(-fagrir litir).

LOSTI, m. lust, carnal desire.

LOSTIGR, a. willing, ready, opp. to 'nauðigr' (skal ek deyja lostig).

LOST-VERK, n. labour of love; létt eru -verk, a labour of love falls light.

LOTA, f. (1) round, bout, turn (síðan glíma þeir þrjár lotur); (2) lotum, as adv. by fits and starts, from time to time (en lotum horfði hann á).

LOTNING, f. reverence, veneration. LÓ (pl. LŒR), f. golden plover.

LÓFA-TAK, n. (1) hand-shake; (2) show of hands.

LÓFI, m. the hollow of the hand, palm (mun ek bera þat í lófa mér).

LóG, n. complete use; leggjast í l., to be used up; þeir munu ekki öllu í l. koma, they will be unable to make use of all (their forces).

LÓGA (AĐ), v. (1) to part with, make away with (lógaðu eigi landinu); (2) to waste, destroy (hvárki mundi sá drykkr viti þeirra l. né afli þeirra).

LÓMR, m. loon, loom (the bird).

LÓMUNDR (pl. -IR), m. lemming.

LÓN, n. lagoon, inlet.

LUKKA, f. luck, good fortune.

LUND, f. (1) mind, temper; vera mikillar lundar, to be of a proud mind; (2) manner; á ymsar lundir, in various ways; á þá l., á þessa l., in this way, thus.

LUNDAÐR, pp. disposed, minded.

LUNDAR-FAR, n. temper, disposition.

LUNDERNI, n. temper, = lyndi.

LUND-HŒGR, a. gentle-minded.

LUNDI, m. puffin.

LUNDR (gen. -AR), m. (1) clump of trees, grove; (2) tree (rare).

LUNG, n. poet. war-ship.

LUNGU, n. pl. lungs.

LURKA (AĐ), v. to cudgel, thrash.

LURKR (-s, -AR), m. cudgel.

LÚĐR (gen. -RS), m. (1) trumpet (blása í l.); (2) the stand of a hand-mill (þær at lúðri leiddar vóru).

LÚÐRA-GANGR, m. sound of trumpets; -MENN, m. pl. trumpeters; -söngr, m., -Þytr, m. = -gangr.

LÚÐR-BLÁSTR, m. blowing of trumpets; -SVEINN, -ÞEYTARI, m. trumpeter.

LÚFA, f. *thick and matted hair*, a nick-name of Harald the Fairhaired.

LÚINN, pp. (1) worn, bruised (vóru ok árar mjök lúnar); (2) worn out, exhausted (hann verðr lúinn; var lúinn hestr hans mjök); cf. 'lýja'.

LÚKA (LÝK; LAUK, LUKUM; LOKINN), v. (1) to shut (= 1. aptr); (2) to end, bring to an end, finish, conclude, with dat. (hann lauk rœðu sinni); þá er menn höfðu lokit lögskilum at mæla, when they had finished their pleading; (3) to pay, 1. e-m et (svá mikit fé, sem vér eigum konunginum at l.); (4) impers., lýkr e-u, it is at an end; lýkr þar nú sögunni, here the story ends; eptir bat var lokit binginu, after that the Thing was broken up; var bess ván, at illa mundi illum l., that it would end badly with a bad man; bá var lokit öllum vistum nema hval, all stores were exhausted, except whale; absol., svá lauk at lyktum, finally it ended so that; lýkr svá, at beir kaupa bessu, it ended so that they struck the bargain; áðr en lýkr, áðr lýkr, before the end comes (nærr munum við gangast áðr lýkr); um þat er lýkr, finally, in the end; (5) with preps., l. aptr, to shut, with acc. or dat. (l. aptr hurðina or hurðinni); l. e-u í sundr, to open (lúk heill munni í sundr); impers., er í sundr lauk firðinum, when the fjord opened; l. upp,