upp gamalmenni, to give old people up, let them starve; g. upp leiguna, to remit the rent; g. upp sakir, to remit offences; upp gefinn, exhausted; g. e-t við e-u, to give in payment for; g. sik við, to give in (þat er líkara, at ek gefa mik við); (8) refl., gefast vel (illa), to prove good (bad); opt hafa mér vel gefizt yður ráð, your counsels have often proved good for me; hefir beim bat ok aldri vel gefizt, it has never turned out well; gefast gjöfum, to give gifts to one another; g. á vald e-s, to give oneself into another's power; g. upp, to give in, surrender; e-m gefst e-t yfir, one does wrong in a thing (ef göfgum mönnum gáfust stórir hlutir yfir).

GEFANDI (pl. -ENDR), m. giver.

GEFNA-GEÐ, n. conduct, behaviour.

GEGN and Í GEGN, prep. with dat., against (í g. vindi sem forvindis); í g. eðli, against nature.

GEGN, a. (1) honest (sannorðr ok g.); (2) fit (fór Ó. þar á land, sem honum þótti gegnast); (3) direct, straight (hinn gegnsta veg).

GEGNA (-DA, -T), v. (1) to go against, meet (g. e-m); (2) to suit one, be meet for one; velit þat er yðr gegnir, choose what best suits you; (3) to signify, mean, matter; spurði, hverju gegndi úgleði sú, er hann hafði, asked what his sadness meant; sumir mæltu í móti ok kváðu øngu g., some denied it, and said it was of no use; meira en hófi gegnir, more than is due, above measure; g. tíðendum, to be of importance; (4) to amount to; svá at mörgum hundruðum gegndi, so that it amounted to many hundreds.

GEGNI-LIGA, adv. duly, properly. GEGNING, f. suitableness; á þessu er engi g., this will not do. GEGNT, (1) adv. straight; compar., gegnra, gegnra, more straight; superl., gegnst, gegnst, the shortest way; most right, meetest; (2) prep. with dat. over against, opposite to (g. konungi).

GEGNUM, I GEGNUM (1) prep. with acc. through (g. vegginn); (2) adv., allan dag I g., all the day long.

GEIFLA (AÐ), v. to mumble (g. á e-u).

GEIGA (AÐ), v. to take a wrong direction; eigi veit, hvar úskytja ör geigar, none can tell where a shaft ill-shol may stray to.

GEIGAN, f. wavering.

GEIGR, m. (1) scathe, serious hurt; vinna, gera, veita e-m geig, to hurt one; (2) danger (er bat enn mesti g.).

GEIGU-SKOT, n. deadly shot.

GEIG-VÆNLIGR, a. dangerous, fatal.

GEIL (pl. -AR), f. narrow glen, lane.

GEILA-GARÐR, m. a fence along a geil.

GEI-LIGR, a. fine, beautiful (rare).

GEIP, n. idle talk, nonsense.

GEIPA (AÐ), v. to talk nonsense.

GEIPAN, f. brag, nonsense.

GEIR-FÁLKI, m. gerfalcon; -FUGL, m. gare-fowl, the great awk.

GEIRI, m. gore, triangular strip.

GEIR-LAUKR, m. garlic.

GEIR-MÍMIR, m. poet. warrior.

GEIR-NAGLI, m. the nail fastening a spear's head to the shaft.

GEIR-NJÖRÐR, m. poet. warrior.

GEIRR (-S, -AR), m. (1) spear; (2) the point of an anvil (nefsteði).

GEIR-VARTA, f. *nipple* (of a man).

GEIS, f. impetuosity; GEISA (AĐ), v. to rage, be furious; þeirra ofsi geisar hátt, their insolence runs high.

GEISAN, f. impetuosity (= geis).

GEISKA-FULLR, a. frightened.

GEISKI, m. panic, fear.