

ness, attentiveness; -HYLLAST, v. refl., to cultivate one's friendship; to side with (e-n); -HÆFI, n. conduct, behaviour, proceeding (í öllu sínu athœfi); -HÆFILIGR, a. fit, fitting; -HÖFN, f. (1) doings, business; fengin var þeim önnur athöfn, occupation; (2) behaviour, conduct; -KALL, n. demand, claim; -KAST, n. rebuke, reproach.

ATKERI, m. anchor; see 'akkeri'.

AT-KOMA, -KVÁMA, f. (1) arrival; (2) pain, visitation; -KOMINN, pp. situated (vel, illa atkominn).

ATKVÆÐA-LAUSS, a. unimportant, of no consequence; -MAÐR, m. a man of importance; -MIKILL, a. of weight, influential.

AT-KVÆÐI, n. (1) technical term; skal sækja sem þjófsök fyrir utan atkvæði, with exception of the technical terms, without calling it theft; (2) word, expression; (3) sound, pronunciation (atkvæði nafns hvers þeirra); (4) decision; var því vikit til atkvæða Marðar, referred to Marð's decision; S. veitti atkvæði (ordered, decreed), at hætta skyldi áverkum; af atkvæði guðanna, by the gods' decree; (5) spell, charm; atkvæði Finnunnar, the spell of the Finnish witch.

AT-LAGA, f. (1) laying the ships alongside for attack in a sea-fight, attack, assault (also on land); (2) landing without notion of fight (jarl skipði svá fyrir um atlöguna).

AT-LÁT, n. coinpliance; atlát synda, indulgence in sin.

ATLÁTSAMR, a. compliant (e-u).

ATLOGU-SKIP, n. a ship engaged in battle.

ATMÆLASAMR, a. fault-finding.

AT-MÆLI, n. blame, censure; -RÁS, f. charge, attack; -REIÐ, f. (1) riding at; (2) charge of horse.

ATREIÐAR-ÁSS, m. quintain-post.

AT-REKANDI, m. vigorous efforts, great exertions.

AT-RENNNA, f. running knot, noose, slip-knot.

ATRENNU-LYKKJA, f. = atrenna.

ATRIÐ, n. movement; hann hafði allt eitt atriðið, he did both things at once.

AT-RÓÐR, m. (1) rowing towards; (2) rowing against the enemy (to make an attack).

ATSAMR, a. quarrelsome, contentious.

AT-SETA, f. residence; hafa atsetu e-s staðar, to reside, esp. of kings; -SETR, n. = -seta.

AT-SKELKING, f. derision, ridicule.

ATSKILJANLIGR, a. various, different.

ATSKJALDAÐR, a. covered with shields.

ATSKJÓTAÐR, a. situated; illa atskjótaðr, badly off.

AT-SÓKN, f. (1) onslaught, attack; (2) run of visitors or guests seeking hospitality (föng vóru lítil, en atsókn mikil).

ATSÓKNAR-MAÐR, m. aggressor.

AT-SPURNING, f. inquiry; leiða atspurningum um e-ð, to make inquiries about a thing.

AT-STAÐA, f. (1) assistance, support; (2) zeal; (3) importunity, obtrusion; -STADDR, a. situated, circumstance (vel, illa atstad-dr); -STUÐNING, f., -STUÐNINGR, m., -STÓÐ, f. support, assistance; -SÚGR, m., only in the phrase, bora frekan atsúg til e-s, to lay vigorous claim to; -SVIF, n. incident, bearing; -TEKINN, pp. = -staddr; -TEKT, f. state, condition.

AT-TÓNN, f. tusk, = vígtönn (cf. at, n.).

AT-VEIZLA, f. assistance (cf. 'veita at'); -VORKNAÐR, m. work, esp. in haymaking; var þórgunnu ætlat naufsóðr til atverknaðar, to toss and dry it.

AT-VIK, n. (1) esp. in plur., details, particulars; eptir atvikum, according to the