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REPORT LAB 05

3 JavaFX API

Note: For the exercises in this lab (excluding the AIMS exercises), you will continue to use the GUIProject, and put all your source code in a package called `"hust.soict.dsai.javafx"` for DS & AI. You might need to add the JavaFX library to this project if you are using the JDK version after 1.8.

Note: From this section onwards, it is assumed that you are a DS-AI student, so your folder structure will contain the `"dsai"` package. If you are an HEDSPI or ICT student, you should replace the `"dsai"` string with `"hedspi"` or `"globalict"`.

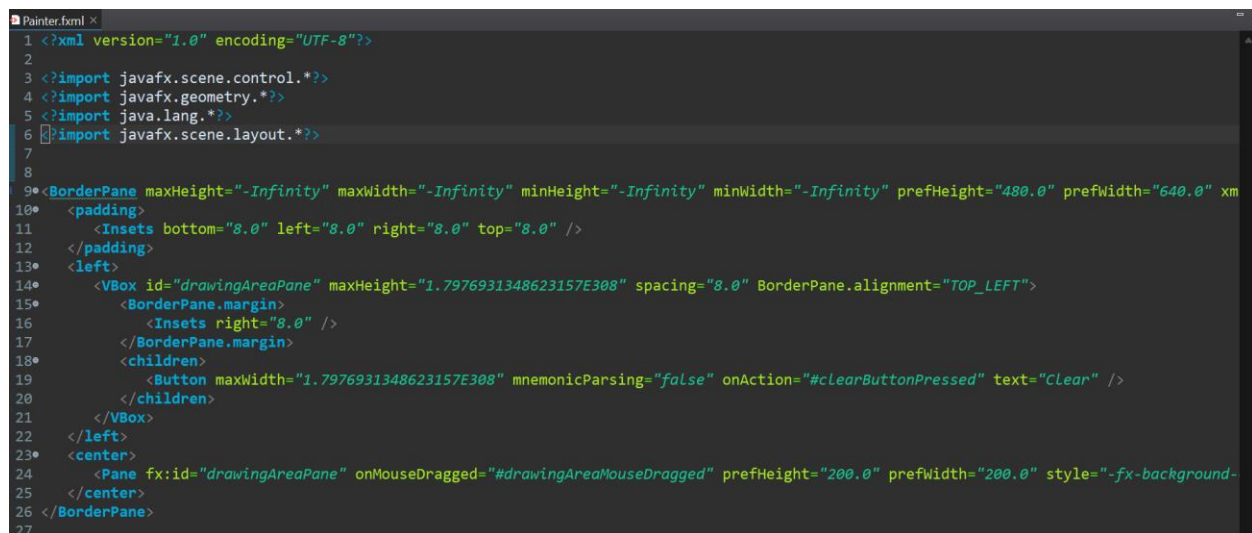
In this exercise, we revisit the components of a JavaFX application by implementing a simple Painter app that allows the user to draw on a white canvas with their mouse.

3.1 Create the FXML file

3.1.1 Create and open the FXML file in Scene Builder from Eclipse:

3.1.2 Building the GUI:

After using Scene Builder:



```
1 <?xml version="1.0" encoding="UTF-8"?>
2
3 <?import javafx.scene.control.*?>
4 <?import javafx.geometry.*?>
5 <?import java.lang.*?>
6 <?import javafx.scene.layout.*?>
7
8
9 <BorderPane maxHeight="-Infinity" maxWidth="-Infinity" minHeight="-Infinity" minWidth="-Infinity" prefHeight="480.0" prefWidth="640.0" xm
10 <padding>
11 <Insets bottom="8.0" left="8.0" right="8.0" top="8.0" />
12 </padding>
13 <left>
14 <VBox id="drawingAreaPane" maxHeight="1.7976931348623157E308" spacing="8.0" BorderPane.alignment="TOP_LEFT">
15 <BorderPane.margin>
16 <Insets right="8.0" />
17 </BorderPane.margin>
18 <children>
19 <Button maxWidth="1.7976931348623157E308" mnemonicParsing="false" onAction="#clearButtonPressed" text="Clear" />
20 </children>
21 </VBox>
22 </left>
23 <center>
24 <Pane fx:id="drawingAreaPane" onMouseDragged="#drawingAreaMouseDragged" prefHeight="200.0" prefWidth="200.0" style="-fx-background-
25 </center>
26 </BorderPane>
27
```

3.2 Create the controller class

In the same package as the FXML, create a Java class called `PainterController`.

```

1 package hust.soict.globalict.javaafx;
2
3 import javafx.event.ActionEvent;
4 import javafx.fxml.FXML;
5 import javafx.scene.input.MouseEvent;
6 import javafx.scene.layout.Pane;
7
8 public class PainterController {
9
10     @FXML
11     private Pane drawingAreaPane;
12
13     @FXML
14     void drawingAreaMouseDragged(MouseEvent event) {
15
16     }
17
18     @FXML
19     void clearButtonPressed(ActionEvent event) {
20
21     }
22

```

Next, we will implement the event-handling functions.

```

10 public class PainterController {
11
12     @FXML
13     private Pane drawingAreaPane;
14
15     @FXML
16     void drawingAreaMouseDragged(MouseEvent event) {
17         Circle newCircle = new Circle(event.getX(),
18             event.getY(), 4, Color.BLACK);
19         drawingAreaPane.getChildren().add(newCircle);
20     }
21
22     @FXML
23     void clearButtonPressed(ActionEvent event) {
24         drawingAreaPane.getChildren().clear();
25     }
26
27 }

```

3.3 Create the application

Create a class named `Painter` in the same package as the FXML and the controller class. The source code is provided below:

```

1 package hust.soict.globalict.javaafx;
2
3 import javafx.application.Application;
4 import javafx.fxml.FXMLLoader;
5 import javafx.scene.Parent;
6 import javafx.scene.Scene;
7 import javafx.stage.Stage;
8
9 public class Painter extends Application {
10
11     @Override
12     public void start(Stage stage) throws Exception {
13         Parent root = FXMLLoader.load(getClass().getResource("/hust/soict/globalict/javaafx/Painter.fxml"));
14         Scene scene = new Scene(root);
15         stage.setTitle("Painter");
16         stage.setScene(scene);
17         stage.show();
18     }
19
20     public static void main(String[] args) {
21         Launch(args);
22     }
23
24 }

```



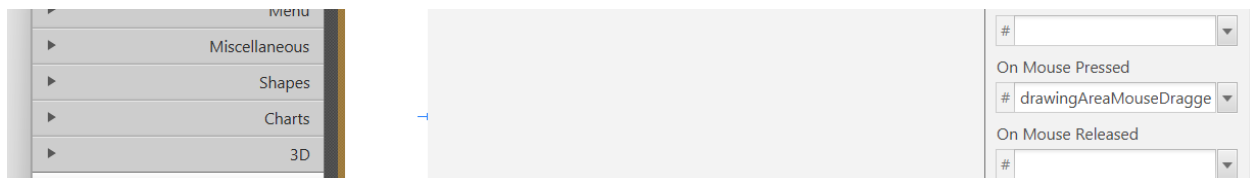
3.4 Practice exercise:

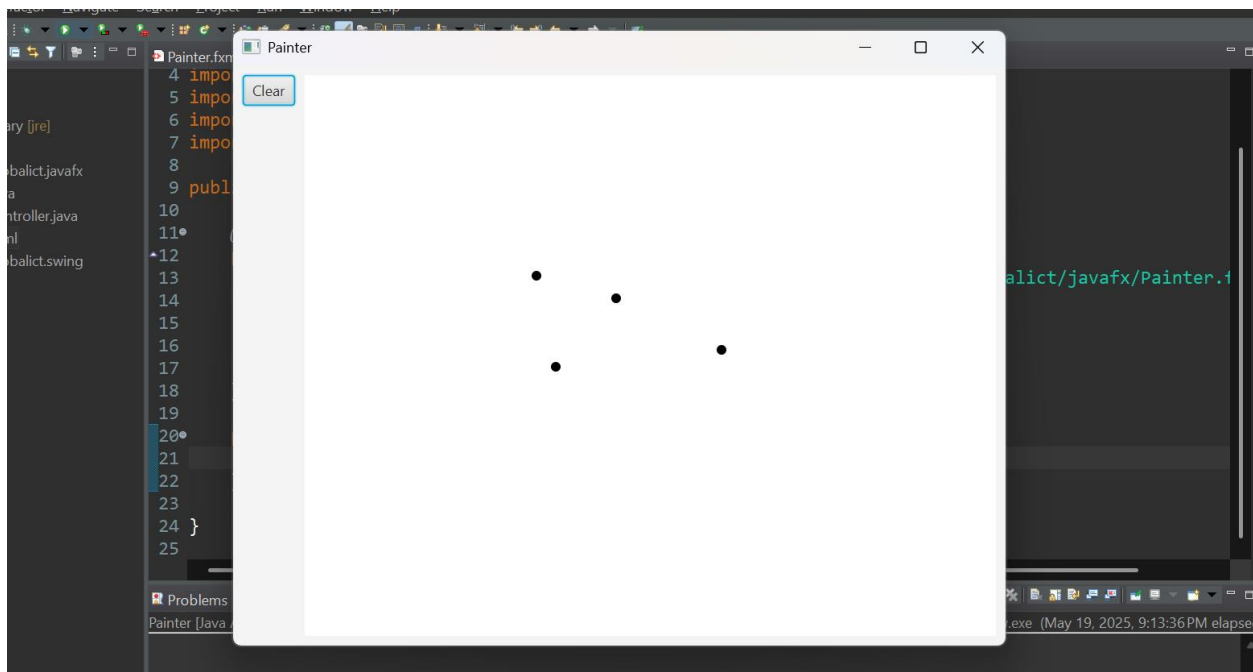
3.4.1 Draw when mouse down

In the current version of the `Painter` app, if the user just presses down on the mouse without dragging it, nothing will appear on the canvas (because we only add the handling method for the “On Mouse Dragged” entry for the Pane). The expected output should be a dot appearing at the position of the mouse.

Your task is to improve the `Painter` application so the output will be as the one expected. You shouldn’t have to change your source code for this, rather just the FXML file through the Scene Builder GUI. Since the event-handling for mouse pressed and mouse dragged are the same, they can share the same event-handler method (`drawingAreaMouseDragged`). You just need to pick the appropriate entry among the ones below to set the event-handler method name to. (On Mouse Dragged and another entry will have the same method name).

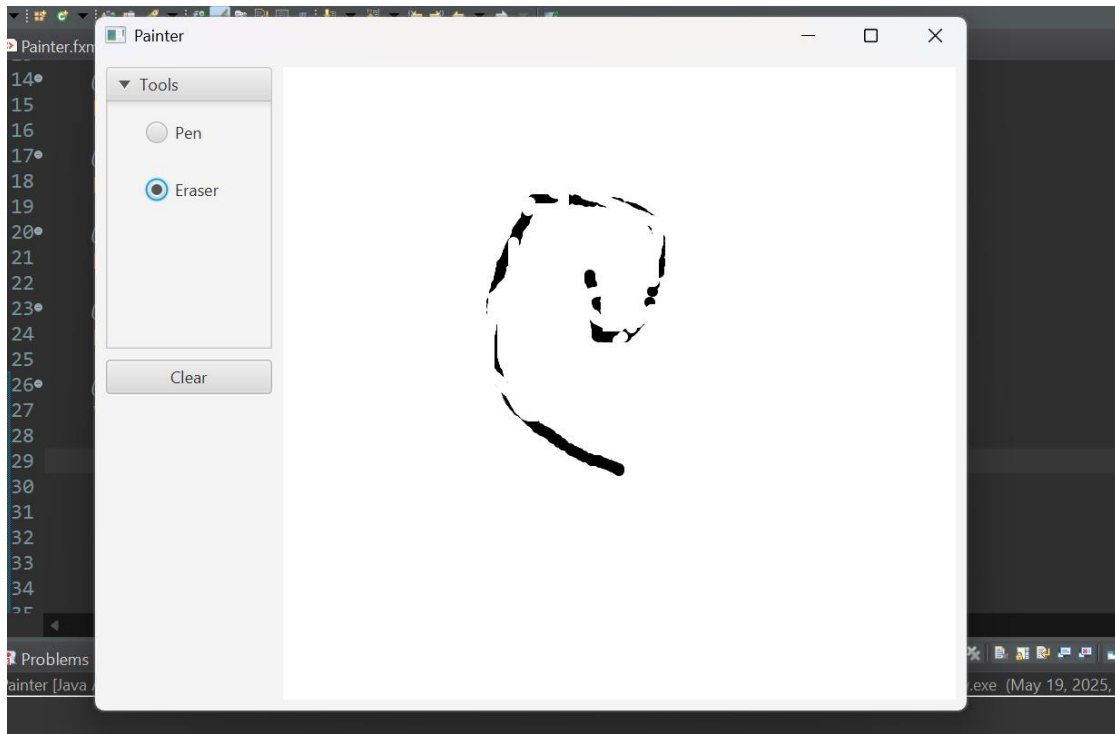
Note: After modifying the FXML file, you might need to refresh your Java project to make sure the latest changes are updated. You can do so by right-clicking on your project in Project Explorer > Refresh.





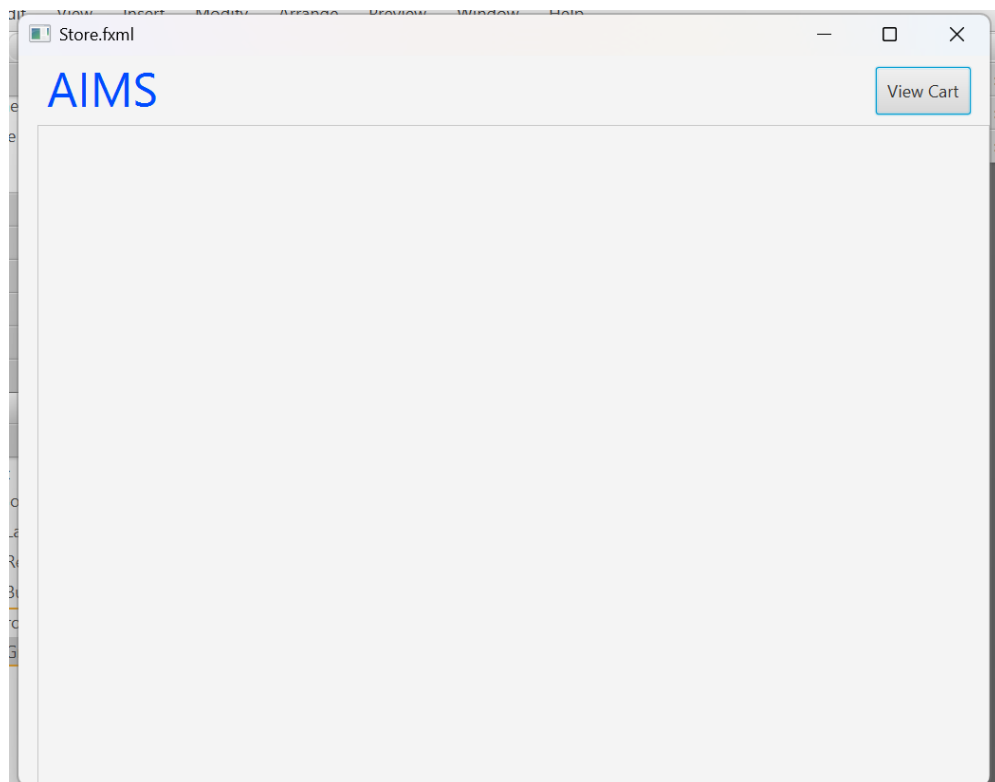
3.4.2 Add the Eraser functionality

```
15 private RadioButton eraser;
16
17 @FXML
18 private ToggleGroup identical;
19
20 @FXML
21 private Pane drawingAreaPane;
22
23 @FXML
24 private RadioButton pen;
25
26 @FXML
27 void drawingAreaMouseDragged(MouseEvent event) {
28     Color ink;
29     Circle newCircle = new Circle();
30     if(eraser.isSelected()) {
31         ink = Color.WHITE;
32         newCircle = new Circle(event.getX(),
33                               event.getY(), 4, ink);
34     }
35     else if(pen.isSelected()) {
36         ink = Color.BLACK;
37         newCircle = new Circle(event.getX(),
38                               event.getY(), 4, ink);
39     }
40
41     drawingAreaPane.getChildren().add(newCircle);
42 }
```



5 Build View Store Screen for AIMS Customer Application with JavaFX

5.1 Set up View Store Screen with Scene Builder

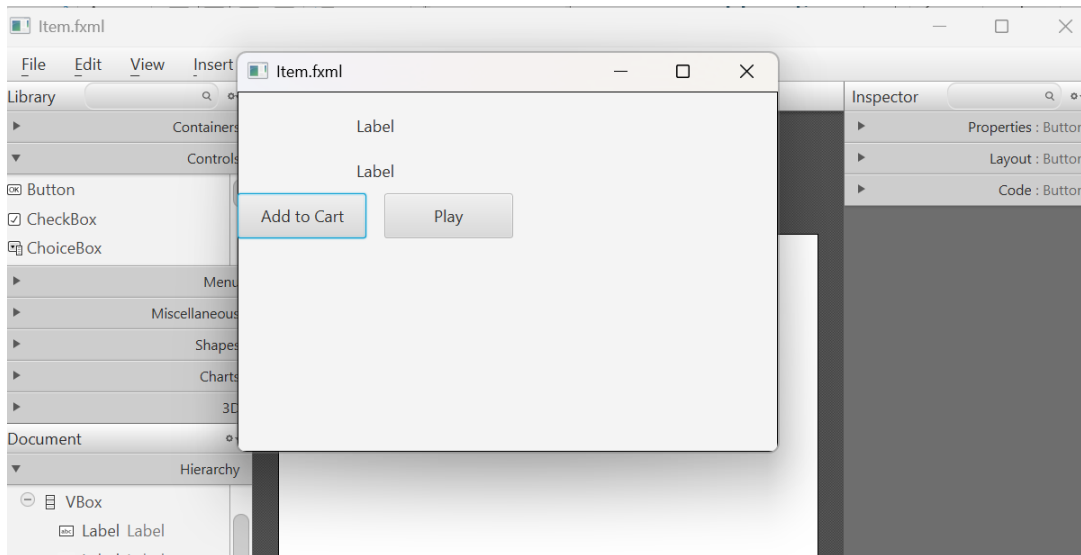


5.2 Set up Item in the Store

In the View Store Screen, we already created an empty GridPane. In this section, we will create an FXML component to display the information of media and dynamically add it to the GridPane.

5.2.1 Create Item.fxml file

In package `screen.customer.view`, create the Item.fxml file, choose the root node to be AnchorPane.



5.2.2 Create ItemController class

The fxml file just contains the GUI, not the logic. You need to create a controller to implements the behaviors of the FXML components.

```
6 public void setData(Media media) {  
7     this.media = media;  
8     lblTitle.setText(media.getTitle());  
9     lblCost.setText(media.getCost() + "$");  
10    if(media instanceof Playable) {  
11        btnPlay.setVisible(true);  
12    }  
13    else {  
14        btnPlay.setVisible(false);  
15        HBox.setMargin(btnAddToCart, new Insets(0, 0, 0, 60));  
16    }  
17 }  
18 }
```

5.3 Create ViewStoreController class

```

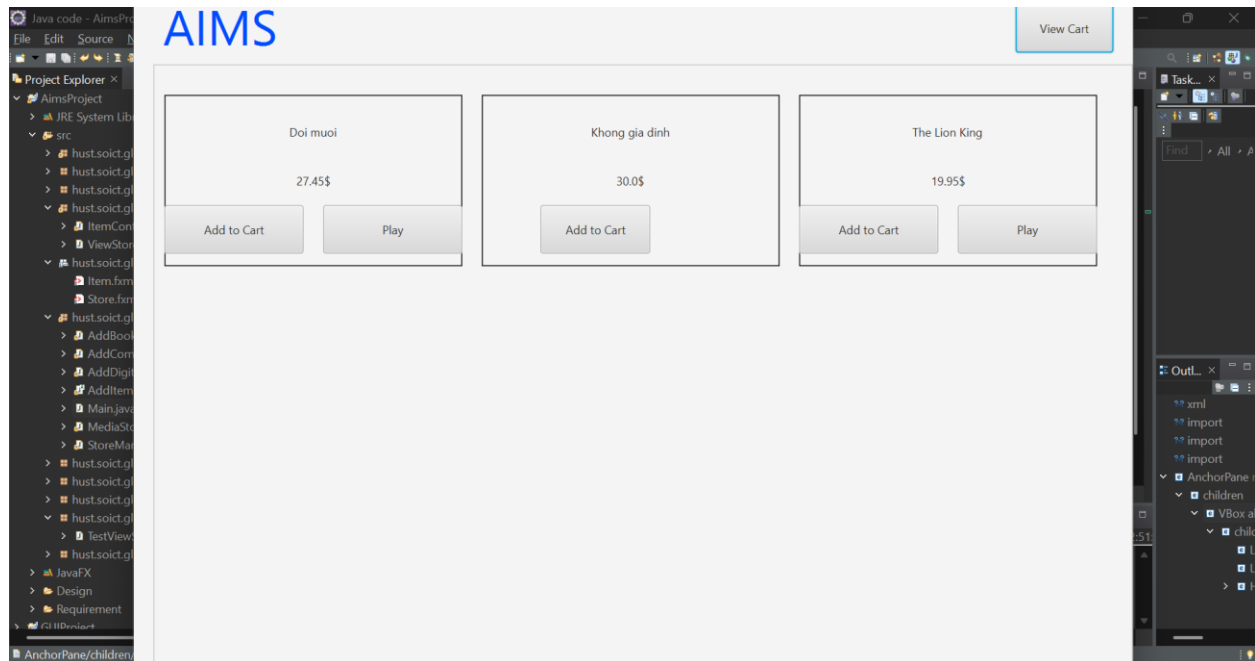
@FXML
public void initialize() {
    final String ITEM_FXML_FILE_PATH = "/hust/soict/globalict/aims/screen/customer/view/Item.fxml";
    int column = 0;
    int row = 1;
    for (int i = 0; i < store.getItemsInStore().size(); i++) {
        try {
            FXMLLoader fxmlLoader = new FXMLLoader();
            fxmlLoader.setLocation(getClass().getResource(ITEM_FXML_FILE_PATH));
            ItemController itemController = new ItemController();
            fxmlLoader.setController(itemController);
            AnchorPane anchorPane = new AnchorPane();
            anchorPane = fxmlLoader.load();
            itemController.setData(store.getItemsInStore().get(i));

            if(column == 3) {
                column = 0;
                row++;
            }

            gridPane.add(anchorPane, column++, row);
            GridPane.setMargin(anchorPane, new Insets(20, 10, 10, 10));
        } catch (IOException e) {
            e.printStackTrace();
        }
    }
}
}

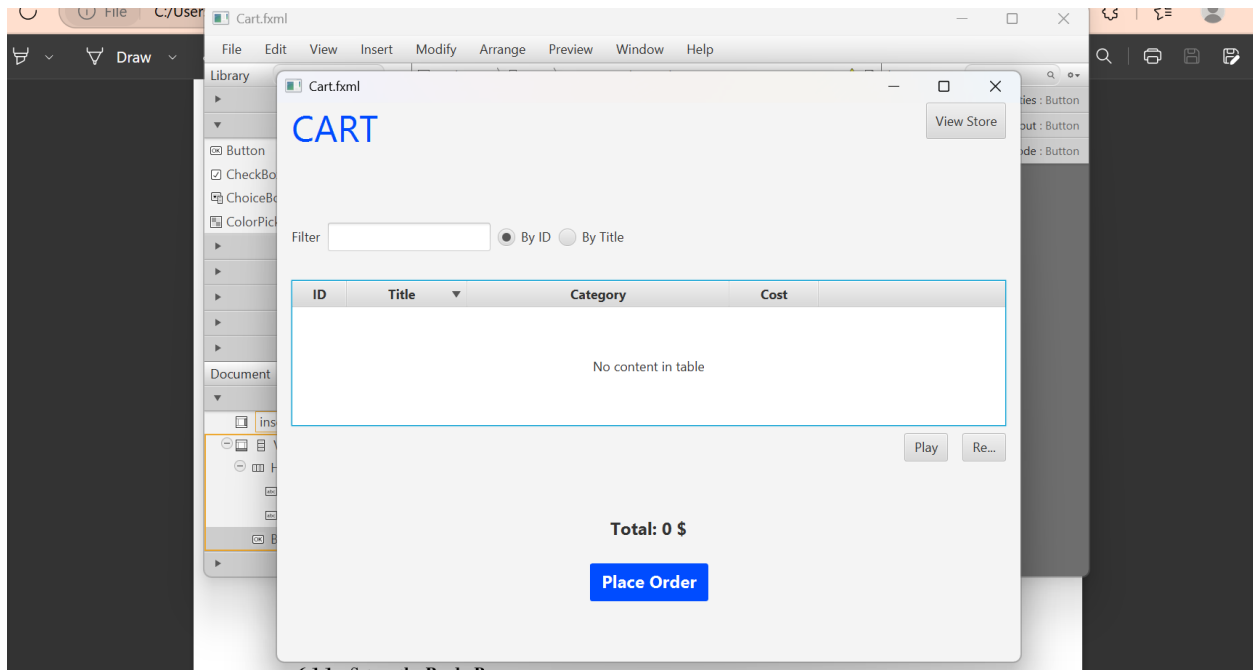
```

5.4 Test View Store Screen



6 Build Cart for AIMS Customer Application

6.1 Set up Cart Screen with Scene Builder



6.2 Create CartController class

In the package `customer.screen.controller`, create the `CartController` class. Add all attributes and methods defined in the `Cart.fxml` file to the Controller. You can copy the Controller Skeleton from Scene Builder by select `View > Show Sample Controller Skeleton`.

```

12 public class CartController {
13     private Cart cart;
14
15     public CartController(Cart cart) {
16         this.cart = cart;
17     }
18
19     @FXML
20     private TableColumn<?, ?> colMediaId;
21
22     @FXML
23     private Label costLabel;
24
25     @FXML
26     private TableView<?> tblMedia;
27
28     @FXML
29     private TableColumn<?, ?> colMediaCost;
30
31     @FXML
32     private ToggleGroup filterCategory;
33
34     @FXML
35     private Button btnPlay;
36
37     @FXML
38     private Button btnRemove;
39

```



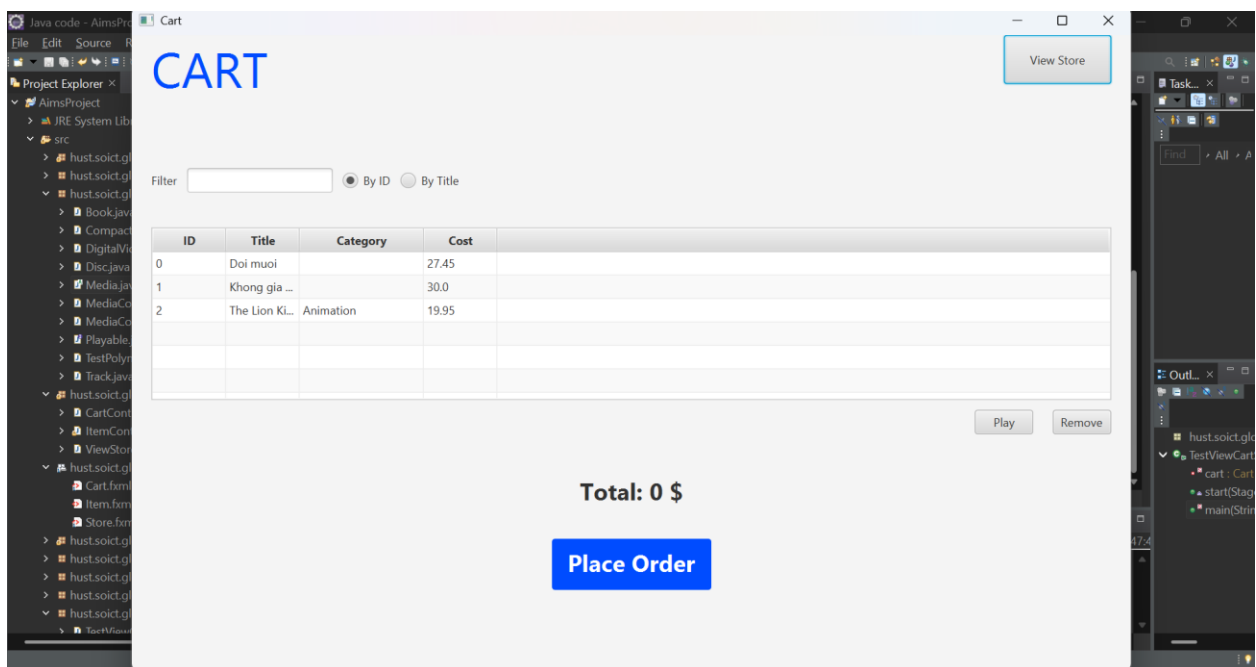
```

40 @FXML
41 private TableColumn<?, ?> colMediaTitle;
42
43 @FXML
44 private TableColumn<?, ?> colMediaCategory;
45
46 @FXML
47 void btnPlayPressed(ActionEvent event) {
48 }
49
50
51 @FXML
52 void btnRemovePressed(ActionEvent event) {
53 }
54
55
56 @FXML
57 void btnViewStorePressed(ActionEvent event) {
58 }
59 }
60 }

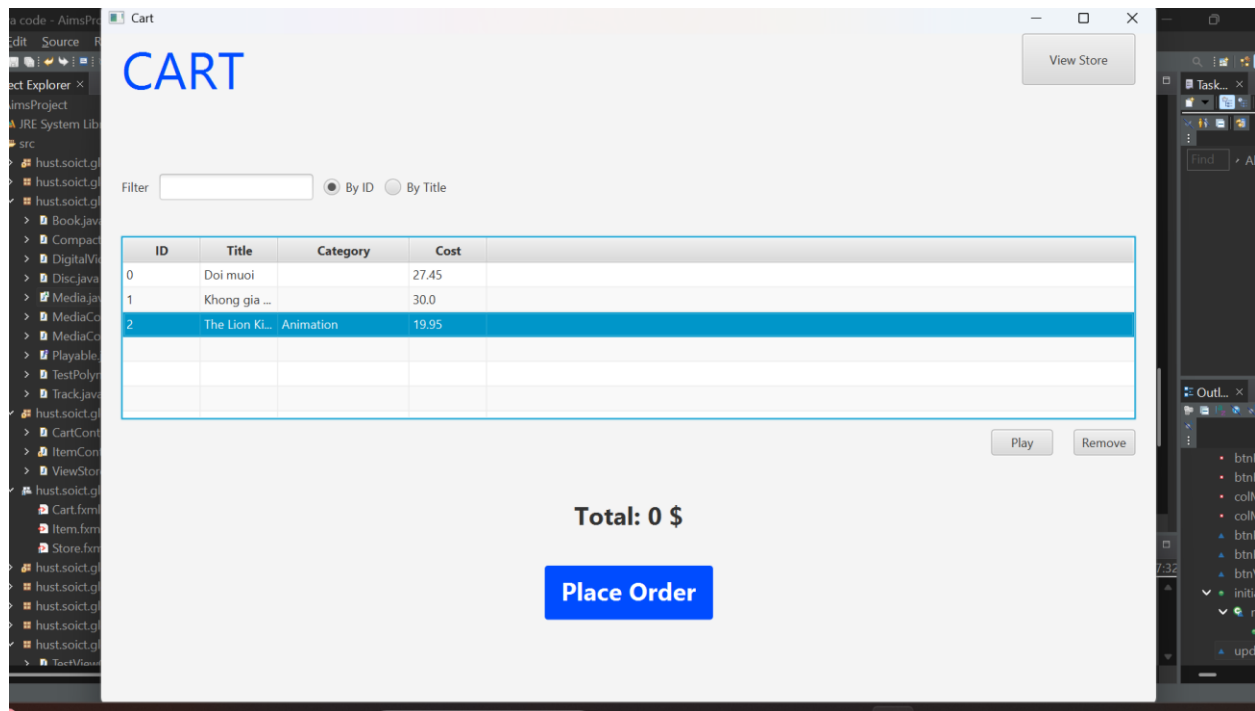
```

6.3 View the items in the cart – JavaFX’s data-driven UI

The `TableView` we created in the earlier is currently empty, we need to fill it with data of media items in our cart. Similar to the View Store Controller, we will fill the data in `initialize()` method.



6.4 Updating buttons based on the selected item in `TableView` – `ChangeListener`



6.5 Deleting a media

Next, we will implement the event handling for the “Remove” button. Please add a method name to the onAction property of the button in Scene Builder. You can refer to the event-handling code below:

```

56 @FXML
57 void btnRemovePressed(ActionEvent event) {
58     Media media = tblMedia.getSelectionModel().getSelectedItem();
59     cart.removeMedia(media);
60 }

```

7 Switch Screen between Store and Cart

```

@FXML
void btnViewCartPressed(ActionEvent event) {
    try {
        final String CART_FXML_FILE_PATH = "/hust/soict/globalict/aims/screen/customer/view/Cart.fxml";
        FXMLLoader fxmlLoader = new FXMLLoader(getClass().getResource(CART_FXML_FILE_PATH));
        fxmlLoader.setController(new CartController(store, cart));
        Parent root = fxmlLoader.load();
        Stage stage = (Stage)((Node)event.getSource()).getScene().getWindow();
        stage.setTitle("Cart");
        stage.setScene(new Scene(root));
        stage.show();
    } catch (IOException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}

```

8 Complete the Aims GUI application

Complete the remaining UI of Aims to make a functioning GUI application

- Store Screen:
 - “Play” Button
 - “Add to cart” Button

```
@FXML
void btnAddToCartClicked(ActionEvent event) {
    cart.addMedia(media);
}

@FXML
void btnPlayClicked(ActionEvent event) {
    Alert alert;
    try {
        alert = new Alert(Alert.AlertType.NONE, media.getTitle() + " is playing at the present!");
        alert.setTitle("Playing");
        alert.setHeaderText(null);
        alert.getDialogPane().getButtonTypes().add(ButtonType.OK);
        alert.showAndWait();
    } catch (Exception e) {
        alert = new Alert(Alert.AlertType.ERROR, e.getMessage());
        alert.setTitle("ERROR");
        alert.setHeaderText(null);
        alert.showAndWait();
    }
}
```

- Cart Screen:
 - “View Store” button

```
@FXML
void btnViewStorePressed(ActionEvent event) {
    try {
        final String STORE_FXML_FILE_PATH = "/hust/soict/globalict/aims/screen/customer/view/Store.fxml";
        FXMLLoader fxmlLoader = new FXMLLoader(getClass().getResource(STORE_FXML_FILE_PATH));
        fxmlLoader.setController(new ViewStoreController(store, cart));
        Parent root = fxmlLoader.load();
        Stage stage = (Stage)((Node)event.getSource()).getScene().getWindow();
        stage.setTitle("Store");
        stage.setScene(new Scene(root));
        stage.show();
    } catch (IOException e) {
        e.printStackTrace();
    }
}
```

- “Play” Button

```
@FXML
void btnPlayPressed(ActionEvent event) {
    Media media = tblMedia.getSelectionModel().getSelectedItem();
    Alert alert;
    try {
        alert = new Alert(Alert.AlertType.NONE, media.getTitle() + " is playing at the present!");
        alert.setTitle("Playing");
        alert.setHeaderText(null);
        alert.getDialogPane().getButtonTypes().add(ButtonType.OK);
        alert.showAndWait();
    } catch (Exception e) {
        alert = new Alert(Alert.AlertType.ERROR, e.getMessage());
        alert.setTitle("ERROR");
        alert.setHeaderText(null);
        alert.showAndWait();
    }
}
```

- “Place order” Button

```

90* @FXML
91 void btnPlaceOrderPressed(ActionEvent event) {
92     Alert alert = new Alert(Alert.AlertType.INFORMATION, cart.placeOrder());
93     alert.setTitle("Order created");
94     alert.setHeaderText(null);
95     alert.showAndWait();
96 }
97

```

- The total cost Label - should update along with changes in the current cart

```

114* @FXML
115 public void initialize() {
116     colMediaId.setCellValueFactory(
117         new PropertyValueFactory<Media, Integer>("id"));
118     colMediaTitle.setCellValueFactory(
119         new PropertyValueFactory<Media, String>("title"));
120     colMediaCategory.setCellValueFactory(
121         new PropertyValueFactory<Media, String>("category"));
122     colMediaCost.setCellValueFactory(
123         new PropertyValueFactory<Media, Float>("cost"));
124     if(cart.getItemsOrdered() != null) {
125         tblMedia.setItems(cart.getItemsOrdered());
126     }
127     btnPlay.setVisible(false);
128     btnRemove.setVisible(false);
129     costLabel.setText(cart.totalCost() + "");
130
131     tblMedia.getSelectionModel().selectedItemProperty().addListener(new ChangeListener<Media>() {
132         @Override
133         public void changed(ObservableValue<? extends Media> observable, Media oldValue, Media newValue) {
134             updateButtonBar(newValue);
135             costLabel.setText(cart.totalCost() + "");
136         }
137     });
138

```

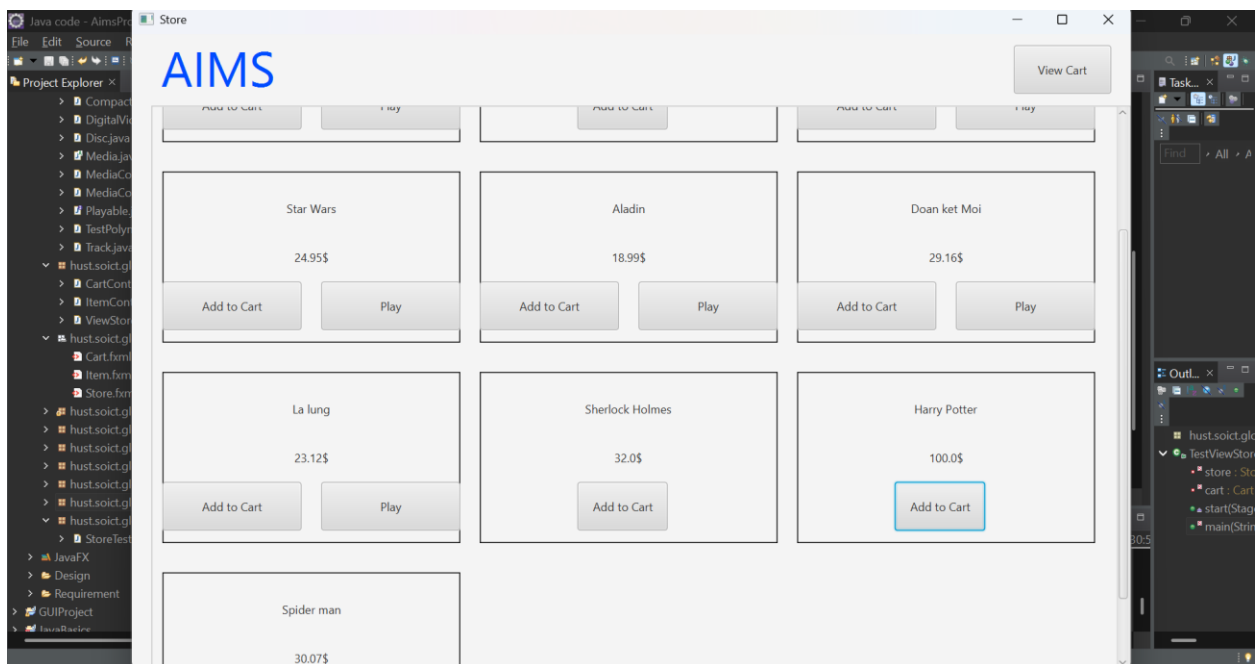
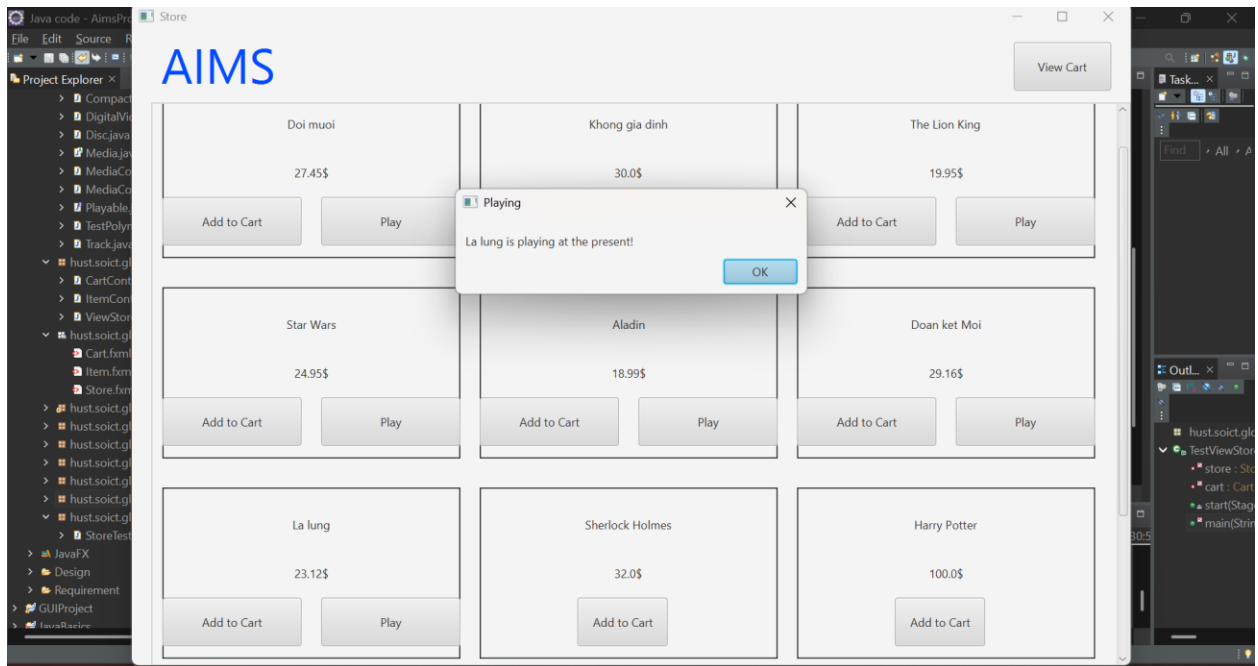
- Filter (Search)

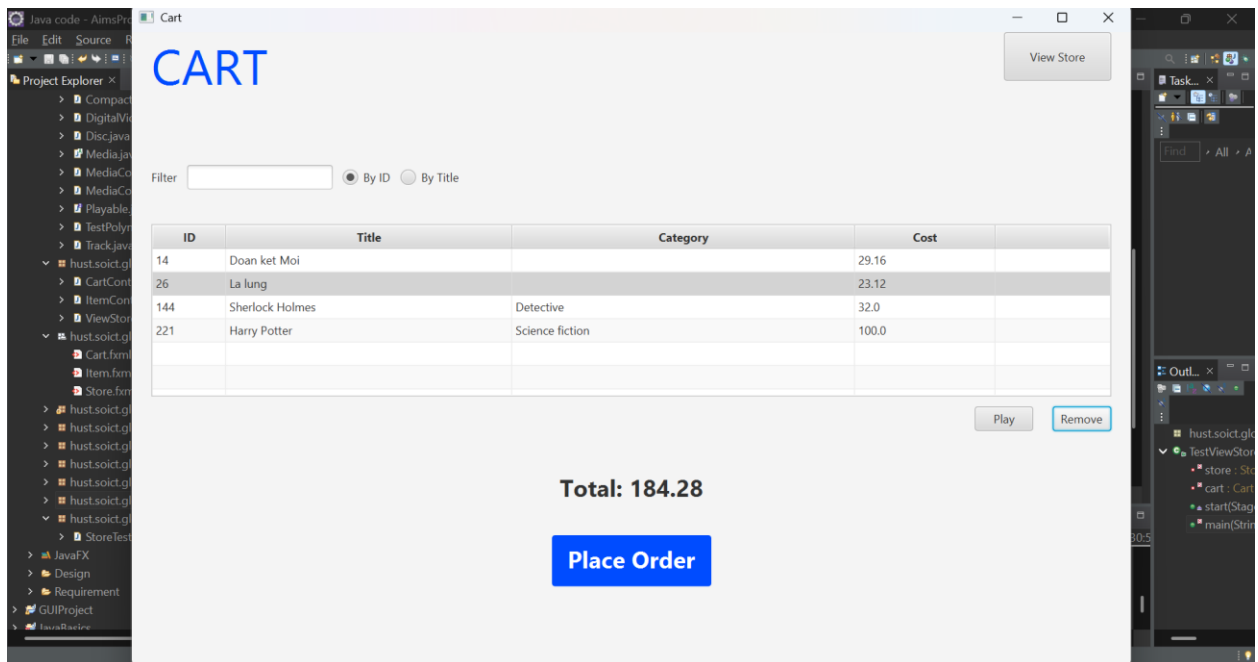
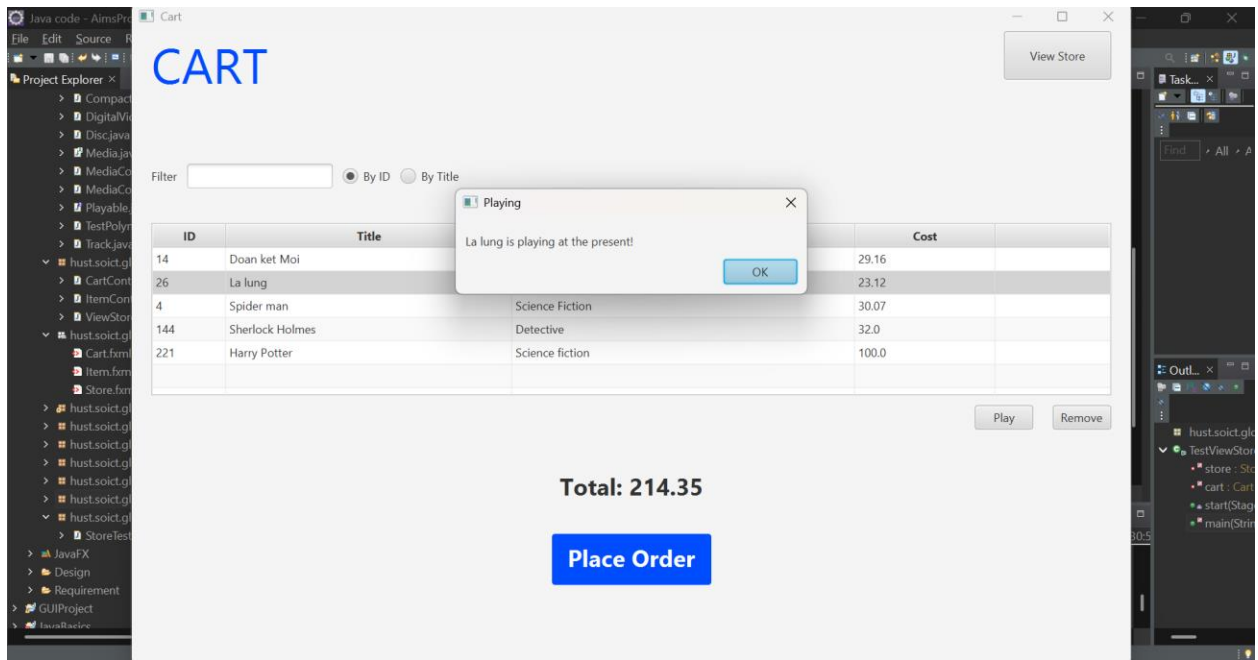
```

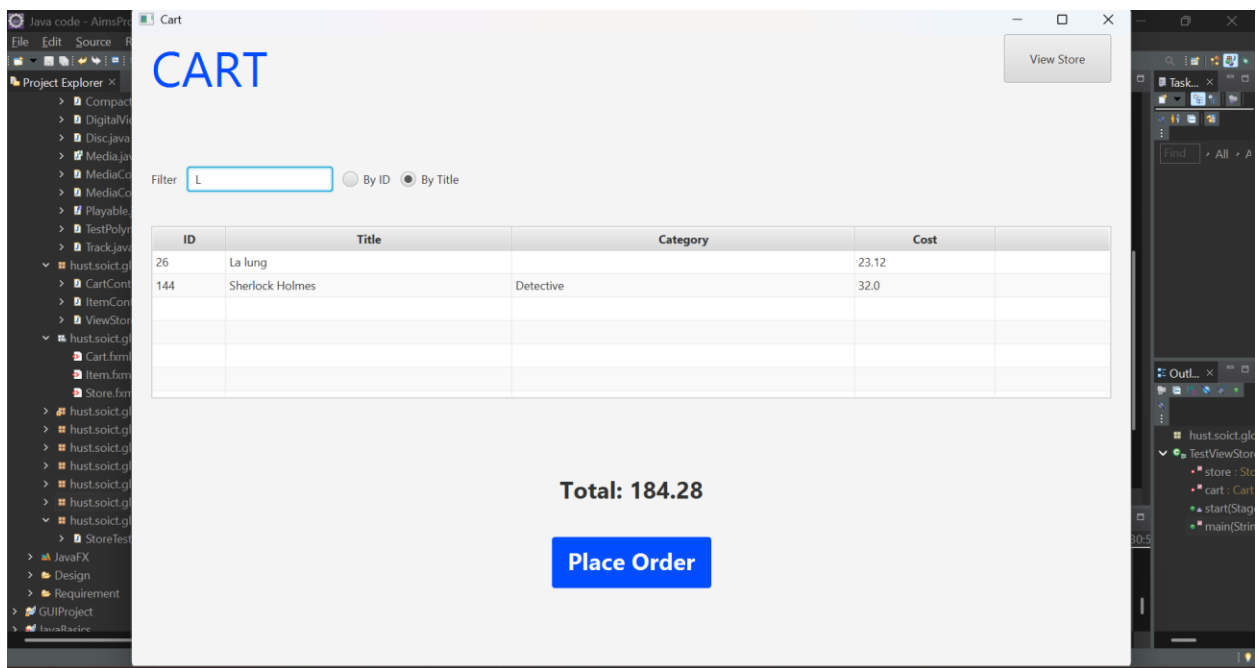
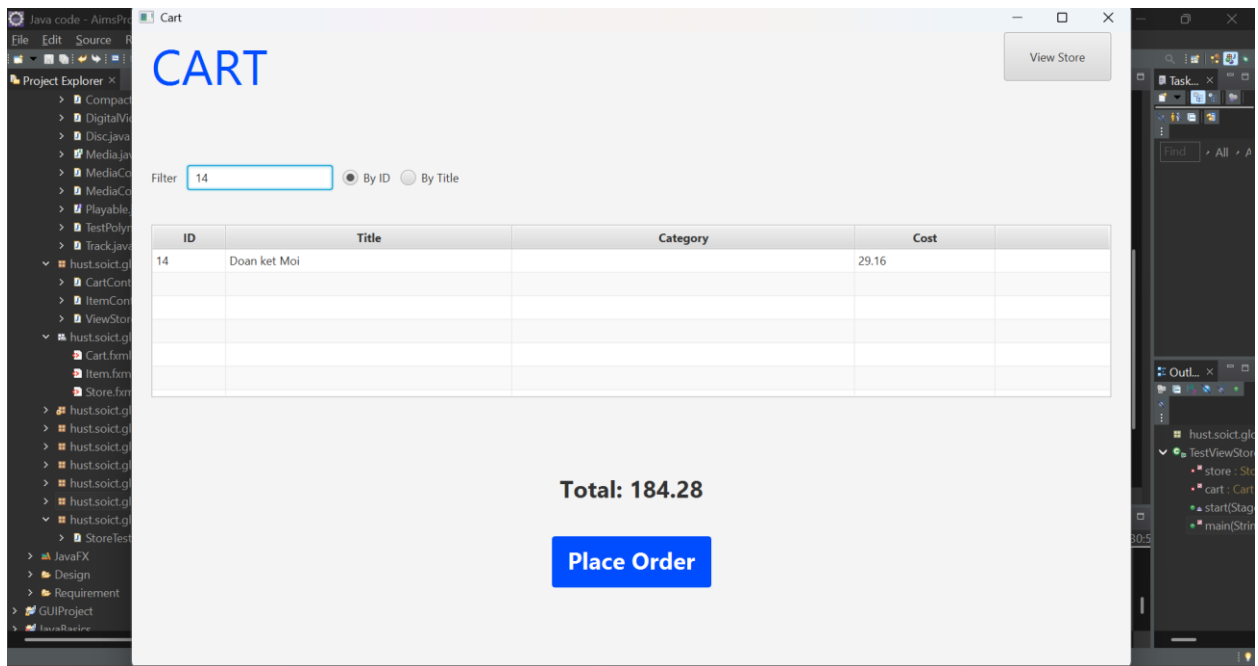
167* tfFilter.textProperty().addListener(new ChangeListener<String>() {
168*     @Override
169*     public void changed(ObservableValue<? extends String> observable, String oldValue, String newValue) {
170*         showFilteredMedia(newValue);
171*     }
172*
173*     private void showFilteredMedia(String filter) {
174*         FilteredList<Media> filteredList = new FilteredList<>(cart.getItemsOrdered());
175*         if (!filter.isEmpty() && radioBtnFilterId.isSelected()) {
176*             filteredList.setPredicate(media -> {
177*                 String idString = String.valueOf(media.getId());
178*                 return idString.equals(filter);
179*             });
180*         } else if (!filter.isEmpty() && radioBtnFilterTitle.isSelected()) {
181*             filteredList.setPredicate(media -> {
182*                 String title = media.getTitle().toLowerCase();
183*                 return title.contains(filter.toLowerCase());
184*             });
185*         } else {
186*             filteredList.setPredicate(null);
187*         }
188*         tblMedia.setItems(filteredList);
189*     }
190* });
191

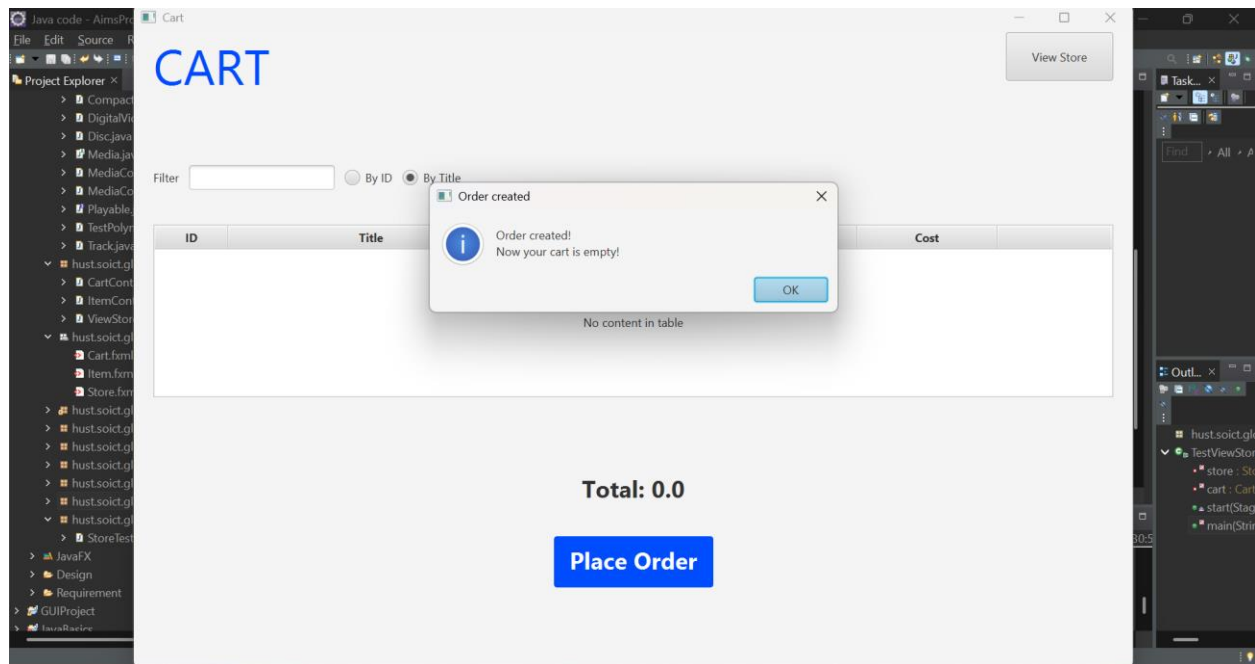
```

DEMO:









9 Check all the previous source codes to catch/handle/delegate runtime exceptions

```

14• public void addMedia(Media media) {
15     if(itemsOrdered.size() < MAX_NUMBERS_ORDERED) {
16         itemsOrdered.add(media);
17     }
18     else if(itemsOrdered.contains(media)) {
19         System.out.println("This media is already in the cart!");
20     }
21     else if(!itemsOrdered.contains(media)){
22         itemsOrdered.add(media);
23         System.out.println("This media has been added in the cart");
24     }
25     else {
26         throw new LimitExceededException("ERROR: The number of " +
27             "media has reached its limit");
28     }
29 }

```

```

14• public Media(int id, String title, String category, float cost) {
15     this.id = id;
16     this.title = title;
17     this.category = category;
18     if(cost >= 0){
19         this.cost = cost;
20     }
21     else {
22         throw new NegativePriceException("ERROR: the cost is negative!");
23     }
24 }

```



```

14 public void addAuthor(String authorName) throws AvailableAuthorException {
15     if(!authors.contains(authorName)){
16         authors.add(authorName);
17         System.out.printf("This name of author \"%s\" has added successfully!\n", authorName);
18     }
19     else {
20         throw new AvailableAuthorException("This name of author " + authorName + "has already added");
21     }
22 }
23
24 public void removeAuthor(String authorName) throws AvailableAuthorException {
25     if(authors.contains(authorName)) {
26         authors.remove(authorName);
27         System.out.printf("This name of author \"%s\" cannot be removed!\n", authorName);
28     }
29     else{
30         throw new AvailableAuthorException("This name of author " + authorName + "has not existed!");
31     }
32 }

```

```

26 public void addTrack(Track track) throws AvailableTrackException {
27     if(!tracks.contains(track)) {
28         tracks.add(track);
29         System.out.println("This track is already added!");
30     }
31     else {
32         throw new AvailableTrackException("This track is already existed in the list!");
33     }
34 }
35
36 public void removeTrack(Track track) throws UnavailableTrackException {
37     if(tracks.contains(track)) {
38         tracks.remove(track);
39         System.out.println("This track is already removed!");
40     }
41     else {
42         throw new UnavailableTrackException("This track did not existed in the list!");
43     }
44 }

```

10 Create a class which inherits from **Exception**

The **PlayerException** class represents an exception that will be thrown when an exceptional condition occurs during the playing of a media in your **AimsProject**.

```

@Override
public void play() throws PlayerException {
    // TODO Auto-generated method stub
    if(length > 0) {
        System.out.println("Playing track: " + title);
        System.out.println("Track length: " + length);
    }
    else{
        throw new PlayerException("ERROR: Track length is non-positive!");
    }
}

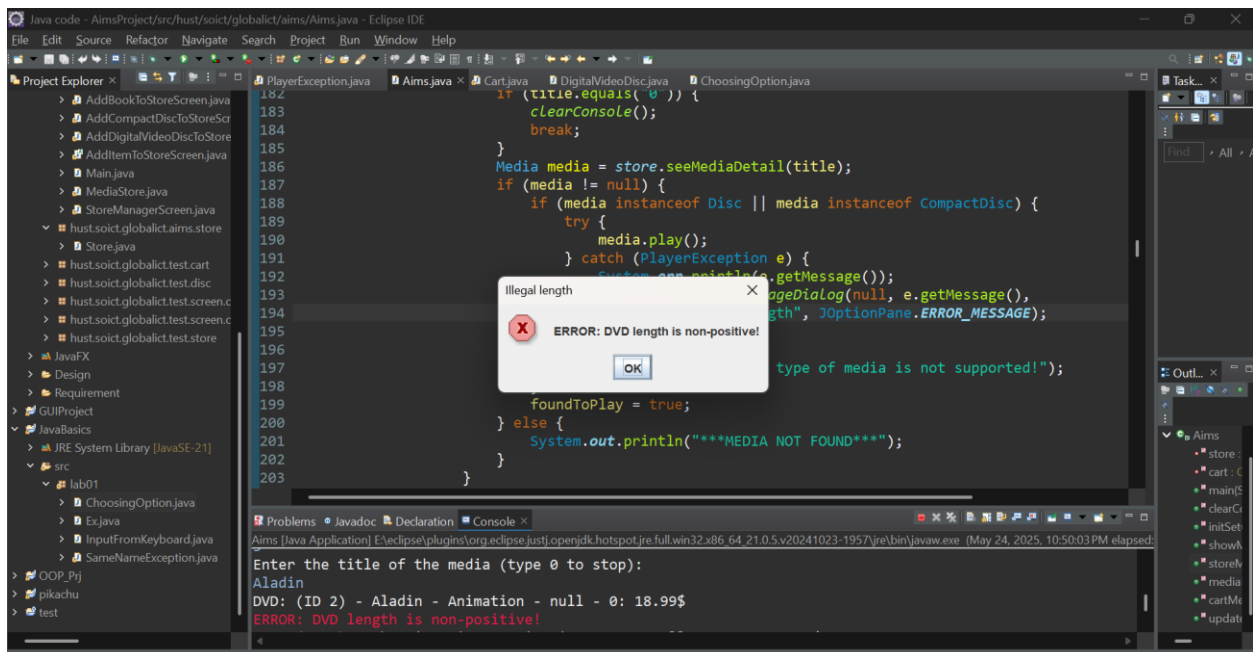
```

```

@Override
public void play() throws PlayerException {
    if(super.getLength() > 0) {
        java.util.Iterator iter = tracks.iterator();
        Track nextTrack;
        while(iter.hasNext()) {
            nextTrack = (Track) iter.next();
            try {
                nextTrack.play();
            } catch (PlayerException e) {
                throw e;
            }
        }
    } else {
        throw new PlayerException("ERROR: CD length is non-positive!");
    }
}

```

11 Update the **Aims** class



12 Modify the **equals()** method and **compareTo()** method of **Comparable** for **Media** class

- Two medias are equals if they have the same **title** and **cost**
- Please remember to check for **NullPointerException** and **ClassCastException** if applicable.

You may use **instanceof** operator to check if an object is an instance of a **ClassType**.

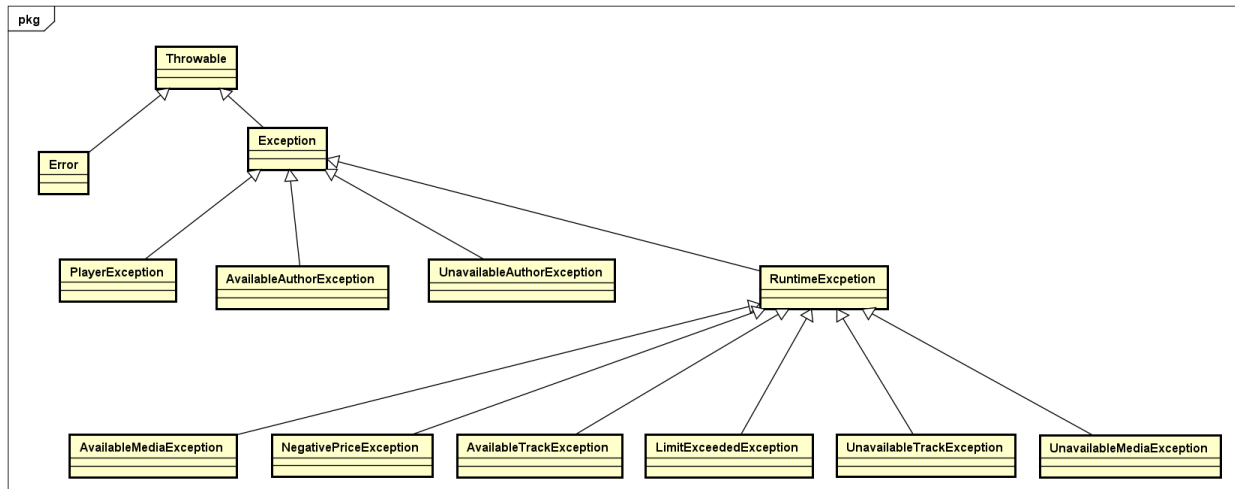
```

28* @Override
29 public boolean equals(Object obj) {
30     try {
31         Media media = (Media)obj;
32         if(media.getTitle().equals(title) && media.getCost() == cost) {
33             return true;
34         }
35     } catch(NullPointerException e) {
36         e.printStackTrace();
37     } catch(ClassCastException e) {
38         e.printStackTrace();
39     }
40     return false;
41 }
42
43* @Override
44 public int compareTo(Media o) {
45     try {
46         if(title == null || o.getTitle() == null) {
47             throw new NullPointerException();
48         }
49     } catch(NullPointerException e) {
50         e.printStackTrace();
51     }
52     return o.getTitle().compareTo(title);
53 }

```

14 Exercises: Hierarchical tree diagram

- Make an exception hierarchical tree for all self-defined exceptions in Aims Project. Use the class diagram in Astah to draw this tree, export it as a png file, and save them in the design directory.



Update class diagram:

