

ANSWERS - VHDL & Logic Synthesis, May 2000

Answer to question 1

```
LIBRARY IEEE;
USE IEEE.std_logic_1164.all;
USE IEEE.std_logic_arith.all;
USE WORK.all;

-- this package defines the necessary array types
PACKAGE crossover_pack IS
    TYPE controltype IS ARRAY (1 TO 8) OF std_logic_vector(1 to 3);
END PACKAGE crossover_pack;

LIBRARY IEEE;
USE IEEE.std_logic_1164.all;
USE IEEE.std_logic_arith.all;
USE WORK.crossover_pack.all;
```

a)

```
ENTITY crossover IS
PORT( x: IN std_logic_vector(0 TO 7);
      y: OUT std_logic_vector(0 TO 7);
      control: IN controltype;
      enable: IN std_logic
);
END crossover;
```

c) and b):

```
ARCHITECTURE xx OF crossover IS

    PROCEDURE switch_element( SIGNAL a: std_logic_vector;
                              s: IN INTEGER;
                              enable: IN std_logic;
                              SIGNAL i: IN std_logic;
                              SIGNAL o: OUT std_logic
                              ) IS
    BEGIN
        IF enable='1' and a=conv_std_logic_vector( s, 3) THEN
            o <= i;
        ELSE o <= 'Z';
        END IF;
    END PROCEDURE switch_element;

BEGIN
    G1: FOR i IN 1 TO 8 GENERATE
        G2: FOR j IN 1 TO 8 GENERATE
            Switch_element( control(i), i, enable, x(i), y(j));
        END GENERATE;
    END GENERATE;
END xx;
```

Answer to question 2

```
LIBRARY IEEE;
USE IEEE.std_logic_1164.all;

ENTITY register_file IS
  GENERIC(
    number_of_registers: NATURAL;
    word_size: NATURAL;
    tsetup, thold, tdelay: TIME
  );
  PORT(
    din: IN std_logic_vector( 1 TO word_size);
    dout: OUT std_logic_vector( 1 TO word_size);
    addr: IN INTEGER RANGE 0 to number_of_registers-1;
    cs, write_en, clk, reset: IN std_logic
  );
END register_file;

ARCHITECTURE test_timing OF register_file IS
  SUBTYPE addr_type IS INTEGER RANGE 0 TO number_of_registers-1;
  SUBTYPE word IS std_logic_vector( 1 TO word_size);
  TYPE ram_type IS ARRAY (addr_type) OF word;
  SIGNAL ram: ram_type;
  SIGNAL clk_del, wr_del: std_logic;
BEGIN

  wr_proc: PROCESS(clk)
  BEGIN
    IF reset = '1' THEN
      FOR i IN addr_type LOOP
        FOR j IN 1 to word_size LOOP ram(i)(j) <= '0';
        END LOOP;
      END LOOP;
    ELSIF clk'EVENT and clk='1' and clk'last_value='0' and write_en='1' THEN
      ram(addr) <= din;
    END IF;
  END PROCESS wr_proc;

  outblk: BLOCK (cs='1')
  BEGIN
    dout <= GUARDED ram(addr) AFTER tdelay;
  END BLOCK outblk;

  clk_del <= clk AFTER thold;
  wr_del <= write_en AFTER thold;

  check: PROCESS(clk_del)
  BEGIN
    IF (clk_del'EVENT and clk_del='1' and clk_del'LAST_VALUE='0') THEN
      IF not wr_del'STABLE(thold+tsetup) THEN
        REPORT "wr not stable near clock edge" SEVERITY warning;
      ELSIF wr_del='1' and not addr'STABLE(thold+tsetup) THEN
        REPORT "addr not stable during write cycle" SEVERITY warning;
      ELSIF wr_del='0' and not din'STABLE(thold+tsetup) THEN
        REPORT "din not stable during write cycle" SEVERITY warning;
      END IF;
    END IF;
  END PROCESS check;

END test_timing;
```

Answer to question 3

```
LIBRARY IEEE;
USE IEEE.std_logic_1164.all;
USE IEEE.std_logic_arith.all;
USE WORK.all;
```

```
ENTITY ram_testbench IS
END ram_testbench;
```

b) (with a) inside)

```
ARCHITECTURE examq OF ram_testbench IS

SIGNAL din: std_logic_vector( 1 TO 8);
SIGNAL dout: std_logic_vector( 1 TO 8);
SIGNAL addr: INTEGER RANGE 0 to 9;
SIGNAL cs, write_en, clk, reset: std_logic;

FUNCTION ram_test_data( i: INTEGER)
    RETURN std_logic_vector IS
VARIABLE rand: INTEGER;
BEGIN
    rand := 1;
    For j IN 1 TO i LOOP
        rand := (rand*101+55) mod 100001;
    END LOOP;
    RETURN conv_std_logic_vector( rand, 8);
END;
BEGIN
R1: ENTITY register_file
    GENERIC MAP( 10, 8, 10 ns, 5 ns, 20 ns )
    PORT MAP( din, dout, addr, cs, write_en, clk, reset );

test_data: PROCESS
    BEGIN

        clk <= '0';
        write_en <= '1';
        WAIT FOR 20 ns;

        FOR i IN 0 TO 9 LOOP
            addr <= i;
            din <= ram_test_data(i);
            WAIT FOR 20 ns;
            clk <= '1';
            WAIT FOR 20 ns;
            clk <= '0';

            -- read all ram locations
            FOR j IN 0 TO 9 LOOP
                addr <= j;
                WAIT FOR 21 ns;
                IF j <= i THEN
                    ASSERT dout = ram_test_data(j)
                    REPORT "Bad data from ram"
                    SEVERITY warning;
                ELSE
                    ASSERT dout = conv_std_logic_vector(0, 8)
                    REPORT "Bad zero locations from ram"
                    SEVERITY warning;
                END IF;
            END LOOP;
            --continue to write next location
        END LOOP;
    END PROCESS;
```

```
cs <= '1';  
  
WAIT;  
END PROCESS test_data;  
  
reset<= '1', '0' AFTER 10 ns;  
END examq;
```

Answer to Question 4

a)

FSM inputs: x, y, z, start_a, start_b, end_b

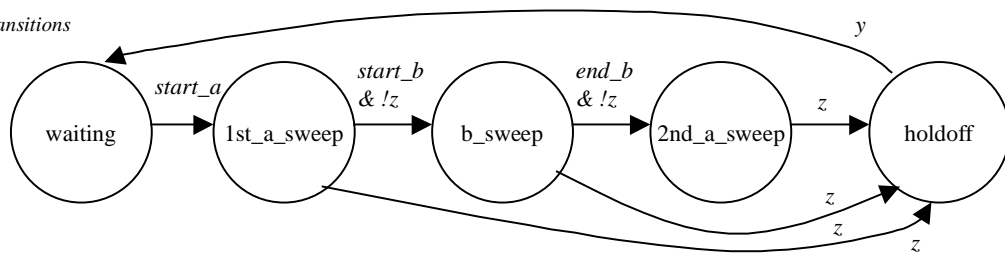
FSM outputs:

sample_now = not(holdoff or waiting) & x

en = not(waiting) & x

sel = b_sweep

NB - self-transitions
are omitted



b)

```

LIBRARY IEEE;
USE IEEE.std_logic_1164.all;
USE IEEE.std_logic_arith.all;

ENTITY timebase IS
PORT(
    clk, start_a, start_b, end_b: IN std_logic;
    a, b, h: IN integer range 0 to 1023;
    x_address: OUT std_logic_vector(9 DOWNTO 0);
    sample_now: OUT std_logic
);
END timebase;

ARCHITECTURE xx OF timebase IS

    SIGNAL fdivide, ratio, x: INTEGER RANGE 0 TO 1023;

    TYPE fsmstate IS ( waiting, first_a_sweep, b_sweep, second_a_sweep, holdoff);

    SIGNAL state: fsmstate;

    SIGNAL count_this_cycle: BOOLEAN;

    BEGIN

        fsm:PROCESS(clk, state)
        BEGIN
            CASE state IS
                WHEN waiting =>
                    IF start_a='1'
                    THEN state<=first_a_sweep;
                    END IF;
                WHEN first_a_sweep =>
                    IF start_b='1' & !count_this_cycle
                    THEN state<=b_sweep;
                    END IF;
                WHEN b_sweep =>
                    IF end_b='1' & !count_this_cycle
                    THEN state<=second_a_sweep;
                    END IF;
                WHEN second_a_sweep =>
                    IF count_this_cycle
                    THEN state<=holdoff;
                    END IF;
                WHEN holdoff =>
                    IF y='1'
                    THEN state<=waiting;
                    END IF;
            END CASE;
        END PROCESS fsm;
    
```

```

        IF start_b='1'
        THEN state <= b_sweep;
        END IF;
    WHEN b_sweep =>
        IF end_b = '1'
        THEN state<= second_a_sweep;
        END IF;
    WHEN second_a_sweep => null; -- do nothing
    WHEN holdoff =>
        IF h = x THEN
            x <= 0;
            state<= waiting;
        END IF;
    END CASE;

    IF count_this_cycle THEN
        IF x = 1023 THEN
            state <= holdoff;
            x <= 0;
        ELSE
            x <= x+1;
        END IF;
    END IF;

END PROCESS fsm;

divide_by_n:PROCESS(clk)
BEGIN
    IF clk'EVENT and clk='1' and clk'LAST_VALUE='0' THEN
        IF fdivide = ratio THEN
            fdivide <= 0;
            count_this_cycle <= TRUE;
        ELSE
            fdivide <= fdivide + 1;
            count_this_cycle <= FALSE;
        END IF;
    END IF;
END PROCESS divide_by_n;

select_ratio: PROCESS(a,b,state)
BEGIN
    IF state=b_sweep THEN
        ratio <= b;
    ELSE
        ratio <= a;
    END IF;
END PROCESS select_ratio;

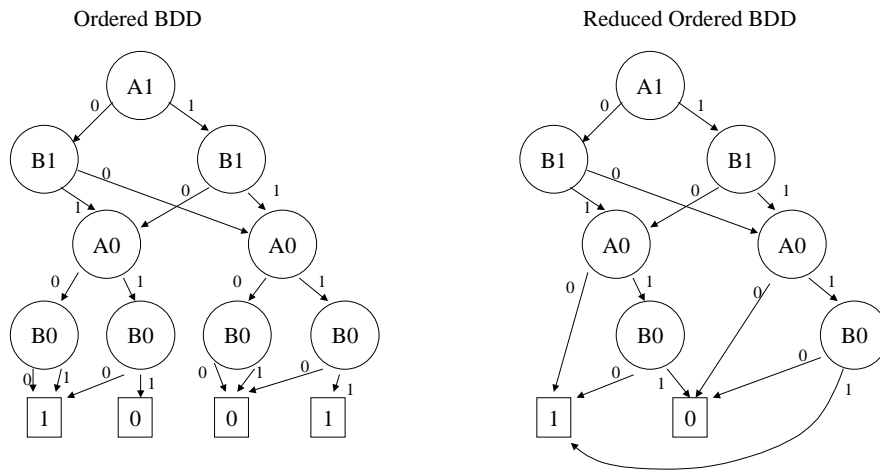
sample_now <=
    '1' WHEN count_this_cycle and not (state = holdoff) ELSE
    '0';

END xx;

```

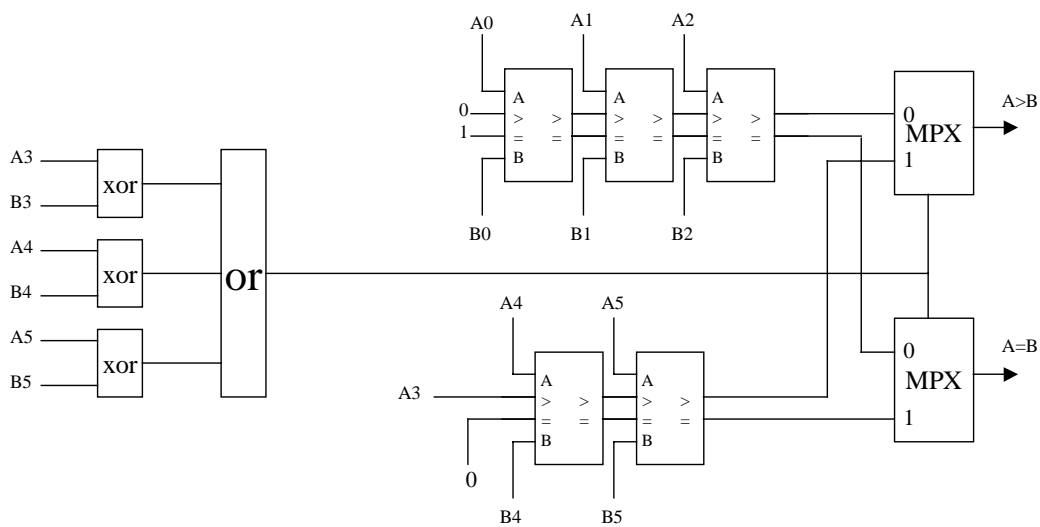
Answer to Question 5

a)



b)

For $A > B$ and $A = B$ to depend on X, Y we must have $A3:5=B3:5$. Use this condition as select input for two 2 input MPX, one for $A > B$, one for $A = B$. If outputs do not depend on Z, Y can generate outputs from three compare blocks, with " $>$," " $=$ " and " $<$ " inputs to LS block don't care. Therefore for the LS block " $=$ " must be 0, " $>$ " must be A_1 and the block can be omitted. Max propagation delay=8 units, from $A0, B0$.



Answer to Question 6

```
LIBRARY IEEE;
USE IEEE.std_logic_1164.all;
USE IEEE.std_logic_arith.all;
USE IEEE.std_logic_signed.all;

ENTITY fp_adder IS
  GENERIC(
    e_size: INTEGER := 8;
    m_size: INTEGER := 16
  );
  PORT(
    a, b: IN std_logic_vector( 0 TO e_size+m_size-1);
    c: OUT std_logic_vector( 0 TO e_size+m_size-1);
    clk: std_logic
  );
END fp_adder;

ARCHITECTURE pipeline OF fp_adder IS
  SUBTYPE floatw IS std_logic_vector( 0 TO e_size+m_size-1);
  SUBTYPE mantissa IS std_logic_vector( e_size TO m_size-1);
  SUBTYPE exponent IS std_logic_vector( 0 TO e_size-1);
  SUBTYPE exponent_integer IS INTEGER RANGE 0 TO 2**e_size-1;
  CONSTANT exp_mod: INTEGER := 2**e_size;

  SIGNAL a_swap, b_swap, a_align, b_align: floatw;
  SIGNAL add_exp: exponent;
  SIGNAL add_mant: std_logic_vector( 0 TO m_size); -- 1 longer than mantissa

  -- extract exponent field as positive integer
  FUNCTION get_exp( x: floatw) RETURN exponent_integer IS
  BEGIN
    RETURN conv_integer( "0" & x(0 TO e_size-1));
  END FUNCTION get_exp;

  -- extract mantissa as std_logic_vector (for signed ops)
  FUNCTION get_mant( x: floatw) RETURN mantissa IS
  BEGIN
    RETURN x(e_size TO m_size-1);
  END FUNCTION get_mant;

  -- could use a library arithmetic shift right - here is
  -- a DIY one
  FUNCTION my_shr( x: mantissa; sh: INTEGER) RETURN mantissa IS
  VARIABLE result: mantissa;
  BEGIN
    FOR i IN mantissa'RANGE LOOP
      IF i - mantissa'LOW >= sh THEN
        result(i) := x(i-sh);
      ELSE
        result(i) := x(x'LOW);
      END IF;
    END LOOP;
    RETURN result;
  END FUNCTION my_shr;
```



```

-- could use library function - here is a simple 1 bit sign extend
FUNCTION sign_extend_1( x: mantissa)
    RETURN std_logic_vector IS
BEGIN
    RETURN x(x'LOW) & x;
END FUNCTION sign_extend_1;

BEGIN

    swap: PROCESS(clk,a,b)
    BEGIN
        -- note unsigned comparison
        IF clk'EVENT and clk='1' and clk'LAST_VALUE='0' THEN
            IF get_exp(a) > get_exp(b) THEN
                a_swap <= a; b_swap <= b;
            ELSE
                a_swap <= b; b_swap <= a;
            END IF;
        END IF;
    END PROCESS swap;

    align: PROCESS(clk,a_swap,b_swap)
    VARIABLE shift: INTEGER;
    BEGIN
        -- a operand has exp >= b operand exp
        IF clk'EVENT and clk='1' and clk'LAST_VALUE='0' THEN
            shift := get_exp(a)- get_exp(b);
            a_align <= a_swap;
            b_align <= a_swap(0 TO e_size-1) &
                my_shr(get_mant(b_swap), shift);
        END IF;
    END PROCESS align;

    add: PROCESS(clk,a_align,b_align)
    BEGIN
        IF clk'EVENT and clk='1' and clk'LAST_VALUE='0' THEN
            add_mant <= sign_extend_1(get_mant(a_align))+
                sign_extend_1(get_mant(b_align));
            add_exp <= a_align(0 TO e_size-1);
        END IF;
    END PROCESS add;

END pipeline;

```