ASSIGNMENT 1

PROGRAMMING TECHNIQUE 1 (SECJ1013)

SEM 1 (2021/2022)

INSTRUCTIONS TO THE STUDENTS

- This assignment must be done in pairs (a group consisting of 2 members).
- Please refer to the group list to find out your group members/ partner and your set of assignments.
- The application examples given in the figure in the question set can be used as a guide to design your solution (flow chart).
- Any form of plagiarisms is **NOT ALLOWED**. Students who copied other students' assignments will get **ZERO** marks (both parties, students who copied, and students that share their work).
- Please insert your <u>name and partner's name, matric number, and date</u> as a comment in your program.

SUBMISSION PROCEDURE

- Please submit this assignment no later than October 29, 2024 (Tuesday, on / before 00:00 MYT).
- Only one submission per pair (group) that includes one file is required for the submission which is the flow chart (the file with the extension .pdf).
- Submit the assignment via the UTM's e-learning system.

SET 1

Based on the problem given below, analyze the problem and design its solution using a **flow chart**. The flow chart must be drawn by using any appropriate drawing tools such as Microsoft Visio, draw.io (https://app.diagrams.net/), and Lucid chart (https://www.lucidchart.com/pages/examples/flowchartmaker).

You need to design a program that repeatedly accepts temperatures from the user in Celsius, converts them to Fahrenheit, and then classifies them into one of the following categories:

- a) Cold if the Fahrenheit temperature is below 50°F,
- b) Moderate if it's between 50°F and 77°F, and
- c) Hot if it's above 77°F.

The program will continue until the user enters a sentinel value (-999) to stop. Alongside the main function, you must define and call a user-defined function to handle the temperature conversion from Celsius to Fahrenheit.

Please take note that in your solution (flow chart), you **MUST** apply:

- a) Branching/selection (if..else)
- b) Loop/repetition (repeat..until/do..while)
- c) User-defined function flow chart. Besides the <u>main</u> function flow chart, your solution needs to design at least <u>ONE</u> more other function flow chart. Use appropriate arguments for the function.

Sample Input & Output

Sample 1 Sample 2

Input: 25°C Input: -5°C Conversion: Conversion:

Fahrenheit = $(9/5 * 25) + 32 = 77^{\circ}F$ Fahrenheit = $(9/5 * -5) + 32 = 23^{\circ}F$

Classification: Moderate Classification: Cold

Display of input & output will be like below:

Enter temperature in Celsius (-999 to stop): 25 25°C is 77°F, classified as Moderate. Enter temperature in Celsius (-999 to stop): 0

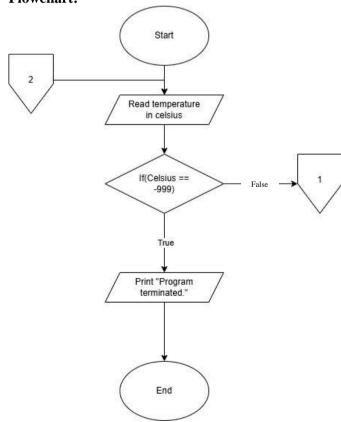
0°C is 32°F, classified as Cold.

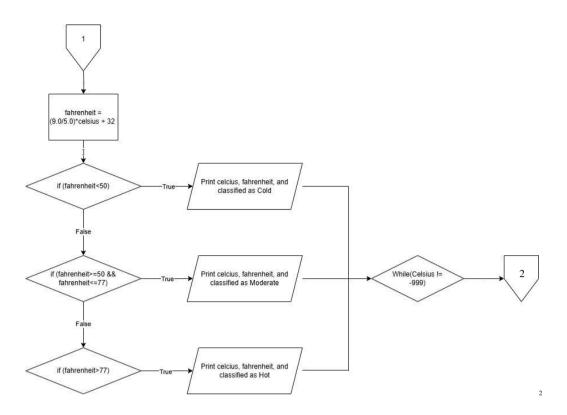
Enter temperature in Celsius (-999 to stop): 30 30 C is 86° F, classified as Hot.

Enter temperature in Celsius (-999 to stop): -10 -10° C is 14° F, classified as Cold.

Enter temperature in Celsius (-999 to stop): -999 Program terminated.

Flowchart:





Coding:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <iomanip>
using namespace std;
float convertToFahrenheit(float celsius)
     float fahrenheit;
    fahrenheit = (9.0/5.0)*celsius + 32;
return fahrenheit;
int main()
     float celsius, fahrenheit;
              cout << "Enter temperature in Celsius (-999 to stop): ";// Prompt the user to enter a temperature in Celsius
              cin >> celsius;
              if(celsius == -999)//Check for sentinel value (-999) to terminate the program
                   cout << "Program terminated." << endl;
              fahrenheit = convertToFahrenheit(celsius);// Convert Celsius to Fahrenheit
cout << celsius << ""C is ";
cout << fahrenheit << ""oF, ";</pre>
              if (fahrenheit<50)
                   cout<<fixed << setprecision(0)<<"classified as Cold."<<endl;</pre>
              else if (fahrenheit>=50 && fahrenheit<=77)
                   cout<<fixed << setprecision(0)<<"classified as Moderate."<<endl;</pre>
              else
                   cout<<fixed << setprecision(0)<<"classified as Hot."<<endl;</pre>
         } while (celsius != -999);
    return 0;
```

Output:

SET 2

Based on the problem given below, analyze the problem and design its solution using a **flow chart**. The flow chart must be drawn by using any appropriate drawing tools such as Microsoft Visio, draw.io (https://app.diagrams.net/), and Lucid chart (https://www.lucidchart.com/pages/examples/flowchartmaker).

You need to design a program that allows users to calculate either Simple Interest or Compound Interest based on user input. The program will:

- a) Ask the user whether they want to calculate Simple Interest or Compound Interest.
- b) For both interest types, the user will input the Principal (P), Rate of Interest (R) (as a percentage), and Time (T) (in years).
- c) If the user chooses Simple Interest, calculate it using the formula:

Simple Interest
$$(SI)^{1} = \frac{P \times R \times T}{100}$$

d) If the user chooses Compound Interest, ask for the number of times interest is compounded per year (n) and calculate it using the formula:

Compound Interest (CI) =

$$CI = P \times \left(1 + \frac{R}{100 \times n}\right)^{n \, T} - P$$

e) The program will allow the user to perform multiple calculations and will terminate when the user enters a sentinel value (0 for interest type).

Please take note that in your solution (flow chart), you **MUST** apply:

- a) Branching/selection (if..else)
- b) Loop/repetition (repeat..until/do..while)
- c) User-defined function flow chart. Besides the **main** function flow chart, your solution needs to design at least **ONE** more other function flow chart. Use appropriate arguments for the function.

Sample Input & Output

Sample 1 (Simple Interest Example):

Input Principal (P): 1000 Input Rate (R): 5%

Input Time (T): 3 years

Calculation:

$$SI = \frac{1000 \times 5 \times 3}{100}$$

Result: Simple Interest = 150

Sample 2 (Compound Interest Example):

Input Principal (P): 1000

Input Rate (R): 5%

Input Time (T): 3 years

Input Number of Times Compounded Per Year

(n): 4 (quarterly)

Calculation:

$$CI = 1000 \times (1 + \frac{5}{100 \times 4})^{4 \times 3} - \frac{1000 \times 4}{100 \times 4}$$

Result: Simple Interest = 159.2

Display of input & output will be like below:

Sample Execution (Simple Interest):

```
Choose interest type (1 for Simple, 2 for Compound, 0 to exit): 1
Enter Principal (P): 1000
Enter Rate of Interest (R): 5
Enter Time (T in years): 3

Simple Interest is: 150.00

Choose interest type (1 for Simple, 2 for Compound, 0 to exit): 0
Program terminated.
```

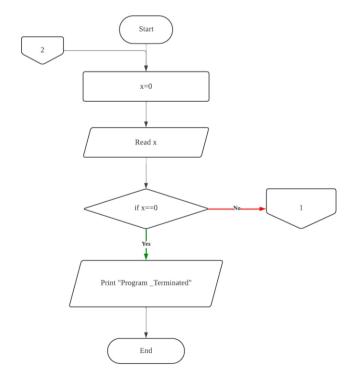
Sample Execution (Compound Interest):

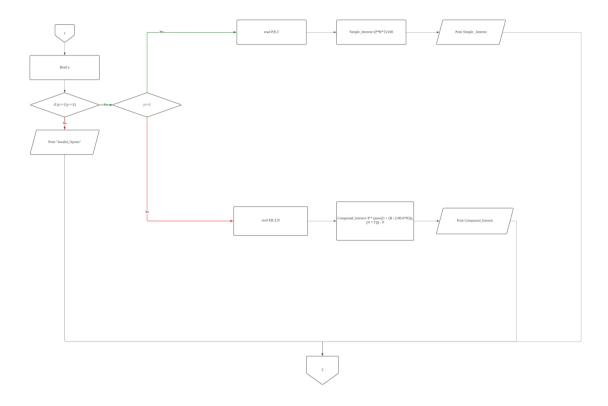
```
Choose interest type (1 for Simple, 2 for Compound, 0 to exit): 2
Enter Principal (P): 1000
Enter Rate of Interest (R): 5
Enter Time (T in years): 3
Enter number of times compounded per year (n): 4

Compound Interest is: 161.62

Choose interest type (1 for Simple, 2 for Compound, 0 to exit): 0
Program terminated.
```

Flowchart:





Coding:

```
#include <iostream>
#include <cmath>
#include <iomanip>
using namespace std;
 float calc(int x){
    int P, R, T, N;
    float interest;
    if (x == 1) { // Simple Interest
  cout << "Enter Principal(P): ";</pre>
         cin >> F;
cout << "Rate of Interest(R): ";</pre>
         cin >> R;
cout << "Time(T in years): ";</pre>
          cin >> T;
         interest = (P * R * T) / 100;
         cout << fixed<<setprecision(2)<<"Simple Interest is: " << interest << endl;</pre>
     } else if (x == 2) { // Compound Interest
  cout << "Enter Principal(P): ";</pre>
         cin >> F;
cout << "Rate of Interest(R): ";</pre>
         cin >> R;
cout << "Time(T in years): ";</pre>
         cin >> T;|
cout << "Number of times compounded per year(n): ";</pre>
          cin >> N;
          interest = P * pow(1 + (R / 100.0) / N, N * T) - F;
         cout << "Compound Interest is: " << interest << endl;
    else {
         cout << "Invalid option." << endl;
    return 0; // Return type should match the function
}
```

```
int main() {
    int x=0;
    do{
    cout << "Choose interest type (1 for Simple, 2 for Compound, 0 to exit): ";
    cin >>x;
    if (x==0) {
    cout << "Program Terminated." << endl;}
    else if (x !=0) {
        calc(x);
        }
    } while (x != 0);
    return 0;
}</pre>
```

Output: