GŒZKA, f. (1) goodness, kindness; (2) good things (= gœði).

GŒZKU-FULLR, a. full of goodness, merciful; -LAUSS, a. merciless; -SAMLIGR, a. good, kind; -VERK, n. charitable deed.

GÖFGA (AÐ), v. (1) to worship (g. goð); (2) to honour (g. dróttins-dag).

GÖFGAN, f. worshipping; GÖFGARI, m. worshipper.

GÖFUG-KVENDI, n. noble woman, lady; -LÁTR, a. worshipful, generous; -LEIKR, m. worshipfullness, highness; -LIGR, a. (1) worshipful, noble-looking; (2) magnificent (-ligr staðr); -MENNI, n. noble, worshipful man; -MENNR, a. with many worshipful men.

GÖFUGR (GÖFGARI, GÖFGASTR), a. noble, worshipful (g. at kyni).

GØGN, GØGNUM, see 'gegn, gegnum'. GÖLTR (gen. GALTAR, dat. GELTI; pl. GELTIR), m. boar, hog.

göng, n. pl. passage (ór kastala vóru göng upp í kirkju).

GÖNGU-DRYKKJA, f. drinking-bout; -FŒRI, n. = gang-fœri; -FŒRR, a. able to walk; -KONA, f. vagrant woman; -LíÐ, n. (1) footmen, infantry; (2) help, assistance. GÖNGULL, a. running much about.

GÖNGU-MAÐR, a. beggar, vagrant; -MANNLIGA, adv. beggar-like, beggarly; -SVEINN, m. vagrant, tramp; GØR, n. poet. flock.

GØRA, GØRVA (-ĐA, -ĐR, and GÖRR), v. (1) to make, construct, build (g. hús skip, haug); g. bók, to write a book; (2) to set in order, prepare, perform, &c.; g. veizlu, to make a banquet; g. seið, blót, to perform a sacrifice; g. ferð, to make a journey; g. ráð sitt, to make up one's mind; g. ráð með e-m, to take counsel with, advise one; (3) to contract (g. vináttu, félagskap); (4) to

grant, render; g. kost, to give a choice; (5) with acc. of an adj.; g. sik líkan e-m, to make oneself like to, imitate one; g. sik reiðan, to take offence; g. skjót-kørit, to make a quick choice; (6) to do, act; g. gott (illt), to do good (evil); hefir hann marga hluti gört stór-vel til min, I have received many great benefits at his hands; g. e-m gagn, to give help to one; (7) to do, avail; bat mun ekki g., that won't do; ekki gørir at dylja, it is no use denying it; (8) to send, dispatch (hann gørði þegar menn frá sér); (9) to beget (af henni gørði hann hinn fyrsta soninn); (10) to judge or arbitrate in a case (= g. um mál); to fix the amount of a fine (gørði Njáll hundrað silfrs); g. sér e-t, to adjudge to oneself; (11) with infin. as an auxiliary verb; ef hón gørði koma, if she did come; gørðit hón hjúfra, she did not wail; (12) impers. one becomes; hann gørði fölvan, he turned pale; veðr gørði hvast, a gale arose; brið mikla gørði at beim, they were overtaken by a storm; mér gørir svefnhöfugt I grow sleepy; (13) with preps., g. mikit af sér, to distinguish oneself; g. e-t af e-m, to extort (take) from one; g. e-t af við e-n, to wrong a person, transgress against one (ek hefi engan hlut af gørt við þik); g. góðan (mikinn) róm at máli e-s, to cheer (praise) another's speech; g. at e-u, to mend, put right (tekr bann kníf ok gørir at skónum); to heal (kannt þú nókkut g. at slíkum meinum); hann gørði þat eina at, er hann átti, he did only what he ought; slíkt gørir at, er sölin etr, so it happens when one eats seaweed; g. at skapi e-s, to conform to one's wishes; g. at álitum, to take into consideration; g. sér úgetit at e-u, to be displeased with; g. á hluta e-s, to wrong one, do harm to; g. fáleika á sik, to make oneself look sad; g.