# Series RHB/1

Code No.

2/1/1

Roll No.									
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Candidates must write the Code on the title page of the answer-book.

- Please check that this question paper contains 16 printed pages.
- Code number given on the right hand side of the question paper should be written on the title page of the answer-book by the candidate.
- Please check that this question paper contains 17 questions.
- Please write down the Serial Number of the question before attempting it.
- 15 minutes time has been allotted to read this question paper. The question paper will be distributed at 10.15 a.m. From 10.15 a.m. to 10.30 a.m., the student will read the question paper only and will not write any answer on the answer script during this period.

# SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT-II ENGLISH LANGUAGE AND LITERATURE

Time allowed: 3 hours ]

[ Maximum marks : 80

## The Question Paper is divided into four sections:

Section A: Reading Comprehension 15 Marks

Section B: Writing 15 Marks

Section C: Grammar 15 Marks

Section D : Literature/Text Books 35 Marks

## General Instructions:

- 1. All questions are compulsory.
- 2. Marks are indicated against each question.

#### **SECTION A**

## Reading

(15 Marks)

1. Read the passage given below and choose the most appropriate answer to each question out of the options that follow:  $1 \times 5 = 5$  marks

In ancient times, the Olympics were associated with Greek religious festivals. Life in ancient Greece revolved around their gods. The Greeks believed that their gods were immortal, and more powerful than human beings. They honoured their gods with festivals devoted to sports.

The most important of these festivals were the four national festivals. They were open to sportsmen from all Greek regions and colonies. Each of the festivals was held at a different place and was celebrated in honour of a particular god. The Olympic games were held in Olympia which was an important religious centre in ancient Greece. A magnificent temple was built there in honour of the god, Zeus. He was regarded as the ruler of both gods and men. People tried to please Zeus by excelling in sports, and many contests of skill and strength were held.

It was believed that the Olympic games were founded by the Greek hero, Hercules who was known as the son of the god, Zeus. He performed twelve seemingly impossible tasks to become the greatest of all Greek heroes. He cleaned in a single day King Augeas' stables which was an impossible task. The king was fabulously rich and had thousands and thousands of animals. So his stables were extremely dirty and full of stink. Hercules redirected the course of the river, Alpheus through the stables of the king. All the muck and dirt were washed out in a single day. To celebrate this achievement he started the Olympic games in honour of his father, Zeus.

(a)	The (	Greeks celebrated festivals devoted to sport to
	(i)	gain physical strength
	(ii)	honour their gods
	(iii)	get power
	(iv)	become immortal
(b)	In an	cient Greece the Olympic games were held
	(i)	in Greek regions
	(ii)	in colonies
	(iii)	at religious centres
	(iv)	at Olympia
(c)	They	honoured Zeus by
	(i)	building magnificent temples
	(ii)	excelling in sports
	(iii)	excelling in contests of skill and strength
	(iv)	doing all of the above things
(d)	The i	mpossible task performed by Hercules was
	(i) ·	the cleaning of Augeas' stables in a day
	(ii)	removing the muck and dirt from the king's stables
	(iii)	redirecting the course of the river through the stables
	(iv)	all of the above

(e)	The v	word/phrase in the passage which r	neans	'deathless' is	s
	(i)	gods			
	(ii)	immortal			
	(iii)	human beings			
	(iv)	religious centre			
Read	the po	nem given below and choose the	most	appropriate	answer to
each	questic	on out of the options that follow:			1×5=5 marks
Oh, b	ooks, v	what books they used to know,			
Those	e child	en living long ago!			
So ple	ease, o	h please, we beg, we pray,			
Go th	row yo	our TV set away,			
And i	n its p	ace you can install			
A lov	ely bo	okshelf on the wall.			
Then	fill the	shelves with lots of books,			
Ignor	ing all	the dirty looks,			
Fear 1	not, be	cause we promise you			
That,	in abo	ut a week or two			
Of ha	ving n	othing else to do,			
They'	'll now	begin to feel the need			
Of ha	ving so	omething to read.			
And o	once th	ey start – oh boy, oh boy!			
You v	watch t	he slowly growing joy			
That	fills the	eir hearts. They'll grow so keen			
They'	ll won	der what they'd ever seen			
In tha	t ridicı	llous machine			
		Roald Dahl			

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2.

(a)	The	word, 'they' in the first line refers to	
	(i)	writers	
	(ii)	children living in the present times	****
	(iii)	children living in the olden days	
	(iv)	parents of children	
(b)	The	poet wants the T.V. set to be replaced with	
	(i)	gadgets	
	(ii)	bookshelves filled with lots of books	
	(iii)	bookshelves	
	(iv)	showcases	
(c)		poet is sure that the children would begin to reach in a week or two because they	the books
	(i)	will have no other work	
٠	(ii)	will have no television	
	(iii)	will have books in the shelves	
	(iv)	with no work, will feel the need for something to re	ead
(d)	Once	e the children start reading they will get	
	(i)	joy	
	(ii)	surprise	
	(iii)	excitement	
	(iv)	thrill	
		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	

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- (e) The tone of the poem is ......
  - (i) sad
  - (ii) humorous
  - (iii) happy
  - (iv) satirical
- 3. Read the passage given below and complete the sentences that follow:

 $1 \times 5 = 5$  marks

Once a carpenter went looking for a job. He approached a building contractor, and got a job at a decent salary and good working conditions. The carpenter was thrilled and determined to do his best. His boss provided him with tools and showed him the place where he was supposed to work.

At the end of the first day, the carpenter prepared fifteen doors. His boss was happy with his performance and congratulated him. The carpenter tried harder the next day but he was able to prepare only 10 doors. The third day he tried even harder, but he could prepare only seven. Day after day he was preparing less and less doors.

"I must be losing my strength," the carpenter thought. He went to the boss and apologized, saying that he could not understand what was going on. "When was the last time you sharpened your tools?" the boss asked. "Sharpen! I had no time to sharpen my tools. I have been busy trying to prepare doors," said the carpenter. Most of us never update our skills. We think that whatever we have learned is enough.

(a)	The carpenter approached the building contractor because	
(b)	The carpenter became extremely happy because he	
(c)	The boss congratulated him because	
(d)	His boss advised him	,
(e)	The word in the passage which means the same as 'asked someone	
	for something' is	
	SECTION B	
	Writing (15 N	Marks)
You	are Arun/Arunima staying at Room No. 15, Ramjas School Hostel,	
	arganj, Delhi. Write a letter in not more than 100 words requesting your	
father	er to permit you to go with your friends on an adventure trip organized	
by yo	our boarding school.	marks
	OR	•
Empl	loying minor children, both boys and girls, as full time domestic helps	
is a c	common feature. Write a letter in not more than 100 words to the	
Edito	or, 'The Times of India' advocating the need to stop such a practice	
which	h deprives the children of their basic rights.	
The ra	rate of crime in Delhi does not fall down in spite of all the efforts made	
by the	ne police. It seems that either the number of police personnel is less in	
	ortion to the population or they are ill equipped in terms of training and	
	Write an article in not more than 120 words on the state of crime in	٠. ابده مم
Dellil	i and how to solve it. You are Sunita/Sumit.	marks

5.

4.

Nowadays just about everyone owns a cellphone. Most of the users do not follow even the basic rules of cellphone conduct. Write a speech in not more than 120 words to be delivered in the school assembly to apprise the fellow students of cellphone etiquette. Use the hints given below. You are Kartik/Kritika.

- speak loudly, distracting others
- take a phone call in the middle of a conversation, a meeting, even at a funeral etc.
- listen to songs at a volume disturbing others
- exercise self-restraint, use earphones, keep in silent mode at hospitals, meetings etc.
- 6. Cloud burst in Leh brought great destruction to life and property of the people. The area remained disconnected from the rest of the country for a number of days. Your school actively participated in providing relief to the affected people. Write a report in about 80 words for your school magazine.

  You are Bijendra / Bimlesh, Secretary, Leh Relief Committee, Pioneer Academy, Saket, New Delhi.

  3 marks

#### OR

Tomorrow is your grandfather's birthday. The children of your family want to celebrate it with great enthusiasm but without letting him know about the preparations you want to make. Write a dialogue, in about 80 words, which you might have with your family members about the plans that you have in your mind.

7.	Read the passage given below. Fill in the blanks by choosing the most appropriate word/words from the given options.  ½×6=3 max								
	The	last solar eclip	se of the 20th co	entury (a)	place on 11th				
	Aug	ust 1999. It (b)	e all over the world.						
	Bein	ng the last great	t heavenly event	it (c)	_ the world's most				
	watc	ched one. This o	eclipse (d)	a more thi	ckly (e)				
•	area	of the earth (f)_	any of i	ts predecessors.					
	(a)	(i) was taken	(ii) took	(iii) was taking	(iv) had taken				
	(b)	(i) was seen	(ii) were seen	(iii) was seeing	(iv) has seen				
	(c)	(i) were	(ii) is being	(iii) has been	(iv) was				
	(d)	(i) covered	(ii) was covered	(iii) had covered	(iv) has covered				
	(e)	(i) populace	(ii) population	(iii) populated	(iv) popular				
	(f)	(i) than	(ii) at	(iii) in	(iv) of				

8. Given below are the notes taken by a reporter who visited the city which was lashed by heavy rains. Study the given notes and complete the following paragraph by filling in the spaces from the given options.

 $1\times3=3$  marks

- rain submerges the city in water
- brings traffic to a complete halt
- M.C.D. receives 223 complaints of waterlogging
- ciaims, officials in the field to supervise the arrangements

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# City sinks, 223 waterlogging complaints

It rained	heavily on Wednesday. The city (a) in water and the
traffic (b)	A total of 223 complaints of waterlogging
(c)	by the Municipal Corporation of Delhi from across
the city. T	he civic agency claimed its officials were in the field to supervise
the arrang	ements to clear the water.
(a) (i)	is submerging
(ii)	was submerged
(iii	) was submerging
(iv	submerged
(b) (i)	was brought to a complete halt
(ii)	has been brought to a complete halt
(iii	will be brought to a complete halt
(iv	is brought to a compete halt
(c) (i)	has been received
(ii)	will be received
(iii	are received
(iv)	were received

9. The following passage has not been edited. There is an error in each line against which a blank is given. Write the incorrect word and the correction in your answer sheet against the correct blank number as given in the example. Remember to underline the word that you have supplied.

 $\frac{1}{2} \times 6 = 3$  marks

	Marcopolo was one of a first	e.g.	a	<u>the</u>		
	Europeans to exploring China. His	(a)				
	father and uncle ask him to	(b)				
	travel with him from Italy to	(c)				
	China on horseback. He started					
	his journey on 1271. He claimed in	(d)				
	their travel book that there he saw	(e)				
	the huge palace of Kublai Khan.					
	His travel book latter inspired	(f)				
	another adventurer, Christopher Columbus.					
<b>10.</b>	Look at the words and phrases given below	ow. Re	earrange	them t	to form	
	meaningful sentences as shown.				1×3=3	marks
	meaningful sentences as shown.  For example:	<b>Z</b> 00				marks
	meaningful sentences as shown.  For example: the / a picnic / to / Ishita's class / went / on / z	zoo				marks
	meaningful sentences as shown.  For example:					marks
	meaningful sentences as shown.  For example: the / a picnic / to / Ishita's class / went / on / z  Ishita's class went on a picnic to the zoo.	aw				marks
	meaningful sentences as shown.  For example:  the / a picnic / to / Ishita's class / went / on / z  Ishita's class went on a picnic to the zoo.  (a) the zoo / children / in / many animals / s	aw ok then				marks
11.	meaningful sentences as shown.  For example: the / a picnic / to / Ishita's class / went / on / z  Ishita's class went on a picnic to the zoo.  (a) the zoo / children / in / many animals / s  (b) whole zoo / It / to see / the / 4 hours / too	aw ok then got friends	ı , Nitin a	nd Resh	1×3=3	
	meaningful sentences as shown.  For example:  the / a picnic / to / Ishita's class / went / on / z  Ishita's class went on a picnic to the zoo.  (a) the zoo / children / in / many animals / s  (b) whole zoo / It / to see / the / 4 hours / too  (c) orange juice / they / and / drank / tired /  Read the dialogue given below between two	aw ok then got friends g in the	n , Nitin a gaps app	nd Resh	1×3=3 nma and ely.	

	Nitin	: Mala has a lovely book with many beautiful pictures. Let us go and look at them.
	Nitir	a asked Reshma (a) Reshma told him that she
		't but stated (b) story books. Nitin told her that
	Mala	had a lovely book with many beautiful pictures. He suggested that
	(c)_	and look at them.
		SECTION D
		Text Books (35 Marks)
12.	Reac	I the extracts given below and answer the questions that follow.
		4×2=8 marks
	(a)	Midway between Mysore and the coastal town of Mangalore sits a piece of heaven that must have drifted from the kingdom of god. This land of rolling hills is inhabited by a proud race of martial men, beautiful women and wild creatures.  Coorg, or Kodagu, the smallest district of Karnataka, is home to evergreen rainforests, spices and coffee plantations.  (i) What does 'a piece of heaven' in the passage refer to?  (ii) Which kind of animals are we likely to see at Coorg?  (iii) What is Coorg known for?  (iv) Which word in the passage means the same as 'warlike/brave'?
	(b)	"CHAI-GARAM garam-chai," a vendor called out in a high- pitched voice.
		He came up to their window and asked, "Chai, sa'ab?"
		"Give us two cups," Pranjol said.

They	sipped	the	steaming	hot	liquid.	Almost	everyone	in	their
compartment was drinking tea too.									

- (i) Where does the above scene take place?
- (ii) For whom does Pranjol order two cups of tea?
- (iii) Which sentence in the passage shows the popularity of tea?
- (iv) Which word in the passage means the same as 'one who sells things'?
- 13. Read the extracts given below and answer the questions that follow by choosing the most appropriate options. Attempt any two.

  3×2=6 marks
  - I Don't eat that chocolate, Amanda!

Remember your acne, Amanda!

Will you please look at me when I'm speaking to you,

Amanda!

- (a) The speaker in the above lines is ............
  - (i) Amanda's neighbour
  - (ii) Amanda's friend
  - (iii) Amanda's mother
  - (iv) Amanda's physician
- (b) She is advised not to eat the chocolate because eating of chocolate .......
  - (i) causes skin problems
  - (ii) spoils the habits
  - (iii) is not good for children
  - (iv) is a very costly habit

	-	y sipped the steaming hot liquid. Almost everyone in their partment was drinking tea too.
	(i)	Where does the above scene take place?
	(ii)	For whom does Pranjol order two cups of tea?
	(iii)	Which sentence in the passage shows the popularity of tea?
-	(iv)	Which word in the passage means the same as 'one who sells things'?
Read	the	extracts given below and answer the questions that follow by
choo	sing t	he most appropriate options. Attempt any <b>two</b> . 3×2=6 marks
I	Don	't eat that chocolate, Amanda!
	Rem	ember your acne, Amanda!
	Will	you please look at me when I'm speaking to you,
	Ama	ında!
	(a)	The speaker in the above lines is
		(i) Amanda's neighbour
		(ii) Amanda's friend
		(iii) Amanda's mother
		(iv) Amanda's physician
	(b)	She is advised not to eat the chocolate because eating of chocolate
		(i) causes skin problems
		(ii) spoils the habits

13.

(iii) is not good for children

(iv) is a very costly habit

			(i) inattentively	
			(ii) angrily	
			(iii) attentively	
			(iv) indifferently	
	II	"Bu	t I can get a hair-dye	
		And	set such colour there,	
		Bro	wn, or black, or carrot,	
		Tha	t young men in despair	
		May	y love me for myself alone	
		And	l not my yellow hair."	
		(a)	'I' in the above lines is	
			(i) a young man	
			(ii) an old religious man	
			(iii) God	
		٠.	(iv) a young woman	
		(b)	The colour of the hair of the person re	ferred to above is
			(i) yellow	
			(ii) brown	
			(iii) black	
			(iv) carrot	
		(c)	The speaker is ready to get the hair dy	ed
			(i) jet black	
			(ii) the colour which suits her/him the	e best
			(iii) any colour so that young men may	
			(iv) any colour so that young woman	•
			Committee of the contract of t	,
0/1/1		•	4.4	
2/1/1			14	

The person addressed here is listening to the advice ........

Ш	I sta	and look at them long and long.
	The	y do not sweat and whine about their condition,
	(a)	'They' in the above lines are
		(i) human beings
		(ii) animals
		(iii) the poets
		(iv) the audience
	(b)	The author keeps looking at them for long because he
		(i) never finds them unhappy or dissatisfied
		(ii) finds them calm and peaceful
		(iii) feels more at home with them
		(iv) all of the above
	(c)	They are unlike human beings who are
		(i) always complaining
		(ii) calm and quiet
		(iii) contented
	•	(iv) not prone to anger
Ansv	ver aı	ny <b>three</b> of the following questions in 40-50 words each.
		$2\times3=6$ marks
(a)	What happened when Maxwell took Mijbil to the bathroom? What did Mijbil do two days after that?	
(b)	Why did the baker and his family always look happy and prosperous?	
(c)	Why does Chubukov suspect Lomov when he comes to his house?	
(d)	Why do most of the visitors keep away from Coorg during the monsoons? When do they resume their journey? Give reasons.	

14.

15. Answer the following question in about 80 words.

5 marks

Write a character sketch of Valli.

### OR

What did Buddha say about death and suffering?

**16.** Answer the following question in about 80 words.

4 marks

What social attitudes are presented in the story, 'Bholi"? How does Bholi's teacher help her overcome these barriers?

#### OR

M. Loisel was a simple, understanding and loving husband. Substantiate your answer from the story that you have read.

17. Answer any two of the following questions in 40-50 words each.

 $3\times2=6$  marks

- (a) How did the people at the law firm receive the narrator?
- (b) What lesson did Ebright learn when he did not win anything at the science fair?
- (c) How does Think-Tank compare the Martians with the people on Earth? What does he call the Earth mockingly?