

2025년 상반기 K-디지털 트레이닝

member 테이블 (심화 1)

[KB] IT's Your Life



다음과 같이 사용자 정보 테이블을 생성하세요.

```
-- 사용자 정보 테이블
drop table if exists tbl member;
create table tbl_member
                                                                   -- 사용자 id
                                 varchar(50) primary key,
           username
                                                                   -- 암호화된 비밀번호
                                 varchar(128) not null,
           password
           email
                                 varchar(50) not null,
           reg date
                                 datetime default now(),
           update date datetime default now()
-- 사용자 권한 테이블
drop table if exists tbl member auth;
create table tbl_member_auth
                                 varchar(50) not null,
                                                                   -- 사용자 id
           username
                                                                   -- 권한 문자열 ROLE ADMIN, ROLE MANAGER, ROLE MEMBER 등
                                 varchar(50) not null,
           auth
                                                                   -- 복합키
           primary key(username, auth),
           constraint fk_authorities_users foreign key (username) references tbl_member(username)
```

♡ 앞에서 만든 사용자 정보 테이블과 권한 테이블에 데이터를 추가하세요.

🗹 데이터 추가

☑ 권한 데이터 추가

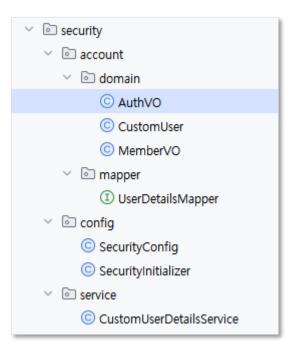
```
insert into tbl_member_auth(username, auth)
values

('admin','ROLE_ADMIN'),
('admin','ROLE_MANAGER'),
('admin','ROLE_MEMBER'),
('user0','ROLE_MEMBER'),
('user0','ROLE_MEMBER'),
('user1','ROLE_MEMBER'),
('user1','ROLE_MEMBER'),
('user3','ROLE_MEMBER'),
('user3','ROLE_MEMBER'),
('user4','ROLE_MEMBER');

select * from tbl_member_auth order by auth;
```

- o ADMIN(최고 관리자)
 - ROLE_ADMIN, ROLE_MANAGER, ROLE_MEMBER
- o MANAGER(일반 관리자)
 - ROLE_MANAGER, ROLE_MEMBER
- o MEMBER(일반 회원)
 - ROLE MEMBER

- ☑ 권한 테이블에 대응하는 AuthVO 클래스를 정의하세요.
 - o GrantedAuthority 인터페이스 구현

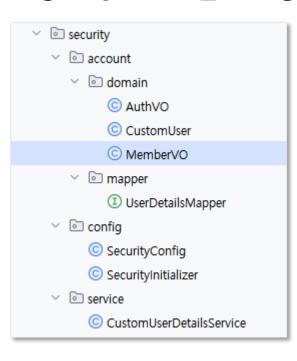


AuthVO.java

```
@Data
public class AuthVO implements GrantedAuthority {
   private String username;
   private String auth;

@Override
public String getAuthority() {
    return auth;
   }
}
```

☑ 사용자 정보 테이블에 대응하는 MemberVO를 정의하세요.



MemberVO.java

```
@Data
@NoArgsConstructor
@AllArgsConstructor
public class MemberVO {
    private String username;
    private String password;
    private String email;
    private Date regDate;
    private Date updateDate;

private List<AuthVO> authList; // 권한 목록, join 처리 필요
```

- UserDetailsMapper 인터페이스와 UserDetailsMapper.xml을 작성하세요.
 - ㅇ 메서드
 - MemberVO get(String username)


```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
<!DOCTYPE configuration PUBLIC "-//mybatis.org//DTD Config 3.0//EN" "http://mybatis.org/dtd/mybatis-3-config.dtd">
<configuration>

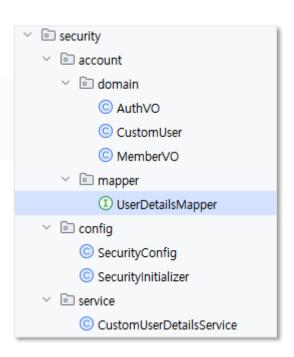
✓ □ resources

  <settings>
                                                                                                                   org.scoula
    <setting name="mapUnderscoreToCamelCase" value="true" />
  </settings>
                                                                                                                      > mapper
                                                                                                                     security.account.mapper
  <typeAliases>
                                                                                                                           MemberMapper.xml
    <package name="org.scoula.security.account.domain" />
                                                                                                                     @ application.properties
  </typeAliases>
                                                                                                                     </>√> log4j.xml
                                                                                                                     log4jdbc.log4j2.properties
</configuration>
                                                                                                                     mybatis-config.xml
```

UserDetailsMapper.java

```
public interface UserDetailsMapper {
          public MemberVO get(String username);
}
```

- o tbl_membe와 tbl_member_auth를 Join처리
 - MemberVO의 authList를 설정
 - MyBatis의 resultMap으로 Join 쿼리 결과를 MemberVO로 맵핑




```
<?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8" ?>
<!DOCTYPE mapper PUBLIC "-//mybatis.org//DTD Mapper 3.0//EN" "http://mybatis.org/dtd/mybatis-3-mapper.dtd">
<mapper namespace="org.scoula.security.account.mapper.UserDetailsMapper">

✓ □ resources

                                                                                                           org.scoula
  <resultMap id="authMap" type="AuthVO">
                                                                                                               mapper
    <result property="username" column="username" />
                                                                                                                security.account.mapper
                                                           column="auth" />
    <result property="auth"
  </resultMap>
                                                                                                                   MemberMapper.xml
                                                                                                              application.properties
  <resultMap id="memberMap" type="MemberVO">
                                                                                                             </>
√> log4j.xml
    <id property="username"
                                                                      column="username" />
                                                                                                              log4jdbc.log4j2.properties
    <result property="username"
                                               column="username" />
                                                                                                             mybatis-config.xml
                                               column="password" />
    <result property="password"
    <result property="email"
                                                           column="email" />
    <result property="regDate"
                                                           column="reg date" />
                                  column="update date" />
    <result property="updateDate"
    <collection property="authList" resultMap="authMap" />
  </resultMap>
```

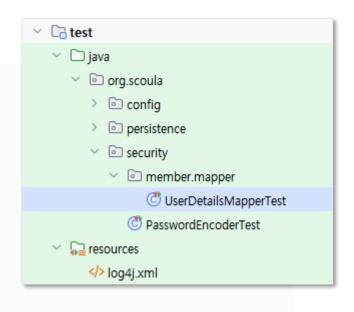

☑ SecurityConfig에 UserDetailsMapper가 검색되도록 설정을 추가하고, 단위 테스트를 통해 Mapper의 동작을 확인하세요.

SecurityConfig.java

```
@Configuration
@EnableWebSecurity
@Log4j2
@MapperScan(basePackages = {"org.scoula.security.account.mapper"})
public class SecurityConfig extends WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter {
...
}
```



```
@ExtendWith(SpringExtension.class)
@ContextConfiguration(classes = { RootConfig.class, SecurityConfig.class })
@Log4j2
public class UserDetailsMapperTest {
            @Autowired
            private UserDetailsMapper mapper;
            @Test
            public void testGet() {
                        MemberVO member = mapper.get("admin");
                        log.info(member);
                       for(AuthVO auth : member.getAuthList()) {
                                    log.info(auth);
```



INFO: org.scoula.security.account.mapper.UserDetailsMapperTest - MemberVO(username=admin, password=\$2a\$10\$EsIMfxbJ6NuvwX7MDj4Wq OYFzLU9U/lddCyn0nic5dFo3VfJYrXYC, email=admin@galapgos.org, regDate=Wed Jul 24 12:01:52 KST 2024, updateDate=Wed Jul 24 12:01:52 KST 2024, authList=[AuthVO(username=admin, auth=ROLE_ADMIN), AuthVO(username=admin, auth=ROLE_MANAGER), AuthVO(username=admin, auth=ROLE_MEMBER)])

INFO: org.scoula.security.account.mapper.UserDetailsMapperTest - AuthVO(username=admin, auth=ROLE_ADMIN)

 $INFO: org. scoula. security. account. mapper. User Details Mapper Test-AuthVO (username=admin, auth=ROLE_MANAGER)$

INFO: org.scoula.security.account.mapper.UserDetailsMapperTest - AuthVO(username=admin, auth=ROLE_MEMBER)



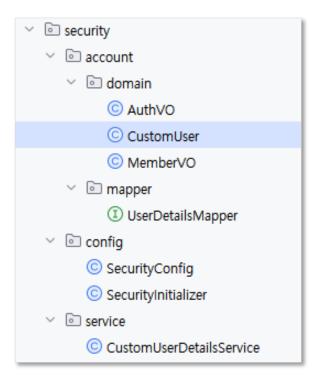
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UserDetails 사용하기 (심화 2)

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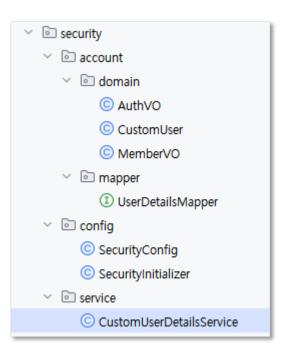
- CustomUser 클래스를 정의하세요.
 - User 클래스 상속



CustomUser.java

```
@Getter
@Setter
public class CustomUser extends User {
                                             // 실질적인 사용자 데이터
  private MemberVO member;
  public CustomUser(String username, String password,
           Collection<? extends GrantedAuthority> authorities) {
    super(username, password, authorities);
  public CustomUser(MemberVO vo) {
    super(vo.getUsername(), vo.getPassword(), vo.getAuthList());
    this.member = vo;
```

- CustomUserDetailsService 클래스를 정의하세요.
 - o UserDetailsService 인터페이스 구현



CustomUserDetailsService.java

```
package org.scoula.security.service;
@Log4j2
@Compnent
@RequiredArgsConstructor
public class CustomUserDetailsService implements UserDetailsService {
           private final UserDetailsMapper mapper;
           @Override
           public UserDetails loadUserByUsername(String username) throws UsernameNotFoundException {
                      MemberVO vo = mapper.get(username);
                      if(vo == null) {
                                  throw new UsernameNotFoundException(username + "은 없는 id입니다.");
                      return new CustomUser(vo);
```

☑ AuthenticationManager에서 인메모리 사용자 정보 대신 UserDetailsService를 이용하도록 수 정하세요.

SecurityConfig.java

```
@Configuration
@EnableWebSecurity
@Log4j2
@MapperScan(basePackages = {"org.scoula.security.account.mapper"})
@ComponentScan(basePackages = {"org.scoula.security"})
@RequiredArgsConstructor
public class SecurityConfig extends WebSecurityConfigurerAdapter {
  private final UserDetailsService userDetailsService;
  @Bean
  public PasswordEncoder passwordEncoder() {
    return new BCryptPasswordEncoder();
@Override
 protected void configure(AuthenticationManagerBuilder auth) throws Exception {
            // in memory user 정보 삭제 → UserDetailsService와 같이 사용 불가
  auth
    .userDetailsService(userDetailsService)
    .passwordEncoder(passwordEncoder());
```

- ☑ 컨트롤러에 UserDetail을 얻는 방법 사용하여 확인하세요.
 - o Principal 주입
 - o Authentication 주입
 - o @AuthenticationPrincipal 주입

컨트롤러에서 UserDetails 얻기

- o Principal 주입
 - getName() 메서드를 통해 username 얻을 수 있음

```
...
import java.security.Principal;
...

@GetMapping("/member")
public void doMember(Pricipal principal) {
    log.info("username = " + principal.getName());
}
```

INFO: org.scoula.controller.SecurityController - username = user0

컨트롤러에서 UserDetails 얻기

- o Authentication 주입
 - getPrincipal()을 통해 UserDetails 추출

```
import org.springframework.security.core.Authentication;
...

@GetMapping("/member")
public void doMember(Authentication authentication) {
   UserDetails userDetails = (UserDetails)authentication.getPrincipal();
   log.info("username = " + userDetails.getUsername());
}
```

INFO: org.scoula.controller.SecurityController - username = user0

☑ 컨트롤러에서 UserDetails 얻기

- o @AuthenticationPincipal 애노테이션
 - CustomUser 주입을 요구할 수 있음

```
import org.springframework.security.core.annotation.AuthenticationPrincipal;
...

@GetMapping("/admin")
public void doAdmin(@AuthenticationPrincipal CustomUser customUser) {
    MemberVO member = customUser.getMember();
    log.info("username = " + member);
    ...
}
```

INFO: org.scoula.controller.SecurityController - username = MemberVO(username=admin, password=\$2a\$10\$EsIMfxbJ6NuvwX7MDj4WqOYFzLU9U/lddCyn0nic5dFo3VfJYrXYC, email=admin@galapgos.org, regDate=Wed Jul 24 12:01:52 KST 202 4, updateDate=Wed Jul 24 12:01:52 KST 2024, authList=[AuthVO(username=admin, auth=ROLE_ADMIN), AuthVO(username=admin, auth=ROLE_MANAGER), AuthVO(username=admin, auth=ROLE_MEMBER)])

- 🗸 index.jsp에서 로그인 여부에 따라 화면을 재구성하세요.
 - 로그인 한 경우
 - username 출력
 - 로그아웃 링크 출력
 - 로그인 안 한 경우
 - 로그인 링크 출력

index.jsp

```
<%@ page contentType="text/html; charset=UTF-8" pageEncoding="UTF-8"%>
<%@ taglib uri="http://www.springframework.org/security/tags" prefix="sec" %>
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="ko">
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<title>Title</title>
</head>
<body>
<h1>환영합니다.</h1>
<sec:authorize access="isAnonymous()"> <!-- 로그인 안한 경우 -->
<a href="/security/login">로그인</a>
</sec:authorize>
<sec:authorize access="isAuthenticated()"><!-- 로그인 한 경우 -->
<sec:authentication property="principal.username"/>
 <form action="/security/logout" method="post">
 <input type="hidden" name="${_csrf.parameterName}" value="${_csrf.token}" />
  <input type="submit" value="로그아웃"/>
</form>
</sec:authorize>
</body>
</html>
```

환영합니다.

<u>로그인</u>

환영합니다.

admin 로그아웃