

## 红黑树的 c 实现源码与剖析

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July 说明：

由于原来的程序没有任何一行注释，我把它深入剖析，并一行一行的添加了注释，详情请参见此文：

教你彻底实现红黑树：红黑树的 c 源码实现与剖析

[http://blog.csdn.net/v\\_JULY\\_v/archive/2011/01/03/6114226.aspx](http://blog.csdn.net/v_JULY_v/archive/2011/01/03/6114226.aspx)

关于红黑树系列的教程，还可看下以下俩篇文章：

教你透彻了解红黑树：

[http://blog.csdn.net/v\\_JULY\\_v/archive/2010/12/29/6105630.aspx](http://blog.csdn.net/v_JULY_v/archive/2010/12/29/6105630.aspx)

红黑树算法的层层剖析与逐步实现

[http://blog.csdn.net/v\\_JULY\\_v/archive/2010/12/31/6109153.aspx](http://blog.csdn.net/v_JULY_v/archive/2010/12/31/6109153.aspx)

Ok，君自看。

-----  
//以下是最初的源程序。

//如果你看不太懂，那么就证明了我所做的源码剖析工作有意义了。:D。

//详情，参见 My Blog[谷歌或百度搜"结构之法"]

//[http://blog.csdn.net/v\\_JULY\\_v](http://blog.csdn.net/v_JULY_v)  
-----

```
#include <stdio.h>
#include <stdlib.h>
#include <string.h>
```

```
typedef int key_t;
typedef int data_t;
```

```
typedef enum color_t
{
    RED = 0,
    BLACK = 1
} color_t;
```

```
typedef struct rb_node_t
{
    struct rb_node_t *left, *right, *parent;
    key_t key;
    data_t data;
    color_t color;
```

```

}rb_node_t;

/* forward declaration */
rb_node_t* rb_insert(key_t key, data_t data, rb_node_t* root);
rb_node_t* rb_search(key_t key, rb_node_t* root);
rb_node_t* rb_erase(key_t key, rb_node_t* root);

int main()
{
    int i, count = 900000;
    key_t key;
    rb_node_t* root = NULL, *node = NULL;

    srand(time(NULL));
    for (i = 1; i < count; ++i)
    {
        key = rand() % count;
        if ((root = rb_insert(key, i, root)))
        {
            printf("[i = %d] insert key %d success!\n", i, key);
        }
        else
        {
            printf("[i = %d] insert key %d error!\n", i, key);
            exit(-1);
        }

        if ((node = rb_search(key, root)))
        {
            printf("[i = %d] search key %d success!\n", i, key);
        }
        else
        {
            printf("[i = %d] search key %d error!\n", i, key);
            exit(-1);
        }
        if (!(i % 10))
        {
            if ((root = rb_erase(key, root)))
            {
                printf("[i = %d] erase key %d success\n", i, key);
            }
            else
            {

```

```

        printf("[i = %d] erase key %d error\n", i, key);
    }
}

return 0;
}

```

```

static rb_node_t* rb_new_node(key_t key, data_t data)
{
    rb_node_t *node = (rb_node_t*)malloc(sizeof(struct rb_node_t));

    if (!node)
    {
        printf("malloc error!\n");
        exit(-1);
    }
    node->key = key, node->data = data;

    return node;
}

```

```

/*-----
|   node           right
|   /\    ==>    /\
|   a  right    node  y
|       /\       /\
|       b  y     a   b    //原程序给的这丁点注释错了，我已修正。
|-----*/

```

```

static rb_node_t* rb_rotate_left(rb_node_t* node, rb_node_t* root)
{
    rb_node_t* right = node->right;

    if ((node->right = right->left))
    {
        right->left->parent = node;
    }
    right->left = node;

    if ((right->parent = node->parent))
    {
        if (node == node->parent->right)
        {
            node->parent->right = right;

```

```

    }
    else
    {
        node->parent->left = right;
    }
}
else
{
    root = right;
}
node->parent = right;

return root;
}

```

```

/*-----
|      node      left
|      /\        /\
|  left y  ==>  a   node
|  /\                /\
|  a   b                b   y //右旋与左旋差不多，分析略过
|-----*/

```

```

static rb_node_t* rb_rotate_right(rb_node_t* node, rb_node_t* root)
{
    rb_node_t* left = node->left;

    if ((node->left = left->right))
    {
        left->right->parent = node;
    }
    left->right = node;

    if ((left->parent = node->parent))
    {
        if (node == node->parent->right)
        {
            node->parent->right = left;
        }
        else
        {
            node->parent->left = left;
        }
    }
}

```

```

else
{
    root = left;
}
node->parent = left;

return root;
}

static rb_node_t* rb_insert_rebalance(rb_node_t *node, rb_node_t *root)
{
    rb_node_t *parent, *gparent, *uncle, *tmp;

    while ((parent = node->parent) && parent->color == RED)
    {
        gparent = parent->parent;

        if (parent == gparent->left)
        {
            uncle = gparent->right;
            if (uncle && uncle->color == RED)
            {
                uncle->color = BLACK;
                parent->color = BLACK;
                gparent->color = RED;
                node = gparent;
            }
            else
            {
                if (parent->right == node)
                {
                    root = rb_rotate_left(parent, root);
                    tmp = parent;
                    parent = node;
                    node = tmp;
                }

                parent->color = BLACK;
                gparent->color = RED;
                root = rb_rotate_right(gparent, root);
            }
        }
        else
        {

```

```

        uncle = gparent->left;
        if (uncle && uncle->color == RED)
        {
            uncle->color = BLACK;
            parent->color = BLACK;
            gparent->color = RED;
            node = gparent;
        }
        else
        {
            if (parent->left == node)
            {
                root = rb_rotate_right(parent, root);
                tmp = parent;
                parent = node;
                node = tmp;
            }

            parent->color = BLACK;
            gparent->color = RED;
            root = rb_rotate_left(gparent, root);
        }
    }
}

root->color = BLACK;

return root;
}

static rb_node_t* rb_erase_rebalance(rb_node_t *node, rb_node_t *parent, rb_node_t *root)
{
    rb_node_t *other, *o_left, *o_right;

    while ((!node || node->color == BLACK) && node != root)
    {
        if (parent->left == node)
        {
            other = parent->right;
            if (other->color == RED)
            {
                other->color = BLACK;
                parent->color = RED;
                root = rb_rotate_left(parent, root);
            }
        }
    }
}

```

```

        other = parent->right;
    }
    if ((!other->left || other->left->color == BLACK) &&
        (!other->right || other->right->color == BLACK))
    {
        other->color = RED;
        node = parent;
        parent = node->parent;
    }
    else
    {
        if (!other->right || other->right->color == BLACK)
        {
            if ((o_left = other->left))
            {
                o_left->color = BLACK;
            }
            other->color = RED;
            root = rb_rotate_right(other, root);
            other = parent->right;
        }
        other->color = parent->color;
        parent->color = BLACK;
        if (other->right)
        {
            other->right->color = BLACK;
        }
        root = rb_rotate_left(parent, root);
        node = root;
        break;
    }
}
else
{
    other = parent->left;
    if (other->color == RED)
    {
        other->color = BLACK;
        parent->color = RED;
        root = rb_rotate_right(parent, root);
        other = parent->left;
    }
    if ((!other->left || other->left->color == BLACK) &&
        (!other->right || other->right->color == BLACK))

```

```

        {
            other->color = RED;
            node = parent;
            parent = node->parent;
        }
    else
    {
        if (!other->left || other->left->color == BLACK)
        {
            if ((o_right = other->right))
            {
                o_right->color = BLACK;
            }
            other->color = RED;
            root = rb_rotate_left(other, root);
            other = parent->left;
        }
        other->color = parent->color;
        parent->color = BLACK;
        if (other->left)
        {
            other->left->color = BLACK;
        }
        root = rb_rotate_right(parent, root);
        node = root;
        break;
    }
}

}

if (node)
{
    node->color = BLACK;
}

return root;
}

static rb_node_t* rb_search_auxiliary(key_t key, rb_node_t* root, rb_node_t** save)
{
    rb_node_t *node = root, *parent = NULL;
    int ret;

    while (node)

```



```

    {
        parent = node;
        ret = node->key - key;
        if (0 < ret)
        {
            node = node->left;
        }
        else if (0 > ret)
        {
            node = node->right;
        }
        else
        {
            return node;
        }
    }

    if (save)
    {
        *save = parent;
    }

    return NULL;
}

rb_node_t* rb_insert(key_t key, data_t data, rb_node_t* root)
{
    rb_node_t *parent = NULL, *node;

    parent = NULL;
    if ((node = rb_search_auxiliary(key, root, &parent)))
    {
        return root;
    }

    node = rb_new_node(key, data);
    node->parent = parent;
    node->left = node->right = NULL;
    node->color = RED;

    if (parent)
    {
        if (parent->key > key)
        {

```

```

        parent->left = node;
    }
    else
    {
        parent->right = node;
    }
}
else
{
    root = node;
}

return rb_insert_rebalance(node, root);
}

rb_node_t* rb_search(key_t key, rb_node_t* root)
{
    return rb_search_auxiliary(key, root, NULL);
}

rb_node_t* rb_erase(key_t key, rb_node_t *root)
{
    rb_node_t *child, *parent, *old, *left, *node;
    color_t color;

    if (!(node = rb_search_auxiliary(key, root, NULL)))
    {
        printf("key %d is not exist!\n");
        return root;
    }

    old = node;

    if (node->left && node->right)
    {
        node = node->right;
        while ((left = node->left) != NULL)
        {
            node = left;
        }
        child = node->right;
        parent = node->parent;
        color = node->color;
    }

```

```

if (child)
{
    child->parent = parent;
}
if (parent)
{
    if (parent->left == node)
    {
        parent->left = child;
    }
    else
    {
        parent->right = child;
    }
}
else
{
    root = child;
}

if (node->parent == old)
{
    parent = node;
}

node->parent = old->parent;
node->color = old->color;
node->right = old->right;
node->left = old->left;

if (old->parent)
{
    if (old->parent->left == old)
    {
        old->parent->left = node;
    }
    else
    {
        old->parent->right = node;
    }
}
else
{
    root = node;
}

```

```

    }

    old->left->parent = node;
    if (old->right)
    {
        old->right->parent = node;
    }
}
else
{
    if (!node->left)
    {
        child = node->right;
    }
    else if (!node->right)
    {
        child = node->left;
    }
    parent = node->parent;
    color = node->color;

    if (child)
    {
        child->parent = parent;
    }
    if (parent)
    {
        if (parent->left == node)
        {
            parent->left = child;
        }
        else
        {
            parent->right = child;
        }
    }
    else
    {
        root = child;
    }
}

free(old);

```

```
    if (color == BLACK)
    {
        root = rb_erase_rebalance(child, parent, root);
    }

    return root;
}
```

程序完。

=====

运行结果:

```
[i = 1] insert key 52 success!
[i = 1] search key 52 success!
[i = 2] insert key 80 success!
[i = 2] search key 80 success!
[i = 3] insert key 2 success!
[i = 3] search key 2 success!
[i = 4] insert key 81 success!
[i = 4] search key 81 success!
[i = 5] insert key 96 success!
[i = 5] search key 96 success!
[i = 6] insert key 16 success!
[i = 6] search key 16 success!
[i = 7] insert key 92 success!
[i = 7] search key 92 success!
[i = 8] insert key 20 success!
[i = 8] search key 20 success!
[i = 9] insert key 63 success!
[i = 9] search key 63 success!
[i = 10] insert key 16 success!
[i = 10] search key 16 success!
[i = 10] erase key 16 success
[i = 11] insert key 99 success!
[i = 11] search key 99 success!
[i = 12] insert key 36 success!
[i = 12] search key 36 success!
[i = 13] insert key 36 success!
[i = 13] search key 36 success!
[i = 14] insert key 33 success!
[i = 14] search key 33 success!
[i = 15] insert key 26 success!
[i = 15] search key 26 success!
[i = 16] insert key 84 success!
[i = 16] search key 84 success!
[i = 17] insert key 89 success!
```

[i = 17] search key 89 success!  
[i = 18] insert key 13 success!  
[i = 18] search key 13 success!  
[i = 19] insert key 63 success!  
[i = 19] search key 63 success!  
[i = 20] insert key 20 success!  
[i = 20] search key 20 success!  
[i = 20] erase key 20 success  
[i = 21] insert key 9 success!  
[i = 21] search key 9 success!  
[i = 22] insert key 27 success!  
[i = 22] search key 27 success!  
[i = 23] insert key 57 success!  
[i = 23] search key 57 success!  
[i = 24] insert key 51 success!  
[i = 24] search key 51 success!  
[i = 25] insert key 1 success!  
[i = 25] search key 1 success!  
[i = 26] insert key 60 success!  
[i = 26] search key 60 success!  
[i = 27] insert key 45 success!  
[i = 27] search key 45 success!  
[i = 28] insert key 2 success!  
[i = 28] search key 2 success!  
[i = 29] insert key 20 success!  
[i = 29] search key 20 success!  
[i = 30] insert key 54 success!  
[i = 30] search key 54 success!  
[i = 30] erase key 54 success  
[i = 31] insert key 41 success!  
[i = 31] search key 41 success!  
[i = 32] insert key 10 success!  
[i = 32] search key 10 success!  
[i = 33] insert key 74 success!  
[i = 33] search key 74 success!  
[i = 34] insert key 68 success!  
[i = 34] search key 68 success!  
[i = 35] insert key 9 success!  
[i = 35] search key 9 success!  
[i = 36] insert key 12 success!  
[i = 36] search key 12 success!  
[i = 37] insert key 7 success!  
[i = 37] search key 7 success!  
[i = 38] insert key 38 success!

```

[i = 38] search key 38 success!
[i = 39] insert key 83 success!
[i = 39] search key 83 success!
[i = 40] insert key 42 success!
[i = 40] search key 42 success!
[i = 40] erase key 42 success
[i = 41] insert key 7 success!
[i = 41] search key 7 success!
[i = 42] insert key 98 success!
[i = 42] search key 98 success!
[i = 43] insert key 18 success!
[i = 43] search key 18 success!
[i = 44] insert key 37 success!
[i = 44] search key 37 success!
[i = 45] insert key 72 success!
[i = 45] search key 72 success!
[i = 46] insert key 91 success!
[i = 46] search key 91 success!
[i = 47] insert key 89 success!
[i = 47] search key 89 success!
[i = 48] insert key 97 success!
[i = 48] search key 97 success!

```

.....

Press any key to continue

-----

为了给你个对比，我摘一段我给的源码剖析[注释完美]

五、红黑树的 3 种插入情况

接下来，咱们重点分析针对红黑树插入的 3 种情况，而进行的修复工作。

//-----

//红黑树修复插入的 3 种情况

//为了表示方便下面的注释中，也为了让下述代码与我的俩篇文章相对应，

//用 z 表示当前结点，p[z]表示父母、p[p[z]]表示祖父、y 表示叔叔。

//-----

```
static rb_node_t* rb_insert_rebalance(rb_node_t *node, rb_node_t *root)
```

```
{
```

```
    rb_node_t *parent, *gparent, *uncle, *tmp; //父母 p[z]、祖父 p[p[z]]、叔叔 y、临时结点
    *tmp
```

```
    while ((parent = node->parent) && parent->color == RED)
```

```
    { //parent 为 node 的父母，且当父母的颜色为红时
```

```
        gparent = parent->parent; //gparent 为祖父
```

if (parent == gparent->left) //当祖父的左孩子即为父母时。  
//其实上述几行语句，无非就是理顺孩子、父母、祖父的关系。:D。

```
{  
    uncle = gparent->right; //定义叔叔的概念，叔叔 y 就是父母的右孩子。  
  
    if (uncle && uncle->color == RED) //情况 1: z 的叔叔 y 是红色的  
    {  
        uncle->color = BLACK; //将叔叔结点 y 着为黑色  
        parent->color = BLACK; //z 的父母 p[z]也着为黑色。解决 z, p[z]都是红色的问题。  
  
        gparent->color = RED;  
        node = gparent; //将祖父当做新增结点 z, 指针 z 上移两层，且着为红色。  
    }
```

//上述情况 1 中，只考虑了 z 作为父母的右孩子的情况。

```
    }  
    else //情况 2: z 的叔叔 y 是黑色的，  
    {  
        if (parent->right == node) //且 z 为右孩子  
        {  
            root = rb_rotate_left(parent, root); //左旋[结点 z, 与父母结点]  
            tmp = parent;  
            parent = node;  
            node = tmp; //parent 与 node 互换角色  
        }  
  
        //情况 3: z 的叔叔 y 是黑色的，此时 z 成为了左孩子。  
        //注意，1: 情况 3 是由上述情况 2 变化而来的。  
        //.....2: z 的叔叔总是黑色的，否则就是情况 1 了。  
        parent->color = BLACK; //z 的父母 p[z]着为黑色  
        gparent->color = RED; //原祖父结点着为红色  
        root = rb_rotate_right(gparent, root); //右旋[结点 z, 与祖父结点]  
    }  
}
```

```
else  
{  
    //这部分是特别为情况 1 中，z 作为左孩子情况，而写的。  
    uncle = gparent->left; //祖父的左孩子作为叔叔结点。[原理还是与上部分一样的]
```

```
    if (uncle && uncle->color == RED) //情况 1: z 的叔叔 y 是红色的  
    {  
        uncle->color = BLACK;  
        parent->color = BLACK;  
        gparent->color = RED;
```



```

        node = gparent;           //同上。
    }
    else                           //情况 2: z 的叔叔 y 是黑色的,
    {
        if (parent->left == node) //且 z 为左孩子
        {
            root = rb_rotate_right(parent, root); //以结点 parent、root 右旋
            tmp = parent;
            parent = node;
            node = tmp;           //parent 与 node 互换角色
        }
        //经过情况 2 的变化, 成为了情况 3.
        parent->color = BLACK;
        gparent->color = RED;
        root = rb_rotate_left(gparent, root); //以结点 gparent 和 root 左旋
    }
}

root->color = BLACK; //根结点, 不论怎样, 都得置为黑色。
return root;        //返回根结点。
}

```

//D. 这下, 你应该发现我所添加的注释的价值了。

本文来自 CSDN 博客, 转载请标明出处:  
[http://blog.csdn.net/v\\_JULY\\_v/archive/2011/01/03/6114226.aspx](http://blog.csdn.net/v_JULY_v/archive/2011/01/03/6114226.aspx)

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我博客里还有有关微软等公司数据结构+算法面试 100 题的资料,  
 详情, 参见 My Blog:

[http://blog.csdn.net/v\\_JULY\\_v](http://blog.csdn.net/v_JULY_v)

----- July、二零一一年一月三日。