6754060063_RomainBLANCHOT_QualityReport

May 6, 2025

1 Report: Lab Model Monitoring (delayed flight)

 ${\it Git Repository: https://github.com/LeMarechalDeFer/MLOps_CPE393-LabModelMonitoring}$

Our check with Evidently shows the model behaves very differently once we move from Jan-Jun (reference) to Jul-Dec (current).

Data drift: only the Month column drifted (which is normal—we split the year in two). All other 29 columns look the same, so the feature space itself is stable.

Model quality: numbers get worse. MAE jumps from 0.9 min to 2.4 min and RMSE from 3.9 min to 10.6 min. The dummy baseline now matches the model, meaning our forest brings no real gain in summer/autumn. R^2 is still high $(0.995 \rightarrow 0.971)$ but the big max error (613 min) shows it struggles with outliers.

Take-away: the model trained on the first half-year doesn't transfer well to the second half. We should retrain regularly or add season-related features (weather, holidays, airport load) before using it in production.

1.0.1 Quality Report

[5]: from IPython.display import Image

Image("images/quality_report.png")

[5]:

R2 Score (current) 0.971	R2 Score (reference) 0.995
Absolute Max Error (current) 612.990	Absolute Max Error (reference) 275.460
Dummy Mean Absolute Error 2.422	
Dummy Mean Absolute Percentage Error 3.918	
Dummy RMSE 10.573	

1.0.2 Data Set Drift

```
[6]: Image("images/dataset drift.png")
[6]:
                                                                                Dataset Drift
                                                          Dataset Drift is NOT detected. Dataset drift detection threshold is 0.5
                                       30
                                                                                        1
                                                                                                                                    0.0333
                                     Columns
                                                                                  Drifted Columns
                                                                                                                              Share of Drifted Columns
                                                                                Data Drift Summary
                 Drift is detected for 3.333% of columns (1 out of 30).
                   SecurityDelay
                                                                                                      Not Detected
                                                                                                                                              0.008576
                     WeatherDelay
                                                                                                      Not Detected
                   > Origin_DFW
                                                                                                      Not Detected
                                                                                                                                              0.005811
```

```
[]: import pandas as pd
     import numpy as np
     from sklearn.ensemble import RandomForestRegressor
     from evidently import Report, DataDefinition, Regression, Dataset
     from evidently.metrics import (
         MeanError, MAE, MAPE, RMSE, R2Score,
         AbsMaxError, DummyMAE, DummyMAPE, DummyRMSE
     from evidently.presets import DataDriftPreset
     # 1) Loading
     df = pd.read_csv("DelayedFlights.csv")
     # 2) Basic filtering
     df = df[df["Cancelled"] == 0].copy()
     # 3) Feature engineering
     # 3.1 Extract scheduled departure time
     df["CRSDepHour"] = (df["CRSDepTime"].fillna(0).astype(int) // 100).clip(0,23)
     # 3.2 Difference between announced vs actual flight time
     df["DelayDiff"] = df["ActualElapsedTime"] - df["CRSElapsedTime"]
     # 3.3 Total taxi time
     df["TaxiTotal"] = df["TaxiIn"] + df["TaxiOut"]
```

```
# 3.4 Reduced categorical variables
top_carriers = df["UniqueCarrier"].value_counts().nlargest(5).index
df["CarrierGroup"] = df["UniqueCarrier"].where(df["UniqueCarrier"].
 ⇔isin(top_carriers), "Other")
car_dummies = pd.get_dummies(df["CarrierGroup"], prefix="Carrier")
top_origins = df["Origin"].value_counts().nlargest(10).index
df["OriginGroup"] = df["Origin"].where(df["Origin"].isin(top_origins), "Other")
orig_dummies = pd.get_dummies(df["OriginGroup"], prefix="Origin")
# 3.5 Concatenate and clean
df = pd.concat([df, car_dummies, orig_dummies], axis=1)
# 4) Selection of useful columns + removal of NaN
base features = [
   "Month", "DayOfWeek", "Distance",
    "CarrierDelay", "WeatherDelay", "NASDelay",
    "SecurityDelay", "LateAircraftDelay",
    "CRSDepHour", "DelayDiff", "TaxiTotal"
dummy features = list(car dummies.columns) + list(orig dummies.columns)
all_features = base_features + dummy_features
df_filtered = df[all_features + ["DepDelay"]].dropna()
# 5) Creation of reference / current datasets (months 1-6 vs 7-12)
# We take 20,000 samples if available, otherwise half of the dataset
N = \min(20000, df_filtered.shape[0]//2)
reference data = df filtered[df filtered["Month"] <= 6].sample(N, ___
 →random_state=42)
current data
              = df_filtered[df_filtered["Month"] > 6].sample(N,__
 →random_state=42)
# 6) Model training
model = RandomForestRegressor(n_estimators=100, random_state=42)
model.fit(reference_data[all_features], reference_data["DepDelay"])
# 7) Predictions
reference_data["prediction"] = model.predict(reference_data[all_features])
current_data["prediction"] = model.predict(current_data[all_features])
# 8) Data drift report
drift report = Report(metrics=[DataDriftPreset()])
drift_snapshot = drift_report.run(
   reference data=reference data,
    current_data=current_data
drift_snapshot.save_html("data_drift_report.html")
```

```
print("Data drift report generated: data_drift_report.html")
drift_snapshot
# 9) Model quality report
# 9.1 Target/prediction definition
data_definition = DataDefinition(
    regression=[Regression(target="DepDelay", prediction="prediction")]
ref ds = Dataset.from pandas(reference data, data definition=data definition)
cur_ds = Dataset.from_pandas(current_data, data_definition=data_definition)
# 9.2 Choice of metrics
regression_report = Report(metrics=[
    MeanError(), MAE(), MAPE(), RMSE(), R2Score(),
    AbsMaxError(), DummyMAE(), DummyMAPE(), DummyRMSE()
])
quality_snapshot = regression_report.run(
    reference_data=ref_ds,
    current_data=cur_ds
quality_snapshot.save_html("model_quality_report.html")
print("Model quality report generated: model_quality_report.html")
quality_snapshot
Data drift report generated: data_drift_report.html
```

<evidently.core.report.Snapshot object at 0x7fce41ffe380>

/home/talleyrand/anaconda3/envs/machineLearning/lib/python3.10/sitepackages/sklearn/metrics/_regression.py:1266: UndefinedMetricWarning:

R^2 score is not well-defined with less than two samples.

/home/talleyrand/anaconda3/envs/machineLearning/lib/python3.10/sitepackages/sklearn/metrics/_regression.py:1266: UndefinedMetricWarning:

R^2 score is not well-defined with less than two samples.

/home/talleyrand/anaconda3/envs/machineLearning/lib/python3.10/sitepackages/sklearn/metrics/_regression.py:1266: UndefinedMetricWarning:

 $\ensuremath{\text{R}^2}\xspace$ score is not well-defined with less than two samples.

Model quality report generated: model_quality_report.html <evidently.core.report.Snapshot object at 0x7fce41c5c9d0>