bað bak-fall

 $\mathbf{B}$ 

BAĐ, n. bath, esp. steam- or vapour-bath (fara or ganga til baðs, koma ór baði, ganga frá baði; taka bað).

BAĐAST (AĐ), v. refl. to take a bath, to bathe.

BAÐ-FERÐ, f. going to the bath (vera í -ferð); um -ferðir, about the time for bathing; -KÁPA, f. bathing-cloak; -KONA, f. female bathing attendant.

BAÐMR, m. (1) tree; (2) bosom.

BAÐ-STOFA, f. bath-room, bathing room, in later times, sitting room.

BAÐSTOFU-GLUGGR, m. opening (window) in the roof of a baðstofa.

BAGALL, m. a bishop's staff or crozier.

BAGAL-STAFIR, m. = bagall.

BAGGI, m. pack, bundle.

BAGLAÐR, a. crooked, deformed.

BAK, n. (1) back (binda bagga á b. sér); fig. bera sök á baki, to be guilty; leggja bleyðiorð á b. e-m, to charge one with being a coward; hafa marga vetr á baki, to be advanced in years; snúa baki við, to turn the back, flee; ganga á b. heitum, orðum, to go back on one's word; (2) = hestbak; fara á b., to mount; fara, stíga, spretta af baki, to dismount; (3) the backside of a thing (cf. handarbak, hurðarbak, húsbak); á baki húsunum, at the back of the houses; gøra e-t á baki e-m, in one's absence, behind one's back; ríða at baki e-m, behind him on the same horse; berr er hverr at baki nema sér bróður eigi, bare

is one's back without a brother behind it; á bak, (a) behind; koma á b. e-m, to attack in the rear; (b) after; á b. jólum, after Christmas; hvat sem á b. kemr, whatever may come after or follow; (c) absol., falla á b. aptr, to fall backwards; brjóta á b. orð e-s, to refute, make them null and void; brjóta á b. Rómverja, to defeat them.

BAKA (AĐ), v. (1) to bake (b. brauð); (2) to warm and rub the body, and limbs, at a large fire (see 'bakeldr') esp. refl. bakast (við eld); (3) to rub = strjúka; bakaði Helgi fótinn, he rubbed the (broken) leg.

BAKAN, n. bacon (rare).

BAKARA-MEISTARI, m. master-baker; -OFN, m. baker's oven.

BAKARI, m. baker.

BAK-BIT, n. back-biting slander; -BÍ-TARI, m. backbiter, slanderer; -BORÐI, m. the larboard side of a ship, port, opp. to 'stjórnborði'; -BRJÓTA (see BRJÓTA), v. to violate, = brjóta á bak; -BYRÐINGAR, m. pl. the crew on the larboard side opp. to 'stjórnbyrðingar'; -BYRÐR, f. a burden to carry on the back.

BAKELDA-GØRÐ, f. the action of making a bakeldr, or the rubbing of the back at a bakeldr.

BAK-ELDR, m. a fire at which to bake (warm and rub) the body and limbs (sitja við -elda).

BAK-FALL, n. (1) falling backwards, esp. in pl., róa -föllum, knýja árar með stórum -föllum, to take long pulls with the oars; (2) attack in the rear, = -slag; veita e-m -fall, to attack in the rear; -FERÐ, f. mounting, on horseback; -FERLA (AÐ), v. to drive back, annul, make void; -HLUTR, m. the hind part, backside; -HOLD, n. pl. the flesh on the btick of cattle; -HVERFAST (Đ), v. refl., to turn one's back upon (við e-ð);

