

Chapter Twenty-Five

America Moves to the City, 1865-1900

Chicago architect Louis Sullivan was best known for his development of

- 1. zoning laws to separate the city into distinct districts for different functions.
- 2. the 1893 Chicago World's Fair.
- 3. the high-rise skyscraper.
- 4. large, carefully landscaped urban parks.

Chicago architect Louis Sullivan was best known for his development of

3. the high-rise skyscraper.

Hint: See page 559.

One of the most difficult new problems generated by the rise of cities and the urban American lifestyle was

- 1. dealing with horses and other animals in crowded urban settings.
- 2. developing means of communication in densely populated city centers.
- 3. disposing of large quantities of consumergenerated waste material.
- 4. finding effective methods of high-rise construction for limited urban space.

One of the most difficult new problems generated by the rise of cities and the urban American lifestyle was

3. disposing of large quantities of consumergenerated waste material.

Hint: See page 560.

Besides economic opportunities, a primary motive bringing many European immigrants to the United States was

- 1. a determination to preserve their traditional ways of life.
- 2. an eagerness to contribute to the growth of America as a world power.
- 3. the desire to escape religious and political persecution in their homelands.
- 4. the misleading promises of many American real estate promoters.

Besides economic opportunities, a primary motive bringing many European immigrants to the United States was

3. the desire to escape religious and political persecution in their homelands.

Hint: See pages 563-566,

Besides her advocacy for the immigrant poor in her Hull House neighborhood, reformer Jane Addams became highly controversial because of her support for

- 1. prohibition.
- 2. the Socialist party.
- 3. pacifism.
- 4. integration between blacks and whites.

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3. pacifism.

Hint: See page 569.

In the 1890s, the vast majority of American women who worked for wages were

- 1. single.
- 2. immigrants.
- 3. New Englanders.
- 4. suffragists.

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1. single.

Hint: See page 569.

Two religious groups that gained greatly from the mass immigration of the late nineteenth century were

- 1. Baptists and Methodists.
- 2. Catholics and Jews.
- 3. Unitarians and Christian Scientists.
- 4. Presbyterians and Dutch Calvinists.

Two religious groups that gained greatly from the mass immigration of the late nineteenth century were

2. Catholics and Jews.

Hint: See page 566.

Besides its claim that human beings originated from lower life forms, the most controversial feature of Charles Darwin's evolutionary theory was

- 1. that the different races were originally different biological species.
- 2. that language was a late addition to human evolution.
- 3. that the sexual drive was more powerful than intellect or morals in determining human behavior.
- 4. that different species evolved through random "natural selection."

Besides its claim that human beings originated from lower life forms, the most controversial feature of Charles Darwin's evolutionary theory was

4. that different species evolved through random "natural selection."

Hint: See page 573.

The "normal schools" that grew dramatically in the late nineteenth century specialized in

- 1. agricultural and technical education.
- 2. teaching average children rather than either the elite or the mentally slow.
- 3. combining liberal arts and professional training.
- 4. educating teachers.

The "normal schools" that grew dramatically in the late nineteenth century specialized in

4. educating teachers.

Hint: See page 574.

W. E. B. Du Bois was best known for supporting

- 1. academic research on the history and social problems of African Americans.
- 2. the emigration of blacks from the United States to Africa.
- 3. complete social and economic equality for blacks and the best education for their "talented tenth."
- 4. socialist economics and revolutionary working class ideology.

W. E. B. Du Bois was best known for supporting

3. complete social and economic equality for blacks and the best education for their "talented tenth."

Hint: See pages 575-576.

Which of the following was not among the wealthy new private American research universities created by the large fortunes of the era?

- 1. Stanford University
- 2. the University of California
- 3. the University of Chicago
- 4. Johns Hopkins University

Which of the following was not among the wealthy new private American research universities created by the large fortunes of the era?

2. the University of California

Hint: See pages 576-577.