An introduction to the semantic web technologies And their use within the **@Web** platform

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Outline of the presentation

- What's an ontology?
- RDF
- RDFS
- OWL
- SKOS
- SPARQL
- ► The n-ary relationship pattern used in **@Web**
- Examples of tables in scientific documents annotated using n-ary relationships in **@Web**

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and a set of logical constraints to specify, among other things:

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if example is the default namespace.

RDF

A simple language for describing *annotations* about Web resources identified by URIs, from now on referred to as **facts**.

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Some examples:

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- \ \(\text{:Pierre :EnrolledIn :InfoDept} \)
- ► <:Pierre :RegisteredTo :UE111>

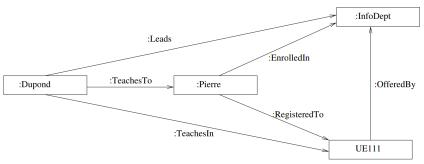
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- \ \langle : Pierre : EnrolledIn : InfoDept \rangle
- ► ⟨:Pierre :RegisteredTo :UE111⟩
- ► <:UE111 :OfferedBy :InfoDept>

RDF

Graph representation



```
\langle:Dupond :Leads :InfoDept\rangle
\langle:Dupond :TeachesIn :UE111\rangle
\langle:Dupond :TeachesTo :Pierre\rangle
\langle:Pierre :EnrolledIn :InfoDept\rangle
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However, we're going to focus on the abstract $\langle \mathtt{subject}, \mathtt{predicate}, \mathtt{object} \rangle$ syntax during this presentation.

RDFS

Thanks!