VERMIR, m. pl. the men from Vermaland, in Sweden.

VERMAKR, a. from Vermaland.

VERMSL, n. pl. never-freezing spring.

VERNA (AÐ), v. to protect, defend (rare).

VERND, f. (1) protection (veita e-m v.); (2) a point for the defence, = vörn (en í máli vóru engar verndir); (3) = verndan; eiga v. á at gera e-t, to have a right, title to do a thing.

VERNDA (AÐ), v. (1) to protect; (2) excuse (v. sik e-u).

VERNDAN, f. excuse, subterfuge.

VERNDARI, m. protector, defender.

VERPA (VERP; VARP, URPUM; ORPINN), v. (1) to throw, with dat. (hann varp af sér skildinum); hestrinn féll ok varp honum af baki, threw him off; hann verpr sér í söðulinn, he throws himself into the saddle; v. af sér klæðum, to throw off the clothes; v. mæðiliga öndinni, to draw a deep sigh; v. orðum (or orði) á e-n, to address (þessi varp orðum á konung ok spurði); væntir mik þess, at margir verpi þar góðum orðum á mik, that many men will have good words to say of me; v. e-n inni, to shut one in; impers. to be thrown; þar varp út údaun miklum, a great stench came out; (2) v. á, to guess at, calculate (verpa menn svá á, at latizt hafi níu menn); (3) to lay eggs (= v. eggjum); (4) to cast up (v. haug eptir fornum sið); þeir urpu haug eptir Gunnar, they raised a mound over G.; v. aptr hauginn, to shut the cairn; v. vef, to warp a web (sá er orpinn vefr ýta þörmum); (5) pp., orpinn; sandi o., covered with sand; aldri o., bent with age; uppi o. fyrir e-m, quite overwhelmed, at one's mercy; (6) refl., urpust flestir vel við orðsending Danakonungs, they turned a favourable ear to, responded to the call.

VERPILL (pl. VERPLAR), m. (1) die (kasta verplum til fjár sér); (2) cask (sumr drykkr var í verplum).

VERPILS-TALA, f. cubic number.

VERPLA-KAST, n. cast (throw) of dice.

VERR (-s, -AR), m. (1) sing. husband (vildi hón ver sínum vinna ofrhefndir); (2) pl., verar, men (þú ert æ vísastr vera).

VERR, adv. compar. worse; vánu v., worse than expected; VERST, superl. worst (þykki mér þat verst).

VERR-FÉÐRUNGR, m. a person worse than his father.

VERRI, a. compar. worse; VERSTR, superl. worst.

VERS, n. verse; Maríu v., Ave Maria.

VERSA (AÐ), v. (1) to put into verse (v. sögu); (2) to make verse.

VERSA-BÓK, f. a book in verse, poem; -GØRÐ, f. verse-making.

VERSNA or VESNA (AD), v. to get worse (hlutr e-s versnar).

VER-SÆL, a. f. happy in one's husband; -ы jóы, f. mankind, men.

VERÖLD (gen. -ALDAR, pl. -ALDIR), f. (1) world; (2) age.

VESA, v. to be, = vera.

VESALA (AD), v. to make wretched.

vesaldar-, genitive from 'vesöld'; -Au-KI, m. increase of wretchedness; -MADR, m. destitute person.

VESALINGR (-s, -AR), m. = veslingr.

VESALL (VESÖL OF VESUL, VESALT, pl. VESALIR or VESLIR), a. (1) poor, destitute, wretched (vesöl arfasáta); (2) with gen. wretched in respect of (vesöl eru vér konungs).

VESAL-LÁTR, a. shabby; -LIGA, adv. miserably; -LIGR, a. wretched, wretched-looking; -MANNLIGR, a. = -ligr; -MENNI, n.