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1  /*
2  -----
3  File name      : main.cpp
4  Lab name       : Lab 7, Vectors and matrices
5  Authors        : Miguel Jalube, Leandro Saraiva Maia
6  Creation date  : 07.12.2021
7
8  Description    : This program tests the functions given by the matrixUtilites
9                  library.
10 Remark(s)      : An empty matrix is considered as square and regular. irregular
11                  matrices are ignored.
12
13 Compiler       : Mingw-w64 g++ 11.1.0
14 -----
15 */
16
17 #include <cstdlib>           // required for EXIT_SUCCESS
18 #include <iostream>          // required for cout
19 #include <limits>             // required for numeric_limits<...>
20 #include <vector>             // required because of hidden use of vector
21 #include "matrixUtilities.h" // required for matrix manipulations
22
23 using namespace std ;
24
25 void test(Matrix& matrix);
26
27 int main() {
28     cout << boolalpha;
29
30     Matrix testMatrices[] = {
31         // ----- Square cases -----
32         {{ 1, 4, -2},
33          { 2, 2, 2},
34          {-1, -1, 3}},
35
36         {{ 3, -1, 2, 1},
37          { 4, 1, 0, -2},
38          { 0, 1, 3, -4},
39          {-3, 0, 2, -4}},
40
41         {{1, 5},
42          {3, 1}},
43
44         {{ 0, 0, 0},
45          { 0, 0, 0},
46          { 0, 0, 0}},
47
48         // ----- Regular cases -----
49         {{ 1, 2, 2},
50          { 0, 1, -1},
51          { 0, 0, 2},
52          { 4, 5, 6}},
53
54         {{ 1, 3, 2, 4},
55          { 0, 1, -1, 4}},
56
57         {{ 1, 2, 3, 4, 5}},
58
59         {{ 0, 0, 0, 0},
60          { 0, 0, 0, 0}},
61
62         // ----- Irregular cases -----
63         {{ 1, 4},
64          { 0, 3, 0},
65          { 1, 5, 3}},
66
67         {{ 3, 0},
68          { 1, -1},
69          {-5}},
70
71         {{ 4, 0, -1, 1, -1, 0},
72          { 1, -1},

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73         { 2, 1}},
74
75         // ----- Empty cases -----
76         {},
77
78         {{}},
79
80         {{},
81         {}},
82
83         {{0,0,0},
84         {}},
85         {0,0}},
86
87         {},
88         {{}},
89         {{0}},
90     };
91
92     for (Matrix& testMatrix : testMatrices) {
93         test(testMatrix);
94     }
95
96     //----- End of program -----
97     cout << "Press ENTER to quit.";
98     cin.ignore(numeric_limits<streamsize>::max(), '\n'); // empty buffer
99     return EXIT_SUCCESS;
100 }
101
102 void test(Matrix& matrix){
103     cout << "Display vector          : ";
104     if(matrix.empty()) {
105         cout << "()";
106     }else{
107         cout << matrix.at(0);
108     }
109     cout << endl;
110     cout << "Display matrix          : " << matrix << endl;
111     cout << "Is square                : " << isSquare(matrix) << endl;
112     cout << "Is regular                 : " << isRegular(matrix) << endl;
113     cout << "Minimum row size           : " << minRow(matrix) << endl;
114     cout << "Row sum                    : " << sumRow(matrix) << endl;
115     cout << "Column sum                 : " << sumColumn(matrix) << endl;
116     cout << "Vector minimal sum         : " << vectSumMin(matrix) << endl;
117     shuffleMatrix(matrix);
118     cout << "Matrix after shuffle : " << matrix << endl;
119     sortMatrix(matrix);
120     cout << "Matrix after sort      : " << matrix << endl;
121     cout << "-----" << endl;
122 }

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1  /*
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4  Authors       : Miguel Jalube, Leandro Saraiva Maia
5  Creation date  : 07.12.2021
6
7  Description    : See matrixUtilities.h
8  Remark(s)     :
9
10 Compiler       : Mingw-w64 g++ 11.1.0
11 -----
12 */
13
14 #include "matrixUtilities.h" // Prototypes and aliases (Matrix, VInt)
15 #include <vector>             // required for internal use of vector (Matrix, VInt)
16 #include <algorithm>         // required for sort functions
17 #include <ctime>             // required for random seed
18 #include <numeric>           // required for accumulate
19 #include <iterator>          // required for distance()
20 #include <iostream>          // required for cout
21 #include <ctime>             // required to generate a seed based on time
22 #include <random>            // required to generate random numbers
23
24 using namespace std;
25
26 // ----- predicates -----
27 /**
28  * Checks if 2 vectors have the same size
29  * @param vector1
30  * @param vector2
31  * @return boolean true if vectors have the same size
32  */
33 bool isSameSizeAs(const VInt& vector1, const VInt& vector2) {
34     return vector1.size() == vector2.size();
35 }
36
37 /**
38  * Checks if vector1 smaller than vector2
39  * @param vector1
40  * @param vector2
41  * @return boolean true if vector1 is smaller
42  */
43 bool isSmallerThan(const VInt& vector1, const VInt& vector2){
44     return vector1.size() < vector2.size();
45 }
46
47 /**
48  * Checks if the first element of the vector1 is smaller than the first element of
49  * the vector2. When one of the two vectors is empty, we sort it first
50  * @param vector1
51  * @param vector2
52  * @return boolean true if the first value of the vector1 is smaller
53  */
54 bool isFirstElemSmallerThan(const VInt& vector1, const VInt& vector2) {
55     return (vector1.empty() || vector2.empty()) || vector1.front() < vector2.front();
56 }
57
58 // ----- utilities functions -----
59 bool isSquare(const Matrix& matrix){
60     // Returns true if the matrix is empty, otherwise checks if the matrix is
61     // regular AND if the size of a vector (since they are regular they have all
62     // the same size, so we can take any vector) is equal to the size of the matrix
63     return matrix.empty() ||
64            (isRegular(matrix) && matrix.front().size() == matrix.size());
65 }
66
67 bool isRegular(const Matrix& matrix){
68     // Returns true if the matrix is empty, otherwise checks if every element has
69     // the same size as the next one. If this is true, then it means that every
70     // vector has the same size
71     return matrix.empty() || equal(matrix.begin(), matrix.end() - 1,
72                                    matrix.begin() + 1, isSameSizeAs);
72

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73     }
74
75     // ! This function is named "minCol" in the exercice, but we renamed it "minRow".
76     // We did it because it did not reflect what the function actually does
77     size_t minRow(const Matrix& matrix){
78         // Return 0 if matrix is empty, otherwise compare the size of every row and
79         // returns the size of the smallest
80         return matrix.empty() ? 0 :
81             (*min_element(matrix.begin(), matrix.end(), isSmallerThan)).size();
82     }
83
84     VInt sumRow(const Matrix& matrix){
85         if (matrix.empty()) return {};
86
87         VInt result = VInt(matrix.size());
88         // For each vector in the matrix, we sum the elements of the vector and put it
89         // in a vector that is indexed in the same way as matrix (that is why we use a
90         // "for int i" and not a "for auto i :", because we want the int index).
91         for (size_t i = 0; i < matrix.size(); ++i) {
92             result[i] = accumulate(matrix[i].begin(), matrix[i].end(), 0);
93         }
94
95         return result;
96     }
97
98     VInt sumColumn(const Matrix& matrix){
99         VInt result;
100         if(!matrix.empty()) {
101             // Resizes result vector to the same size as the biggest vector in the matrix
102             result.resize(
103                 (*max_element(matrix.begin(), matrix.end(), isSmallerThan)).size());
104
105             // For each vector in the matrix increment the result vector (default value
106             // is 0) adding the value of matrix[i][j] to result[j]
107             for (const VInt &i: matrix) {
108                 for (size_t j = 0; j < i.size(); ++j) {
109                     result.at(j) += i.at(j);
110                 }
111             }
112         }
113         return result;
114     }
115
116     VInt vectSumMin(const Matrix& matrix){
117         if (matrix.empty()) return {};
118
119         // First, get a vector containing the sum of each row (indexed identically as
120         // the matrix).
121         VInt vSumRow = sumRow(matrix);
122         // Then, we get index of the row with the smallest sum by getting the distance
123         // between the being iterator and the min_element iterator.
124         size_t indexOfMinSumRow = (size_t)distance(vSumRow.begin(),
125             min_element(vSumRow.begin(), vSumRow.end()));
126         // Since vSumRow is indexed identically as the matrix, we can access the matrix
127         // with the same index
128         return matrix[indexOfMinSumRow];
129     }
130
131     void shuffleMatrix(Matrix& matrix){
132         if(!matrix.empty()) {
133             // Sets the random seed in static, so it is not reset for each call
134             static long long int seed = time(nullptr);
135
136             // Shuffles the matrix elements using the random generator mt19937 seeded using
137             // the ctime library
138             shuffle(matrix.begin(), matrix.end(), mt19937(seed));
139         }
140     }
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142     void sortMatrix(Matrix& matrix){
143         if (matrix.empty()) return;
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```
145     // Sort matrix by looking at the smallest first element of each row.
146     sort(matrix.begin(), matrix.end(), isFirstElemSmallerThan);
147 }
148
149 ostream& operator<< (ostream& os, const VInt& vector){
150     os << "(";
151     // Loop to send in the ostream, the value at *i
152     for(VInt::const_iterator i = vector.begin(); i != vector.end(); ++i){
153         if(i != vector.begin()){
154             os << ", ";
155         }
156         os << *i;
157     }
158     os << ")";
159     return os;
160 }
161
162 ostream& operator<< (ostream& os, const Matrix& matrix){
163     os << "[";
164     // Loop to send in the ostream, the vector at *i
165     for(Matrix::const_iterator i = matrix.begin(); i != matrix.end(); ++i){
166         if(i != matrix.begin()){
167             os << ", ";
168         }
169         os << *i;
170     }
171     os << "]";
172     return os;
173 }
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