# Lead Scoring Case Study

#### **Problem Statement**

An education company named X Education sells online courses to industry professionals. On any given day, many professionals who are interested in the courses land on their website and browse for courses. Company wants to identify the potential leads so that sales team can focus more on these leads rather than calling all the leads, thus increasing the chances of conversion.

### Objective

The aim of this case study is to identify the driving factors and converted/non converted leads and derive a logistic model which can predict the 'HOT' leads

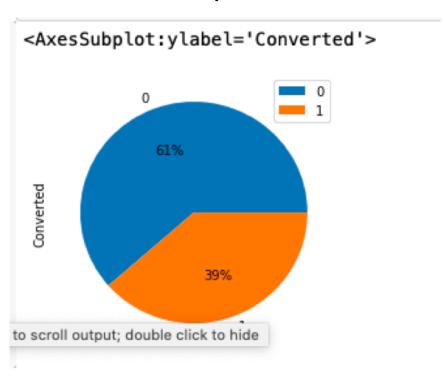
### Approach

#### The steps that we will follow are as below:

- Reading and interpreting data
- Data Cleaning
- Preparing the data for modelling
  - Handling binary categorical columns
  - Creating dummy columns for other categorical columns
  - train-test data
  - rescaling continuous data
- Training the model
- Predicting and evaluating Model on the test data (metrics test)

## Approach

Imbalance % only 39% of the leads have been converted



#### **EDA**

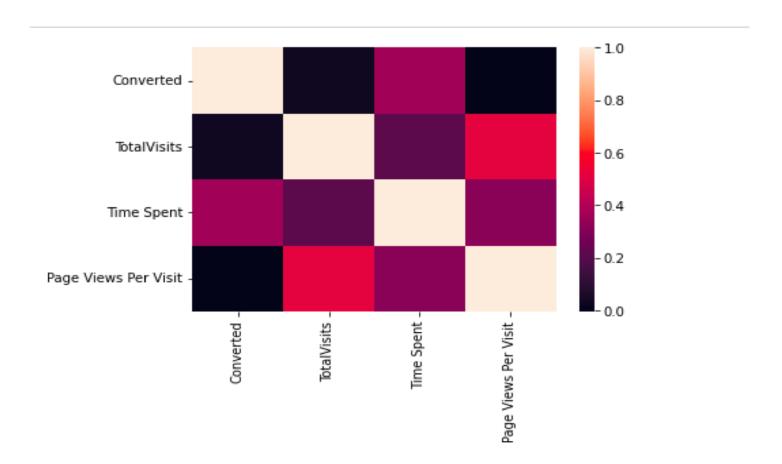
- We observe value 'Select' in some columns('Specialization','How did you hear about X Education','Lead Profile','City') which is nothing but Null. So we replaced them with NULL
- Columns with >40% missing values have been dropped
- Also columns 'Magazine', 'Receive More Updates About Our Courses', 'Update me on Supply Chain Content', 'Get updates on DM Content', 'I agree to pay the amount through cheque' have all the records with value 'No', hence can't be used as a driving factor and have been dropped.
- Missing values in 'Country' have been replaced with India where city is an Indian city

#### **EDA**

 Majority of the leads are from India. Rest of the countries we have clubbed together As 'Others' so as to reduce the dummy columns later.

#### **Correlation between Numeric Variables**

There is some correlation between 'Time Spent' and 'Converted'



### **Final Logistic Model Parameters**

•	const	0.319789		
•	Do Not Email	-0.121590		
•	Time Spent	0.182821		
•	Lead Origin_Lead Add Form		0.52039	96
•	Lead Source_Olark Chat	0.	187147	
•	Lead Source_Welingak Websi	te	0.178	706
•	Last Activity_Had a Phone Co	nversation	0.1	37343
•	Last Activity_Olark Chat Conv	ersation	-0.07	8582
•	Last Activity_Resubscribed to	emails	0.809	9135
•	Last Activity_SMS Sent	0.1	98661	
•	Specialization_Hospitality Ma	nagement	-0.3	102859
•	Occupation_Working Professi	onal	0.318	3921
•	Reason_Other	on_Other -0.154207		
•	Last Notable Activity_Had a P	hone Conve	rsation	0.301803
•	Last Notable Activity_Modifie	d	-0.1087	90
•	Last Notable Activity_Unreach	nable	0.292	2718

#### **Confusion Matrix**

Actual	Predicted		
	Not Converted	Converted	
Not Converted	3572	430	
Converted	783	1683	

### **Accuracy**

metrics.accuracy\_score(y\_train\_pred\_final.Converted,y\_train\_pred\_final.Predicted)

0.8124613481756339

# **Sensitivity & Specificity**

TP / float(TP+FN) = 0.6824817518248175

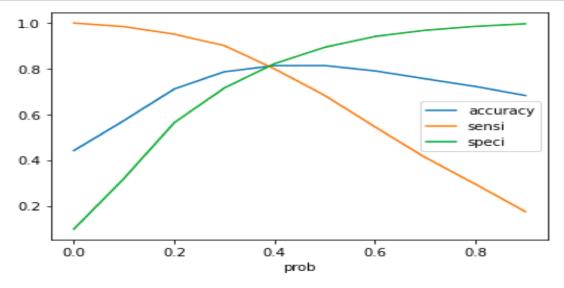
TN / float(TN+FP) = 0.8925537231384307

Optimal cutoff probability is that prob where we get balanced sensitivity and specificity

# **Optimal cutoff probability**

 Balanced sensitivity and specificity. From the curve below, 0.4 is the optimum point to take it as a cutoff probability.

```
# Let's plot accuracy sensitivity and specificity for various probabilities.
cutoff_df.plot.line(x='prob', y=['accuracy','sensi','speci'])
plt.show()
```



### **Precision and Recall**

TP/(FP+TP)= 0.7329608938547486

TP/(FN+TP) = 0.7980535279805353

### Making predictions on the test set

Actual	Predicted	
	Not Converted	Converted
Not Converted	1383	294
Converted	222	873

Accuracy = 0.8138528138528138

Sensitivity = 0.7972602739726027

Specificity = 0.8246869409660107

#### Conclusion

Sales team should focus more on the leads who have resubscribed to the email. This is a very strong point as they might be reconsidering taking the admission.

Also since company provides industrial courses which are meant for industrial professionals, they should target working professionals rather than students.

They should ignore 'Do Not Email' leads as this shows less interest and also not waste time in entertaining chat enquiries as it may not be the optimum use of the time.