T

language (þú munt vera útlendr, því at t. þitt ok yfirbragð er ekki líkt hérlenzku fólki); (3) tale, number; tólf einir talsins, only twelve in number; vera í bónda tali, to be reckoned among peasants; (4) tale, list, series (konunga-tal, skalda-tal).

TALA, f. (1) speech, discourse (þá hóf hann tölu sína upp ok sagði); láta ganga töluna, to go on with one's tale (Þórir þagði, meðan Grettir lét ganga töluna); (2) tale, number; hann hafði tölu á þessum mönnum, he took tale of, counted them; hafa e-n í þræla tölu, to reckon one among thralls, treat one as a thrall; (3) number, in grammar; (4) bead (glertala).

TALA (AĐ), v. (1) to talk, speak (t. hátt ok hvellt); with acc., síðan töluðu þeir leyniliga ráðagørð sína, after that they talked over their plans by themselves; (2) to speak, make a speech (talaði konungr fyrir liðinu ok mælti svá); (3) to record, tell; ok er ekki um hans ferðir at t. fyrr en hann kemr heim, there is nothing to tell about his journey till he comes home; (4) with preps., t. til e-s, to talk (speak) to one (Rútr talaði þá til Marðar); to talk about, = t. um e-t; t. við e-n, to speak to one (nú talar Flosi við menn sína); recipr., þeir töluðust mart við, they talked about many things.

TALAÐR, pp. spoken, speaking; t. vel, a good speaker (snjallr í máli ok t. vel á þingum).

TAL-HLÝÐINN, a. listening to talk, credulous (konungr var -hlýðinn ok eigi djúpsær).

TAMNING, f. taming, breaking in.

TAMR, a. (1) tame, = tamiðr, of a colt; (2) familiar, ready (þat varð tamast, sem í æskunni hafði numit).

TAMS-VÖNDR, m. taming (magic) wand.

TAND-RAUÐR, a. 'fire-red', of gold. TANDRI, m. fire (poet.).

TANGI, m. (1) a point projecting into the sea; (2) the pointed end by which the blade is driven into the handle (sverðit brast í tanganum).

TANNA-, gen. pl. from 'tönn'; -GANGR, m. chewing, tearing with the teeth; -GNAS-TRAN, f., -GNISTR, m. gnashing of teeth; -HOLD, n. the gums.

TANNARI, m. tusk-chisel.

TANNA-SKJÁLFTI, m. chattering of the teeth; -VERKR, m. tooth-ache.

TANN-BELTI, n. a belt of walrus-tusk; -BERR, a. with prominent teeth; -FÉ, n. tooth-fee (a gift to an infant when it cuts its first tooth); -GARÐR, m. 'tooth-wall', the row of teeth; -HJALTAÐR, pp. tusk-hilted; -HJÖLT, n. pl. a hilt of walrus-tusk; -LAUSA, a. toothless; -REFILL, m. tusk-chisel; -SÁRR, a. tooth-sore, ill-treated; -SKEPTR, pp. with handle of walrus-tusk; -SPJALD, n. a plate (tablet) of walrus-tusk; -TAFL, n. pieces (chessmen) of walrus-tusk; -VARA, f. walrus-tusks.

TAPA (AĐ), v. (1) to lose, with dat. (þar tapaði hón kambi sínum); (2) to kill, put to death (t. e-m, lífi e-s); (3) refl., tapast, to be lost, come to nought.

TAPAN, f. (1) loss; (2) perdition.

TAPAR-ØX, f. a kind of small axe.

TAPPA (A \oplus), v. to tap, draw, from a cask (t. vín, mungát).

TARFR, m. bull.

TARGA, f. target, small round shield.

TARRA (AĐ), v. to lay forth, spread out (t. gulli ok gersimum).

TASKA, f. bag, sack (töskur tvær fullar með gull ok silfr).

TAS-VÍGR, a. very busy (at e-u).

TAUFR, n. pl. sorcery, charms.