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1. int s[] = {0,}; // 用来表示物品重量, 从 s[i] 存到 s[n]
int x[] = {0} // 用来标记放了哪些物品
int c; // 背包容量
int now = 0; // 当前背包中的物品重量
int nowh = c; // 当前背包中的物品上界
void backtrack (int i);
{ if (i == n+1) return;
  if (now == c)
  { for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
    { if (x[i]) cout << i;
      return; }
    if (now + s[i] <= c)
    { now += s[i];
      x[i] = 1;
      backtrack(i+1);
      now -= s[i];
      x[i] = 0; }
    if (nowh - s[i] >= c)
    { nowh -= s[i];
      backtrack(i+1);
      nowh += s[i]; }
  }

int main ( )
{ backtrack(1);
  return 0; }

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2. c[n+1][n+1]; // c[i][j] 表示第 i 个人完成第 j 项工作的费用
x[n+1]; // x[i] 表示第 i 项工作由 x[i] 个人完成.
best x[]: 记录最优 x[]
cost: 记录当前费用
best cost = 0; 最优(少)费用并初始化为无穷大
void swap(int i, int j)
{ int a;
  for (int k = 1; k <= n; k++)
  { a = c[k][i];
    c[k][i] = c[k][j];
    c[k][j] = a; }
  return; }
void backtrack(i)
{ if (i == n+1)
  { if (cost < best cost)
    { best cost = cost;
      for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
        best x[i] = x[i];
      return; } }
  if (cost > best cost)
    return;
  for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++)
  { cost += c[i][j];
    swap(i, j);
    x[i] = j;
    backtrack(i+1);
    swap(i, j);
    cost -= c[i][j]; }
}

int main ( )
{ backtrack(1);
  for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
    printf("把第 %d 项工作交给第 %d 个人做\n", i, x[i]);
  printf("需要花费的总费用为 %d", best cost);
}

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3. int d[m][n]; 连接块数组
int x[n+1] = {0, 1, ..., n}; // 目前电路板的排列
int best x[n+1]; 记录最优排列
int now max = 0;
int best max = 0;
void backtrack (int i)
{ if (i == n+1)
  { if (now max < best max)
    { for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++)
      { best x[j] = x[j];
        best max = now max; }
      if (now max > best max) return;
      for (int j = 1; j <= n; j++)
      { swap(i, j);
        int t = find();
        if (t < now max)
        { int m = now max;
          now max = t;
          backtrack(i+1);
          now max = m; }
      }
    }
  }

void swap (int i, int j)
{ int t = x[i];
  x[i] = x[j];
  x[j] = t;
  return; }

void find ( )
{ int max = 0;
  for (int i = 1; i <= m; i++)
  { int low = back(d[i][1]);
    int high = back(d[i][n]);
    for (int j = 2; d[i][j] != 0; j++)
    { if (back(d[i][j]) < low)
      { low = back(d[i][j]);
        if (back(d[i][j]) > high)
          high = back(d[i][j]);
        max = (high - low > max) ? high - low : max; }
    }
    return max;
  }

void back (int t)
{ for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
  { if (x[i] == t)
    { return i; }
  }

int main ( )
{ for (int i = 1; i <= n; i++)
  { printf("第 %d 个位置放第 %d 个电路板\n", i, best x[i]);
    printf("有最小最大长度 %d", best max);
    return 0; }
}

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