

11. Combining WHERE, AND, ORDER BY

Write a SQL query to retrieve the first and last names of employees who work in the Finance or Marketing department, earn more than \$2,000 and order the results by salary in descending order.

* SELECT first_name, last_name FROM employees WHERE department IN ('Finance', 'Marketing') AND Salary > \$2,000 ORDER BY Salary DESC;

12. Combining SELECT DISTINCT, WHERE and IN

Write a SQL query to find all the unique cities where employees work, excluding those in the IT and HR

* SELECT DISTINCT City ~~WHERE~~
FROM employees
WHERE ~~it~~ department NOT IN ('IT', 'HR');

13. Combining WHERE, NOT, AND and ORDER BY

Write a SQL query to retrieve employees who are NOT in the Finance department, have a salary greater than \$6,000 and order the results by hire date in ascending order.

* SELECT * FROM employees
WHERE department != 'Finance' AND
Salary > \$6000 ~~ORDER~~
ORDER BY hire_date ASC;