ÚT-GÖRÐ, f. outfitting, of a war expedition; -HAF, n. the out-sea, ocean; -HÁLFA, f. outskirts; -HEIMTA, f. craving for payment; -HELLING, f. outpouring, shedding (-helling blóðs); -HEY, n. hay of the unmanured outfields; -HLAÐA, f. outlying barn; -HLAUP, n. raid, sally, excursion.

ÚTHLAUPS-MAÐR, m. raider, pirate; -SKIP, n. pirate ship.

ÚT-HORN, n. out-skirt, out-corner; -HVERFR, a. turned inside out; -HÝSA (-TA, -T), v. to deny shelter to a stranger, with dat.; -HÝSI, n. outlying house; -HÖFN, f. carrying out to Iceland.

ÚTI, adv. (1) out, out-of-doors (ú. ok inni); liggja ú., to lie in the open air, houseless; byrgja ú., to shut out; verða ú., to be lost, perish, in a snowstorm or in a desert; (2) out at sea; þeir vóru ú. þrjár vikur, they were out three weeks; drekka júl ú., to hold Yule out at sea; hafa her ú., to have a fleet out; (3) at an end, over (nú er ú. sá tími).

ÚTI-BÚR, n. out-house, store-house.

ÚTIDYRA-UMBÚNINGR, m. fittings of the outer-door.

úTI-DYRR, f. pl. outer door; -FÉ, n. cattle that graze outside in the winter; -FUGL, m. wild-fowl, opp. to 'alifugl'; -GANGR, m. grazing out in the winter.

ÚTIGANGS-JÖRÐ, f., góð -jörð, land with good winter-grazing.

Ú-TIGINN, a. having no title; útiginn maðr, commoner.

ÚTI-HURÐ, f. outer door; -HÚS, n. outhouse; -KAMARR, m. an outside privy; -KLUKKA, f. outside bell; -LEGA, f. 'outlying', of robbers or highwaymen; piracy (Eiríkr blóðøx var í -legu ok í hernaði).

ÚTILEGU-MAÐR, m. highwayman, pirate; -VÍKINGR, m. pirate; -ÞJÓFR, m. highway-

man.

Ú-TILHEYRILIGR, a. improper; ÚTILI, m. mischance; ÚTILLÁTSAMR, a. un-yielding; ÚTILLEITINN, a. inoffensive; ÚTILTŒKILIGR, a. inexpedient.

Ú-TÍÐR, a. rare, infrequent.

ÚTÍMA-DAGR, m. day of misfortune, evil day (þetta er -dagr).

Ú-TÍMI, m. evil time, misfortune, affliction (útímar ok úgæfur); ÚTÍR-LIGR, a. unsightly, wretched.

ÚTI-RÓÐR, m. = útróðr; -SETA, f. a sitting out in the open air, esp. of wizards for the practice of sorcery.

ÚTISETU-MAÐR, m. wizard (sitting out at night).

ÚTI-SKEMMA, f. an outlying, detached house; -VIST, f. a being out at sea; hafa -vist langa, a long voyage.

ÚT-JÖRÐ, outlying estate; -KASTALI, m. = -borg; -KIRKJA, f. outlying church; -KO-MA, f. (1) coming out; (2) arrival in Iceland; -KVÁMA, f. (1) coming out; (2) arrival in Iceland; -KVÆMT, a. n., eiga -kvæmt, to be permitted to return to Iceland; -LAGA, a. indecl. outlawed, banished; -LAGA (AĐ), v. to deprive one of his possessions (-laga en af sínu gózi); refl., -lagast, to be fined; -LAGDR, pp. outlawed, banished; -LAGR, m. outlaw; -LAGR, a. (1) outlawed, banished; (2) having, to pay a fine, fined, with the fine in dat. (verða -lagr um e-t, þrem mörkum); (3) forfeited (þá eru búðirnar -lagar við þann, er landit á); -LAUSN, f. (1) redemption, from captivity; (2) ransom (bjóda Helju -lausn, ef hón vill láta fara Baldr heim í Asgarð); (3) dismissal of guests (vóru ok gjafir stórar at -lausnum); -LÁT, n. (1) putting out to sea (bar var Englandsfar albúit til -láts); (2) pl. outlays; -LEGĐ, f. (1) banishment, exile (reka

