

DSA SERIES

- Learn Coding



Topic to be Covered today

Selection sorting

Quick Sorting



LETS START TODAY'S LECTURE

Selection sorting

- Simple sorting algorithm that works on the comparison.
- It selects the minimum element from the unsorted portion and places it at the beginning – one element at a time.

Repeat the process until the array is sorted.

Procedure :

Example :

[29 10 14 37 13]

[29 10 14 37 13]

[10 29 14 37 13]

[10 29 14 37 13]

[10 13 14 37 29]

[10 13 14 37 29]

[10 13 14 37 29]

[10 13 14 37 29]

[10 13 14 29 37]

```
#include <iostream>

using namespace std;

int main()
{

    int arr[5] = {29, 10, 14, 37, 13};

    cout << "Printing the array before sorting : ";
    for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)
    {
        cout << arr[i] << " ";
    }
    cout << endl;

    // Sorting logic

    int n = 5;
    // for(int i = 0; i < n-1; i++){
    //     int minVal = arr[i];
    //     int minIndex = i;
```

```
//    for(int j = i+1;j<n;j++){  
//        if(minVal > arr[j] ){  
//            minVal = arr[j];  
//            minIndex = j;  
//        }  
//    }
```

```
//    arr[minIndex]=arr[i];  
//    arr[i]=minVal;  
// }
```

```
for (int i = 0; i < n - 1; i++)  
{  
    int minIndex = i;  
  
    for (int j = i + 1; j < n; j++)  
    {  
        if (arr[j] < arr[minIndex])  
        {  
            minIndex = j;  
        }  
    }
```

```
    }  
    swap(arr[i], arr[minIndex]);  
}  
  
cout << "Printing the array after sorting : ";  
for (int i = 0; i < 5; i++)  
{  
    cout << arr[i] << " ";  
}  
cout << endl;  
  
return 0;  
}
```


Quick Sort

Quick Sort is a **divide and conquer** algorithm that:

1. Selects a **pivot** element.

2. Partitions the array:

1. All elements smaller than the pivot go to the left.

2. All elements greater go to the right.

3. Recursively sorts the **left** and **right** subarrays.

```
#include<iostream>
#include<vector>

using namespace std;

int partition(vector<int> &arr , int low,int high){
    int pivot = arr[high];
    int i = low-1;

    for(int j = low;j<high;j++){
        if(arr[j]<pivot){
            i++;
            swap(arr[i],arr[j]);
        }
    }

    swap(arr[i+1],arr[high]);
    return i+1;
}
```

```
void quickSort(vector<int> &arr , int low,int high){  
    if(low<high){  
        int pi = partition(arr,low,high);  
  
        quickSort(arr,low,pi-1);  
        quickSort(arr,pi+1,high);  
    }  
}
```

```
int main(){  
  
    vector<int> arr ={ 6,3,5,4,8,11,2,9};  
    int n = arr.size();  
  
    quickSort(arr,0,n-1);  
  
    for(int i =0;i<arr.size();i++){  
        cout<<arr[i]<<" ";  
    }  
    cout<<endl;  
  
}
```



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THANK YOU