For ei gn-3 2013

CHEM STRY MARKING SCHEME FOREI GN 2013 SET - 56/2/3

Q no.	Ans wers	Marks
1	4	1
2	2, 4-di nitrochl or obenzene / 1-chl or o-2, 4-di nitrochl or obenzene	1
3	Ca pr ol act a m	1
4	Because of resonance.	1
5	Os motic pressure	1
6	Phenol < 4 nitrophenol < 2, 4, 6-tri nitrophenol	1
7	C ₆ H ₃ CH ₄ COOH	
8	Van Arkel refining met hod / vapour phase refining met hod.	1
9	KO,	1
	Because on dissociation KO provides double the number of particles than glucose.	1
10		
		1
		1
	CHO CN	
	a) CHO HCH CH-OH	
	(CHOH)4	
	CH ₂ OH CH ₂ OH	1
	b) CHO REMORE COOH	
	(CHOH)4 Biz water (CHOH)4	
	CH ₂ OH CH ₂ OH	
	and a second of	
11	1) Buna- S < Pol yt hene < nyl on- 6, 6	
	2) Neoprene < PVC < Nyl on-6	1+1
12	Alumina is leached out by using conc. Na OH solution to sodium aluminate and silica	
	as sodi umsilicate.	
	$A_{2}Q_{1} + 2N_{1}OH + 3 H_{2}O$ $2N_{1}[A(OH)_{4}]$	
	2 3 2	
	Al u mi ni u m hydroxi de or hydrat ed al u mi na is then ppt. by passing CO ₂ gas whereas	
	sodi u msilicate re mai ned in solution.	2
	Al u mi ni u m hydroxi de i s i gnited to get pure al u mi na.	
	(or explained in any other correct suitable manner)	
12	(or explained in any other correct suitable manner) OR	
12	(or explained in any other correct suitable manner)	1

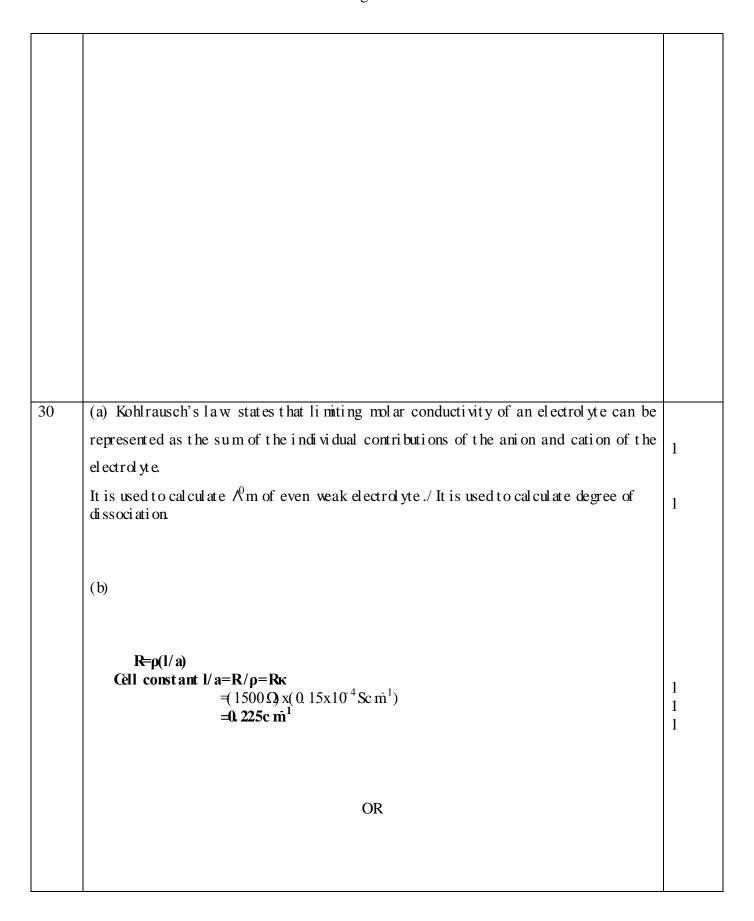
	(b) Depressant is us ores.	ed to separate sul phi de ore	selectively from a mixture of two sulphide	1
13	a) $k = 2303 \text{ 1c}$	og [<u>A</u> ,] [A]		1/2
	$t = \frac{2303}{60 \text{s}^{-1}} \log$; 10		1
	t = 0.0383sec			1/2
14	DNA		RNA	
	 It is 2-deoxyri It contains Th Double strand 	y mi ne base	 It is ribonucleic acid It contains Uracil base Single stranded (any t wo) 	1+1
15	a) Peptization tal b) Because of lar			1 1
16	0) 2000 00 01 10	Dispersed Phase	Dispersion Medium	
	(i) Cheese (ii) Fog	Liquid Liquid	Solid Gas	1+1
17	According to Henry's law, $p = k_{\rm H} x_{\rm CH_4}$ $\therefore x_{\rm CH_4} = \frac{p}{k_{\rm H}} = \frac{760 \text{ mmHg}}{4.27 \times 10^5 \text{ mmHg}} = 1.78 \times 10^{-3}$		$\frac{60 \text{ mm Hg}}{\times 10^5 \text{ mm Hg}} = 1.78 \times 10^{-3}$	1/2
	Mole fraction of methane in benzene; $x_{CH_4} = 1.78 \times 10^{-3}$.			1/2
18	` /	HC < HBr < H < PH ₃ < A ₅ H ₃ < SbH ₃ < H H	J	1 1

19	i) Due to discrete tetrahedral structure and angular strain, white phosphorus is more reactive whereas red phosphorus is polymeric and therefore less reactive. ii) Because of higher charge/size ratio of Sn ⁴⁺ . iii) Due to its ease of liberating nascent oxygen. OR	1x3=3
19	(i) $PQ_3 + 3H_2O \longrightarrow H_3PQ + 3HQ$	
	(ii) $XeF_2 + PF_5$ $\longrightarrow [XeF]^+[PF_6]^-$	
	(iii Na N ₃ \longrightarrow 2Na $+3$ N ₂	1x3=3
20	i) Retention of configuration ii) Inversion of configuration iii) Race misation	
21		1x3=3
21	(a)	
	(i) Geometrical isomersis m (ii) Ii nkage isomeris m	1 1
	(b) Chl orophyll in plants, Hae mogl obin in blood, Vita min B ₁₂ etc (any one)	1
22	1) I st order 2) - k 3) sec ⁻¹	1x3=3

22		
23		
	(i) Foot Itt por It	
	(i) [PC14]*[PC16]-	
	(ii) HO 15 0-0 15 OH	
	0 0	
	(III) CO	
		1x3=3
2.1		
24	$d = \underline{z} \underline{x} \underline{M}$ $a^3 \underline{x} \underline{N}_A$	1/2
	A	, -
	$2.7 \text{ g cm}^3 = \text{z x } 27 \text{ g mol}^{-1}$	1
	$27 \text{ g c m}^{3} = \frac{\text{z x 27 g mol}^{-1}}{(4.05 \text{ x } 10^{-8} \text{ c m})^{3} \text{ x } 6.022 \text{ x } 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1}}$	_
	$z = \frac{27 \text{ g cm}^3 \text{ x } 6.022 \text{ x } 10^{23} \text{ mol}^{-1} \text{ x } (4.05 \text{ x } 10^{-8} \text{ cm})^3}{27 \text{ g mol}^{-1}}$	
	27 g moi	
		1./
	$\mathbf{z} \approx 4$	1/2
	Hence the cubic unit cell is f.c.c.	1
25	i) Hel ping, caring and setting an example of true friendship	
	ii) Tranquilizers iii) Because in excess it act as poison and can harm the nervous system	
	111/12000000 111 ONCOSS IT USE US POLSOII UNG OUII INCITITE IN VOUS SYSTETIA	
		1x3=3
		1113-3

26	ci) GH5NH2 NaNO2+HCI > GH5N2CI - KI > C6H5I	
	(ii) CH3CH2CN H2O/H+ CH3CH2CONH2	
	(iii) CoHSN2CT CUCN COHSCN	1x3=3
27	H	
	(i) $CH_3-CH_2-\overset{\circ}{\bigcirc}-H + H^* \longrightarrow CH_3-CH_2-\overset{\circ}{\bigcirc}-H$	1/2
	(ii) $CH_3CH_2 - \overset{\circ}{O}: + CH_3 - CH_2 - \overset{\circ}{O} + CH_3CH_2 - \overset{\circ}{O} - CH_2CH_3 + H_2O$	¹ / ₂ 1
	(iii) $CH_3CH_2 \xrightarrow{\bullet} CH_2CH_3 \longrightarrow CH_3CH_2 - O - CH_2CH_3 + H^{\dagger}$	1
	(b) G' Q ₃ / KMh Q ₄ / Aci dified K ₂ G' ₂ Q ₁	
28	i) Because of the absence of unpaired electron in the for mation of metallic bond/because of non-involvment of d-orbital electrons in the for mation of metallic bond. ii) Because of lant hanoid contraction. iii) Because of incomplete filling of d-orbitals. iv) Because of low Δ_{hyd} H 0 and high Δ_h H 0 of Cu^{2+} ion and Cu respectively. v) Because G^{3+} has stable t_{2g}^{3} half filled configuration.	1x5=5
28	OR $2 Mh O2 + 4 KOH + O2 \rightarrow 2 K2 Mh O4 + 2 H2 O$	1
	$Mh Q_1^{2-}$ under goes disproportionation reaction in acid medium to give $Mh Q_1^{-}$ ion.	1
	$3 \text{ Mh } \text{ Q}_{4}^{2-} + 4 \text{ H}^{\dagger} \qquad -2 \text{ Mh } \text{ Q}_{4}^{-} + \text{ Mh } \text{ Q}_{2} + 2 \text{ H}_{2} \text{ O}$	1
	i) $Mh Q_1^- + 8H^+ + Fe^{2+} - Mh^{2+} + Fe^{3+} + 4H_2 O$	1
	ii)	

	$2 \text{ Mn Q}^{-} + 16 \text{ H}^{+} + 5 \text{ C}_{2} \text{ Q}^{2-} - 2 \text{ Mn}^{2+} + 10 \text{ CQ}_{2} + 8 \text{ H}_{2} \text{ O}$	1
29	a)	
	 i) Because carbon of carbonyl group in ethanal is more electrophilic than of ket one due to the presence of one electron donating methyl group. ii) Because of the absence of α-hydrogen at o m. 	
	iii) Because of extensive association of hydrogen bond / dimerisation in carboxylic acid	1x3=3
	b)	
	i) Add Na OH + I_2 , acet ophenone gives yellow ppt. of CH ₃ whereas benzophenonedoes not for many ppt.	
	ii) Add Na OH + I_2 , et hanal gives yellow ppt. of CHI ₃ whereas benzal dehyde does not	1+1
	for many ppt.	
	(or any other correct suitable test)	
	OR	
29	(ii) CH3-CH-CN	
	(ii) CHO-CH-CN	
	OH	
	(iii) HCOOK+ + CH3OH	
	(iv) NNH-E-NH2	
	(v)	
		1 x5=5
1		



30		
	$egin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	
	= 0.34 V - (-2.36) V	1/2
	$= +2.70 \mathrm{V}$	1/2
	o	
	$E_{\text{cell}} = E_{\text{cell}} - \frac{0.059 \log \left[\text{ Mg}^{2+} \right]}{2}$ $[\text{Cu}^{2+}]$	1
	$E_{\text{cell}} = 2.70 \text{ V} - \frac{0.059}{2} \log \frac{(0.001 \text{ M})}{(0.0001 \text{ M})}$	
	2 70 V- <u>0 059</u> log (10)	
	= 2 70 V - 0 0295 V = 2 6705 V	1
		1/2
	$\Delta G = -nFE_{cell}^{O}$	1
	= $-2 \times 96500 \text{ C mol}^{-1} \times 2.70 \text{ V}$ = $-521.1 \text{ kJ mol}^{-1}$	1/2
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