

Image Basics

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- Brief introduction of OpenCV
- Pixels, colors, and image formats

OpenCV

- OpenCV is an open source computer vision library written in C/C++ language
- OpenCV contains more than 500 functions derived from various fields of computer vision
 - Image segmentation
 - Face recognition
 - Action recognition
 - Motion tracking
 - Motion analysis
- The image is treated as a matrix in the computer

```
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np

data_file = "./data/cat.csv"
cat = pd.read_csv(data_file)
cat
```

```
.dataframe tbody tr th {
    vertical-align: top;
}

.dataframe thead th {
    text-align: right;
}
```

	R	G	B
0	213	218	222
1	213	218	222
2	213	218	222
3	213	218	222
4	213	218	222

	R	G	B
...
243044	216	219	226
243045	216	219	226
243046	215	218	225
243047	215	218	225
243048	215	218	225

243049 rows × 3 columns

```
print(cat.shape)
print(type(cat))
# define matrix
width = height = 493
cat_rgb = []
for i in range(height):
    row = []
    for j in range(width):
        index = i * height + j
        rgb_element = [cat.at[index, 'R'], cat.at[index, 'G'], cat.at[index, 'B']]
        row.append(rgb_element)
    cat_rgb.append(row)
# data type transformation
cat_rgb = np.array(cat_rgb)
print(cat_rgb.shape)
print(type(cat_rgb))
```

```
(243049, 3)
<class 'pandas.core.frame.DataFrame'>
(493, 493, 3)
<class 'numpy.ndarray'>
```

```
print(cat_rgb)
# 493 rows
# 493 rgb elements in each row
```

```
[[213 218 222]
 [213 218 222]
 [213 218 222]
 ...
 [151 155 158]]
```

[150 154 157]
[149 153 156]]

[[213 218 222]
[213 218 222]
[213 218 222]
...
[145 149 152]
[144 148 151]
[143 147 150]]

[[213 218 222]
[213 218 222]
[213 218 222]
...
[141 145 148]
[140 144 147]
[139 143 146]]

...

[[19 18 14]
[19 18 14]
[19 18 14]
...
[215 218 225]
[215 218 225]
[215 218 225]]

[[19 18 14]
[19 18 14]
[18 17 13]
...
[215 218 225]
[215 218 225]
[215 218 225]]

[[19 18 14]
[18 17 13]
[18 17 13]
...
[215 218 225]
[215 218 225]
[215 218 225]]]

```
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt
import matplotlib.colors as mat_color

no_norm = mat_color.Normalize(vmin=0, vmax=255, clip=False)
plt.imshow(cat_rgb, norm=no_norm)
```

```
<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1de53cd10a0>
```

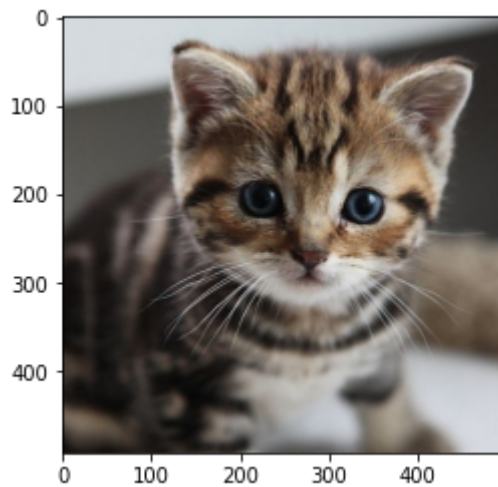


Image formats

- Just shown is the `RGB` image type, which is in line with human vision
- In addition to the `RGB` series, common color spaces include `HSV`, `HSL`, `XYZ`, etc.
 - Hue
 - Saturation
 - Value/Lightness
- In image recognition, `RGB` is easily affected by light
 - Manual compensation through programming
 - Convert it into `HSV` mode
- `RGB -> HSV`

$$s_{\text{HSV}} = \frac{\max\{r, g, b\} - \min\{r, g, b\}}{\max\{r, g, b\}}$$

- `HSV -> RGB`

$$\begin{aligned}
 c_1 &= \lfloor h' \rfloor \\
 c_2 &= h' - c_1 \\
 w_1 &= (1 - s_{\text{HSV}}) \cdot v \\
 w_2 &= (1 - s_{\text{HSV}} \cdot c_2) \cdot v \\
 w_3 &= (1 - s_{\text{HSV}} \cdot (1 - c_2)) \cdot v \\
 \begin{pmatrix} r \\ g \\ b \end{pmatrix} &= \begin{cases} (v, w_3, w_1)^T & \text{if } c_1 = 0 \\ (w_2, v, w_1)^T & \text{if } c_1 = 1 \\ (w_1, v, w_3)^T & \text{if } c_1 = 2 \\ (w_1, w_2, v)^T & \text{if } c_1 = 3 \\ (w_3, w_1, v)^T & \text{if } c_1 = 4 \\ (v, w_1, w_2)^T & \text{if } c_1 = 5 \end{cases}
 \end{aligned}$$

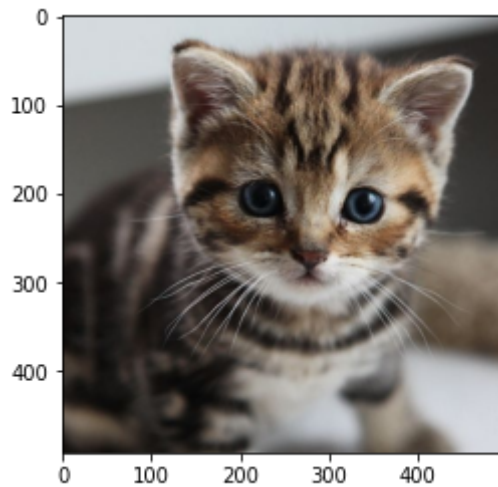
```
import cv2
import numpy as np
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

path = "./images/cat.jpg"
# read original BGR image
img_bgr = cv2.imread(path)
print("image loaded")
```

```
image loaded
```

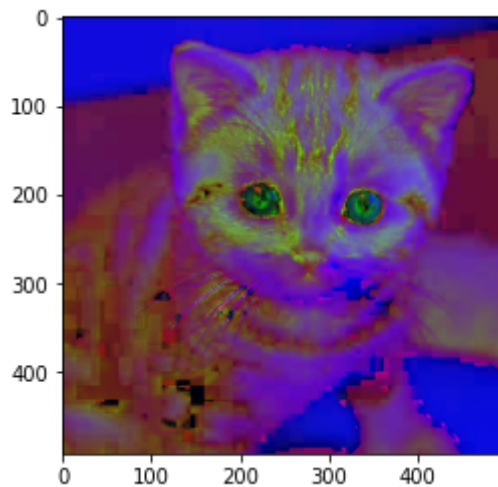
```
img_rgb = cv2.cvtColor(img_bgr, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
plt.imshow(img_rgb, norm=no_norm)
```

```
<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1de5406d9d0>
```



```
img_hsv = cv2.cvtColor(img_bgr, cv2.COLOR_RGB2HSV)  
plt.imshow(img_hsv, norm=no_norm)
```

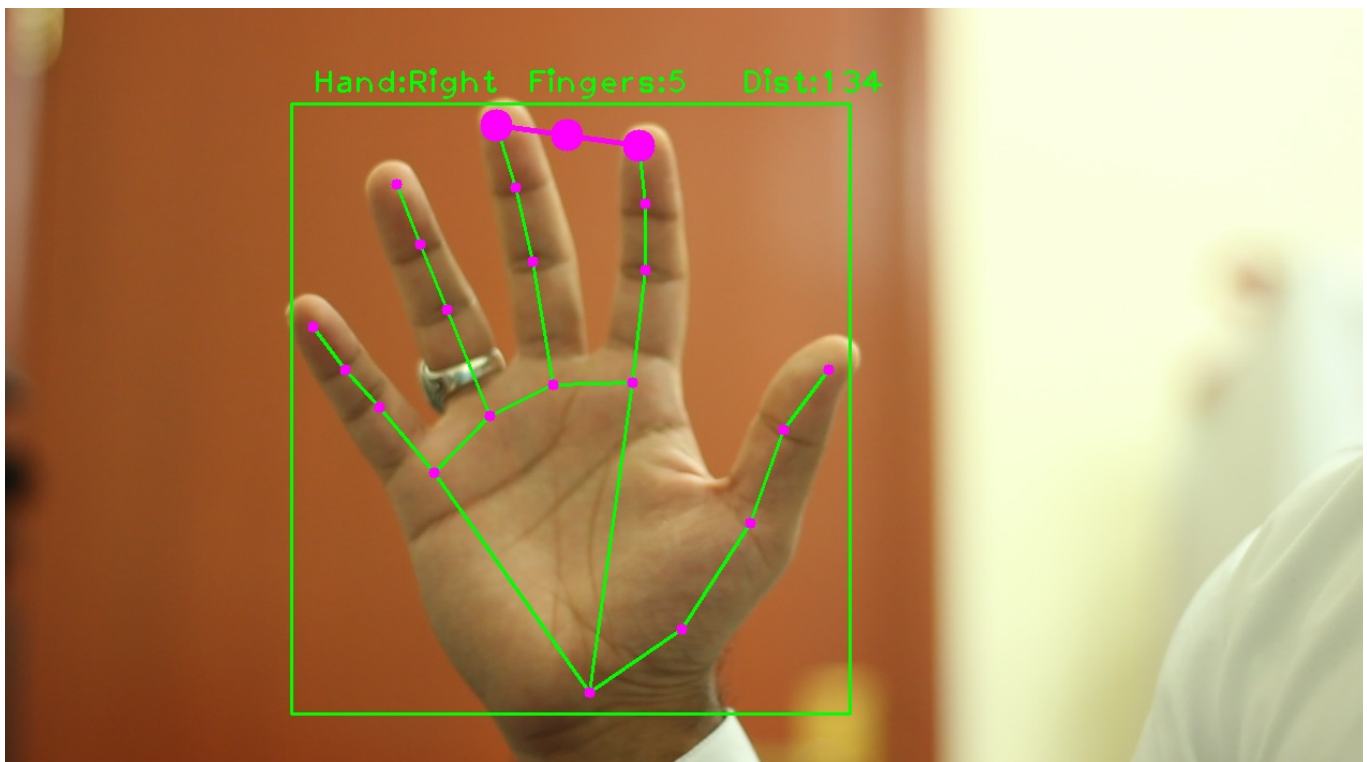
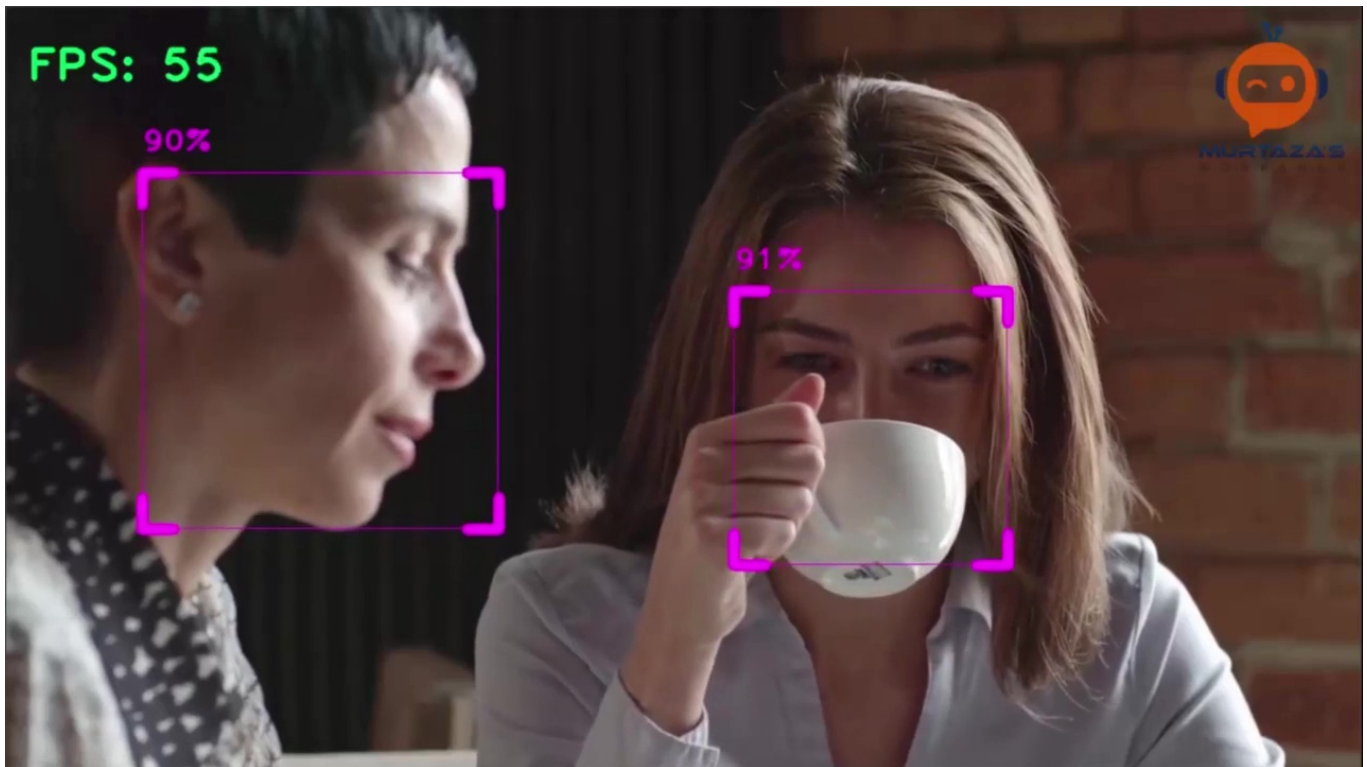
<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x1de540d55b0>



Application of Opencv

- Filtering, binarization, cutting, scale and rotation transformations, image gradients
- Line and circle detection, feature point detection, edge detection, blob detection, feature point detection, pattern recognition
 - QR code identification

- Face detection
- Gesture recognition
- Human gesture recognition



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