Info: DM2

En logique minimale:

Partie I. Lemme:

• Lemme Minimaliste

Lemme 1

$$\frac{\Gamma, \varphi_1 \vdash \varphi_2 \quad \Gamma, \varphi_1 \vdash \neg \varphi_2}{\Gamma \vdash \neg \varphi_1} \, \neg_{ei}$$

preuve:

$$\frac{\frac{\text{hypp}}{\Gamma, \varphi_1 \vdash \varphi_2} \quad \frac{\text{hypp}}{\Gamma, \varphi_1 \vdash \neg \varphi_2}}{\frac{\Gamma, \varphi_1 \vdash \bot}{\Gamma \vdash \neg \varphi_1} \neg_i} \neg_e$$

Lemme 2

$$\frac{}{\Gamma,\varphi\rightarrow\psi,\varphi\vdash\psi}\rightarrow_{\mathrm{ax}}$$

preuve:

$$\frac{\overline{\Gamma, \varphi \to \psi, \varphi \vdash \varphi \to \psi} \text{ ax } \overline{\Gamma, \varphi \to \psi, \varphi \vdash \varphi}}{\Gamma, \varphi \to \psi, \varphi \vdash \psi} \xrightarrow[\rightarrow e]{} ax$$

• Lemme Classique

preuve:

Lemme 1

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \neg \neg \varphi}{\Gamma \vdash \varphi} \neg \neg_e$$

$$\frac{\frac{\text{hypp}}{\Gamma \vdash \neg \neg \varphi}}{\frac{\Gamma, \neg \varphi \vdash \neg \varphi}{\Gamma, \neg \varphi \vdash \neg \neg \varphi}} \text{aff}$$

$$\frac{\frac{\Gamma, \neg \varphi \vdash \bot}{\Gamma \vdash \varphi} \text{raa}}{\Gamma \vdash \varphi}$$

Partie II. Logique minimale:

N=° 1.

$$\frac{\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash p \lor (p \land q)} \operatorname{ax} \quad \frac{}{\Gamma, p \vdash p} \operatorname{ax} \quad \frac{}{\Gamma, p \land q \vdash p \land q} \underset{\vee}{\wedge_e} \operatorname{Avec} \Gamma = \{p \lor (p \land q)\}}{\underline{p \lor (p \land q) \vdash p}}$$

N=° 2.

$$\frac{\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash p} \text{ax} \quad \frac{}{\frac{\Gamma \vdash p \to \neg p}{} \text{ax} \quad \frac{}{\Gamma \vdash p} \text{ax}}{}{\frac{\Gamma \vdash \neg p}{}_{\neg_{\text{ei}}}} \rightarrow_{e} \qquad \text{Avec } \Gamma = \{p \to \neg p, p\}$$

 $N=^{\circ} 3$.

$$\begin{array}{c|c} \overline{\Gamma,p \vdash p \to q \lor r} \overset{\text{ax}}{\xrightarrow{\Gamma,p \vdash p}} \overset{\text{ax}}{\xrightarrow{\Gamma,p \vdash p}} \overset{\text{ax}}{\xrightarrow{\Gamma,p,q \vdash s}} \xrightarrow{\xrightarrow{\text{ax}}} \overline{\Gamma,p,r \vdash s} \overset{\rightarrow}{\underset{\vee_{e}}{\xrightarrow{\Gamma,p \vdash s}}} \xrightarrow{\downarrow_{ax}} \\ \hline \frac{\Gamma,p \vdash s}{p \to (q \lor r), q \to s, r \to s \vdash p \to s} \xrightarrow{}_{i} \\ \text{Avec } \Gamma = \{p \to (q \lor r), q \to s, r \to s\} \end{array}$$

Avec $\Gamma = \{p \to (q \lor r), q \to s, r \to s\}$

 $N=^{\circ}4$.

$$\frac{\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash p \rightarrow q} \text{ax} \quad \frac{\overline{\Gamma \vdash p \wedge r} \wedge_{e}^{g}}{\Gamma \vdash p} \rightarrow_{e}^{q} \quad \frac{\overline{\Gamma \vdash r \rightarrow s} \text{ax} \quad \frac{\overline{\Gamma \vdash p \wedge r} \wedge_{e}^{d}}{\Gamma \vdash r} \rightarrow_{e}^{d}}{\underline{\Gamma \vdash r \rightarrow s} \wedge_{i}}$$

Avec $\Gamma = \{p \to q, r \to s, p \land r\}$

N=°5.

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash p \lor r}{\Gamma, p \vdash q \lor s} \text{ax} \quad \frac{\overline{\Gamma, p \vdash q} \xrightarrow{\rightarrow_{\text{ax}}} \overline{\Gamma, r \vdash s} \xrightarrow{\rightarrow_{\text{ax}}} \overline{\Gamma, r \vdash q} \xrightarrow{\searrow_{\text{ax}}} \overline{\Gamma, r \vdash q} \xrightarrow{\longrightarrow_{\text{ax}}} \overline{\Gamma, r$$

Avec $\Gamma = \{p \to q, r \to s, p \lor r\}$

N=° 6.

$$\frac{\frac{\Gamma_1 \vdash (p \lor q) \to r}{\Gamma_1 \vdash p} \text{ax}}{\frac{\Gamma_1 \vdash p}{\Gamma_1 \vdash p \lor q}} \overset{\text{ax}}{\to_e} \quad \frac{\frac{\Gamma_2 \vdash q}{\Gamma_2 \vdash (p \lor q) \to r} \text{ax}}{\frac{\Gamma_2 \vdash p \lor q}{\Gamma_2 \vdash p \lor q}} \overset{\frac{\Gamma_2 \vdash q}{\vee e}}{\to_e} \overset{\text{dx}}{\to} \frac{\frac{\Gamma_2 \vdash q}{\Gamma_2 \vdash p \lor q}}{\to_e} \overset{\text{dx}}{\to} \frac{\Gamma_2 \vdash q}{\to q} \overset{\text{dx}}{\to}$$

Avec $\Gamma_1 = \{(p \vee q) \to r, p\}$ et $\Gamma_2 = \{(p \vee q) \to r, p\}$

Partie III. Lois de De Morgan

N=°7.

$$\frac{\frac{}{\Gamma_1 \vdash \neg(p \lor q)} \operatorname{ax} \quad \frac{\overline{\Gamma_1 \vdash p} \operatorname{ax}}{\Gamma_1 \vdash p \lor q} \vee_i^g}{\frac{\neg(p \lor q) \vdash \neg p}{-q} \vee_{ei}} \quad \frac{\overline{\Gamma_2 \vdash \neg(p \lor q)} \operatorname{ax} \quad \frac{\overline{\Gamma_2 \vdash q} \operatorname{ax}}{\Gamma_2 \vdash p \lor q} \vee_i^d}{\frac{\neg(p \lor q) \vdash \neg p}{-q} \wedge_i} \wedge_i$$

Avec $\Gamma_1 = {\neg(p \lor q), p}$ et $\Gamma_2 = {\neg(p \lor q), q}$

 $N=^{\circ} 8$.

$$\frac{\frac{\Gamma,q\vdash\neg p\land\neg q}{\Gamma,q\vdash\neg p\land\neg q} \overset{\mathrm{ax}}{\wedge_e^d} \quad \frac{}{\Gamma,q\vdash q} \overset{\mathrm{ax}}{\neg_e} \quad \frac{}{\Gamma\vdash p\lor q} \overset{\mathrm{ax}}{} \quad \frac{}{\frac{\Gamma,p\vdash p}{\Gamma,p\vdash \neg p}} \overset{\mathrm{ax}}{\neg_e} \overset{}{\frac{\Gamma,p\vdash \neg p\land \neg q}{\Gamma,p\vdash \neg p}} \overset{\mathrm{ax}}{\wedge_e^g} \\ \frac{}{\Gamma,p\vdash p\lor q} \overset{\mathrm{ax}}{\neg p\land \neg q,p\lor q\vdash \bot} \overset{}{\neg p\land \neg q\vdash \neg (p\lor q)} \overset{}{\neg_i}$$

Avec $\Gamma = \{ \neg p \land \neg q, p \lor q \}$

N=° 9.

$$\frac{\frac{\Gamma, \neg q \vdash p \land q}{\Gamma, \neg q \vdash p \land q} \land_{e}^{d}}{\frac{\Gamma, \neg q \vdash q}{\Gamma, \neg q \vdash \bot}} \uparrow_{e}^{ax} \qquad \frac{\frac{\Gamma, \neg p \vdash p \land q}{\Gamma, \neg p \vdash \neg p}}{\frac{\Gamma, \neg p \vdash q}{\Gamma, \neg p \vdash \bot}} \uparrow_{e}^{ax} \qquad \frac{\frac{\Gamma, \neg p \vdash p \land q}{\Gamma, \neg p \vdash p} \land_{e}^{d}}{\Gamma, \neg p \vdash p} \uparrow_{e}^{ax}}{\frac{\Gamma, \neg p \vdash p \land q}{\Gamma, \neg p \vdash \bot}} \uparrow_{e}^{ax} \qquad \frac{\frac{\Gamma, \neg p \vdash p \land q}{\Gamma, \neg p \vdash p} \land_{e}^{d}}{\Gamma, \neg p \vdash p} \uparrow_{e}^{ax}}{\frac{\neg p \lor \neg q, p \land q \vdash \bot}{\neg p \lor \neg q \vdash \neg(p \land q)}} \uparrow_{e}^{ax} \qquad \frac{\Gamma, \neg p \vdash p \land q}{\Gamma, \neg p \vdash p \land q} \land_{e}^{d}^{d}}{\frac{\neg p \lor \neg q, p \land q \vdash \bot}{\neg p \lor \neg q \vdash \neg(p \land q)}} \uparrow_{e}^{ax} \qquad \frac{\Gamma, \neg p \vdash p \land q}{\Gamma, \neg p \vdash p \land q} \land_{e}^{d}^{d}}{\frac{\neg p \lor \neg q, p \land q \vdash \bot}{\neg p \lor \neg q \vdash \neg(p \land q)}} \uparrow_{e}^{d}$$

Avec
$$\Gamma = \{ \neg p \lor \neg q, p \land q \}$$

N=° 10.

$$\frac{\frac{\Gamma \vdash \neg \neg p \land \neg \neg q}{\Gamma \vdash \neg \neg p \land \neg \neg q} \stackrel{\text{q.7}}{\wedge_e^g}}{\frac{\Gamma \vdash \neg \neg p \land \neg \neg q}{\Gamma \vdash p} \stackrel{\text{q.7}}{\neg \neg_e}} \frac{\frac{\Gamma \vdash \neg \neg p \land \neg \neg q}{\Gamma \vdash q \land_e^d} \stackrel{\text{q.7}}{\wedge_e^d}}{\frac{\Gamma \vdash \neg \neg p \land \neg \neg q}{\Gamma \vdash q} \land_i}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash \bot}{\frac{\neg (p \land q) \vdash \neg p \lor \neg q}{\Gamma \vdash q}} \text{raa}$$

$$\text{Avec } \Gamma = \{\neg (p \land q), \neg (\neg p \lor \neg q)\}$$

Partie IV. Logique intuitionniste

N=° 11.

$$\frac{ \frac{}{\neg p,p \vdash p} \text{ax} \quad \frac{}{\neg p,p \vdash \neg p} \text{ax} }{\frac{\frac{\neg p,p \vdash \bot}{\neg p,p \vdash q} \bot_e}{\frac{\neg p,p \vdash q}{\neg p \vdash p \to q} \to_i}$$

N=° 12.

$$\frac{\frac{}{\Gamma,q\vdash q}\text{ax}\quad \frac{}{\Gamma,q\vdash \neg q}\text{ax}}{\frac{}{\Gamma,q\vdash p}\text{ax}} \frac{\frac{}{\Gamma,q\vdash \neg q}\text{ax}}{\frac{}{\Gamma,q\vdash p}\bot_e} \\ \frac{}{p\lor q,\neg q\vdash p}$$

Avec
$$\Gamma = \{p \lor q, \neg q\}$$

N=° 13.

$$\frac{\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash \neg(p \rightarrow q)} \quad \frac{\overline{\Gamma, p \vdash q}}{\Gamma \vdash p \rightarrow q} \xrightarrow{\neg_e}^{\rightarrow_i} }{\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash \bot} \bot_e} \xrightarrow{\neg(p \rightarrow q) \vdash q \rightarrow p}^{\rightarrow_i}$$

Avec
$$\Gamma = \{ \neg (p \to q), q \}$$

Partie V. logique classique

N=° 14.

$$\frac{\frac{}{\Gamma \vdash q \lor \neg q} \text{t.e.} \quad \frac{\frac{}{\Gamma,q,p \vdash q} \text{ax}}{\Gamma,q \vdash (p \to q) \lor (p \to r)} \lor_i^g + \to_i \quad \frac{\frac{\text{Voir ci-dessous}}{\Gamma,\neg q,p \vdash r} \text{ax}}{\Gamma,\neg q \vdash (p \to q) \lor (p \to r)} \lor_e^d + \to_i}{\underbrace{\frac{}{P \to (q \lor r) \vdash (p \to q) \lor (p \to r)}}_{} \lor_e}$$

Le ci-dessous en question :

$$\frac{\frac{\Gamma_2 \vdash p \to (q \lor r)}{\Gamma_2 \vdash p} \overset{\mathrm{ax}}{\to} \frac{\Gamma_2 \vdash p}{\to_e} \xrightarrow{\Gamma, r \vdash r} \overset{\mathrm{ax}}{\to} \frac{\frac{\Gamma_2, q \vdash q}{\Gamma_2, q \vdash q}}{\Gamma_2, q \vdash r} \overset{\mathrm{ax}}{\to_e} \frac{\Gamma_2, q \vdash q}{\Gamma_2, q \vdash r} \overset{\mathrm{ax}}{\to_e} }{\to_e}$$

Avec
$$\Gamma = \{p \to (q \vee r)\}$$
 et $\Gamma_2 = \Gamma \cup \{\neg q, p\}$

 $N=^{\circ} 15.$

$$\frac{\frac{\Gamma, \neg q \vdash p}{\Gamma, \neg q \vdash p} \text{ax} \qquad \frac{\Gamma, \neg q \vdash \neg q \rightarrow \neg p}{\Gamma, \neg q \vdash \neg p} \xrightarrow{\neg e} \text{ax}}{\frac{\Gamma, \neg q \vdash \neg p}{\Gamma, \neg q \vdash \neg p} \xrightarrow{\neg e}} \xrightarrow{\Gamma}_{e}$$

$$\frac{\Gamma \vdash q \rightarrow r}{\frac{\Gamma \vdash r}{q \rightarrow r, \neg q \rightarrow \neg p \vdash p \rightarrow r}} \xrightarrow{\rightarrow_{e}}$$