

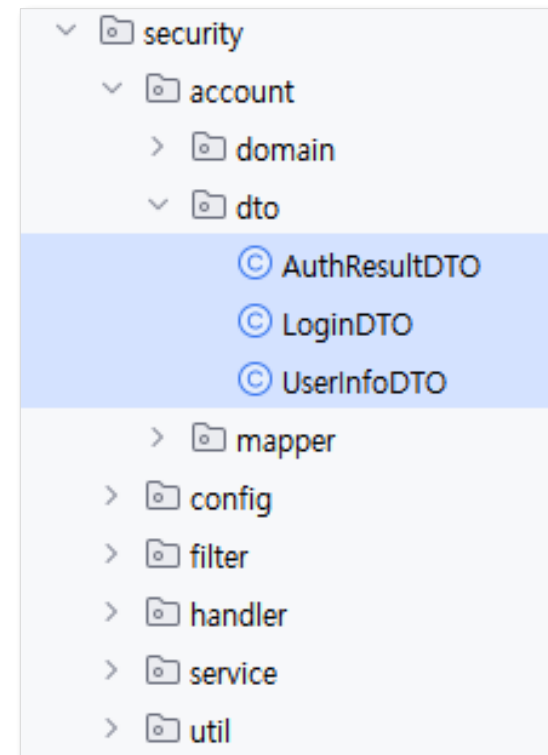
2025년 상반기 K-디지털 트레이닝

Spring Security JWT 인증 (심화 1)

[KB] IT's Your Life

✓ 사용자 로그인을 위해 필요한 다음 DTO 클래스를 정의하세요.

- LoginDTO
- UserInfoDTO
- AuthResultDTO



security.account.dto.LoginDTO.java

```
package org.scoula.security.account.dto;

...

@NoArgsConstructor
@AllArgsConstructor
@Data
public class LoginDTO {
    private String username;
    private String password;

    public static LoginDTO of(HttpServletRequest request) {
        ObjectMapper om = new ObjectMapper();
        try {
            return om.readValue(request.getInputStream(), LoginDTO.class);
        } catch (Exception e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
            throw new BadCredentialsException("username 또는 password가 없습니다.");
        }
    }
}
```

security.account.dto.UserInfoDTO.java

```
package org.scoula.security.account.dto;

...

@Data
@NoArgsConstructor
@AllArgsConstructor
public class UserInfoDTO {
    String username;
    String email;
    List<String> roles;

    public static UserInfoDTO of(MemberVO member) {
        return new UserInfoDTO(
            member.getUsername(),
            member.getEmail(),
            member.getAuthList().stream()
                .map(a -> a.getAuth())
                .toList()
        );
    }
}
```

security.account.dto.AuthResultDTO.java

```
package org.scoula.security.account.dto;
```

```
import lombok.AllArgsConstructor;
```

```
import lombok.Builder;
```

```
import lombok.Data;
```

```
import lombok.NoArgsConstructor;
```

```
@Data
```

```
@NoArgsConstructor
```

```
@AllArgsConstructor
```

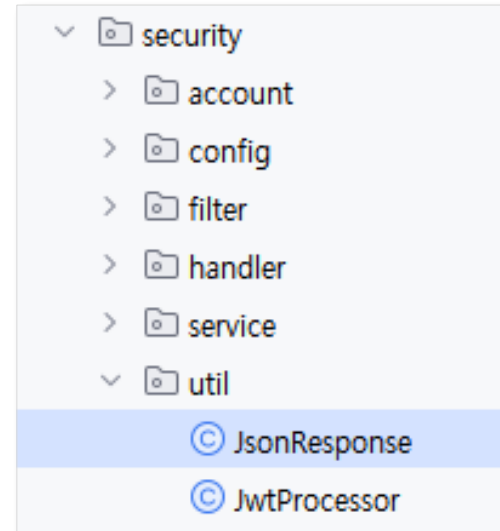
```
public class AuthResultDTO {
```

```
    String token;
```

```
    UserInfoDTO user;
```

```
}
```

- ✓ **Json 직접 응답을 내보내는 유틸리티 클래스 JsonResponse를 정의세요.**
 - `static <T> void send(HttpServletResponse response, T result) throws IOException`
 - Jackson으로 T를 직렬화 한 후 response로 직접 전송
 - `static void sendError(HttpServletResponse response, HttpStatus status, String message) throws IOException`
 - 응답 코드와 에러 메시지를 출력



security.util.JsonResponse.java

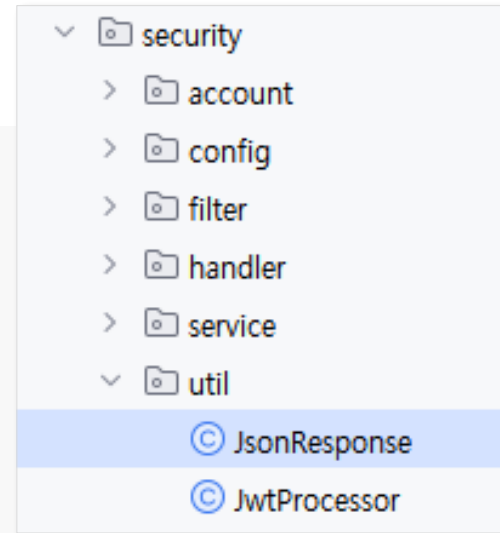
```
package org.scoula.security.util;

import com.fasterxml.jackson.databind.ObjectMapper;

import javax.servlet.ServletException;
import javax.servlet.http.HttpServletResponse;
import java.io.IOException;
import java.io.Writer;

public class JsonResponse {
    public static <T> void send(HttpServletResponse response, T result) throws IOException {
        ObjectMapper om = new ObjectMapper();

        response.setContentType("application/json;charset=UTF-8");
        Writer out = response.getWriter();
        out.write(om.writeValueAsString(result));
        out.flush();
    }
}
```



security.util.JsonResponse.java

```
public static void sendError(HttpServletResponse response, HttpStatus status, String message) throws IOException {  
    response.setStatus(status.value());  
    response.setContentType("application/json;charset=UTF-8");  
    Writer out = response.getWriter();  
    out.write(message);  
    out.flush();  
}  
}
```


2025년 상반기 K-디지털 트레이닝

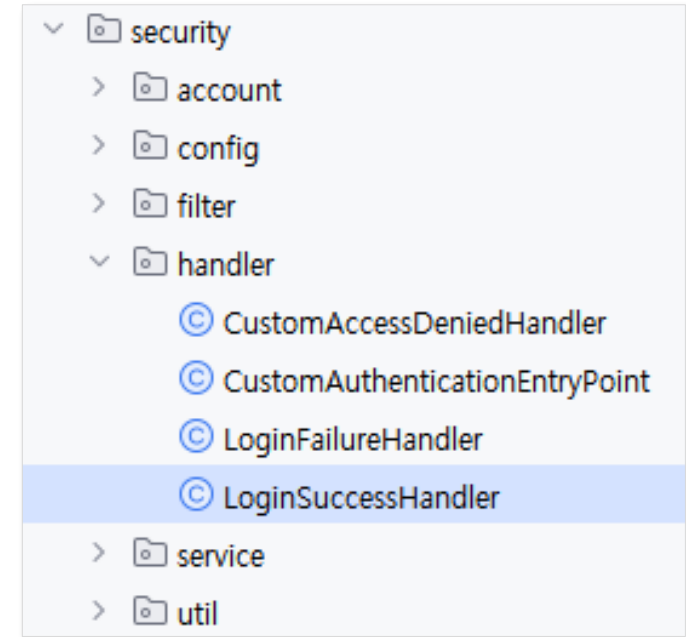
Spring Security JWT 인증 (심화 2)

[KB] IT's Your Life

✓ 인증 성공 핸들러 LoginSuccessHandler를 정의하세요.

○ 로그인 결과를 JSON으로 직접 응답

- 접근 토큰, 갱신 토큰, 사용자 기본 정보(username, email, 권한목록 등)을 담아 json으로 응답



security.handler.LoginSuccessHandler.java

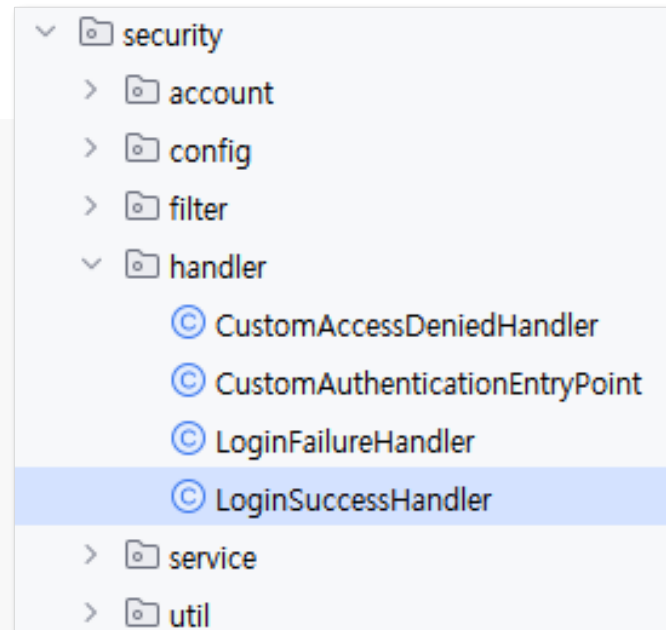
```
package org.scoula.security.handler;

...

import java.io.IOException;

@Log4j2
@Component
@RequiredArgsConstructor
public class LoginSuccessHandler implements AuthenticationSuccessHandler {
    private final JwtProcessor jwtProcessor;

    private AuthResultDTO makeAuthResult(CustomUser user) {
        String username = user.getUsername();
        // 토큰 생성
        String token = jwtProcessor.generateToken(username);
        // 토큰 + 사용자 기본 정보 (사용자명, ...)를 묶어서 AuthResultDTO 구성
        return new AuthResultDTO(token, UserInfoDTO.of(user.getMember()));
    }
}
```



security.handler.LoginSuccessHandler.java

```
@Override
public void onAuthenticationSuccess(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response,
    Authentication authentication) throws IOException, ServletException {
    // 인증 결과 Principal
    CustomUser user = (CustomUser) authentication.getPrincipal();

    // 인증 성공 결과를 JSON으로 직접 응답
    AuthResultDTO result = makeAuthResult(user);
    JsonResponse.send(response, result);
}
}
```

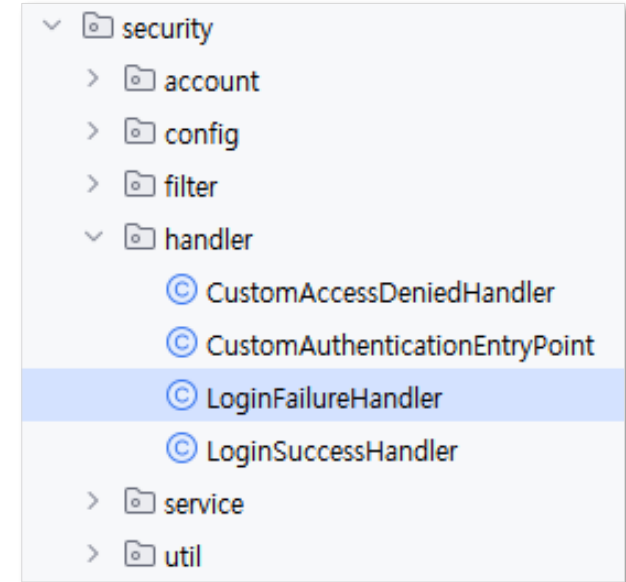
✓ 인증 실패 핸들러 LoginFailureHandler를 정의하세요.

○ AuthenticationFailureHandler 인터페이스 구현체

```
public interface AuthenticationFailureHandler {  
    void onAuthenticationFailure(  
        HttpServletRequest request,  
        HttpServletResponse response,  
        AuthenticationException exception)  
        throws IOException, ServletException;  
}
```

○ 기본 예외 처리로 이동

- ApiExceptionHandler에서 예외 응답하도록 유도



security.handler.LoginFailureHandler.java

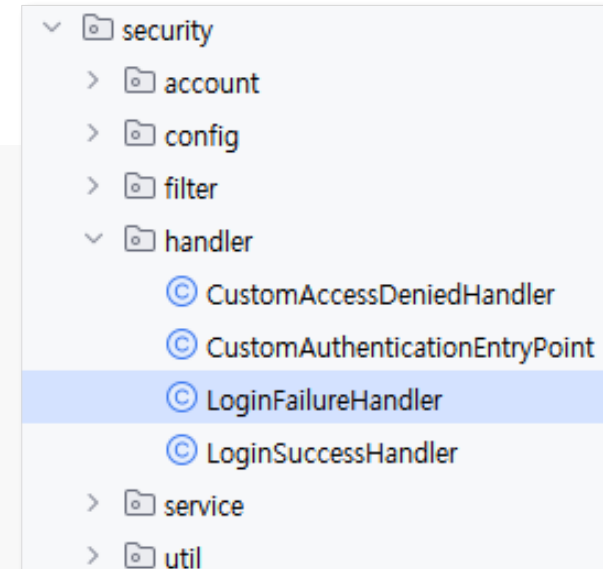
```
package org.scoula.security.handler;

...
import java.io.IOException;

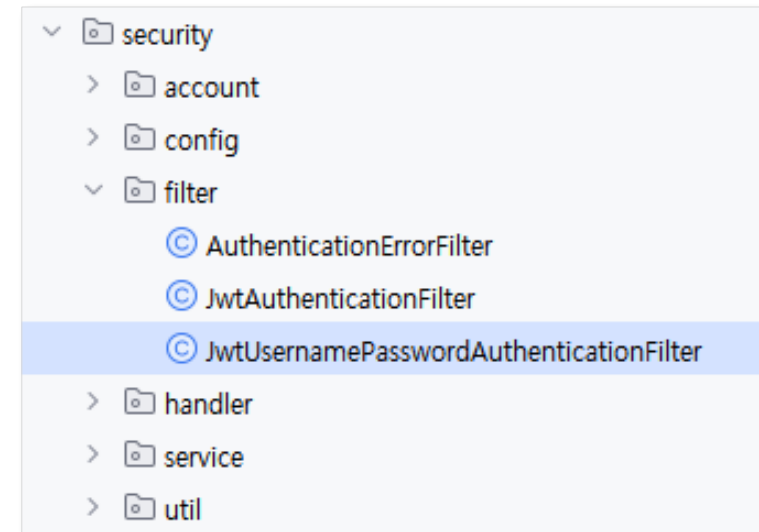
@Component
public class LoginFailureHandler implements AuthenticationFailureHandler {

    @Override
    public void onAuthenticationFailure(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response,
        AuthenticationException exception) throws IOException, ServletException {

        JsonResponse.sendError(response, HttpStatus.UNAUTHORIZED, "사용자 ID 또는 비밀번호가 일치하지 않습니다.");
    }
}
```



- ✓ **JwtUsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter를 정의하세요.**
 - UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter 인터페이스 구현



security.filter.JwtUsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter.java

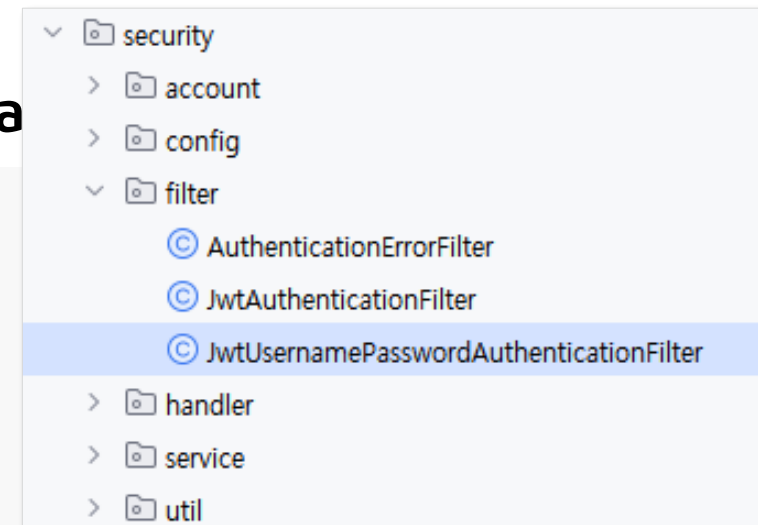
```
package org.scoula.security.filter;

...
import org.springframework.security.core.Authentication;
...

@Log4j2
@Component
public class JwtUsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter extends UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter {
    // 스프링 생성자 주입을 통해 전달

    public JwtUsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter(
        AuthenticationManager authenticationManager, // SecurityConfig가 생성된 이후에 등록됨
        LoginSuccessHandler loginSuccessHandler,
        LoginFailureHandler loginFailureHandler) {
        super(authenticationManager);

        setFilterProcessesUrl("/api/auth/login"); // POST 로그인 요청 url
        setAuthenticationSuccessHandler(loginSuccessHandler); // 로그인 성공 핸들러 등록
        setAuthenticationFailureHandler(loginFailureHandler); // 로그인 실패 핸들러 등록
    }
}
```



security.filter.JwtUsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter.java

```
// 로그인 요청 URL인 경우 로그인 작업 처리
@Override
public Authentication attemptAuthentication(HttpServletRequest request, HttpServletResponse response)
    throws AuthenticationException {

    // 요청 BODY의 JSON에서 username, password → LoginDTO
    LoginDTO login = LoginDTO.of(request);

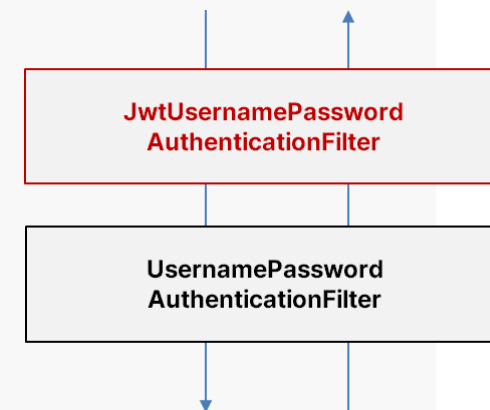
    // 인증 토큰(UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken) 구성
    UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken authenticationToken =
        new UsernamePasswordAuthenticationToken(login.getUsername(), login.getPassword());

    // AuthenticationManager에게 인증 요청
    return getAuthenticationManager().authenticate(authenticationToken);
}

}
```

security.config.SecurityConfig.java

```
public class SecurityConfig extends WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter {  
    ...  
    @Autowired  
    private JwtUsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter jwtUsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter;  
    ...  
    @Override  
    public void configure(HttpSecurity http) throws Exception {  
        // 한글 인코딩 필터 설정  
        http.addFilterBefore(encodingFilter(), CsrfFilter.class)  
        // 로그인 인증 필터  
        .addFilterBefore(jwtUsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter, UsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter.class);  
  
        http.httpBasic().disable() // 기본 HTTP 인증 비활성화  
            .csrf().disable() // CSRF 비활성화  
            .formLogin().disable() // formLogin 비활성화 관련 필터 해제  
            .sessionManagement().sessionCreationPolicy(SessionCreationPolicy.STATELESS); // 세션 생성 모드 설정  
    }  
}
```



○ JwtUsernamePasswordAuthenticationFilter의 위치 설정

- 기존 필터를 기준으로 설정

- ✔ 로그인 요청을 Talend API Tester로 확인하세요.

The screenshot displays the Swagger UI for configuring an API endpoint. The method is set to POST, and the URL is http://localhost:8080/api/auth/login. The request body is a JSON object with the following structure:

```

1 {
2   "username" : "user0",
3   "password" : "1234"
4 }

```

The response status is 200. The interface includes sections for Method, URL, Headers, and Body. The Headers section shows a Content-Type header set to application/json. The Body section shows the JSON payload. The Response section shows the status code 200.

Response

Cache Detected - Elapsed Time: 466ms

200

HEADERS

pretty

X-Content-Type-Options: nosniff
X-XSS-Protection: 1; mode=block
Cache-Control: no-cache, no-store, max-age=0, must-revalidate
Pragma: no-cache
Expires: 0
X-Frame-Options: DENY
Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8
Transfer-Encoding: chunked
Date: Mon, 29 Jul 2024 07:10:47 GMT
Keep-Alive: timeout=20
Connection: keep-alive

COMPLETE REQUEST HEADERS

BODY

pretty

```
{
  token: "eyJhbGciOiJIUzI1NiIsInR5cCI6IkpXLTQwMTcyMjIzNzA0NnY",
  user: {
    username: "admin",
    email: "admin@galapgos.org",
    roles: [
      "ROLE_ADMIN",
      "ROLE_MANAGER",
      "ROLE_MEMBER"
    ]
  }
}
```

lines nums copy

length: 273 bytes

✓ 로그인 요청

METHOD: POST SCHEME: // HOST: [":" PORT] [PATH ["?" QUERY]]

http://localhost:8080/api/auth/login

length: 38 byte(s)

Send request (Alt + Enter)

QUERY PARAMETERS

HEADERS: Content-Type: application/json

BODY: { "username": "user0", "password": "12345" }

Response

Cache Detected - Elapsed Time: 329ms

401

HEADERS: X-Content-Type: nosniff, X-XSS-Protection: 1; mode=block, Cache-Control: no-cache, no-store, max-age=0, must-revalidate, Pragma: no-cache, Expires: 0, X-Frame-Options: DENY, Content-Type: application/json; charset=UTF-8, Transfer-Encoding: chunked, Date: Wed, 24 Jul 2024 08:38:10 GMT, Keep-Alive: timeout=20, Connection: keep-alive

BODY: Unexpected character (사) at position 0

사용자 ID 또는 비밀번호가 일치하지 않습니다.

length: 62 bytes