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- Simpler setup: No need to manage migrations or deal with migration-related errors.

- Easier for others to use: The database is created automatically when the application starts.

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### \*\*Disadvantages\*\*

- Manual schema management: You will need to manually handle schema changes in the future.

- Not suitable for complex projects: For larger projects with frequent schema changes, migrations are more reliable.

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1. Remove Flask-Migrate and delete the `migrations` directory.

2. Define the database schema in your models.

3. Use `db.create\_all()` to create the database and tables programmatically.

4. Document the setup process in your `README.md`.

This approach simplifies your project and avoids migration-related errors. Let me know if you need further assistance!---

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