valley; -DEILINGR, m. part, portion, share; -DRÁTTR, m. (1) diminution, deduction; (2) subtraction; -DRIF, n. pl. destiny, fate (líkligr til stórra afdrifa); -DRYKKJA, f. = ofdrykkja; -DŒMA (-DA, -DR), v. (1) to take away from one by judicial decision (afdœma e-n e-u); (2) to prohibit; -EGGJA (AÐ), v. to dissuade; -EIGNA (AÐ), v. to dispossess (afeigna e-m e-t); -EISTA (AÐ), v. to castrate; -ERFA (-DA, -DR), v. to disinherit; -EYRINGR, m. one whose ears have been cut off; -FALL, n. diminution, abatement; selja e-t með afföllum, to sell at a discount.

AFFARA-, gen. pl. from 'afför', departure; hence AFFARA-DAGR, m. the last day of a feast; -dagr jóla, Twelth Night; AF-FARA-KVELD, n. the last evening of a feast. AF-FEÐRAST (AÐ), v. to degenerate; -FERMA (-DA, -DR), v. to unload (afferma skip); -FLETTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. to strip (affletta e-n e-u); -FLUTNINGR, m. (1) depreciation; (2) dissuasion; -FLYTJA (see FLYTJA), v. (1) to disparage (afflytja fyrir e-m); (2) to represent as unadvisable; -FŒRA, v. to misrepresent; -GAMALL, a. very old, decrepit; -GANGA, f. (1) digression; (2) deviation from the right course (afganga guðs laga); -GANGR, m. (1) surplus; hafa hey með afgöngum, to spare; afgangs, left over, remaining; (2) decease, death; -GELJA, f. chattering; -GIPT, f. indulgence, absolution.

AFGIPTAR-BRÉF, n. letter of indulgence. AF-GJARN, a. eager to be off (afgjarnt er öfundarfé); -GJÖF, f. tribute; -GLAPA (AÐ), v. to disturb an assembly or public meeting; -GLAPAN, f. disturbance (þings afglapan); -GLAPI, m. fool, simpleton; -GREIZLA, f. payment, contribution.

AFGÖNGU-DAGR, m. = affara-dagr.

AF-GØRA (-ĐA, -ĐR), v. to do amiss, do wrong (ek hefi engan hlut afgørt við bik); -GØRÐ, f. transgression, offence; -HALLR, a. having a downward slope; -HAUGR, m. side-mound; -HEFÐ, f. withholding, anothet's property; -HELGAST (AD), refl. to become unholy, to be profaned; -HELLIR, m. side-cave; -HENDA (-NDA, -NDR), v. (1) to hand over; (2) to pay (afhenda skuld); -HENDIS, adv. off one's hand; -HENDR, a. out of one's hand; segia e-n (sér) afhendan, to give one up; -HENT, a. n. unfit (e-m er e-t afhent); -HEYRANDI, pr. p. out of hearing; absent, opp. to 'aheyrandi'; -HEYRIS, adv. out of hearing, opp. to 'áheyris'; -HLAUP, n. surplus; -HLUTR, m. share of a thing; -HLÝÐAST (-DD), v. refl. to disobey; -HRAPI, m. impoverishment; -нкоъ, п. damage, loss; gjalda mikit afhroð, to sustain a heavy loss; gera mikit afhroð, to make great havoc; -HUGA, a. indecl. having turned one's mind from; verða afhuga e-u, to mind no more; -HUGAĐR, a. = -huga (-hugaðr við e-t); -HUGAST (AD), v. refl. to put out of one's mind, with dat.; -Hús, n. outhouse, side-apartinent; -HVARF, n. deviation from the direct path (opp. to 'gagnvegr'); -HÝĐA (-DDA, -DDR), v. to scourge thoroughly; -HYLJA (see HYLIA), v. to uncover; -HYRNING, f. by-corner, recess; -HÆRA (-DS, -DR), v. to cut off the hair; -HÖFÐA (AÐ), v. to behead; -HÖGG, n. hewing off, mutilation; chippings.

AFI, m. (1) grandfather; (2) man; a. eptir afa, in regular descent.

AF-KAUP, n. bad bargain (opp. to 'hagkeypi').

AF-KÁRR, a. strange, prodigious.

AFKLEYFIS-ORÐ, n., -SAMSTAFA, f. *a su*perfluous word, syllable (in a verse).

