

Sense Me on the Ride:

Accurate Mobile Sensing over a LoRa Backscatter Channel

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Wireless Sensing

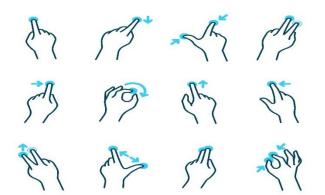


 Wireless Sensing has become a key enabling technology for ubiquitous Internet of Things applications.



Wireless Sensing





motion and activity sensing



mobility measurement



environmental sensing



material sensing

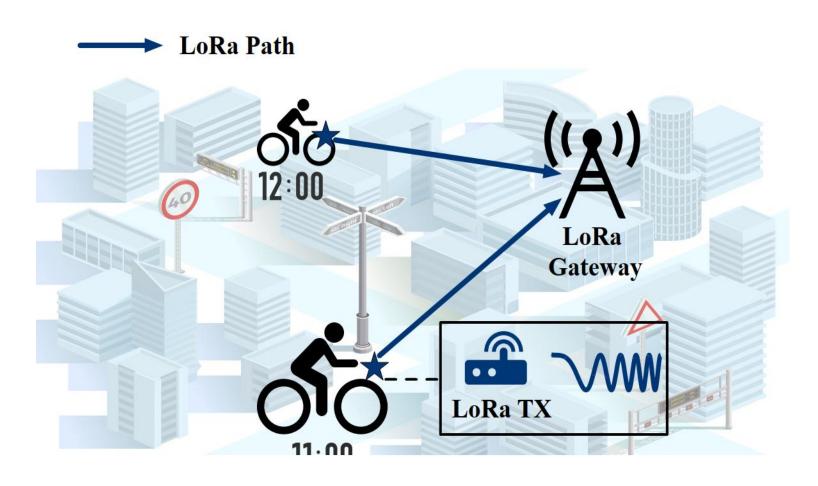




Long-Range Mobile Target

Dackground Interfetical Model Challenges System Design Evaluation Conclusion	Background	Theoretical Model	Challenges	System Design	Evaluation	Conclusion
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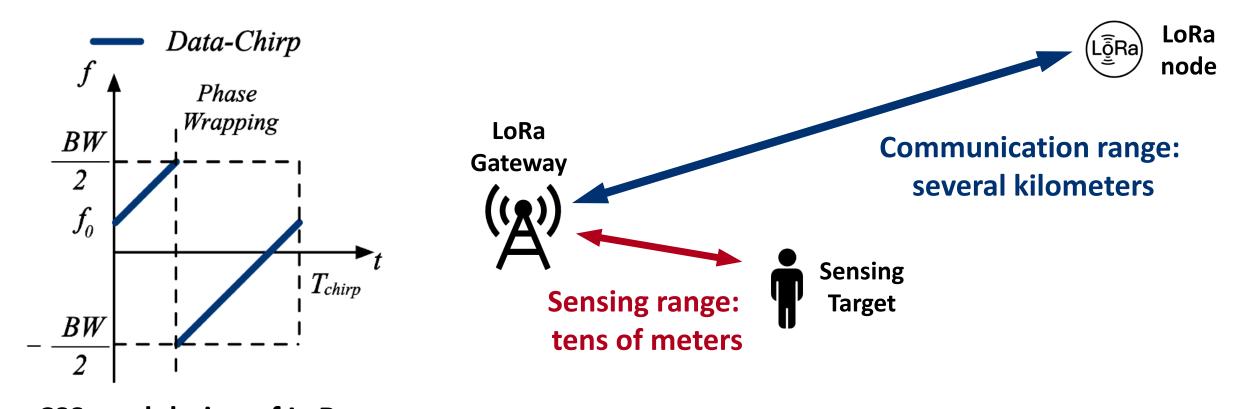








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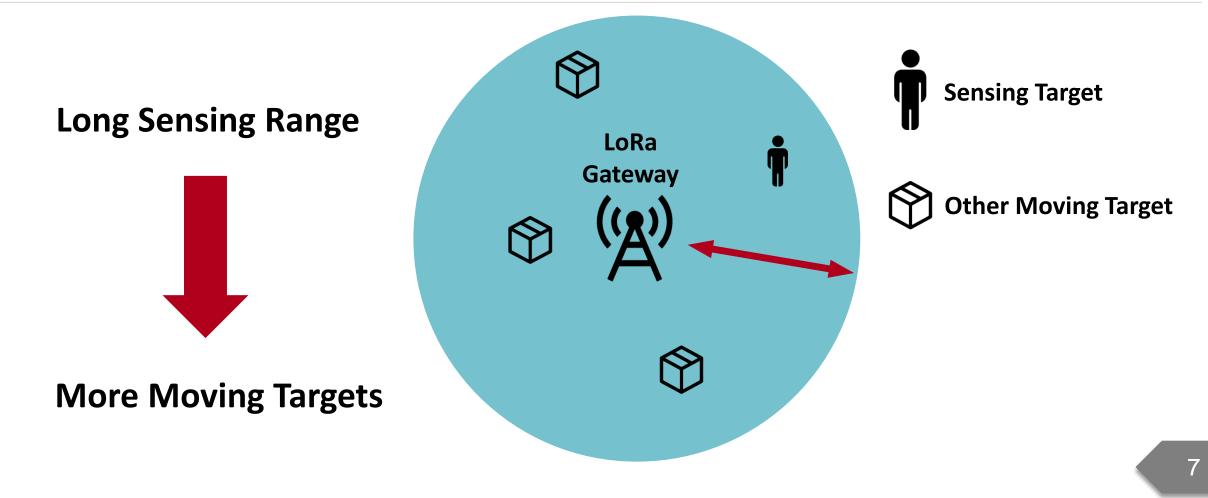


CSS modulation of LoRa

Background Theoretical Model Challenges System Design Evaluation Conclusion

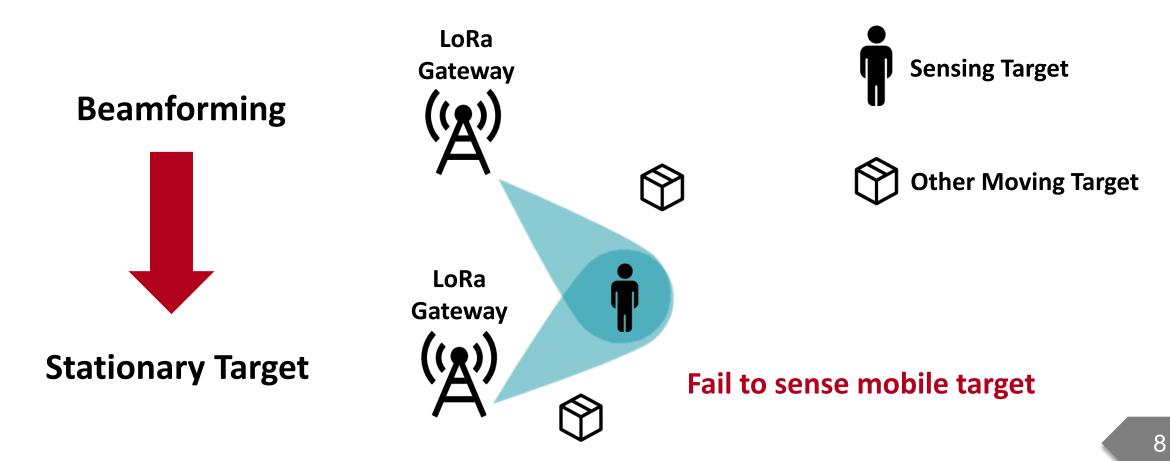
^{*} Fusang Zhang, Zhaoxin Chang, Kai Niu, Jie Xiong, Beihong Jin, Qin Lv, and Daqing Zhang. 2020. Exploring LoRa for Long-range Through-wall Sensing. Proc. ACM Interact. Mob. Wearable Ubiquitous Technol. 4, 2, Article 68 (June 2020), 27 pages





Background Theoretical Model Challenges System Design Evaluation Conclusion



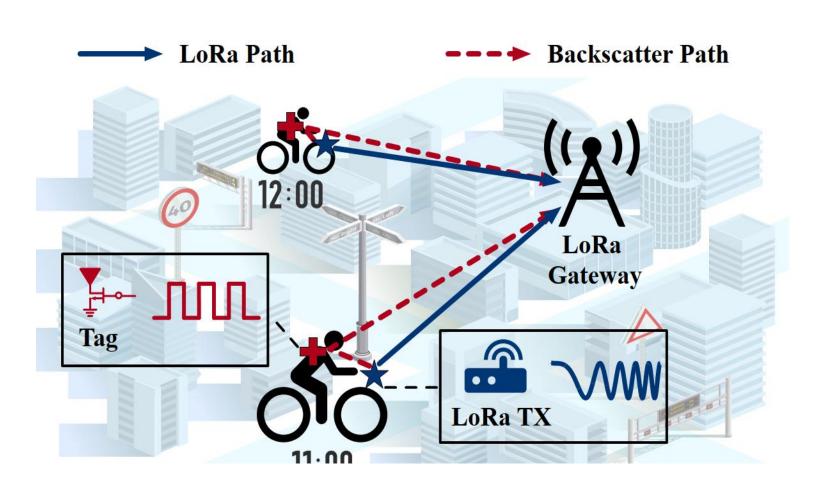


^{*} Binbin Xie and Jie Xiong. 2020. Combating interference for long range LoRa sensing. In Proceedings of the 18th Conference on Embedded Networked Sensor Systems (SenSys '20).

Background Theoretical Model Challenges System Design Evaluation Conclusion

Palantir: LoRa Backscatter-Based Sensing

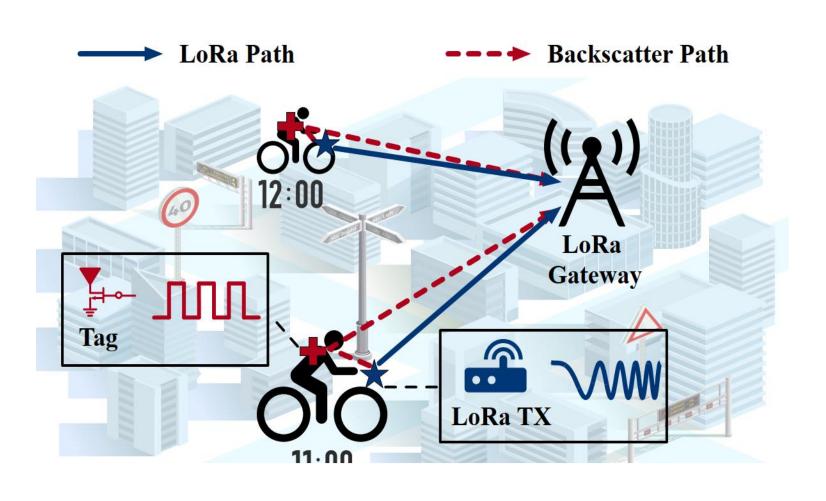






Palantir: LoRa Backscatter-Based Sensing







Sensing with Side-Channel



• 100-Meter Sensing Range



Battery-Free Tag



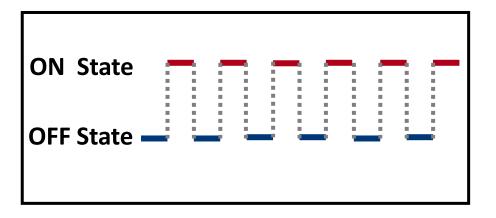
Condition of Mobile Target

Palantir: Overview



OOK-modulation

Two states in the time domain

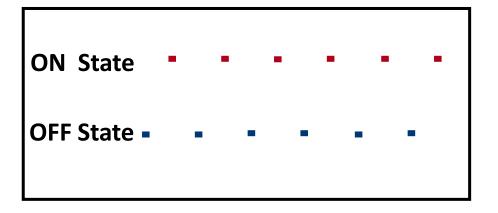


OOK modulation of Backscatter

Palantir: Overview



- OOK-modulation
 - Two states in the time domain
- Stabilization
 - Remove the modulation of CSS

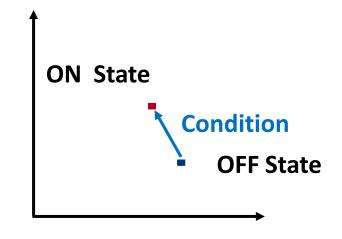


OOK modulation of Backscatter

Palantir: Overview



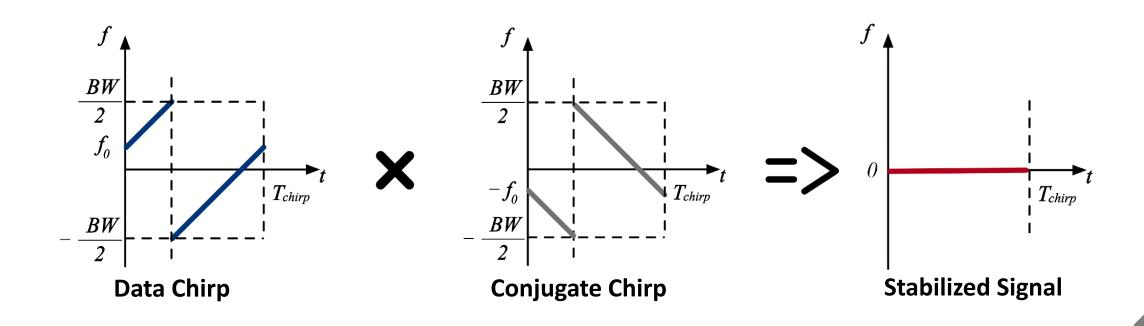
- OOK-modulation
 - Two states in the time domain
- Stabilization
 - Remove the modulation of CSS
- Sensing
 - OFF State acts as a reference



Palantir: Theoretical Sensing Model



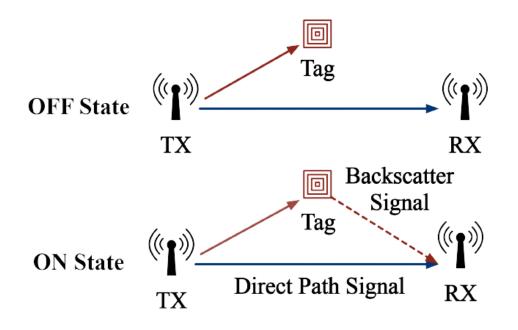
Stabilization : Conjugate multiplication

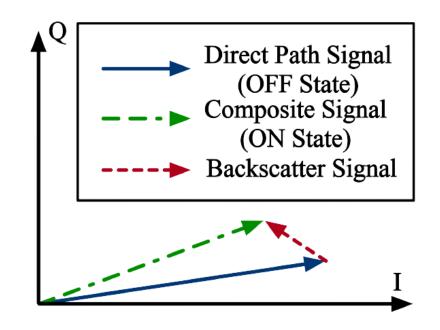


Palantir: Theoretical Sensing Model



Sensing : OFF State acts as a reference





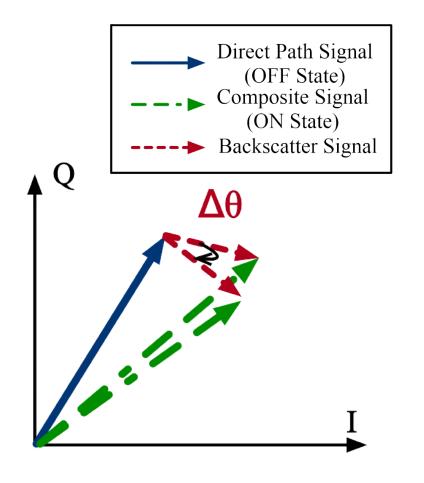
Palantir: Theoretical Sensing Model



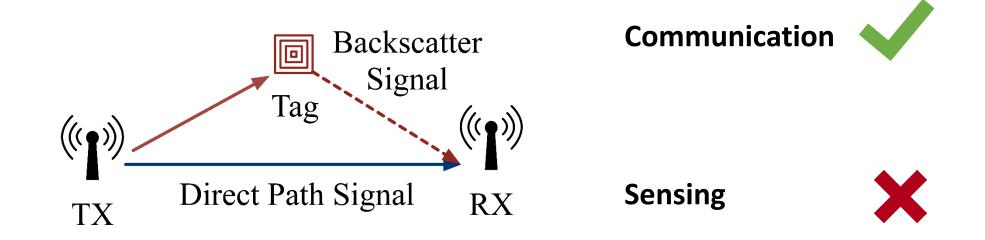
Sensing : Movement of target

Rotation of backscatter signal $\Delta heta$

$$\Delta d = rac{c}{2\pi f_{\it Carrier}} \Delta heta$$
 Movement of target Δd





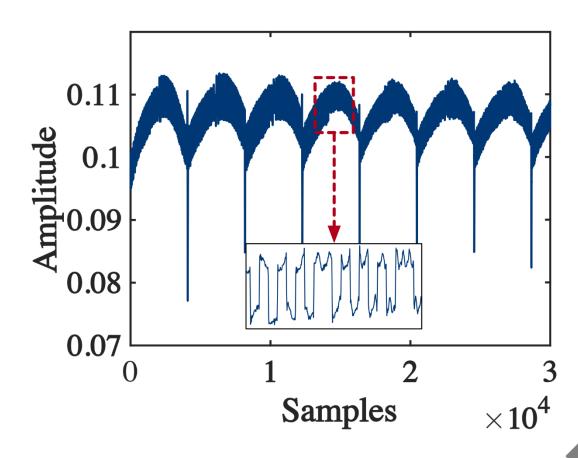


Sensing sets higher requirements on channel quality than communication

Background Theoretical Model Challenges System Design Evaluation Conclusion



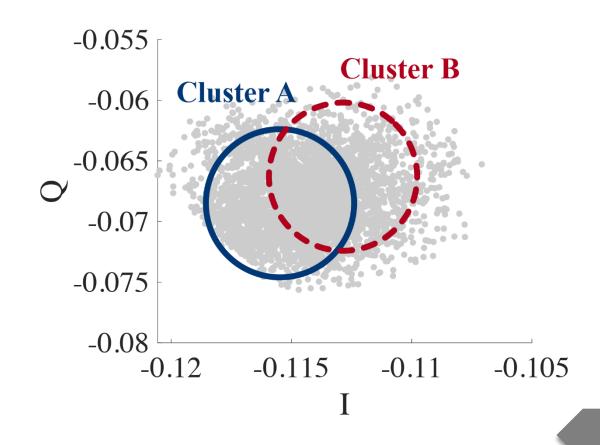
Amplitude Instability





Amplitude Instability

State changes are submerged.

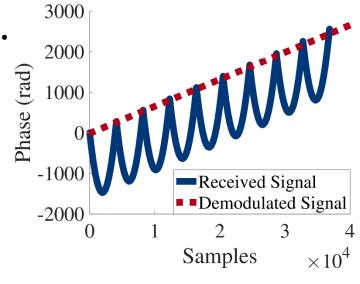




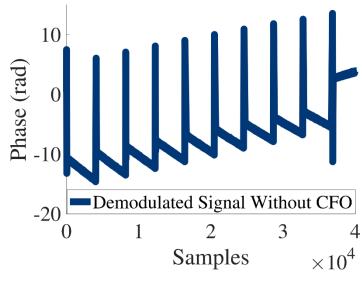
Amplitude Instability

State changes are submerged.

Offset and Drift



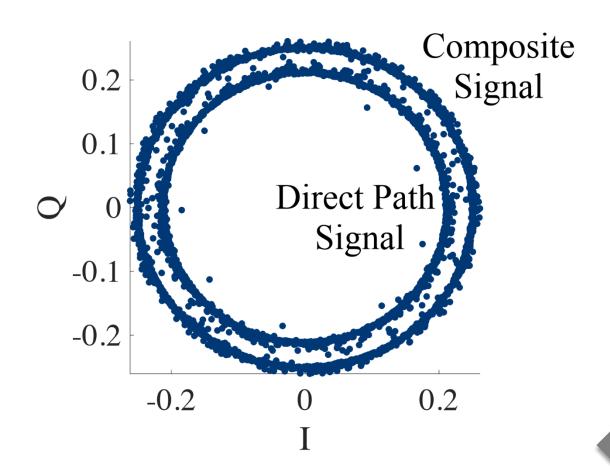
Carrier Frequency Offset



Sample Time Offset



- Amplitude Instability
 - State changes are submerged.
- Offset and Drift
 - Phases are distorted.

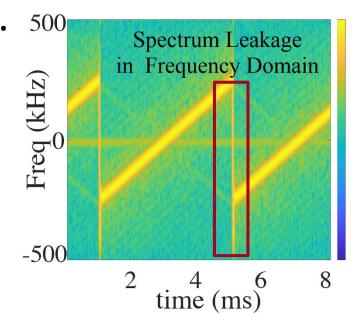


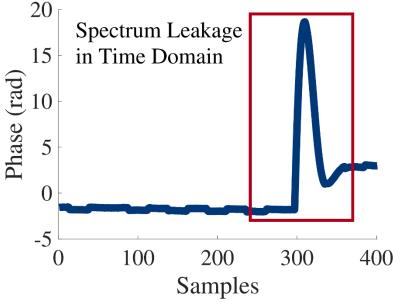


Amplitude Instability

State changes are submerged.

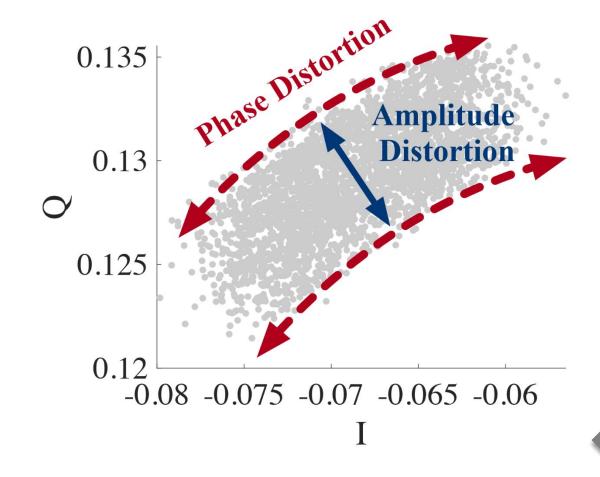
- Offset and Drift
 - Phases are distorted.
- Spectrum Leakage
 - Signal are broken into pieces.





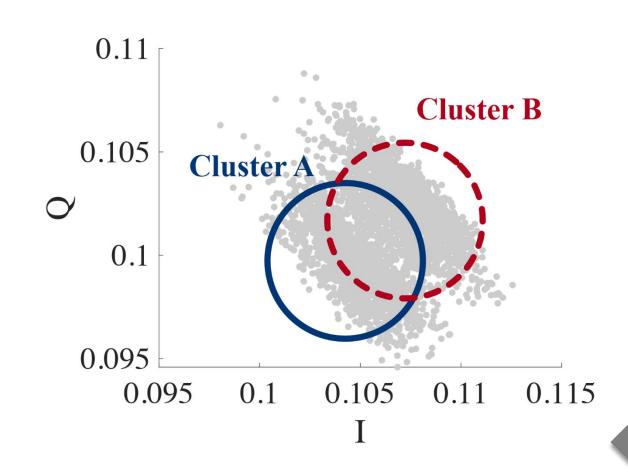


- Amplitude Instability
 - State changes are submerged.
- Offset and Drift
 - Phases are distorted.
- Spectrum Leakage
 - Signal are broken into pieces.
- Multiplicative Noise

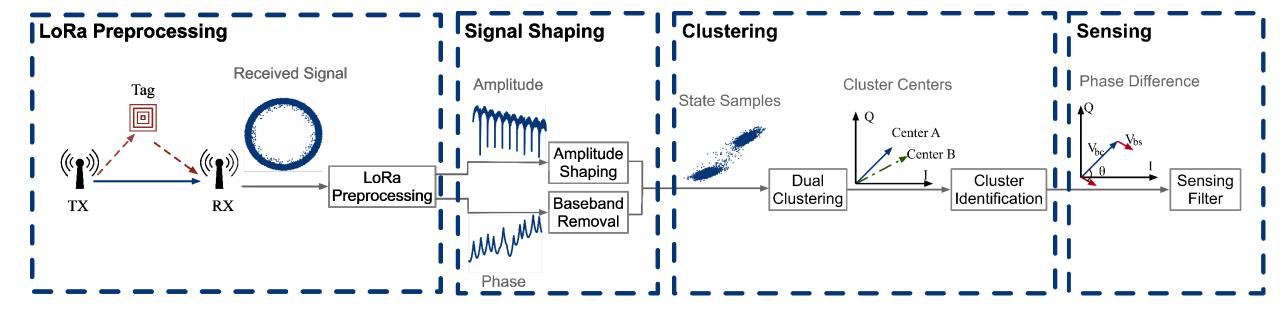




- Amplitude Instability
 - State changes are submerged.
- Offset and Drift
 - Phases are distorted.
- Spectrum Leakage
 - Signal are broken into pieces.
- Multiplicative Noise
 - Clustering algorithm is disturbed.



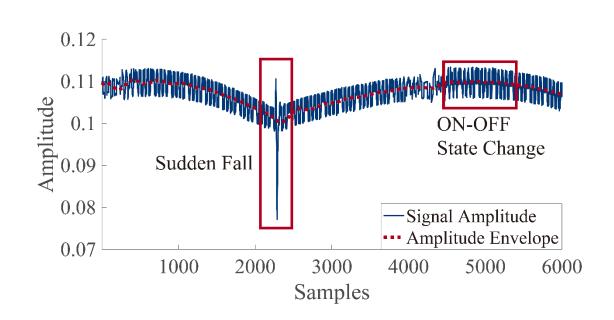




Background	Theoretical Model	Challenges	System Design	Evaluation	Conclusion
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Amplitude Envelope

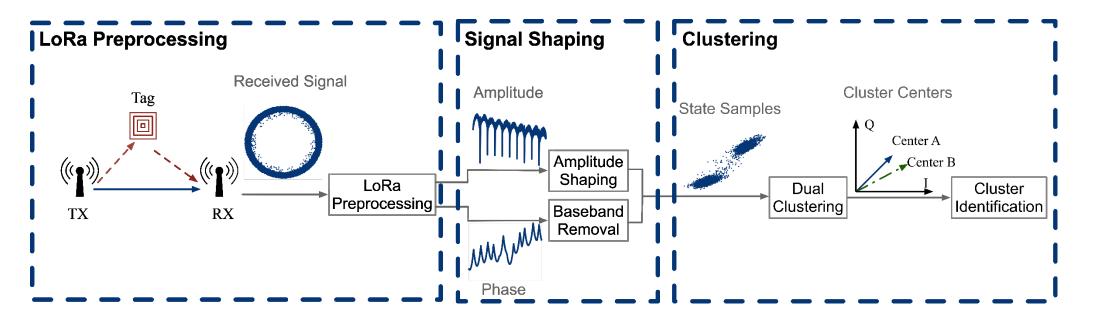


Impact of Offset and Drift

$$\Delta \varphi_{baseband}(t) = 2\pi (a_0 t^2 + a_1 t + a_2)$$

• a_0 , a_1 and a_2 are determined by offsets and drifts.

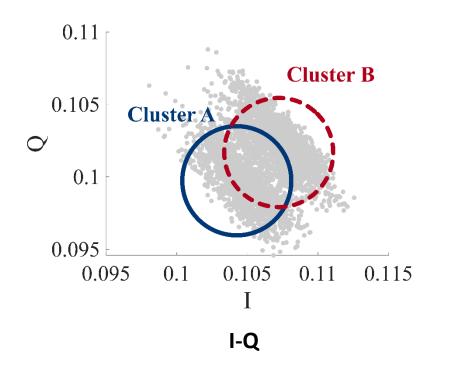






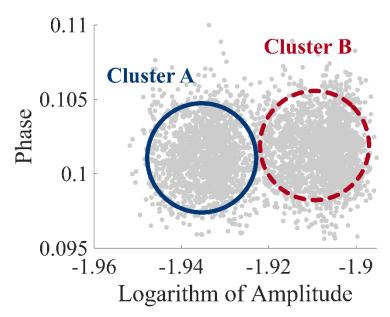
Multiplicative Noise

$$S_{sample} = AA_{noise}e^{j2\pi(\theta + \theta_{noise})}$$



 $Logarithm\ of\ Amplitude:\ logA + logA_{noise}$

 $phase: \theta + \theta_{noise}$

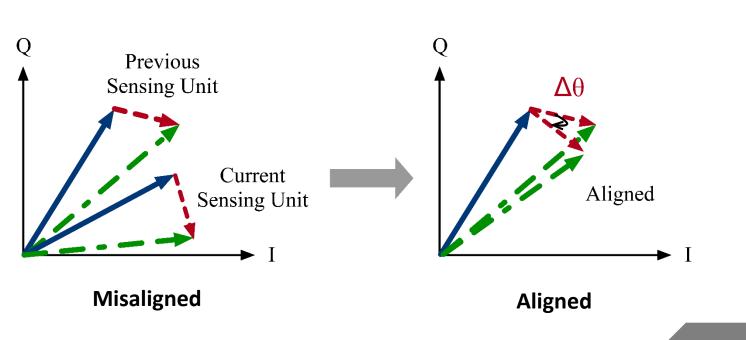


Logarithm of Amplitude-Phase



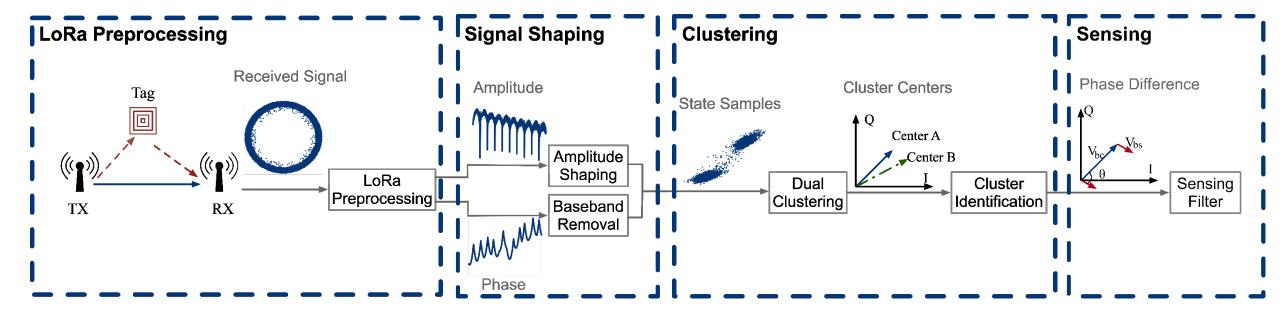
Cluster Identification

 The movement between the adjacent sensing units is small



Direct Path Signal — Composite Signal — Backscatter Signal





Background	Theoretical Model	Challenges	System Design	Evaluation	Conclusion
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Palantir : Settings



Receiver

• USRP N210

Transmitter

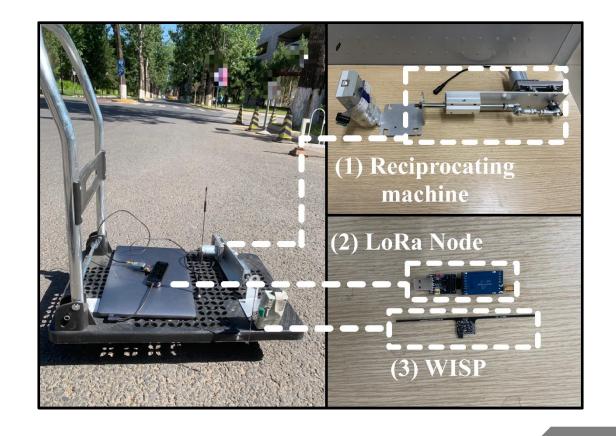
Semtech SX1276 chip

• Carrier Frequency: 902MHz

Bandwidth: 500KHz

Backscatter

• WISP 5.0



Palantir: Settings



Receiver

USRP N210

Transmitter

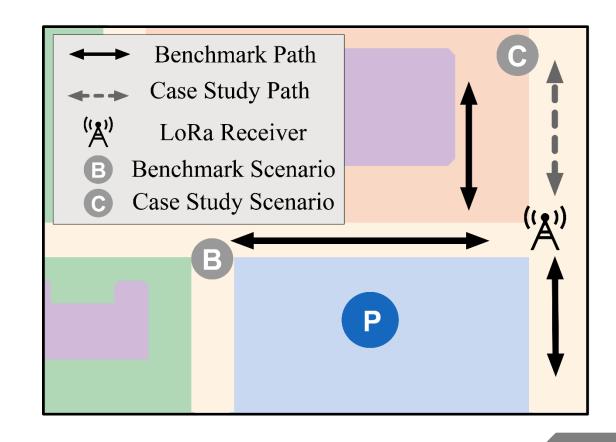
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Backscatter

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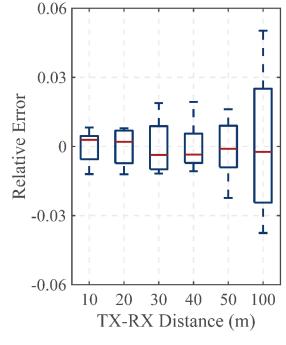


Palantir: Evaluation

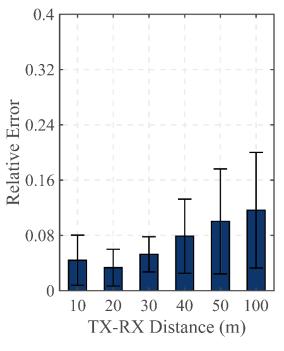


• What we sense?

- Motion period
 - How fast a cyclist breaths?
- Motion amplitude
 - How deep a cyclist breaths?
- Metrics
 - Motion period deviation
 - Motion amplitude deviation



Motion period deviation

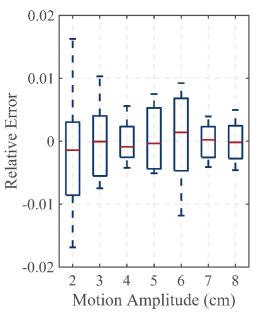


Motion amplitude deviation

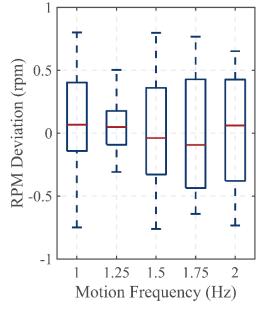
Palantir: Evaluation



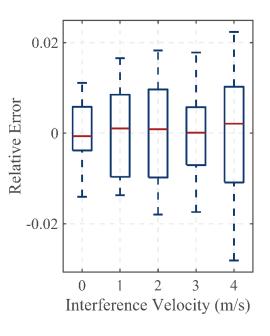
• Motion period deviation of Palantir in different ...



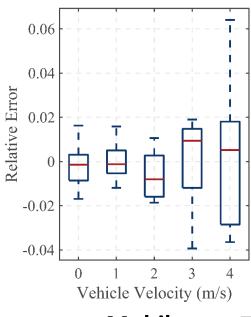
Motion Amplitude



Motion Frequency



Interference



Mobile Scenario

Palantir: Case Study



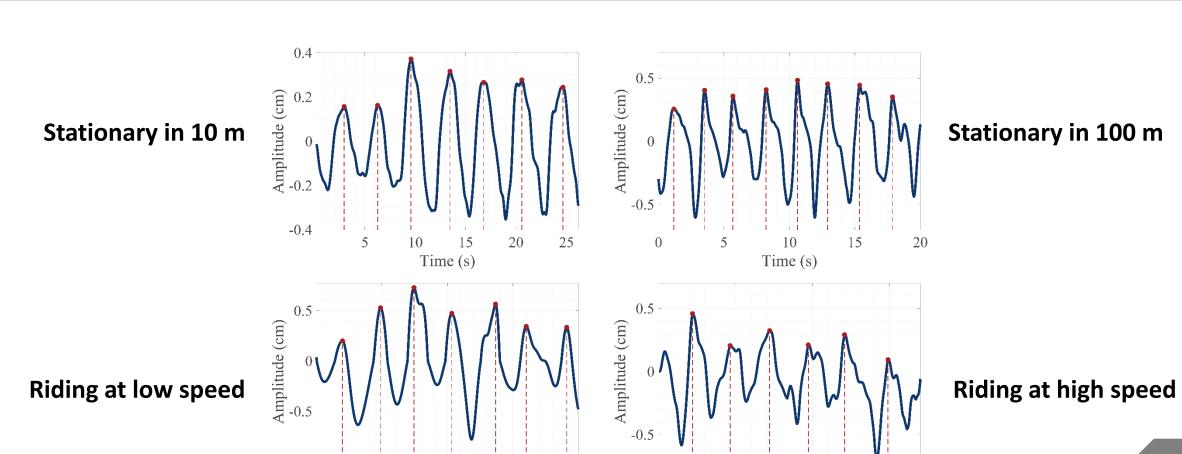
- Receiver:
 - Stationary
- Transmitter
 - Attached on a sharing bicycle
- Backscatter
 - Attached to a volunteer





Palantir: Case Study





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Background	Theoretical Model	Challenges	System Design	Evaluation	Conclusion
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20

15

Time (s)

10

Time (s)

Palantir: Conclusion



- Present a first-of-its-kind long-range sensing system based on the LoRa backscatter.
 - Extends the sensing range to 100 m.
 - Applied to both stationary and mobile targets.
- Separate the coupled challenges and design a complete signal processing scheme.
 - Fill the gaps between sensing and communication.
- Evaluate the performance of Palantir by performing comprehensive benchmark experiments.
- Build a prototype and conduct a case study of respiration monitoring.

Thanks for Listening

Backup



Cluster Identification

 The movement between the adjacent sensing units is small

