well.

ÓSK-BARN, -BERNI, n. adopted child; -MÆR, f. chosen maid; -MÖGR, m. = óskasonr, beloved son.

ÓS-MYNNI, n. mouth of an estuary.

óss (gen. óss, pl. ósar), m. (1) mouth or outlet of a river or lake (Danubius fellr með sjau ósum til sjófar); (2) fountainhead (at ósi skal á stemma).

ÓST, f., ÓSTR, m. *throat*, = hóstr (hann var lostinn öru í óstinn).

ÓSVIFT, a. n., see 'úsvift'.

ÓTTA, f. the last part of the night.

ÓTTA-BOLÐ, n. feelng, afraid, fear, anxiety; -BRAGÐ, n. an air of being afraid; -FENGINN, -FULLR, a. terrified; -LAUSS, a. fearless (verit øruggir ok -lausir);

-LAUST, not to be feared, without danger (var þar þá allt -laust); -LIGR, a. fearful, terrible; -MIKILL, a. full of fear; þá gørðist -mikit með Böglum, the B. were much afraid; -SAMLIGR, a. = -ligr; -SLEGINN, pp. terror-stricken.

ÓTTAST (AD), v. refl. to fear (ó. e-n); ó. at sér, um sik, to be anxious (concerned) about oneself.

ótti, m. (1) fear, dread; svá var þeim öllum mikill ó. at honum, they were all so much afraid of him; (2) a cause of fear, dreadful thing (ó. var at sjá í augu honum, ef hann var reiðr).

ÓTTU-SÖNGR, m. matins.

ÓTTUSÖNGS-MÁL, n. the time of matins; -TÍÐIR, f. pl. prayers at matins.