xr,wa
        mov
                     vrfnc(xr),xr
                                         load old function pointer
                 (xr),=b$efc,dffn
                                         jump if old function not external
        bne
        mov
                     efuse(xr),wb
                                         else get use count
        dcv
                                         decrement
                                wb
                                         store decremented value
        mov
                     wb,efuse(xr)
        bnz
                          wb,dffn2
                                         jump if use count still non-zero
                             sysul
                                         else call system unload function
        jsr
    here after dealing with old function use count
dffn2
        mov
                                         restore vrblk pointer
                             wa.xr
fi
        mov
                             xl,wa
                                         copy function block ptr
        blt
                  xr,=r$yyy,dffn3
                                         skip checks if opsyn op definition
                  vrlen(xr),dffn3
                                         jump if not system variable
        bnz
    for system variable, check for illegal redefinition
                     vrsvp(xr),xl
                                         point to svblk
        mov
                                         load bit indicators
        mov
                     svbit(xl),wb
        anb
                          btfnc,wb
                                         is it a system function
                                         redef ok if not
        \mathbf{zrb}
                          wb,dffn3
        \operatorname{erb}
                                         of system function
                248, attempted re
    here if redefinition is permitted
dffn3
        mov
                     wa,vrfnc(xr)
                                         store new function pointer
        mov
                             wa,xl
                                         restore function block pointer
        exi
                                         return to dffnc caller
                                         end procedure dffnc
        enp
```

```
dtach -- detach i/o associated names
    detaches trblks from i/o associated variables, removes
    entry from iochn chain attached to filearg1 vrblk and may
    remove vrblk access and store traps.
    input, output, terminal are handled specially.
    (x1)
                           i/o assoc. vbl name base ptr
    (wa)
                           offset to name
                           call for detach operation
    jsr dtach
    (xl,xr,wa,wb,wc)
                           destroyed
dtach
       prc
                              e,0
                                        entry point
                        xl,dtcnb
        mov
                                        store name base (gbcol not called)
                                        point to name location
        add
                            wa,xl
                                        store it
        mov
                        xl,dtcnm
    loop to search for i/o trblk
       mov
                           xl,xr
                                        copy name pointer
dtch1
    continue after block deletion
                          (x1), x1
                                        point to next value
dtch2
       mov
        bne
                (x1),=b$trt,dtch
                                        jump at chain end
                                        get trap block type
        mov
                    trtyp(x1),wa
        beq
                 wa,=trtin,dtch3
                                        jump if input
        beq
                 wa,=trtou,dtch3
                                        jump if output
        add
                       *trnxt,xl
                                        point to next link
        brn
                           dtch1
                                        loop
    delete an old association
                                        delete trblk
dtch3
                  trval(xl),(xr)
       mov
        mov
                           xl,wa
                                        dump xl ...
                            xr,wb
                                        ... and xr
        mov
                    trtrf(xl),xl
                                        point to trtrf trap block
        mov
                                        jump if no iochn
                        xl,dtch5
        \mathbf{bze}
                (x1),=b$trt,dtch
                                        jump if input, output, terminal
        bne
    loop to search iochn chain for name ptr
dtch4
       mov
                            xl,xr
                                        remember link ptr
                                        point to next link
        mov
                    trtrf(xl),xl
        bze
                        xl,dtch5
                                        jump if end of chain
                                        get name base
        mov
                    ionmb(x1),wc
                                        add offset
        add
                    ionmo(x1),wc
        bne
                  wc,dtcnm,dtch4
                                        loop if no match
        mov
               trtrf(xl),trtrf(
                                        remove name from chain
```

dtach (continued)

prepare to resume i/o trblk scan

dtch5 mov recover xl ... wa,xl mov wb,xr ... and xr point to value field add *trval,xl dtch2 continue brnexit point possible vrblk ptr dtch6 mov dtcnb,xr reset vrblk if necessary $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ setvr

exi return

enp end procedure dtach

```
dtype -- get datatype name
                             object whose datatype is required
    (xr)
                             call to get datatype
    jsr dtype
    (xr)
                             result datatype
                                          entry point
dtype
        \operatorname{prc}
                                e,0
                                          jump if prog.defined
        beq
                 (xr),=b$pdt,dtyp
                                          load type word
        mov
                           (xr), xr
                                          get entry point id (block code)
        lei
                                 xr
                                          convert to byte offset
        wtb
                                 xr
                                          load table entry
        mov
                     scnmt(xr),xr
                                          exit to dtype caller
        exi
    here if program defined
                                          point to dfblk
dtyp1
        mov
                     pddfp(xr),xr
                                          get datatype name from dfblk
                     dfnam(xr),xr
        mov
        \mathbf{exi}
                                          return to dtype caller
                                          end procedure dtype
        enp
```

```
dumpr -- print dump of storage
    (xr)
                           dump argument (see below)
                           call to print dump
    jsr dumpr
    (xr,xl)
                           destroyed
    (wa,wb,wc,ra)
                           destroyed
    the dump argument has the following significance
    dmarg = 0
                           no dump printed
                           partial dump (nat vars, keywords)
    dmarg = 1
    dmarg = 2
                           full dump (arrays, tables, etc.)
    dmarg = 3
                           full dump + null variables
    dmarg ge 4
                           core dump
    since dumpr scrambles store, it is not permissible to
    collect in mid-dump. hence a collect is done initially
    and then if store runs out an error message is produced.
dumpr
        prc
                              e,0
                                        entry point
        bze
                        xr, dmp28
                                        skip dump if argument is zero
                                        jump if core dump required
                 xr,=num03,dmp29
        bgt
                                        clear xl
        \mathbf{zer}
                                        zero move offset
                               wb
        zer
        mov
                        xr, dmarg
                                        save dump argument
if.\mathbf{csed}
                            dnams
                                        collect sediment too
        zer
fi
       jsr
                                        collect garbage
                           gbcol
        jsr
                           prtpg
                                        eject printer
        mov
                       =dmhdv,xr
                                        point to heading for variables
                           prtst
                                        print it
        jsr
                                        terminate print line
        jsr
                           prtnl
                                        and print a blank line
        jsr
                           prtnl
    first all natural variable blocks (vrblk) whose values
    are non-null are linked in lexical order using dmvch as
    the chain head and chaining through the vrget fields.
    note that this scrambles store if the process is
    interrupted before completion e.g. by exceeding time
    print limits. since the subsequent core dumps and
    failures if execution is resumed are very confusing, the
    execution time error routine checks for this event and
    attempts an unscramble. similar precautions should be
    observed if translate time dumping is implemented.
                           dmvch
                                        set null chain to start
        zer
                                        point to hash table
        mov
                        hshtb, wa
    loop through headers in hash table
dmp00
       mov
                           wa.xr
                                        copy hash bucket pointer
        ica
                                        bump pointer
                               wa
        sub
                       *vrnxt,xr
                                        set offset to merge
    loop through vrblks on one chain
dmp01
       mov
                    vrnxt(xr),xr
                                        point to next vrblk on chain
                                        jump if end of this hash chain
        bze
                        xr,dmp09
        mov
                           xr,xl
                                        else copy vrblk pointer
```

```
dumpr (continued)
    loop to find value and skip if null
dmp02
                     vrval(x1),x1
        mov
                                          load value
                 dmarg,=num03,dmp
                                          skip null value check if dump(3)
        beq
        beq
                  x1,=nulls,dmp01
                                          loop for next vrblk if null value
                 (x1),=b$trt,dmp0
                                          loop back if value is trapped
dmp2a
        beq
    non-null value, prepare to search chain
                                          save vrblk pointer
        mov
                             xr,wc
        add
                         *vrsof,xr
                                          adjust ptr to be like scblk ptr
                                          jump if non-system variable
        bnz
                  sclen(xr),dmp03
        mov
                     vrsvo(xr),xr
                                          else load ptr to name in svblk
    here with name pointer for new block in xr
                                          save pointer to chars
dmp03
        mov
                             xr,wb
                                          save hash bucket pointer
        mov
                          wa, dmpsv
                         =dmvch,wa
                                          point to chain head
        mov
    loop to search chain for correct insertion point
                                          save chain pointer
dmp04
                          wa, dmpch
        mov
                                          copy it
        mov
                             wa,xl
                           (x1), xr
                                          load pointer to next entry
        mov
        bze
                          xr,dmp08
                                          jump if end of chain to insert
        add
                         *vrsof,xr
                                          else get name ptr for chained vrblk
        \mathbf{bnz}
                  sclen(xr),dmp05
                                          jump if not system variable
                     vrsvo(xr),xr
                                          else point to name in svblk
        mov
    here prepare to compare the names
    (wa)
                             scratch
    (wb)
                             pointer to string of entering vrblk
                             pointer to entering vrblk
    (wc)
                             pointer to string of current block
    (xr)
    (x1)
                             scratch
dmp05
        mov
                             wb,xl
                                          point to entering vrblk string
        mov
                     sclen(x1), wa
                                          load its length
        \mathbf{plc}
                                xl
                                          point to chars of entering string
if .ccmc
                          wb,dmpsb
                                          save wb
        mov
        mov
                     sclen(xr),wb
                                          length of old string
        \mathbf{plc}
                                          point to chars of old string
                                xr
        jsr
                             syscm
                                          generalized lexical compare
                             dmp06
                                          string too long, treat like eq
        ppm
                             dmp06
                                          entering string lt old string
        ppm
                             dmp07
                                          entering string gt old string
        ppm
    here when entering string le old string
dmp06
        mov
                          dmpsb,wb
                                          restore wb
                                          found insertion point
        brn
                             dmp08
```

dumpr (continued) here we move out on the chain dmp07 dmpsb,wb restore wb mov mov dmpch,xl copy chain pointer elsejump if entering length high bhi wa,sclen(xr),dmp else point to chars of old string plc dmp08,dmp07 compare, insert if new is llt old cmcbrndmp08 or if leq (we had shorter length) here when new length is longer than old length dmp06 \mathbf{mov} sclen(xr),wa load shorter length \mathbf{plc} point to chars of old string \mathbf{cmc} dmp08,dmp07 compare, insert if new one low

```
dumpr (continued)
    here we move out on the chain
dmp07
        mov
                         dmpch,xl
                                         copy chain pointer
fi
        mov
                           (x1), wa
                                         move to next entry on chain
        brn
                             dmp04
                                         loop back
    here after locating the proper insertion point
                         dmpch,xl
dmp08
        mov
                                         copy chain pointer
        mov
                         dmpsv, wa
                                         restore hash bucket pointer
                                         restore vrblk pointer
        mov
                             wc,xr
        mov
                   (x1), vrget(xr)
                                         link vrblk to rest of chain
                                         link vrblk into current chain loc
                          xr,(x1)
        mov
                                         loop back for next vrblk
        brn
                             dmp01
    here after processing all vrblks on one chain
        bne
                  wa, hshte, dmp00
                                         loop back if more buckets to go
dmp09
    loop to generate dump of natural variable values
                                         load pointer to next entry on chain
dmp10
        mov
                         dmvch,xr
        bze
                         xr,dmp11
                                         jump if end of chain
                       (xr), dmvch
                                         else update chain ptr to next entry
        mov
        jsr
                             setvr
                                         restore vrget field
        mov
                             xr,xl
                                         copy vrblk pointer (name base)
        mov
                        *vrval,wa
                                         set offset for vrblk name
                             prtnv
                                         print name = value
        jsr
                             dmp10
                                         loop back till all printed
        brn
    prepare to print keywords
dmp11
        jsr
                             prtnl
                                         print blank line
                             prtnl
                                         and another
        jsr
                        =dmhdk,xr
                                         point to keyword heading
        mov
                                         print heading
                             prtst
        jsr
                                         end line
        jsr
                             prtnl
                                         print one blank line
        jsr
                             prtnl
        mov
                        =vdmkw,xl
                                         point to list of keyword svblk ptrs
```

```
dumpr (continued)
    loop to dump keyword values
                                          load next svblk ptr from table
dmp12
       mov
                          (x1)+,xr
                          xr,dmp13
                                          jump if end of list
        bze
if .ccmk
                                          &compare ignored if not implemented
        beq
                  xr,=num01,dmp12
fi
                                          load ampersand
        mov
                        =ch$am,wa
        jsr
                             prtch
                                          print ampersand
                             prtst
                                          print keyword name
        jsr
        mov
                     svlen(xr),wa
                                          load name length from svblk
                          wa,svchs
                                          get length of name
        \operatorname{ctb}
                                          point to svknm field
        add
                             wa,xr
                        (xr), dmpkn
                                          store in dummy kvblk
        mov
                        =tmbeb,xr
                                          point to blank-equal-blank
        mov
                             prtst
                                          print it
        jsr
                                          save table pointer
                          xl,dmpsv
        mov
                                          point to dummy kyblk
                        =dmpkb,xl
        mov
                      =b$kvt,(x1)
                                          build type word
        mov
                                          build ptr to dummy trace block
        mov
                 =trbkv,kvvar(x1)
                        *kvvar,wa
        mov
                                          set zero offset
                             acess
                                          get keyword value
        jsr
                                          failure is impossible
        ppm
                                          print keyword value
        jsr
                             prtvl
                                          terminate print line
        jsr
                             prtnl
        mov
                          dmpsv,xl
                                          restore table pointer
        brn
                             dmp12
                                          loop back till all printed
    here after completing partial dump
                dmarg,=num01,dmp
                                          exit if partial dump complete
dmp13
        beq
                                          else point to first dynamic block
        mov
                          dnamb,xr
    loop through blocks in dynamic storage
dmp14
        beq
                   xr, dnamp, dmp27
                                          jump if end of used region
                                          else load first word of block
        mov
                           (xr), wa
        beq
                  wa,=b$vct,dmp16
                                          jump if vector
                                          jump if array
        beq
                  wa,=b$art,dmp17
                  wa,=b$pdt,dmp18
                                          jump if program defined
        beq
        beq
                  wa,=b$tbt,dmp19
                                          jump if table
if .cnbf
else
                                          jump if buffer
                  wa,=b$bct,dmp30
        beq
fi
    merge here to move to next block
                                          get length of block
dmp15
        jsr
                             blkln
                                          point past this block
        add
                             wa,xr
        brn
                                          loop back for next block
                             dmp14
```

```
dumpr (continued)
    here for vector
                         *vcvls,wb
dmp16
        mov
                                          set offset to first value
        brn
                                          jump to merge
                             dmp19
    here for array
                     arofs(xr),wb
                                          set offset to arpro field
dmp17
        mov
        ica
                                          bump to get offset to values
                                wb
                                          jump to merge
        brn
                             dmp19
    here for program defined
dmp18
       mov
                         *pdfld,wb
                                          point to values, merge
    here for table (others merge)
                                          ignore block if zero id value
dmp19
                  idval(xr),dmp15
        \mathbf{bze}
                                          else get block length
                             blkln
        jsr
                                          copy block pointer
        mov
                             xr,xl
                          wa,dmpsv
                                          save length
        mov
        mov
                             wb,wa
                                          copy offset to first value
                                          print blank line
                             prtnl
        jsr
                          wa,dmpsa
                                          preserve offset
        mov
                                          print block value (for title)
                             prtvl
        jsr
        mov
                          dmpsa,wa
                                          recover offset
                             prtnl
        jsr
                                          end print line
        beq
                 (xr),=b$tbt,dmp2
                                          jump if table
                                          point before first word
        dca
    loop to print contents of array,
                                         vector, or program def
dmp20
                                          copy block pointer
        mov
                             xl,xr
        ica
                                wa
                                          bump offset
        add
                                          point to next value
                             wa,xr
                                          exit if end (xr past block)
        beq
                   wa, dmpsv, dmp14
                                          subtract offset to merge into loop
        sub
                         *vrval,xr
    loop to find value and ignore nulls
dmp21
        mov
                     vrval(xr),xr
                                          load next value
        beq
                dmarg,=num03,dmp
                                          skip null value check if dump(3)
        beq
                  xr,=nulls,dmp20
                                          loop back if null value
                 (xr),=b$trt,dmp2
                                          loop back if trapped
dmp2b
        beq
        isr
                             prtnv
                                          else print name = value
        brn
                             dmp20
                                          loop back for next field
```

```
dumpr (continued)
    here to dump a table
                                         set offset to first bucket
dmp22
        mov
                        *tbbuk,wc
                                         set name offset for all teblks
                        *teval,wa
        mov
    loop through table buckets
                         xl,-(xs)
                                         save tbblk pointer
dmp23
        mov
        add
                                         point to next bucket header
                             wc.xl
                                         bump bucket offset
        ica
                                WC
        sub
                        *tenxt,xl
                                         subtract offset to merge into loop
    loop to process teblks on one chain
dmp24
        mov
                     tenxt(x1),x1
                                         point to next teblk
                    x1,(xs),dmp26
                                         jump if end of chain
        beq
        mov
                             xl,xr
                                         else copy teblk pointer
    loop to find value and ignore if null
        mov
                     teval(xr),xr
                                         load next value
dmp25
        beq
                 xr,=nulls,dmp24
                                         ignore if null value
                 (xr),=b$trt,dmp2
                                         loop back if trapped
        beq
        mov
                         wc,dmpsv
                                         else save offset pointer
                                         print name = value
        jsr
                             prtnv
                                         reload offset
        mov
                         dmpsv,wc
        brn
                             dmp24
                                         loop back for next teblk
    here to move to next hash chain
                          (xs)+,xl
                                         restore tbblk pointer
dmp26
        mov
                wc,tblen(xl),dmp
                                         loop back if more buckets to go
        bne
        mov
                             xl,xr
                                         else copy table pointer
        add
                             wc,xr
                                         point to following block
        brn
                             dmp14
                                         loop back to process next block
    here after completing dump
                                         eject printer
dmp27
    merge here if no dump given (dmarg=0)
dmp28
                                         return to dump caller
    call system core dump routine
                                         call it
dmp29
        jsr
                             sysdm
                             dmp28
                                         return
        brn
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
```

```
dumpr (continued)
    here to dump buffer block
dmp30
                                 prtnl
                                               print blank line
         jsr
                                prtvl
                                               print value id for title
         jsr
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                 prtnl
                                               force new line
                           =ch$dq,wa
                                               load double quote
         mov
         jsr
                                 prtch
                                               print it
                        bclen(xr),wc
                                               load defined length
         \mathbf{mov}
         bze
                             wc,dmp32
                                               skip characters if none
                                               load count for loop
         lct
                                 wc,wc
         mov
                                 xr,wb
                                               save bcblk ptr
                                               point to bfblk
         mov
                        bcbuf(xr),xr
                                               get set to load characters
         plc
     loop here stuffing characters in output stream
dmp31
         lch
                             wa,(xr)+
                                               get next character
                                               stuff it
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                 prtch
         bct
                             wc,dmp31
                                               branch for next one
                                               restore bcblk pointer
         mov
                                 wb,xr
    merge to stuff closing quote mark
                                               stuff quote
dmp32
        mov
                           =ch$dq,wa
                                prtch
         jsr
                                               print it
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                 prtnl
                                               print new line
                              (xr),wa
                                               get first wd for blkln
         \mathbf{mov}
         brn
                                 dmp15
                                               merge to get next block
fi
         enp
                                               end procedure dumpr
```

ermsg -- print error code and error message kvert error code jsr ermsg call to print message destroyed (xr,xl,wa,wb,wc,ia) ermsg \mathbf{prc} e,0 entry point kvert,wa load error code mov mov =ermms,xr point to error message /error/ print it jsr prtst $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ ertex get error message text =thsnd,wa bump error code for print add mtiwa fail code in int acc save current buffer position profs, wb mov print code (now have error1xxx) prtin $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ prbuf,xl point to print buffer mov xl,wb point to the 1 \mathbf{psc} load a blank mov =ch\$bl,wa wa,(x1)store blank over 1 (error xxx) sch complete store characters \mathbf{csc} xlxl clear garbage pointer in xl zer keep error text mov xr,wa mov =ermns,xr point to / - / jsr prtst print it get error text again \mathbf{mov} wa,xr prtst print error message text $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ print line jsr prtis $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ prtis print blank line exireturn to ermsg caller end procedure ermsg enp

```
ertex -- get error message text
    (wa)
                             error code
                             call to get error text
    jsr ertex
    (xr)
                             ptr to error text in dynamic
    (r$etx)
                             copy of ptr to error text
    (xl,wc,ia)
                             destroyed
ertex prc
                               e,0
                                          entry point
                                          save wa
        mov
                          wa,ertwa
        mov
                          wb,ertwb
                                          save wb
                                          get failure message text
        jsr
                             sysem
        mov
                             xr,xl
                                          copy pointer to it
                                          get length of string
        mov
                     sclen(xr),wa
        \mathbf{bze}
                          wa,ert02
                                          jump if null
                                          offset of zero
        \mathbf{zer}
                                 wb
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                             sbstr
                                          copy into dynamic store
                                          store for relocation
        mov
                          xr,r$etx
    return
                                          restore wb
ert01 mov
                          ertwb,wb
                                          restore wa
        mov
                          ertwa,wa
                                          return to caller
        exi
    return errtext contents instead of null
ert02
        mov
                         r$etx,xr
                                          get errtext
        brn
                             ert01
                                          return
        enp
                             ert01
                                          return
```

```
evali -- evaluate integer argument
    evali is used by pattern primitives len,tab,rtab,pos,rpos
    when their argument is an expression value.
    (xr)
                            node pointer
    (wb)
                            cursor
    jsr evali
                            call to evaluate integer
                            transfer loc for non-integer arg
    ppm loc
                            transfer loc for out of range arg
    ppm
         loc
    ppm loc
                            transfer loc for evaluation failure
                            transfer loc for successful eval
    ppm loc
    (the normal return is never taken)
                            ptr to node with integer argument
    (xr)
    (wc,xl,ra)
                            destroyed
    on return, the node pointed to has the integer argument
    in parm1 and the proper successor pointer in pthen.
    this allows merging with the normal (integer arg) case.
evali
       prc
                              r,4
                                        entry point (recursive)
        isr
                            evalp
                                        evaluate expression
                            evli1
                                        jump on failure
        ppm
        mov
                        x1,-(xs)
                                        stack result for gtsmi
        mov
                    pthen(xr),xl
                                        load successor pointer
                        xr,evlio
                                        save original node pointer
        mov
                                        zero if simple argument
                         wc,evlif
        mov
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                            gtsmi
                                        convert arg to small integer
                                        jump if not integer
        ppm
                            evli2
        ppm
                            evli3
                                        jump if out of range
                         xr,evliv
                                        store result in special dummy node
        \mathbf{mov}
                                        point to dummy node with result
        mov
                       =evlin,xr
                     =p$len,(xr)
                                        dummy pattern block pcode
        mov
        mov
                    xl,pthen(xr)
                                        store successor pointer
        exi
                                        take successful exit
    here if evaluation fails
                                        take failure return
evli1
       exi
   here if argument is not integer
                                        take non-integer error exit
    here if argument is out of range
evli3
        exi
                                        take out-of-range error exit
                                        end procedure evali
        enp
```

```
a pattern match. the effect is like evalx, but pattern
    variables are stacked and restored if necessary.
    evalp also differs from evalx in that if the result is
    an expression it is reevaluated. this occurs repeatedly.
    to support optimization of pos and rpos, evalp uses wc
    to signal the caller for the case of a simple vrblk
    that is not an expression and is not trapped. because
    this case cannot have any side effects, optimization is
    possible.
    (xr)
                           node pointer
    (wb)
                           pattern match cursor
    jsr evalp
                           call to evaluate expression
                           transfer loc if evaluation fails
    ppm
         loc
    (x1)
                           result
                           first word of result block
    (wa)
    (wc)
                           zero if simple vrblk, else non-zero
                           destroyed (failure case only)
    (xr, wb)
    (ra)
                           destroyed
    the expression pointer is stored in parm1 of the node
    control returns to failp on failure of evaluation
                                       entry point (recursive)
evalp
                             r,1
        prc
                    parm1(xr),xl
                                       load expression pointer
        mov
        beq
                (x1),=b$ex1,evlp
                                       jump if exblk case
    here for case of seblk
    we can give a fast return if the value of the vrblk is
    not an expression and is not trapped.
                                       load vrblk pointer
        \mathbf{mov}
                    sevar(x1),x1
                                       load value of vrblk
        mov
                    vrval(x1),xl
        mov
                          (x1), wa
                                       load first word of value
        bhi
                 wa,=b$t$$,evlp3
                                       jump if not seblk, trblk or exblk
    here for exblk or seblk with expr value or trapped value
                                       check for stack space
evlp1
        \mathbf{chk}
        mov
                        xr,-(xs)
                                       stack node pointer
                        wb,-(xs)
                                       stack cursor
        mov
        mov
                     r$pms,-(xs)
                                       stack subject string pointer
                     pmssl,-(xs)
                                       stack subject string length
        mov
                     pmdfl,-(xs)
                                       stack dot flag
        mov
                                       stack history stack base pointer
                     pmhbs,-(xs)
        mov
                    parm1(xr),xr
                                       load expression pointer
        mov
```

evalp -- evaluate expression during pattern match

evalp is used to evaluate an expression (by value) during

```
evalp (continued)
    loop back here to reevaluate expression result
evlp2
                                         set flag for by value
                                wb
                             evalx
                                         evaluate expression
        jsr
        ppm
                             evlp4
                                         jump on failure
        mov
                           (xr), wa
                                         else load first word of value
        blo
                  wa,=b$e$$,evlp2
                                         loop back to reevaluate expression
    here to restore pattern values after successful eval
        mov
                             xr,xl
                                         copy result pointer
                      (xs)+,pmhbs
                                         restore history stack base pointer
        mov
        mov
                      (xs)+,pmdfl
                                         restore dot flag
                      (xs)+,pmssl
                                         restore subject string length
        mov
                      (xs)+,rpms
                                         restore subject string pointer
        mov
                          (xs)+,wb
                                         restore cursor
        mov
                          (xs)+,xr
                                         restore node pointer
        mov
        mov
                             xr,wc
                                         non-zero for simple vrblk
                                         return to evalp caller
        exi
    here to return after simple vrblk case
evlp3
                                         simple vrblk, no side effects
        zer
                                WC
                                         return to evalp caller
        exi
    here for failure during evaluation
evlp4
        mov
                      (xs)+,pmhbs
                                         restore history stack base pointer
                      (xs)+,pmdfl
                                         restore dot flag
        mov
                      (xs)+,pmssl
                                         restore subject string length
        mov
                      (xs)+,rpms
                                         restore subject string pointer
        mov
        add
                        *num02,xs
                                         remove node ptr, cursor
```

1

exi

enp

take failure exit

end procedure evalp

```
evals -- evaluate string argument
    evals is used by span, any, notany, break, breakx when
    they are passed an expression argument.
    (xr)
                            node pointer
    (wb)
                            cursor
    jsr evals
                            call to evaluate string
                            transfer loc for non-string arg
    ppm loc
         loc
                            transfer loc for evaluation failure
    ppm
    ppm loc
                            transfer loc for successful eval
    (the normal return is never taken)
    (xr)
                            ptr to node with parms set
    (xl,wc,ra)
                            destroyed
    on return, the node pointed to has a character table
    pointer in parm1 and a bit mask in parm2. the proper
    successor is stored in pthen of this node. thus it is
    ok for merging with the normal (multi-char string) case.
                                        entry point (recursive)
evals
        \mathbf{prc}
                              r,3
        isr
                            evalp
                                        evaluate expression
                            evls1
                                        jump if evaluation fails
        ppm
        mov
                 pthen(xr),-(xs)
                                        save successor pointer
        mov
                        wb,-(xs)
                                        save cursor
                        x1,-(xs)
                                        stack result ptr for patst
        mov
                                        dummy pcode for one char string
                               wb
        \mathbf{zer}
                                        dummy pcode for expression arg
        zer
                                        appropriate pcode for our use
        mov
                        =p$brk,xl
                            patst
        jsr
                                        call routine to build node
                            evls2
                                        jump if not string
        ppm
                         (xs)+,wb
                                        restore cursor
        mov
                 (xs)+,pthen(xr)
                                        store successor pointer
        mov
                                        take success return
        exi
    here if evaluation fails
evls1
        exi
                                2
                                        take failure return
    here if argument is not string
                                        pop successor and cursor
evls2
        add
                       *num02,xs
        exi
                                        take non-string error exit
                                        end procedure evals
        enp
```

```
evalx -- evaluate expression
    evalx is called to evaluate an expression
                           pointer to exblk or seblk
    (xr)
    (wb)
                           0 if by value, 1 if by name
    jsr evalx
                           call to evaluate expression
                           transfer loc if evaluation fails
   ppm loc
    (xr)
                           result if called by value
    (xl,wa)
                           result name base, offset if by name
    (xr)
                           destroyed (name case only)
                           destroyed (value case only)
    (xl,wa)
    (wb,wc,ra)
                           destroyed
                             r,1
                                       entry point, recursive
evalx
       prc
                (xr),=b$exl,evlx
                                       jump if exblk case
        beq
    here for seblk
        mov
                    sevar(xr),xl
                                       load vrblk pointer (name base)
        mov
                       *vrval,wa
                                       set name offset
                        wb,evlx1
                                       jump if called by name
        \mathbf{bnz}
                                       call routine to access value
       jsr
                           acess
                                       jump if failure on access
                           evlx9
       ppm
   merge here to exit for seblk case
                                       return to evalx caller
evlx1 exi
```

```
evalx (continued)
   here for full expression (exblk) case
    if an error occurs in the expression code at execution
    time, control is passed via error section to exfal
    without returning to this routine.
    the following entries are made on the stack before
    giving control to the expression code
                            evalx return point
                            saved value of r$cod
                            code pointer (-r$cod)
                            saved value of flptr
                            0 if by value, 1 if by name
                  ----- *exflc, fail offset in exblk
    flptr --
                                        get code pointer
evlx2
        scp
                               WC
        mov
                        r$cod,wa
                                        load code block pointer
        \mathbf{sub}
                            wa,wc
                                        get code pointer as offset
                                        stack old code block pointer
                         wa,-(xs)
        mov
                         wc,-(xs)
                                        stack relative code offset
        mov
                     flptr,-(xs)
                                        stack old failure pointer
        mov
                                        stack name/value indicator
        mov
                         wb,-(xs)
                     *exflc,-(xs)
                                        stack new fail offset
        mov
                     flptr,gtcef
                                        keep in case of error
        mov
                                        keep code block pointer similarly
                     r$cod,r$gtc
        mov
                         xs,flptr
                                        set new failure pointer
        mov
                                        set new code block pointer
        mov
                         xr,r$cod
                 kvstn,exstm(xr)
        mov
                                        remember stmnt number
        add
                        *excod,xr
                                        point to first code word
                                        set code pointer
        lcp
                               xr
                                        jump if not execution time
        bne
                stage, = stgxt, evl
        mov
                    =stgee,stage
                                        evaluating expression
    here to execute first code word of expression
evlx0
        zer
                               xl
                                        clear garbage xl
                                        load first code word
        lcw
                               xr
        bri
                              (xr)
                                        execute it
```

```
evalx (continued)
    come here if successful return by value (see o$rvl)
        mov
                                         load value
evlx3
                          (xs)+,xr
        bze
                 num01(xs),evlx5
                                         jump if called by value
                                         by name returned value
        \operatorname{erb}
                 249, expression e
    here for expression returning by name (see o$rnm)
evlx4
        mov
                          (xs)+,wa
                                         load name offset
                          (xs)+,xl
                                         load name base
        mov
        bnz
                 num01(xs),evlx5
                                         jump if called by name
                                         else access value first
        jsr
                             acess
                             evlx6
                                         jump if failure during access
        ppm
    here after loading correct result into xr or xl,wa
                                         note successful
evlx5
        zer
                                wb
        brn
                                         merge
                             evlx7
    here for failure in expression evaluation (see offex)
evlx6
        \mathbf{mnz}
                                         note unsuccessful
    restore environment
                                         skip if was not previously xt
evlx7
        bne
                 stage, = stgee, evl
                     =stgxt,stage
                                         execute time
        mov
    merge with stage set up
evlx8
        add
                        *num02,xs
                                         pop name/value indicator, *exfal
        mov
                      (xs)+,flptr
                                         restore old failure pointer
                                         load code offset
                          (xs)+,wc
        mov
        add
                           (xs),wc
                                         make code pointer absolute
                      (xs)+,r$cod
                                         restore old code block pointer
        mov
        lcp
                                         restore old code pointer
        bze
                         wb,evlx1
                                         jump for successful return
```

merge here for failure in seblk case

evlx9

exi

enp

take failure exit

end of procedure evalx

```
exbld -- build exblk
    exbld is used to build an expression block from the
    code compiled most recently in the current ccblk.
                             offset in ccblk to start of code
    (x1)
    (wb)
                             integer in range 0 le n le mxlen
    jsr exbld
                             call to build exblk
    (xr)
                             ptr to constructed exblk
                             destroyed
    (wa, wb, x1)
exbld
        prc
                               e,0
                                         entry point
                                         copy offset to start of code
        mov
                             xl,wa
        \mathbf{sub}
                         *excod, wa
                                         calc reduction in offset in exblk
                          wa,-(xs)
                                         stack for later
        mov
                                         load final offset
        mov
                          cwcof,wa
                                         compute length of code
        \mathbf{sub}
                             xl,wa
        add
                         *exsi$,wa
                                         add space for standard fields
        jsr
                             alloc
                                         allocate space for exblk
                         xr,-(xs)
                                         save pointer to exblk
        mov
                =b$exl,extyp(xr)
                                         store type word
        mov
                        exstm(xr)
                                         zeroise stmnt number field
        zer
if.csln
        mov
                  cmpln, exsln(xr)
                                         set line number field
fi
                                         store length
                     wa,exlen(xr)
        mov
                 =ofex$,exflc(xr)
                                         store failure word
        mov
                                         set xr for myw
                        *exsi$,xr
        add
        mov
                         xl,cwcof
                                         reset offset to start of code
        add
                         r$ccb,xl
                                         point to start of code
                         *exsi$,wa
                                         length of code to move
        \mathbf{sub}
                         wa,-(xs)
                                         stack length of code
        mov
                                         move code to exblk
        mvw
        mov
                          (xs)+,wa
                                         get length of code
        btw
                                wa
                                         convert byte count to word count
        lct
                             wa,wa
                                         prepare counter for loop
                           (xs), xl
                                         copy exblk ptr, dont unstack
        mov
        add
                         *excod,xl
                                         point to code itself
                                         get reduction in offset
                     num01(xs),wb
        mov
    this loop searches for negation and selection code so
    that the offsets computed whilst code was in code block
    can be transformed to reduced values applicable in an
    exblk.
exbl1
                          (x1)+,xr
                                         get next code word
        mov
        beq
                  xr,=osla$,exbl3
                                         jump if selection found
                                         jump if negation found
        beq
                  xr,=onta$,exbl3
                                         loop to end of code
        bct
                         wa, exbl1
    no selection found or merge to exit on termination
                                         pop exblk ptr into xr
        mov
                          (xs)+,xr
exbl2
                                         pop reduction constant
        mov
                          (xs)+,xl
                                         return to caller
        exi
```

exbld (continued)
selection or negation found
reduce the offsets as needed. offsets occur in words
following code words -

=onta\$,	=osla\$,	=oslb\$,	=oslc\$

exb13	sub	wb,(xl)+	adjust offset
	\mathbf{bct}	wa,exbl4	decrement count
exbl4	\mathbf{bct}	wa,exb15	decrement count
cor	ntinue	search for more offsets	
exbl5	\mathbf{mov}	(xl)+,xr	get next code word
	\mathbf{beq}	xr,=osla\$,exbl3	jump if offset found
	\mathbf{beq}	xr,=oslb\$,exbl3	jump if offset found
	\mathbf{beq}	xr,=oslc\$,exbl3	jump if offset found
	\mathbf{beq}	xr,=onta\$,exbl3	jump if offset found
	\mathbf{bct}	wa,exb15	loop
	\mathbf{brn}	exbl2	merge to return
	\mathbf{enp}		end procedure exbld

expan -- analyze expression the expression analyzer (expan) procedure is used to scan an expression and convert it into a tree representation. see the description of cmblk in the structures section for detailed format of tree blocks. the analyzer uses a simple precedence scheme in which operands and operators are placed on a single stack and condensations are made when low precedence operators are stacked after a higher precedence operator. a global variable (in wb) keeps track of the level as follows. scanning outer level of statement or expression scanning outer level of normal goto 1 2 scanning outer level of direct goto scanning inside array brackets 3 scanning inside grouping parentheses scanning inside function parentheses this variable is saved on the stack on encountering a grouping and restored at the end of the grouping. another global variable (in wc) counts the number of items at one grouping level and is incremented for each comma encountered. it is stacked with the level indicator the scan is controlled by a three state finite machine. a global variable stored in wa is the current state. wa=0 nothing scanned at this level wa=1 operand expected wa=2 operator expected (wb) call type (see below) jsr expan call to analyze expression (xr) pointer to resulting tree (xl,wa,wb,wc,ra) destroyed the entry value of wb indicates the call type as follows. scanning either the main body of a statement or the text of an expression (from eval call). valid terminators are colon, semicolon. the rescan flag is set to return the terminator on the next scane call. scanning a normal goto. the only valid terminator is a right paren. 2 scanning a direct goto. the only valid

terminator is a right bracket.

```
expan (continued)
    entry point
expan
                                           entry point
        prc
                                e,0
                                           set top of stack indicator
                              -(xs)
        zer
        zer
                                 wa
                                           set initial state to zero
                                           zero counter value
                                 WC
        zer
    loop here for successive entries
                                           scan next element
exp01
        jsr
                              scane
        add
                              wa,xl
                                           add state to syntax code
        bsw
                                           switch on element type/state
                          x1,t$nes
        iff
                       t$va0,exp03
                                           variable, s=0
        iff
                                           variable, state one
                       t$va1,exp03
        iff
                                           variable, s=2
                       t$va2,exp04
        iff
                                           constant, s=0
                       t$co0,exp03
        iff
                       t$co1,exp03
                                           constant, s=1
        iff
                       t$co2,exp04
                                           constant, s=2
        iff
                       t$1p0,exp06
                                           left paren, s=0
        iff
                       t$lp1,exp06
                                           left paren, s=1
        iff
                       t$1p2,exp04
                                           left paren, s=2
        iff
                       t$fn0,exp10
                                           function, s=0
        iff
                       t$fn1,exp10
                                           function, s=1
        iff
                       t$fn2,exp04
                                           function, s=2
        iff
                       t$rp0,exp02
                                           right paren, s=0
                       t$rp1,exp05
        iff
                                           right paren, s=1
        iff
                                           right paren, s=2
                       t$rp2,exp12
        iff
                       t$1b0,exp08
                                           left brkt, s=0
        iff
                       t$1b1,exp08
                                           left brkt, s=1
        iff
                                           left brkt, s=2
                       t$1b2,exp09
        iff
                                           right brkt, s=0
                       t$rb0,exp02
        iff
                                           right brkt, s=1
                       t$rb1,exp05
        iff
                       t$rb2,exp18
                                           right brkt, s=2
        iff
                       t$uo0,exp27
                                           unop, s=0
        iff
                       t$uo1,exp27
                                           unop, s=1
        iff
                       t$uo2,exp04
                                           unop, s=2
        iff
                       t$bo0,exp05
                                           binop, s=0
        iff
                       t$bo1,exp05
                                           binop, s=1
        iff
                       t$bo2,exp26
                                           binop, s=2
        iff
                       t$cm0,exp02
                                           comma, s=0
        iff
                       t$cm1,exp05
                                           comma, s=1
        iff
                       t$cm2,exp11
                                           comma, s=2
        iff
                       t$c10,exp02
                                           colon, s=0
        iff
                       t$cl1,exp05
                                           colon, s=1
        iff
                                           colon, s=2
                       t$c12,exp19
        iff
                                           semicolon, s=0
                       t$sm0,exp02
        iff
                       t$sm1,exp05
                                           semicolon, s=1
        iff
                                           semicolon, s=2
                       t$sm2,exp19
                                           end switch on element type/state
        esw
```

```
expan (continued)
   here for rbr,rpr,col,smc,cma in state 0
    set to rescan the terminator encountered and create
    a null constant (case of omitted null)
exp02
       mnz
                           scnrs
                                       set to rescan element
                                       point to null, merge
       mov
                       =nulls,xr
   here for var or con in states 0,1
    stack the variable/constant and set state=2
exp03
       mov
                        xr,-(xs)
                                       stack pointer to operand
                       =num02,wa
                                       set state 2
       mov
       brn
                           exp01
                                       jump for next element
   here for var, con, lpr, fnc, uop in state 2
    we rescan the element and create a concatenation operator
    this is the case of the blank concatenation operator.
exp04
       mnz
                           scnrs
                                       set to rescan element
       mov
                      =opdvc,xr
                                       point to concat operator dv
       \mathbf{bze}
                                       ok if at top level
                       wb,exp4a
       mov
                       =opdvp,xr
                                       else point to unmistakable concat.
   merge here when xr set up with proper concatenation dvblk
exp4a bnz
                     scnbl,exp26
                                       merge bop if blanks, else error
                           adjust start of element location
    dcv scnse
       \mathbf{erb}
               220, syntax error
                                       missing operator
   here for cma,rpr,rbr,col,smc,bop(s=1) bop(s=0)
    this is an erronous contruction
                           adjust start of element location
    dcv scnse
exp05 erb
               221, syntax error
                                       missing operand
   here for lpr (s=0,1)
                       =num04,x1
                                       set new level indicator
exp06
       mov
                                       set zero value for cmopn
       zer
                              xr
```

```
expan (continued)
    merge here to store old level on stack and start new one
exp07
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                                          stack cmopn value
                          wc,-(xs)
                                          stack old counter
        mov
                                          stack old level indicator
        mov
                          wb,-(xs)
        \mathbf{chk}
                                          check for stack overflow
                                          set new state to zero
        zer
                                 wa
                                          set new level indicator
        mov
                             xl,wb
        mov
                         =num01,wc
                                          initialize new counter
                             exp01
                                          jump to scan next element
        brn
    here for lbr (s=0,1)
    this is an illegal use of left bracket
                 222, syntax error
                                          invalid use of left bracket
exp08
        \operatorname{erb}
    here for lbr (s=2)
    set new level and start to scan subscripts
exp09
        mov
                          (xs)+,xr
                                          load array ptr for cmopn
                         =num03,x1
                                          set new level indicator
        mov
                                          jump to stack old and start new
        brn
                             exp07
    here for fnc (s=0,1)
    stack old level and start to scan arguments
                         =num05,x1
exp10
        mov
                                          set new lev indic (xr=vrblk=cmopn)
        brn
                             exp07
                                          jump to stack old and start new
    here for cma (s=2)
    increment argument count and continue
exp11
        icv
                                 WC
                                          increment counter
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                             expdm
                                          dump operators at this level
        zer
                             -(xs)
                                          set new level for parameter
                                          set new state
        zer
                                          loop back unless outer level
                  wb,=num02,exp01
        bgt
```

 \mathbf{erb}

223, syntax error

invalid use of comma

```
expan (continued)
   here for rpr (s=2)
    at outer level in a normal goto this is a terminator
    otherwise it must terminate a function or grouping
exp12
        beq
                 wb,=num01,exp20
                                         end of normal goto
                 wb,=num05,exp13
                                         end of function arguments
        beq
        beq
                 wb,=num04,exp14
                                         end of grouping / selection
                                         unbalanced right parenthesis
                224, syntax error
        \mathbf{erb}
    here at end of function arguments
                        =c$fnc,xl
                                         set cmtyp value for function
exp13
       mov
        brn
                            exp15
                                         jump to build cmblk
    here for end of grouping
                                         jump if end of grouping
        beq
                 wc,=num01,exp17
exp14
                        =c$sel,xl
                                         else set cmtyp for selection
        mov
    merge here to build cmblk for level just scanned and
    to pop up to the previous scan level before continuing.
                                         dump operators at this level
exp15
       jsr
                            expdm
        mov
                            wc,wa
                                         copy count
        add
                        =cmvls,wa
                                         add for standard fields at start
                                         convert length to bytes
        wtb
        jsr
                            alloc
                                         allocate space for cmblk
                      =b$cmt,(xr)
                                         store type code for cmblk
        mov
                                         store cmblk node type indicator
                     xl,cmtyp(xr)
        mov
                     wa,cmlen(xr)
                                         store length
        mov
                                         point past end of block
        add
                            wa,xr
        lct
                            WC,WC
                                         set loop counter
    loop to move remaining words to cmblk
exp16
                      (xs)+,-(xr)
                                         move one operand ptr from stack
        mov
                                         pop to old level indicator
        mov
                         (xs)+,wb
                                         loop till all moved
        \mathbf{bct}
                         wc,exp16
```

```
expan (continued)
    complete cmblk and stack pointer to it on stack
                                          point back to start of block
        \mathbf{sub}
                        *cmvls,xr
                          (xs)+,wc
                                          restore old counter
        mov
        mov
                   (xs),cmopn(xr)
                                          store operand ptr in cmblk
                           xr,(xs)
                                          stack cmblk pointer
        mov
        mov
                        =num02, wa
                                          set new state
                                          back for next element
        brn
                             exp01
    here at end of a parenthesized expression
exp17 jsr
                             expdm
                                          dump operators at this level
        mov
                          (xs)+,xr
                                          restore xr
                                          restore outer level
                          (xs)+,wb
        \mathbf{mov}
                          (xs)+,wc
                                          restore outer count
        mov
                           xr,(xs)
                                          store opnd over unused cmopn val
        \mathbf{mov}
        mov
                        =num02,wa
                                          set new state
        brn
                             exp01
                                          back for next ele8ent
    here for rbr (s=2)
    at outer level in a direct goto, this is a terminator.
    otherwise it must terminate a subscript list.
                                          set cmtyp for array reference
exp18
        mov
                        =c$arr,xl
        beq
                  wb,=num03,exp15
                                          jump to build cmblk if end arrayref
        beq
                  wb,=num02,exp20
                                          jump if end of direct goto
        \mathbf{erb}
                225, syntax error
                                          unbalanced right bracket
```

expan (continued)
here for col,smc (s=2)

-						
error unless	terminating	statement	bodv	at.	outer	Tevel

exp19	mnz	scnrs	rescan terminator
	mov	wb,xl	copy level indicator
	\mathbf{bsw}	xl,6	switch on level indicator
	iff	0,exp20	normal outer level
	iff	1,exp22	fail if normal goto
	iff	2,exp23	fail if direct goto
	iff	3,exp24	fail array brackets
	iff	4,exp21	fail if in grouping
	iff	5,exp21	fail function args
	esw		end switch on level

here at normal end of expression

exp20	${f jsr}$	expo	dm	dump remaining operators
	mov	(xs)+,	xr	load tree pointer
	ica	2	XS	pop off bottom of stack marker
	\mathbf{exi}			return to expan caller
mis	ssinø	right paren		

missing right paren

missing right paren in goto field

exp22 erb 227,syntax error right paren missing from goto

missing bracket in goto

exp23 $\,$ erb $\,$ 228,syntax error $\,$ right bracket missing from goto

missing array bracket

 ${\tt exp24} \quad {\tt erb} \qquad {\tt 229,syntax \ error} \qquad {\tt missing \ right \ array \ bracket}$

expan (continued) loop here when an operator causes an operator dump exp25 mov229, syntax error $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ pop one operator expop mov expsv,xr restore op dv pointer and merge here for bop (s=2) remove operators (condense) from stack until no more left at this level or top one has lower precedence. loop here till this condition is met. num01(xs),xl load operator dyptr from stack exp26 \mathbf{mov} ble x1,=num05,exp27jump if bottom of stack level \mathbf{blt} else pop if new prec is lo dvrpr(xr),dvlpr(here for uop (s=0,1) binary operator merges after precedence check the operator dv is stored on the stack and the scan continues after setting the scan state to one. xr,-(xs)stack operator dvptr on stack exp27 \mathbf{mov} \mathbf{chk} check for stack overflow

zerwaset state zerobrnexp01jump for next elementenpend procedure expan

```
expap -- test for pattern match tree
    expap is passed an expression tree to determine if it
    is a pattern match. the following are recogized as
    matches in the context of this call.
         an explicit use of binary question mark
    2)
         a concatenation
         an alternation whose left operand is a concatenation
    3)
    (xr)
                           ptr to expan tree
    jsr
                           call to test for pattern match
        expap
    ppm loc
                           transfer loc if not a pattern match
    (wa)
                           destroyed
    (xr)
                           unchanged (if not match)
    (xr)
                           ptr to binary operator blk if match
expap
        prc
                              e,1
                                       entry point
                        xl,-(xs)
                                       save xl
        mov
        bne
                (xr),=b$cmt,expp
                                       no match if not complex
                                       else load type code
        mov
                    cmtyp(xr),wa
                 wa,=c$cnc,expp1
                                       concatenation is a match
        beq
       beq
                                       binary question mark is a match
                 wa,=c$pmt,expp1
        bne
                 wa,=c$alt,expp2
                                       else not match unless alternation
    here for alternation. change (a b) / c to a qm (b / c)
        mov
                    cmlop(xr),xl
                                       load left operand pointer
                (x1),=b$cmt,expp
                                       not match if left opnd not complex
        bne
        bne
                cmtyp(x1),=c$cnc
                                       not match if left op not conc
                                       xr points to (b / c)
        mov
                cmrop(x1),cmlop(
        mov
                    xr,cmrop(xl)
                                       set xl opnds to a, (b / c)
                           xl,xr
                                       point to this altered node
        mov
    exit here for pattern match
                        (xs)+,xl
                                       restore entry xl
expp1
       mov
        exi
                                       give pattern match return
    exit here if not pattern match
expp2
       mov
                        (xs)+,xl
                                       restore entry xl
        exi
                                1
                                       give non-match return
                                       end procedure expap
        enp
```

expdm -- dump operators at current level (for expan) expdm uses expop to condense all operators at this syntax level. the stack bottom is recognized from the level value which is saved on the top of the stack. call to dump operators jsr expdm (xs) popped as required (xr,wa) destroyed n,0 entry point expdm prc mov xl,r\$exs save xl value loop to dump operators jump if stack bottom (saved level exdm1 $_{\mathrm{ble}}$ num01(xs),=num05jsr else pop one operator expop brnexdm1and loop back here after popping all operators exdm2mov r\$exs,xl restore xl release save location zer r\$exs exireturn to expdm caller end procedure expdm enp

```
expop-- pop operator (for expan)
    expop is used by the expan routine to condense one
    operator from the top of the syntax stack. an appropriate
    cmblk is built for the operator (unary or binary) and a
    pointer to this cmblk is stacked.
    expop is also used by scngf (goto field scan) procedure
                            call to pop operator
    jsr expop
                             popped appropriately
    (xs)
    (xr,xl,wa)
                             destroyed
                               n,0
                                         entry point
expop
       \mathbf{prc}
        mov
                     num01(xs),xr
                                         load operator dv pointer
                dvlpr(xr),=lluno
                                         jump if unary
        beq
    here for binary operator
                        *cmbs$,wa
                                         set size of binary operator cmblk
        mov
        isr
                             alloc
                                         allocate space for cmblk
        mov
                  (xs)+,cmrop(xr)
                                         pop and store right operand ptr
                         (xs)+,xl
                                         pop and load operator dv ptr
        mov
        mov
                   (xs),cmlop(xr)
                                         store left operand pointer
    common exit point
                                         store type code for cmblk
expo1
        mov
                      =b\$cmt,(xr)
        mov
                dvtyp(x1),cmtyp(
                                         store cmblk node type code
                     xl,cmopn(xr)
                                         store dvptr (=ptr to dac o$xxx)
        mov
                                         store cmblk length
                     wa,cmlen(xr)
        \mathbf{mov}
                          xr,(xs)
                                         store resulting node ptr on stack
        mov
                                         return to expop caller
        exi
    here for unary operator
expo2
        mov
                        *cmus$,wa
                                         set size of unary operator cmblk
                             alloc
                                         allocate space for cmblk
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                         pop and store operand pointer
                  (xs)+,cmrop(xr)
        mov
                                         load operator dv pointer
        mov
                          (xs),xl
        brn
                             expo1
                                         merge back to exit
        enp
                                         end procedure expop
```

```
if.csfn
    filmm -- obtain file name from statement number
    filnm takes a statement number and examines the file name
    table pointed to by r$sfn to find the name of the file
    containing the given statement. table entries are
    arranged in order of ascending statement number (there
    is only one hash bucket in this table). elements are
    added to the table each time there is a change in
    file name, recording the then current statement number.
    to find the file name, the linked list of teblks is
    scanned for an element containing a subscript (statement
    number) greater than the argument statement number, or
    the end of chain. when this condition is met, the
    previous teblk contains the desired file name as its
    value entry.
    (wc)
                           statement number
                           call to obtain file name
    jsr filnm
    (x1)
                           file name (scblk)
    (ia)
                           destroyed
filnm
       prc
                             e,0
                                       entry point
       mov
                        wb,-(xs)
                                       preserve wb
       bze
                        wc,filn3
                                       return nulls if stno is zero
                                       file name table
                        r$sfn,xl
       mov
                        xl.filn3
                                       if no table
       bze
       mov
                    tbbuk(x1),wb
                                       get bucket entry
       beq
                  wb,r$sfn,filn3
                                       jump if no teblks on chain
                        xr,-(xs)
                                       preserve xr
       mov
                                       previous block pointer
       mov
                           wb,xr
                                       preserve stmt number
                        wc,-(xs)
       mov
    loop through teblks on hash chain
filn1
       mov
                           xr,xl
                                       next element to examine
       mov
                    tesub(x1),xr
                                       load subscript value (an icblk)
       ldi
                       icval(xr)
                                       load the statement number
       mfi
                                       convert to address constant
       blt
                   (xs), wc, filn2
                                       compare arg with teblk stmt number
   here if desired stmt number is ge teblk stmt number
       mov
                           xl,wb
                                       save previous entry pointer
       mov
                    tenxt(x1),xr
                                       point to next teblk on chain
       bne
                  xr,r$sfn,filn1
                                       jump if there is one
    here if chain exhausted or desired block found.
filn2
                                       previous teblk
       mov
                           wb,xl
                    teval(x1),x1
                                       get ptr to file name scblk
       mov
                                       restore stmt number
       mov
                        (xs)+,wc
                        (xs)+,xr
                                       restore xr
       mov
       mov
                        (xs)+,wb
                                       restore wb
                        (xs)+,wb
                                       restore wb
       exi
```

no table or no table entries

(xs)+,wb

=nulls,xl

=nulls,xl

=nulls,xl

filn3

mov

mov

exi

enp

restore wb

return null string

return null string

return null string

```
fi
if .culc
    flstg -- fold string to upper case
    flstg folds a character string containing lower case
    characters to one containing upper case characters.
    folding is only done if &case (kvcas) is not zero.
    (xr)
                              string argument
                             length of string
    (wa)
    jsr flstg
                              call to fold string
    (xr)
                              result string (possibly original)
    (wc)
                              destroyed
                                           entry point
flstg
                                e,0
        prc
                       kvcas,fst99
                                           skip if &case is 0
        bze
                          xl,-(xs)
                                           save xl across call
        mov
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                                           save original scblk ptr
        jsr
                              alocs
                                           allocate new string block
                            (xs), xl
                                           point to original scblk
        mov
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                                           save pointer to new scblk
                                           point to original chars
        plc
                                 xl
                                           point to new chars
        psc
                                 xr
        zer
                              -(xs)
                                           init did fold flag
        lct
                              WC,WC
                                           load loop counter
fst01
                          wa,(xl)+
                                           load character
        lch
        blt
                  wa,=ch$$a,fst02
                                           skip if less than lc a
                  wa,=ch$$$,fst02
                                           skip if greater than lc z
        bgt
        \mathbf{flc}
                                 wa
                                           fold character to upper case
        mnz
                               (xs)
                                           set did fold character flag
fst02
                          wa,(xr)+
                                           store (possibly folded) character
        \operatorname{sch}
                                           loop thru entire string
        bct
                          wc,fst01
                                           complete store characters
        \mathbf{csc}
                                 xr
                          (xs)+,xr
                                           see if any change
        mov
        bnz
                          xr,fst10
                                           skip if folding done (no change)
                                           do not need new scblk
        mov
                       (xs)+,dnamp
                          (xs)+,xr
                                           return original scblk
        mov
                                           merge below
        brn
                              fst20
fst10
                          (xs)+,xr
                                           return new scblk
        mov
        ica
                                           throw away original scblk pointer
fst20
        mov
                      sclen(xr),wa
                                           reload string length
        mov
                          (xs)+,xl
                                           restore xl
fst99
                                           return
        exi
                                           return
        enp
```

```
fi
    gbcol -- perform garbage collection
   gbcol performs a garbage collection on the dynamic region
    all blocks which are no longer in use are eliminated
    by moving blocks which are in use down and resetting
    dnamp, the pointer to the next available location.
                          move offset (see below)
    (wb)
    jsr gbcol
                          call to collect garbage
if .csed
    (xr)
                          sediment size after collection
else
                          destroyed
    (xr)
fi
```

the following conditions must be met at the time when gbcol is called.

- all pointers to blocks in the dynamic area must be accessible to the garbage collector. this means that they must occur in one of the following.
 - a) main stack, with current top element being indicated by xs
 - b) in relocatable fields of vrblks.
 - c) in register xl at the time of call
 - e) in the special region of working storage where names begin with r\$.
- 2) all pointers must point to the start of blocks with the sole exception of the contents of the code pointer register which points into the r\$cod block.
- 3) no location which appears to contain a pointer into the dynamic region may occur unless it is in fact a pointer to the start of the block. however pointers outside this area may occur and will not be changed by the garbage collector. it is especially important to make sure that xl does not contain a garbage value from some process carried out before the call to the collector.

gbcol has the capability of moving the final compacted result up in memory (with addresses adjusted accordingly) this is used to add space to the static region. the entry value of wb is the number of bytes to move up. the caller must guarantee that there is enough room. furthermore the value in wb if it is non-zero, must be at least 256 so that the mwb instruction conditions are met.

gbcol (continued) the algorithm, which is a modification of the lisp-2 garbage collector devised by r.dewar and k.belcher takes three passes as follows.

- all pointers in memory are scanned and blocks in use determined from this scan. note that this procedure is recursive and uses the main stack for linkage. the marking process is thus similar to that used in a standard lisp collector. however the method of actually marking the blocks is different. the first field of a block normally contains a code entry point pointer. such an entry pointer can be distinguished from the address of any pointer to be processed by the collector. during garbage collection, this word is used to build a back chain of pointers through fields which point to the block. the end of the chain is marked by the occurence of the word which used to be in the first word of the block. this backchain serves both as a mark indicating that the block is in use and as a list of references for the relocation phase.
- storage is scanned sequentially to discover which blocks are currently in use as indicated by the presence of a backchain. two pointers are maintained one scans through looking at each block. the other is incremented only for blocks found to be in use. in this way, the eventual location of each block can be determined without actually moving any blocks. as each block which is in use is processed, the back chain is used to reset all pointers which point to this block to contain its new address, i.e. the address it will occupy after the blocks are moved. the first word of the block, taken from the end of the chain is restored at this point. during pass 2, the collector builds blocks which describe the regions of storage which are to be moved in the third pass. there is one descriptor for each contiguous set of good blocks. the descriptor is built just behind the block to be moved and contains a pointer to the next block and the number of words to be moved.
- 3) in the third and final pass, the move descriptor blocks built in pass two are used to actually move the blocks down to the bottom of the dynamic region. the collection is then complete and the next available location pointer is reset.

gbcol (continued)

$if.\mathbf{csed}$

the garbage collector also recognizes the concept of sediment. sediment is defined as long-lived objects which percipitate to the bottom of dynamic storage. moving these objects during repeated collections is inefficient. it also contributes to thrashing on systems with virtual memory. in a typical worst-case situation, there may be several megabytes of live objects in the sediment, and only a few dead objects in need of collection. without recognising sediment, the standard collector would move those megabytes of objects downward to squeeze out the dead objects. this type of move would result in excessive thrasing for very little memory gain.

scanning of blocks in the sediment cannot be avoided entirely, because these blocks may contain pointers to live objects above the sediment. however, sediment blocks need not be linked to a back chain as described in pass one above. since these blocks will not be moved, pointers to them do not need to be adjusted. eliminating unnecessary back chain links increases locality of reference, improving virtual memory performance. because back chains are used to mark blocks whose contents have been processed, a different marking system

if.cepp

is needed for blocks in the sediment. since block type words point to odd-parity entry addresses, merely incrementing the type word serves to mark the block as processed. during pass three, the type words are decremented to restore them to their original value.

else

is needed for blocks in the sediment. all block type words normally lie in the range b\$aaa to p\$yyy. blocks can be marked by adding an offset (created in gbcmk) to move type words out of this range. during pass three the offset is subtracted to restore them to their original value.

fi

gbcol (continued)

the variable dnams contains the number of bytes of memory currently in the sediment. setting dnams to zero will eliminate the sediment and force it to be included in a full garbage collection. gbcol returns a suggested new value for dnams (usually dnamp-dnamb) in xr which the caller can store in dnams if it wishes to maintain the sediment. that is, data remaining after a garbage collection is considered to be sediment. if one accepts the common lore that most objects are either very shortor very long-lived, then this naive setting of dnams probably includes some short-lived objects toward the end of the sediment.

knowing when to reset dnams to zero to collect the sediment is not precisely known. we force it to zero prior to producing a dump, when gbcol is invoked by collect() (so that the sediment is invisible to the user), when sysmm is unable to obtain additional memory, and when gbcol is called to relocate the dynamic area up in memory (to make room for enlarging the static area). if there are no other reset situations, this leads to the inexorable growth of the sediment, possible forcing a modest program to begin to use virtual memory that it otherwise would not.

as we scan sediment blocks in pass three, we maintain aggregate counts of the amount of dead and live storage, which is used to decide when to reset dnams. when the ratio of free storage found in the sediment to total sediment size exceeds a threshold, the sediment is marked for collection on the next gbcol call.

fi

```
gbcol (continued)
        \operatorname{prc}
                                 e,0
                                            entry point
gbcol
         \mathbf{bnz}
                       dmvch, gbc14
                                            fail if in mid-dump
                               gbcfl
                                            note gbcol entered
         mnz
         mov
                           wa,gbsva
                                            save entry wa
                                            save entry wb
                           wb,gbsvb
         mov
         mov
                           wc,gbsvc
                                            save entry wc
         mov
                           xl,-(xs)
                                            save entry xl
                                            get code pointer value
         scp
         \mathbf{sub}
                           r$cod,wa
                                            make relative
         lcp
                                            and restore
                                  wa
if.\mathbf{csed}
                                            check there is no move offset
         bze
                           wb,gbc0a
                                            collect sediment if must move it
         \mathbf{zer}
                               dnams
                                            start of dynamic area
gbc0a
         mov
                           dnamb, wa
         add
                           dnams, wa
                                            size of sediment
                                            first location past sediment
                           wa, gbcsd
         mov
if .cepp
else
         mov
                          =p$yyy,wa
                                            last entry point
         icv
                                            address past last entry point
                                  wa
         sub
                          =b$aaa,wa
                                            size of entry point area
                           wa,gbcmk
                                            use to mark processed sed. blocks
         mov
fi
fi
if .cgbc
    inform sysgc that collection to commence
                                            non-zero flags start of collection
         mnz
                                  xr
                                            start of dynamic area
         mov
                           dnamb, wa
                           dnamp, wb
                                            next available location
         mov
         mov
                           dname, wc
                                            last available location +1
                                            inform of collection
         jsr
                               sysgc
fi
    process stack entries
         mov
                                            point to stack front
                               xs,xr
                                            point past end of stack
         mov
                           stbas,xl
         bge
                       xl,xr,gbc00
                                            ok if d-stack
                               xl,xr
                                            reverse if ...
         mov
                               xs,xl
                                            ... u-stack
         mov
    process the stack
gbc00
        jsr
                               gbcpf
                                            process pointers on stack
    process special work locations
                                            point to start of relocatable locs
         mov
                          =r$aaa,xr
                          =r$yyy,xl
                                            point past end of relocatable locs
         mov
                                            process work fields
         jsr
                               gbcpf
    prepare to process variable blocks
                                            point to first hash slot pointer
         mov
                           hshtb, wa
    loop through hash slots
        mov
gbc01
                                            point to next slot
                               wa,xl
         ica
                                            bump bucket pointer
                                            save bucket pointer
         mov
                           wa,gbcnm
```

gbcol (continued)

loop through variables on one hash chain

	1	,	
gbc02	mov	(xl),xr	load ptr to next vrblk
	\mathbf{bze}	xr,gbc03	jump if end of chain
	mov	xr,xl	else copy vrblk pointer
	add	*vrval,xr	point to first reloc fld
	add	*vrnxt,xl	point past last (and to link ptr)
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	gbcpf	process reloc fields in vrblk
	\mathbf{brn}	gbc02	loop back for next block
here at end of one hash chain			
gbc03	mov	gbcnm,wa	restore bucket pointer
	\mathbf{bne}	wa,hshte,gbc01	loop back if more buckets to go

gbcol (continued) now we are ready to start pass two. registers are used as follows in pass two. (xr) scans through all blocks (wc) pointer to eventual location the move description blocks built in this pass have the following format. word 1 pointer to next move block, zero if end of chain of blocks word 2 length of blocks to be moved in bytes. set to the address of the first byte while actually scanning the blocks. the first entry on this chain is a special entry consisting of the two words gbcnm and gbcns. after building the chain of move descriptors, gbcnm points to the first real move block, and gbcns is the length of blocks in use at the start of storage which need not be moved since they are in the correct position. $if.\mathbf{csed}$ point to first block dnamb, xr mov accumulate size of dead blocks zer jump if end of sediment gbc04 beq xr,gbcsd,gbc4c mov (xr), wa else get first word if .cepp wa,gbc4b bod jump if entry pointer (unused) restore entry pointer dcvelsebhi wa,=p\$yyy,gbc4a skip if not entry ptr (in use) jump if entry pointer (unused) bhi wa,=b\$aaa,gbc4b gbc4a sub gbcmk, wa restore entry pointer restore first word mov wa,(xr) get length of this block jsr blkln add bump actual pointer wa.xr continue scan through sediment brngbc04 here for unused sediment block gbc4b jsr blkln get length of this block add bump actual pointer wa,xr add count size of unused blocks wa,wb continue scan through sediment brn gbc04 here at end of sediment. remember size of free blocks within the sediment. this will be used later to decide how to set the sediment size returned to caller. then scan rest of dynamic area above sediment. (wb) = aggregate size of free blocks in sediment

(xr) = first location past sediment gbc4c mov wb,gbcsf size of sediment free space elsepoint to first block mov dnamb, xr fi set as first eventual location mov xr,wc add offset for eventual move up add gbsvb,wc

```
clear initial forward pointer
        zer
                             gbcnm
                     =gbcnm,gbclm
                                          initialize ptr to last move block
        mov
                                          initialize first address
                         xr,gbcns
        mov
    loop through a series of blocks in use
                                          jump if end of used region
gbc05
        beq
                   xr,dnamp,gbc07
        mov
                           (xr),wa
                                          else get first word
if.cepp
                                          jump if entry pointer (unused)
        bod
                          wa,gbc07
else
        bhi
                  wa,=p$yyy,gbc06
                                          skip if not entry ptr (in use)
        bhi
                  wa,=b$aaa,gbc07
                                          jump if entry pointer (unused)
fi
    here for block in use, loop to relocate references
gbc06
        mov
                             wa,xl
                                          copy pointer
        mov
                           (xl), wa
                                          load forward pointer
                                          relocate reference
        mov
                           wc,(x1)
if.cepp
                                          loop back if not end of chain
        bev
                          wa,gbc06
else
                                          loop back if not end of chain
        bhi
                  wa,=p$yyy,gbc06
                  wa,=b$aaa,gbc06
        blo
                                          loop back if not end of chain
fi
```

```
gbcol (continued)
    at end of chain, restore first word and bump past
                                          restore first word
        mov
                           wa,(xr)
                             blkln
                                          get length of this block
        jsr
        add
                             wa,xr
                                          bump actual pointer
        add
                             wa,wc
                                          bump eventual pointer
        brn
                             gbc05
                                          loop back for next block
    here at end of a series of blocks in use
gbc07
        mov
                             xr,wa
                                          copy pointer past last block
                                          point to previous move block
        mov
                          gbclm,xl
        \mathbf{sub}
                     num01(x1),wa
                                          subtract starting address
                     wa, num01(xl)
                                          store length of block to be moved
        mov
    loop through a series of blocks not in use
gbc08
                   xr, dnamp, gbc10
                                          jump if end of used region
        beq
        mov
                           (xr),wa
                                          else load first word of next block
if.\mathbf{cepp}
        bev
                          wa,gbc09
                                          jump if in use
else
        bhi
                                          jump if in use
                  wa,=p$yyy,gbc09
        blo
                  wa,=b$aaa,gbc09
                                          jump if in use
fi
        jsr
                             blkln
                                          else get length of next block
        add
                                          push pointer
                             wa,xr
        brn
                             gbc08
                                          and loop back
    here for a block in use after processing a series of
    blocks which were not in use, build new move block.
gbc09
        \mathbf{sub}
                         *num02,xr
                                          point 2 words behind for move block
                                          point to previous move block
        mov
                          gbclm,xl
                                          set forward ptr in previous block
                           xr,(x1)
        mov
                                          zero forward ptr of new block
                               (xr)
        zer
        mov
                          xr,gbclm
                                          remember address of this block
        mov
                             xr,xl
                                          copy ptr to move block
                         *num02,xr
                                          point back to block in use
        add
                     xr,num01(x1)
                                          store starting address
        mov
        brn
                             gbc06
                                          jump to process block in use
```

```
gbcol (continued)
    here for pass three -- actually move the blocks down
    (x1)
                             pointer to old location
    (xr)
                             pointer to new location
if.\mathbf{csed}
gbc10
                                          point to storage above sediment
        mov
                          gbcsd,xr
else
                                          point to start of storage
gbc10
        mov
                          dnamb, xr
fi
        add
                          gbcns,xr
                                          bump past unmoved blocks at start
    loop through move descriptors
        mov
                                          point to next move block
gbc11
                          gbcnm,xl
        bze
                          xl,gbc12
                                          jump if end of chain
                       (x1)+,gbcnm
                                          move pointer down chain
        mov
        mov
                          (x1)+,wa
                                          get length to move
                                          perform move
        mvw
                             gbc11
                                          loop back
        brn
    now test for move up
                                          set next available loc ptr
gbc12
        mov
                          xr, dnamp
                                          reload move offset
        mov
                          gbsvb,wb
        bze
                          wb,gbc13
                                          jump if no move required
        mov
                             xr,xl
                                          else copy old top of core
                                          point to new top of core
        add
                             wb,xr
        mov
                          xr, dnamp
                                          save new top of core pointer
                             xl,wa
                                          copy old top
        mov
        \mathbf{sub}
                          dnamb, wa
                                          minus old bottom = length
        add
                          wb,dnamb
                                          bump bottom to get new value
        mwb
                                          perform move (backwards)
    merge here to exit
                                          clear garbage value in xr
gbc13
       zer
                                xr
        mov
                          xr,gbcfl
                                          note exit from gbcol
if .cgbc
                                          start of dynamic area
        mov
                          dnamb, wa
                          dnamp, wb
                                          next available location
        mov
                                          last available location +1
        mov
                          dname, wc
                                          inform sysgc of completion
        jsr
                             sysgc
fi
if.\mathbf{csed}
    decide whether to mark sediment for collection next time.
    this is done by examining the ratio of previous sediment
    free space to the new sediment size.
        sti
                             gbcia
                                          presume no sediment will remain
        zer
                                          free space in sediment
        mov
                          gbcsf,wb
        btw
                                wb
                                          convert bytes to words
        mti
                                wb
                                          put sediment free store in ia
                                          multiply by sediment factor
                             gbsed
        mli
                                          jump if overflowed
        iov
                             gb13a
                          dnamp, wb
                                          end of dynamic area in use
        mov
        sub
                          dnamb, wb
                                          minus start is sediment remaining
        btw
                                wb
                                          convert to words
                          wb,gbcsf
                                          store it
        mov
        \mathbf{sbi}
                             gbcsf
                                          subtract from scaled up free store
```

140	igt mov sub	dnamb,x	r r	jump if large free store in sedimnt below threshold, return sediment for use by caller
gb13a fi	ldi	gbci	.a	restore ia
J	mov	gbsva,w	<i>i</i> a	restore wa
	mov	gbsvb,w	<i>i</i> b	restore wb
	\mathbf{scp}	W	7C	get code pointer
	add	r\$cod,w	IC	make absolute again
	lcp	W	iC .	and replace absolute value
	mov	gbsvc,w	īC	restore wc
	mov	(xs)+,x	:1	restore entry xl
	icv	gbcn	ıt	increment count of collections
	\mathbf{exi}			exit to gbcol caller
gar	bage	collection not all	owed w	hilst dumping
gbc14	icv	errf	t	fatal error
	erb	250, insufficien	ıt	memory to complete dump
	\mathbf{enp}			end procedure gbcol

```
gbcpf -- process fields for garbage collector
    this procedure is used by the garbage collector to
    process fields in pass one. see gbcol for full details.
    (xr)
                            ptr to first location to process
    (x1)
                            ptr past last location to process
    jsr gbcpf
                            call to process fields
    (xr,wa,wb,wc,ia)
                            destroyed
    note that although this procedure uses a recursive
    approach, it controls its own stack and is not recursive.
gbcpf prc
                              e,0
                                        entry point
        zer
                            -(xs)
                                        set zero to mark bottom of stack
                        xl,-(xs)
        mov
                                        save end pointer
    merge here to go down a level and start a new loop
                            next lvl field ptr (0 at outer lvl)
    1(xs)
    0(xs)
                            ptr past last field to process
    (xr)
                            ptr to first field to process
    loop to process successive fields
       mov
                          (xr),xl
                                        load field contents
gpf01
                                        save field pointer
                            xr,wc
        mov
if .crpp
        bod
                        xl,gpf2a
                                        jump if not ptr into dynamic area
fi
        blt
                                        jump if not ptr into dynamic area
                  xl,dnamb,gpf2a
                  x1,dnamp,gpf2a
                                        jump if not ptr into dynamic area
        bge
   here we have a ptr to a block in the dynamic area.
    link this field onto the reference backchain.
                          (x1), wa
                                        load ptr to chain (or entry ptr)
if.\mathbf{csed}
                                        do not chain if within sediment
        \mathbf{blt}
                  xl,gbcsd,gpf1a
fi
        mov
                         xr,(x1)
                                        set this field as new head of chain
        mov
                         wa,(xr)
                                        set forward pointer
    now see if this block has been processed before
if .cepp
gpf1a
                         wa,gpf03
                                        jump if not already processed
        bod
else
gpf1a
        bhi
                 wa,=p$yyy,gpf2a
                                        jump if already processed
        bhi
                 wa,=b$aaa,gpf03
                                        jump if not already processed
    here to restore pointer in xr to field just processed
                                        restore field pointer
gpf02
       mov
                            wc.xr
    here to move to next field
                                        bump to next field
gpf2a
       ica
                                        loop back if more to go
        bne
                   xr,(xs),gpf01
```

```
gbcpf (continued)
    here we pop up a level after finishing a block
                         (xs)+,xl
                                         restore pointer past end
                                         restore block pointer
                         (xs)+,xr
        mov
        bnz
                         xr,gpf2a
                                         continue loop unless outer levl
                                         return to caller if outer level
        exi
    here to process an active block which has not been done
    since sediment blocks are not marked by putting them on
    the back chain, they must be explicitly marked in another
    manner. if odd parity entry points are present, mark by
    temporarily converting to even parity. if odd parity not
    available, the entry point is adjusted by the value in
    gbcmk.
                                         if not within sediment
gpf03
        bge
                  xl,gbcsd,gpf3a
if .cepp
                                         mark by making entry point even
        icv
                              (x1)
else
        add
                       gbcmk, (x1)
                                         mark by biasing entry point
gpf3a
        mov
                            xl,xr
                                         copy block pointer
else
gpf03
                            xl,xr
                                         copy block pointer
        mov
fi
                             wa,xl
                                         copy first word of block
        mov
                                         load entry point id (bl$xx)
        lei
                                xl
    block type switch. note that blocks with no relocatable
    fields just return to gpf02 here to continue to next fld.
                         x1,b1$$$
                                         switch on block type
        bsw
        iff
                      bl$ar,gpf06
                                         arblk
if.cnbf
                                         bcblk - dummy to fill out iffs
        iff
                      bl$bc,gpf02
else
        iff
                      bl$bc,gpf18
                                         bcblk
fi
        iff
                      bl$bf,gpf02
                                         bfblk
        iff
                      bl$cc,gpf07
                                         \operatorname{ccblk}
if.csln
        iff
                      bl$cd,gpf19
                                         cdblk
else
        iff
                      bl$cd,gpf08
                                         cdblk
fi
        iff
                                         cmblk
                      bl$cm,gpf04
        iff
                      bl$df,gpf02
                                         dfblk
        iff
                      bl$ev,gpf10
                                         evblk
        iff
                      bl$ex,gpf17
                                         exblk
        iff
                                         ffblk
                      bl$ff,gpf11
        iff
                                         nmblk
                      bl$nm,gpf10
        iff
                                         p0blk
                      bl$p0,gpf10
        iff
                      bl$p1,gpf12
                                         p1blk
        iff
```

b1\$p2,gpf12

bl\$pd,gpf13

bl\$pf,gpf14

iff

iff

p2blk

pdblk

pfblk

iff	bl\$tb,gpf08	tbblk
iff	bl\$te,gpf15	teblk
iff	bl\$tr,gpf16	trblk
iff	bl\$vc,gpf08	vcblk
iff	bl\$xr,gpf09	xrblk
iff	bl\$ct,gpf02	ctblk
iff	bl\$ef,gpf02	efblk
iff	bl\$ic,gpf02	icblk
iff	bl\$kv,gpf02	kvblk
iff	bl\$rc,gpf02	rcblk
iff	bl\$sc,gpf02	scblk
iff	bl\$se,gpf02	seblk
iff	bl\$xn,gpf02	xnblk
esw		end of jump table

```
gbcpf (continued)
    cmblk
gpf04
                     cmlen(xr),wa
                                         load length
        mov
                        *cmtyp,wb
                                         set offset
        mov
    here to push down to new level
    (wc)
                             field ptr at previous level
    (xr)
                             ptr to new block
                             length (reloc flds + flds at start)
    (wa)
    (wb)
                             offset to first reloc field
gpf05
        add
                                         point past last reloc field
                             xr,wa
        add
                             wb,xr
                                         point to first reloc field
                          wc,-(xs)
                                         stack old field pointer
        mov
                          wa,-(xs)
                                         stack new limit pointer
        mov
                                         check for stack overflow
        \mathbf{chk}
        brn
                             gpf01
                                         if ok, back to process
    arblk
gpf06
                     arlen(xr),wa
                                         load length
        mov
                     arofs(xr),wb
                                         set offset to 1st reloc fld (arpro)
        mov
                                         all set
        brn
                             gpf05
    ccblk
gpf07
        mov
                     ccuse(xr),wa
                                         set length in use
        mov
                        *ccuse,wb
                                         1st word (make sure at least one)
        brn
                             gpf05
                                         all set
```

```
gbcpf (continued)
if.csln
    cdblk
gpf19
                      cdlen(xr),wa
                                            load length
        mov
                                            set offset
         mov
                          *cdfal,wb
         brn
                              gpf05
                                            jump back
    tbblk, vcblk
else
    cdblk, tbblk, vcblk
fi
gpf08
                                            load length
        \mathbf{mov}
                      offs2(xr),wa
                          *offs3,wb
                                            set offset
         mov
                              gpf05
         brn
                                            jump back
    xrblk
gpf09
        \mathbf{mov}
                      xrlen(xr),wa
                                            load length
         mov
                          *xrptr,wb
                                            set offset
        brn
                              gpf05
                                            jump back
    evblk, nmblk, p0blk
                                            point past second field
gpf10
        mov
                          *offs2,wa
                          *offs1,wb
                                            offset is one (only reloc fld is 2)
         mov
         brn
                              gpf05
                                            all set
    ffblk
                          *ffofs,wa
                                            set length
gpf11
        \mathbf{mov}
                                            set offset
         mov
                          *ffnxt,wb
                                            all set
                              gpf05
        \operatorname{brn}
    p1blk, p2blk
gpf12
        \mathbf{mov}
                          *parm2,wa
                                            length (parm2 is non-relocatable)
         mov
                          *pthen,wb
                                            set offset
                                            all set
         brn
                              gpf05
```

gbcpf (continued) pdblk					
-		nddfn(rm) rr]	load nty to dfalls		
gpf13	mov	pddfp(xr),xl	load ptr to dfblk		
	mov	dfpdl(xl),wa	get pdblk length		
	mov	*pdfld,wb	set offset		
	brn	gpf05	all set		
-	blk				
gpf14	mov	*pfarg,wa	length past last reloc		
	\mathbf{mov}	*pfcod,wb	offset to first reloc		
	\mathbf{brn}	gpf05	all set		
tel	blk				
gpf15	mov	*tesi\$,wa	set length		
	mov	*tesub,wb	and offset		
	brn	gpf05	all set		
trl	blk				
gpf16	mov	*trsi\$,wa	set length		
	mov	*trval,wb	and offset		
	\mathbf{brn}	gpf05	all set		
exblk					
gpf17	mov	exlen(xr),wa	load length		
	\mathbf{mov}	*exflc,wb	set offset		
	brn	gpf05	jump back		
if .cnbf					
$\stackrel{\circ}{else}$					
bcblk					
gpf18	mov	*bcsi\$,wa	set length		
	mov	*bcbuf,wb	and offset		
	\mathbf{brn}	gpf05	all set		
fi					
	\mathbf{enp}		end procedure gbcpf		

```
gtarr -- get array
    gtarr is passed an object and returns an array if possibl
                            value to be converted
    (xr)
    (wa)
                            O to place table addresses in array
                            non-zero for keys/values in array
    jsr gtarr
                            call to get array
                            transfer loc for all null table
    ppm loc
                            transfer loc if convert impossible
    ppm loc
    (xr)
                            resulting array
    (xl,wa,wb,wc)
                            destroyed
                                        entry point
       \mathbf{prc}
                              e,2
gtarr
                                        save wa indicator
        mov
                        wa, gtawa
        mov
                          (xr), wa
                                        load type word
        beq
                 wa,=b$art,gtar8
                                        exit if already an array
                 wa,=b$vct,gtar8
                                        exit if already an array
        beq
        bne
                 wa,=b$tbt,gta9a
                                        else fail if not a table (sgd02)
   here we convert a table to an array
                        xr,-(xs)
                                        replace tbblk pointer on stack
        zer
                                        signal first pass
                               xr
        zer
                               wb
                                        zero non-null element count
    the following code is executed twice. on the first pass,
    signalled by xr=0, the number of non-null elements in
    the table is counted in wb. in the second pass, where
    xr is a pointer into the arblk, the name and value are
    entered into the current arblk location provided gtawa
    is non-zero. if gtawa is zero, the address of the teblk
    is entered into the arblk twice (c3.762).
gtar1
        mov
                          (xs),xl
                                        point to table
        add
                    tblen(xl),xl
                                        point past last bucket
        \mathbf{sub}
                       *tbbuk,xl
                                        set first bucket offset
        mov
                            xl,wa
                                        copy adjusted pointer
    loop through buckets in table block
    next three lines of code rely on tenxt having a value
    1 less than tbbuk.
        mov
                                        copy bucket pointer
gtar2
                            wa,xl
        dca
                                        decrement bucket pointer
                               wa
    loop through teblks on one bucket chain
                    tenxt(x1),x1
                                        point to next teblk
gtar3
       mov
                                        jump if chain end (tbblk ptr)
        beq
                   x1,(xs),gtar6
                                        else save teblk pointer
        mov
                        xl,cnvtp
    loop to find value down trblk chain
                    teval(x1),x1
                                        load value
gtar4
       mov
                                        loop till value found
        beq
                (x1),=b$trt,gtar
        mov
                            xl,wc
                                        copy value
        mov
                         cnvtp,xl
                                        restore teblk pointer
```

```
gtarr (continued)
    now check for null and test cases
                                          loop back to ignore null value
        beq
                  wc,=nulls,gtar3
                                          jump if second pass
        bnz
                          xr,gtar5
        icv
                                 wb
                                          for the first pass, bump count
                                          and loop back for next teblk
        brn
                             gtar3
    here in second pass
gtar5
        bze
                      gtawa, gta5a
                                          jump if address wanted
                  tesub(xl),(xr)+
        mov
                                          store subscript name
                          wc,(xr)+
                                          store value in arblk
        mov
        brn
                             gtar3
                                          loop back for next teblk
    here to record teblk address in arblk. this allows
    a sort routine to sort by ascending address.
                          xl,(xr)+
                                          store teblk address in name
gta5a
        mov
        mov
                          x1,(xr)+
                                          and value slots
        brn
                             gtar3
                                          loop back for next teblk
    here after scanning teblks on one chain
gtar6
        bne
                    wa,(xs),gtar2
                                          loop back if more buckets to go
                                          else jump if second pass
        bnz
                          xr,gtar7
    here after counting non-null elements
        bze
                          wb,gtar9
                                          fail if no non-null elements
        mov
                             wb,wa
                                          else copy count
        add
                             wb,wa
                                          double (two words/element)
        add
                         =arvl2.wa
                                          add space for standard fields
        wtb
                                          convert length to bytes
                                wa
        bgt
                   wa, mxlen, gta9b
                                          error if too long for array
                             alloc
                                          else allocate space for arblk
        jsr
                      =b$art,(xr)
                                          store type word
        mov
                                          zero id for the moment
                         idval(xr)
        \mathbf{zer}
        mov
                     wa,arlen(xr)
                                          store length
        mov
                 =num02,arndm(xr)
                                          set dimensions = 2
        ldi
                             intv1
                                          get integer one
                                          store as lbd 1
        sti
                         arlbd(xr)
        sti
                         arlb2(xr)
                                          store as 1bd\ 2
        ldi
                             intv2
                                          load integer two
        sti
                         ardm2(xr)
                                          store as dim 2
        mti
                                wb
                                          get element count as integer
        sti
                        ardim(xr)
                                          store as dim 1
                        arpr2(xr)
                                          zero prototype field for now
        zer
                                          set offset field (signal pass 2)
                 *arpr2,arofs(xr)
        mov
                                          save arblk pointer
        mov
                             xr,wb
        add
                         *arvl2,xr
                                          point to first element location
                             gtar1
                                          jump back to fill in elements
        brn
```

```
gtarr (continued)
    here after filling in element values
gtar7
                                            restore arblk pointer
        mov
                              wb,xr
                                            store as result
                            wb,(xs)
        mov
    now we need the array prototype which is of the form nn,2
    this is obtained by building the string for nn02 and
    changing the zero to a comma before storing it.
        ldi
                                            get number of elements (nn)
                          ardim(xr)
        mli
                               intvh
                                            multiply by 100
        adi
                               intv2
                                            add 2 (nn02)
                                            build integer
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                               icbld
                           xr,-(xs)
                                            store ptr for gtstg
        mov
                                            convert to string
        jsr
                              gtstg
                                            convert fail is impossible
        ppm
                              xr,xl
                                            copy string pointer
        mov
        mov
                           (xs)+,xr
                                            reload arblk pointer
                      xl,arpr2(xr)
                                            store prototype ptr (nn02)
        \mathbf{mov}
        \mathbf{sub}
                          =num02,wa
                                            adjust length to point to zero
                              xl,wa
                                            point to zero
        \mathbf{psc}
                                            load a comma
        mov
                          =ch$cm,wb
        \operatorname{sch}
                            wb,(x1)
                                            store a comma over the zero
        \mathbf{csc}
                                            complete store characters
    normal return
gtar8
        exi
                                            return to caller
    null table non-conversion return
gtar9
        mov
                           (xs)+,xr
                                            restore stack for conv err (sgd02)
        exi
                                            return
    impossible conversion return
        exi
                                            return
gta9a
    array size too large
gta9b
        \operatorname{erb}
                 260, conversion a
                                            size exceeds maximum permitted
        enp
                                            procedure gtarr
```

```
gtcod -- convert to code
                            object to be converted
    (xr)
                            call to convert to code
    jsr gtcod
    ppm loc
                            transfer loc if convert impossible
    (xr)
                            pointer to resulting cdblk
    (xl,wa,wb,wc,ra)
                            destroyed
    if a spitbol error occurs during compilation or pre-
    evaluation, control is passed via error section to exfal
    without returning to this routine.
gtcod
        \mathbf{prc}
                               e,1
                                         entry point
        beq
                 (xr),=b$cds,gtcd
                                         jump if already code
                (xr),=b$cdc,gtcd
                                         jump if already code
        beq
    here we must generate a cdblk by compilation
                                         stack argument for gtstg
        mov
                         xr,-(xs)
                                         convert argument to string
        jsr
                             gtstg
                            gtcd2
                                         jump if non-convertible
        ppm
                                         save fail ptr in case of error
                      flptr,gtcef
        \mathbf{mov}
                      r$cod,r$gtc
                                         also save code ptr
        mov
                         xr,r$cim
                                         else set image pointer
        mov
        mov
                         wa, scnil
                                         set image length
                            scnpt
                                         set scan pointer
        zer
                     =stgxc,stage
                                         set stage for execute compile
        mov
                                         in case listr called
                      cmpsn,lstsn
        mov
if.csln
                                         bump line number
        icv
                             cmpln
fi
                             cmpil
                                         compile string
        jsr
                                         reset stage for execute time
        mov
                     =stgxt,stage
                            r$cim
                                         clear image
        \mathbf{zer}
    merge here if no convert required
        exi
                                         give normal gtcod return
    here if unconvertible
                                 1
                                         give error return
gtcd2
        exi
                                         end procedure gtcod
        enp
```

```
gtexp -- convert to expression
if.cevb
    (wb)
                             0 if by value, 1 if by name
fi
                             input value to be converted
    (xr)
    jsr
                             call to convert to expression
         gtexp
    ppm
         loc
                             transfer loc if convert impossible
                             pointer to result exblk or seblk
    (xr)
                             destroyed
    (xl,wa,wb,wc,ra)
    if a spitbol error occurs during compilation or pre-
    evaluation, control is passed via error section to exfal
    without returning to this routine.
gtexp
        \operatorname{prc}
                                          entry point
                               e,1
                 (xr),=b$e$$,gtex
        blo
                                          jump if already an expression
        mov
                         xr,-(xs)
                                          store argument for gtstg
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                          convert argument to string
                             gtstg
                                          jump if unconvertible
        ppm
                             gtex2
    check the last character of the string for colon or
    semicolon. these characters can legitimately end an
    expression in open code, so expan will not detect them
    as errors, but they are invalid as terminators for a
    string that is being converted to expression form.
        mov
                             xr,xl
                                          copy input string pointer
        \mathbf{plc}
                             xl,wa
                                          point one past the string end
        lch
                         x1,-(x1)
                                          fetch the last character
                                          error if it is a semicolon
        beq
                  x1,=ch$cl,gtex2
                  x1,=ch$sm,gtex2
                                          or if it is a colon
        beq
    here we convert a string by compilation
        mov
                         xr,r$cim
                                          set input image pointer
        \mathbf{zer}
                             scnpt
                                          set scan pointer
                                          set input image length
                          wa, scnil
        mov
if .cevb
                          wb,-(xs)
                                          save value/name flag
        mov
fi
        zer
                                wb
                                          set code for normal scan
                      flptr,gtcef
                                          save fail ptr in case of error
        mov
        mov
                      r$cod,r$gtc
                                          also save code ptr
                     =stgev,stage
                                          adjust stage for compile
        mov
                     =t$uok,scntp
                                          indicate unary operator acceptable
        mov
                                          build tree for expression
                             expan
        jsr
        zer
                             scnrs
                                          reset rescan flag
if .cevb
        mov
                          (xs)+,wa
                                          restore value/name flag
fi
                                          error if not end of image
        bne
                 scnpt,scnil,gtex
        zer
                                wb
                                          set ok value for cdgex call
        mov
                             xr,xl
                                          copy tree pointer
                             cdgex
                                          build expression block
        jsr
                             r$cim
                                          clear pointer
        zer
                                          restore stage for execute time
                     =stgxt,stage
    merge here if no conversion required
gtex1
        exi
                                          return to gtexp caller
    here if unconvertible
```

 $\begin{array}{cc} \mathtt{gtex2} & \mathbf{exi} \\ & \mathbf{enp} \end{array}$

 $\begin{array}{cc} 1 & \quad \text{take error exit} \\ \quad \text{end procedure gtexp} \end{array}$

```
gtint -- get integer value
    gtint is passed an object and returns an integer after
    performing any necessary conversions.
    (xr)
                           value to be converted
    jsr gtint
                           call to convert to integer
                           transfer loc for convert impossible
    ppm loc
    (xr)
                           resulting integer
    (wc,ra)
                           destroyed
    (wa,wb)
                            destroyed (only on conversion err)
                            unchanged (on convert error)
    (xr)
gtint
       prc
                              e,1
                                        entry point
                                        jump if already an integer
                (xr),=b$icl,gtin
        beq
                                        else save wa
        mov
                        wa,gtina
                                        save wb
        mov
                        wb,gtinb
                           gtnum
                                        convert to numeric
        jsr
                            gtin3
                                        jump if unconvertible
        ppm
if.cnra
else
                 wa,=b$icl,gtin1
                                        jump if integer
        beq
    here we convert a real to integer
        ldr
                       rcval(xr)
                                       load real value
        rti
                            gtin3
                                        convert to integer (err if ovflow)
                                        if ok build icblk
                            icbld
        jsr
fi
    here after successful conversion to integer
gtin1
        mov
                        gtina,wa
                                        restore wa
        mov
                         gtinb,wb
                                        restore wb
    common exit point
                                        return to gtint caller
gtin2
       \mathbf{exi}
    here on conversion error
gtin3
        exi
                                1
                                        take convert error exit
        enp
                                        end procedure gtint
```

```
gtnum -- get numeric value
    gtnum is given an object and returns either an integer
    or a real, performing any necessary conversions.
                             object to be converted
    (xr)
    jsr gtnum
                             call to convert to numeric
    ppm loc
                             transfer loc if convert impossible
                             pointer to result (int or real)
    (xr)
                             first word of result block
    (wa)
    (wb,wc,ra)
                             destroyed
                             unchanged (on convert error)
    (xr)
                                          entry point
                               e,1
gtnum
        \mathbf{prc}
                                          load first word of block
                           (xr), wa
        mov
                                          jump if integer (no conversion)
                  wa,=b$icl,gtn34
        beq
if .cnra
else
        beq
                  wa,=b$rcl,gtn34
                                          jump if real (no conversion)
fi
    at this point the only possibility is to convert a string
    to an integer or real as appropriate.
                         xr,-(xs)
                                          stack argument in case convert err
        mov
        mov
                         xr,-(xs)
                                          stack argument for gtstg
if .cnbf
                                          convert argument to string
        jsr
                             gtstg
else
        jsr
                             gtstb
                                          get argument as string or buffer
fi
                             gtn36
                                          jump if unconvertible
        ppm
    initialize numeric conversion
        ldi
                                          initialize integer result to zero
                             intv0
                                          jump to exit with zero if null
        bze
                          wa,gtn32
        lct
                             wa,wa
                                          set bct counter for following loops
        zer
                             gtnnf
                                          tentatively indicate result +
if .cnra
else
        sti
                             gtnex
                                          initialise exponent to zero
                                          zero scale in case real
        zer
                             gtnsc
        zer
                             gtndf
                                          reset flag for dec point found
                             gtnrd
                                          reset flag for digits found
        zer
                                          zero real accum in case real
        ldr
                             reav0
fi
                                          point to argument characters
        plc
                                xr
    merge back here after ignoring leading blank
        lch
                                          load first character
gtn01
                          wb,(xr)+
        blt
                  wb,=ch$d0,gtn02
                                          jump if not digit
        ble
                  wb,=ch$d9,gtn06
                                          jump if first char is a digit
```

```
gtnum (continued)
    here if first digit is non-digit
                                            jump if non-blank
gtn02
        bne
                   wb,=ch$bl,gtn03
gtna2
                                            else decr count and loop back
        bct
                           wa,gtn01
                              gtn07
        brn
                                            jump to return zero if all blanks
    here for first character non-blank, non-digit
gtn03
        beq
                   wb,=ch$pl,gtn04
                                            jump if plus sign
if .caht
        beq
                   wb,=ch$ht,gtna2
                                            horizontal tab equiv to blank
fi
if.\mathbf{cavt}
                                            vertical tab equiv to blank
        beq
                   wb,=ch$vt,gtna2
fi
if .cnra
        bne
                   wb,=ch$mn,gtn36
                                            else fail
else
                   wb,=ch$mn,gtn12
                                            jump if not minus (may be real)
        bne
fi
                                            if minus sign, set negative flag
        mnz
                               gtnnf
    merge here after processing sign
gtn04
        \mathbf{bct}
                           wa,gtn05
                                            jump if chars left
        brn
                              gtn36
                                            else error
    loop to fetch characters of an integer
gtn05
        lch
                           wb,(xr)+
                                            load next character
        \mathbf{blt}
                                            jump if not a digit
                   wb,=ch$d0,gtn08
        bgt
                   wb,=ch$d9,gtn08
                                            jump if not a digit
    merge here for first digit
gtn06
                                            save current value
        \mathbf{sti}
                              gtnsi
if .cnra
                                            current*10-(new dig) jump if ovflow
                              gtn36
        \mathbf{cvm}
else
        \mathbf{cvm}
                               gtn35
                                            current*10-(new dig) jump if ovflow
        mnz
                               gtnrd
                                            set digit read flag
fi
                           wa,gtn05
        \mathbf{bct}
                                            else loop back if more chars
    here to exit with converted integer value
gtn07
        \mathbf{bnz}
                       gtnnf,gtn32
                                            jump if negative (all set)
        ngi
                                            else negate
        ino
                              gtn32
                                            jump if no overflow
        brn
                              gtn36
                                            else signal error
```

```
gtnum (continued)
    here for a non-digit character while attempting to
    convert an integer, check for trailing blanks or real.
gtn08
                  wb,=ch$bl,gtna9
                                           jump if a blank
        beq
if .caht
        beq
                  wb,=ch$ht,gtna9
                                           jump if horizontal tab
fi
if .cavt
        beq
                  wb,=ch$vt,gtna9
                                           jump if vertical tab
fi
if.cnra
        brn
                              gtn36
                                           error
else
                                           else convert integer to real
        itr
                                           negate to get positive value
        ngr
        brn
                              gtn12
                                           jump to try for real
fi
    here we scan out blanks to end of string
gtn09
                          wb,(xr)+
                                           get next char
        lch
if .caht
        beq
                  wb,=ch$ht,gtna9
                                           jump if horizontal tab
fi
if.\mathbf{cavt}
        beq
                  wb,=ch$vt,gtna9
                                           jump if vertical tab
fi
        bne
                  wb,=ch$bl,gtn36
                                           error if non-blank
gtna9
        \mathbf{bct}
                          wa,gtn09
                                           loop back if more chars to check
        brn
                                           return integer if all blanks
                              gtn07
if.cnra
else
    loop to collect mantissa of real
gtn10
        lch
                          wb,(xr)+
                                           load next character
        blt
                                           jump if non-numeric
                  wb,=ch$d0,gtn12
        bgt
                  wb,=ch$d9,gtn12
                                           jump if non-numeric
    merge here to collect first real digit
        \mathbf{sub}
                         =ch$d0,wb
                                           convert digit to number
gtn11
        mlr
                              reavt
                                           multiply real by 10.0
        \mathbf{rov}
                                           convert error if overflow
                              gtn36
        \mathbf{str}
                                           save result
                              gtnsr
                                           get new digit as integer
        mti
                                 wb
        itr
                                           convert new digit to real
        adr
                                           add to get new total
                              gtnsr
                       gtndf,gtnsc
                                           increment scale if after dec point
        add
                                           set digit found flag
        mnz
                              gtnrd
        bct
                                           loop back if more chars
                          wa,gtn10
        brn
                                           else jump to scale
                              gtn22
```

```
gtnum (continued)
    here if non-digit found while collecting a real
gtn12
        bne
                  wb,=ch$dt,gtn13
                                          jump if not dec point
                      gtndf,gtn36
                                          if dec point, error if one already
        bnz
        mov
                     =num01,gtndf
                                          else set flag for dec point
        bct
                          wa,gtn10
                                          loop back if more chars
        brn
                                          else jump to scale
                             gtn22
    here if not decimal point
gtn13
        beq
                  wb,=ch$le,gtn15
                                          jump if e for exponent
                                          jump if d for exponent
        beq
                  wb,=ch$ld,gtn15
if .culc
                  wb,=ch$$e,gtn15
                                          jump if e for exponent
        beq
        beq
                  wb,=ch$$d,gtn15
                                          jump if d for exponent
fi
    here check for trailing blanks
gtn14
        beq
                  wb,=ch$bl,gtnb4
                                          jump if blank
if .caht
        beq
                  wb,=ch$ht,gtnb4
                                          jump if horizontal tab
fi
if .cavt
        beq
                  wb,=ch$vt,gtnb4
                                          jump if vertical tab
fi
        brn
                                          error if non-blank
                             gtn36
        lch
                          wb,(xr)+
                                          get next character
gtnb4
                                          loop back to check if more
        bct
                          wa,gtn14
        brn
                             gtn22
                                          else jump to scale
    here to read and process an exponent
                             gtnes
                                          set exponent sign positive
gtn15
        zer
        ldi
                             intv0
                                          initialize exponent to zero
        mnz
                                          reset no dec point indication
                             gtndf
        \mathbf{bct}
                          wa,gtn16
                                          jump skipping past e or d
        brn
                             gtn36
                                          error if null exponent
    check for exponent sign
                                          load first exponent character
gtn16
        lch
                          wb,(xr)+
        beq
                  wb,=ch$pl,gtn17
                                          jump if plus sign
                  wb,=ch$mn,gtn19
                                          else jump if not minus sign
        bne
                             gtnes
                                          set sign negative if minus sign
    merge here after processing exponent sign
gtn17
        bct
                          wa,gtn18
                                          jump if chars left
                                          else error
        brn
                             gtn36
    loop to convert exponent digits
gtn18
       \operatorname{lch}
                          wb,(xr)+
                                          load next character
```

```
gtnum (continued)
    merge here for first exponent digit
gtn19
        _{
m blt}
                  wb,=ch$d0,gtn20
                                           jump if not digit
                                           jump if not digit
                   wb,=ch$d9,gtn20
        \mathbf{bgt}
        \mathbf{cvm}
                              gtn36
                                           else current*10, subtract new digit
                           wa,gtn18
                                           loop back if more chars
        \mathbf{bct}
        brn
                              gtn21
                                           jump if exponent field is exhausted
    here to check for trailing blanks after exponent
gtn20
        beq
                  wb,=ch$bl,gtnc0
                                           jump if blank
if.caht
        beq
                  wb,=ch$ht,gtnc0
                                           jump if horizontal tab
fi
if .cavt
                                           jump if vertical tab
        beq
                   wc,=ch$vt,gtnc0
fi
        brn
                              gtn36
                                           error if non-blank
        lch
                           wb,(xr)+
                                           get next character
gtnc0
        bct
                           wa,gtn20
                                           loop back till all blanks scanned
    merge here after collecting exponent
gtn21
        \mathbf{sti}
                              gtnex
                                           save collected exponent
        bnz
                       gtnes,gtn22
                                           jump if it was negative
        ngi
                                           else complement
                                           error if overflow
        iov
                              gtn36
        sti
                              gtnex
                                           and store positive exponent
    merge here with exponent (0 if none given)
gtn22
        \mathbf{bze}
                       gtnrd,gtn36
                                           error if not digits collected
        bze
                       gtndf,gtn36
                                           error if no exponent or dec point
        mti
                                           else load scale as integer
                              gtnsc
        \mathbf{sbi}
                                           subtract exponent
                              gtnex
                                           error if overflow
        iov
                              gtn36
        ilt
                               gtn26
                                           jump if we must scale up
    here we have a negative exponent, so scale down
        mfi
                           wa,gtn36
                                           load scale factor, err if ovflow
    loop to scale down in steps of 10**10
gtn23
        _{\rm ble}
                   wa,=num10,gtn24
                                           jump if 10 or less to go
        dvr
                                           else divide by 10**10
                              reatt
        sub
                          =num10,wa
                                           decrement scale
        brn
                              gtn23
                                           and loop back
```

gtnum (continued)

here scale rest of way from powers of ten table wa,gtn30 jump if scaled gtn24 lct else get indexing factor wb,=cfp\$r mov =reav1,xr point to powers of ten table convert remaining scale to byte ofs wtb wa loop to point to powers of ten table entry gtn25 add wa,xr bump pointer bct wb,gtn25 once for each value word dvrscale down as required (xr) brngtn30 and jump come here to scale result up (positive exponent) get absolute value of exponent ngi gtn26 iov error if overflow gtn36 mfi acquire scale, error if ovflow wa,gtn36 loop to scale up in steps of 10**10 ble wa,=num10,gtn28 jump if 10 or less to go gtn27 else multiply by 10**10 mlrreatt error if overflow \mathbf{rov} gtn36 else decrement scale \mathbf{sub} =num10,wa brngtn27 and loop back here to scale up rest of way with table bze jump if scaled gtn28 wa,gtn30 lct wb,=cfp\$r else get indexing factor =reav1,xr point to powers of ten table mov wtb convert remaining scale to byte ofs loop to point to proper entry in powers of ten table add bump pointer gtn29 wa,xr \mathbf{bct} wb,gtn29 once for each word in value mlr(xr) scale up error if overflow \mathbf{rov} gtn36

```
gtnum (continued)
   here with real value scaled and ready except for sign
                                        jump if positive
gtn30
                     gtnnf,gtn31
                                        else negate
        ngr
   here with properly signed real value in (ra)
       jsr
                            rcbld
                                        build real block
        brn
                            gtn33
                                        merge to exit
fi
   here with properly signed integer value in (ia)
                            icbld
                                        build icblk
gtn32 jsr
    real merges here
       mov
                          (xr),wa
                                        load first word of result block
gtn33
                                        pop argument off stack
        ica
                               xs
    common exit point
gtn34
       exi
                                        return to gtnum caller
if.cnra
else
    come here if overflow occurs during collection of integer
   have to restore wb which cvm may have destroyed.
       lch
                        wb,-(xr)
                                        reload current character
gtn35
        lch
                        wb,(xr)+
                                        bump character pointer
       ldi
                            gtnsi
                                        reload integer so far
                                        convert to real
        itr
        ngr
                                        make value positive
                                        merge with real circuit
        brn
                            gtn11
fi
   here for unconvertible to string or conversion error
        mov
                         (xs)+,xr
                                        reload original argument
gtn36
                                        take convert-error exit
        exi
                                        end procedure gtnum
        enp
```

```
gtnvr -- convert to natural variable
    gtnvr locates a variable block (vrblk) given either an
    appropriate name (nmblk) or a non-null string (scblk).
    (xr)
                              argument
    jsr gtnvr
                              call to convert to natural variable
                              transfer loc if convert impossible
    ppm loc
    (xr)
                              pointer to vrblk
                              destroyed (conversion error only)
    (wa,wb)
    (wc)
                              destroyed
                                           entry point
gtnvr
        \mathbf{prc}
                                e,1
        bne
                 (xr),=b$nml,gnv0
                                           jump if not name
                                           else load name base if name
                     nmbas(xr),xr
        mov
                                           skip if vrblk (in static region)
        blo
                   xr, state, gnv07
    common error exit
gnv01
        exi
                                           take convert-error exit
    here if not name
        mov
                                           save wa
gnv02
                          wa, gnvsa
        mov
                          wb,gnvsb
                                           save wb
                          xr,-(xs)
                                           stack argument for gtstg
        mov
        jsr
                              gtstg
                                           convert argument to string
        ppm
                              gnv01
                                           jump if conversion error
        bze
                          wa,gnv01
                                           null string is an error
if.\mathbf{culc}
                                           fold lower case to upper case
        jsr
                              flstg
fi
        mov
                          x1,-(xs)
                                           save xl
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                                           stack string ptr for later
                                           copy string pointer
        mov
                              xr,wb
                         *schar,wb
                                           point to characters of string
        add
        mov
                          wb,gnvst
                                           save pointer to characters
        mov
                              wa,wb
                                           copy length
        ctw
                               wb,0
                                           get number of words in name
        mov
                          wb,gnvnw
                                           save for later
                              hashs
                                           compute hash index for string
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        rmi
                              hshnb
                                           compute hash offset by taking mod
        \mathbf{mfi}
                                           get as offset
                                 WC
        wtb
                                 WC
                                           convert offset to bytes
        add
                          hshtb,wc
                                           point to proper hash chain
        sub
                         *vrnxt,wc
                                           subtract offset to merge into loop
```

```
gtnvr (continued)
    loop to search hash chain
                            wc,xl
gnv03
        mov
                                         copy hash chain pointer
                     vrnxt(x1),x1
                                         point to next vrblk on chain
        mov
        bze
                         xl,gnv08
                                         jump if end of chain
                            xl,wc
                                         save pointer to this vrblk
        mov
        bnz
                  vrlen(x1),gnv04
                                         jump if not system variable
                     vrsvp(xl),xl
                                         else point to svblk
        mov
        sub
                        *vrsof,xl
                                         adjust offset for merge
    merge here with string ptr (like vrblk) in xl
gnv04
        bne
                wa, vrlen(xl), gnv
                                         back for next vrblk if lengths ne
        add
                        *vrchs,xl
                                         else point to chars of chain entry
                                         get word counter to control loop
        lct
                         wb,gnvnw
                                         point to chars of new name
        mov
                         gnvst, xr
    loop to compare characters of the two names
gnv05
        cne
                  (xr),(xl),gnv03
                                         jump if no match for next vrblk
        ica
                                         bump new name pointer
                                xr
        ica
                                xl
                                         bump vrblk in chain name pointer
        bct
                         wb,gnv05
                                         else loop till all compared
        mov
                            wc,xr
                                         we have found a match, get vrblk
    exit point after finding vrblk or building new one
gnv06
        mov
                         gnvsa, wa
                                         restore wa
                                         restore wb
        mov
                         gnvsb,wb
                                         pop string pointer
        ica
                                         restore xl
        mov
                         (xs)+,xl
    common exit point
gnv07
        exi
                                         return to gtnvr caller
    not found, prepare to search system variable table
                                         clear garbage xr pointer
gnv08
        zer
                                xr
                                         save ptr to end of hash chain
        mov
                         wc,gnvhe
        bgt
                  wa,=num09,gnv14
                                         cannot be system var if length gt 9
        mov
                             wa,xl
                                         else copy length
                                         convert to byte offset
        wtb
                                xl
```

vsrch(x1),x1

mov

point to first svblk of this length

gtnvr (continued)

gτ	invr (c	continuea)	
10	op to	search entries in st	tandard variable table
gnv09	mov	xl,gnvsp	save table pointer
	mov	(xl)+,wc	load sybit bit string
	mov	(xl)+,wb	load length from table entry
	\mathbf{bne}	wa,wb,gnv14	jump if end of right length entries
	\mathbf{lct}	wb,gnvnw	get word counter to control loop
	mov	gnvst,xr	point to chars of new name
10	op to	check for matching r	names
gnv10	\mathbf{cne}	(xr),(xl),gnv11	jump if name mismatch
	ica	xr	else bump new name pointer
	ica	xl	bump svblk pointer
	\mathbf{bct}	wb,gnv10	else loop until all checked
he	ere we	have a match in the	standard variable table
	\mathbf{zer}	WC	set vrlen value zero
	mov		set standard size
	\mathbf{brn}	gnv15	jump to build vrblk
			entry in svblks table
gnv11	ica	xl	bump past word of chars
	\mathbf{bct}	wb,gnv11	loop back if more to go
	rsh	wc,svnbt	remove uninteresting bits
10	op to	bump table ptr for e	
gnv12	mov	bits1,wb	load bit to test
	anb	wc,wb	test for word present
	\mathbf{zrb}	wb,gnv13	jump if not present
	ica	xl	else bump table pointer
		er dealing with one	
gnv13	rsh	wc,1	remove bit already processed
	\mathbf{nzb}	wc,gnv12	loop back if more bits to test
	brn	gnv09	else loop back for next svblk
		not system variable	, ,
gnv14	mov	•	copy vrlen value
	mov	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	load standard size -chars
	add	gnvnw,wa	adjust for chars of name
	\mathbf{wtb}	wa	convert length to bytes

gtnvr (continued) merge here to build vrblk allocate space for vrblk (static) gnv15 jsr alost save vrblk pointer mov xr,wb mov =stnvr,xl point to model variable block *vrlen,wa set length of standard fields mov set initial fields of new block mvw load pointer to end of hash chain mov gnvhe,xl mov wb, vrnxt(xl) add new block to end of chain wc,(xr)+set vrlen field, bump ptr movmov gnvnw,wa get length in words convert to length in bytes wtb jump if system variable bze wc,gnv16 here for non-system variable -set chars of name mov (xs),xlpoint back to string name add *schar,xl point to chars of name move characters into place mvw mov wb,xr restore vrblk pointer gnv06 jump back to exit brnhere for system variable case to fill in fields where necessary from the fields present in the svblk. gnv16 mov gnvsp,xl load pointer to svblk set svblk ptr in vrblk xl,(xr)mov mov wb,xr restore vrblk pointer svbit(x1),wb load bit indicators mov add *svchs,xl point to characters of name add wa,xl point past characters skip past keyword number (svknm) if present load test bit mov btknm, wc anb and to test wb,wc jump if no keyword number zrbwc, gnv17 else bump pointer

xl

ica

gtnvr (continued)

enp

here test for function (svfnc and svnar) gnv17 btfnc,wc get test bit mov anb wb,wc and to test skip if no system function \mathbf{zrb} wc,gnv18 x1,vrfnc(xr) else point vrfnc to svfnc field mov add *num02,x1and bump past svfnc, svnar fields now test for label (svlbl) gnv18 get test bit mov btlbl,wc anb wb,wc and to test \mathbf{zrb} wc,gnv19 jump if bit is off (no system labl) xl, vrlbl(xr) else point vrlbl to svlbl field mov bump past svlbl field ica now test for value (svval) gnv19 mov btval,wc load test bit and to test anb wb,wc \mathbf{zrb} wc,gnv06 all done if no value (x1), vrval(xr) else set initial value mov set error store access mov =b\$vre,vrsto(xr) merge back to exit to caller brngnv06

end procedure gtnvr

```
gtpat -- get pattern
    gtpat is passed an object in (xr) and returns a
    pattern after performing any necessary conversions
    (xr)
                            input argument
    jsr gtpat
                           call to convert to pattern
                           transfer loc if convert impossible
    ppm loc
    (xr)
                           resulting pattern
    (wa)
                           destroyed
    (wb)
                           destroyed (only on convert error)
    (xr)
                           unchanged (only on convert error)
gtpat
       prc
                              e,1
                                        entry point
                                        jump if pattern already
        bhi
                (xr),=p$aaa,gtpt
    here if not pattern, try for string
                        wb,gtpsb
                                        save wb
        \mathbf{mov}
        mov
                        xr,-(xs)
                                        stack argument for gtstg
        jsr
                            gtstg
                                        convert argument to string
                                        jump if impossible
                            gtpt2
        ppm
    here we have a string
                                       jump if non-null
        \mathbf{bnz}
                        wa,gtpt1
    here for null string. generate pointer to null pattern.
                                        point to nothen node
        mov
                       =ndnth,xr
        \mathbf{brn}
                            gtpt4
                                        jump to exit
```

```
gtpat (continued)
    here for non-null string
gtpt1
                                        load pcode for multi-char string
       mov
                       =p$str,wb
                 wa,=num01,gtpt3
                                        jump if multi-char string
        bne
    here for one character string, share one character any
        \mathbf{plc}
                                        point to character
        lch
                          wa,(xr)
                                        load character
                                        set as parm1
        mov
                            wa,xr
        mov
                       =p$ans,wb
                                        point to pcode for 1-char any
                                        jump to build node
        brn
                            gtpt3
    here if argument is not convertible to string
                                        set pcode for expression in case
gtpt2
        mov
                       =p$exa,wb
        blo
                                        jump to build node if expression
                (xr),=b$e$$,gtpt
    here we have an error (conversion impossible)
        exi
                                        take convert error exit
    merge here to build node for string or expression
                                        call routine to build pattern node
gtpt3 jsr
                            pbild
    common exit after successful conversion
                         gtpsb,wb
                                        restore wb
gtpt4 mov
    merge here to exit if no conversion required
gtpt5
        exi
                                        return to gtpat caller
        enp
                                        end procedure gtpat
if.cnra
else
```

```
gtrea -- get real value
    gtrea is passed an object and returns a real value
    performing any necessary conversions.
    (xr)
                            object to be converted
    jsr gtrea
                            call to convert object to real
                            transfer loc if convert impossible
    ppm loc
    (xr)
                            pointer to resulting real
                            destroyed
    (wa,wb,wc,ra)
    (xr)
                            unchanged (convert error only)
                               e,1
                                         entry point
gtrea
       \operatorname{prc}
        mov
                          (xr),wa
                                         get first word of block
                                         jump if real
        beq
                 wa,=b$rcl,gtre2
                                         else convert argument to numeric
        jsr
                            gtnum
                            gtre3
                                         jump if unconvertible
        ppm
        beq
                 wa,=b$rcl,gtre2
                                         jump if real was returned
    here for case of an integer to convert to real
gtre1 ldi
                        icval(xr)
                                         load integer
                                         convert to real
        itr
                                         build rcblk
                            rcbld
        jsr
    exit with real
gtre2
       \mathbf{exi}
                                         return to gtrea caller
    here on conversion error
                                 1
                                         take convert error exit
        exi
gtre3
        enp
                                         end procedure gtrea
fi
```

```
gtsmi -- get small integer
    gtsmi is passed a snobol object and returns an address
    integer in the range (0 le n le dnamb). such a value can
    only be derived from an integer in the appropriate range.
    small integers never appear as snobol values. however,
    they are used internally for a variety of purposes.
    -(xs)
                            argument to convert (on stack)
                            call to convert to small integer
    jsr gtsmi
    ppm loc
                            transfer loc for not integer
    ppm loc
                            transfer loc for lt 0, gt dnamb
    (xr,wc)
                            resulting small int (two copies)
    (xs)
                            popped
    (ra)
                            destroyed
                            destroyed (on convert error only)
    (wa,wb)
    (xr)
                            input arg (convert error only)
gtsmi
        \mathbf{prc}
                              n,2
                                        entry point
                         (xs)+,xr
                                        load argument
        mov
                (xr),=b$icl,gtsm
                                        skip if already an integer
        beq
   here if not an integer
        jsr
                            gtint
                                        convert argument to integer
        ppm
                            gtsm2
                                        jump if convert is impossible
    merge here with integer
gtsm1 ldi
                                        load integer value
                       icval(xr)
        \mathbf{mfi}
                                        move as one word, jump if ovflow
                         wc,gtsm3
        \mathbf{bgt}
                  wc,mxlen,gtsm3
                                        or if too large
        mov
                            wc,xr
                                        copy result to xr
        exi
                                        return to gtsmi caller
    here if unconvertible to integer
                                        take non-integer error exit
gtsm2
       \mathbf{exi}
                                1
    here if out of range
                                2
gtsm3
        exi
                                        take out-of-range error exit
        enp
                                        end procedure gtsmi
```

```
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
    gtstb -- get string or buffer
    gtstb is passed an object and returns it unchanged if
    it is a buffer block, else it returns it as a string with
    any necessary conversions performed.
    -(xs)
                            input argument (on stack)
    jsr gtstb
                            call to get buffer or cnvrt to stg
    ppm loc
                            transfer loc if convert impossible
    (xr)
                            pointer to resulting scblk or bfblk
    (wa)
                            length of string in characters
    (wb)
                            zero/bcblk if string/buffer
    (xs)
                            popped
    (ra)
                            destroyed
    (xr)
                            input arg (convert error only)
gtstb
        \operatorname{prc}
                               n,1
                                         entry point
                           (xs),xr
                                         load argument, leave on stack
        mov
        mov
                          (xr), wa
                                         load block type
        beq
                 wa,=b$scl,gtsb2
                                         jump if already a string
                                         jump if already a buffer
        beq
                 wa,=b$bct,gtsb3
        jsr
                            gtstg
                                         convert to string
                            gtsb1
                                         conversion failed
        ppm
                                         signal string result
        zer
                                wb
        exi
                                         convert with string result
    here if conversion failed
gtsb1
        exi
                                         take convert error exit
    here if a string already
                                         pop argument
gtsb2
        ica
                                         load string length
        mov
                     sclen(xr), wa
        zer
                                wb
                                         signal string result
        exi
                                         return with string result
    here if it is already a buffer
gtsb3
       ica
                                         pop argument
        mov
                    bclen(xr),wa
                                         load length of string in buffer
                                         return bcblk pointer in wb
        mov
                            xr,wb
                                         return bfblk pointer in xr
                    bcbuf(xr),xr
        mov
        exi
                                         return with buffer result
                                         end procedure gtstg
        enp
```

```
fi
    gtstg -- get string
    gtstg is passed an object and returns a string with
    any necessary conversions performed.
    -(xs)
                            input argument (on stack)
    jsr gtstg
                            call to convert to string
    ppm loc
                            transfer loc if convert impossible
                            pointer to resulting string
    (xr)
    (wa)
                            length of string in characters
    (xs)
                            popped
    (ra)
                            destroyed
                            input arg (convert error only)
    (xr)
                                        entry point
                              n,1
gtstg
       \operatorname{prc}
                         (xs)+,xr
                                        load argument, pop stack
        mov
                (xr),=b$scl,gts3
                                        jump if already a string
        beq
    here if not a string already
gts01
                         xr,-(xs)
                                        restack argument in case error
        mov
        mov
                         x1,-(xs)
                                        save xl
                         wb,gtsvb
                                        save wb
        mov
        mov
                         wc,gtsvc
                                        save wc
        mov
                          (xr),wa
                                        load first word of block
        beq
                 wa,=b$icl,gts05
                                        jump to convert integer
if .cnra
else
                 wa,=b$rcl,gts10
                                        jump to convert real
        beq
fi
        beq
                 wa,=b$nml,gts03
                                        jump to convert name
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
                 wa,=b$bct,gts32
                                        jump to convert buffer
        beq
fi
    here on conversion error
                         (xs)+,xl
gts02
        mov
                                        restore xl
                         (xs)+,xr
                                        reload input argument
        mov
        exi
                                        take convert error exit
```

```
gtstg (continued)
    here to convert a name (only possible if natural var)
                                          load name base
gts03
        mov
                     nmbas(xr),xl
        bhi
                   x1,state,gts02
                                          error if not natural var (static)
                                          else point to possible string name
        add
                         *vrsof,xl
                      sclen(xl),wa
                                          load length
        mov
        \mathbf{bnz}
                          wa,gts04
                                          jump if not system variable
                     vrsvo(xl),xl
                                          else point to svblk
        mov
        mov
                      svlen(xl),wa
                                          and load name length
    merge here with string in xr, length in wa
gts04
        \mathbf{zer}
                                 wb
                                          set offset to zero
                              sbstr
        jsr
                                          use sbstr to copy string
        brn
                                          jump to exit
                              gts29
    come here to convert an integer
gts05
        ldi
                         icval(xr)
                                          load integer value
if .cnci
                                          convert integer
                              sysci
        jsr
                                          get length
        mov
                     sclen(x1),wa
                                          zero offset for sbstr
        zer
                                 wb
                                          copy in result from sysci
        jsr
                              sbstr
        brn
                              gts29
                                          exit
else
                      =num01,gtssf
                                          set sign flag negative
        mov
        ilt
                              gts06
                                          skip if integer is negative
                                          else negate integer
        ngi
        zer
                              gtssf
                                          and reset negative flag
```

```
gtstg (continued)
    here with sign flag set and sign forced negative as
    required by the cvd instruction.
gts06
        mov
                                            point to result work area
                           gtswk,xr
         mov
                          =nstmx,wb
                                            initialize counter to max length
                                            prepare to store (right-left)
         \mathbf{psc}
                               xr,wb
    loop to convert digits into work area
                                            convert one digit into wa
gts07
         \mathbf{cvd}
         \operatorname{sch}
                           wa,-(xr)
                                            store in work area
         dcv
                                            decrement counter
                                   wb
         ine
                               gts07
                                            loop if more digits to go
                                            complete store characters
         \mathbf{csc}
                                   xr
fi
    merge here after converting integer or real into work
    area. wb is set to nstmx - (number of chars in result).
gts08
         mov
                          =nstmx,wa
                                            get max number of characters
         \operatorname{sub}
                                            compute length of result
                               wb,wa
         mov
                               wa,xl
                                            remember length for move later on
         add
                           gtssf,wa
                                            add one for negative sign if needed
         jsr
                               alocs
                                            allocate string for result
         mov
                               xr,wc
                                            save result pointer for the moment
                                            point to chars of result block
         \mathbf{psc}
                                   xr
                                            skip if positive
                        gtssf,gts09
         bze
                          =ch$mn,wa
                                            else load negative sign
         mov
                           wa,(xr)+
                                            and store it
         \operatorname{sch}
         \mathbf{csc}
                                   xr
                                            complete store characters
    here after dealing with sign
                                            recall length to move
gts09
         mov
                               xl,wa
                                            point to result work area
                           gtswk,xl
         mov
                                            point to first result character
         plc
                               xl,wb
         mvc
                                            move chars to result string
         mov
                                            restore result pointer
                               wc,xr
if .cnra
else
```

gts29

brn

jump to exit

```
gtstg (continued)
    here to convert a real
                                             load real
gts10
        \operatorname{ldr}
                          rcval(xr)
if .cncr
                                             max number of result chars
         mov
                           =nstmr,wa
                                             clear dud value
                                   xl
         zer
                                             allocate result area
         jsr
                               alocs
                                             significant digits to produce
         mov
                           =cfp$s,wa
         zer
                                   wb
                                             conversion type
                                             convert real to string
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                syscr
         mov
                       wa,sclen(xr)
                                             store result size
                                             no trailing blanks to remove
         zer
                                   wb
                                             discard excess memory
         jsr
                               trimr
else
                                gtssf
                                             reset negative flag
         zer
         req
                                gts31
                                             skip if zero
                                             jump if real is positive
                                gts11
         rge
                       =num01,gtssf
                                             else set negative flag
         mov
                                             and get absolute value of real
         ngr
                                            (0.1 le x lt 1.0)
    now scale the real to the range
gts11
         ldi
                                intv0
                                             initialize exponent to zero
    loop to scale up in steps of 10**10
                                             save real value
         \mathbf{str}
gts12
                               gtsrs
                                             subtract 0.1 to compare
         \mathbf{sbr}
                               reap1
                                             jump if scale up not required
         rge
                               gts13
         ldr
                               gtsrs
                                             else reload value
         mlr
                               reatt
                                             multiply by 10**10
         sbi
                                             decrement exponent by 10
                                intvt
                                             loop back to test again
         brn
                               gts12
    test for scale down required
                                             reload value
gts13
         ldr
                               gtsrs
         sbr
                               reav1
                                             subtract 1.0
         \mathbf{rlt}
                                             jump if no scale down required
                               gts17
         ldr
                                             else reload value
                               gtsrs
    loop to scale down in steps of 10**10
gts14
                                             subtract 10^{**}10 to compare
         \mathbf{sbr}
                               reatt
         \mathbf{rlt}
                                gts15
                                             jump if large step not required
         ldr
                                             else restore value
                               gtsrs
                                             divide by 10**10
         dvr
                               reatt
                                             store new value
         \mathbf{str}
                               gtsrs
         adi
                               intvt
                                             increment exponent by 10
         brn
                                gts14
                                             loop back
```

```
gtstg (continued)
    at this point we have (1.0 le x lt 10**10)
    complete scaling with powers of ten table
gts15 mov
                         =reav1,xr
                                           point to powers of ten table
    loop to locate correct entry in table
        \operatorname{ldr}
                                           reload value
gts16
                              gtsrs
         adi
                              intv1
                                           increment exponent
         add
                                           point to next entry in table
                          *cfp$r,xr
        \mathbf{sbr}
                                (xr)
                                           subtract it to compare
                                           loop till we find a larger entry
         rge
                              gts16
         ldr
                              gtsrs
                                           then reload the value
         dvr
                                (xr)
                                           and complete scaling
                              gtsrs
                                           store value
         \mathbf{str}
    we are now scaled, so round by adding 0.5 * 10**(-cfp\$s)
gts17
        ldr
                                           get value again
                              gtsrs
                                           add rounding factor
         adr
                              gtsrn
         \mathbf{str}
                              gtsrs
                                           store result
    the rounding operation may have pushed us up past
    1.0 again, so check one more time.
                                           subtract 1.0 to compare
         \mathbf{sbr}
                              reav1
         \mathbf{rlt}
                              gts18
                                           skip if ok
         adi
                              intv1
                                           else increment exponent
         \operatorname{ldr}
                                           reload value
                              gtsrs
         dvr
                              reavt
                                           divide by 10.0 to rescale
        brn
                                           jump to merge
                              gts19
    here if rounding did not muck up scaling
                                           reload rounded value
gts18 ldr
                              gtsrs
```

```
gtstg (continued)
    now we have completed the scaling as follows
    (ia)
                           signed exponent
    (ra)
                           scaled real (absolute value)
    if the exponent is negative or greater than cfp$s, then
    we convert the number in the form.
    (neg sign) 0 . (cpf$s digits) e (exp sign) (exp digits)
    if the exponent is positive and less than or equal to
    cfp$s, the number is converted in the form.
    (neg sign) (exponent digits) . (cfp$s-exponent digits)
    in both cases, the formats obtained from the above
    rules are modified by deleting trailing zeros after the
    decimal point. there are no leading zeros in the exponent
    and the exponent sign is always present.
gts19
        mov
                       =cfp$s,xl
                                       set num dec digits = cfp$s
        mov
                    =ch$mn,gtses
                                       set exponent sign negative
        ilt
                           gts21
                                       all set if exponent is negative
        mfi
                                       else fetch exponent
        ble
                 wa,=cfp$s,gts20
                                       skip if we can use special format
        mti
                                       else restore exponent
        ngi
                                       set negative for cvd
        mov
                    =ch$pl,gtses
                                       set plus sign for exponent sign
        brn
                                       jump to generate exponent
                           gts21
   here if we can use the format without an exponent
                                       compute digits after decimal point
gts20
       \mathbf{sub}
                           wa,xl
```

intv0

ldi

reset exponent to zero

```
gtstg (continued)
    merge here as follows
    (ia)
                              exponent absolute value
                              character for exponent sign
    gtses
    (ra)
                              positive fraction
    (x1)
                              number of digits after dec point
                          gtswk,xr
gts21
                                           point to work area
        mov
                         =nstmx,wb
                                           set character ctr to max length
        mov
        \mathbf{psc}
                                           prepare to store (right to left)
                              xr,wb
                                           skip exponent if it is zero
        ieq
                              gts23
    loop to generate digits of exponent
                                           convert a digit into wa
gts22
        \mathbf{cvd}
        sch
                           wa,-(xr)
                                           store in work area
        dcv
                                           decrement counter
                                  wb
                              gts22
        ine
                                           loop back if more digits to go
    here generate exponent sign and e
                          gtses, wa
                                           load exponent sign
        mov
        \operatorname{sch}
                          wa,-(xr)
                                           store in work area
                         =ch$le,wa
                                           get character letter e
        mov
        \operatorname{sch}
                          wa,-(xr)
                                           store in work area
        sub
                         =num02,wb
                                           decrement counter for sign and e
    here to generate the fraction
gts23
                                           convert real to integer (10**cfp$s)
        mlr
                              gtssc
        rti
                                           get integer (overflow impossible)
        ngi
                                           negate as required by cvd
    loop to suppress trailing zeros
gts24
        bze
                          xl,gts27
                                           jump if no digits left to do
        \mathbf{cvd}
                                           else convert one digit
                                           jump if not a zero
        bne
                  wa,=ch$d0,gts26
        dcv
                                           decrement counter
                                  xl
                                           loop back for next digit
        brn
                              gts24
```

```
gtstg (continued)
    loop to generate digits after decimal point
                                            convert a digit into wa
    merge here first time
gts26
         \operatorname{sch}
                           wa,-(xr)
                                            store digit
         dcv
                                            decrement counter
                                  wb
         dcv
                                  xl
                                            decrement counter
                           xl,gts25
                                            loop back if more to go
         \mathbf{bnz}
    here generate the decimal point
                          =ch$dt,wa
                                            load decimal point
gts27
        mov
         \operatorname{sch}
                           wa,-(xr)
                                            store in work area
         dcv
                                            decrement counter
    here generate the digits before the decimal point
gts28
                                            convert a digit into wa
        \operatorname{cvd}
         \operatorname{sch}
                           wa,-(xr)
                                            store in work area
         dcv
                                  wb
                                            decrement counter
         ine
                               gts28
                                            loop back if more to go
         \mathbf{csc}
                                            complete store characters
                                  xr
                              gts08
         brn
                                            else jump back to exit
fi
fi
    exit point after successful conversion
gts29
         mov
                           (xs)+,xl
                                            restore xl
         ica
                                            pop argument
                                  XS
                                            restore wb
         mov
                           gtsvb,wb
         mov
                           gtsvc,wc
                                            restore wc
    merge here if no conversion required
         mov
                      sclen(xr),wa
                                            load string length
gts30
                                            return to caller
         exi
if.cnra
else
    here to return string for real zero
                                            point to string
gts31
        mov
                          =scre0,xl
                          =num02,wa
                                            2 chars
         mov
         zer
                                            zero offset
                                            copy string
         jsr
                              sbstr
         brn
                              gts29
                                            return
fi
if.cnbf
else
```

```
here to convert a buffer block
gts32 mov
                               xr,xl
                                            copy arg ptr
        mov
                      bclen(x1),wa
                                            get size to allocate
                           wa,gts33
                                            if null then return null
        bze
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                               alocs
                                            allocate string frame
                               xr,wb
                                            save string ptr
        mov
        mov
                      sclen(xr),wa
                                            get length to move
                                            get as multiple of word size
                                wa,0
         ctb
        mov
                      bcbuf(xl),xl
                                            point to bfblk
        \operatorname{add}
                          *scsi$,xr
                                            point to start of character area
        add
                          *bfsi$,xl
                                            point to start of buffer chars
                                            copy words
         mvw
                               wb,xr
                                            restore scblk ptr
        mov
        brn
                               gts29
                                            exit with scblk
    here when null buffer is being converted
gts33
        mov
                          =nulls,xr
                                            point to null
         brn
                               gts29
                                            exit with null
fi
                                            end procedure gtstg
         enp
```

```
gtvar -- get variable for i/o/trace association
    gtvar is used to point to an actual variable location
    for the detach, input, output, trace, stoptr system functions
                            argument to function
    (xr)
    jsr gtvar
                            call to locate variable pointer
                            transfer loc if not ok variable
    ppm loc
    (xl,wa)
                            name base, offset of variable
    (xr,ra)
                            destroyed
    (wb,wc)
                            destroyed (convert error only)
                            input arg (convert error only)
    (xr)
gtvar
        \mathbf{prc}
                              e,1
                                        entry point
                                        jump if not a name
        bne
                (xr),=b$nml,gtvr
                    nmofs(xr),wa
                                        else load name offset
        mov
                                        load name base
                    nmbas(xr),xl
        mov
        beq
                (x1),=b$evt,gtvr
                                        error if expression variable
        bne
                (x1),=b$kvt,gtvr
                                        all ok if not keyword variable
    here on conversion error
                                        take convert error exit
gtvr1
        exi
   here if not a name, try convert to natural variable
gtvr2
        mov
                        wc,gtvrc
                                        save wc
        jsr
                            gtnvr
                                        locate vrblk if possible
                                        jump if convert error
        ppm
                            gtvr1
                                        else copy vrblk name base
                            xr,xl
        \mathbf{mov}
                        *vrval,wa
                                        and set offset
        mov
                                        restore wc
        mov
                         gtvrc,wc
   here for name obtained
        bhi
                  xl,state,gtvr4
                                        all ok if not natural variable
gtvr3
                vrsto(x1),=b$vre
                                        error if protected variable
        beq
    common exit point
                                        return to caller
        exi
gtvr4
        enp
                                        end procedure gtvar
```

hashs -- compute hash index for string hashs is used to convert a string to a unique integer value. the resulting hash value is a positive integer in the range 0 to cfp\$m (xr) string to be hashed jsr hashs call to hash string (ia) hash value (xr,wb,wc)destroyed the hash function used is as follows. start with the length of the string (sgd07) take the first e\$hnw words of the characters from the string or all the words if fewer than e\$hnw. compute the exclusive or of all these words treating them as one word bit string values. move the result as an integer with the mti instruction. hashs \mathbf{prc} e,0 entry point sclen(xr),wc load string length in characters mov mov wc,wb initialize with length wc, hshs3 jump if null string bze zgb correct byte ordering if necessary ctw wc,0 get number of words of chars add *schar,xr point to characters of string use whole string if short blo wc,=e\$hnw,hshs1 mov =e\$hnw.wc else set to involve first e\$hnw wds here with count of words to check in wc hshs1 lct WC,WC set counter to control loop loop to compute exclusive or xobexclusive or next word of chars hshs2 (xr)+,wbbct loop till all processed wc,hshs2 merge here with exclusive or in wb hshs3 zgb wb zeroise undefined bits anb bitsm, wb ensure in range 0 to cfp\$m move result as integer mtiwb clear garbage value in xr zer xr return to hashs caller exi end procedure hashs

enp

```
icbld -- build integer block
    (ia)
                              integer value for icblk
    jsr icbld
                              call to build integer block
    (xr)
                             pointer to result icblk
    (wa)
                              destroyed
{\tt icbld} \quad {\tt prc} \quad
                                e,0
                                           entry point
        mfi
                          xr,icbl1
                                           copy small integers
                                           jump if 0,1 or 2
        ble
                  xr,=num02,icbl3
    construct icblk
icbl1
                                           load pointer to next available loc
        mov
                          dnamp,xr
        add
                         *icsi$,xr
                                           point past new icblk
        blo
                                           jump if there is room
                   xr, dname, icbl2
                         *icsi$,wa
                                           else load length of icblk
        mov
                                           use standard allocator to get block
                              alloc
        jsr
        add
                                           point past block to merge
                              wa,xr
    merge here with xr pointing past the block obtained
icbl2
        mov
                                           set new pointer
                          xr, dnamp
                                           point back to start of block
        \mathbf{sub}
                         *icsi$,xr
        mov
                       =bsicl,(xr)
                                           store type word
                                           store integer value in icblk
        \mathbf{sti}
                         icval(xr)
        exi
                                           return to icbld caller
    optimise by not building icblks for small integers
        wtb
                                           convert integer to offset
icbl3
        mov
                     intab(xr),xr
                                           point to pre-built icblk
        exi
                                           return
        enp
                                           end procedure icbld
```

```
ident -- compare two values
    ident compares two values in the sense of the ident
    differ functions available at the snobol level.
    (xr)
                            first argument
    (x1)
                            second argument
    jsr ident
                            call to compare arguments
    ppm loc
                            transfer loc if ident
    (normal return if differ)
    (xr,xl,wc,ra)
                            destroyed
ident
        prc
                               e,1
                                         entry point
        beq
                      xr,xl,iden7
                                         jump if same pointer (ident)
        mov
                          (xr), wc
                                         else load arg 1 type word
if.cnbf
                    wc,(xl),iden1
                                         differ if arg 2 type word differ
        bne
else
        bne
                    wc,(xl),iden0
                                         differ if arg 2 type word differ
fi
        beq
                 wc,=b$scl,iden2
                                         jump if strings
                 wc,=b$icl,iden4
        beq
                                         jump if integers
if .cnra
else
                 wc,=b$rcl,iden5
                                         jump if reals
        beq
fi
        beq
                 wc,=b$nml,iden6
                                         jump if names
if .cnbf
else
                 wc,=b$bct,iden1
                                         jump if not buffers
        bne
    here for buffers, ident only if lengths and chars same
                     bclen(xr),wc
                                         load arg 1 length
        mov
                                         differ if lengths differ
        bne
                wc,bclen(xl),ide
                         wc,iden7
                                         identical if length 0
        bze
        mov
                     bcbuf(xr),xr
                                         arg 1 buffer block
                     bcbuf(x1),x1
                                         arg 2 buffer block
        mov
                             idn2a
                                         compare characters
        brn
    here if the type words differ.
    check if string/buffer comparison
iden0
        beq
                 wc,=b$scl,idn0a
                                         jump if arg 1 is a string
                 wc,=b$bct,iden1
                                         jump if arg 1 not string or buffer
        bne
    here if arg 1 is a buffer
                (x1),=b$scl,iden
                                         jump if arg 2 is not string
        bne
        mov
                     bclen(xr),wc
                                         load arg 1 length
                wc,sclen(xl),ide
                                         differ if lengths differ
        bne
                                         identical if length 0
                         wc,iden7
        bze
                                         arg 1 buffer block
        mov
                     bcbuf(xr),xr
        brn
                             idn2a
                                         compare characters
    here if arg 1 is a string
idn0a
        bne
                (x1),=b$bct,iden
                                         jump if arg 2 is not buffer
        mov
                     sclen(xr),wc
                                         load arg 1 length
                                         differ if lengths differ
                wc,bclen(xl),ide
        bne
                         wc,iden7
                                         identical if length 0
        bze
        mov
                     bcbuf(xl),xl
                                         arg 2 buffer block
        brn
                             idn2a
                                         compare characters
fi
```

for all other datatypes, must be differ if ${\rm xr}\ {\rm ne}\ {\rm xl}$ merge here for differ

iden1 exi take differ exit

here for strings, ident only if lengths and chars same

 $\verb"iden2" mov sclen(xr), wc load arg 1 length$

bne wc,sclen(x1),ide differ if lengths differ

buffer and string comparisons merge here

idn2a add *schar,xr point to chars of arg 1 add *schar,xl point to chars of arg 2

ctw wc,0 get number of words in strings

lct wc,wc set loop counter

loop to compare characters. note that wc cannot be zero since all null strings point to nulls and give xl=xr.

```
ident (continued)
    here to exit for case of two ident strings
                                          clear garbage value in xl
                                 xl
                                          clear garbage value in xr
        zer
                                 xr
                                          take ident exit
        exi
                                  1
    here for integers, ident if same values
iden4
        ldi
                         icval(xr)
                                          load arg 1
        sbi
                                          subtract arg 2 to compare
                         icval(xl)
                                          differ if overflow
        iov
                             iden1
        ine
                             iden1
                                          differ if result is not zero
        exi
                                  1
                                          take ident exit
if.cnra
else
    here for reals, ident if same values
iden5
        ldr
                         rcval(xr)
                                          load arg 1
                                          subtract arg 2 to compare
        {f sbr}
                         rcval(x1)
        rov
                             iden1
                                          differ if overflow
                                          differ if result is not zero
                             iden1
        rne
                                          take ident exit
        exi
                                  1
fi
    here for names, ident if bases and offsets same
        bne
                nmofs(xr),nmofs(
                                          differ if different offset
                nmbas(xr),nmbas(
                                          differ if different base
        bne
    merge here to signal ident for identical pointers
                                          take ident exit
iden7
        exi
                                  1
    here for differ strings
iden8
        zer
                                          clear garbage ptr in xr
                                 xr
        zer
                                 xl
                                          clear garbage ptr in xl
                                          return to caller (differ)
        exi
                                          end procedure ident
        enp
```

```
inout - used to initialise input and output variables
    (x1)
                            pointer to vbl name string
    (wb)
                            trblk type
    jsr inout
                            call to perform initialisation
    (x1)
                            vrblk ptr
    (xr)
                            trblk ptr
    (wa,wc)
                            destroyed
    note that trter (= trtrf) field of standard i/o variables
    points to corresponding svblk not to a trblk as is the
    case for ordinary variables.
inout
        prc
                              e,0
                                        entry point
                         wb,-(xs)
                                        stack trblk type
        mov
                    sclen(x1),wa
                                        get name length
        mov
                                        point to start of name
        zer
                               wb
        jsr
                            sbstr
                                        build a proper scblk
                                        build vrblk
        jsr
                            gtnvr
                                        no error return
        ppm
                                        save vrblk pointer
        mov
                            xr,wc
                                        get trter field
                         (xs)+,wb
        mov
                                        zero trfpt
        zer
                               xl
        jsr
                            trbld
                                        build trblk
        mov
                            wc,xl
                                        recall vrblk pointer
                                        store svblk pointer
                vrsvp(xl),trter(
        \mathbf{mov}
                    xr, vrval(xl)
                                        store trblk ptr in vrblk
        mov
                =b$vra, vrget(x1)
                                        set trapped access
        mov
        mov
                =b$vrv,vrsto(xl)
                                        set trapped store
```

exi

enp

return to caller end procedure inout

```
\begin{array}{c} if \ \mathbf{.cnbf} \\ else \end{array}
```

insbf -- insert string in buffer

this routine will replace a section of a buffer with the contents of a given string. if the length of the section to be replaced is different than the length of the given string, and the replacement is not an append, then the upper section of the buffer is shifted up or down to create the proper space for the insert.

(xr) pointer to bcblk
(xl) object which is string convertable
(wa) offset of start of insert in buffer
(wb) length of section to replace
jsr insbf call to insert characters in buffer
ppm loc thread if (xl) not convertable
ppm loc thread if insert not possible
the second alternate exit is taken if the insert would

overflow the buffer, or if the insert is out past the defined end of the buffer as given.

insb	f prc	e,2	entry point
	mov	wa,inssa	save entry wa
	mov	wb,inssb	save entry wb
	mov	wc,inssc	save entry wc
	add	wb,wa	add to get offset past replace part
	mov	wa,insab	save wa+wb
	mov	bclen(xr),wc	get current defined length
	\mathbf{bgt}	inssa,wc,ins07	fail if start offset too big
	\mathbf{bgt}	wa,wc,ins07	fail if final offset too big
	mov	xl,-(xs)	save entry xl
	mov	xr,-(xs)	save bcblk ptr
	mov	xl,-(xs)	stack again for gtstg or gtstb
	\mathbf{beq}	xr,xl,ins08	b if inserting same buffer
	${f jsr}$	gtstb	call to get string or buffer
	\mathbf{ppm}	ins05	take string convert err exit
	morgo horo	i+h noin+ing +o	the achile on bfblir of

merge here with xr pointing to the scblk or bfblk of the object being inserted, and wa containing the number of characters in that object.

ins09	\mathbf{mov}	xr,xl	save string ptr
	mov	wa,insln	save its length
	\mathbf{mov}	(xs),xr	restore bcblk ptr
	add	wc,wa	add buffer len to string len
	\mathbf{sub}	inssb,wa	bias out component being replaced
	mov	bcbuf(xr),xr	point to bfblk
	\mathbf{bgt}	wa,bfalc(xr),ins	fail if result exceeds allocation
	mov	(xs),xr	restore bcblk ptr
	mov	wc,wa	get buffer length
	\mathbf{sub}	insab,wa	subtract to get shift length
	add	insln,wc	add length of new
	\mathbf{sub}	inssb,wc	subtract old to get total new len
	mov	bclen(xr),wb	get old belen
	mov	wc,bclen(xr)	stuff new length
	\mathbf{bze}	wa,ins04	skip shift if nothing to do
	\mathbf{beq}	inssb,insln,ins0	skip shift if lengths match

mov	bcbuf(xr),xr	point to bfblk
mov	xl,-(xs)	save scblk ptr
blo	inssb,insln,ins0	brn if shift is for more room

```
insbf (continued)
    we are shifting the upper segment down to compact
    the buffer. (the string length is smaller than the
    segment being replaced.) registers are set as
    (wa)
                             move (shift down) length
    (wb)
                             old bclen
    (wc)
                             new bclen
    (xr)
                             bfblk ptr
    (x1),(xs)
                             scblk or bfblk ptr
                                         get offset to insert
        mov
                          inssa, wb
        add
                          insln,wb
                                         add insert length to get dest off
                                         make copy
                             xr,xl
        mov
                                         prepare source for move
        plc
                         xl,insab
                                         prepare destination reg for move
        psc
                             xr,wb
        mvc
                                         move em out
        brn
                             ins02
                                         branch to pad
    we are shifting the upper segment up to expand
    the buffer. (the string length is larger than the
    segment being replaced.)
        mov
                                         copy bfblk ptr
ins01
                             xr,xl
        plc
                             xl,wb
                                         set source reg for move backwards
        \mathbf{psc}
                             xr,wc
                                         set destination ptr for move
                                         move backwards (possible overlap)
        mcb
    merge here after move to adjust padding at new buffer end
ins02 mov
                          (xs)+,xl
                                         restore scblk or bfblk ptr
        mov
                             wc,wa
                                         copy new buffer end
        ctb
                              wa,0
                                         round out
                                         subtract to get remainder
        sub
                             wc,wa
                                         no pad if already even boundary
                          wa,ins04
        \mathbf{bze}
                                         get bcblk ptr
        mov
                           (xs), xr
        mov
                     bcbuf(xr),xr
                                         get bfblk ptr
                             xr,wc
                                         prepare to pad
        \mathbf{psc}
                                         clear wb
        zer
                                wb
        lct
                                         load loop count
                             wa,wa
    loop here to stuff pad characters
ins03
        \operatorname{sch}
                         wb,(xr)+
                                         stuff zero pad
        bct
                          wa,ins03
                                         branch for more
        \mathbf{csc}
                                         complete store character
                                xr
```

```
insbf (continued)
    merge here when padding ok. now copy in the insert
    string to the hole.
ins04
        mov
                                         get insert length
                         insln,wa
        bze
                         wa,ins4b
                                         if nothing to insert
                          (xs), xr
                                         get bcblk ptr
        mov
        mov
                     bcbuf(xr),xr
                                         get bfblk ptr
                                         prepare to copy from first char
        plc
                               xl
        \mathbf{psc}
                         xr,inssa
                                         prepare to store in hole
        mvc
                                         copy the characters
    continue here after possible insertion copy
                         (xs)+,xr
                                         restore entry xr
ins4b
        mov
        mov
                         (xs)+,xl
                                         restore entry xl
        mov
                         inssa, wa
                                         restore entry wa
                                         restore entry wb
        mov
                         inssb, wb
        mov
                         inssc,wc
                                         restore entry wc
                                         return to caller
        exi
    here to take string convert error exit
ins05
                         (xs)+,xr
                                         restore entry xr
        mov
        mov
                         (xs)+,xl
                                         restore entry xl
        mov
                         inssa,wa
                                         restore entry wa
        mov
                         inssb,wb
                                         restore entry wb
                         inssc,wc
                                         restore entry wc
        mov
        exi
                                         alternate exit
    here for invalid offset or length
ins06
        mov
                         (xs)+,xr
                                         restore entry xr
        mov
                         (xs)+,xl
                                         restore entry xl
    merge for length failure exit with stack set
ins07
        mov
                         inssa,wa
                                         restore entry wa
        mov
                         inssb, wb
                                         restore entry wb
        mov
                         inssc,wc
                                         restore entry wc
        exi
                                         alternate exit
    here if inserting the same buffer into itself. have
    to convert the inserted buffer to an intermediate
```

string to prevent garbled data.

gtstg

ins05

ins09

ins08

jsr

ppm

brn

enp

call to get string

end procedure insbf

take string convert err exit

merge back to perform insertion

```
fi
    insta - used to initialize structures in static region
    (xr)
                             pointer to starting static location
                             call to initialize static structure
    jsr insta
    (xr)
                             ptr to next free static location
    (wa,wb,wc)
                             destroyed
    note that this procedure establishes the pointers
    prbuf, gtswk, and kvalp.
insta
        \mathbf{prc}
                               e,0
                                         entry point
    initialize print buffer with blank words
                         prlen,wc
                                         no. of chars in print bfr
                          xr, prbuf
                                         print bfr is put at static start
        mov
        mov
                     =b\$scl,(xr)+
                                         store string type code
                          wc,(xr)+
                                         and string length
        mov
                              wc,0
                                         get number of words in buffer
        ctw
        mov
                          wc,prlnw
                                         store for buffer clear
                                         words to clear
        lct
                             WC,WC
    loop to clear buffer
                                         store blank
inst1
        mov
                      nullw,(xr)+
        bct
                          wc,inst1
                                         loop
    allocate work area for gtstg conversion procedure
                        =nstmx,wa
                                         get max num chars in output number
        mov
                                         no of bytes needed
        ctb
                          wa,scsi$
                                         store bfr adrs
        mov
                         xr,gtswk
                                         bump for work bfr
        add
                             wa,xr
    build alphabet string for alphabet keyword and replace
        mov
                          xr,kvalp
                                         save alphabet pointer
                      =b\$scl,(xr)
                                         string blk type
        mov
                        =cfp$a,wc
                                         no of chars in alphabet
        mov
        mov
                     wc,sclen(xr)
                                         store as string length
        mov
                             wc,wb
                                         copy char count
        ctb
                          wb,scsi$
                                         no. of bytes needed
                                         current end address for static
        add
                             xr,wb
                                         save adrs past alphabet string
        mov
                             wb,wa
        lct
                             WC,WC
                                         loop counter
                                         point to chars of string
        psc
                                xr
        zer
                                wb
                                         set initial character value
    loop to enter character codes in order
inst2
        \operatorname{sch}
                          wb,(xr)+
                                         store next code
        icv
                                         bump code value
                                wb
                          wc,inst2
        bct
                                         loop till all stored
                                         complete store characters
        CSC
                                xr
                                         return current static ptr
        mov
                             wa,xr
                                         return to caller
        exi
                                         end procedure insta
        enp
```

```
iofcb -- get input/output fcblk pointer
    used by endfile, eject and rewind to find the fcblk
    (if any) corresponding to their argument.
    -(xs)
                            argument
    jsr iofcb
                            call to find fcblk
    ppm loc
                            arg is an unsuitable name
    ppm loc
                            arg is null string
                            arg file not found
    ppm loc
    (xs)
                            popped
    (xl)
                            ptr to filearg1 vrblk
    (xr)
                            argument
    (wa)
                            fcblk ptr or 0
    (wb,wc)
                            destroyed
iofcb prc
                                         entry point
                              n,3
        jsr
                                         get arg as string
                            gtstg
        ppm
                            iofc2
                                         fail
                                         copy string ptr
        mov
                            xr,xl
                                         get as natural variable
        isr
                            gtnvr
                                         fail if null
                            iofc3
        ppm
                                         copy string pointer again
        mov
                            xl,wb
                                         copy vrblk ptr for return
        mov
                            xr,xl
        zer
                                         in case no trblk found
                                wa
    loop to find file arg1 trblk
                                         get possible trblk ptr
iofc1
       mov
                    vrval(xr),xr
                                         fail if end of chain
                (xr),=b$trt,iofc
        bne
        bne
                trtyp(xr),=trtfc
                                         loop if not file arg trblk
        mov
                     trfpt(xr),wa
                                         get fcblk ptr
        mov
                                         copy arg
                            wb,xr
                                         return
        exi
    fail return
                                         fail
iofc2
       \mathbf{exi}
                                 1
    null arg
iofc3
                                 2
                                         null arg return
       \mathbf{exi}
    file not found
                                 3
                                         file not found return
iofc4
        exi
                                         end procedure iofcb
        enp
```

```
ioppf -- process filearg2 for ioput
    (r$xsc)
                              filearg2 ptr
                              call to process filearg2
    jsr ioppf
    (x1)
                              filearg1 ptr
    (xr)
                              file arg2 ptr
    -(xs)...-(xs)
                              fields extracted from filearg2
    (wc)
                              no. of fields extracted
    (wb)
                              input/output flag
    (wa)
                              fcblk ptr or 0
                                n,0
                                           entry point
ioppf prc
                                           to count fields extracted
        zer
                                 wb
    loop to extract fields
       mov
                         =iodel,xl
                                           get delimiter
iopp1
        mov
                              xl,wc
                                           copy it
        zer
                                           retain leading blanks in file
arg \!2
                                 wa
                                           get next field
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                              xscan
                          xr,-(xs)
                                           stack it
        mov
                                           increment count
        icv
                                 wb
        \mathbf{bnz}
                          wa,iopp1
                                           loop
                                           count of fields
        mov
                              wb,wc
                                           i/o marker
        mov
                          ioptt,wb
        mov
                          r$iof,wa
                                           fcblk ptr or 0
                          r$io2,xr
                                           file arg2 ptr
        \mathbf{mov}
                                           filearg1
        mov
                          r$io1,xl
                                           return
        exi
        enp
                                           end procedure ioppf
```

ioput -- routine used by input and output ioput sets up input/output associations. it builds such trace and file control blocks as are necessary and calls sysfc, sysio to perform checks on the arguments and to open the files.

```
+----+ +-----+
                      +----+
    i i
                  i----.i =b$xrt i
i +----+
                       +----+
            (r$fcb)
       /
                        i *4 i
i
i i name +--.i =b$trt i
   / +----+
                       i i
                       +----+
 (first arg) i =trtin/=trtou i
i
            value i
i
i
          i(trtrf) 0 or i--+
          +----- i
          i(trfpt) 0 or i----+
          +----+ i i
           (i/o trblk) i i
                     iі
i
 +----+
                     i i
i i
        i
                     i i
 +--.i =b$trt i.-+ i
       / i =trtfc i i
i /
          +----- i
             value i i
 (filearg1
i
          i
          +----+ i
     vrblk)
          i(trtrf) 0 or i--+ i
i
i
          +----+ i . +----+
          i(trfpt) 0 or i----./ fcblk /
i
          +----+ i +----+
             (trtrf)
i
          i =b$xrt i.-+
          +----+
i
             *5 i
          i(trtrf) o or i----.i =b$xrt i
          +----+
          i name offset i
                       i etc i
            (iochn - chain of name pointers)
```

```
no additional trap blocks are used for standard input/out
    files. otherwise an i/o trap block is attached to second
    arg (filearg1) vrblk. see diagram above for details of
    the structure built.
    -(xs)
                             1st arg (vbl to be associated)
    -(xs)
                             2nd arg (file arg1)
                             3rd arg (file arg2)
    -(xs)
    (wb)
                             0 for input, 3 for output assoc.
                             call for input/output association
    jsr ioput
         loc
                             3rd arg not a string
    ppm
                             2nd arg not a suitable name
    ppm
         loc
    ppm
         loc
                             1st arg not a suitable name
                             inappropriate file spec for i/o
    ppm
         loc
                             i/o file does not exist
    ppm
         loc
         loc
                             i/o file cannot be read/written
    ppm
    ppm loc
                             i/o fcblk currently in use
    (xs)
                             popped
                             destroyed
    (xl,xr,wa,wb,wc)
ioput
        prc
                               n,7
                                         entry point
        zer
                             r$iot
                                         in case no trtrf block used
                             r$iof
                                         in case no fcblk alocated
        zer
                                         in case sysio fails
                             r$iop
        zer
                         wb,ioptt
                                         store i/o trace type
        mov
                                         prepare to scan filearg2
        jsr
                             xscni
        ppm
                             iop13
                                         fail
                             iopa0
                                         null file arg2
        ppm
iopa0
                         xr,r$io2
                                         keep file arg2
        mov
                                         copy length
        mov
                             wa,xl
                                         convert filearg1 to string
        jsr
                             gtstg
        ppm
                             iop14
                                         fail
        mov
                         xr,r$io1
                                         keep filearg1 ptr
                             gtnvr
                                         convert to natural variable
        jsr
                             iop00
                                         jump if null
        ppm
                             iop04
                                         jump to process non-null args
        brn
    null filearg1
iop00
        \mathbf{bze}
                         xl,iop01
                                         skip if both args null
        jsr
                                         process filearg2
                             ioppf
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                             sysfc
                                         call for filearg2 check
                                         fail
                             iop16
        ppm
                             iop26
                                         fail
        ppm
                             iop11
                                         complete file association
```

ioput (continued)

brn

```
ioput (continued)
    here with 0 or fcblk ptr in (x1)
iop01
        mov
                           ioptt,wb
                                            get trace type
                           r$iot,xr
                                            get 0 or trtrf ptr
        mov
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                              trbld
                                            build trblk
                                            copy trblk pointer
        mov
                              xr,wc
        mov
                           (xs)+,xr
                                            get variable from stack
                           wc,-(xs)
                                            make trblk collectable
        mov
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                              gtvar
                                            point to variable
                               iop15
                                            fail
        ppm
        mov
                           (xs)+,wc
                                            recover trblk pointer
                           xl,r$ion
                                            save name pointer
        mov
                                            copy name pointer
        mov
                              xl,xr
                              wa,xr
                                            point to variable
        add
        sub
                          *vrval,xr
                                            subtract offset, merge into loop
    loop to end of trblk chain if any
iop02
        mov
                              xr,xl
                                            copy blk ptr
                                            load ptr to next trblk
        mov
                      vrval(xr),xr
        bne
                 (xr),=b$trt,iop0
                                            jump if not trapped
                                            loop if not same assocn
        bne
                 trtyp(xr),ioptt,
        mov
                      trnxt(xr),xr
                                            get value and delete old trblk
    ioput (continued)
    store new association
iop03
                      wc, vrval(xl)
                                            link to this trblk
        mov
                                            copy pointer
        mov
                              wc,xl
                      xr,trnxt(xl)
        mov
                                            store value in trblk
                           r$ion,xr
                                            restore possible vrblk pointer
        mov
                                            keep offset to name
        mov
                              wa,wb
                                            if vrblk, set vrget, vrsto
                               setvr
        jsr
                                            get 0 or trtrf ptr
        mov
                           r$iot,xr
                                            jump if trtrf block exists
        \mathbf{bnz}
                           xr,iop19
        exi
                                            return to caller
    non standard file
    see if an fcblk has already been allocated.
                                            in case no fcblk found
iop04
        zer
                                  wa
```

```
ioput (continued)
    search possible trblk chain to pick up the fcblk
iop05
        mov
                                         remember blk ptr
                             xr,wb
                     vrval(xr),xr
                                         chain along
        mov
                                         jump if end of trblk chain
        bne
                 (xr),=b$trt,iop0
                trtyp(xr),=trtfc
                                         loop if more to go
        bne
        mov
                         xr,r$iot
                                         point to file arg1 trblk
                                         get fcblk ptr from trblk
                     trfpt(xr),wa
        mov
    wa = 0 or fcblk ptr
    wb = ptr to preceding blk to which any trtrf block
         for file arg1 must be chained.
                                         keep possible fcblk ptr
iop06
                         wa,r$iof
        mov
                                         keep preceding blk ptr
        mov
                         wb,r$iop
                             ioppf
                                         process filearg2
        jsr
                                         see if fcblk required
                             sysfc
        jsr
                             iop16
                                         fail
        ppm
                             iop26
                                         fail
        ppm
                                         skip if no new fcblk wanted
        bze
                         wa,iop12
                                         jump if fcblk in dynamic
        blt
                 wc,=num02,iop6a
                                         get it in static
        jsr
                             alost
        brn
                             iop6b
                                         skip
    obtain fcblk in dynamic
iop6a
        jsr
                                         get space for fcblk
                             alloc
    merge
                                         point to fcblk
iop6b
        mov
                             xr,xl
        mov
                             wa,wb
                                         copy its length
        btw
                                wb
                                         get count as words (sgd apr80)
        lct
                                         loop counter
                             wb,wb
    clear fcblk
iop07
                             (xr)+
                                         clear a word
        zer
        \mathbf{bct}
                         wb,iop07
                                         loop
        beq
                 wc,=num02,iop09
                                         skip if in static - dont set fields
                      =b$xnt,(x1)
                                         store xnblk code in case
        mov
                                         store length
                     wa,num01(x1)
        mov
                                         jump if xnblk wanted
        bnz
                         wc,iop09
        mov
                      =b$xrt,(x1)
                                         xrblk code requested
```

```
ioput (continued)
    complete fcblk initialisation
iop09
                                           get possible trblk ptr
        mov
                          r$iot,xr
        mov
                          xl,r$iof
                                           store fcblk ptr
                                           jump if trblk already found
                          xr,iop10
        bnz
    a new trblk is needed
        mov
                         =trtfc,wb
                                           trtyp for fcblk trap blk
                              trbld
                                           make the block
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
        mov
                          xr,r$iot
                                           copy trtrf ptr
                                           point to preceding blk
                          r$iop,xl
        mov
                 vrval(x1),vrval(
                                           copy value field to trblk
        mov
                                           link new trblk into chain
        mov
                     xr, vrval(xl)
        mov
                              xl,xr
                                           point to predecessor blk
                              setvr
                                           set trace intercepts
        jsr
                      vrval(xr),xr
                                           recover trblk ptr
        mov
                                           store fcblk ptr
        brn
                              iop1a
    here if existing trblk
                                           do not release if sysio fails
iop10
        zer
                              r$iop
    xr is ptr to trblk, xl is fcblk ptr or 0
iop1a
        mov
                  r$iof,trfpt(xr)
                                           store fcblk ptr
    call sysio to complete file accessing
iop11
        mov
                          r$iof,wa
                                           copy fcblk ptr or 0
                                           get input/output flag
                          ioptt,wb
        mov
        mov
                          r$io2,xr
                                           get file arg2
                          r$io1,xl
                                           get file arg1
        mov
                              sysio
                                           associate to the file
        jsr
                              iop17
                                           fail
        ppm
                              iop18
                                           fail
        ppm
                                           not std input if non-null trtrf blk
        \mathbf{bnz}
                       r$iot,iop01
        bnz
                       ioptt,iop01
                                           jump if output
                          wc,iop01
                                           no change to standard read length
        bze
                          wc,cswin
                                           store new read length for std file
        mov
                                           merge to finish the task
        brn
                              iop01
    sysfc may have returned a pointer to a private fcblk
iop12
                                           jump if private fcblk
        bnz
                          xl,iop09
                                           finish the association
        brn
                              iop11
    failure returns
iop13
        exi
                                  1
                                           3rd arg not a string
                                  2
iop14
                                           2nd arg unsuitable
        exi
iop15
        ica
                                           discard trblk pointer
                                 XS
                                  3
                                           1st arg unsuitable
        exi
iop16
        exi
                                  4
                                           file spec wrong
iop26
        exi
                                  7
                                           fcblk in use
    i/o file does not exist
                                           is there a trblk to release
iop17
        mov
                          r$iop,xr
        bze
                          xr,iopa7
                                           if not
        mov
                      vrval(xr),xl
                                           point to trblk
        mov
                 vrval(x1),vrval(
                                           unsplice it
                                           adjust trace intercepts
                              setvr
        jsr
iopa7
        exi
                                  5
                                           i/o file does not exist
    i/o file cannot be read/written
                                           is there a trblk to release
iop18
        mov
                          r$iop,xr
        bze
                          xr,iopa7
                                           if not
```

	\mathbf{mov}	vrval(xr),xl	point to trblk
	mov	<pre>vrval(x1),vrval(</pre>	unsplice it
	${f jsr}$	setvr	adjust trace intercepts
iopa8	exi	6	i/o file cannot be read/written

```
ioput (continued)
    add to iochn chain of associated variables unless
    already present.
iop19
                                         wc = name base, wb = name offset
        mov
                         r$ion,wc
    search loop
                     trtrf(xr),xr
                                         next link of chain
iop20
        mov
        bze
                         xr,iop21
                                         not found
                wc,ionmb(xr),iop
                                         no match
        bne
        beq
                wb,ionmo(xr),iop
                                         exit if matched
        brn
                             iop20
                                         loop
    not found
iop21
                        *num05,wa
                                         space needed
        mov
                             alloc
                                         get it
        jsr
                                         store xrblk code
                      =b$xrt,(xr)
        mov
                     wa,num01(xr)
                                         store length
        mov
        mov
                     wc,ionmb(xr)
                                         store name base
                     wb,ionmo(xr)
                                         store name offset
        mov
                         r$iot,xl
                                         point to trtrf blk
        mov
                     trtrf(xl),wa
                                         get ptr field contents
        mov
                                         store ptr to new block
        mov
                     xr, trtrf(xl)
                     wa, trtrf(xr)
                                         complete the linking
        mov
    insert fcblk on fcblk chain for sysej, sysxi
                      r$iof,iop25
iop22
                                         skip if no fcblk
        bze
                         r$fcb,xl
                                         ptr to head of existing chain
        mov
    see if fcblk already on chain
iop23
        bze
                         xl,iop24
                                         not on if end of chain
        beq
                num03(x1),r$iof,
                                         dont duplicate if find it
        mov
                     num02(x1),x1
                                         get next link
        brn
                             iop23
                                         loop
    not found so add an entry for this fcblk
iop24
        mov
                         *num04,wa
                                         space needed
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                             alloc
                                         get it
                                         store block code
        mov
                      =b$xrt,(xr)
                     wa,num01(xr)
                                         store length
        mov
                                         store previous link in this node
        mov
                  r$fcb,num02(xr)
                  r$iof,num03(xr)
                                         store fcblk ptr
        mov
        mov
                         xr,r$fcb
                                         insert node into fcblk chain
    return
iop25
                                         return to caller
        exi
                                         end procedure ioput
        enp
```

```
ktrex -- execute keyword trace
   ktrex is used to execute a possible keyword trace. it
    includes the test on trace and tests for trace active.
                            ptr to trblk (or 0 if untraced)
    (x1)
    jsr ktrex
                            call to execute keyword trace
    (xl,wa,wb,wc)
                            destroyed
    (ra)
                            destroyed
                               r,0
                                         entry point (recursive)
ktrex
        prc
        bze
                         xl,ktrx3
                                         immediate exit if keyword untraced
                     kvtra,ktrx3
                                         immediate exit if trace = 0
        bze
        dcv
                            kvtra
                                         else decrement trace
                         xr,-(xs)
                                         save xr
        mov
                            xl,xr
                                         copy trblk pointer
        mov
                     trkvr(xr),xl
                                         load vrblk pointer (nmbas)
        mov
                        *vrval,wa
                                         set name offset
        mov
        bze
                 trfnc(xr),ktrx1
                                         jump if print trace
                                         else execute full trace
        jsr
                            trxeq
        brn
                            ktrx2
                                         and jump to exit
   here for print trace
                                         stack vrblk ptr for kwnam
ktrx1
        mov
                         x1,-(xs)
        mov
                         wa,-(xs)
                                         stack offset for kwnam
        jsr
                            prtsn
                                         print statement number
                        =ch$am,wa
                                         load ampersand
        mov
                            prtch
                                         print ampersand
        jsr
                            prtnm
                                         print keyword name
        jsr
                        =tmbeb,xr
        mov
                                         point to blank-equal-blank
                            prtst
                                         print blank-equal-blank
        jsr
                                         get keyword pseudo-variable name
        jsr
                            kwnam
                                         reset ptr to delete kvblk
                         xr, dnamp
        mov
                                         get keyword value
        jsr
                            acess
        ppm
                                         failure is impossible
        jsr
                            prtvl
                                         print keyword value
                                         terminate print line
        jsr
                            prtnl
   here to exit after completing trace
                         (xs)+,xr
                                         restore entry xr
   merge here to exit if no trace required
ktrx3
        exi
                                         return to ktrex caller
        enp
                                         end procedure ktrex
```

```
kwnam -- get pseudo-variable name for keyword
    1(xs)
                             name base for vrblk
    0(xs)
                             offset (should be *vrval)
    jsr kwnam
                             call to get pseudo-variable name
    (xs)
                             popped twice
    (xl,wa)
                             resulting pseudo-variable name
    (xr,wa,wb)
                             destroyed
                               n,0
                                          entry point
kwnam
        prc
        ica
                                xs
                                          ignore name offset
                          (xs)+,xr
                                          load name base
        mov
        bge
                   xr, state, kwnm1
                                          jump if not natural variable name
                                          error if not system variable
        \mathbf{bnz}
                  vrlen(xr), kwnm1
                                          else point to svblk
        mov
                     vrsvp(xr),xr
                                          load bit mask
                     svbit(xr),wa
        mov
        anb
                          btknm, wa
                                          and with keyword bit
        \mathbf{zrb}
                          wa,kwnm1
                                          error if no keyword association
                     svlen(xr),wa
                                          else load name length in characters
        mov
                                          compute offset to field we want
        ctb
                          wa, svchs
                                          point to svknm field
        add
                             wa,xr
                                          load svknm value
        mov
                           (xr), wb
        mov
                         *kvsi$,wa
                                          set size of kvblk
                             alloc
                                          allocate kvblk
        jsr
                      =b$kvt,(xr)
                                          store type word
        mov
                     wb,kvnum(xr)
                                          store keyword number
        mov
                =trbkv,kvvar(xr)
                                          set dummy trblk pointer
        mov
        mov
                             xr,xl
                                          copy kvblk pointer
                        *kvvar,wa
                                          set proper offset
        mov
                                          return to kvnam caller
        exi
    here if not keyword name
                251, keyword oper
                                          is not name of defined keyword
kwnm1
        \mathbf{erb}
                                          end procedure kwnam
        enp
```

```
lcomp-- compare two strings lexically
    1(xs)
                              first argument
    0(xs)
                              second argument
                              call to compare aruments
    jsr lcomp
    ppm loc
                              transfer loc for arg1 not string
                              transfer loc for arg2 not string
    ppm loc
                              transfer loc if arg1 llt arg2
    ppm loc
                              transfer loc if arg1 leq arg2
    ppm loc
    ppm loc
                              transfer loc if arg1 lgt arg2
    (the normal return is never taken)
                              popped twice
    (xs)
    (xr,xl)
                              destroyed
    (wa,wb,wc,ra)
                              destroyed
lcomp
                                 n,5
                                            entry point
        prc
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
        jsr
                              gtstg
                                            convert second arg to string
else
                                            get second arg as string or buffer
        isr
                              gtstb
fi
                                            jump if second arg not string
        ppm
                              1cmp6
        mov
                              xr,xl
                                            else save pointer
        mov
                              wa,wc
                                            and length
if.cnbf
                                            convert first argument to string
        jsr
                              gtstg
else
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                              gtstb
                                            get first arg as string or buffer
fi
                              1cmp5
                                            jump if not string
        ppm
                                            save arg 1 length
        mov
                               wa,wb
        plc
                                            point to chars of arg 1
                                  xr
        plc
                                  xl
                                            point to chars of arg 2
if.\mathbf{ccmc}
                                            arg 2 length to wa
        mov
                              wc,wa
                                            compare (xl,wa=arg2 xr,wb=arg1)
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                               syscm
                                            exceeded for generalized lexical comparison
        \mathbf{err}
                 283, string lengt
                                            arg 2 lt arg 1, lgt exit
                              1cmp4
        ppm
        ppm
                               1cmp3
                                            arg 2 gt arg 1, llt exit
        exi
                                            else identical strings, leq exit
```

lcomp (continued)

else

0000				
	blo	wa,wc,lcmp1		jump if arg 1 length is smaller
	mov	wc,wa		else set arg 2 length as smaller
here with smaller length in			(wa)	
lcmp1	\mathbf{bze}	wa,lcmp7		if null string, compare lengths
	cmc	lcmp4,lcmp3		compare strings, jump if unequal
1cmp7	\mathbf{bne}	wb,wc,lcmp2		if equal, jump if lengths unequal
	\mathbf{exi}	4		else identical strings, leq exit

```
lcomp (continued)
   here if initial strings identical, but lengths unequal
1cmp2 bhi
               wb,wc,lcmp4
                                      jump if arg 1 length gt arg 2 leng
fi
   here if first arg llt second arg
                                      take llt exit
1cmp3 exi
   here if first arg lgt second arg
                                      take lgt exit
1cmp4 exi
   here if first arg is not a string
1cmp5 exi
                                      take bad first arg exit
                               1
   here for second arg not a string
                                      take bad second arg error exit
1cmp6
       exi
                                      end procedure lcomp
       enp
```

```
listr -- list source line
    listr is used to list a source line during the initial
    compilation. it is called from scane and scanl.
                            call to list line
    jsr listr
    (xr,xl,wa,wb,wc)
                            destroyed
    global locations used by listr
    cnttl
                            flag for -title, -stitl
    erlst
                            if listing on account of an error
if .cinc
    lstid
                            include depth of current image
fi
    lstlc
                            count lines on current page
    lstnp
                            max number of lines/page
                            set non-zero if the current source
    lstpf
                            line has been listed, else zero.
    lstpg
                            compiler listing page number
    lstsn
                            set if stmnt num to be listed
    r$cim
                            pointer to current input line.
    r$ttl
                            title for source listing
    r$stl
                            ptr to sub-title string
    entry point
        prc
                              e,0
                                        entry point
        bnz
                     cnttl,list5
                                        jump if -title or -stitl
        bnz
                     1stpf.list4
                                        immediate exit if already listed
                lstlc,lstnp,list
                                        jump if no room
        bge
    here after printing title (if needed)
list0
        mov
                         r$cim,xr
                                        load pointer to current image
                         xr,list4
                                        jump if no image to print
        bze
                                        point to characters
        plc
                               xr
                                        load first character
        lch
                          wa,(xr)
                                        load statement number
        mov
                         lstsn,xr
        bze
                         xr,list2
                                        jump if no statement number
        mti
                                        else get stmnt number as integer
                                        skip if execute time
        bne
                stage,=stgic,lis
                                        no stmnt number list if comment
        beq
                 wa,=ch$as,list2
                                        no stmnt no. if control card
                 wa,=ch$mn,list2
        beq
    print statement number
list1
        jsr
                                        else print statement number
                            prtin
                                        and clear for next time in
        zer
                            lstsn
if.cinc
    here to test for printing include depth
list2
        mov
                         lstid,xr
                                        include depth of image
                         xr,list8
                                        if not from an include file
        bze
                        =stnpd,wa
                                        position for start of statement
        mov
        \mathbf{sub}
                        =num03,wa
                                        position to place include depth
                         wa, profs
                                        set as starting position
        mov
                                        include depth as integer
        mti
                               xr
                                        print include depth
        jsr
                            prtin
```

listr (continued)
here after printing statement number and include depth
list8 mov =stnpd,profs point past statement number
else

listr (continued)

enp

merge here after printing statement number (if required) list2 mov =stnpd,profs point past statement number fi load pointer to current image mov r\$cim,xr jsr prtst print it icv lstlc bump line counter jump if error copy to int.ch. erlst,list3 \mathbf{bnz} jsr prtnl terminate line cswdb,list3 jump if -single mode bze prtnl $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ else add a blank line and bump line counter icvlstlc here after printing source image list3 lstpf set flag for line printed mnzmerge here to exit return to listr caller list4 exiprint title after -title or -stitl card clear flag cnttl eject to new page and list title list6 jsr prtps eject bze prich, list7 skip if listing to regular printer beq r\$ttl,=nulls,lis terminal listing omits null title list title list7 jsr listt list title brnlist0 merge

end procedure listr

```
listt -- list title and subtitle
    used during compilation to print page heading
    jsr listt
                             call to list title
    (xr,wa)
                             destroyed
listt
        \operatorname{prc}
                                e,0
                                          entry point
                          r$ttl,xr
                                          point to source listing title
        mov
                             prtst
        jsr
                                          print title
                                          set offset
        mov
                      lstpo,profs
        mov
                         =lstms,xr
                                          set page message
                                          print page message
        jsr
                             prtst
        icv
                             lstpg
                                          bump page number
                                          load page number as integer
        mti
                             lstpg
                                          print page number
        jsr
                             prtin
                             prtnl
                                          terminate title line
        jsr
        add
                     =num02,1stlc
                                          count title line and blank line
    print sub-title (if any)
        mov
                          r$stl,xr
                                          load pointer to sub-title
                          xr,lstt1
                                          jump if no sub-title
        bze
                                          else print sub-title
        jsr
                             prtst
                                          terminate line
        jsr
                             prtnl
        icv
                             lstlc
                                          bump line count
    return point
lstt1
        jsr
                                          print a blank line
                             prtnl
        exi
                                          return to caller
                                          end procedure listt
        enp
```

```
if.\mathbf{csfn}
```

newfn -- record new source file name
newfn is used after switching to a new include file, or
after a -line statement which contains a file name.

(xr) file name scblk

jsr newfn

(wa,wb,wc,xl,xr,ra) destroyed

on return, the table that maps statement numbers to file names has been updated to include this new file name and the current statement number. the entry is made only if the file name had changed from its previous value.

newfn	prc	e,0	entry point
	mov	xr,-(xs)	save new name
	mov	r\$sfc,xl	load previous name
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	ident	check for equality
	\mathbf{ppm}	nwfn1	jump if identical
	mov	(xs)+,xr	different, restore name
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,r\$sfc	record current file name
	mov	cmpsn,wb	get current statement
	\mathbf{mti}	wb	convert to integer
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	icbld	build icblk for stmt number
	mov	r\$sfn,xl	file name table
	\mathbf{mnz}	wb	lookup statement number by name
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	tfind	allocate new teblk
	ppm		always possible to allocate block
	mov	r\$sfc,teval(xl)	record file name as entry value
	\mathbf{exi}	r\$sfc,teval(xl)	record file name as entry value
ere	if new	${\tt name} \ {\tt and} \ {\tt old} \ {\tt name}$	identical
nwfn1	ica	xs	pop stack
	exi	xs	pop stack

```
fi
    nexts -- acquire next source image
    nexts is used to acquire the next source image at compile
    time. it assumes that a prior call to readr has input
    a line image (see procedure readr). before the current
    image is finally lost it may be listed here.
                            call to acquire next input line
    jsr nexts
    (xr,xl,wa,wb,wc)
                            destroyed
    global values affected
if .cinc
    lstid
                            include depth of next image
fi
    r$cni
                            on input, next image. on
                            exit reset to zero
    r$cim
                            on exit, set to point to image
    rdcln
                            current ln set from next line num
    scnil
                            input image length on exit
    scnse
                            reset to zero on exit
                            set on exit if line is listed
    lstpf
nexts
        prc
                              e.0
                                        entry point
        bze
                     cswls,nxts2
                                        jump if -nolist
        mov
                         r$cim,xr
                                        point to image
                         xr,nxts2
                                        jump if no image
        bze
                                        get char ptr
        plc
                               xr
                          wa,(xr)
                                        get first char
        lch
        bne
                 wa,=ch$mn,nxts1
                                        jump if not ctrl card
        bze
                     cswpr,nxts2
                                        jump if -noprint
    here to call lister
                                        list line
nxts1
        jsr
                            listr
    here after possible listing
nxts2
        mov
                         r$cni,xr
                                        point to next image
        mov
                         xr,r$cim
                                        set as next image
                                        set as current line number
        mov
                     rdnln,rdcln
if .cinc
        mov
                     cnind, 1stid
                                        set as current include depth
fi
        zer
                            r$cni
                                        clear next image pointer
                    sclen(xr),wa
                                        get input image length
        mov
        mov
                         cswin,wb
                                        get max allowable length
        blo
                     wa,wb,nxts3
                                        skip if not too long
                                        else truncate
        mov
                            wb,wa
    here with length in (wa)
                                        use as record length
nxts3
        mov
                         wa, scnil
                            scnse
                                        reset scnse
        zer
                                        set line not listed vet
        zer
                            lstpf
                                        return to nexts caller
        exi
        enp
                                        end procedure nexts
```

```
patin -- pattern construction for len,pos,rpos,tab,rtab
    these pattern types all generate a similar node type. so
    the construction code is shared. see functions section
    for actual entry points for these five functions.
    (wa)
                            pcode for expression arg case
    (wb)
                            pcode for integer arg case
                            call to build pattern node
    jsr patin
    ppm loc
                            transfer loc for not integer or exp
    ppm loc
                            transfer loc for int out of range
    (xr)
                            pointer to constructed node
    (xl,wa,wb,wc,ia)
                            destroyed
                              n,2
                                         entry point
patin
       \operatorname{prc}
        mov
                            wa,xl
                                         preserve expression arg pcode
                            gtsmi
                                         try to convert arg as small integer
        jsr
                                         jump if not integer
        ppm
                            ptin2
                            ptin3
                                         jump if out of range
        ppm
    common successful exit point
                                         build pattern node
ptin1
       \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                            pbild
                                         return to caller
        exi
    here if argument is not an integer
ptin2 mov
                            xl,wb
                                         copy expr arg case pcode
        blo
                (xr),=b$e$$,ptin
                                         all ok if expression arg
        exi
                                         else take error exit for wrong type
    here for error of out of range integer argument
                                         take out-of-range error exit
ptin3
        enp
                                         end procedure patin
```

```
patst -- pattern construction for any, notany,
             break, span and breakx pattern functions.
    these pattern functions build similar types of nodes and
    the construction code is shared. see functions section
    for actual entry points for these five pattern functions.
    0(xs)
                           string argument
    (wb)
                           pcode for one char argument
    (x1)
                           pcode for multi-char argument
    (wc)
                           pcode for expression argument
                           call to build node
    jsr patst
    ppm loc
                           if not string or expr (or null)
                           popped past string argument
    (xs)
    (xr)
                           pointer to constructed node
    (x1)
                           destroyed
    (wa,wb,wc,ra)
                           destroyed
    note that there is a special call to patst in the evals
    procedure with a slightly different form. see evals
    for details of the form of this call.
patst
       \mathbf{prc}
                             n,1
                                       entry point
                           gtstg
       jsr
                                       convert argument as string
       ppm
                           pats7
                                       jump if not string
       bze
                        wa,pats7
                                       jump if null string (catspaw)
                                       jump if not one char string
                 wa,=num01,pats2
       bne
   here for one char string case
       bze
                                       treat as multi-char if evals call
                        wb,pats2
       plc
                                       point to character
       lch
                         xr,(xr)
                                       load character
    common exit point after successful construction
                                       call routine to build node
                           pbild
pats1
       jsr
       exi
                                       return to patst caller
```

patst (continued)

here for multi-character string case

1161	6 101	multi character stri	ing case
pats2	\mathbf{mov}	xl,-(xs)	save multi-char pcode
	\mathbf{mov}	ctmsk,wc	load current mask bit
	\mathbf{beq}	xr,r\$cts,pats6	jump if same as last string c3.738
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,-(xs)	save string pointer
	lsh	wc,1	shift to next position
	nzb	${\tt wc,pats4}$	skip if position left in this tbl
her	e we i	must allocate a new o	
	mov	*ctsi\$,wa	set size of ctblk
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	alloc	allocate ctblk
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,r\$ctp	store ptr to new ctblk
	\mathbf{mov}	=b\$ctt,(xr)+	store type code, bump ptr
	\mathbf{lct}	wb,=cfp\$a	set number of words to clear
	\mathbf{mov}	bits0,wc	load all zero bits
100	p to	clear all bits in tab	ole to zeros
pats3	\mathbf{mov}	wc,(xr)+	move word of zero bits
	\mathbf{bct}	wb,pats3	loop till all cleared
	\mathbf{mov}	bits1,wc	set initial bit position
mer	ge he	re with bit position	available
pats4	\mathbf{mov}	wc,ctmsk	save parm2 (new bit position)
	\mathbf{mov}	(xs)+,xl	restore pointer to argument string
	\mathbf{mov}	xl,r\$cts	save for next time c3.738
	\mathbf{mov}	sclen(xl),wb	load string length
	\mathbf{bze}	wb,pats6	jump if null string case
	\mathbf{lct}	wb,wb	else set loop counter
	plc	xl	point to characters in argument

patst (continued)

loop to set bits in column of table

pats!	5 lch	wa,(xl)+	load next character
	\mathbf{wtb}	wa	convert to byte offset
	mov	r\$ctp,xr	point to ctblk
	add	wa,xr	point to ctblk entry
	mov	wc,wa	copy bit mask
	\mathbf{orb}	ctchs(xr),wa	or in bits already set
	\mathbf{mov}	wa,ctchs(xr)	store resulting bit string
	\mathbf{bct}	wb,pats5	loop till all bits set
(complete	processing for multi-cha	ar string case

pats6 mov r\$ctp,xr load ctblk ptr as parm1 for pbild
zer xl clear garbage ptr in xl
mov (xs)+,wb load pcode for multi-char str case
brn pats1 back to exit (wc=bitstring=parm2)

here if argument is not a string

note that the call from evals cannot pass an expression since evalp always reevaluates expressions.

pats7	\mathbf{mov}	wc,wb	set pcode for expression argument
	blo	(xr),=b\$e\$\$,pats	jump to exit if expression arg
	\mathbf{exi}	1	else take wrong type error exit
	\mathbf{enp}		end procedure patst

```
pbild -- build pattern node
    (xr)
                             parm1 (only if required)
    (wb)
                             pcode for node
                             parm2 (only if required)
    (wc)
    jsr pbild
                             call to build node
                             pointer to constructed node
    (xr)
    (wa)
                             destroyed
pbild
                               e,0
                                         entry point
        \mathbf{prc}
        mov
                         xr,-(xs)
                                         stack possible parm1
                             wb,xr
                                         copy pcode
        mov
        lei
                                xr
                                         load entry point id (bl$px)
                  xr,=bl$p1,pbld1
                                         jump if one parameter
        beq
                                         jump if no parameters
        beq
                  xr,=bl$p0,pbld3
    here for two parameter case
        mov
                        *pcsi$,wa
                                         set size of p2blk
        jsr
                             alloc
                                         allocate block
                     wc,parm2(xr)
                                         store second parameter
        mov
        brn
                             pbld2
                                         merge with one parm case
    here for one parameter case
                                         set size of p1blk
pbld1
        mov
                        *pbsi$,wa
                             alloc
                                         allocate node
        jsr
    merge here from two parm case
                                         store first parameter
pbld2
       mov
                   (xs),parm1(xr)
                             pbld4
        brn
                                         merge with no parameter case
    here for case of no parameters
pbld3
        mov
                        *pasi$,wa
                                         set size of p0blk
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                             alloc
                                         allocate node
    merge here from other cases
                          wb,(xr)
                                         store pcode
pbld4
        mov
                                         pop first parameter
        ica
                                XS
        mov
                =ndnth,pthen(xr)
                                         set nothen successor pointer
        exi
                                         return to pbild caller
                                         end procedure pbild
        enp
```

pconc -- concatenate two patterns

(x1) ptr to right pattern
(xr) ptr to left pattern

jsr pconc call to concatenate patterns
(xr) ptr to concatenated pattern

(xl,wa,wb,wc) destroyed

to concatenate two patterns, all successors in the left pattern which point to the nothen node must be changed to point to the right pattern. however, this modification must be performed on a copy of the left argument rather than the left argument itself, since the left argument may be pointed to by some other variable value. accordingly, it is necessary to copy the left argument. this is not a trivial process since we must avoid copying nodes more than once and the pattern is a graph structure the following algorithm is employed. the stack is used to store a list of nodes which have already been copied. the format of the entries on this list consists of a two word block. the first word is the old address and the second word is the address of the copy. this list is searched by the pcopy routine to avoid making duplicate copies. a trick is used to accomplish the concatenation at the same time. a special entry is made to start with on the stack. this entry records that the nothen node has been copied already and the address of its copy is the right pattern. this automatically performs the correct replacements.

pconc	$\operatorname{\mathbf{prc}}$	e,0	entry point
	\mathbf{zer}	-(xs)	make room for one entry at bottom
	mov	xs,wc	store pointer to start of list
	mov	=ndnth,-(xs)	stack nothen node as old node
	mov	xl,-(xs)	store right arg as copy of nothen
	mov	xs,xt	initialize pointer to stack entries
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	рсору	copy first node of left arg
	mov	wa,num02(xt)	store as result under list

pconc (continued)

the following loop scans entries in the list and makes sure that their successors have been copied.

pcnc1	beq	xt,xs,pcnc2	jump if all entries processed
	mov	-(xt),xr	else load next old address
	mov	pthen(xr),xr	load pointer to successor
	${f jsr}$	рсору	copy successor node
	mov	-(xt),xr	load pointer to new node (copy)
	mov	<pre>wa,pthen(xr)</pre>	store ptr to new successor

now check for special case of alternation node where parm1 points to a node and must be copied like pthen.

bne (xr).=p\$alt.pcnc loop back if not

bne	(xr),=p\$alt,pcnc	loop back if not
\mathbf{mov}	<pre>parm1(xr),xr</pre>	else load pointer to alternative
\mathbf{jsr}	рсору	copy it
\mathbf{mov}	(xt),xr	restore ptr to new node
mov	wa,parm1(xr)	store ptr to copied alternative
\mathbf{brn}	pcnc1	loop back for next entry
re at en	d of copy process	

her

pcnc2 mov restore stack pointer wc,xs \mathbf{mov} (xs)+,xrload pointer to copy exireturn to pconc caller enp end procedure pconc

```
pcopy -- copy a pattern node
    pcopy is called from the pconc procedure to copy a single
    pattern node. the copy is only carried out if the node
    has not been copied already.
    (xr)
                            pointer to node to be copied
    (xt)
                            ptr to current loc in copy list
    (wc)
                            pointer to list of copied nodes
    jsr pcopy
                            call to copy a node
    (wa)
                            pointer to copy
    (wb,xr)
                            destroyed
                              n,0
                                         entry point
рсору
        \mathbf{prc}
                                         save xt
        mov
                            xt,wb
                                         point to start of list
        mov
                            wc,xt
    loop to search list of nodes copied already
        dca
                                         point to next entry on list
pcop1
                                xt
        beq
                   xr,(xt),pcop2
                                         jump if match
        dca
                                         else skip over copied address
                                xt
        bne
                      xt,xs,pcop1
                                         loop back if more to test
    here if not in list, perform copy
                                         load first word of block
        mov
                          (xr), wa
        jsr
                            blkln
                                         get length of block
        mov
                            xr,xl
                                         save pointer to old node
                            alloc
                                         allocate space for copy
        jsr
                         xl,-(xs)
                                         store old address on list
        mov
                                         store new address on list
                         xr,-(xs)
        mov
        chk
                                         check for stack overflow
                                         move words from old block to copy
        mvw
                          (xs), wa
                                         load pointer to copy
        mov
                                         jump to exit
        brn
                            pcop3
    here if we find entry in list
        mov
                         -(xt), wa
                                         load address of copy from list
    common exit point
рсорЗ
        mov
                            wb,xt
                                         restore xt
                                         return to pcopy caller
        exi
        enp
                                         end procedure pcopy
```

```
if .cnpf
else
    prflr -- print profile
    prflr is called to print the contents of the profile
    table in a fairly readable tabular format.
    jsr prflr
                             call to print profile
    (wa,ia)
                             destroyed
prflr
        prc
        bze
                      pfdmp,prfl4
                                          no printing if no profiling done
                                          preserve entry xr
                          xr,-(xs)
        mov
                                          and also wb
        mov
                          wb,pfsvw
                                          eject
        jsr
                             prtpg
                         =pfms1,xr
                                          load msg /program profile/
        mov
                                          and print it
        jsr
                             prtst
                             prtnl
                                          followed by newline
        jsr
                                          and another
        jsr
                             prtnl
                         =pfms2,xr
                                          point to first hdr
        mov
        isr
                             prtst
                                          print it
                             prtnl
                                          new line
        jsr
        mov
                         =pfms3,xr
                                          second hdr
                                          print it
                             prtst
        jsr
                                          new line
        jsr
                             prtnl
                                          and another blank line
        jsr
                             prtnl
        zer
                                          initial stmt count
                         pftbl,xr
                                          point to table origin
        mov
                                          bias past xnblk header (sgd07)
        add
                         *xndta,xr
    loop here to print successive entries
prfl1
        icv
                                wb
                                          bump stmt nr
        ldi
                               (xr)
                                          load nr of executions
                                          no printing if zero
        ieq
                             prf13
        mov
                     =pfpd1,profs
                                          point where to print
                                          and print it
                             prtin
        jsr
                             profs
                                          back to start of line
        zer
                                          load stmt nr
        mti
                                          print it there
        jsr
                             prtin
                     =pfpd2,profs
                                          and pad past count
        mov
        ldi
                         cfp$i(xr)
                                          load total exec time
                                          print that too
        jsr
                             prtin
        ldi
                         cfp$i(xr)
                                          reload time
        mli
                             intth
                                          convert to microsec
                                          omit next bit if overflow
        iov
                             prf12
        \mathbf{dvi}
                               (xr)
                                          divide by executions
                                          pad last print
        mov
                     =pfpd3,profs
        jsr
                             prtin
                                          and print mcsec/execn
    merge after printing time
                                          thats another line
prfl2
        jsr
                             prtnl
    here to go to next entry
                                          bump index ptr (sgd07)
prfl3
        add
                         *pf$i2,xr
        blt
                                          loop if more stmts
                   wb,pfnte,prfl1
        mov
                          (xs)+,xr
                                          restore callers xr
                          pfsvw,wb
                                          and wb too
        mov
    here to exit
prfl4
        exi
                                          return
```

```
prflu -- update an entry in the profile table
    on entry, kvstn contains nr of stmt to profile
                             call to update entry
    jsr prflu
    (ia)
                             destroyed
prflu
        prc
        bnz
                                          skip if just entered function
                      pffnc,pflu4
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                                          preserve entry xr
                          wa,pfsvw
                                          save wa (sgd07)
        mov
                      pftbl,pflu2
                                          branch if table allocated
        \mathbf{bnz}
    here if space for profile table not yet allocated.
    calculate size needed, allocate a static xnblk, and
    initialize it all to zero.
    the time taken for this will be attributed to the current
    statement (assignment to keywd profile), but since the
    timing for this statement is up the pole anyway, this
    doesnt really matter...
        sub
                     =num01,pfnte
                                          adjust for extra count (sgd07)
        mti
                             pfi2a
                                          convrt entry size to int
        sti
                             pfste
                                          and store safely for later
        mti
                             pfnte
                                          load table length as integer
        mli
                             pfste
                                          multiply by entry size
                                          get back address-style
        mfi
        add
                        =num02, wa
                                          add on 2 word overhead
        wtb
                                          convert the whole lot to bytes
                                          gimme the space
        jsr
                             alost
        mov
                          xr,pftbl
                                          save block pointer
                     =b$xnt,(xr)+
                                          put block type and ...
        mov
                          wa.(xr)+
                                          ... length into header
        mov
                                          get back nr of wds in data area
        mfi
        lct
                             wa,wa
                                          load the counter
    loop here to zero the block data
                                          blank a word
pflu1
        zer
                             (xr)+
                          wa,pflu1
                                          and alllllll the rest
        bct
    end of allocation. merge back into routine
pflu2
        mti
                             kvstn
                                          load nr of stmt just ended
        \mathbf{sbi}
                             intv1
                                          make into index offset
                                          make offset of table entry
        mli
                             pfste
        mfi
                                          convert to address
                                wa
        wtb
                                          get as baus
                                พล
        add
                         *num02,wa
                                          offset includes table header
                         pftbl,xr
                                          get table start
        mov
                wa,num01(xr),pfl
                                          if out of table, skip it
        bge
                                          else point to entry
        add
                             wa,xr
                                          get nr of executions so far
        ldi
                               (xr)
        adi
                             intv1
                                          nudge up one
        sti
                              (xr)
                                          and put back
                                          get time now
        jsr
                             systm
                                          stash ending time
        sti
                             pfetm
        sbi
                                          subtract start time
                             pfstm
        adi
                        cfp$i(xr)
                                          add cumulative time so far
        sti
                         cfp$i(xr)
                                          and put back new total
        ldi
                             pfetm
                                          load end time of this stmt ...
```

pfstm

sti

... which is start time of next

merge here to exit

pflu3 mov (xs)+,xr restore callers xr mov pfsvw,wa restore saved reg exi and return

here if profile is suppressed because a program defined function is about to be entered, and so the current stmt has not yet finished

```
fi
    prpar - process print parameters
    (wc)
                             if nonzero associate terminal only
    jsr prpar
                             call to process print parameters
    (xl,xr,wa,wb,wc)
                             destroyed
    since memory allocation is undecided on initial call,
    terminal cannot be associated. the entry with wc non-zero
    is provided so a later call can be made to complete this.
prpar
        \operatorname{prc}
                                e,0
                                          entry point
        \mathbf{bnz}
                          wc,prpa8
                                          jump to associate terminal
        jsr
                                          get print parameters
                              syspp
                                          jump if lines/page specified
        \mathbf{bnz}
                          wb,prpa1
        mov
                         =cfp$m,wb
                                          else use a large value
        rsh
                               wb,1
                                          but not too large
    store line count/page
prpa1
        mov
                          wb, lstnp
                                          store number of lines/page
                                          pretend page is full initially
                          wb,lstlc
        mov
        zer
                             lstpg
                                          clear page number
                                          get prior length if any
                          prlen, wb
        mov
        bze
                          wb,prpa2
                                          skip if no length
        \mathbf{bgt}
                       wa,wb,prpa3
                                          skip storing if too big
    store print buffer length
                                          store value
                          wa, prlen
prpa2
        mov
    process bits options
                                          bit 3 mask
prpa3
        mov
                          bits3,wb
        anb
                             wc,wb
                                          get -nolist bit
        zrb
                          wb,prpa4
                                          skip if clear
                                          set -nolist
        zer
                              cswls
    check if fail reports goto interactive channel
                                          bit 1 mask
        mov
                          bits1,wb
prpa4
                                          get bit
        anb
                              wc,wb
        mov
                          wb,erich
                                          store int. chan. error flag
        mov
                          bits2,wb
                                          bit 2 mask
                                          get bit
        anb
                              wc,wb
                          wb, prich
                                          flag for std printer on int. chan.
        mov
                          bits4,wb
                                          bit 4 mask
        mov
        anb
                             wc,wb
                                          get bit
                          wb,cpsts
                                          flag for compile stats suppressn.
        mov
                          bits5,wb
                                          bit 5 mask
        mov
                                          get bit
                             wc,wb
        anb
                          wb, exsts
                                          flag for exec stats suppression
        mov
```

```
prpar (continued)
                                           bit 6 mask
                          bits6,wb
        mov
                                           get bit
        anb
                              wc,wb
                          wb,precl
                                           extended/compact listing flag
        mov
        \mathbf{sub}
                         =num08,wa
                                           point 8 chars from line end
                          wb,prpa5
                                           jump if not extended
        \mathbf{zrb}
                                           store for listing page headings
        mov
                          wa, 1stpo
     continue option processing
                          bits7,wb
                                           bit 7 mask
prpa5
        mov
        anb
                              wc,wb
                                           get bit 7
                                           set -noexecute if non-zero
        mov
                          wb,cswex
                                           bit 10 mask
        mov
                          bit10,wb
        anb
                              wc,wb
                                           get bit 10
        mov
                           wb, headp
                                           pretend printed to omit headers
                                           bit 9 mask
        mov
                           bits9,wb
                                           get bit 9
        anb
                              wc,wb
                           wb,prsto
                                           keep it as std listing option
        mov
if .culc
        mov
                              wc,wb
                                           copy flags
        rsh
                              wb,12
                                           right justify bit 13
                                           get bit
                          bits1,wb
        anb
        mov
                           wb, kvcas
                                           set -case
fi
                                           bit 12 mask
        mov
                          bit12,wb
                                           get bit 12
        anb
                              wc,wb
                                           keep it as errors/noerrors option
        mov
                          wb,cswer
        \mathbf{zrb}
                          wb,prpa6
                                           skip if clear
                                           get print buffer length
                          prlen, wa
        mov
                         =num08,wa
                                           point 8 chars from line end
        \mathbf{sub}
        mov
                          wa, 1stpo
                                           store page offset
    check for -print/-noprint
                                           bit 11 \text{ mask}
        mov
                          bit11,wb
prpa6
        anb
                                           get bit 11
                              wc,wb
                                           set -print if non-zero
        mov
                          wb,cswpr
    check for terminal
        anb
                                           see if terminal to be activated
                          bits8,wc
        bnz
                           wc,prpa8
                                           jump if terminal required
                       initr,prpa9
                                           jump if no terminal to detach
        bze
                                           ptr to /terminal/
        mov
                         =v$ter,xl
                                           get vrblk pointer
                              gtnvr
        jsr
                                           cant fail
        ppm
                                           clear value of terminal
        mov
                 =nulls, vrval(xr)
                              setvr
                                           remove association
        jsr
                              prpa9
                                           return
        brn
    associate terminal
        mnz
                              initr
                                           note terminal associated
prpa8
                       dnamb, prpa9
                                           cant if memory not organised
        bze
        mov
                         =v$ter,xl
                                           point to terminal string
                         =trtou,wb
                                           output trace type
        mov
        jsr
                              inout
                                           attach output trblk to vrblk
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                                           stack trblk ptr
                         =v$ter,xl
                                           point to terminal string
        mov
        mov
                         =trtin,wb
                                           input trace type
```

jsr inout attach input trace blk
mov (xs)+,vrval(xr) add output trblk to chain
return point
prpa9 exi return
enp end procedure prpar

```
prtch -- print a character
    prtch is used to print a single character
    (wa)
                             character to be printed
    jsr prtch
                             call to print character
prtch prc
                                e,0
                                          entry point
                          xr,-(xs)
                                          save xr
        mov
                                          jump if room in buffer
        bne
                 profs,prlen,prch
                                          else print this line
                             prtnl
        jsr
    here after making sure we have room
prch1 mov
                                          point to print buffer
                          prbuf,xr
        \mathbf{psc}
                          xr,profs
                                          point to next character location
                                          store new character
        \operatorname{sch}
                           wa,(xr)
                                          complete store characters
        \mathbf{csc}
                                 xr
        icv
                             profs
                                          bump pointer
        mov
                          (xs)+,xr
                                          restore entry xr
        exi
                                          return to prtch caller
                                          end procedure prtch
        enp
```

prtic -- print to interactive channel prtic is called to print the contents of the standard print buffer to the interactive channel. it is only called after prtst has set up the string for printing. it does not clear the buffer.

ΙU	does no	r crear in	e buller.		
jsr prtic			call fo	r pr	int
(wa	a,wb)		destroy	ed	
prtic	\mathbf{prc}		e,0		entry point
	\mathbf{mov}	x	r,-(xs)		save xr
	\mathbf{mov}	p	rbuf,xr		point to buffer
	\mathbf{mov}	p	rofs,wa		no of chars
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$		syspi		print
	\mathbf{ppm}		prtc2		fail return
ret	turn				
prtc1	\mathbf{mov}	(xs)+,xr		restore xr
	\mathbf{exi}				return
eri	or occu	red			
prtc2	\mathbf{zer}		erich		prevent looping
	\mathbf{erb}	252,error	on pri		to interactive channel
	\mathbf{brn}		prtc1		return
	\mathbf{enp}				procedure prtic

```
prtis -- print to interactive and standard printer
    prtis puts a line from the print buffer onto the
    interactive channel (if any) and the standard printer.
    it always prints to the standard printer but does
    not duplicate lines if the standard printer is
    interactive. it clears down the print buffer.
    jsr prtis
                            call for printing
    (wa,wb)
                            destroyed
prtis
        \operatorname{prc}
                               e,0
                                         entry point
                                         jump if standard printer is int.ch.
        \mathbf{bnz}
                      prich, prts1
        bze
                      erich,prts1
                                         skip if not doing int. error reps.
                                         print to interactive channel
        jsr
                            prtic
    merge and exit
prts1 jsr
                                         print to standard printer
                             prtnl
        \mathbf{exi}
                                         return
        enp
                                         end procedure prtis
```

```
prtin -- print an integer
    prtin prints the integer value which is in the integer
    accumulator. blocks built in dynamic storage
    during this process are immediately deleted.
    (ia)
                            integer value to be printed
    jsr prtin
                            call to print integer
    (ia,ra)
                            destroyed
                              e,0
                                        entry point
prtin prc
        mov
                        xr,-(xs)
                                        save xr
                            icbld
                                        build integer block
        jsr
        blo
                  xr,dnamb,prti1
                                        jump if icblk below dynamic
        bhi
                                        jump if above dynamic
                  xr,dnamp,prti1
                                        immediately delete it
        mov
                        xr,dnamp
    delete icblk from dynamic store
        mov
                        xr,-(xs)
                                        stack ptr for gtstg
prti1
        jsr
                            gtstg
                                        convert to string
                                        convert error is impossible
        ppm
                                        reset pointer to delete scblk
        mov
                        xr, dnamp
                            prtst
                                        print integer string
        jsr
                                        restore entry xr
        mov
                         (xs)+,xr
        exi
                                        return to prtin caller
        enp
                                        end procedure prtin
```

prtmi -- print message and integer prtmi is used to print messages together with an integer value starting in column 15 (used by the routines at the end of compilation).

jsr	prtmi	call to p	print message and integer
prtmi	prc	e,0	entry point
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	prtst	print string message
	mov	=prtmf,profs	set column offset
	\mathbf{jsr}	prtin	print integer
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	prtnl	print line
	exi		return to prtmi caller
	\mathbf{enp}		end procedure prtmi

```
prtmm -- print memory used and available
    prtmm is used to provide memory usage information in
    both the end-of-compile and end-of-run statistics.
    jsr prtmm
                              call to print memory stats
prtmm
        \operatorname{prc}
        mov
                           dnamp, wa
                                            next available loc
        \mathbf{sub}
                           statb, wa
                                            minus start
if.\mathbf{cbyt}
else
         btw
                                            convert to words
                                  wa
fi
         mti
                                            convert to integer
                                  wa
         mov
                                            point to /memory used (words)/
                          =encm1,xr
                               prtmi
                                            print message
        jsr
         \mathbf{mov}
                           dname, wa
                                            end of memory
         \mathbf{sub}
                           dnamp, wa
                                            minus next available loc
if.\mathbf{cbyt}
else
         btw
                                            convert to words
                                  wa
fi
        mti
                                  wa
                                            convert to integer
         mov
                          =encm2,xr
                                            point to /memory available (words)/
                                            print line
        jsr
                               prtmi
         exi
                                            return to prtmm caller
                                            end of procedure prtmm
         enp
```

prt	tmx as	prtmi with extra co	py to interactive chan.
jsr	r prtmx	call for p	rinting
(wa	a,wb)	destroyed	
prtmx	\mathbf{prc}	e,0	entry point
	${f jsr}$	prtst	print string message
	\mathbf{mov}	=prtmf,profs	set column offset
	${f jsr}$	prtin	print integer
	${f jsr}$	prtis	print line
	\mathbf{exi}		return
	\mathbf{enp}		end procedure prtmx

prtnl prints the contents of the print buffer, resets the buffer to all blanks and resets the print pointer. call to print line jsr prtnl prtnl prc r,0 entry point \mathbf{bnz} headp,prn10 were headers printed no - print them jsr prtps call syspr prn10 mov xr,-(xs)save entry xr movwa, prtsa save wa wb,prtsb mov save wb load pointer to buffer prbuf,xr movload number of chars in buffer profs, wa mov call system print routine jsr syspr prn12 jump if failed ppm lct wa,prlnw load length of buffer in words *schar,xr point to chars of buffer add mov nullw,wb get word of blanks loop to blank buffer store word of blanks, bump ptr prnl1 mov wb,(xr)+bct wa,prnl1 loop till all blanked exit point restore wb prtsb,wb mov prtsa, wa restore wa mov (xs)+,xrmov restore entry xr zer profs reset print buffer pointer

prtnl -- print new line (end print line)

mnz prtef mark first occurrence erb 253,print limit on standard output channel

file full or no output file for load module

prtef,prnl3

stop at once

exi

 \mathbf{bnz}

prn12

prn13mov=nini8,wbending codemovkvstn,wastatement numbermovr\$fcb,xlget fcblk chain headjsrsysejstopenpend procedure prtnl

return to prtnl caller

jump if not first time

```
prtnm -- print variable name
    prtnm is used to print a character representation of the
    name of a variable (not a value of datatype name)
    names of pseudo-variables may not be passed to prtnm.
    (x1)
                             name base
    (wa)
                             name offset
                             call to print name
    jsr prtnm
    (wb,wc,ra)
                             destroyed
prtnm
        \operatorname{prc}
                               r,0
                                          entry point (recursive, see prtvl)
                                          save wa (offset is collectable)
        \mathbf{mov}
                          wa,-(xs)
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                                          save entry xr
                          xl,-(xs)
                                          save name base
        mov
                                          jump if not natural variable
        bhi
                   xl,state,prn02
    here for natural variable name, recognized by the fact
    that the name base points into the static area.
        mov
                             xl,xr
                                          point to vrblk
                                          print name of variable
                             prtvn
        jsr
    common exit point
                          (xs)+,xl
                                          restore name base
prn01
        mov
        mov
                          (xs)+,xr
                                          restore entry value of xr
        mov
                          (xs)+,wa
                                          restore wa
        exi
                                          return to prtnm caller
    here for case of non-natural variable
prn02
        mov
                                          copy name offset
                             wa.wb
                                          jump if array or table
        bne
                 (x1),=b$pdt,prn0
    for program defined datatype, prt fld name, left paren
        mov
                     pddfp(xl),xr
                                          load pointer to dfblk
        add
                                          add name offset
                             wa,xr
                                          load vrblk pointer for field
                     pdfof(xr),xr
        mov
                             prtvn
                                          print field name
        jsr
        mov
                        =ch$pp,wa
                                          load left paren
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                             prtch
                                          print character
```

prtnm (continued) now we print an identifying name for the object if one can be found. the following code searches for a natural variable which contains this object as value. if such a variable is found, its name is printed, else the value of the object (as printed by prtvl) is used instead. first we point to the parent tbblk if this is the case of a table element. to do this, chase down the trnxt chain. prn03 bne (x1),=b\$tet,prn0 jump if we got there (or not te) mov tenxt(x1),x1 else move out on chain brnprn03 and loop back now we are ready for the search. to speed things up in the case of calls from dump where the same name base will occur repeatedly while dumping an array or table, we remember the last vrblk pointer found in prnmv. so first check to see if we have this one again. point to vrblk we found last time prn04 mov prnmv,xr mov hshtb,wa point to hash table in case not jump into search for special check brnprn07 loop through hash slots prn05 mov wa,xr copy slot pointer ica bump slot pointer introduce standard vrblk offset sub *vrnxt,xr loop through vrblks on one hash chain point to next vrblk on hash chain prn06 mov vrnxt(xr),xr merge here first time to check block we found last time mov copy vrblk pointer prn07 xr,wc

wc,prn09

bze

jump if chain end (or prnmv zero)

```
prtnm (continued)
    loop to find value (chase down possible trblk chain)
                    vrval(xr),xr
                                        load value
                (xr),=b$trt,prn0
                                        loop if that was a trblk
        beq
    now we have the value, is this the block we want
                     xr,xl,prn10
                                        jump if this matches the name base
        beq
        mov
                            wc,xr
                                        else point back to that vrblk
                                        and loop back
        brn
                            prn06
    here to move to next hash slot
prn09 blt
                  wa, hshte, prn05
                                        loop back if more to go
        mov
                            xl,xr
                                        else not found, copy value pointer
                                        print value
        jsr
                            prtvl
                                        and merge ahead
        brn
                            prn11
    here when we find a matching entry
        mov
                            wc,xr
                                        copy vrblk pointer
prn10
        mov
                         xr,prnmv
                                        save for next time in
                            {\tt prtvn}
                                        print variable name
        jsr
    merge here if no entry found
                                        load first word of name base
        mov
                          (x1),wc
prn11
                                        jump if not program defined
        bne
                 wc,=b$pdt,prn13
    for program defined datatype, add right paren and exit
                        =ch$rp,wa
                                        load right paren, merge
    merge here to print final right paren or bracket
                            prtch
prn12
       jsr
                                        print final character
                                        restore name offset
                            wb,wa
        mov
        brn
                            prn01
                                        merge back to exit
```

prtnm (continued) here for array or table mov load left bracket prn13 =ch\$bb,wa and print it $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ prtch restore block pointer mov (xs),xl(xl),wcload type word again mov bne wc,=b\$tet,prn15 jump if not table here for table, print subscript value mov tesub(x1),xr load subscript value save name offset mov wb,xl $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ prtvl print subscript value restore name offset xl,wb \mathbf{mov} merge here from array case to print right bracket =ch\$rb,wa load right bracket prn14 mov brnprn12 merge back to print it here for array or vector, to print subscript(s) copy name offset prn15 mov wb,wa convert to words btw wa wc,=b\$art,prn16 jump if arblk beq here for vector sub =vcvlb,wa adjust for standard fields mtimove to integer accum wa print linear subscript $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ prtin brnprn14 merge back for right bracket

prtnm (continued) here for array. first calculate absolute subscript offsets by successive divisions by the dimension values. this must be done right to left since the elements are stored row-wise. the subscripts are stacked as integers. arofs(x1),wc load length of bounds info prn16 mov ica adjust for arpro field convert to words btwsub wc,wa get linear zero-origin subscript mtiwa get integer value lct wa, arndm(x1) set num of dimensions as loop count add arofs(xl),xl point past bounds information set ok offset for proper ptr later sub *arlbd,xl loop to stack subscript offsets sub*ardms,xl point to next set of bounds prn17 stiprnsi save current offset ardim(x1) get remainder on dividing by dimens rmi mfi -(xs)store on stack (one word) prnsi ldi reload argument dvi ardim(x1) divide to get quotient bct wa, prn17 loop till all stacked set offset to first set of bounds zer lct wb, arndm(x1) load count of dims to control loop jump into print loop brn prn19 loop to print subscripts from stack adjusting by adding the appropriate low bound value from the arblk mov =ch\$cm,wa load a comma prn18 jsr prtch print it merge here first time in (no comma required) load subscript offset as integer prn19 mti (xs)+add xr,xl point to current lbd adi arlbd(x1) add lbd to get signed subscript sub xr,xl point back to start of arblk prtin print subscript $\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$ add *ardms,xr bump offset to next bounds

wb,prn18

prn14

bct brn

enp

loop back till all printed

end procedure prtnm

merge back to print right bracket

```
prtnv -- print name value
    prtnv is used by the trace and dump routines to print
    a line of the form
    name = value
    note that the name involved can never be a pseudo-var
    (x1)
                             name base
    (wa)
                             name offset
                             call to print name = value
    jsr prtnv
    (wb,wc,ra)
                             destroyed
                                          entry point
prtnv prc
                               e,0
        jsr
                             prtnm
                                          print argument name
                          xr,-(xs)
                                          save entry xr
        \mathbf{mov}
                          wa,-(xs)
                                          save name offset (collectable)
        mov
        mov
                         =tmbeb,xr
                                          point to blank equal blank
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                             prtst
                                          print it
        mov
                             xl,xr
                                          copy name base
        add
                                          point to value
                             wa,xr
                                          load value pointer
        mov
                           (xr), xr
                             prtvl
                                          print value
        jsr
                                          terminate line
        jsr
                             prtnl
        mov
                          (xs)+,wa
                                          restore name offset
        mov
                          (xs)+,xr
                                          restore entry xr
                                          return to caller
        exi
        enp
                                          end procedure prtnv
```

```
prtpg -- print a page throw
    prints a page throw or a few blank lines on the standard
    listing channel depending on the listing options chosen.
                            call for page eject
    jsr prtpg
prtpg
       \operatorname{prc}
                               e,0
                                         entry point
                                         jump if execution time
        beq
                stage,=stgxt,prp
        bze
                      lstlc,prp06
                                         return if top of page already
                                         clear line count
        zer
                            lstlc
    check type of listing
prp01 mov
                                         preserve xr
                         xr,-(xs)
        bnz
                      prstd,prp02
                                         eject if flag set
                                         jump if interactive listing channel
        \mathbf{bnz}
                      prich,prp03
                      precl,prp03
                                         jump if compact listing
        bze
    perform an eject
                                         eject
prp02
        jsr
                             sysep
        brn
                            prp04
                                         merge
    compact or interactive channel listing. cant print
    blanks until check made for headers printed and flag set.
prp03
                         headp,xr
                                         remember headp
        mov
                                         set to avoid repeated prtpg calls
        mnz
                            headp
        jsr
                            prtnl
                                         print blank line
        jsr
                            prtnl
                                         print blank line
                                         print blank line
                            prtnl
        jsr
                     =num03,1stlc
                                         count blank lines
        mov
                         xr, headp
                                         restore header flag
        mov
```

prptg (continued)
print the heading

P		0 110001116	
prp04	\mathbf{bnz}	headp,prp05	jump if header listed
	\mathbf{mnz}	headp	mark headers printed
	mov	xl,-(xs)	keep xl
	mov	=headr,xr	point to listing header
	\mathbf{jsr}	prtst	place it
	\mathbf{jsr}	sysid	get system identification
	\mathbf{jsr}	prtst	append extra chars
	\mathbf{jsr}	prtnl	print it
	mov	xl,xr	extra header line
	\mathbf{jsr}	prtst	place it
	\mathbf{jsr}	prtnl	print it
	\mathbf{jsr}	prtnl	print a blank
	\mathbf{jsr}	prtnl	and another
	add	=num04,1stlc	four header lines printed
	mov	(xs)+,xl	restore xl
mer	rge if	header not printed	
prp05	mov	(xs)+,xr	restore xr
ret	turn		
prp06	\mathbf{exi}		return
	\mathbf{enp}		end procedure prtpg

 prtps - print page with test for standard listing option if the standard listing option is selected, insist that an eject be done

jsi	r prtps	call for e	eject
prtps	$\operatorname{\mathbf{prc}}$	e,0	entry point
	mov	prsto,prstd	copy option flag
	${f jsr}$	prtpg	print page
	\mathbf{zer}	prstd	clear flag
	\mathbf{exi}		return
	\mathbf{enp}		end procedure prtps

```
prtsn -- print statement number
    prtsn is used to initiate a print trace line by printing
    asterisks and the current statement number. the actual
    format of the output generated is.
    ***nnnnn**** iii....iiii
   nnnnn is the statement number with leading zeros replaced
    by asterisks (e.g. ******9****)
    iii...iii represents a variable length output consisting
    of a number of letter i characters equal to fnclevel.
    jsr prtsn
                           call to print statement number
    (WC)
                           destroyed
                              e,0
                                       entry point
prtsn
       prc
                        xr,-(xs)
                                       save entry xr
        mov
        mov
                        wa, prsna
                                       save entry wa
                                       point to asterisks
        mov
                       =tmasb,xr
        jsr
                           prtst
                                       print asterisks
                                       point into middle of asterisks
                    =num04,profs
        mov
        mti
                           kvstn
                                       load statement number as integer
                                       print integer statement number
                           prtin
        jsr
        mov
                    =prsnf,profs
                                       point past asterisks plus blank
        mov
                        kvfnc,xr
                                       get fnclevel
        mov
                       =ch$li,wa
                                       set letter i
    loop to generate letter i fnclevel times
                        xr,prsn2
prsn1
                                       jump if all set
       bze
        jsr
                           prtch
                                       else print an i
        dcv
                               xr
                                       decrement counter
        brn
                           prsn1
                                       loop back
    merge with all letter i characters generated
                       =ch$bl,wa
                                       get blank
prsn2
       mov
                           prtch
        isr
                                       print blank
        mov
                        prsna, wa
                                       restore entry wa
        mov
                        (xs)+,xr
                                       restore entry xr
        exi
                                       return to prtsn caller
                                       end procedure prtsn
        enp
```

```
prtst -- print string
    prtst places a string of characters in the print buffer
    see prtnl for global locations used
    note that the first word of the block (normally b$scl)
    is not used and need not be set correctly (see prtvn)
    (xr)
                             string to be printed
                             call to print string
    jsr prtst
                              updated past chars placed
    (profs)
prtst prc
                                r,0
                                           entry point
                                           were headers printed
        \mathbf{bnz}
                       headp,prst0
        jsr
                             prtps
                                           no - print them
    call syspr
                                           save wa
prst0
        mov
                          wa,prsva
                                           save wb
        mov
                          wb,prsvb
                                           set chars printed count to zero
        zer
    loop to print successive lines for long string
                     sclen(xr),wa
                                           load string length
prst1
        mov
        \mathbf{sub}
                              wb,wa
                                           subtract count of chars already out
        bze
                          wa,prst4
                                           jump to exit if none left
        mov
                          x1,-(xs)
                                           else stack entry xl
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                                           save argument
        mov
                              xr,xl
                                           copy for eventual move
                                           load print buffer length
                          prlen,xr
        mov
        sub
                          profs,xr
                                           get chars left in print buffer
                                           skip if room left on this line
        \mathbf{bnz}
                          xr,prst2
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                              prtnl
                                           else print this line
                          prlen,xr
                                           and set full width available
        \mathbf{mov}
```

prtst (continued) here with chars to print and some room in buffer blojump if room for rest of string prst2 wa,xr,prst3 else set to fill line mov xr,wa merge here with character count in wa mov prbuf,xr point to print buffer prst3 plc xl,wb point to location in string point to location in buffer \mathbf{psc} xr,profs add wa,wb bump string chars count add wa,profs bump buffer pointer mov wb,prsvc preserve char counter move characters to buffer $\mathbf{m}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{c}$ prsvc,wb recover char counter mov mov (xs)+,xrrestore argument pointer mov (xs)+,xlrestore entry xl brnprst1 loop back to test for more here to exit after printing string restore entry wb prst4 mov prsvb,wb mov prsva,wa restore entry wa return to prtst caller exi

enp

end procedure prtst

```
prttr -- print to terminal
    called to print contents of standard print buffer to
    online terminal. clears buffer down and resets profs.
    jsr prttr
                            call for print
    (wa,wb)
                            destroyed
prttr prc
                              e,0
                                        entry point
        mov
                        xr,-(xs)
                                        save xr
                                        print buffer contents
                            prtic
        jsr
        mov
                        prbuf,xr
                                        point to print bfr to clear it
        lct
                                        get buffer length
                        wa,prlnw
        add
                        *schar,xr
                                        point past scblk header
                                        get blanks
        mov
                        nullw,wb
    loop to clear buffer
                         wb,(xr)+
                                        clear a word
prtt1
       mov
        \mathbf{bct}
                         wa,prtt1
                                        loop
        zer
                            profs
                                        reset profs
                         (xs)+,xr
                                        restore xr
        mov
        exi
                                        return
                                        end procedure prttr
        enp
```

```
prtvl -- print a value
    prtvl places an appropriate character representation of
    a data value in the print buffer for dump/trace use.
                            value to be printed
    (xr)
    jsr prtvl
                             call to print value
                             destroyed
    (wa,wb,wc,ra)
                               r,0
                                         entry point, recursive
prtvl
        prc
                         x1,-(xs)
                                         save entry xl
        mov
        mov
                         xr,-(xs)
                                         save argument
                                         check for stack overflow
        \mathbf{chk}
    loop back here after finding a trap block (trblk)
        mov
                  idval(xr),prvsi
                                         copy idval (if any)
prv01
                           (xr),xl
        mov
                                         load first word of block
        lei
                                xl
                                         load entry point id
        bsw
                  x1,b1$$t,prv02
                                         switch on block type
        iff
                      bl$tr,prv04
                                         trblk
        iff
                                         arblk
                      bl$ar,prv05
                                         icblk
        iff
                      bl$ic,prv08
        iff
                      bl$nm,prv09
                                         nmblk
        iff
                      bl$pd,prv10
                                         pdblk
if.cnra
else
        iff
                                         rcblk
                      bl$rc,prv08
fi
        iff
                                         scblk
                      bl$sc,prv11
                      bl$se,prv12
        iff
                                         seblk
        iff
                      bl$tb,prv13
                                         tbblk
        iff
                                         vcblk
                      bl$vc,prv13
if.\mathbf{cnbf}
else
        iff
                      bl$bc,prv15
                                         bcblk
fi
                                         end of switch on block type
    here for blocks for which we just print datatype name
prv02
        jsr
                             dtype
                                         get datatype name
                             prtst
                                         print datatype name
        jsr
    common exit point
prv03
        mov
                         (xs)+,xr
                                         reload argument
        mov
                         (xs)+,xl
                                         restore xl
        exi
                                         return to prtvl caller
    here for trblk
                                         load real value
prv04
        mov
                     trval(xr),xr
                                         and loop back
        brn
                             prv01
```

```
prtvl (continued)
    here for array (arblk)
    print array ( prototype ) blank number idval
prv05
        mov
                                          preserve argument
                             xr,xl
        mov
                        =scarr,xr
                                          point to datatype name (array)
                             prtst
                                          print it
        jsr
                        =ch$pp,wa
                                          load left paren
        mov
        jsr
                             prtch
                                          print left paren
        add
                     arofs(xl),xl
                                          point to prototype
        mov
                           (x1), xr
                                          load prototype
        jsr
                             prtst
                                          print prototype
    vcblk, tbblk, bcblk merge here for ) blank number idval
prv06
                                          load right paren
        mov
                        =ch$rp,wa
                                          print right paren
        jsr
                             prtch
    pdblk merges here to print blank number idval
prv07
        mov
                        =ch$bl,wa
                                          load blank
                             prtch
                                          print it
        jsr
        mov
                        =ch$nm,wa
                                          load number sign
        jsr
                             prtch
                                          print it
        mti
                             prvsi
                                          get idval
        jsr
                             prtin
                                          print id number
        brn
                             prv03
                                          back to exit
    here for integer (icblk), real (rcblk)
    print character representation of value
prv08
       mov
                         xr,-(xs)
                                          stack argument for gtstg
        jsr
                             gtstg
                                          convert to string
                                          error return is impossible
        ppm
                             prtst
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                          print the string
                                          delete garbage string from storage
        mov
                          xr, dnamp
                                          back to exit
        brn
                             prv03
```

```
prtvl (continued)
    name (nmblk)
    for pseudo-variable, just print datatype name (name)
    for all other names, print dot followed by name rep
                                        load name base
prv09
        mov
                    nmbas(xr),xl
        mov
                          (x1), wa
                                        load first word of block
        beq
                 wa,=b$kvt,prv02
                                        just print name if keyword
                 wa,=b$evt,prv02
                                        just print name if expression var
        beq
        mov
                       =ch$dt,wa
                                        else get dot
                                        and print it
        jsr
                            prtch
        mov
                    nmofs(xr),wa
                                        load name offset
                                        print name
        jsr
                            prtnm
                            prv03
        brn
                                        back to exit
    program datatype (pdblk)
    print datatype name ch$bl ch$nm idval
prv10
        jsr
                            dtype
                                        get datatype name
        jsr
                            prtst
                                        print datatype name
                            prv07
        brn
                                        merge back to print id
    here for string (scblk)
    print quote string-characters quote
prv11 mov
                       =ch$sq,wa
                                        load single quote
        jsr
                            prtch
                                        print quote
                                        print string value
        jsr
                            prtst
        jsr
                            prtch
                                        print another quote
                                        back to exit
        brn
                            prv03
```

```
prtvl (continued)
    here for simple expression (seblk)
    print asterisk variable-name
prv12
                         =ch$as,wa
                                           load asterisk
        mov
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                              prtch
                                           print asterisk
                      sevar(xr),xr
                                           load variable pointer
        mov
        jsr
                              prtvn
                                           print variable name
        brn
                                           jump back to exit
                              prv03
    here for table (tbblk) and array (vcblk)
    print datatype ( prototype ) blank number idval
prv13
        mov
                              xr,xl
                                           preserve argument
        jsr
                              dtype
                                           get datatype name
        jsr
                              prtst
                                           print datatype name
                         =ch$pp,wa
                                           load left paren
        \mathbf{mov}
                              prtch
                                           print left paren
        jsr
        mov
                      tblen(x1),wa
                                           load length of block (=vclen)
        btw
                                           convert to word count
                                           allow for standard fields
        \mathbf{sub}
                         =tbsi$,wa
        beq
                 (x1),=b$tbt,prv1
                                           jump if table
                         =vctbd,wa
                                           for vcblk, adjust size
        add
    print prototype
prv14
        mti
                                 wa
                                           move as integer
        jsr
                              prtin
                                           print integer prototype
        brn
                              prv06
                                           merge back for rest
if.cnbf
else
```

prtvl (continued) here for buffer (bcblk)

prv15	mov	xr,xl	preserve argument
	mov	=scbuf,xr	point to datatype name (buffer)
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	prtst	print it
	mov	=ch\$pp,wa	load left paren
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	prtch	print left paren
	mov	bcbuf(xl),xr	point to bfblk
	\mathbf{mti}	bfalc(xr)	load allocation size
	${f jsr}$	prtin	print it
	mov	=ch\$cm,wa	load comma
	${f jsr}$	prtch	print it
	\mathbf{mti}	bclen(xl)	load defined length
	${f jsr}$	prtin	print it
	\mathbf{brn}	prv06	merge to finish up
fi			
	\mathbf{enp}		end procedure prtvl

```
prtvn -- print natural variable name
    prtvn prints the name of a natural variable
                             pointer to vrblk
                              call to print variable name
    jsr prtvn
prtvn prc
                                e,0
                                           entry point
                          xr,-(xs)
                                           stack vrblk pointer
        \mathbf{mov}
                                           point to possible string name
        add
                         *vrsof,xr
                  sclen(xr),prvn1
                                           jump if not system variable
        \mathbf{bnz}
        mov
                      vrsvo(xr),xr
                                           point to svblk with name
    merge here with dummy scblk pointer in xr
prvn1
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                              prtst
                                           print string name of variable
                          (xs)+,xr
                                           restore vrblk pointer
        mov
        exi
                                           return to prtvn caller
                                           end procedure prtvn
        enp
if.cnra
else
```

```
rcbld -- build a real block
                               real value for rcblk
    (ra)
                               call to build real block
    jsr rcbld
    (xr)
                               pointer to result rcblk
     (wa)
                               destroyed
{\tt rcbld} \quad {\tt prc}
                                 e,0
                                            entry point
                                            load pointer to next available loc
         mov
                           dnamp,xr
         add
                          *rcsi$,xr
                                            point past new rcblk
         blo
                    xr,dname,rcbl1
                                            jump if there is room
                                            else load rcblk length
                          *rcsi$,wa
         mov
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                               alloc
                                            use standard allocator to get block
                                            point past block to merge
         add
                               wa,xr
    merge here with xr pointing past the block obtained
rcbl1
        mov
                           xr,dnamp
                                            set new pointer
         \mathbf{sub}
                          *rcsi$,xr
                                            point back to start of block
         mov
                        =b$rcl,(xr)
                                            store type word
         \mathbf{str}
                          rcval(xr)
                                            store real value in rcblk
                                            return to robld caller
         exi
                                            end procedure rcbld
         enp
fi
```

```
readr is used to read the next source image. to process
    continuation cards properly, the compiler must read one
    line ahead. thus readr does not destroy the current image
    see also the nexts routine which actually gets the image.
                            call to read next image
    jsr readr
    (xr)
                            ptr to next image (0 if none)
    (r$cni)
                            copy of pointer
                            destroyed
    (wa,wb,wc,xl)
readr
        prc
                               e,0
                                         entry point
        mov
                         r$cni,xr
                                         get ptr to next image
        bnz
                                         exit if already read
                         xr, read3
if .cinc
                                         if within include file
        bnz
                      cnind, reada
fi
        bne
                stage,=stgic,rea
                                         exit if not initial compile
                                         max read length
reada
        mov
                         cswin,wa
                                         clear any dud value in xl
        zer
                                χl
                            alocs
                                         allocate buffer
        jsr
                            sysrd
                                         read input image
        jsr
                                         jump if eof or new file name
        ppm
                            read4
                                         increment next line number
                            rdnln
        icv
if .cpol
                                         test if time to poll interface
        dcv
                            polct
        bnz
                      polct, read0
                                         not vet
                                         =0 for poll
        zer
                         rdnln,wb
                                         line number
        mov
                            syspl
                                         allow interactive access
        jsr
                                         allow interactive access
        \mathbf{err}
                            syspl
        ppm
                                         single step
                                         expression evaluation
        ppm
                                         new countdown start value
        mov
                         wa, polcs
                         wa,polct
                                         new counter value
        mov
fi
read0
        ble
                sclen(xr), cswin,
                                         use smaller of string lnth ...
                 cswin.sclen(xr)
                                         ... and xxx of -inxxx
        mov
    perform the trim
                                         set trimr to perform trim
        mnz
                                wh
read1
                                         trim trailing blanks
        isr
                             trimr
    merge here after read
                         xr,r$cni
read2 mov
                                         store copy of pointer
    merge here if no read attempted
                                         return to readr caller
read3
        exi
if.csfn
    here on end of file or new source file name.
    if this is a new source file name, the r$sfn table will
    be augmented with a new table entry consisting of the
    current compiler statement number as subscript, and the
    file name as value.
                 sclen(xr),read5
                                         jump if true end of file
read4
        bze
        zer
                                         new source file name
                         wb,rdnln
                                         restart line counter for new file
        mov
        jsr
                            trimr
                                         remove unused space in block
```

readr -- read next source image at compile time

```
record new file name
        isr
                              newfn
                                           now reissue read for record data
        brn
                              reada
    here on end of file
read5
        mov
                          xr, dnamp
                                           pop unused scblk
if .cinc
                       cnind, read6
                                           jump if not within an include file
        bze
        zer
                                           eof within include file
                              sysif
                                           switch stream back to previous file
        jsr
                              sysif
                                           switch stream back to previous file
        ppm
                                           restore prev line number, file name
                           cnind, wa
        mov
        add
                         =vcvlb,wa
                                           vector offset in words
                                           convert to bytes
        wtb
                                 wa
        mov
                          r$ifa,xr
                                           file name array
                                           ptr to element
        add
                              wa,xr
                        (xr),r$sfc
                                           change source file name
        mov
                                           release scblk
                       =nulls,(xr)
        mov
                                           line number array
        mov
                          r$ifl,xr
        add
                              wa,xr
                                           ptr to element
                            (xr),xl
                                           icblk containing saved line number
        mov
                         icval(x1)
                                           line number integer
        ldi
        \mathbf{mfi}
                              rdnln
                                           change source line number
                       =inton,(xr)
                                           release icblk
        mov
        dcv
                              cnind
                                           decrement nesting level
        mov
                           cmpsn, wb
                                           current statement number
                                           anticipate end of previous stmt
        icv
                                 wb
        mti
                                 wb
                                           convert to integer
                                           build icblk for stmt number
                              icbld
        jsr
        mov
                          r$sfn,xl
                                           file name table
                                 wb
                                           lookup statement number by name
        mnz
                              tfind
                                           allocate new teblk
        jsr
                                           always possible to allocate block
        ppm
                  r$sfc,teval(x1)
                                           record file name as entry value
        mov
                                           if initial compile, reissue read
        beq
                 stage, = stgic, rea
        bnz
                       cnind, reada
                                           still reading from include file
    outer nesting of execute-time compile of -include
    resume with any string remaining prior to -include.
                          r$ici,xl
                                           restore code argument string
        mov
                              r$ici
                                           release original string
        zer
                           cnsil, wa
                                           get length of string
        mov
                                           offset of characters left
        mov
                           cnspt, wb
                                           number of characters left
        \mathbf{sub}
                              wb,wa
                           wa,scnil
                                           set new scan length
        mov
                                           scan from start of substring
        zer
                              scnpt
                              sbstr
                                           create substring of remainder
        jsr
        mov
                          xr,r$cim
                                           set scan image
        brn
                                           return
                              read2
fi
else
    here on end of file
read4
        mov
                           xr, dnamp
                                           pop unused scblk
if .cinc
        bze
                       cnind, read6
                                           jump if not within an include file
                                           eof within include file
        zer
                                 xl
```

	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	sysif	switch stream back to previous file
	\mathbf{ppm}	sysif	switch stream back to previous file
	\mathbf{dcv}	cnind	decrement nesting level
	\mathbf{brn}	reada	reissue read from previous stream
fi			
fi			
read6	\mathbf{zer}	xr	zero ptr as result
	\mathbf{brn}	read2	merge
	\mathbf{enp}		end procedure readr

```
if .c370
    sbool-- setup for boolean operations on strings
    1(xs)
                           first argument (if two)
    0(xs)
                           second argument
                           number of arguments
    (wb)
                            zero = one arguments
                            non-zero = two arguments
                           call to perform operation
    jsr
         sbool
         loc
                           transfer loc for arg1 not string
    ppm
    ppm
         loc
                           transfer loc for arg2 not string
    ppm
         loc
                           transfer loc arg lengths not equal
                           transfer loc if null string args
    ppm
         loc
                           arguments popped, result stacked
    (xs)
    (x1)
                           arg 1 chars to operate upon
                           copy of arg 2 if two arguments
    (xr)
    (wa)
                           no. of characters to process
                           no. of words to process (bct ready)
    (wc)
    (wb)
                           destroyed
    the second argument string block is copied to a result
    block, and pointers returned to allow the caller to
    proceed with the desired operation if two arguments.
    operations like and/or that do not alter the trailing
    zeros in the last word of the string block can be
    performed a word at a time. operations such as compl
   may either be performed a character at a time or will
    have to adjust the last word if done a word at a time.
sbool
                                       entry point
       prc
                              n,3
        jsr
                            gtstg
                                       convert second arg to string
                           sb105
                                       jump if second arg not string
        ppm
                           xr,xl
                                       else save pointer
        mov
                                       and length
        mov
                           wa,wc
                                       only one argument if compl
                        wb,sbl01
        bze
                           gtstg
                                       convert first argument to string
        jsr
        ppm
                           sb104
                                       jump if not string
        bne
                     wa,wc,sb103
                                       jump if lengths unequal
    merge here if only one argument
sbl01
       mov
                        xr,-(xs)
                                       stack first argument
        bze
                        wc,sbl02
                                       return null if null argument
        jsr
                           alocs
                                       allocate space for copy
        bze
                        wb,sbl06
                                       only one argument if compl
                                       string length
                           wc,wa
        mov
                                       save address of copy
        mov
                           xr,wb
                                       get scblk length
        ctb
                        wa, schar
                                       move arg2 contents to copy
        mvw
        mov
                           wb,xr
                                       reload result ptr
sb106
        mov
                        (xs)+,xl
                                       reload first argument
                        xr,-(xs)
                                       stack result
        mov
                                       point to characters in arg 1 block
        add
                       *schar,xl
                       *schar,xr
                                       point to characters in result block
```

wc,wa

wc,0

WC,WC

WC,WC

add mov

ctw

lct

exi

character count

prepare counter

prepare counter

number of words of characters

```
fi
    sbstr -- build a substring
                            ptr to scblk/bfblk with chars
    (x1)
    (wa)
                            number of chars in substring
    (wb)
                            offset to first char in scblk
    jsr sbstr
                            call to build substring
    (xr)
                            ptr to new scblk with substring
    (x1)
                            zero
    (wa,wb,wc,xl,ia)
                            destroyed
    note that sbstr is called with a dummy string pointer
    (pointing into a vrblk or svblk) to copy the name of a
    variable as a standard string value.
sbstr
        prc
                                        entry point
                              e,0
                                        jump if null substring
        bze
                         wa,sbst2
        jsr
                            alocs
                                        else allocate scblk
                                        move number of characters
        mov
                            wc,wa
                            xr,wc
                                        save ptr to new scblk
        mov
                                        prepare to load chars from old blk
        plc
                            xl,wb
                                        prepare to store chars in new blk
        \mathbf{psc}
                               xr
                                        move characters to new string
        mvc
        mov
                            wc,xr
                                        then restore scblk pointer
    return point
                                        clear garbage pointer in xl
sbst1
        zer
                               xl
                                        return to sbstr caller
        exi
    here for null substring
sbst2
        mov
                        =nulls,xr
                                        set null string as result
        brn
                            sbst1
                                        return
        enp
                                        end procedure sbstr
```

```
stgcc -- compute counters for stmt startup testing
                             call to recompute counters
    jsr stgcc
    (wa,wb)
                             destroyed
    on exit, stmcs and stmct contain the counter value to
    tested in stmgo.
stgcc
        \mathbf{prc}
if .cpol
                                          assume no profiling or stcount tracing
        mov
                          polcs, wa
        mov
                         =num01,wb
                                          poll each time polcs expires
else
        mov
                          cfp$m,wa
                                          assume no profiling or stcount tracing
fi
        ldi
                             kvstl
                                          get stmt limit
                      kvpfl,stgc1
        bnz
                                          jump if profiling enabled
        ilt
                                          no stcount tracing if negative
                             stgc3
        bze
                      r$stc,stgc2
                                          jump if not stount tracing
    here if profiling or if stcount tracing enabled
if .cpol
stgc1
                                          count polcs times within stmg
        mov
                             wa,wb
                                          break out of stmgo on each stmt
        mov
                         =num01, wa
else
stgc1
        mov
                         =num01,wa
                                          break out of stmgo on each stmt
fi
        brn
                         =num01.wa
                                          break out of stmgo on each stmt
    check that stmcs does not exceed kvstl
stgc2
        mti
                                 wa
                                          breakout count start value
        \mathbf{sbi}
                             kvstl
                                          proposed stmcs minus stmt limit
        ile
                                          jump if stmt count does not limit
                             stgc3
        ldi
                                          stlimit limits breakcount count
                             kvstl
                                          use it instead
        \mathbf{mfi}
                                 wa
    re-initialize counter
stgc3
        mov
                          wa, stmcs
                                          update breakout count start value
                                          reset breakout counter
        mov
                          wa, stmct
if .cpol
        mov
                          wa,stmct
                                          reset breakout counter
fi
        exi
                          wa, stmct
                                          reset breakout counter
```

```
tfind -- locate table element
    (xr)
                            subscript value for element
    (x1)
                            pointer to table
    (wb)
                            zero by value, non-zero by name
    jsr tfind
                            call to locate element
                            transfer location if access fails
    ppm loc
    (xr)
                            element value (if by value)
                            destroyed (if by name)
    (xr)
    (xl,wa)
                            teblk name (if by name)
    (xl,wa)
                            destroyed (if by value)
    (wc,ra)
                            destroyed
    note that if a call by value specifies a non-existent
    subscript, the default value is returned without building
    a new teblk.
tfind
        prc
                              e,1
                                        entry point
        mov
                         wb,-(xs)
                                        save name/value indicator
                         xr,-(xs)
                                        save subscript value
        mov
        mov
                         xl,-(xs)
                                        save table pointer
                    tblen(x1),wa
                                        load length of tbblk
        mov
        btw
                                        convert to word count
        sub
                       =tbbuk,wa
                                        get number of buckets
        mti
                                        convert to integer value
                               wa
        sti
                                        save for later
                            tfnsi
                          (xr), xl
                                        load first word of subscript
        mov
                                        load block entry id (bl$xx)
        lei
                               xl
        bsw
                  x1,b1$$d,tfn00
                                        switch on block type
        iff
                     bl$ic,tfn02
                                        jump if integer
if.cnra
else
        iff
                     bl$rc,tfn02
                                        real
fi
        iff
                     bl$p0,tfn03
                                        jump if pattern
        iff
                     bl$p1,tfn03
                                        jump if pattern
        iff
                                        jump if pattern
                     b1$p2,tfn03
        iff
                     bl$nm,tfn04
                                        jump if name
        iff
                     bl$sc,tfn05
                                        jump if string
        esw
                                        end switch on block type
   here for blocks for which we use the second word of the
    block as the hash source (see block formats for details).
tfn00
        mov
                         1(xr), wa
                                        load second word
    merge here with one word hash source in wa
tfn01
        mti
                                        convert to integer
                               พล
        brn
                            tfn06
                                        jump to merge
```

```
tfind (continued)
    here for integer or real
    possibility of overflow exist on twos complement
    machine if hash source is most negative integer or is
    a real having the same bit pattern.
tfn02
        ldi
                             1(xr)
                                         load value as hash source
                             tfn06
                                         ok if positive or zero
        ige
        ngi
                                         make positive
        iov
                             tfn06
                                         clear possible overflow
                             tfn06
                                         merge
        brn
    for pattern, use first word (pcode) as source
                                         load first word as hash source
tfn03
        mov
                           (xr), wa
        brn
                             tfn01
                                         merge back
    for name, use offset as hash source
tfn04
        mov
                     nmofs(xr),wa
                                         load offset as hash source
        brn
                             tfn01
                                         merge back
    here for string
tfn05
        isr
                             hashs
                                         call routine to compute hash
    merge here with hash source in (ia)
tfn06
        \operatorname{rmi}
                             tfnsi
                                         compute hash index by remaindering
        \mathbf{mfi}
                                WC.
                                         get as one word integer
        wtb
                                         convert to byte offset
                                WC
                           (xs),xl
                                         get table ptr again
        mov
        add
                                         point to proper bucket
                             wc.xl
                                         load first teblk pointer
        mov
                     tbbuk(x1),xr
                                         jump if no teblks on chain
        beq
                   xr,(xs),tfn10
    loop through teblks on hash chain
tfn07
                                         save teblk pointer
        mov
                             xr,wb
                                         load subscript value
                     tesub(xr),xr
        mov
                                         load input argument subscript val
        mov
                         1(xs),xl
        jsr
                             ident
                                         compare them
                             tfn08
                                         jump if equal (ident)
        ppm
    here if no match with that teblk
                                         restore teblk pointer
        mov
                             wb,xl
        mov
                     tenxt(x1),xr
                                         point to next teblk on chain
        bne
                   xr,(xs),tfn07
                                         jump if there is one
    here if no match with any teblk on chain
        mov
                        *tenxt,wc
                                         set offset to link field (xl base)
        brn
                             tfn11
                                         jump to merge
```

```
tfind (continued)
    here we have found a matching element
                                          restore teblk pointer
tfn08
        mov
                             wb,xl
                                          set teblk name offset
                         *teval,wa
        mov
        mov
                          2(xs), wb
                                          restore name/value indicator
                          wb,tfn09
                                          jump if called by name
        \mathbf{bnz}
                                          else get value
        jsr
                             acess
                                          jump if reference fails
        ppm
                             tfn12
        zer
                                          restore name/value indicator
    common exit for entry found
tfn09
        add
                         *num03.xs
                                          pop stack entries
                                          return to tfind caller
        exi
    here if no teblks on the hash chain
        add
                         *tbbuk,wc
                                          get offset to bucket ptr
tfn10
        mov
                           (xs), xl
                                          set tbblk ptr as base
    merge here with (xl,wc) base, offset of final link
tfn11
                           (xs),xr
                                          tbblk pointer
        mov
                                          load default value in case
        mov
                     tbinv(xr),xr
                          2(xs), wb
                                          load name/value indicator
        mov
                                          exit with default if value call
        bze
                          wb,tfn09
        mov
                             xr,wb
                                          copy default value
    here we must build a new teblk
                         *tesi$,wa
                                          set size of teblk
        mov
                             alloc
                                          allocate teblk
        jsr
                                          point to hash link
        add
                             wc,xl
                           xr,(x1)
        mov
                                          link new teblk at end of chain
                      =b$tet,(xr)
                                          store type word
        mov
                     wb, teval(xr)
                                          set default as initial value
        mov
                                          set tbblk ptr to mark end of chain
                  (xs)+,tenxt(xr)
        mov
        mov
                  (xs)+,tesub(xr)
                                          store subscript value
        mov
                          (xs)+,wb
                                          restore name/value indicator
                             xr,xl
                                          copy teblk pointer (name base)
        mov
```

*teval,wa

1

set offset

alternative return

end procedure tfind

return to caller with new teblk

mov

acess fail return

exi

exi enp

tfn12

```
tmake -- make new table
    (x1)
                             initial lookup value
                             number of buckets desired
    (wc)
    jsr tmake
                             call to make new table
    (xr)
                             new table
    (wa,wb)
                             destroyed
tmake
        prc
        mov
                                          copy number of headers
                             wc,wa
        add
                        =tbsi$,wa
                                          adjust for standard fields
        wtb
                                          convert length to bytes
                                wa
        jsr
                             alloc
                                          allocate space for tbblk
                                          copy pointer to tbblk
                             xr,wb
        mov
                     =b$tbt,(xr)+
                                          store type word
        mov
                                          zero id for the moment
                             (xr)+
        zer
                         wa,(xr)+
                                          store length (tblen)
        mov
        mov
                         xl,(xr)+
                                          store initial lookup value
        lct
                             WC,WC
                                          set loop counter (num headers)
    loop to initialize all bucket pointers
                                          store tbblk ptr in bucket header
tma01
        mov
                         wb,(xr)+
                                          loop till all stored
        \mathbf{bct}
                          wc,tma01
        mov
                             wb,xr
                                          recall pointer to tbblk
        exi
                             wb,xr
                                          recall pointer to tbblk
                                          recall pointer to tbblk
                             wb,xr
        enp
```

```
vmake -- create a vector
                            number of elements in vector
    (wa)
    (x1)
                            default value for vector elements
    jsr vmake
                            call to create vector
    ppm loc
                            if vector too large
    (xr)
                            pointer to vcblk
    (wa,wb,wc,xl)
                            destroyed
vmake
        prc
                               e,1
                                         entry point
        lct
                            wb,wa
                                         copy elements for loop later on
        add
                        =vcsi$,wa
                                         add space for standard fields
        wtb
                                wa
                                         convert length to bytes
                                         fail if too large
        bgt
                  wa, mxlen, vmak2
                            alloc
                                         allocate space for vcblk
        jsr
                      =b$vct,(xr)
        mov
                                         store type word
        zer
                        idval(xr)
                                         initialize idval
        mov
                     wa,vclen(xr)
                                         set length
                            xl,wc
                                         copy default value
        mov
                                         copy vcblk pointer
        mov
                            xr,xl
                                         point to first element value
        add
                        *vcvls,xl
    loop to set vector elements to default value
vmak1
        mov
                         wc,(xl)+
                                         store one value
        \mathbf{bct}
                         wb, vmak1
                                         loop till all stored
        exi
                                         success return
    here if desired vector size too large
                                         fail return
vmak2
        exi
        enp
                                 1
                                         fail return
```

scane -- scan an element

scane is called at compile time (by expan ,cmpil,cncrd)

to scan one element from the input image.

(scncc) non-zero if called from cncrd

the following global locations are used.

r\$cim pointer to string block (scblk)

for current input image.

r\$cni pointer to next input image string

pointer (zero if none).

r\$scp save pointer (exit xr) from last

call in case rescan is set.

scnbl this location is set non-zero on

exit if scane scanned past blanks before locating the current element the end of a line counts as blanks. cncrd sets this non-zero to scan

scncc cncrd sets this non-zero to scan

control card names and clears it

on return

scnil length of current input image

scngo if set non-zero on entry, f and s are returned as separate syntax types (not letters) (goto pro-

cessing). scngo is reset on exit.

scnpt offset to current loc in r\$cim scnrs if set non-zero on entry, scane

returns the same result as on the last call (rescan). scnrs is reset

on exit from any call to scane. save syntax type from last

scntp save syntax type from last call (in case rescan is set).

```
scane (continued)
   element scanned
                         xl
                                   xr
   -----
                         --
   control card name
                         0
                                   pointer to scblk for name
   unary operator
                         t$uop
                                   ptr to operator dvblk
   left paren
                         t$lpr
                                   t$lpr
   left bracket
                         t$1br
                                   t$1br
   comma
                         t$cma
                                   t$cma
   function call
                         t$fnc
                                   ptr to function vrblk
   variable
                         t$var
                                   ptr to vrblk
   string constant
                         t$con
                                   ptr to scblk
   integer constant
                         t$con
                                   ptr to icblk
if.cnra
else
   real constant
                         t$con
                                   ptr to rcblk
   binary operator
                         t$bop
                                   ptr to operator dvblk
   right paren
                         t$rpr
                                   t$rpr
   right bracket
                         t$rbr
                                   t$rbr
   colon
                                   t$col
                         t$col
   semi-colon
                         t$smc
                                   t$smc
   f (scngo ne 0)
                         t$fgo
                                   t$fgo
   s (scngo ne 0)
                         t$sgo
                                   t$sgo
```

```
scane (continued)
    entry point
                                           entry point
scane
        \mathbf{prc}
                                 e,0
                              scnbl
                                           reset blanks flag
        \mathbf{zer}
        mov
                           wa,scnsa
                                           save wa
                           wb,scnsb
                                           save wb
        mov
        mov
                           wc,scnsc
                                           save wc
                                           jump if no rescan
        bze
                       scnrs,scn03
    here for rescan request
                                           set previous returned scan type
        mov
                           scntp,xl
        mov
                           r$scp,xr
                                           set previous returned pointer
                                           reset rescan switch
        zer
                              scnrs
                                           jump to exit
        brn
                              scn13
    come here to read new image to test for continuation
scn01
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                              readr
                                           read next image
        mov
                          *dvubs,wb
                                           set wb for not reading name
        bze
                           xr,scn30
                                           treat as semi-colon if none
                                           else point to first character
        plc
                                  xr
        lch
                                           load first character
                            wc,(xr)
                                           jump if dot for continuation
        beq
                  wc,=ch$dt,scn02
        bne
                  wc,=ch$pl,scn30
                                           else treat as semicolon unless plus
    here for continuation line
scn02
        jsr
                                           acquire next source image
                              nexts
        mov
                      =num01,scnpt
                                           set scan pointer past continuation
                              scnbl
                                           set blanks flag
        mnz
```

```
scane (continued)
    merge here to scan next element on current line
scn03
        mov
                          scnpt, wa
                                         load current offset
        beq
                   wa, scnil, scn01
                                         check continuation if end
        mov
                          r$cim,xl
                                         point to current line
                             xl,wa
                                         point to current character
        plc
                         wa.scnse
                                         set start of element location
        mov
                        =opdvs,wc
                                         point to operator dv list
        mov
        mov
                         *dvubs,wb
                                         set constant for operator circuit
                             scn06
        brn
                                         start scanning
    loop here to ignore leading blanks and tabs
scn05
        bze
                          wb,scn10
                                         jump if trailing
                                         increment start of element
        icv
                             scnse
                                         jump if end of image
        beq
                   wa, scnil, scn01
                             scnbl
                                         note blanks seen
        mnz
    the following jump is used repeatedly for scanning out
    the characters of a numeric constant or variable name.
    the registers are used as follows.
    (xr)
                             scratch
    (x1)
                             ptr to next character
    (wa)
                             current scan offset
    (wb)
                             *dvubs (0 if scanning name, const)
    (wc)
                             =opdvs (0 if scanning constant)
scn06
        lch
                          xr,(x1)+
                                         get next character
        icv
                                         bump scan offset
                                wa
        mov
                          wa,scnpt
                                         store offset past char scanned
if .cucf
        bsw
                   xr,cfp$u,scn07
                                         switch on scanned character
else
                                         switch on scanned character
        bsw
                   xr,cfp$a,scn07
fi
    switch table for switch on character
                      ch$bl,scn05
                                         blank
        iff
if .caht
        iff
                                         horizontal tab
                      ch$ht,scn05
fi
if .cavt
        iff
                      ch$vt,scn05
                                         vertical tab
fi
if.caex
        iff
                      ch$ey,scn37
                                         up arrow
fi
        iff
                      ch$d0,scn08
                                         digit 0
        iff
                      ch$d1,scn08
                                         digit 1
        iff
                      ch$d2,scn08
                                         digit 2
        iff
                      ch$d3,scn08
                                         digit 3
        iff
                                         digit 4
                      ch$d4,scn08
        iff
                      ch$d5,scn08
                                         digit 5
        iff
                                         digit 6
                      ch$d6,scn08
        iff
                      ch$d7,scn08
                                         digit 7
        iff
                      ch$d8,scn08
                                         digit 8
        iff
                      ch$d9,scn08
                                         digit 9
```

```
scane (continued)
         iff
                        ch$la,scn09
                                             letter a
         iff
                        ch$lb,scn09
                                             letter b
         iff
                        ch$1c,scn09
                                             letter c
         iff
                        ch$ld,scn09
                                             letter d
         iff
                        ch$le,scn09
                                             letter e
         iff
                        ch$lg,scn09
                                             letter g
         iff
                        ch$1h,scn09
                                             letter h
         iff
                        ch$li,scn09
                                             letter i
         iff
                                             letter j
                        ch$1j,scn09
         iff
                        ch$lk,scn09
                                             letter k
         iff
                        ch$11,scn09
                                             letter 1
         iff
                        ch$lm,scn09
                                             letter m
         iff
                        ch$ln,scn09
                                             letter n
         iff
                        ch$lo,scn09
                                             letter o
         iff
                        ch$lp,scn09
                                             letter p
         iff
                        ch$1q,scn09
                                             letter q
         iff
                        ch$1r,scn09
                                             letter r
         iff
                        ch$1t,scn09
                                             letter t
         iff
                        ch$lu,scn09
                                             letter u
         iff
                        ch$lv,scn09
                                             letter v
         iff
                        ch$lw,scn09
                                             letter w
         iff
                        ch$lx,scn09
                                             letter x
         iff
                        ch$ly,scn09
                                             letter y
         iff
                                             letter z
                        ch$1$,scn09
if .casl
         iff
                        ch$$a,scn09
                                             shifted a
         iff
                        ch$$b,scn09
                                             shifted b
         iff
                        ch$$c,scn09
                                             shifted c
         iff
                        ch$$d,scn09
                                             shifted d
         iff
                        ch$$e,scn09
                                             shifted e
         iff
                        ch$$f,scn20
                                             shifted f
         iff
                                             shifted g
                        ch$$g,scn09
         iff
                        ch$$h,scn09
                                             shifted h
         iff
                        ch$$i,scn09
                                             shifted i
         iff
                        ch$$j,scn09
                                             shifted i
         iff
                        ch$$k,scn09
                                             shifted k
         iff
                        ch$$1,scn09
                                             shifted l
         iff
                        ch$$m,scn09
                                             shifted m
         iff
                                             shifted n
                        ch$$n,scn09
         iff
                        ch$$o,scn09
                                             shifted o
         iff
                        ch$$p,scn09
                                             shifted p
         iff
                        ch$$q,scn09
                                             shifted q
         iff
                        ch$$r,scn09
                                             shifted r
         iff
                        ch$$s,scn21
                                             shifted s
         iff
                                             shifted t
                        ch$$t,scn09
         iff
                                             shifted u
                        ch$$u,scn09
         iff
                        ch$$v,scn09
                                             shifted v
         iff
                                             shifted w
                        ch$$w,scn09
         iff
                        ch$$x,scn09
                                             shifted x
         iff
                        ch$$y,scn09
                                             shifted y
         iff
                        ch$$$,scn09
                                             shifted z
fi
```

```
scane (continued)
        iff
                                           single quote
                       ch$sq,scn16
        iff
                                           double quote
                       ch$dq,scn17
        iff
                       ch$lf,scn20
                                           letter f
        iff
                       ch$1s,scn21
                                           letter s
        iff
                       ch$un,scn24
                                           underline
        iff
                       ch$pp,scn25
                                           left paren
        iff
                       ch$rp,scn26
                                           right paren
        iff
                       ch$rb,scn27
                                           right bracket
                                           left bracket
        iff
                       ch$bb,scn28
        iff
                       ch$cb,scn27
                                           right bracket
        iff
                       ch$ob,scn28
                                           left bracket
        iff
                       ch$cl,scn29
                                           colon
        iff
                                           semi-colon
                       ch$sm,scn30
        iff
                       ch$cm,scn31
                                           comma
        iff
                       ch$dt,scn32
                                           dot
        iff
                       ch$pl,scn33
                                           plus
        iff
                                           minus
                       ch$mn,scn34
        iff
                       ch$nt,scn35
                                           not
                                           dollar
        iff
                       ch$dl,scn36
        iff
                                           exclamation mark
                       ch$ex,scn37
        iff
                       ch$pc,scn38
                                           percent
        iff
                       ch$sl,scn40
                                           slash
        iff
                       ch$nm,scn41
                                           number sign
        iff
                       ch$at,scn42
                                           at
        iff
                       ch$br,scn43
                                           vertical bar
        iff
                       ch$am,scn44
                                           ampersand
        iff
                       ch$qu,scn45
                                           question mark
        iff
                                           equal
                       ch$eq,scn46
        iff
                       ch$as,scn49
                                           asterisk
        \mathbf{esw}
                                           end switch on character
    here for illegal character (underline merges)
scn07
        bze
                                           jump if scanning name or constant
                           wb,scn10
        \operatorname{erb}
                 230, syntax error
                                           illegal character
```

```
scane (continued)
    here for digits 0-9
                          wb,scn09
                                          keep scanning if name/constant
scn08
       \mathbf{bze}
                                          else set flag for scanning constant
        zer
                                 WC
    here for letter. loop here when scanning name/constant
scn09
        beq
                   wa, scnil, scn11
                                          jump if end of image
        \mathbf{zer}
                                          set flag for scanning name/const
                             scn06
                                          merge back to continue scan
        brn
    come here for delimiter ending name or constant
scn10
        dcv
                                          reset offset to point to delimiter
    come here after finishing scan of name or constant
                                          store updated scan offset
        mov
scn11
                          wa, scnpt
                                          point to start of element
        mov
                          scnse,wb
        \mathbf{sub}
                             wb,wa
                                          get number of characters
        mov
                          r$cim,xl
                                          point to line image
        \mathbf{bnz}
                          wc,scn15
                                          jump if name
    here after scanning out numeric constant
                                          get string for constant
        isr
                             sbstr
                          xr,dnamp
                                          delete from storage (not needed)
        mov
                                          convert to numeric
        jsr
                             gtnum
        ppm
                             scn14
                                          jump if conversion failure
    merge here to exit with constant
scn12 mov
                        =t$con,xl
                                          set result type of constant
```

```
scane (continued)
    common exit point (xr,xl) set
                                         restore wa
scn13
        mov
                         scnsa, wa
                         scnsb,wb
                                         restore wb
        mov
        mov
                         scnsc,wc
                                         restore wc
                         xr,r$scp
                                         save xr in case rescan
        mov
                         xl,scntp
                                         save xl in case rescan
        mov
                                         reset possible goto flag
        zer
                             scngo
        exi
                                         return to scane caller
    here if conversion error on numeric item
        \operatorname{erb}
                 231, syntax error
                                         invalid numeric item
    here after scanning out variable name
scn15
                                         build string name of variable
        jsr
                             sbstr
        bnz
                                         return if cncrd call
                      scncc, scn13
        jsr
                                         locate/build vrblk
                             gtnvr
        ppm
                                         dummy (unused) error return
                                         set type as variable
        mov
                        =t$var,xl
                                         back to exit
        brn
                             scn13
    here for single quote (start of string constant)
                                         terminator if scanning name or cost
scn16
        bze
                         wb,scn10
        mov
                        =ch$sq,wb
                                         set terminator as single quote
        brn
                             scn18
                                         merge
    here for double quote (start of string constant)
scn17
        bze
                         wb,scn10
                                         terminator if scanning name or cost
                                         set double quote terminator, merge
        mov
                        =ch$dq,wb
    loop to scan out string constant
        \mathbf{beq}
                  wa,scnil,scn19
                                         error if end of image
        lch
                         wc,(xl)+
                                         else load next character
        icv
                                         bump offset
                                wa
```

wc, wb, scn18

bne

loop back if not terminator

scane (continued)

here after scanning out string constant

mov	scnpt, wb	point to first character
mov	wa,scnpt	save offset past final quote
\mathbf{dcv}	wa	point back past last character
$\operatorname{\mathbf{sub}}$	wb,wa	get number of characters
mov	r\$cim,xl	point to input image
$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}$	sbstr	build substring value
\mathbf{brn}	scn12	back to exit with constant result

here if no matching quote found

scn19 mov wa,scnpt set updated scan pointer erb 232,syntax error unmatched string quote

here for f (possible failure goto)

scn20 mov =t\$fgo,xr set return code for fail goto

 ${f brn}$ scn22 jump to merge

here for s (possible success goto)

scn21 mov =t\$sgo,xr set success goto as return code

special goto cases merge here

scn22 bze scngo,scn09 treat as normal letter if not goto

merge here for special character exit

scn23 bze wb,scn10 jump if end of name/constant

movxr,xlelse copy codebrnscn13and jump to exit

here for underline

scn24 bze wb,scn09 part of name if scanning name

brn scn07 else illegal

scane (continued) here for left paren

	here	for	left	paren			
scn2	25 m	ov		=t	\$1pr,	ĸr	set left paren return code
	\mathbf{bnz} wb, $\mathbf{scn23}$		return left paren unless name				
	b	$\mathbf{z}\mathbf{e}$		Ţ	vc,scn1	LO	delimiter if scanning constant
	here	for	left	paren	after	name	(function call)
	m	ov		S	scnse,	v b	point to start of name
	m	ov		7	va,scnp	ot	set pointer past left paren
	\mathbf{d}	\mathbf{cv}			V	<i>1</i> a	point back past last char of name
	sı	ub			wb,v	<i>1</i> a	get name length
	m	ov		1	c\$cim,	ζĺ	point to input image
	${f j}{f s}$	\mathbf{r}			sbst	cr	get string name for function
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}$	\mathbf{r}			gtnv	/r	locate/build vrblk
	\mathbf{p}	\mathbf{pm}					dummy (unused) error return
	m	ov		=1	sfnc,	ζĺ	set code for function call
	b :	rn			scni	13	back to exit
	proce	ssir	ng fon	speci	al cha	aracte	rs
scn2	26 m	ov		=1	t\$rpr,	r	right paren, set code
	b :	$\mathbf{r}\mathbf{n}$			scn2	23	take special character exit
scn2	\mathbf{r}	ov		=1	t\$rbr,	r	right bracket, set code
	b :	$\mathbf{r}\mathbf{n}$			scn2	23	take special character exit
scn2	28 m	ov		=1	:\$1br,	œ	left bracket, set code
	b :	rn			scn2	23	take special character exit
scn2	29 m	ov		=1	\$col,	œ	colon, set code
	b :	$\mathbf{r}\mathbf{n}$			scn2	23	take special character exit
scn3	\mathbf{m}	ov		=1	ssmc,	œ	semi-colon, set code
	b :	rn			scn2	23	take special character exit
scn3	31 m	ov		=1	t\$cma,	r	comma, set code
	b :	rn			scn2	23	take special character exit

```
here for operators. on entry, wc points to the table of
    operator dope vectors and wb is the increment to step
    to the next pair (binary/unary) of dope vectors in the
    list. on reaching scn46, the pointer has been adjusted to
    point to the appropriate pair of dope vectors.
    the first three entries are special since they can occur
    as part of a variable name (.) or constant (.+-).
scn32
        bze
                         wb.scn09
                                        dot can be part of name or constant
                                        else bump pointer
        add
                            wb,wc
scn33
        bze
                         wc,scn09
                                        plus can be part of constant
                         wb,scn48
                                        plus cannot be part of name
        \mathbf{bze}
        add
                            wb,wc
                                        else bump pointer
scn34
                         wc,scn09
                                        minus can be part of constant
        bze
                         wb,scn48
                                        minus cannot be part of name
        bze
        add
                            wb,wc
                                        else bump pointer
scn35
        add
                                        not
                            wb,wc
scn36
        add
                            wb,wc
                                        dollar
        add
                                        exclamation
scn37
                            wb,wc
scn38
        add
                            wb,wc
                                        percent
scn39
        add
                            wb,wc
                                        asterisk
scn40
        add
                            wb,wc
                                        slash
        add
                                        number sign
scn41
                            wb,wc
                                        at sign
        add
scn42
                            wb.wc
        add
scn43
                            wb,wc
                                        vertical bar
scn44
        add
                            wb,wc
                                        ampersand
scn45
        add
                            wb,wc
                                        question mark
    all operators come here (equal merges directly)
    (wc) points to the binary/unary pair of operator dvblks.
scn46
        bze
                         wb,scn10
                                        operator terminates name/constant
        mov
                            wc,xr
                                        else copy dv pointer
        lch
                          wc,(x1)
                                        load next character
        mov
                        =t$bop,xl
                                        set binary op in case
                  wa, scnil, scn47
                                        should be binary if image end
        beq
        beq
                 wc,=ch$bl,scn47
                                        should be binary if followed by blk
if .caht
        beq
                 wc,=ch$ht,scn47
                                        jump if horizontal tab
fi
if .cavt
                 wc,=ch$vt,scn47
                                        jump if vertical tab
        beq
fi
                 wc,=ch$sm,scn47
                                        semicolon can immediately follow =
        beq
                 wc,=ch$cl,scn47
                                        colon can immediately follow =
        beq
                                        right paren can immediately follow =
        beq
                 wc,=ch$rp,scn47
                 wc,=ch$rb,scn47
                                        right bracket can immediately follow =
        beq
                 wc,=ch$cb,scn47
                                        right bracket can immediately follow =
        beq
   here for unary operator
        add
                                        point to dv for unary op
                        *dvbs$,xr
        mov
                        =t$uop,xl
                                        set type for unary operator
        ble
                scntp,=t$uok,scn
                                        ok unary if ok preceding element
```

scane (continued)

scane (continued) merge here to require preceding blanks all ok if preceding blanks, exit \mathbf{bnz} scnbl, scn13 fail operator in this position scn48 erb 233, syntax error invalid use of operator here for asterisk, could be ** substitute for exclamation end of name if scanning name scn49 bze wb,scn10 not ** if * at image end beq wa, scnil, scn39 else save offset past first * mov wa,xr save another copy mov wa,scnof lch wa,(xl)+load next character not ** if next char not * bne wa,=ch\$as,scn50 else step offset past second * icv ok exclam if end of image beq xr,scnil,scn51 lchwa,(x1)else load next character exclamation if blank beq wa,=ch\$bl,scn51 if.caht exclamation if horizontal tab beq wa,=ch\$ht,scn51 fi if .cavt exclamation if vertical tab beq wa,=ch\$vt,scn51 unary * scn50 mov scnof, wa recover stored offset point to line again mov r\$cim,xl plc xl,wa point to current char merge with unary * brnscn39 here for ** as substitute for exclamation save scan pointer past 2nd * scn51 mov xr,scnpt copy scan pointer mov xr,wa brnscn37 merge with exclamation

enp

end procedure scane

```
scngf -- scan goto field
    scngf is called from cmpil to scan and analyze a goto
    field including the surrounding brackets or parentheses.
    for a normal goto, the result returned is either a vrblk
    pointer for a simple label operand, or a pointer to an
    expression tree with a special outer unary operator
    (o$goc). for a direct goto, the result returned is a
    pointer to an expression tree with the special outer
    unary operator o$god.
    jsr scngf
                            call to scan goto field
    (xr)
                            result (see above)
    (xl,wa,wb,wc)
                            destroyed
scngf
       prc
                               e,0
                                         entry point
                             scane
                                         scan initial element
        jsr
        beq
                 xl,=t$lpr,scng1
                                         skip if left paren (normal goto)
        beq
                 xl,=t$lbr,scng2
                                         skip if left bracket (direct goto)
                                         goto field incorrect
        \operatorname{erb}
                234, syntax error
    here for left paren (normal goto)
                        =num01,wb
scng1
                                         set expan flag for normal goto
        mov
        jsr
                            expan
                                         analyze goto field
        mov
                        =opdvn,wa
                                         point to opdy for complex goto
        ble
                  xr, statb, scng3
                                         jump if not in static (sgd15)
        blo
                                         jump to exit if simple label name
                  xr, state, scng4
        brn
                                         complex goto - merge
                             scng3
    here for left bracket (direct goto)
scng2
        mov
                        =num02,wb
                                         set expan flag for direct goto
                            expan
                                         scan goto field
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                        =opdvd,wa
                                         set opdv pointer for direct goto
        mov
```

scngf (continued)

merge here to build outer unary operator block

scng3 mov wa,-(xs) stack operator dv pointer mov xr,-(xs) stack pointer to expression tree

jsr expop pop operator off

mov (xs)+,xr reload new expression tree pointer

common exit point

scng4exireturn to callerenpend procedure scngf

```
setvr -- set vrget, vrsto fields of vrblk
    setvr sets the proper values in the vrget and vrsto
    fields of a vrblk. it is called whenever trblks are
    added or subtracted (trace, stoptr, input, output, detach)
    (xr)
                            pointer to vrblk
    jsr setvr
                            call to set fields
    (xl,wa)
                            destroyed
    note that setvr ignores the call if xr does not point
    into the static region (i.e. is some other name base)
setvr
       prc
                              e,0
                                        entry point
        bhi
                  xr, state, setv1
                                        exit if not natural variable
   here if we have a vrblk
                                        copy vrblk pointer
        mov
                            xr,xl
                =b$vrl,vrget(xr)
                                        store normal get value
        mov
                vrsto(xr),=b$vre
                                        skip if protected variable
        beq
        mov
                =b$vrs,vrsto(xr)
                                        store normal store value
                    vrval(xl),xl
                                        point to next entry on chain
        \mathbf{mov}
        bne
                (x1),=b$trt,setv
                                        jump if end of trblk chain
                =b$vra,vrget(xr)
                                        store trapped routine address
        mov
        mov
                =b$vrv,vrsto(xr)
                                        set trapped routine address
    merge here to exit to caller
setv1
        exi
                                        return to setvr caller
                                        end procedure setvr
        enp
if.\mathbf{cnsr}
else
```

sorta -- sort array

routine to sort an array or table on same basis as in sitbol. a table is converted to an array, leaving two dimensional arrays and vectors as cases to be considered. whole rows of arrays are permuted according to the ordering of the keys they contain, and the stride referred to, is the the length of a row. it is one for a vector.

the sort used is heapsort, fundamentals of data structure horowitz and sahni, pitman 1977, page 347. it is an order n*log(n) algorithm. in order to make it stable, comparands may not compare equal. this is achieved by sorting a copy array (referred to as the sort array) containing at its high address end, byte offsets to the rows to be sorted held in the original array (referred to as the key array). sortc, the comparison routine, accesses the keys through these offsets and in the case of equality, resolves it by comparing the offsets themselves. the sort permutes the offsets which are then used in a final operation to copy the actual items into the new array in sorted order. references to zeroth item are to notional item preceding first actual item.

reverse sorting for rsort is done by having the less than test for keys effectively be replaced by a greater than test.

1(xs) first arg - array or table
0(xs) 2nd arg - index or pdtype name
(wa) 0 , non-zero for sort , rsort

jsr sorta call to sort array

ppm loc transfer loc if table is empty

(xr) sorted array
(xl,wa,wb,wc) destroyed

```
sorta (continued)
                                           entry point
sorta
        prc
                                n,1
        mov
                                           sort/rsort indicator
                          wa, srtsr
                      *num01,srtst
                                           default stride of 1
        mov
        zer
                              srtof
                                           default zero offset to sort key
                      =nulls,srtdf
                                           clear datatype field name
        mov
                       (xs)+,r$sxr
                                           unstack argument 2
        mov
                          (xs)+,xr
                                           get first argument
        mov
        mnz
                                           use key/values of table entries
                                           convert to array
        jsr
                              gtarr
                              srt18
                                           signal that table is empty
        ppm
                                           error if non-convertable
                              srt16
        ppm
                                           stack ptr to resulting key array
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                          xr,-(xs)
                                           another copy for copyb
        mov
                              copyb
                                           get copy array for sorting into
        jsr
                                           cant fail
        ppm
                          xr,-(xs)
                                           stack pointer to sort array
        mov
        mov
                          r$sxr,xr
                                           get second arg
                     num01(xs),xl
                                           get ptr to key array
        mov
                                           jump if arblk
        bne
                 (x1),=b$vct,srt0
        beq
                  xr,=nulls,srt01
                                           jump if null second arg
                                           get vrblk ptr for it
        jsr
                              gtnvr
                                           arg in sort/rsort of vector
                 257, erroneous 2n
        \mathbf{err}
                          xr.srtdf
                                           store datatype field name vrblk
        mov
    compute n and offset to item a(0) in vector case
srt01
        mov
                         *vclen,wc
                                           offset to a(0)
        mov
                         *vcvls,wb
                                           offset to first item
                      vclen(x1),wa
                                           get block length
        mov
                         *vcsi$,wa
                                           get no. of entries, n (in bytes)
        \mathbf{sub}
                              srt04
        brn
                                           merge
    here for array
srt02
        ldi
                         ardim(x1)
                                           get possible dimension
                                           convert to short integer
        mfi
                                 wa
        wtb
                                           further convert to baus
                                 wa
                                           offset to first value if one
        mov
                         *arvls,wb
                                           offset before values if one dim.
        mov
                         *arpro,wc
        beq
                 arndm(x1),=num01
                                           jump in fact if one dim.
        bne
                 arndm(x1),=num02
                                           fail unless two dimens
                                           get lower bound 2 as default
        ldi
                         arlb2(x1)
                  xr,=nulls,srt03
                                           jump if default second arg
        beq
                                           convert to integer
        jsr
                              gtint
                              srt17
                                           fail
        ppm
        ldi
                         icval(xr)
                                           get actual integer value
```

```
sorta (continued)
```

```
here with sort column index in ia in array case
                                          subtract low bound
srt03
        \mathbf{sbi}
                         arlb2(x1)
        iov
                             srt.17
                                          fail if overflow
                                          fail if below low bound
        ilt
                             srt17
        sbi
                         ardm2(x1)
                                          check against dimension
                                          fail if too large
        ige
                             srt17
                         ardm2(x1)
                                          restore value
        adi
        mfi
                                          get as small integer
                                          offset within row to key
        wtb
                                 wa
        mov
                          wa, srtof
                                          keep offset
        ldi
                         ardm2(x1)
                                          second dimension is row length
        mfi
                                          convert to short integer
                                          copy row length
        mov
                             wa,xr
        wtb
                                          convert to bytes
                                 wa
        mov
                          wa, srtst
                                          store as stride
        ldi
                         ardim(x1)
                                          get number of rows
        \mathbf{mfi}
                                          as a short integer
        wtb
                                          convert n to baus
                                 พล
        mov
                     arlen(x1),wc
                                          offset past array end
        \mathbf{sub}
                             wa,wc
                                          adjust, giving space for n offsets
        dca
                                          point to a(0)
                     arofs(xl),wb
                                          offset to word before first item
        mov
                                          offset to first item
    separate pre-processing for arrays and vectors done.
    to simplify later key comparisons, removal of any trblk
    trap blocks from entries in key array is effected.
    (x1) = 1(xs) = pointer to key array
    (xs) = pointer to sort array
    wa = number of items, n (converted to bytes).
    wb = offset to first item of arrays.
    wc = offset to a(0)
        ble
                                          return if only a single item
srt04
                  wa, *num01, srt15
                                          store number of items (in baus)
        mov
                          wa, srtsn
        mov
                          wc,srtso
                                          store offset to a(0)
                     arlen(x1),wc
                                          length of array or vec (=vclen)
        mov
        add
                             xl,wc
                                          point past end of array or vector
        mov
                          wb,srtsf
                                          store offset to first row
                                          point to first item in key array
        add
                             wb,xl
    loop through array
srt05
       mov
                                          get an entry
                           (x1), xr
    hunt along trblk chain
        bne
                 (xr),=b$trt,srt0
                                          jump out if not trblk
srt06
                     trval(xr),xr
                                          get value field
        mov
        brn
                             srt06
                                          loop
```

```
sorta (continued)
    xr is value from end of chain
        mov
                                         store as array entry
srt07
                         xr,(x1)+
        blt
                                         loop if not done
                      xl,wc,srt05
        mov
                          (xs), xl
                                         get adrs of sort array
                         srtsf,xr
                                         initial offset to first key
        mov
                         srtst, wb
                                         get stride
        mov
                                         offset to a(0)
        add
                         srtso,xl
                                         point to a(1)
        ica
                                xl
                                         get n
        mov
                         srtsn,wc
        btw
                                WC
                                         convert from bytes
                                         store as row count
        mov
                         wc, srtnr
                            WC,WC
        lct
                                         loop counter
    store key offsets at top of sort array
srt08
        mov
                         xr,(x1)+
                                         store an offset
        add
                             wb,xr
                                         bump offset by stride
        bct
                         wc,srt08
                                         loop through rows
    perform the sort on offsets in sort array.
    (srtsn)
                            number of items to sort, n (bytes)
    (srtso)
                            offset to a(0)
srt09
        mov
                         srtsn,wa
                                         get n
        mov
                         srtnr, wc
                                         get number of rows
                                         i = n / 2 (wc=i, index into array)
        rsh
                              wc,1
        wtb
                                         convert back to bytes
    loop to form initial heap
srt10
        jsr
                             sorth
                                         sorth(i,n)
        dca
                                         i = i - 1
                                WC
        bnz
                                         loop if i gt 0
                         wc,srt10
                                         i = n
        mov
                            wa,wc
    sorting loop. at this point, a(1) is the largest
    item, since algorithm initialises it as, and then maintains
    it as, root of tree.
        dca
                                         i = i - 1 (n - 1 initially)
srt11
        bze
                         wc,srt12
                                         jump if done
        mov
                          (xs), xr
                                         get sort array address
        add
                                         point to a(0)
                         srtso,xr
        mov
                            xr,xl
                                         a(0) address
        add
                            wc,xl
                                         a(i) address
        mov
                     num01(x1),wb
                                         copy a(i+1)
                                         move a(1) to a(i+1)
                num01(xr),num01(
        mov
                     wb,num01(xr)
                                         complete exchange of a(1), a(i+1)
        mov
                                         n = i for sorth
                             wc,wa
        mov
                        *num01,wc
                                         i = 1 for sorth
        mov
                                         sorth(1,n)
                             sorth
        jsr
                                         restore wc
        mov
                            wa,wc
        brn
                             srt11
                                         loop
```

sorta (continued)

offsets have been permuted into required order by sort.

cop	y array	elements over the	em.
srt12	mov	(xs),xr	base adrs of key array
	mov	xr,wc	copy it
	add	srtso,wc	offset of $a(0)$
	add	srtsf,xr	adrs of first row of sort array
	mov	srtst,wb	get stride
cop	ying lo	op for successive	items. sorted offsets are
hel	d at en	d of sort array.	
srt13	ica	WC	adrs of next of sorted offsets
	\mathbf{mov}	wc,xl	copy it for access
	mov	(xl),xl	get offset
	add	num01(xs),xl	add key array base adrs
	mov	wb,wa	get count of characters in row
	$\mathbf{m}\mathbf{v}\mathbf{w}$		copy a complete row
	dcv	srtnr	decrement row count
	\mathbf{bnz}	srtnr,srt13	repeat till all rows done
ret	urn poi	nt	
srt15	mov	(xs)+,xr	pop result array ptr
	ica	xs	pop key array ptr
	\mathbf{zer}	r\$sxl	clear junk
	\mathbf{zer}	r\$sxr	clear junk
	exi		return
err	or poin	t	
srt16	erb	256,sort/rsort 1	arg not suitable array or table
. 47	1	050 . / . 0	

srt17 erb 258,sort/rsort 2 arg out of range or non-integer return point if input table is empty

srt18 exi return indication of null table 1 ${\rm end}\ {\rm procudure}\ {\rm sorta}$ \mathbf{enp}

```
sortc -- compare sort keys
    compare two sort keys given their offsets. if
    equal, compare key offsets to give stable sort.
   note that if srtsr is non-zero (request for reverse
    sort), the quoted returns are inverted.
    for objects of differing datatypes, the entry point
    identifications are compared.
    (x1)
                          base adrs for keys
    (wa)
                          offset to key 1 item
    (wb)
                          offset to key 2 item
    (srtsr)
                          zero/non-zero for sort/rsort
    (srtof)
                          offset within row to comparands
    jsr sortc
                          call to compare keys
    ppm loc
                          key1 less than key2
                          normal return, key1 gt than key2
    (xl,xr,wa,wb)
                           destroyed
sortc prc
                             e,1
                                      entry point
       mov
                       wa, srts1
                                      save offset 1
                                      save offset 2
                       wb,srts2
       mov
       mov
                       wc,srtsc
                                      save wc
       add
                        srtof,xl
                                      add offset to comparand field
       mov
                           xl,xr
                                      copy base + offset
       add
                           wa,xl
                                      add key1 offset
       add
                           wb,xr
                                      add key2 offset
                                      get key1
       mov
                         (x1),x1
       mov
                         (xr), xr
                                      get key2
       bne
               srtdf,=nulls,src
                                      jump if datatype field name used
```

```
sortc (continued)
    merge after dealing with field name. try for strings.
src01
        mov
                           (x1),wc
                                         get type code
                                         skip if not same datatype
                    wc,(xr),src02
        bne
        beq
                  wc,=b$scl,src09
                                         jump if both strings
                  wc,=b$icl,src14
                                         jump if both integers
        beq
if .cnbf
else
                                         jump if both buffers
        beq
                 wc,=b$bct,src09
fi
    datatypes different. now try for numeric
src02
        mov
                         xl,r$sxl
                                         keep arg1
        mov
                         xr,r$sxr
                                         keep arg2
if.cnbf
if.\mathbf{cnsc}
                                         do not allow conversion to number
                 wc,=b$scl,src11
        beq
                (xr),=b$scl,src1
        beq
                                         if either arg is a string
fi
else
    first examine for string/buffer comparison. if so,
    allow lcomp to compare chars in string and buffer
    without converting buffer to a string.
                 wc,=b$scl,src13
                                         jump if key1 is a string
if.\mathbf{cnsc}
        bne
                 wc,=b$bct,src15
                                         j if key1 is not a string or buffer
else
        bne
                 wc,=b$bct,src14
                                         try converting key 2 to a number
fi
    here if key1 is a buffer, key2 known not to be a buffer.
    if key2 is a string, then lcomp can proceed.
        beq
                (xr),=b$scl,src0
                                         j if keys 1/2 are buffer/string
if.\mathbf{cnsc}
        brn
                             src11
                                         prevent convert of key 1 to number
else
                                         try converting key 1 to number
        brn
                             src14
fi
    here if key1 is a string, key2 known not to be a string.
    if key2 is a buffer, then lcomp can proceed.
                (xr),=b$bct,src0
                                         j if keys 1/2 are string/buffer
src13
        beq
if .cnsc
                                         prevent convert of key 1 to number
                             src11
    here if key1 is not a string or buffer.
    examine key2. if it is a string or buffer, then do not
    convert key2 to a number.
                (xr),=b$scl,src1
                                         j if key 2 is a string
src15
        beq
                (xr),=b$bct,src1
                                         j if key 2 is a buffer
    here with keys 1/2 not strings or buffers
fi
fi
src14
        mov
                         xl,-(xs)
                                         stack
        mov
                         xr,-(xs)
                                         args
                                         compare objects
                             acomp
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                         not numeric
                             src10
        ppm
```

```
not numeric
        ppm
                               src10
                                            key1 less
        \mathbf{ppm}
                               src03
                                            keys equal
        \mathbf{ppm}
                               src08
                               src05
                                            key1 greater
         \mathbf{ppm}
    return if key1 smaller (sort), greater (rsort)
src03
        \mathbf{bnz}
                       srtsr,src06
                                            jump if rsort
src04
        mov
                           srtsc,wc
                                            restore wc
         exi
                                            \operatorname{return}
    return if key1 greater (sort), smaller (rsort)
src05
        \mathbf{bnz}
                       srtsr,src04
                                            jump if rsort
src06
        mov
                           srtsc,wc
                                            restore wc
                                            return
         exi
    keys are of same datatype
                                            item first created is less
src07
        blt
                       xl,xr,src03
         \mathbf{bgt}
                       xl,xr,src05
                                            addresses rise in order of creation
    drop through or merge for identical or equal objects
src08 blt
                 srts1,srts2,src0
                                            test offsets or key addrss instead
        brn
                                            offset 1 greater
                               src06
```

```
sortc (continued)
if.cnbf
    strings
else
    strings or buffers or some combination of same
fi
src09
        mov
                          x1,-(xs)
                                           stack
                          xr,-(xs)
                                           args
        mov
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                              lcomp
                                           compare objects
                                           cant
        ppm
        ppm
                                           fail
                                           key1 less
                              src03
        ppm
                              src08
                                           keys equal
        ppm
                              src05
                                           key1 greater
        ppm
    arithmetic comparison failed - recover args
src10
        mov
                          r$sxl,xl
                                           get arg1
                          r$sxr,xr
                                           get arg2
        mov
                                           get type of key1
        mov
                            (x1),wc
                                           jump if keys of same type
                     wc,(xr),src07
        beq
    here to compare datatype ids
src11
        mov
                              wc,xl
                                           get block type word
        mov
                            (xr), xr
                                           get block type word
        lei
                                           entry point id for key1
                                  xl
        lei
                                           entry point id for key2
                                           jump if key1 gt key2
        bgt
                       xl,xr,src05
        brn
                              src03
                                           key1 lt key2
    datatype field name used
src12
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                              sortf
                                           call routine to find field 1
                          xl,-(xs)
                                           stack item pointer
        mov
                                           get key2
        mov
                              xr,xl
                                           find field 2
        jsr
                              sortf
        mov
                              xl,xr
                                           place as key2
                           (xs)+,xl
                                           recover key1
        mov
        brn
                              src01
                                           merge
                                           procedure sortc
        enp
```

```
sortf -- find field for sortc
   routine used by sortc to obtain item corresponding
    to a given field name, if this exists, in a programmer
    defined object passed as argument.
    if such a match occurs, record is kept of datatype
   name, field name and offset to field in order to
    short-circuit later searches on same type. note that
    dfblks are stored in static and hence cannot be moved.
    (srtdf)
                           vrblk pointer of field name
    (xl)
                           possible pdblk pointer
    jsr sortf
                           call to search for field name
    (x1)
                           item found or original pdblk ptr
    (wc)
                           destroyed
                                      entry point
sortf
       prc
                             e,0
       bne
               (x1),=b$pdt,srtf
                                      return if not pdblk
       mov
                       xr,-(xs)
                                      keep xr
                       srtfd,xr
                                      get possible former dfblk ptr
       mov
       bze
                       xr,srtf4
                                      jump if not
               xr,pddfp(xl),srt
                                      jump if not right datatype
       bne
                                      jump if not right field name
       bne
               srtdf,srtff,srtf
       add
                        srtfo,xl
                                      add offset to required field
   here with xl pointing to found field
                                      get item from field
                         (x1), x1
srtf1 mov
   return point
                        (xs)+,xr
srtf2
       mov
                                      restore xr
srtf3
       exi
                                      return
```

sortf (continued) conduct a search

srtf4	mov mov mov wtb add	<pre>xl,xr pddfp(xr),xr xr,srtfd fargs(xr),wc wc dflen(xr),xr</pre>	copy original pointer point to dfblk keep a copy get number of fields convert to bytes point past last field
1.00			point past last neid
srtf5	dca dca beq bnz brn	find name in pdfblk wc xr (xr),srtdf,srtf6 wc,srtf5 srtf2	count down point in front skip out if found loop return - not found
srtf6	mov add mov add brn enp	<pre>(xr),srtff *pdfld,wc wc,srtfo wc,xl srtf1</pre>	keep field name ptr add offset to first field store as field offset point to field return procedure sortf

```
sorth -- heap routine for sorta
    this routine constructs a heap from elements of array, a.
    in this application, the elements are offsets to keys in
    a key array.
    (xs)
                            pointer to sort array base
    1(xs)
                            pointer to key array base
    (wa)
                            max array index, n (in bytes)
                            offset j in a to root (in *1 to *n)
    (wc)
    jsr sorth
                            call sorth(j,n) to make heap
    (xl,xr,wb)
                            destroyed
sorth prc
                              n,0
                                        entry point
                         wa, srtsn
                                        save n
        mov
        mov
                         wc,srtwc
                                        keep wc
                                        sort array base adrs
        mov
                          (xs),xl
        add
                         srtso,xl
                                        add offset to a(0)
        add
                            wc,xl
                                        point to a(j)
        mov
                       (xl), srtrt
                                        get offset to root
        add
                            WC,WC
                                        double j - cant exceed n
    loop to move down tree using doubled index j
srh01
        \mathbf{bgt}
                  wc,srtsn,srh03
                                        done if j gt n
        beq
                  wc,srtsn,srh02
                                        skip if j equals n
        mov
                          (xs),xr
                                        sort array base adrs
                                        key array base adrs
                    num01(xs),xl
        mov
        add
                         srtso,xr
                                        point to a(0)
        add
                                        adrs of a(j)
                            wc,xr
        mov
                    num01(xr),wa
                                        get a(j+1)
        mov
                          (xr),wb
                                        get a(j)
    compare sons. (wa) right son, (wb) left son
                                        compare keys - lt(a(j+1),a(j))
                            sortc
        ppm
                            srh02
                                        a(j+1) lt a(j)
        ica
                                        point to greater son, a(j+1)
```

```
sorth (continued)
    compare root with greater son
srh02
                     num01(xs),xl
                                           key array base adrs
        mov
                            (xs),xr
                                           get sort array address
        mov
        add
                          srtso,xr
                                           adrs of a(0)
                              xr,wb
                                           copy this adrs
        mov
        add
                              wc,xr
                                           adrs of greater son, a(j)
                            (xr), wa
        mov
                                           get a(j)
        mov
                              wb,xr
                                           point back to a(0)
                                           get root
        mov
                          srtrt,wb
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                              sortc
                                           compare them - lt(a(j),root)
                                           father exceeds sons - done
                              srh03
        ppm
                                           get sort array adrs
        mov
                            (xs), xr
                                           point to a(0)
        add
                          srtso,xr
        mov
                              xr,xl
                                           copy it
        mov
                              wc,wa
                                           copy j
        btw
                                           convert to words
                                 WC
        rsh
                               wc,1
                                           get j/2
        wtb
                                           convert back to bytes
                                 WC
                                           point to a(j)
        add
                              wa,xl
                                           adrs of a(j/2)
        add
                              wc,xr
        mov
                         (x1),(xr)
                                           a(j/2) = a(j)
                                           recover j
        mov
                              wa,wc
        aov
                       wc,wc,srh03
                                           j = j*2. done if too big
                              srh01
        brn
                                           loop
    finish by copying root offset back into array
srh03
        btw
                                           convert to words
                                 WC
        rsh
                                           j = j/2
                               wc,1
        wtb
                                           convert back to bytes
                                 WC
                            (xs),xr
                                           sort array adrs
        mov
        add
                          srtso,xr
                                           adrs of a(0)
        add
                              wc,xr
                                           adrs of a(j/2)
                                           a(j/2) = root
        mov
                        srtrt,(xr)
                                           restore wa
                          srtsn,wa
        mov
        mov
                          srtwc,wc
                                           restore wc
                                           return
        exi
```

enp

fi

end procedure sorth

```
trace -- set/reset a trace association
    this procedure is shared by trace and stoptr to
    either initiate or stop a trace respectively.
                            trblk ptr (trace) or zero (stoptr)
    (x1)
    1(xs)
                            first argument (name)
    0(xs)
                            second argument (trace type)
                            call to set/reset trace
    jsr trace
                            transfer loc if 1st arg is bad name
    ppm loc
    ppm loc
                            transfer loc if 2nd arg is bad type
    (xs)
                            popped
    (xl,xr,wa,wb,wc,ia)
                            destroyed
                              n,2
                                        entry point
trace
        prc
        jsr
                                        get trace type string
                            gtstg
                                        jump if not string
        ppm
                            trc15
        plc
                                        else point to string
                               xr
        lch
                          wa,(xr)
                                        load first character
if .culc
        flc
                                        fold to upper case
                               wa
fi
        mov
                          (xs), xr
                                        load name argument
        mov
                          xl,(xs)
                                        stack trblk ptr or zero
        mov
                        =trtac,wc
                                        set trtyp for access trace
                 wa,=ch$la,trc10
                                        jump if a (access)
        beq
                        =trtvl.wc
                                        set trtyp for value trace
        mov
                                        jump if v (value)
        beq
                 wa,=ch$lv,trc10
        beq
                 wa,=ch$bl,trc10
                                        jump if blank (value)
    here for l,k,f,c,r
                 wa,=ch$lf,trc01
                                        jump if f (function)
        beq
                                        jump if r (return)
                 wa,=ch$lr,trc01
        beq
                                        jump if l (label)
        beq
                 wa,=ch$11,trc03
        beq
                 wa,=ch$lk,trc06
                                        jump if k (keyword)
        bne
                 wa,=ch$lc,trc15
                                        else error if not c (call)
    here for f,c,r
                                        point to vrblk for name
trc01
        jsr
                            gtnvr
        ppm
                            trc16
                                        jump if bad name
        ica
                                        pop stack
                               xs
        mov
                    vrfnc(xr),xr
                                        point to function block
        bne
                (xr),=b$pfc,trc1
                                        error if not program function
        beq
                 wa,=ch$lr,trc02
                                        jump if r (return)
```

```
trace (continued)
    here for f,c to set/reset call trace
                     xl,pfctr(xr)
                                         set/reset call trace
        mov
                 wa,=ch$lc,exnul
                                         exit with null if c (call)
        beq
    here for f,r to set/reset return trace
trc02
        mov
                     xl,pfrtr(xr)
                                         set/reset return trace
        exi
                                         return
    here for 1 to set/reset label trace
                                         point to vrblk
trc03
        jsr
                            gtnvr
                                         jump if bad name
        ppm
                            trc16
        mov
                     vrlbl(xr),xl
                                         load label pointer
                                         jump if no old trace
        bne
                (x1),=b$trt,trc0
                     trlbl(xl),xl
                                         else delete old trace association
        mov
    here with old label trace association deleted
trc04
        beq
                 xl,=stndl,trc16
                                         error if undefined label
        mov
                         (xs)+,wb
                                         get trblk ptr again
        bze
                         wb,trc05
                                         jump if stoptr case
                                         else set new trblk pointer
        mov
                     wb, vrlbl(xr)
                                         set label trace routine address
                =b$vrt,vrtra(xr)
        mov
                                         copy trblk pointer
        mov
                            wb,xr
                                         store real label in trblk
        mov
                     xl,trlbl(xr)
        exi
                                         return
    here for stoptr case for label
trc05
        mov
                     xl, vrlbl(xr)
                                         store label ptr back in vrblk
                                         store normal transfer address
                =b$vrg,vrtra(xr)
        mov
        exi
                                         return
```

trace (continued) here for k (keyword) point to vrblk trc06 jsr gtnvr trc16 error if not natural var \mathbf{ppm} error if not system var \mathbf{bnz} vrlen(xr),trc16 ica pop stack XS jump if stoptr case bze xl,trc07 store vrblk ptr in trblk for ktrex xr,trkvr(xl) mov merge here with trblk set up in wb (or zero) trc07 mov vrsvp(xr),xr point to svblk beq xr,=v\$ert,trc08 jump if errtype beq xr,=v\$stc,trc09 jump if stcount else error if not fnclevel bne xr,=v\$fnc,trc17 fnclevel mov xl,r\$fnc set/reset fnclevel trace exireturnerrtype xl,r\$ert set/reset errtype trace trc08 mov return exi stcount set/reset stcount trace trc09 mov xl,r\$stc jsr stgcc update countdown counters

exi

return

```
trace (continued)
    a, v merge here with trtyp value in wc
                                         locate variable
trc10
        jsr
                            gtvar
                            trc16
                                         error if not appropriate name
        ppm
        mov
                         (xs)+,wb
                                         get new trblk ptr again
        add
                            xl,wa
                                         point to variable location
                                         copy variable pointer
        mov
                            wa.xr
    loop to search trblk chain
trc11
        mov
                           (xr), xl
                                         point to next entry
                (x1),=b$trt,trc1
                                         jump if not trblk
        bne
        \mathbf{blt}
                wc,trtyp(xl),trc
                                         jump if too far out on chain
        beq
                                         jump if this matches our type
                wc,trtyp(xl),trc
                                         else point to link field
        add
                        *trnxt,xl
                            xl,xr
                                         copy pointer
        mov
        brn
                            trc11
                                         and loop back
    here to delete an old trblk of the type we were given
trc12
                     trnxt(x1),x1
                                         get ptr to next block or value
        mov
        mov
                          xl,(xr)
                                         store to delete this trblk
    here after deleting any old association of this type
trc13
        bze
                         wb, trc14
                                         jump if stoptr case
        mov
                          wb,(xr)
                                         else link new trblk in
        mov
                            wb,xr
                                         copy trblk pointer
                     xl,trnxt(xr)
                                         store forward pointer
        mov
                     wc,trtyp(xr)
                                         store appropriate trap type code
        mov
    here to make sure vrget, vrsto are set properly
trc14
        mov
                            wa,xr
                                         recall possible vrblk pointer
        sub
                                         point back to vrblk
                        *vrval,xr
                                         set fields if vrblk
        jsr
                            setvr
                                         return
        exi
    here for bad trace type
                                 2
trc15
        exi
                                         take bad trace type error exit
    pop stack before failing
trc16
       ica
                                         pop stack
    here for bad name argument
                                         take bad name error exit
trc17
        exi
```

enp

end procedure trace

```
trbld -- build trblk
    trblk is used by the input, output and trace functions
    to construct a trblk (trap block)
    (xr)
                             trtag or trter
    (x1)
                             trfnc or trfpt
    (wb)
                             trtyp
                             call to build trblk
    jsr trbld
                             pointer to trblk
    (xr)
    (wa)
                             destroyed
trbld prc
                                e,0
                                          entry point
        mov
                          xr,-(xs)
                                          stack trtag (or trfnm)
                         *trsi$,wa
                                          set size of trblk
        mov
                              alloc
                                          allocate trblk
        \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                       =b$trt,(xr)
                                          store first word
        \mathbf{mov}
        mov
                     xl,trfnc(xr)
                                          store trfnc (or trfpt)
        mov
                  (xs)+,trtag(xr)
                                          store trtag (or trfnm)
                     wb,trtyp(xr)
                                          store type
        mov
                 =nulls,trval(xr)
                                          for now, a null value
        mov
                                          return to caller
        exi
                                          end procedure trbld
        enp
```

```
trimr -- trim trailing blanks
    trimr is passed a pointer to an scblk which must be the
    last block in dynamic storage. trailing blanks are
    trimmed off and the dynamic storage pointer reset to
    the end of the (possibly) shortened block.
    (wb)
                           non-zero to trim trailing blanks
    (xr)
                           pointer to string to trim
    jsr trimr
                           call to trim string
    (xr)
                           pointer to trimmed string
    (xl,wa,wb,wc)
                           destroyed
    the call with wb zero still performs the end zero pad
    and dnamp readjustment. it is used from acess if kvtrm=0.
                                       entry point
trimr
        prc
                              e,0
                           xr,xl
                                       copy string pointer
        mov
        mov
                    sclen(xr),wa
                                       load string length
        bze
                        wa, trim2
                                       jump if null input
                                       else point past last character
        plc
                           xl,wa
                                       jump if no trim
        bze
                        wb,trim3
                       =ch$bl,wc
                                       load blank character
        mov
    loop through characters from right to left
trim0
       lch
                        wb,-(x1)
                                       load next character
if .caht
                wb,=ch$ht,trim1
                                       jump if horizontal tab
        beq
fi
                                       jump if non-blank found
        bne
                     wb,wc,trim3
trim1
        dcv
                                       else decrement character count
        bnz
                        wa, trim0
                                       loop back if more to check
    here if result is null (null or all-blank input)
                                       wipe out input string block
trim2
       mov
                        xr, dnamp
                                       load null result
        mov
                       =nulls,xr
        brn
                           trim5
                                       merge to exit
```

trimr (continued)

her	e with non-b	olank found (merge	for no trim)
trim3	mov	wa,sclen(xr)	set new length
	mov	xr,xl	copy string pointer
	\mathbf{psc}	xl,wa	ready for storing blanks
	ctb	wa,schar	get length of block in bytes
	add	xr,wa	point past new block
	mov	wa,dnamp	set new top of storage pointer
	lct	wa,=cfp\$c	get count of chars in word
	zer	WC	set zero char
100	p to zero pa	ad last word of cha	aracters
trim4	sch	wc,(xl)+	store zero character
	\mathbf{bct}	wa,trim4	loop back till all stored
	\mathbf{csc}	xl	complete store characters
com	mon exit poi	int	
trim5	\mathbf{zer}	xl	clear garbage xl pointer
	\mathbf{exi}		return to caller
	\mathbf{enp}		end procedure trimr

```
trxeq -- execute function type trace
trxeq is used to execute a trace when a fourth argument
has been supplied. trace has already been decremented.
(xr)
                     pointer to trblk
(xl,wa)
                    name base, offset for variable
jsr trxeq
                    call to execute trace
(wb,wc,ra)
                     destroyed
the following stack entries are made before passing
control to the trace function using the cfunc routine.
                     trxeq return point word(s)
                     saved value of trace keyword
                     trblk pointer
                     name base
                     name offset
                     saved value of r$cod
                     saved code ptr (-r$cod)
                     saved value of flptr
flptr ----- zero (dummy fail offset)
                     nmblk for variable name
xs ----- trace tag
r$cod and the code ptr are set to dummy values which
cause control to return to the trxeq procedure on success
or failure (trxeq ignores a failure condition).
```

trxeq	$\operatorname{\mathbf{prc}}$	r,0	entry point (recursive)
	mov	r\$cod,wc	load code block pointer
	\mathbf{scp}	wb	get current code pointer
	$\operatorname{\mathbf{sub}}$	wc,wb	make code pointer into offset
	mov	kvtra,-(xs)	stack trace keyword value
	\mathbf{mov}	xr,-(xs)	stack trblk pointer
	\mathbf{mov}	xl,-(xs)	stack name base
	\mathbf{mov}	wa,-(xs)	stack name offset
	\mathbf{mov}	wc,-(xs)	stack code block pointer
	\mathbf{mov}	wb,-(xs)	stack code pointer offset
	\mathbf{mov}	flptr,-(xs)	stack old failure pointer
	\mathbf{zer}	-(xs)	set dummy fail offset
	\mathbf{mov}	xs,flptr	set new failure pointer
	\mathbf{zer}	kvtra	reset trace keyword to zero
	\mathbf{mov}	=trxdc,wc	load new (dummy) code blk pointer
	\mathbf{mov}	wc,r\$cod	set as code block pointer
	lcp	WC	and new code pointer

```
trxeq (continued)
    now prepare arguments for function
        mov
                             wa,wb
                                         save name offset
                        *nmsi$,wa
                                         load nmblk size
        mov
        jsr
                             alloc
                                         allocate space for nmblk
                      =b$nml,(xr)
                                         set type word
        mov
                     xl,nmbas(xr)
                                         store name base
        mov
                     wb,nmofs(xr)
                                         store name offset
        mov
        mov
                         6(xs),xl
                                         reload pointer to trblk
                         xr,-(xs)
                                         stack nmblk pointer (1st argument)
        mov
        mov
                  trtag(xl),-(xs)
                                         stack trace tag (2nd argument)
                     trfnc(xl),xl
                                         load trace vrblk pointer
        mov
                                         load trace function pointer
                     vrfnc(xl),xl
        mov
                                         jump if not a defined function
        beq
                  xl,=stndf,trxq2
                        =num02,wa
                                         set number of arguments to two
        mov
        brn
                             cfunc
                                         jump to call function
    see o$txr for details of return to this point
trxq1
        mov
                         flptr,xs
                                         point back to our stack entries
                                         pop off garbage fail offset
        ica
                                XS
        mov
                      (xs)+,flptr
                                         restore old failure pointer
        mov
                         (xs)+,wb
                                         reload code offset
                         (xs)+,wc
                                         load old code base pointer
        mov
                             wc,xr
                                         copy cdblk pointer
        mov
                  cdstm(xr),kvstn
                                         restore stmnt no
        mov
                         (xs)+,wa
                                         reload name offset
        mov
        mov
                         (xs)+,xl
                                         reload name base
                         (xs)+,xr
                                         reload trblk pointer
        mov
                      (xs)+,kvtra
                                         restore trace keyword value
        mov
                                         recompute absolute code pointer
                             wc,wb
        add
                                         restore code pointer
        lcp
                                wb
        mov
                         wc,r$cod
                                         and code block pointer
        exi
                                         return to trxeq caller
    here if the target function is not defined
                197, trace fourth
                                         arg is not function name or null
```

trxq2

 erb enp

end procedure trxeq

xscan -- execution function argument scan xscan scans out one token in a prototype argument in array, clear, data, define, load function calls. xscan calls must be preceded by a call to the initialization procedure xscni. the following variables are used.

r\$xsc pointer to scblk for function arg xsofs offset (num chars scanned so far) (wa) non-zero to skip and trim blanks

(wc)delimiter one (ch\$xx)(xl)delimiter two (ch\$xx)jsr xscancall to scan next item

(xr) pointer to scblk for token scanned

(wa) completion code (see below)

(wc,xl) destroyed

the scan starts from the current position and continues until one of the following three conditions occurs.

- 1) delimiter one is encountered (wa set to 1)
- 2) delimiter two encountered (wa set to 2)
- 3) end of string encountered (wa set to 0)

the result is a string containing all characters scanned up to but not including any delimiter character. the pointer is left pointing past the delimiter. if only one delimiter is to be detected, delimiter one and delimiter two should be set to the same value. in the case where the end of string is encountered, the string includes all the characters to the end of the string. no further calls can be made to xscan until xscni is called to initialize a new argument scan

```
xscan (continued)
                                           entry point
xscan
        \mathbf{prc}
                                e,0
                                           preserve wb
        mov
                          wb,xscwb
                          wa,-(xs)
                                           record blank skip flag
        mov
        mov
                          wa,-(xs)
                                           and second copy
                          r$xsc,xr
                                           point to argument string
        mov
                      sclen(xr), wa
                                           load string length
        mov
                          xsofs,wb
                                           load current offset
        mov
        sub
                              wb,wa
                                           get number of remaining characters
                                           jump if no characters left
        bze
                          wa,xscn3
        plc
                              xr,wb
                                           point to current character
    loop to search for delimiter
        lch
                          wb,(xr)+
                                           load next character
xscn1
                                           jump if delimiter one found
                       wb,wc,xscn4
        beq
        beq
                       wb,xl,xscn5
                                           jump if delimiter two found
        bze
                        (xs),xscn2
                                           jump if not skipping blanks
        icv
                              xsofs
                                           assume blank and delete it
if .caht
        beq
                  wb,=ch$ht,xscn2
                                           jump if horizontal tab
fi
if .cavt
        beq
                  wb,=ch$vt,xscn2
                                           jump if vertical tab
fi
                  wb,=ch$bl,xscn2
                                           iump if blank
        beq
                                           undelete non-blank character
        dcv
                              xsofs
        zer
                               (xs)
                                           and discontinue blank checking
    here after performing any leading blank trimming.
        dcv
                                           decrement count of chars left
xscn2
                                 wa
                                           loop back if more chars to go
        \mathbf{bnz}
                          wa, xscn1
    here for runout
xscn3
        mov
                          r$xsc,xl
                                           point to string block
        mov
                      sclen(xl),wa
                                           get string length
                                           load offset
        mov
                          xsofs,wb
                              wb,wa
                                           get substring length
        sub
                              r$xsc
                                           clear string ptr for collector
        \mathbf{zer}
                              xscrt
                                           set zero (runout) return code
        zer
        brn
                              xscn7
                                           jump to exit
```

xscan (continued) here if delimiter one found set return code xscn4 mov =num01,xscrt brnxscn6 jump to merge here if delimiter two found mov=num02,xscrt set return code merge here after detecting a delimiter reload pointer to string r\$xsc,xl xscn6 mov mov sclen(x1),wc get original length of string $\ \, minus\; chars\; left = chars\; scanned$ \mathbf{sub} wa,wc mov wc,wa move to reg for sbstr set offset xsofs,wb \mathbf{mov} compute length for sbstr \mathbf{sub} wb,wa adjust new cursor past delimiter icv WC mov wc,xsofs store new offset common exit point xscn7 clear garbage character ptr in xr zer xrbuild sub-string isr sbstr ica remove copy of blank flag XS (xs)+,wboriginal blank skip/trim flag mov bze sclen(xr),xscn8 cannot trim the null string jsr trimr trim trailing blanks if requested final exit point xscn8 mov xscrt, wa load return code restore wb xscwb,wb mov exi return to xscan caller enp end procedure xscan

```
xscni -- execution function argument scan
    xscni initializes the scan used for prototype arguments
    in the clear, define, load, data, array functions. see
    xscan for the procedure which is used after this call.
    -(xs)
                           argument to be scanned (on stack)
    jsr xscni
                           call to scan argument
    ppm loc
                           transfer loc if arg is not string
                           transfer loc if argument is null
    ppm loc
    (xs)
                           popped
    (xr,r$xsc)
                           argument (scblk ptr)
    (wa)
                           argument length
    (ia,ra)
                           destroyed
                                        entry point
xscni prc
                              n,2
                            gtstg
                                        fetch argument as string
        jsr
                            xsci1
                                        jump if not convertible
        ppm
        mov
                        xr,r$xsc
                                        else store scblk ptr for xscan
                            xsofs
                                        set offset to zero
        \mathbf{zer}
                                        jump if null string
        bze
                        wa, xsci2
                                        return to xscni caller
        exi
    here if argument is not a string
xsci1
       exi
                                        take not-string error exit
    here for null string
                                2
                                        take null-string error exit
xsci2 exi
        enp
                                        end procedure xscni
```

${f spitbol}$ —stack overflow section

cor	ntrol	comes	here	if	the	${\tt main}$	stac	ck overflows
	\mathbf{sec}						st	tart of stack overflow section
	\mathbf{add}		=nur	n04	err:	ft	fc	orce conclusive fatal error
	mov			fl	otr,	XS	p	op stack to avoid more fails
	\mathbf{bnz}		gbo	cfl	,stal	k1	jυ	ımp if garbage collecting
	erb		gbo	cfl	,stal	k1	jυ	imp if garbage collecting
no	chanc	e of	recove	ery	in r	nid ga	arbag	ge collection
stak1	mov		=	enc	dso,	xr	p	oint to message
	\mathbf{zer}				kvdı	mp	m	nemory is undumpable
	$_{\mathrm{brn}}$				sto	pr	gi	ive up

spitbol—error section

this section of code is entered whenever a procedure return via an err parameter or an erb opcode is obeyed. (wa) is the error code the global variable stage indicates the point at which the error occured as follows. stage=stgic error during initial compile error during compile at execute stage=stgxc time (code, convert function calls) stage=stgev error during compilation of expression at execution time (eval, convert function call). error at execute time. compiler stage=stgxt not active. error during initial compile after stage=stgce scanning out the end line. error during compile at execute stage=stgxe time after scanning end line. stage=stgee error during expression evaluation start of error section \mathbf{sec} error beq r\$cim,=cmlab,cmp jump if error in scanning label mov wa, kvert save error code zer scnrs reset rescan switch for scane \mathbf{zer} scngo reset goto switch for scane if .cpol mov =num01,polcs reset poll count =num01,polct reset poll count mov fi load current stage mov stage,xr bswjump to appropriate error circuit xr,stgno iff initial compile stgic,err01 stgxc,err04 iff execute time compile iff eval compiling expr. stgev,err04 iff stgee,err04 eval evaluating expr iff execute time stgxt,err05 iff compile - after end stgce,err01 iff xeq compile-past end stgxe,err04 esw end switch on error type

error during initial compile
the error message is printed as part of the compiler
output. this printout includes the offending line (if not
printed already) and an error flag under the appropriate
column as indicated by scnse unless scnse is set to zero.
after printing the message, the generated code is
modified to an error call and control is returned to
the cmpil procedure after resetting the stack pointer.
if the error occurs after the end line, control returns
in a slightly different manner to ensure proper cleanup.

in	a slightly	different manner	to ensure proper cleanup.
err01	mov	cmpxs,xs	reset stack pointer
	ssl	cmpss	restore s-r stack ptr for cmpil
	\mathbf{bnz}	errsp,err03	jump if error suppress flag set
if .cera			
if .csfn			
	mov	cmpsn,wc	current statement
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	${\tt filnm}$	obtain file name for this statement
fi			
	mov	scnse, wb	column number
	mov	rdcln,wc	line number
	mov	rdcln,wc	line number
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	sysea	advise system of error
	\mathbf{ppm}	erra3	if system does not want print
	mov	xr,-(xs)	save any provided print message
fi			
	mov	erich,erlst	set flag for listr
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	listr	list line
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	prtis	terminate listing
	zer	erlst	clear listr flag
	mov	scnse, wa	load scan element offset
	\mathbf{bze}	wa,err02	skip if not set
if .caht			
	\mathbf{lct}	wb,wa	loop counter
	icv	wa	increase for ch\$ex
	mov	r\$cim,xl	point to bad statement
	$\mathbf{j}\mathbf{sr}$	alocs	string block for error flag
	mov	xr,wa	remember string ptr
	\mathbf{psc}	xr	ready for character storing
	\mathbf{plc}	xl	ready to get chars
100		ce all chars but	•
erra1	lch	wc,(xl)+	get next char
	beq w	c,=ch\$ht,erra2	skip if tab
	mov	=ch\$bl,wc	get a blank

```
merge to store blank or tab in error line
erra2
         \operatorname{sch}
                            wc,(xr)+
                                              store char
         bct
                            wb, erra1
                                              loop
                           =ch$ex,xl
                                              exclamation mark
         mov
         \operatorname{sch}
                             xl,(xr)
                                              store at end of error line
                                              end of sch loop
         \mathbf{csc}
                                    xr
                       =stnpd,profs
                                              allow for statement number
         mov
                                              point to error line
         mov
                                wa,xr
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                prtst
                                              print error line
else
         mti
                                prlen
                                              get print buffer length
         mfi
                                              store as signed integer
                                gtnsi
         add
                           =stnpd,wa
                                              adjust for statement number
                                              copy to integer accumulator
         mti
                                              remainder modulo print bfr length
         rmi
                                gtnsi
         \mathbf{sti}
                                profs
                                              use as character offset
                                              get exclamation mark
                           =ch$ex,wa
         mov
         jsr
                                prtch
                                              generate under bad column
fi
    here after placing error flag as required
err02
         jsr
                                prtis
                                              print blank line
if .cera
                             (xs)+,xr
                                              restore any sysea message
         mov
         bze
                            xr,erra0
                                              did sysea provide message to print
         jsr
                                prtst
                                              print sysea message
fi
erra0
         \mathbf{j}\mathbf{s}\mathbf{r}
                                              generate flag and error message
                                ermsg
         add
                       =num03,1stlc
                                              bump page ctr for blank, error, blk
                                              in case of fatal error
erra3
         \mathbf{zer}
         bhi
                  errft,=num03,sto
                                              pack up if several fatals
    count error, inhibit execution if required
         icv
                                cmerc
                                              bump error count
         add
                                              inhibit xeq if -noerrors
                         cswer, noxeq
         bne
                                               special return if after end line
                  stage,=stgic,cmp
```

```
loop to scan to end of statement
err03
                         r$cim.xr
                                          point to start of image
        mov
        plc
                                          point to first char
        lch
                                          get first char
                           xr,(xr)
        beq
                  xr,=ch$mn,cmpce
                                          jump if error in control card
                             scnrs
                                          clear rescan flag
        zer
                                          set error suppress flag
        mnz
                             errsp
                                          scan next element
        jsr
                             scane
        bne
                  x1,=t$smc,err03
                                          loop back if not statement end
        zer
                             errsp
                                          clear error suppress flag
    generate error call in code and return to cmpil
                     *cdcod,cwcof
                                          reset offset in ccblk
        mov
                        =ocer$,wa
                                          load compile error call
        mov
                             cdwrd
                                          generate it
        jsr
                  cwcof,cmsoc(xs)
                                          set success fill in offset
        mov
        mnz
                         cmffc(xs)
                                          set failure fill in flag
                                          generate succ. fill in word
                             cdwrd
        jsr
        brn
                                          merge to generate error as cdfal
                             cmpse
    error during execute time compile or expression evaluatio
    execute time compilation is initiated through gtcod or
    gtexp which are called by compile, code or eval.
    before causing statement failure through exfal it is
    helpful to set keyword errtext and for generality
    these errors may be handled by the setexit mechanism.
err04
                 errft,=num03,lab
                                          abort if too many fatal errors
        bge
if .cpol
        beq
                 kvert,=nm320,err
                                          treat user interrupt specially
fi
                             r$ccb
                                          forget garbage code block
        \mathbf{zer}
        mov
                     *cccod,cwcof
                                          set initial offset (mbe catspaw)
        ssl
                             iniss
                                          restore main prog s-r stack ptr
        jsr
                             ertex
                                          get fail message text
        dca
                                          ensure stack ok on loop start
    pop stack until find flptr for most deeply nested prog.
    defined function call or call of eval / code.
                                          pop stack
        ica
erra4
                                XS
        beq
                   xs,flprt,errc4
                                          jump if prog defined fn call found
        bne
                   xs,gtcef,erra4
                                          loop if not eval or code call yet
                     =stgxt,stage
                                          re-set stage for execute
        mov
                      r$gtc,r$cod
                                          recover code ptr
        mov
                                          restore fail pointer
        mov
                          xs,flptr
                             r$cim
                                          forget possible image
        zer
if .cinc
                             cnind
                                          forget possible include
        zer
fi
    test errlimit
                                          jump if errlimit non-zero
errb4
        bnz
                      kverl, err07
                                          fail
        brn
                             exfal
    return from prog. defined function is outstanding
        mov
                          flptr,xs
                                          restore stack from flptr
errc4
        brn
                             errb4
                                          merge
```

error at execute time.

the action taken on an error is as follows.

if errlimit keyword is zero, an abort is signalled,

see coding for system label abort at l\$abo.

otherwise, errlimit is decremented and an errtype trace
generated if required. control returns either via a jump
to continue (to take the failure exit) or a specified
setexit trap is executed and control passes to the trap.

if 3 or more fatal errors occur an abort is signalled
regardless of errlimit and setexit - looping is all too
probable otherwise. fatal errors include stack overflow
and exceeding stlimit.

err05	ssl	iniss	restore main prog s-r stack ptr
	\mathbf{bnz}	dmvch,err08	jump if in mid-dump
mei	ge here		(error 320)
err06	\mathbf{bze}	kverl,labo1	abort if errlimit is zero
	\mathbf{jsr}	ertex	get fail message text
mer	ge from	err04	
err07	bge	errft,=num03,lab	abort if too many fatal errors
	dcv	kverl	decrement errlimit
	mov	r\$ert,xl	load errtype trace pointer
	\mathbf{jsr}	ktrex	generate errtype trace if required
	mov	r\$cod,wa	get current code block
	mov	wa,r\$cnt	set cdblk ptr for continuation
	\mathbf{scp}	wb	current code pointer
	sub	wa,wb	offset within code block
	mov	wb,stxoc	save code ptr offset for scontinue
	mov	flptr,xr	set ptr to failure offset
	mov	(xr),stxof	save failure offset for continue
	mov	r\$sxc,xr	load setexit cdblk pointer
	\mathbf{bze}	xr,lcnt1	continue if no setexit trap
	\mathbf{zer}	r\$sxc	else reset trap
	mov	=nulls,stxvr	reset setexit arg to null
	mov	(xr),xl	load ptr to code block routine
	bri	xl	execute first trap statement
	-	_ ,	p whilst store is in a
	ss so do		see dumpr for details.
err08	mov	dmvch,xr	chain head for affected vrblks
	\mathbf{bze}	xr,err06	done if zero
	mov	(xr),dmvch	set next link as chain head
	jsr	setvr	restore vrget field
		ark end of code	
s\$yyy	\mathbf{brn}	err08	loop through chain

 ${f spitbol}$ —here endeth the code

 $\begin{array}{c} \text{end of assembly} \\ \mathbf{end} \end{array}$

end macro-spitbol assembly