KLEIMA (-DA, -DR), v. to daub, dabble.

KLEISS, a. lisping (k. í máli). KLEKJA (KLEK, KLAKTA, KLAKTR and

KLEKTUNAR-MAÐR, m. chicken-hearted man (hann er engi -maðr).

KLENGING (pl. -AR), f. vexatious action. KLENGI-SÖK, f. a vexatious suit.

KLENGJAST (D), v. to interfere or intrude oneself vexatiously.

KLEPPR, m. plummet, lump.

KLAKINN), v. to hatch (= k. út).

KLERKA-FÓLK, n., -LÝÐR, m. the clergy; -SIÐIR, m. pl. clerical customs; -SÖNGR, m. church music.

KLERK-DÓMR, m. learning; -LIGA, adv. like a clerk, learnedly; -LIGR, a. clerkly, scholar-like.

KLERKR (-s, -AR), m. (1) cleric, clerk, scholar; (2) clergyman, esp. of the minor orders.

KLETTR (-s, -AR), m. rock, crag.

KLIÐR, m. din, murmur.

KLIF, n. cliff, scaur, = kleif.

KLIFA (AĐ), v. to repeat, harp on the same thing (also, k. á e-u); refl., klifast við e-n, to wrangle with one.

KLIF-GATA, f. way along a cliff.

KLIFRA (AÐ), KLIFRAST, v. to climb.

KLINGJA (-DA, -T), v. to ring, jingle.

KLIPPA (-TA, -TR), v. to clip, cut; k. sauði, to shear sheep.

KLÍFA (KLÍF; KLEIF, KLIFUM; KLIFINN), v. *to climb* (konungr kleif upp í einn bakka; k. bratta brekku).

KLÍGJA (-ĐA), v. to feel nausea (hón klígir mjök).

KLÍGJA, f. nausea.

KLÍNA (-DA, -DR), v. to smear; k. brauð, to butter bread.

KLÍNINGR, m. buttered bread.

KLJÁ (KLJÁI, KLJÁÐA, KLJÁÐR), v.  $to \ fix$ 

the weights (cf. 'klé') to a loom; vera á enda kljáðr, to have done; er ek á enda kljáðr at þola þat lengr, I can bear itno longer.

KLJÁR, m. = klé.

KLJÚFA (KLÝF; KLAUF, KLUFUM; KLOFINN), v. to cleave, split (hann hjó þegar í skjöld Hrúts ok klauf allan niðr); skammt upp klofinn, having a short fork, short-legged.

KLOF, n. the space between the legs, the fork.

KLOFA-RÚM, n. ship's cabin near the mast; -STEF, n. 'cleft burden', a form of refrain in a 'drápa'.

KLOFI, m. (1) cleft, rift (in a hill); cleft stick; verða í klofanum, to be caught in a trap; (2) door-groove; lúka upp hurðu, or lúka aptr hurð, árniðjan klofa, to open, or shut, the door halfway; hurð hnigin á miðjan klofa, half shut; reka aptr hurðina (or lúka hurðinni) í klofa, to shut the door; (3) the forks to support tents on board a ship (höggva tjöldin or klofum); (4) snuffers.

KLOFNA (AÐ), v. to be cloven, to split.

кьокка, f. = klukka.

KLÓ (pl. KLŒR, dat. KLÓM), f. (1) claw, talon; (2) clew (of a sail).

KLÓA-GANGR, m. scratching (fighting) with claws.

KLÓAST, v. refl. to fight with claws.

KLÓ-DÝR, n. a beast with claws, beast of prey; -FUGL, m. bird of prey.

KLÓKINDI, n. pl. cunning, cleverness.

KLÓK-LEIKI, m. = klókindi; -LIGA, adv. cunningly; -LIGR, a. cunning, crafty.

KLÓKR, a. arch, cunning, clever.

KLÓK-SAMLIGR, a. = -ligr; -SKAPR, m. = klókindi.

KLÓR, n. scratching; KLÓRA (AÐ), v. to scratch (like a cat).

кьо́т, n. knob of a sword hilt.