NÍÐ-REISING, f. the raising of a pole as an insult; -SAMLIGR, a. mean, villainous; -SKÁR, -SKÆLDINN, a. libellous, of a poet; -STÖNG, f. pole of insult; -VIRKI, n. villainy; -VÍSA, f. lampoon, insulting verse. NÍ-KVÆÐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. to deny.

NÍ-RŒĐR, a. (1) measuring ninety (fathoms, ells); (2) ninety years old.

NÍTA (AÐ, or -TTA, -TTR), v. to deny, refuse, with dat.

NÍTI-LIGR, a. refusable, rejectable.

NÍ-TJÁN, a. nineteen; -TJÁNDI, a. nineteenth; -TOGANDI, a. ninetieth.

NÍTTA (AĐ), v. = nita.

NÍ-TUGR, a. ninety years old.

NÍU, a. nine (níu eru himnar).

NÍUND, f. body of nine; prennar níundir meyja, three nines of maids.

NÍUNDI, a. ninth.

NJARĐAR-VÖTTR, m. sponge.

NJARÐ-LÁSS, m. a charmed lock.

NJÓSN (pl. -IR), f. (1) spying, scouting, looking out (senda mann á n., hafa menn á njósnum); vera á n., to be on the lookout; (2) news (engi n. fór fyrir þeim); gøra e-m n., to send one intelligence.

NJÓSNA (AÐ), v. to spy (vil ek n., hvers ek verða víss); n. um e-t, to spy after, seek to find out (n. um athafnir e-s).

NJÓSNAR-BERG, n. a look-out hill; -MAÐR, m. spy; -SKIP, n., -SKÚTA, f. spy-ing-ship.

NJÓSNAR-FÖR, f. spying journey.

NJÓTA (NÝT; NAUT, NUTUM; NOTIT), v. (1) to have the use or benefit of, to enjoy (þú skalt n. kvikfjár þíns ok verða í brottu frá Helgafelli); skal hann n. draums síns, he shall have his dream out; njót þú heill handa, good luck go with your hands; (2) to derive benefit from, profit by; Egils nauztu at því, föður þíns, you had your father Egil to

thank for that; litt lætr þú mik n. frændsemi frá þér, you let me have little profit of kinship with you; nauzt bú nú bess, at ek var eigi við búinn, it was your good fortune that I was not ready for you; n. e-s við, to receive help at one's hands; mun ek yðvar verða við at n., I shall have need of your help; n. af e-u, to consume (naut vóru œrin, nutum af stórum); (3) impers., ekki nýtr sólar, there is no sun; naut at því mest hans forellris, at, it was chiefly due to his forefathers that; bess naut mjök við í Þrándheimi (it helped greatly), at menn áttu þar mikil forn korn; (4) recipr., njótast, to enjoy each other (Porveig seiddi til bess, at bau skyldi eigi n. mega).

NJÖRÐR (gen. NJARÐAR, dat. NIRÐI), m. *Njord*, one of the old Northern gods. NJÖRVA-SUND, n. *the Strait of Gibraltar* (at Njörvasundum).

NORĐAN, adv. from the north (koma, fara, ríða, sigla n.); vindr var á n., the wind blew from the north; n. af Hálogalandi, from H. in the north; n. at, on the north side of (G. ok N. stóðu n. at dóminum); fyrir n. (with acc.), north of (fyrir n. heiðina); fyrir n. land, in the north (of Iceland).

NORĐAN-FJARĐAR, adv. north of the firth; -LANDS, adv. in the north; -MAĐR, m. a man from the north; -STORMR, m. a storm from the north; -VEĐR, n. wind from the north (þeir tóku -veðr svá hörð, at þá bar suðr í haf); -VERÐR, a. northern (á -verðum himins enda); -VINDR, m. north wind.

NORĐAR-LA, -LIGA, adv. far to the north (sú ey liggr -liga fyrir Noregi).

NORÐARR, adv. compar. farther north (aldri kom hann n. en í Eyjafjörð).

NORĐARRI, a. compar. more northerly.