## Home Loan Approval – Detailed Process Guide

#### 1. Overview

Home loan approval is the process through which a financial institution evaluates whether an applicant is eligible for a housing loan. This involves assessment of the applicant's creditworthiness and the legal and technical status of the property.

### 2. Key Stages of Loan Approval

# a. Application Submission

The applicant fills out the loan application form and submits basic KYC, income, and property documents either online or offline.

### b. Preliminary Assessment

The bank reviews the credit score, verifies income documents, and checks basic eligibility to estimate the loan amount that can be sanctioned.

#### c. Document Verification

The lender thoroughly checks all submitted documents including PAN, Aadhaar, salary slips, bank statements, tax returns, and property papers.

## d. Legal and Technical Evaluation

The property is evaluated by technical experts for its construction status and market value. Legal teams verify ownership, approvals, and encumbrances.

# e. Personal Discussion (PD)

For higher loan amounts or self-employed profiles, a telephonic or physical discussion may be conducted to confirm applicant details and intent.

#### f. Loan Sanction

A sanction letter is issued stating loan amount, interest rate, tenure, EMI, and conditions. This is a formal offer subject to final disbursement.

# g. Loan Disbursement

Funds are disbursed in full or in stages based on the type of property. Ready-to-move homes get full disbursal; under-construction homes receive stage-wise disbursement.

- 3. Factors Affecting Approval
- Age and employment type
- Credit score and financial discipline
- Property location and legal status
- Income stability and co-applicant profile
- 4. Common Sanction Conditions
- Title clearance certificate
- Approved building plans
- Submission of pending documents
- Insurance of property or borrower

## 5. Validity and Rejection

The sanction letter is usually valid for 3 to 6 months. Rejection may happen due to low credit score, legal property issues, or high debt obligations.