L'extension showkeys*

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Ce fichier est maintenu par l'équipe du « L'AT_EX Project ». Les rapports d'anomalie peuvent être envoyés en anglais à http://latex-project.org/bugs.html (catégorie tools).

1 Introduction

sec:intro

*showkeys.sty modifies the \label, \ref, \pageref, \cite, and \bibitem commands so that the 'internal' key is printed. The package tries hard to position these labels so that the formatting of the rest of the document is unchanged. \label and \bibitem cause the key to appear in a box either in the margin, or in a TeX box of zero width, which may possibly over-print other text. The \ref, \pageref and \cite commands print their arguments in small type, raised just above the line, like this: |||. This package works with the fleqn option, the packages in the AMS-LATEX collection, and the varioref, natbib and harvard packages.

2 Package Options

options

Some people have commented that the printing of the \ref and \cite keys is less useful than the printing of the \label keys and so showkeys now supports two options that can be given in the \usepackage command:

notref to stop the redefinition of \ref and \pageref, and related commands
from the varioref package.

notcite to stop the redefinition of \cite and related commands from the harvard and natbib packages.

So if the package is loaded with \usepackage[notref]{showkeys} then \ref will have its standard definition, but \label will print its key argument (usually in the margin).

If you find the printed keys distracting, but don't want to use the above options to stop them altogether you may use :

^{*}Ce fichier a pour numéro de version v3.17 et a été mis à jour le 28/10/2014. La première traduction, basée sur la version v3.12 titrée « The showkeys package », a été publiée par Jean-Pierre Drucbert le 20/01/2000.

color Print the keys in a distinguishing colour. The default value is a light

The colours may be changed by redefining the following two colours after the package is loaded. refkey (also used for \cite) and labelkey (also used for \bibitem). The defaults are:

```
\definecolor{refkey}{gray}{.75}
\definecolor{labelkey}{gray}{.75}
```

If this option is used the color package will be loaded.

The package accepts two further options.

final to suppress the action of this package, for 'final' versions.

draft the normal behaviour of this package.

Clearly there is not much point in entering the final option directly in the \usepackage command, as just not loading this package would have the same effect, and execute more quickly, however the final option may be useful as it may be used once in the documentclass command to affect any number of packages that may be loaded. The draft option does not do anything, but is there to honour an informal convention that packages have these options in pairs.

You can also control the appearance of the typeset label with the command \showkeyslabelformat, which takes one argument. The default is

```
\providecommand*\showkeyslabelformat[1]{%
  \fbox{\normalfont\small\ttfamily#1}}
```

The command is called inside a group so you can put in local modifications of \fboxsep, for instance, without them leaking to the rest of the document.

More Examples

examples

The only other similar package that I could find in the macro index, [3], was showlabels.sty, T. After the first draft of this package was written, I found 2 on my local installation! I think the current package is more robust than [2], but I thought that showkeys was rather a good name, so I have stolen it for this file.

1. This has \label immediately after \item.

2. This has the \label at the end.

Within environments like this minipage, we cannot use \marginpar 1, so the appearance is slightly different. Here is that enumerate environment A minipage :again: 1. This has \label immediately after \item. m&e^1 m&e^2 2. This has the \label at the end.

2

Displayed math (without equation counter).

$$0=0 \boxed{\mathrm{disp}}$$

Some text referring to the maths on page β , and the item Γ .

If showkeys thinks that the current environment is going to produce an "equation number", then it does not show the label where the \label command occurs, but tries to put it in the margin, as shown with equation I. The package 'knows' about the standard equation and eqnarray environments, and also all the numbered alignment environments offered by the AMSIATEX package, amsmath.

$$1 = 1 \tag{1}$$

$$2 = 2$$
 (2) eqnar:a

3 = 3

$$4 = 4 (3) eqnar:b$$

Within a figure environment, the \label must not come before the \caption command. If you place \label inside the argument of \caption the label will be shown like this:

FIGURE 1 – Within the caption argument. cap:a

If you place \label immediately after the \caption command it will be shown like this:

cap:b

If you place the \label command at some random point after the \caption command, it may be shown like:

FIGURE 3 – In vertical mode not immediately after a box.

cap:c

Références

- [1] Gil Neiger, *showlabels.sty*, Undated package, similar to this one, but shows labels inline, affecting the formatting of the document.
- anon:sk [2] Anonymous, showkeys.sty, Package, dated 14 May 1988. Very similar to this one, also uses \marginpar in outer vertical mode.
- DMJ:mi [3] David M. Jones, T_EX Macro Index, A catalogue of T_EX macros, including L^AT_EX packages, available from all good T_EX archives.
 - 1. Actually \marginpar is not used at all in this package now.

4 The Macros

```
1 (*package)
```

First we handle the options. Normally all related commands are defined to show their 'keys'. But since v3.03 one can specify :

notref to stop the redefinition of \ref (and \pageref, and related commands from varioref package),

notcite to stop the redefinition of \cite and related commands from the harvard and natbib packages.

- 2 \DeclareOption{notref}{\let\SK@ref\@empty}
- 3 \DeclareOption{notcite}{\let\SK@cite\@empty}

\SK@refcolor \SK@labelcolor Colour commands. Normally no-op.

- 4 \let\SK@refcolor\relax
- 5 \let\SK@labelcolor\relax

color option loads the color package and defines the colours. Delayed to the end of the package as package loading not allowed in this option section.

- 6 \DeclareOption{color}{\AtEndOfPackage{%
- 7 \RequirePackage{color}%
- 8 \definecolor{refkey}{gray}{.75}%
- 9 \definecolor{labelkey}{gray}{.75}%
- 10 \def\SK@refcolor{\color{refkey}}%
- 11 \def\SK@labelcolor{\color{labelkey}}}}

Allow final to be specified in the document class options to suppress the loading of this package.

- 12 \DeclareOption{final}{%
- 13 \providecommand*\showkeyslabelformat[1]{}%
- 14 \endinput}
- 15 \DeclareOption{draft}{}
- $16 \ProcessOptions$

\SK@label

The saved original definitions

17 \let\SK@label\label

 $\SK@lbibitem 18 \left(SK@bibitem\@bibitem\right)$

19 \let\SK@lbibitem\@lbibitem

\label The new definition, print the argument, and then do the old definition.

- 20 \def\label#1{%
- 21 \@bsphack
- 22 \SK@\SK@@label{#1}%
- 23 \begingroup
- 24 \SK@label{#1}%
- 25 \endgroup
- 26 \@esphack}

\@bibitem For \bibitem, position the showkeys code as for a standard list with \item and \@lbibitem \label.

```
27 \def\@bibitem#1{%
28 \SK@bibitem{#1}\SK@\SK@@label{#1}\ignorespaces}
29 \def\@lbibitem[#1]#2{%
30 \SK@lbibitem[{#1}]{#2}\SK@\SK@@label{#2}\ignorespaces}
```

\SKO Grab hold of #2 via \meaning so characters like & and ^ do not cause problems later, and pass the result on to the command #1.

- 31 \def\SK@#1#2{%
- 32 \protected@edef\@tempa{#2}%
- 33 \expandafter#1\meaning\@tempa\SK@}

\showkeyslabelformat

```
34 \providecommand*\showkeyslabelformat[1]{% 35 \fbox{\normalfont\small\ttfamily#1}}
```

\SK@@label

Strip off the initial segment of the \meaning output, and then put the rest either in a \marginpar or in a box of size 0pt, hopefully not disturbing the surrounding text.

```
36 \left| 46 \right| \
```

Need to work globally as in some cases like alignments, and fleqn, the counter will be printed in a different group to the \label command.

```
37 \gdef\SK@lab{\smash{\SK@labelcolor\showkeyslabelformat{#2}}}%
38 \ifvmode
39 \if@inlabel
```

If the \label is straight after \item (\bibitem is handled by this case as well) then the item label has not been added to the page yet. It is hanging around in the box \@labels waiting for the paragraph to start. So just need to attach the label to this box.

```
40 \global\setbox\@labels\hbox{%
41 \lap{\SK@lab\SK@lab@relax
42 \kern\@totalleftmargin\kern\marginparsep}%
43 \box\@labels}%
44 \else
```

If we insert a box into the main vertical list, do not want to change \prevdepth as that would affect vertical spacing in the document. (The box itself should not cause any difference in break points as there is a node there anyway coming from the \write to the aux file.

```
45 \dimen@\prevdepth
46 \nointerlineskip
```

The inner vertical mode cases are mainly designed to do the right thing with float captions, but seem to work OK in other cases as well.

```
47 \ifinner
48 \skip@\lastskip\unskip
```

In inner vertical mode, attach the label to the right of the immediately preceding box, if it is a box before the current point. Otherwise just put it in a box of zero dimensions, with no interline skip. (This may slightly move the surrounding text (but perhaps not now that \prevdepth is restored.)

```
49 \advance\skip@\lastskip\unskip
50 \setbox\z@\lastbox
51 \ifvoid\z@
52 \llap{\SK@lab\SK@lab@relax\kern\marginparsep}%
53 \else
54 \hbox{\box\z@\rlap{\kern\marginparsep\SK@labx}}%
55 \fi
56 \vskip\skip@
57 \else
```

In outer vertical mode, previously used a \vadjust at the start of the next paragraph (and before that used \marginpar). These methods sometimes cause extra space, eg if paragraph starts with a math display, so now just insert the box directly, taking care not to change \prevdepth.

```
58 \lap{\SK@lab\SK@lab@relax\kern\marginparsep}%
59 \fi
Restore \prevdepth.
60 \prevdepth\dimen@
61 \fi
62 \else
```

If we are in an numbered equation-style environment, do nothing as the code to print the number will also print the label, otherwise just stick the label at the current point, in a box of zero dimensions.

```
\csname SK@\@currenvir\endcsname
      \ifSK@equation\else
        \ifmmode
          \SK@labx
66
        \else
Inner horizontal mode. Not much we can do, just stick it here.
           \ifinner
             \rlap\SK@lab
70
        \else
In outer horizontal mode use \vadjust to get to the margin.
             \vadjust{\llap{\SK@lab\kern\marginparsep}}%
71
           \fi
72
          \SK@lab@relax
        \fi
74
      \fi
```

\tagform@ Firstly we grab \@eqnnum.
\@eqnnum
\maketag@@@

\fi}

```
77 \AtBeginDocument{%
78 \let\SK@eqnnum\@eqnnum
```

Then check for amsmath where we grab the internal commands \tagform@ and \maketag@@@. Redefine them and redefine \@eqnnum as well.

```
\@ifpackageloaded{amsmath}{%
80
       \let\SK@tagform@\tagform@
       \let\SK@maketag@@@\maketag@@@
81
82
       \iftagsleft@
         \def\tagform@#1{%
83
           \ifx\df@label\@empty
84
85
             \SK@lab@relax
86
           \else
             \expandafter\SK@@label\meaning\df@label\SK@
87
88
           \fi
           \llap{\SK@lab\kern\marginparsep}%
89
           \SK@lab@relax\SK@tagform@{#1}}%
90
         \def\maketag@@@#1{%
           \ifx\df@label\@empty
             \SK@lab@relax
           \else
95
             \expandafter\SK@@label\meaning\df@label\SK@
96
           \llap{\SK@lab\kern\marginparsep}\SK@lab@relax
           \SK@maketag@@@{#1}%
99
         }%
100
         \def\@eqnnum{%
           \llap{\SK@lab\kern\displaywidth\kern\marginparsep}%
           \SK@lab@relax\SK@eqnnum}%
       \else
```

Almost the same for tags on the right, except we use \rlap and typeset it after the tag.

```
104
         \def\tagform@#1{%
           \ifx\df@label\@empty
106
             \SK@lab@relax
           \else
108
              \expandafter\SK@@label\meaning\df@label\SK@
           \fi
           \SK@tagform@{#1}%
           \rlap{\kern\marginparsep\SK@lab}\SK@lab@relax}%
         \def\maketag@@@#1{%
           \ifx\df@label\@empty
             \SK@lab@relax
           \else
             \expandafter\SK@@label\meaning\df@label\SK@
           \fi
           \SK@maketag@@@{#1}%
118
           \rlap{\kern\marginparsep\SK@lab}\SK@lab@relax
         }%
```

```
\def\@eqnnum{\SK@eqnnum\rlap{\kern\marginparsep\SK@lab}%
                          \SK@lab@relax}%
                     \fi
                   }%
              124
               If amsmath wasn't loaded we check explicitly if the lequo option was used in
               \documentclass and redefine accordingly.
                      \@ifundefined{ver@leqno.clo}{%
              126
                        \def\@eqnnum{\SK@eqnnum\rlap{\kern\marginparsep\SK@lab}%
              127
                          \SK@lab@relax}%
              128
                     ጉ{%
                        \def\@eqnnum{%
              130
                          \llap{\SK@lab\kern\displaywidth\kern\marginparsep}%
                          \SK@lab@relax\SK@eqnnum}%
                     }%
              134
                  }%
              135 }
    \SK@labx Print the label, and then globally reset the print command to \relax.
              136 \def\SK@labx{\rlap\SK@lab\global\let\SK@lab\relax}
\SK@lab@relax Clear the label.
              137 \def\SK@lab@relax{\global\let\SK@lab\relax}\SK@lab@relax
\SK@equation The following environments print an equation number, so \label should not print
\SK@egnarray
               its argument at the point where it appears. Note this will fail to show the label
               if you are in an equarray environment, and use \label together with \nonumber
               This might just about make sense if you are going to use \pageref, but that is
               too bad...
              138 \newif\ifSK@equation
              139 \let\SK@equation\SK@equationtrue
              140 \let\SK@eqnarray\SK@equationtrue
              When the AMS packages are loaded showkeys assumes environments work 'The
    \eqnarray
               AMS way' However equarray (unlike equation) is not redefined, so here we need
               to remove some of the AMS hacks.
              141 \toks@\expandafter{\eqnarray}
              142 \edf \eqnarray{\let\noexpand\tagform@\noexpand\SK@tagform@\the\toks@}
   \SK@align The AMS environments
 \verb|\SK@alignat||_{143} \verb|\let\SK@align\SK@equationtrue||
\SK@xalignat 144 \let\SK@alignat\SK@equationtrue
\SK@xxalignat 145 \let\SK@xalignat\SK@equationtrue
  \SK@gather 146 \let\SK@xxalignat\SK@equationtrue
\SK@multline 147 \let\SK@gather\SK@equationtrue
```

 $\verb|\SK@flalign|| 148 \verb|\let\SK@multline\SK@equationtrue||$

149 \let\SK@flalign\SK@equationtrue

```
\SK@aligna* Starred versions of the AMS environments.

\SK@alignat* 150 \expandafter\let\csname SK@alignat\endcsname\SK@equationtrue
\SK@flalign* 151 \expandafter\let\csname SK@alignat\endcsname\SK@equationtrue
\SK@gather* 152 \expandafter\let\csname SK@flalignat\endcsname\SK@equationtrue
\SK@multline* 153 \expandafter\let\csname SK@gatherationtrue
\SK@equation* 154 \expandafter\let\csname SK@multlineationtrue
\SK@equation*\endcsname\SK@equationtrue
\SK@equation*\endcsname\SK@equationtrue
```

\SK@def

This macro redefines a command #1. The new definition can make use of the old definition as \SK@old name. If #1 is really a \protect'ed command with the real definition in a 'space' command then the 'space' version is used as the old definition. Need to test this for each command as some package may have changed the status of a command to being 'protected'. The new definition is made as if with \DeclareRobustCommand, but with \def syntax for the argument specification.

```
156 \def\SK@def#1{%

157 \edef\@tempa{\expandafter\@gobble\string#1}%

158 \@ifundefined{\@tempa\space}%

159 {\expandafter\let\csname SK@\@tempa\endcsname#1}%

160 {\expandafter\let\csname SK@\@tempa\expandafter\endcsname}%

161 \csname\@tempa\space\endcsname}%

162 \expandafter\def\expandafter#1\expandafter{%

163 \expandafter\protect\csname\@tempa\space\endcsname}%

164 \expandafter\def\csname\@tempa\space\endcsname}
```

The next section redefines \ref and \pageref (unless the notref option was given).

165 \ifx\SK@ref\@empty

Even if notref option is used, need to fudge the varioref commands as they use \label internally.

\ref Save the redefinition to \begin{document} so that this package can work with \pageref packages that redefine \cite. Tested with harvard and natbib packages. Also add code at this point to support varioref.

```
178 \AtBeginDocument{%
179 \SK@def\ref#1{\SK@\SK@@ref{#1}\SK@ref{#1}}%
180 \SK@def\pageref#1{\SK@\SK@@ref{#1}\SK@pageref{#1}}%
```

```
varioref support.
```

```
\@ifpackageloaded{varioref}{%
181
       \SK@def\@@vpageref#1[#2]#3{{%
182
         \let\label\SK@label\let\ref\SK@ref\let\pageref\SK@pageref
184
         \label{leavevmode} $$ \end{area} SK@@vpageref{#1}[{#2}]{#3}}% $$
       \def\vr@f#1{%
         \leavevmode\unskip\vref@space
         \ref{#1}%
187
         \let\label\SK@label\let\ref\SK@ref\let\pageref\SK@pageref
         \vpageref[\unskip]{#1}}%
190
     }{}}
191 \fi
```

Now redefine \cite unless notcite option given.

```
192 \ifx\SK@cite\@empty

193 \AtBeginDocument{%
194 \ifx\HAR@checkdef\@undefined\else
195 \expandafter\let\expandafter
196 \SK@HAR@bi\csname\string\harvarditem\endcsname
197 \expandafter\def\csname\string\harvarditem\endcsname[#1]#2#3#4{%
198 \SK@HAR@bi[{#1}]{#2}{#3}{#4}\SK@\SK@@label{#4}}%
199 \fi}
200 \else
```

\cite

```
201 \AtBeginDocument{%
202 \ifx\HAR@checkdef\@undefined
```

Standard (non-harvard) support, including extra cite commands from natbib and cite.

If cite or overcite is being used, redefine \citen rather than \cite so as not to spoil the space and punctuation calculations done by those packages.

```
203    \ifx\citen\@undefined
204    \SK@def\@citex[#1]#2{\SK@citex[{#1}]{#2}}%
205    \else
206    \SK@def\citen#1{\SK@\SK@@ref{#1}\SK@citen{#1}}%
207    \fi
208    \SK@def\citeauthor#1{\SK@\SK@@ref{#1}\SK@citeauthor{#1}}%
209    \SK@def\citefullauthor#1{\SK@\SK@@ref{#1}\SK@citefullauthor{#1}}%
210    \SK@def\citeyear#1{\SK@\SK@@ref{#1}\SK@citeyear{#1}}%
211    \else
```

In the harvard style do *not* redefine individual cite commands. Just redefine one internal command that is used in all the citation forms.

```
212 \SK@def\HAR@checkdef#1#2{%
213 \expandafter\SK@\expandafter\SK@@ref\expandafter{#1}%
214 \SK@HAR@checkdef{#1}{#2}}%
215 \expandafter\let\expandafter
216 \SK@HAR@bi\csname\string\harvarditem\endcsname
```

```
\verb|\expandafter\def\csname| string\harvarditem\endcsname [#1] #2#3#4{%}|
         218
                      \SK@HAR@bi[{#1}]{#2}{#3}{#4}\SK@\SK@@label{#4}}%
         219
               \fi}
         220 \def\SK@citex[#1]#2{%
         221 \SK@\SK@@ref{#2}\SK@@citex[{#1}]{#2}}
         222 \fi
\SK@@ref This is much simpler than the printing of the label, as we know that we can be in
          horizontal mode. Note extra group for colour safety.
         223 \def\SK@@ref#1>#2\SK@{%
              \leavevmode\vbox to\z@{{%
         224
                 \vss
         226
                 \SK@refcolor
                 \rlap{\vrule\raise .75em%
         227
                    \hbox{\underbar{\normalfont\footnotesize\ttfamily#2}}}}}
         228
         229 \langle /package \rangle
```