



# DSA SERIES

**- Learn Coding**



Topic to be Covered today

# Dynamic Programming

## 926. Flip String to Monotone Increasing



```
class Solution {
public:
    int n;

    int solve(string& s, int index, int prev , vector<vector<int>> &t) {
        if (index >= n)
            return 0;

        int flip = INT_MAX;
        int not_flip = INT_MAX;

        if(t[index][prev] != -1){
            return t[index][prev];
        }

        if (s[index] == '0') {
            if (prev == 1) {
```



```
flip = 1 + solve(s, index + 1, 1,t);
    } else {
        flip = 1 + solve(s, index + 1, 1,t);
        not_flip = solve(s, index + 1, 0,t);
    }
} else if (s[index] == '1') {
    if (prev == 1) {
        not_flip = solve(s, index + 1, 1,t);

    } else {

        flip = 1 + solve(s, index + 1, 0,t);
        not_flip = solve(s, index + 1, 1,t);
    }
}

return t[index][prev] = min(flip, not_flip);
}
```



```
int minFlipsMonoIncr(string s) {  
    n = s.length();  
  
    vector<vector<int>> t(n+1 , vector<int>(2,-1));  
  
    return solve(s, 0, 0,t);  
}  
};
```



## 1312. Minimum Insertion Steps to Make a String Palindrome

```
class Solution {
public:
    int t[501][501];
    int solve(string& s, int i, int j) {

        if (i >= j)
            return 0;

        if (t[i][j] != -1) {
            return t[i][j];
        }

        if (s[i] == s[j])
            return t[i][j] = solve(s, i + 1, j - 1);

        return t[i][j] = 1 + min(solve(s, i + 1, j), solve(s, i, j - 1));
    }
}
```



```
int minInsertions(string s) {  
    int n = s.length();  
    memset(t, -1, sizeof(t));  
  
    return solve(s, 0, n - 1);  
}  
};
```



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THANK YOU