MANGARI, m. monger, higgler.

MANGI, pron., see 'manngi'.

MAN-KYNNI, n. pl. choice of maidens.

MANNA-, gen. pl. from 'maðr'; -BEIN, n. pl. human bones; -BYGÐ, f. inhabited district.

MANNAÐR, pp. (1) manned, furnished with men, of a ship (vel, illa m.); (2) (well) brought up; var móðir mín vel mönnuð, well bred; skaltu vita, at hann er vel m., that he is an accomplished man; mannaðir at hófi, fairly well-bred men.

MANNA-DREYRI, m. human blood. MANN-AFLI, m. strength in men.

MANNA-FORRÁÐ, -FORRÆÐI, n. rule, dominion, authority; -FÖR, n. pl. men's footprints; -FÖR, f. = mannferð; -GREIN, f. distinction of men; -HOLD, n. human flesh; -нús, n. pl. men's houses; -кjöт, m. = -hold; -LAT, n. loss of men, loss of life, death; -MÁL, n. human voices, human speech; -MISSIR, m. loss of men; -MÓT, n. = mann-fundr; -MUNR, m. distinction, difference of men; -MÚGR, m. crowd of people; -REID, f. riding of men, body of horsemen; -SAMNAÐR, m. gathering of men; -SETA, f. men staying in a place; -SKIPAN, f. (1) the placing of people (at a banquet); (2) people seated at a banquet; -skipti, n. pl. exchange of men; -slóð, f. track of men; -SPOR, n. pl. footprints of men.

MANNAST (AÐ), v. refl. to become a (proper) man, to be brought up to manhood (þórir var maðr ættsmár ok hafði mannazt vel).

MANNA-SÆTTIR, m. peace-maker; -TAKA, f. reception of strangers.

MANNA-VEGR, m. a road where men pass; -VERK, n. pl. work by human hands; -VIST, f. human abode; -VÖLD, n. pl. e-t

er af -völdum, it is due to human causes, is done by men.

MANN-BJÖRG, f. the saving of life; brutu par skipit allt í spán, en þó varð -björg, but the men's lives were saved; -blót, n. human sacrifice; -boð, n. banquet; -broden, m. ice-spur; -bœtr, f. pl. weregild (for one slain); -dauði, m., -dauði, m. loss of life, mortality; -dáð, f. manful deed, act of prowess; -deild, f. difference of opinion, division; -djöfull, m. fiend of a man; -dómligr, a. manly; -dómr, m. (1) human nature; (2) manliness, prowess; (3) humanity, generosity; sýna e-m -dóm, to show kindness to one.

MANNDÓMS-LEYSI, n. unmanliness, meanness; -MAÐR, m. a brave man.

MANN-DRÁP, n. murder, slaughter.

MANNDRÁPA-LAUST, adv. without slaughter or loss of life (sættast-laust).

MANN-DRÁPARI, m., -DRÁPSMAÐR, m. man-slayer, murderer; -DYGĐ, f. virtue; -DÝRĐIR, f. pl. manly qualities; -ELDI, n. maintenance of a person; -EYGR, a. = -ýgr; -FAGNAÐR, m. the fare at a banquet, great entertainment; -FALL, n. slaughter, loss of life (in battle); -FANG, n.; eiga -fang í sonum, to have able sons; -FARMR, m. shipload of men; -FÁR, a. having few men (hafa -fátt); þykki mér -fátt í bænum, few people; -FERÐ, f. passage, passing of people; -FJÁNDI, m. human fiend; -FJÖLDI, m. multitude, crowd of men; -FLEIRI, a. compar., see '-margr'; -FÓLI, m. fool, idiot; -FÓLK, n. mankind, men (allt mannfólk); -FRÓÐR, a. skilled in '-fræði'; -FRŒĐI, f. history, esp. genealogies; -FUNDR, m. meeting; -FÝLA, f. mean, worthless fellow, rascal; -FÆÐ, f. lack of people, smallness of population; -FŒĐA, f., -FŒĐI, n. human food; -FŒRĐ, f. condi-

