to use a sword; -SAX, n. a kind of cutlass; -SPJÓT, a kind of halberd; -STAÐR, m. place for a blow (leita -staðar á e-m); -STOKKR, m. chopping-block.

HÖGGU-NÓTT, f. = hökunótt.

HÖGGVA (HØGG; HJÓ, HJOGGUM or HJUGGUM; HÖGGVINN and HÖGGINN), v. (1) to strike, smite (with a sharp weapon); høggr sá, er hlífa skyldi, he strikes who ought to shield; h. sverði (or með sverði), to strike with a sword; h. e-n bana-högg, to give one his deathblow; (2) to cut down, destroy (beir hjoggu drekann mjök); (3) to put to death, behead (suma lét hann hengja eða h.); to kill, slaughter (h. hest, búfé, kýr, naut); (4) to fell trees (hann hefir höggvit í skógi mínum); (5) to strike, bite (of a snake, boar); ormrinn hjó hann til bana, the snake struck him dead; (6) with preps., h. e-t af, to hew or cut off (h. af kampa ok skegg); h. af fé, to kill (slaughter) cattle; h. e-t af sér, to ward of; h. eptir e-m, to cut at one, = h. til e-s (hjá eptir honum með sverði); h. í höfuð em, to give one a blow on the head; h. et niðr, to cut down (var merki hans niðr höggvit); to kill, butcher (I. hefir áðr niðr höggvit brœðr sína tvá); h. e-t ór, to cut out; fig. to make even, smooth (láta konung ok erkibisup ór h. slíkar greinir); h. e-t i sundr, to hew asunder; h. til es, to strike (cut) at one, = h. eptir e-m; h. upp tré, to cut down a tree; h. upp skip, to break a ship up; (7) refl. to be cut, hacked (hjást skjöldr Helga); þótti honum nú taka mjök um at höggvast, things looked hard; recipr., to exchange blows, fight (þeir hjuggust nökkura stund).

HÖGGVANDI, m. (1) hewer, smiter; (2) headsman, executioner.

HÖGG-VÁPN, n. 'cutting weapon', sword

or axe (opp. to 'lagvápn').

HÖGGVA-SKIPTI, -VIÐSKIPTI, n. pl. exchange of blows.

HÖGG-ØX, f. 'hewing-axe', hatchet.

HÖGLD (pl. HAGLDIR), f. a kind of buck-le (shaped like oo), used to run a rope through with which hay is trussed (bregða reipum í hagldir).

HÖKU-, gen. from 'haka'; -BEIN, n. chin bone (hökubeinit ok hakan); -LANGR, a. having a long chin.

HÖKUL-BRŒKR, f. pl. 'cloak-breeches' (exact meaning doubtful).

нöкull (dat. нöкlі), m. priest's cope chasuble.

HÖKUL-SKÚAÐR, pp. 'cloak-shod' (?). HÖKU-MIKILL, a. having a large chin (hálslangr ok h.).

нöкu-nóтт, f. midwinter-night.

HÖKU-SKEGG, n. beard on the chin.

HÖLD-BORINN, pp. born of a 'höldr', enjoying a höld's right, free-born.

HÖLDR, m. (1) a kind of higher yeoman; (2) in poetry, man; hölda synir, sons of men.

HÖLKN, n. a rough, stony field.

HÖLL (gen. HALLAR, pl. HALLIR), f. large house, hall (esp. of a king or earl).

нølzті, adv. = helztі.

HÖM (gen. HAMAR), f. ham or haunch (of a horse).

HÖMLU-, gen. from 'hamla'; -BAND, n. oar-strap, oar-grummet.

HÖND (gen. HANDAR, dat. HENDI; pl. HENDR), f. (1) hand; taka hendi á e-u, to touch with the hand; hafa e-t í hendi, to hold in the hand; drepa hendi við e-u, to refuse; halda hendi yfir e-m, to protect one; taka e-n höndum, to seize, capture; bera hönd fyrir höfuð sér, to defend oneself; eiga hendr sínar at verja, to act