Introduction

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Basic Information

• Soft Machine Vision

• Smart Factory Innovation Club of Zhejiang University

• Class locations: 紫金港月牙楼301

• Class time: Sunday 9:30 to 11:30

• Number of students enrolled: 42

Course Outline

• Image basics: Pixels, Colors, Image formats

- Image processing techniques: Filtering, Binarization, cutting, Morphological transformation, Scale and rotation transformation, Image gradient
- Image pattern recognition: Line and circle detection, Feature point detection, Edge detection
- Image pattern recognition: Blob detection, Feature point detection, Template matching
- Neural Network basics: Neuron structure, Multi-layer Perceptron, Handwritten digit recognition, Loss function
- Neural Network basics: Gradient Descent, Backpropagation
- Modern Neural Network: Softmax regression, Deep neural network, Convolutional Neural Network, Server Resources
- Modern Neural Network: Recurrent Neural Networks, Attention Mechanism & Transformer,
 Natural Language Processing, Reinforcement Learning, Generative Adversarial Networks
- Final project and Q&A: Chess board recognition system

Configuration (pip)

- Python3.9 [LINK]
- Add Python to PATH (environment variables)
- Install required packages
 - For CPU users
 - pip install -r ./0-introduction/requirements_cpu.txt
 - For GPU users (please make sure CUDA 11.3 and cuDNN 8.2 are installed in your computer)
 - pip install -r ./0-introduction/requirements_gpu.txt
- Please be aware of the dependencies if you have more than one Python installed

- VS Code [LINK] (optional)
 - Config Python3.9 in your VS Code

Configuration (Miniconda) (Recommended)

- Miniconda installation package download [LINK]
- Add Miniconda to PATH (environment variables)
- Open terminal in Vision2022/
- Create a virtual environment (replace <environment name> with a name given by you, e.g. vision)
 - o conda create -n <environment name> python=3.9
- Activate the virtual environment
 - o conda activate <environment name>
- Install required packages
 - For CPU users
 - pip install -r ./0-introduction/requirements_cpu.txt
 - For GPU users (cudatoolkit will config CUDA 11.3 and cuDNN 8.2 automatically, so you don't need to install them manually)
 - conda install pytorch==1.10.2 torchvision==0.11.3 torchaudio==0.10.2 cudatoolkit=11.3 -c pytorch -c conda-forge
 - pip install -r ./0-introduction/requirements_gpu_conda.txt

Test configuration

- Run python ./0-introduction/show_a_cat.py under Vision2022/
 - Press Esc or q on the keyboard to close the window

```
import sys
print(sys.version)
```

3.9.16 (main, Mar 8 2023, 10:39:24) [MSC v.1916 64 bit (AMD64)]

```
import torch
import tensorflow as tf

print(torch.cuda.is_available())

# let's see the list of CUDA architectures, and the device name
if torch.cuda.is_available():
    print(torch.cuda.get_device_name(device=None), torch.cuda.get_arch_list())
print(tf.test.is_gpu_available())

# tf.test.is_gpu_available() is deprecated and will be removed soon
tf.config.list_physical_devices('GPU')
```

```
True

NVIDIA GeForce RTX 3060 Laptop GPU ['sm_37', 'sm_50', 'sm_60', 'sm_61', 'sm_70', 'sm_75', 'sm_80', 'sm_86', 'compute_37']

WARNING:tensorflow:From

C:\Users\lebro\AppData\Local\Temp\ipykernel_19472\519669526.py:8: is_gpu_available (from tensorflow.python.framework.test_util) is deprecated and will be removed in a future version.

Instructions for updating:

Use `tf.config.list_physical_devices('GPU')` instead.

True
```

```
[PhysicalDevice(name='/physical_device:GPU:0', device_type='GPU')]
```

```
import cv2
import numpy as np
import matplotlib.colors as mat_color

print(cv2.__version__)

# read the cat image
path = "./images/cat.jpg"
img_bgr = cv2.imread(path)

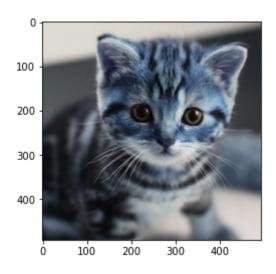
print(type(img_bgr))
print(np.shape(img_bgr))
```

```
4.7.0 <class 'numpy.ndarray'> (493, 493, 3)
```

```
from matplotlib import pyplot as plt

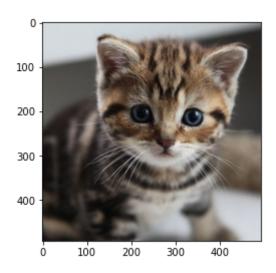
# display img
no_norm = mat_color.Normalize(vmin=0, vmax=255, clip=False)
plt.imshow(img_bgr, norm=no_norm)
```

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7ff9561ede80>



```
# bgr -> rgb
img_rgb = cv2.cvtColor(img_bgr, cv2.COLOR_BGR2RGB)
plt.imshow(img_rgb, norm=no_norm)
```

<matplotlib.image.AxesImage at 0x7ff954150040>



```
import os

# save the img in csv format
os.makedirs('../data', exist_ok=True)
data_file = os.path.join('../data', 'cat.csv')
print(data_file)
with open(data_file, 'w') as f:
    f.write('R,G,B\n')
    for row in img_rgb:
        for rgb in row:
            f.write(str(rgb[0]) + ',' + str(rgb[1]) + ',' + str(rgb[2]) + '\n')
```

../data/cat.csv

The End

2022.3