1. Project Overview

This project explores an **Edge AI prototype** that classifies waste into six categories (plastic, paper, glass, metal, organic, and battery) using a lightweight CNN model. The trained model is converted to **TensorFlow Lite** for real-time, on-device deployment — showcasing the potential of AI in environmental sustainability and smart city solutions.

2. Tools & Frameworks

• Framework: TensorFlow, TensorFlow Lite

• Platform: Google Colab

Dataset: Garbage Classification (Kaggle – 775 images per class)

Model Architecture: Lightweight CNN with 3 convolutional blocks, dropout

• **Deployment:** TensorFlow Lite Model

3. Dataset Description

Total Images: ~4,650

Categories:

- plastic
- paper
- o metal
- o glass
- battery
- organic
- Format: Folder-based, one subfolder per class
- Train/Validation Split: 80/20 (via ImageDataGenerator)

4. Model Architecture

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Input: (150, 150, 3)

• Conv2D(16) + MaxPooling2D

• Conv2D(32) + MaxPooling2D

Conv2D(64) + MaxPooling2D

Flatten

• Dense(128) + Dropout(0.3)

Dense(6, Softmax Output)

• Activation: ReLU for hidden layers, Softmax for output

Loss: Categorical Crossentropy

Optimizer: Adam

• Regularization: Dropout (0.3) to reduce overfitting

5. Training Results

Metric Value

Final Training Accuracy ~96%

Final Validation Accuracy ~62% (before overfitting prevention)

Epochs 6–10 (EarlyStopping used)

• Training Time: ~10 minutes on Google Colab

• EarlyStopping: Activated on plateau in validation loss

• Augmentation: Flip, rotate, zoom, shift

6. Evaluation Metrics

Classification Report:

Precision, Recall, F1-Score: Evaluated per class

Confusion Matrix: Validated true vs predicted labels

7. Deployment Steps

✓ Model Conversion to TFLite:

python

converter = tf.lite.TFLiteConverter.from_keras_model(model)
tflite_model = converter.convert()
with open("garbage_classifier_6classes.tflite", "wb") as f:
 f.write(tflite_model)

On-Device Inference Code:

python

interpreter = tf.lite.Interpreter(model_path="model.tflite")
interpreter.allocate_tensors()

...

✓ Real-Time Prediction Sample:

python

Prediction: Plastic (Confidence: 0.87)

8. Edge AI Benefits in Real-Time Applications

Edge AI Advantage Explanation

No internet needed — classification runs directly on-device Local Inference

Fast response for real-time classification Low Latency

Lightweight model = lower energy consumption Power Efficient

Privacy & Security No data is sent to the cloud

Scalable Impact Can be deployed on phones, Raspberry Pi, or smart bins

9. Challenges & Future Work

Challenge Solution

Overfitting due to small dataset Solved with augmentation + dropout

Limited validation accuracy Explore deeper architectures or pre-trained MobileNetV2

Dataset was balanced; future: real-world imbalance mitigation Binary class imbalance

10. Ethical Considerations

- Waste classification promotes environmental responsibility
- ⚠ Models must be tested on diverse image conditions (lighting, backgrounds)
- ⚠ Avoid overreliance edge AI should assist, not replace, human oversight



Closing Statement

This project demonstrates how Edge AI and sustainability can work together — creating smarter, cleaner, and more responsive cities. With future integration into IoT trash bins or smart recycling centers, this prototype could serve as a base for impactful green technology.