ples which she will think of great value.

GRIPR, m. vulture (rare).

GRÍÐR (gen. -AR), f. giantess.

GRÍMA, f. (1) a kind of covering for the face or the head, a mask or cowl (hafa grimu fyrir andliti, á höfði sér); (2) armour covering a horse's head and breast; (3) beak (on a ship); (4) *night* (poet.).

GRÍMU-MAÐR, m. a masked or disguised man.

GRÍPA (GRÍP; GREIP, GRIPURN; GRIP-INN), v. (1) to grasp, seize (hann greip sverð sitt á skjöld); (2) to seize upon (g. góz fyrir mönnum); (3) with preps., g. á e-u, to catch hold of (H. greip á stafni); g. á kýlinu, to touch upon a sore place; g. til e-s, to seize (g. til sverðsins); greip hundrinn til hans, the dog snapped at him; g. upp, to catch up (Loki greip upp mikla stöng); g. við orði, to commence speaking. GRÍSA-SÝR, f. a sow with pigs.

GRÍSS (gen. GRÍSS, pl. GRÍSIR), m. (1) young pig; (2) hog.

GRJÁR, a. grey (poet., rare).

GRJÓT, n. stones; verða at grjóti, to be turned into stones; bera g. á e-n, berja e-n grjóti, to stone one.

GRJÓT-BERG, n. quarry; -BJÖRG, n. pl. rocks; -BURÐR, m. throwing of stones; -FLAUG, f. stone shower; -FLUTNING, f. conveyance of stones; -HLAĐ, n. stone wall; -HÓLL, m. stone mound, stone heap; -нкі́ э, f. shower of stones; -нörgr, m. = -hóll; -KAST, n. throwing stones; -KLET-TR, m. boulder; -LIGR, a. stony, flinty; -MÖL, f. gravel, pebbles; -PÁLL, m. in the phrase, vera grjótpáll fyirir e-u, to be the chief supporter (mainstay) of; -SKRIĐA, f. stone-slip; -SMIĐR, m. stone-mason; -VAR-TI, m. cairn of stones; -VEGGR, m. stone wall.

GRÓA (GRŒR, GRERI, GRÓINN), V. (1) to grow (of vegetation); jörð grær, earth grows; þá var grund gróin grænum lauki, the ground was covered with green herbs; (2) to grow together, become joined to (höfuð konungs var gróit við bolinn); (3) of wounds, to be healed (sár hans greru seint); Ingólfr lá í sárum vetr þenna, ok greri yfir at kalla, his wounds were healed in a way; of the person, gróinn sára sinna, healed of one's wounds; g. um heilt, to be quite healed; fig. to be reconciled (greer um heilt með þeim).

GRÓÐI, m. growth, increase.

GRÓÐR (gen. -RAR, pl. -RAR), m. growth, crop (blóta til gróðrar).

GRÓÐRAR-LIGR, a. fertile; healing.

GRÓÐR-SAMR, a. fertile; -SETJA (see SETJA), v. to plant; -VÆNLIGR, a. healing (-vænlig smyrsl).

GRÓF, f. pit.

GRÓM-LAUSS, a. free from shot.

GRÓMR, m. blot, dirty spot.

GRUFLA (AÐ), v. to grovel an all-fours.

GRUGGÓTTR, a. muddy, turbid.

GRUNA (AD), v. (1) to suspect, mistrust (Grettir grunaði hann); vera grunaðr um e-t, to be suspected of; (2) to doubt (ekki grunum vér illvilja yðvarn); (3) to suppose, guess (gruna ek, at fjölmenni muni fyrir); (4) impers., mik grunar e-t or um e-t, I suspect, doubt.

GRUNAN, f. suspecting, suspicious.

GRUN-BRUSLIGR, a. suspicious-looking (þú ert g. maðr).

GRUND (pl. -IR), f. green field, grassy plain (í grundinni hjá þverá).

GRUNDA (AÐ), v. to meditate on.

GRUNDAN, f. meditation.

GRUNDR, m. inquiry; gefa (grafa) grund at e-u, to inquire into.

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