Introduction

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Basic Information

• Soft Machine Vision

• Smart Factory Innovation Club of Zhejiang University

• Class locations: 紫金港月牙楼301

Class time: Sunday 9:30 to 11:30

• Number of students enrolled: 42

Course Outline

• Image basics: Pixels, Colors, Image formats

- Image processing techniques: Filtering, Binarization, cutting, Morphological transformation, Scale and rotation transformation, Image gradient
- Image pattern recognition: Line and circle detection, Feature point detection, Edge detection
- Image pattern recognition: Blob detection, Feature point detection, Template matching
- Neural Network basics: Neuron structure, Multi-layer Perceptron, Handwritten digit recognition, Loss function
- Neural Network basics: Gradient Descent, Backpropagation
- Modern Neural Network: Softmax regression, Deep neural network, Convolutional Neural Network. Server Resources
- Modern Neural Network: Recurrent Neural Networks, Attention Mechanism & Transformer,
 Natural Language Processing, Reinforcement Learning, Generative Adversarial Networks
- Final project and Q&A: Chess board recognition system

Configuration (pip)

- Python3.9 [LINK]
- Remember to add Python to PATH and environment variables
- Install required packages
 - **CPU:** pip install -r ./O-introduction/requirements_cpu.txt
 - GPU (CUDA 11.3): pip install -r ./O-introduction/requirements_gpu.txt
- Please be aware of the dependencies if you have more than one Python installed
- VS Code [LINK] (optional)
 - Config Python3.9 in your VS Code

Configuration (Miniconda)

- Miniconda installation package download [<u>LINK</u>]
- Open terminal in Vision2022/
 - Create a virtual environment and install required packages (replace <environment name> with a name given by you, e.g. vision)

- o conda create -n <environment name> python=3.9
- Activate the virtual environment
- o conda activate <environment name>
- Install required packages
- CPU: pip install -r ./O-introduction/requirements_cpu.txt
- GPU (CUDA 11.3): pip install -r ./O-introduction/requirements_gpu.txt

Test configuration

- Run python ./0-introduction/show_a_cat.py under Vision2022/
 - Press Esc or q on the keyboard to close the window

```
1 import sys
2
3 print(sys.version)
```

```
1 | 3.9.16 (main, Mar 8 2023, 10:39:24) [MSC v.1916 64 bit (AMD64)]
```

```
import torch
import tensorflow as tf

print(torch.cuda.is_available())

# let's see the list of CUDA architectures, and the device name

forch.cuda.is_available():

print(torch.cuda.get_device_name(device=None),
torch.cuda.get_arch_list())

print(tf.test.is_gpu_available())

# tf.test.is_gpu_available() is deprecated and will be removed soon

tf.config.list_physical_devices('GPU')
```

```
True
NVIDIA GeForce RTX 3060 Laptop GPU ['sm_37', 'sm_50', 'sm_60', 'sm_61',
    'sm_70', 'sm_75', 'sm_80', 'sm_86', 'compute_37']
WARNING:tensorflow:From
    C:\Users\lebro\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_19472\519669526.py:8:
    is_gpu_available (from tensorflow.python.framework.test_util) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.
Instructions for updating:
Use `tf.config.list_physical_devices('GPU')` instead.
True
```

```
1 [PhysicalDevice(name='/physical_device:GPU:0', device_type='GPU')]
```

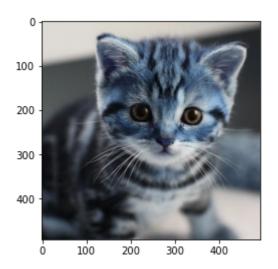
```
1
    import cv2
 2
    import numpy as np
 3
    import matplotlib.colors as mat_color
 4
   print(cv2.__version__)
 5
 6
 7
    # read the cat image
    path = "./images/cat.jpg"
    img_bgr = cv2.imread(path)
 9
10
11 print(type(img_bgr))
12 print(np.shape(img_bgr))
```

```
1 4.7.0
2 <class 'numpy.ndarray'>
3 (493, 493, 3)
```

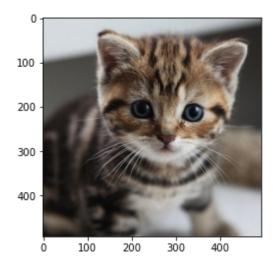
```
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

display img
no_norm = mat_color.Normalize(vmin=0, vmax=255, clip=False)
plt.imshow(img_bgr, norm=no_norm)
```

1 <matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7ff9561ede80>



```
1  # bgr -> rgb
2  img_rgb = cv2.cvtColor(img_bgr, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
3  plt.imshow(img_rgb, norm=no_norm)
```



```
import os
1
 2
 3
   # save the img in csv format
   os.makedirs('../data', exist_ok=True)
 4
   data_file = os.path.join('../data', 'cat.csv')
 6
    print(data_file)
 7
    with open(data_file, 'w') as f:
        f.write('R,G,B\n')
 8
        for row in img_rgb:
9
            for rgb in row:
10
                f.write(str(rgb[0]) + ',' + str(rgb[1]) + ',' + str(rgb[2]) +
11
    '\n')
```

1 ../data/cat.csv

The End

2022.3