STÉTTR, m. (1) rank, position; (2) condition, state.

STEYLDR, a. crouching, bent.

STEYPA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) to throw (hurl) down (hann steypir sér þá út af þekjunni); (2) to overthrow (bat mun guð vilja, at vér steypinn honum); (3) to cast on or off a garment (s. af sér brynjunni, s. á sik grári kápu); hann hafði loðkápu yzt ok steypt hettinum, had let the hood sink over the face; (4) to pour out, with dat. (s. soði á leiði hans); hann lát s. þar á gullinu, he poured the gold out into it; hann tók övarnar ok steypir þeim niðr fyrir sik, and throws them down before him; (5) to cast, found, with acc. (var taflit allt steypt af silfri); (6) refl., steypast, to tumble down, fall stooping (steyptist hann dauðr á gólfit); s. fyrir borð, to plung overboard; s. í kaf, to plunge into water and dive.

STEYPARI, m. caster, founder; cf. 'eirsteypari'.

STEYPING, f. overthrow, degradation.

STEYPTR, pp. coming down over the face (steyptir hjálmar).

STEYTA (-TTA, -TTR), v. (1) to throw, cast violently (beir steyta beim út ór vagninum); (2) to pound, bray.

STEYTR, m. *shock* (of a wave).

stig, n. (1) step, pace; (2) step of a ladder; (3) pl. degree, rank; af háfum (lágum, litlum) stigum, of high (low) degree (birth).

STIGA-MAĐR, m. highwayman.

STIG-GATA, f. footpath; -HOSUR, f. pl. riding-stockings.

stigi, m. *ladder* (hann þóttist sjá stiga frá himnum).

STIGR or STÍGR (-s, AR; pl. -AR, -IR, acc. -A, -U), m. path; ryðja stíginn, to

clear the way; taka úkunna stíga, to walk in unknown paths; stemma stíga fyrir em, to bar one's way, cut one off; kanna úkunna stigu, to visit unknown paths (foreign lands); af hverjum stig, from everywhere.

STIG-REIP, n. 'stepping-rope', stirrup.

STIK, n. pl. stakes, piles, which in times of war were driven in the mouths of rivers (hann lét ok s. gøra í ána Tems með blý ok járni).

STIKA (AĐ), v. (1) to drive piles into; Ólafr konungr lét s. ána uppi, he blocked the river by means of piles; (2) to measure with a yard-measure (s. lérept vaðmál).

STIKA, f. (1) stick; (2) candlestick (= kertastika); (3) yard, yard-measure, equal to two Icelandic ells (menn skyldi hafa stikur, þær er væri tveggja alna at lengd). STIKILL (pl. STIKLAR), m. the pointed end of a horn (stikillinn hornsins).

STIKINN, a. disagreeable.

STIKK-KNÍFR, m. dagger, dirk.

STIKLA (AĐ), v. to be roasted.

STILLA (-TA, -TR), v. (1) to still, soothe, calm (Njörðr stillir sjá ok eld); s. sik, to control oneself, keep control of one's temper; s. sonu okkura, to restrain our sons; (2) to moderate, temper, with dat. (konungr var allreiðr ok stillti þó vel orðum sínum); (3) to arrange, settle; vel er bessu í hóf stillt, this is very justly settled; s. gørðinni, to moderate, regulate the arbitration; s. til um e-t, to arrange (hversu þeir skyldi til s. um ferðina); s. svá til, at, to manage, that (nú skulum vér s. svá til, at beir nái eigi at renna); (4) to tune an instrument (s. hörpu, strengi); (5) to walk with measure, noiseless steps (hann stillti at rekkjunni hljóðliga); (6) to entrap, outwit (hann þykkist nú hafa stilltan