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موضوع: الکترونیک

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CPE

Home Work

Q2-1 what is the relationship between period and frequency?

- دوره و فرکانس برعکس همبستگی دارند

- اگر دوره بیشتر باشد، فرکانس کمتر خواهد بود و بالعکس

فرکانس و دوره رابطه معکوس دارند. اگر دوره ۱ ثانیه باشد، فرکانس ۱ هرتز خواهد بود.

P2-1 Problems

Given the frequencies listed below, calculate the corresponding periods.

a. 50 Hz $T = 1/f = 1/50 = 0.02 \text{ s} = 2 \times 10^{-2} \text{ s} = 20 \text{ ms}$

b. 9.1 MHz $T = 1/f = 1/9.1 \times 10^6 = 0.10989 \times 10^{-6} \text{ s} = 1.0989 \times 10^{-7} \text{ s} = 109.89 \text{ ns}$

c. 100 kHz $T = 1/f = 1/100000 = 1 \times 10^{-5} \text{ s} = 10 \mu\text{s}$

P2-2 Given the following periods, calculate the corresponding frequencies.

a. 5 s $f = 1/T = 1/(5 \text{ s}) = 0.2 \text{ Hz}$

b. 12 μs $f = 1/T = 1/(12 \times 10^{-6} \text{ s}) = 1/(1.2 \times 10^{-5} \text{ s}) = 8.33 \times 10^4 \text{ Hz} = 83.3 \text{ kHz}$

c. 220 ns $f = 1/T = 1/(220 \times 10^{-9} \text{ s}) = 1/(2.2 \times 10^{-7} \text{ s}) = 4.545 \times 10^6 \text{ Hz} = 4.545 \text{ MHz}$

P2-3 what is the phase shift for the following

a. A sine wave with the maximum amplitude at time zero = 90 degrees ($\pi/2 \text{ r}$)

b. A sin wave with maximum amplitude after 1/4 cycle = 0 degrees

c. A sin wave with zero amplitude after 3/4 cycle and increasing at the 3/4 cycle point = 90 degrees ($\pi/2 \text{ radians}$)

Home work we discuss 2/5/21 593030710122

P₂ → what is the bit rate for each of the following signals?

a A signal in which 1 bit lasts 0.001s

$$= 1/0.001 = 1000 \text{ bps}$$

b A signal in which 1 bit lasts 2ms

$$= 1/0.002 = 500 \text{ bps}$$

c A signal in which 1 bit lasts 20 μ s

$$= 1/0.02 \text{ ms} = 50 \text{ bps}$$

P3-12. A periodic composite signal contains frequencies from 10 to 30 kHz each with an amplitude of 10V. Draw frequency spectrum.

Amplitude

