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Work:

Study abroad service agency

Programming work in Starworking

Study:

MOOCing (21 MOOC courses)

Self-learning by reading Textbooks

Try to learn Violin, failed.

Learn LaTeX, This document was typeset in LuaLaTeX. PGF/TikZ

Auditing at Fudan University
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Statement:

After I left Cornell in the spring of 2012, I lived in Shanghai for less than a month and enjoyed Shanghai Library. While I was exploring more on philosophy using the library resources, I got a phone call from a friend of mine, who worked in a study abroad service agency in Zhengzhou. He wanted me to work in the agency and I accepted. I left the job after two months since I found it is not that technology-involved and I could not learn much from it.

In the following years, I lived in several cities in China (Beijing, Tongling, Shanghai) and continued to learn using available resources (books, MOOCs, websites). At the time, I thought I could land a job in IT industry after acquiring sufficient knowledge and skills and I spent quite an amount of time learning computer science.

I benefited a lot from learning computer organization by reading Stallings [10], who is also one of my favorites computer science textbook author. I became interested in how computer works on a fundamental level and spent a lot time with Mano and Kime [6], which covers the fundamentals of digital circuits. It was such a pleasant experience to see how combinatorial and sequential logic works. I wanted to know more circuit theory and explored more on it. The more I learned, The more I wanted to dig deeper into the fundamental level. I believe I cannot understand how computers work without knowing the underlying physics (esp. electromagnetism). However, physics is a hard subject to explore on my own and I encountered numerous difficulties without instructors.

I have been a fan of Bach since long and was deeply moved by his sonatas and partitas for solo violin (BWV 1001-1006). This motivated me to learn the violin. In the end of 2013, I took a course in violin. I played the guitar and thought I could transfer the knowledge of guitar to violin playing. Even though I have an instructor this time, violin is the hardest musical instrument I have encountered. Despite my unsuccessful attempt with violin, I really enjoyed the learning experience.

Over the years, I successfully finished 21 MOOCs from various course providers, many of which were accomplished with distinction. Two of them are officially verified by Coursera. One was Logic: Language and Information 2 [8], the other was Functional Programming Principles in Scala [7]. The list of those 21 courses and correspondent statements of accomplishment can be found on CourseFinder [11].

I want to mention two MOOCs specifically here. The first is *Hardware/Software Interface* [1] and the other *Calculus: Single Variable* [4], being the most rewarding MOOCs for computer science and mathematics respectively.

Hardware/Software Interface provided some challenging virtual labs through the Fedora (a Linux distro) virtual machine. The textbook for this course was the classic Computer Systems: A Programmer's Perspective [2]. Understanding how high-level languages are translated into the basic instructions of assembly language and how software interacts with hardware through those virtual labs was a really wonderful experience.

The perspective of *Calculus: Single Variable* was very different from most other calculus courses. It was definitely not an oversimplified calculus course that only teaches you the mechanics of calculus. It was neither an analysis-like calculus course that constructs the real number from an axiomatic approach. Rather, it was something in between.

One day in the Shanghai Library, it was quite crowded as usual. Fortunately, I managed to find a seat. The guy next to me was coding with a fancy IDE on his MacBook Pro. At the moment, I thought he was just another programmer. I was curious about what he was doing and looked at his screen to find out. To my surprise, his code was written in Scala, a then rare programming language in China. I initiated the talk with him by saying that I just completed a related MOOC [7] by the creator of Scala, Martin Odersky and really liked some ideas of the functional programming paradigm (FP). Possibly due to the rarity of FP in China as opposed to object-oriented programming paradigm (OOP), he also replied with surprise that he agreed but was more interested in making real-world application than just theory. He told me that already made an office automation web app with the language for his company and kept improving it. We then talked about some other computer-related stuff. Some time later, he revealed that he owned the company mentioned earlier and asked me whether I was interested in having an internship in his company. I did not accept right away since I wanted to focus on my study at the time. But we exchanged our contact info.

This story was covered by *Global Times* [5]. ...

I did not find the same theoretical depth I found in mathematics. ...

Last summer, I taught myself LaTeX and became a frequent user. I almost abandoned Microsoft Word completely since then and used LaTeX whenever I found suitable. In fact, this file was typeset in LuaLaTeX and source code can be found on *GitHub* [12]. I am able to typeset formulae like

$$\frac{d}{dx} \int_{t=\sin x}^{\tan x} e^{-t^2} dt = \frac{d}{dx} \left(\int_{t=0}^{\tan x} e^{-t^2} dt - \int_{t=0}^{\sin x} e^{-t^2} dt \right)$$
$$= \frac{d}{dx} \int_{t=0}^{\tan x} e^{-t^2} dt - \frac{d}{dx} \int_{t=0}^{\sin x} e^{-t^2} dt$$
$$= e^{-\tan^2 x} \cdot \sec^2 x - e^{-\sin^2 x} \cdot \cos x.$$

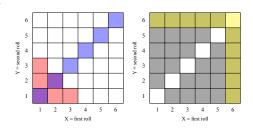


Figure 1: On the left, the blue region shows the doubles and the red region indicates the outcomes whose sum is 4 or less; on the right, the yellow region indicates outcomes with at least one 6 and the gray region shows the outcomes where two rolls differ.

With the PGF/TikZ package, I could make graphics like the figure on the right.

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Intended Major and Career Plan:

I intend to double major in mathematics and physics. I still love computer science and there is a lot more to learn in the field. But with the double major, I do not know if I have enough time and effort for it. In addition, there are general requirements to meet.

If possible, I want to skip some lower division courses in mathematics and computer science like MAT 122, MAT 221, CSC 140, CSC 151. Due to my strong interest in mathematics, I will definitely have a wonderful time with mathematics. Since I do not have much background in physics, I will probably have a very hard time with it. But I like challenges; hard courses just turn me on and easy courses are time-wasters.

I want to stay in the academia and become an academic (if not a mathematician). This means I will seek master and doctoral degrees after graduation from Cornell.

Term I wish to return:

I wish to return on the block I of the 2016-2017 academic year.

Housing Preference:

I do not have any particular housing preference, except that I want to make the habit of going to bed early.

References

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- [2] Randal E. Bryant and David R. O'Hallaron, *Computer Systems: A Programmer's Perspective*, 2nd ed., Prentice Hall, Feb. 4, 2010, 1080 pp., ISBN: 978-0-13-610804-7.
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