## **SECTION 23 07 00 - HVAC INSULATION**

#### **PART 1 - GENERAL**

### 1.1 SUMMARY

- A. Section Includes:
  - 1. Insulation for HVAC equipment.
  - 2. Insulation for HVAC duct systems.

#### 1.2 SUBMITTALS

- A. Product Data
- B. Manufacturer's Installation Instructions: Required.

#### 1.3 QUALITY ASSURANCE

- A. Test pipe insulation for maximum flame spread index of 25 and maximum smoke developed index of not exceeding 50 in accordance with ASTM E84.
- B. Product must comply with ASHRAE 189.1-2009 Green Building Standards.

# **PART 2 - PRODUCTS**

### 2.1 EQUIPMENT INSULATION Note: k factor = BTU-in/Hr\*sq.ft.\*Deg.F

- A. Flexible Mineral Fiber Blanket: ASTM C553; flexible, noncombustible, externally wrapped only. Not allowed for chilled or cold water piping.
  - 1. k factor: 0.25 at 75 degrees F. Thickness = 1.5".
  - 2. Maximum service temperature: 250 degrees F.
  - 3. Density: 2.0 lb/cu ft density.
  - 4. Vapor Retarder Jacket: Kraft paper with glass fiber yarn and bonded to aluminized film, secured with self-sealing longitudinal laps and butt strips or with outward clinch expanding staples and vapor retarder mastic.
- B. Flexible Elastomeric Rubber: ASTM C534; Grade 1; flexible, externally wrapped only...
  - 1. k factor: 0.25 at 75 degrees F. Thickness = 1.5".
  - 2. Maximum service temperature: 220 degrees F.
  - 3. Density: 3.0 lb/cu ft density.
  - 4. Jacketing: Closed cell elastomeric insulation adhered to a plastic (PVC) sheet laminated to aluminum foil or closed cell elastomeric insulation adhered to a white PVC film.

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- C. Rigid Mineral Fiberboard: ASTM C612; rigid, noncombustible, externally wrapped only...
  - 1. k factor: 0.24 at 75 degrees F. Thickness = 1.5".
  - 2. Maximum service temperature: 850 degrees F.
  - 3. Density: 3.0 lb/cu ft.
  - 4. Vapor Retarder Jacket: Kraft paper with glass fiber yarn and bonded to aluminized film, secured with self-sealing longitudinal laps and butt strips or with outward clinch expanding staples and vapor retarder mastic.
  - 5. Facing: One inch galvanized steel hexagonal wire mesh stitched on one face of insulation.

### 2.2 DUCTWORK INSULATION

- A. Flexible Glass Fiber: ASTM C553; flexible, noncombustible blanket.
  - 1. k factor: 0.29 at 75 degrees F. Thickness = 1.5".
  - 2. Vapor Retarder Jacket: Kraft paper reinforced with glass fiber yarn and bonded to aluminized film, secured with pressure sensitive tape.
- B. Flexible Elastomeric Rubber: ASTM C1534; flexible.
  - 1. k factor: 0.25 at 75 degrees F. Thickness = 1.5".
  - 2. Vapor Retarder Jacket: Composite product comprised of closed cell elastomeric insulation adhered to a plastic (PVC) sheet laminated to aluminum foil secured with pressure sensitive tape.
- C. Canvas Jacket: UL listed fabric, 6 oz/sq yd, plain weave cotton treated with dilute fire retardant lagging adhesive.
- D. Mineral Fiber (Outdoor) Jacket: Asphalt impregnated and coated sheet, 36 lb/square.
- E. Aluminum Jacket: 0.025 inch thick sheet, smooth finish, with longitudinal slip joints and 2 inch laps.

### **PART 3 - EXECUTION**

### 3.1 INSTALLATION

- A. Provide minimum 2" thick plenum, liner board on interior walls and ceiling of mechanical rooms. E.g., Linacoustic R-300 from John Manville.
- B. Continue insulation and vapor barrier through penetrations.
- C. Equipment Insulation:
  - Apply insulation to equipment by grooving, scoring, and beveling insulation. Secure insulation to equipment with studs, pins, clips, adhesive, wires, or bands, or adhesive – either solvent-based contact or PSA (factory-applied pressure sensitive adhesive).

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- 2. Fill joints, cracks, seams, and depressions with bedding compound to form uniform surface. On cold equipment, use vapor barrier cement.
- 3. Install fiber glass insulated equipment containing fluids below ambient temperature with vapor barrier jackets.
- 4. For fiber glass insulated equipment containing fluids above ambient temperature, install standard jackets, with or without vapor barrier.
- 5. For equipment in mechanical equipment rooms or in finished spaces, finish with PVC or composite jacket and fitting covers.
- 6. Do not insulate over nameplate or ASME stamps. Bevel and seal insulation around nameplates or stamps.
- 7. When equipment with insulation requires periodic opening for maintenance, repair, or cleaning, install insulation in to allow removal and replacement without damage.

#### D. External Ductwork Insulation:

- 1. For insulated ductwork conveying air below ambient temperature install vapor barrier jacket. Finish with tape. Seal vapor barrier penetrations with vapor barrier adhesive.
- 2. For insulated ductwork conveying air above ambient temperature install with or without standard vapor barrier jacket. Where service access is required, bevel and seal ends of insulation.
- 3. Continue insulation through walls, sleeves, hangers, and other duct penetrations.
- 4. Install without sag on underside of ductwork. Use solvent-based contact adhesive or equal, or mechanical fasteners where necessary to prevent sagging.
- 5. For ductwork exposed in mechanical equipment rooms or in finished spaces, finish with composite jacket or aluminum jacket.
- 6. For exterior applications, install insulation with vapor barrier jacket. Cover with composite jacket or equal.

# **END OF SECTION**

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