blamed for it; (3) message (senda, gøra e-m o.).

ORĐA (AĐ), v. to talk of (var þetta brátt orðat, at O. fífldi Sigrídi).

ORĐA-ÁKAST, n. altercation; -DRÁTTR, m. (1) talk (illr -dráttr); (2) drawling; -FRAMBURÐR, m. utterance; -FRAMKAST, n. chance proposal; -FULLTING, n. speaking well for one; -GLŒSUR, f. pl. showy words; -GREIN, f. phrase; -HAGR, a. skilled, expert in words; -HALD, n. keeping one's word; -HEIMTINGAR, -HENDINGAR, f. pl. bandying words; -HJALDR, m. verbiage; -HNIPPINGAR, f. pl. altercations; -LAG, n. manner of speaking, expression; -LAUSS, a. wordless; láta -laust, to be pronunciation; -LEIÐING, f. -LENGD, f. length of a verse; -MADR, m. eloquent man; -SAMR, a. wordy, longwinded; -SEMI, f. verbiage, loquacity; -SKAK, n. scolding; -SKIL, n. pl. distinction of words (ekki nam -skil); -SKIPAN, f. the order of words; -SKIPTI, n. pl. exchange of words (eiga -skipti við e-n); -SKRAP, -SKRUM, n. bragging; -SNILD, f. eloquence; -STAĐR, m., gørðu Svíar þá kurr mikinn ok mælti hverr í -stað annars, all spoke at once (or in one way?); -SVEIMR, m. rumour; -TILTEKJA, f. utterance, language; -TŒKI, n., -TŒKJA, f., -ток, n. pl. mode of expression.

ORĐ-BÆGINN, a. taunting; -DJARFR, a. outspoken; -FALL, n., e-m verðr -fall, one is struck dumb; -FARINN, a., vel-farinn, eloquent; -FÁR, a. using few words; -FER-LI, n. expression, utterance; -FIMI, f. skill in words; -FIMR, a. of easy, flowing speech; -FJÖLDI, m. supply of words (heyja sér -fjölda); -FLAUG, f. floating rumour; -FLEYTING, f. rumour; -FLEYTTR, pp. rumoured; -FŒRI, n. or f. (1) style (of a com-

position); (2) flow of words, eloquence; -FŒRLIGA, adv. glibly; -FŒERR, a. wellspoken, eloquent; -GÍFR, n. termagant; -GNÓTT, f. flow of words; -GÓÐR, a. speaking well of everybody; -GÆTINN, a. wary in one's words, reserved; -HAGR, a. skilled in the use of words; -HÁKR, m. abusive person; -HEGI, f. skill in words; -HEILL, f. (1) good omen; (2) report (eigi hafa þau góða -heill); -HITTINN, a. facetious; -HVASS, a. sharp-tongued; -IGR, a. wordy, copious; -ILLR, a. speaking evil of others; -KRINGI, f. glibness of tongue; -KRÓKAR, m. pl. sophistry; -LAG, n. (1) way of speaking, talk, language; (2) report (afla sér góðs -lags); -LAUSS, a. wordless; láta -laust, to be silent about; -LOF, n. praise (vinsæld ok -lof); -MARGR, a. long-winded; -NŒFR, a. witty; -RAMMR, a. powerful in words; -RÓMR, m. report, public opinion (sá -rómr lagðist á); -RŒĐA, f. talk, discussion; bar saman -rœðu þeirra jarls ok Finnboga, the earl and F. had an interview; -RŒĐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. to talk of; -SENDING, f. message; -SJÚKR, a. 'wordsick', touchy; -SKÁR, a. = -havss; -SKRÍPI, SKRÆPI, -SKRÖK, n. objectionable language.

ORÐS-KVIÐR, m. (1) proverb, saw; (2) report (huggast við góðan -kvið).

ORD-SLUNGINN, -SLŒGR, a. cunning in words; -SNILD, -SNILLI, f. eloquence; -SN-JALLR, a. eloquent; -SPAKR, a. wise-spoken; -SPEKI, f. wisdom in words; -STEF, n. notice, mention; hafa e-n í -stefi, to speak of one; -STILTR, a. moderate in one's words.

ORÐS-TÍRR, m. fame, renown, good report (falla við góðan orðstír).

ORÐ-STÓRR, a. using big words; -svif, n. rumour; -svinnr, a. = -spakr; -sæll,