

Cloud security challenge

VPBank Hackathon

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Agenda

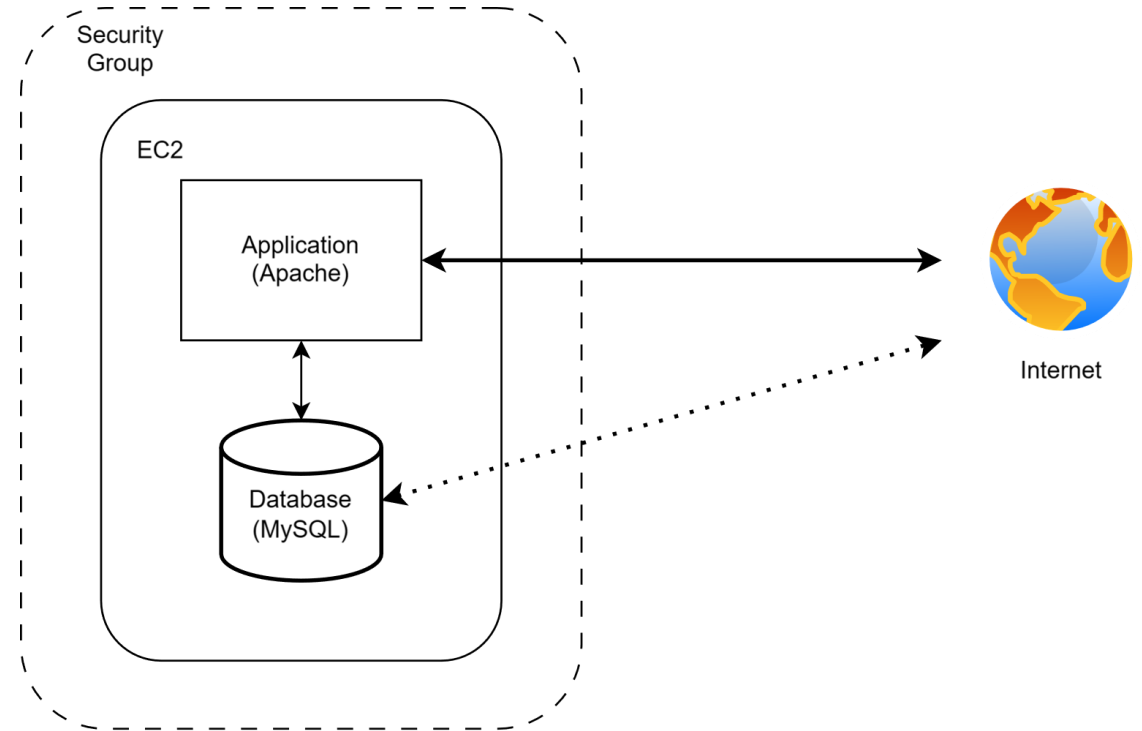
- Secure Cloud Web Application challenge (Threat, Solution, Architecture)
- IaC Solution
- Secure Cloud Web Application Security Solutions
- Demo

Secure Cloud Web Application challenge

- **Application:** Public information board web application with build-in network tool
- **Functions:**
 - Create post public message for other user to read.
 - Create private message for note.
 - Network tools (nslookup, dig, ping)
- **IaC:**
 - Application deploy using Ansible
- **Vulnerability:**
 - SQL injection (Owasp top 10 2021 – A03:2021)
 - Cryptography Failures (Owasp top 10 2021 – A02:2021)
 - Software and data integrity failures (Owasp top 10 2021 – A08:2021)
 - IDOR (Owasp top 10 2021 – A01:2021)
 - Security misconfiguration (Owasp top 10 2021 – A05:2021)
 - Remote Code Execution (Owasp top 10 2021 – A03:2021)

Insecure Web Application Architecture

- **Architecture**
 - Application build with PHP running on Apache server
 - Application using a SQL database to store user(s) login data, and user(s) post(s).
- **Deployment**
 - Web application deployed on a single EC2 machine on AWS with Security group set to allow traffic SSH, HTTP, HTTPS and MySQL



↔ Correct connection

⋯ Misconfig connection

Vulnerabilities

- **Security misconfiguration:** When deploy to AWS, the VM running with misconfigured security group leading to increment of application attack surface.
- **SQL injection:** Application query on the database without validate the user untrusted inputs which cause SQL injection.
- **Cryptography Failures:** Application encrypt user password and store its inside database but using a weak algorithm like md4, md5 which is easy to crack.
- **Software and data integrity failures :** Application failure to validate the source of interaction to the app, making its possible for user to create data on different user account.
- **IDOR:** When handle information request, application failed to validate whether the request is from correct user which lead to user can read data of other user
- **Remote code execution:** Application used “Shell_exec” function in php without filter input which leads to attack be able to execute code on the server, even able to create a web shell.

Solutions to vulnerability in the web application

| Function | Vulnerability | Solution | Reference |
|--------------|---|---|--|
| Login | SQL injection | Validate user input and escape, filter out dangerous input | A03 Injection - OWASP Top 10:2021 |
| User ID | Cryptography Failure | Use new and robust cryptographic algorithm | A02 Cryptographic Failures - OWASP Top 10:2021 |
| Create post | Software and data integrity failures | Validate the source of the data before accept it into the system | A08 Software and Data Integrity Failures - OWASP Top 10:2021 |
| Read post | Insecure direct object reference (IDOR) | Validating request that access user data to make sure user can only read what it available to them | A01 Broken Access Control - OWASP Top 10:2021 |
| Network tool | Remote Code Execution | Validate user input and escape, filter out dangerous input. | A03 Injection - OWASP Top 10:2021 |
| | Security misconfiguration | There is no automated solutions to mitigate or prevent security misconfiguration. There can only code review and rigid checking procedure of code can mitigate this vulnerable. | A05 Security Misconfiguration - OWASP Top 10:2021 |

Security solutions to defend web application

- Security misconfiguration

```
1  version: "3.8"
2  services:
3    db:
4      container_name: Webapp-DB
5      build: ./database
6      command: --default-authentication-plugin=mysql_native_password
7      restart: unless-stopped
8      ports:
9        - 3306:3306
10     environment:
11       - MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=1
12   web:
13     container_name: Webapp-Web
14     build: ./Webapp
15     restart: unless-stopped
16     ports:
17       - 80:80
18     volumes:
19       - ./Webapp/web:/var/www/html
20     environment:
21       - MYSQL_HOSTNAME=db
22       - MYSQL_DATABASE=appdatabase
23       - MYSQL_USER=admin
24       - MYSQL_PASSWORD=Password@123
```

Before: Unnecessary port of database was exposed. This port can be detect give NMAP giving threat actor insight to the system

```
1  version: "3.8"
2  services:
3    db:
4      container_name: Webapp-DB
5      build: ./database
6      command: --default-authentication-plugin=mysql_native_password
7      restart: unless-stopped
8      environment:
9        - MYSQL_ROOT_PASSWORD=1
10   web:
11     container_name: Webapp-Web
12     build: ./Webapp
13     restart: unless-stopped
14     ports:
15       - 80:80
16     volumes:
17       - ./Webapp/web:/var/www/html
18     environment:
19       - MYSQL_HOSTNAME=db
20       - MYSQL_DATABASE=appdatabase
21       - MYSQL_USER=admin
22       - MYSQL_PASSWORD=Password@123
```

After: Remove unnecessary port

Security solutions to defend web application

- SQL injection

```
case "login":
    try {
        $database = create_database_connection();
        $username = isset($_POST["username"]) ? $_POST["username"] : '';
        $password = isset($_POST["password"]) ? $_POST["password"] : '';
        $sql = "SELECT user_id, username, password FROM users WHERE username='$username' AND password='$password' ORDER BY user_id DESC LIMIT 1";
        $db_result = $database->query($sql);
        if ($db_result && $db_result->num_rows > 0) {
            $row = $db_result->fetch_assoc();
            $_SESSION['user_id'] = $row['user_id'];
            header("Location: /wall.php");
            exit;
        } else {
            echo "Incorrect username or password";
        }
    } catch (mysqli_sql_exception $e) {
        echo "An error occurred: " . $e->getMessage();
    }
    die();
// ' OR '1'='1
```

Before: No user input validation

```
try {
    $database = create_database_connection();
    $username = isset($_POST["username"]) ?
    mysqli_real_escape_string($database, $_POST["username"])
    : '';
    $password = isset($_POST["password"]) ?
    mysqli_real_escape_string($database, $_POST["password"])
    : '';
    $sql = "SELECT user_id, username, password FROM users WHERE username='$username' AND password='$password' ORDER BY user_id DESC LIMIT 1";
    $db_result = $database->query($sql);
    if ($db_result && $db_result->num_rows > 0) {
        $row = $db_result->fetch_assoc();
        $_SESSION['user_id'] = $row['user_id'];
        header("Location: /wall.php");
        exit;
    } else {
        echo "Incorrect username or password";
    }
} catch (mysqli_sql_exception $e) {
    echo "An error occurred: " . $e->getMessage();
}
die();
```

After: Using `mysqli_real_escape_string` to filter out all special character from the input to block SQL injection attack

Security solutions to defend web application

- **Cryptography Failures**

```
case "register":
    $res = select_one(
        "SELECT username FROM users WHERE username = ?",
        $_POST['username']
    );
    if ($res) {
        header('Refresh:2; url=index.php');
        echo "Sorry this username already registered";
    } else {
        // $password = md5($_POST['password']);
        exec_query(
            "INSERT INTO users (user_id, username, password) VALUES (?, ?, ?)",
            md5($_POST['username']),
            $_POST['username'],
            // $password
            $_POST['password']
        );
        header('Refresh:2; url=index.php');
        echo "Registered successfully";
    }
    die();
```

Before: User ID created by hashing username with md5 (weak crypto algorithm)

```
case "register":
    $res = select_one(
        "SELECT username FROM users WHERE username = ?",
        $_POST['username']
    );
    if ($res) {
        header('Refresh:2; url=index.php');
        echo "Sorry this username already registered";
    } else {
        // $password = md5($_POST['password']);
        exec_query(
            "INSERT INTO users (user_id, username, password) VALUES (?, ?, ?)",
            //md5($_POST['username']),
            hash('sha512', $_POST['username']),
            $_POST['username'],
            // $password
            $_POST['password']
        );
        header('Refresh:2; url=index.php');
        echo "Registered successfully";
    }
    die();
```

After: Hashing using SHA512 algorithm

Security solutions to defend web application

- **Software and data integrity failures**

| Request | Response |
|--|---|
| <pre> Pretty Raw Hex 1 POST /post.php?action=create&user_id=050f5bcd4621d373cade4e89262704f6 HTTP/1.1 2 Host: localhost 3 Content-Length: 24 4 Cache-Control: no-cache=0 5 sec-ch-ua: "Not(A)Brand";v="24", "Chromium";v="122" 6 sec-ch-ua-mobile: ?0 7 sec-ch-ua-platform: "Linux" 8 Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1 9 Origin: http://localhost:8084 10 Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded 11 User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/122.0.6261.112 Safari/537.36 12 Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,* /*;q=0.8,application/signed-exchange;v=b3;q=0.7 13 Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin 14 Sec-Fetch-Mode: navigate 15 Sec-Fetch-User: ?1 16 Sec-Fetch-Dest: document 17 Referer: http://localhost:6814/wall.php 18 Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br 19 Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9 20 Cookie: sessionID=mkaw eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IzcwZXNpdj9yZWJhZGkiOiJhZGZlbiJ9.RBPTx5c W-A8G6bjaUOS100Mj9p9wBdLoZr9rM8H4; cookieconsent_status=dismiss; language=en; welcomebanner_status=dismiss; continueCode= Znc5wvWpJydyfW4rC8ouW5Znc4c1TOTXltHwDrQvUk1Vh077EBnz; PWFSESSID= e0f7d515145faa984d89294880ca35 21 Connection: close 22 23 content=testing&public=1 </pre> | <pre> Pretty Raw Hex Render 1 HTTP/1.1 200 OK 2 Date: Sat, 18 May 2024 16:27:57 GMT 3 Server: Apache/2.4.36 (Debian) 4 X-Powered-By: PHP/7.2.34 5 Expires: Thu, 19 Nov 1981 08:52:00 GMT 6 Cache-Control: no-store, no-cache, must-revalidate 7 Pragma: no-cache 8 Refresh: 2; url=wall.php 9 Content-Length: 14 10 Connection: close 11 Content-Type: application/json 12 13 {"post_created": </pre> |

Before: By adding other user_id in the request, its possible to create post credited to other user

The screenshot displays the Burp Suite interface with two panels visible at the bottom.

Request Panel:

- Method: POST
- URL: http://localhost/post.php?action=create&user_id=909f8bcd4621d373cade4e832627bf6b3
- Host: localhost
- Content-Length: 18
- Cache-Control: max-age=0
- sec-ch-ua: "Not(A|Brand";v="24", "Chromium";v="122"
- sec-ch-ua-mobile: ?0
- sec-ch-ua-platform: "Linux"
- Upgrade-Insecure-Requests: 1
- Origin: http://localhost
- Content-Type: application/x-www-form-urlencoded
- User-Agent: Mozilla/5.0 (Windows NT 10.0; Win64; x64) AppleWebKit/537.36 (KHTML, like Gecko) Chrome/122.0.6261.112 Safari/537.36
- Accept: text/html,application/xhtml+xml,application/xml;q=0.9,image/avif,image/webp,image/apng,*/*;q=0.8,application/signed-exchange;v=b3;q=0.7
- Sec-Fetch-Site: same-origin
- Sec-Fetch-Mode: navigate
- Sec-Fetch-User: ?1
- Sec-Fetch-Dest: document
- Referer: http://localhost/wall.php
- Accept-Encoding: gzip, deflate, br
- Accept-Language: en-US,en;q=0.9
- Cookies: sessionID=sakweyJhbGwibGZjZWUzMTI2MjAsbmVudGljbGZpcmlBSPxvcW-AgSSoBAjUGSIOmYpSBnBLNEdZrPMH4; cookieconsent_status=dismiss; language=en; veLcodannerstatusidmiss; continueCode=zNeSw2rnWpLjdvsfhnt8QunW5EZKcTlOTXtNM9g9qVK1ahP7PB8xz; PHPSESSID=e9ffdb513d45faa8da4b82948bdca35

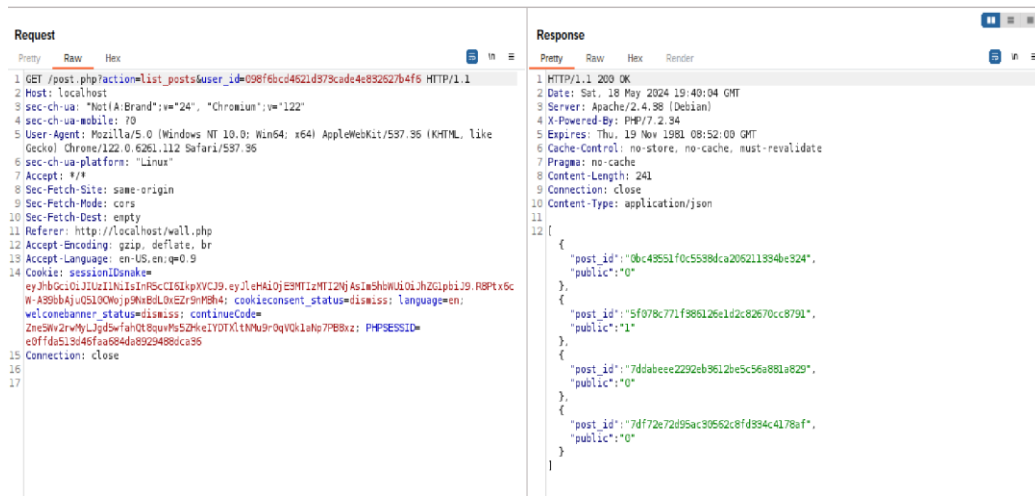
Response Panel:

- Status: 200 OK
- Date: Sat, 18 May 2024 19:36:39 GMT
- Server: Apache/2.4.38 (Debian)
- X-Powered-By: PHP/7.2.34
- Expires: Thu, 19 Nov 1981 08:52:00 GMT
- Cache-Control: no-store, no-cache, must-revalidate
- Pragma: no-cache
- Content-Length: 18
- Connection: close
- Content-Type: application/json
- Body: {"User ID mismatch"}

After: Checking session ID along side with user_id in the request to make sure request created by the correct user

Security solutions to defend web application

- IDOR

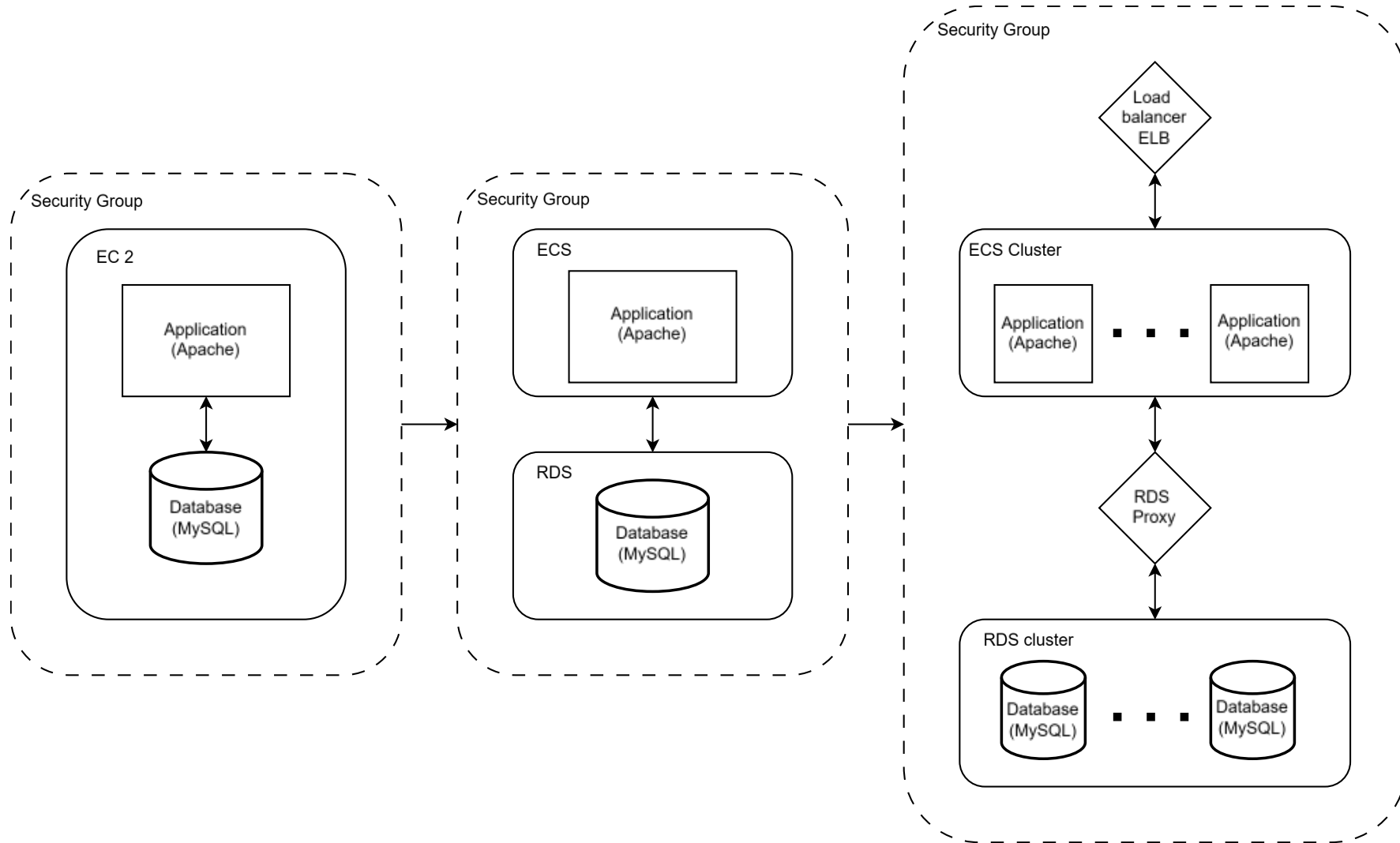


Before: By adding other `user_id` in the request, its possible to view id of all post created by other user

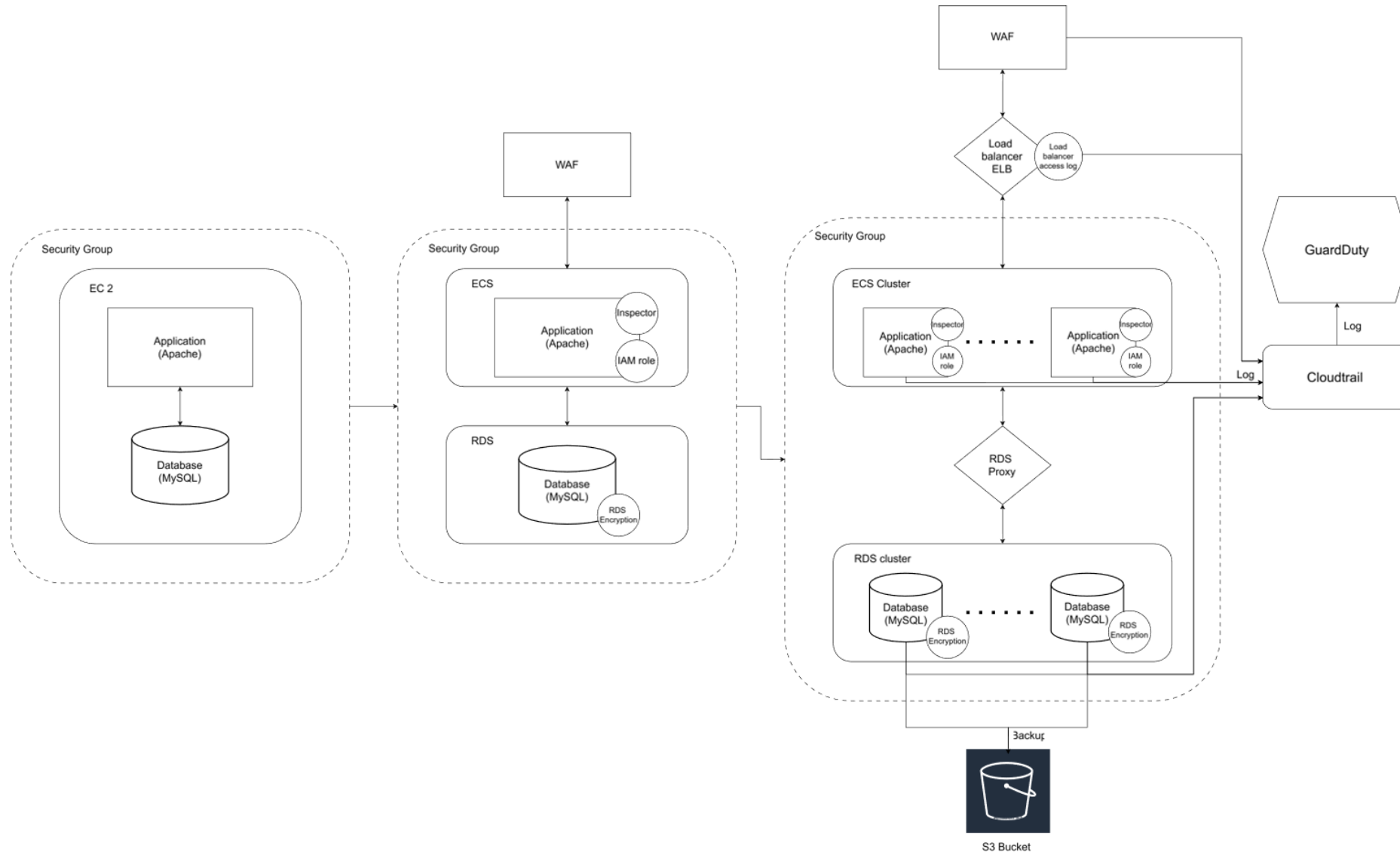
```
if ($SESSION['user_id'] == $user_id) {  
    $post = select_one(  
        'SELECT content, public, author_id FROM posts  
        WHERE post_id = ? AND (public = 1 OR author_id = ?)',  
        $GET['id'],  
        $user_id  
    );  
    if ($post)  
        echo json_encode($post);  
    else  
        echo json_encode("Not Found");  
} else {  
    echo json_encode('User ID mismatch');  
}  
break;
```

After: Checking session ID along side with `user_id` in the request to make sure user can only view their own post or other people public post.

Secure web Application Architecture



Secure web Application Architecture



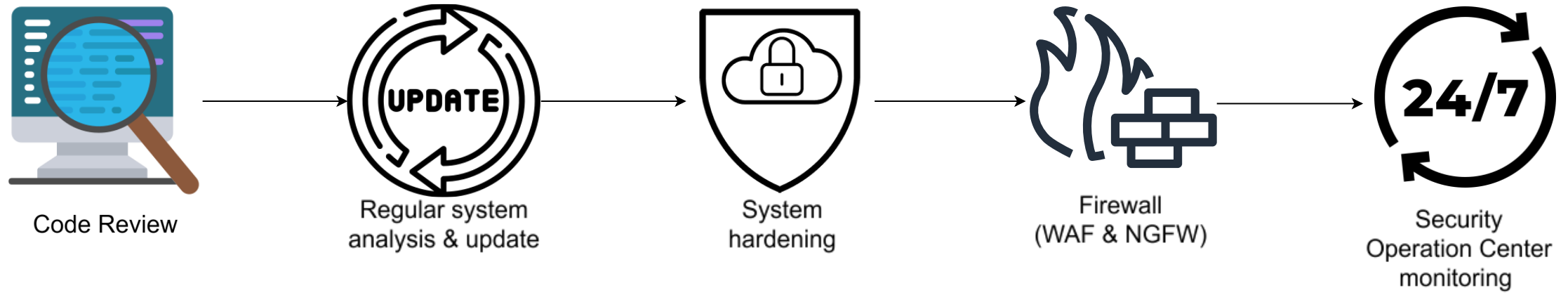
IaC Solution

Application deploy using Ansible which streamline the deployment process and increase the consistency when a application is deploy on large number of systems.



ANSIBLE

Security solutions to defend web application with a reasonable cost



Security solutions to defend web application with a reasonable cost

- There is no absolute security solution to protect against all the cybersecurity threats. There will always be vulnerabilities in any system so people is moving from vulnerabilities prevention to vulnerabilities resistance. So instead of trying to find and patch **ALL** the vulnerabilities, now its it about quickly patched up any newly discorvered vulnerabilities and finding way to reduce and mitigate risk to the system.
- Further more, security is also heavily dependant on criticality and budget to the application so **there is no one size fit all** security solution. Each application, company with there own characters require different thing in security.

Demo

Appendix: Example of Paid/Opensource solutions

| Solutions | AWS native | Paid | Opensource |
|------------|--|---|---|
| Monitoring | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- AWS Control Tower- Cloudtrail- X-ray | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Splunk- IBM Qradar | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Wazuh- Security Onion- Utmstack |
| WAF | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- AWS WAF | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Cloudflare WAF- Imperva cloud WAF | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Mod Security- Open-appsec |
| FW | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- AWS Network Firewall- Security Group | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Palo Alto NGFW- Fortinet NGFW | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- OPNsense- pfSense |
| KMS | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- AWS KMS | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- IBM Security Guardium- Doppler Secrets Management Platform | <ul style="list-style-type: none">- Hashicorp Vault- Openstack KeyManager |

Thank you for listening

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