# La collection PSNFSS\* Utilisation de polices PostScript courantes avec LATEX

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<sup>\*</sup>Ce fichier a pour numéro de version 9.2 et a été mis à jour le 15/09/2004. Son titre original est «  $Using\ common\ PostScript\ fonts\ with\ L^nTEX$  ».

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## 1 Qu'est ce que PSNFSS?

**★**The PSNFSS collection includes a set of files that provide a complete working setup of the LATEX font selection scheme (NFSS2) for use with common PostScript fonts. It covers the so-called 'Base 35' fonts (which are built into any Level 2 PostScript printing device and the Ghostscript interpreter) and a number of free fonts.

## 2 Package overview

The easiest way to make use of the above-mentioned typefaces is to completely replace one or more of the font families used by LATEX as 'roman', 'sans serif' and 'typewriter' family and for math. This is accomplished by the packages listed in table 1. Its first row lists the default (Computer Modern) font families. An empty column indicates that a package does not change the particular font family. Some of these packages need more detailed explanation and are described in the below sections 4, 5 and 6.

The PSNFSS distribution includes also a package pifont, which serves for accessing symbol fonts (aka 'Pi fonts'), such as Symbol and Zapf Dingbats, see section 7.

TABLE 1 – Packages for using common PostScript fonts

package	roman	sans serif	typewriter	formulas
(none)	CM Roman	CM Sans Serif	CM Typewriter	≈ CM Roman
mathpazo	Palatino			≈ Palatino
mathptmx	Times			≈ Times
helvet		Helvetica		
avant		Avant Garde		
courier			Courier	
chancery	Zapf Chan- cery			
bookman	Bookman	Avant Garde	Courier	
newcent	New Century Schoolbook	Avant Garde	Courier	
charter	Charter			

## 3 Special considerations

### 3.1 Output font encoding

None of the packages listed in table 1 changes the output font encoding from its default setting OT1. It is, however, highly recommended to use the fonts with the extended T1 and TS1 (text symbols) encodings by means of the commands:

```
\usepackage[T1] {fontenc}
\usepackage{textcomp}
```

When using PostScript fonts that come from 'outside the TEX world', there is no reason at all to stay with the obsolete OT1 encoding, which would not provide access to all available glyphs. However, since these fonts were not particularly designed for use with TEX, they do *not* include all of the text companion (TS1) symbols.

#### 3.2 Euro support

From PSNFSS version 9.1 on, all supported text font families, with the exception of put (Utopia), provide a built-in Euro symbol \texteuro. Using this command requires the textcomp package; see above.

#### 3.3 Inter-line spacing

With certain font families, the leading of the standard LATEX document classes may be too small. This results from the larger x-height of these typefaces, as compared with Computer Modern. Since it is a question of document design and line width, the packages of the PSNFSS bundle do *not* take care of this. Issuing the command

```
\linespread \{\langle factor \rangle\}
```

in the preamble will globally enlarge the leading by the given factor. Typical values for  $\langle factor \rangle$  are in the range of 1.04...1.1.

#### 3.4 Using sans serif fonts

The packages helvet and avant do not change the default text font family from 'roman'. If required, the additional command

```
\renewcommand{\familydefault}{\sfdefault}
```

makes LATEX use the sans serif font family (Helvetica or Avant Garde) as the default one in text mode. Notice, however, that this does not change the fonts used in the formulas!

## 4 The package helvet

Helvetica is actually somewhat larger than other typefaces of the same nominal size. As a result, mixing, e.g., Times and Helvetica within running text may look bad.

```
[scaled=\langle scale \rangle] [scaled]
```

This can be fixed by loading the package with the option [scaled= $\langle scale \rangle$ ], for instance : \usepackage[scaled=.92]{helvet}. As a result, the font family phv (Helvetica) will be scaled down to 92% of its 'natural' size, which is suitable for use with Adobe Times. Specifying [scaled] alone is equivalent to [scaled=0.95].

## 5 The package mathpazo

Loading this package changes the default roman font family to Adobe Palatino, and the virtual 'mathpazo' fonts will be used for math. These virtual fonts are made up

basically from Palatino Italic, with the missing math symbols coming from the CM and Pazo math fonts.

#### **Package options 5.1**

By default, the package mathpazo uses the typeface family ppl as the roman text font family. The option [sc] selects Palatino with real smallcaps (family pplx) insread. Correspondingly, the option [osf] selects Palatino with smallcaps and default oldstyle figures (family pplj). Of course, oldstyle figures will be used only in text mode, as opposed to formulas. Using either option is strongly recommended: Beside the real smallcaps, the font families pplx and pplj show further improvements over ppl: Increased word space, enhanced kerning tables, additional 'dotlessj' glyph.

New feature 2004-09-15

[slantedGreek]

When the package is loaded with the [slantedGreek] option, uppercase Greek letters in math will be italic by default.

This option disables the use of the Pazo fonts as a partial \mathbb alphabet - see below. The option should be specified, if you want to use a different 'blackboard bold' font.

#### **5.2** New commands

\upGamma, \upDelta... \upOmega

Regardless of the slantedGreek option, these commands always yield upright New feature uppercase Greek letters. Upright lowercase Greek is, however, not available.

2004-09-15 v9.2

\mathbold is a math alphabet for typesetting variables (incl. Greek) in a bold

*italic* style. Do not mix this up with \mathbf, which selects a **bold upright** text font for use in math!

\mathbb is a 'blackboard bold' alphabet, whose characters are taken from the Pazo fonts. All upper case letters and the numeral '1' are available. If you want to use a different, external, doublestroke alphabet, load the package mathpazo with the package option [noBBpp1], see above.

#### 5.3 Font size of the 'large' math symbols

With mathpazo, the 'large' math symbols are automatically scaled to fit the base font size. In contrast to standard LATEX you need not load the package exscale for this purpose!

#### **5.4** Known problems

In contrast to the standard CM fonts, the virtual mathpazo fonts do not provide any Greek letters in the math alphabet \mathrm. Applying this math alphabet command to Greek letters will result in garbage output.

## **6** The package mathptmx

Loading this package changes the default roman font family to Times, and the virtual 'mathptmx' fonts will be used for math. These virtual fonts are made up basically from Times Italic, with the missing math symbols coming from CM, RSFS (for \mathcal) and Adobe Symbol.

### **6.1 Package options**

[slantedGreek]

When the package is loaded with this option, uppercase Greek letters in math will be italic by default.

#### **6.2** New commands

\upGamma, \upDelta... \upOmega

Regardless of the slantedGreek option, these commands always yield upright New feature

New feature 2004-09-15 v9.2

uppercase Greek letters. Upright lowercase Greek is, however, not available.

#### 6.3 Font size of the 'large' math symbols

With mathptmx, the 'large' math symbols are automatically scaled to fit the base font size. In contrast to standard LATEX you need not load the package exscale for this purpose!

#### 6.4 Known bugs and deficiencies

- There are no bold math fonts, and \boldmath has no effect. Use of the package bm in conjunction with mathptmx is not recommended.
- The symbols \jmath, \coprod and \amalg are not available.

## 7 The package pifont

Using symbol fonts is supported by means of the pifont package, providing commands for using the Zapf Dingbats font, as well as an interface to other families. <sup>1</sup>

#### 7.1 Commands for using Zapf Dingbats

```
\langle number \rangle
```

A given character can be chosen via the  $\backslash ding$  command. Its parameter is an integer that specifies the character to be typeset. For example,  $\backslash ding\{38\}$  gives  $\mathbb{C}$ ; see table 2 on page 9.

```
\begin{dinglist} {\( number \) \\ \begin{dingautolist} \( \( number \) \\ \)
```

The dinglist environment is a special itemized list. The argument specifies the number of the character to be used as the beginning of each item. For example,

```
\begin{dinglist}{43}
  \item The first item in the list
  \item The second item in the list
  \item The third item in the list
\end{dinglist}
```

<sup>1.</sup> This section was adopted, with minor changes, from [1], 1st ed.

prints

- The first item in the list
- The second item in the list
- The third item in the list

There also exists an environment dingautolist, which allows you to build an enumerated list with a set of Zapf Dingbats characters. In this case, the argument specifies the number of the first character in the list. Subsequent items will be numbered with the character following the previous one. E.g.,

```
\begin{dingautolist}{192}
  \item The first item
  \item The second item
  \item The third item
\end{dingautolist}
```

#### prints

- ① The first item
- ② The second item
- 3 The third item

```
\dingfill \{\langle number \rangle\}
\dingline \{\langle number \rangle\}
```

\dingline generates a freestanding line filled with the given symbol, with a little space on the left and right :

```
*****
```

#### 7.2 Generic commands

The pifont package has a general mechanism for coping with Pi fonts. It provides the following generic commands with, in each case, the first argument  $\langle family \rangle$  specifying the name of the Pi font family in question (such as psy for the Symbol font, and pzd for the Zapf Dingbats font, see table 3 on page 11). If indicated, a second argument  $\langle number \rangle$  specifies the decimal position of a symbol in that font.

```
\Pifont \{\langle family \rangle\}
```

This switches to the font family  $\langle family \rangle$  and the encoding U.

TABLE 2 – The characters in the PostScript font Zapf Dingbats

32		33	<b>&gt;</b> -	34	*	35	<u>پ</u>	36	*	37	合	38	<b>(</b> )	39	<b>&amp;</b>
40	<b>+</b>	41	$\square$	42		43	rs	44	₩	45	L	46	<b>(a)</b>	47	<b>(</b>
48	0	49	c⊛	50	•◊•	51	1	52	~	53	X	54	×	55	Х
56	X	57	+	58	+	59	+	60	*	61	†	62	Ť	63	Ť
64	Ð	65	\$	66	+	67	4.	68	*	69	<b></b>	70	+	71	<b></b>
72	*	73	☆	74	٥	75	*	76	*	77	*	78	兪	79	*
80	公	81	*	82	*	83	*	84	*	85	*	86	*	87	*
88	*	89	*	90	*	91	*	92	*	93	*	94	*	95	*
96	*	97	*	98	٥	99	*	100	*	101	*	102	*	103	*
104	*	105	*	106	*	107	*	108	•	109	0	110		111	
112		113		114		115	<b>A</b>	116	•	117	<b>♦</b>	118	*	119	•
120	I	121	I	122		123	6	124	9	125	66	126	99		
		161	Ţ	162	:	163	Ť	164	*	165	>	166	Ť	167	è <b>a</b>
168	*	169	<b>*</b>	170	٧	171	<b>★</b>	172	1	173	2	174	3	175	4
176	<b>5</b>	177	6	178	7	179	8	180	9	181	10	182	0	183	<b>2</b>
184	•	185	4	186	6	187	6	188	0	189	0	190	9	191	0
192	1	193	2	194	3	195	4	196	(5)	197	6	198	7	199	8
200	9	201	10	202	0	203	0	204	0	205	4	206	6	207	0
208	0	209	8	210	0	211	0	212	<b>→</b>	213	$\rightarrow$	214	$\leftrightarrow$	215	<b>‡</b>
216	*	217	<b>→</b>	218	×	219	-	220	<b>→</b>	221	$\rightarrow$	222	$\rightarrow$	223	
224		225	<b>→</b>	226	>	227	>	228	>	229	<b>\</b>	230	<b>&gt;</b>	231	•
232	•	233	<>	234	ಧ>	235	<i>⇒</i>	236	≎	237	⇨	238	ightharpoons	239	$\Rightarrow$
		241	$\Rightarrow$	242	$\supset$	243	>	244	*	245	<b>&gt;</b> +	246	47	247	*,
248	<b>&gt;</b> →	249	*	250	->	251	•>	252	<b>&gt;</b>	253	<b>&gt;</b>	254	⇒		

\Pisymbol  $\{\langle family \rangle\}$   $\{\langle number \rangle\}$ 

This command typesets the specified symbol (compare this with the \ding command).

```
\begin{Pilist} \{\langle family \rangle\} \{\langle number \rangle\} \begin{Piautolist} \{\langle family \rangle\} \{\langle number \rangle\}
```

In the Pilist environment the specified symbol is used in front of each item in an itemized list (compare with the dinglist environment).

Piautolist is an environment where a series of symbols starting with the one at the decimal position  $\langle number \rangle$  in font family  $\langle family \rangle$  is used to number the items in an enumerated list (compare with the dingautolist environment).

```
\label{eq:pifill of the pifill of the pifi
```

\Pifill acts like the other filling commands in TEX, but fills the space with a chosen symbol (compare with \dingfill).

\Piline typesets a line consisting of several copies of the specified symbol, with some space at the left and right (compare with \dingline).

#### 8 NFSS classification

Table 3 on the following page lists all text and symbol font shapes supported by the basic PSNFSS distribution, and the related PostScript fonts. With the exception of Charter and Utopia, these fonts are commercial products. Therefore, most TEX systems include free substitutes instead.

New description 2004-09-15 v9.2

Available encodings are OT1, T1 and TS1, except for Symbol and Zapf Dingbats, which are implemented with encoding U. See [2] for how to access a given font shape directly.

Only the font families pplx and pplj provide true small capitals (and only in the regular series). With the other families the shape 'sc' refers to so-called 'faked' small capitals, whose typographical quality is – at least – questionable.

The math font families loaded by the mathptm, mathptmx, mathpazo and mathpple packages are not listed here. See the documented source file psfonts.dtx for information on this topic.

## 9 Obsolete packages

The macro packages listed in table 4 on page 12 should be considered as obsolete. They are provided for compatibility with existing documents only.

#### 9.1 The packages times and palatino

These packages do not load suitable math fonts, and they do not scale the Helvetica fonts appropriately to match Times and Palatino – see section 4. Use mathptmx or mathpazo in conjunction with helvet and courier instead!

In case you need to load Times or Palatino *without* the related math fonts of the PSNFSS bundle, you can still use the basic NFSS commands. For instance,

```
\renewcommand{\rmdefault}{ptm}
```

changes only the default roman font family to ptm, i.e. Times.

Table 3 – Font shapes supported by the basic PSNFSS distribution

family	series	shape(s)	PostScript font names
			Avant Garde
pag	m	n, sl, sc	AvantGarde-Book, AvantGarde-BookOblique
pag	b	n, sl, sc	AvantGarde-Demi, AvantGarde-DemiOblique
			Bookman
pbk	1	n, sl, it, sc	Bookman-Light, Bookman-LightItalic
pbk	db	n, sl, it, sc	Bookman-Demi, Bookman-DemiItalic
			Charter
bch	m	n, sl, it, sc	CharterBT-Roman, CharterBT-Italic
bch	b	n, sl, it, sc	CharterBT-Bold, CharterBT-BoldItalic
	•		Courier
pcr	m	n, sl, sc	Courier, CourierOblique
pcr	b	n, sl, sc	Courier-Bold, Courier-BoldOblique
		I	Helvetica
phv	m	n, sl, sc	Helvetica, Helvetica-Oblique
phv	b	n, sl, sc	Helvetica-Bold, Helvetica-BoldOblique
phv	mc	n, sl, sc	Helvetica-Narrow, Helvetica-Narrow-Oblique
phv	bc	n, sl, sc	Helvetica-Narrow-Bold,
•			Helvetica-Narrow-BoldOblique
	1		New Century Schoolbook
pnc	m	n, sl, it, sc	NewCenturySchlbk-Roman, NewCenturySchlbk-Italic
pnc	b	n, sl, it, sc	NewCenturySchlbk-Bold,
•			NewCenturySchlbk-BoldItalic
	1		Palatino
ppl	m	n, sl, it, sc	Palatino-Roman, Palatino-Italic
ppl	b	n, sl, it, sc	Palatino-Bold, Palatino-BoldItalic
pplx	m	n, it, sc	Palatino-Roman, Palatino-Italic, Palatino-SC
pplx	b	n, it	Palatino-Bold, Palatino-BoldItalic
pplj	m	n, it, sc	Palatino-Roman, Palatino-SC, Palatino-Italic,
			Palatino-ItalicOsF
pplj	b	n, it	Palatino-Bold, Palatino-BoldOsF, Palatino-BoldItalic,
			Palatino-BoldItalicOsF
			Times
ptm	m	n, sl, it, sc	Times-Roman, Times-Italic
ptm	b	n, sl, it, sc	Times-Bold, Times-BoldItalic
			Zapf Chancery
pzc	mb	it	ZapfChancery-MediumItalic
*	1	<u> </u>	Utopia
put	m	n, sl, it, sc	Utopia-Regular, Utopia-Italic
put	b	n, sl, it, sc	Utopia-Bold, Utopia-BoldItalic
1		, , , , , , , ,	Symbol
psy	m	n	Symbol 11
Pol	111	**	- 11
nzd	m	n	Zapf Dingbats ZapfDingbats
pzd	m	n	LapiDiliguais

TABLE 4 – Obsolete packages in the PSNFSS collection

package	roman	sans serif	typewriter	math
times	Times	Helvetica	Courier	
palatino	Palatino	Helvetica	Courier	
mathptm	Times			≈ Times
mathpple	Palatino			≈ Palatino
utopia	Utopia			

### 9.2 The package mathptm

The package mathptm is a predecessor to mathptmx. In contrast to the latter and to IATEX's standard behavior, lowercase Greek in math is typeset upright. Zapf Chancery is used as the calligraphic math alphabet, which causes some problems with proper spacing. mathptm needs the font cmex9, which may not be available in Type 1 format.

#### 9.3 The package mathpple

mathpple is a predecessor to mathpazo, using also a set of virtual math fonts to go with Palatino. The Greek alphabet is, however, taken from the Euler fonts (which get slanted), rather than from the Pazo fonts. The package mathpple does not support the Palatino SC/OsF fonts, and there is no 'blackboard bold' math alphabet. Further flaws are :

- The spacing within numbers and function names in formulas is somewhat too loose.
- The \coprod symbol is missing.
- There are no bold variants of \partial and \infty.
- \jmath is taken from the CM math italic font, which does not blend well with Palatino.
- DVI viewers may exhibit problems as to rendering of the artificially slanted Greek letters.

The newer mathpazo package can be considered as superior; yet you may still use mathpple, if you prefer the shape of its Greek letters.

#### 9.4 The package utopia

Use of the utopia package is no longer recommended, because the newer package fourier provides a basically improved interface to the Utopia typeface and loads

suitable math fonts, too. Notice that this package does *not* belong to the PSNFSS collection!

Furthermore, the LATEX3 team does no longer regard the Utopia fonts as a *required* component of LATEX, because their license does not comply with the strict guidelines of the FSF.

## 10 Typeface samples

The following samples show the regular font of each typeface family supported by PSNFSS. The particular font size and baselineskip is indicated below the font name. Notice that Helvetica is scaled to 92 % of the nominal size.

Tin	nes
10/	12pt

The sun was just rising as Dr. Robert entered his wife's room. An orange glow, and against it the jagged silhouette of the mountains. Then suddenly a dazzling sickle of incandescence between two peaks. The sickle became a half circle and the first long shadows, the first shafts of golden light crossed the garden outside the window. And when one looked up again at the mountains there was the whole unbearable glory of the risen sun.

#### Palatino 10/12.4pt

The sun was just rising as Dr. Robert entered his wife's room. An orange glow, and against it the jagged silhouette of the mountains. Then suddenly a dazzling sickle of incandescence between two peaks. The sickle became a half circle and the first long shadows, the first shafts of golden light crossed the garden outside the window. And when one looked up again at the mountains there was the whole unbearable glory of the risen sun.

## Bookman 9.6/11.5pt

The sun was just rising as Dr. Robert entered his wife's room. An orange glow, and against it the jagged silhouette of the mountains. Then suddenly a dazzling sickle of incandescence between two peaks. The sickle became a half circle and the first long shadows, the first shafts of golden light crossed the garden outside the window. And when one looked up again at the mountains there was the whole unbearable glory of the risen sun.

# Charter 10/12.4pt

The sun was just rising as Dr. Robert entered his wife's room. An orange glow, and against it the jagged silhouette of the mountains. Then suddenly a dazzling sickle of incandescence between two peaks. The sickle became a half circle and the first long shadows, the first shafts of golden light crossed the garden outside the window. And when one looked up again at the mountains there was the whole unbearable glory of the risen sun.

New Century School- book 9.6/12pt	The sun was just rising as Dr. Robert entered his wife's room. An orange glow, and against it the jagged silhouette of the mountains. Then suddenly a dazzling sickle of incandescence between two peaks. The sickle became a half circle and the first long shadows, the first shafts of golden light crossed the garden outside the window. And when one looked up again at the mountains there was the whole unbearable glory of the risen sun.
Helvetica 10/12pt	The sun was just rising as Dr. Robert entered his wife's room. An orange glow, and against it the jagged silhouette of the mountains. Then suddenly a dazzling sickle of incandescence between two peaks. The sickle became a half circle and the first long shadows, the first shafts of golden light crossed the garden outside the window. And when one looked up again at the mountains there was the whole unbearable glory of the risen sun.
Avant- Garde 9.6pt	Don't use Avant Garde for typesetting larger portions of text!
Courier 10/12pt	A monospaced typeface, suitable for typesetting filenames, URLs etc.
Zapf Chancery 14.4pt	To Hermann Zapf – whose strokes are the best.

## **Credits**

The PSNFSS system was originally developed by Sebastian Rahtz.

The virtual mathptm and mathptmx fonts and the related packages were created by Alan Jeffrey, Sebastian Rathz and Ulrik Vieth.

The mathpple package and its virtual fonts are based on earlier work by Aloysius Helminck. Special thanks to Daniel Schlieper without whose initiative the package would not have been developed.

The Pazo math fonts and the related virtual fonts were created by Diego Puga.

## Références

[1] Frank Mittelbach et al. : *The LaTeX Companion*. 2nd edition. Addison Wesley, 2004.

[2] LATEX3 Project Team (Ed.): LaTeX2e font selection.
CTAN: macros/latex/doc/fntguide.pdf
(Part of the LATEX online documentation)