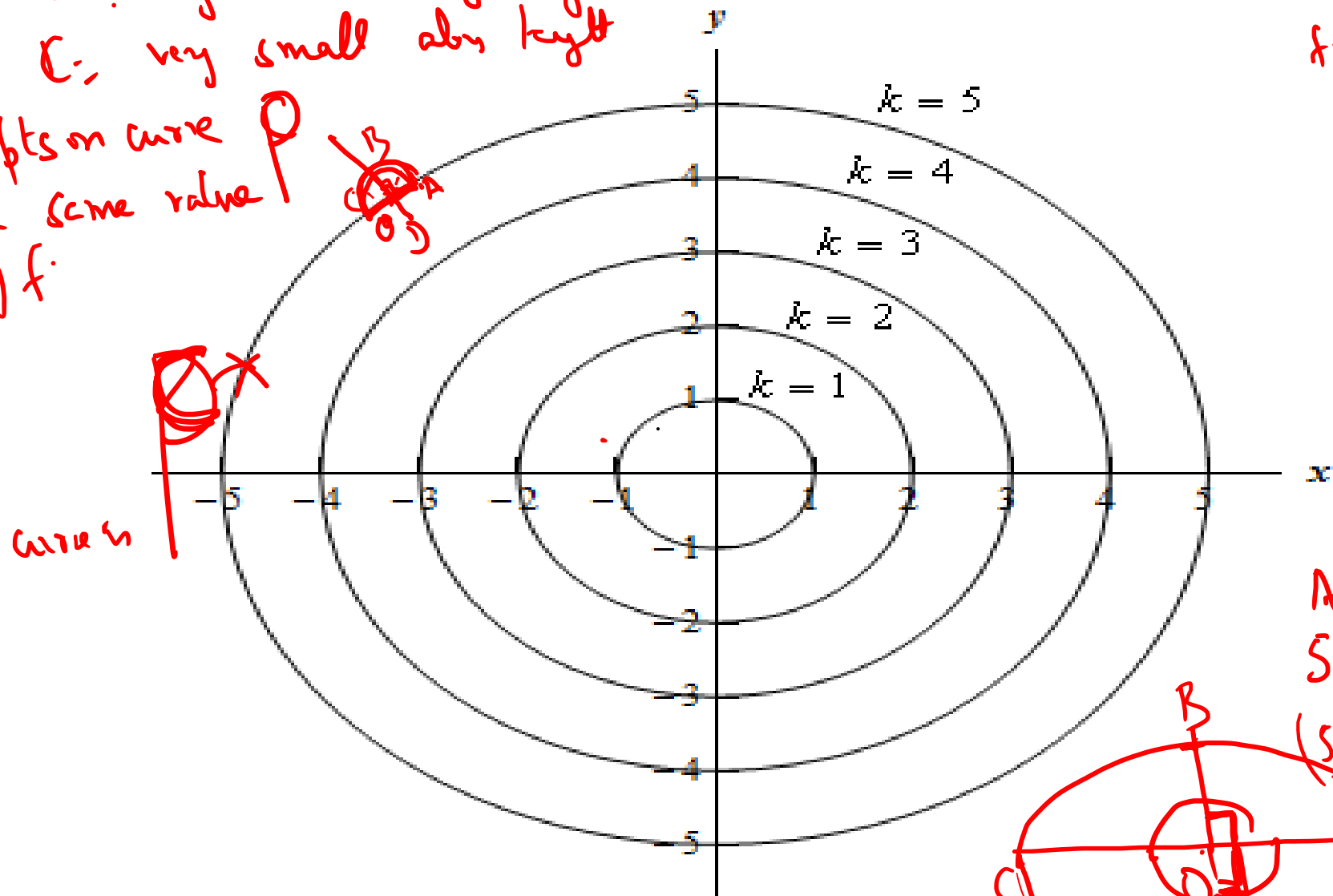




A : very small abg tangent.  
C: very small abs kytt

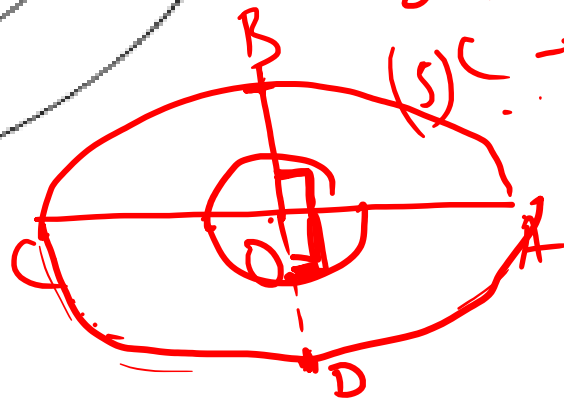
All pts on curve  
have same value  
of  $f$ .



from  $\mathcal{D} \cdot (f; 5)$

y	A	:	<u>~5</u>
sub	B		5(+)
	C		~5
:			
:	D		5(-)

$(5+)$   
 $A \rightarrow B \rightarrow C$   
 $5 \uparrow \uparrow \uparrow \text{max } 11 \cdot 5$

$$(S) \subset \rightarrow \overset{5-2}{\text{III}} \uparrow \uparrow A(S)$$


$$f = f(x, y).$$

Taylor series around  $(x_0, y_0)$

$$df(x, y) \approx f(x_0, y_0) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \bigg|_{x_0, y_0} (x - x_0) + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} (y - y_0)$$

If you go along tangent. from  $(x_0, y_0)$  to  $(x, y)$  you are along tangent

$$f(x, y) - f(x_0, y_0) = 0 = \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} \underbrace{(x - x_0)}_{\Delta x} + \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \underbrace{(y - y_0)}_{\Delta y} = 0.$$

$$\underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \frac{\partial f}{\partial x} & \frac{\partial f}{\partial y} \end{bmatrix}}_{\nabla f} \underbrace{\begin{bmatrix} \Delta x \\ \Delta y \end{bmatrix}}_{\text{tangent}} = 0$$

$\nabla f$  for tangent.

$$\lim_{\Delta x \rightarrow 0} \frac{\Delta f}{\Delta x} = \frac{df}{dx}$$