SQL WORKSHEET – 2

1. Which of the following constraint requires that there should not be duplicate entries?
Answer – **(D) Unique**

2. Which of the following constraint allows null values in a column?
Answer – **(C) Null**

3. Which of the following statements are true regarding Primary Key?
Answer – **(A) Each entry in the primary key uniquely identifies each entry or row in the table**

4. Which of the following statements are true regarding Unique Key?
Answer – **(D) All of the above**

5. Which of the following is/are example of referential constraint?
Answer – **(B) Foreign Key**

6. How many foreign keys are there in the Supplier table? A) 0 B) 3 C) 2 D) 1
Answer – **(C) 2**

7. The type of relationship between Supplier table and Product table is:
Answer – **(A) one to many**

8. The type of relationship between Order table and Headquarter table is:
Answer – **(C) one to one**

9. Which of the following is a foreign key in Delivery table
Answer – **(B) supplier id**

10. The number of foreign keys in order details is:
Answer – **(D) 2**

11. The type of relationship between Order Detail table and Product table is:
Answer – **(B) many to one**

12. DDL statements perform operation on which of the following database objects?
Answer – **(C) Table**

13. Which of the following statement is used to enter rows in a table?
Answer – **(A) Insert in to**

14. Which of the following is/are entity constraints in SQL?
Answer – **(B) Unique**
(C) Primary Key

15. Which of the following statements is an example of semantic Constraint?
Answer – **(A) A blood group can contain one of the following values - A, B, AB and O**
(B) A blood group can only contain characters