(miklir eru þeir at -sýn).

VALL-GANGR, m. excrements; -GRÓINN, pp. grown with turf (-grónir bakkar); -ÞRÚÐR, a. proud of gait.

VAL-MÆR, f. = valkyrja.

VALNESKR, a. French, = valskr.

VALR, m. the slain (látu þeir búa um val þann, er þar hafði fallit).

VALR (-s, -IR), m. hawk, falcon.

VALR, a. round, oval.

VAL-RAUÐR, a. blood-red, crimson; -RAUF, -ROF, n. plundering the slain; -RÚ-NAR, f. pl. obscure runes; -SINNI, n. the company of the slain.

VALSKA, f. the French language, = völsk tunga; VALSKR, a. French; valskar mýss, rats.

VAL-SLÖNGVA, f. 'war-sling', catapult; -STEFNA, f. war-meeting, battle; -TIVAR, m. pl. gods of the slain.

VALTR, a. easily upset, unstable, unsteady (völt er þessa heims hamingja).

VAL-VEIÐR, f. hawking.

VALZ-LIGR, a. proud, = valdsligr.

VAMM, n. *blemish*, = vömm; leita e-m vamms, *to do one harm*.

VAMMA-FULLR, a. full of blemishes; -LAUSS, -VANR, a. unblemished.

VAN-, a prefixed particle denoting *lacking*, *under-*, *un-*.

VANA (AÐ), v. (1) to diminish, opp. to 'auka'; (2) to disable, spoil, destroy; (3) refl., vanast, to wane, fail.

VAN-AFLI, a. weak, waning in strength.

VANA-LIGR, a. usual, common; -SÓTT, f. habitual illness; -sótt kvenna, menstruation; -SÓNGR, m. usual singing.

VAN-BURĐA, a. indecl. born prematurely (-burða eldi); -BÚINN, pp. unprepared.

VANDA (AD), v. (1) to work elaborately, bestow great pains on, prepare carefully

(hón gerði honum ok klæði öll, er mest skyldi v.); vandaðr, elaborate, highly finished (vandaðr skipabúnaðr); vandaðar krásir, choice dainties; (2) to pick out the best, choose carefully (muntu þurfa at v. til ferðar þessar bædi menn ok skip); (3) to find fault with, be particular about, care, mind, with a negative (v. lítt um siðu manna); vanda ek eigi, þótt sá sé drepinn, I mind not though he be killed; v. um e-t við e-n, to find fault with one for a thing, complain of; (4) refl., vandast, to become difficult, precarious (þykki mér nú v. málit); impers., vandast um e-t, it becontes difficult.

VANDA-, gen. from 'vandi'; -BUNDINN, pp. closely allied, connected with (-bundinn e-m); -HLUTR, m. difficult thing (eigi lítill -hlutr).

VANDA-, gen. pl. from 'vöndr'; -Hús, n. wicker-house.

VANDA-LAUSS, a. (1) not difficult, easy; (2) unrelated with (-lauss e-m;) -lausir menn, strangers; (3) free of obligation (ek vil vera -lauss af, þótt, þú farir heim þangat); e-m er laust við e-n, one is in no relation to (quite neutral as to) a person; -LÍTILL, a. easy; -MADR, m. relation, friend, = venzla-maðr; -MÁL, n. a difficult, complicated case; -MIKILL, a. closely connected; -RÁÐ, n. = vanda-mál.

VANDAR-HÖGG, n. flogging.

VANDA-SAMLIGR, a. difficult; -sýsla, f. difficult task.

VANDA-TÍÐIR, f. pl. customary feasts.

VAND-BÁLKR, m. a wall of wands or wicker, wattled partition.

VAND-BLŒTR, a. fastidious, difficult to please; -FENGINN, pp. difficult to get; -FŒRR, a. difficult to pass, of a road; -GÆTT, pp. n., in the phrase, e-m verðr