edge; eyða (verja) oddi ok eggju, by force of arms, with might and main.

EGG-BITINN, pp. cut, wounded by an edge; -ELNINGR, m. a scythe having an ell-long edge; -FARVEGR, m. the print of an edge; -HVASS, a. sharp-edged, sharp (-hvast járn).

EGGJA (AĐ), v. to incite, egg one on to do a thing (e. e-n e-s or til e-s or á e-t); e. e-n fram, to urge one on; refl., láta at eggjast, to yield to another's egging on; e. upp á e-n, to pick a quarrel with one, provoke one; recipr. to egg one another on (eggjuðust nú fast hvarirtveggju).

 ${\tt EGGJA\text{-}BRODDR,\ m.\ } \textit{sharp-edged\ } \textit{spike.}$

EGGJAN, f. egging on, goading.

EGGJANAR-FÍFL, n. fool, cat's paw; -ORÐ, n. pl. inciting (egging) words.

EGGJARI, m. egger-on, inciter.

EGG-LEIKR, m. poet. play with sharp weapons, battle; -MÓÐR, a. poet. sword-smitten.

EGG-SKURN, f. egg-shell.

EGG-STEINN, m. sharp-edged stone; -TEINN, m. 'edge-twig', the steeled edge of a sword; svá at fal báða -teina sverðsins, so that both edges of the sword were hidden.

EGG-TÍÐ, f. egg-season; -VER, n. 'eggfield' (a place where eggs of sea-birds are gathered).

EGG-VÖLR, m. the steeled edge of an axe (hann snerpir eggvölinn).

EGIPTA-LAND, n. the land of Egypt.

EGIPZKR, a. Egyptian.

EGNA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) to use as a bait, with dat. (e. oxahöfði a öngul); (2) to furnish with a bait, to bait, with acc. (e. snöru, net, gildru); (3) to bait for (e. aurriða); e. veiði, to set bait for the prey; (4) to incite, provoke.

EI, adv. (1) ever, = ey, æ; ei ok ei, forever and ever; (2) not, = eigi (as 'aldri' for 'aldrigi').

EIÐ, n. *isthmus*, *neck of land* (mjött e.). EIÐA, f. poet. *mother* (rare).

EIĐA-BRIGĐI, n. breach of oath; -FULLT-ING, n. oath-help; -KONA, f. female compurgator; -LIÐ, n. oath helpers, compurgators; -MÁL, n. the matter of taking an oath. EIÐ-BRÓÐIR, m. a sworn confederate; -BUNDINN, pp. oath-bound; -FALL, n. failing in one's oath; -FŒRA (-ĐA, -ĐR), v. to charge one with a thing by an oath; -FŒRING, -FŒRSLA, f. charging by an

oath; -FŒRR, a. able, competent to take an oath; -HJÁLP, n. oath-help; -LAUST, adv.

without an oath.

EIÐR (-S, -AR), m. oath; vinna, sverja eið, to take (swear) an oath; rjúfa eið, to break an oath; ganga til eiða, to proceed to the taking of oaths; eigi verðr einn eiðr alla, a single oath does not clear all men.

EIÐ-ROF, n. breach of an oath; -ROFI, m. violator of an oath, perjurer; -SPJALL, n. taking of an oath; hlýða til -spjalls e-s, to listen to one's oath; -STAFR, m. oath-formula; -SVARI, m. one bound by oath, liegeman; -SŒRR, a. that may be sworn to, absolutely true; -UNNING, f. the taking of an oath; -VARR, a. cautious (conscientious) as to an oath; -VÆTTI, n. testimony on oath.

EIGA (á, átta, áttr), v. (1) to own, possess (Starkaðr átti hest góðan); (2) to have (e. börn, föður, móður, vin); e. konu, to have her for wife; hann átti Gró, he was married to G.; hann gekk at e. Þóru, he took Th. for his wife, he married Th.; enga vil ek þessa e., I will not marry any of these; e. heima, to have a home, to live (þeir áttu heima austr í Mörk); e. sér e-t = e. e-t (Höskuldr átti sér dóttur, er Hallgerðr

