IMPERIAL COLLEGE LONDON

DEPARTMENT OF ELECTRICAL AND ELECTRONIC ENGINEERING **EXAMINATIONS 2005**

MSc and EEE/ISE PART III/IV: MEng, BEng and ACGI

COMMUNICATION NETWORKS

Wednesday, 27 April 10:00 am

Time allowed: 3:00 hours

Corrected Copy

There are FIVE questions on this paper.

Answer FOUR questions.

All questions carry equal marks

Any special instructions for invigilators and information for candidates are on page 1.

Examiners responsible

First Marker(s):

J.A. Barria

Second Marker(s): P.J. Beevor

a)

Posterial

In ARQ protocol utilisation is defined as:

$$U = \frac{T_f}{N_r T_t}$$

Where N_r is the expected number of re-transmissions, T_f is the transmission time and T_t is the time line is engaged.

- i) Derive N_r for stop and wait protocol.
- ii) Derive N_r , for the selective repeat protocol.
- iii) Derive N_r for go back N protocol.
- iv) Discuss the effect of propagation time and transmission time in the derivations of i), ii) and iii).

[8]

b)

- i) Discuss a price based flow control scheme for a delay sensitive service known to you.
- ii) Derive and describe a congestion price that would assign rates amongst *i* users taking into account users utility functions.
- iii) If the delay faced by each byte that is being transmitted is given by

$$d = \frac{\Lambda}{M(M - \Lambda)}$$

where Λ is the total arrival rate to the system and M is the total capacity of the system.

Derive the optimal congestion price p_c .

[12]

2

a)
Derive the channel efficiency of a 1-persistent CSMA/CD.
Clearly state all assumptions made in your derivations.

[10]

b) For the network of Figure 2.1 assume the following data:

Link	<i>C(i)</i> [Kbit/s]	x(i)
İ	[Kbit/s]	<i>x(i)</i> [Kbit/s]
1	10	5
2	10	5
3	10	1
4	10	4
5	30	6
6	20	6
7	10	4
8	10	4

- Solve the shortest path problem with the Dijkstra algorithm using link cost $l_0(i) = 1$.
- ii) Solve the shortest path problem with the Belman Ford using link $\cos l_1(i) = \frac{x(i)}{C(i)}.$
- Solve the shortest path problem with the Dijkstra algorithm and using link cost $l_2(i) = \frac{C(i)}{[C(i) x(i)]^2}$.

[10]

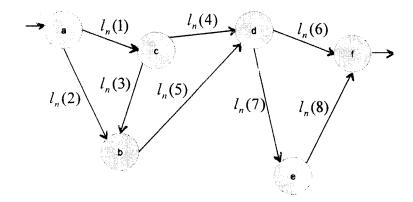


Figure 2.1:

3.

a) A proposed formulation of a combined optimal routing problem and flow control problem has been suggested as follows:

Minimise:
$$D(x) + \sum_{w \in PW_w} e_w(r_w)$$

- i) Describe and discuss a suitable function D(x). State clearly the meaning of x and associated constraints.
- ii) Suggest, describe and discuss the meaning of a suitable function $e_w(r_w)$.

[10]

b)

- i) For the network of Figure 3.1 formulate a combined optimal routing and flow control problem. State clearly the optimality condition.
- ii) Assume C(1) = C(2) = 100 kbit/s. Suggest a suitable function $e_w(r_w)$ and the value of its parameters if it is required that the flow carried by the network should be kept bellow 10 kbit/s (i.e. $r \le 0$).

11 3 30

 $f \leq I O$ [10]

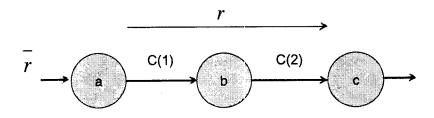


Figure 3.1:

4. Network survivability is an issue of great importance to the a) telecommunication industry. Describe and discuss briefly three class of survivability network architecture known to you. [10] b) Explain and discuss the notion of equivalent capacity and its i) relevance in the context of traffic management in ATM networks. Explain and discuss traffic policing in ATM networks. Give ii) examples of possible algorithms that could implement a traffic policing mechanism. [10] 5. Describe and discuss three gate protocols which may be Interior or a) Exterior gate protocols. [7] Describe and compare DiffServ and IntServ models. b) [6] Classify and discuss routing protocols in ad hoc networks known to you. c) [7]

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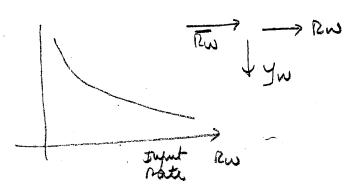
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DERWS RW + WEN

ii) las(RW) = an



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5

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3(6)

$$D = \frac{R}{G-R} + \frac{R}{G-R} + \frac{\alpha}{R}$$

optinally condution

$$\frac{c_1}{(q-r_1)^2} + \frac{c_2}{(c_2-r_2)^2} = \frac{a}{(\bar{r}-y_1)^2}$$

$$\frac{2.10c}{(1cc-R)^2} = \frac{\alpha}{R^2}$$

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